OSWALD
105-82555
SECTION 1

COPY
2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

Goodbye

Another American citizen has gone over to the Soviet Union—this time hook line and sinker. He was employed at the American exhibit in Moscow, fell in love with the country—or at least one pretty citizen thereof, according to one of his ex-co-workers—and applied for and was granted Soviet citizenship.

In another similar case, an American applied for Soviet citizenship but before action could be taken, recanted his renunciation of the U. S. and was permitted to come home and be a good boy again.

As far as we are concerned any American citizen, male or female, who renounces his citizenship in favor of the Soviet Union, is entitled to the protection of this government in two particulars only. The State Department should ask him two questions: Was he drunk or sober when he did it? Did he seem to have all his marbles with him at the time?

Having settled these questions to its own satisfaction, the government and people of the United States should wave him goodbye and see to it that his name is wiped off our national books forever, and he never be allowed to set foot in this country again, dead or alive.

105-82555-
NOT RECORDED
47 NOV 13 1959

THE CORPUS CHRISTI TIMES
10/23/59
Corpus Christi, Texas
ROBERT M. JACKSON, Editor
HOUSTON DIVISION

62 NOV 17 1959

6-20 (Rev. 1-28-58)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. McGuire
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Trotter
Mr. W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

UPI-16
(AMERICAN)
MOSCOW--A 20-YEAR-OLD FORMER U. S. MARINE FROM TEXAS SAID TODAY HE HAD APPLIED TO RENOUNCE HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP AND BECOME A SOVIET CITIZEN FOR "PURELY POLITICAL REASONS."
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, OF FORT WORTH, TEX., TOLD UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL IN HIS ROOM AT THE METROPOLE HOTEL, "I WILL NEVER RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES FOR ANY REASON."
THE SLENDER, UNSMILING OSWALD REFUSED TO GIVE ANY OTHER REASONS FOR HIS DECISION TO GIVE UP HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP AND LIVE IN THE SOVIET UNION.
HE WOULD NOT SAY WHAT HE IS PLANNING TO DO HERE. HE IS THE THIRD AMERICAN TO MAKE SUCH A MOVE IN RECENT MONTHS. ONE OF THE OTHER TWO LATER CHANGED HIS MIND AND RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES.
10/31--PAS20A

105-82555-2

ENCLOSURE

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

Federal [illegible] of I Litigation
Records Br

11/31/59, 1959

- ☐ Name Searching Unit - Room 6527
- ☐ Service Unit - Room 6524
- ☐ Forward to File Review
- ☐ Attention _____
- ☑ Return to Reilly 1742
  Supervisor Room Ext.

Type of References Requested:
- ☐ Regular Request (Analytical Search)
- ☑ All References (Subversive & Nonsubversive)
- ☐ Subversive References Only
- ☐ Nonsubversive References Only
- ☐ Main _____ References Only

Type of Search Requested:
- ☐ Restricted to Locality of _____
- ☐ Exact Name Only (On the Nose)
- ☐ Buildup ☐ Variations

Subject Lee Harvey [illegible]
Birthdate & Place _____
Address _____

Localities _____

Re _____ Date 12/31 Searcher Initials CMK

FILE NUMBER	SERIAL
NR	
Lee H	
NR	
Lee	
26-93322-13	
L Harvey	
NR	
Harvey	
NR	
Lee H	
NR	

Office Memorandum • UNITED GOVERNMENT

TO : A. H. Belmont

DATE: 10/31/59

FROM : E. B. Reddy

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Tolson
Belmont
DeLoach
McGuire
Mohr
Parsons
Rosen
Tamm
Trotter
W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

The attached Washington news ticker dated October 31, 1959, relates that Oswald, a 20-year-old former U. S. Marine, advised United Press International during a press conference in his room at the Metropole Hotel, Moscow, that he had applied to renounce his American citizenship and become a Soviet citizen for "purely political reasons." Oswald refused to give any other reasons for his decision to give up his American citizenship and live in the Soviet Union, but stated "I will never return to the United States for any reason."

A review of Bureau files discloses no information identifiable with Oswald. A service fingerprint card was located by Paul Kupferschmidt of the Identification Division which appears to relate to Oswald. This card indicates that Oswald, a white male, born October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana, enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps on October 24, 1956, at Dallas, Texas, and holds U. S. Marine Corps Number 1653230.

ACTION:

None. For information.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Trotter
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Scatterday
1 - Mr. Reddy

EBR:gdsg
(6)

REC-96

EX-133

11 NOV 12 1959

1 ENCLOSURE

62 NOV 19 1959

INCOMING TELEGRAM — Department of State

35

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Action
PPT

Info
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USIA
SCS
SY
DCL
IRC
CIA
OSD
NAVY

Control: 20261
Rec'd: OCTOBER 31, 1959
7:59 A.M.

FROM: MOSCOW

TO: Secretary of State

NO: 1304, OCTOBER 31, 1 P.M.

FOR PO

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, UNMARRIED AGE 20 PP 1733242 ISSUED SEPT 10, 1959 APPEARED AT EMB TODAY TO RENOUNCE AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP, STATED APPLIED IN MOSCOW FOR SOVIET CITIZENSHIP FOLLOWING ENTRY USSR FROM HELSINKI OCT 15. MOTHER'S ADDRESS AND HIS LAST ADDRESS US 4936 COLLINWOOD ST., FORT WORTH TEXAS. SAYS ACTION CONTEMPLATED LAST TWO YEARS. MAIN REASON "I AM MARXIST". ATTITUDE ARROGANT AGGRESSIVE. RECENTLY DISCHARGED MARINE CORPS. SAYS HAS OFFERED SOVIETS ANY INFORMATION HE HAS ACQUIRED AS ENLISTED RADAR OPERATOR.

IN VIEW PETRULLI CASE WE PROPOSE DELAY EXECUTING RENUNCIATION UNTIL SOVIET ACTION KNOWN OR DEPT ADVISES. DESPATCH FOLLOWS. PRESS INFORMED.

FREERS

JR

105-82555

Ex-105 105-0-6945

NOT RECORDED
11 NOV 12 1959

FILED BY OFFICE OF SECURITY

RECEIVED
1 NOV 2 1959
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

62 NOV 17 1959

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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Op-921D1/rl
2 November 59

"FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY"
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE

Subj: OSWALD, Lee Harvey, PFC, USMCR (Inactive) 1653230 (U)

1. On October 31, 1959, the press reported that Subject was in Moscow, Russia and had applied for USSR citizenship.

2. Files of ONI contain no record of Subject.

3. Subject's record at Headquarters U. S. Marine Corps revealed the following:
Birth: 18 October 1939 at New Orleans, La.
Religious Preference: Lutheran
OSWALD entered the Marine Corps at Dallas, Texas on 24 October 1956 to serve three years. He was released to inactive duty at MCAS, El Toro, California on 11 September 1959 and has obligated service until 8 December 1962. He speaks, reads and writes Russian but very poorly. His next of kin, his mother, resides at 3124 West 5th Street, Fort Worth, Texas. At the time he entered service, Subject gave his address as 4936 Collinswood Street, Fort Worth, Texas. While in Service, he attended the Aviation Fundamental School and completed the Aircraft Control and Warning Operators' Course. Subject's record has been sent to the Records Facility, Glenwood, Ill.

4. No action contemplated by this office.

Marguerita
Single
Asst of USMC brother mother dependent on him.
Brother Robert L. Oswald, Ft. Worth.

J. M. BARRON

Copy to:
FBI - Attn: Mr. Wells (By Hand)

John Edward Pic, in A.F. (AF address) 105-82530

REC-95 105-0-6144
EX-105 NOT RECORDED UNREC
23 NOV 12 1959

file

62 NOV 17 1959

"FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY"
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

DATE: 3 NOVEMBER 59 | [redacted] NOV 59 | DOUTED BY: HAMNER | CHECKED BY: RE/HEDIGER

2090 [redacted] NOVEMBER 59
(DATE/TIME GROUP (OCT))

PRECEDENCE

(ACT)	(INFO)
☐ FLASH	☐
☐ EMERGENCY	☐
☐ OPERATIONAL IMMEDIATE	☐
☐ PRIORITY	☐
☒ ROUTINE	RRR
☐ DEFERRED	☐

FROM: ALUSNA MOSCOW

TO: CNO

INFO:

This document contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Act, 50 U.S.C. 31 and 32, as amended. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law.

ATTENTION INVITED TO AMEMB MOSCOW DISPATCHES 234 DTD 2 NOVEMBER AND 224 DTD 26 OCTOBER CONCERNING THE RENUNCIATION OF US CITIZENSHIP AND REQUEST FOR SOVIET CITIZENSHIP BY LEE HARVEY OSWALD FORMER MARINE AND [redacted]. OSWALD STATED HE WAS RADAR OPERATOR IN MARCORPS AND HAS OFFERED TO FURNISH SOVIETS INFO HE POSSESSES ON US RADAR.

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
167 NOV 13 1959

92....ACT

06..60..61..63..IP..BFR..FLAGPLOT..

[redacted]

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 105-82555

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
(When filled in)

OPNAV FORM-2110-6
(REV. 1-58)
DEPT. USE ONLY

[redacted] NOVEMBER PAGE 1 OF 1
DTG

A Paraphrase not required except prior to Category "B" encryption. Physically remove all internal references by date-time group prior to declassification.

B-81087

57 NOV 18 1959

NAVAL MESSAGE — ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ — NAVY DEPARTMENT

RELEASED BY	DRAFTED BY	EXT NO	COPY NO.
CAPT F. [illegible] HAVENESS, USN	LT D. E. SIGSWORTH, USN O-21E 75711		

DATE	TOR	ROUTED BY	CHECKED BY
4 November 1959	[redacted] NOV 59	Drafter	M/HEDICER

22257 [redacted] NOV 59
DD (DATE/TIME GROUP (GCT))

PRECEDENCE

	(ACT)	(INFO)
FLASH	☐	☐
EMERGENCY	☐	☐
OPERATIONAL IMMEDIATE	☐	☐
PRIORITY	☐	☐
RRRRRRRRR	☐	☐
DEFERRED	☐	☐

FROM: CNO

TO: ALUSNA MOSCOW

INFO: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Your [redacted] [redacted] discharged from USN in 1951 and has no present naval status. OSWALD is PFC Inactive Marine Corps Reserve with obligated service until 6 December 1962. OSWALD attended Aircraft Control and Warning Operator Course in 1957. Served with Marine Air Control Squadrons in Japan and Taiwan with duties involving ground control intercept. Job description code indicates he is aviation electronics operator. No record of clearance at HQ, Marine Corps but possibility exists he may have had access to CONFIDENTIAL info. OSWALDS service number 1653230, DOB 18 October 1939 at New Orleans, released to inactive duty 11 September 1959, home of record 4936 Collinwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas. Has brother, John Edward PIC, 11313239 on active duty in USAF. Request significant developments in view of continuing interest of HQ, Marine Corps and U. S. intelligence agencies.

"INTELLIGENCE MATTER" 105-82555
NOT RECORDED
167 NOV 13 1959

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 105-[illegible]

Drafter: Op-92 (92IE)

Dists: 06...60...61...63...09...09M...IP...BFR...FLAGPLOT...CMC...STATE...FBI...CIA...I&NS...OSI/USAF...ACSI/ARMY

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
(When filled in)

OPNAV FORM-2110-6
(REV. 1-58)
DEPT. USE ONLY

[redacted] NOV 59
DTG

A Paraphrase not required except prior to Category "B" encryption. Physically remove all internal references by date-time group prior to declassification.

D-57887

NAVAL MESSAGE ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ NAVY DEPARTMENT

RELEASED BY	DRAFTED BY	EXT NR	COPY NR.
CAPT F. [illegible] KLAVENESS, USN	LT D. E. SIGSWORTH, USN Op-921E	75711	

DATE	TOR	ROUTED BY	CHECKED BY
4 November 1959	[redacted] NOV 59	Drafter	M/HEDIGER

22257 [redacted] NOV 59
NO (DATE/TIME GROUP (GCT))

PRECEDENCE

(ACT)	(INFO)
☐ FLASH	☐
☐ EMERGENCY	☐
☐ OPERATIONAL IMMEDIATE	☐
☐ PRIORITY	☐
RRRRRRRRRR	☐
☐ DEFERRED	☐

FROM: CNO

TO: ALUSNA MOSCOW

INFO: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Your [redacted] [redacted] discharged from USN in 1951 and has no present naval status. OSWALD is PFC Inactive Marine Corps Reserve with obligated service until 8 December 1962. OSWALD attended Aircraft Control and Warning Operator Course in 1957. Served with Marine Air Control Squadrons in Japan and Taiwan with duties involving ground control intercept. Job description code indicates he is aviation electronics operator. No record of clearance at HQ, Marine Corps but possibility exists he may have had access to CONFIDENTIAL info. OSWALDS service number 1653230, DOB 18 October 1939 at New Orleans, released to inactive duty 11 September 1959, home of record 4936 Collinwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas. Has brother, John Edward PIC, 11313239 on active duty in USAF. Request significant developments in view of continuing interest of HQ, Marine Corps and U. S. intelligence agencies.

"INTELLIGENCE MATTER" 105-82555
NOT RECORDED
167 NOV 13 1959

Drafter: Op-92 (921E)

Dists: 06...60...61...63...09...09M...IP...BFR...FLAGPLOT...CMC...STATE...FBI...CIA...I&NS...OSI/USAF...ACSI/ARMY

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 105-[illegible]

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[illegible] 1959

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
(When filled in)

[redacted] NOV 59
DTG

OPNAV FORM-2110-6
(REV. 1-58)
DEPT. USE ONLY

A Paraphrase not required except prior to Category "B" encryption. Physically remove all internal references by date-time group prior to declassification.

Office Memorandum • UNITED GOVERNMENT

TO : A. H. Belmont

DATE: November 4, 1959

FROM : W. A. Branigan

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Tolson
Belmont
DeLoach
McGuire
Mohr
Parsons
Rosen
Tamm
Trotter
C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Nellness
Gandy

The "Washington Capital News Service" dated 10/31/59, announced that subject, a 20-year-old former United States Marine, advised the United Press International during a press conference in his room, Metropole Hotel, Moscow, that he had applied to renounce his American citizenship and become a Soviet citizen for "purely political reasons." He refused to give any other reasons for his decision but stated "I will never return to the United States for any reason."

State Department telegram from Moscow dated 10/31/59, advised that subject is age 20, unmarried, who was issued U. S. passport on 9/10/59, appeared at the American Embassy that date to renounce his U. S. citizenship, stating he applied in Moscow for Soviet citizenship following his entry into Russia from Finland on 10/15/59. Subject advised the Embassy that he contemplated taking this action for the last two years; that the main reason for his action was "I am a Marxist." His attitude was described as arrogant and aggressive. Subject was described as having recently been discharged from the U. S. Marine Corps, and he has said that he has offered the Soviets any information he has acquired as enlisted radar operator. Subject's mother's address and his last home address in the U. S. was given as 4936 Collinwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas. The American Embassy in Moscow proposes delaying executing subject's renunciation of his U. S. citizenship until Soviet action is known or until advice is received from the State Department.

Bureau files contain no information identifiable with subject. Service fingerprint card in the Identification Division which appears to relate to subject shows that he is a white male born 10/18/39, at New Orleans, Louisiana, and he enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps on 10/24/56, at Dallas, Texas, and that he holds U. S. Marine Corps number 1653230.

105-82555-3

FLJ:mst:mjc
(5)
1 - Belmont
1 - Branigan
1 - De Loach
1 - Jones

REC-96

EX-133

11 NOV 12 1959

62 NOV 19 1959

58 NOV 30 1959

Memorandum Branigan to Belmont
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On 11/2/59, it was determined through Liaison with the Navy Department that the files of ONI contained no record of subject. However, subject's record at the headquarters with the U. S. Marine Corps shows the following: He was born 10/18/39, at New Orleans, Louisiana, and entered the U. S. Marine Corps at Dalas, Texas, on 10/24/56, to serve for three years. He was released to inactive duty at El Toro, California on 9/11/59, and has obligated service until 12/8/62. He speaks, reads, and writes Russian very poorly. While in the service of the U. S. Marine Corps he attended the Aviation Fundamental School and completed the Aircraft Control and Warning Operators' Course. He was released from active duty because his mother depended upon him for support. Serial #1653230.

ONI advised that they contemplated taking no action in this matter. No derogatory information was found in the files of the U. S. Marine Corps concerning subject, and there is no indication of any Soviet contacts involving subject.

RECOMMENDATION:

Since subject's defection is known to Department of the Navy, and since subject apparently has no knowledge of any strategic information which would be of benefit to the Soviets, it does not appear that any action is warranted by the Bureau in this matter.

It is recommended however, that this memo be referred to the Identification Division so subject's service fingerprints can be placed in the criminal files and that a stop be placed against the prints to prevent subject's entering ~~into~~ the U. S. under any name. Espionage Section should be advised if subject again enters the U. S.

FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM: Embassy MOSCOW

234
DESP. NO.

TO: THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON

November 2, 1959
DATE

REF: [redacted] October 31, 1959

1. For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	DEPT.
	INFO	DIR 5, SCA 3, SCS-2, SY-2 IAC 9, S/S-2 SIP-1 C.I. 2
	REC'D 11/1	OTHER CIA-15

SUBJECT: CITIZENSHIP: Lee Harvey OSWALD - US-R

Mr. Lee Harvey OSWALD, an American citizen, appeared at this Embassy October 31, 1959 and stated to Second Secretary Richard E. Snyder that he wishes to renounce his American citizenship and that he had applied to become a citizen of the Soviet Union. He presented to the interviewing officer his passport and the following signed, undated, handwritten statement, the original of which is retained by the Embassy (misspellings are as in original):

"I Lee Harey (cq) Oswald do hereby request that my present citizenship in the United States of America, be revoked.

"I have entered the Soviet Union for the express purpose of appling for citizenship in the Soviet Union, through the means of naturalisation.

"My request for citizenship is now pending before the Surprem Soviet of the U.S.S.R.

"I take these steps for political reasons. My request for the revoking of my American citizenship is made only after the longest and most serious considerations.

"I affirm that my allegiance is to the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics."

s/ Lee H. Oswald

Oswald is the bearer of Passport No. 1733242, issued September 10, 1959 (retained at the Embassy). The passport shows that he was born in New Orleans, Louisiana, on October 18, 1939, and gives his occupation as "shipping export agent". Oswald gave his last address in the United States as that of his mother at 1936 Collinwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas. A telegram subsequently received at the Embassy for him indicates that a brother, Robert L. Oswald, resides at 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas. He stated that he was discharged from the U. S. Marine Corps on September 11, 1959. Highest grade achieved was Private. Oswald evidently applied for his passport to the Agency at San Francisco while still in service. He stated that he had contemplated the action which he took for two years before his discharge. He departed from the United States through New Orleans with the intent of traveling to the Soviet Union through Northern Europe. He states that he first applied for a Soviet tourist visa in Helsinki on October 14.

NOT RECORDED
14 NOV 16

Richard E. Snyder

NOV 1 1959
OFFICE OF SECURITY
NOT TO BE FILED W/C INITIALS

58 NOV 19 1959

COPY TO THE FBI
EX 104
NOV 12 1959

INFORMATION COPY

SY - LIAISON

that he applied for Soviet citizenship by letter to the Supreme Soviet on October 16 in Moscow. He stated that he did not mention his intent to remain in the Soviet Union to the Soviet Embassy in Helsinki at the time of his visa application.

Throughout the interview Oswald's manner was aggressive, arrogant, and uncooperative. He appeared to be competent. He insisted that he did not wish to waste time in discussion or answering questions concerning his "personal" affairs beyond what was directly related to divesting himself of his American citizenship. He was contemptuous of any efforts by the interviewing officer in his interest, made clear that he wanted no advice from the Embassy. He stated that he knew the provisions of U. S. law on loss of citizenship and declined to have them reviewed by the interviewing officer. In short he displayed all the airs of a new sophomore party-liner.

Oswald gave as the "principal reason" for his decision that "I am a marxist", but declined any further elaboration of his motives. However, other remarks bearing on his attitude were made during the interview. At one point he alluded to hardships endured by his mother as a "worker" and stated that he did not intend to have this happen to him. He also referred to himself several times as a "worker", but admitted that he had never held a civilian job, having entered the Marine Corps directly from junior year of high school. (He claimed to have completed high school while in service.) He stated that his service in Okinawa and elsewhere "gave me a chance to observe American imperialism." At another point he reacted sensitively when asked, in connection with his rank in the Marine Corps, whether he felt he should have had a higher grade.

Oswald categorically refused to discuss his family beyond stating that he was not married and that he has a mother in Texas. He had obliterated the address written on the inside cover of his passport and steadfastly refused to give any last home address until it was elicited by the "threat" that nothing could be done about his request to renounce his citizenship without this information. After giving the address noted above, he then confirmed that it was his mother's address. He would not say whether he had informed his mother and rebuffed any suggestion of concern for her.

Oswald offered the information that he had been a radar operator in the Marine Corps and that he had voluntarily stated to unnamed Soviet officials that as a Soviet citizen he would make known to them such information concerning the Marine Corps and his speciality as he possessed. He intimated that he might know something of special interest.

Oswald is presently residing in non-tourist status at the Metropole Hotel in Moscow awaiting the Soviet response to his application for citizenship. As his Soviet visa and militia registration expired on October 22, 1959, and have not been renewed, he is patently in a technically illegal residence status with the tacit consent of the Soviet authorities.

For what significance it may have, the foregoing was also the pattern in the Nicholas PETRULLI case (our Despatch 111, September 11, 1959). Having

evidently concluded, after allowing Petrulli to languish "illegally" in a local hotel for a month, that he was no asset as a Soviet citizen, the Soviets suddenly invited him to depart, pointing out that he had "overstayed" his visa.

In view of the Petrulli case and other considerations, the Embassy proposes to delay action on Oswald's request to execute an oath of renunciation to the extent dictated by developments and subject to the Department's advice.

Edward L. Freers
Charge d'Affaires, ad interim

INCOMING TELEGRAM Department of State

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

59-52
Action
SCS

Classification

Control: 5464
Rec'd: November 9, 1959
4:07 p.m.

FROM: Moscow

Info
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SY
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CIA
RMR

TO: Secretary of State

NO: 1358, November 9, 6 p.m.

SENT PRIORITY TOKYO 10, REPEATED INFORMATION DEPARTMENT 1358.

Tokyo's 23 sent Department 1448.

Consular officer attempted personal delivery of message from Pic to Oswald today, but unable make contact at hotel. Message being sent registered mail.

LEE HARVEY

For Pic's information previous message from brother Robert Oswald also had to be sent registered mail. Lee Oswald seems determined carry out purpose of seeking Soviet citizenship and renouncing American citizenship, but so far as known Soviet citizenship not granted and formal renunciation not yet made at this office. Department has instructed Embassy may not withhold right renunciation under Section 1999 revised statutes. Care has been and will be taken to be sure he has no doubts should he appear to make formal renunciation.

He staying at room 233 Metropole Hotel, Moscow. Brother Robert attempted contact him by phone, but result not known.

THOMPSON

AAL:XK-5

Lee Harvey Oswald

MCT-41

COPY TO THE FBI

NOV 12 1959

SY - LIAISON

105-82555-5

NOT RECORDED

NOV 13 1959

58 NOV 20 1959

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Classification

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INCOMING TELEGRAM Department of State

34-M

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Classification

Action

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NAVY
AIR
RMR

Control: 4959
Rec'd: November 9, 1959
3:20 a.m.

FROM: Tokyo

TO: Secretary of State

NO: 1448, November 9, 4 p.m.

PRIORITY

Re Lee Harvey Oswald; IS-R

SENT DEPARTMENT 1448, REPEATED INFORMATION PRIORITY MOSCOW 23, CINCPAC, COMUS/JAPAN UNNUMBERED

USAF Staff Sergeant John E. Pic Tachikawa Air Base, called at Embassy November 6, concerning news reports that his half-brother, Lee Harvey Oswald, 20 years old, intends to renounce US citizenship and become Soviet citizen.

According to Moscow AP dispatch in PACIFIC STARS AND STRIPES November 1, Lee Oswald is at Metropole Hotel, Moscow. UPI story datelined Fort Worth, Texas, reports another brother, Robert L. Oswald, has attempted to reach Lee Oswald by cable to Moscow and has also sent telegram to Secretary Herter pleading for assistance incontacting him.

105-82555-6

Pic asked that Embassy inform him of any developments about Lee Oswald and requested that Embassy Moscow if possible transmit to him following message: "Please reconsider your intentions. Contact me if possible. Love. (Signed) John".

105-82555

Request any information this matter which Embassy can pass on to Pic.

REC-79

CA informed.

EX 104

COPY TO THE FBI

NOV 10 1959

SY - LIAISON

NOT RECORDED
NOV 12 1959
MACARTHUR

RECEIVED
DEPT OF STATE

BB:DGH/ 3

7-13

58 DEC 10 1959

62 NOV 24 1959

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Classification

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WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Marine	Lee Harvey Oswald [illegible]	10-24-56		

105-82555
105-82555 - UNREC
NOT RECORDED
20 MAR 8 1960

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

20-70552-6 U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

TO MAR 8 1960

2.

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
	DESCRIPTION: Date and place of birth: 10-18-39 New Orleans, La.			

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

96-7065-4 U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

1-BU

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION

FLASH BY BUREAU Lee Harvey Oswald (maybe ident)
Any information or inquiry received notify
Espionage Section, Div. 5, Bu. (Ref. memo
dated 11-4-59 captioned Lee Harvey Oswald IS-R).

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FBI

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

55—70582-6 U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

2-BU

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION

CC-Espionage Section
Division 5
Bureau

Copies of record were furnished OSI Washington DC as may be identical with subject of their inquiry dated 2-19-60.

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

5/23/60

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-353496)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-6103)

SUBJECT: FUNDS TRANSMITTED TO RESIDENTS OF RUSSIA
IS-R

Re report of SA JOHN W. FAIN, Dallas, 5/12/60.

Interview of Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD reveals that her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD had gone to Moscow, Russia, had renounced his US citizenship and had apparently sought Soviet citizenship. She recently received a letter addressed to her son from the Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland indicating that LEE OSWALD was expected at the college on 4/20/60. She stated that LEE OSWALD had taken his birth certificate with him when he left home. The fact that she had sent three letters to her son in Moscow since 1/22/60, which were returned undelivered, has caused her to fear for his safety.

There appears to be a possibility of locating LEE OSWALD outside the USSR at the Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland. Furthermore, since OSWALD had his birth certificate in his possession, another individual may have assumed his identity.

The info furnished by Mrs. OSWALD may be of interest to the US State Department and it is suggested for the consideration of the Bureau, that a copy of her interview be furnished to the State Department for any action they deem appropriate.

3- Bureau (100-353496) (RM)
1- Dallas (105-976) (RM)
1- New York (105-6103)

HFG:jr
(6)

105-82555 - UNREC
NOT RECORDED
14 JUN 6 1960

F258
59 JUN 10 1960

ORIGINAL FILED IN

1 - 2 [illegible]
1 - [illegible] Jones

105-82555

Date: June 3, 1960

To: Office of Security
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference is made to Foreign Service Despatch number 234 dated November 2, 1959, concerning subject's renunciation of his American citizenship at the United States Embassy, Moscow, Russia, on October 31, 1959.

It is noted that among other items, subject surrendered his United States passport Number 1733242 to an American Embassy official. His last known residence as indicated in your despatch was The Metropole Hotel, Moscow, where he was residing in a non-tourist status.

Your attention is directed to the report of Special Agent John F. Fain, Dallas, Texas, dated May 12, 1960, entitled "Funds Transmitted to Residents of Russia; Internal Security - R," a copy of which was furnished to the Department of State on May 24, 1960.

In that report you will note that subject's mother, Mrs. Marguerite C. Oswald, Fort Worth, Texas, advised that she recently received a letter addressed to her son from the Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland indicating that Lee Oswald was expected at the college on April 20, 1960. She stated subject had taken his birth certificate with him when he left home. She was apprehensive about his safety because three letters she had written him since January 22, 1960, have been returned to her undelivered.

Since there is a possibility that an imposter is using Oswald's birth certificate, any current information the Department of State may have concerning subject would be appreciated.

1 - Director of Naval Intelligence
2 - Paris (SEE NOTE LEGAT, PARIS, PAGE TWO)
1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route thru for review)

REC-56 105-82555-47

1 ENCLOSURE

1st Rec'd CIA Liaison 2/26/75 LF

HQ 105-82555

TYPE UNIT

19 JUN 6 COMM-FBI

BY COURIER SVC.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Soyars
Walters
Mason
Mintz
Watson
Ryan

Letter to State re Passport 2-24-61 94

G & I

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

JFK Act 6 (a) (2)

Office of Security
Department of State

NOTE TO LEGAT, PARIS:

Subject was born 10/16/39 at New Orleans, La. His last U. S. address was 4936 Collinwood St., Ft. Worth, Texas, the same address as his mother. He is single and was released from active duty in the U.S. Marine Corps on 9/11/59 and has obligated service until 12/8/62. He claimed he wanted to renounce his American citizenship on 10/31/59 for "purely political reasons" and said he "would never return to the U.S. for any reason." He holds U. S. Marine Corps #1653230.

Through your sources, determine if subject is enrolled at Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland and, if so, obtain detailed background information concerning him to establish his whereabouts and his bona fides.

THE FOREIGN SERVICE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
American Embassy
Paris 8, France

SECRET

Date: July 27, 1960

To: Director, FBI (105-82555)

From: Legat, Paris (105-1067)

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

ReBulet to State Department 6/3/60.

[redacted] S

[redacted] S

This will be followed and the Bureau will be advised.

P
2 - Bureau
1 - Paris
NWP:mas
(3)

0-1 Paris card 9-14-60 FBI/mc

Card made 8/2/60

SECRET

REC-19 105-82555-8

EX 109

AUG 1 1960

[redacted]
REC'D

0-1 from Paris 9-22-60 ltd. will see subs. 10-1-60. 363

F-5

58 AUG 5 1960

Classified by 2040 > 7/4/7
Exempt from GDS, Category
Date of Declassification indefinite

SECRET

THE FOREIGN SERVICE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
American Embassy
Paris 8, France

Date: September 27, 1960

To: Director, FBI (105-82555)

From: Legat, Paris (105-1067)

SECRET

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Re Paris letter 7/27/60.

[redacted]

P
2 - Bureau
1 - Paris
NWP:CM
(3)

EX 105

REC-36 105-82555-9

12 OCT 3 1960

Classified by 2046 7/25/n
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of Declassification Indefinite

SECRET

RECD

57 OCT 11

THE FOREIGN SERVICE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
American Embassy
Paris 8, France

Date: October 12, 1960

To: Director, FBI (105-82555) SECRET

From: Legat, Paris (105-1067)

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Re Paris letter 9/27/60.

[redacted] S

[redacted] S

[redacted] S

105-82555-10

RUC
2 - Bureau
1 - Paris
NWP:mas
(3)

EX-109

OCT 18 1960

59 OCT 26 1960

Classified by [illegible]
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of Declassification Indefinite

SECRET

THE FOREIGN SERVICE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
American Embassy
Paris 8, France

Date: November 3, 1960

To: Director, FBI (105-82555) SECRET

From: Legat, Paris (105-1067)

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Re Paris letter 10/12/60.

[redacted] S

"Subject enrolled for the 3rd (?) trimestre (20 April - 2 July 1960) by letter dated 19 March 1959; his address was then indicated as: MCAF, MACS - 9, Santa Ana, California, USA. He exchanged further correspondence with the College and sent in the requested papers. His last letter to the college dates of 19 June 1959; it contained the deposit of $25 towards the school fees and he expressed his satisfaction at being accepted at the college and anticipated joy for the coming sojourn at Churwalden. The college authorities have not heard from OSWALD since, and he has not turned up for the course.

"Through subject's mother, Mrs. Marguerite OSWALD, 1410 Hurley, Fort Worth, Texas, who by letters dated 6 April and 6 June 1960 inquired about the whereabouts of her son, the college learned that OSWALD had gone to Moscow in November 1959 and lived there at the Hotel Metropole.

"If any news should be received by the Albert Schweitzer College in Churwalden about Lee Harvey OSWALD, you will be duly informed."

[redacted] S

RUC
2 - Bureau
1 - Paris
NWP:mas

Classified by 2040 D/14/21 BECS 21 OR 22
Exempt from GDS, Category
Date of Declassification Indefinite
E.O. 10501

17 NOV 14 1960

SECRET

NOV 17 1960

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

IN REPLY REFER TO
CI-92122/cn
Ser 923792

15 NOV 1960

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

MEMORANDUM for Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Attn: Liaison Section

Subj: OSWALD, Lee Harvey, 1653230, PFC, USMCR (Inactive) (C)

Ref: (a) FBI memo to State of 3 Jun 1960, same subj

1. Reference (a) contains information concerning OSWALD.

2. The Commandant of the Marine Corps has advised the Office of Naval Intelligence that OSWALD was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on 17 August 1959. His home address, as of 20 July 1959, is listed as 3124 West 5th Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

William Abbott
WILLIAM ABBOTT

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.
Attn: Liaison Section

NOV 17 1960

REC-59 105-82555
105-82555-12
E.-132
18 NOV 1960

52 NOV 25 1960

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

105-82555

Date: February 27, 1961

To: Office of Security
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference is made to a letter from this Bureau dated June 3, 1960, advising that subject, who had renounced his American citizenship at the United States Embassy, Moscow, Russia, on October 31, 1959, was expected to enter the Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland on April 20, 1960.

Subsequent information received from a confidential source abroad indicates that subject never arrived at the above-named College, although he had paid a $25 deposit toward school fees. The College has not heard from subject since he sent this deposit in June, 1959, from an unknown address.

For your additional information, the Office of Naval Intelligence advised on November 15, 1960, that on August 17, 1960, subject was given an undesirable discharge from the United States Marine Corps Reserve and that his home address as of July 20, 1959, was 3124 West Fifth Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

It is requested that any additional information contained in the files of the Department of State regarding subject be furnished to this Bureau.

105-82555-12

1 - Dallas
1 - Paris
1 - Foreign Liaison Unit

REC-82

19 FEB 28 1961

FLJ:prg

Rusk
Parsons
Belcher
Coldwell
Conrad
DeLoach
Malone
McGuire
Rosen
Trotter
Tyler
W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Ingram
Gandy

52 MAR 3 1961

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 5/23/61

FROM : SAC, WFO (105-37111)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Rereport of SA JOHN W. FAIN dated 5/12/60 at Dallas, Texas, in the matter captioned "FUNDS TRANSMITTED TO RESIDENTS OF RUSSIA, IS - R" (Bufile 100-353496, Dallas file 100-976) setting forth background information re OSWALD.

On 5/9/61 the files of the Passport Office, U.S. Department of State, were reviewed by SA VINCENT P. DUNN and the following information was noted:

A State Department memorandum of conversation dated 1/26/61 reflecting that Mrs. MARGUERITA OSWALD, mother of the subject, appeared at the U.S. Department of State in Washington, D.C., (date not indicated). She said she had come to Washington to see what could be done to help her son. She expressed the thought that perhaps her son had gone to the Soviet Union as a "secret agent" and that the State Department was not doing enough to help him. She was advised that such was not the case and efforts were being made to help her son.

On 2/13/61 the U.S. Embassy in Moscow, USSR, received an undated letter from LEE HARVEY OSWALD postmarked Minsk 2/5/61. In this letter OSWALD indicated that he desired the return of his U.S. Passport as he wished to return to the United States if "we could come to some agreement concerning the dropping of any legal proceedings against me". He also said that he could not leave Minsk without permission and therefore was writing instead of visiting the American Embassy.

On 3/20/61 the U.S. Embassy in Moscow received a letter from OSWALD postmarked Minsk 3/5/61. In this letter OSWALD said he found it inconvenient to come to Moscow for an interview at the American Embassy and that he could not leave Minsk without permission. He asked that in place of a personal interview he be sent a questionnaire.

EX-116 REC 7 105-37111-14

The foregoing is being furnished the Dallas Division for information as they are the division covering the subject's permanent residence.

(3) - Bureau
1 - Dallas (Info) (RM)
1 - WFO
VPD:epc (5)

JUN 16 1961

ENCLOSURE 100-353496

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-353496

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 15

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

1

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
DALLAS	DALLAS	7/3/61	6/23 - 30/61

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed by:
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	SA JOHN W. FAIN	jeg

CHARACTER OF CASE: IS - R

FBI - NO. REC'D 12-7-6 DEC 26 1961 BY:

REFERENCES

Dallas letter to New Orleans, 2/28/61 (Interoffice)
New Orleans letter to Dallas, 4/27/61 (Interoffice)
Dallas letter to New Orleans, 4/28/61 (Interoffice)
Washington Field letter to Bureau, 6/23/61.

- C -

ADMINISTRATIVE

Report of SA JOHN W. FAIN, Dallas, 5/12/60, captioned "FUNDS TRANSMITTED TO RESIDENTS OF RUSSIA, IS - R," Bufile 100-353[illegible] Dallas file 105-976, reflects result of interviews with subject's brother, ROBERT LEE OSWALD on April 27, 1960 and with his mother, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, April 28, 1960.

This report has been classified "Confidential" for the reasons that information attributed to Dallas Confidential Informants T-1, T-2, T-3 and T-4 could reasonably result in the identification of these informants and compromise their future

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-37711

Approved	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below
Copies made:		105-82555-16

5 - Bureau (105-82555)(RM)
1 - ONI, New Orleans (RM)
3 - Dallas (100-10461)

REC 20

6 JUL 6 1961

AGENCY State, CIA
REQ. RECD
DATE FORW. 7/13/61
HOW FORW. 1-hvd, 1-hvd
BY [illegible]

Put cc in 105-2716

121

50 JUL 17 1961

Copy to Legat : Paris
by routing slip for . . 19..
☒ info ☐ action
date 7/13/61
by EJF

XEROX JUL 17 1961

Property of FBI — This report is loaned to you by the FBI, and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1959 O—[illegible]

effectiveness. Furtbermore, instant report reflects investigation concerning a former citizen of the United States who currently resides in Russia.

The Bureau might desire to furnish a copy of instant report to the U. S. State Department and to Central Intelligence Agency.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	File No. Where Located
T-1 (DIXIE WILSON, Principal Clerk, LDBs 111 through 114, Meacham Building, Fort Worth, Texas.)	Instant report
T-2 [redacted]	DL 100-10461-2
T-3 [redacted]	Instant report
T-4 [redacted]	Instant report

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and "T" symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

Downgraded to Unclassified 10/7/14. Data concerned no longer warrants security classification. Rel

Ltr to State, CIA, USSS & FAA 11/7/14 re declassification. Ltr to DL, Fort Worth, municipality and Penn 11/7/14 re declassification. Rel

FD-204 (Rev. 8-8-58)

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - ONI, New Orleans, Louisiana (RM)

Report of: JOHN W. FAIN
Date: 7/3/61

Office: DALLAS

Field Office File No.: Dallas 100-10461

Bureau File No.: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis: The subject, who attempted to defect to Russia in October, 1959, and who was a member of the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve, was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve 8/17/60. Subject born 10/18/39, New Orleans, Louisiana. His father, EDWARD LEE OSWALD, died before subject's birth. Subject moved with his mother to Fort Worth, Texas, from New Orleans, Louisiana, in 1945. As a high school student at Fort Worth subject enlisted at age 17 in the U. S. Marine Corps 10/24/56. He received an honorable discharge 9/11/59 from the U. S. Marine Corps and reenlisted as a Private in the USMC Reserve same day. Following his discharge in September, 1959, subject visited his mother at Fort Worth for a few days and left for New Orleans with expressed intention of resuming employment in export-import work. Subject's mother subsequently received letter from New Orleans from subject advising he had booked passage on a ship to Europe. Subject later renounced U. S. citizenship and sought to become a citizen of Russia. Subject reported to be residing at Minsk, Russia, and is said to have recently expressed a desire for return of U. S. passport as he desired to return to U.S. under certain conditions.

- C -

DETAILS:

Investigation was predicated on information received by communication of January 11, 1961, from District Intelligence Office, 8th Naval District, New Orleans, Louisiana, advising that

Downgraded to Confidential 10-7-67 AL

declassified E.O. 12065 5/1/77

CONFIDENTIAL

...conclusions are conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and ... your agency.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, who attempted to defect to Russia in October, 1959, and who was a member of the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve, had been given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on August 17, 1960.

I. BACKGROUND

A. Name and Aliases

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, also known as Lee Oswald.

B. Residence

Mrs Edward Lee Oswald MARGUERITE C. Oswald

On April 28, 1960, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, subject's mother, currently residing at 1111 Herring Avenue, Waco, Texas, where she was employed at Methodist Orphans Home, volunteered the following information:

LA WASH. DC

She stated that up until 1945 she and her sons had lived at New Orleans, Louisiana. In 1945 they moved to Fort Worth, Texas, where the subject attended high school until he enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps at the age of 17 in October, 1956.

On June 28, 1961, Mrs. JAMES E. TAYLOR, 4936 Collingwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas, stated the subject and his mother resided in a partly furnished upstairs apartment at 4936 Collingwood Street, from July 1, 1956, to May 1, 1957, except that subject sometime during the Fall of 1956, enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps at the age of 17. She advised that subject's brother, ROBERT OSWALD, also resided at 4936 Collingwood until the time of his marriage.

On April 10, 1961, Mrs. OSWALD voluntarily furnished the information that she was currently residing at 1612 Hurley Street, Fort Worth, Texas. She explained that she had returned to Fort Worth about April 1, 1961, from Boyd, Texas, where she had operated a dress shop which she found necessary to close on account of financial difficulties. Mrs. OSWALD related that during January, 1961, she had made a trip to Washington, D. C., for the purpose of contacting the office of the U. S. Secretary of State in an effort to obtain some information concerning subject. She stated that she had furnished all information available in her possession concerning the subject and that she had in turn sought information to ascertain his current address. She advised that she had recently been informed by the State Department that subject was located at Minsk, Russia. She also advised that it is her understanding that subject desires to return to the United States.

C. Employment

Mrs. OSWALD advised on April 28, 1960, that subject had been engaged in the export-import type of employment at New Orleans, Louisiana, after visiting her in Fort Worth, Texas, in 1959. In 1956 he was a student at the Fort Worth High School at the time he enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps in October, 1956.

D. Citizenship Status

According to information furnished by Mrs. OSWALD in April, 1960, subject was born October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana. His father was EDWARD LEE OSWALD who died before subject was born.

Mrs. OSWALD volunteered the information that subject had taken his birth certificate with him when he left Fort Worth, Texas.

E. Nationality Background

No information available.

F. Education

Mrs. OSWALD stated on April 28, 1960, subject was attending high school at Fort Worth when he enlistediin the U. S. Marine Corps. He has not finished high school.

On June 28, 1961, Dallas Confidential Informant T-1 advised that subject had special educational training while in the U. S. Marine Corps at Jacksonville, Florida, from March 18, 1957 to May 3, 1957; at Biloxi, Mississippi, from May 4, 1957 to June 19, 1957. Subject had special training as an electronics operator and as a radio operator.

In April, 1960, Mrs. OSWALD advised that subject had informed her by letter sometime during the Spring or Summer of 1959, that he had made arrangements to attend the Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland. She also advised that a few days previous to April 28, 1960, she had received a letter from this college to the effect that subject was expected to arrive on April 20, 1960.

On February 28, 1961, Dallas Confidential Informant T-2 advised that it had been ascertained that subject never arrived

at the Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland although he had paid a $25.00 deposit toward school fee. The college had not heard from subject since he sent in his deposit during June of 1959.

G. Military record

Dallas T-1 advised on June 28, 1961, that subject, assigned serial number 1653230, had enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps on October 24, 1956, while residing at 4936 Collingwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas. On September 11, 1959, subject received an honorable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps and entered on the same date as a Private First Class in the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve.

By communication dated January 11, 1961, the District Intelligence Office, 8th Naval District, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that subject had been given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on August 17, 1960.

H. Close Relatives in Armed Forces

On April 28, 1960, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD stated that she had two other sons, ROBERT LEE OSWALD, age 26, who was formerly in the U. S. Air Force, and JOHN EDWARD PIC, age 28, who was then a Staff Sergeant in the U. S. Air Force and was then stationed at Hiroshima, Japan. This is Staff Sergeant JOHN EDWARD PIC, Air Force No. 11313239.

8 AUG 1932

I. Physical Description

Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD also on April 28, 1960, furnished the following description of LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Age:	20 (1960)
Date of birth:	October 18, 1939
Place of birth:	New Orleans, Louisiana.
Height:	5'10"
Weight:	165 lbs.
Eyes:	Blue
Hair:	Light brown, wavy

J. Identification Record

On February 21, 1961, the following advised they had no record in their files identifiable with subject:

B. F. SPEARS, Identification Division, and CONNIE ODUM, Central Records Division, Fort Worth, Texas, Police Department, and W. M. YOUNG, Identification Division, Tarrant County, Sheriff's Office.

K. Photograph

On April 28, 1960, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD furnished a photograph of subject which is being retained in the Dallas file.

II. CONNECTIONS WITH SOVIET RUSSIA

ROBERT LEE OSWALD, 7313 Davenport Street, Fort Worth, Texas, was, on April 27, 1960, employed as a salesman for Acme Brick Company of Fort Worth. ROBERT LEE OSWALD stated that he is a brother of subject who was believed by ROBERT to be in Moscow, Russia. ROBERT related that his brother had obtained an honorable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps in September, 1959, and after visiting his mother in Fort Worth for a period of about three days left Fort Worth with the expressed intention of going to New Orleans, Louisiana, to resume his former employment in export-import work. ROBERT stated that the entire family was later shocked to learn that subject had gone to Russia where he had renounced his United States citizenship and had applied for citizenship in the Soviet Union.

ROBERT LEE OSWALD also stated that he had never known the subject to have had any sympathy for or connection with communism before this incident occurred.

ROBERT OSWALD stated that he has had no contact in any manner or form with any individual known by him to be a Soviet official or affiliated in any way with Soviet establishments. He also stated that so far as he knows, neither his mother nor any other member of this family have had any contact whatsoever with Soviet officials or with Soviet establishments.

ROBERT LEE OSWALD stated that he would immediately contact the FBI in the event he were contacted by Soviet officials. He also stated that neither he nor his mother has been requested to furnish any items of personal identification to the subject in Russia and that in the event he were to receive such a request he would immediately contact the FBI.

DL 100-10461

On April 28, 1960, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, who was then employed at Methodist Orphans Home, 1111 Herring Avenue, Waco, Texas, volunteered the following information:

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she has been very much upset and uneasy concerning her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, since she learned during the Fall of 1959, with much to her surprise that he had gone to Moscow, Russia, where he had renounced his United States citizenship and had apparently sought Soviet citizenship. She stated that following his discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps in September, 1959, he visited her for a few days in Fort Worth and left town stating that he was going to New Orleans, Louisiana, to resume his employment with an export-import company at New Orleans. She stated that subject had engaged in export-import employment for a brief period of time prior to his enlistment in the U. S. Marine Corps. Mrs. OSWALD also stated that subject had mentioned something about his desire to travel and said something also about the fact that he might go to Cuba.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that shortly after subject arrived in New Orleans, she received the following letter postmarked at New Orleans, Louisiana, from subject:

"Dear mother:

"Well I have booked passage on a ship to Europe. I would of had to sooner or later, and I think its best that I do now. Just remember above all else that my values are very different from Roberts or yours.

"It is difficult to tell you how I feel. Just remember this is what I must do. I did not tell you about my plans because you could hardly be expected to understand. Lee."

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she was very much shocked and surprised later to learn that he had gone to Moscow, Russia. She stated that she had no idea as to how he arrived there but that she does know that he had saved up about $1600 from his services in the U. S. Marine Corps. She stated that he did not previously discuss with her any intention to go to Moscow, Russia. She also stated that he had never shown any proclivities for the ideologies of communism. She stated that he had never expressed any sympathy for Russia or the communist system. She stated that subject was always a studious type of individual and that he read books that were considered "deep." Mrs. OSWALD stated that she would not have been surprised to have heard that subject had gone to, say, South America or Cuba, but that it had never entered her mind that he might go to Russia or that he might try to

become a citizen of Russia. Mrs. OSWALD stated that she felt strongly that subject has a right as an individual to make his own decisions, however, she stated that she was very greatly surprised and disappointed that he had taken this action.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she made application on January 22, 1960, at the First National Bank of Fort Worth, Texas, for a foreign draft and upon payment of $26.65 she was issued a "foreign money transfer No. 142,688" by which instrument she sent $25.00 by air mail to subject, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, in care of Hotel Metropole, Moscow, Russia.

Mrs. OSWALD explained that she was indebted to subject in the amount of $100 as a result of a loan which she had made to her previously.

She stated that on December 18, 1959, she had mailed a personal check of $20.00 by way of part payment on this debt to "LEE OSWALD, Metropole Hotel, Moscow, Russia." She made this check payment to LEE OSWALD. However, on or about January 5, 1960, this check was returned to her by mail containing a note scratched on a piece of paper in pencil by subject, stating he "could not use the check, of course." In this note he requested her to put $20.00 in cash in an envelope and send it to him inasmuch as he was "also short of cash and needed the rest. LEE." She stated that she then mailed a $20 bill and expressed her reluctance in sending cash through the mail. In this letter to subject she requested him to let her know if he received the $20 bill and also to furnish her with his correct address. She stated that she added in this letter her hope that he liked Russia. She added "if you don't and want to come back, I believe it can be arranged. Are you working?" She stated that she addressed this letter to Mr. LEE H. OSWALD, Metropole Hotel, Moscow, Russia. She also advised that the envelope containing the $20 was returned to her on February 25, 1960, stamped, "Retour Departi." She stated that on the reverse side of this envelope was stamped "Mockban Noytant, Moscow, Russia," January 18, 1960," and also the following lettering "МЕЖДУНАРОДКО."

Mrs. OSWALD advised that since January 22, 1960, she had sent three different letters to her son but that all had been returned to her undelivered. She stated that she feared that he might have become stranded and in danger. She stated that she has had correspondence with reference to subject with her Congressman and with the U. S. State Department inasmuch as she has been very much alarmed for fear that something might have happened to subject. Mr

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she would gladly report any contacts made with her by Soviet officials. She volunteered her eagerness to cooperate in any way possible. She stated that she had not been requested to furnish any items of personal identification to subject in Russia. She volunteered the information that subject had taken with him his birth certificate when he left Fort Worth. She promised to advise the FBI immediately in the event any contacts were made with her by Soviet officials or by Soviet establishments in this connection.

A check of the files of Office of Naval Intelligence, Eighth Naval District, U. S. Naval Station in Algiers, Louisiana, on April 18, 1961, revealed that this file contained a Photostat of a telegram from the Department of State, Moscow, Russia, dated October 31, 1959, at 7:59 A.M. This telegram stated in part that subject who was twenty years of age and unmarried, carrying passport No. 1733242, issued September 10, 1959, had appeared at the Embassy to renounce his American citizenship and had applied in Moscow for Russian citizenship following his entry into the USSR from Helsinki. This telegram advised further that subject's mother's address in the United States was 4936 Collingwood Street Fort Worth, Texas. This telegram quoted subject as having said he had contemplated this matter during the last two years. Main reason "American Marxist"; attitude arrogant and aggressive. Subject had recently been discharged from the U. S. Marine Corps. Subject was further quoted as having offered the Soviets any information he had acquired as enlisted radio operator.

On June 28, 1961, Mrs. JAMES E. TAYLOR, 4936 Collingwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas, stated that on or about July 1, 1956, she rented her upstairs west, partly furnished, apartment, to Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD. With Mrs. OSWALD were her two sons, ROBERT and the subject of this case. Mrs. TAYLOR stated that she had never known the third son. Mrs. TAYLOR stated also that she had never known any member of this family prior to July 1, 1956.

Mrs. TAYLOR stated that subject was a student in Arlington Heights High School and was only about 16 or 17 years of age when the OSWALDS moved to this address. She stated that ROBERT later married and moved with his wife to another address. Mrs. TAYLOR stated that subject was a peculiar boy inasmuch as he read a great deal and kept very much to himself. She stated that she has heard Mrs. OSWALD state that subject read books which were "over his head." Mrs. TAYLOR explained this to mean that the books he read were "deep" books. She stated that she does not know the titles of any of this material which he read. Mrs. TAYLOR stated that she got the impression that subject obtained some of this reading material through the mail. Mrs. TAYLOR stated that she actually

felt sorry for the subject inasmuch as it appeared to her that he had few if any friends and no social life. She stated that she pitied the boy because he had never known his father who had died before his birth. She stated that Mrs. OSWALD worked continuously in an effort to support her two boys. Mrs. TAYLOR remarked that she has never seen any one stay at home more closely than did the subject. She stated that Mrs. OSWALD often quarrelled at him for staying at home so closely and on occasion urged him to get out and seek employment but that he preferred to sit at home and read.

Mrs. TAYLOR stated that Mrs. OSWALD was in poor health and extremely nervous and that she often quarrelled very loudly with both ROBERT and the subject.

Mrs. TAYLOR stated that the OSWALDS came to Fort Worth from New Orleans, Louisiana. Mrs. TAYLOR stated that both ROBERT OSWALD and Mrs. OSWALD were extremely shocked and hurt by the action which subject took disavowing his United States citizenship and claiming citizenship in Russia.

Mrs. TAYLOR stated that subject enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps while he was residing at 4936 Collingwood Street. She advised that Mrs. OSWALD moved from this address on or about May 1, 1957, and that she has had no contact with the OSWALDS in recent years.

On June 30, 1961, JAMES P. MEEK, 3120 West Fifth Street, Fort Worth, stated that for a period of several months three or four years ago Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD resided at 3124 West Fifth Street. He stated that so far as he knows subject had never resided at 3124 West Fifth and MEEK was unable to furnish any information of value to this investigation.

On June 23, 1961, Dallas Confidential Informants T-3 and T-4 advised that their knowledge of subject is limited to newspaper accounts reporting subject's defection to Soviet Russia. Dallas T-3 and T-4 advised that subject was not a member of the Communist Party (CP) at Fort Worth and that they have never heard his name mentioned in connection with CP membership.

It is noted that the Communist Party, USA (CP), has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States, pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

DL 100-10461

A review on May 9, 1961, of the files of the Passport Office, U. S. Department of State, Washington, D. C., revealed that on or about January 26, 1961, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, mother of subject, appeared at the U. S. Department of State in Washington, D. C. She advised that she had come to Washington to see what could be done to help her son, the subject. She expressed the thought that perhaps her son had gone to the Soviet Union as a "secret agent" and that the State Department was not doing enough to help him. She was advised that such was not the case and that efforts were being made to help her son.

On February 13, 1961, the U. S. Embassy in Moscow, USSR, received an undated letter from LEE HARVEY OSWALD postmarked Minsk, February 5, 1961. In this letter OSWALD indicated that he desired the return of his U. S. passport as he wished to return to the United States if "we could come to some agreement concerning the dropping of any legal proceedings against me." He also said that he could not leave Minsk without permission and therefore was writing instead of visiting the American Embassy.

On March 20, 1961, the U. S. Embassy in Moscow received a letter from OSWALD postmarked Minsk, March 5, 1961. In this letter OSWALD said he found it inconvenient to come to Moscow for an interview at the American Embassy and that he could not leave Minsk without permission. He asked that in place of a personal interview he be sent a questionnaire.

[redacted]

FD-122 (3-28-50)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas
July 3, 1961

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-10461

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference Report of SA JOHN W. FAIN, Dallas, 7/3/61.

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Routing Slip
FD-4 (Rev. 10-13-58)

Date 8/8/61

To

[X] Director

Att. ____

[ ] SAC

[ ] ASAC

[ ] Supv.

[ ] Agent

[ ] SE

[ ] CC

[ ] Steno

[ ] Clerk

FILE # 105-82555

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

SECRET

ACTION DESIRED

- [ ] Acknowledge
- [ ] Assign ____ Reassign ____
- [ ] Bring file
- [ ] Call me
- [ ] Correct :
- [ ] Deadline ____
- [ ] Deadline passed
- [ ] Delinquent
- [ ] Discontinue
- [ ] Expedite
- [ ] File
- [ ] For information
- [ ] Initial & return
- [ ] Leads need attention
- [ ] Open Case
- [ ] Prepare lead cards
- [ ] Prepare tickler
- [ ] Recharge serials
- [ ] Return assignment card
- [ ] Return file
- [ ] Return serials
- [ ] Search and return
- [ ] See me
- [ ] Send Serials ____ to ____
- [ ] Submit new charge-out
- [ ] Submit report by ____
- [ ] Type
- [ ] Return with explanation or notation as to action taken.

[redacted]

Classified by 2040 7H17

Exempt from GDS, Category 1 XAT

Date of DNWP/AM ion Indefinite begat

See reverse side Office Paris

105-1067
RUC

SECRET

105-82555-
UNREC
NOT RECORDED
9 AUG 8 1961

57 AUG 9 1961

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 9/1/61

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO:DL)

ReWFOlet 5/23/61, under above caption, containing the results of a review of the passport files re OSWALD.

On 8/22/61, the passport file of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was reviewed by SA VINCENT P. DUNN and found to contain the following info:

By letter dated May, 1961, to the American Embassy, Moscow, USSR, OSWALD advised he had no intention of returning to the U.S. unless he was given a guarantee that he would not be prosecuted for any act pertaining "to this case." He also indicated he married a Russian girl born in Leningrad and wanted to bring her to the U.S. with him.

On 7/10/61, OSWALD executed an "Application for Renewal of Passport" at the American Embassy in Moscow. His residence at that time was USSR, Ulitsa Kalinina 4, Apt. 24, Minsk. This renewal application indicated that OSWALD was issued U.S. Passport #1733242 on 9/10/59, at Washington, D. C. The subject's renewal application was referred to the State Department for consideration and decision.

On 7/8/61, OSWALD appeared at the American Embassy in Moscow at which time he stated he was employed in the BeloRussian Radio and Television factory in Minsk as a metal worker in the research shop. He stated he took no oath or allegiance of any kind to the Soviet Union, nor was he required to sign any paper in connection with his employment. He gave his earnings as 90 rubels a month.

RUC
2-Bureau
2-Dallas (RM)
1-WFO

VPD:map
(5)

XEROX JUL 29 1964

REC-61 105-82555-17

22 SEP

50 SEP 13 1961

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-124032

WFO 105-37111

OSWALD was married, 4/30/61, to MARIAN NIKOLAEVNA PUSAKOVA, a dental technician. Russia

OSWALD said that he intended to apply for an exit visa immediately upon his return to Minsk. He also stated that he desired to bring his wife with him to the U.S.

By memo dated 8/18/61, the State Department authorized the American Embassy in Moscow to renew OSWALD's passport for direct travel to the U.S.

LEAD

DALLAS OFFICE

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

Will contact subject's mother, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, 3124 5th St., to determine if the subject has returned to the U.S. If subject has returned, his location should be determined and arrangements made to interview him with emphasis on any approach made by Soviet intelligence.

If subject has not returned to U.S., contact should be maintained with Mrs. OSWALD to determine subject's expected arrival in U.S.

SEP 25 1:51

FORM DS-559
12-1-61

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

DIVISION OF SECURITY

REQUEST FOR SECURITY INFORMATION

SECRET

To	From	Date
The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation	WC	9/12/61

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

NAME (If married woman include maiden name)	DATE OF BIRTH	PLACE OF BIRTH
C.S. ALT, Marina N (Oswald, Mrs. Robert L.) (Mrs.	17 Sep July 41	Molotovsk (Archangelsk Oblast)

ALIASES AND NICKNAMES	SEX	MARITAL STATUS	CITIZENSHIP
Lee Harvey C.S. Alt)	F	M	Soviet

ADDRESS	OCCUPATION AND NAME AND ADDRESS OF EMPLOYER
Moscow	Laboratory assistant in

ADDITIONAL IDENTIFYING DATA

Klinicheskaya, Minsk (hospital)

Immigrant

Alien wife of Lee Harvey Oswald, U.S. citizen, now residing in Minsk.

CONTROL: THIS REQUEST PLACED WITH THE DIVISION OF SECURITY BY:

DIVISION OR AGENCY	REASON FOR REQUEST OR TYPE OF PROGRAM
VISA OFFICE - Security Branch	Ci (8-1-[illegible]
DATE: 9/12/61	VISA SECURITY CASE
NAME OR REQUESTING OFFICER: [redacted]	

IN RESULTS OF THIS REQUEST [redacted] MATION:

- ☐ NO RECORD
- ☐ NO DEROGATORY INFORMATION
- ☐ SECURITY INFORMATION ATTACHED
- ☐ OTHER (Use reverse side for reporting)

105-82555-

UNREC

CHECKED BY	DATE
	NOT RECORDED 19 SEP 27 1961

FOR USE OF DIVISION OF SECURITY:

No investigation conducted by FBI Pertinent to your inquiry. This is the result of a request for an FBI file check only and is not to be considered as a clearance.

REFER TO DATA RE Security matter WHICH WAS SENT YOUR AGENCY ON 7/13/61.

Orig & Dispatch Dept 9/26/61 6 - FMK

JULIA

Attn 105-82555

62 SEP 29 1961

(Date)

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1961—670936

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-82555

UNITED STATES GENT

Memoranaum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 9/29/61

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - C
OO - Dallas

Re Washington Field letter to Bureau, 9/1/61.

On 9/5/61 the following inquiries were made at Fort Worth, Texas, by SA JOHN W. FAIN:

JERALD M. PLUMMER, 1612 Burley Street, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, subject's mother, resided at 1612 Burley Street, Fort Worth, for several weeks following her return to Fort Worth from Boyd, Texas, beginning about April 1, 1961. She was employed for a short period for the Ables' Cleaners, but is understood to have left Fort Worth three or four months ago for employment on a ranch somewhere in the vicinity of Munday or Benjamin, Texas, exact address unknown to Mr. PLUMMER.

LOUISE ABLES, Ables' Cleaners, 1621 - 8th Avenue, stated that Mrs. OSWALD worked as an alterations employee for approximately one or one and a half weeks during about April 1961, but she resigned three or four months ago and went to a ranch located somewhere in northwest Texas in the Wichita Falls, Texas, area, where she had prospects for keeping house for some unknown couple on a ranch.

Mrs. DOROTHY REEDER (protect identity), Assistant Superintendent of Mails, U. S. Post Office, Fort Worth, advised that on 6/3/61 Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, 1612 Burley Street, Fort Worth, left a forwarding address of "General Delivery, Crowell, Texas."

On 9/18/61, R. L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, where he continues to be employed as a sales coordinator, Marketing Department, Acme Brick Company, stated that he had just received a letter, dated 9/10/61, from his brother, the subject, wherein

-P-
2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Washington Field (info)(105-37111)(RM)
2 - Dallas
JWF:jeg
(5)

105-82555-18

64 OCT 9 1961

OCT 2 1961

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-121008

subject mentioned that he was working in an electrical shop at Minsk, Russia. Subject mentioned that he owns a shot gun and occasionally goes hunting. According to R. L. OSWALD, subject has been married to a Russian girl, an orphan, by the name of MARINA, age about 18 or 19. Subject has written R. L. that MARINA was a nurse. According to R. L. OSWALD, MARINA seems to be very intelligent and from her photograph appears to be nice looking. This girl, prior to her marriage resided with her uncle and aunt. R. L. OSWALD stated MARINA desires to come to the United States with subject. R. L. OSWALD stated subject's letter was not too optimistic for his chances of getting to come back to the United States at an early date and subject indicated his belief that the Russians were "holding up" his return to the United States. R. L. OSWALD stated that subject has been severely critical of the Russians in his letter and he was surprised that the Russians would allow him to make criticisms. Oswald; Mrs. Lee Harvey Oswald

R. L. OSWALD stated that his mother is residing at Crowell, Texas, but that he has no information as to the name of the people with whom she is residing and that on her letter of 7/19/61 she merely placed a return address of "Crowell, Texas."

LEADS

DALLAS

At Crowell, Texas:

Will, in care of General Delivery, attempt to ascertain a more definite address for Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, and interview her to determine subject's expected arrival in the United States.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-01

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 11/20/61

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)(C)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

OO - Dallas

Re Washington Field letter to Bureau, 9/1/61, and Dallas letter to Bureau, 9/29/61.

Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, 1808 Eagle Street, Apartment 3, Vernon, Texas, on 10/3/61, advised SA JARRELL H. DAVIS that about two months or so ago she received from her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, a letter in which he advised that he and his wife had been to Moscow to contact the American Embassy to secure a renewal of his passport and permission to return to the United States. She added that in this letter he indicated that the prospects were good for him to be allowed to return to the United States, but he did not know whether his wife would be able to return with him, and he indicated he would not return unless she was allowed to accompany him. She said that she did not receive a letter from him for a period of about six weeks and began to think he might be on his way home, even though he had not told her for sure he was going to come home or the date he might arrive. She advised, however, that about a week before she had received another letter from her son, which made no reference whatsoever to his trip to Moscow or to his returning home, but just merely stated he was OK and contained the usual information.

Mrs. OSWALD further advised she has no further information as to whether or not her son and his wife are going to be allowed to return to the United States and has no idea when they might come when they are allowed to come.

2 - Bureau
1 - Washington Field (105-37111)(Info)
1 - Dallas
JHD:sa
(4)

A-116

105-82555-19

Abstracting made 12-30-61 JHD

NOV 28 1961

F. E. [illegible]

DL 100-10461

In view of the fact there is no further investigation in this case, it is being closed and no report is being submitted.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

12-13-61

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Marine	Lee Harvey Oswald #1653230	10-24-56		

105-82555

105-82555 UNREC

NOT RECORDED
20 DEC 20 1961

Subject scheduled to return overseas. Request expunged from Bureau files. 12-20-61 BSF

file

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

15 DEC 22 1961

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

12-13-61

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

1-BU

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
	FLASH BY BUREAU Lee Harvey Oswald (maybe ident) Any information or inquiry received notify Espionage Section, Div. 5, Bu. (Ref. memo dated 11-4-59 captioned Lee Harvey Oswald IS-R).			

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FBI

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

*

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

12-13-61

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

2-BU

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
CC-Espionage Section Div 5 Bureau	Copy of record was furnished USINS as identical with subject of their inquiry dated 12-5-61.			

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FBI

Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, communicate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

Notations designated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 2/19/62

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111) (RUC)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(00:DL)

ReWFOlet to Bureau 9/1/61 under above caption containing results of a review of the Passport Files re OSWALD.

On 1/29/62, the files of the Passport Office, United States Department of State, were reviewed by SA VINCENT P. DUNN and found to contain the following information:

By letter to the American Embassy in Moscow dated 7/15/61, OSWALD advised he was continuing his efforts to obtain exit visas for his wife and himself.

By letter dated August, 1961, to the American Embassy in Moscow, OSWALD furnished a copy of his marriage certificate and a copy of his wife's birth certificate.

By letter dated 8/8/61, to the American Embassy in Moscow, OSWALD inquired if it would be permissible for him to travel through Poland by train after leaving Minsk, pointing out that he could not afford to fly from Moscow to New York City. He added he believed he could catch a military flight to the United States from Berlin, Germany.

By letter dated 10/4/61, to the American Embassy in Moscow, OSWALD asked the Embassy to assist him in obtaining exit visas from the Soviet authorities.

United States Department of State Operations Memorandum dated 1/16/62 at the American Embassy in Moscow, pointed out that a letter was received from OSWALD dated 1/5/62

2-Bureau
2-Dallas (100-10461) (RM)
1-WFO
VPD:ktk

105-82555-20

REC-46

FEB 21 1962

EX 101

63 FEB 28 1962

Follow arrival in U.S.

wherein he stated he expected to receive an exit visa within 45 days. This memorandum also pointed out that the American Embassy in Moscow, had been formally notified by the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the issuance of a Foreign Passport and an exit visa to Mrs. OSWALD.

NAVAL MESSAGE
OPNAV FORM 2-10-34 (REV. 6-61)

NAVY DEPARTMENT

CONFIDENTIAL (When Filled In)

PRECEDENCE ACTION: ROUTINE | RELEASED BY | CRAFTED BY: P. C. LeSOURD, LTJG USNR, OP-921E2 | PHONE NO.: 41856

INFO: ROUTINE

R 031309Z MAR 62 13 09

RECEIVED FROM: MAR 9 1962

FM DNI

TO ALUSNA, MOSCOW

INFO CINCUSNAVEUR
CINCUSNAVEUR REP, GERMANY
ALUSNA BONN
ALUSNA HELSINKI

CONFIDENTIAL

OSWALD, Lee Harvey, 1653230, ex-PFC, USMCR

A. ALUSNA, MOSCOW Foreign Service Despatch No. 234 of 2 Nov 1959, Same Subj, NOTAL

1. Reference (A) indicated that on 31 October 1959 OSWALD visited the U. S. Embassy, Moscow, where he signed a handwritten statement requesting that his U.S. citizenship be revoked, stated he had applied for Soviet citizenship, and affirmed his allegiance to the USSR. He allegedly told Embassy he had advised unnamed Soviet Officials that as a former Marine radar operator, he would make available to them information about his Marine Corps specialty when he became a Soviet citizen.

2. By personal letter to Secretary of the Navy CONNALLY dated 30 January 1961, received in February 1962, OSWALD advised he was preparing to return to the USA and wished to have rectified the "gross injustice" done to him by the USMC in giving him a "belated dishonourable discharge." He stated he had received an honorable discharge after three years service on September 11, 1959. In this letter, OSWALD asserted he was still a U.S. citizen and alleged he had gone to the Soviet Union to reside only for a "short time." Records of the Office of Naval Intelligence do not indicate what OSWALD's citizenship is.

Corr re ____ by routing slip for ☐ info ☐ action date ____ by ____

105-82555

Drafter: Op-921E
Dist: SECNAV...UNDERSECNAV...OO...09...09B...007...01...CMC
JAG...NAVAIDE...STATE...FBI...CIA...IANS...FLAG PLOT
BFR...IP

105-82555 UNREC

NOT RECORDED

22 MAR 20 1962

51 MAR 21 1962

CIRCUIT NO. (CONNO) | PAGE 1 OF 2 PAGES | TOR/TOD | CONFIRMING CONNO | DTG (CONNO) MAR62

CONFIDENTIAL (When Filled In) COPY 1/ H-4905T

L MESSAGE
V FORM 2110-34 (REV. 6-61)

NAVY DEPARTMENT

EDENCE ACTION	RELEASED BY	DRAFTED BY	PHONE NO.
INFO		DECLASSIFIED	

3. The Commandant, U. S. Marine Corps has advised that OSWALD was released under honorable conditions to inactive duty in the USMCR on 11 September 1959, with obligated reserve service until 8 December 1962. On 17 August 1960 OSWALD was given an undesirable discharge from the USMCR by reason of unfitness.

4. All appropriate U. S. agencies are cognizant of the above data. SCP-3

MAR 12 9 33 AM '62
REC'D
DOM INTELL DIV.

ET NO. (COMMO)	PAGE	OF	PAGE	DE/TOR			
	2		2				MAR62

COPY 1

E-49067

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

IN REPLY REFER TO

OP-921E2/en
Ser 8083P92

23 MAR 1962

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

MEMORANDUM for Mr. William O. Boswell, Director
Office of Security
Department of State

Subj: Ex-PFC Lee Harvey OSWALD, USMCR, 1653230

Ref: (a) DNI Conf memo ser 05464P92 of 19 Mar 1962, same subj (NOTAL)
(b) DNI Conf msg 031309Z Mar 1962, same subj

Encl: (1) HQ, Air Force ltr AFISI-6B4 33-26125 of 16 Mar 1962, subj: John Edward Pic, (DOB: 17 Jan 32), SSgt, AF 11313239

1. Enclosure (1), which contains information concerning OSWALD, is forwarded for information, supplemental to references (a) and (b).

WILLIAM ABBOTT

Copy to:
FBI(w/encl)
I&NS(w/encl)

1 ENCLOSURE

Copy to Dallas Legat
by routing slip for
☑ info ☐ action
date 3-26-62
by

105-82555-21

ST-104

10 MAR 29 1962

REC-8

ESP

Mr. William O. Boswell, Director
Office of Security
Department of State
515 22nd Street, N.W.
Room 804
Washington, D.C.

63 APR 3 1962

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

EXP-PROC

35 MAR 27 1962

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES AIR F
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

16 MAY 1962

REPLY TO ATTN OF: AFISI-6B4 33-26125

SUBJECT: John Edward Pic, (DOB: 17 Jan 32), SSgt, AF 11313239
Japan U.S.

TO: Division Director, OP 921E, Office of Naval Intelligence
Naval Operations, Department of the Navy

1. Reference is made to our letter dated 13 May 1960, pertaining to Subject.

2. On 12 and 16 February 1962, Subject contacted our District Office in Japan and stated he received a letter from his half-brother, Robert L. Oswald, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas, on 12 February 1962, concerning Lee Harvey Oswald. Subject advised Lee Harvey Oswald is anticipated to return to the United States in the Spring of 1962. Subject further advised Lee Harvey Oswald would be travelling with his Russian wife who had recently acquired a visa to enter the United States. Subject stated that he was unable to determine from Robert Lee Oswald's letter whether the purpose of Lee Harvey Oswald's travel to the United States was to re-establish a permanent residence or to visit on a temporary basis.

NRFS 3/21/62

3. Subject stated that he is scheduled to return to the United States in July 1962, but that he does not know the location of his next assignment. Subject advised Lee Harvey Oswald might possibly try to visit him at his next duty station and if this occurred, he would notify the local OSI office at his station concerning the visit.

4. Subject stated that his cousin, Marilyn Murrett, U. S. citizen, formerly employed in Japan as a school teacher in 1959, has since departed Japan. In this connection, your attention is invited to page 3, Report of Investigation District Office 46, dated 27 January 1960, copy of which was furnished your office. Subject does not know Murrett's present address or if she has been corresponding with Lee Harvey Oswald.

NRFS 3/21/62

5. If additional information in this matter should be developed, you will be notified.

FOR THE CHIEF OF STAFF

Vincent L Sullivan

VINCENT L. SULLIVAN
Director of Special Investigations OCS

105-72555-21

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ENCLOSURE

Enclosure (1) to ONI ltr ser f06J992

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

IN REPLY REFER TO

OP-921E2/cn
Ser 8127P92

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

26 APR 1962

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

MEMORANDUM for Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Attn: Liaison Section

Subj: Ex-PFC Lee Harvey OSWALD, USMCR, 1653230

Ref: (a) DNI memo ser 8083P92 of 23 Mar 1962, same subj
(b) DNI Conf msg 031309Z of Mar 1962, same subj

Encl: (1) Copy of ltr from OSWALD to R. McC. TOMPKINS, Brigadier Gen., U.S.M.C. Ass. Direct. of Personnel, of 22 Mar 1962

1. Enclosure (1), which contains information concerning OSWALD, is forwarded for information, supplemental to references (a) and (b).

H. T. HARDENBURG

Copy to:
CIA(w/encl)
I&NS(w/encl)

Copy to Dallas (Kussi)
By routing slip for
☒ info ☐ action
date 2-9-64
by [illegible]

EX-PROC
33 APR 30 1962 SE

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.
Attn: Liaison Section

105-82555-22
ACT. 11/65 - 82555
5-3
REC 79
11 APR 30 1962
EX-132

ENCLOSURE

ESP-SEC

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

8 MAY 11 1962

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

C
O
P
Y

COPY

REPLY TO DIE-VER 7 MARCH 1962

LEE H. OSWALD
Kalinina St. 4-27
Minsk U.S.S.R.
March 22, 1962

R. McC. TOMPKINS
Brigadier Gen., U.S.M.C.
Ass. Direct. of Personnel

Dear Sirs;

In reply to your notification of the granting of an Undiresable discharge and your conveying of the process at which at was arrived.

I would like to point out in direct opposition to your information that I have never taken steps to renounce my U. S. citizenship. Also that the United States State Department has no charges or complaints against me what/so ever.

I refer you to the United States Embassy, Moscow, or the U.S. department of State Washington D.C., for the verification of this fact.

Also, I was aware of the finding of the board of officers of 8 August 1960. I was notified by my mother, in December 1962.

My request to the Secretary of the Navy, his referrel to you and your letter to me, did not say anthing about a Review, which is what I was trying to arrange.

You mention "reliable information" as the basis for the Undiserable discharge. I have no douth it was newspapers speculation which foreward your "reliable information."

Under U.S. law governing the use of passports and conduct abroad I have a perfect right to reside in my country I wish too.

I have not violated; Section 1544, Title 18, U.S. code, therefore you have no legal or even moral right, to reverse my honourable discharge from the U.S.M.C. of Sept. 11, 1960, into a undiserable discharge.

You may conaider this letter a request by me for a full review of my case in the light of these facts, since by the time you recive this letter I shall have returned to the U.S.A. with my family, and shall be prepared to appear in person at a reasonable time and place in my area, before a revieving board of officers.

If you choose to convene a review board you my contact me through the below address in the United States after May 15th 1962.

LEE H. OSWALD
7313 Davanport St.
Fort Worth, Texas.

Sincerely,
/s/LEE H. OSWALD

105-82555-22
ENCLOSURE

COPY

Enclosure (1)
ONI ltr ser 8271/92

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 5/8/62

FROM : SAC, WFO (105-37111) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO:DL)

ReWFOlet to Bureau and Dallas under above caption dated 2/19/62.

On 2/28/62 Mr. HENRY KUPIEC, Foreign Adjudications Division, Passport Office, U. S. Department of State (USDS), furnished SA KENNETH J. HASER a copy of a USDS Operations Memorandum dated 1/24/62 from the American Embassy in Moscow to the State Dept. This memorandum reflected that OSWALD, by letter to the American Embassy in Moscow dated 1/16/62, advised he would not consider returning to the U. S. alone for any reason as it appeared to him that his passport would be confiscated upon his return. OSWALD also forwarded to the American Embassy an affidavit for support of his wife.

On 3/27/62 Mrs. FRANCES VAN COTT, Office of Special Consular Services, USDS, advised SA HASER that OSWALD filed an application for a repatriation loan at the American Embassy in Moscow on 2/24/62. OSWALD was at that time residing in Minsk, USSR, and he indicated he desired to return to the U. S. with his alien wife and one month old child.

Mrs. VAN COTT advised that the Embassy in Moscow reported to the State Dept. that OSWALD had $200 of his own money, and whereas he asked for a sizable loan for repatriation, the USDS has approved a loan for the subject of $500 for minimum accommodation, such approval being about 3/1/62. Mrs. VAN COTT advised that the subject's wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA PRUSKOVA, is having difficulty obtaining American visa.

MRS. Lee Harvey Oswald aka Oswald

105-82555-23

2-Bureau
2-Dallas (100-10461) (RM)
1-WFO
VPD:cac
(5)

Russia

REC-15 22 MAY 14 1962

EX-SEC

56 MAY 22 1962

WFO 105-37111

Mrs. VAN COTT advised that the State Department has requested the American Embassy in Moscow to furnish the travel plans of the subject in advance.

LEAD

WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Will review the records of the Passport Office, USDS, for any additional information regarding OSWALD's return to the U.S.

Liaison
Keesling

SAC, Dallas (100-10461) 5/31/62

Director, FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

State Department communication dated 5/17/62 furnished the following information concerning subject:

"It has been determined that Oswald, the ex-Marine, is still an American citizen; both he and his Soviet wife now have exit permits, and the Department has given approval for their travel with their infant child to the U.S.A. There is a problem with his wife, however, in that SOV in the Department is trying to get a waiver of 243G, which requires that Oswald's wife pick up her visa for entry into the U.S.A. in Western Europe. As soon as this question has been settled, they will be free to travel."

You should be alert for subject's return to the United States and immediately upon his arrival you should thoroughly interview him to determine whether he was recruited by Soviet Intelligence or made any deals with Soviets in order to obtain permission to return to the United States.

Bufiles reveal that subject apparently did not have access to classified information. However, he is a former Marine Corps enlisted man; and according to information received from the Navy Department, he had service with the Marine Air Control Squadrons in Japan and Taiwan with duties involving Ground-Control Intercept. Dallas report 7/3/61 contained information to the effect that when subject appeared at the American Embassy, Moscow, in 1959 he was arrogant and aggressive; and he was quoted as having offered the Soviets any information he had acquired as an enlisted radio operator.

MAILED 29
MAY 31 1962
COMM-FBI

In your interview with subject, you should attempt to ascertain exactly what information he furnished to the Soviets. If any doubt exists as to subject's truthfulness during such interview, you should consider requesting his consent to a polygraph examination and, thereafter, obtain Bureau authority for such an examination. Results of interview with subject should be submitted in form suitable for dissemination.

1 - WFO (105-37111)

REC-38 105-82555-24

19 JUN 1 1962

Letter to Dallas
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
105-82555

NOTE: Subject, a US born citizen, was released from US Marine Corps to inactive duty 9/11/59 with obligated service in reserves until 12/8/62. On 10/31/59 subject appeared at US Embassy, Moscow, stating he desired to renounce his US citizenship, that he had applied for Soviet citizenship following his entry into Russia from Finland on 10/15/59. He received undesirable discharge from US Marine Corps Reserves 8/17/60. Subject has been making efforts for several months to return to US.

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE, WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

CONFIDENTIAL

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

EXECUTIVE

32 MAY 18 1962

In reply refer to
SY:RMJ

MAY 17 1962

TO: The Honorable
J. Edgar Hoover,
Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington 25, D. C.

FROM: John Noonan, Chief,
Records and Services Branch,
For the Director,
Office of Security.

C 8-1

SUBJECT: AMERICAN DEFECTORS: STATUS OF IN THE U. S. S. R.

There is attached a copy of report entitled "Status of American Defectors in the Soviet Union" which was prepared and sent by the Security Officer at the American Embassy in Moscow, April 23, 1962. The memorandum covers:

[redacted] - HORNER
[redacted] - TAYLOR
OSWALD, Lee - GREESLING
[redacted] - HARRELL
[redacted] - GREESLING

The Security Officer has commented that [redacted] and [redacted] are omitted due to their absence from the local scene. If and when they make an appearance, it will be reported.

105-82555
UNREC

Copies of the despatches on [redacted] and [redacted] were furnished your Bureau and CIA via liaison. If additional information is desired on any of the individuals, please advise, and we will endeavor to obtain it.

NOT RECORDED
191 JUN 1 1962

ENCLOSURE

18 MAY 25 1962

CONFIDENTIAL

Copy to [redacted] by routing slip for [redacted] action

50 JUN 8

JUN 1 1962

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-82555-1

COPY TO: The Deputy Director, Plans,
Central Intelligence Agency,
Washington 25, D. C.

Status of American Defectors in the Soviet Union

1. [redacted]

2. [redacted]

3. [redacted]

4. Lee OSWALD: It has been determined that Oswald, the ex-Marine, is still an American citizen; both he and his Soviet wife now have exit permits, and the Department has given approval for their travel with their infant child to the U.S.A. There is a problem with his wife, however, in that SOV in the Department is trying to get a waiver of 243G, which requires that Oswald's wife pick up her visa for entry into the U.S.A. in Western Europe. As soon as this question has been settled, they will be free to travel. 1/

XEROX [redacted]
JUN 1 1964

ENCLOSURE ENCLOSURE 105-82555-

[redacted]

5. [redacted]

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 6/6/62

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Malone
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111) (RUC)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO: DALLAS)

ReBulet to Dallas under above captioned dated 5/31/62, wherein Dallas was insturcted to be alert for subject's return to the United States and interview OSWALD to determine if he was recruited by Soviet intelligence.

ReWFOlet to Bureau 5/11/62.

On 6/4/62, Mrs. FRANCES VAN COTT, Office of Special Consular Services, U. S. Department of State (USDS), advised SA KENNETH J. HASER that by telegram dated 5/31/62, the U. S. Embassy in Moscow informed the Department of State, that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, his wife and child planned to depart Moscow on 6/1/62, for Rotterdam, Holland, where they would be boarding the "Maasdam" on 6/4/62. The "Maasdam" is scheduled to arrive in New York, New York, on 6/6/62. The Department of State has notified the subject's mother by letter concerning the following information.

On 6/5/62, the files of the Passport Office, USDS, were reviewed by SA VINCENT P. DUNN and found to contain the following information:

105-82555-25

3-Bureau
2-Dallas (100-10461) (RM) (AM)
1-WFO
VPD:mcw
(6)

REC-32

EX-132

16 JUN 8 1962

5 - Ys Dicing

AIRTEL

57 JUN 14 1962

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

A Navy Department communication dated 3/3/62, reflected that OSWALD, by personal letter to the Secretary of the Navy, dated 1/30/61, advised he was preparing to return to the United States and wished to rectify the "gross injustice" done to him by the U. S. Marine Corps in giving him a "belated dishonorable discharge." He stated he had received an honorable discharge after three years service on 9/11/59. In this letter OSWALD stated he was still a United States citizen and alleged he had gone to the Soviet Union to reside for a "short time."

This Navy Department communication pointed out that OSWALD was released under honorable conditions to inactive duty in the Marine Corps Reserve on 9/11/59, with obligated reserve service until 12/8/62. On 8/17/60, OSWALD was given a dishonorable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve for a reason of unfitness.

USDS memorandum dated 5/4/62, stated that on the basis of evidence OSWALD had not expatriated himself under the pertinent laws of the United States.

On 5/5/62, the files of the Security Office, USDS, were reviewed by SA DUNN and found to contain the following information:

By letter dated 5/10/62, the Office of Security, advised the Director of the Naval Intelligence, Department of the Navy, Washington, D. C., that OSWALD had not expatriated himself under the pertinent laws of the United States.

On 6/5/62, the files of the Special Consular Services, USDS, were reviewed by SA DUNN and it was noted that by telegram dated 3/7/62, the USDS authorized the American Embassy in Moscow to furnish a repatriate loan to the subject to cover the cost of his passage to New York, New York, only.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 6/12/62

Transmit the following in PLAIN
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-38431)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INFORMATION CONCERNING

For background information, enclosed for the Bureau and Newark are Photostats of news clippings from the NY "Herald Tribune", Times" and the NY "News" of 6/9/62, relative to subject who, in 1959, allegedly applied to be a Soviet citizen, but recently, 1962, apparently changed his mind and is returning to the US.

On 6/12/62, Inspector CARL JOHNSON, INS, NY, advised that on the Advanced Manifest for the ship, "SS Maasdam", Holland-American Lines, there appears the names LEE OSWALD, Mrs. MARINA OSWALD and daughter JUNE. No other identifying information is furnished.

This ship will dock at Holland American Lines, 5th St., Hoboken, at approximately 11:00 AM on 6/13/62. Cutter will leave from Coast Guard Pier, Staten Island, at 9:00 AM.

INS advised that it had correspondence dated 3/23/62, from WILLIAM ABBOTT, Office of the Chief of Naval Personnel, Washington, D.C. INS has notified local DIO, 3rd ND. NY taking no action and this is submitted merely for Bureau and Newark information.

ENCLOSURE

105-82555-26

105-8255-

REC-13

5 JUN 18 1962

EX-114

3 - Bureau (Encls. 2) (RM)
1 - Newark (Encls. 2) (RM)
1 - New York (105-38481)

JJH:jar
(6)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

Yank Changes Mind; Homing From Russia

— Moscow, June 8 (UPI) — Lee Harvey Oswald, an ex-U. S. marine from Fort Worth, Tex., who came here to live three years ago, declaring he would never return to America, is homeward bound with his wife and child, the U.S. Embassy said today

Oswald, 23, his Russian wife and their infant child left about 10 days ago.

Oswald came here in October, 1959, shortly after being dis-

Lee H. Oswald
Changes his mind

charged from the Marine Corps. He told newsmen at that time that he planned to acquire Soviet citizenship and that he would "never return to the United States for any reason." He said he could not be happy living under capitalism.

Indexed

CLIPPING FROM THE

N.Y. NEWS

EDITION Final

DATED 6/9/62

PAGE 6

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

NOT FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

105-38431

JUN 11 1962

105-82557-26

Ex-Marine Applies To Be Soviet Citizen

Texan, 20, Cites Step As 'Purely Political'

From the Herald Tribune Bureau

MOSCOW, Oct. 31.—Lee Harvey Oswald, twenty-year-old former Marine from Ft. Worth, Tex., said here today he has asked to become a Soviet citizen "purely for political reasons" and added, "I will never return to the United States."

The slender, sober-faced Oswald declined to say what prompted his action "until after I receive my Soviet citizenship." American Embassy officials said Mr. Oswald told them he arrived in the U. S. S. R. on Oct. 15 and wrote a letter the next day to the Supreme Soviet (Parliament) asking for Soviet citizenship.

Told to Wait

The officials said the young man had asked to renounce his American citizenship, but that they told him to wait until he had a reply to his letter requesting Soviet citizenship. They said he promised to advise them of developments, but was adamant about the action he was contemplating.

Mr. Oswald is the third American recently to apply for Soviet citizenship. Nicholas Petrulli, of Valley Stream, N. Y., changed his mind and returned to the United States. Robert E. Webster, of Cleveland, a plastics technician who worked at the American Exhibition in Moscow, was granted Soviet citizenship and now is said to be working in Leningrad.

Won't Discuss It

Mr. Oswald told reporters in his Metropole Hotel room he would not discuss his case with them because "I am afraid what I say may be distorted by some newspapers." Asked if he had been a student of political economy, he replied, "Absolutely not."

He also said he thought Soviet authorities "might not want me to say anything" about this action. He added he expects a reply from Soviet officials soon on his application for citizenship in this country.

Embassy officials said Mr. Oswald stated he was released recently from the Marine Corps and never had a regular job. He declined to tell reporters what he wants to do here.

Was an Average Guy

FORT WORTH, Tex., Oct. 31 (UPI).—"I always thought he was an average guy, but I sure don't now," said Mrs. R. L. Oswald today when she learned that her brother-in-law, Lee Oswald, had decided to become a Soviet citizen.

Mrs. Oswald said he "never talked much about politics, or Russia or anything." She added that he had attended Arlington High School here "but I don't think he graduated."

Indigent pwc

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. Herald Tribune

EDITION Late City

DATE: 11/1

PAGE 20

☐ FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

☒ NOT FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

105-82555-26

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ...
SERIALIZED ... FILED ...
FBI—NEW YORK

ENCLOSURE

1 - Fitzgerald
1 - Gheesling

6/14/62

Airtel

To: EX-114 SAC, New York (105-33431)

From: Director, FBI (105-82555)-26

REC-13

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO: DALLAS)

ReNYairtel 6/12/62, copy of which is enclosed for Dallas and WFO.

For information of New York subject is former US Marine Corps enlisted man, who was released to inactive duty on 9/11/59, with obligated service in the Reserve until 12/8/62. In 10/59 subject appeared at US Embassy, Moscow, and stated he desired to renounce his US citizenship and stated he had applied for Soviet citizenship following his entry into Russia from Finland 10/15/59. He received an undesirable discharge from the US Marine Corps Reserve 6/17/60 for reason of unfitness. State Department communication dated 5/17/62 advised that determination had been made that subject is still an American citizen and that both he and his wife had obtained exit permits and State Department had given approval for their travel, accompanied by their infant child to the US.

Bureau liaison was informed by ONI on 6/14/62 that ONI is aware of subject's scheduled arrival in US but has no confirmation of his actual arrival. ONI contemplates no action against subject but requested to be advised of results of our interview. Bulet 5/31/62 instructed Dallas to thoroughly interview subject on his arrival in the US to determine whether he

1 - WFO (105-37111) (Enclosure)
1 - Dallas (100-10461) (Enclosure)
1 - Newark

MAILED 30
JUN 15 1962
COMM-FBI

WLS:vmc
(8)

EX-114 JUN 25 1962

359

SEE NOTE PAGE 2.

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

was recruited by Soviet Intelligence or made any deal with Soviets in order to obtain permission to return to the US.

New York should contact INS to verify subject's arrival, determine his destination in US, and advise Bureau, Dallas, and WFO.

NOTE: Reairtel advised that according to information received from INS the names of Lee Oswald, Mrs. Marina Oswald, and daughter, June, are included on the advanced manifest for the ship, "SS Maasdam" scheduled to dock Hoboken, New Jersey, 11 a.m. 6/13/62. Dallas has been previously instructed to submit results of interview in form suitable for dissemination. Liaison Supervisor, Fitzgerald obtained information from William Abbott, ONI.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 6/26/62

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-38431)(RUC)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO: DALLAS)

ReBuairtel to NY dated 6/14/62, requested NYO to contact INS, NYC, and verify subject's arrival in US and determine his destination.

On 6/22/62, Mr. ALISTAIR MC DONALD, Assistant Manager, Cabin-Tourist Department, Holland-America Line, 29 Broadway, NYC, advised SA CHARLES T. WEIS that the records of Holland America Line reflect that one L. OSWALD, wife and child arrived in the US on 6/13/62, aboard the SS MAASDAM at Hoboken, NJ. They traveled tourist class and were destined to 7313 Davanport St., Fort Worth, Texas.

On 6/22/62, the records of INS, 20 W. Broadway, NYC, were reviewed by SA WILLIAM F. MARTIN on LEE HARVEY OSWALD who is subject of INS file A 12 386 726. The file reflects that an emergency lookout was placed on OSWALD on 5/4/62. LEE H. OSWALD, US passport 1733242, his daughter JUNE, born 2/15/62, Minsk, USSR, same US passport number and his wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, Russian passport KY 37790, arrived in the US aboard the SS MAASDAM on 6/13/62. OSWALD was admitted as a US citizen with a renewed US passport. MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD was admitted with an M-1 (Immigrant Visa) (Spouse of US citizen) issued in Moscow on 5/24/62. Her file could be located at INS, 1100 Main St., Dallas, Texas. OSWALD and family were destined to 7313 Davanport, Fort Worth, Texas.

INS Inspector FREDERICK J. WIEDERSHEIM advised SA MARTIN that he interviewed OSWALD upon his arrival in the US. OSWALD told WIEDERSHEIM that he was employed as a mechanic in Russia, threatened to renounce his US citizenship but never carried through with the threat, never voted in Russia and held no position in the Russian Government.

Copies furnished to Newark and WFO for info to complete their files in this matter.

2- Bureau (105-82555)(RM)
2- Dallas (100-10461)(RM)
1- Newark (INFO)(RM)
1- Washington Field (105-37111)(INFO)(RM)
1- New York (105-38431)

REC-5 105-82555-27

25 JUN 27 1962

CTW:ptp
(7)

6 3 JUL 5 1962

ESP. SEC.

FD-263 (Rev. 4-5-61)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
DALLAS	DALLAS	7/10/62	8/22/61 - 6/26/62

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	SA JOHN W. FAIN	jeg

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS - R

REFERENCES

Report of SA JOHN W. FAIN, Dallas, 7/3/61.
Dallas letters to Bureau, 9/29/61 and 11/20/61.
Washington Field letters to Bureau, 9/1/61, 2/19/62 and 5/11/62.
Bureau letter to Dallas, 5/31/62.
Washington Field airtel to Bureau, 6/6/62.
New York airtel to Bureau, 6/12/62.
Bureau airtel to New York, 6/14/62.

- P -

LEADS

DALLAS

At Dallas, Texas:

Will review records of Immigration and Naturalization Service (I&NS), at 1100 Main Street, for pertinent data concerning subject's wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, and subject.

APPROVED | SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:

5 - Bureau (105-82555)(RM)
1 - ONI, New Orleans (RM)
1 - Immigration and Naturalization Service, Dallas (RM)
2 - Dallas (100-10461)

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

105-82555-128

REC-82

EX-102

NO JUL 12 1962

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT				
AGENCY	State	I&NS	ONI	
REQUEST RECD.				
DATE FWD.	7-18-62			
HOW FWD.	0-19	C-6	Odd	
BY	WMG/jb			

NOTATIONS

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16—76320-1

At Fort Worth, Texas:

Will at 7313 Davenport, reinterview subject.

ADMINISTRATIVE

On 6/5/62 SA VINCENT P. DUNN reviewed files of the Passport Office, and of Special Consular Services, of U. S. Department of State, Washington, D. C.

SA VINCENT P. DUNN also reviewed Passport files of U. S. Department of State, Washington, D. C., on 8/22/61.

SA DUNN again reviewed Passport files on subject on 1/29/62.

SA JOHN W. FAIN interviewed ROBERT LEE OSWALD, subject's brother, in Fort Worth, Texas, on 9/18/61.

On 10/13/61 SA JARRELL H. DAVIS interviewed Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, subject's mother, at Vernon, Texas.

On 2/28/62 SA KENNETH J. HASER interviewed HENRY KUPIEC, Foreign Adjudications Division, Passport Office, U. S. Department of State, Washington, D. C.

On 3/27/62 SA HASER interviewed Mrs. FRANCES VAN COTT, office of Special Consular Services, U. S. Department of State, Washington, D. C.

On 5/5/62 SA DUNN reviewed files of the Security Office, U. S. Department of State, Washington, D. C.

On 5/18/62 Mrs. ROBERT L. OSWALD was interviewed by SA JOHN W. FAIN at Fort Worth, Texas.

On 6/4/62 SA HASER again interviewed Mrs. FRANCES VAN COTT, Office of Special Consular Services, U. S. Department of State, Washington, D. C.

On 6/22/62 SA CHARLES T. WEIS interviewed ALISTAIR McDONALD, Assistant Manager, Cabin-Tourist Department, Holland American Line, New York City, New York.

On 6/22/62 SA WILLIAM F. MARTIN reviewed records of Immigration and Naturalization Service, 20 West Broadway, New York City, and also interviewed on same date FREDERICK J. WIEDERSHE:

DL 100-10461

On 6/26/62, SA JOHN W. FAIN interviewed Mrs. ROBERT L. OSWALD at Fort Worth, Texas.

On 6/26/62, SAS B. TOM CARTER and JOHN W. FAIN interviewed LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

The attention of the Bureau is called to the fact on 6/26/62 subject was very difficult to interview. He was curt and short in many of his answers. He gave the impression of being cold and arrogant and on the whole interview was generally uncooperative.

Near the end of the interview subject was asked whether or not he would be willing to submit to a Polygraph examination as to answers given by him during the interview of 6/26/62. Subject stated he would not be willing to take a Polygraph test concerning answers given by him during the interview. Subject declined to give any reason for his unwillingness to take a Polygraph test. In this connection, subject was asked whether or not he would take a Polygraph test as to his negative answers to the questions as to whether or not he had furnished any information to the Soviets, as to whether or not he had been recruited by the Soviet Intelligence Agents and whether or not he had made any deals with the Soviets in order to obtain permission to return to the United States.

This report is classified confidential since it contains information from other agencies which is so classified.

A copy of this report is sent to ONI because of the initial interest of that agency in subject.

Fit & State, INS, ONI & USSS declassifying report 11-17-64. Rel: mcc

Ref'd Dallas - Sent, Negro 11-16-64 declassifying such report. Rel: mcc

FD-304 (Rev. 2-8-60)

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - ONI, New Orleans, Louisiana (RM)
1 - I&NS, Dallas, Texas (RM)

Report of: JOHN W. FAIN
Date: July 10, 1962

Office: DALLAS

Field Office File No.: 100-10461

Bureau File No.: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Synopsis: Background information concerning subject's stay in Russia reported. Subject reported to have resided at Minsk, Russia, where he was employed as a metal worker for the Belo Russian Radio and Television Factory at Minsk. Subject reported to have married a Russian girl on 4/30/61 at Minsk, Russia. Subject has a daughter born 2/15/62 at Minsk. Subject, his wife and daughter returned to Ft. Worth, Texas on 6/14/62. Upon interview by Bureau Agents at Ft. Worth on 6/26/62, subject denied he furnished any information concerning his experience in the U. S. Marine Corps to the Soviets. Subject also denied he was recruited by Soviet Intelligence or that he had made any deals with the Soviets in connection with his return to the United States with his wife and child. Subject is currently unemployed, is seeking work and is temporarily residing with his brother at 7313 Davenport, Ft. Worth.

- P -

DETAILS:

On March 20, 1962, the Office of Naval Intelligence advised that on October 31, 1959, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, hereinafter referred to as subject, an ex-Private First Class, U. S. Marine Corps Reserve, Serial No. 1653230, had visited the United States Embassy, Moscow, Russia, where he had signed a handwritten statement requesting his U. S. citizenship be revoked, stated he had applied for Soviet citizenship, and had affirmed his allegiance to the USSR. Subject allegedly told the Embassy he had advised unnamed Soviet officials that as a former Marine radar operator, he would

Declassified on memo Browning to Belmont 12-18-63 by Owsley.

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make available to them information about his Marine Corps speciality when he became a Soviet citizen.

On June 5, 1962, a review of the files of the Passport Office of the U. S. Department of State (USDS), revealed that by a personal letter dated January 30, 1961, addressed to the Secretary of the Navy, subject advised he was preparing to return to the United States of America and wished to have rectified the "gross injustice" done to him by the U. S. Marine Corps (USMC) in giving to subject a "belated dishonorable discharge." Subject also stated in his letter he had received an honorable discharge after three years service on September 11, 1959. In his letter, subject asserted he was still a citizen and alleged he had gone to the Soviet Union to reside only for a "short time."

The files of the Passport Office further revealed that subject had been released under honorable conditions to inactive duty in the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on September 11, 1959, with obligated reserve service until December 8, 1962. On August 17, 1960, subject was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve by reason of unfitness.

This review of the files of the Passport Office also revealed a USDS memorandum dated May 4, 1962, stating that on the basis of evidence, subject had not expatriated himself under the pertinent laws of the United States.

A review of the files of the Passport Office of the USDS, Washington, D. C., on August 22, 1961, concerning subject revealed the following information:

By letter dated May 1961 to the American Embassy, Moscow, USSR, subject advised he had no intention of returning to the United States unless he were given a guarantee that he would not be prosecuted for any act pertaining "to this case." Subject also indicated he had married a Russian girl born in Leningrad, Russia, and wanted to bring her to the United States with him.

This review of the files of the Passport Office also revealed that on July 8, 1961, subject appeared at the American Embassy in Moscow at which time he stated he was employed in the Belo Russian Radio and Television Factory, Minsk, Russia, as a metal worker, in the research shop. Subject stated he took no oath of allegiance of any kind to the Soviet Union nor was he required to sign any paper in connection with his employment. He gave his earnings as 90 rubles a month. Subject also stated he was married on April 30, 1961, to MARIAN NIKOLAEVNA PUSAKOVA, a dental technician. Subject stated his intention to apply for an exit visa immediately upon his return to Minsk. He said he

desired to bring his wife with him to the United States.

This review of the files of the Passport Office also revealed that on July 10, 1961, subject executed an "Application for Renewal of Passport," at the American Embassy in Moscow. His residence at that time was USSR, Ulipsa Kalinina 4, Apartment 24, Minsk. This renewal application indicated that subject was issued U. S. Passport No. 1733242 on September 10, 1959, at Washington, D. C. Subject's renewal application was referred to the State Department for consideration and decision.

This review of the files of the Passport Office also reflected that by memorandum dated August 18, 1961, the State Department had authorized the American Embassy in Moscow to renew subject's passport for direct travel to the United States.

A review of the files of the Passport Office on the USDS, Washington, D. C., on January 29, 1962, revealed the following information:

In a letter of July 15, 1961, to the American Embassy in Moscow, subject advised he was continuing his efforts to obtain an exit visa for his wife and for himself.

By letter dated "August 1961," to the American Embassy in Moscow, subject furnished a copy of his marriage certificate and a copy of his wife's birth certificate.

By letter dated August 8, 1961, to the American Embassy in Moscow, subject inquired if it would be permissible for him to travel through Poland by train after leaving Minsk. Subject pointed out he could not afford to fly from Moscow to New York City. He added he believed he could catch a military flight to the United States from Berlin, Germany.

By letter dated October 4, 1961, to the American Embassy, in Moscow, subject asked the Embassy to assist him in obtaining exit visas from the Soviet authorities.

U. S. Department of State Operation's memorandum dated January 16, 1962, at the American Embassy in Moscow, pointed out that a letter dated January 5, 1962, was received from subject stating he expected to receive an exit visa within 45 days. This memorandum also pointed out that the American Embassy in Moscow had been formally notified by the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the issuance of a foreign passport and an exit visa to subject's wife.

DL 100-10461

On September 18, 1961, ROBERT LEE OSWALD, the subject's brother at 7313 Davenport Street, Fort Worth, who is a sales coopdinator, Marketing Department of Acme Brick Company, Fort Worth, stated he had received a letter dated September 10, 1961, from subject who mentioned that he was working in an "electrical shop" at Minsk, Russia. Mr. OSWALD advised that subject had stated in this letter he owned a shot gun and occasionally went hunting. Mr. OSWALD also advised that subject had married a Russian girl, an orphan, first name MARINA, age 18 or 19. Subject had told his brother that she was a nurse. This girl prior to her marriage to subject resided with an uncle and aunt. Mr. OSWALD stated that from description of subject's wife furnished by subject she seems to be a very intelligent and attractive girl. According to Mr. OSWALD, subject's wife desired to come to the United States with subject. Mr. OSWALD also stated that subject's letter was not too optimistic as to his chances of getting to return to the United States at an early date. Mr. OSWALD indicated his belief that the Russians were "bolding up" subject's return to the United States. Mr. OSWALD also advised that subject has been "critical of the Russians" in his letters and he, Mr. OSWALD, was surprised that the Russians would allow subject to make such criticisms.

On October 13, 1961, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, 1808 Eagle Street, Apartment No. 3, Vernon, Texas, advised that about two months previously she had received from her son, the subject, a letter in which he advised that he and his wife had been to Moscow to contact the American Embassy in order to obtain renewal of his passport and obtain permission to return to the United States. In this letter subject indicated that the prospects were good for him to be allowed to return to the United States but he did not know whether his wife would be able to return with him. Subject indicated he would not return unless she were allowed to accompany him. Mrs. OSWALD advised she had not received a letter from subject for a period of about six weeks and had begun to think he might be on his way home even though he had not told her for sure he was going to return home nor had he furnished the date on which he might arrive. Mrs. OSWALD also stated she had received another letter about a week before October 13, 1961, from her son, the subject, who made no reference whatever to his trip to Moscow or to his returning home. In this letter subject stated he was "Okey." Mrs. OSWALD stated she had no information as to whether or not subject and his wife were going to be allowed to return to the United States. She had no idea when they might be permitted to leave the Soviet Union.

By letter dated October 19, 1961, L. A. MACK, Officer in Charge, Immigration and Naturalization Service (I&NS), 1100 Main Street, Dallas, Texas, advised that subject, of Apartment 24

No. 4 Kalinin Street, Minsk, Russia (File No. A12530645), had filed a petition for a non-quota immigrant visa in behalf of his wife, MARINA N. P. OSWALD, a native and citizen of Russia. According to Mr. MACK, subject had listed his occupation as electrical technician and his former address as 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas.

On February 28, 1962, HENRY KUPIEC, Foreign Adjudications Division, Passport Office, USDS, advised that subject, by a letter dated January 16, 1962, to the American Embassy in Moscow had advised he would not consider returning to the United States alone for any reason as it appeared to him that his passport would be confiscated upon his return. Subject also forwarded to the American Embassy an affidavit for support of his wife.

On March 27, 1962, Mrs. FRANCES VAN COTT, Office of Special Consular Services, USDS, advised that subject had filed an application for a repatriation loan at the American Embassy in Moscow on February 24, 1962. Subject indicated his desire to return to the United States with his alien wife and a one-month old child. Subject had $200.00 of his own money. The USDS approved a loan about March 1, 1962, for subject in the amount of $500 for minimum accommodations. Mrs. VAN COTT also advised that subject's wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA PRUSKOVA, was having difficulty obtaining an American visa.

On March 29, 1962, WILLIAM ABBOTT, Office of Security, USDS, advised his files reflected information to the effect that Staff Sergeant JOHN EDWARD PIC, AF 11313239, had on February 12 and 16, 1962, reported receipt of a letter from his half-brother, ROBERT L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas, concerning subject of this case. Sergeant PIC reported subject was expected to return to the United States in the Spring of 1962 and subject would be traveling with his Russian wife who had recently acquired a visa to enter the United States. Sergeant PIC stated he was unable to determine from ROBERT OSWALD's letter whether the purpose of subject's travel to the United States was to re-establish a permanent residence or to visit on a temporary basis. Sergeant PIC advised that he, PIC, is scheduled to return to the United States in July of 1962 but he does not know the location of his next assignment. Sergeant PIC also advised that subject might possibly visit him at his next duty station and that if this occurred, Sgt. PIC would notify his superiors at his station concerning the visit. Sergeant PIC also advised that his cousin, MARILYN MURRETT, U. S. citizen, formerly employed in Japan as a school teacher in 1959, has since departed Japan. Sergeant PIC did not know the current address of MURRETT, or whether she had been corresponding with the subject.

DL 100-10461

A review conducted on June 5, 1962, of the files of the Special Consular Services, USDS, revealed that by a telegram dated March 7, 1962, the USDS had authorized the American Embassy in Moscow to furnish a repatriation loan to subject to cover the cost of his passage to New York only.

On May 4, 1962, R. McC. TOMPKINS, Brigadier General, U. S. Marine Corps, advised that subject wrote the following letter dated March 22, 1962:

"LEE H. OSWALD
Kalinina St. 4-27
Minsk U.S.S.R.
March 22, 1962

"R. McC. TOMPKINS
Brigadier Gen., U.S.M.C.
Ass. Direct. of Personnel

"Dear Sirs:

"In reply to your notification of the granting of an Undiresable discharge and your conveying of the process at which at was arrived.

"I would like to point out in direct opposition to your information that I have never taken steps to renounce my U. S. citizenship. Also that the United States State Department has no charges or complaints against me what/so ever.

"I refer you to the United States Embassy, Moscow, or the U. S. department of State_ Washington_ D. C., for the verification of this fact.

"Also, I was aware of the finding of the board of officers of 8 August 1960. I was notified by my mother, in December 1962.

"My request to the Secretary of the Navy, his referral to you and your letter to me, did not say anything about a Revlew, which is what I was trying to arrange.

"You mention 'reliable information' as the basis for the Undiserable discharge. I have no douth it was newspapers speculation which foreward your 'reliable information'.

"Under U. S. law governing the use of passports and conduct abroad I have a perfect right to reside in my country I wish too.

"I have not violated; Section 1544, Title 18, U. S. code, therefore you have no legel or even moral right, to reverse my honourable discharge from the U.S.M.C. of Sept. 11, 1960, into a undiserable discharge.

"You may consider this letter a request by me for a full review of my case in the light of these facts, since by the time you recive this letter I shall have returned to the U.S.A. with my family, and shall be prepared to appear in person at a reasonable time and place in my area, before a reviewing board of officers.

"If you choose to convene a review board you my contact me through the below address in the United States after May 15th 1962.

"LEE H. OSWALD
7313 Davanport St.
Fort Worth, Texas.

"Sincerely,
"/s/ LEE H. OSWALD"

A review on May 5, 1962, of the files of the Security Office, USDS, revealed that the Office of Security had advised the Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of the Navy, Washington, D. C., that subject had not ex-patriated himself under the pertinent laws of the United States.

On May 18, 1962, Mrs. ROBERT L. OSWALD, subject's sister-in-law, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, advised she had received a postal card from subject on about May 15, 1962, which had been dated April 10, 1962. On this card, subject stated he had nothing to report concerning his move to the United States; that they were waiting for the Embassy to finish its paper work which had been "very slow". Mrs. OSWALD stated she did not know

when subject and his family would arrive in Fort Worth. She stated that subject had first set the date for his arrival as May, 1962, but that he had changed it to June, 1962. Mrs. OSWALD advised that her husband had written to subject and invited him to come to Fort Worth. Subject replied to this invitation that he did not know where they would be going. Mrs. OSWALD stated that she got the impression from subject's letters and cards that subject desired to return permanently to the United States. Mrs. OSWALD promised to advise the local FBI office immediately upon subject's arrival at Fort Worth.

On June 4, 1962, Mrs. FRANCES VAN COTT, Office of Special Consular Services, USDS, advised that by a telegram dated May 31, 1962, the U. S. Embassy in Moscow had informed the Department of State that subject, his wife and child planned to depart Moscow, Russia, on June 1, 1962, for Rotterdam, Holland, where they would board "Maasdam" on June 4, 1962. The SS "Maasdam" was scheduled to arrive in New York, New York, June 6, 1962. The Department of State had notified subject's mother by letter relative to this schedule.

In the "Fort Worth Star Telegram," evening edition, a daily newspaper, Fort Worth, Texas, on June 8, 1962, there appeared a photograph of subject and a headline, "Ex-Marine Reported on Way Back from Russia." This article stated that subject, a former U. S. Marine, who denounced his American citizenship to become a Russian, was reported June 8, 1962, to be en route home. This article went on to state that subject had turned in his American passport October 31, 1959, at the Embassy in Moscow, saying he would "never return to the United States for any reason." This article further quoted subject as having later told American newspaper men that leaving the United States "was like getting out of prison." This article also contained the following information: It quoted subject's sister-in-law, Mrs. R. L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, as saying her husband had received frequent letters from his brother indicating he was anxious to return to this country. She said she and members of the family had not learned that subject was en route home. This article stated that subject's mother, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, could not be reached for comment.

This article also stated that subject's appearance at the American Embassy in Moscow came as a shock to his mother and brother; that he had left Fort Worth following his discharge from the Marines, telling his family he was going to New Orleans in search of a job.

In the "Fort Worth Press," a daily newspaper, Fort Worth, Texas, issue of June 8, 1962, carried a front-page story to the effect that subject, a former Fort Worth Marine, who once vowed he would "never return to the United States for any reason," was on his way home from Russia.

This article stated further that United Press International had reported on June 8, 1962, that subject, along with his Russian wife and child had left the Soviet Union within the past ten days and was en route to the United States.

This article further stated that subject's brother, R. L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, told the press that he and his mother, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, have been hearing from subject regularly. R. L. OSWALD was quoted as saying that subject had wanted to come back for sometime but that he had not heard that subject had left Russia.

This article further stated that subject had arrived in Moscow in November, 1959, two months after his release from active duty in the Marine Corps; that subject had been refused Soviet citizenship at the time but that he was allowed to live in Russia as a "resident alien." Subject was reported to have been a student while in the Soviet Union, possibly at Minsk.

This article went on to say that subject was never granted Soviet citizenship and that he is believed to have retained his American citizenship. This article stated that several days after subject arrived in Moscow in 1959, his mother called him long distance and at that time subject refused to talk to her. She did not hear from him again until a letter came January 6, 1960. According to this article, when subject first went to Russia he told newsmen he was a worker and wanted to live in a workers country.

This article further quoted that subject said "I would not want to live in the United States and be either a worker exploited by capitalists or a capitalist exploiting workers or become unemployed." This article also quoted subject as having said "I could not be happy living under capitalism."

This article went on to quote subject as saying that his own personal experiences in civil and military life had shown him the correctness of communist theories.

This article also quoted subject as having said he began studying communism when his family was living in New Orleans, Louisiana; that he had discovered a book in the library titled "Das Kapital," by KARL MARX. This article also quoted subject as having stated that he had joined the Marine corps at age 17 because

he felt he could not get a job and because he wanted to relieve the financial burden of the family. This article also quoted subject as having said that when he left America it was like "getting out of prison." This article concluded by saying that when subject had visited his family shortly after his release from the Marine Corps he had talked optimistically about the future and that some of his plans had included going to college, writing a book or joining CASTRO's Cuban Army.

On June 22, 1962, ALISTAR McDONALD, Assistant Manager, Cabin-Tourist Department, Holland-America Line, 29 Broadway, New York, New York, advised that the records of Holland-America Line reflect that subject, his wife and child arrived in the United States on June 13, 1962, aboard the SS Maasdam at Hoboken, New Jersey. Subject, his wife and child traveled tourist class and were destined to 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas.

On June 22, 1962, the records of Immigration and Naturalization Service (I&NS), 20 West Broadway, New York, New York, revealed that subject, his wife and child, I&NS file No. A12386726, arrived in the United States aboard the SS Maasdam on June 13, 1962. This file reflected that subject had U. S. Passport No. 1733242, that his daughter, JUNE, born February 15, 1962, at Minsk, USSR, had the same passport and that subject's wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, had Russian Passport KY 37790. Subject was admitted as a U. S. citizen with a renewed U. S. Passport. MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD was admitted with an M-1 Immigrant Visa as the spouse of a U. S. citizen. This M-1 Immigrant Visa was issued at Moscow on May 24, 1962.

On June 22, 1962, FREDERICK J. WIEDERSHEIM, Inspector, I&NS, advised he had interviewed subject upon the latter's arrival in the United States and that subject had said that he was employed as a mechanic in Russia; that he had threatened to renounce his U. S. citizenship but never carried through with the threat, never voted in Russia and held no position in the Russian Government.

On June 26, 1962, Mrs. ROBERT L. OSWALD, sister-in-law to subject, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, stated the subject, his wife and child had arrived in Fort Worth on June 14, 1962, and that they were currently residing at 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth. Mrs. OSWALD stated she had not notified the local FBI office of subject's arrival in Fort Worth for the reason that the family had been harrassed by newspaper reporters and that for that reason subject did not desire to leave his residence.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 7/6/62

LEE HARVEY OSWALD currently resides at 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas, with his wife, MARINA and daughter JUNE LEE OSWALD. OSWALD is unemployed but is seeking work at Fort Worth.

OSWALD and his family arrived in Fort Worth on June 14, 1962. He stated they left Holland June 4, 1962, by the SS Maasdam, and arrived in New York City June 13, 1962, and flew to Love Field, Dallas, Texas, where they arrived on June 14, 1962.

OSWALD stated that he borrowed approximately $435.00 from the American Embassy with which to make the trip to the United States. OSWALD declined to answer the question as to why he made the trip to Russia in the first place. In a show of temper he stated he did not care to "relive the past."

During most of the interview, OSWALD exhibited an impatient and arrogant attitude. OSWALD finally stated that Soviet officials had asked him upon his arrival why he had come to Russia. OSWALD stated that he told them, "I came because I wanted to." OSWALD added that he went to Russia to "see the country."

OSWALD advised that newspaper reports which have appeared in the public press from time to time are highly exaggerated and untrue. He stated that the newspaper reports had pictured him as out of sympathy with the United States and had made him look attractive to the Russians. OSWALD stated that by reason of such newspaper reports he had received better treatment by the Soviets than he otherwise would have received.

OSWALD stated that upon his arrival in Russia in October, 1959, he was sent immediately to Minsk, Russia, where he was given a job as a metal worker in a television factory. He stated that he spent his time reading blueprints and translating blueprint instructions into the finished product. He advised that he earned eighty rubles per month which was the equivalent of about $72.00 per month in American money. He advised that he was permitted to reside at Minsk as a "resident alien."

OSWALD stated that he was able to speak the Russian language upon his arrival. He explained that while he was in

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On 6/26/62 at Fort Worth, Texas File # 100-10461

by SAS B. TOM CARTER and JOHN W. FAIN /jeg Date dictated 7/2/62

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the U. S. Marine Corps in California he had studied and mastered the Russian language by self instruction.

OSWALD denied that he has ever been a member of the Communist Party in the United States. He denied that he went to Russia because of his lack of sympathy for the institutions of the United States or because of an admiration for the Russian system. He admitted that he had read books by KARL MARX while a resident of New Orleans, Louisiana, but he stated that he was merely interested in the economic theories.

OSWALD declined to explain what he meant when he wrote his mother while en route to Russia that his "values" and those of his mother and brother were different.

OSWALD stated he does not know where his birth certificate is and he denied that he took same to Russia with him.

OSWALD denied that he had renounced his United States citizenship and stated that he did not seek Soviet citizenship while in Russia. OSWALD stated that he was never approached by the Soviet officials in an attempt to pull information from him concerning his experiences while a member of the U. S. Marine Corps. OSWALD also stated that he was not recruited at any time while in Russia by the Soviet Intelligence. He stated that he made no deal with the Soviets in order to obtain permission to return to the United States. He stated that the Soviets made it very difficult for him to obtain permission for his wife to leave Russia, and that the process of obtaining permission for her to leave was a long, difficult course requiring much paper work. He stated that no attempt was made by the Soviets at any time to "brainwash" him. OSWALD stated that he never at any time gave the Soviets any information which would be used in a detrimental way against the United States. He stated that the Soviets never sought any such information from him. OSWALD denied that he at any time while in Russia had offered to reveal to the Soviets any information he had acquired as a radar operator in the U. S. Marines.

OSWALD stated that his wife's passport, a Russian passport, No. KY37790, requires that she give notice to the Soviet Embassy in the United States as to her address while in the United States. OSWALD stated that the passport also requires her to make reports as to her whereabouts periodically. OSWALD stated that he plans to contact the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D. C., within a few days for the purpose of notifying the Soviet Embassy of his wife's current address.

OSWALD stated that in the event he is contacted by Soviet Intelligence under suspicious circumstances or otherwise, he will promptly communicate with the FBI. He stated that he holds no brief for the Russians or the Russian system.

OSWALD stated that his wife, MARINA, speaks no English whatsoever. By occupation she is a pharmacist. He advised that they were married April 30, 1961, at Minsk, Russia. He advised that she resided with an uncle and an aunt at Minsk, Russia. He advised that she has a half-brother and two half-sisters in Leningrad, Russia; however, OSWALD declined to furnish the names of any of his wife's relatives, stating that he feared that some harm might come to them in the event he revealed their names.

OSWALD advised that his daughter, JUNE LEE OSWALD, was born February 15, 1962, at Minsk, Russia.

OSWALD furnished the following description of his wife:

Name	MARINA NICHILYENA OSWALD
Race	White
Sex	Female
Age	20
Birth Data	July 17, 1941, at Arxangles (city near the White Sea)
Height	5' 5"
Weight	105 lbs.
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Brown
Children	JUNE LEE OSWALD, age four months

The following description of OSWALD was obtained through observation and interrogation:

Name	LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	22
Birth Data	October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana
Height	5' 11"
Weight	150 lbs.

DL 100-10461

Eyes	Grey.
Hair	Brown
Father	ROBERT EDWARD OSWALD, (native of New Orleans, Louisiana), deceased August, 1939
Mother	MARGARET CLAVIER OSWALD, nee Clavier (native of New Orleans, Louisiana), currently resides at Vernon, Texas
Brother	ROBERT LEE OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas
Half-brother	JOHN EDWARD PIC, U. S. Air Force, Japan

FD-323 (3-28-60)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas
July 6, 1962

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-10461

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Reference Report of SA JOHN W. FAIN, Dallas, Texas, 7/6/62, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 7/25/62

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (105-New)(P*)

SUBJECT: MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD,
nee MARINA NIKOLAEVNA PRUSAKOVA,
aka Mrs. Lee Harvey Oswald
IS-R
SOBIR

OO - Dallas

Rerep SA JOHN W. FAIN, 7/10/62, Dallas, in the case entitled "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R", and prior communications in that matter. The subject in the captioned case is OSWALD's wife, married to him in the Soviet Union, and, along with their infant daughter, brought by him to the United States upon his return to this country.

A file has been opened in the Dallas Field Division on subject under the SOBIR program. The files of INS, Dallas, have been checked. These revealed no information not already known and reported in referenced report on subject's husband.

The case on LEE HARVEY OSWALD is in pending status and he is to be reinterviewed. It is not believed any active investigation of his wife or interview of her under the SOBIR program is logical or advisable at this time. It is felt her activities can be sufficiently followed at this time in connection with the case on her husband. It is noted there are no subversive references on any member of the husband's family, and, under present circumstances she will be closely and intimately associated with them. According to INS records she is proficient presently only in the Russian language.

In view of the foregoing, the case on subject will be maintained in a pending inactive status in the Dallas Field Division for a period of six months, UACB. At the expiration of that time, it will be reopened and considered for further warranted or advisable action.

DOH INTEL DIV
REC'D

105-82555-29

3 - Bureau (1 - 105-82555)(RM)
2 - Washington Field (Info.)(RM)
4 - Dallas (2 - 105-New)(2 - 105-10461)
KCH:mac
(9)

REC-24

15 JUL 26 1962

EX-108

JULIA

58 AUG 3 1962

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Copies of this letter are being designated for Washington Field Office since subject, according to information furnished by her husband in the interview with him on 6/26/62, is to periodically report her whereabouts to the Russian Embassy. Should any information concerning contacts by subject with the Russian Embassy come to the attention of Washington Field Office, same should be promptly reported to the Bureau and Dallas.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
DALLAS	DALLAS	8/30/62	7/12/62 - 8/17/62

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed By:
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	SA JOHN W. FAIN	HM
	CHARACTER OF CASE: IS - R	

REFERENCES: Report of SA JOHN W. FAIN 7/10/62, Dallas, Texas.
Dallas letter to Bureau 7/25/62, entitled "MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, nee Marina Nikolaevna Prusakova, Aka, IS-R, SOBIR"

- C -

ADMINISTRATIVE

A copy of this report is designated for ONI, New Orleans, La., because of the initial interest of that agency in subject.

A copy of this report designated for I&NS, Dallas, because of interest of that agency in subject's wife, MARINA, who has file #A12530645 with that agency.

INFORMANTS

IDENTITY OF SOURCE	FILE NO. WHERE LOCATED
T-1 [redacted]	Instant report

Approved	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below
Copies made:		105-82555-30 REC-25

3 - Bureau (105-82555)(RM)
1 - ONI, New Orleans (RM)
1 - Immigration & Naturalization Service, Dallas (RM)
2 - Dallas (100-10461)

50 SEP 11 1962

SEP 4 1962

AGENCY State Dept, CIA, ONI, I&NS, Dallas
REQ. RECD
DATE FORW. 9-2-62
HOW FORW. airgram
BY

ESP:SEC

This report is loaned to you by the FBI, and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.

DL 100-10461

T-2 [redacted] Instant report

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed, and T symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

This report has been classified confidential inasmuch as information furnished by Dallas Confidential Informants T-1 and T-2 could reasonably result in the identification of these informants and compromise their future effectiveness.

Ltr to State, CIA, ONI, INS, USSS, + RAO-Dept. 11/17/64 advising report declassified. Rel:mcr

Ltr to Dallas & Legat, Mexico 11/17/64 advising report declassified. Rel:mcr

FD-204 (Rev. 8-8-62)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONFIDENTIAL

Copy to: 1 - GPI, New Orleans (RM)
1 - Immigration & Naturalization Service, Dallas (RM)

Report of: JOHN W. FAIN Office: DALLAS
Date: 8/30/62

Field Office File No.: Dallas 100-10461 Bureau File No.: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD reinterviewed by Bureau Agents on 8/16/62, and stated contact made with Soviet Embassy, Washington, D.C., for purpose of notifying Embassy as to wife's current address. OSWALD has established separate residence, and is currently employed as a machinist at Fort Worth, Texas. OSWALD stated upon arriving in Soviet Union, and prior to leaving, he was interviewed by representatives of MVD, a Russian secret police organization; however, continues to deny he made any "deals" with them or any other representative of the Soviet Union. OSWALD continues to decline to explain why he went to the Soviet Union in the first instance, stating he considers it "nobody's business." OSWALD agreed to report to FBI any information concerning contacts or attempted contacts by Soviets under suspicious circumstances. Background information on MARINA OSWALD reported. OSWALD and wife unknown to confidential informants.

- C -

DETAILS:

At Dallas, Texas

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR.:

On July 12, 1962, MR. JEFF WOOLSEY, Supervisory Clerk, INS, Dallas, Texas, made available their file A12530645 on MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, nee PRUSAKOVA. This file reflects that MRS. OSWALD was born July 17, 1941, in Severodvinsk (formerly Molotovsk) Arkhangeskaya District, USSR. She was destined for her husband,

Declassified per memo Branigan to Belmont 12/18/63 re: Jack Ruby et al

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DL 100-10461

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas. The person furnishing the affidavit of support for MRS. OSWALD was BYRON PHILLIPS of Vernon, Wilbarger County, Texas (no street address given). PHILLIPS furnished an affidavit of support on March 15, 1962. MRS. OSWALD listed her occupation as pharmacist.

Description:	Race	White
	Sex	Female
	Complexion	Fair
	Eyes	Grey-blue
	Nationality	Soviet
	Relatives	Daughter, JUNE LEE OSWALD, born February 15, 1962
		Father (This space was left blank)
		Mother, KLAVDIYA VASILEONA PRUSAKOVA, deceased
	Nearest relative in country of immigration	Uncle, ILYA V. PRUSAKOVA
	Address	Kommaneshchesakaya 39/42, Apt. 20, Minsk, USSR
	Previous residences and occupations	Student at Leningrad, USSR, 1957 - 1959
		Pharmacist at Minsk, USSR, 1959 - 1962
	Languages spoken	Russian only
	Organizations	None listed

This file contained a U. S. Department of State foreign service birth certificate for JUNE LEE OSWALD, whose birth was recorded on May 24, 1962, at the U. S. Embassy, Moscow, USSR, by LEE HARVEY OSWALD for JUNE LEE OSWALD, born February 15, 1962, at Minsk, USSR.

JOSEPH B. NORBURY, U. S. Consul, was the recording official.

MRS. OSWALD was granted Immigration Visa No. 52, issued May 24, 1962, at U. S. Embassy, Moscow, and traveled under USSR Passport No. KU 37790, issued on January 11, 1962, good until January 11, 1964. MRS. OSWALD entered the U. S. at New York City June 13, 1962, on SS MAASDAM.

These records reflect the subjects were married on April 30, 1961. This immigration file contains a photograph of MRS. OSWALD attached to her immigration visa, a copy of which may be obtained if desired.

DL 100-10461

At Fort Worth, Texas

On August 14, 1962, ROBERT L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport Street, advised his brother, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and family had moved to an apartment on Mercedes Street, house number unknown to ROBERT; however, he volunteered this particular street is only about two blocks in length, and his brother could easily be located. MR. OSWALD also advised his brother, LEE, had recently gone to work as a machinist for a company located in White Settlement Village, but MR. OSWALD stated he did not have the name or address of this concern.

Inquiries conducted in the vicinity of the 2700 block of Mercedes Street on August 15, 1962, revealed LEE HARVEY OSWALD was residing at 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth.

Date August 23, 1962

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, reinterviewed near his residence, 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas, stated he has resided at this address since about the middle of July, 1962 with his wife, MARINA, and daughter, JUNE LEE OSWALD. He stated he has been employed as machinist for LESLIE'S MACHINE SHOP, 200-E North Vacek (White Settlement Village), Fort Worth, since about July 15, 1962.

OSWALD stated contact had been made by letter with the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D.C., to advise the Embassy of his wife's current address, saying this is something that is required by Soviet law. He stated she would continue to make reports periodically to the Soviet Embassy in instances where they moved to another address.

OSWALD advised the matter of his having been given an undesirable discharge on August 17, 1960, from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve by reason of unfitness has not been reviewed, and, he did not know when the matter would be heard.

OSWALD volunteered he had never enjoyed his service in the U. S. Marine Corps. He also stated he had not enjoyed his trip to the Soviet Union any more than he had enjoyed his service in the U. S. Marine Corps.

OSWALD stated positively no individual had made any contact with him since his arrival in Fort Worth in the interest of the Soviet Union.

OSWALD denied he had on October 31, 1959, or any other time, requested his U. S. citizenship be revoked. He denied he ever took any steps to apply for Soviet citizenship. He advised he never at any time affirmed allegiance to the Soviet Union, or indicated a willingness to do so.

OSWALD advised when he first arrived in the Soviet Union, and also when he started to leave, he was interviewed by representatives of the MVD, which he characterized as being the secret police, who, for the most part handle criminal matters among the population generally. He stated their operation is widespread. He denied he ever made any "deals" with the MVD, and stated he was never asked to undertake anything or do anything for them.

On 8/16/62 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by SAs ARNOLD J. BROWN and JOHN W. FAIN (HM) Date dictated 8/22/62

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

He advised no representative of the Soviet Union, the MVD, or any intelligence agent of the Soviet Union ever attempted to recruit him in any way. He stated no one in the Soviet Union ever attempted to elicit any secret information concerning the United States or its defense from him.

OSWALD denied he ever told the Soviets at any time he would make available to them information concerning his U. S. Marine Corps speciality.

OSWALD advised in about May 19, 1961, he became fearful some reprisals might be taken against him for having made the trip to the Soviet Union. He stated he then inquired of the American Embassy in Moscow, Russia, as to the possible legal complications. He stated the Embassy assured him they were aware of no evidence which would warrant prosecution against him, should he return to the United States. In this connection, OSWALD stated the American Embassy tried to persuade him to return to the United States alone, and without his wife, MARINA. He told the Embassy he could not do that.

The Embassy reportedly pointed out to OSWALD it would be a difficult matter to obtain a passport for OSWALD's wife, who was a Russian. The Embassy tried to influence him to come back alone, find a job, get established, and later send for his wife. OSWALD stated he refused to follow this course. He told the American Embassy he feared he would never see his wife again if he left her in Russia. OSWALD stated he finally furnished a "document of support" in the interest of his wife and the passport was eventually granted. OSWALD stated he was his wife's sponsor, and only sponsor.

OSWALD stated he has had no contact with his half brother, JOHN EDWARD PIC, a Staff Sergeant, in the USAF, and, so far as he knows, PIC is still stationed in Japan.

OSWALD stated he might have to return to the Soviet Union in about five years in order to take his wife back home to see her relatives. He stated no definite plans have been formulated to this end.

OSWALD still declined to answer questions as to why he went to the Soviet Union in the first instance. He stated he considers it "nobody's business" why he wanted to go the Soviet Union. OSWALD finally stated he went over to Russia for his "own personal reasons." He said it was a "personal matter" to him. He said "I went, and I came back!" He also said "It was something that I did."

DL 100-10461

3

OSWALD was asked to explain a statement which he was quoted in the press as having made to his mother in a letter to the effect his and his mother's (and brother's) values had been different. OSWALD stated he had written something to that effect as he prepared to leave for Russia or while on the way. OSWALD admitted he might have referred to a difference in political ideologies, however, he declined to go into further detail.

In this connection, OSWALD criticized the newspaper reports which were issued concerning his trip to Russia. He stated most of the newspaper stories were "only about ten per correct."

OSWALD stated he did not take his birth certificate to Russia. He thinks it is packed in a trunk at his mother's home.

OSWALD declined to furnish the names of his wife's relatives because they are on file in the American Embassy in Moscow, Russia, and he thinks it "safer for their welfare to let the names remain on file there."

During the entire interview, OSWALD appeared to downgrade the possibility the Soviet intelligence service might at any time attempt to use him or obtain any information through him. He agreed to contact the FBI if at any time any individual made any contact of any nature under suspicious circumstances with him. OSWALD stated his employer has no government contracts, and is not engaged in any kind of sensitive industry or manufacturing. He stated he could see no reason why the Soviets would desire to contact him; however, he promised his cooperation in reporting to FBI any information coming to his attention.

6

On August 17, 1962, Dallas Confidential Informants T-1 and T-2, who are familiar with some Communist Party (CP) activities at Fort Worth, Texas, advised neither LEE HARVEY OSWALD nor MARINA OSWALD are members of the Communist Party at Fort Worth, and neither name has been mentioned in connection with CP membership or CP activities at Fort Worth.

FD-323 (3-28-60)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas
August 30, 1962

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-10461

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference Report of Special Agent JOHN W. FAIN dated August 30, 1962, Dallas, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)(RM) DATE: 3/25/63

FROM: SAC, DALLAS

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R
Dallas File 100-10461 (P)

MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, nee
Marina Nikolaevna Prusakova, Aka.
IS - R
SOBIR
Dallas File 105-1435 (P)

Re Dallas letter to the Bureau 7/25/62, and report of SA JOHN W. FAIN, Dallas, 8/30/62.

On 9/28/62, [redacted] a source who has furnished reliable information in the past, made available photographs of names and addresses of subscribers maintained by "THE WORKER," an East Coast communist newspaper. Included was the name of LEE H. OSWALD, 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

On 3/4/63, MR. JEFF WOOSLEY, Supervisory Clerk, INS, Dallas, Texas, advised that MRS. MARINA OSWALD as of January, 1963, resided at Apartment 2, 602 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas. On 3/11/63, MRS. M. F. TOBIAS, Apartment Manager, 602 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas, advised that on 3/3/63, LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife MARINA moved from that apartment building to another apartment building in Dallas, Texas. MRS. TOBIAS advised that they had considerable difficulty with MR. OSWALD, who apparently drank to excess and beat his wife on numerous occasions. MRS. TOBIAS advised that they had a small child and that MRS. OSWALD apparently spoke little or no English and seldom associated with any other individuals. They had had numerous complaints from the other tenants due to OSWALD's drinking and beating of his wife.

2 - Bureau (105-82555)(RM)
2 - Dallas (105-1435)
2 - Dallas (100-10461)
JPH:HM
(6)

REC-2 105-82555-31

10 MAR 29 1963

EX-112

56 APR 1963

ESL SEC

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-82555-31

DL 105-82555

On 3/11/63, MRS. DOROTHEA MYERS (protect identity), Postal Inspector's Office, advised that MR. and MRS. LEE HARVEY OSWALD moved to 214 West Neeley, Dallas, Texas. On 3/14/63, a check of this residence reflected that a name plate showing MR. and MRS. LEE HARVEY OSWALD appeared on the mail box at 214 West Neeley Street, Dallas, Texas.

LEAD

DALLAS

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

Will determine present employment of LEE OSWALD, after which a determination will be made as to whether his wife should be interviewed in connection with the SOBIR program.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

[216 JDJ]

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Marine	Lee Harvey Oswald #1653230	10-24-56		
ID New Orleans La	Lee Harvey Oswald #112-723	8-9-63	828 NCS 42-22 dist the peace by creatin a scene	

105-82555
UNREC

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

55—70563-6 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

COPIES DESTROYED

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE (215 JDK)
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

1-BU

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
	FLASH BY BUREAU: Lee Harvey Oswald (maybe ident) Any information or inquiry received notify Espionage Section, Div. 5, Bu. (Ref. memo dated 11-4-59 captioned Lee Harvey Oswald IS-R).			

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FBI

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

16—70583-4 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE (212 JDK)
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

-BU

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION

cc: Espionage Section
Div 5 Bureau

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FBI.

Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, communicate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads as being possibly identical with subject of this record.

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1951—O-913815

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Pamphlet Case Sentence Given

Lee Oswald, 23, 4907 Magazine, Monday was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 or serve 10 days in jail on a charge of disturbing the peace by creating a scene.

Oswald was arrested by First District police at 4:15 p. m. Friday in the 700 block of Canal while he was reportedly distributing pamphlets asking for a "Fair Play for Cuba."

Police were called to the scene when three Cubans reportedly sought to stop Oswald. Municipal charges against the Cubans for disturbing the peace were dropped by the court.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
Page 3 Sec. 1

THE TIMES PICAYUNE,
NEW ORLEANS, La.

Clipping
Ltr

Copy

Date: 8/13/63
Edition:
Author:
Editor:
Title: Lee Harvey Oswald

Character: SK-C
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: New Orleans

105-82555

ENCLOSURE
105-82555-32

cc SAC, NO
3-DALLAS
LA: Kelw
8-21-63

1 - Anderson

SAC, New Orleans 8/21/63

Director, FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

ReDLlet 3/25/63 setting forth lead to determine present employment of subject after which a determination would be made relative to interview of Marina Oswald, subject's wife, in connection with the SOBLE program.

FBI Identification Record Number 327 925 D dated 8/14/63 reveals Lee Harvey Oswald was arrested by the New Orleans, Louisiana, Police Department on 8/9/63 for disturbing the peace by creating a scene.

"The Times Picayune," New Orleans, Louisiana, carried an article on page three, section one in their 8/13/63 edition captioned "Pamphlet Case Sentence Given" indicating that Lee Oswald, aged 23, of 4907 Magazine, was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 or serve ten days in jail on a charge of disturbing the peace by creating a scene. It was indicated that Oswald was arrested by First District Police in the 700 block of Canal while distributing pamphlets asking for a "fair play for Cuba." Police reportedly were called to the scene when three Cubans reportedly sought to stop Oswald from distributing the above pamphlets.

Dallas is instructed to promptly advise status of investigation as set forth in relet.

New Orleans ascertain facts concerning subject's distribution of above-mentioned pamphlet including nature of pamphlet following which contact should be made with established sources familiar with Cuban activities in the New Orleans area to determine whether subject involved in activities inimical to the internal security of the U. S. Submit results in letterhead memorandum form suitable for dissemination with appropriate recommendation as to further action.

EX 104

REC-41 105-82555-32

cc Dallas (100-10461)
1 - 105-1435 (Marina Nickolaevna Oswald)

LLA:klw (7)

AUG 28 1963

AUG 21 1963 COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

Letter to SAC, New Orleans
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

For the information of New Orleans, previous investigation by the Dallas Office reveals subject attempted to defect to Russia in October, 1959, at which time he was a member of the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve. He was given an undesirable discharge from this service 8/17/60. Subject was born 10/18/39, New Orleans, Louisiana, his father, Edward Lee Oswald, having died before his birth. Subject moved with his mother to Fort Worth, Texas, from New Orleans, Louisiana, in 1945. Subject originally enlisted in U. S. Marine Corps 10/24/56 and received an honorable discharge on 9/11/59 re-enlisting as a private in the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on the same date. Subject's mother subsequently received a letter from New Orleans indicating subject had booked passage on a ship to Europe and he later renounced U. S. citizenship and sought to become a citizen of Russia. At this time subject advised U. S. Embassy in Moscow that "I am a Marxist." Subject was unsuccessful in his attempt to obtain Russian citizenship later returning to the U. S. Subject during interview with Bureau Agents at Forth Worth, Texas, 8/16/62 declined to explain why he went to the Soviet Union stating he considers it "nobody's business."

It is noted subject has also been described as an individual who drinks to excess and beats his wife. Subject and wife were last known to have been separated.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 8/23/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED - AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)
SAC, NEW ORLEANS

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)(P)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO - Dallas)
Dallas file 100-10461
New Orleans file 100-16601

MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, aka
IS - R
SOBIR
(OO - Dallas)
Dallas file 105-1435
New Orleans file 100-16926

1 XEROX
JUL 29 1964

Re Bureau letter to New Orleans, 8/21/63 and Dallas letter to Bureau, 3/25/63.

Investigation in Dallas subsequent to that reported in referenced Dallas letter revealed subject and wife had moved from 214 Neeley, Dallas. No forwarding address was available.

Under date of 7/17/63, the New Orleans Office advised of receipt from the New York Office information reflecting OSWALD had an address of P. O. Box 30061, New Orleans, La.

By letter dated 7/29/63, the New Orleans Office was requested to attempt to verify residence of subjects in New Orleans. Under date of 8/13/63, the New Orleans Office advised both subjects were residing, and had been residing since June, 1963, at 4905 Magazine St., New Orleans, with LEE HARVEY OSWALD

REC-21 105-82555-38

3 - Bureau (AM)(RM)
4 - New Orleans (2 - 100-16601)
(2 - 100-16926)
3 - Dallas (2 - 100-10461)
(1 - 105-1435)

AUG 24 1963

KCH:mac
(10)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-82555-1460 32

DL 100-10461

employed as a maintenance man at the William Reily Coffee Co., 640 Magazine St., New Orleans.

Forms FD-128 being submitted.

SHANKLIN

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 (3-4-52)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 9/10/63

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (105-10461

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

(OO: NEW ORLEANS)

The captioned individual has been the subject of a security investigation by this office. The New Orleans Division has verified the permanent presence of the subject in its division as residing and working at the addresses listed below. The New Orleans Division is being considered the new office of origin.

Residence Address: 4905 Magazine Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

Business Address: William Reily, Coffee Company
640 Magazine Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

Check the following applicable statements:

___ This individual has been the subject of a Communist Index Card.
___ This individual is the subject of a Security Index Card.
(The Bureau is requested to make the appropriate changes in the Security Index at the Seat of Government. The _____ Division should affix the addresses reflected above and the appropriate case file number.)
___ This subject was tabbed for Detcom.
___ This subject was tabbed for Comsab.
___ This subject was carried as a Key Figure or Top Functionary.
___ Handwriting specimens have been furnished to the Bureau.
___ A photograph has been furnished to the Bureau.
___ A security flash notice has been placed with the Identification Division.

The following pertinent items are being forwarded to the new office of origin with its copies of this letter:

___ Security Index Cards

Serials (specify)

REC-54 105-82555-34

Reports of SA JOHN W. FAIN dated 7/3/61, 7/10/62, and 8/30/62 at Dallas. Also enclosed is photo of subject.

RUC

SEP 13 1963

cc: New Orleans Division (Enc.) 4 (100-16601)
3-Bureau (RM)
1-New Orleans (RM)
1-Dallas
JPH:sph (5)

FD-128
(3-4-52)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 9/10/63

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (105-1435)

SUBJECT: MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, aka.
IS - R
SOBIR
(OO: NEW ORLEANS)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The captioned individual has been the subject of a security investigation by this office. The New Orleans Division has verified the permanent presence of the subject in its division as residing and working at the addresses listed below. The New Orleans Division is being considered the new office of origin.

Residence Address: 4905 Magazine Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

Business Address: _____

Check the following applicable statements:

___ This individual has been the subject of a Communist Index Card.
___ This individual is the subject of a Security Index Card.
(The Bureau is requested to make the appropriate changes in the Security Index at the Seat of Government. The _____ Division should affix the addresses reflected above and the appropriate case file number.)
___ This subject was tabbed for Detcom.
___ This subject was tabbed for Comsab.
___ This subject was carried as a Key Figure or Top Functionary.
___ Handwriting specimens have been furnished to the Bureau.
___ A photograph has been furnished to the Bureau.
___ A security flash notice has been placed with the Identification Division.

The following pertinent items are being forwarded to the new office of origin with its copies of this letter:

___ Security Index Cards

Serials (specify) Memorandum of SA JAMES P. HOSTY, 7/19/63, Dallas, and Dallas letter to Bureau, 7/25/62.

COMMENT: A report is not being prepared on this subject since all pertinent data reported in file of subject's husband, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, NO 100-16601.

105-82555-35

SEP 13 1963

cc: New Orleans Division (Enc.) 2 (100-16926)
3-Bureau (RM)
1-New Orleans (RM)
1-Dallas (RM)

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-82555-3603

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

9-5-63
[450 PM]

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Marine	Lee Harvey Oswald #1653230	10-24-56		8-1
FD New Orleans La	Lee Harvey Oswald #112-723	8-9-63	828 MCS 42-22 dist the peace by creatin a scene	
			105-82555 - UNREC NOT RECORDED 6 SEP 16 1963	

File

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

61 SEP 20 1963

30—70552-4 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

9-5-63
(450 PM)

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

1-BU

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION

FLASH BY BUREAU: Lee Harvey Oswald (maybe ident)
Any information or inquiry received notify
Espionage Section, Div. 5, Bu. (Ref. memo
dated 11-4-59 captioned Lee Harvey Oswald IS-R).

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FBI

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

62—70523-4 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

[450 PM]

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
C: Espionage Section Div 5 Bureau				
	Copy of record was furnished SAC New Orleans La as identical with subject of their inquiry dated 8-27-63.			

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FBI.

Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, communicate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads as being possibly identical with subject of this record.

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1961—O-616318

FD-263 (Rev. 8-1-58)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
DALLAS	NEW ORLEANS	9/10/63	9/28/62 - 9/6/63

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	SA JAMES P. HOSTY	sah

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS - R

REFERENCE

Report of SA JOHN W. FAIN, 8/30/62, Dallas.

- RUC -

ADMINISTRATIVE

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	File No. Where Located
T-1 [redacted]	DL 100-10461-33
T-2 [redacted]	DL 100-10461-37

This report is classified confidential inasmuch as the unauthorized disclosure would jeopardize the security of informants of value.

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

105-82555-36

REC-64

SEP 13 1963

EX 104

COPIES MADE:

5-Bureau (105-82555) (RM)

3-New Orleans (100-16601) (RM)

1-Dallas (100-10461)

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

		NOTATIONS
AGENCY	Copy to: CIA/Side/RAO	
REQUEST RECD.	ONI/OSI/ACSI	
DATE FWD.	by routing slip for info.	
HOW FWD.	Date 9-19-63 by [illegible]	
BY		

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16—75320-1

FD-204 (Rev. 8-8-62)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. Office: DALLAS
Date: 9/10/63

Field Office File No.: Dallas 100-10461 Bureau File No.: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis:

Subject subscriber to The Worker while resident of Fort Worth, Texas. Subject reportedly drank to excess and beat his wife on numerous occasions. Subject presently residing and working in New Orleans, Louisiana.

- RUC -

DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUND

A. Residence and Employment

Mr. JESSIE JAMES GARNER, 4909 Magazine Court, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised on August 5, 1963 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, MARINA, have occupied the apartment at 4905 Magazine, New Orleans since June 1963.

Mrs. MARY BERTUCCI, Personnel Secretary, William Reily Coffee Company, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, advised on August 5, 1963 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD has been employed as a maintenance man at that company since May 15, 1963.

B. Miscellaneous

On March 11, 1963 Mrs. M. F. TOBIAS, apartment manager, 602 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas, advised on March 3, 1963 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife MARINA moved from that apartment building to 214 West Neeley Street in Dallas, Texas. Mrs. TOBIAS advised they had considerable difficulty

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

with Mr. OSWALD who apparently drank to excess and beat his wife on numerous occasions. They had numerous complaints from the other tenants due to OSWALD's drinking and beating his wife.

II. CONNECTIONS WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY

On September 28, 1962 Dallas confidential informant T-1 advised that LEE H. OSWALD, who at that time resided at 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas, was a subscriber to The Worker, an East Coast communist newspaper.

On April 21, 1963 Dallas confidential informant T-2 advised that LEE H. OSWALD of Dallas, Texas, was in contact with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New York City at which time he advised that he passed out pamphlets for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. According to T-2, OSWALD had a plackard around his neck reading, "Hands Off Cuba Viva Fidel".

Form (Rev. 11-20-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 10, 1963

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference Report of SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR., dated 9/10/63 at Dallas.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FX 104

SAC, Dallas (100-10461) - 9-25-63

REC-123 36

Director, FBI (105-82555) -1 - Mr. Anderson

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
IS - CUBA

ReDLrep 9-10-63.

Rerep contains an incorrect appendix page four, re Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). Enclosed for New Orleans are three copies of a current characterization of the FPCC and one copy is enclosed for Dallas to be appropriately inserted in your copies of rerep. Bureau copies have been handled.

Recipients should appropriately note the characterization furnished for information and future guidance.

2 - New Orleans (Enclosures - 3) (100-16601)

Enclosure

LLA:bjb
(6)

MAILED 6
SEP 24 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

SEP 1 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEP 27 1963

1. APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening in Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the afore-mentioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the Fall of 1962 and was filled by VINCENT "Ted" LEE, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed LEE has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, LEE has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. LEE feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

FBI

Date: 9/12/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

Re Bureau letter 8/21/63.

New York please furnish by return airtel characterization of CORLISS LAMONT.

Subject, in addition to disseminating material from Fairplay for Cuba Committee, also passed out booklets entitled "The Crime Against Cuba" by CORLISS LAMONT.

B.

EX-103

3 Bureau (RM)
2 - Dallas (RM)
2 - New York (RM)
2 - New Orleans

MRK: jas
(9)

REC 46 105-82555-37

SEP 18 1963

NAT. DYN. SEC.

C. C. Wick

55 SEP 20 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-59)

FBI

Date: 9/24/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R-CUBA

Re Bureau letter, 8/21/63.

Enclosed are nine copies of letterhead memorandum concerning captioned matter.

[redacted] Confidential Informant NO T-1 is identified as [redacted] who was contacted on 9/9/63 by SA WARREN C. DEBRUEYS. The sources mentioned in the characterization of the "Fair Play For Cuba Committee" are identified as [redacted] and [redacted]

Investigation of OSWALD is continuing, and a report containing the results thereof will be furnished to the Bureau together with the recommendation of the New Orleans Office concerning further action concerning OSWALD.

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 9)
2 - New Orleans

MRK/cv
(5)

Copy to: [redacted]
ONI/CSI/ACSI
by routing slip for info.
Date 10-1-63 by LLA/gt

105-82555-38

SEP 27 1963

REC-84

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

64 OCT 7 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana
September 24, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On August 9, 1963, Lt. William Gaillot, First District, New Orleans, Louisiana Police Department, advised that the following persons had been arrested on Canal Street between Baronne and Carondelet Streets on that date and charged with disturbing the peace: Lee H. Oswald, Carlos Jose Bringuier, Celfo Macario Hernandez and Miguel Mariano.

Lt. Gaillot said that Oswald, who claimed to be a member of the "Fair Play For Cuba Committee", was passing out literature and became involved in an argument with three Cuban refugees, namely Bringuier, Hernandez and Mariano, who were affiliated with the Cuban Student Directorate. The following material was being disseminated by Oswald: a yellow leaflet captioned, "Hands Off Cuba", an application to join the "Fair Play For Cuba Committee" and a pamphlet entitled, "The Crime Against Cuba" by Corliss Lamont.

The records of the New Orleans Police Department under Arrest Number 112-723 were examined on August 27, 1963. These records showed that Oswald was arrested on August 9, 1963, by Lt. William Gaillot and Patrolmen F. Hayward and F. Wilson of the First District. He was charged with "disturbing the peace by creating a scene". The records showed that Oswald claimed to be a member of the "Fair Play For Cuba Committee" and was passing out circulars in the 700 block of Canal Street and became involved in an argument with three Cuban immigrants.

Joseph Lesslie, Office of the Clerk of Court, Municipal Court, 501 North Rampart Street, advised on August 28, 1963, that Oswald appeared before Second Municipal Court Judge Edwin A. Babylon on August 12, 1963, and entered a plea of guilty to the charge of disturbing the peace by creating a scene and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10.00 or serve ten days in jail. Oswald elected to pay the fine. Mr. Lesslie advised that the three persons arrested with Oswald were discharged.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Confidential Informant NO T-1 who is familiar with Cuban activities in the New Orleans area advised on September 9, 1963, that Oswald was unknown to the informant.

Frank Bartes, 1608 Mason Smith Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, who is a delegate to the Cuban Revolutionary Council in New Orleans, advised on September 10, 1963, that Oswald was unknown to him.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

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The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX

CORLISS LAMONT

On September 28, 1953, Louis F. Budenz testified before the United States Senate Permanent Investigations Subcommittee that Earl Browder, as head of the Communist Party (CP) in the United States, had referred to Corliss Lamont as one of the "four prides" of the CP because Corliss Lamont was ready to cooperate with any Communist front or any Communist cause. Browder made this reference at a National Committee meeting of the CP in the early 1940's. Budenz also recalled that Lamont was a member of the CP when he, Budenz, was a member.

"Rights", self-identified as a publication of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC) April - May, 1962 issue, reveals Corliss Lamont is Vice-Chairman of the ECLC.

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

"1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.'

'FRANK WILKINSON was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956 WILKINSON was identified as a Communist Party member by a former FBI undercover agent within the party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock reply to questions when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * WILKINSON has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail.'

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

'Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists.
* * *
(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

'To defend the cases of Communist Law-breakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties Committee.. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.'
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-333 (Rev. 11-20-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Orleans, Louisiana

September 24, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

Reference Letterhead memorandum dated 9/24/63 at New Orleans

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

OCT 8 1963

460

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Marine	Lee Harvey Oswald #1653230	10-24-56		disch 9-13-
FD New Orleans La	Lee Harvey Oswald #112-723	8-9-63	826 NCS 42-22 dist the peace by creatin a scene	

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
OCT 10 1963

54 OCT 17 1963

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on da formerly furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTE ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

1-BU

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

2-BU

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D, is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
CC-Espionage Section Div 5 Bu				
	Additional information has been added to this record.			

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FBI

Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, communicate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

FD-36 (Rev. 11-13-56)

FBI

Date: 10/22/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) and SAC, LITTLE ROCK

FROM : SAC, DALLAS

RE : LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO - Dallas)(P)
(DL FILE 100-10461)
(NO file 100-16601)

SECRET

MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD,
nee Prusakova, aka. Mrs. Lee
Harvey Oswald
IS - R
(OO - Dallas) (P)
(DL file 105-1435)
(NO file 100-16926)

Re New Orleans airtel to Dallas, 10/2/63

[redacted]

On 10/18/63 it was determined from Mrs. DOROTHY REEDER (protect identity), Postal Inspector's Office, Fort Worth, Texas, that on 3/5/63 ROBERT L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport Avenue, Fort Worth, the brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, moved from Fort Worth to Box 32C, Malvern, Arkansas.

105-82555-39

5 - Bureau (RM)
(2 - Legat, Mexico)
4 - New Orleans (RM)
(2 - 100-16601)(2 - 100-16926)
4 - Little Rock (RM)
4 - Dallas (2 - 100-10461)(2 - 105-1435)
JPH:jeg
(22)

REC-57

EX-115

11 OCT 23 1963

Classified by 7046>7/5/77
Exempt from GDS, Category 2-3
Date of declassification indefinite

SOVIET SECTION

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-82555-39

DL 100-10461

On 10/18/63, EDITH SHANNON, 2701 Mercedes Street, and Mrs. M. M. BOYD, 2705 Mercedes Street, both Fort Worth, advised this neighborhood was a highly transient neighborhood and they could not recall the subject when they resided at 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth.

For the information of Little Rock and Legat Mexico, subject LEE HARVEY OSWALD received an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps on 8/17/60 after attempting to defect to Russia and denounce his United States citizenship at the U. S. Embassy, Moscow, Russia, on 10/31/59. Subject and his Russian born wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, and their daughter, born 2/15/62 at Minsk, Russia, returned to Fort Worth on 6/14/62. Following his return to the United States, subject, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was a subscriber to "The Worker", and was in contact with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. In May of 1963, subjects moved to New Orleans, Louisiana. New Orleans reported that on 9/25/63 subject and his wife vacated their apartment in New Orleans, Mrs. OSWALD reportedly returning to Texas.

Copies are being furnished to Legat, Mexico, in view of report subject, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was in that city.

LEADS

LITTLE ROCK

At Malvern, Arkansas:

Will interview subject's brother, ROBERT L. OSWALD, as to whereabouts of both subject.

DALLAS

At Fort Worth and Vernon, Texas:

Will continue attempts to locate the subjects.

SHANKLIN

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 40

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

1

CIA

REFERRAL

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 10/25/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI and SAC, DALLAS

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO: ~~Dallas~~ NO)
(DL File 100-10461)
(NO File 100-16601)

MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD,
nee Prusakova, aka Mrs. Lee
Harvey Oswald
IS - R
(OO: ~~Dallas~~ NO)
(DL File 105-1435)
(NO File 100-16926)

Re Dallas airtel dated 10/22/63.

LEE OSWALD left forwarding address in New Orleans on 9/26/63 showing new address to be 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas.

Dallas, attempt to verify.

REC-44 105-82553-41

14 OCT 28 1963

EX-102

3 - Bureau (RM)
4 - Dallas (RM)
(2 - 100-10461)
(2 - 105-1435)
4 - New Orleans (2 - 100-16601)
(2 - 100-16926)

MRK/cv
(11)

SOVIET SECTION

C C Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

DECLASSIFIED COPY FILED IN 105-82553

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 10/24/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R-CUBA

Re New Orleans airtel to Dallas 10/2/63.

Enclosed for Dallas is a copy of radiogram from Legat, Mexico City, to Bureau 10/18/63, and a copy of Bureau cablegram to Legat, Mexico City, 10/22/63.

For the information of the Bureau, New Orleans airtel to Dallas 10/2/63 requested Dallas to locate subject and his wife who departed New Orleans on or about 9/25/63 for Texas.

REC-35 105-82555-42

EX-114

OCT 25 1963

(3) - Bureau (RM)
2 - Dallas (100-10461)(RM)(Enc. 2)
1 - New Orleans

MRE/scw
(6)

NAT. P.I. SEC.

Sent _____ M Per _____

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Records Branch

_____, 19__

- ☐ Name Searching Unit - Room 6527
- ☐ Service Unit - Room 6524
- ☐ Forward to File Review
- ☐ Attention Anderson
- ☑ Return to [redacted]
  Supervisor Room Ext.

Type of References Requested:
- ☐ Regular Request (Analytical Search)
- ☐ All References (Subversive & Nonsubversive)
- ☐ Subversive References Only
- ☐ Nonsubversive References Only
- ☐ Main _____ References Only

Type of Search Requested:
- ☐ Restricted to Locality of _____
- ☐ Exact Name Only (On the Nose)
- ☐ Buildup ☐ Variations

Subject Lee Henry Oswald
Birthdate & Place
Address

Localities

Rs _____ Date 10-19 Searcher Initials [redacted]

Prod. _____

	FILE NUMBER	SERIAL
On Locate	105-134685 (Date of Main 10-17-63)	
	Lee Harvey Oswald	
main	105-82555	Ltr
	65-28939-2546	
	100-353496-715	
	97-4196-33-10	
	105-88754-A NF Hdq To 9-19-	

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 43 INCOMING

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

1

CIA

REFERRAL

1 - Turner

10-22-63

SECRET
CODE

CABLEGRAM 2440 - 2447

Classified by 2447
Exempt from GDS, Category
Date of Declassification Indefinite

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

DEFERRED

VIA CABLEGRAM
OCT 22 1963
6:26 pm pwRM

TO LEGAT MEXICO REC-57

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555) 43

LEE OSWALD, IS - R.

REURCAB OCTOBER EIGHTEEN LAST.

OSWALD APPARENTLY IDENTICAL WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD, NOT LEE HENRY OSWALD. OTHER INFORMATION IN PARAGRAPH TWO RECAB ACCURATE. $4

OSWALD RETURNED TO U.S. FROM USSR JUNE THIRTEEN, ONE NINE SIX TWO, WITH RUSSIAN-BORN WIFE AND DAUGHTER BORN USSR FEBRUARY FIFTEEN, ONE NINE SIX TWO. IN INTERVIEWS OSWALD HAS DENIED FURNISHING SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION TO SOVIET INTELLIGENCE. OSWALD HAS REPORTEDLY BEEN DRINKING TO EXCESS AND REPORTEDLY BEAT HIS WIFE ON NUMEROUS OCCASIONS. OSWALD WAS ARRESTED BY NO. POLICE DEPARTMENT AUGUST NINE LAST FOR QUOTE DISTURBING THE PEACE AND CREATING A SCENE END QUOTE AT WHICH TIME HE WAS PASSING OUT LITERATURE RELATED TO QUOTE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE. END QUOTE. $4

ADDITIONAL BACKGROUND BEING FURNISHED BY MAIL. CIA FURNISHED BUREAU THE SAME INFORMATION AS IN RECAB. NO AND WFO ADVISED BY MAIL. 23

LML:CGN (6)

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route thru for review)

SECRET

53 NOV 4 1963

1 - New Orleans (100-16601)
1 - WFO (105-37111)

SEE NOTE PAGE 2

CLASSIFIED SECRET, EXEMPT FROM G.D.S., DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
SEE 62-91130-NR. 44

SECRET

CABLE TO LEGAT, MEXICO
RE: LEE OSWALD
105-82555

NOTE: Oswald is a U.S. Marine Corps veteran who defected to Soviet Union in 1959, married a Soviet girl and returned to U.S. in 1962. He has generally been unemployed and has experienced marital difficulty since return to U.S. Oswald was interviewed twice in 1962 by Bureau agents. U

[redacted] S

Legat, Mexico, requested background data and 3 investigative reports and a letterhead memo will be sent by pouch arriving Mexico City 10-26-63. Cable will be sent by State Department line at no cost to Bureau. U

NR. 143
ENC. 60
CK.
APPROVED BY
TYPED BY

CODING UNIT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
NEW ORLEANS	NEW ORLEANS	10/31/63	7/23/63 - 10/25/63

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	SA MILTON R. WAACK	cv

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS - R - CUBA

SECRET

REFERENCE: Report of SA JOHN W. FAIN, 7/10/62, Dallas
New Orleans airtel to Bureau, 9/24/63
New Orleans airtel to Bureau, 10/2/63
Dallas airtel to Bureau, 10/22/63
New Orleans airtel to Bureau and Dallas, 10/25/63

- P -

LEADS

DALLAS

AT VERNON, TEXAS

Will interview LEE OSWALD's mother, Mrs. MARGARET OSWALD, 1308 Eagle Street, Apartment 2, concerning subject's whereabouts. (See New Orleans airtel dated 10/2/63.)

AT IRVING, TEXAS

Will attempt to locate the subject at 2515 West Fifth

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:

(9) - Bureau (105-82555) (RM)
3 - Dallas (100-10461) (RM)
2 - Little Rock (RM)
3 - New Orleans (100-16601)

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

105-82555-144

NOV 1 1963

Copy of cover/Sheet to ONI/OSI/ACSI by routing slip for info. Date 11-7-63 br

NAT. SEC.

Classified by 2162 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of declassification indefinite

Street. (See New Orleans airtel to Bureau and Dallas dated 10/25/63.)

AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS

1. Will attempt to identify the Russian-speaking woman who drives a station wagon and who brought Mrs. OSWALD and her child to New Orleans and on September 25, 1963, came to New Orleans and brought Mrs. OSWALD and the child to Texas.

2. Will through appropriate sources review records of births recorded inasmuch as the subject's second child is due to arrive sometime about the middle of October, 1963. (See New Orleans airtel dated 10/2/63.)

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

1. Will conduct neighborhood investigation at 214 Neely Street, the last known place of subject's residence in Texas. (See Dallas letter to New Orleans dated 7/29/63.)

2. Will attempt to identify the Russian-speaking woman who brought subject's wife and child to New Orleans and on September 25, 1963, came to New Orleans and brought Mrs. OSWALD and the child back to Texas.

LITTLE ROCK

AT MALVERN, ARKANSAS

Will interview subject's brother, ROBERT L. OSWALD, as to whereabouts of subject and his wife. (See Dallas airtel dated 10/22/63.)

NEW ORLEANS

Will continue efforts to locate the subject.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	File Where Located
NO T-1, Postal Inspector L. H. ROBERTSON, 2002 Post Office Building, New Orleans	Instant report

NO 100-16601/cv

Identity of Source	File Where Located
NO T-2 is [redacted]	NO 100-16601-4
NO T-3 is [redacted]	Characterization of GUS HALL - SECRET
NO T-4 is [redacted]	Characterization of BENJAMIN DAVIS
NO T-5 is [redacted]	NO 100-16601-7
NO T-6 is [redacted] Street, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	NO 100-16601-10
NO T-7 is [redacted]	NO 100-16601-29
NO T-8 is [redacted]	Instant report

Sources used in characterization of Fair Play For Cuba Committee were [redacted] and [redacted]

ADMINISTRATIVE

[redacted]

THE ABOVE INFORMATION WAS CLASSIFIED SECRET BY CIA AND SHOULD NOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED.

SECRET

FD-204 (Rev. 1-8-63)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA MILTON R. KAACK — Office: New Orleans
Date: October 28, 1963

File Number: NO 100-16601 — Bufile: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

Synopsis: Orleans Parish Board of Health records show subject born 10/18/39 at New Orleans. Subject wrote letter to "The Worker", 6/10/63 requesting literature. Subject arrested by NOPD 8/9/63 for distributing literature of Fair Play For Cuba Committee in business district of New Orleans; charged with disturbing the peace by creating a scene. Pleaded guilty 8/12/63 and paid $10.00 fine. Subject admitted being a Marxist in radio broadcast. Moved from New Orleans with wife and child on 9/25/63 ostensibly for Texas. Unknown to informants.

- P -

5-28-71
THIS REPORT IS COMMISSION EXHIBIT 1 F 826.

DETAILS:

BACKGROUND

Birth

Mrs. STEPHANIE A. HENNEL, Orleans Parish Board of Health, Bureau of Vital Statistics, City Hall, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised on October 24, 1963, that Book 207, Folio No. 1321, recorded the birth of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, white male, on October 18, 1939, New Orleans, Louisiana. The child's father was shown as ROBERT E. LEE OSWALD, and his mother as MARGUERITE CLAVERIE.

LD - TEXAS
MARGUERITE OSWALD
ROBERT E. LEE OSWALD

Identification Record

The Identification Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation furnished the following identification record of the subject on September 5, 1963, under FBI Number 327 925 D:

Contributor of Fingerprints	Name and Number	Arrested or Received	Charge	Disposition
Marine	LEE HARVEY OSWALD #1653230	10/24/56		
PD, New Orleans, La.	LEE HARVEY OSWALD #112-723	8/9/63	828 MCS 42-22 dist the peace by creating a scene	8/12/63, pleaded guilty and sentenced to $10 or 10 days. Elected to pay fine.

Employment

Mrs. MARY BERTUCCI, Personnel Secretary, William B. Reily Coffee Company, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised on August 5, 1963, that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed as a maintenance man on May 15, 1963. His address at the time of employment was 757 French Street.

ALVIN PRECHTER, Personnel Manager, William B. Reily Coffee Company, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, advised on October 1, 1963, that subject terminated his employment on July 19, 1963.

Residence

Confidential Informant NO T-1 advised on July 23, 1963, that Post Office Box 30061 was rented by L. H. OSWALD on June 3, 1963. He furnished as his address 657 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. T-1 advised on October 25, 1963, that the subject sent a forwarding address for P. O. Box 30061 on September 26, 1963, of 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas.

NO 100-16601/cv

Mrs. JESSIE JAMES GARNER, 4909 Magazine Street, New Orleans, advised on August 5, 1963, that the subject and his wife have resided at 4905 Magazine Street since about June, 1963.

Mrs. GARNER advised on October 1, 1963, that the subject and his wife vacated their apartment on September 25, 1963. She said that Mrs. OSWALD and the child departed in a station wagon bearing Texas license plates and driven by the same woman who brought Mrs. OSWALD to New Orleans from Texas. Mrs. GARNER said that LEE OSWALD told her that his wife was going to have a baby and that she was going to Texas for her confinement. She remarked that OSWALD left New Orleans owing her $17.00 rent for the apartment.

Mrs. CHARLES F. MURRET, 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised on October 1, 1963, that she was LEE OSWALD's aunt and that when the subject's wife originally came to New Orleans a woman driving a station wagon brought her and the child from Texas. She said that this woman spoke the Russian language and apparently was well known by Mrs. OSWALD. Mrs. MURRET thought that Mrs. OSWALD had resided with this woman in Texas while LEE OSWALD was here in New Orleans seeking employment. Mrs. MURRET stated that LEE OSWALD never resided at her residence but that he requested that he be permitted to use her address while he was seeking employment so that he could furnish her telephone number to prospective employers.

CONNECTIONS WITH THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

A Confidential Informant, NO T-2, advised on June 26, 1963, that LEE H. OSWALD, Post Office Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana, wrote a letter on June 10, 1963, to "The Worker", 23 West 26th Street, New York 10, New York. OSWALD claimed in the letter to be a long-time subscriber to "The Worker" and stated that he was forming a "Fair Play For Cuba Committee" in New Orleans and requested that he be sent some of "The Worker's" literature. He also forwarded honorary membership cards for "those fighters for peace, Mr. GUS HALL and Mr. B. DAVIS".

GUS HALL is General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA.

NO 100-16601/cv

On May 6, 1963, BENJAMIN DAVIS stated that he is the National Secretary of the Communist Party, USA.

NO T-4
(May 7, 1962)

Confidential Informant NO T-5 advised on July 8, 1963, that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Post Office Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana, sent a change of address card to "The Worker", 26 West 23rd Street, New York 10, New York, which showed that his current address is 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Confidential Informant NO T-6 advised on August 9, 1963, that at about 1:15 pm. that date the informant observed an unknown individual handing out leaflets on Canal Street. Some of these leaflets were white in color and others were yellow in color. The informant was unable to obtain a leaflet but advised that the yellow leaflet contained in large printing "Hands Off Cuba, Viva CASTRO". The informant advised that this individual was passing out these leaflets on the uptown side of Canal Street between Baronne and Carondelet Streets. She described this individual as white male, age 25 to 30, 5'10", 140 pounds, slender build, light complexion, sandy hair, wearing an off white or light gray shirt and medium colored trousers.

On August 9, 1963, Lt. WILLIAM GAILLOT, First District, New Orleans Police Department, advised that the following persons had been arrested on Canal Street on that date and charged with disturbing the peace:

1. LEE H. OSWALD, white male, age 23, born October 18, 1939, New Orleans, residence 4709 Magazine, New Orleans, lower center apartment. OSWALD informed arresting officer that he is a member of the New Orleans Chapter of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee with headquarters at 799 Broadway, New York City. Lt. GAILLOT informed that OSWALD was handing out yellow leaflets with inscription "Hands Off Cuba, Viva CASTRO".

2. CARLOS JOSE BRINGUIER, white male age 29, 501 Adele Street, Apartment F, New Orleans, who informed he is the Director of the Cuban Student Directorate for the New Orleans area. He informed he immigrated to this country on February 8, 1961, INS Number A12546223, and has

a clothing shop at 107 Decatur Street.

3. CELFO MACARIO HERNANDEZ, white male, age 47, 519 Adele Street, Apartment E. He advised he is a member of the same group as BRINGUIER.

4. MIGUEL MARIANO CRUZ, white male age 18, 2526 Mazant, Apartment C, who advised he is also a member of the Cuban Student Directorate.

According to Lt. GAILLOT, all four individuals were arrested for disturbing the peace when OSWALD became involved in an argument with BRINGUIER, HERNANDEZ and CRUZ and that a crowd developed. Lt. GAILLOT informed that he had no further information at this time.

Lt. FRANCIS MARTELLO, First District, New Orleans Police Department, advised on August 10, 1963, that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been arrested on August 9, 1963, and charged with disturbing the peace. He said that OSWALD had been distributing literature for the Fair Play For Cuba Committee in the 700 block of Canal Street and was desirous of seeing an Agent of the FBI.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 8/15/63

LEE HARVEY OSWALD was interviewed at the First District Station, New Orleans Police Department, at his request. OSWALD said that he had been picked up on August 9, 1963, by the New Orleans Police Department and was charged with disturbing the peace in the 700 block of Canal Street during the time he was distributing "Fair Play For Cuba Committee" literature.

OSWALD stated that he was unemployed at the present time, his last employment being terminated July 17, 1963, as a mechanic with the William B. Riley Company, 640 Magazine Street. He said he was born October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana. He had attended Warren Easton High School in New Orleans until 1956 at which time he joined the United States Marine Corps. He had only completed two years of high school at this time. From 1956 through 1959, he was a member of the Marine Corps at which time he received an honorable discharge. Following his discharge he moved to Fort Worth, Texas, where he lived with his mother, MARGUERITE OSWALD. He could not recall her address in Fort Worth, but remarked that she was living now in Arlington, Texas, and was a practical nurse by profession.

About four months ago he and his wife, MARINA OSWALD nee Prossa, whom he met and married in Fort Worth, moved to New Orleans.

After coming to New Orleans he said he began reading various pieces of literature distributed by the "Fair Play For Cuba Committee," and it was his understanding from reading this material that the main goal and theme of the committee is to prevent the United States from invading or attacking Cuba or interfering in the political affairs of that country. Further, that the people of this country should be given an opportunity to go visit Cuba, and in this way they could make up their own minds as to what the internal conditions of Cuba are like at the present time. He says he does not consider the "Fair Play For Cuba Committee" to be communist or a communistic-controlled group. OSWALD said that inquiry in New Orleans developed the fact that there

On 8/10/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 100-16601

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY /cv Date dictated 8/15/63

...recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency;

apparently was a chapter of the "Fair Play For Cuba Committee" in New Orleans, but he did not know any of the members or where their offices were located. He said he sent a letter to the headquarters of the "Fair Play For Cuba Committee," 799 Broadway, New York City, together with $5.00 and told them he wished to join this committee. During the latter part of May of this year he received a membership card in this organization which bore a date of May 28, 1963, and was made out in the name of LEE H. OSWALD and was signed by V. L. LEE. He described this card as being gray in color and signifying membership in the national organization. A short time thereafter he said he received in the mail a white card which showed that he was made a member of the New Orleans Chapter of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee. This card was dated June 6, 1963. It was signed by A. J. Hidell, and it bore in the lower right hand corner the number 33 which he said indicated membership number. OSWALD had in his possession both cards and exhibited both of them.

Since becoming a member of the national committee, OSWALD said that he has been receiving the monthly circular of the committee which is about seven pages in length. He claimed that he could not recall the name of this publication.

Since receiving his membership card in the New Orleans chapter of the committee he said that he had spoken with HIDELL on the telephone on several occasions. On these occasions, HIDELL would discuss general matters of mutual interest in connection with committee business, and on other occasions he would inform him of a scheduled meeting. He said he has never personally met HIDELL, and he knows HIDELL did have a telephone, but it has now been discontinued. He claimed that he could not recall what the number was.

OSWALD said that the committee did not have any offices in New Orleans, and whenever meetings were held they were held in residences of various members. He maintained that he had attended only two meetings of this committee, and at each of the meetings there were about five different individuals. At each of these meetings the persons present were different. He did not know the last names of any of these individuals and claimed he was only introduced to them by first names. He maintained that he could not recall any of the first names. From what he understands there are no regularly scheduled times for meetings, and the only way he knows about them is when somebody gives him a call and tells him there will be a meeting. At these meetings he said the general conversation

deals with Cuba and the latest news on the internal affairs of Cuba. OSWALD admitted that on one occasion he held a committee meeting at his home, but he declined to elaborate on how he got word to the various members that it would be held.

Last Wednesday, August 7, 1963, OSWALD said he received a note through the mail from HIDELL. The note asked him if he had time would he mind distributing some Fair Play literature in the downtown area of New Orleans. He said HIDELL knew that he was not working and probably had time. HIDELL also knew that he had considerable literature on the committee which had been furnished to him by the national committee in New York. Since he did not have anything to do, OSWALD said he decided he would go down to Canal Street and distribute some literature. He denied that he was being paid for his services, but that he was doing it as a patriotic duty.

About one p.m. on August 9, 1963, OSWALD said that he went down on Canal Street by himself and started distributing committee literature. He said he had made up a placard which he hung around his neck with a piece of string. The placard was made up of brown cardboard. On the placard were several pieces of literature which expressed the aims and purposes of the committee. At the bottom of the cardboard placard he said he had printed in black capital letters the words "Viva FIDEL." From this time until around four p.m. he said he distributed a throwaway which was prepared on yellow paper, 6" x 9" in size, which contained the following: "Hands Off Cuba! Join The Fair Play For Cuba Committee, New Orleans, Charter Member Branch, Free Literature, Lectures, Location: A. J. HIDELL, P. O. Box 30016, New Orleans, Louisiana, Everybody Welcome!" In addition, OSWALD said he had on his person membership applications which he would pass out to anyone he thought desired one. This membership application was prepared on a white piece of paper 3½" wide by 8½" in length, and it contained the following information:

"To: The Fair Play for Cuba Committee
New Orleans, La.

A. J. HIDELL
P. O. Box 30016
New Orleans, La.

____I wish to join the Committee, Enclosed is my Initiation Fee of $1.00 and dues are $1.00 a month.

____I cannot participate as an active member of the Committee, but wish to become a subscriber to mailings. Enclosed find $5.00 for one year.

____I would like to have a more active part in supporting the cause of FPCC. Enclosed is my contribution for ...____

Name_____

Address_____

City_____Zone____State_____"

OSWALD stated in addition to this he had on his person several copies of a thirty-nine page pamphlet entitled "The Crime Against Cuba" by CORLISS LAMONT, which he carried with him as it contained all of the information regarding the committee, and he would be in a position to refer to it for proper answers in the event someone questioned him regarding the aims and purposes of the committee.

OSWALD had in his possession at the time of interview a copy of the above three described documents and made available a copy of each to the Agent.

Around 4 p.m. while standing in the immediate vicinity of Walgreen's Drug Store at Canal and Baronne Streets, OSWALD said three Cubans approached him, and he gave each one of the above-described throwaways. These individuals became very angry, tore up the throwaways, threw them down on the sidewalk and began arguing with him. This created quite a disturbance and shortly thereafter the police arrived, and he, as well as the other individuals whom he understood to be Cuban exiles, was arrested.

OSWALD said it was his understanding that around one p.m. on August 12, 1963, he was to be taken into City Court, New Orleans, and charged with disturbing the peace.

For further identification OSWALD exhibited a U. S. Marine Corps, Inactive Reserve, IV-5 Identification Card, which showed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, USM Serial No. 1653230, had served on active duty from period of October 24, 1956, to September 11, 1959. This ID card had been signed by Lt. A. G. Ayers, USMCR.

From observation and questioning, OSWALD is described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	23
Date of birth	October 18, 1939
Place of birth	New Orleans, Louisiana (at time of arrest claimed from Cuba)
Height	5'9"
Weight	140 pounds
Build	Slender
Hair	Light brown
Eyes	Blue-hazel
Teeth	Good
Marital Status	Married, wife MARINA OSWALD nee Prossa
Occupation	Mechanic
Military record	U. S. Marine Corps, October 24, 1956, to September 11, 1959, MSN 1653230, honorable discharge
Criminal record	Denies any
Residence	4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, La.

The records of the New Orleans Police Department under Arrest Number 112-723 were examined on August 27, 1963. These records showed that OSWALD was arrested on August 9, 1963, by Lt. WILLIAM GAILLOT and Patrolmen F. HAYWARD and F. WILSON of the First District. He was charged with "disturbing the peace by creating a scene". The records showed that OSWALD claimed to be a member of the "Fair Play For Cuba Committee" and was passing out circulars in the 700 block of Canal Street and became involved in an argument with three Cuban immigrants.

JOSEPH LESSLIE, Office of the Clerk of Court, Municipal Court, 501 North Rampart Street, advised on August 28, 1963, that OSWALD appeared before Second Municipal Court Judge EDWIN A. BABYLON on August 12, 1963, and entered a plea of guilty to the charge of disturbing the peace by creating a scene and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10.00 or serve ten days in jail. OSWALD elected to pay the fine. Mr. LESSLIE advised that the three persons arrested with OSWALD were discharged.

Mrs. JEANNE RODGERS, Secretary to the Manager, Radio Station WDSU, 520 Royal, New Orleans, Louisiana, made available on August 22, 1963, a transcript of the radio broadcast of a program called "Conversation Carte Blanche" which was broadcast from Radio Station WDSU on August 21, 1963. This transcript revealed that on August 21, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD appeared on the above-mentioned program along with EDWARD SCANNELL BUTLER, Staff Director of The Information Council of the Americas which organization specializes in the distribution of anti-Communist educational material to Latin American countries. During the program OSWALD stated that the Fair Play For Cuba Committee is not Communist-controled and that he, OSWALD, is a Marxist.

On August 30, 1963, BILL STUCKEY, Ross Agency, 525 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he had a conversation with OSWALD after the carte-blanche broadcast at which time the subject said that he had met his wife in Russia and had married her there. He claimed that she was the daughter of a Russian Army Colonel. OSWALD claimed that he had worked in a factory in Russia earning eighty rubles per month. OSWALD stated that the

Russians had "gone soft" on Communism and that Cuba is the only real revolutionary country in the world today.

A Confidential Informant NO T-7, who is familiar with Cuban activities in the New Orleans area, advised on September 9, 1963, that OSWALD was unknown to informant.

FRANK BARTES, 1608 Mason-Smith Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, who is a delegate to the Cuban Revolutionary Council in New Orleans, advised on September 10, 1963, that OSWALD was unknown to him.

A Confidential Informant NO T-8, who is acquainted with some phases of Communist Party activity in the New Orleans area, advised on October 1, 1963, that OSWALD was unknown to the informant.

APPENDIX

"THE WORKER"

"The Worker" is an east coast Communist publication.

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the Fair Play For Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

"On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the fall of 1962 and was filled by VINCENT "TED" LEE, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed LEE has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. How-

ever, LEE has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. LEE feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

CORLISS LAMONT

On September 28, 1963, LOUIS F. BUDENZ testified before the United States Senate Permanent Investigations Subcommittee that EARL BROWDER, as head of the Communist Party (CP) in the United States, had referred to CORLISS LAMONT as one of the "four prides" of the CP because CORLISS LAMONT was ready to cooperate with any Communist front or any Communist cause. BROWDER made this reference at a National Committee meeting of the CP in the early 1940's. BUDENZ also recalled that LAMONT was a member of the CP when he, BUDENZ, was a member.

"Rights", self-identified as a publication of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC), April - May, 1962 issue, reveals CORLISS LAMONT is Vice-Chairman of the ECLC.

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

"1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. *** The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee,

APPENDIX

established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.'

'FRANK WILKINSON was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956 WILKINSON was identified as a Communist Party member by a former FBI undercover agent within the party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock reply to questions when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * WILKINSON has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail.'

'Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists.
* * *
(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

'To defend the cases of Communist Lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. When the Communist

Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.'
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana
October 31, 1963

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R - Cuba

Reference Report of SA MILTON R. KAACK, dated October 31, 1963, at New Orleans

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

NO T-1 is an employee of another Government agency.

Contact with NO T-6 has been insufficient to judge the reliability of his information.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 10/30/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
OO:NEW ORLEANS
(Dallas file 100-10461)
(New Orleans file 100-16601)

MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD,
nee Prusakova, aka. Mrs.
Lee Harvey Oswald
IS - R
OO:NEW ORLEANS
(Dallas file 105-1435)
(New Orleans file 100-16926)

Re New Orleans airtel to Bureau, 10/25/63 and Dallas airtel to Bureau, 10/22/63.

A pretext interview by SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. in the vicinity of 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, reflects that subject MARINA OSWALD is residing at that address with Mrs. MICHAEL R. PAINE. Subject gave birth to a second girl about a week ago and Mrs. PAINE is taking care of the subject. Subject LEE HARVEY OSWALD has visited his wife at this address but is

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105 - 82555-2

(3) - Bureau (RM)
4 - New Orleans (RM)
(2 - 100-16601)
(2 - 100-16926)
4 - Little Rock (RM)
4 - Dallas
(2 - 100-10461)
(2 - 105-1435)
JPH:rmb
(15)

REC-53 105-82555-45

EX-117

8 NOV 1 1963

cc - Wick

JUL 3 1964

SECRET SECTION

58 NOV 15 1963

Approved:

DL 100-10461
DL 105-1435

not living there. Mrs. PAINE speaks Russian and has been a Russian language teacher in Dallas.

Dallas and all offices should continue efforts to locate subject LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 11/5/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL, REGISTERED (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, LITTLE ROCK (105-406) (RUC)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO: DL)
(DL File 100-10461)
(NO File 100-16601)

MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD;
nee Prusakova, aka. Mrs. Lee
Harvey Oswald
IS - R
(OO: NO)
(DL file 105-1435)
(NO file 100-16926)

Re Dallas airtel to Bureau and Little Rock, 10/22/63.

On November 4, 1963, MARVIN R. THOMAS, Postal Clerk, U. S. Post Office, (PROJECT IDENTITY) advised SA LOUIS M. KELLEY that the route carrier's book reflected ROBERT OSWALD formerly resided at Route 5, Box 32C, Malvern, Arkansas, but that a change of address had been received dated September 13, 1963, reflecting a forwarding address for ROBERT OSWALD of 1009 Siena Drive, Denton, Texas.

6 - Bureau (AIR MAIL, REGISTERED)
4 - Dallas (2 - 100-10461)
(2 - 105-1435) (AIR MAIL, REGISTERED)
4 - New Orleans (2 - 100-16601)
(2 - 100-16926) (AIR MAIL, REGISTERED)
1 - Little Rock
LMK/ds
(15)

REC-86 105-82555-46

NOV 6 1963

EX-117

SOVIET SECTION

60 NOV 13 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

LR 105-406

DALLAS at Denton, Texas, will interview subject's brother, ROBERT L. OSWALD, as to the whereabouts of both subjects.

FD-121 (Rev. 8-29-58)
OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Attn: 105-82555) DATE: 11/15/63

FROM : SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16926) (RUC)

SUBJECT: MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, aka.
IS - R
SOBIR

Lee Harvey Oswald

The captioned individual has been the subject of a security investigation by this office. The DALLAS Division has verified the permanent presence of the subject in its division as residing and working at the addresses listed below. The DALLAS Division is being considered the new office of origin.

Residence address
2515 West Fifth Street
Irving, Texas

Business address
None

Check the following applicable statements:

- ☐ This individual is the subject of a Security Index Card. (The Bureau is requested to make the appropriate changes in the Security Index at the Seat of Government. The _____ Division should affix the addresses indicated above and the appropriate case file number.)
- ☐ This subject is tabbed for Deicom.
- ☐ This subject was carried as a Key Figure or Top Functionary.
- ☐ Handwriting specimens have been furnished to the Bureau.
- ☐ A photograph has been furnished to the Bureau.
- ☐ A security flash notice has been placed with the Identification Division and a copy has been designated thereto.

The following pertinent items are being forwarded to the new Office of Origin with its copies of this letter:

- ☐ Security Index Cards
- ☐ Serials (specify)
- ☐ Photograph of subject (check appropriate item listed below)
  - ☐ Negative and three copies of most recent or best likeness photograph.
  - ☐ None available.
  - ☐ Previously furnished.

REC-44
105-82555-47
NOV 15 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-124032

Registered Mail
RUC
cc: 2-Bureau (RM) Enclosure(s)
2-Dallas (RM) (105-1435)
1 - New Orleans

EX-102 TURNER SOVIET DESK

Dallas is in possession of all pertinent serials in this case. A report is not being prepared in this case since all pertinent data has been reported in report on subject's husband "LEE HARVEY OSWALD" which is in possession of the Dallas Office.

MRK/cv
(1) DEC 1963

FD-36 (Rev. 12-11-62)

FBI

Date: 11/4/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIR-TEL AIR MAIL - REGISTERED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)
SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)
LITTLE ROCK

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)(P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

NO - CO

Re report of SA MILTON R. KAACK, New Orleans, 10/31/63, and Dallas airtel to Bureau 10/30/63.

On 11/1/63, MRS. MICHAEL R. PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD is presently employed by the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, as a laborer. MRS. PAINE stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD is rooming at an unknown address in Dallas, Texas, and as soon as he gets enough money and his new baby is old enough, he will get an apartment for his family in Dallas.

Little Rock discontinue efforts to locate the subject.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 01 1973

SHANKLIN

3 - Bureau (105-82555)(RM)
2 - New Orleans (100-16601)(RM)
2 - Little Rock (RM)
2 - Dallas (100-10461)
JPH:HM
(9)

EX-102 REC-48 105-82555-48

Copy to _____ by routing slip for ☐ info ☐ action date 11-19-63 by _____

NOV. 6 1963

11-19-63

LEC-Miss

NAT. INTEREST

Approved: 53 NOV 27 1963 Sent _____ M Per Soviet Emb.
Special Agent in Charge

FD-128 (Rev. 8-28-59)
OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Attn: 105-82555) DATE: 11/19/63

FROM : SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

The captioned individual has been the subject of a security investigation by this office. The Dallas Division has verified the permanent presence of the subject in its division residing and working at the addresses listed below. The Dallas Division is being considered the new office of origin.

Residence address

Unknown

Business address

Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas

Check the following applicable statements:

- ☐ This individual is the subject of a Security Index Card. (The Bureau is requested to make the appropriate changes in the Security Index at the Seat of Government. The _____ Division should affix the addresses indicated above and the appropriate case file number.)
- ☐ This subject is tabbed for Deicom.
- ☐ This subject was carried as a Key Figure or Top Functionary.
- ☐ Handwriting specimens have been furnished to the Bureau.
- ☐ A photograph has been furnished to the Bureau.
- ☐ A security flash notice has been placed with the Identification Division and a copy has been designated therefor.

The following pertinent items are being forwarded to the new Office of Origin with its copies of this letter:

- ☐ Security Index Cards
- ☒ Serials (specify) Dallas in possession of all pertinent serials.
- ☒ Photograph of subject (check appropriate item listed below) See note:
  - ☐ Negative and three copies of most recent or best likeness photograph.
  - ☐ None available.
  - ☐ Previously furnished.

Registered Mail RUC

CC: Enclosure(s)

Photo of subject, New Orleans Police Department # 122 723 enclosed for Dallas.

REC-84 105-82555-49

(2) - Bureau (105-82555) (RM)
2 - Dallas (105-10461) (enc. 1) (RM)
1 - New Orleans (100-16601)
MRK/bal
(5)

NOV 22 1963

EX-116

DEC 3 1963

URGENT 11-22-63 4-25 PM CST IJP

TO - DIRECTOR, FBI, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM - SAC, SAN ANTONIO 2-PAGES

DEATH OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

LT. COLONEL ROBERT E. JONES, OPERATIONS OFFICER, ONE HUNDRED TWELFTH INCT GROUP, SAN ANTONIO, ADVISED THAT THROUGH NEWS BROADCASTS THEY HAD LEARNED THAT LEE HARVEY OSWALD HAD BEEN ARRESTED AFTER KILLING A POLICE OFFICER IN A THEATER IN DALLAS AND THAT OSWALD IS A SUSPECT IN PRESIDENT KENNEDYS DEATH. JONES STATED OSWALD REPORTEDLY IS MARRIED TO A RUSSIAN WOMAN AND HAS TRAVELED EXTENSIVELY IN RUSSIA. WHEN ARRESTED TODAY IN DALLAS, ACCORDING TO INFORMATION HE HAS RECEIVED, OSWALD WAS CARRYING A SELECTIVE SERVICE CARD HAVING THE NAME OF ALEX HIDELL. JONES STATED INCT RECORDS HERE REFLECT A REFERENCE TO ANA J. HIDELL WHO REPORTEDLY HAS BEEN DISTRIBUTING QUOTE HANDS OFF CUBA UNQUOTE LITERATURE. RECORDS, INCT, NEW ORLEANS, REFLECT LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS ARRESTED IN NEW ORLEANS DATE UNKNOWN, FOR DISTRIBUTING PRO CUBAN LITERATURE. FILES OF INCT, CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS, REFLECT CORPUS CHRISTI PAPER NOVEMBER ONE, FIFTY NINE, REFLECT LEE HARVEY OSWALD HAD REQUESTED RUSSIAN CITIZENSHIP AND PERMISSION TO LIVE IN

END PAGE ONE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Tel. & Dist. 11-22-63 FDT/CB

Forwarded 11-22-63

105-22555 UNREC

DEC 5 1963

PAGE TWO

RUSSIA. LATER ARTICLE, JUNE EIGHT, SIXTYTWO, IN SAN ANTONIO LIGHT, DAILY NEWSPAPER, REFLECTED OSWALD HAD RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES WITH RUSSIAN WIFE AND CHILD AND THAT HE DENOUNCED CAPITALISM AND PRAISED COMMUNISM. ARTICLES REFLECT OSWALD RESIDES IN EITHER DALLAS OR FT. WORTH AND HAS RELATIVES THERE.

LETTERHEAD MEMO FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK PLS

EU 5-30 PM OK F B I WA BH

DL 4-30 PM CST OK FBI DL PS

TU

Have field locate & interview Alex Hidell & Anna Hidell

CC-MR SULLIVAN

URGENT 11-22-63 10-29 PM CST FLL

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC NEW ORLEANS

FROM SAC DALLAS /89-43/ 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, INSTANT, AFO.

INSPECTOR HARRY HOLMES, US POST OFFICE, DALLAS, ADVISED TONIGHT CHECK OF POSTAL RECORDS AT DALLAS REFLECTS FOLLOWING INFO.

ON MAY TEN LAST, USPO, MAIN BRANCH, DALLAS, RECEIVED FORWARDING ORDER FOR ANY MAIL FOR MRS. LEE H. OSWALD TO BE FORWARDED FROM BOX TWO NINE ONE FIVE, LOCATED MAIN PO, DALLAS, TO TWO FIVE ONE FIVE WEST FIFTH ST., IRVING, TEXAS. ON MAY FOURTEEN LAST, PO RECEIVED FORWARDING ORDER AGAIN FOR MAIL IN BOX TWO NINE ONE FIVE, DALLAS, FOR MR. LEE H. OSWALD TO BE FORWARDED TO FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE, NEW ORLEANS, LA. POST OFFICE SUBSEQUENTLY HAD FORWARDING ORDER FROM MRS. LEE H. OSWALD, DATE UNKNOWN, TO FORWARD ALL MAIL FOR MRS. LEE H. OSWALD TO BOX THREE ZERO ZERO SIX ONE NEW ORLEANS, LA.

ON OCT. ELEVEN LAST, CANCELLATION RECEIVED AT PO FROM IRVING, TEX., FROM MRS. LEE H. OSWALD, TWO FIVE ONE FIVE WEST FIFTH ST., IRVING, TO CANCEL FORWARDING ORDER TO NEW ORLEANS, BOX THREE ZERO ZERO SIX ONE.

END PAGE ONE

CORR LINE EIGHT WORD THREE SHD BE FIFTH

LINE SEVENTEEN WORD ONE SHD BE FIFTH ST.

DEC 3 1963

105-82555

NOT RECORDED

201 DEC 9 1963

MR. BELMONT FOR THE DIRECTOR

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ON NOV. ONE LAST, MR. LEE H. OSWALD APPEARED HOUSTON STREET ANNEX, DALLAS, SECURED BOX SIX TWO TWO FIVE IN NAME OF LEE H. OSWALD AND SHOWED NAME OF FIRM AS "FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE", "AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION". SHOWED "KIND OF BUSINESS" AS "NON-PROFIT" - GAVE DALLAS ADDRESS AS THREE SIX ONE ZERO NORTH BECKLEY.

INSPECTOR HOLMES ADVISES POSTAL INSPECTORS, NEW ORLEANS, COGNIZANT OF ABOVE INFO AND POSSIBLY HAVE STARTED INVESTIGATION AT NEW ORLEANS.

CONTACT POSTAL AUTHORITIES IMMEDIATELY AND ASCERTAIN WHAT INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED AND DETERMINE IMMEDIATELY COMPLETE INFO RE OSWALD-S ACTIVITIES, CONTACTS, ASSOCIATES, ETC. AT NEW ORLEANS, INCLUDING DATES OF ARRIVAL, NEW ORLEANS, AND DATES OF DEPARTURE, NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS TO BE ADVISED SEPARATELY.

END AN DA CK

WA 11-37 PM OK FBI WA ENT

TU DISC

CC-MR. ROSEN

BUREAU ADVISED

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 11/22/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO

RE: DEATH OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY 62-109060
Pursuant to 105-82555

Re San Antonio teletype to Bureau and Dallas 11/22/63.

Attached hereto is a letterhead memo suitable for dissemination.

The attention of the Bureau and the Dallas Office directed to the file captioned, "FUNDS TRANSMITTED TO RESIDENCE OF RUSSIA; IS-R", Bureau file 100-353496, Dallas file 105-976, and specifically to report of SA JOHN W. FAIN, Dallas, dated 5/12/60. In this report information is set out concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD who appears to be identical with the subject of the attached letterhead memo.

105-82555-25 to see in Moscow 1960

EMCT-10 NOT RECORDED UNREC
28 DEC 5 1963

1 ENCLOSURE
3 - Bureau (Enc. 4)
2 - Dallas (Enc. 2)
2 - San Antonio
WTB:mkd
(7)

DEC 4 1963

1 ENCLOSURE

cc Dallas-ok

62-109060-1286

ORIGINAL FILED IN

E. C. Wick 53 DEC 9 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas
November 22, 1963.

DEATH OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

At 3:15 p.m., November 22, 1963, Lt. Colonel ROBERT E. JONES, Operations Officer, 112th INCT Group, San Antonio, advised that through news broadcasts they had learned that Lee Harvey Oswald had been arrested after killing a Police Officer in a theater and that Oswald was a suspect in President Kennedy's death.

Jones stated Oswald reportedly is married to a Russian woman and has traveled extensively in Russia. When arrested today in Dallas, according to information Col. Jones has, Oswald was carrying a Selective Service card bearing the name of Alex Hidell. Jones stated that INCT records here reflect reference to an A. J. Hidell who reportedly had been distributing "Hands Off Cuba" literature.

Records of INCT in New Orleans reflect that Oswald has been arrested in New Orleans for distributing pro-Cuban literature.

The records of the Corpus Christi INCT Group contained the following newspaper articles:

Corpus Christi Caller, 1 November 1959.

"EX-MARINE DEFECTS TO RUSSIA

"Texan Asks Russia to Become Citizen.

"Moscow A.P.

"An ex-Marine from Texas told the United States Embassy Saturday that he was applying for Soviet citizenship.

"'I have made up my mind I'm through', said Lee Harvey Oswald, 20, of Fort Worth Texas, slapping his passport on the desk.

105

"The Embassy suggested that he withhold signing papers renouncing United States citizenship until he is sure the Soviet Union will accept him.

"Oswald's decision on the suggestion was not known. He has been staying at the Metropole Hotel but he was unavailable when reporters tried to get in touch with him.

"Oswald is a third American in recent months to apply for Soviet citizenship upon arriving in Moscow.

"Nicholas Petrulli of Valley Stream, New York, filed a renunciation form then changed his mind and decided to keep his United States citizenship. Robert Webster of Cleveland, Ohio, completed formalities for adopting Soviet citizenship ten days ago. He went into the Marines October 24, 1956.

"'He's just a kid", said a brother R. L. Oswald, milk route driver. 'I don't know of any trouble he ever had in the Marines or before he went in.'

"Mrs. James E. Taylor at whose Fort Worth home Oswald lived with his mother, Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, said the youth seemed to prefer staying in his room instead of making friends and running around with boys and girls. His father died before he was born. The former Marine was described as a lonely boy 'who seemed tickled to death when anyone paid any attention to him.'

"His sister-in-law, Mrs. R. L. Oswald of Fort Worth said he had gotten out of the Marines about a month ago and returned to Fort Worth for a visit."

San Antonio Light, dated June 8, 1962.

"RED ABOUT FACE

"Moscow UPI.

"A former United States Marine who once vowed he would 'never return to the United States for any reason' was reported Friday on his way home with his Russian wife and child.

"A reliable source stated Lee Harvey Oswald, 23, a one-time Fort Worth resident, had left the Soviet Union where he has lived for three years within the past ten days and was en route to the United States.

"Oswald was a third American in two months to grow disenchanted with the Soviet way of life and to decide to return to the United States.

"Robert E. Webster, Bellenople, Pennsylvania, who gave up his American citizenship, left for the United States as an immigrant last month.

"Philadelphia railroad worker David Johnson and his wife and twin sons returned to the United States after disillusioned in Russia where they had intended to settle.

"Oswald who came here in October 1959 shortly after being discharged from the United States Marine Corps, was reported to have been a student while in the Soviet Union.

"Unlike Webster, Oswald was believed to have retained his United States citizenship while here.

"When he first came here, Oswald told a news man, he was a worker and wanted to live in a worker's country.

"'I would not want to live in the United States and be either a worker exploited by Capitalists or a Capitalist exploiting workers or become unemployed,' Oswald said. 'I could not be happy living under Capitalism'.

"Oswald said he had studied Communism for five years before coming to the Soviet Union. His own personal experiences in civilian and military life he stated, had shown him the correctness of Communist theories.

"Oswald said he had joined the Marine Corps at the age of 17 because he felt he could not get a job and because he wanted to relieve the financial burden of his family.

"'I saved my money — $15,000 — to come to the Soviet Union and thought of nothing else. When I left America it was like getting out of prison.'"

This document

URGENT 11-22-63 10-21 PM OS

TO SACS NEW ORLEANS DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR 1P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

RESATEL NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO INSTANT SETTING FORTH INFORMATION FURNISHED BY LT. COL. ROBERT E. JONES.

BUREAU RECORDS INDICATE MEMBERSHIP CARD OF LEE OSWALD IN FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA WAS SIGNED BY A. J. HIDELL. OSWALD STATED HIDELL HAD CONTACTED HIM AUGUST SEVEN LAST ASKING OSWALD TO DISTRIBUTE LITERATUPE FOR FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA. LITERATURE DISTRIBUTED BY OSWALD BORE NAME A. J. HIDELL SHOWS OFFICE BOX THREE ZERO ZERO ONE SIX WHICH NUMBER INVESTIGATION DETERMINED TO BE NONEXISTENT. INVESTIGATION BY NEW ORLEANS OFFICE FAILED TO LOCATE ANYONE BY NAME OF HIDELL. DALLAS IMMEDIATELY OBTAIN FULL INFORMATION CONCERNING SELECTIVE SERVICE CARD IN NAME OF ALEX HIDELL WHICH WAS ALLEGEDLY IN POSSESSION OF OSWALD. DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO DEVELOP FURTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING ALEX HIDELL, ANA HIDELL AND A. J. HIDELL. IF LOCATED INTERVIEW THOROUGHLY CONCERNING ANY KNOWLEDGE OF OR POSSIBLE PARTICIPATION IN PLOT TO ASSASSINATE THE PRESIDENT. SUTEL.

END AND ACK

WM NO 9-25 PM OK FBI NO TJB

9-24 PM CST OK FBI DL FLL

TU AND CRE

78NOV29 1963

1 105- [illegible]
NOT RECORDED
145 NOV 26 1963

UNREC

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: 11/23/63

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY - Lee Oswald

At 11:07 p.m., 11/22/63, Mr. Adam Yarmolinsky, the Special Assistant to the Secretary of Defense, telephonically furnished the identity of certain defectors during the Korean War. Mr. Yarmolinsky said he had an idea that possibly the following individuals, who had a similar background to Lee Harvey Oswald, might have been in Dallas on November 22, 1963, and might possibly be involved in the assassination of the President. He furnished the names of Libero Picciardelli, Robert E. Webster, and Nicholas Petrulli as the Korean War defectors he had in mind.

Mr. Yarmolinsky was thanked for bringing this matter to our attention, and was advised the matter would receive appropriate attention.

We are checking further on this.

Bureau files contain no information concerning Libero Picciardelli, however, both Webster and Petrulli are the subjects of Bureau cases. Neither were defectrs in the Korean War, but both were defectors to Russia in 1959.

Webster was born on 10/23/28, Tiffin, Ohio, and served as an enlisted man in the U. S. Navy from 8/5/47 to 5/17/50, and received an honorable discharge. In October, 1959, Webster, while employed by the Rand Development Corporation at the U. S. Exhibition in Moscow, renounced his American Citizenship. He returned to the U. S. on 5/20/62. Subsequent to his return, he was interviewed by Bureau Agents, by the Secret Service and appeared before the Senate Subcommittee to Investigate the Administration of the Internal Security Act. At the time of his return, he was residing at 311 East Beaver Street, Zelienople, Pennsylvania, with his parents. The latest information available in Bureau files showed an employment in May, 1963, with the Wesco Manufacturing Company, 2000 Main Street, Wellsville, Ohio, and a residence in the In-City Motel, Main Street, Wellsville, Ohio.

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. DeLoach

RJG:cb
(8)

memo 11/25/63 re same

UNREC

105-82555

NOT RECORDED

100 DEC 16 1963

Memorandum Rosen to Belmont
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY

According to Bureau files, Petrulli renounced his U. S. Citizenship while in Moscow as a tourist on 9/3/59. He returned to the U. S. on 9/22/59. At this time he was residing with his brother, Dominick Petrulli, 354 N. Central Avenue, Valley Stream, Long Island. Bureau files reveal that Petrulli's ex-wife was living in Los Angeles. There was no information in Bureau files of either Webster or Petrulli indicating any connection with Oswald, although Oswald was in Russia at approximately the same time as Webster.

ACTION:

The Cleveland and New York Divisions have been instructed to discreetly ascertain the whereabouts of Webster and Petrulli on 11/22/63.

Memo Re: Ricciardelli
11-246-1
JPL:scf

also I can't understand this renouncing of citizenship by Petrulli in 9/59 & his return to U.S. on 9/22/59. As far as I know practically all people who renounced their citizenship & returned to U.S.

FBI (Rev. 6-19-62)

DECODED COPY

AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☒ TELETYPE

DEFERRED 11-23-63 5:16 PM PST DKT

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS NEW YORK AND DALLAS

FROM SAC SEATTLE 232205

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, SEATTLE DIVISION; IS - SWP; IS - CUBA.

ON NOVEMBER 23, 1963, [redacted] WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST, ADVISED THAT ON THIS DATE CLARA FRASER, CHAIRMAN OF SEATTLE ADULT CHAPTER, FPCC, WHO IS ALSO CHAIRMAN OF SEATTLE BRANCH, SWP AND AN ALTERNATE MEMBER OF SWP NATIONAL COMMITTEE, IN COMMENTING ON ARREST OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD IN CONNECTION WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDYS DEATH, STATED SHE WAS WAITING TO HEAR FROM NATIONAL FPCC OFFICE IN NEW YORK, AND IF SHE DIDN'T HEAR FROM THEM SHE MIGHT ISSUE A STATEMENT LOCALLY THAT FPCC DOES NOT ADVOCATE TERRORIST ACTIVITY. SHE SAID IT IS POSSIBLE THIS MIGHT BE A "FRAMEUP" BY THE GOVERNMENT TO BLAME THIS THING ON THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

ABOVE FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU, NEW YORK, AND DALLAS.

RECEIVED: 8:33 PM ENT CTF

105-82555-UNREC

RECORDED

201 DEC 16 1963

97-4176-0-

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EX-SEC.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 11/23/63

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SECRET

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Late on the evening of 11/22/63, a bullet was received from the Secret Service, White House Detail, by Agents of the Washington Field Office of this Bureau. This bullet was reported as having been secured from a stretcher in the emergency room of the hospital in Dallas. Early on the morning of 11/23/63, Liaison Section, delivered to the Laboratory two pieces of bullet jacket fragments obtained by Secret Service as a result of the search of the President's automobile upon the return of the automobile to Washington, D. C., on 11/22/63.

Work began immediately upon receipt of evidence and has progressed continuously since.

A detailed search of the President's automobile was immediately undertaken by Laboratory personnel. This search located three small metal fragments on the rear floor carpet of the automobile. In addition, metallic residues from the inside surface of the windshield at the cracked area of the windshield were located and removed for Laboratory examination. A dented area was located in the windshield chrome molding, at the top near the center, which was possibly produced by a bullet or bullet fragment.

At approximately 7:30 a. m., this date, an Agent of the Dallas Office delivered the following items of evidence to the Laboratory: two cartridge cases from a room in the Dallas Public School Book Depository, a metal fragment from the right arm of Governor Connolly, the bullet from the body of Dallas Police Officer Tippett, a large paper bag, the suspect's shirt, a blanket, a paper sample from the shipping department of the Dallas Public School Book Depository, a .38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver obtained from the arrest of the suspect, a 6.5 MM Mannlicher - Carcano rifle and a 6.5 MM cartridge from the rifle.

The bullet from the stretcher, the bullet fragments from the President's automobile and the two cartridge cases from the scene were identified as having been fired in the submitted rifle.

Enclosure

105-82555

NOT RECORDED
145 DEC 3 1963

UNREC

1-Mr. Tolson
1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Mohr
1-Mr. Rosen
1-Mr. DeLoach
1-Mr. Trotter

SECRET

Routed by

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad
Re: ASSASSINATION OF THE
PRESIDENT

SECRET

The Identification Division determined that the latent prints appearing in the photograph taken of the gun by the Dallas Police Department are too fragmentary and indistinct to be of any value for identification purposes. Photographs of the weapon taken by the Bureau also failed to produce prints of sufficient legibility for comparison purposes.

A latent fingerprint developed by the Identification Division on the brown paper bag recovered at the scene and marked "found next to 6th floor window gun fired from. May have been used to carry gun. Lt. J. C. Day" was identified with the left index finger impression of Lee Harvey Oswald. In addition, one latent palm print developed on this paper bag was identified with the right palm print of Oswald.

Several black cotton, orange-yellow cotton and gray-black cotton fibers, which matched similar fibers composing the suspect's shirt, were removed from the gun. No fibers were found on the gun that could be associated with the green blanket. A single brown viscose fiber and several light green cotton fibers which match similar fibers present in composition to the blanket were found on the paper bag. The above fibers could have originated from the indicated sources.

The cotton fibers found on the gun are the same colors as the cotton fibers composing the shirt; however, due to the limited number of colors in the shirt (3), it is not possible to state the shirt is positively the source of these fibers.

[redacted]

The remaining examinations of the physical evidence are being expeditiously handled and you will be advised of the results immediately upon completion.

ACTION:

For information.

SECRET

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 11/23/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/22/63
ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER
(CO:DALLAS)

On 11/23/63, Mr. JOHN VICTOR MC VICKAR, Foreign Service Officer, Department of State, 1650 Avon Place, N. W., advised he was one of two Consuls in the American Embassy, Moscow, Russia, from 6/59 to 9/61. He shared an office with RICHARD E. SNYDER, who is now serving outside the U. S. MC VICKAR stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD came into the Embassy in about 10/59 and talked to SNYDER. He said OSWALD was arrogant, "mad" and threw his passport on the desk and stated he wanted to renounce his American citizenship. OSWALD told SNYDER in the presence of MC VICKAR he had learned of the capitalistic system of government while in the Marines and had seen the way it operated. MC VICKAR stated OSWALD appeared rational but angry about something. He said from conversation it appeared OSWALD had studied Marxism before coming to the Soviet Union and appeared reasonably intelligent from his understanding of the study. MC VICKAR said OSWALD spoke as a trained communist as he repeated "the party line" and appeared independent and self reliant.

MC VICKAR said OSWALD came back to the Embassy in the Summer of 1961 and wanted his passport back and to make a deal regarding any prosecution he may have against him if allowed to return to the U. S. MC VICKAR said he assumed the deal referred to the fact that OSWALD had told Soviet intelligence authorities he was willing to furnish them any

2 - Bureau
2 - Dallas (AMSD) (RM)
1 - WFO
CC:ckle
(6)
AIRTEL

105-82555-1 ENCLOSURE
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180 DEC 9 1963

information of value which he learned while in the U. S. Marines. OSWALD, at that time, had his wife and child, which he wanted to bring back to the U. S.

MC VICKAR said it was a Department of State policy to proceed slowly in processing anyone who desired renounce American citizenship in order to give the person time to "cool off" in that they were temporarily angered by something in the U. S. He said OSWALD had not completely divested himself of American citizenship, had not taken up Soviet citizenship under Soviet law, when he was in the Embassy in 1961.

MC VICKAR stated he recalled the case of ROBERT EDWARD WEBSTER who had renounced his American citizenship after arriving in the Soviet Union but said he knew of no connection or association between OSWALD and WEBSTER. He said they lived and worked in widely separated cities in the USSR.

MC VICKAR stated both OSWALD and WEBSTER were given employment in factories in the USSR and said WEBSTER was definitely a target of Soviet intelligence. He said he felt OSWALD and WEBSTER were both used by Soviet intelligence for interrogation only for what possible valuable information could be elicited from them and the Soviet authorities had no further use for them after such information, if any, was obtained.

MC VICKAR said OSWALD stayed in the Metropol Hotel in downtown Moscow for about a week after first coming to the American Embassy in 1959. While there he was interviewed by PRISCILLA JOHNSON, who was then a correspondent in Moscow for North American Newspaper Alliance. Miss JOHNSON reportedly had a lengthy interview with OSWALD regarding his being in the Soviet Union. Miss JOHNSON, according to MC VICKAR, is located at the Brattle Inn, Cambridge, Massachusetts, and on 11/23/63, telephonically contacted a Mr. OHEN on the Soviet Desk, Department of State, to furnish him her recollections of the interview.

The above for info.

November 25, 1963

SECRET

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20501

Dear Mr. President:

There are enclosed the results of our inquiry into the assassination of President John F. Kennedy and background information relative to Lee Harvey Oswald.

Additional information with respect to this matter will be furnished to you when available.

Respectfully submitted,

Enclosure

Classified by 3040 7/5/77
Exempt from GDS, Category 2 & 3
Date of Declassification Indefinite

ENCLOSURE (?) (Map only)

SECRET

22 Dec 2 563

1 ENCLOSURE

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel

Delivered
11-25-63
via Liaison

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NOT RECORDED
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ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060 Sec 1

November 23, 1963

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER 22, 1963

President John F. Kennedy was shot and killed by an unknown assailant at approximately 12:30 p.m., November 22, 1963, in Dallas, Texas. Investigation was immediately instituted in an effort to identify and apprehend the person responsible for this assassination.

At approximately 2:00 p.m., information was received that a suspicious person had entered the Texas Theater which is located about six tenths of a mile from the four hundred block of East 10th Street in Dallas where J. D. Tippitt, a Dallas Police Department patrolman had been shot and killed about 1:13 p.m. Officers of the Dallas Police Department and FBI Agents converged on the theater and took into custody Lee Harvey Oswald who resisted arrest and attempted to fire a .38 caliber revolver which was taken from his person.

State complaints were filed on November 22, 1963, charging Oswald with the murder of President Kennedy and Patrolman Tippitt.

Investigation has established that Oswald was employed at the Texas School Book Depository which has been identified as the building from which the fatal shots were fired at the President. A fellow employee stated he took Oswald to work on the morning of November 22, 1963, at which time Oswald was carrying a package of sufficient length to contain a disassembled rifle and which Oswald said consisted of curtain rods. Oswald was observed on the fifth floor of the building in which he was employed at approximately 11:50 a.m., November 22, 1963. Oswald was again observed inside the building shortly after the shooting but could not be found thereafter. Another fellow employee stated shots were fired "right over his head" while this employee was watching the car occupied by President Kennedy passing in front of the building. A witness to the shooting stated that the shots were fired by

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FDT:LS

ENCLOSURE

a white man from a window on the sixth floor of the building in which Oswald was employed. This witness later selected Oswald in a line-up as the person who resembled the individual he observed fire the rifle from the window. The witness could not make a positive identification. Mrs. Earlene Roberts, 1026 North Beckley Street in Dallas, stated Oswald, using the name of O. H. Lee, had lived at her residence since October 14, 1963, and at about 1:00 p.m., November 22, 1963, came to her residence, picked up a jacket and left hurriedly.

A 6.5 caliber Italian carbine rifle with a four-power scope was found on the sixth floor of the building in which Oswald was employed and from which the shots at the President were fired. Investigation by our Chicago Office has revealed that a weapon of this description and identical serial number was sold to one A. Hidell, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, on March 20, 1963, for $21.45. This Post Office Box at that time was rented by Mrs. Lee H. Oswald, believed to be the mother of suspect. Oswald, at the time of his arrest, had in his possession a Selective Service card in the name of Alex Hidell. The recovered rifle as well as the .38 caliber revolver taken from Oswald, were immediately brought to the FBI Laboratory for examination.

It was determined that a bullet found on one of the stretchers at the hospital following the admittance of President Kennedy had been fired from the rifle referred to above. Examination also identified two bullet fragments found in the Presidential car as having been fired from this same weapon. Other examinations in the FBI Laboratory are continuing.

A brown paper bag possibly used to carry the rifle was found near the window on the sixth floor of the building from which the shots were fired. A latent fingerprint developed on this bag by the FBI Identification Division was identified with the left index finger impression of Lee Harvey Oswald.

Assassination of President John F. Kennedy

With respect to background information concerning Oswald, his birth date has been verified at New Orleans, Louisiana, as October 18, 1939. He attended high school at Fort Worth, Texas, and according to records of the Office of Naval Intelligence, enlisted in the United States Marine Corps at Dallas, Texas, on October 24, 1956, for a three-year term. He was released to inactive duty on September 11, 1959, but his military obligation continued until December 8, 1962.

According to information received from the State Department, he indicated to the American Embassy in Moscow on October 31, 1959, that he wished to renounce his American citizenship. He claimed at the time that he had been a radar operator in the Marine Corps and had told Soviet officials that if he were granted Soviet citizenship, he would make known information concerning the Marine Corps, which was in his possession. On this occasion he declared, "I am a Marxist." The United Press on November 15, 1959, reported that Soviet authorities had refused to grant Oswald Soviet citizenship, but would permit him to live in Russia as a resident alien.

Office of Naval Intelligence reported that Oswald had been undesirably discharged from the Marine Corps Reserve on August 17, 1960.

On January 30, 1961, Oswald corresponded with the then Secretary of the Navy John B. Connally, with respect to his undesirable discharge requesting that appropriate action be taken to change his status and indicating he intended to return to this country. This was followed by a letter dated March 22, 1962, directed to Assistant Director of Personnel, Brigadier General Tompkins, United States Marine Corps, at which time he made a similar complaint.

Information has likewise been received from the Office of Senator John G. Tower (Republican - Texas) that during 1961 Oswald had requested that Senator Tower intercede in his behalf with Soviet authorities, so that they would allow him to return to the United States.

According to information received from the State Department on May 17, 1962, Oswald and his wife, a Soviet citizen, had been granted exit permits to leave Russia, and the State Department had given approval for their travel to the United States accompanied by an infant child.

Assassination of President John F. Kennedy SECRET.

Oswald was interviewed by Special Agents of this Bureau at Fort Worth, Texas, on June 26, 1962, at which time he was curt, sullen and arrogant. He declined to answer questions as to why he made the trip to Russia or his experiences while there. He indicated that he had been employed as a sheet metal worker in a television factory and admired the Russian form of Government. He claimed familiarity with the theories of Karl Marx, but denied being a member of the Communist Party or having renounced his United States citizenship. According to Oswald, the Soviets never attempted to obtain information from him nor did he make any deals with the Soviets in order to obtain permission to return to the United States. He disclaimed any affiliation with Soviet intelligence.

Upon reinterview on August 16, 1962, he acknowledged recently visiting the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D. C., but indicated his visit was solely to register his wife's current address as required by Soviet law. He again denied requesting revocation of his United States citizenship or allegiance to the Soviet Government.

According to information developed by this Bureau, Oswald was arrested on August 9, 1963, for disturbing the peace in New Orleans, Louisiana, as a result of distributing a pamphlet for an organization known as "Fair Play for Cuba." He pleaded guilty and elected to pay a fine of $10.

Oswald was interviewed on August 10, 1962, at which time he indicated he was unemployed and had been in New Orleans for approximately four months. While there he read literature distributed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee which he considered not to be communist dominated or controlled. He corresponded with the Committee at 799 Broadway, New York City, and paid a $5.00 membership fee. He received a membership card in the New Orleans chapter dated June 6, 1963, signed A. J. Hidell.

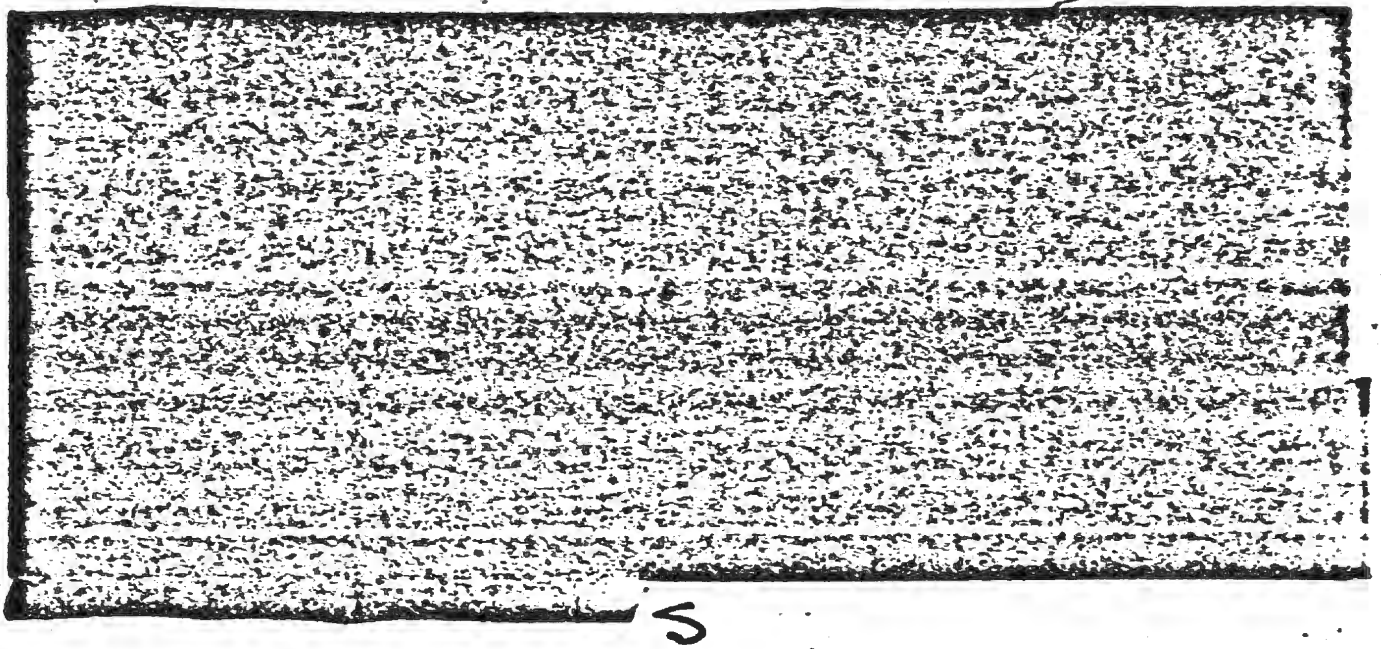
The Fair Play for Cuba Committee is a pro-Castro organization founded during the Spring of 1960, whose function is to propagandize the Castro regime.

[redacted]

5

Assassination of President John F. Kennedy

SECRET



Oswald during previous interviews with FBI Agents claimed to have married his wife, Marina Nikolaevna Oswald, nee Prusakova, at Minsk, Russia, on April 30, 1961. He likewise claimed an American passport, number D092526, issued at New Orleans, Louisiana, on June 25, 1963, for proposed travel of three months to one year as a tourist to England, France, Germany, Holland, USSR, Finland, Italy, and Poland. He indicated an intention to depart from New Orleans during the latter part of 1963.

Additional information developed by this Bureau indicated one Lee Oswald during September, 1962, was a subscriber to "The Worker" an east coast communist newspaper.

SECRET

SAC, Dallas (100-10461)

November 23, 1963

Director, FBI (105-82555)

2 - Original and 1
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Yellow
1 - Soviet Section
1 - Mr. Stewart

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

[redacted]

Enclosures (2)

NOTE:

Data concerning anonymous source was telephonically furnished by New York Office on 11/22/63.

WDS:chs

Classified by 2041
Exempt from GDS, Category 2 3
Date of Declassification Indefinite
8/17/79

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NOV 27 1963

1 ENCLOSURE

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22 NOV26 1963

Tolson
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Evans
Gale
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W. C. SULLIVAN

W. A. BRANIGAN

ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

10-22-63

1 - Belmont
1 - Mohr
1 - DeLoach
1 - Evans
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - Turner
1 - DE Moore
1 - Branigan
1 - Vannall

A memo from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Tolson 11-22-63 advised that the files were being reviewed concerning Lee Harvey Oswald, a suspect in captioned matter.

Oswald first came to our attention on 10-31-59 when a news clipping indicated that he had held a press conference in his room at the Metropole Hotel, Moscow, in which he advised he had applied to renounce his American citizenship and become a Soviet citizen. He was described as a 20-year-old former U.S. Marine and received considerable publicity. We checked with the Office of Naval Intelligence (ONI) and were advised that Oswald had entered the Marine Corps at Dallas, Texas, 10-24-56 to serve 3 years, was released to inactive duty on 9-11-59 but had obligated service until 12-8-62. We had an Identification Division record on his service fingerprints which showed no criminal arrests and placed a stop against the prints so that any subsequent arrest in the U.S. would be brought to our attention.

State Department advised 11-22-59 that Oswald had applied at the American Embassy 10-31-59 advising he wished to renounced his American citizenship and gave as the principal reason for his decision, "I am a Marxist." He stated that he had been a radar operator in the Marine Corps and had told Soviet officials that if he was granted Soviet citizenship, he would make known information concerning the Marine Corps which was in his possession. He again got publicity on 11-15-59 when the United Press reported that he had said that Soviet authorities would not grant him citizenship although he could live in Russia as a resident alien.

ONI advised 11-15-60 that Oswald had been given an undesirable discharge from the Marine Corps Reserve on 8-17-60.

On 5-17-62 State Department advised that it had been determined that Oswald was still an American citizen, was married to a Soviet citizen and that both had exit permits to leave Russia; the State Department had given approval for their travel with their infant child to the U.S. On 5-31-62 the Bureau instructed Dallas to interview Oswald in detail upon his arrival. He returned to Ft. Worth, Texas, on 6-14-62 and was interviewed by Bureau agents on

ETT:cgw (12)

105-82555 (Oswald)

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6-26-62. He was very curt and short in answering many questions and gave the impression of being cold and arrogant. He advised that he was not willing to take a polygraph test. He declined to answer the question as to why he had made the trip to Russia and stated he did not care to relive the past, then added that he went to Russia to see the country. He said that he had been given a job as a sheet metal worker in a television factory and denied that he had gone to Russia because of admiration of the Russian system. He stated that he had read books by Karl Marx because of interest in his economic theories but denied that he had ever been a member of the Communist Party. He also denied that he had renounced his U.S. citizenship and stated that he did not seek Soviet citizenship. He advised that the Soviets never attempted to obtain information from him concerning the Marine Corps; that he was not recruited at any time by Soviet intelligence and made no deals with the Soviets to obtain permission to return to the U.S. He said that he had not given the Soviets any information which could be used against the U.S. He also denied that he had offered to reveal any information to the Soviets obtained as a result of being a radar operator in the Marines.

Oswald was reinterviewd on 8-16-62 and advised that he had made contact with the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D. C., to advise the Embassy of his wife's current address which was required by Soviet law. He said she would report subsequent changes of address to the Embassy. He stated that he had never enjoyed his service in the U.S. Marines but had not enjoyed his trip to the Soviet Union any more than his Marine service. He again denied requesting revocation of his U.S. citizenship and stated that he had never affirmed allegiance to the Soviet Union. He denied that he had made any deals with Soviet intelligence organizations and that he had been assured by the U.S. Embassy that Embassy officials were aware of no evidence which would warrant prosecution of him should he return to the U.S. He advised that he might have to return to the Soviet Union in about 5 years to take his wife to see her relatives. He declined to answer questions as to why he went to the Soviet Union and stated that he considered it "nobody's business." At the end of the interview he agreed to contact the FBI if any person ever contacted him in the U.S. under suspicious circumstances.

An article in "The Times Picayune" New Orleans, Louisiana, 8-13-63 indicated that Oswald had been sentenced to pay a fine of $10 or serve 10 days on a charge of disturbing the peace as a result of distribution of a pamphlet for "Fair Play for Cuba." New Orleans by letter 8-21-63 was instructed to ascertain the facts concerning

Oswald's distribution of the pamphlet and determine if he was engaged in subversive activities.

Investigation in New Orleans disclosed that Oswald had been arrested as reported in the newspaper (it is noted that this is the only arrest disclosed in the Identification Division records). He claimed to be a member of the "Fair Play for Cuba Committee" (FPCC) and became involved in an argument with 3 Cuban emigrants while passing out circulars. He entered a plea of guilty and elected to pay the fine of $10. The 3 other persons arrested with Oswald were discharged. The arrest took place on 8-9-63.

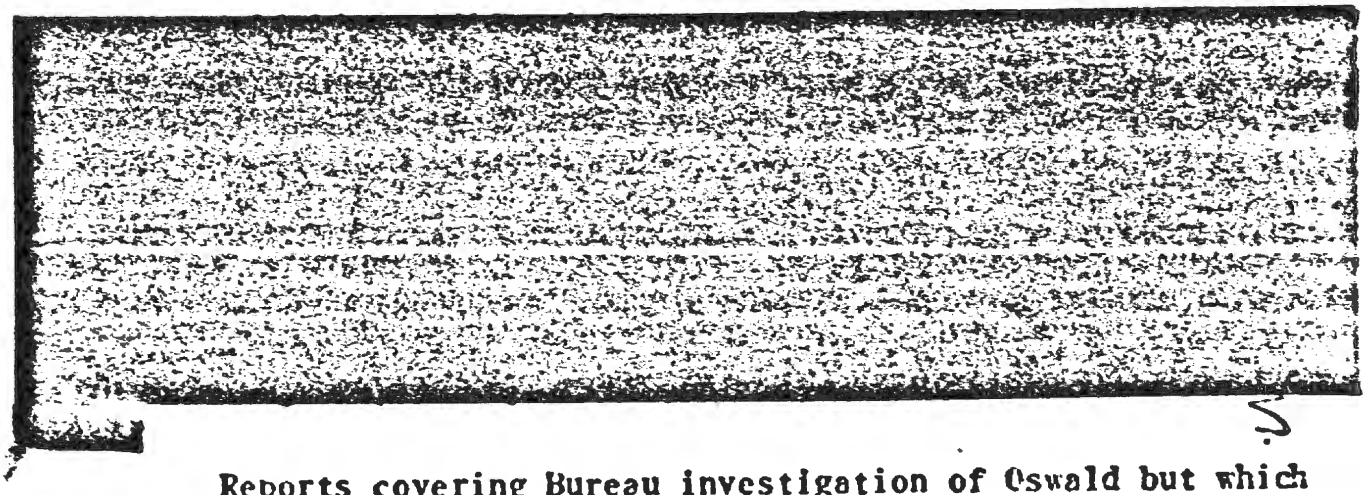
Oswald was interviewed on 8-10-63 by agents of the New Orleans office and advised that he was unemployed and had come to New Orleans about 4 months previously. There he began to read literature distributed by the FPCC which he considered was not a communist or communist-controlled group. He had sent a letter to the headquarters of this Committee at 799 Broadway, New York City, with $5 advising that he wished to join the Committee. During the latter part of May, 1963, he received through the mail a card made out in his name and signed by V. L. Lee which showed that he was a member of the national organization. A short time later he received a white card which made him a member of the New Orleans chapter. This card was dated 6-6-63 and was signed A. J. Hidell. He had not seen Hidell but talked to him on the phone and had attended meetings of the local committee but did not know any of the other persons who attended because they were known only by their first names.

Investigation also disclosed that on 8-21-63 Oswald appeared on a radio program called "Conversation Carte Blanche" on radio station WDSU in New Orleans with Edward Scannell Butler, staff director of the Information Council of the Americas which organization specializes in distribution of anticommunist educational material to Latin American countries. During the program, Oswald stated that the FPCC is not communist-controlled and that he, Oswald, is a Marxist.

[redacted]

Memo for Mr. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT SECRET

On 11-1-63 Mrs. Michael R. Paine, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, advised that Oswald was then employed by the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, as a laborer, was rooming at an unknown address in Dallas and when he obtained enough money he would move his family to an apartment in Dallas.



Reports covering Bureau investigation of Oswald but which did not contain the information pertaining to the contacts with the Soviet Embassy in Mexico and Washington were disseminated to the State Department and on the evening of 11-22-63 the attention of State Department was called to these reports. The same reports were disseminated to Secret Service by liaison on the evening of 11-22-63.

OBSERVATIONS

Other than the connection with the FPCC, investigation developed no subversive data regarding subject except that during September, 1962, a confidential informant advised that Oswald was a subscriber to "The Worker" an east coast communist newspaper. Another informant advised that in June, 1963, Oswald wrote a letter to "The Worker," 23 West 26th Street, New York City, claiming to be a long-time subscriber and advising that he was forming an FPCC in New Orleans. He requested some of "The Worker's" literature and forwarded honorary membership cards for "these fighers for peace, Mr. Gus Hall and Mr. B. Davis." Hall is general secretary of the Communist Party, USA, and Davis is the national secretary.

The investigation disclosed no threats by Oswald against the President but did indicate that he drank to excess while residing in Ft. Worth, Texas, after his return from Russia and beat his wife.

SECRET

Memo for Mr. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

The Marine Corps advised on 5-4-62 that the following letter had been received from Oswald:

"LEE H. OSWALD
Kalinina St. 4-27
Minsk, U.S.S.R.
March 22, 1962

"R. McC. TOMPKINS
Brigadier Gen., U.S.M.C.
Ass. Direct. of Personnel

"Dear Sirs:

"In reply to your notification of the granting of an Undiresable discharge and your conveying of the process at which at was arrived.

"I would like to point out in direct opposition to your information that I have never taken steps to renounce my U. S. citizenship. Also that the United States State Department has no charges or complaints against me what/so ever.

"I refer you to the United States Embassy, Moscow, or the U. S. department of State, Washington, D. C., for the verification of this fact.

"Also, I was aware of the finding of the board of officers of 8 August 1960. I was notified by my mother, in December 1962.

"My request to the Secretary of the Navy, his referrel to you and your letter to me, did not say anything about a Review, which is what I was trying to arrange.

"You mention 'reliable information' as the basis for the Undiserable discharge. I have no douth it was newspapers speculation which foreward your 'reliable information'.

"Under U. S. law governing the use of passports and conduct abroad I have aperfect right to reside in my country I wish too.

Memo for Mr. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

"I have not violated; Section 1544, Title 18, U. S. code, therefore you have no legal or even moral right, to reverse my honourable discharge from the U.S.M.C. of Sept. 11, 1960, into a undiserable discharge.

"You may consider this letter a request by me for a full review of my case in the light of these facts, since by the time you recive this letter I shall have returned to the U.S.A. with my family, and shall be prepared to appear in person at a reasonable time and place in my area, before a reviewing board of officers.

"If you choose to convene a review board you my contact me through the below address in the United States after May 15th 1962.

"LEE H. OSWALD
7313 Davanport St.
Fort Worth, Texas.

"Sincerely,
"/s/ LEE H. OSWALD"

BACKGROUND DATA

Background data developed during the investigation are summarized as follows:

He was born 10-18-39, New Orleans, Louisiana. He was attending high school in Ft. Worth, Texas, when he enlisted in the U.S. Marine Corps in October, 1956. He had special training as an electronics operator and a radio operator while in the Marine Corps and was released to inactive duty 9-11-59. He married Marina Nikoleavna Prusakova at Minsk, Russia, 4-30-61 (she was born 7-17-41) in Russia). His daughter whose hame was given during the 6-26-62 interview as June Lee Oswald was born February 15, 1962. Another daughter was born in October, 1963.

Oswald was last issued American passport D-092526 at New Orleans, Louisiana, 6-25-63 for proposed travel of 3 months to one yar as a tourist to England, France, Germany, Hodland, USSR, Finland, Italy and Poland. In his application dated 6-24-63 he stated that he intended to depart New Orleans during the period October-December, 1963.

Memo for Mr. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Relatives identified during the investigation were his mother, Mrs. Marguerite C. Oswald; brother, Robert Lee Oswald, who was formerly in the U.S. Air Force; and halfbrother, John Edward Pic, who in 1961 was a staff sergeant in the U.S. Air Force, Air Force number 11313239.

OSWALD'S LETTER TO FPCC

[redacted]

ACTION:

This is for information.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-1-60)

FBI

Date: 11/23/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/22/63
ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER
(OO:DALLAS)

WILLIAM EARLE ODOM, Director, Office of News Service, Department of Defense, made available to SA EDWARD C. PALLER the service personnel record for LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Marine service number 1653230, for review and it reflected the following information:

DOB:	10/18/39, New Orleans, La.
Address:	4936 Collinwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas
Parents:	
Mother:	MARGUERITA (CLAVERIE) OSWALD, same address
Father:	ROBERT E. LEE OSWALD, deceased, date of death 8/19/39, at New Orleans, La.
Stepbrother:	JOHN EDWARD PIC
Date of enlistment:	10/24/56, Dallas, Texas
FBI number:	327925D
Religion:	Lutheran
Released from active duty:	9/11/59, and transferred to Marine Corps Reserve by reason of hardship, receiving an honorable discharge.

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas
1 - WFO

ECP:kls
(6)

AIRTEL

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

UNREC

The file reflected that based on recommendation of the board at the Headquarters, Marine Air Reserve Training Command, U. S. Naval Air Station, Glenview, Illinois, on 8/17/60, he was discharged by reason of unfitness with undesirable discharge. The effective date of this discharge was 12/13/60, and OSWALD's address was listed as Kalinina Street, 4-24, Minsk, Russia, USSR. The basis for this recommendation was that OSWALD had requested that he be given citizenship in Soviet Russia.

During the period that OSWALD was in the U. S. Marine Corps he received training in the use of the M-1 Browning Automatic Pistol, Riot Gun and .45 Caliber Pistol.

Disciplinary Action

The record reflected that OSWALD was tried before a Summary Court-Martial on on 4/11/58, for having in his possession a privately owned weapon and which was not registered. On 4/29/58, he was sentenced to be confined at hard labor for 20 days, to forfeit $25 per month for a period of two months and to be reduced to the grade of private. The sentence was approved and ordered executed, however, the confinement at hard labor for 20 days was suspended for a period of six months, at which time, unless the suspension was sooner vacated, sentence to hard labor for 20 days was to be remitted without further action. On 6/27/58, the confinement at hard labor for 20 days was vacated.

OSWALD was also tried before a Summary Court-Martial on 6/27/58, for wrongfully using provoking words to a Non-Commissioned Officer and for committing assault on a Non-Commissioned Officer by pouring a drink on him in Yamato, Japan. He was sentenced to be confined at hard labor for 28 days and to forfeit $55 per month for a period of one month. On 6/27/58, the sentence was approved and ordered executed.

The file failed to reflect any additional pertinent information.

11/23/63

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75) (P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/22/63
ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER
(OO:DS)

[redacted], Citizens Committee for a Free Cuba, 1426 G Street, N. W., telephone number 783-7507, residence [redacted], telephone number [redacted], was interviewed this date in connection with another matter. During interview [redacted] advised he was contacted 11/22/63 by ANDRIE ST. GEORGE, photographer for "Life" magazine, who advised that JOSE PAIDO LLADA, Cali Colombia, South America, a newspaper reporter and writer, knows of a plan of FIDEL CASTRO to kill U.S. Ambassadors in various countries. [redacted] advised that ST. GEORGE received this information personally from LLADA whom he saw in Colombia. He said the information was apparently received by ST. GEORGE several months ago since he has not been in Colombia for some time.

[redacted] said he did not know present location of ST. GEORGE but believed he was passing through Washington, D. C., in search of a new story.

WFO will attempt to locate ST. GEORGE and interview and submit letterhead memorandum.

3-Bureau
2-New York (Info)
1-Washington Field

GWA:nla
(6)

NOT RECORDED
DEC 18 1963

UNREC

AIRTEL

5 9 DEC 24 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

WFO 89-75

Two copies of this communication is designated to New York since it may be necessary to locate ST. GEORGE through "Life" magazine, New York City.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-5

FBI

Date: 11/23/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (89-)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
AFO

Enclosed for the Bureau and Dallas are two Photostats and two Xerox copies each and five photographs each of the front and back of U.S. Customs Baggage Declaration and Entry Number 3671685.

On 11/22/63, U.S. Customs; Collector JOSEPH KELLY advised SA AMBROSE W. CONROY that his employees had located the United States Customs Baggage Declaration and Entry Number 3671685 executed by LEE H. OSWALD on 6/13/62, at the time of his re-entry into the U.S.

On 11/23/63, KELLY furnished instant document to SAS STEPHEN W. JENNINGS and ROBERT J. SIMULA to be copied by the NYO Photo Lab.

The original document was returned to KELLY this date at his request. He stated it would be available by subpoena, and he was the person to be served.

The NYO is retaining one Xerox copy and one Photostat each and the negative and one Photograph each of the front and rear of instant document.

3-Bureau (Encls. 9) ENCLOSURE
3-Dallas (Encls. 9)
2-New York (89-75)

105-82555

UNREC

NOV 26 1963

RJS:lbp
(9)

NOT RECORDED
145 DEC 3 1963

53 DEC 6 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

URGENT 11-23-63 7-48 PM PLS

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SACS DALLAS AND WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

FROM SAC, RICHMOND 89-34

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY AT DALLAS, TEXAS NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO LAST. ASO.

RE WFO PHONE CALL TO RICHMOND TODAY.

MRS. VERNA DEANE BROUN TWO THREE ONE SIX ROSE HILL DR. ALEXANDRIA, VA., ADVISED TODAY SHE WAS EMPLOYED AS SECRETARY, COUNSELOR SECTION AMERICAN EMBASSY, MOSCOW, RUSSIA, FROM MARCH NINETEEN SIXTY TO MAY NINETEEN SIXTY TWO. SHE RECALLED INFORMATION IN FILES AT EMBASSY RE LEE H. OSWALD TURNING IN U. S. PASSPORT AND RECALLED LETTER FROM OSWALD DENOUNCING AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP AND REQUESTING SOVIET CITIZENSHIP. IN EARLY NINETEEN SIXTY TWO THERE WERE SERIES OF LETTERS BETWEEN OSWALD AND EMBASSY RE HIS REQUEST TO RETURN TO U. S. SHE TALKED WITH OSWALD ON HIS TWO VISTS TO EMBASSY BUT NOT IN AN OFFICIAL CAPACITY. SHE RECALLED HE WAS CONSIDERED AN " IMMATURE KID " BY MEMBERS OF COUNSELORS OFFICE. SHE LEFT RUSSIA PRIOR TO OSWALD DEPARTURE BUT UNDERSTOOD ARRANGEMENTS HAD BEEN MADE BY U. S. STATE DEPT TO FURNISH OSWALD

END PAGE ONE

TWO COPIES ALSO

CC Rose...

CC Bates...

NOT RECORDED
201 DEC 10 1963

UNREC

68 DEC 11 1963

RM 59-34

WITH CHEAPEST MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO RETURN TO U. S. SHE COULD FURNISH NO ADDRESS FOR PRISCILLA JOHNSTON WHO WAS AN ACQUAINTANT WITH OSWALD IN MOSCOW. SHE ADVISED JOHN I.C VICKER, STATE DEPT. WDC, COULD FURNISH INFROMATION RE OSWALD.

END AND ACK

WA7-52 PM OK FBI WA OS

DL6-55 PM CST OK FBI DL LJH

TU DISCM

URGENT 11-23-63 1-36 PM EST JWC

TO DIRECTOR, DALLAS, NEW ORLEANS, AND TAMPA

FROM SAC, ATLANTA /89-44/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE. DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE BUREAU TEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE, INSTANT.

MAJOR CRAWFORD HICKS, SIXTH DISTRICT OSI, USAF, ROBBINS AFB, MACON, GA., ADVISED NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE, INSTANT, THAT AIRMAN TWO/C PALMER E. MC BRIDE, AF TWO FIVE FIVE EIGHT NINE TWO TWO TWO, SIX FIVE FIVE ZERO MAINTENANCE GROUP, PATRICK AFB, CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., IS ACQUAINTED WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AND THAT HE AND OSWALD WERE EMPLOYED AS DELIVERY BOYS FOR THE PFISTERER DENTAL LABORATORY, DAUPHIN ST., NEW ORLEANS, LA., FROM NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN DASH NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT. OSWALD AT THIS TIME, ACCORDING TO MC BRIDE, WAS PREACHING THE COMMUNIST DOCTRINE AND STATED HE WOULD LIKE TO KILL PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IN VIEW OF EISENHOWER-S QUOTE EXPLOITATION OF WORKING PEOPLE. UNQUOTE. OSWALD DID NOT MENTION PLAN AND OR FACT HE HAD GUN.

NEW ORLEANS AT NEW ORLEANS WILL VERIFY EMPLOYMENT OF OSWALD AND WILL INTERVIEW OTHER EMPLOYEES RE STATEMENTS OF OSWALD.

END AND ACK

WA 1-49 // 1-40 PM OK FBI WA MET

DL 12-40 PM OK FBI DL EEA

NO 12-40 PM CST OK FBI NO

TP 1-44 PM OK FBI TP KB

TU ALL DISC

CC-M

58 DEC 12 1963

105-82555-188

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 10 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

URGENT 11-23-63 8-59 PM NH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC MIAMI

FROM SAC WASHINGTON FIELD /89-75/ 2 P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN E. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND LAST, ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER, OO DALLAS.

RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TO WFO INSTANT.

[redacted] CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR A FREE CUBA, INTERVIEWED AND ADVISED HIS FILES CONTAIN NO INFORMATION RELATING TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD WITH EXCEPTION OF INFORMATION FURNISHED BY JOSE LANUSA, CUBA STUDENT DIRECTORATE, MIAMI, WHICH RELATES TO OSWALD-S ATTEMPT TO INFILTRATE STUDENT ANTI CASTRO GROUP, JULY, LAST AT NEW ORLEANS. SUCH INFORMATION REPORTED TO PRESS BY LANUSA NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND LAST. LANUSA IN TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH [redacted] NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND LAST DESCRIBED OSWALD DEFINITELY A COMMUNIST AND SUPPORTER OF CASTRO. LANUSA HAS INFORMATION THAT FIDEL CASTRO

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-UNREC

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 10 1963

cc - Rosen
cc - Bartlett for SS

5 DEC 12 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-5737

PAGE TWO

IN EARLY SEPTEMBER AT BRAZILIAN EMBASSY IN HAVANA REMARKED THAT IF THE UNITED STATES CAUSES HIM DIFFICULTY HE HAS FACILITES TO QUOTE KNOCK OFF QUOTE UNITED STATES LEADERS. MIAMI INTERVIEW LANUSA, RESIDENCE TELEPHONE NUMBER CA ONE DASH FIVE SEVEN ZERO ONE, OFFICE FR THREE DASH ONE FOUR SEVEN SIX RE ABOVE.

END ACK PLS

MM 9-03 PM EST OLXXX IK FBI MM PFC

TU

4-3 (Rev. 4-17-63)

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☒ TELETYPE

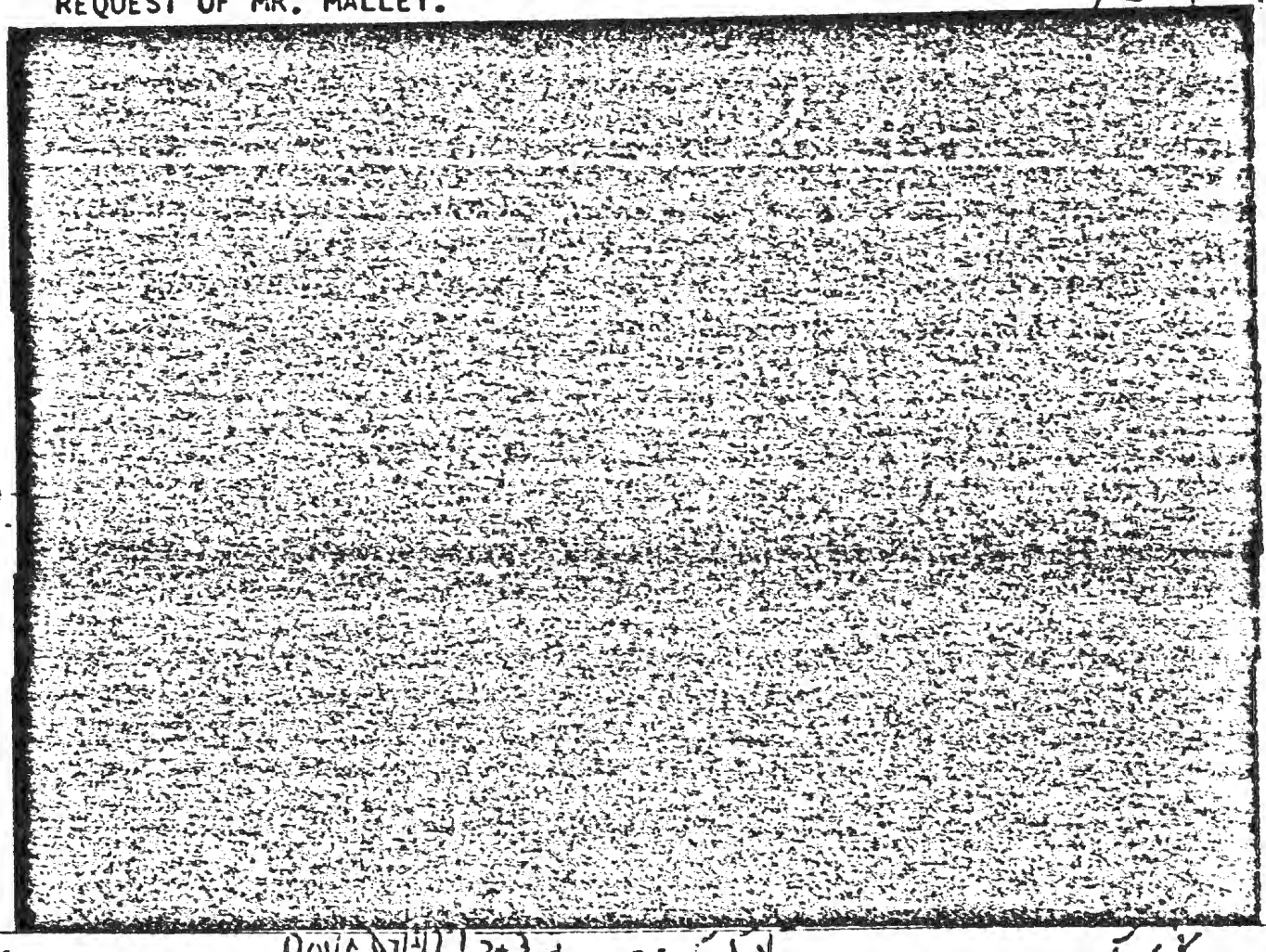
TOP SECRET

URGENT 11-23-63 7:23 PM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC DALLAS 232220

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. RE TELEPHONIC REQUEST OF MR. MALLEY.



Classified by DOJA DJ/AD 1-2-3
Exempt from GDS, Category
Date of Declassification Indefinite

NOT RECORDED
193 DEC 9 1963

53 DEC 11

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

4-1 (Rev. 4-12-63)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☒ TELETYPE

PAGE TWO FROM SAC DALLAS 232220 TOP SECRET

[redacted]

...ined in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably

(Rev. 8-17-63)

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
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Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO XX TELETYPE

PAGE THREE FROM SAC DALLAS 232220 TOP SECRET

[redacted]

RECEIVED: 8:52 PM NCC [TOP SECRET]

...is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably

URGENT 11-23-63 8-17 AM EST JVV

TO DIRECTOR, SACS NEW ORLEANS AND DALLAS

FROM SAC, MIAMI

ASSASINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

EVELIO LEY, SECRETARY IN DIRECTORIO REVOLUCIONARIO ESTUDIANTIL / D. R. E. STUDENT REVOLUTIONARY DIRECTRATE/. AN ANTI CASTRO ORGANIZATION AT MIAMI. ADVISED THIS DATE THAT LEE H. OSWALD IN AUGUST NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA. APPLIED FOR JOB ON MILITARY INSTRUCTOR IN DRE BASED ON FORMER U.S. MARINE EXPERIENC.

CARLOS BRINGUIER, DRE DELAGATE AT NEW ORLEANS, DISCOVERED OSWALD HAD PREVIOUS ASSOCIATION WITH FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE AND OSWALD WAS REJECTED BY DRE. OSWALD REPORTEDLY SPEAKS SPANISH PERFECTLY AND POSSIBLE RUSSIAN. AFTER OSWARD-S EXPOSURE AS A PRO FIDEL CASTRO HE ENGAGED IN DEBATE WITH BRIGUIER ON NEW ORLEANS RAIDIO STATION /WDSU/ DURING AUGUST NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE. THE DEBATE WAS FOLLOWED BY A FIGHT FOR WHICH OSWALD WAS ADJUDGED GUILTY IN LOCAL COURT, NEW ORLEANS, AND FINED TWENTY DOLLARS. IN AS MUCH AS OSWALD IS CONSIDERED SUSPECT IN ASSASINATION NEW ORLEANS LOCATE AND INTERVIEW CARLOS BRINGUIER, WHOSE WHEREABOUTS IS KNOWN BY NEW ORLEANS, FOR DETAILS OSWALD-S ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS.

DALLAS WILL BE ADVISED.

EN

END AND ACK PLS

WA8-23 AM OK FBI WA MET

NO 7-23AM OK FBI NO TM

TU DIS

CC-MR SULLIVAN

5 DEC 5 1963

25 DEC 1963

105- 82555 - UNREC

NOT RECORDED
102 DEC 4 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

URGENT 11-25-63 2-17 PM CST WD

TO DIRECTOR 105-82555/

FROM SAC DALLAS 100-10461/ 3 P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R - CUBA. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. OO DALLAS.

RE TELEPHONE CALL OF ASSISTANT DIRECTOR BELMONT TO DALLAS NOV. TWENTYFIVE INSTANT.

RECORDS OF DALLAS OFFICE REFLECT OSWALD INTERVIEWED AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS, ON JUNE TWENTYSIX, SIXTYTWO, BY SAS JOHN W. FAIN AND B. TOM CARTER, AND ON AUGUST SIXTEEN, SIXTYTWO, BY SAS JOHN W. FAIN AND ARNOLD J. BROWN, AS REFLECTED RESPECTIVELY IN THE REPORTS OF SA FAIN DATED JULY TEN, SIXTYTWO, AND AUGUST THIRTY, SIXTY,TWO, AT DALLAS. NO OTHER INTERVIEWS OF OSWALD, UP UNTIL THOSE CONDUCTED FOLLOWING THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY THE DALLAS DIVISION.

DALLAS RECORDS SHOW OSWALD WAS INTERVIEWED ON AUGUST TEN, LAST, BY SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY AT NEW ORLEANS FOLLOWING THE ARREST THERE OF OSWALD BY THE NEW ORLEANS PD ON AUGUST NINE LAST

ORIGINAL FILED IN

[redacted]

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1963

FOR DISTURBING THE PEACE AS REFLECTED IN THE REPORT OF SA MILTON R. KAACK DATED OCT. THIRTYONE LAST AT NEW ORLEANS. DALLAS FILES REFLECT NO OTHER INTERVIEWS OF OSWALD BY THE NEW ORLEANS FIELD DIVISION.

ON NOV. ONE LAST, SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR., AFTER ESTABLISHING HER RELIABILITY, INTERVIEWED MRS. MICHAEL R. /RUTH/ PAINE AT TWO FIVE ONE FIVE FIFTH ST., IRVING, TEXAS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF ATTEMPTING TO ASCERTAIN THE LOCATION OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD WHEN NEIGHBORHOOD INVESTIGATION IN THAT VICINITY ESTABLISHED OSWALD/S WIFE, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, WAS LIVING THERE WITH MRS. PAINE BUT OSWALD ONLY VISITED THERE PERIODICALLY. MRS. PAINE WAS FRIENDLY AND COOPERATIVE AND ADVISED OSWALD WAS WORKING AT THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY, FOUR ONE ONE ELM ST., DALLAS, AND MAINTAINED A ROOM IN DALLAS, THE EXACT ADDRESS OF WHICH SHE DID NOT KNOW.

IN THE COURSE OF THE INTERVIEW WITH MRS. PAINE, SUBJECT-S WIFE ENTERED THE ROOM AND UPON LEARNING THE IDENTITY OF SA HOSTY

SHOWED SOME EVIDENCE OF ALARM. MRS. OSWALD IS AN ALIEN RUSSIAN AND SPEAKS AND UNDERSTANDS ENGLISH ONLY TO LIMITED DEGREE. SHE WAS ASSURED BY SA HOSTY, THROUGH MRS. PAINE, WHO SPEAKS RUSSIAN, SA HOSTY WAS NOT THERE TO HARASS OR MOLEST HER IN ANY WAY. SHE WAS NOT INTERVIEWED NOR APPROACH OF ANY KIND MADE TO HER TO OBTAIN INFORMATION OR SUGGEST SHE FURNISH INFORMATION TO THE FBI. NO REMARKS CONCERNING THE FBI/S INTEREST IN HER HUSBAND WERE MADE TO HER.

SA JAMES P. HOSTY IS EVIDENTLY THE AGENT JAMES P. HASTY REFERRED TO IN RETELCALL.

END

3-23 KPM OK FBI WA RM

0

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

URGENT 11-25-63 3-18 AM FEB

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, DETROIT

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTY TWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS.

AT ELEVEN PM, ELEVEN TWENTY FOUR LAST MRS. ROBERT BURRETT, TRAVERSE CITY, MICH. TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED THAT SHE WAS WATCHING A CBS TELEVISION BROADCAST OF A MOVIE IN WHICH LEE H. OSWALD WAS PASSING OUT LITERATURE ON A STREET CORNER IN NEW ORLEANS. SHE THEN SWITCHED TO CHANNEL NINE, A LOCAL TRAVERSE CITY STATION, AND WATCHED AN INTERVIEW WITH A BAIL BONDSMAN WHO IS A FRIEND OF JACK RUBY AND WHO IS ATTEMPTING TO RAISE BAIL FOR RUBY. SHE STATED THAT THIS BAIL BONDSMAN, NAME UNKNOWN, IS THE SAME PERSON SHE SAW IN THE FIRST PROGRAM ACCEPTING SOME LITERATURE FROM OSWALD. SHE ADVISED SHE WAS FURNISHING THE ABOVE INFO IN THE EVENT THAT THE ABOVE BAIL BONDSMAN IS CONNECTED WITH OSWALD AND RUBY.

ABOVE FOR INFO OF BUREAU AND DALLAS.

~~CORR PLS LINE NINE WORD TWELVE SHL BE "THAT"~~

END AND ACK PLS

WA 3-23 AM OK FBI WA HFL

2-23 AM OK FBI CG DHM

TU CLEAR M

NOV 27 1963

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
145 NOV 28 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 11/25/63

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

By letter 11/24/63, Dallas furnished an enlarged copy of a photograph of suspect Oswald holding a rifle and wearing a pistol strapped to his hip. This enlargement was furnished by Dallas Police Department, the original photograph having been found in the residence of Mrs. Michael R. (Ruth) Paine in Irving, Texas, where suspect's wife has been living. Because the photograph of Oswald shows very little detail, a comparison between the rifle in the picture and the photographs made by us of the murder rifle does not permit definite determination that the gun held by Oswald is the murder weapon. However, based on this comparison it has been determined that the gun shown in the photographs is similar in all respects and possibly depicts the same gun. There is a rather long cut mark on the stock of the murder weapon just above the trigger guard and by use of highlighting we have located a mark on the gun in the photograph of Oswald holding the gun which supports the "possibility" that they are one and the same.

A copy of the photograph of Oswald referred to above is attached.

ACTION: None. For information.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach

WDG:mb
(10)

CLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
15 DEC 10 1963

UNREC

ORIGINAL FILED IN

68 DEC 11 1963

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 11/25/63

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. D. E. Moore
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Gurley
1 - Mr. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS
ASSAULT ON A FEDERAL OFFICER

Confidential

[redacted]

100-3

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

FJB:rbm (9)

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 10 1963

UNREC
25 DEC 9 1963

Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan
RE: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
100-3
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS
ASSAULT ON A FEDERAL OFFICER

Confid---

[redacted]

ACTION:

We will continue to follow this matter closely and keep you advised.

Wes

Confidential

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : W. C. Sullivan

FROM : W. R. Wannall

DATE: 11/25/63

1 - Belmont
1 - Mohr
1 - DeLoach
1 - Evans
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - Wannall
1 - Anderson
1 - Mullins

SUBJECT: FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE - Confidential
REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA

Reference my memo 11/23/63 summarizing results of our investigation concerning Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). Director has inquired whether following items relating to connection of Lee Harvey Oswald with FPCC have been brought to the attention of the Department:

(1) Information concerning Oswald's arrest for distribution of FPCC literature by New Orleans Police Department at New Orleans and subsequent FBI interview of him;

(2) Information developed by New York Office concerning a letter sent by Oswald to leader of FPCC at New York City.

The information regarding Oswald's arrest 8-9-63 by the New Orleans Police Department and our interview of him was sent to the Department on 11/8/63 in a report under the "Fair Play for Cuba Committee" caption. This report set forth results of investigation by New Orleans Office concerning possible FPCC activities there, which inquiries proved negative.

[redacted]

97-4196

105-82555

NOT RECORDED
FIVE DEC 5 1963

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 4-3
Date of Declassification Indefinite

RDC:RAM:gc
(10)

Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan
RE: FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
97-4196

[redacted]

Information concerning Oswald's letter to Lee is being included in our letter to the Attorney General concerning the FPCC dated 11/26/63.

ACTION:

This is for information.

[redacted]

1 - Belmont
1 - Rosen
11-25-63

CODE

1 - Sullivan
1 - Moore
1 - Branigan
1 - Turner

CABLEGRAM

IMMEDIATE

TO LEGAT MEXICO

TOP SECRET

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AS - R.

IMPERATIVE EMBASSY ALL ASPECTS SUBJECT'S CONDUCTION AND T CONTACTS WITH RUSSIANS TO ENABLE POSSIBILITY RUSSIAN DIRECTION ASSASSINATION. PROMPTLY CONSULT LEGAL CIA REPRESENTATIVE AND SUCAB SUMMARY ALL INFORMATION RE SUBJECT'S TRIP MEXICO SEPTEMBER-OCTOBER, ONE NINE SIX THREE, INCLUDING METHOD OF ENTRY AND EXIT, RESIDENCES, CONTACTS, ET CETERA. FOLLOW WITH DETAILED MEMORANDUM. CIA ALERTED.

[redacted]

Classified by 24/0 DJ
Exempt from GDS, Category 2+3
Date of Declassification Indefinite

1 - Foreign Liaison

"Unit" Route Thru for review

UNREC

TOP SECRET

WA CABLEGRAM
NOV 25 1963
7:49 PM MSL

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 25 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-25-63 X1-48 AM HFL

TO SACS PITTSBURGH RICHMOND

FROM DIRECTOR 2 P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

WALLACE FANNING, NBC NEWS, HARWOOD, MARYLAND, TELEPHONE CODE NUMBER THREE ZERO ONE DASH TWO SIX THREE DASH FOUR EIGHT ZERO NINE, ADVISED BUREAU THIS DATE HE RECEIVED CALL FROM ART GATES, UPI REPRESENTATIVE, WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA, TELEPHONE NUMBER TWO TWO EIGHT DASH THREE FIVE FIVE FOUR, TO THE EFFECT THAT RADIO STATION WIZE IN WYTHEVILLE, TELEPHONE NUMBER TWO TWO EIGHT DASH THREE ONE EIGHT FIVE, PRESENTED TAPE RECORDING THIS DATE OF A RED CROSS WOMAN IN WYTHEVILLE, NO NAME GIVEN, WHO STATED THAT LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS IN WYTHEVILLE NOVEMBER THIRTEEN, LAST, WENT TO THE RED CROSS WHERE HE RECEIVED TWO DOLLARS USING HIS RIGHT NAME, THEN PROCEEDED TO SALVATION ARMY WHERE HE RECEIVED MORE MONEY USING A DIFFERENT NAME STATING HE WAS GOING TO PRINCETON, WEST

END PAGE ONE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

NOT RECORDED

145 NOV 29 1963

78 NOV 29 1963

VIRGINIA, NEAR BLUEFIELD, WEST VIRGINIA. ACCORDING TO GATES ON TAPE, OSWALD MENTIONS HAVING BEEN TO RUSSIA, HAVING RUSSIAN WIFE AND CHILD.

RICHMOND CONTACT RADIO STATION WIZE FOR COPY OF TAPE, REVIEW SAME AND SET FORTH APPROPRIATE LEADS TO DETERMINE WHY OSWALD IN THAT AREA AND GOING TO PRINCETON, WEST VIRGINIA. AIR MAIL COPIES TO BALTIMORE AND DALLAS.

END ACK PLS

1-52 AM OK FBI G JMB

TU DISCV

URGENT 11-26-63 7-00 PM DE

TO DIRECTOR -7- AND SAC BALTIMORE , DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS

FROM SAC NEW YORK .....

CPUSA, IS- C, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. Confidential

[redacted]

C

[redacted]

C

ORIGINAL FILED IN

END PAGE ONE.....

NOT RECORDED
16 DEC 16 1963

CORR LINE ONE LAST WORD SHOULD BE CONFERRED

Confidential

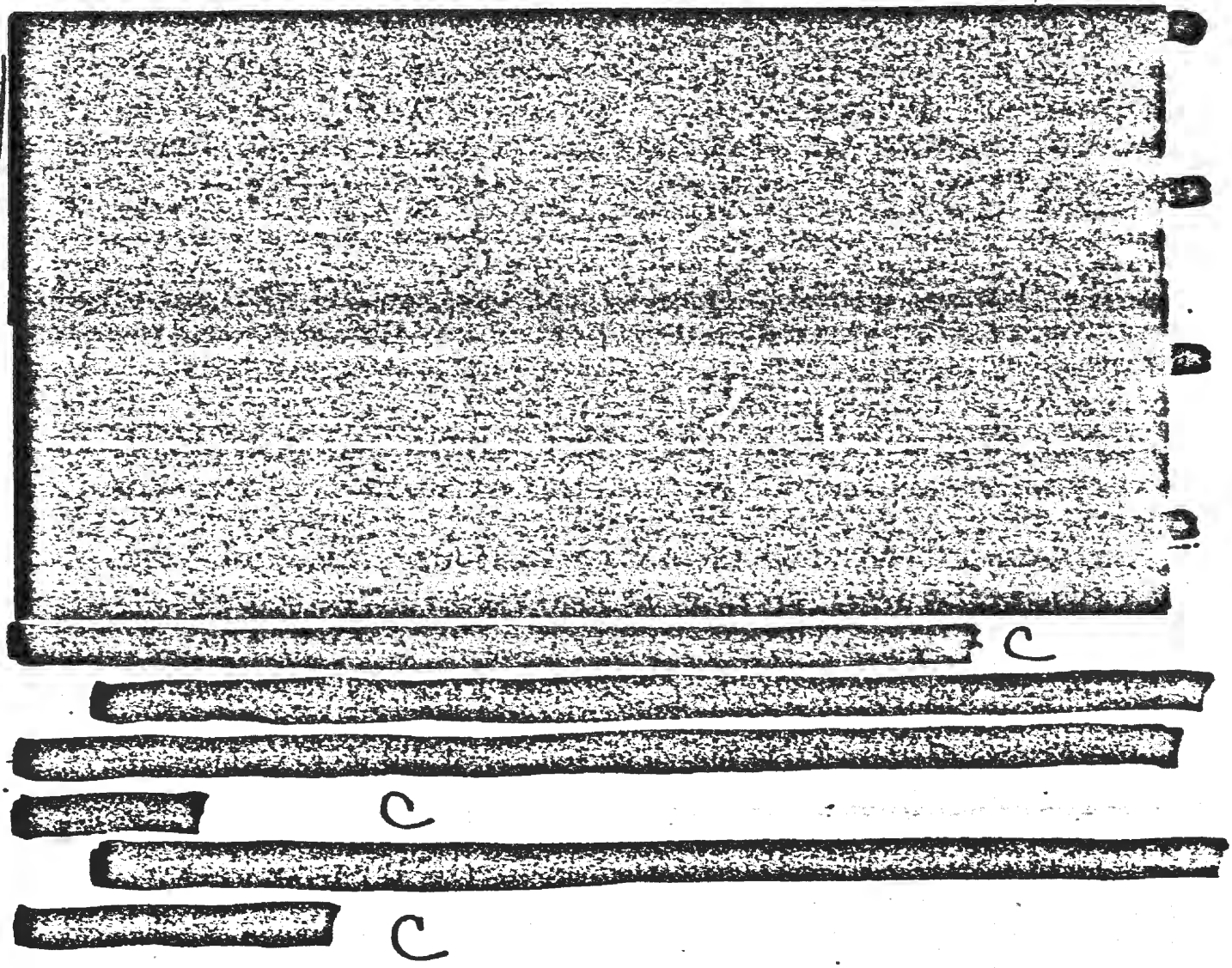
Classified by 2046 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 & 3 Declassification Indefinite

PAGE TWO.....

[redacted]

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE.....



END AND PLS ACK.....

~~CRRR LINE ONE WORD NINE ONE PAGE THREE SHD BE " LEARNED"~~

END AND PLS ACK.....

7-19 PM NY R 7 WA RDR

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: MR. BELMONT

FROM: C. A. Evans

DATE: 11/25/63

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Evans
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Deputy AG Katzenbach handed to me this morning the attached memorandum which he has sent to Bill Moyers, who will be the principal assistant to President Johnson in the White House. Katzenbach said that this memorandum was prepared by him after his discussions with the Director yesterday.

It is Katzenbach's feeling that this matter can best be handled by making public the results of the FBI's investigation. He thought time was of the essence, but that the report, of course, had to be accurate. He said he was thinking in terms of its release by the end of the week if at all possible.

Katzenbach further pointed out that he is having no success in selling the White House on the idea that this report should be released there. He understands that President Johnson has expressed himself as feeling this should be handled on a Department of Justice level. It is Katzenbach's belief that it would be most inappropriate for Robert Kennedy to issue this report. Katzenbach asked that the Director be informed of his feeling that, if the report is not released by the White House, then it should be made available publicly by the Director, pursuant to Presidential instructions.

1 ENCLOSURE

Enclosure

CAE:CSH (7)

1 ENCLOSURE

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November 25, 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HOYERS

It is important that all of the facts surrounding President Kennedy's Assassination be made public in a way which will satisfy people in the United States and abroad that all the facts have been told and that a statement to this effect be made now.

1. The public must be satisfied that Oswald was the assassin; that he did not have confederates who are still at large; and that the evidence was such that he would have been convicted at trial.

2. Speculation about Oswald's motivation ought to be cut off, and we should have some basis for rebutting thought that this was a Communist conspiracy or (as the Iron Curtain press is saying) a right-wing conspiracy to blame it on the Communists. Unfortunately the facts on Oswald seem about too pat--too obvious (Marxist, Cuba, Russian wife, etc.). The Dallas police have put out statements on the Communist conspiracy theory, and it was they who were in charge when he was shot and thus silenced.

3. The matter has been handled thus far with neither dignity nor conviction. Facts have been mixed with rumour and speculation. We can scarcely let the world see us totally in the image of the Dallas police when our President is murdered.

I think this objective may be satisfied by making public as soon as possible a complete and thorough FBI report on Oswald and the assassination. This may run into the difficulty of pointing to inconsistencies between this report and statements by Dallas police officials. But the reputation of the Bureau is such that it may do the whole job.

105-82555-

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

The only other step would be the appointment of a Presidential Commission of unimpeachable personnel to review and examine the evidence and announce its conclusions. This has both advantages and disadvantages. I think it can await publication of the FBI report and public reaction to it here and abroad.

I think, however, that a statement that all the facts will be made public property in an orderly and responsible way should be made now. We need something to head off public speculation or Congressional hearings of the wrong sort.

Nicholas deB. Katzenbach
Deputy Attorney General

DAILY REPORT

TUESDAY
26 NOVEMBER 1963

Latin America

Lee Harvey Oswald

NO. 229 -- 1963

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Foreign Broadcast Information Service

52 DEC 11 1963

FOREIGN BROADCAST INFORMATION SERVICE

SIGNIFICANT RADIO REPORTAGE—— 26 November 1963

PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S ASSASSINATION--President Kennedy's death and the subsequent related developments dominated world radios over the weekend, with Peking and other pro-Peking communist sources excepted. The initial reaction was one of shocked disbelief and regret. Praise of the assassinated President was fervent and pervasive, and expressions of condolence reported the sentiments of world leaders and the world public. The general assessment from both communist and noncommunist sources was that little immediate change could be expected from the administration of President Johnson, but that the new President was in many respects untried in the international field and that no present judgment was possible. The murder of President Kennedy's assassin raised new issues.

Both communist and noncommunist radio and press commentators lamented Mr. Kennedy's death, praised his foreign and domestic policies and particularly his efforts to achieve an East-West detente. From the beginning, however, Moscow interlarded praise of the dead president with references to the "extreme rightwing elements" alleged to have been responsible for his assassination. This charge was accentuated in the wake of Oswald's murder, said to have been perpetrated by "the same people" who assassinated the President. The East European radios, with the exception of Tirana, also purveyed this theme. The Cuban radio reported the assassination promptly but withheld interpretive comment until Castro, in a lengthy speech the night of 23 November, set the general tone. Mr. Kennedy's death, he said, would have a negative effect on Cuba since it "could only benefit those ultrarightist and ultrarevolutionary circles, among which President Kennedy could not be counted."

Limited and delayed reportage by the Peking radio and NCNA set the pattern for the Pyongyang and Hanoi radios as well. NCNA carried a lengthy biographical sketch of President Johnson depicting him as an advocate of "intensified arms expansion and war preparations" with a "frenzied, hostile attitude against Cuba." A clandestine Pathet Lao radio commentary concluded that Mr. Kennedy's death is another sign of "the total collapse of imperialism."

Early comments concerning U.S. policies under President Johnson suggested that major problems would be "temporarily pigeonholed," as the French paper COMBAT put it, and that in the months required to renew confidence among U.S. allies and between East and West the impetus of the test-ban treaty toward a detente might be lost. Cautious Moscow comments indicated hope that President Kennedy's "peaceful coexistence policy" would be continued. Extensive Prague commentaries suggested that "a certain move to the right" in both foreign and domestic policies was likely under Mr. Johnson.

BLOC AFFAIRS--TASS reports that Soviet Premier Khrushchev and other Soviet leaders held talks in Moscow with a Czechoslovak party and government delegation headed by President Novotny. The clandestine Oggi in Italia radio says that the discussions will include the international situation following President Kennedy's death. AFP reports that a French-Belgian communist party communique urges steps to convene a world communist party conference to reaffirm the general line and denounces the Chinese Communist Party line.

FOREIGN BROADCAST INFORMATION SERVICE

DAILY REPORT NO. 229--26 NOVEMBER 1963

LATIN AMERICA

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A R G E N T I N A

26 November 1963

ILLIA'S STATEMENT ON KENNEDY'S DEATH

Buenos Aires Radio Splendid in Spanish 2320 GMT 22 November 1963--W

(Summary) The Argentine presidential press secretary called reporters to his office to give them a statement by President Illia on the death of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy. The statement said: The weakness of sectarianism, in its hopeless defeat, always resorts to aggression. The death of President Kennedy is another testimony to the fact that selfish persons try to overthrow the principles of a perfect and universal exponent of a just international coexistence. Tribute is offered to the illustrious ruler and citizen whose death moves the free world.

Foreign Minister's Statement

Buenos Aires Radio Splendid in Spanish 0120 GMT 23 November 1963--W

(Text) Argentine Foreign Minister Miguel Angel Zavala Ortiz made public the following message:

"A splendid and young fighter of the free world, a passionate defender of human beings and of social justice, a courageous promoter of the development of all nations, a friend of America, a heroe in war and peace, and a great president of the United States, has died from an assasin's bullets. He had given his intelligence and his heart to the cause of freedom. Now he has given his life. Just as Abraham Lincoln, he died as a standard bearer of the best ideals of humanity. Like Abraham Lincoln, he becomes a martyr, not only of his own people but a martyr of all the peoples, because we all know that he has not fallen for his own cause; he fell for the cause of all.

"The Argentine people, who saw him reach the presidency of the United States with hopeful joy and followed him in his struggle against tyranny, in his call for justice, in his defense of peace, and his affirmations of security of human beings, weep his death.

"President Illia, interpreting the painful shock of the Argentine people, makes it known, through me, that we accompany the people and the Government of the United States and join with them in their sorrow and make their mourning ours, too. We pray to God to give the United States consolation and courage to (one word indistinct) the passing of the great President, John Fitzgerald Kennedy."

Communists Statements

Montevideo Correspondent's Dispatch in Spanish to PRENSA LATINA Havana 0200 GMT 26 November 1963--E (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

(Text) Montevideo--The Argentine Communist Party has issued a statement, which is published today by Buenos Aires dailies, expressing "its indignation at the barbaric assassination of President Kennedy."

Balbin's Statement

Buenos Aires Radio Belgrano Network in Spanish 0000 GMT 23 November 1963--P

(Excerpt) As chief of the People's Radical Civic Union Party, Ricardo Balbin issued the following statement on the tragic death of President John Kennedy:

"The report of the event seems ridiculous, and reason refuses to admit it is true. It was a brutal crime lacking any possible justification," he said. He added: "We would unhesitatingly declare it the crime of the century if we could erase from our memory the tremendous wars the world has experienced. The youthful personality of the deceased president had awakened the hopes of all peoples. A deep-rooted democrat, he waged a stubborn struggle for peace, progress, and liberty, as ideals of the free world, as against the backwardness, misery, and ignorance imposed by retrogressive dictatorships."

Mourning Decreed

Montevideo Radio El Espectador Network in Spanish 0000 GMT 23 November 1963-

(Text) The Argentine Government has decreed three days of official mourning in connection with the death of U.S. President Kennedy. Foreign Minister Zavala Ortiz has decided to change the text of his scheduled radio and television speech on international policy.

Surveillance Measures Adopted

Buenos Aires Radio Belgrano Network in Spanish 0000 GMT 23 November 1963--P

(Text) Buenos Aires--In the wake of the attempt that cost the life of the U.S. President, police headquarters ordered the adoption of rigid surveillance and precautionary measures in various points of the capital. At several key points assault vehicles were posted as a precaution against possible popular demonstrations. Similar measures were taken at the U.S. and the Soviet Embassies. The chief of police also held over the policemen who terminated their watches at 1600 hours as another precautionary step for coping with spossible disturbances.

B R A Z I L

26 November 1963

GOULART SIGNS KENNEDY MOURNING DECREE

Brasilia Radio Nacional in Portuguese 0105 GMT 23 November 1963--W

(Text) Brasilia--The following is the text of the decree signed by President Joao Goulart declaring official mourning in Brazil as a sign of sorrow at the death of President Kennedy:

"The President of the Republic, in the exercise of his constitutional rights and considering that the death of President John Kennedy represents an irreparable loss for humanity and a reason for profound consternation to the Brazilian people, decrees:

Single article: Official three-day-mourning is being declared in the entire nation beginning this date, 22 November, as a sign of sorrow at the death of President John Kennedy."

Supreme Court Tribute

Brasilia Agencia National Domestic Service in Portuguese 2200 GMT 25 November 1963--W

(Summary) Brasilia--Speaking at a special session of the Brazilian Supreme Court on 25 November in tribute to the late President John Kennedy, the president of the Supreme Court, Lafayette de Andrade, said:

The Brazilian Supreme Court joins the world in expressing the feelings of sadness at the tragic death of the chief of government of the United States, President John Kennedy. Men of today would incur justified criticism if they did not acknowledge the work of the late President Kennedy as one of the most noble and most responsive to the best aspirations of humanity. His activity was not only devoted to the interests of his own nation, but also to the cause of peace and to the development and improvement of the most distant regions of the globe. He always looked toward the attainment of common good, for the appreciation of human dignity, and was the precursor of a new era in which peace and freedom, individual guarantees, and social service would prevail. His political credo can be summed up as: to work with justice, according to law and freedom.

(Editor's Note--BRASILIA AGENCIA NACIONAL DOMESTIC SERVICE IN PORTUGUESE 2200 GMT 25 November reports on a special session of the Brazilian Senate devoted to the memory of the late President Kennedy and cites Senate President Auro de Moura Andrade and Senators Jefferson de Aguiar, Milton Campos, Catete Pinheiro, Guido Mondim, Nogueira da Gama, and Eurico Rezende as having eulogized the late President. It also mentions deputies Medeiros Neto and Pereira Nunes having paid tribute to Kennedy in the Chamber of Deputies on 25 November.)

Alliance for Progress Statement

Brasilia Agencia Nacional Domestic Service in Portuguese 2200 GMT 25 November 1963--W

(Summary) Rio de Janeiro--The Brazilian Association for the Alliance for Progress has announced that it will pay tribute to the late President Kennedy. A special meeting will be held 2 December at the Newsmen's Association headquarters in Rio de Janeiro, to pay tribute to the late President Kennedy.

Students Statements

Rio De Janeiro Telepress in Portuguese 0000 GMT 24 November 1963--W

(Text) Rio de Janeiro--The president of the Student House (Casa do Estudante) on 23 November sent the following telegram to U.S. Ambassador Lincoln Gordon: "Please convey to the U.S. Government our most sincere expressions of sorrow on the tragic death of the great President Kennedy, an unmatched statesman and a great champion of the cause of peace and understanding among nations."

MAGALHAES PINTO IS PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE

Rio de Janeiro Radiopress in Portuguese 2339 GMT 25 November 1963--W

(Text) Belo Horizonte--Governor Magalhaes Pinto of Minas Gerais has definitely decided to become candidate for the presidency of the republic. He will begin preparations for his campaign as soon as he returns from Espirito Santo where he is now resting on the advice of his physician.

If his nomination by his party, the National Democratic Union (Uniao Democratica Nacional-UDN) cannot be secured, he will be the candidate of the Republican Party (Partido Republicano--PR), whose president, Bernardes Filho, has already begun talks with party members not only in Minas Gerais but also in other states. The PR support for Magalhaes Pinto will be based on greater participation of that party in the state government of Minas Gerais. Vice Govenor Clovis Salgado has already discussed this with Governor Magalhaes Pinto.

UDN BRANCH FAVORS LACERDA CANDIDACY

Sao Paulo Radio Tupi in Portuguese 0015 GMT 24 November 1963--W

(Summary) Brasilia--A leader of the national Democratic Union (Uniao Democratica Nacional, UDN) of Minas Gerais said on 23 November that two-thirds of his party are in favor of the candidacy of Carlos Lacerda for president

Of the republic and against the nomination of Minas Gerais Governor Magalhaes Pinto.

Meanwhile, at a press interview, Governor Magalhaes Pinto told reporters that the majority of his state's UDN wants him to run for president, adding that if he does so it will not be because of personal ambitions but because he wishes to serve the nation.

He added that it is his desire to work for peace and order, to calm those who are uneasy, to give hope to those who dispair, and to help bring about an atmosphere of confidence and better living conditions for the majority of the people.

BEVILAQUA APPOINTED ARMY STAFF CHIEF

Rio de Janeiro Radiopress in Portuguese 0045 GMT 26 November 1963--W

(Text) Rio de Janeiro--The War Ministry has announced the official appointment of Gen. Pery Bevilaqua as chief of the army staff. This means that General Bevilaqua will transfer the command of the Second Army to the Senior General serving in that post. This transfer should take place this week.

(Editor's Note--Rio de Janeiro Radiopress in Portuguese 2345 GMT 25 November quotes Bevilaqua as saying that he has not received an invitation from Sao Paulo Governor Adhemar de Barros to accept the nomination for the presidency of the republic, and if this were done, he would not accept. In the meantime, rightwing newspapers continue publishing numerous reports favoring General Bevilaqua. Leaders of the Federation of Industrialists of Sao Paulo, the Trade Association of Sao Paulo, and the Stock Market of Sao Paulo have visited the General to express their support and have praised his activities as commander of the Second Army as those of a man moved by deep feelings of dignity and love of institutions.)

C H I L E

26 November 1963

ALESSANDRI DEPLORES KENNEDY'S DEATH

Santiago Chile Domestic Service in Spanish 0110 GMT 23 November 1963--W

(Statement by President Alessandri after visit to U.S. Embassy, read by the announcer)

(Text) In the face of the surprising and tragic news of the death of the President of the United States of America, John F. Kennedy, the President of Chile is certain that in expressing his profound and intimate grief he is conveying the feelings of all Chileans.

President Kennedy had brought into the world a new concept of peace, justice, freedom and democracy. His idealistic and constructive principles represented for the people the hope of a more just and a more free tomorrow. His tragic death is not only a sorrow for the people of the sister republic of the United States of America; at this time when the whole world feels the sorrow for an irreparable loss, Chile joins them in solidarity, because Chile has always found in him a profound understanding for all Chilean problems and willingness to help us.

Foreign Minister's Statement

Santiago Chile Domestic Service in Spanish 0110 GMT 23 November 1963--W

(Statement by Chilean Foreign Minister Enrique Ortuzar, read by announcer)

(Text) Chile is stricken with grief over the death of the illustrious President of the United States of America. His name has become a symbol of democracy, freedom, and social justice. He was a man who profoundly understood the necessities of the less fortunate groups and was a strong supporter of equality among men. He showed special concern for the situation of the people of Latin America and he worked resolutely to strengthen the ties of fraternal solidarity with them that made possible the improvement of their social and economic conditions. His death is a severe blow to those who saw in him the incarnation of the most noble ideals and his example will continue to guide humanity for a long time in its search for peace and justice.

(Ed. note: Santiago Chile Emisoras Nuevo Mundo in Spanish 0100 GMT 24 November says that the Chilean Supreme Court sent a cable to the U.S. Supreme Court expressing condolences at the tragic death of President John F. Kennedy.

The executive board of the executive committee of the Unity Committee of the Chilean workers (Comite Unitario de los Trabajadores de Chile) issued the following declaration: "Upon the tragic death of the President of the United States, John F. Kennedy, our movement expresses its profound grief. With his death the democracies of the world have lost a man who gave his life for peace and freedom. Latin America has lost a real friend. It is hoped that the new deal policy toward Latin America which he started will be continued by the new authorities of the United States. The document is signed by several labor and peasant organizations.)

Allende Statement

Montevideo Correspondent's Dispatch in Spanish to PRENSA LATINA Havana 0002 GMT 23 November 1963--E (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

(Text) Santiago de Chile--Senator Salvador Allende made the following public statement this afternoon:

"Political assassination is abominable, and all the more so in this case because of its cold-bloodedness and cynical preparation. This is surely the result of a mentally disturbed person, or of hatreds stirred up by racists and ultrareactionaries who could not forgive President Kennedy his personal stand against threats of war and in behalf of peace and his understanding position on racial segregation. Mankind protests. I do so as a tribute to the deceased president and the North American people on behalf of the popular forces I represent.

EL SIGLO Comment

Havana PRENSA LATINA in Spanish 0147 GMT 26 November 1963--E (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

(Excerpt) Santiago, Chile--EL SIGLO, which today prints this complete television talk delivered by Cuban Prime Minister Fidel Castro, says in its editorial that President Kennedy's assassination is "paving the way for a sinister provocation directed against democratic forces in Latin America."

The editorial says the President's tragic death "has moved the world," and then cites the statements made in condemnation of the political crim by the Soviet Prime Minister, the U.S. Communist Party, the Cuban Prime Minister, and other figures of world socialism. It goes on to say that "the world has a right to know the motives behind the crime, and the case cannot be closed with the murder of Lee Oswald by a night club owner who seems to be connected with the shadiest Maffia gangs of the United States."

CUBA

26 November 1963

CASTRO ON DEATH OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Havana Domestic Radio and Television in Spanish 0156 GMT 24 November 1963--F

(Live Radio and Television Speech by Fidel Castro on Current Topics)

(Text) (Editor's note: introduction by Luis Gomez Wangueemert: "A very good evening television viewers, Maj. Fidel Castro, prime minister of the Revolutionary Government and secretary general of United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba /PURSC/ is going speak to the people over all the radio and television stations of the country to discuss current subjects. Maj. Fidel Castro will now speak to you.")

Whenever an important event has taken place, national or international, we have believed it opportune to speak to the people to express our opinions on each one of those circumstances and to give the orientation of our government and of our party, and to let everyone know what attitude we must adopt toward each of those situations. It is true that we are somewhat accustomed to face always some type of unexpected event, important serious events, because since the victory of the revolution our country has had to confront a number of problems, a series of situations which have been tempering the nerves of the people to carry out their victorious revolution.

That is why, because of the incidents which took place in the United States yesterday, which led to the assassination of the President of that country, because of the repercussions those events may have, and because of the role that the North American nation plays in the problems of international politics, we must make an especially objective and calm analysis of the events and their possible consequences.

The government of the United States, the previous administration, that of Eisenhower, as much as the Kennedy administration, did not practice a policy precisely friendly toward us. The policies of both administrations were characterized by their aggressive, hostile, and implacable spirit against our country. Our country was the victim of aggressions of an economic type with the purpose of provoking the ruin of our economy and bring hunger to our people. It was the victims of attacks of all types, attacks which cost us blood, and hundreds of our fellow citizens have lost their lives defending themselves from the attacks of Yankee imperialism.

This was not all. Their hostility and their aggression against us took our country to the very brink of war which fortunately was avoided. It carried the world to the brink of thermonuclear war and even when that alternative was not considered as it was during the October crisis when the invasion of Giron took place, we are all perfectly aware that if the plans that were made had been carried out against our country, that is if imperialism had been able to establish a beachhead on our coasts, that fight would have costs tens of thousands and perhaps hundreds of thousands of lives of our people.

We have been victims of constant hostility on the part of the United States and among the government leaders, the leaders of the United States. Kennedy had an important responsibility in those events. Nevertheless the news of the assassination of the President of the United States is serious and bad news. We must analyze this well in order to understand it and above all analyze it calmly and dispassionately, which is how we revolutionaries must analyze these things.

It is bad news, setting to one side the human problem, because man's sensibilities, any man's, are affected by an act of this nature, by a crime, a murder--I say that leaving those problems aside--I always react and I am sure that it is the reaction of the immense majority of human beings, we always react with repudiation to murder and crime. We cannot consider it as a correct weapon of struggle. We must not consider it--and above all under the conditions in which it took place, because like all things they must be judged by the circumstances the background, the conditions. There are sometimes cases in the midst of a civil war, in the midst of a fierce repression during which the revolutionaries see themselves forced to defend themselves, they find themselves forced to kill to defend themselves.

In other situations, under other circumstances--however it may be--in a situation of normality, of peace, at any time, an event of this nature is unjustifiable, particularly amid the crowd, in the presence of women--all these things. Above all, I say, it is the circumstances which permit us to make a condemnatory judgment of anything and of whether some events of a political nature, some attempts of a political nature can or cannot be justified.

From the circumstances that surround the assassination of the President of the United States, we understand it to be unjustified. But, analyzing the matter from the political point of view, objectively, I said also that it was a serious and bad piece of news. Some may ask "how can the Cubans, who have received so many [illegible] from the United States, from the Kennedy administration itself, say that it is a bad piece of news? How can they have that kind of a reaction to the report?"

In the first place, we Cubans must react like revolutionaries. In the second place, we Cubans, as conscientious revolutionaries, must not confuse systems and men, and we must begin by considering that we do not hate men, we hate systems. We hate the imperialist system. We hate the capitalist system, but this does not mean that we hate men as men, as individuals who are more or less important parts of a system. That is why we must not confuse hatred of the system with the feelings we have and should have toward men, which is a different feeling. It is not a feeling of hatred and, even less, a feeling of hatred that in this case would be a feeling of base hatred.

As Marxist-Leninists we know that the role of men is a relative role within each historic era, within each society, within each particular period. And we must know the role that men play within each society. Moreover, it is a matter of basic principle, we do not hate men, we hate systems: We would be pleased with the death of a system. The disappearance of a system would always make us jubilant. The triumph of a revolution always makes us jubilant. The death of a man, even if that man were our enemy, cannot make us happy. In the first place, as a matter of principle, that must be our position. Moreover, because of a trait of us Cubans, of the Latins, of the Spanish-Americans, of us, who are a mixture of races with certain characteristics, we always cease our belligerancy at death. We always bow with respect at death even if it has to do with an enemy.

Well, I was saying that the event itself may have very very negative repercussions with regard to the interests of our country; but it has nothing to do with the interests of our country in this case, but rather the interests of the entire world. We must know how to place the interests of mankind above the interests of our country. We feel that with regard to the interests of mankind it is a negative event, and I am going to explain why. Because in certain international political situations at a given moment there can be situations that are bad or worse. The death of Kennedy has all the prospects of leading from a bad situation to a worse situation. It has prospects of developing from a given situation to another which can be highly prejudicial to the interests of peace and the interests of mankind. Why?

Is it because we feel that the United States has a politically defendable position on the international level? No. The international policy of the United States cannot be defended. Its policy of aggression, its imperialist policy of violation of the rights of other nations, of intervention in the internal affairs of other countries, of domination, of repression, of blood, of alliance with the most reactionary sectors of the world, of participation in bloody wars

against the peoples who are struggling for their liberation, as in the case of South Vietnam, its attitude toward the Latin American peoples, its attitude toward us, in short, its international policy is in no way defendable from the moral point of view. Very well, nevertheless, within the American society and within the policy of the United States there are elements that support a policy that is even more reactionary, of an even much more aggressive policy, of a much more warlike policy.

This means that within a certain situation there are various degrees, and within a bad policy there are various degrees from bad to worse to intolerable and even within a bad policy there may be more negative and less negative aspects and there may even exist positive aspects within a policy which is bad overall. All the circumstances of the internal policy of the United States, the internal squabbles for power within the United States, the currents which struggle within the United States, the murder of President Kennedy tend to convert the policy of the United States into a worse policy and to aggravate the evils of the United States policy.

We can say that there are elements within the United States who defend an ultrareactionary policy in all fields, in international and internal policy. Those are the only elements who will benefit from the incidents which took place yesterday in the United States. Why? In the United States a number of forces have developed, a series of organizations, very powerful within United States society, very much influenced by the great interests within the United States. There is not the slightest doubt that a president with a maximum of authority within the United States means a less serious situation than a president without maximum authority within that situation.

A president is a political man who must take many factors, advices, opinions, factors affecting his opinions into consideration. An eminently political man, he doubtless in general acts differently from those who are not politicians by profession, we might say, but those who have another profession and other interests have reactions in politics which are always the worst reactions.

Within the United States there are a number of powerful economic, political, military forces. Many of them favor a certain policy and we more than once have spoken on that problem, the clash for instance between the political currents of the State Department with the military currents of the Pentagon.

Many times we have seen the manifestations of that struggle in Latin America, how there are currents in the United States which support the policy of military coups, especially the military currents, and there are political currents which defend another type of policy, not a good type of policy or anything like that. It is also a reactionary proimperialists policy but cloaked with the mantle of civil authority and even a pseudoliberalism. Unquestionably where there is an authority within the United States which is an acknowledged authority, obeyed, a strong authority, the dangers that arise from the fights among a number of reactionary currents within powerful organizations of the United States, are much less than when that authority does not exist, and without any question of doubt Kennedy had that authority within the United States.

For the time being a new situation is created of a president who, because of the circumstances under which he occupies the presidency--that is, he was vice president of the republic and because of an unexpected circumstance occupies the presidency of the republic, regardless of what his character may be because this is not a question of the character of the person or personage, but of circumstances--does not assume the presidency with the same personal authority which President Kennedy had. Because of this a question and a problem is presented with respect to the influence within all those forces of the new authority that assumes power, the new president who takes over the reins of government.

Within the United States there are some very reactionary currents, racist currents which are against the civil and social demands of the Negro population, people of the Ku Klux Klan, people who lynch, exterminate, use dogs; who savagely hate the black citizens of the United States, who feel an animal-like hatred--elements that are, naturally, ultrareactionaries.

There are in the United States economic currents, that is to say, powerful economic interests, that are equally ultrareactionary and have a completely reactionary position on all international questions. There are in the United States currents that support a greater intervention by the United States in international problems, a greater use of United States military forces in international problems. There are currents, for example, in the United States that are much more in support, intransigently in support, of a direct invasion of our country. There are in the United States currents that support the application of drastic measures against any government that may adopt the slightest measure of a nationalist nature, of an economic nature that benefits the country.

In short, there are series of sectors that can be summed up in a single concept: the ultraright of the United States, the ultrareaction in the United States. That ultrareaction, in each and every one of the internal and external problems of the United States, supports the worst procedures of the policy that is most aggressive and most dangerous to peace and most adventurist.

Within the United States there are also liberal currents, more liberal, more advanced, less advenced. There are rightists who are more radical and others more moderate. There are certain intellectual sectors that are not constantly thinking of the function of power, who are thinking of diplomacy, if you like, rather than force, who have a less aggressive policy, who have a more moderate policy.

That is to say, there is a gamut of political points of view in the United States which extends from the men of the extreme right to the men of the extreme left, the men farthest to the left in political views. And in that situation there is an entire variety of views, positions that are more or less moderate. There are liberal people in the intellectual sectors of the United States who understand the mistakes of the United States policy, who are not even in accord with many of the things the United States has done in international policy.

An event like yesterday's could only benefit those ultrarightist and ultrareactionary sectors, among which President Kennedy could not be counted. And several of the men who collaborated with him cannot be placed in the extreme reaction, in the extreme right. And even with the position of the United States, with the policy of the United States, which is undefendable as a whole, Kennedy was strongly attacked by most reactionary, most bellicose, most warmongering circles. You will remember that on the eve of the October crisis there was a campaign, enormous pressure, even laws, and resolutions in Congress, pushing the Kennedy administration toward war, trying to create a situation of imperative action.

Everyone will recall that we, on other occasions, have declared that one of the errors of the Kennedy policy with regard to Cuba is having played the game of his enemies, for example, taking up those plans of invasion against us which had been organized by the Republican administration. And all that led to the introduction in the United States of a policy of blackmail on the part of the Republicans. That means that Kennedy placed the weapon of Cuba in the hands of the Republicans by having followed the aggressive policy of the Republicans. And they used it as a political weapon against him.

On occasion there were very powerful campaigns of force, powerful movements within the United States Congress pressuring the administration for a more aggressive policy against us. And, finally, all those factors and all those forces, being on the most radical extreme of the right in the United States, fought Kennedy harshly precisely in those things that did not agree with the more aggressive policies those sectors supported.

And so we have a series of things that were the motive for constant criticism by those ultrarightist sectors. For example, the problem of Cuba. The commitment not to invade Cuba, which resulted from the October crisis, was one of the points of Kennedy's policy that was most constantly attacked by the ultrareactionary sectors. The agreement on the cessation of nuclear tests was also another of the very debated points in the United States. It had the resolute and fierce opposition of the most ultra-reactionary elements of the United States.

Everybody knows that our position was on this problem, everybody also knows what reasons were responsible for our position although we considered this a step forward which could, if advances were continued, which could mark the beginning of a policy in favor of a true peace, in favor of true disarmament. However that policy was never applied with respect to us, because while that nuclear test-ban agreement was being signed the policy of aggression against us was accentuated. However we are not analyzing the problems in the light of what was happening with us but in the light of what was happening in the world and above all in the light of what some were doing and others were thinking within the United States. Within the United States there were many sectors, many ultra-reactionary elements who carried out a fierce campaign against the agreement on cessation of nuclear tests.

There are other elements, sectors of the people in the United States who for example also fiercely oppose the legislation on civil rights proposed by Kennedy with respect to the Negro problem in the United States. This was not because it was revolutionary legislation. It was not because it was a great effort, because that great effort has not been made in the United States in favor of equality and civil rights and above all in favor of the United Stetes Negro. Be what it may, it was legislation which contained some measures which from the legal point of view tended to protect the rights of the Negro, legislation which was stymied, legislation which was mired by the strong opposition of the most reactionary sectors, the sectors in favor of discrimination in all the United States.

In such fashion on a number of points of the international policy there are in the United States even some elements who are partisans of preventive nuclear war. That means that they are in favor of unleashing a surprise war, nuclear war, because they obstinately think that that is the policy the United States must carry out. Reactionary elements, neofascists without any consideration of the most basic rights of nations or the interests of humanity. That is something which is strictly objective. There are types of capitalists, types of reactionaries, and there is no doubt, for example, that the worst type of capitalism was nazi-ism and the most criminal mentality was that of imperialism in its nazi form.

There are a number of degrees in these problems. Objectively analyzing this matter, from the moment that a stronger authority is lacking, a heeded personal authority in the situations, in the forms in which the policy of the United States is made, all these reactionary forces may find a magnificent opportunity, and as a matter of fact they are already finding a magnificent opportunity, to unleash their unbridled and ultrareactionary policy. These could be the sectors, the currents, the only ones who will emerge benefited by an event such as the one that took place in the United States yesterday. Well and good, this is analyzing the automatic results of that event.

Aside from other aspects of the problem, what is there behind the assassination of Kennedy? What were the true reasons behind the assassination of Kennedy? What forces, factors, circumstances, moved behind this unexpected, surprising event which took place yesterday? It was a report that absolutely surprised the entire world. It was something that had not even entered anyone's mind. As yet, at this precise moment, there is nothing that is absolutely clear. At these moments there are many things that are unclear and many confusing things about the incidents which led to the assassination of the President of the United States. There are some other things which are obvious symptoms of all that I was saying previously that the most reactionary forces are breaking loose within the United States.

For example, the worst symptom is the use they are making of the event to unleash within the United States a state of anti-Soviet and anti-Cuban hysteria. That is in the first place. That means that the new administration taking possession can find itself faced with a state of hysteria unleashed within the United States, precisely by the most reactionary sectors of the country, the most reactionary press of the country with the powerful resources that powerful political currents have within the United States that means that they are already combining to create a picture in the mind of United States public opinion and the worse aspect of it is that they are creating a campaign of the worst McCarthyite spirit, of the worst anticommunist spirit.

When the assassination of President Kennedy took place the thing that passed through the minds of the immense majority of people and, certainly, through the minds of the immense majority of North American citizens--and logically so--was that the assassination of President Kennedy was the work of some of the elements that disagreed with his international policy, that is, his nuclear pact policy, his policy toward Cuba which they did not consider aggressive enough but weak, his policy on civil problems of the United States. Not many days ago United States representative Stevenson, in the city of Dallas, was attacked by ultraconservative elements of the John Birch Society and counterrevolutionary elements conspiring with them. That deed caught the attention of the entire world. I even wondered what degree of reaction those people had reached when they believe that Stevenson deserves to be attacked over his international policy. As reactionary as the international policy of the United States has been there are elements who physically attack Stevenson because they feel that it is a weak and bad policy. That it is not sufficiently reactionary.

That passed through the mind of everyone. Did that, perchance, pass through the mind of a leftist? No, that did not pass through anyone's mind (as heard). Why? Because the polemic in the United States today, the furious polemic was being waged between the most ultrareactionary elements, the ultrarightist elements, and the most moderate elements of United States policy. The internal polemic was not characterized as the clash of the United States communists with the United States Government. It was characterized as the clash of the elements of the left or the elements of the liberals. This did not mean that the leftist elements supported the Kennedy policy, but the no-quarter struggle, the battle was being waged in the United States between the extreme right, the extreme reaction, and the most moderate elements in the Congress, the press, the streets, everywhere.

International tension had lessened considerably in recent months. These were not the months of the October crisis or the months after the October crisis. They were not the months when the cold war was more acute, more intense, the so-called cold war which many times approaches the hot war. No, the United States was not experiencing one of those periods of McCarthyism which are characterized by frenzied persecution of the most progressive elements of the United States.

No, there have been other periods in which that type of hard battle did exist, in which the struggle was waged by the reactions and the principal task of the reaction was the persecution of the progressive elements and in which it could be thought that those, who were being persecuted with blood and fire, a fanatic, persecuted because of his views, was capable of reacting in that manner. No, that period was not being experienced in the United States. It was not a period of frenzied McCarthyism.

It was a period of fierce polemic between the most moderate sectors, in which many of Kennedy's collaborators could be included, and the ultrareactionary sectors of North American society. That is why it was not logical or sensible for anyone to think that it could be a leftist fanatic. If it were a fanatic at all, it had to be a rightist fanatic. But of course... it was hardly possible that, in view of an event of this type, people as unscrupulous as are many North American politicians, people as immoral, as dishonest and shameless as are many of these elements that represent the reactionary, cynical sectors of the United States--warmongers, irreconcilable enemies of Cuba, supporters of the invasion of Cuba even at the expense of thermonuclaer war--it was hardly possible that they would not try to take advantage of these circumstances to turn all their hatred, all their propaganda, and their campaign against Cuba.

That did not surprise us. I have already said that we are accustomed to these things. The struggle, life, all this has made our people one, with nerves of steel, and a calm people. We have just survived the cyclone and we have faced the test in a worthy and honorable way. We have faced many tests in a worthy and honorable way. We foresaw that as a result of these events the cycle might begin again, the ambush, the Machiavellian plan against our country; that on the very blood of their assassinated president there might be people unscrupulous enough to begin immediately to draw up an aggressive policy against Cuba--if that aggressive policy were not previously linked to the assassination, if it were not linked because it might have or might not have. But there is no doubt that that policy is being built on the still warm blood and the still unburied body of their own president who was tragically assassinated.

They are people who have not one iota of morality. They are people who have not one iota of scruple. They are people who have not one iota of shame, who perhaps think that in the shadow of tragedy they can unsheath their daggers against our country, believing that they can take us unprepared, demoralized, weak, one of those beliefs into which the imperialists erroneously always fall.

Only yesterday at 1400, the first cable, (reads from paper) "22 November UPI"--and observe this, among the cable agencies there has been one that has been more moderate, more objective, AP, and there has been one that has been immoderately and wildly lying, brazen, shameless laying the ground for a campaign of defamation against Cuba: UPI, but wild, and not only this, before this there were some very interesting UPI reports, and a number of UPI campaigns, including some against President Kennedy himself, which link it with the ultrareactionary currents interested either in profiting from this situation for their hazardous and warmongering policy or because those circles have responsibility in the assassination of President Kennedy. And here we can see this clearly in the cables--"22 November UPI". The police today arrested Lee H. Oswald identified as the president of the Committee for Fair Play for Cuba as the primary suspect in the assassination of President John F. Kennedy." Immediately Cuba. Immediately the Soviet Union.

They have dedicated themselves to unleashing an anto-Soviet and anti-Cuban campaign. Cable: "The United States Embassy today confirmed that Lee H. Oswald was in Russia. An official of that embassy said that Oswald visited it in November 1959 and that according to available information, he left the Soviet Union in 1962. He added that it was not known when the suspected slayer of President John F. Kennedy had gone to Russia, the purpose of his visit, and how long his visit to Russia lasted. There were unconfirmed reports that Oswald requested Soviet citizenship but was unable to acquire it."

This means that the first cables already are trying to insinuate a Soviet responsibility and a Cuban responsibility. As if it would enter anybody's head who has two inches of forehead and a little commonsense that a government, the Government of the Soviet Union or the (snickers) Government of Cuba (leaves thought uncompleted--ed.)--and if they do not want to believe us let them not. That is the least of it.

Perhaps they think that we are overly hotheaded. Perhaps they think that they have committed many aggressions against us. Perhaps they have (word indistinct). But the Soviet Union, to insinuate that the Soviet Union could have had some responsibility in this. Could this be believed? To insinuate that we have (some responsibility--ed.). Could this be believed? Someone with two fingers of forehead, or with elementary commonsense, who knows when men are working for a cause and knows the paths through which a cause is carried to victory (thought uncompleted--ed.).

However this is the first thing that they could try to insinuate. To insinuate, just observe that cable. They did not know what the purpose of his visit was or how long his visit lasted to Russia. This was the first insinuation and that was what began to make the whole thing suspect, because there was the coincidence that the most unexpected thing, as unexpected as the vile assassination, that a culprit immediately appeared, what a coincidence! He had gone to Russia, and what a coincidence! He was linked with a Committee for Fair Play for Cuba. That is what they began to say. A culprit immediately appeared. A culprit who had been in the Soviet Union and a culprit who was a sympathyzer with Cuba.

Of course although it is extrordinarily difficult to fabricate a package of this nature, it is possible that they for the moment are not pursuing this objective: They are at this moment pursuing another objective, because it is impossible under any circumstances to invent any type of responsibility. They are pursuing the objective of organizing a campaign of hysteria, to arouse exitement, and unleash hysteria within the United States, an anticommunist hysteria, an antiprogressive hysteria, an antiliberal hysteria, an anti-Soviet hysteria, an anti-Cuban hysteria, that means hazardous hysteria, a reactionary hysteria, a warmongering hysteria within the United States, because if they had an atom of responsibility and seriousness or good faith they would not unleash a campaign of this nature as they have and as is seen in all the cables.

They began to declare: "22 November, UPI, the assassin of President Kennedy is a confessed Marxist who spent three years in Russia trying to renounce his United States citizenship but had a change of heart and obtained a return ticket to North America paid for by the United States Government." This was an insinuation by imputation against the Soviet Union. "He was identified as Lee H. Oswald 24 years of age, former marine infantryman and president of a Committee for Fair Play for Cuba." This was immediately after an imputation against Cuba. And in this manner they have begun all their cables. All of them of the UPI, all their reports. Through their reports they have repeated the same idea and the same thing 20 times using a well-known technique, at which they are very able, to insinuate what they wish to, to sow the suspicion they wish to sow on this matter, to defame the Cuban revolution, to defame the Soviet Union, to create a hysteria against our countries.

It says: "Oswald was captured in a gun battle when he hid in a movie."--they gave thousands of reports on this, many of them contradictory--"the police say that Oswald worked in the Texas School Book Depository building. After the crime the police found a Mauser rifle in the building." It tells where he was born, it says that on 30 October he appeared at the United State Embassy in Moscow, on 30 October 1959, "telling officials that

he wanted to renounce American citizenship. According to reports, he told the embassy officials 'I am a Marxist.' The FBI confirmed that Oswald went to Russia and requested Soviet citizenship. Oswald told embassy officials that he intended to tell Soviet authorities all he learned during the three years he was enlisted in the marines."

Notice, Oswald told Embassy officials that he intended to tell Soviet authorities all he learned during the three years he spent in the marines. "The embassy officials said that Russian never granted Oswald the citizenship he requested." They already have in their hands a real or false suspect. They have already manufactured their criminal, they already have him. Now listen and you will see the course being followed by this campaign. He told the officials that he intended to reveal all the secrets he knew . . . yes, I will refer to that later.

"In February of 1962 Oswald apparently changed his mind and returned to the United States. In the meantime he had married a Russian, (Marina Nocholeyevna--phonetic), a hospital employee in Minsk, who bore him a child." This man who is being accused of more than deserting, of spying, of confessing that he is going to give military secrets, returns calmly to the United States. It says: "Officials of the embassy reviewed his case. Since he had not been granted Soviet citizenship, it was decided to give him a passport for the United States." Can any one who has said he is going to reveal military secrets return easily to the United States without being jailed, without being tried, without being sent to jail?

It says: "The Government records show that he left Moscow with 435 dollars for expenses given him by the United States Government. This year Oswald requested another passport. He told the State Department that he wanted to visit England, France, Germany, Holland, Finland, Italy, and the Soviet Union. He said that he planned to make the trip in October of 1963 and December and January of 1964 (as heard). The passport was issued in New Orleans on 25 June but it is not known whether Oswald returned the money loaned him for his first return trip to the United States. If he did not repay it, the new passport should not have been issued him."

That is what they say. We are going to use their own reports. Here is another cable. "Dallas, November 22--President Kennedy died today, shot to death. The police arrested a Castroite North American because they consider him the prime suspect for the assassination."

A Castroite, Castroite. It comes out that the gentleman who murdered Kennedy is a Castroite. We know that there are very few Castroites, what they call Castroites, in the United States. They call Castroites--they hand the title of Castroite on anybody they feel like according to their propaganda and their affairs. Now we discover that yesterday he was a member of Fair Play in the first cable and now he is an American Castroite who on one occasion had tried to obtain Soviet nationality. Yes. That is the way all the cables are as you will see. "Kennedy, who was 46 years of age, was mortally wounded, etc." That was one cable.

Another one: "Dallas, 22 November UPI--The police today jailed Lee Harvey Oswald, a Marxist sympathizer of the Cuban Prime Minister, Fidel Castro." There is not one cable in which they have not begun to associate the incident, the name of the individual they declare is guilty, with the Cuban revolution, with the Soviet Union, with Fidel Castro, "Castroite, sympathizer of the Prime Minister, admirer of the Prime Minister."

Another one: "A sympathizer of the Cuban Minister Fidel Castro, who attempted to acquire citizenship in the Soviet Union, where he lived several years, denied all knowledge about the criminal assault. Oswald killed a policeman, and so forth." More: "Although Oswald who heads the Committee of Fair Play for Cuba, a pro-Castro organization in this city, acknowledged being the owner of the revolver which killed, and so forth." It is repeated in each of its parts.

This continues later, but the first strange thing that appears here is the lie that this gentleman was president of a Committee for Fair Play. A lie. We gathered all the reports, statements, publicity to see if there was a Fair Play for Cuba Committee in that area of Texas and New Orleans. They declared that this gentleman--where did they get this?--presented himself as the secretary of a sectional organization for the Committee for Fair Play for Cuba in New Orleans or Dallas. In some cables they say that in the month of August, in other cables that it was last week. That is what they declare. That is the origin of the so-called "pro-Castroite," and that there is a radio station he had defended the Cuban revolution. This is all strange. We had no reports of any statements of that type. But we looked for reports from cities where there were committees for Fair Play for Cuba of which we know: in New York, Los Angeles, Cleveland, Baltimore, Chicago, Tampa, Johnstown, Washington, San Francisco, Minneapolis, Philadelphia, and Detroit, and nowhere does there appear a Committee for Fair Play for Cuba in Dallas or New Orleans.

Good. Immediately, the national director of Fair Play for Cuba declared that Lee Harvey Oswald, prime suspect in the assassination of President Kennedy did not head any regular representation of that organization. He added that he did not recall that Oswald was ever president of a committee representation previously dissolved."

In Miami the Revolutionary Student Directorate (DRE) made up of anti-Castro Cuban youths declared that Oswald had been president of the Fair Play Committee in New Orleans and had debated on the communist conquest in Cuba with a representative of the DRE on a radio program. It is said: "According to the DRE Oswald attempted to infiltrate in this organization." Some other strange things begin to appear. It appears they say that this was an American Castroite who wanted to infiltrate into a Castroite (as heard, presumable meant "anti-Castro"--ed.) organization

And why the devil would an alleged sympathizer of the Cuban revolution want to enter any anticastro organization of pirates and that kind of element, without having any contact with us, without knowing anybody? What sense can there be in making anybody believe that an American wanted to infiltrate a Cuban (organization?)? He wanted to infiltrate; how queer. Because they are overinfiltrated with Americans and agents of the CIA and the FBI, no? because everything is proven, that is done over there by the CIA and FBI men.

And then they said something else. Here (presumably reads from news item--ed) it also says: the chairman of the national committee said: The Fair Play for Cuba Committee never has issued statutes for any city in either Texas or Louisiana. I can say that Lee Harvey Oswald has never been either secretary or president of any Fair Play for Cuba Committee in any U.S. city. You see. And yet, from the first they began spreading the poisonous idea through the world that a Fair Play for Cuba Committee was involved. Afterward other things appear. Later we will try to analyze, it may well be, is this the real guilty person or not, and we must confine ourselves to the same things that they say, and base our opinion on the things they say.

Well then. That was the 22nd. Now the 23rd. Dallas, 23 November; UPI; the procommunist Lee Harvey Oswald was today accused of assassinating President Kennedy. The police said the paraffin tests run of Oswald's hands gave a positive result, and showed signs of powder, and so-on. Dallas, 23rd, UPI; results are not known from the tests on Oswald's face. Such traces could be present only in case the suspect had fired a rifle.

In the first paragraph they say "procommunist." In the second paragraph they speak of something else. Third paragraph; Oswald, Marxist and sympathizer of the Cuban communist regime, ate a breakfast of oatmeal--that is, to tell what he ate for breakfast it repeats that he is a Marxist and a sympathizer of Fidel Castro's communist regime in Cuba. Do you understand? It is clear for those of us who know these people well; we are almost experts at knowing these shameless people. It says: he had a breakfast of oatmeal, apricots, bread, and coffee and sat down comfortably to wait for the authorities to go on questioning him.

Dallas, 23 November, UPI: The local police have proof that President John F. Kennedy was assassinated by the Castro-communist Lee Harvey Oswald, it was announced officially today. So then, he was assassinated by the Castro-communist. The man was no longer an American; it was no longer a marine taught to shoot and kill in the Marine Corps; it was no longer a marine whom they made an expert marksman and had at all the imperialist bases the United States has throughout the world; no. It was no longer even an American. He was a Castro-communist, even though we never in our life heard of him.

Just see how the propaganda works, and all (word indistinct) things. An American, legitimately American, born over there, educated by American society in American schools, seeing American movies, in the American armed forces, everything American. And now, he is not that in the dispatches. Now they call him the Castro-communist. Captain Will Fritz said he was sure and so on. That was yesterday. And today--no, that was today, in the afternoon, the Dallas police chief, Jess Curry, said today that Lee Harvey Oswald admitted that he is a communist. Now he admits that today. Yesterday he had admitted nothing, and now he turns up admitting that he is a communist. Curry added that Oswald admitted to police officials questioning him last night that he was a member of the Communist Party. Now the man is a member of the Communist Party, As the hours pass they find more and more names for him, true or invented, (few words indistinct).

So then, this is to say one obvious thing connected with the assasination is the launching of a campaign of defamation against the Soviet Union and Cuba, and a series of perfidious insinuations which for the time being have no purpose other than to repeat 1,000 times their scheme and their scurrility in order to create in the U.S. public mind, in the mind of the U.S. citizenry, a state of anti-Soviet and anti-Cuban hysteria. These gentlemen are staging a very queer scene, and a very queer game, and nobody knows what sinister plans may be behind it.

In addition, there is an official statement issued from the State Department, made public today, which says: State Department authorities said today they have no evidence to indicate that the Soviet Union or any other power is implicated in the assassination of President Kennedy. Lee Harvey Oswald, former marine who spent three years in Russia, has been charged with the crime. When Oswald, who is 24 (sic), went to Russia, he declared his intention of renouncing U.S. citizenship. At the U.S. Embassy in Moscow he said he was a Marxist. After changing his mind and returning to the United States last year, Oswald allegedly became a sympathizer of Cuban Prime Minister Fidel Castro.

So even in the dispatches announcing, where they issue a denial, they repeat. It says: The State Department authorities say they likewise have no evidence that Cuba is implicated in what Oswald may have done. Of course Cuba has no need for them to make excuses for her. She has no need for them to exonerate her, nor does she ask anybody to excuse her or forgive her or exonerate her, because the very idea that we might have to defend ourselves against such infamy is repugnant, it is repugnant in itself. We have no need for anybody to defend us or exonerate us.

But why does the State Department have to come out today with this statement? What does this reveal? It reveals, to the U.S. authorities themselves, to some people in the United States, the danger of the anti-Soviet and anti-Cuban campaign being waged by the most reactionary circles and the warmongering circles of the United States. That is, the State Department itself understands the danger of such a policy and the extremely perilous dead-end that such a campaign of slander and hysteria could produce for the United States. This shows that there are people in the United States who have realized the need to head it off. This does not mean the danger is checked, because what is behind the Kennedy assassination is not known. At present, it is not known what is behind the Kennedy assassination.

This statement does not halt the danger of what they can concoct there, but it does indicate that some people in the United States have understood the trend and the danger of such a campaign, and it indicates that in the United States there may be people who do not go along with that adventure, with that madness, and that foolishness that is being perpetrated in such an irresponsible, criminal fashion. The State Department has found itself obliged to head it off. That policy, that campaign, who knows where it leads. Other things have appeared, too, but all this is very mysterious.

Another dispatch; this one from the AP. It says: A letter from 1961--the UPI does not speak of this, because the UPI has oriented its campaign in just one direction, in one sense. But it is not just the UPI. Yesterday we were listening to U.S. broadcasts, and on the radio there was exactly the same comapign. The name of Castro almost appeared more than the name of this man they charge with the assassination; it was ceaselessly repeated over the radio and all that over there in the United States. Just see how those gentlemen operate and how much hatred they have for the revolution, and how should we not suspect that these these gentlemen are capable of anything, from the assassination of Kennedy to what they are doing right now, people motivated by such hatred and people who operate with such absolute lack of scruples.

Its says: A letter from 1961 found in Pentagon files causes doubts as to whether Governor John Connally of Texas, rather than President Kennedy, was not the chief victim in the plans of the murderer who shot both in Dallas yesterday. The letter, dated 31 January 1961, was written by hand from Minsk, USSR, by Lee Harvey Oswald, a former marine, who is charged with assassinating Kennedy and wounding Connally. Oswald came back a year ago, after spending three years in the Soviet Union. The letter was addressed to Connally, then secretary of the navy, asking revocation of Oswald's undesirable discharge.

But the request was not granted, and if he is proven to be the man who shot Kennedy and Connally the question might arise as to whom he had the greater motive for wanting to kill. A copy of the letter from Oswald was sent to the then Secretary Connally, who left the department on 20 December 1961. He replied to Oswald briefly on 23 February 1962 informing him that he was no longer with the Navy and had referred his letter to the new secretary. A copy of Connally's letter was sent to the new secretary, Fred Korth, who referred it to the marine (word indistinct). From there it was sent to a Marine Corps appeals court, which confirmed the undesirable discharge. Oswald's letter maintained that type of discharge in his case was a gross error and an injustice.

Here are other dispatches talking about a threat--dispatches saying that in the letter he threatened the then secretary of the navy with using any means to avenge himself for the injustice. And that secretary of the navy was the man who was with Kennedy. So, they have taken it on themselves to offer another possible version.

Here is a statement which says that District Attorney Henry Wade said today that he was certain that he will obtain the death sentence for Lee Harvey Oswald, the former marine, who has been formally charged with the assassination of President Kennedy, according to the U.S. news agencies. The report adds that Wade has acted as attorney in 24 murder cases, and he obtained the death sentence 23 times. It looks like this attorney general is a henchman. He obtained a life sentence for the other case.

Wade said that he had material proof against Oswald, but he would not say what the charges are. He added that it has not been established that the Mauser discovered was the crime weapon. During the questioning Oswald denied any participation in the assassination. Yesterday Capt. Willy Fritz, chief of police of Dallas, spoke to the press and said that he was of the opinion that Oswald killed President Kennedy, and that for him the case is clear. Now here is data as to the identity of the man they are accusing. However, we do not want to speak about a campaign which the UPI, the news agency, the UPI (he does not finish the sentence--ed.). Let us take a look at these notes. Well, now.

It so happens that these events took place just when Kennedy was being severely attacked by those who thought that he was pursuing a weak policy toward Cuba. It is not we, but precisely the enemies of the revolution, the interested people, and the enemies in general of a more moderate policy, of a less belligerent policy, the enemies of such a policy, who could have been the only ones interested in President Kennedy's death, and the only ones who may have been pleased to hear the news of President Kennedy's death.

Several days ago my attention was drawn by an incident which happened during the IAPA conference, a scandalous thing, because several governments were severely attacked, crudely attacked--such as the Government of Brazil, by a certain Mezquita, who said horrible things about the President of Brazil, and even mentioned and advocated a coup in Brazil. Statements were also made against other Latin American presidents there in the United States.

I noticed that the cables carried long articles with a whole series of opinions against Kennedy's speech in Florida. Kennedy's speech in Florida was disappointing for an entire group of elements who favor an aggressive policy against Cuba. It was disappointing to the revolutionary elements, and it was disappointing to the U.S. warmongering circles. That is the way many cables ran. Here is one: Miami, Florida. It was in vain that the exiles this evening waited for President Kennedy to make a definite promise that he would take strong measures against Fidel Castro's communist government, thus, it was in vain that they expected a definite promise this evening. Many of them met in the office of the revolutionary organization and in homes to listen to Kennedy's speech on the radio, as translated in Spanish over the exile radio.

They heard the President say that we on the continent must use every resource at our disposal to prevent the establishment of another Cuba on this hemisphere. They did not tolerate the reference to preventing the establishment of another Cuba. They thought that it implied the idea that a Cuba does exist. Many exiles had hoped for a stronger statement to rid Cuba of communism. Nevertheless, some were certain that the U.S. Government was taking action against Castro in a secret war of infiltration which can not be revealed. The report says that thousands of exiles attended an open air meeting on the eve of Kennedy's arrival and listened to criticism of what they called a weak U.S. policy toward Cuba.

Jose Ignacio Rivera, director in exile of the DIARIO DE LA MARINA--is it still alive there?--Havana's oldest newspaper, and Emilio Nunez Portuondo, the chairman of the U.N. Security Council, asked for more positive action by the United States. Rivera, a member of the Inter-American Press Association, at which Kennedy spoke, expressed doubts about a sinister intrigue among international politicians. (word indistinct) an intrigue, because they wanted to co-exist with us.

Nunez Portuondo also said at the meeting that the U.S. weak policy toward Cuba and toward other American nations is an international disgrace. Said Rivero, Ignacio Rivero--of LA MARINA and you all know what it is: ultra-ultra, and has to be connected with the ultra-ultras of the United States--said (does not finish this sentence--ed.) They openly said that the U.S. weak policy toward Cuba and toward other American countries is an international disgrace. See, how irritated they were toward the U.S. Government, toward Kennedy's policy.

Here is something else: the Latin American editors and directors in general applauded President Kennedy's speech this evening, however many thought that he had not adopted a strong enough position against Fidel Castro's communist government. Thus the UP and AP reports say that there, where the representatives of the most reactionary press in and outside the United States met, many thought that he had not adopted a sufficiently hard attitude toward Fidel Castro's communist government. Agustin Navarro of EL ESPEJO of Mexico said that the speech was extremely weak and that the President's statements on Cuba were not enough.

See, it is not only the U.S. gorillas, but their partners, the little gorillas of Latin America, who dare to protest and to criticize the U.S. police even while in the United States. The least they could be expected to do is to shut up. But no, they feel they have the right to assume the position of the U.S. ultra-deluding elements and of the gorillas. He added that it is necessary to ransom Cuba now under Fidel Castro--must be ransomed and the status quo must not be maintained. They are against any coexistence.

Other owners of Cuban newspapers in exile spoke in similar terms. (Castro shuffles papers--ed). A series of dispatches started to arrive here. (Castro reads one--ed.) the president of the Cuban Medical College in Exile, Enrique Huerta, said that his (Kennedy's--ed.) speech does not clarify any of the basic issues connected with the Cuban problem, and launched a unanimous attack, a unanimous criticism against Kennedy. (Castro shuffles papers again--ed.). Well not only Latin American but many American editors, too.

Here we have one--New York, October 29, ASSOCIATED PRESS, the DAILY NEWS says in today's editorial that President John F. Kennedy seems to be concerned, among other things, for the presence of a communist Cuba and for the fact that scores of Americans are still infuriated, still infuriated, or alarmed because of the existence of this Kremlin beachhead in the American continent. Referring to the speech delivered by the president at the Inter-American Press Association meeting on Monday night, the editorial recalls that Kennedy urged the Cuban people to overthrow Fidel Castro, and that once this was done, the American people would gladly help the regime which takes over.

The daily continues: The problem is that the weak policy followed by Kennedy's government in connection with Castro--an aftermath of the policy followed by his predecessor Eisenhower--made it possible for Castro and Khrushchev to turn Cuba into a police state, in which the people practically have no hopes of rising successfully without help from the outside.

The newspaper continues: Kennedy now refuses to permit the Cuban exiles to launch attacks against Cuba from U.S. territory. In fact, he uses the nation's air and naval power to maintain Castro in power. See what some gorillas think; see what some ultrarightists think. And see if there is any difference between thinking along this vein and assassinating their president--assassinating a president. The difference between thinking along these lines and taking advantage of their president's assassination to carry out that policy. Because here we have absolutely no doubt. (loses through here--ed.) See what some reactionary circles thought of Kennedy.

It says: Kennedy now refuses to permit Cuban exiles from launching attacks against Cuba from U.S. territory, and in fact, uses the nation's air and naval power to maintain Castro in power. They accuse Kennedy of using the air and naval power to maintain Castro in power. There is quite a difference, the newspaper says, between this attitude and the bold words uttered by Kennedy in connection with Cuba during the 1960 presidential campaign. We doubt that many voters were confused by President Kennedy's views in reference to Cuba expressed day before yesterday.

The newspaper says many voters were not confused, and that is not the same as was said before. That is, a current of unanimous criticism was being observed against what the ultrareactionary sectors--considered a soft policy against Cuba. And that is the way this people think. Well, dispatches on top of more dispatches. Because they never wrote so many dispatches.

It is strange that news agencies gave a tremendously wide coverage to all criticisms made against Kennedy for his Cuban policy. UPI publicized these reports as never before. And all of these articles reported criticisms against Kennedy because of his Cuban policy. It says: Miami Beach, Florida -Today, six editors of Latin American newspapers criticized Kennedy's weak stand in the liquidation of Castro's communist regime in Cuba while expressing their negative opinion on his speech at the Inter-American Press Association. Julio Mesquita Filho, a shameless reactionary, who spoke there against the Brazilian President, who staged a campaign against Brazil, and who advocated a reactionary and fascist coup against Brazil. It says, pay attention, Julio Mesquita (Filho?), editor of ESTADO DE SAO PAULO who yesterday moved the IAPA editors with his analysis of the economic and political situation in his country, said that the United States made a mistake in not recognizing in time the danger which Cuba posed for all the continent.

Mesquita advocated collective armed action by the hemisphere in Cuba, because "I am a defender of the nations' self-determination." That Mesquita, Mosquito, Mezquino (watchea--ed.), all the same. See how reactionary he is. However, the Brazilian editor underscored the way President Kennedy conceived the hemispheric agrarian problem, and said that the agrarian problem could not be measured with the same yardstick in all of the hemispheric nations. Why? because he represents the oligarchy, the latinfundium. in Brazil. And as I was referring precisely to a gamut of currents, Kennedy's policy. promoted a type of agrarian reform which is not revolutionary, which is not revolutionary, but which clashed with oligarchic interests.

It is very strange that in the days prior to Kennedy's assassination, a coincidence of opinions is noted as never before among reactionary sectors within and without the United States--the campaign waged at IAPA (against?) that, the coincidence of unanimous and aggressive opinions in reference to a series of issues connected with Kennedy's international policy. And he (Mesquita--ed.) speaks here of Kennedy's way of conceiving the agrarian problem. That is to say, (he was speaking for--ed.) groups of ultrarightist and oligarchic gorillas from within and without. Then this man continues to expound his anti-Brazilian policy.

Then in conclusion, he said something quite interesting, very interesting, very odd, which called my attention when I read it. For that reason, I remembered about it and looked up the papers. He says: The third editor to express his opinion was (Sergio?) Carbo, a famous man whom you all know, director of what--it is scratched out here--it seems that, what is that called (addressing question to someone in the audience--ed.). Teleprinter (someone answers--ed.). We can't call that in Spanish--teleprinter went haywire, who (Castro picks up the thought concerning Carbo--ed.) referring to President Kennedy said: "His speech did not give a categorical conclusion." Carbo emphasized that he is the director of executive council, director of the executive council of the Inter-American Press Association--a very important post within all intellectual sectors of the reactions and oligarchy--that no strong statements were made in favor of Cuba's liberation, like those made in previous speeches by President Kennedy, especially the one he delivered after the heroic Playa Giron battle--the heroic battle where everyone ended up by surrendering and becoming a prisoner.

While forcasting the crisis of the communist regime in Cuba he added: "In Cuba the situation borders on insolubility in economic, political and international (matters--ed.) as Castro is not even good business for Russia. But the most important of all--see how the statements of the man who fills an important post in intellectual circles of the reaction within the U.S. and without, as director of the executive council of the Inter-American Press Association, end. See how his statements end--and that was what called by attention--the editor of the intervened Havana daily ended by saying: "I feel that a serious event, which will happen soon, will force Washington to change its peaceful coexistence policy. What does that mean?

What did this man mean--three days before Kennedy's assassination? What did this man, who holds an important post in the ultrarightist circles within and without the United States--director of the IAPA executive council--mean to say? He says this in a dispatch which does not come from PRENSA LATINA. In this case, the dispatch was filed by ASSOCIATED PRESS. The dispatch is dated on the 19th ASSOCIATED 254. What does that number mean? (asks someone in the audience--ed.) sequence number (answers someone in the audience--ed.). A dispatch dated on 19 November--three days before Kennedy's assassination--Miami Beach, referring to this man, said: "The intervened Havana daily editor said: "I feel that an serious event, which will happen soon, will force Washington to change its policy of peaceful coexistence." What does this mean, three days before Kennedy's assassination? Because when I read this dispatch, it called my attention, it intrigued me, it seemd odd to me.

Was there an understanding, was there a thought, was there a plot in the reactionary circles in which the so-called Kennedy's Cuban soft policy was fought, in which the policy connected with the cessation of nuclear tests was fought, in which the policy on civil rights was fought, in specific circles--civilian and military--in the most reactionary U.S. circles? Is it not possible that a plot against President Kennedy's life existed among these circles? How odd that President Kennedy is assassinated when there is unanimous concert of opinion on several aspects of this policy--a furious criticism against his policy. How odd. And this man, who now appears guilty, who was he, who is he?

Is he really guilty? Is he a scapegoat? Is he a psychopath, ill? That is, is he a sick man? He could be one or the other. Or is he perhaps a tool of the most reactionary U.S. circles; who is this man? Why did he go into action precisely when surrounding circumstances were least favorable for a leftwing fanatic to assassinate the U.S. President? They were the least favorable circumstances. And if the circumstances for an attempt at this assassination by the reactionary and the rightwing circles of the United States. (sentence as received)

Here is an item from the New York TIMES. The New York TIMES reports on Oswald and says that last July he made efforts to become a member of the so-called directorio--just see what the TIMES reports, the New York TIMES. It reports that last July he made efforts to become a member of the so-called directorio estudiantil de Cuba (Cuban student directorate), attempting to take part in the plan to overthrow the revolutionary regime of Fidel Castro in Cuba. Now it was no longer Castroites. Now, according to the New York TIMES, he had made moves to become a member of a counter-revolutionary organization to overthrow the Cuban revolution. The paper cites sources among Cuban refugees in New Orleans and Miami as its basis for this report. According to the report Oswald returned to the United States 18 months ago after two-and-a-half years in the Soviet Union, where he tried vainly to obtain Soviet citizenship.

Oswald returned, thanks to a loan of 435.71 dollars from the U.S. Government. He obtained it after having appealed to Republican Senator John G. Tower of Texas. That is, he comes back from the Soviet Union on money from the U.S. Government, thanks to the intercession of a Republican Senator from Texas. Oswald currently had a U.S. passport, which he obtained on grounds that he is a photographer and wanted to make a trip abroad in October, November, and December of this year, to visit the Soviet Union, Holland, Britain, France, (Finland?), Italy--very queer, isn't it?

Since he was arrested in Dallas as a suspect the U.S. radio and television have been stressing that Oswald is president of the Dallas charter of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. In this city, questioned about this point, Vincent Lee, executive secretary of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, denied that Oswald was any such thing, and said that the organization has no chapter in Texas.

In explaining Oswald's contacts with the Cuban counterrevolutionaries, the New York TIMES says that Jose Antonio Llanusa, spokesman for the so-called Cuban student directorate, said in Miami that Oswald approached the anti-Castro group's delegate in New Orleans last July.

So then, Jose Antonio Llanusa, spokesman for the so-called Cuban student directorate, said in Miami that Oswald approached the delegate of that anti-Castro group in New Orleans last July. Llanusa, the TIMES continues, said that Oswald declared he wanted to help the Cubans in their battle against communism and that he offered a donation of 10 dollars and his aid in giving military training for an invasion. The delegate of the aforementioned counterrevolutionary organization, Carlos Bringuier, told the TIMES that at first he was suspicious of Oswald, "But frankly, I though he might be an FBI or CIA agent trying to find out what we were doing."

Here we have Cuban counterrevolutionaries saying that when he tried to join their organization they did not accept him because they thought he was with the CIA or the FBI and was trying to find out what they were doing. How odd. And this is not what they print, but "pro-Castro, Castroite, procommunist, admirer of Fidel Castro, sympathizer of Fidel Castro's." And here it turns out that he tried to join an organization and was rejected because they thought he was with the FBI or the CIA. They must know, because they have many dealing with them, what FBI and CIA agents look like.

But as of now, without our making any affirmation, because we cannot, because he can just as well be guilty as innocent; we cannot say; he can be an agent for the CIA or the FBI, as those people suspected; he can be a tool of the most reactionary sectors who may have been hatching a sinister plan, who may have plotted the assassination of Kennedy because they disagreed with his international policy; or he can be a sick person, being used now by the reactionary sectors of the United States.

But there are a number of queer things about this man whose guilt is assumed, who presented himself to counterrevolutionary organizations to join them; and yet afterward they say he was seen distributing pro-Castro propaganda, they say he appeared on television. How queer, is it not, since he lacked personality, because in the White States radio and television stations do not call just anybody in from the street and put him on. Much less do they call people from the Fair Play for Cuba Committee to make propaganda for Cuba. No. They shut the doors of newspapers, they shut the doors of the radio and television stations to those people. How odd that this Oswald, who first tried to join a counterrevolutionary organization, should now be given the facilities of television to defend us. How odd! How odd

that this former member of the marines should go to the USSR; should want to become a Soviet citizen, and not be accepted by the Soviets; should say in the U.S. Embassy that he intends to reveal all the secrets he learned in the service to the Soviet Union; and that despite that statement he should be given passage home by a Texas Republican--Texas is considered, as is stated here by the--(Fidel rustles through papers, fails to find what he wants--ed.)--they themselves consider Texas--it seems a paper will not turn up--but there is a dispatch here in which they themselves say that Texas is the bulwark of reaction, Texas is the bulwark of the reactionary spirit.

And yet this man, who says at the embassy, who states at the embassy that he intends to reveal the secrets he knows to the Soviet Union, comes back afterward with money provided thanks to the intercession of a Republican senator from Texas. He returns to Texas and finds work. How odd all this is! He is not tried, he is not condemned. He is given money to return. He is supported by a Texas senator. And afterward they give him a passport again so he can leave the country. How queer this is!

What is behind all this? What sinister maneuver are they hatching behind all this? Who can be responsible for the assassination of Kennedy, and who benefits from that assassination? Who could be the only ones benefited by the assassination? Those who favor an invasion of Cuba? Those who favor a brink of war policy? And those who favor war? enemies of peace, the enemies of disarmament? The worst enemies of the rights of U.S. Negroes, the worst enemies of progressive elements and liberal thought in the United States.

Who can benefit from this, from this act, this assassination except the worst of reaction, the worst elements of North American society? Who could be the only ones interested in this assassination? Perchance a true leftwinger, a leftwinger, a leftwing fanatic, at a time when tension had decreased, when McCarthyism was being left behind or had at least moderated, when an agreement was signed for a halt to nuclear testing, when speeches were being made pointed out as soft on Cuba?

These are a few dispatches (since?) the appearance. Here it says, and they begin to (word indistinct) more things. By Arthur (Evers--phonetic), Dallas, Texas: All his life he has been a solitary fellow, introverted, with communist ideas, but he was not considered a trouble-maker; in the depths of his inverted personality, there was ingrained a (leaning?) for a foreign ideology enunciated a century ago by Karl Marx. That is the picture that emerges today of Lee Harvey Oswald, 24 years of age, who is accused of an infamous historic deed in the assassination of President Kennedy yesterday. Police Chief Jesse Curry said that Oswald admitted willingly--admitted willingly--that he is a communist.

How odd! such contradictions! He does not confess that he committed the assassination. It is supposed that a fanatic, if he commits such an assassination, will say so, or as some one said, fanatics fired their revolver in the presence of everybody, fanatics fired their revolver in the presence of everybody (repetition by Fidel--ed.), they would go out to meet the procession with a revolver. It is a strange case of fanaticism, for a man to deny he committed the assassination, while on the other hand he willingly admits that he is a communist, as the dispatches say. Apparently he is proud of being one, Curry added. He makes no effort to hide the fact.

These are new things. They did not appear yesterday; they are from today. Although he has been charged with the assassination, Oswald has resisted every effort by the authorities to make him confess and has told newsmen: I did not kill President Kennedy; I did not kill anybody.

What kind of person was Oswald before his arrest? He was born in New Orleans, 18 October 1939. "My father died before I was born," he said. His widowed mother took the family to Fort Worth. A Fort Worth policeman, who asked that his name not be revealed, said he has known Oswald since both were in the fifth grade, until he entered the Worth High School. The policeman (word or two indistinct) recalled the following: He was always opposed to any kind of discipline; he seemed to have something against the people there, against all authority; he never was like the other boys; he hardly associated with the others, but he did not look for trouble; in high school he talked a lot about how things should be.

Oswald said he began getting interested in communism at the age of 15, when a Marxist leaflet came into his hands. Later he read Das Kapital by Karl Marx, the bible of communism. At the age of 17 Oswald quit his studies 23 days after entering high school and wasted no time in joining the Marines. His military career was a failure. Twice he was brought up before a court martial for violating regulations. His skill was that of electronics operator. He served in Japan but never rose above private first class. His career in the marines came to an end 11 September 1959, when he was discharged to help provide for his mother. He was put on active reserve duty, but later they discharged him dishonorably.

A month later Oswald arrived in Moscow, 30 October 1959, at the U.S. Embassy, and announced his intention of renouncing U.S. citizenship. He told the officials, "I am a Marxist." In February 1962 after studying his case they came to the conclusion that he had not become a Russian citizen, and upon his request he was given a U.S. passport, and lent funds to return home.

Upon his return to the United States he went to his home town of New Orleans. Last June he requested a passport to return to the Soviet Union.

He offered himself (does not finish sentence) meanwhile he was involved in an argument with an anti-Castro Cuban by the name of Carlos Bringuier who said: He offered his services as a Marine to train Cubans for an invasion. From the beginning I was suspicious of him. Frankly, I thought he may have been an FBI or CIA agent trying to get into the country and find out what he were doing. Thus, this is more or less what I have read here. So, already, new ingredients appear. Finally, this is an entire chain of propaganda distributed in small doses: first he belongs to the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, which is not true; then he had been to the Soviet Union; and there follow an entire series of insinuations and a serice of cables; and today not only is he a communist, but he is a willing communist; he admits it. Finally, all this is very strange.

The shots were fired not as fanatics would do. Everything is characteristic, like a ring on a finger, of the worst U.S. policy. It all seems to have been created expressly for this. It seems that the (individual?) was expressly fabricated for definite purposes, to create hysteria, to unleash an anti-Soviet, anti-Cuban, anti-communist, anti-progressive, and anti-liberal atmosphere in the United States; to get rid of a president whose policy violently clashes with the policy advocated by the most reactionary circles following the argument of the nuclear test ban, following certain speeches which were unanimously opposed because they were considered to represent a weak attitude toward Cuba.

What could have been the motives for the assassination of President Kennedy; what could be behind all this? We cannot tell. We have nothing upon which to base a judgement. Both the personality of the individual is suspect, as is the propaganda. Everything is suspect. We cannot categorically declare what is behind all this, but we do say that it is suspect, that we must be cautious, and vigilant, and alert. It may be a case of an innocent person turned into a scape-goat in a well prepared plan, by people who know how to prepare such plans. He may be sick, in which case the only honest thing to do was to have him examined by the doctors, and not to wage an entire campaign which would endanger peace and the world.

Perhaps he is an instrument very well chosen and well prepared by the extreme rightwing, by the ultraconservative reactionaries of the United States, for the definite purpose of getting rid of a president who, in their opinion, was not pursuing a policy they felt was necessary, but rather a more belligerent, more aggressive, more adventurist policy.

And all people, not only those in Cuba, but everywhere, including the people of the United States, must demand what is behind Kennedy's assassination. It is in the interest of the people of the United States and of the entire world to know, to demand what is really behind Kennedy's assassination, and to have the facts explained.

As to whether the man is innocent, or a sick man, or an instrument of the reactionaries, the agent of a macabre plan to pursue a belligerent and aggressive policy in order to place the U.S. Government at the mercy of the most aggressive circles, of the monopolies, of the militarists, and of the worst agencies in the United States, we must demand this in our own interest and in that of the people of the United States, and we expect that the intellectuals and the lovers of peace to understand the seriousness of such a policy, of such a campaign, of such a nature, and the turn which events are taking, and the dangers which maneuvers of this type, a conspiracy of this type, a Machiavellian policy of this type can mean to the peace of the world.

This is the analysis and views which we really wanted to express, to present the opinion of our party and of our government in order to guide the people; to present things objectively as they are; to tell of the strong antagonisms which existed between ourselves and the U.S. Government, and what was more moderate, less belligerent, and less aggressive than the policy advocated by other U.S. groups, so that as revolutionaries, as conscientious men and women, we can analyze such problems--difficult problems, delicate problems, and complex problems.

Because the policy of a country like the United States is very complex. Numberless factors enter into the formulation of policy in that country--often times contradictory factors. But there is no doubt that the things we have been mentioning about the campaign are some of the means, immoral means to be sure, through which a policy is formulated. What are these circles trying to do? Impose a new policy on the new administration. What are these circles trying to do? Place before the administration a fait accompli, to place before it a public opinion exasperated by propaganda, by the campaigns, to place before it a public opinion moved by deep hatred towards the Soviet Union, towards Cuba, towards progressive ideas, and even towards liberal ideas. That campaign tends to place the United States in the worst international positions, in the most reactionary international positions, and that, to be sure, is a serious and grave threat for peace.

We do not worry for ourselves; we worry more than for our own selves, we are concerned for humanity's interests. We know that the fate of our country depends also on the fate of all humanity, that the fate of our country is closely related to the fate of humanity. We do not fear for ourselves. We are and will always be calm. We are concerned for peace; and we are concerned with calling attention to these events.

We are concerned with pointing out the dangers posed by these events. We are concerned with the people being oriented and calm as ever, firm as ever, and ready as ever to defend the revolution, ready as ever to defend the homeland, with the morale as high as ever--as high as the Turquino, as Camilo once said--to be always ready, attentive and vigilant in view of the snares, in view of the dangers, whatever they may be, whether they be of greater or small degree, whether these campaigns be infamous, whether these campaigns be criminal. Let the enemies of the homeland know that they will also find us determined, alert, and that they will always find us with head high, ready to fulfill our slogan: fatherland or death, we will win!

STATEMENT BY CUBAN U.N. REPRESENTATIVE

Havana in Spanish to the Americas 1400 GMT 23 November 1963--E

(Text) Ambassador Carlos Lechuga, Cuba's permanent U.N. representative, issued the following statement last night in connection with the death of U.S. President John Kennedy: "Despite the antagonisms existing between the U.S. Government and the Cuban revolution, we have received with deep displeasure the news of the tragic death of President Kennedy. All civilized men will always grieve over events such as this. Our delegation to the United Nations wishes to say that this is the feeling of the people and the Government of Cuba.

HOY Editorial

Havana in Spanish to the Mediterrancan 1925 GMT 25 November 1963--E

(Excerpt) Today, the newspaper HOY publishes an eight-column headline on its first page saying: "All Peoples Should Demand that the Case Surrounding Kennedy's Death be Explained." HOY also publishes a smaller eight-column headline stating: "We Must be on the Alert, the Case Is Serious and Bad, said Fidel." Both statements were made by Premier Fidel Castro while appearing on radio and television last Saturday to explain--or rather to clarify--to the Cuban people all of the malevolent interpretations and possible causes for President Kennedy's assassination--serious charges which U.S. news agencies and warmongering and ultra-conservative circles insist on linking with Cuba.

HOY's article echoes Fidel Castro's denunciation over the cynical anti-Soviet, anti-Cuba, antiprogressive, and anti-liberal campaign unleashed by U.S. bellicose and ultrarightist circles because of the suspicious murder of President Kennedy, whom the most rabid elements such as the worms and southern fascists fought with great ferocity.

11/26/63

AIRTEL AIR MAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SEATTLE (100-25998)

SUBJECT: NORTH CENTRAL SECTION CP
IS - C

YOUTH RALLY IN MEMORY OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/26/63 AT SEATTLE

On November 26, 1963, [redacted] advised meeting of King County Youth Club (KCYC) of CP was held evening of November 22, 1963, at residence of [redacted] Seattle. Informant's report stated in part:

"Before the meeting began, there was discussion of the death of President Kennedy. The attitude of those present was that it was a shocking and sorrowful event. [redacted] remarked that he believed that everyone found it difficult to absorb the fact that it had actually happened. All agreed that it was entirely possible that LEE OSWALD had committed the assassination. [redacted] said that he, OSWALD, was probably a Trotskyite. [redacted] categorized him by saying that he was a FPCC member - [redacted] tone was derogatory. [redacted] said that OSWALD was a nut. The group felt that OSWALD's political beliefs would afford the ultraright an excellent opportunity for further attacks on the left. They expressed distress over this possibility. [redacted] said

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(1 - 134-597A) (SE 711-S)
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that the hope at first had been that it could be shown that the ultra-right was behind the assassination and that this would greatly hamper the ultra-right's effectiveness. She said that if OSWALD were found to be guilty, the opposite would occur. Later on during the meeting, one of the club members remarked that the government had found a man to blame for the shooting and was only too happy to stop searching regardless of whether OSWALD was guilty or not.

"There was some discussion of the possible effect of having JOHNSON become President. Most members of the club felt that he could be pressured to carry on KENNEDY's program. [redacted] expressed this type of feeling. It was agreed, however, that the civil rights movement may be set back under JOHNSON's direction.

[redacted] said that [redacted] had stopped by before the meeting began. He came to tell the club members that the campus section was having its meeting that evening at [redacted] and that they would be planning a demonstration in respect for the late JOHN KENNEDY and as a plea to LYNDON JOHNSON to carry on KENNEDY's program. He invitied all the non-campus club members to come to their meeting after they had finished to discuss plans for the demonstration. In discussing this, non-campus club members said that they felt that such a demonstration may prove to be a way to unite civil rights, peace and labor people in a way that had never before been possible. They hoped for a massive turn out. At this time, the date which seemed to be projected was about two weeks away."

[redacted] are all identified by [redacted] as current active members of the KCYC of the CP.

On November 25, 1963, [redacted] reported on a visit at [redacted] residence, November 22, 1963, prior to above meeting at which time a brief conversation was carried on regarding the death of the President and "how stupid it was for someone from the left to do it." [redacted] left [redacted] and about 11:30 PM attended a meeting at residence of [redacted] where the main

topic was how to organize the demonstration referred to above by [redacted] It was agreed that some should contact "interested progressive people" [redacted] was to contact a preacher named "MINAO." Others were to find interested people in the Democratic Party and young Democrats. The early part of the week was considered the best time for the demonstration although it might be held as late as Friday.

In connection with the above, the Seattle Post Intelligencer of November 26, 1963, carried an article on Page 20, Columns 1 & 2, announcing a youth rally in memory of the late President JOHN F. KENNEDY to be held at 5:30 PM, November 26, 1963, outside the Federal Court House. The article stated in part:

"Purpose of the rally is to "renew dedication to his (Mr. KENNEDY's) plans and hopes for the future of our world," and those attending will be able to contribute toward a JOHN F. KENNEDY Memorial Scholarship Fund for Seattle high school students who might otherwise be unable to attend college.

"The rally is sponsored by a youth committee representing the following organizations:" (Listed are various groups, including University of Washington, Young Democrats, Student Peace Union, and the church groups.) The article noted that Rev. MINEO KATAGIRL, Campus Minister of the United Church of Christ, was planning the program. Speakers included:

> "The Rev. JOHN A. ADAMS of the Central Area Coordinating Committee; FRANK HANAWALT, principal of Garfield High School; FRANK DOOLITTLE of the UW Young Democrats, and EDDIE GIVENS of the Central District Youth Club."

Of the above, [redacted] is noted as an active member of the KCYC of the CP who was reported by [redacted] as in attendance at the November 22, 1963, meeting.

SE 100-25998

Attached hereto is a Bureau-approved characterization of the Central District Youth Club (CDYC).

Above rally was held on 11/26 as scheduled with no violence or other acts of significance reported.

APPENDIX

CENTRAL DISTRICT YOUTH CLUB

On June 19, 1963, a source advised there was held a meeting of the King County Communist Party Youth Club (KCCPYC) in Seattle, on June 16, 1963. During the meeting, it was stated [redacted] had helped organize an Ad Hoc Committee which, at its last meeting, had decided to call itself the Central District Youth Club (CDYC). On July 9, 1963, this source named [redacted] as members of the KCCPYC who were also members of the CDYC.

A second source on September 5, 1963, furnished a leaflet distributed at a CDYC meeting on September 4, 1963, which named [redacted] as Chairman and [redacted] as Vice-Chairman of CDYC.

On August 2, 1963, a third source furnished the Constitution of CDYC which gave purpose as "to combat racial discrimination in our area, to promote greater participation by our youth in civic affairs, to promote more cultural and recreational programs for the youth of the Central Area...."

On August 9, 1963, the first source advised the purpose of the CDYC is "to develop the political awareness of the people involved in order to broaden the mass movement toward Socialism."

The first source advised that during June through September, 1963, CDYC policy and strategy was formulated at meetings of the KCCPYC attended by CDYC leaders including [redacted] and [redacted]

CDYC was reported by a fourth source on October 8, 1963, as currently attempting to take part in activities of a Voters Action Committee in the Seattle Central Area as well as participate in Civil Rights demonstrations.

ENCLOSURE
105-82555
UNREC

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 11/26/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER
(OO:DL)

Lee Harvey Oswald

Enclosed are five copies to the Bureau and two to Dallas of LHM dated and captioned as above.

The information is being furnished in form suitable for dissemination in the event the Bureau so desires.

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 5) ENCLOSURE
2 - Dallas (Enc. 2) (AM)
2 - WFO
(1 - 134-443)

HDP:pap
(7)

AIRTEL

105-82555-UNREC
NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 10 1963

12/3/63

1 Enclosure 100-USSS 57161 649 Bjm

62-109060-

25 DEC 10 1963

C. C. Wick

53 DEC 11 1953

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

62-109060-11

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.
November 26, 1963

ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS

On November 26, 1963, [redacted] furnished the following information concerning Lee Harvey Oswald and his wife:

[redacted] does not believe the Soviet Government had any knowledge of Oswald's plans to assassinate President Kennedy; however, he does believe that Oswald and his wife had some connection with the Russian intelligence service. He said the Soviet Government undoubtedly has a file on Oswald and feels that it should be requested to furnish information regarding Oswald's activities while in the Soviet Union. Normally, when an individual leaves the Soviet Union and has been working for the government, he would be furnished some clothes and transportation expenses to his destination. Since this was not done, [redacted] feels that Oswald's departure from the Soviet Union was planned by the intelligence service. Oswald must have been investigated upon his arrival in the Soviet Union and probably lived in Moscow while he was undergoing investigation prior to his going to Minsk. Also, [redacted] feels that Oswald must have been indoctrinated into the Soviet system prior to his being permitted to return to the United States, or he was considered unstable and allowed to leave as an undesirable. He said Oswald's wife must have been an uneducated peasant type and considered safe to leave the Soviet Union or had connections with the Soviet intelligence service.

[redacted] believes that the wife of Oswald should be observed closely and thoroughly interrogated. [redacted] suggested that among others, the following questions should be asked:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

1. When was it that she first met Oswald and the details concerning such circumstances. [redacted] said that if she was not working for intelligence service at the time of the meeting, she would have been contacted within two days.

2. Where they lived in Minsk and details regarding the type of apartment.

3. Details regarding Oswald's activities while in Minsk during non-working hours.

4. Where did he go and how long was he gone during the evenings.

5. How well did he learn the Russian language.

6. Was she a member of the Komsomol, and were any of her family members of the Communist Party.

7. What station in life did they occupy and were any of them officials of the Soviet Government.

8. Details regarding their securing permission to leave the Soviet Union.

9. Details concerning events leading to their marriage.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

URGENT 11-26-63 10-32 CONFIDENTIAL PM DE

TO DIRECTOR -11- 100-3

FROM SAC NEW YORK 100-4931

CPUSA, IS- C.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

[redacted]

ORIGINAL FILED IN

END PAGE ONE.....

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification indefinite

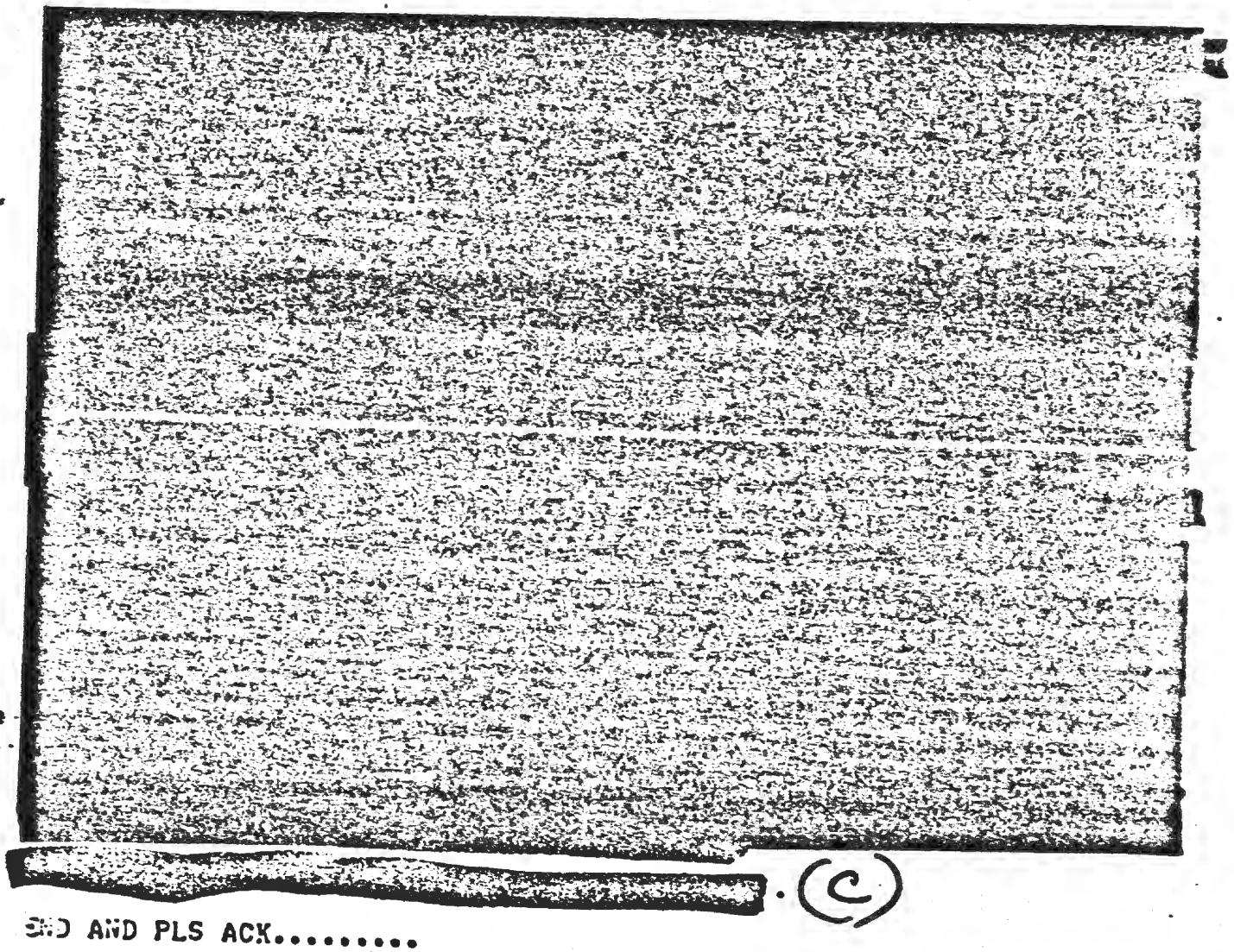
7/14/77 EF6/TLC

5 DEC 1963

NOT RECORDED
145 DEC 5 1963

UNREC

CONFIDENTIAL



(c)

END AND PLS ACK.....

10-45 PM NY R -11A WA JCF

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

1 - Belmont
1 - Mohr
1 - Evans
1 - DeLoach
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - Wannall
1 - Anderson
1 - Mullins

TO : W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 11/26/63

FROM : W. R. Wannall

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

On 11/23/63 a U. S. Information Agency (USIA) employee, Bernard Weisman, furnished the Bureau a four-page memorandum concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) in which Weisman raised a question as to whether Communist China was possibly involved indirectly in the assassination of President Kennedy by Lee Harvey Oswald. Weisman indicated he was making copies of his memorandum available to USIA and State Department.

The memorandum contained public source data regarding Oswald; Vincent Theodore Lee, National Director of the FPCC; Richard Gibson, former head of the FPCC; Conrad Lynn, communist attorney who has made trips to Cuba; Bureau fugitive Robert F. Williams who fled to Cuba and visited Communist China this fall; William Worthy, the controversial Negro newspaperman who has appealed his conviction for violating United States regulations pertaining to Cuban travel; and Milton Rosen, who was expelled from the Communist Party for disruptive activities which included following some Communist Chinese ideologies. It showed that some of them had associated themselves with the Communist Chinese "line" as regards race relations in the United States.

Referring to Oswald's disillusionment with the Soviet Union, his recent activities in connection with the FPCC and the fact that he still reportedly held Marxist ideas, the memorandum indicated that President Kennedy's assassination could have at least advanced the interests of Communist China.

While there is no question that some of the individuals named are sympathetic to Communist China, Weisman's document contains nothing but speculation concerning the possibility that Communist China was behind Oswald's act. It appears he was interested in getting his theory down on paper as quickly as possible and was attempting to attract some attention to himself during a crisis.

UNREC

RAM:slj:gci
(10)

XEROX
DEC 6 1963

NOT RECORDED 25 DEC 5 1963

Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan
Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

ACTION:

For information. While we have nothing to support any contention of Communist Chinese involvement in the assassination, we will be most alert in our continuing investigations to any such indications and appropriate officials and agencies will be advised of the details.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 11/26/63

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Gurley
1 - Mr. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS
ASSAULT ON A FEDERAL OFFICER

In connection with the information we have received that Lee Oswald, alleged assassinator of President Kennedy, had corresponded with communist functionaries in New York City and specifically with Arnold Johnson, Public Relations Director, and Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, Chairman, Communist Party, USA, I talked to ASAC Roney and instructed him to locate copies of any such correspondence that might be in the New York files. I told Roney that at least some of these letters reportedly had been written from New Orleans.

Roney later called back and stated that had New York picked up any correspondence which related to an individual in New Orleans the correspondence would have been forwarded directly to the New Orleans Office and would not have been indexed in the New York Office.

After discussing this matter with you, I called our New Orleans Office and talked with SAC Maynor and ASAC Sylvester. I told them what we were looking for and asked them to check their files. ASAC Maynor stated that the New Orleans Office had already been through its file on Oswald and on the Fair Play for Cuba Committee of which Oswald was a reported member. However, ASAC Maynor stated that in light of this more specific information he would have the files gone through again just to make certain nothing had been overlooked.

ACTION:

I told him he should immediately advise the Bureau in the event any additional material is discovered. He said this would be done.

100-3

FJB:eeb
(5)

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NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 3 1963

74 DEC 5 1963

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 11/27/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas
OSWALD - TRAVEL.

The following investigation was conducted by SA HAROLD H. CROSSETT:

AT REYNOSA, TAMAULIPAS, MEXICO:

On November 26, 1963, [redacted] advised he had previously checked all travel permits issued during the month of September, 1963, under the names LEE HARVEY OSWALD and H. O. LEE but not under the name HIDELL, nor had he checked the names of OSWALD's wife or mother.

[redacted] stated he would immediately cause a check to be made of his records pertaining to persons entering and leaving Mexico from August 10, 1963, to November 22, 1963, under the true name and known aliases of OSWALD, as well as the name of his wife and mother.

[redacted] pointed out that his office covers an area encompassing the towns of Camargo and San Miguel de Camargo, Tamaulipas, Mexico, where Mexican Immigration sub-offices are located and that copies of permits issued at those points of entry are maintained in his office, thus precluding the necessity of checking Mexican Immigration records at those places.

[redacted] subsequently stated no record identifiable with OSWALD, his wife, or his mother was located in the Mexican Immigration files at Reynosa.

LHM and 302's follow.

5 17

2-Bureau (AM)
2-Dallas (89-43) (AM)
~~2-San Antonio (89-67)~~
JHK/dnb
(7)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

NOT RECORDED
131 DEC 18 1963

89-105-82555 UNREC

79 DEC 19 1963

URGENT 11-27-63 5-32 PM MS

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC SAN FRANCISCO /89-5E/ 3 P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWO TWO, ONE NINE SIX THREE, AFO. 00 DALLAS.

MISS ELIZABETH CAMPBELL, FIVE SEVEN THREE THREE PRIMROSE DRIVE, CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA, CONTACTED SACRAMENTO RA THIS DATE AND STATED AFTER SEEING PICTURES OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD SHE BELIEVES HE RESEMBLES INDIVIDUAL SHE SAW ON AIRPLANE BETWEEN DALLAS, TEXAS AND SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, JANUARY TWO, LAST. SHE IS UNABLE TO RECALL NAME OF AIRLINE ON WHICH HE WAS TRAVELING BUT HER MOTHER WITH WHOM SHE IS NOW STAYING, FOUND THE POSTAL CARD POSTMARKED SAN ANTONIO NINE THIRTY AM, JANUARY TWO, LAST, WHICH WAS AN AMERICAN AIR-LINES CARD IN WHICH SHE WROTE THAT SHE HAD ARRIVED SAFELY AND SHE STATED SHE COULD HAVE PICKED THIS CARD UP ON PLANE BUT STILL COULD NOT DEFINITELY SAY SHE TRAVELED BY AMERICAN BETWEEN DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO. SHE EXPLAINED THAT SHE LEFT SAN ANTONIO ABOUT EIGHT PM, DECEMBER TWO TWO, ONE NINE SIX TWO, BUYING A ROUND TRIP TICKET TO SACRAMENTO. SHE BELIEVES

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180 DEC 18 1963

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SEA

PAGE TWO

SHE LEFT SAN ANTONIO ON CONTINENTAL AIRLINES AFTER VISITING RELATIVES. SHE RETURNED TO SAN ANTONIO ON JANUARY TWO, LAST. SHE DID NOT RECALL NAMES OF AIRLINES BUT REMEMBERS THAT WEATHER WAS VERY FOGGY AND AIRLINE ARRANGED TO TAKE PASSENGERS FROM SACRAMENTO TO OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, BY BUS. SHE RODE A PROPELLER PLANE FROM OAKLAND TO LOS ANGELES AND ON TO DALLAS. SHE LEFT DALLAS ABOUT EIGHT PM, JANUARY TWO, LAST, ON A JET PLANE ARRIVING IN SAN ANTONIO APPROXIMATELY FORTYFIVE MINUTES LATER. THE SAME PLANE WAS SCHEDULED TO CONTINUE TO MEXICO CITY FROM DALLAS TO SAN ANTONIO. SHE RODE TOURIST ON RIGHT SIDE NEAR THE TAIL. THERE WERE NOT MANY PASSENGERS ON THE PLANE AND MAN RESEMBLING OSWALD SAT EITHER DIRECTLY ACROSS FROM HER OR ACROSS THE ONE ROW OF SEATS TO THE REAR. THIS FLIGHT ORIGINATED IN DALLAS. SHE DOES NOT KNOW IF MAN RESEMBLING OSWALD GOT OFF IN SAN ANTONIO. ON ARRIVAL IN SAN ANTONIO, SHE TELEPHONED HER COUSIN C. WADE HORNSBY, OPERATOR OF WADES PHARMACY, NINE FOUR SEVEN BANDERA ROAD, SAN ANTONIO, AND HE AND HIS SONS CAME TO AIRPORT AND DROVE HER INTO TOWN AND HE MAY RECALL AIRLINES ON WHICH SHE ARRIVED. SHE ALSO GAVE BOYS AIRLINES FOLDERS SHE HAD WITH HER AND THEY

END PAGE TWO

MIGHT IDENTIFY THE AIRLINE. MISS CAMPBELL ADVISED SHE WILL MAKE FURTHER SEARCH IN EFFORT TO DETERMINE MORE SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING IDENTITY OF THIS FLIGHT AND ADVISE.

DALLAS INTERVIEW WADES AND REVIEW AIRLINE MANIFESTS IN EFFORT TO DETERMINE IF OSWALD ON INSTANT FLIGHT.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 8-42 PM OK FBI WA RL

DL 7-41 PM OK FBI DL LJH

TU DSC

URGENT 11-27-63 6/7-37 PM CST DJK

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, SPRINGFIELD /89-23/ 3P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

ON NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN INSTANT, MRS. JEAN DISSMAN, SECRETARY TO VERN J. HAMPTON, ASSISTANT DEAN OF STUDENTS, UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, URBANA, ILLINOIS, ADVISED AS FOLLOWS.

DURING SUMMER OF SIXTY ONE OR SUMMER OF SIXTY TWO AND INDIVIDUAL BEARING STRIKING RESEMBLANCE TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD CALLED PERSONALLY AT HER OFFICE TO INQUIRE RE PROCEDURES NECESSARY TO START NEW ORGANIZATION ON CAMPUS. HE WAS ADVISED OF PROCEDURES NECESSARY AND STATED THIS WOULD BE TOO TIME CONSUMING AS HE WAS JUST PASSING THROUGH TOWN AND WAS STAYING AT ILLINI UNION WITH HIS WIFE AND BABY. INDIVIDUAL EXPRESSED INTEREST IN ANY CUBAN STUDENT ORGANIZATION WHICH MIGHT BE ACTIVE ON CAMPUS AND ALSO EXPRESSED INTEREST IN ANY CAMPUS ORGANIZATION ADVOCATING HUMANIS. VIEWS. CALLER STATED HE REPRESENTED ORGANIZATION CONTAINING

END PAGE ONE

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 18 1963

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WORD QUOTE FAIR UNQUOTE, BUT WHICH DID NOT CONTAIN WORD QUOTE CUBA UNQUOTE IN TITLE.

DURING COURSE OF ABOVE CONVERSATION, INDIVIDUAL MENTIONED HE WAS FROM THE SOUTH AND INQUIRED IF MRS. DISSMAN HAD EVER SEEN HIS TV SHOW OR WHETHER SHE HAD EVER SEEN HIM ON TV IN NEW ORLEANS. HE MENTIONED THE NETWORK WHICH CARRIED THIS SHOW WHICH INFORMATION MRS. DISSMAN DOES NOT NOW RECALL. ABOVE INDIVIDUAL WAS VERY EVASIVE IN HIS REMARKS- HOWEVER, DID INQUIRE DURING COURSE OF CONVERSATION WHETHER MRS. DISSMAN HAD READ THE WRITING OF KARL MARX. HE REPORTEDLY SPOKE AT SOME LENGTH CONCERNING THE WRITINGS OF MARX AND INDICATED HE WAS CONVERSANT ON MARXISM. MRS. DISSMAN DESCRIBED HIS ACTIONS AS QUITE MYSTERIOUS AND THOUGH NOT NERVOUS HE MOVED ABOUT ROOM FREQUENTLY AND SWITCHED CHAIRS SEVERAL TIMES DURING CONVERSATION. ABOVE INDIVIDUAL DID NOT HAVE SOUTHERN ACCENT AND ACCENT DESCRIBED AS MORE MIDWESTERN.

ABOVE INDIVIDAUL MENTIONED SEVERAL TIMES DURING CONVERSATION OF APPROXIMATELY THIRTY MINUTES DURATION THAT HE WAS IN CONSIDERABLE HURRY AND INFERRED THAT HE DID NOT HAVE TIME TO FOLLOW UP ON ANY INFORMATION FURNISHED HIM BY MRS. DISSMAN RELATING TO THE

END PAGE TWO

PAGE TQGEE

FORMATION OF ANY ORGANIZATION ON CAMPUS. AT NO TIME DID HE MENTION NATURE OF ORGANIZATION HE HAD IN MIND. MRS. DISSMAN HAS CONDUCTED EXHAUSTIVE SEARCH OF GUEST RECORDS AT ILLINI UNION DURING PERTINENT PERIOD - HOWEVER, WAS UNABLE TO LOCATE ANY RECORD FOR GUEST NAMED OSWALD. SHE HAS EXPRESSED DESIRE TO VIEW PHOTOGRAPHS OF OSWALD IN EFFORT TO RESOLVE QUESTION WHETHER INDIVIDUAL WHO CALLED AT HER OFFICE WAS OSWALD.

DALLAS ADVISE WHEREABOUTS OF OSWALD DURING SUMMERS OF SIXTY ONE AND SIXTY TWO. FURNISH SPRINGFIELD ONE COPY OF ALL AVAILABLE PHOTOGRAPHS OF OSWALD FOR DISPLAY TO MRS. DISSMAN. P.

END ACK AND HOLD

WA

5 -4

8-46 PM OK FBI WA RL GA

DL 7-46 PM CST OK FBI DL VRG

NOV 27 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-27-63 12-12 PM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS, WFO AND NEW YORK

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/ 1-P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYSECOND, SIXTYTHREE, AFO.

DEPARTMENT OF HEW, DALLAS, HAS LETTER DATED JUNE TWENTY-SECOND, SIXTYTWO, FROM ITS HEADQUARTERS, WASH., DC., CAPTIONED "REPATRIATION - OSWALD, LEE AND FAMILY". REPORTEDLY, OSWALD, THE REPATRIAT, HIS WIFE MARINA AND BABY JANE ARRIVED IN US FROM OVERSEAS TO NEW YORK ON JUNE THIRTEEN, SIXTYTWO. OSWALD REQUESTED ASSISTANCE BECAUSE HE DID NOT HAVE AVAILABLE RESOURCES UPON RETURN. HIS BROTHER, ROBERT, IN FORT WORTH, FORWARDED MONEY FOR TRANSPORTATION TO TEXAS.

WFO CONTACT HEW, DIV. OF PROGRAM OPERATIONS, BUREAU OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE, AND REVIEW FILE FOR BACKGROUND, OVERSEAS TRAVEL AND ANY HANDWRITING SPECIMENS.

NEW YORK CONTACT CITY DEPARTMENT OF WELFARE, WHO RENDERED ASSISTANCE TO OSWALD ON ARRIVAL AND REVIEW FILE FOR PERTINENT INFO.

SUBMIT HANDWRITING SPECIMENS TO LAB.

END ACK.PLS

1-14 PM OK FBI WA OS

5 CC

TWO COPIES WFO

CC- Connel

NOT RECORDED

180 DEC 9 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

(Rev. 12-1-56)

FBI

Date: 11/27/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI, AND SACS DALLAS (89-43), AND NEW YORK

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75) Lee Harvey Oswald

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE, AFO OO DALLAS.

REPATRIATION DASH OSWALD, LEE AND FAMILY.

RE DALLAS TELETYPE ELEVEN TWENTYSEVEN SIXTYTHREE.

RECORDS HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE /HEW/, DIVISION PUBLIC ASSISTANCE, BUREAU OF FAMILY SERVICES, REVIEWED TODAY AND CONTAIN NO LETTER OR OTHER HANDWRITING OF OSWALD. FILES DO CONTAIN MEMORANDUM FROM STATE DEPARTMENT TO HEW DATED JUNE FIFTEEN SIXTYTWO ADVISING ARRIVAL OSWALD AND FAMILY NYC JUNE THIRTEEN SIXTYTWO VIA SS MAASDAM. TRAVEL EXPENSES RETURNING U.S. FOR OSWALD FURNISHED AS LOAN BY U.S. EMBASSY, MOSCOW. NEAREST RELATIVE OF OSWALD LISTED AS MRS. MARGUERITE OSWALD, BOX FOUR SEVEN THREE, THREE ONE SIX EAST DONNELL STREET, CROWELL, TEXAS.

HEW AS QUOTE ROUTINE PROCEDURE ENQUOTE FURNISHED ABOVE

(2) - Bureau
2 - Teletype Unit
1 - WFO
RBL:rlc
(5)

105-82555-UNREC
NOT RECORDED 2 1963
71 DEC 3 1963

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

.3-561)

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

NYO 39-75
PAGE TWO

INFORMATION TO HEW, DALLAS, INASMUCH AS OSWALD POSSIBLY QUALIFIED FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER SECTION ONE ONE ONE THREE, TITLE ELEVEN, SOCIAL SECURITY ACT, AUTHORIZING TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR U.S. CITIZENS RETURNING FROM FOREIGN COUNTRY.

OSWALD DID NOT REQUEST OR RECEIVE FINANCIAL AID FROM HEW. RECORDS REFLECT OSWALDS BROTHER ROBERT PER REQUEST NYC DEPARTMENT OF WELFARE SENT TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR OSWALD AND FAMILY TO FLY TO DALLAS. OSWALD ARRIVED DALLAS JUNE FOURTEEN SIXTYTWO VIA FLIGHT NUMBER EIGHT TWO ONE, DELTA AIRLINES.

NYC DEPARTMENT OF WELFARE REQUESTED AND RECEIVED THREE DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS REIMBURSEMENT FROM HEW FOR COST TELEGRAM SENT ROBERT OSWALD.

Sent _____ M Per _____

11/27/63

CODE

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Rosen
1 - Schutz
1 - Turner
1 - Linton

TO SACs DALLAS
LOS ANGELES

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-TWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER. OO: DALLAS.

RE LOS ANGELES TEL NOVEMBER TWENTY-SIX, LAST, PAREN ELEVEN TEN P.M. END PAREN.

THIS WILL CONFIRM CONVERSATION BETWEEN SUPERVISOR LEONARD M. LINTON OF THE BUREAU AND SPECIAL AGENT GEORGE TUCKER, WFO. WFO WAS REQUESTED TO IDENTIFY ONLY LIEUTENANT MICHAEL DE PADRO AND SET OUT LEAD TO HAVE HIM INTERVIEWED. AT THIS TIME BUREAU DOES NOT CONSIDER IT FEASIBLE TO IDENTIFY AND CONSIDER INTERVIEWS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL WHO SERVED WITH OSWALD DURING ONE NINE FIVE EIGHT. WFO ADVISED BY MAIL.

1 - WFO BY MAIL

LML:PA
(8)

DUPLICATE [illegible] OF
NOT RECORDED
145 NOV 29 1963 UNREC

1 - 105-82555 (Lee H. Oswald)

NOTE:
A former military associate of Oswald in the United States Marine Corps advised that he was in a Marine unit with Oswald in 195[illegible] in California. This individual advised that De Padro was upset by

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

58DEC5 1963

NOTE CONTINUED:

literature Oswald was subscribing to, but that Oswald told De Padro it was just to practice Russian.

Referenced teletype had requested Dallas to advise WFO and San Diego if roster of former members of Marine unit and file on the Marine unit should be reviewed. It appears De Padro should be identified and interviewed to determine identity of any Russian literature Oswald may have subscribed to, but it does not appear feasible to identify all members of the unit in the absence of the information that they could furnish something of value in this investigation.

URGENT 11-27-63 8////9-15 PM DE

TO DIRECTOR -9- AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC NEW YORK 89-75 Lee Harvey Oswald

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY [illegible]

THREE, DALLAS TEXAS, AFO. ASSAULT [illegible]

CAPTION, PSYCHIATRIC EXAMINATION OF OSWALD IN ONE NINE FIVE THREE.....

JUDGE FLORENCE KELLY, ADMINISTRATIVE JUDGE, FAMILY COURT, CITY OF NEW YORK, ADVISED THAT SHE HAD INFORMATION PERTAINING TO LEE OSWALD AND THAT THE PRESIDING JUSTICE OF THE APPELLATE DIVISION HAD INSTRUCTED THAT IT BE FURNISHED ONLY TO THE SAC, NYO. ON THIS DATE, AT ELEVEN AM, JUDGE KELLY MADE AVAILABLE CASE NUMBER TWO THREE NINE SEVEN NINE CAPTIONED " LEE OSWALD , EIGHT TWO FIVE EAST ONE SEVENTY NINTH STREET BRONX, NEW YORK". JUDGE KELLY ADVISED THAT THE FILES OF CHILDREN'S COURT, PROBATION BUREAU, ARE STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL BY LAW. SHE STATED THAT THE LAW HOWEVER DOES PERMIT UNDER EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES TO DIVULGE THE CONTENTS OF THESE FILES. SHE STATED THAT SHE HAS CONFERRED WITH HER SUPERIOR JUDGES IN UPPER COURTS AND IT WAS DECIDED THAT AN EXCEPTION WOULD BE MADE IN THIS CASE AS A MATTER OF NATIONAL INTEREST.

JUDGE KELLY PERMITTED REVIEW OF FILE IN HER CHAMBERS IN HER PRESENCE. SHE ALSO PERMITTED NOTES TO BE TAKEN ON PERTINENT POSTING AND WOULD NOT PERMIT FILE TO BE REMOVED FROM OFFICE OR ANY PARTS COPIED.

105-82555-UNREC

ACCORDING TO THE FILE, AS REVIEWED BY ASSISTANT DIRECTOR HALE, LEE OSWALD CAME TO THE ATTENTION OF THE DOMESTIC RELATIONS [illegible]

3 PAGES CUT. CC SULLIVAN NOT RECORDED

52 DEC 11 1963 180 DEC 9 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

CITY OF NEW YORK, CHILDREN-S COURT, PROBATION BUREAU, BECAUSE OF BEING EXCESSIVELY ABSENT FROM SCHOOL, AS FOLLOWS. FORTY SIX FULL DAYS AND TWO HALF DAYS FROM OCTOBER FIRST, FIFTY TWO TO JANUARY FIFTEENTH, FIFTY THREE. A WARRANT WAS ISSUED FOR OSWALD ON MARCH TWELFTH, FIFTY THREE AND IT WAS EXECUTED ON MARCH NINETEENTH , FIFTY THREE. CASE CAME UP IN COURT ON APRIL SIXTEENTH, FIFTY THREE, AT WHICH TIME OSWALD WAS REMANDED TO THE BRONX YOUTH HOUSE, TWELVE TWENTY ONE SPOFFARD AVENUE, BRONX, NYC, FOR PSYCHIATRIC STUDY. " LEE OSWALD IS A SERIOUSLY DETACHED, WITHDRAWN YOUNGSTER OF THIRTEEN. LACONIC AND TACITURN, HE ANSWERS QUESTIONS BUT VOLUNTEERED ALMOST NOTHING HIMSELF, SPONTANEOUSLY. DESPITE THE FACT THAT HE IS VERY HARD TO REACH HE SEEMS TO HAVE SOME ABILITY TO RELATE WHICH IN VIEW OF SOLITARY EXISTANCE HE HAS BEEN LEADIN IS SOMEWHAT SURPRISING. THERE IS A RATHER PLEASANT APPEALING QUALITY ABOUT HIS EMOTIONALLY STARVED, AFFECTIONLESS YOUNGSTER, WHICH GROWS AS ONE SPEAKS TO HIM, AND IT SEEMS FAIRLY CLEAR THAT HE HAS DETACHED HIMSELF FROM THE WORLD AROUND HIM BECAUSE NO ONE IN IT EVER MET ANY OF HIS NEEDS AND LOVE. OSWALD WAS ABLE TO RESPOND

END PAGE TWO.....

EXPRESSION OF UNDERSTANDING FOR HIS LONELY SITUATION BUT HE DENIED THAT HE REALLY FELT LONELY. HE FEELS ALMOST AS IF THERE IS A VEIL BETWEEN HIM AND OTHER PEOPLE THROUGH WHICH THEY CANNOT REACH HIM, BUT HE PREFERS THIS VEIL TO REMAIN INTACT. WHEN INQUIRY WAS MADE INTO HIS FANTASY LIFE, HE RESPONDED" THIS IS MY OWN BUSINESS". HE AGREE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS IF HE WANTED TO, REJECTING THOSE WHICH UPSET HIM AND ACKNOWLEDGED FANTASIES ABOUT BEING POWERFUL AND SOMETIMES HURTING OR KILLING PEOPLE BUT REFUSED TO TALK ABOUT THE DREAMS, OTHER THAN TO ADMIT THAT THEY SOMETIMES CONTAINED VIOLENCE BUT HE INSISTED THAT THEY WERE PLEASANT. OSWALD HAS A VIVID FEELING OF FANTASY LIFE TURNING AROUND THE TOPICS OF OMNIPOTENCE AND POWER THROUGH WHICH HE TRIES TO COMPENSATE FOR HIS PRESENT SHORTCOMINGS AND FRUSTATIONS. OSWALD CLAIMS THAT HE CAN GET VERY ANGRY AT HIS MOTHER AND OCCASIONALLY HAS HIT HER PARTICULARLY WHEN SHE RETURNS HOME WITHOUT HAVING BOUGHT FOOD FOR SUPPER. HE DID NOT ENJOY BEING TOGETHER WITH OTHER CHILDREN AND WHEN ASKED WHETHER HE PREFERS THE COMPANY OF BOYS TO ONE OF GIRLS, HE ANSWERED " I DISLIKE EVERBODY" HIS OCCUPATIONAL GOAL WAS TO JOIN THE ARMY". THE SUMMARY IN THIS REPORT WAS AS FOLLOWS.." THIS THIRTEEN YEAR OLD WELL BUILT BOY HAS SUPERIOR

END PAGE THREE.....

MENTAL RESOURCES AND FUNCTIONS ONLY SLIGHTLY BELOW HIS CAPACITY LEVEL IN SPITE OF CHRONIC TRUANCY FROM SCHOOL. NO FINDING OF NEUROLOGICAL IMPAIRMENT OR PSYCHOTIC MENTAL CHANGES COULD BE MADE. LEE HAS TO BE DIAGNOSED AS PERSONALITY PATTERN DISTURBANCE WITH SCHIZOID FEATURES AND PASSIVE AGGRESSIVE TENDENCIES. HE HAS TO BE SEEN AS AN EMOTIONALLY QUITE DISTURBED YOUNGSTER WHO SUFFERS UNDER THE IMPACT OF REALLY EXISTING EMOTIONAL ISOLATION AND DEPRIVATION, LACK OF AFFECTION, ABSENCE OF FAMILY LIFE AND REJECTION BY A SELF INVOLVED AND CONFLICTED MOTHER. ALTHOUGH LEE DENIES THAT HE IS IN NEED OF ANY OTHER FORM OF HELP OTHER THAN REMEDIAL ONE, WE GAINED THE DEFINITE IMPRESSION THAT LEE CAN BE REACHED THOUGH CONTACT WITH AN UNDERSTANDING AND VERY PATIENT PSYCHOTHERAPIST AND IF HE COULD BE ~~[illegible]~~ DRAWN AT THE SAME TIME INTO GROUP PSYCHOTHERAPY. HE HAD A SCORE OF I.Q. ONE ONE EIGHT ON THE WECHSLER INTELLIGENCE SCALE FOR CHILDREN. HE EXHIBITS SOME DIFFICULTY IN RELATIONSHIP TO THE MATERNAL FIGURE SUGGESTING MORE ANXIETY IN THIS AREA AND STRAIN, HE APPEARS INCREASINGLY DEFENSIVE SUGGESTING SOME CONCERN ORALLY AND IN GENERAL INCAPABLE OF CONSTRUCTING AN

END PAGE FOUR.....

EFFECTIVE EGO DEFENSE. LEE SAID, " I DON-T WANT A FRIEND AND I DON-T LIKE TO TALK TO PEOPLE". HE DESCRIBES HIMSELF AS STUBBORN AND ACCORDING TO HIS OWN SAYING LIKES TO SAY " NO". STRONGLY RESISTIVE AND NEGATIVISTIC FEATURES WERE THUS NOTICED".

THE REPORT CONTINUED THAT LEE CAME TO NEW YORK FROM FORT WORTH, TEXAS WITH HIS MOTHER AND HAS NOT BEEN ABLE TO MAKE A NEW YORK [illegible] ADJUSTMENT. THE ROOT OF HIS DIFFICULTIES WHICH PRODUCED WARNING SIGNALS SEEMS TO BE IN HIS RELATIONSHIP WITH HIS MOTHER. THERE WAS NO ONE IN THE FAMILY TO MEET HIS NEEDS FOR LOVE AND INTEREST SINCE HIS FATHER DIED OF A HEART ATTACK TWO MONTHS BEFORE HE WAS BORN AND HIS TWO OLDER BROTHERS, JOHN AND ROBERT, TWENTY ONE AND EIGHTEEN, WERE INVOLVED WITH THEIR OWN FRIENDS AND ACTIVITIES AND REPULSED HIS ADVANCES. LEE BECAME A SECLUSIVE CHILD WHO WAS THROWN UPON HIMSELF AND HIS OWN RESOURCES AND HE NEVER MADE FRIENDS WITH OTHER CHILDREN. HIS MOTHER WHO WORRIED AND WHO WHEN HE WAS AN INFANT DEMONSTRATED HER NEED TO SHIFT RESPONSIBILITY FOR HIM BY LEAVING HIM WITH HER SISTER AND THEN PLACING HIM FOR A SHORT WHILE IN A HOME, APPEARS TO BE A RIGID SELF INVOLVED WOMEN WITH STRONG IDEAS AND SHE HAS LITTLE UNDERSTANDING OF

END PAGE FIVE.....

PAGE SIX.....

THIS BOY-S BEHAIVOR NOR OF THE PROTECTIVE SHELL HE HAS DRAWN AROUND HIMSELF IN HIS EFFORT TO AVOID CONTACT WITH PEOPLE WHICH MAY RESUL. IN; HURT FOR HIM.

BY WAY OF FAMILY BACKGROUND, THE FILE REFLECTS THAT OSWALD-S MOTHER, MARGUERITE, MARRIED HIS FATHER, ROBERT LEE, ON JULY NINETEENTH, TWENTY NINE AT NEW ORLEANS. OSWALD-S FATHER DIED OF A HEART ATTACK IN NINETEEN THIRTY NINE AT THE AGE OF FORTY FIVE TWO MONTHS BEFORE LEE OSWALD WAS BORN. OSWALD-S FATHER WAS AN INSURANCE AGENT AND ACCORDING TO MRS. OSWALD PROVIDED A GOOD LIVING FOR THE FAMILY PRIOR TO HIS DEATH. THEY OWNED THEIR HOME. BESIDES LEE, THERE WERE TWO OTHER SONS JOHN AND ROBERT, WHO WERE TWENTY ONE AND EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE, RESPECTIVELY, IN NINETEEN FIFTY THREE. IN NINETEEN FORTY FIVE MRS. OSWALD MOVED HER FAMILY OF THREE BOYS FROM NEW ORLEANS TO FORT WORTH, TEXAS WHERE SHE LIVE. UNTIL AUGUST OF NINETEEN FIFTY TWO AT WHICH TIME SHE MOVED TO NEW YORK TO LIVE WITH HER MARRIED SON, JOHN , WHO WAS THEN IN THE COAST GURAD. ALT- THOUGH JOHN INVITED HIS MOTHER AND BROTHER LEE TO LIVE WITH THEM IN NEW YORK THIS ARRA GEMENT WASNOT ACCEPTABLE TO JOHN-S WIFE AND SHE HAS

END PAGE SIX.....

RELUCTANT TO LET THEM KNOW THAT THEY SHOULD FIND A PLACE OF THEIR OWN TO LIVE. MRS. OSWALD WORKED AT MARTIN-S DEPARTMENT STORE, BROOKLYN, NY AT FORTY FIVE DOLLARS A WEEK. THE FILE MENTIONS MRS. OSWALD AND HER SON LIVED AT FOURTEEN FIFTY FIVE SHERIDAN AVENUE PRIOR TO MOVING TO EIGHT TWO FIVE EAST ONE SEVENTY NINTH STREET IN THE BRONX. THE FILE HOWEVER DOES NOT INDICATE WHETHER ORNOT THIS WAS HER SON JOHN-S ADDRESS AT THAT TIME. IT IS FURTHER REFLECTED THAT MRS. OSWALD AND HER SON MOVED AWAY FROM NEW YORK PRESUMABLY TO NEW ORLEANS SOME TIME IN JANUARY FIFTY FOUR EXACT DATE UNKNOWN.

THE COURT DEEMED IT UNADVISALBE AT THIS TIME TO PLACE OSWALD IN AN INSTITUTION AND HE WAS PLACED ON PROBATION TO RETURN TO SCHOOL AND LIVE WITH HIS MOTHER. OSWALD RETURNED TO PUBLIC SCHOOL NUMBER FORTY FOUR IN NYC ONMAY SEVENTH, FIFTY THREE AT WHICH TIME HE ENTERED NINTH GRADE. HOWEVER, A PROGRESS REPORT OF OCTOBER TWENTY FIRST , FIFTY THREE FROM PUBLIC SCHOOL FORTY FOUR SHOWED THAT ALTHOUGH OSWALD-S ATTENDANCE WAS GOOD HIS CONDUCT WAS UNSATISFACTORY. HE HAS CONSISTENTLY REFUSED TO SALUTE THE FLAG DURING EARLY MORNING EXERCISES. HE SPENT MOST OF HIS TIME SAILING PAPER PLANES AROUND THE ROOM AND REFUSED TO WORK.

PAGE EIGHT.....

HIS ATTITUDE WAS BELLIGERENT. HOWEVER, THE PROGRESS REPORT OF NOVEMBER NINETEENTH FIFTY THREE REFLECTS THERE HAD BEEN CONSIDERABLE IMPROVEMENT IN OSWALD. HE IS NOW GETTING ALONG VERY WELL IN SCHOOL AND SALUTES THE FLAG. HE HAS SHOWN A GREAT DEAL OF IMPROVEMENT AND IS NO LONGER CONSIDERED A BEHAVIOR PROBLEM. HOWEVER, DESPITE THE FAVORABLE REPORT IT WAS FELT THAT OSWALD SHOULD RECEIVE PSYCHO-THERAPEUTIC TREATMENT . MRS OSWALD OBJECTED IN VIEW OF THE PROGRESS HE WAS MAKING. MRS. OSWALD CONSISTENTLY REFUSED TO CONTACT OSWALD-S PAROLE OFFICER BECAUSE OF HER EMPLOYMENT. IN JANUARY, NINETEEN FIFTY FOUR, SHE WROTE A LETTER TO THE PAROLE OFFICER INDICATING THAT SHE INTENDED TO MOVE TO NEW ORLEANS. ON MARCH ELEVENTH , FIFTY FOUR, OSWALD-S CASE WAS DISCHARGED BY THE COURT IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT HE WAS NO LONGER IN NEW YORK.

END AND PLS ACK.....

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11-27-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SACS NEW ORLEANS
DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. RE REQUEST FOR COPIES OF INCOME TAX RETURNS.

RENOTEL TODAY.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE COULD LOCATE NO INCOME TAX RETURNS FOR ALIASES OF OSWALD MENTIONED IN RETEL.

IRS, NO, IS HOLDING COPIES OF RETURNS WHICH MAY BE OF INTEREST. REVIEW THESE RETURNS BY CONTACTING INSPECTOR AUBREY FONDELL, IRS, POST OF DUTY, THREE THREE SEVEN, FEDERAL OFFICE BUILDING, SIX ZERO ZERO SOUTH STREET, NO.

ADVISE DL AND BUREAU OF RESULTS.

LML:CGW
(6) 1 105-82555 (Oswald)

NOTE: Above information received from Mr. Fred Robinette, Executive Assistant to Assistant Commissioner (Inspections), IRS, 11-27-63, by SA P. D. Putnam. NO is holding income tax return for 1960 for one [redacted] care of general delivery, NO, who was employed in 196[redacted] by [redacted] Co. and [redacted] Service. IRS is also holding 8 other returns with family name "Haydell" for 1961 and 1962.

Oswald has used names A. T. Hidell, Alek James Hidell, Alex J. Hidell and A. J. Hidell.

DUPLICATE YELLOW OF WIRE TRANSMITTED

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION MCT-14 UNREC
NOV 27 1963 NOT RECORDED
145 NOV 28 1963

TELETYPE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

DEC 4 1963

11/27/63

AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL CONFIDENTIAL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (97-4196-SUB 33)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (97-2202) (RUC)

SUBJECT: FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE -
NEW ORLEANS DIVISION
RA - CUBA; IS - CUBA;
IS - C; IS - SWP

[redacted] (C)

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are two photographic copies of the OSWALD letter. Enclosed also is one copy each of the letter for New Orleans and Dallas. NYO is retaining the negatives of these photographs. (C)

In the event this material is disseminated outside the Bureau, caution should be exercised to protect the source, [redacted] and the communication should be classified Confidential. (C)

3 - Bureau (Enc. 2) (RM)
2 - New Orleans (97-[illegible]) (Enc. 1)(RM)
1 - Dallas (Enc. 1) (FPCC)(RM)
1 - NY 97-1792 (FPCC)
1 - NY 97-2202 (Att. 1)

JHK:gmg
(9)

CONFIDENTIAL

105-[illegible] UNREC

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

Classified by 2040 7/7/77
Exempt from GDS, Category 2B
Dat. of Declassification indefinite

53 DEC 9 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 27 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-27-63 12-16 PM LB

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC, DETROIT /62-3550/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, LAST.

TODAY ROGER DES ROSIERS, ATTORNEY, WINDSOR, ONTARIO, TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED SA MELVILLE H. SHANNON THAT HE HAD HEARD A RUMOR FROM UNCONFIRMED SOURCE THAT LEE H. OSWALD HAD AT SOME UNSPECIFIED DATE BEEN IN MONTREAL, QUEBEC, ENGAGED IN QUOTE BAN DASH THE DASH BOMB UNQUOTE PROTEST. HE ADVISED HE COULD NOT RECALL THE ORIGINAL SOURCE AND HAD NO FURTHER INFORMATION IN HIS POSSESSION REGARDING THIS NOR DID HE HAVE ANY FURGHER INFORMATION CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER. SUGGEST BUREAU CHECK WITH LEGAT, OTTAWA

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18 DEC 18 1963

END AND ACK PLS

12-20M PM OK FBI WA ELR

ORIGINAL FILED IN

URGENT 11-23-63 6-50 AM CST WW

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS 44-2064/

JACK LEON RUBY, AKA./ LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. DASH

VICTIM DASH DECEASED, CR.

RE CRUBY/S VISIT TO NEW ORLEANS LA.

HENRY/MO RICCI, SHO- BAR CLUB, TWO TWO EIGHT BOURBON ST., NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED SA/S WILLIAM J. DANIELSON AND JOHN WILLIAM MILLER ON NOV. TWO SEVEN SIXTYTHREE THAT JEANETTE CONFORTO, ENTERTAINING UNDER NAME OF JADA, WAS EMPLOYED AS DANCER FROM APRIL ELEVEN, SIXTYTHREE TO JUNE TWELVE SIXTYTHREE, AND BELIEVES SHE WENT TO DALLAS TO WORK FOR RUBY AFTER THIS TIME. JOE HOWARD, MASTER OF CEREMONIES, AND HAZEL KEMP, CASHIER, SHO- BAR CLUB, ADVISED THESE AGENTS THAT THEY SAW RUBY IN THE SHO - BAR A FEW DAYS BEFORE JADA COMPLETED HER ENGAGEMENT AT THE CLUB AND RUBY ASKED HOW HE COULD GO ABOUT HIRING HER FOR HIS CLUB IN DALLAS. RUBY GAVE/GRAFFAGNINI A BUSINESS CARD WITH HIS NAME AND CAROUSEL LOUNGE, DALLAS, ON CARD.

IN EFFORT TO DETERMINE WHERE RUBY STAYED IN NEW ORLEANS, GUEST RECORDS AT ROOSEVELT, MONTELEONE AND ROYAL ORLEANS

CORRECT [illegible] LINE THREE WORD TWO RUBY AND LINE NINE WORD FOUR SHOULDB BE HIM

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HOTELS CHECKED NOV. TWENTYSEVEN BY SA/S DANIELSON AND MILLER WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS.

JACK RUBY DETERMINED TO HAVE PURCHASED SEVERAL PAINTINGS FROM LORENZO BORENSTEIN, FIVE ONE NINE ROYAL ST., NEW ORLEANS, DURING NINETEEN FIFTYNINE. BORENSTEIN KNOWS RUBY ONLY AS CUSTOMER AND HAD NO CONTACTS WITH HIM SINCE FIFTYNINE.

LEON CORNMAN, AMERICAN GUILD OF VARIETY ARTISTS /AGVA/, TELEPHONED SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT TODAY TO ADVISE HE HAD DETERMINED FROM UNION INSURANCE RECORDS THAT JEANETTE CONFORTO LAST PAID FEES IN NEW ORLEANS FOR WEEK OF JUNE SIX, SIXTYTHREE AND HE HAS NOW CONCLUDED HE WAS APPROACHED BY RUBY AOUT THAT DATE.

RE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA/

ROBERT LAWRENCE HELLER, FOUR SEVEN ZERO THREE FRERET ST., ADVISED SAS JAMES E. SCHMIDT AND DEAN S. LYTLE NOV. TWO SEVEN SIXTYTHREE HE IS NOT ACQUAINTED WITH NOR HAS HE EVER MET LEE HARVEY OSWALD. DURING MONTH OF AUGUST, SIXTY[illegible] HE DID WITNESS OSWALD DISTRIBUTING LEAFLETS FOR FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE IN VICINITY OF CANAL AND CARONDELET ST. IN

END OF PAGE TWO

NEW ORLEANS, AT WHICH TIME AS RESULT OF DISTURBANCE BETWEEN OSWALD AND INDIVIDUALS HE BELIEVED TO BE CUBANS, OSWALD WAS ARRESTED BY NEW ORLEANS PD. HELLER DENIED KNOWING JACK RUBY.

NOTE NEW ORLEANS TELS OF NOV. TWENTYSEVEN AT THREE THIRTYFIVE AM, THREE FORTYNINE PM, FIVE THIRTY PM AND SEVEN TWENTYTWO PM SUMMARIZING INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED AT NEW ORLEANS THIS DATE IN CAPTIONED MATTER.

RE RUBY/S VISIT TO NEW ORLEANS, LA.

FRANK CARACI, CO OWNER FIVE HUNDRED CLUB, FIVE HUNDRED BOURBON ST., ADVISED SA FURMAN G. BOGGAN ON NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN THAT HE NEVER MET AND DID NOT KNOW JACK LEON RUBY. CARACI RECALLED THAT IN ABOUT JUNE, SIXTY THREE, RUBY CAME TO CLUB FIVE HUNDRED AND TALKED TO HIS NIGHT MANAGER, CLEVE DUGAS, ABOUT SECURING DANCERS TO WORK FOR HIM. CARACI WAS BUSY AND TOLD DUGAS TO TELL RUBY TO GO TO THE SHO- BAR CLUB AND TALK TO JEANETTE CONFORTO WHO WAS ABOUT TO COMPLETE HER ENGAGEMENT.

END AND ACK PSL

WA--59

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7-59 PM OK FBI WA JM

D L 6-59 AM CST OK FBI DL VRG

TU DIS

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NOV 26 10:3
TELETYPE

URGENT 11-28-63 5-25 PM CST BMN

TO, DIRECTOR, ATTENTION INSPECTOR DON MOORE, DIVISION FIVE,
AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM, SAC, NEW ORLEANS /89-69/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-TWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

BILL CRYDER, AP, NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES FOR THE STATE OF LOUISIANA DISTRIBUTED A PRESS RELEASE THIS DATE UNDER THE NAME OF JAMES H. PFISTER, STATE REPRESENTATIVE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE, WHICH STATED IN PART THERE WAS A CLEAR AND OBVIOUS CONNECTION BETWEEN THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE AND THE SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND. PFISTER STATED THE COMMITTEE HAS LOOKED INTO SITUATION DUE TO DEATH OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND THE OBVIOUS CONNECTION BETWEEN LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND A RECOGNIZED COMMUNIST FRONT. RELEASE STATED THAT COMMITTEE HAD HEARD IN EXECUTIVE SESSION TODAY EVIDECE THAT CARL BRADEN, FIELD SECRETARY FOR SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, ALSO ONE OF THE NATIONAL SPONSORS OF THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COOMMITTEE, HAD SPOKEN BEFORE

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THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE AND RECEIVED MONEY FROM THEM. FURTHER, BRADEN IS LISTED ON THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE-S LETTERHEAD AS ONE OF THEIR NATIONAL OFFICERS.

RELEASE SAID THAT COMMITTEE HAD ALSO HEARD EVIDENCE DEFINITELY TYING THESE ORGANIZATIONS TOGETHER BY AT LEAST THREE OTHER PEOPLE, ADDING THAT THIS AND CERTAIN OTHER EVIDENCE WILL BE PUBLISHED IN AN OFFICIAL REPORT IN THE FUTURE.

THE RELEASE ALSO COMMENTED THAT FOR MANY YEARS THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES OF THE CONGRESS , J. EDGAR HOOVER OF THE FBI, THE SENATE INTERNAL SUBCOMMITTEE, AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES, VARIOUS STATE COMMITTEES, INCLUDING THEIR OWN HAD BEEN TELLING PEOPLE THAT THESE COMMUNIST CONSPIRATORS AND CRACKPOTS OF THE VARIOUS COMMUNIST FRONTS WERE DANGEROUS TO THE SECURITY AND SAFETY OF OUR COUNTRY, HOWEVER, MANY PEOPLE HAVE NOT BELIEVED THIS BUT THE HORRIBLE EVENT OF NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE WILL AWAKEN THEM TO THESE FACTS.

CRYDER STATED THIS RELEASE HAD BEEN DISTRIBUTED NATION WIDE AND WOULD UNDOUBTEDLY APPEAR IN THE MORNING NEWSPAPERS.

END PAGE TWO

NEW ORLEANS FBI RECEIVED INFORMATION THIS DATE THAT ISAAC DETECTIVE AGENCY HAD MADE INQUIRY AT THE NEW ORLEANS RETAILERS CREDIT BUREAU THIS DATE REGARDING LEE HARVEY OSWALD, WIFE MARINA, ROBERT LEE OSWALD, A. J. HIDELL, POST OFFICE BOX THREE ZERO ZERO ONE SIX, FORREST E. LA VIOLETTE, LEONARD REISSMAN, AND CARLOS BRINGUIER, FIVE ZERO ONE ADEL ST.

J. D. VINSON, ISAAC DETECTIVE AGENCY, SIX ZERO EIGHT RICHARDS BLDG., NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED THAT ON NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, HE RECEIVED PHONE CALL FROM ONE OF HIS CLIENTS, JACK N. ROGERS, LEGAL COUNSEL, JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES FOR STATE OF LA., AT WHICH TIME ROGERS ASKED HE CHECK HIS FILES ON LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND FURNISH HIM ANY INFO HE COULD RE OSWALD. VINSON SAID HE HAD NOTHING IN HIS FILES ON OSWALD AND WAS ATTEMPTING TO DEVELOP INFO BY INQUIRY AT NEW ORLEANS RETAILERS CREDIT BUREAU. WHILE MAKING THIS INQUIRY AT CREDIT BUREAU, VINSON

WAS INFORMED BY MANAGER HIS INQUIRIES ON OSWALD WOULD BE REPORTED TO FBI, NEW ORLEANS. VINSON STATED DID NOT INTEND TO MAKE FURTHER INQUIRY RE OSWALD.

CONCERNING ROBERT LEE OSWALD, VINSON SAID HE KNEW FROM NEWSPAPERS OSWALD WAS LEE HARVEY OSWALD-S BROTHER. WITH RESPECT TO CARLOS BRINGUIER, VINSON RELATED THIS WAS ONE OF THE THREE CUBANS WHO HAD, IN AUG. SIXTYTHREE, BEEN INVOLVED IN A FIGHT WITH OSWALD ON CANAL ST. WHILE OSWALD WAS DISTRIBUTING " FIAR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE" LITERATURE, WHICH RESULTED IN OSWALD-S ARREST.

WITH RESPECT TO LA VIOLETTE AND REISSMAN, VINSON INFORMED HE RECALLED THAT SOMETIME IN SIXTYTWO, DATE NOT RECALLED, SOME FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA LITERATURE HAD BEEN FOUND IN THE STREET IN THE TWELVE HUNDRED OR THIRTEEN HUNDRED BLOCK OF PINE ST., NEW ORLEANS. CHECK OF NO CITY DIRECTORY REFLECT LA VIOLETTE LIVED AT ONE THREE ZERO SEVEN PINE AND REISSMAN LIVED AT ONE ONE ONE TWO PINE AND BOTH WERE PROFESSORS AT TULANE UNIVERSITY. VINSON HAD NO INFO INDICATING EITHER OF THESE PROFESSORS CONNECTED WITH FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE OR WITH OSWALD, HOWEVER FELT CHECK

END PAGE FOUR

OF THEM COULD POSSIBLY DEVELOP SOMETHING OF INTEREST TO HIMSELF AS WELL AS HIS CLIENT, JACK ROGERS.

VINSON STATED HAD NO INFO ON ANY OF PERSONS ON WHOM HE CHECKED WITH CREDIT BUREAU.

OFFICE INDICES REVEALED FILES ON ONE FORREST E. LA VOILETTE, BUFILE ONE HUNDRED DASH ONE ONE ZERO THREE FIVE FIVE, AND ONE LEONARD FEISSMAN, BUFILE ONE HUNDRED DASH FOUR ZERO TWO SIX TWO ZERO. INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE IF THESE INDIVIDUALS IDENTICAL WITH FORREST E. LA VIOLETTE AND LEONARD REISSMAN, MENTIONED ABOVE AND ANY POSSIBLE ASSOCIATION WITH OSWALD.

END AND ACK PLS.

WA 6-41 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 5-40 PM OK FBI DL EW

TU CLRO

URGENT 11-23-63 4-10 PM KOH

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, CHICAGO /62-6165/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

RE CHICAGO TELS NOVEMBER TWENTYEIGHT INSTANT.

RE CONNECTION OF SUBJECT OSWALD WITH FPCC.

MARILYN-NELL SHERMAN, WAS INTERVIEWED BY SAS DANIEL P. BLAKE AND DANIEL R. HUNTINGTON THIS DATE AT WHICH TIME SHERMAN FURNISHED SIGNED STATEMENT.

SHERMAN MET JOHN ROSSEN, HEAD OF FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, CHICAGO, ABOUT A YEAR AND A HALF AGO THROUGH CARMEN OSIAKOWSKI. ROSSEN WAS INTRODUCED AS OSIAKOWSKI/S BOYFRIEND. FOR ABOUT THE PAST YEAR SHERMAN, ROBERT FESTENSTEIN, OSIAKOWSKI AND ROSSEN SAW EACH OTHER SOCIALLY. DURING THIS TIME SHERMAN NEVER HEARD ROSSEN MENTION HIS PARTICIPATION IN THE FPCC. SHERMAN LEARNED THAT ROSSEN WAS INVOLVED IN THE FPCC THROUGH OSIAKOWSKI. AT NO TIME DID SHERMAN EVER HEAR ROSSEN INDICATE ANY HATRED OR ABNORMAL ANTAGONISM TOWARDS PRESIDENT KENNEDY. SHERMAN SAID POLITICS WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

SHERMAN NEVER HEARD THE NAME LEE HARVEY OSWALD UNTIL AFTER PRESIDENT KENNEDY/S ASSASSINATION. SHERMAN SAID THAT AFTER THE

END PAGE ONE

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TEN PM NEWS BROADCAST ON SUNDAY, NOVEMBER TWENTYFOURTH, CHICAGO CHANNEL FIVE PAREN NBC END PAREN, AFTER SEEING ROSSEN ON TV SHE CALLED OSIAKOWSKI. SHE SAID THEIR CONVERSATION WAS APPROXIMATELY FOUR MINUTES IN LENGTH AND CENTERED AROUND THE FACT THAT ROSSEN HAD APPEARED ON TELEVISION AND WHERE OSIAKOWSKI AND ROSSEN HAD BEEN EARLIER THAT EVENING. OSWALD/S NAME WAS NOT MENTIONED.

SHE SAID OSIAKOWSKI NEVER TOLD HER THAT ROSSEN KNEW LEE HARVEY OSWALD OR THAT OSWALD HAD EVER BEEN IN CHICAGO OR IN FACT HAD EVER MENTIONED OSWALD/S NAME, EVEN AFTER THE PRESIDENT/S DEATH, EXCEPT TO SAY QUOTE THAT GUY MUST HAVE BEEN CRAZY UNQUOTE OR SOMETHING TO THAT EFFECT. IN REFERENCE TO FUNDS, SHE SAID THE ONLY TIME MONEY WAS EVER MENTIONED IN CONNECTION WITH THE FPCC IN RECENT MONTHS WAS IN REFERENCE TO A BARBECUE HELD ON CHICAGO/S SOUTH SIDE TO RAISE FUNDS FOR THE HURRICANE VICTIMS OF CUBA. SHE SAID OSIAKOWSKI TOLD HER THIS. SHE WAS NEVER ATTENDED ANY FPCC MEETINGS AND DOES NOT KNOW ANYTHING ABOUT THE FPCC.

SHE DOES NOT RECALL OSIAKOWSKI EVER MENTIONING THAT ROSSEN WAS TO SEND MONEY TO QUOTE THEM UNQUOTE.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

SHERMAN SAID SHE WANTED TO CLEARLY STATE THAT SINCE THE PRESIDENT/S DEATH IN HER CONVERSATIONS WITH CARMEN OSIAKOWSKI THERE HAS BEEN NO REFERENCE TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD AS EVER HAVING BEEN ASSOCIATED IN ANY WAY WITH JOHN ROSSEN.

ADDITIONALY, SHERMAN ADVISED THAT SHE HAS BEEN [redacted] SHE ESTIMATED FESTENSTEIN/S EXPENDITURE FOR THIS PURPOSE TO BE TWENTYSIX THOUSAND DOLLARS OVER THE LAST FOUR YEARS.

SHERMAN SAID THAT RELATIONS BETWEEN FESTENSTEIN AND ROSSEN ARE QUITE STRAINED AT THIS POINT SINCE FESTENSTEIN BORROWED FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS FROM ROSSEN IN THE SUMMER OF NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, GIVING ROSSEN APPROXIMATELY ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT PHONEY DIAMONDS WORTH EIGHT DOLLARS EASCH AS HIS COLLATERAL. SUBSEQUENT TO THE LOAN, FESTENSTEIN FILED BANKRUPTCY AND ROSSEN HAS BEEN MAKING EVERY EFFORT TO EFFECT COLLECTION OF THE LOAN.

IN HER RELATIONSHIP WITH FESTENSTEIN OVER THE PAST FOUR AND A HALF YEARS SHE SAID THAT WITH PARTICULAR EMPHASIS IN RECENT MONTHS FESTENSTEIN HAS BEEN WHAT SHE WOULD CALL A

END PAGE THREE

QUOTE [redacted] UNQUOTE SAYING THAT FESTENSTEIN ENJOYS TELLING STORIES AND HEARING HIMSELF TALK. SHE SAYS FESTENSTEIN HAS BEEN PARTICULARLY BAD RECENTLY, PROBABLY DUE TO HIS STRAINED FINANCIAL CONDITION.

SHE SAID FESTENSTEIN ALLEGEDLY OWES OVER TWO HUNDRED AND TWENTYFIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS AND RECENTLY IS ALLEGED TO HAVE LOST SIXTYFIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS WHILE GAMBLING IN LAS VEGAS. SHE DOES NOT KNOW IF THIS IS TRUE.

SHE SAID SHE HAS KNOWN CARMEN OSIAKOWSKI FOR APPROXIMATELY NINE DASH TEN YEARS HAVING MET OSIAKOWSKI WHEN BOTH WERE WORKING [redacted] ON CHICAGO/S NEAR NORTH SIDE. SHE CLAIMS TO NOT HAVE WORKED [redacted] FOR ABOUT SIX YEARS AND CLAIMS TO HAVE BEEN FAITHFUL TO FESTENSTEIN DURING THE PAST FOUR AND A HALF YEARS. IT WAS THROUGH HER RELATIONSHIP WITH FESTENSTEIN AND OSIAKOWSKI THAT FESTENSTEIN MET ROSSEN. HER KNOWLEDGE NEITHER OSIAKOWSKI NOR FESTENSTEIN HAVE EVER HAD ANYTHING TO DO WITH THE FPCC.

SHE DENIES EVER HAVING BEEN INTIMATE WITH ROSSEN AND KNOWS NOTHING OF ROSSEN/S [redacted] OSIAKOWSKI.

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

IN VIEW OF THE ABOVE AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN RETELS IT APPEARS THAT THE ORGINAL CHICAGO SOURCE IN THIS MATTER WAS MOTIVATED BY PERSONAL REASONS AND THAT [redacted] ALLEGATION HAS BEEN RESOLVED. NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION IS CONTEMPLATED CHICAGO CONCERNING THE INFORMATION FURNISHED BY [redacted]

[redacted]

END AND ACK PLS

WA 5-25PM 2 FBI WA LLD

DL 425 PM OK F I DL MH

TU M

NOV 26 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11- 28- -63 2-10 WFM

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS, /89-69/ 7 PAGES

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTY-THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE BUREAU TEL CALL FROM W. A. BRANIGAN, DIVISION FIVE, RE CARLOS TUIROGA. /5 IN TUIROGA UNDERSCORED/

ON ELEVEN TWENTYSEVEN INSTANT, SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS CONTACTED CARLOS TUIROGA, RESIDING THREE ONE THREE FOUR BERRY PLACE. HE FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ON A STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL BASIS, INASMUCH AS HIS FATHER IS IMPRISONED IN CUBA AND HIS MOTHER STILL LIVES THERE.

HE IS ACQUAINTED WITH CARLOS BRINGUIER, CUBAN STUDENT DIRECTORATE, NEW ORLEANS, AND WAS AWARE OF THE ARREST OF BRINGUIER AND TWO OTHER CUBANS ALONG WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD ON EIGHT NINE LAST WHEN OSWALD PASSED OUT FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA /FPCC/ HANDBILLS ON CANAL STREET. APPROXIMATELY A WEEK LATER / EIGHT SIXTEEN LAST/ HE WAS SEATED IN THOMPSON/S RESTAURANT WHEN REPRESENTATIVE OF PUERTO RICO, WHO HAS HIS OFFICE IN INTERNATIONAL TRADE MART, SHOWED HIM FPCC HANDBILL,

END PAGE ONE

VOS-82555-UNREC

NOT RECORDED

64 DEC 4 1963

71 DEC 3 1963

DEC 2 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-

TELLING QUIROGA THESE HANDBILLS WERE BEING PASSED OUT IN FRONT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE MART. QUIROGA NOTIFIED POLICE, BUT POLICE ARRIVED TOO LATE, AND PERSON PASSING OUT HANDBILLS HAD GONE.

IN ORDER TO OBTAIN INFORMATION REGARDING FPCC TO TURN OVER TO AUTHORITIES, HE DROVE TO ADDRESS LISTED ON HANDBILL FOR OSWALD, AND LOCATED RESIDENCE FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE STREET. IN ORDER TO LOCATE THE ACTUAL APARTMENT OF OSWALD, HE HAD TO MAKE INQUIRY AT FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE AND LEARNED THE EXACT LOCATION OF THE APARTMENT. AT FOUR NINE ZERO FIVE MAGAZINE ST. AS HE STARTED TO ENTER THE YARD, OSWALD STOOD SOME DISTANCE FROM HIM AND SAID QUOTE DON/T HIT ME. IF YOU/RE COMING AS A FRIEND, COME IN. UNQUOTE. OSWALD HAD BEEN SITTING ON HIS FRONT PORCH AND WAS TALKING IN ANOTHER LANGUAGE TO SOMEONE INSIDE. HE TOLD OSWALD THAT HE HAD

END PAGE TWO

PICKED UP LEAFLET AT THE INTERNATIONAL TRADE MART, THAT HE WAS A CUBAN WHO HAD BEEN IN THE UNITED STATES FOR A LONG TIME AND WAS INTERESTED IN LEARNING ABOUT THE FPCC. CUIROGA TOLD OSWALD THAT HE KNEW ABOUT THE CUBANS BEING ARRESTED WITH OSWALD, AND THAT HE DID NOT THINK IT WAS RIGHT THAT THOSE PERSONS SHOULD HAVE BEEN FREED WHEN OSWALD WAS HELD. OSWALD INFORMED HIM THAT THE CUBANS IN THE UNITED STATES WERE ALL CRIMINALS, AND SARCASTICALLY SAID THAT QUOTE WE HAVE FINE LAWS HERE UNQUOTE. HE SAID THAT FIDEL CASTRO WAS NOT A DICTATOR, AND THAT IF THE US WOULD INVADE CUBA, HE WOULD FIGHT WITH FIDEL CASTRO AGAINST THE US. HE STATED FURTHER THAT THE PRESS IN THE US IS AGAINST THEM / NOT IDENTIFYING THEM/, THAT THEY WERE IN THE MINORITY TODAY BUT ONE DAY WOULD BE THE MAJORITY AND THEN ALL THE PRESS WOULD BE WITH THEM. OSWALD CLAIMED TO BE A STUDENT OF LANGUAGES AT TULANE UNIVERSITY AND TO BE THE DELEGATE FOR THE

END PAGE THREE

DELEGATE FOR THE FPCC IN NEW ORLEANS. HE CLAIMED THAT HE WAS CONDUCTING PRIVATE MEETINGS AND WOULD BE PROUD TO HAVE QUIROGA TO JOIN THEM. HE DID NOT IDENTIFY THE PLACE OF THE MEETING OR ANY OTHER ALLEGED MEMBERS OF FPCC. QUIROGA INFORMED HIM THAT HE WAS INTERESTED IN THE ORGANIZATION BUT WOULD LIKE TO READ SOME LITERATURE BEFORE DECIDING. OSWALD GAVE HIM A BOOKLET QUOTE THE CRIME AGAINST CUBA UNQUOTE BY CORLISS LAMONT AND AN APPLICATION TO JOIN THE FPCC, NEW ORLEANS. THIS APPLICATION DID NOT SHOW ANY ADDRESS FOR THE COMMITTEE BUT SHOWED THAT THE INITIAL FEE IS ONE DOLLAR, THE DUES ARE ONE DOLLAR A MONTH, AND FOR A PERSON NOT ABLE TO PARTICIPATE AS AN ACTIVE MEMBER, BUT WISHING TO SUBSCRIBE TO MAILINGS, THE FEE WAS FIVE DOLLARS FOR ONE YEAR.

QUIROGA ON CONCLUSION OF TALK WITH OSWALD INFORMED

END PAGE FOUR

LIEUTENANT FRANCIS MARTELLO, FIRST DISTRICT, NEW ORLEANS POLICE DEPARTMENT, REGARDING HIS CONTACT WITH OSWALD AND TOLD HIM HE WOULD BE WILLING TO FILL OUT APPLICATION AND REPORT ANY INFORMATION OBTAINED TO MARTELLO IN EFFORT TO DO AWAY WITH FPCC IN NEW ORLEANS. SAID HE RECEIVED NO ENCOURAGEMENT FROM MARTELLO AND TOOK NO FURTHER ACTION.

CUIROGA HAD NO FURTHER CONTACT WITH OSWALD AND DOES NOT KNOW OF ANYONE NAMED KIDELL, JACK LEON RUBY, JACK RUBENSTEIN, AND KNOWS NOTHING FURTHER ABOUT ANY FPCC IN NEW ORLEANS.

QUIROGA ADVISED WHEN HE WENT TO SEE OSWALD HE WAS DRIVING HIS NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT RED AND WHITE CHEVROLET SEDAN WHICH HE PARKED IN FRONT OF FOUR NINE NAUGHT SEVEN MAGAZINE STREET. CUIROGA IS DESCRIBED AS A WHITE MALE, BORN JANUARY TWENTYSEVEN NINETEEN THIRTYSIX HAVANA, CUBA/ HEIGHT FIVE EEET NINE AND ONE HALF, WEIGHT ONE HUNDRED FORTYFOUR LBS, BUILD SLENDER, HAIR BLACK, EYES BROWN, COMPLEXION MEDIUM. DOES NOT WEAR GLASSES. WAS DRESSED IN BLUISH DASH GRAY SUIT AND WORE NO HAT.

END PAGE FIVE

CARLOS BRINGUIER, CUBAN STUDENT DIRECTORATE, OPERATOR OF CASA ROCA CLOTHING STORE, ONE ZERO SEVEN DECATUR STREET, ADVISED SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS THAT ON AUGUST FIVE LAST OSWALD CAME INTO HIS STORE AND GAVE HIM A MARINE GUIDE BOOK, STATING HE WAS AN EXMARINE WHO COULD FIGHT AGAINST CASTRO AND IF NEEDED, COULD HELP TRAIN GUERRILLAS. HE PUT HIS HAND IN HIS POCKET AS IF TO CONTRIBUTE MONEY TO THE CUBAN STUDENT DIRECTORATE BUT BRINGUIER STOPPED HIM AND TOLD HIM HE COULD NOT ACCEPT CONTRIBUTIONS AND THAT HE WAS ONLY MEMBER OF DIRECTORATE IN NEW ORLEANS. OSWALD TOLD HIM NOT TO LIE ABOUT IT/ THAT QUOTE WE UNQUOTE CAN INFILTRATE YOU, AT WHICH TIME BRINGUIER BECAME SUSPICIOUS OF OSWALD AND WOULD TALK NO MORE WITH HIM. SAW OSWALD ON AUGUST NINE LAST WHEN OSWALD WAS ARRESTED AFTER OSWALD TRIED TO DISTRIBUTE FPCC HANDBILLS ON CANAL STREET. BRINGUIER AGAIN SAW OSWALD AT OSWALD/S TRIAL IN MUNICAPAL COURT AUGUST TWELVE LAST AND THEN SAW HIM AT SIX PM AUGUST TWENTYONE LAST AT THE DEBATE IN WHICH OSWALD PARTICIPATED OVER RADIO STATION WDSU IN NEW ORLEANS. CLAIMS HE HAS NO

END PAGE SIX

PAGE SEVEN

INFORMATION RE ANYONE NAMED HIDELL, JACK RUBY, JACK RUBENSTEIN, NOR ANY OTHER INFORMATION RE FPCC, NEW ORLEANS. STATED OTHER TWO ANTI-CASTRO CUBANS ARRESTED AUGUST NINE LAST IN ALTERCATION WITH OSWALD HAD NO OTHER CONTACT WITH OSWALD.

REGISTRAR/S OFFICE, TULANE UNIVERSITY HAS NO RECORD OF ATTENDANCE AT TULANE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 3-30 AM OK FBI WA HFL

DL 2-29 AM CST OK FBI DL Z

HOLD

~~BUT I JUST GOT A CALL FROM SU THAT THEY HAVE A NINE~~ A MIN M PER OK MAN

~~STATION CONF TO USE AND I TYEY WANT US TO CLER~~

~~I STAND WITH 65 PAEGE TO TYPE AND SENT TO YOU BY BOYS~~

DL TU DISC

WA TO YOU DISC O

3-9 (Rev. 4-17-63)

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRCRAIL ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO xxx TELETYPE

URGENT 11-29-63 3-17 PM PST SMZ
TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS
FROM SAC LOS ANGELES 292200

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS.

[redacted] ON NOVEMBER 29, INSTANT, ADVISED THAT AT THE LOS ANGELES LOCAL-SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY MEETING ON NOVEMBER 27, LAST, IT WAS ANNOUNCED THAT A REVIEW IN NEW YORK CITY OF THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST FOR "THE MILITANT" REVEALED LEE H. OSWALD WAS A SUBSCRIBER TO THIS PUBLICATION FROM DECEMBER, 1962 TO SEPTEMBER, 1963.

RECEIVED: 6:25 PM FN

-UNREC

5 DEC 5 1963

If the intelligence contained in this message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 11/29/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CINCINNATI (62-2758) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS
(OO: Dallas)

RE: Alleged Activities of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka.
at New Orleans, Louisiana

Enclosed for Bureau are 3 copies, for the Dallas Office 25 copies and for the New Orleans Office 5 copies of an FD-302 containing information volunteered to the Cincinnati Office by [redacted] Circuit Riders, Inc., 110 Government Square, Cincinnati, Ohio.

For information of Dallas and New Orleans, [redacted] operates Circuit Riders, Inc. as a private organization engaged in combating the use of church facilities by Communists or other un-American groups. Bureau has instructed contacts with [redacted] be most circumspect. Cincinnati receives information from [redacted] but does not initiate contact with him. Bureau has advised caution should be used in dealing with [redacted] so as not to become involved in his personal brand of extremism.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 3)
2 - Dallas (Enc. 25)
2 - New Orleans (Enc. 5)
3 - Cincinnati
(1 - 62-2758)
(1 - 44-456)
(1 - 100-11382)

62-109060 UNREC'D

12 DEC 2 1963

NOT RECORDED
10 DEC 9 1963

No action
Save data
previously rec'd

TPS:mjd
(10)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

CI 62-2758

Although the data in attached FD-302 is purely speculative without a shred of fact relating to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, it is nevertheless made available to Dallas and New Orleans inasmuch as Cincinnati is not familiar with details concerning the activities of the persons involved in these allegations.

[redacted] requested that in the event interview of JOSEPH D. VINSON is necessary that VINSON not be made aware his identity was furnished FBI by [redacted] because he fears this would compromise his position. [redacted] states VINSON has worked with him closely for several years in connection with "Communist activities in Southern United States" and their relationship has always been on a personal confidential basis.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

[redacted] Circuit Riders, Inc., 110 Government Place, Cincinnati, Ohio, advised on November 29, 1963, that on Tuesday, November 26, 1963, he had occasion to be in New Orleans, Louisiana, on personal business and entered into conversation with JOSEPH D. VINSON, a private detective who resides at Metairie, Louisiana. LOWMAN advised he has known VINSON several years and has had many conversations with him during this period. [redacted] advised during the conversation with VINSON on November 26, 1963, he inquired if VINSON knew of any possible connection between LEE HARVEY OSWALD and the Southern Conference Educational Fund. VINSON replied he had no evidence of any such connection. VINSON added he had recently received information that sometime during the period when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was arrested at New Orleans, Louisiana, after passing out circulars concerning the Fair Play For Cuba Committee (FPCC) it was reported to VINSON that a number of FPCC circulars were found on the street in the 1100 block of Pine Street, New Orleans. VINSON advised [redacted] that in connection with these FPCC circulars, he learned that the night before the circulars were found, a person believed to be a lady living in the 1100 block of Pine Street, New Orleans, became suspicious of a Ford automobile parked on this street near her home. This person reportedly took the license number of the Ford automobile. The following morning this person noted the Ford automobile had been removed from the space it occupied and that there was found on the street in this space a small pile of FPCC circulars.

VINSON speculated that the FPCC circulars had either fallen out of or been thrown out of the Ford automobile that occupied this space. VINSON also speculated that one LEONARD REISSMAN described by VINSON as a "liberal", resides at 1121 Pine Street, New Orleans, and that FORREST E. LA VIOLETTE resides at 1307 Pine Street, New Orleans. [redacted] and VINSON discussed the fact that LA VIOLETTE is listed on Page 532 of the book entitled "6000 Educators" published by [redacted] as having public record affiliation with the Southern Conference

ENCLOSURE

105-82555 File # 62-2758

on 11/29/63 at Cincinnati, Ohio Date dictated 11/29/63

by [redacted] SA THOMAS P. SCOLLARD/mjf

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Educational Fund. [redacted] stated neither he nor VINSON knew of any association or connection between OSWALD and REISSMAN or LA VIOLETTE but speculated on the possibility that OSWALD may have been using the Ford automobile which was parked in the 1100 block on Pine Street for transportation in the distribution of FPCC circulars. [redacted] stated he and VINSON discussed the coincidence that REISSMAN and LA VIOLETTE reside in this neighborhood where the small pile of FPCC circulars were found during the period when OSWALD was arrested at New Orleans for circulating FPCC leaflets.

11-29-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC SAINT LOUIS

1 - Gheesling

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY DASH TWO, ONE NINE SIX THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

MARINE CORPS ASSOCIATE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD HAS ADVISED THAT MARTIN E. SCHRAND, MARINE SERIAL NUMBER ONE SIX THREE NINE SIX NINE FOUR WAS KILLED WHILE SERVING ON SENTRY DUTY WITH OSWALD DURING MANEUVERS IN PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, THAT DEATH OF SCHRAND WAS RULED ACCIDENTAL BUT IT WAS RUMORED OSWALD MAY HAVE BEEN RESPONSIBLE. SAINT LOUIS IMMEDIATELY REVIEW SCHRAND'S SERVICE RECORD FOR CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING HIS DEATH AND SPECIFICALLY WHETHER IT OCCURRED WHILE ON SENTRY DUTY WITH OSWALD. SUTEL RESULTS TO BUREAU AND DALLAS. DALLAS ADVISED BY AIR MAIL.

1 - DALLAS

WMG:HC
(5)

1 - 105-82555 (Oswald)

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 2 1963

DUPLICATE YELLOW OF WIRE TRANSMITTED

NOTE: San Francisco teletype 11-27-63 reported that Donald Peter Camarata, Capitola, California, a Marine Corps associate of Oswald, furnished the above information.

4 DEC 4 1963

LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

FBI, Dallas (89-43) November 25, 1963
Date:

Re: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,
11-22-63
DALLAS, TEXAS

John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No. D-436719 AX
Washington Field Office - Bureau D-436563 AX

Examination requested by:
None

Reference:
Document

Examination requested:

Remarks:

Q51 was personally delivered to the Laboratory by SA Willis of the Washington Field Office.

Q49 was personally delivered to the Laboratory on 11-27-63 by Assistant Director C. A. Evans who obtained Q49 from the Department of Justice.

A photograph of the blue enrollment card, the handwritten note and a typewritten letter dated November 26, 1963, on the letterhead of the American Civil Liberties Union are being forwarded to your office for information.

Enclosures (5) (Photograph of blue enrollment card, handwritten note and a typewritten letter, 2 [illegible] 2 Lab rpt)

2 - Washington Field Office - Enclosures (2) (2 Lab rpt)
1 - Mr. C. A. Evans, Room 1742 (Sent direct)
1 - Mr. Schutz, Room 5722 (Sent direct)

105 X 21
RECORDED
UNREC

JCC:sab (10)

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

REPORT
of the

LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas (SS-43) Date: November 29, 1963

FBI File No.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63 DALLAS, TEXAS Lab. No. D-436719 AX D-436563 AX

Available in Bureau

Q49 Blue enrollment application of American Civil Liberties Union dated November 4, 1963, bearing the name Lee H. Oswald, P. O. Box 2265, Dallas, Texas, and accompanying handwritten note signed "Lee H. Oswald"

Specimen received 11-23-63 from FBI, Washington Field Office

Kc31 Photographic negatives of various documents obtained from State Department files and bearing known handwriting of LEE H. OSWALD

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the handwriting in blue ball-point ink on the note and the hand printing in blue ball-point ink on the enrollment card were written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case, whose additional known handwriting is listed above as Kc31.

The submitted evidence is retained.

Room JCC:sab (10)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: FBI LABORATORY

DATE: 11/29/63

FROM : SAC, BUFFALO (62-18[illegible]) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

136852

Mrs. ESTHER GOLDMAN, Secretary, Anti-Defamation League, B'nai B'rith, 291 Delaware Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., made available attached hand printed anonymous letter received by that office on 11/26/63.

Letter reads as follows:

"I wish to solicit your help in an investigation to determine the assassin of our late president. My reasons for turning to you rather than orthodox federal investigative agencies will become more evident as I proceed.

"Let us first turn to the 'facts' of the case as reported by the commercial mass media of communication. These 'facts' when analysed tend to cast a shadow of doubt in my mind as to Oswald's being the killer.

"1 The Fair-Play-for-Cuba organization and the Marxists have everything to lose by the assassination of Kennedy. The late president was as conciliatory toward Cuba and toward the U.S.S.R. etc. as political circumstances permitted. Fascist type groups on the other hand have everything to gain by the death of the late president especially if the guilt can be pinned on a leftist extremist. It does not appear that Oswald was so ignorant as not to realize the inevitable hardening of attitude that would occur should the president be assassinated.

ENCLOSURE

2 - Bureau (Encs. 2) (AMSD)
Dallas (AMSD)
El Paso (Info) (AMSD)
2 - Buffalo
JJM:gpp
(7)

DEC 20 1963

SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB

UNREC

ORIGINAL FILED IN

"2 Unlike the ordinary martyr fanatic Oswald ran from the scene of the crime. He consistently maintained his innocence in the face of overwhelming evidence of his guilt. The traditional martyr-fanatic boldly admits his act. He wants his identity known. He craves death. He fancies himself the hero in tomorrows history books.

"3 By virtue of Oswalds employment in the very building where the shooting took place, his (illegible) record of dubious patriotism and his purchase of a strange foreign rifle make him the obvious suspect. One is tempted to wonder why he bothered to run at all. Detection would be bound to occur.

"4 The shooting occurred in Dallas, a center of reaction in a state of reaction. Why would the assassin chose such a place to kill the president? To make jurors and law enforcement officials more sympathetic to his cause?

"5 Why did not the head of the F.B.I. convey his suspicions to the local police dept? Especially if he knew the suspect possessed a telescopic rifle and worked in a building overlooking the parade? As a great red chaser it would seem Mr_ Hoover would be delighted to have the suspect given capital punishment as a red under Texas law.

"These facts seem to hint that an elaborate frame up by rightists may have caused the death of President Kennedy and also the pointing to a suspect who was not guilty. Such an elaborate frame up would require, probably the cooperation of persons who have access to Mr_ Oswalds doings - such as, say, security officers of the government itself.

"6 Any why would Oswald run? Because he was the logical suspect and realized he was being framed by preponderant evidence.

"7 That the Federal Bureau has used testimony of perjurers to convict persons of Communist and leftist leanings as a well known fact. See for instance Matusows book - False Witness Bertrand Russells comments about federal perjurers, Corliss Lamonte's - Freedom As Freedom Does. As for Mr. Hoovers personal record see Rebel in Paradise by Drinnan. His case against Emma Goldman therein, in which case he uses incomplete and misleading testimony to indicate Emma Goldman of instigating the murderer of McKinley.

"For these reasons I solicit your help rather than that of the federal enforcement agencies to unravel this case. The case for civil liberties hangs in the balance and hinges on the outcome of this case. Hysteria will otherwise make short shrift of civil liberties and rights_

"Now, gentlemen, I have a possible suspect in mind as to the real perpetrator of this heinous deed.

"His name is 'Sarge' and he is well known in El Paso, Texas. A discrete investigation by your local there may throw light as to his whereabouts during the shooting.

"He is a retired Army man, a sargeant, hair grey to white_ medium build, used to be a boxer, has extra long arms, is about 65 years old, knows judo, an expert, must be regarded as highly dangerous if crossed. He has many links with important local businessmen and other important men business and military, served in intelligence work, border patrol for dope, medics, was officer after and during WW I, pharmacist. Has had lots of money at various times in life. Born in Indiana, lived in San Antonio. Excellent war record incl personal commendation by Lyman Lemnitzer etc. Very patriotic, smells subversion in the slightest pinkness, a Texas chauvinist. No paunch, good shape for age.

"His location - stays about half the time in El Paso. Rooms on San Francisco Street. Knows barber across from Greyhound Bus Station, frequents two bars across street from Greyhound. Both bars have Japanese waitresses. Know retired stroke victim from Alaska - pals and chums with him. His room in apartment hotel. This hotel away from main plaza about four blocks down San Francisco and three blocks from bus station. Hotel old and all on the upstairs, bottom being occupied by store. Only wooden steps long flight of these.

"Must be regarded as highly dangerous if crossed, very fearless.

"The following are some of his statements as best I can recall.

"1 I wish Hoffa would come to Dallas. I'd kill him. No jury in Texas would convict m e.

"2 I have 'Q' clearance (security clearance)

"3 Abraham Lincoln was assassinated by the members of his own cabinet. In the building burned John Wilkes Booths purported body wasnt his. The skeleton was three inches (taller? shorter?) than that of Booth.

"4 Secret government files indicate the C.I.O. is run by communists.

"5 We dont like labor agitators and politicians stirring up the Mexicans. U. S. will have to go down in Mexico sometime and kill all the Mexicans.

"This man known as 'Sarge' is a rifle expert. He explains in detail gun mechanisms, he knows all about custom made guns, where to order them, how long it takes to become a gun engraver, etc. He often hunts, claims to be a remarkable shot. He has killed many/in war and many dope traffickers
men

"along the Texas border. I. seems to greatly relish killing.

"6 He doesn't care whether he lives or dies. He's going to die of a disease in a couple of years anyway (liver trouble or something). If he kills somebody and they kill him what has he lost?

"7 He has many contacts with wealthy businessmen all over the country - bankers, corporation heads, Texas ranchers, realtors etc. considers himself a great patriot and deplores the modern course of history.

"Please keep this letter a secret. I will have more information - his specific address."

The letter has been handled by Mrs. GOLDMAN and by SA JOHN JOSEPH MULHERN, to whom it was furnished. The anonymous correspondent promises therein to furnish name and address of suspect in subsequent communication, and Mrs. GOLDMAN has been instructed as to proper method of handling.

Laboratory is requested to examine enclosure for latent prints, search same through anonymous letter file, and retain letter for comparison with subsequently expected letter. Elimination prints of Mrs. GOLDMAN can be secured if deemed desirable by the Laboratory.

Buffalo will maintain contact with Mrs. GOLDMAN re any subsequent letter received in this matter.

URGENT 11-30-63 4-36 PM CST EGL

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO /89-67/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWETNTYTWO, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS.

OSWALD DASH BACKGROUND. OO, DALLAS

RE DALLAS TELEPHONE CALLL TO SAN ANTONIO NOVEMBER THIRTY, INSTANT.

O. NEWT HUMPHREYS, JR., AGENT IN CHARGE, INTELLIGENCE SECTION, TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY, AUSTIN, TEXAS, ON NOVEMBER THIRTY, INSTANT, ADVISED SA H. T. BURK THE ONLY INFO IN THEII FILE RELATIVE TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD ARE FOUR NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS AS FOLLOW.

PAREN ONE PAREN FORT WORTH STAR TELEGRAM, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, DATED NOVEMBER ONE, FIFTYNINE, ENTITLED QUOTE FORT WORTHER MAY BECOME RUSSIAN SO HE CAN WRITE ABOUT EXPERIENCE, END QUOTE. KENT BIFFLE, PRESS STAAFF WRITER, WAS AUTHOR OF THIS STORY.

END PAGE ONE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1963

PAREN TWO PAREN FORT WORTH STAR TELEGRAM, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, DATED NOVEMBER FIFTEEN, FIFTYN INE, ENTITLED, QUOTE FORT WORTH DEFECTOR CONFIRMS RED BELIEFS, UNQUOTE WITH MOSCOW NOVEMBER FOURTEEN PAREN UPI END PAREN, DATELINE BY ALINE MOSBY. ALSO IN SAME PAPER WAS ~~E OPANION~~ A COMPANION NEWSPAPER STORY ENTITLED, QUOTE MY VALUES DIFFERENT DASH DEFFECTOR TOLD MOTHER END QUOTE, BY LES STROTHER AS AUTHOR.

PAREN THREE PAREN ~~OFRT~~ FORT WORTH PRESS, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, DATED NOVEMBER SIXTEEN, FIFTYNINE, ENTITLED, QUOTE AND THEN ~~OFRT~~ FORT WORTH TO DASH MOSCOW PHONE WENT DEAD DASH TURNCOAT HANGS UP ON MOTHER END QUOTE, BY KENT BIFFLE, PRESS STAFF WRITER.

PAREN FOUR END PAREN FORT WORTH PRESS, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, DATED NOVEMBER TWO, SIXTYTHREE, ENTITLED, QUOTE MATE OF TURNCOAT IS UNKNOWN TO MOTHER, END QUOTE BY KENT BIFFLE, PRESS STAFF WRITER,

CORRECTION LINE FIVE SHOULD READ WITHXXXXXX BY ALINE MOSBY. ALSO IN SAME PAPER WAS A COMAPANION UNQUOTE AND LINE EIGHT WORD FOUR SHOULD BY FORTEND PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

HUMPHREYS ADVISED NO ACTUAL INVESTIGATION WHATSOEVER WAS CONDUCTED RELATIVE TO LEAD OF LEE OSWALD PRIOR TO ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, LAST, AND NONE HAS BEEN CONDUCTED SINCE THAT TIME BY TEXAS DPS.

THE ABOVE CONSTITUTES THE ONLY INFO IN TEXAS DPS FILES RELATIVE TO OSWALD AND HUMPHREYS POINTED OUT THAT COLONEL HOMER GARRISON, DIRECTOR, TEXAS DPS, AUSTIN, TEXAS, HAS INSSTRUCTED HIM TO FURNISH ANY PERTINENET INFO COMING TO ATTENTION OF TEXAS DPS TO THE FBI IMMEDIATELY WHICH HE WILL DO.

GARRISON ENDEAVORED TO DETERMINE THE ORIGIN OF THE NEWSPAPER STORIES THAT TEXAS DPS UQUOTE HAD AN EXTENSIVE FILE ON OSWALD. END QUOTE, BUT WAS UNABLE TO TRACE THE SOURCE OF SUCH A STORY.

DALLLAS AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS, SECURE SUFFICIENT COPIES OF ORIGINAL NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS REFERREC TO ABOVE AND FORWARD TO BUREAU. ASCERTAIN BACKGROUND OF NEWS ARTICLES.

FD THREE ZERO TWOS AND LHM FOLLOW.

HOLD FOR NEXT MESSAGE

URGENT 11-30-63 5-03 PM EST JJM

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/ 1P

FROM SAC, BUFFALO /62-1327/ /P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

REBUTEL TO ALL SACS TODAY AND CHICAGO TEL TO BUREAU NOVEMBER TWENTY NINE LAST. CHICAGO TEL CAPTIONED QUOTE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS UNQUOTE CONTAINED LEAD TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW PADRAIC HAHN, AKA, AT ALBION, NEW YORK, RE ALLEGED ASSOCIATION OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD WITH SOCIALIST STUDY GROUP, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

ATTEMPTS TO LOCATE HAHN, TEN CLINTON STREET, ALBION, NY, THIS DATE NEGATIVE. NEIGHBORS AND SCHOOL OFFICIALS ALBION HIGH SCHOOL ADVISE HAHN AND TWO OTHER TEACHERS LEFT ALBION FOR LONG HOLIDAY WEEKEND, WHEREABOUTS UNKNOWN, AND NOT AVAILABLE UNTIL MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER TWO NEXT.

BUFFALO WILL INTERVIEW HAHN AND SUBMIT RESULTS DECEMBER TWO NEXT.

END AND ACK PLS

JA 5-08 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 4-08 PM OK FBI DL EEA

TU CLR

MTVM

ORIGINAL FILED IN

105-82555

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1963

URGENT 11-30-63 2-42 PM LJT

TO DIRECTOR,

SACS, DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS

FROM SAC, HOUSTON 62-2115/ THREE PAGES

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE MRS. JOYCE O/BRIEN.

ON NOVEMBER THIRTY INSTANT MRS. JOYCE O/BRIEN, ONE SIX ONE FIVE FAIRWAY, BEAUMONT, TEXAS, ADVISED SA JOSEPH B. KILLGORE THAT WHILE VISITING HER MOTHER, MRS. CHARLES MURRET, NEW ORLEANS, IN AUGUST SIXTYTHREE, SHE RECEIVED TELEPHONE CALL FROM LEE HARVEY OSWALD IN JAIL IN NEW ORLEANS, REQUESTING SHE POST TWENTYFIVE DOLLARS FOR HIS BOND. O/BRIEN WENT TO NEW ORLEANS PD AND WAS ADVISED OSWALD CHARGED WITH DISTURBING THE PEACE FOR CARRYING POSTER AND AFTER SHE SAW POSTER BEARING WORDS QUOTE VIVA CASTRO ENQUOTE AND PAMPHLETS SHE DECIDED AGAINST PLACING BOND. LATER SHE RETURNED TO PD AND WAS ADVISED THAT OSWALD COULD BE RELEASED WITHOUT BOND UPON REQUEST OF POLITICIAN OR ELECTED OFFICIAL.

END PAGE ONE

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145 DEC 6 1963

CC - SIX

O/BRIEN RECEIVED SECOND CALL FROM OSWALD AND HE REJECTED PROPOSAL OF BEING RELEASED UPON REQUEST OF ELECTED OFFICIAL AND INSTRUCTED O/BRIEN TO CONTACT HIS WIFE. O/BRIEN, HOWEVER, TELEPHONED A MR. EMILE BRUNEAUX, FRIEND OF HER FATHER, AND LA BRUNEAUX MADE ARRANGEMENTS THROUGH A POLITICIAN OR OFFICIAL, NAME NOT RECALLED, AND OSWALD WAS RELEASED. OSWALD ADVISED HE WAS RELEASED AS SPECIAL FAVOR BUT NOT TOLD WHO SECURRED HIS RELEASE.

O/BRIEN DID NOT SEE OSWALD AT THIS TIME. STATED SHE HAS KNOWN OSWALD SINCE HE WAS SMALL CHILD BUT HAS HAD LITTLE CONTACT WITH HIM SINCE REMARRIAGE OF OSWALD/S MOTHER WHEN OSWALD MOVED TO TEXAS. O/BRIEN LEARNED THRU NEWS MEDIA THAT OSWALD WENT TO RUSSIA BUT DID NOT KNOW OF HIS RETURN UNTIL SUMMER SIXTYTHREE. IN APPROXIMATELY JULY SIXTYTHREE, WHILE O/BRIEN VISITING HER MOTHER IN NEW ORLEANS, OSWALD BROUGHT HIS RUSSIAN WIFE AND SMALL CHILD TO HER MOTHER/S HOME FOR A

END PAGE TWO

VISIT OF A FEW HOURS. OSWALD DID LITTLE TALKING AND VOLUNTEERED NO INFO CONCERNING PAST ACTIVITIES.

WHEN ASKED HOW SHE LIKED AMERICA, MRS. OSWALD STATED QUOTE ME LIKE AMERICA. LEE NO LIKE RUSSIA. LEE NO LIKE AMERICA. LEE LIKE MOON. ENQUOTE

O/BRIEN EXPRESSED BELIEF OSWALD LIVED COMPLETELY WITHIN HIMSELF AND WAS QUOTE AGAINST EVERYTHING ENQUOTE.

THREE ZERO TWO FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK

WA 3-50 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 2-49 PM OK FBI DL WD

NO 2-50 PM VCST OK FBI NO RJS

TU ALL DISCVE

O

URGENT 11-30-63 2-17 PM EC. BAW

TO DIRECTOR, /62-109060/ AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, MIAMI /89-35/ 5 P.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO.

REDUTEL TO ALL SAC-S NOV. TWENTYNINE, LAST.

IDENTITIES OF AGENTS CONDUCTING INVESTIGATION..

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, NEW ORLEANS AND DALLAS, NOV. TWENTYTHREE, LAST, EIGHT SEVENTEEN AM, RE INFO FURNISHED BY DRE REPRESENTATIVE. INVESTIGATION BY SA JAMES J. O-CONNOR. INSERT FOLLOWS.

MIAMI AIRTEL TO BUREAU, NOV. TWENTYTHREE, LAST, RE LAWRENCE HENRY WEHMEYER. INVESTIGATION BY SA LWARENCE E. COUTRE, NOV. TWENTYTHREE, LAST.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS, NOV. TWENTYTHREE, LAST, ELEVEN TWENTY PM, RE INFO FURNISHED BY DET. ED POST. ONVESTIGATION BY SA ROBERT SCHACHNER.

MIAMI CODED TEL TO BUREAU, WFO AND DALLAS, NOV. TWENTYFOUR, LAST, THREE FIFTYEIGHT PM RE JOSE LANUSA. INVESTIGATION BY SA

END PAGE ONE

See p 5

DEC 9 1963

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JAMES J. O-CONNOR. NOT SOURCE OF PORTIO. OF THIS TEL MUST BE PROTECTED. INSERT FOLLOWS.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO, NOV. TWENTYFIVE, LAST, ONE TWENTY PM. INFO FURNISHED BY SA ERNEST ARAGON, U.S. SECRET SERVICE TO SA GEORGE E.DAVIS.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO, NOV. TWENTYFIVE, LAST, FIVE TEN PM, RE DR. EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO. INVESTIGATION BY SA EDWIN L. SWEET.

MIAMI AIRTEL TO BUREAU, NOV. TWENTYFIVE, LAST AND ENCLOSURE RE POSTCARD ADDRESSED TO QUOTE WEST PALM BEACH TIMES END QUOTE. INVESTIGATION BY SA ROBERT SCHACHNER.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO, NOV. TWENTY-FIVE, LAST, FOUR ZERO FIVE PM RE DR. EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO. INTERVIEWED BY SA EDWIN L. SWEET.

MIAMI CODED TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS, NOV. TWENTYSIX, LAST, TEN THIRTYNINE PM RE ISSUANCE OF MEXICAN TOURIST CARD TO OSWALD. IVESTIGATION BY SA WILLIAM M. DREW, JR.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, ATLANTA AND DALLAS, NOV. TWENTYSIX, LAST, FOUR FORTYONE RE OSWALD-S TRAVEL TO MEXICO. INVESTIGATION BY SA JOSEPH H.R. ST. PIERRE.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO, NOV. TWENTY-SIX, LAST, TEN THIRTYEIGHT AM RE DR. EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO. INTERVIEWED BY SA EDWIN L. SWEET.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM, DALLAS AND SAVANNAH, NOV. TWENTYSIX, LAST, TWELVE FORTYNINE PM RE ACTIVITIES AND STATEMENT OF J. A. MITEER. INFO FURNISHED TO SA LEONARD C. PETERSON. NOTE SOURCE OF THIS INFO.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS, NOV. TWENTYSEVEN, LAST, EIGHT THIRTYFOUR PM RE CHECK OF AIRLINES RE OSWALD-S TRAVEL TO MEXICO. INVESTIGATION BY SA JAMES J. O-CONNOR. INSERT FOLLOWS.

MIAMI AIRTEL TO BUREAU, NOV. TWENTYSEVEN, LAST, RE J.W. JOHNSTON. INVESTTIGATION BY SA RICHARD B. KELLOGG.

MIAMI AIRTEL TO BUREAU, NOV. TWENTYSEVEN, SIXTYTHREE, RE THREAT BY FIDEL CASTRO. NOTE SOURCE MUST BE PROTECTED. INVESTIGATION BY SA JAMES J.O-CONNOR.

END PAGE THREE

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, TAMPA AND DALLAS, NOV. TWENTYEIGHT, LAST, TWELVE FORTYFIVE PM RE HERBERT BACKHUS. INVESTIGATION BY SA ROBERT K. LEWIS.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND N.Y., NOV. TWENTYEIGHT, LAST, THREE THIRTEEN PM RE STEPHEN YVES L-EANDES. INVESTIGATION BY SA FRANK P. GRIFFEE.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, TAMPA, DALLAS AND BALTIMORE, NOV. TWENTYEIGHT, LAST, FOUR TWENTYTHREE PM, RE JACK HODGE AND MICHAEL DE PADRO. INVESTIGATION BY SA RICHARD B. STULL.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, PITTSBURGH AND DALLAS, NOV. TWENTYEIGHT, LAST, FOUR FORTYTWO PM RE JULIO FERNANDEZ. INTERVIEW OF DELFA LARRAZ BY SAS FRANK P. GRIFFEE AND WILLIAM M. DREW, JR. REMAINDER OF INVESTIGATION BY SA FRANK P. GRIFFEE.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, NOV. TWENTYNINE, LAST, ONE TWELVE PM RE EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO. INVESTIGATION BY SA EDWIN L. SWEET.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS, NEW ORLEANS, WFO, NOV. TWENTYSEVEN, LAST, TEN FORTYEIGHT PM RE OSWALD-S ASSOCIATION

WITH DRE AND FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE. IVESTIGATION BY SA JAMES J. O-CONNOR.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO, NOV. TWENTYNINE, LAST, ONE TWELVE PM RE JOSE ANTONIO CARBARGA. INVESTIGATION BY SA EDWIN L. SWEET.

MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND N.Y., NOV. TWENTYNINE, LAST, THREE THIRTYTHREE PM RE STEPHEN YVES AND L-EANDES. INVESTIGATION BY SA FRANK P. GRIFFEE, NOV. TWENTYNINE, LAST.

UAC, EXCEPT AS INDICATED INSERTS AND THREE ZERO TWO-S WILL NOT BE SUBMITTED CONCERNING ABOVE.

END ACK PLS

WA 2-31 PM OK FBI WA RM

DL 1-31 PM OK FBI DL EEA

TU DISC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1953

TELETYPE

Tolson
Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-29-63 11-42 PM DHM

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, BUFFALO AND DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, CHICAGO /62-6115/ 4-P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE TO BUREAU NOVEMBER TWENTYEIGHT LAST.

RE ALLEGED ASSOCIATION OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD WITH SOCIALIST STUDY GROUP, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA,

RETEL REFLECTS THAT [redacted] GEORGIA, ADVISED WHILE SHE ATTENDED SOPHIE NEWCOMB COLLEGE, GIRLS DIVISION, TULANE UNIVERSITY, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, SHE MET JOHN BASS, TWO TWO TWO FIVE JENA STREET, APARTMENT C, NEW ORLEANS, ED CLARK, ALFREDO CARERO PAREN PHONETIC ENPAREN AND LIONEL HAMPTON, LAST NAME NOT CERTAIN. ABOVE DISCUSSED POLITICS AT UNIVERSITY CENTER, TULANE, ON AVERAGE ONCE PER WEEK FOR PAST 6 YEAR. MAY NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE LAST DISCUSSION CONCERNED ATTEMPTED

END PAGE ONE

REC 37

22 DEC 2 1963

XEROX
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63 DEC 2

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT DE GAULLE OF FRANCE WITH CONVERSATION SHIFTING TO QUESTION HOW ONE WOULD GO ABOUT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT. KENNEDY/S NAME NOT MENTIONED.

[redacted] ADVISED ABOVE HAVE STRONG MARXIST AND PRO CUBAN FEELINGS. [redacted] ROBERT LEWIS HOFFMAN, PUBLISHED NEWSPAPER, THE REED, VERY LIBERAL NEWSPAPER. HOFFMAN/S BROTHER, DAVE HOFFMAN HELD PARTY DURING SUMMER AT HIS APARTMENT NEAR SLOGAN/S BAR IN NEW ORLEANS. BASS, CLARK, PECCARERO, HAMPTON, BEN HOGAN, PADROG de NORMODIE Hahn PATTY HAHN AND OTHERS PRESENT. STRONG BELIEF LEE HARVEY Hall-Atkins OSWALD POSSIBLY PRESENT. PECCARERO LEADER OR MEMBER OF Paddy Hunter LOCAL SOCIALIST GROUP IN NEW ORLEANS. CLARK AND HAMPTON LIVED WITH BASS DURING SPRING LAST.

NEW ORLEANS FILES REFLECT THAT THE REED MAY FIVE NINETEEN SIXTYONE ISSUE PUBLISHED AT TULANE UNIVERSITY FAVORED THE CONDITIONS EXISTING IN CUBA AT THAT TIME. A STAFF MEMBER OF THE PAPER WAS IDENTIFIED AS CHAIRMAN OF CP IN WASHINGTON, D.C. IN NINETEEN SIXTY. CLARK AND BASS ACTIVE IN CORE

END PAGE TWO

ACK WA

[redacted]

ACTIVITIES IN NEW ORLEANS IN NINETEEN SIXTYONE AND SIXTYTWO, INCLUDING SIT DASH INS AND CLARK AND PECCARERO MEMBERS OF NEW ORLEANS COUNCIL FOR PEACEFUL ALTERNATIVES. ALFRED PECCARERO, ONE ZERO TWO FIVE NORTH RAMPART STREET, NEW ORLEANS, WHO ADVISED HE IS PUBLICITY CHAIRMAN OF NEW ORLEANS COUNCIL FOR PEACEFUL ALTERNATIVE AND MEMBER OF SOCIALIST STUDY GROUP WHICH MEETS REGULARLY IN NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED NOVEMBER TWENTYSEVEN LAST HE HAD ATTENDED NO MEETINGS OF THE FOREGOING WHICH WERE ATTENDED BY OSWALD AND HE HAS NEVER SEEN OSWALD IN PERSON. ALSO NEVER ATTENDED ANY MEETING WHEREIN THE ASSASSINATION OF A PRESIDENT DISCUSSED.

INVESTIGATION AT TULANE DEVELOPED THE FOLLOWING NAMES AND ADDRESSES DASH ROBERT LEWIS HOFFMAN. DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL STUDIES, UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA,. WILLIAM EDWIN CLARK, NEW SCHOOL FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH, OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL ADVISING, NEW YORK CITY,. PADROIG DE NORMADIE HAHN, FIVE THREE FIVE WILLOW STREET, WINNETKA, ILLINOIS,. JOHN D. BASS, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY.

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

ON NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE INSTANT MRS. CHARLESS HAHN, FIVE THREE FIVE WILLOW ROAD, WINNETKA, ILLINOIS, ADVISED THAT HER DAUGHTER PADRAIC DE MORMANDIE HAHN, AKA PADDIE HAHN, PADDY HAHN, ATTENDED TULANE UNIVERSITY FROM JANUARY NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE TO JUNE NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE AND NOW EMPLOYED AS TEACHER AT ALBION CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL, ALBION, NEW YORK, AND RESIDES AT TEN CLINTON STREET, ALBION NEW YORK. BUFFALO INTERVIEW PADRAIG HAHN REGARDING OSWALD.

END AND ACK PLS

WA CORR PLS RPT PAGE 2 PLS OK HOLD
1-02 AM OK FBI WA LET

E
BU 10 1-02 AM OK FBI BU PM

DL 12-02 AM CST OK FBI DL, FL

TU DISCM

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 2

COPY
2

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 52

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

2

CIA

REFERRAL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 11/27/63

FROM : D. J. Brennan, Jr.

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA, CUBA

SECRET

[redacted]

ACTION:

[redacted]

GAD:nls (8)
1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. Rosen
1-Mr. Branigan
1-Mr. Turner
1-Mr. Pepich
1-Liaison

SECRET

REC-19 105-82555-53

Classified by 2040 12/4/77
Exempt from GDS, Category 1, 2, 3
Date of declassification indefinite

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI
Attn; Assistant Director James H. Gale

DATE: 11/26/63

FROM : SAC, New Orleans (100-16601)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

Re telephone call from Assistant Director JAMES H. GALE of the Bureau to New Orleans on 11/26/63.

Enclosed are Xerox copies of the following described serials which New Orleans file indicates are not in the Bureau's possession:

1) Dallas letter to New Orleans 2/28/61;
2) New Orleans letter to Dallas, 4/27/61;
3) Dallas letter to New Orleans, 4/28/61;
4) New York letter to New Orleans, 7/5/63;
5) New Orleans letter to Dallas, 7/17/63;
6) New York letter to New Orleans, 7/17/63;
7) Dallas letter to New Orleans, 7/29/63;
8) Memo of SA Stephen M. Callender to SAC, New Orleans, 8/9/63;
9) New Orleans letter to Dallas, 8/13/63;
10) Memo of SAC H. G. Maynor to file, 8/21/63;
11) Memo of SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY to SAC, New Orleans, 8/27/63;
12) FD-9 dated 8/27/63 re LEE HARVEY OSWALD;
13) New York airtel to New Orleans, 9/18/63;
14) Appendix re Emergency Civil Liberties Committee;
15) New Orleans airtel to Dallas, 10/2/63;
16) Enclosure to item #4 above - letter to "The Worker" from OSWALD.
17) Enclosure to item #6 above - change of address card for OSWALD.

Enclosures - 17

3 - Bureau (Enclosures - 17)
2 - New Orleans

REC-18 105-82555-54

ST-104

17 DEC 2 1963

17 ENCLOSURE

HGM:jam
(5)

61 DEC 31 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW ORLEANS DATE: 2-28-61

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) Identification Division
[illegible] General Records Division

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
SM - C

OO:DALLAS [illegible], Identification Division

By letter dated 1-11-61, Captain F. O'C FLETCHER, JR., U. S. Navy, Officer in Charge, District Intelligence Office, 8th Naval District, U. S. Naval Station, Building 255, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised the Dallas Office of FBI that subject, who attempted to defect to Russia in October, 1959, and who was a member of the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve, on 8-17-60 was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve. His latest home address of record, as of 8-20-59, was listed as 3124 West Fifth Street, Ft. Worth, Texas.

The following inquiries have been conducted by SA JOHN W. FAIN At Ft. Worth, Texas:

On 2-21-61, Operator 47, Retail Merchants Association, advised no record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but does have a record of his mother, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, who has been known to files since April, 1936, and was last checked 5-29-57, for Leonard's Department Store, Ft. Worth, Texas. She was then residing at 3830 West Sixth Street, Ft. Worth. She had been employed for two months as a saleslady at Clyde Campbell Company. She was a widow, and has another son, ROBERT L. OSWALD, of 7300 Davenport Street, Ft. Worth. She had five accounts, all of which were satisfactory, except one rated a past due item. She did business at First National Bank of Ft. Worth. Previous addresses were listed as follows:

7408 Ewing, Ft. Worth (no date)
3300 Willing Street (1948), Ft. Worth
1505 Eighth Avenue (1947), Ft. Worth.

On 2-21-61, the following had no record identifiable with subject:

- : -

P -
2 - New Orleans (RM)
3 - Dallas (2 - 100-10461) (1 - 105-976)
JWF:rmb
(5)

100-16601-1
105-82558-54

DL 100-10461C, NEW ORLEANS 2-25-61

SAC, B. F. SPEARS, Identification Division

CONNIE ODUM, Central Records Division

LEE [redacted]
SM - (both Ft. Worth PD)

CO: W. M. YOUNG, Identification Division
Tarrant County SO.

[redacted] On 2-25-61, Dallas Confidential Informants [redacted] and [redacted] who have furnished reliable information in the past, advised that subject has never been known to be a member of the CP at Ft. Worth, Texas, and to defect to Russia in [illegible], 1959, and who was a member of the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve, on 8-17-60 was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve. His latest home address, as of 8-20-59, was listed as 3121 West [illegible], Ft. Worth, Texas.

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

[redacted] Will review files of District Intelligence Office, 8th Naval District, for background information available on subject and any information available concerning CP activities, and attempted defection to Russia, and forward same to Dallas Office. (Refer to 92/922E, Serial 051, DIO file #) [redacted] known to files since April, 1956, and was last checked 5-29-57, for Leonard's Department Store, Ft. Worth, Texas. She was then residing at 3330 West Sixth Street, Ft. Worth. She had been employed for two months as a saleslady at Clyde Campbell Company. She was a widow, and has another son, ROBERT L. [illegible], of 7300 Davenport Street, Ft. Worth. She had five accounts, all of which were satisfactory, except one rated a past due item. She did business at First National Bank of Ft. Worth. Previous addresses were listed as follows:

7408 Ewing, Ft. Worth (no date)
3300 Willing Street (1956), Ft. Worth
1505 Eighth Avenue (1947), Ft. Worth.

On 2-21-61, the following has no record [illegible], with subject:

2 - New Orleans (RM)
3 - Dallas (2 - 100-10461) (2 - 105-376)
JWP:rmo
(5)

SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) April 27, 1961

SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
SM - C

(00: Dallas)

Re Dallas let 2/28/61.

A review of ONI 8th Naval District Records United States Naval Station, Algiers, Louisiana on April 18, 1961 reflected the following information which may be of assistance in connection with instant investigation.

File on OSWALD reflected an ONI Report by SA JOHN T. COX dated January 27, 1961, File 33-476, captioned JOHN EDWARD PIC (DOB 17, Jan. '32 S Sgt. AF 11313239 USAF Hospital TACHIKOWA, APO 323 Communist Matters). In brief this report reflected information concerning PIC'S reporting to ONI, that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was his half brother. Basis for PIC inquiry was that he had heard that OSWALD had turned in his United States Passport to the American Embassy at Moscow with intentions of removing his American Citizenship. This report containing some background information with respect to OSWALD and his family. There was only one copy of this report available in the file; however, it was noted that a copy had been furnished to Carswell Air Force Base, Fort Worth, Texas.

Also in this file was a photostatic copy of a telegram from the Department of State, Moscow, Russia dated October 31, 1959 at 7:59 AM carrying Control Number 20261 and another number 1304, which stated in part "LEE HARVEY OSWALD unmarried, age 20 PP 1733242 issued 9/10/59 appeared at Embassy to renounce his American Citizenship applied in Moscow for Russian Citizenship following entry USSR from Helsinki 10:15. Mother's address and his last address in United States 4936 Callinwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas; Says, I have contemplated last two years. Main reason "American Marxist"; attitude - arrogant, agressive; recently discharged Marine Corps. Says, has offered Soviets any information he has acquired as Enlisted Radio Operator." This dispatch was signed FREES and apparently directed to the State Department, Washington, D. C.

The file also disclosed a photostatic copy of a memorandum report dated November 2, 1959 which was signed EDWARD F. FREES Charge d'affaires, ad iterim, American Embassy. This

RUC
2 - Dallas (RM)

105-82555-54

report reflected an interview with OSWALD at the American Embassy at Moscow October 31, 1959; however, the quality of the photostatic copy was so poor that it was impossible to review.

Also in ONI'S file was a memorandum dated October 26, 1959 bearing a Control Number [redacted] concerning [redacted] This memorandum which was a photostat furnished information concerning [redacted] who appears to have defected to the Russians at about the same time as OSWALD. This individual was identified as having been discharged from the United States [redacted] Serial Number [redacted] Here again the photostatic copy was impossible to review because of the poor quality.

There appeared a photostatic copy of a November 3, 1959 article which appeared in a Fort Worth, Texas newspaper, which showed it was a UPI dispatch. It related to an interview with ROBERT L. OSWALD brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Also was an autostatic copy of a newspaper story from the "Washington Post", Washington, D. C. newspaper dated November 16, 1959 which indicated that subject had been informed by the Russians that he would not be granted Russian Citizenship but would be allowed to live in Russia as an resident alien. A picture of OSWALD accompanied this brief article. There was another photostatic copy of a story from the "Washington Post" dated November 1, 1959 in which had been dispatched by UPI and which related to the defection of subject.

A photostatic copy of a "Washington Evening Star" article dated November 26, 1959 appeared in this file entitled "U. S. Defects to Reds Determined Maxist at 15". This story related to subject and had been written by PRISCILLA JOHNSON for the "North American Newspaper Alliance". This article mainly reflected an interview with subject.

There was also found in ONI'S file a photostatic copy of a "Speed" letter dated March 8, 1960 to the Commander Marine Air Reserve Training Command, Naval Air Station, Glenview, Illinois from Commandant of the Marine Corps Headquarters United States Marine Corps, Washington, D.C. and signed A. LARSON was stated as follows:

"Arrangements being made with a Federal Investigation Agency to furnish you with report which relates to PFC LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Number 1653230 USMCR inactive, CMN, a member of your Command X, upon receipt CMM. You are directed to process PFC for discharge IAWPARA.10277.2.f MARCORMANX."

NO 100-16601

In reviewing this file it appears that much of the above material had been furnished to ONI 8th Naval District by ONI 9th Naval District.

Since New Orleans does not have any background information with regards to this investigation, nor is aware of what investigation is contemplated, no leads are being set forth in this communication, other than it is suggested that Dallas at Fort Worth may desire to review ONI'S files at Carswell Air Force Base concerning subject.

The above investigation was conducted by Special Agent JOHN L. QUIGLEY.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-01

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW ORLEANS

DATE: 4/28/61

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
SM - C
OO - Dallas

Race: White
Sex: Male
Place of birth: New Orleans, Louisiana
Height: 5'10"
Weight: 155 lbs.
Build: Slim
Hair: Light brown, wavy

100-16601

Re Dallas letter to New Orleans, 2/28/61, requesting that that District Intelligence Office, 8th Naval District, be contacted for pertinent information from DIO files pertainingt to subject.

On 4/10/61, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, aka., Mrs. Edward Lee Oswald, telephonically contacted SA JOHN W. FAIN at the Fort Worth RA and stated that she is currently residing at 1612 Hurley Street, Fort Worth. She advised that she had returned to Fort Worth about the first of April 1961 to live. She explained that she had been recently making her home at Boyd, Texas, where up until about 4/1/61 she had operated a dress shop but that this venture was a failure.

Mrs. OSWALD also volunteered the information that she had made a trip to Washington, D. C., during January 1961, for the purpose of contacting the Secretary of State's Office for information concerning her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She advised that upon her arrival at Washington, D. C., on 1/26/61 she was interviewed by a Mr. HASSELMAN, Chief of the Passport Office, U. S. Secretary of State, and two other representatives of the section having to do with Soviet affairs. She stated that she furnished these individuals with all information she possessed concerning her son and sought their help in ascertaining his current address. She stated that during the following month or after a lapse of about four weeks, she had learned that subject was at Minsk, Russia. She advised that it is her understanding that subject desires to return to the U. S. Mrs. OSWALD stated she would be glad to cooperate with the FBI in furnishing any additional information required.

100-16601-3

It is noted that SA FAIN interviewed Mrs. OSWALD on 4/28/60 in connection with Dallas file 105-976 captioned "FUNDS TRANSMITTED TO RESIDENCES OF RUSSIA, IS-R," in which NYC was origin. On that occasion, Mrs. OSWALD voluntarily furnished a photograph of subject and the following description:

-P-

(2) - New Orleans (RM)
2 - Dallas
JWF:jeg

105-82555-154

SEARCHED
INDEXED
MAY 3 - 1961
FBI - NEW ORLEANS

DL 100-10461

TO: SAC, NEW ORLEANS

DATE: 4/20/63

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Age:	20
Birth data:	10/18/39, New Orleans, Louisiana
Height:	5'10"
Weight:	165 lbs.
Eyes:	Blue
Hair:	Light brown, wavy

New Orleans requested to expedite investigation so that this matter can be brought to a logical conclusion.

On 4/19/63, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, [illegible] Oswald, telephonically contacted SA JOHN F. [illegible] at the Fort Worth Field and stated that she is currently residing at 4936 Mercer Street, Fort Worth. She advised that she had returned to Fort Worth about the first of April from [illegible]. She explained that she had been recently making her home at [illegible], Texas, where up until about 3/1/63 she had operated a [illegible] shop but that this venture was a failure.

Mrs. OSWALD also volunteered the information that she had made a trip to Washington, D. C., during January [illegible] for the purpose of contacting the Secretary of State's Office for information concerning her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She advised that upon her arrival at Washington, D. C., on 1/[illegible]/63 she was interviewed by a Mr. [illegible], Chief of the Passport Office, U. S. Secretary of State, and two other representatives of the Russian Desk to discuss Soviet matters. She stated that these individuals were familiar with all the facts pertaining to her son and sought their help in bringing him back to the United States. She stated that during the course of her visit to Washington, D. C., she had a lapse of about four hours since she had left Fort Worth by air to Miami, Florida. She revealed that it is her understanding that subject desires to return to the United States and she would be glad to cooperate with the Department in any and all legal manner required.

It is noted that in [illegible] interview with SA [illegible] in connection with Dallas file [illegible] captioned "[illegible] ET AL; [illegible] OF RUSSIA, ESPIONAGE - R," in which she was originally [illegible]. On that occasion, Mrs. OSWALD voluntarily furnished a photograph of subject and his [illegible] description.

-2-

2 - New Orleans (RM)
1 - Dallas
[illegible]

NY-113

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW ORLEANS DATE: 7/5/63

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: LEE H. OSWALD
P.O. Box 30061
New Orleans, La.

On 6/26/63, [redacted] a source who has furnished reliable information in the past, made available photographs of material located at CP National Headquarters, 23 West 26th Street, New York City. Included in this material, a copy of which is attached hereto, was:

Letter dated 6/10/63, from subject to "The Worker."

(X) Forwarded for your information and appropriate action.

(X) No copy of this memorandum is being retained other than the copy directed as above.

1-New Orleans (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM)
JVW:rmv
(1)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 11 1963
FBI NEW ORLEANS

105-82555-5

SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) 7/17/63

SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
SM - C
(00 - Dallas)

Re Dallas letter to New Orleans 4/28/61.

By letter dated 7/5/63 the New York Office furnished information to the effect that one LEE H. OSWALD has an address of P. O. Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana.

It is believed possible this person is identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, subject of captioned case.

Since New Orleans has received no information subsequent to referenced letter, Dallas is requested to advise New Orleans of the status of Dallas case captioned as above.

New Orleans is instituting inquiries to determine residence address of holder of P. O. Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana.

2 - Dallas (REGISTERED MAIL)
(2) - New Orleans
HGL:jam
(4)

NOTE: Enclosure from New York refers to "Fair Play for Cuba Committee". Information developed concerning this latter organization should be channelized into New Orleans file 97-74 so same can be brought to SA deBRUEYS' attention.

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Serialized
Indexed
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dallas-00
recta
Tg/s Keach

105-82555-54

NY 22 (6-30-58)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW ORLEANS

DATE: 7/17/63

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: LEE H. OSWALD
PO Box 30061
New Orleans, La.
SM-C

100-16601*

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26th Street, New York City. Since 4/15/57, this building has been occupied by the New York State and National Offices of the Communist Party, USA. The CPUSA has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. Since June, 1958, space in this building has been occupied by Publishers New Press, Inc., publisher of "The Worker," East Coast Communist newspaper.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of information will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Information received on 7/8/63

by SA EVERETT K. DEANE & SE FRANCIS W. MILLER

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

( ) Place in NY file # Serial

Exhibit

( ) Forwarded for your information and appropriate action.

( ) No copy of the exhibit or this letter is being retained by the NYO.

Description of exhibit: See attached change of address card for captioned individual.

100-16601-

Att: (1)
RM
BKD:job

105-82555-

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 20 19..
FBI — NEW ORLEANS

[redacted]

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-01

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601) DATE: 7/29/63

FROM : SAC, DALLAS

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
~~SM-C~~ IS-R
OO: DALLAS
DL 100-10461

MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, aka.
IS - R
SOBIR
OO: DALLAS
DL 105-1435

Re New Orleans letter to Dallas, 7/17/63.

For the information of New Orleans, the case on both subjects is in a pending status. The Dallas Office is attempting to locate the subjects. Their last known place of residence was 214 Neely Street, Dallas, Texas, and they left giving no forwarding address.

New Orleans is requested to verify the presence of the two subjects in New Orleans and advise the Dallas Office.

2- New Orleans (RM)
4- Dallas (2- 100-10461)
(2- 105-1435)

JPH/wvm
(6)

100-16601-9

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 31 19[illegible]
FBI - DALLAS

cc in future on 105-82555

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601) DATE: 8/9/63

FROM : SA Stephen M. Callender

SUBJECT: LEE H. OSWALD
SM-C

This is to advise that on this date [redacted] who requested that her identity be kept confidential appeared at the office and furnished the following information. She informed that at about 1:15 PM she was walking on Canal St. and she observed an unknown individual handing out leaflets. Some of these leaflets were white in color and yellow in color and consisted of one page each. She said that she did not obtain a leaflet but read the contents on a yellow leaflet in the hand of the unknown person. She said that it contained large printing "Hands off Cubs, Viva Castro." She said that she reported this to an unknown policeman and that she did not observe any other persons around who appeared to be also distributing leaflets. This person was handing out leaflets on Canal Street between Baronne and Carondolet on the same side of the street as Godchaux's. She described this person as a white male, age 25 to 30, 5'10", 140 pounds, very thin build, light complexion, sandy hair, wearing either an off white or light grey shirt and medium colored trousers. She could provide no further descripiotn.

At 4:20 PM Lt. William Gaillot, First District NOPD advised that the following persons had been arrested on Canal St. for Disturbing the Peace.

1. LEE H. OSWALD, white, male, age 23, born 10/18/39, New Orleans, residence 4709 Magazine, New Orleans, lower center apt. OSWALD informed arresting officer that he is a member of the New Orleans chapter of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee with headquarters at 799 Broadway, New York City. Lt. GAILLOT informed that OSWALD was handing out yellow leaflets with inscription "Hands Off Cuba, Viva Castro."

2. CARLOS JOSE BRINGUIER, white male age 29, 501 Adele St. Apt. New Orleans who informed he is the Director of the Cuban Student Directorate for the New Orleans area. He informed he immigrated to this country on 2/8/61 INS # A12546223 and has a clothing shop at 107 Decatur St.

3. CELFO MACARIO HERNANDEZ, white, male age 47, 519 Adele St. Apt. E. He advised he is a member of the same group as Bringuier.

4. Miguel Mariano Cruz, white male age, 18, 2526 Mazant, Apt. C who advised he is also a member of the Cuban Student Directorate.

2-166-16601 105-82555

[redacted]

According to Lt. GAILLOTT all four individuals were arrested for Disturbing the Peace when OSWALD became involved in an argument with BRINGUIER, HERNANDEZ and CRUZ and that a crowd developed. Xxxx Lt. Gaillott informed that he had no further information at this time.

Indices contained no information identifiable with Hernandez or Cruz.

SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) (105-1435) 8/13/63

SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601) (100-16923) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO: Dallas)
Dallas file: 100-10461
New Orleans file: 100-16601

MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, aka.
IS - R
SOBIR
(OO: Dallas)
Dallas file: 105-1435
New Orleans file: 100-16923

Re New Orleans letter to Dallas, 7/17/63, entitled "LEE HARVEY OSWALD" and Dallas letter to New Orleans captioned as above, 7/29/63.

Mr. JESSIE JAMES GARNER, 4909 Magazine St., New Orleans, advised on 8/5/63 that the subjects have occupied the apartment at 4905 Magazine St. since about 8/63.

Mrs. MARY BERTUCCI, personal Secretary, William Reily Coffee Company, 640 Magazine St., advised on 8/5/63 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD has been employed as a maintenance man since 8/15/63. His address at the time of his employment was 757 French St.

Dallas submit FD-128.

4 - Dallas (2 - 100-10461) (RM)
(2 - 105-1435)
(4) - New Orleans (2) - 100-16601)
(2 - 100-16923)

BMK:lll
(8)

Searched
Serialized
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Filed

105-82555-54

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : FILE (100-16601) DATE: 8/21/63

FROM : SAC

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

On 8/21/63 at approximately 10:00 a.m., BILL STUCKEY, who was formerly with one of the New Orleans newspapers, telephonically advised he is no longer with the newspaper but is now connected with the Ross Agency, which is an advertising concern, telephone 529-2274, and also has a Latin American program on WDSU radio.

He advised that within the recent past he had interviewed LEE HARVEY OSWALD and has a 32 minute tape of his interview with OSWALD. He said this interview took place on the night of 8/20/63 and was in connection with OSWALD's claim that he is an officer in the local Fair Play for Cuba Committee. STUCKEY stated that as the FBI was probably aware, OSWALD was recently arrested by the NOPD.

STUCKEY stated his call was for the purpose of determining if the Fair Play for Cuba Committee had been cited as a subversive organization.

I advised STUCKEY I could not furnish him an answer to this question and suggested he contact the Internal Security Section of the U. S. Department of Justice.

STUCKEY stated he appreciated this information and that he would probably call.

Prior to terminating the conversation, STUCKEY mentioned at 6:05 p.m., 8/21/63, OSWALD will appear on a radio program over WDSU which will last for approximately 30 minutes and that this program will be a debate type program. STUCKEY stated he tentatively has Mr. BUTLER of the ~~South-American-Alliance~~ lined up to talk with OSWALD.

2 - New Orleans
HGM:jam
(2)

100-16601-Fl4

105-825

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ... SERIALIZED ... FILED ... FBI — NEW ORLEANS

STUCKEY said this is the carte blanche program and thought that possibly I might like to hear this program.

STUCKEY also volunteered that if the FBI is interested in listening to the 32 minute tape mentioned above, that STUCKEY would make same available.

The above information was telephonically furnished SA KAACK to whom captioned case is assigned.

[redacted] advised that within the recent past he had a brief [redacted] LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his 32 minute tape which he had with OSWALD. He said this interview took place on the [redacted] of 8/20/63 and was in connection with OSWALD's claim [redacted] as an officer in the local Fair Play for Cuba Committee. [redacted] stated that at the [redacted] was probably aware, [redacted] was arrested by the NOPD.

STUCKEY stated his call was for the purpose of determining if the Fair Play for Cuba Committee had been cited as a subversive organization.

I advised STUCKEY I would not furnish him an answer to this question and suggested he contact the Internal Security Section of the U. S. Department of Justice.

STUCKEY stated he appreciated this information and that he would probably [redacted].

Prior to terminating the [redacted] STUCKEY stated [redacted] at 8:30 p.m., 8/21/63, [redacted] which will last for [redacted] program will be a [redacted] exclusively on the [redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC (100-16601) DATE: 8/27/63

FROM : SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

On 8/10/63 Lt. FRANCIS MARTELLO, Platoon Commander, First District, New Orleans PD, advised that captioned individual had been picked up on 8/9/63 and charged with disturbing the peace. He said that OSWALD had been distributing literature for the "Fair Play for Cuba Committee" in the 700 block of Canal St. He said that OSWALD was desirous of seeing an Agent and supplying to him information with regard to his activities with the "Fair Play for Cuba Committee" in New Orleans.

(2) - New Orleans (100-16601)
(1 - 97-74)

JLQ/cv
(2)

100-16601-18

SEARCHED ... INDEXED
SERIALIZED ... FILED
AUG 28 1963
FBI—NEW ORLEANS

105-82555-54

Identification Record Request
FD-9 (Rev. 11-28-58)

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This form may be submitted in legible hand-printing.
2. Use separate form for each individual on whom record is requested.
3. Make effort to furnish FBI Identification Number or Law Enforcement Identification Number.
4. Furnish descriptive data and fingerprint classification only when FBI Number not available.
5. Indicate office for reply in lower-left corner only. Also list in lower-left corner all offices which should receive copies of available records. Include carbon of revised FD-9 for each office receiving copies and forward with original to Bureau.
6. Do not fill in block in lower-right corner.
7. Where available furnish Law Enforcement Identification Number and Military Service Number.

To: DIRECTOR, FBI Attention: Identification Division Date 8-27-63

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD; DUPILE 105-82555 IS - R - CUBA

Furnish The Known Identification Record of the Following:

Name	FBI No. / Other No.
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	FBI No. 327 925 D Other No. NOPD # 113-733

Aliases

Sex	Race	Birth Date	Birthplace	Residence
M	W	10/18/39	NEW ORLEANS, LA	NEW ORLEANS

Height	Weight	Build	Hair	Eyes	Complexion	Age
5'9"	140 #	SLENDER	BROWN	BLUE	RUDDY	23

Fingerprint Classification

Scars, marks and tattoos

Also Furnish:
- ☐ Photo
- ☐ Fingerprints
- ☐ Handwriting Specimens

Return Reply to:
SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)

Send Copies To:

Identification Division's Reply
- ☐ On basis of information furnished, unable to identify:
  - ☐ Criminal Files ☐ Civil Files ☐ All Files
- ☑ Record Attached
- ☐ Photo Attached
- ☐ Photo Not Available
- ☐ Fingerprints Attached
- ☐ Handwriting Specimen Attached

105-16601-20

105-82555-54

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 9/18/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-38431)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

Re New Orleans airtel to NY dated 9/12/63, requesting a characterization of CORLISS LAMONT.

Characterization of CORLISS LAMONT

On September 28, 1953, LOUIS F. BUDENZ testified before the United States Senate Permanent Investigations Subcommittee that EARL BROWDER, as head of the Communist Party (CP) in the United States, had referred to CORLISS LAMONT as one of the "four prides" of the CP because CORLISS LAMONT was ready to cooperate with any Communist front or any Communist cause. BROWDER made this reference at a National Committee meeting of the CP in the early 1940s. BUDENZ also recalled that LAMONT was a member of the CP when he, BUDENZ, was a member.

"Rights", self-identified as a publication of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC) April - May, 1962 issue, reveals CORLISS LAMONT is Vice-Chairman of the ECLC.

2- New Orleans (100-16601)(Att.2)
1- New York (105-38431)

CTW:ptp
(5)

100-16601-28

105-82555-54

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

1.

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

"1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.'

'FRANK WILKINSON was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956 WILKINSON was identified as a Communist Party member by a former FBI undercover agent within the party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock reply to questions when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * WILKINSON has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail.'

100-16601-22

105-82555-54
ENCLOSURE

SUBMITTED
SERIALIZED
FILED

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

'Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists. * * *'
(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.'
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

10/2/63

Re: 100-[illegible]
ED 100-[illegible]

AIRTEL AIR MAIL

Typed: This memo made the Russian language and apparently was typed by Mrs. Oswald. Mrs. Ruth believed that [illegible] was in Texas while LEE OSWALD [illegible] to the SAC, Dallas, in New Orleans.

TO: SAC, DALLAS (100-10601) (P)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-10601) (P)

DALLAS DIVISION

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
Dallas file 100-10601
New Orleans file 100-10601
[illegible]
[illegible]
MARINA NIKOLAYEVA OSWALD, aka
IS - R
[illegible]
Dallas file 105-1655 [illegible], 7613 Davenport St., the New Orleans file 100-10023 [illegible] his [illegible].

[illegible] vicinity of Dallas letter (DL 100) dated 9/10/63, [illegible] of Mr. and Mrs. [illegible], 4000 Magazine St., New Orleans, La., advised on 10/1/63 that subjects vacated their apartment on 9/23/63. Mrs. [illegible] and young child left in station wagon leaving same Lic. [illegible] plate driven by some woman who brought Mrs. [illegible] to New Orleans from Texas. LEE OSWALD told Mrs. [illegible] that his wife is going to have a baby and that she was going to Texas [illegible] days for the event.

[illegible] rent for apartment [illegible]

[illegible] New Orleans, La., [illegible] that upon Mrs. [illegible] driving a station wagon [illegible] from [illegible]

5 - Dallas [illegible] (RM)
2 - New Orleans (1 - 100-10601)
(2 - 100-10023)

[illegible]
(3)

105-82555-54

NO 100-16601
NO 100-16926

Texas. This woman spoke the Russian language and apparently was well known by Mrs. OSWALD. Mrs. MURRET believed that Mrs. OSWALDlived with this woman in Texas while LEE OSWALD was seeking employment in New Orleans.

LEADS:

DALLAS DIVISION

AT VERNON, TEXAS

Interview LEE OSWALD's mother, Mrs. MARGARET OSWALD, 1308 Eagle Street, Apt. 3, concerning subjects' whereabouts.

AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Interview ROBERT LEE OSWALD, 7313 Davenport St., the brother of LEE OSWALD, concerning his wherabouts.

Conduct neighborhood investigation in the vicinity of 2703 Mercedes St., Ft. Worth, former residence of Mr. and Mrs. LEE OSWALD.

Will attempt to identify the Russian speaking woman who drives a station wagon and who brough Mrs. OSWALD and the child to New Orleans and on 9/25/63 came to New Orleans and brought Mrs. OSWALD and the child to Texas.

In the event the above leads are unproductive in locating the subjects, will through appropriate sources review records of Texas recorded inasmuch as the subjects' second child is due to arrive sometime about the middle of October, 1963.

LH Oswald
P.O. Box 30061
New Orleans, La.

Mr. "Bothy"
544 W 26th St.

Dear Sir,

As a long time subscriber to the Worker I'd know I can ask a favor of you with full confidence of its fulfillment.

I have formed a "Fair Play for Cuba Committee" here in New Orleans, I think it is the best way to attract the most people to a popular struggle.

I ask that you give me as much literature as you find possible since I think it would be very nice to have your literature among the "Fair Play" leaflets like the one enclosed I pamphlet in my office.

Also please be so kind as

[illegible] invited "Courtesy [illegible]" cards to those [illegible] for years Mrs. Geo Hall [illegible] Mrs. B. Davis.

Yours Fraternally
Jas H. Caswell
June 10. 1862

...eprinting below the ...

...diate peril of nuclear war ...
...e attention of humanity in recent ...
...background, if only temporarily, ...
...ing inside the U.S.

... to the peril of fascization ...
... the forces which the war fo...
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... it ... be naive to believ...
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... on the ... to ...
... the Ad Hoc Committee ...
... ... facing our ...
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... ...fer to the ne...
... ...cy based on t...

P.O. Box 220, Cooper Station
New York, N.Y. 10003

Dear Comrades,

The Workers League
23 W. 26th St.
New York, N.Y.

NAME	LEE H. OSWALD PRINT OR TYPE	TELEPHONE NO.
OLD ADDRESS	HOUSE NO. AND STREET, APT. NO., OR BOX OR R. D. NO. (In care of) 4907 MAGAZINE ST. CITY, ZONE, AND STATE NEW ORLEANS, LA.	
NEW ADDRESS	HOUSE NO. AND STREET, APT. NO., OR BOX OR R. D. NO. (In care of) P.O. BOX 30061 CITY, ZONE, AND STATE NEW ORLEANS, LA.	
SIGN HERE	Lee H. Oswald CS—16—71218-2	EFFECTIVE DATE JUNE 15

100-16601-7

105-82555-5

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
JUL 20 1963
FBI — NEW ORLEANS

[redacted]

RECEIVED 7. 8 63

FROM [redacted]

TO The White

26 W. 56th St

NEW YORK 19, NY

CHANGE OF ADDRESS NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS

POD Form 3573 MAY 1959

[redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVE

Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 11/26/63

FROM : A. H. Belmont

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Evans

SUBJECT:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Internal Security - R

I called Legat Anderson, Mexico City, at 3:55 p.m., today, with reference to his cable advising that Ambassador Mann would like to have a Bureau representative come down from Washington to Mexico City to fill him in on the full scope of the case and make suggestions for investigation in Mexico.

I told Anderson that Alexis Johnson of State Department had called over relative to this, and the Bureau had taken the position that it is not necessary to send a man down from here inasmuch as Anderson was handling the matter fully for us in Mexico City at this time. I told Anderson that apparently CIA is sending a man down from headquarters.

AHB:CSH (7)

REC-19 105-82555-55

DEC 2 1963

61 DEC 4 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: 11/24/63

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY, AKA.
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Assistant Director Courtney A. Evans called at 10:25 p.m., and advised he had just received a call from Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach concerning the whereabouts of Mrs. Oswald. Katzenbach indicated that it was his thinking that if anything should happen to Mrs. Oswald it would create more talk concerning the possibility that this entire matter was foreign inspired. Mr. Evans was told that during the day SAC Shanklin advised that the police had stated that they had taken Mrs. Oswald out of the area shortly after Oswald was shot.

SAC Shanklin of the Dallas Office was contacted again and he advised that now the Secret Service, Dallas, have taken over the mother and the wife of Oswald and have them in some locale, the whereabouts was unknown by the office at this time. In order to be certain, Dallas was going to verify this again with Secret Service and establish the whereabouts of Mrs. Oswald and Oswald's mother.

Immediately after receiving this information from Dallas, Assistant Director Evans was contacted and this information given to him.

REC-16 105-82555-56
NOT RECORDED
145 DEC 3 1963

EX-102

1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan

JLH:jlt
(10)
53 DEC 4 1963

ADDENDUM JLH:jlt 11/24/63

At 10:55 p.m. Inspector Malley advised that they had been assured by Secret Service, Dallas, that the mother and wife of Oswald had been taken out of Dallas and the location is unknown to Headquarters Secret Service at this time.

November 23 1963

CODE

TELETYPE URGENT

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Soviet Section
1 - Mr. Stewart
1 - Mr. Rosen

TO SAC DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555) SECRET

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R DASH CUBA, ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

DEC

[redacted]

APPROPRIATE ACTION(S) AND FIXED OFFICE ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF

DATE

SECRET

WDS:ichs
(6)

Classified by 2040 7/6/71
Exempt from GDS, Category
Declassification Indefinite

VIA TELETYPE
NOV 23 1963

DEC 23 1963

TELETYPE TO DALLAS
RE:- LEE HARVEY OSWALD
105-82555

SECRET

[redacted]

CODIK

NR. 232015
ENC. nw
CK. NCC
APPROVED BY NCC
TYPED BY

SECRET

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~SECRET~~

TO : MR. W. C. SULLIVAN

DATE: November 26, 1963

FROM : D. J. BRENNAN, JR.

~~TOP SECRET~~ [redacted]

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

[redacted]

XS

[redacted]

XS

[redacted]

XS

~~TOP SECRET~~

GHL:hke (8)
1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Rosen
1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. Branigan
1-Mr. Harrall
1-Liaison
1-Mr. Lake
1-Mr. Turner

~~SECRET~~

CLASSIFIED BY [redacted]
EXEMPT FROM GENERAL DECLASSIFICATION

Memorandum from Mr. Brennan to Mr. Sullivan
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

TOP SECRET [redacted] C

[redacted]

JS

ACTION:

[redacted]

JS
EXC

TOP SECRET [redacted] C

SECRET

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

cc: Belmont
Rosen
Sullivan
Day

TO : MR. BELMONT

DATE: November 26, 1963

FROM : S. B. DONAHOE

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

SAC Harry Maynor at New Orleans called at 3:20 p.m. He said the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) had been in touch with him. INS in New Orleans has a man in its office who identifies himself as Chester T. Bowling, ID Card 451, Special Investigator, Department of Defense. Bowling is asking INS for copies of INS reports on the wife of Oswald. His wife, of course, is an alien.

SAC Maynor mentioned that there is FBI data summarized in these INS reports, principally on the basis of a 7/3/61 report in the Oswald case. Also therein is information to the effect that INS checked with FBI, Dallas on 10/27/63 to see if it was all right to proceed with an inquiry regarding the wife. The Dallas Office indicated its approval.

Since FBI data is contained in the INS report, INS checked with the FBI, New Orleans. In order to affirm the identity of this man and to enable the agency for which he worked to be certain his actions were in keeping with his responsibilities in this matter, I had a check made by the Liaison Section.

Special Agent Graham Day was advised by William Hunt, Director of Security Services, Office of Secretary of Defense, that Bowling is in fact who he says he is. He indicated that Bowling is making inquiries in connection with CIA's inquiries regarding Oswald's activities abroad.

I contacted SAC Maynor at 4:15 p.m. and told him that Bowling was as he represented himself and that Bureau had no objections to any action INS desired to take. He said that in the meantime, INS had discovered that it was under instructions to clear with INS Headquarters before releasing any data on the Oswald matter and undoubtedly this will be done.

I told SAC Maynor that he should be certain that the FBI in New Orleans has all pertinent data from the INS file and that it has been furnished the Bureau, if not, it should be done at once in connection with the security inquiries being made re Oswald.

ACTION: For information.

REC-40 105-82555-59

SBD:hmm

68 DEC 3 1963

EX-116

22 DEC 2 1963

CONFIDENTIAL

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 60

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 2.

SECTION NO.

2

CIA

REFERRAL

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 61

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 2.

SECTION NO.

2

CIA

REFERRAL

1 - Mr. Turner

CODE 11-28-63

CABLEGRAM URGENT

TO LEGAL ATTACHE MEXICO CITY

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

REURCAB NUMBER ONE EIGHT SEVEN, NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN LAST.

INVESTIGATION DISCLOSED NO LARGE DEPOSITS OF MONEY BY SUBJECT AT ANY TIME. EFFORTS WILL BE MADE TO INTERVIEW ERNESTO RODRIGUEZ.

ETT hrd (4) EX-116 REC-40 105-82555-62

22 DEC 2 1963

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route thru for review)

NOTE: Ernesto Rodriguez reportedly runs Spanish language school in New Orleans; is anti-Castro and may have tape recordings of conversations with subject.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

58 DEC 5 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

VIA CABLEGRAM
NOV 28 1963
12:59 PM ELR

NR. 755 CI
CIPHER
OO:
APPROVED BY
TYPED BY

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 63

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

2

CIA

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-30-63 5-44 PM CST TJB

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ AND SAC DALLAS /100-10461/

FROM SAC NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/ 1-PAGE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS- R.

REBUTEL TO ALL SAC/S NOVEMBER THIRTY AT FOUR SIXTEEN PM EST.

DALLAS INCLUDE IN REPORT INFORMATION FURNSISHED BY NEW YORK AIRTEL NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN LAST TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS ENTITLED FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE- NEW ORLEANS DIVISION, RA- CUBA, IS - CUBA, XXXX IS- C, IS- SWP.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 6-47 PM OK FBI WA RL

HOLD CORRECT LAST LINE OF TEL

SHOULD READ - CUBA, IS- CUBA, IS- C, IS- SWP.

END

TU VM RL

TU CLR WDA 30 8 PM BH DEC

DCM INTELL DIV
REC'D

105-82555-64

EX-116

22 DEC 2 1963

5 8 DEC 5 1963

Mr. Belmont

11-30-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO ALL SACS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY-R.

IMPERATIVE THAT ALL INVESTIGATION AND ALLEGATIONS REGARDING OSWALD BE SUBMITTED TO BUREAU UNDER ABOVE CAPTION IN INVESTIGATIVE REPORTS. RESULTS OF ALL CURRENT AND PRIOR INVESTIGATION NOT PREVIOUSLY INCLUDED IN INVESTIGATIVE REPORTS, MUST BE INCORPORATED IN REPORTS AND SUBMITTED TO REACH BUREAU NO LATER THAN DECEMBER TWO. BE CERTAIN INDICES CHECKED CAREFULLY TO INSURE ANY PREVIOUSLY UNREPORTED DATA IS INCLUDED IN THIS REPORT. NOT NECESSARY TO RESUBMIT INFORMATION IF INCLUDED IN REPORTS PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED UNDER OSWALD CAPTION OR CAPTION, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. ALL SUBSEQUENT INFORMATION RECEIVED AND INVESTIGATION REQUIRED MUST BE HANDLED AT ONCE, SUBMITTED BY TELETYPE, AND FOLLOWED BY INVESTIGATIVE REPORT WITHIN THREE DAYS.

AHB:jma
(8)

EX-116

REC 40-105-82553-65

21 FEB 01 1973

COPIES DESTROYED

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - W. C. Sullivan
1 - E. T. Turner

DEC 2 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 30 1963
TELETYPE

NR 301922
ENC
CK

TYPED BY

VIA RADIOGRAM
DEC 5 1963
NOV 30 1963
7:30 PM CLD

58 DEC 5

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

12/1/63

CODE

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Mr. Stokes

TO SACS DALLAS
NEW ORLEANS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

AS IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED OSWALD WAS NOT IN MEXICO SEPTEMBER EIGHTEEN LAST, INVESTIGATION IN REGARD TO PLACING HIM THAT DATE SHOULD BE DISCONTINUED. DALLAS ADVISE AUXILIARY OFFICES.

JCS:REM
(3)

NOTE:

Allegation that Oswald received money from Cuban Embassy, Mexico City, on 9/18/63 in connection with plot to assassinate the President has been proven unfounded as source has now recanted.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 01 1973

REC-40 105-82555-66

19 DEC 2 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 1 1963

TELETYPE

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

58 DEC 5 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☑

12/1/63

CODE

TELETYPE URGENT

1 - Mr. Stokes

TO SAC PHILADELPHIA

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

REPHTEL NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST, ONE TWO THREE P.M.

PHILADELPHIA INTERVIEW RICHARD CALL.

1 - DALLAS (AIR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVERY)

JCS:REM
(4)

NOTE:

Call served in Marines with Oswald. Allentown, Pennsylvania, newspaper reported interview of Call in which he described Oswald as interested in Russia and possibly involved in difficulties in Japan during Marine Corps service.

REC-40 105-82555-67

19 DEC 2 1963

EX-116

58 DEC 5 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1 1963
TELETYPE

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☑

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

12/1/63 4 16 PM '63

F. B. I.
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Turner

TO ALL OFFICES

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

TO CLARIFY REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS IN BUTEL NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST, DALLAS WILL INCLUDE IN DALLAS REPORTS ALL THREE ZERO TWO'S SUBMITTED TO DALLAS. UNLESS YOU HAVE SUBMITTED THREE ZERO TWO'S COVERING INVESTIGATION, YOUR OFFICE, COMPLY WITH BUTEL NOVEMBER THIRTY. FOR THIS CASE SUBMIT REPORTS COVERING ALL INVESTIGATION, NEGATIVE AND POSITIVE, AS WELL AS INVESTIGATION OF QUOTE CRANK UNQUOTE COMPLAINTS. SUBMIT TEN COPIES. THIS MUST INCLUDE ANY INFORMATION SUBMITTED TO DALLAS BY TELETYPE, AIRTEL OR LETTER.

ETT:RBM
(7)

COPIES DESTROYED
21 FEB 01 1973

VIA RADIOGRAM
AN, HN, SJ
DEC 1 1963
5:21 PM RL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1 1963
TELETYPE

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT
DEC 1 4 16 PM '63
F. B. I.
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

REC-40 105-82555-68

58 DEC 5 1963

19 DEC 2 1963

EX-116

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FROM SAC, SAN DIEGO

LEE HARVEY OSWALD/ INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

RE PHOENIX TEL TO SAN DIEGO NOVEMBER TWO NINE LAST, NINE TWO FOUR P. M., AND DALLAS TEL TO MILWAUKEE AND PHOENIX REGARDING LOCATION AND INTERVIEW OF ROBERT STUART, A FORMER EMPLOYEE OF JACK RUBY.

FOLLOWING INVESTIGATION BY SA R. S. BAKER.

FRANK BERTOCH, MILNE PUBLICATIONS, SAN DIEGO, ADVISED NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST, THAT FRANK BICKFORD CAME TO SAN DIEGO FROM PHOENIX ABOUT TEN DAYS AGO. BICKFORD NOT YET SETTLED IN SAN DIEGO AND CANNOT BE REACHED UNTIL DECEMBER TWO NEXT. BERTOCH ADVISED ROBERT STUART IS NOT WORKING FOR MILEN PUBLICATIONS, SAN DIEGO.

BICKFORD WILL BE CONTACTED DECEMBER TWO NEXT, FOR INFORMATION ON WHEREABOUTS OF STUART AND STUAR WILL BE INTERVIEWED IF IN SAN DIEGO, OR APPROPRIATE LEADS SET OUT.

NO FD THREE ZERO TWO/ S, OR REPORT, BEING SUBMITTED ON ABOVE INTERVIEW WITH BERTOCH.

END AND ACK

WA 12-56 PM OK FBI WA MSL

DL 11-56 AM OK FB

DISC

XX OK FBI DL WD

Ex-114

REC 5 105-82555-69

22 DEC 21 1963

DEC 4 1963

cc Mr. Rosen

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

12550 West Golf Drive
Miami,68,Florida.
November 23,1963

REC 30

Federal Bureau Of Investigation,
Washington,D.C.

Gentlemen:

We, the American People, are angry !

We want to know, what in the name of God, all the Secret Service Police, whom we are supporting, were doing while somebody drew a bead on our beloved President and assassinated him ?

We want to know why in this land of freedom and natural resources cannot someone design a bullet proof cupola for the President's limousine to prevent such an outrage ?

We also want to do everything possible to help bring the perpetrators of this terrible crime to justice and in this respect give you the follwing information:

We are of the opinion that the assassination was a well-planned, premeditated plot by an organized group of such people as "The Fair Play For Cuba".

We demand that all persons who were present at the dinner for President Kennedy on Monday night,Nov.18th. at Miami Beach Fla. be questioned.

We ask this because a certain gentleman,Senor Canel, who works for the Pan American Airways during the day and teaches Spanish at the Miami High Adult Education classes at night, attended the aforementioned dinner and later, on Wednesday evening,November 20th. made several remarks in Spanish to our class, which in view of what has happened, may be significant.

Sr. Canel said, for instance:
That there were many officials from various Latin American countries at the dinner who felt that Kennedy had let them down by not getting into a war with Castro over Cuba.

REC 30

105-82555-

That Kennedy talked but said nothing.

That he had started out in office with great promises to help the Cubans and done nothing.(I wonder what all the money , jobs,shelter,etc. we have given them is,if not help ?)

That Kennedy had made the statement that if the Cubans overthrew their government we would help them.(And Sr. Canel added,"They wouldn't need help then.)

That we ought to get rid of Kennedy,(at the time we thought he meant by elections) and put some else in office who would be more favorable to their cause.

That he,Sr. Canel, had seen Kennedy the previous Saturday at Cape Canaveral but not within shooting distance, he said this as a joke ! And what was Sr. Canel doing at Cape Canaveral at that time ?

That at the dinner there were more Secret Service Police than "invitados", and that during "Grace" one could tell who were the police because they did not bow their heads but were on the alert.

Sr. Canel also said a friend of his who owned a profitable business in Cuba had had his property confiscated by Castro.

We think the assassination of the President was planned by American Industrialists whose properties were seized by Castro and who have been paying out huge sums of money to bring so many Cubans in to this country and for spreading propaganda and trying to incite a war. These people are the logical suspects.

We ask your office to investigate these possibilities.And we do not imply that Sr. Canel was implicated but that he may know of something in this respect as he has lived in Cuba,speaks the language,and has many friends in the Latin American countries.

Please do not give my name out as I am writing this for a group and would like to live to see justice in this horrible crime.

Yours truly,

E.L. Montgomery

E.L. Montgomery

12550 N.E. 14 Ave.

Miami, Fla.

1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Mr. Mullins

12/2/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

LA-LIE REC 30 105-82555-70

TO SAC MIAMI

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R - CUBA.

BUREAU HAS RECEIVED LETTER DATED NOVEMBER TWENTY-THREE LAST FROM R. L. MONTGOMERY, ONE TWO FIVE FIVE KEKO WEST GOLF DRIVE, MIAMI SIXTY-EIGHT, FLORIDA, ALLEGING THAT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT WAS PREMEDITATED PLOT BY ORGANIZED GROUP SUCH AS FAIR PLAY COMMITTEE. MONTGOMERY FURTHER CLAIMS THAT ONE SENOR CANEL, WHO WORKS FOR PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS AND TEACHES SPANISH AT MIAMI ADULT EDUCATION CLASSES, HAS MADE NUMEROUS REMARKS RECENTLY CRITICAL OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY INCLUDING STATEMENT THAT QUOTE WE OUGHT TO GET RID OF KENNEDY END QUOTE. IN ADDITION, CANEL ALLEGEDLY STATED HE HAD RECENTLY SEEN KENNEDY AT CAPE CANAVERAL BUT NOT WITHIN SHOOTING DISTANCE, ALTHOUGH THIS REMARK APPEARED TO BE OFFERED IN JEST. MONTGOMERY ALSO OFFERS OPINION THAT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT WAS PLANNED BY AMERICAN INDUSTRIALISTS WHOSE PROPERTIES WERE SEIZED BY CASTRO. MONTGOMERY REQUESTED HIS IDENTITY BE PROTECTED.

IMMEDIATELY INTERVIEW MONTGOMERY FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS AND SET OUT ANY APPROPRIATE LEADS.

COPIES DESTROYED
21 FEB 01 1973

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan

RDC:AMS
(5)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 2 1963
TELETYPE

TRUE COPY

11-28-63

J. Edgar Hoover
Director F. B.I.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Lee

Although the Dallas police have closed the case on Oswald, I hope you haven't closed the case on Oswald and the Dallas Police Department!

Such gross negligence makes us wonder about many things such as:

Rubenstiens' connections with the police, his connections with Chicago gangsters and Los Angeles "friends" who plan to defend him. Why Oswald was seen in Ruby's Club recently. If Oswald was silenced by Ruby on orders, etc.

I also believe the President owes an obligation to the nation to maintain security at all times and to always appear in public with protection, making mandatory the full use of bullet proof glass covering on cars and wherever else practical.

Sincerely,

/s/ Jerome K. Barrett
16 Montclair Dr
Chico, Calif

17 C
11-30

REC 30

Rub
11-30-63

71

22 DEC 3 1963

11-28-63

J. Edgar Hoover
Director F.B.I.
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

Although the Dallas police have closed the case on Oswald, I hope you haven't closed the case on Oswald and the Dallas Police Department!

Such gross negligence makes us wonder about many things such as:
Rubenstein's connections with the police, his connections with Chicago gangsters and Los Angeles "friends" who plan to defend h
Why Oswald was seen in Ruby's Club recently
If Oswald was silenced by Ruby on orders

I also believe the President owes an obligation to the nation to maintain security at all times and always appear in public with protection, making mandatory the full use of bullet proof glass covering on cars and wherever else practical

Sincerely,

Jerome L. Bassett

ITC
11-29-63

REC 30 - 71

December 2, 1963

Mr. Jerome K. Barrett
16 Montclair Drive
Chico, California

Dear Mr. Barrett:

I have received your letter of November 28th and understand your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy.

Immediately following the assassination the full resources of the FBI were made available to the Secret Service and local law enforcement agencies. The President has now instructed the FBI to conduct a full investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald. I can assure you that this Bureau will discharge its responsibilities in this regard with the same thoroughness and dispatch that have characterized our investigations in the past.

Sincerely yours,

E. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 5
DEC - 2 1963
COMM-FBI

DEC 2 1 02 PM '63
MAIL ROOM
FBI

NOTE: No record of Barrett in Bufiles.

CJJ:ms (3)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

53 DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE UNIT

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: 11/29/63

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

The office of the District Attorney, New Orleans arrested one David William Ferrie and two associates for vagrancy on the basis of information indicating Ferrie taught Lee Harvey Oswald how to use a telescopic rifle sight. This has been disproven.

David William Ferrie is employed as a research man for New Orleans attorney G. Wray Gill. Mr. Gill reportedly stated that Oswald when arrested at Dallas possessed a library card bearing the name of David William Ferrie. This is not true as the card which Oswald possessed was in his own name.

Gill also reportedly said that Ferrie had stated in the presence of one Jack S. Martin that the President should be killed and had outlined plans to accomplish this.

[redacted] on interview, advised Agents he had witnessed a television program November 23, 1963, on which several individuals reported an association of Lee Oswald and David Ferrie. [redacted] said as he knew that Ferrie was a former commander of the Civil Air Patrol (CAP) and had been active in training members of the CAP, he surmised that Ferrie may have trained Oswald in the use of a telescopic rifle. He reported this suspicion to the District Attorney's Office, New Orleans, and on this basis members of that office proceeded to Ferrie's residence and in his absence arrested two associates and subsequently arrested Ferrie, charging all with vagrancy. [redacted] denied he had ever said that Ferrie made a statement that the President should be killed.

REC 30

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DAS:tak
(7)

1 XEROX
DEC 3 1963

53 DEC 4 1963

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY

Edward Voebel, New Orleans, was the person who in a television appearance on November 23, 1963, stated he knew Oswald as a former member of the Civil Air Patrol in New Orleans. During this same television presentation it was mentioned that David William Ferrie was a former commander of the CAP, however, there was no mention of any association between Ferrie and Oswald.

Edward Voebel, on interview, said he had been a member of the CAP, New Orleans, for approximately one year, 1955-1956. David William Ferrie took over as commander of the CAP unit during this time. Voebel took Oswald to one of the meetings and stated Oswald attended several meetings, possibly four meetings at the most. According to Voebel, Oswald lost interest as he disliked the authority and discipline in connection with the CAP activity.

David William Ferrie upon interview acknowledged he had been a member and past commander of the CAP unit in New Orleans. He said he does not know anyone named Lee Harvey Oswald and could not identify a photograph of him. Ferrie said he had never instructed Oswald or anyone else in the use of American-made or foreign-made firearms. While in the CAP he assisted in firearms instruction for range safety only. Ferrie denied ever having made a statement that the President should be killed. He said he was associated with the Cuban Revolutionary Front in New Orleans, which is an anti-Castro organization. Ferrie at the time of the Bay of Pigs invasion of Cuba said he was very much concerned at the lack of air cover provided and at that time criticized President Kennedy both in public and in private. He said he may have used a offhand or colloquial expression, "He ought to be shot," in connection with his feelings about the Cuban situation at that time. Ferrie said he has also been called a worshiper of Kennedy because he is a strong believer in many of the programs of the Kennedy administration.

RECOMMENDATION:

Above for information. New Orleans Division vigorously pursuing investigation and development of all possible information concerning the activities of Lee Harvey Oswald in that area.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 7-10 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, LOUISVILLE

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL NOV. THIRTY SIXTYTHREE EIGHT FIFTYONE PM. LEE H. OSWALD EMPLOYED OCT. TWELVE SIXTYTWO TO APRIL SIX SIXTYTHREE BY JAGGARS DASH CHILES DASH STOVALL, INC., DALLAS, TEX., AND DREW SALARY CHECKS NOV. SEVEN, FOURTEEN, TWENTYONE AND TWENTYEIGHT SIXTYTWO.

AM COPY BEING FURNISHED NO.

END AND ACK PLS

WAS-13 PM OK FBI WA OS

LSV 8-13 PM OK FBI LS WFK

TU AND DISC

XQYKYU

CC-MR. ROSEN

REC 30 105-[illegible]-73

DEC 3 1963

DEC 5 [illegible]

53 DEC 4 1963

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 74

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

2

CIA

REFERRAL

1 - Stokes

12-2-63

CODE CONFIDENTIAL

~~URGENT~~ IMMEDIATE per Mr. Lenfon Cgl

CABLEGRAM

TO LEGAT, MEXICO

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Classified by 2040>7/6 77
Exempt from GDS, Category 1-2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

SECRET

[redacted]

-75

(9)

Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

JCS:cej (4)

DEC 5 1963

cc: Mr. Gray Liaison

DEC

VIA CABLEGRAM
Gcopi per
DEC 2 1963

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO.

SECRET

CABLEGRAM TO LEGAT MEXICO
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

NOTE: Investigation has not established how subject traveled from New Orleans to Mexico City. It is probable that he utilized bus.

[redacted]

NR. 804
ENC. Gus
CK. JLW
APPROVED S... COR
TYPED BY

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : W. C. SULLIVAN SECRET DATE: 11-22-63

FROM : W. A. BRANIGAN

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

1 - Belmont
1 - Mohr
1 - DeLoach
1 - Evans
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - Turner
1 - DE Moore
1 - Branigan
1 - Wannall

A memo from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Tolson 11-22-63 advised that the files were being reviewed concerning Lee Harvey Oswald, a suspect in captioned matter.

Oswald first came to our attention on 10-31-59 when a news clipping indicated that he had held a press conference in his room at the Metropole Hotel, Moscow, in which he advised he had applied to renounce his American citizenship and become a Soviet citizen. He was described as a 20-year-old former U.S. Marine and received considerable publicity. We checked with the Office of Naval Intelligence (ONI) and were advised that Oswald had entered the Marine Corps at Dallas, Texas, 10-24-56 to serve 3 years, was released to inactive duty on 9-11-59 but had obligated service until 12-8-62. We had an Identification Division record on his service fingerprints which showed no criminal arrests and placed a stop against the prints so that any subsequent arrest in the U.S. would be brought to our attention.

State Department advised 11-22-59 that Oswald had applied at the American Embassy 10-31-59 advising he wished to renounce his American citizenship and gave as the principal reason for his decision, "I am a Marxist." He stated that he had been a radar operator in the Marine Corps and had told Soviet officials that if he was granted Soviet citizenship, he would make known information concerning the Marine Corps which was in his possession. He again got publicity on 11-15-59 when the United Press reported that he had said that Soviet authorities would not grant him citizenship although he could live in Russia as a resident alien.

ONI advised 11-15-60 that Oswald had been given an undesirable discharge from the Marine Corps Reserve on 8-17-60.

On 5-17-62 State Department advised that it had been determined that Oswald was still an American citizen, was married to a Soviet citizen and that both had exit permits to leave Russia; the State Department had given approval for their travel with their infant child to the U.S. On 5-31-62 the Bureau instructed Dallas to interview Oswald in detail upon his arrival. He returned to Ft. Worth, Texas, on 6-14-62 and was interviewed by Bureau agents on

ETT:cgw
(12)

REC 7 105-82555 (Oswald) XEROX DEC 9 1963

68 DEC 5 1963

Classified by 2640
Exempt from GDS, Category 7-2+3
Date of Declassification Indefinite

1/4/77

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Memo for Mr. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT SECRET

6-26-62. He was very curt and short in answering many questions and gave the impression of being cold and arrogant. He advised that he was not willing to take a polygraph test. He declined to answer the question as to why he had made the trip to Russia and stated he did not care to relive the past, then added that he went to Russia to see the country. He said that he had been given a job as a sheet metal worker in a television factory and denied that he had gone to Russia because of admiration of the Russian system. He stated that he had read books by Karl Marx because of interest in his economic theories but denied that he had ever been a member of the Communist Party. He also denied that he had renounced his U.S. citizenship and stated that he did not seek Soviet citizenship. He advised that the Soviets never attempted to obtain information from him concerning the Marine Corps; that he was not recruited at any time by Soviet intelligence and made no deals with the Soviets to obtain permission to return to the U.S. He said that he had not given the Soviets any information which could be used against the U.S. He also denied that he had offered to reveal any information to the Soviets obtained as a result of being a radar operator in the Marines.

Oswald was reinterviewd on 8-16-62 and advised that he had made contact with the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D. C., to advise the Embassy of his wife's current address which was required by Soviet law. He said she would report subsequent changes of address to the Embassy. He stated that he had never enjoyed his service in the U.S. Marines but had not enjoyed his trip to the Soviet Union any more than his Marine service. He again denied requesting revocation of his U.S. citizenship and stated that he had never affirmed allegiance to the Soviet Union. He denied that he had made any deals with Soviet intelligence organizations and that he had been assured by the U.S. Embassy that Embassy officials were aware of no evidence which would warrant prosecution of him should he return to the U.S. He advised that he might have to return to the Soviet Union in about 5 years to take his wife to see her relatives. He declined to answer questions as to why he went to the Soviet Union and stated that he considered it "nobody's business." At the end of the interview he agreed to contact the FBI if any person ever contacted him in the U.S. under suspicious circumstances.

An article in "The Times Picayune" New Orleans, Louisiana, 8-13-63 indicated that Oswald had been sentenced to pay a fine of $10 or serve 10 days on a charge of disturbing the peace as a result of distribution of a pamphlet for "Fair Play for Cuba." New Orleans by letter 8-21-63 was instructed to ascertain the facts concerning

Memo for Mr. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

SECRET

Oswald's distribution of the pamphlet and determine if he was engaged in subversive activities.

Investigation in New Orleans disclosed that Oswald had been arrested as reported in the newspaper (it is noted that this is the only arrest disclosed in the Identification Division records). He claimed to be a member of the "Fair Play for Cuba Committee" (FPCC) and became involved in an argument with 3 Cuban emigrants while passing out circulars. He entered a plea of guilty and elected to pay the fine of $10. The 3 other persons arrested with Oswald were discharged. The arrest took place on 8-9-63.

Oswald was interviewed on 8-10-63 by agents of the New Orleans office and advised that he was unemployed and had come to New Orleans about 4 months previously. There he began to read literature distributed by the FPCC which he considered was not a communist or communist-controlled group. He had sent a letter to the headquarters of this Committee at 799 Broadway, New York City, with $5 advising that he wished to join the Committee. During the latter part of May, 1963, he received through the mail a card made out in his name and signed by V. L. Lee which showed that he was a member of the national organization. A short time later he received a white card which made him a member of the New Orleans chapter. This card was dated 6-6-63 and was signed A. J. Hidell. He had not seen Hidell but talked to him on the phone and had attended meetings of the local committee but did not know any of the other persons who attended because they were known only by their first names.

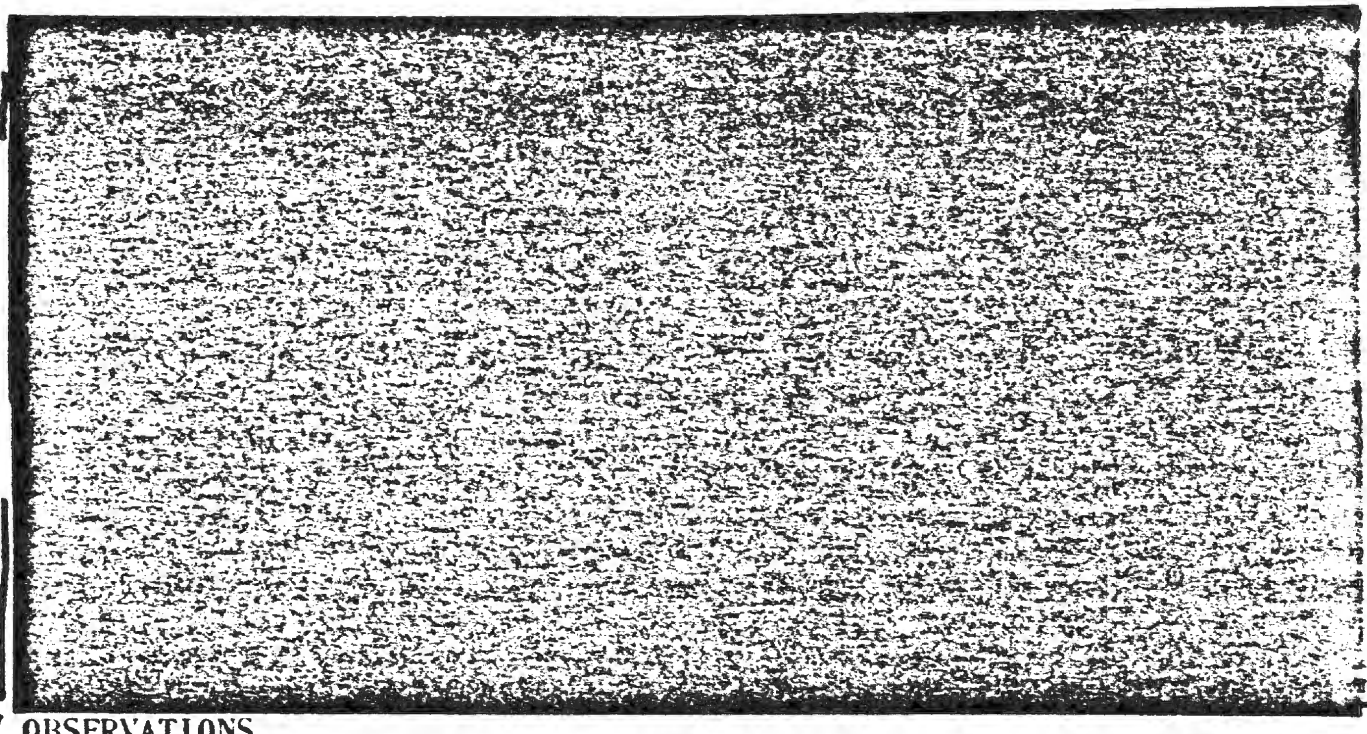
Investigation also disclosed that on 8-21-63 Oswald appeared on a radio program called "Conversation Carte Blanche" on radio station WDSU in New Orleans with Edward Scannell Butler, staff director of the Information Council of the Americas which organization specializes in distribution of anticommunist educational material to Latin American countries. During the program, Oswald stated that the FPCC is not communist-controlled and that he, Oswald, is a Marxist.

[redacted]

SECRET

Memo for Mr. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT SECRET!

On 11-1-63 Mrs. Michael R. Paine, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, advised that Oswald was then employed by the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas as a laborer, was rooming at an unknown address in Dallas and when he obtained enough money he would move his family to an apartment in Dallas. U



OBSERVATIONS

Other than the connection with the FPCC investigation developed no subversive data regarding subject except that during September, 1962, a confidential informant advised that Oswald was a subscriber to "The Worker" an east coast communist newspaper. Another informant advised that in June, 1963, Oswald wrote a letter to "The Worker," 23 West 26th Street, New York City, claiming to be a long-time subscriber and advising that he was forming an FPCC in New Orleans. He requested some of "The Worker's" literature and forwarded honorary membership cards for "those fighers for peace, Mr. Gus Hall and Mr. B. Davis." Hall is general secretary of the Communist Party, USA, and Davis is the national secretary. U

The investigation disclosed no threats by Oswald against the President but did indicate that he drank to excess while residing in Ft. Worth, Texas, after his return from Russia and beat his wife. U

SECRET!

was oswald on security index?
11-27

Memo for Mr. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

SECRET

The Marine Corps advised on 5-4-62 that the following letter had been received from Oswald:

"LEE H. OSWALD
Kalinina St. 4-27
Minsk, U.S.S.R.
March 22, 1962

"R. McC. TOMPKINS
Brigadier Gen., U.S.M.C.
Ass. Direct. of Personnel

"Dear Sirs:

"In reply to your notification of the granting of an Undiresable discharge and your conveying of the process at which at was arrived.

"I would like to point out in direct opposition to your information that I have never taken steps to renounce my U. S. citizenship. Also that the United States State Department has no charges or complaints against me what/so ever.

"I refer you to the United States Embassy, Moscow, or the U. S. department of State_ Washington_ D. C., for the verification of this fact.

"Also, I was aware of the finding of the board of officers of 8 August 1960. I was notified by my mother, in December 1962.

"My request to the Secretary of the Navy, his referral to you and your letter to me, did not say anything about a Review, which is what I was trying to arrange.

"You mention 'reliable information' as the basis for the Undiserable discharge. I have no douth it was newspapers speculation which foreward your 'reliable information'.

"Under U. S. law governing the use of passports and conduct abroad I have a perfect right to reside in my country I wish too.

SECRET

SECRET

"I have not violated; Section 1544, Title 18, U. S. code, therefore you have no legel or even moral right, to reverse my honourable discharge from the U.S.M.C. of Sept. 11, 1960, into a undiserable discharge.

"You may consider this letter a request by me for a full review of my case in the light of these facts, since by the time you recive this letter I shall have returned to the U.S.A. with my family, and shall be prepared to appear in person at a reasonable time and place in my area, before a reviewing board of officers.

"If you choose to convene a review board you my contact me through the below address in the United States after May 15th 1962.

"LEE H. OSWALD
7313 Davanport St.
Fort Worth, Texas.

"Sincerely,
"/s/ LEE H. OSWALD"

BACKGROUND DATA

Background data developed during the investigation are summarized as follows:

He was born 10-18-39, New Orleans, Louisiana. He was attending high school in Ft. Worth, Texas, when he enlisted in the U.S. Marine Corps in October, 1956. He had special training as an electronics operator and a radio operator while in the Marine Corps and was released to inactive duty 9-11-59. He married Marina Nikoleavna Prusakova at Minsk, Russia, 4-30-61 (she was born 7-17-41 in Russia). His daughter whose name was given during the 6-26-62 interview as June Lee Oswald was born February 15, 1962. Another daughter was born in October, 1963.

Oswald was last issued American passport D-092526 at New Orleans, Louisiana, 6-25-63 for proposed travel of 3 months to one yar as a tourist to England, France, Germany, Holland, USSR, Finla Italy and Poland. In his application dated 6-24-63 he stated that he intended to depart New Orleans during the period October-December, 1963.

SECRET

Memo for Mr. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

SECRET

Relatives identified during the investigation were his mother, Mrs. Marguerite C. Oswald; brother, Robert Lee Oswald, who was formerly in the U.S. Air Force; and halfbrother, John Edward Pic, who in 1961 was a staff sergeant in the U.S. Air Force, Air Force number 11313239. U

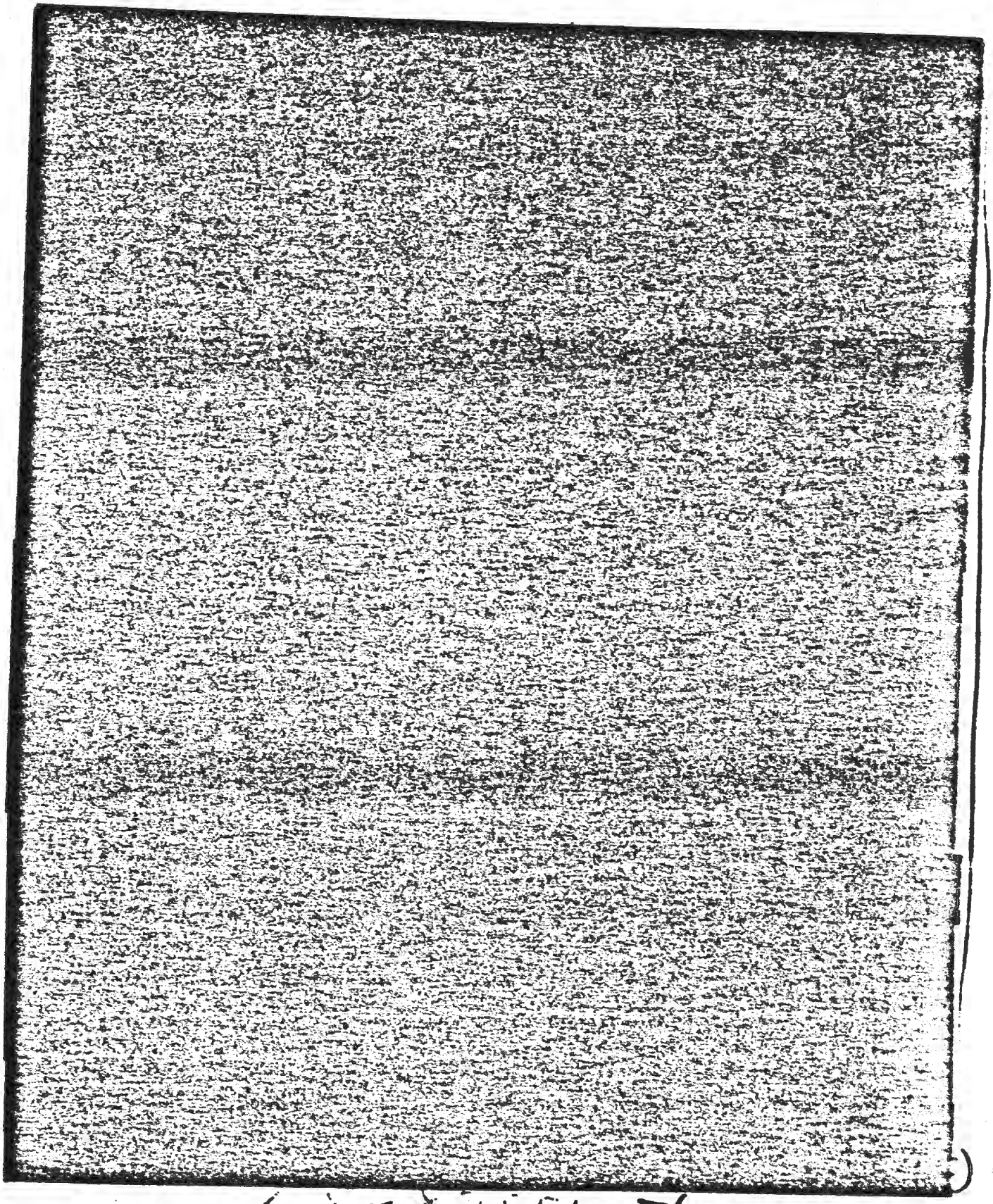
OSWALD'S LETTER TO FPCC

[redacted] C

ACTION:

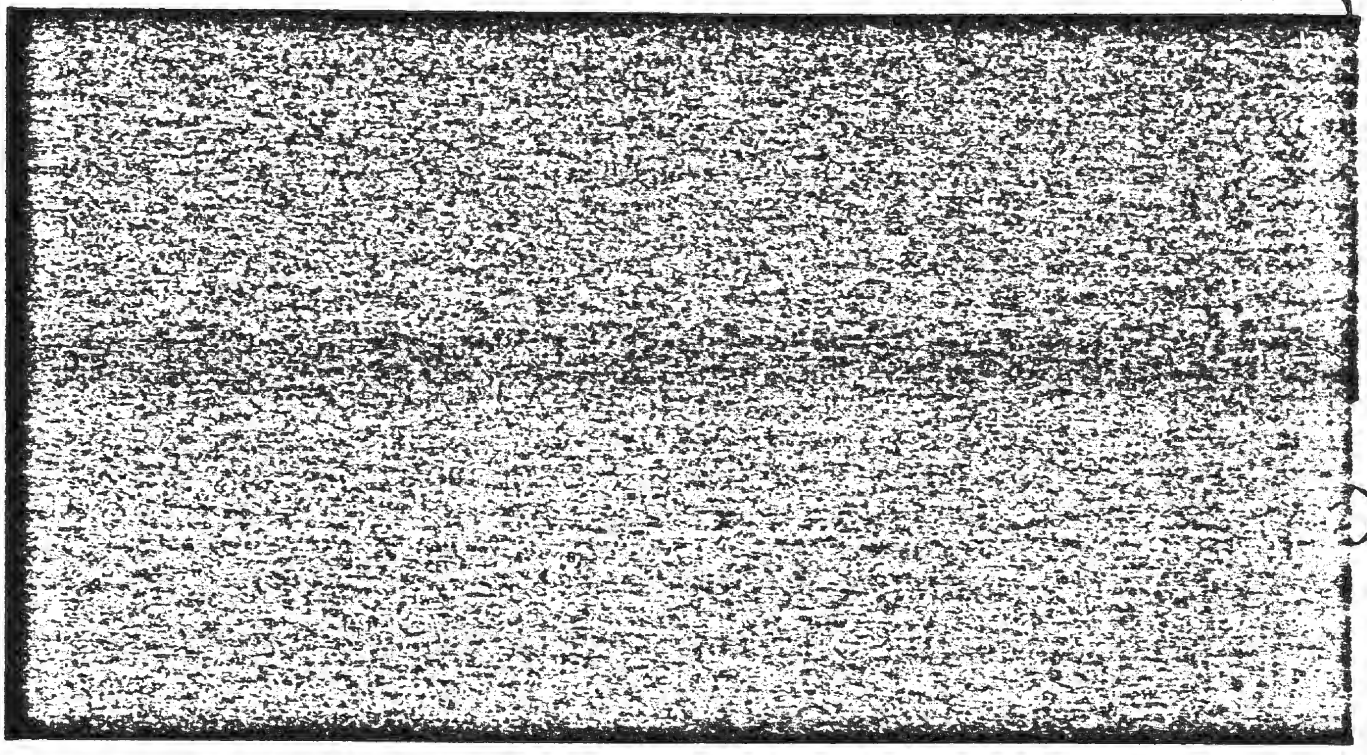
This is for information.

SECRET



13-82351-76

ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 11/22/63

FROM : A. H. Belmont

cc Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Rosen
Evans
McGowan

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

SAC Shanklin advised at 3:50 p.m. that the man arrested by the Dallas police is LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Shanklin said that Oswald is believed to have killed a police officer with a hand gun in the 500 block of East 10th Street, which is not too far from the building where the rifle was found. The police are questioning Oswald and have his gun.

Upon getting this name from the police, the Dallas office checked the files and found that Oswald is the subject of an Internal Security-R-Cuba case. This file shows that Oswald works in the Texas School Book Depository building, 411 Elm Street, which is the building where the rifle and the spent shells were found.

The file shows that three years ago Oswald left the U.S. and went to Russia. In Moscow he went to the American Embassy and tried to renounce his American citizenship. He returned to the US at New York City 6/13/62, and brought with him a Russian bride whom he married in Russia.

Agents have interviewed him twice regarding his stay in Russia and why he went to Russia, and whether he was given an assignment by the Russians and sent back to the US. He was completely uncooperative. He said he came back to the US because he wanted to; denied being given any assignment by the Russians; and said why he went to Russia was his own business.

He has lived in Ft. Worth, Dallas, New Orleans, and is currently back in Dallas. He is employed by the Texas School Book Depository, which is the principal tenant and owner of the building at 411 Elm Street. He was arrested in New Orleans in 8/63 on charges of creating a disturbance by passing out leaflets on the street which were published by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. He drinks, has a violent temper, and has beaten his wife, who has just recently had a baby.

REC 7 10 -77

DEC 8 1963

I asked Shanklin whether the files show Oswald has ever made a threat against the President or a public official. He said the files do not show this. He said the agents who interviewed him have the

22 DEC 8 1963

Mr. Tolson

impression he may be a mental case, as he withdraws within himself when being questioned.

Shanklin said that this information has been furnished to the Dallas PD and he has agents at the PD where Oswald is being questioned. He said the Secret Service is not at the PD. I told Shanklin to get this information to the Secret Service. I also told him to arrange for our agents who questioned Oswald to sit on the questioning of Oswald as they might be helpful to the police. He said the agent who handled the case is at the police station and will attempt to arrange this.

Shanklin said that Vice President Johnson was sworn in as President at 2:39 p.m., Dallas time, at Love Field, by US District Judge Sara T. Hughes, and that Johnson is accompanying the President's body back on the plane.

We are making a full file on Oswald.

FBI

Date: 11/19/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

SAC, WFO (105-37111) (RUC) SECRET

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
SOBIR
(OO:DL)

Re cablegram to Director from Legat, Mexico City, 10/18/63, captioned "LEE OSWALD, IS - R."

[redacted]

4 - Bureau
(1 - Legat, Mexico City) (Info)
2 - Dallas (100-10451) (RM)
1 - New Orleans (100-15641) (Info) (RM)
1 - WFO

Classified by 20407/6/77
Exempt from GDS, Category 2&3
Date of Declassification Indefinite

105-82555-78

WRM:mfm
(8)

REC-56

17 NOV 19 1963

AIRTEL

SECRET

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

SECRET

The informant stated OSWALD is married to MARINA NICHILAYEVA OSWALD, a Soviet citizen, and has a new daughter, AUDREY MARINA OSWALD, born 10/20/63, Dallas, Texas. OSWALD's address is known to informant as Box 6225, Dallas, Texas.

An additional copy of airtel sent Bureau for transmittal to Legat, Mexico City and one copy being sent New Orleans for information.

Should information from informant be utilized in any communication prepared for dissemination, it must be suitably paraphrased to protect source and classified "Confidential" due to sensitive nature of investigative technique used and since it reveals investigative interest in a foreign diplomatic establishment.

Information being furnished Dallas for whatever action deemed necessary since that Office is origin and status of investigation unknown to WFO

SECRET

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 11-17 AM CST MRH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R

RE BUTEL TO ALL SACS DECEMBER ONE LAST, FIVE FIFTY TWO P. M.

RE TELETYPE INSTRUCTS THAT FOR THIS CASE ALL OFFICES SUBMIT REPORTS COVERING ALL INVESTIGATION, NEGATIVE AND POSITIVE, AS WELL AS INVESTIGATION OF QUOTE CRANK UNQUOTE COMPLAINTS. THIS INSTRUCTION IS INTERPRETED TO MEAN AND UACB, SAN ANTONIO WILL INCLUDE IN REPORTS IN THIS CASE, INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED PERTAINING TO OSWALD ONLY. SAN ANTONIO WILL CONTINUE TO SUBMIT RESULTS OF ALL OTHER INVESTIGATION CONCERNING ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT TO DALLAS BY TELETYPE OR AIRTEL. THREE ZERO TWOS AND LHM AS DONE IN PAST.

END AND ACK PLS.

WA 12-20 PM OK FBI WA

DL 11-20 AM K FBI DL

TU DISC PLS

105-82555-79

22 DEC 3 1963

cc: Dallas

53 DEC 4 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1953

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 8-33 PM MST FCD

TO DIRECTOR ~~62-109060~~ AND SACS DALLAS 89-43 AND NEW YORK CITY

NEW YORK CITY VIA RELAY

FROM SAC DENVER 89-41 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R.

RE DENVER TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND NEW YORK, THIS DATE, SIX TWENTYNINE P. M.

[redacted] GULF DIVISION, WESTERN UNION, DALLAS, CONFERRED WITH [redacted] WESTERN UNION [redacted] NEW YORK CITY, BY LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE EVENING OF DEC. TWO INSTANT AND IS PRESENTLY ENDEAVORING TO CONTACT [redacted] DALLAS OFFICE, BY LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE TO GIVE HIM INSTRUCTIONS RE SEARCH OF MONEY ORDER FILES.

STRAIGHT MESSAGE FILES, OTHER THAN MONEY ORDERS, VERY VOLUMINOUS AND [redacted] PREFERS TO HANDLE THIS AFTER HIS RETURN TO DALLAS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. FOUR NEXT.

IT IS SUGGESTED DALLAS DIVISION CONTACT [redacted] MORNING OF DEC. THIRD NEXT.

END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 10-35 PM OK FBI WA RL R/NY

DL 9-35 PM OK BI SDL DEC

T U DISCV

105-82555-180

53 DEC 4 1963

CC-MR. ROSEN

FBI
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 2 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 7-42 PM JFD

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, DETROIT /100-31965/ 2-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

/INFORMATION REGARDING SUBJECT/S NAME WRITTEN INSIDE NEW YORK CENTRAL FREIGHT CAR/

ON DEC. TWO INSTANT, HAROLD MC CORMICK, MANAGER, KAHLBAUM BROTHERS, INC., GRAIN ELEVATOR, NEWPORT, MICH., FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION TO SA J. PAUL D. COSTELLO.

AT APPROXIMATELY NINE THIRTY AM DEC. TWO INSTANT, MC CORMICK AND THE FOLLOWING MILLWORKERS FOR KAHLBAUM BROTHERS, ALLEN BRESSLER, EDWARD VAN WASHENODA AND GERALD MASSERANT, ENTERED AN EMPTY NEW YORK CENTRAL FREIGHT CAR NUMBER ONE TWO FOUR FOUR SEVEN FIVE WHICH HAD ARRIVED EMPTY AT KAHLBAUM BROTHERS SIDING ON NOV. TWENTYNINE LAST. CAR BORE OLD SEAL WHICH HAD ALLEGEDLY BEEN BROKEN WHEN CAR LAST UNLOADED. THEY ALL NOTICED PRINTED ON THE INSIDE OF THE FREIGHT CAR IN HUGE LETTERS, THE FOLLOWING. QUOTE LEE OSWALD, DALLAS, TEXAS FUTURE MAN OF DESTINY, APR. FOUR, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE UNQUOTE. DEC 12 105-82555 8

MC CORMICK ADVISED THAT THEY HAD ENTERED THE CAR TO BOARD IT UP IN PREPARATION TO LOAD IT WITH GRAIN. HE STATED THE

END PAGE ONE

53 DEC 4 1963

22 DEC 3 1963

LETTERING WAS PRINTED IN YELLOW CHALK ON ROUGH AND SCARRED WOODEN BACKGROUND.

ALL MILLWORKERS AND MC CORMICK DENY ANY KNOWLEDGE OF PRINTING.

PHOTOGRAPHS ARE IN PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN. TRACING OF CAR BEING INITIATED. WILL ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN LATENTS.

DALLAS IMMEDIATELY ADVISE IF ABOVE INFORMATION OF ANY POSSIBLE SIGNIFICANCE AND IF DETROIT SHOULD CONTINUE TRACING CAR.

WILL SUREP BY DEC. FIVE NEXT.

END AND ACK PLS

WA-7-42 PM OK FBI WA WS

DL 6-42 PM OK FBI DL DEC

TU BOTH DISC

CC-MR ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 2 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 6-29 PM MST FCD

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS AND NEW YORK - NEW YORK VIA RELAY

FROM SAC DENVER 89-41 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R/ ~~BUFILE SIX TWO DASH ONE ZERO NINE ZERO SIX ZERO~~, OO DALLAS / EIGHT NINE DASH FOUR THREE/.

[redacted] GULF DIVISION, WESTERN UNION, CONTACTED FOUR FORTYFIVE PM, DECEMBER TWO INSTANT, AT COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, AND EXPRESSED DESIRE TO COOPERATE COMPLETELY WITH FBI. [redacted] ADVISED [WESTERN UNION SOMEWHAT CONCERNED ABOUT INFORMATION LEAKS IN THEIR OWN PERSONNEL AT DALLAS. FOR THIS REASON, HAD LAID DOWN ORDERS TO DISCLOSE NO INFORMATION TO ANYONE FROM W U FILES. [redacted] MADE TWO LONG DISTANCE CALLS TO DALLAS AFTER CONTACT, ONE TO [redacted] AND IS PRESENTLY ENDEAVORING TO TELEPHONICALLY CONTACT [redacted] W U [redacted] NEW YORK CITY, NEW YORK FROM WHOM HE WISHES TO OBTAIN CLEARENCE AND APPROVAL FOR GETTING FBI ACCESS

END PAGE ONE

22 DEC 8 1963

DELAYED TO NY

53 DEC 4 1963

PAGE TWO

DN 89-43

TO FILES AT DALLAS. [redacted] WILL CONTACT DENVER OFFICE IMMEDIATELY UPON APPROVAL BY [redacted] AND BUREAU AND DALLAS WILL BE FURNISHED RESULTS IMMEDIATELY.

END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 8-23 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 7-23 PM OK FBI DL DEC

T U DISCVEP

CC-MR. ROSEN

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 83

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1.

SECTION NO.

2

CIA

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12/1/63 9-41 PM PST DM

TO DIRECTOR /ATTENTION CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION/ AND SACS
DALLAS AND LOS ANGELES

FROM SAC, SAN DIEGO /44-251/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

RE LOS ANGELES TEL TO SD AND DALLAS ELEVEN THIRTY LAST NINE ZERO FIVE P. M., RE INTERVIEW WITH NEWSMEN AT DALLAS CITY HALL WHEN OSWALD WAS SHOT AND KILLED.

FOLLOWING INVESTIGATION BY SA R. S. BAKER AT SD.

GEOFFREY EDWARDS, FOUR THREE TWO THREE CANTERBURY DR., LA MESA, CALIFORNIA ADVISED THIS DATE THAT HE IS CURRENTLY EMPLOYED AS A NEWSMAN FOR KHJ RADIO LOS ANGELES. HE ADVISED THAT ON ELEVEN TWENTYTWO LAST KHJ DISPATCHED HIM TO DALLAS TO COVER THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. ON ELEVEN TWENTYFOUR LAST HE STATED HE WAS ONE OF THE MANY NEWSMEN ON THE SCENE AT THE DALLAS TEXAS CITY HALL WHEN LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS SHOT.

GEOFFREY STATED HE ENTERED THE DALLAS CITY HALL BASEMENT THROUGHT THE ENTRANCE OFF OF THE PARKING LOT APPROXIMATELY FIFTEEN MINUTES BEFORE OSWALD WAS SHOT. HE ADVISED THE ENTRANCE IS ALSO

END PAGE ONE

REC 16 105-82555-84

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58DEC5 1963

KNOWN AS THE QUOTE BOOKING ENTRANCE UNQUOTE AT THE CITY HALL.

GEOFFREY STATED HE EXHIBITED HIS PRESS CARD TO A UNIFORMED OFFICER, NAME AND BADGE NUMBER UNKNOWN, WHO WAS ON DUTY AT ENTRANCE. HE KNOWS OF NO UNAUTHORIZED PERSON OR PERSONS PERMITTED TO ENTER THE BASEMENT WITHOUT SHOWING APPROPRIATE IDENTIFICATION.

GEOFFREY STATED HE IS OF OPINION AMPLE ARRANGEMENTS FOR SECURITY HAD BEEN MADE INASMUCH AS THE NEWS MEDIA HAD TO ENTER THE BASEMENT FROM THE PARKING LOT, IDENTIFY THEMSELVES, AND REMAIN IN A SPECIFIED AREA ONCE IN THE BASEMENT.

EDWARDS STATED HE HAS NO INFORMATION THAT ANYONE, INCLUDING POLICE OFFICERS OR OTHER OFFICIALS CONSPIRED WITH RUBY OR WILLINGLY PERMITTED THE KILLING OF OSWALD. HE ADVISED HE DID NOT TALK TO RUBY AND THE ONLY TIME HE SAW RUBY WAS AT THE SHOOTING.

EDWARDS ADVISED HE HAS NO INFORMATION REGARDING ANY RELATIONSHIP OR PRIOR ACQUAINTANCESHIP BETWEEN JACK L. RUBY AND OSWALD.

EDWARDS STATED HE INTERVIEWED TOM HOWARD, ATTORNEY FOR RUBY, AND HOWARD STATED RUBY HAD ENTERED THE BASEMENT OF DALLAS CITY HALL THROUGH THE MAIN STREET ENTRANCE.

EDWARDS STATED HE LEFT DALLAS ELEVEN TWENTYSIX LAST AND RETURNED TO LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA. REPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK

WA 12-49 AM OK FBI WA JS

DL 11-47 PM OK FBI DL LJH

LA 9-48 PM OK FBI LA DRS

TU DISC

cc - Mr. Rosen.

12-2-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS - R

A HANDWRITING ANALYSIS OF THE WRITTEN MATERIAL CONTAINED IN THE ADDRESS BOOK FORWARDED BY YOU INDICATES THAT THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES APPEARING THEREIN WERE NOT WRITTEN BY THE SUBJECT. THE PARTICULAR ADDRESS BOOK REFERRED TO CONTAINS THE NAMES OF REV. AND MRS. GEORGE L. PAINE, LYMAN AND FREDDY PAINE AND M.R. PAINE. IT APPEARS THIS ADDRESS BOOK MAY BE MRS. RUTH PAINE'S. UPON RECEIPT OF THE PHOTOS OF THIS ADDRESS BOOK THEY SHOULD BE EXHIBITED TO MRS. PAINE TO DETERMINE IF THIS IS HER ADDRESS BOOK. SUTEL RESULTS.

WDS:cgw
(3)

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21 FEB 01 1973

DEC 2 2 09 PM '63

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

105-82555-85

Tolson
Belmont
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Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

REC-A

PLAIN TEXT per B.S. 12-3-63

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC SAN ANTONIO

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

REURTEL NOVEMBER TWENTY NINE LAST, SEVEN FIFTY FOUR P.M. RE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT.

IN VIEW PROBABILITY OSWALD TRAVELED TO NUEVO LAREDO ON BUS OF TRANSPORTES FRONTERA WHICH ARRIVED AT BORDER SEVEN A.M., OCTOBER TWO LAST, DESIRED YOU CONTINUE CHECKS IN EFFORT TO DEVELOP METHOD OF TRANSPORTATION OF OSWALD TO DL WHERE HE ARRIVED SOME TIME DURING OCTOBER THREE LAST. DO NOT LIMIT CHECKS TO PASSENGER MANIFESTS BUT SPECIFICALLY IDENT PERSONNEL HANDLING TICKET SALES AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT WHICH SUBJECT WOULD MOST LIKELY UTILIZE IF ARRIVAL AT BORDER WAS AS SUSPECTED. ALSO ATTEMPT TO PINPOINT TRANSPORTATION PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN OPERATION OF MOST LIKELY MEANS OF TRAVEL MATCHING OSWALD'S ARRIVAL AT BORDER ON SEPTEMBER TWENTY SIX LAST. CONSIDER POSSIBILITY OSWALD TRAVELED BY CAR OR BUS TO SA THENCE TO DL BY AIR. CHECK APPROPRIATE FLIGHTS AT SA OCTOBER TWO LAST. SUTEL BUREAU AND DL. DL SENT COPY BY MAIL.

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21 FEB 01 1973

105-82555-786

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Mohr
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Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

1 - Dallas

JCS:hrt
(4)

DEC 3 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963
TELETYPE

REC 1

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 87 INCOMING

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

2

CIA

REFERRAL

Domestic Intelligence Division
Informative Note

11-25-63

Attached are two CIA releases concerning assassination of President matter. In CIA Release No. 84951 CIA asks several questions concerning Oswald, results of interview with him, background data re Mrs. Paine and data re her auto. Answers to these questions must be provided by Nationalities Intelligence and Soviet Sections and also General Investigative Division. Results of Oswald's interview not yet received.

CIA Release No. 84950 concerns Sylvia T. Duran, Mexican employee of Cuban Embassy in Mexico, and her contact with Oswald. She and her husband were arrested by Mexican authorities on 11-23-63 for interrogation. She was cooperative and furnished written statements re two visits by Oswald to Cuban Embassy in late September 1963 for purpose of obtaining visa to transit Cuba to go to USSR. Carlos Lechuga, Cuban Ambassador to United Nations and formerly Cuban Ambassador to Mexico, and Duran desire to marry.

WDE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
11-27-63

CODE

1 - Mr. Branigan

TELETYPE

PRIORITY

REC'D-READING ROOM

REC-88 105-82555-87

1 - Mr. Mannall
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Liaison

TO DIRECTOR CIA

SECRET

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

SECRET. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R - CUBA.

REFERENCE YOUR TELETYPE NOVEMBER TWENTY-FIVE LAST, YOUR NUMBER EIGHT FOUR NINE FIVE ONE. WITH REGARD TO YOUR INQUIRIES IN PARAGRAPHS A, B, C AND D, OUR DALLAS OFFICE HAS ADVISED THAT DURING INTERVIEWS OF SUBJECT BETWEEN TIME OF HIS ARREST AND HIS ASSASSINATION, INTERROGATION WAS CONCERNED ENTIRELY WITH MURDER OF PRESIDENT, HIS PROCURING OF FIREARMS, HIS ACTIVITIES IN DALLAS, ETC. AT THE TIME SUBJECT WAS MURDERED ON NOVEMBER TWENTY-FOUR LAST, QUESTIONING OF HIM HAD NOT EXTENDED TO HIS TRAVEL TO MEXICO OR HIS CONTACTS WITH SOVIET ESTABLISHMENTS.

CONCERNING MRS. PAINE, WE HAVE INSTRUCTED OUR DALLAS OFFICE TO SECURE INFORMATION REQUESTED AND YOU WILL BE ADVISED ON RECEIPT OF THIS DATA. ARRANGEMENTS HAVE ALSO BEEN MADE TO HAVE SUBJECT'S WIFE INTERVIEWED WITH AID OF RUSSIAN INTERPRETER, AND EFFORTS WILL BE MADE TO SECURE ANY KNOWLEDGE SHE MAY HAVE REGARDING SUBJECT'S CONTACTS WITH SOVIET ESTABLISHMENTS.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES NOTIFIED BY TELETYPE ON 11/27/63 BY [illegible]

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

RDC:klp (9)

VIA TELETYPE
NOV 27 1963
ENCIPHERED

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

SECRET

Classified by 2140
INITIALED Exempt from GDS, Category 3
DIRECTOR'S OFFICE Date of Declassification Indefinite

79 DEC 12 1963

FBI/DOJ TELETYPE UNIT

DIRECTOR CIA

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan

SECRET

[redacted]

S

[redacted]

S

[redacted]

S

NOTE:

CODING UNIT

See cover memorandum W. R. Wannall to W. C. Sullivan, same caption, same date, prepared by RDC:klp.

-2-

SECRET

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

SECRET

VERY URGENT 11-29-63

TO DIRECTOR AND LEGAT PARIS

FROM LEGAT BERN NO. 241

CHANGED. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA HARVEY LEE OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY - R AND CUBA.

TITLE CHANGED TO SHOW CORRECT SEQUENCE OF FIRST AND MIDDLE NAMES.

[redacted]

COPIES DESTROYED 21 FEB 01 1973

CABLE DESK 11-29-63 MCT TO

Classified by

Exempt from GDS, Category

Date of Declassification Indefinite

68 DEC 5 1963

SECRET

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

PAGE 2 - BERN NO. 241

Cable sent by Cutler

SECRET

HENRY D. GRUSH

RECEIVED: 7:39 AM MAD

SECRET

3RD CC: MR. BRENNAN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 1 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-1-63 4-46 PM LLD

TO SAC DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR 1 P

UNSUB. MAJOR GENERAL EDWIN A. WALKER, VIKEX.

REURTEL DECEMBER ONE SIXTYTHREE.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE THREAT ON GENERAL WALKER-S LIFE, YOU SHOULD IMMEDIATELY ATTEMPT TO INTERVIEW WALKER AND ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ORIGINAL LETTERS RECEIVED BY HIM FOR SUBMISSION TO FBI LABORATORY. THIS MATTER SHOULD BE PRESENTED TO APPROPRIATE USA FOR PORSECUTIVE OPINION. IN INTERVIEWING WALKER, YOU SHOULD ADVISE HIM THE FBI CANNOT AFFORD HIM PROTECTION AND ADVISE HIM HE SHOULD, IF NOT ALREADY DONE, NOTIFY LOCAL AUTHORITIES. IN EVENT LOCAL POLICE NOT NOTIFIED BY WALKER, YOU SHOULD FURNISH INFORMATION RE THREAT TO APPROPRIATE LOCAL AUTHORITIES. COPY TO NEW YORK BY MAIL.

END ACK PLS

CORR LINE FIVE SCRD TWO - PROSECUTIVE-

END ACK

3-48 PM OK FBI DL WD 3-48 PM M

Oswald

11583 -

105- 82555-UNREC.

NOT RECORDED
128 DEC 2 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1 1963

TELETYPE

THIS IS FBI WA 202-965-071

THIS IS G. H. SOULE CALLING FROM 601-482-6824.
IS IT POSSIBLE TO TRANSMIT A CONFIDENTIAL MESSAGE TO MR. J. EDGAR HOOVER ON THIS CONNECTION OR WOULD YOU PREFER TO CALL ME FROM ANOTHER MACHINE--MY MESSAGE IS ON TAPE WITHOUT A HEADING OR SIGNATURE, BUT IS INTENDED FOR MR. HOOVER PERSONALLY OR A MEMBER OF HIS CONFIDENTIAL STAFF. GA PLS

GA AND SEND MESSAGE ON THIS MACHINE

AFTER READING IN THE MORNING PAPERS THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE TURNED OVER TO YOU THE "CONSULAR FILE" ON Lee Harvey OSWALD, THE EVENTS ORIGINATING IN RUSSIA AND THOSE IN ADDITION HAVING CHARACTERISTICS MAKING THEM APPEAR AS POSSIBLY RUSSIAN CONNECTED, I HAVE BEGUN TO FEEL A FAIRLY STRONG SUSPICION THAT THERE IS MORE TO THE OSWALD-RUBY CASE THAN SIMPLE INDIVIDUAL ACTS ON THE PART OF THE TWO MEN.

105-82555-ONREC.

NOT RECORDED
167 DEC 9 1963

CERTAINLY, WE CAN AGREE THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE MADE THE CASE A BASIS OF A PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN. I REALIZE THAT A SUGGESTION THAT THE ASSASSINATION MAY HAVE ORIGINATED IN RUSSIA SOUNDS FAR-FETCHED AND IN FACT, IF IT DID NOT, I WOULD PROBABLY NOT BE WRITING YOU THUS. AT ANY RATE, THE SUSPICION IS IN MY MIND, AND I CAN BE RELIEVED ONLY BY COMMUNICATING IT TO YOU.

59 DEC 10 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

IF THERE IS ANYTHING AT ALL TO MY SUSPICIONS, THERE WILL BE MORE DEVELOPMENTS IN THE RUSSIAN CAMPAIGN TO GET MAXIMUM OF PROPAGANDA VALUE FROM THE CASE. IT WOULD SEEM TO ME THAT, AT SOME POINT, THEY WILL WANT TO BRING THE WIDOW OF OSWALD TO RUSSIA SO THAT STATEMENTS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO HER DISPARAGING THE UNITED STATES. ALSO, IT WOULD SEEM TO ME QUITE LIKELY THAT THEY WILL, IN THE EVENT THAT RUBY BECOMES AVAILABLE, TRY TO BRING HIM TO RUSSIA FOR A SIMILAR REASON.

PLEASE KEEP IN MIND THAT I HAVE NO KNOWLEDGE OF THE CASE EXCEPT FROM NEWSPAPERS, TELEVISION AND RADIO. ALSO, I AM SOMEWHAT EMBARRASSED TO BE SO PRESUMPTIVE IN PASSING THIS ON TO YOU, BUT I FEEL THAT I MUST DO IT.

IF THE DOCUMENTS PLACED IN YOUR HANDS BY THE RUSSIANS PURPORT TO BE ORIGINALS, THE SCIENTIFIC DETERMINATION OF THE AGE OF EACH ENTRY, IF POSSIBLE, WOULD PROBABLY PROVIDE USEFUL CLUES.

I WILL DESTROY MY COPY OF THIS COMMUNICATION AS WELL AS THE TAPE USED IN TRANSMITTING IT AND IT WILL NOT BE NECESSARY AS FAR AS I AM CONCERNED, FOR YOU TO ACKNOWLEDGE IT OTHER THAN THAT I WOULD LIKE AN ASSURANCE NOW THAT THE TRANSMISSION WAS LEGIBLY RECEIVED BEFORE DESTROYING THE TAPE. GA PLS

THERE IS NO SIGNATURE TO THIS RIGHT

THE SIGNATURE IS [G H SOULE] GA

WHAT CITY AND STATE PLS

MERIDIAN MISSISSIPPI GA

1-49 PM OK FBI WA MSL RECEIVED OK

END

URGENT 12-1-63 2-01 AM CST JLT

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /89-69/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. AFC.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE INSTANT, ELEVEN TWENTY PM.

FOLLOWING IS A SUMMARY OF GENERAL INVESTIGATION BY NEW ORLEANS OFFICE NOVEMBER THIRTY.

SEPARATE TELETYPES HAVE BEEN SENT BUREAU AND DALLAS ON SPECIFIC INVESTIGATION AS RESULT OF SPECIFIC LEADS.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD - TRAVEL

IN ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE OSWALD'S MODE AND ROUTE OF TRAVEL INTO MEXICO, SEPT. TWENTYSIX, SIXTYTHREE, THREE TICKET STUBS REPRESENTING TRAVEL BETWEEN NEW ORLEANS AND DALLAS ON SEPT. TWENTYFOUR, SEPT. TWENTYFIVE AND SEPT. TWENTYSIX, SIXTYTHREE, OBTAINED THROUGH CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS BUS SYSTEM. THESE STUBS BEING SUBMITTED TO LABORATORY FOR LATENT FINGERPRINT EXAMINATION.

LEONARD R. HOLLAND, JR., TICKET AGENT, CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS BUS SYSTEM, NEW ORLEANS, LA., ADVISED THAT HE WAS UNABLE TO IDENTIFY LEE HARVEY OSWALD AS EVER HAVING BEEN SEEN AT THIS BUS STATION, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

END PAGE ONE

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 10 1963

62-109060-UNREC.

53 DEC 11 1963

FILED IN

THREE NEW ORLEANS TRAVEL AGENCIES SOLD NO CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS BUS TICKETS TO MEXICO IN SEPTEMBER NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, OR TO DALLAS ON SEPTEMBER TWENTYFOUR, TWENTYFIVE OR TWENTYSIX LAST. ONE AGENCY CLOSED AND WILL BE CONTACTED DECEMBER TWO, SIXTYTHREE.

GREYHOUND BUS ONE WAY FARE IS THIRTY DOLLARS AND TWENTYFIVE CENTS AND ROUND TRIP FARE IS FIFTYFOUR DOLLARS AND FORTYFIVE CENTS TO MEXICO CITY FROM NEW ORLEANS, LA. TWO GREYHOUND BUSES LEAVE NEW ORLEANS DAILY WITH NO EXCEPTIONS FOR MEXICO CITY WITH STOPS BEING MADE AT LAKE CHARLES, LA., SAN ANTONIO AND LAREDO, TEX., ENDING IN MEXICO CITY. THE FIRST DAILY DEPARTURE LEAVES NEW ORLEANS AT TWELVE FORTYFIVE A.M. ARRIVING IN MEXICO CITY AT SEVEN THIRTY P.M. THE NEXT DAY. THE SECOND DAILY DEPARTURE LEAVES NEW ORLEANS AT FIVE FORTYFIVE P.M., ARRIVING IN MEXICO CITY AT ELEVEN THIRTY A.M. THE SECOND DAY MAKING A TOTAL OF ABOUT FORTYFOUR HOURS PER EACH TRIP WITH QUOTE STOPOVER UNQUOTE PRIVILEGES AT ANY POINT. QUOTE ENDORSEMENT UNQUOTE SPACE ON A TICKET ONLY USED BY ISSUING TICKET AGENT WHEN ISSUING TICKET FOR REASON FOR OTHER THAN NORMAL SUCH AS USE OF A GOVERNMENT TRANSPORTATION REQUEST.

END PAGE TWO

EDWARD VOEBEL, ASSOCIATE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD WHEN STUDENTS IN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL, ADVISED HE WENT TO MERIDA, MEXICO, DURING FIRST WEEK OF AUG., SIXTYTHREE, AS MEMBER OF ART GROUP FROM LA. STATE UNIVERSITY AT NEW ORLEANS, PAREN LSUNO PAREN. OSWALD WAS NOT A MEMBER OF THIS GROUP AND HE HAS HAD NO CONTACT WITH OSWALD SINCE JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL.

DAVID DIAZ, STUDENT, LSUNO, FURNISHED THE NAMES OF TWELVE PERSONS WHO MADE TRIP TO MERIDA, MEXICO. ADVISED OSWALD WAS NOT MEMBER OF GROUP. STATED TRIP WAS MADE BY PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS, AND STAY IN MEXICO WAS FROM AUG. TWENTY TO AUG. TWENTYSIX, SIXTYTHREE.

JOHN P. SMITH, PROFESSOR OF ART, LSUNO, FURNISHED NAMES OF FOUR ADDITIONAL PERSONS WHO MADE TRIP TO MERIDA, MEXICO, AUG. TWENTY TO AUG. TWENTYFIX, SIXTYTHREE. ADVISED OSWALD WAS NOT MEMBER OF GROUP AND HE WAS ACQUAINTED WITH ALL PERSONS IN GROUP.

END PAGE THREE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD - EMPLOYMENT

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES IN THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF TWO WHICH WILL NOT BE OPEN UNTIL DEC. TWO SIXTY THREE, WERE CONTACTED RE LEE HARVEY OSWALD. ALL NEGATIVE WITH EXCEPTION OF TWO, A DASH ONE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY AND COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY. RECORDS OF THESE TWO AGENCIES INDICATE LEE HARVEY OSWALD REGISTERED FOR A POSITION AS A PHOTOGRAPHER ON MAY SIX AND MAY SEVEN LAST, RESPECTIVELY. HE WAS REFERRED TO PELICAN PRINTING COMPANY AND WEBER PHOTOGRAPHERS BY A DASH ONE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, HOWEVER CONTACT AT BOTH OF THESE PLACES INDICATE THERE WAS NO RECORD OF OSWALD AND NO ONE REMEMBERS INTERVIEWING HIM, FOR A POSITION. HE WAS REFERRED TO DARREL DE MOSS COMPANY BY COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY AND WAS SIMILARLY NOT INDENTIFIABLE AT THAT COMPANY. JOB APPLICATION RECORDS WERE REVIEWED WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS. APPLICATION FORMS BEING FORWARDED FBI LABORATORY.

ON NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN LAST SA PETER VIAL, U.S. SECRET SERVICE ADVISED HE HEARD FROM SOURCE HE COULD NOT RECALL THAT OSWALD MADE APPLICATION FOR EMPLOYMENT AT MICHOUD AND WENT TO WORK AT MICHOUD.

END PAGE FOUR

ON NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE LAST REVIEW OF RECORDS OF PERSONNEL OFFICES FOR NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION, /NASA/, MASON/RUST CONTRACTORS AND CHRYSLER CORPORATION SPACE DIVISION, ALL MICHOUD, LOUISIANA FAILED TO REFLECT THAT OSWALD HAD MADE APPLICATION FOR EMPLOYMENT.

ON NOVEMBER THIRTY REVIEW OF RECORDS OF PERSONNEL OFFICE THE BOEING COMPANY, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA FAILED TO REFLECT THAT OSWALD HAD MADE APPLICATION FOR EMPLOYMENT WITH BOEING AT NASA.

ON NOV. TWENTYNINE LAST, RALPH C. HIRDES, MANAGER, COSMOS SHIPPING CO., NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED OSWALD EXECUTED EMPLOYMENT APPLICATION DATED AUGUST SIX LAST. APPLICATION REVEALED PREVICUS EMPLOYER AS GERARD F. TUJAGUE, FOUR FOUR TWO CANAL. REFERENCES LISTED AS DUTZ MURRET, SEVEN FIVE SEVEN FRENCH ST., CHARLES LABLACE, TWO NINE ZERO FIVE MAGAZINE ST., RUTH KOLPHER, FOUR ONE TWO PINE ST.

INVESTIGATION REVEALS FOUR ONE TWO PINE ST., AS A NON EXISTENT ADDRESS, NO ONE BY NAME OF KOLPHER AS RESIDENT OF PINE ST. JOSEPH J. CHAPATELL, CABINET MAKER, TWO NINE ZERO FIVE MAGAZINE ST., ADVISED LOCATED AT THIS ADDRESS FIFTEEN YEARS, AND NO ONE BY NAME OF LABLACE FAMILIAR TO HIM. ALSO STATED NO ONE FITTING DESCRIPTION OF OSWALD OBSERVED IN AREA OF TWO NINE ZERO FIVE MAGAZINE ST.

END PAGE FIVE

IT IS TO BE NOTED OSWALD CONTACTED BY MRS. RUTH KLOEPFER, THREE SIX ZERO PINE ST, REPRESENTING FRIENDS SOCIETY, UNITARIAN CHURCH. CHARLES JOSEPH LEBLANC TWO EIGHT TWO FOUR SOUTH ROMAN ST., CO DASH EMPLOYEE OF OSWALD AT W.B. REILY CO., INC., NEW ORLEANS.

TUJAGUE, MURRET, KLOEPFER, LEBLANC PREVIOUSLY INTERVIEWED IN REGARD TO OSWALD.

IN CONNECTION WITH WEEKLY REGISTRATION FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, OSWALD SUBMITTED A FORM REFLECTING EFFOPTS TO LOCATE EMPLOYMENT DURING PAST WEEK. OF THE FIFTYFIVE FIRMS LISTED ON THESE WEEKLY FORMS AS HAVING BEEN CONTACTED BY OSWALD, TWELVE DETERMINED TO BE NON-EXISTENT. FIVE FIRMS CANNOT BE CONTACTED UNTIL DECEMBER SECOND NEXT.

OF THE REMAINING THIRTYEIGHT FIRMS ONLY COSMOS SHIPPING CO. RECEIVED APPLICATION FROM OSWALD ON AUGUST SIXTH, SIXTYTHREE. THIS APPLICATION OBTAINED AND BEING FORWARDED FBI LABORATORY.

FOUR FIRMS RECALL OSWALD AS APPLICANT BUT HAVE NO WRITTEN RECORD AND NO FURTHER DATA. THIRTYTHREE FIRMS HAVE NO INFORMATION CONCERNING ANY EFFORT TO OBTAIN EMPLOYMENT ON PART OF OSWALD.

END PAGE SIX

INVESTIGATION TO ESTABLISH DAILY WHEREABOUTS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

PERSONS WHO APPROVED TEX. EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION CHECKS FOR CASHING AT WINN DIXIE STORES IN NEW ORLEANS DID NOT RECALL OSWALD AS PERSON WHO CASHED CHECKS. STATED THEY DID NOT KNOW OSWALD PERSONALLY. ONE OTHER CHECK DETERMINED TO HAVE BEEN CASHED AT MARTIN/S RESTAURANT, SEVEN ZERO ONE TCHOUPITOULAS, NEW ORLEANS. ROSE MARTIN WHO ACCEPTED THIS CHECK HAS ALREADY BEEN INTERVIEWED IN CONNECTION WITH OTHER CHECKS CASHED THERE EARLIER BY OSWALD AND RESULTS OF THAT INVESTICATION HAVE ALREADY BEEN REPORTED.

RE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

RELATIVE TO PHOTOGRAPHS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD TAKEN AT NEW ORLEANS, LA., ON AUGUST SIXTEEN SIXTYTHREE, BY JOHANN RUST, WDSU/TV, NEW ORLEANS INTERNATIONAL TRADE MART DIRECTOR, JESSE R. CORE, ADVISED THAT OSWALD AND ONE OTHER UNKNOWN INDIVIDUAL WERE THE PERSONS WHO PASSED OUT HANDBILLS BEARING THE WORDS QUOTE HANDS OFF CUBA UNQUOTE AT NEW ORLEANS, LA. DURING SEPTEMBER SIXTYTHREE. CORE IDENTIFIED OSWALD AND ONE OTHER

END PAGE SEVEN

WHITE MALE UNKNOWN TO HIM AS PERSONS PASSING OUT HANDBILLS. CORE STATED HE DID NOT KNOW THE IDENTITY OF OTHER INDIVIDUALS REPRESENTED IN THE PHOTOGRAPHS EXCEPT FOR TWO TRADE HART ASSOCIATES OF HIS WHO WERE SPECTATORS IN THESE PHOTOGRAPHS. EFFORTS CONTINUING TO IDENTIFY ALL PERSONS DEPICTED IN THESE PHOTOGRAPHS.

MR. GEORGE LONGE AND MISS OLGA E. FABACHER, BOTH NEW ORLEANS, WHO WERE REPORTED AS RECIPIENTS OF FPCC LITERATURE, INTERVIEWED TODAY AND ADVISED THAT OSWALD WAS UNKNOWN TO THEM.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD - MISCELLANEOUS

LT. FRANCIS L. MARTELLO, NOPD, ADVISED HE INTERVIEWED LEE HARVEY OSWALD ON TWO OCCASIONS ON AUG. TEN, SIXTYTHREE, WHILE OSWALD WAS IN CUSTODY FOLLOWING HIS ARREST AUG. NINE, SIXTYTHREE FOR DISTURBING THE PEACE IN PASSING OUT FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE LITERATURE.

MARTELLO STATED THE FOLLOWING INFO OBTAINED DURING THESE INTERVIEWS HAD NEVER BEEN REPORTED TO ANYONE BY HIM. OSWALD INFORMED ON THE FIRST INTERVIEW THAT HE HAD BECOME INTERESTED IN FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE IN NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT IN

END PAGE EIGHT

LOS ANGELES, CALIF. WHILE IN THE U.S. MARINE CORPS AND HE HAD GOTTEN INTO SOME TROUBLE WITH MARINE CORPS FOR HAVING IN HIS POSSESSION FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE LITERATURE. OSWALD MAINTAINED HE HAD BEEN MEMBER OF THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE FOR THREE MONTHS AND THERE WERE THIRTYFIVE MEMBERS IN NEW ORLEANS, BUT REFUSED TO IDENTIFY ANY MEMBERS. OSWALD SAID AN AVERAGE OF FIVE PERSONS ATTENDED FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE MEETINGS, HELD ONCE A MONTH AT VARIOUS PLACES IN NEW ORLEANS. OSWALD DECLINED TO IDENTIFY LOCATION OF MEETING PLACES, BUT ADMITTED WERE ON PINE ST.

MARTELLO SAID ON AUG. TEN, SIXTYTHREE, A MRS. CHARLES MURRETT, AUNT OF OSWALD, CAME TO THE STATION TO INQUIRE CONCERNING OSWALD. IN CONVERSATION WITH MRS. MURRETT, MARTELLO SAID SHE RELATED THAT MRS. LEE HARVEY OSWALD TOLD MRS. MURRETT THAT MRS. OSWALD LIKED AMERICA, BUT HER HUSBAND DID NOT LIKE AMERICA.

MARTELLO REPORTED AFTER MRS. MURRETT LEFT HE REINTERVIEWED OSWALD AND HE ASKED OSWALD IF HE WERE A COMMUNIST AND OSWALD REPLIED HE WAS NOT, HOWEVER, ADMITTED HE WAS A SOCIALIST. OSWALD SAID HE WAS IN FULL ACCORD WITH THE

END PAGE NINE

BOOK QUOTE DAS KAPITAL UNQUOTE, WRITTEN BY KARL MARX.
OSWALD SAID THAT RUSSIA DID NOT PRACTICE TRUE COMMUNISM.
OSWALD CLAIMED THAT COMMUNISM AS PRACTICED IN RUSSIA STUNK,
ADDING RUSSIA HAS QUOTE FAT STINKING POLITICIANS OVER
THERE JUST LIKE WE HAVE OVER HERE UNQUOTE AND THEY DO NOT
FOLLOW THE GREAT CONCEPTS OF KARL MARX, SINCE THE LEADERS
IN RUSSIA HAVE EVERYTHING AND THE PEOPLE ARE STILL POOR AND
DEPRESSED. OSWALD ADMITTED HE WOULD NOT ALLOW MEMBERS OF
HIS FAMILY TO SPEAK ENGLISH SINCE HE HATED AMERICA AND HE
DID NOT WANT THEM TO BECOME QUOTE AMERICANIZED UNQUOTE,
AND IT WAS HIS PLAN TO GO BACK TO RUSSIA AND ALREADY
APPLIED THROUGH THE STATE DEPT. FOR A VISA BACK TO RUSSIA.

MARTELLO SAID HE QUIRIED OSWALD AS TO WHAT HE THOUGHT
ABOUT PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY AND NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV AND
HIS ANSWER WAS THEY GOT ALONG VERY WELL TOGETHER. OSWALD
WAS ASKED IF HE HAD TO PLACE ALLEGIANCE OR MAKE A DECISION
BETWEEN RUSSIA AND AMERICA WHICH WOULD HE CHOOSE AND REPLIED
QUOTE I WOULD PLACE MY ALLEGIANCE AT THE FOOT OF DEMOCRACY
UNQUOTE.

END PAGE TEN

INSERTS AND/OR FD THREE ZERO TWOS HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED TO DALLAS ON ALL INVESTIGATION TO DATE. MATERIAL MAILED TODAY SHOULD BE RECEIVED DALLAS DECEMBER ONE.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 3-35 AM OK FBI WA JS

DL 2-34 AM CST OK FBI DL PS

TU DISC

12/2/63

CODE

CABLEGRAM URGENT

TO LEGAT OTTAWA

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE. DALLAS, TEXAS.

PISTOL USED BY OSWALD TO KILL PATROLMAN TIPPET .

REVOLVER FOUND IN POSSESSION OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AT TIME OF HIS ARREST AND USED TO KILL OFFICER J. D. TIPPET , DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS COLON

SMITH AND WESSON POINT THIRTY EIGHT SLANT TWO HUNDRED BRITISH SERVICE REVOLVER, VICTORY MODEL WITH PARKERIZED FINISH BEARING SERIAL NUMBER V FIVE ONE ZERO TWO ONE ZERO AND ASSEMBLY NUMBER SIX FIVE TWO FOUR EIGHT. GEORGE ROSE AND COMPANY, INC., ONE TWO TWO FIVE SOUTH GRAND AVENUE, LOS ANGELES, ADVISED ABOVE GUN WAS ONE OF FIVE CASES OF SIMILAR GUNS PURCHASED BY THEM FROM EMPIRE WHOLESALE SPORTING GOODS, LTD., THREE SIX ZERO CRAIG STREET WEST, MONTREAL, CANADA. SHIPPED BY LATTER COMPANY TO ROSE DECEMBER EIGHTEEN, NINETEEN SIXTYTWO AND RECEIVED BY ROSE JANUARY THREE, LAST, VIA ACME FAST FREIGHT. FOR INFORMATION OF LEGAT ROSE COMPANY ALSO DOES MAIL ORDER BUSINESS UNDER NAME SEAPORT TRADERS, INC., ONE TWO TWO ONE SOUTH GRAND AVENUE,

RHB:lmt

(4)

1 - Liaison Section (Cleared through Kitchens)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

NOT RECORDED
28 DEC 6 1963

UNREC.

VIA CABLEGRAM
DEC 2 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

CABLEGRAM TO LEGAT OTTAWA
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

LEGAT SHOULD ARRANGE TO HAVE THE ORIGINAL ORDER FOR THIS GUN TRACED. HANDLE IMMEDIATELY.

NOTE: Above information furnished by Los Angeles teletype with request to trace gun to Canadian source.

NR. 070
ENC. 1 ENV
CK.
APPROVED
TYPED BY

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. UNRECORDED 5 AFTER "88

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

2

CIA

REFERRAL

TELETYPE

URGENT 12/2/63 8-26 PM PST JEQ

TO DIRECTOR, /44-24016/, ATTENTION CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION, AND
SAC-S DALLAS AND LOS ANGELES.

FROM SAC, SAN DIEGO /44-251/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH R. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT.

FOLLOWING INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED BY SA JOHN C. FLYNN.

J. B. SCHEIHING, BRENTWOOD TRAILER PARK, ONE ONE ZERO ZERO INDUSTRIAL BOULEVARD, CHULAVISTA, CALIFORNIA, THIS DATE ADVISED THAT IN AUGUST ONE NINE SIX THREE QUOTE LON UNQUOTE BONNER HAD TOLD HIM THAT HE HAD HEARD PRESIDENT JOHN KENNEDY, ATTORNEY GENERAL ROBERT KENNEDY, U. S. SUPREME COURT JUSTICE EARL WARREN AND GOVERNOR EDMUND BROWN OF CALIFORNIA WOULD BE QUOTE WIPED OUT UNQUOTE IN THIS YEAR.

SCHEIHING DID NOT KNOW BONNER-S SOURCE FOR THIS INFORMATION.

SCHEIHING ADVISED BONNER CAN BE CONTACTED HO DASH HUM MOTEL, ONE ZERO THREE EAST COAST HIGHWAY, LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA. BONNER EMPLOYED AT RIO HONDO SUBSTATION, LONG BEACH, CARE OF EDISON ELECTRIC COMPANY. HE IS WORKING FOR R. S. SCHULMAN COMPANY, A CONTRACTOR DOING WORK UNDER CONTRACT TO THE EDISON COMPANY.

LOS ANGELES, CONTACT QUOTE LON UNQUOTE BONNER AND INTERVIEW REGARDING ANY INFORMATION HE HAS CONCERNING ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

REPORT FOLLOWS

END AND ACK PLS

WA 11-31 PM OK FBI WA JS
DL 10-30 PM OK FBI DL DEC
LA 8-30 PM OK FBI LA AH
TU DISC

5 DEC C

Cc: Mr. Rosen

UNREC.

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1963

58DEC10 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 11-21 PM TED

TO DIRECTOR

FROM ~~SAC~~, DALLAS /89-43/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. AFO.

RE REPORT OF SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, DATED NOVEMBER THIRTY, SIXTYTHREE, AT DALLAS.

FOLLOWING CORRECTIONS BEING MADE IN DALLAS COPIES, PLEASE CORRECT BUREAU COPIES. CHANGE LINE TWO, PARAGRAPH SIX, PAGE TWO ONE ZERO, TO READ, A RECORD OF REFERENCES TO EMPLOYERS MADE BY TEC.

CHANGE THE FIRST PARAGRAPH AT TOP OF PAGE TWO ONE ONE, TO READ, OCTOBER FIFTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, TRANS DASH TEXAS DASH CARGO HANDLER DASH DASH DASH DID NOT REPORT TO EMPLOYER. NOTICE RECEIVED TENTHIRTY A.M., OCTOBER SIXTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, THAT OSWALD WAS WORKING. P.

END AND ACK PLS XEROX

NOT RECORDED
DEC 17

WAMOOOMMMMMMMMM DEC 18 1963

WA 12-25 AM OK FBI WA LET

TU AND DISC

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

2016 San Pasqual Street
Pasadena 10, California
November 25, 1965

Mr. J.Edgar Hoover, Director
The Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed you will find my personal check, made out to "Mrs. Lee Harvey Oswald, Dallas, Texas", in the amount of Ten Dollars ($10.00)

I should very much appreciate it if you would forward this check to Mrs. Oswald for me. I desire that it should be used for food for herself and the children - a Thanksgiving gift sent to a woman in trouble from one fortunate enough to be an American citizen.

Should your office feel any necessity to "investigate" me, let me set forth the following facts: I am, as I said, a woman, and an American citizen. I am also a birthright Californian, and a resident of the city of Pasadena in that State. Because I daily study, and mediate upon, and try to put into practice the words and works of Christ Jesus, the Mayshower, I think I am entitled, also, to call myself a Christian.

Anything else you should needfully know can be ascertained by contacting me at my home, the address given above.

Thank you for attending to this Thanksgiving for me.

Sincerely yours,

Elinor Scofield
Mrs. Elinor Scofield

ENCLOSURE

REC. 87

5-5-89

REC-87 105-82555-89

December 3, 1963

REGISTERED

Mrs. Elinor Scofield
2016 San Pasqual Street
Pasadena 10, California

Dear Mrs. Scofield:

Mr. Hoover read your letter of November 25th, with enclosures. He asked me to inform you that the FBI has no connection with any fund for Mrs. Oswald. In addition, he has always made it a matter of policy not to forward mail; therefore, I am returning your check to you.

Sincerely yours,

Helen W. Gandy
Secretary

716736

Enclosure

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:dll
(3)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI
ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

DATE: December 3, 1963

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43)(P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka;
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

Codyak

There are enclosed two sheets of paper with handwriting in the Russian language prepared by MARINA OSWALD. These papers are receipts issued by Mrs. OSWALD for material and money given her. The paper on which the mistake was made and written over by MARINA may be retained by the Laboratory. The other is the receipt which will be maintained in the Dallas file. It is requested this copy be returned to Dallas when it is no longer needed by the Laboratory.

These specimens are being forwarded to the Laboratory for such comparison purposes as may be necessary by the Laboratory to determine if Russian handwriting in possession of the Laboratory and believed to be that of MARINA OSWALD is identical with this known handwriting of MARINA OSWALD.

Further handwriting specimens will be obtained in the future and forwarded to the Laboratory.

2 - Bureau (Enc. 2)(AMSD)(REGISTERED)
3 - Dallas (89-43)(100-10,461)(105-1435)
WRH/gm
(5)

DEPT OF JUSTICE
DEC 13 1963
DOCUMENT SECTION
RECEIVED

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 16 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: ASSISTANT DIRECTOR W. C. SULLIVAN

DATE: 12/3/63

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.;
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas
ANO

OO - DALLAS

Enclosed herewith is a seven-page pencilled, handwritten resume concerning background of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The seven-page resume is written on lined notebook paper.

The above described was found by Dallas Police Officers J. P. ADAMCIK, R. S. STOVALL, G. F. ROSE, and H. M. MOORE during search of the property of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the garage of Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, on November 22, 1963. The document bears the initials of the above officers who conducted the search, and also the date.

The above seven-page resume was turned over to SAs JAMES W. BOOKHOUT and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON by Captain WILL FRITZ, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, on 12/2/63.

It is requested that the handwriting on the enclosed be examined with known handwriting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD to determine if it is identical with the handwriting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 1)(RM)
2 - Dallas
GWHC:pm
(5)

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 16 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-15-59)

FBI

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Re report of SA LEO E. PEDROTTY, 12/2/63 at Chicago.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 10 copies of the Index to rerep; enclosed for Dallas are three copies of Index.

"Index" as this actually contains

copies inserted in all reports JMK 12-20-63

10 ENCLOSURE

(3) - Bureau (Encls. 10)
1 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 3)
1 - Chicago

LEP:mam
(5)

UNREC.

NOT RECORDED
5 DEC 20 1963

5 JMK

Vick

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W.C. Sullivan

FROM : Mr. J.F. Bland

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

DATE: December 3, 1963.

Mr. W.C. Sullivan
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Branigan
Mr. Handley
Mr. Glascock

62-109060

At 1:22AM, EST, 12/3/63, SA Joseph J. Loeffler, Dallas, telephonically advised SA J Harold Glascock, Domestic Intelligence Division, that four packages had been forwarded the Bureau c/o Captain Cullen Roe, American Airlines flight #690 which was due to leave Love Field, Dallas at 11:55PM, CST, 12/2/63 and to arrive at National Airport, Washington, D.C. at 4:10AM, EST, 12/3/63.

SA Loeffler stated there is a small package addressed to Asst. Dir. Conrad, another addressed to the attention of the Ballistics Section of the Laboratory, to be delivered to Mr. Rosen's Office for subsequent delivery in case there is no one on duty in the Laboratory. There are two larger packages containing extra copies of the Dallas report, four copies of which were transmitted earlier on 12/2/63.

At 1:30AM, EST, 12/3/63, the above information was telephonically furnished to Clerk J.P. Doyle, WFO Security Patrol with instructions to have the flight met by a WFO agent and the packages obtained. He was further advised that thetwo smaller packages are to be delivered to Mr. Rosen's Office for delivery to the Laboratory when it opens 12/3/63 and the two packages of the report are to be delivered to Room 800, Kiddell Building (Domestic Intelligence Division).

Action: For the record.

Placed in 105-82555

REC-31

62-109060-

25 DEC 5 1963

ENCL FIELD

UNREC.

DEC 6 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: 12/3/63

FROM : J. L. Handley

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY

LEE HARVEY

This is to advise that SA Joseph Loeffler, Dallas Division, contacted Extra Duty Supervisor Stephen F. McInerney telephonically at 1:25 a.m. on 12/3/63 and advised that OSWALD-IS-R-CUBA reports were being dispatched by air to Division Five and that Division had been requested to make copies of same available to the General Investigative Division.

In answer to a question previously submitted by SA John W. Burns concerning the correct application date as mentioned in RUBY-CR report, as set out on page 705 of questioned report. Dallas Office advised that in order to verify date in question it will be necessary to check records which are unavailable until the morning of 12/3/63. When same has been handled the Bureau will be advised immediately.

SFM:vhm
(6)

105-82555-

NOT RECORDED
102 DEC 3 1963

5 DEC 6 1963

UNREC.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 12/2/63

FROM : W. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

My memorandum of 11/23/63, set out additional information relating to the sale and distribution of the Western manufactured 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano ammunition used in the assassination. That memorandum was written in response to Mr. Belmont's instructions that every effort be made to trace the ammunition on the possibility that some of it may be traced into Oswald's hands.

The Springfield Office has advised that they have obtained, through contact at the Western Cartridge Corporation, East Alton, Illinois, copies of that Corporation's records relating to the manufacture of this ammunition. Western manufactured four million rounds of this ammunition for the United States Marine Corps during 1954.

Attached is a two-page copy of the records of Western relating to the complete manufacture of this order of ammunition which was authorized under Government contract DA-23-196-ORD-27.

The interesting thing about this order is that it is for ammunition which does not fit and cannot be fired in any of the USMC weapons.

This gives rise to the obvious speculation that it is a contract for ammunition placed by CIA with Western under a USMC cover for concealment purposes.

ACTION:

This information is being furnished Divisions 5 and 6 for whatever further investigative activity is deemed warranted.

1 - Mr. Tolson (Enclosures 2)
1 - Mr. Belmont (Enclosures 2)
1 - Mr. Mohr (enclosures 2)
1 - Mr. DeLoach (enclosures 2)
1 - Mr. Rosen (Enclosures 2)
1 - Mr. Sullivan (Enclosures 2)
1 - Mr. Thompson, Room 5718 (enclosures 2)

Enclosures 2

WJC:bsm (12)

tel to DeLoach 12-2-63

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
10 DEC 9 1963

25 DEC 6 1963

105-82555 TELETYPE

URGENT 12-3-63 7-22 PM MSL

TO SACS CHICAGO AND DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR 1 P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS TEXAS.

AMMUNITION USED BY OSWALD IN RIFLE DETERMINED TO BE SIX POINT FIVE MM MANNLICHER DASH CARCANO CARTRIDGES LOADED WITH NONMAGETIC FULL METAL CASE BULLETS. WESTERN CARTRIDGE CORPORATION, EAST ALTON, ILLINOIS, ADVISED THEY MANUFACTURED FOUR MILLION ROUNDS OF THIS AMMUNITION IN NINETEEN FIFTYFOUR. INFORMATION AVAILABLE AT THE BUREAU INDICATES GEORGE ZUCKER SALES COMPANY, THREE THREE ZERO SIX WEST PETERSON AVENUE, CHIMFWAQQS XXX
CHICAGO, PURCHASED APPROXIMATELY TWO MILLION ROUNDS OF THIS TYPE OF AMMUNITION FOR COMMERCIAL RESALE IN USA IN APPROXIMATELY NINETEEN SIXTYTWO.

CHICAGO SHOULD DETERMINE WHO ZUCKER PURCHASED THE AMMUNITION FROM AND IF ZUCKER HAS ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING THE OTHER FIFTY PER CENT OF THE ABOVE LOT MANUFACTURED BY WESTERN CARTRIDGE CORPORATION. IF ZUCKER SOLD THIS AMMUNITION TO INDIVIDUALS, CHICAGO SHOULD REVIEW HIS RECORDS RELATIVE TO ANY SALE OF THIS AMMUNITION TO OSWALD BY NAME OR ALIAS.

END PAGE ONE.....

58DEC101963 21

PAGE TWO.....

IF ZUCKER SELLS ONLY TO DEALERS, CHICAGO SHOULD SET OUT APPROPRIATE LEADS TO HAVE LOGICAL DEALERS CONTACTED WHO MIGHT HAVE RESOLD AMMUNITION TO OSWALD.

END PLS ACK

6-29 PM OK FBI CG DHM

TU DISC

4386 4th Avenue
Los Angeles 5, California
November 26, 1963.

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.
attention Mr. Hoover.

Dear Sir:-

I reside at the above address together with Mrs. Rosalie B. [illegible] Children and our two minor sons.

We stand ready, able and willing to assist in any way your office to uncover explo[illegible] facts who were connected with the late President Kenne[illegible] assassination.

1-T. 1-11-29-63

CORRESPONDENC

If it should appear to you as feasible, we could employ Mrs. Oswald, as a domestic and in turn be in contact with your office here.

Our home consists of twelve rooms and three baths. A large swimming pool etc.

Both of us are willing to submit ourselves for clearance by your office.

From 1927 to 1960, I was on the active membership list of the California State Bar. In 1960 I voluntarily went inactive to do so as an attorney.

Recently I will obtain my
active status.

Even prior to 1927, I investigated
many cases for attorneys
here, both civil and crimin-

This morning we heard over
the radio, Mrs. Oswald was
seeking employment.

Our home plan, is five bed-
rooms upstairs and two down
stairs with separate bathroom.
A telephone could be installed
downstairs, for her exclusive use.
Under your supervision.

Very truly yours,
Robert Sheldon

(1).

[illegible]

en tête d'une épître.

[illegible]

1752.

[illegible]

après [illegible] Tanglois [illegible]

[illegible] Jeanne [illegible]

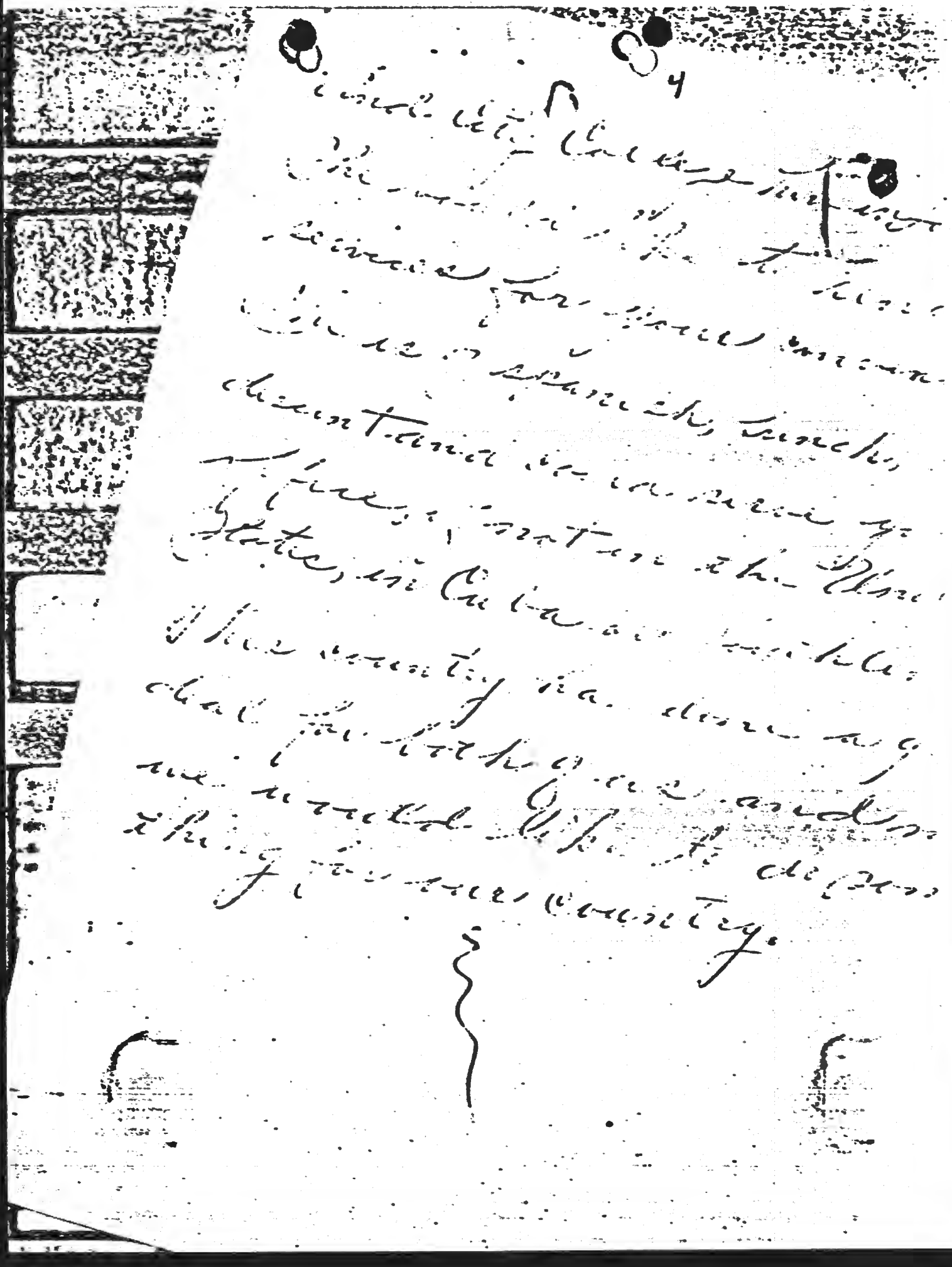
[illegible] Jeanne Jeanne

[illegible] Jeanne Jeanne

Jeanne Jeanne (State Teachers College at Jeanne-

ville, Texas. Formerly the Jeanne

College, in San Antonio, Texas.



TRUE COPY

438 South Kingsley Drive
Los Angeles 5, California
November 26, 1963.

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.
Attention Mr. Hoover.

Dear Sir:-

I reside at the above address, together with Mrs. Rosalie B. Sheldon, and our two minor sons.

We stand ready, able and willing to assist in anyway your office, to uncover a plot by others who were connected with the late President Kennedy's assassination.

If it should appear to you as posible, we could employ Mrs. Oswald, as a domestic, and in turn be in contact with your office here.

Our home consists of twelve rooms and three baths. A large swimming pool etc. Both of us are willing to submit ourselves for clearance by your office.

From 1927 to 1960, I was on the active membership list of the California State Bar. In 1960 I voluntaily went inactive do to an eye injury. Presently I will obtain my active status.

Even prior to 1927, I invstigated many cases for attorneys here, both civil and criminal.

This morning we heard over the radio, Mrs. Oswald was seeking employment. Our home plan, is five bedrooms upstairs and two downstairs with separate bathrooms. A telephone could be installed downstairs, for her exclusive use.

Under your supervision.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Benjamin Hoyt Sheldon

REC-82 105-82555-9C

-continued-

22 DEC 4 1963

P. S. Our te[illegible]e is unlisted and upstairs. [illegible] number is Dunkirk 71752.

Mrs Rosalie B Sheldon, speaks fluent english, spanish and french. She was born in Brownsville, Texas. Rosalie Bernadine Navarrete. She attended State Teachers College, at King'sville, Texas. Our Lady of The Lake College, in San Antonio, Texas, and City College here in Los Angeles. She would like to render her services for your convenience. She is of spanish, french, mexican descent and could serve your office, if not in the United States, in Cuba or South Ameria. This country has done a great deal for both of us and now we would like to do some thing for our country.

SHELDON

MRS. BENJAMIN HOYT SHELDON
438 SOUTH KINGSLEY DRIVE
LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

1-29-63

1-TC

REC-87 62-105-182555-90

December 3, 1963

Mr. Benjamin Hoyt Sheldon
438 South Kingsley Drive
Los Angeles 5, California

Dear Mr. Sheldon:

I received your communication of November 26th. While I appreciate your offer of help, I cannot authorize you to act in any capacity for this Bureau.

Although the FBI does not have the responsibility for the protection of the President, he has instructed the FBI to conduct a full investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald. I can assure you that this Bureau will discharge its responsibilities in this regard with the same thoroughness and dispatch that have characterized our investigations in the past.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

1 - Los Angeles - Enclosure

NOTE: Nothing in Bufiles to preclude this letter.

CJJ:ms (4)

MAILED 5
DEC - 3 1963
COMM-FBI

DEC 4 12 51 PM '63 FBI

DEC 3 DEC 3 DEC 4

53 DEC 6 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OSWALD

105-82555

SECTION 3

COPY

2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

TRUE COPY

New Orleans, Nov 23, 1963

Mr. John Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, 25 - D.C

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In the month of June I wrote you in connection with a trouble I had in Canal Street with a Communist was making propaganda in favor of Castro.

Attached hereto please find the photo of the same Communist. This man was making a active work for the Communist Party, but his main activity was a favor of Fidel Castro.

The only active democratic leader in the World was Mr. Kennedy and for the Latin American Country, Mr. Kennedy was the only hope.

The politic of Fidel Castro and Russia is to eliminate all the democratic leaders that are in open oposition to the Communism. So be sure that Mr. Kennedy was killed by instruction of the Party. A single member can not act if no receive order

In June 17, 1934 they did try to kill the loders of the A.B.C. in Havana Cuba - They wanted eliminate Dr. Joaquin Martinez Saenz because he is an anti-communist leader.

He was the President of the Cuban National Bank. He was 50 month under arrest.

ENCLOSURE

MC 105-82555-91

11 DEC 3 1963

We Cubans do not understand why the U. S. authorities do not make any civil action agains a newspaper man named Herbert Matthews - Because this man we Cubans are suffering and the U S - in trouble. Mr. Hoover, he was the man that full the people of the United States about Castro. He made Castro. Who paid him? - Russia? Some body paid for, because the New York Time collect for everything.

Respecfuly

/s/ R Aznarez

Rafael Aznarez
118 S - Pierce St.
New Orleans - La.

New Orleans Nov 23, 1963

Mr. John Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, 25-D.C

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In the month of June I wrote you in connection with a trouble I had in Canal Street with a Communist Man making propaganda in favor of Castro.

Attached hereto please find the photo of the same Communist. This man has nothing a active work for the Communist Party, but his main activity was a favor of Fidel Castro.

The only practical democratic leader in the world was Kennedy and for the Latin American Country, Mr Kennedy was the only hope.

The politic of Fidel Castro and Russia is to eliminate all the democratic leaders that are in open oposition to the Communism. So be sure that Mr Kennedy was killed by instruction of the Party. A single member can not act of no recive order

ENCLOSURE
Ack: 11-27-63
MF. WCJ
1-72 11-27-63 JP CORRESPONDENCE
P-9

In June 17, 1933 they try to kill the leaders of the A.B.C. in Havana Cuba - They wanted eliminate Dr. Joaquin Martinez Saenz because he is an anti-communist leader.

He was the President of the Cuban National Bank. He was 50 months under arrest.

We cubans do not understand why the U.S. Authorities do not make any civil action against a Newspaper man named Herbert Matthews - Because this man we cubans are suffering and the U.S. in trouble. Mr. Hoover, he was the man that tell the people of the United States about Castro. He made Castro. Who paid him? - Russia? - Somebody paid for, because the New York Time collect for everything.

Respectfully

R Aznarez

RAFAEL AZNAREZ
1-S-PIERCE ST.
New Orleans - La

105-82555-9

NEW ORLEAN

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, former New Orleanian, holds up his manacled hands as he is led through the Dallas police station where he is charged with assassinating President Kennedy. —AP WIREPHOTO

Johnson Calls for Unity

ntinued from Page 1

an do. I ask for your

as the coffin, with Mrs. nedy standing at its was lowered in a

REC-104 105-82555-91

November 27, 1963

Mr. Rafael Aznarez
118 South Pierce Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Aznarez:

Your letter of November 23rd, with enclosure, has been received.

It was indeed thoughtful of you to bring your observations and information to the attention of this Bureau.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

1 - New Orleans - Enclosure

NOTE: Bufile 97-4196-857 reflects correspondent furnished a pamphlet concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee which was handed to him by an unidentified individual. His current incoming contains a newspaper photograph of Lee Harvey Oswald, the alleged assassin of President Kennedy, and correspondent identifies Oswald as the individual who gave him the literature previously. Bufiles reflect Herbert Lionel Matthews of the New York Times has been described as Pro-Castro and allegedly slanted news making Castro's rise possible. Correspondent's current incoming contains no additional information; however, it should be reviewed by the Domestic Intelligence and General Investigative Divisions prior to being sent to file.

DTP:lch (4)

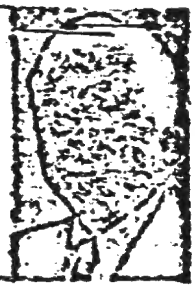
MAILED 5
NOV 27 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

53 DEC 11 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

don maclean



There seems to be much talk about the Dallas Police Department. Various persons have said that it "needs an over-hauling," that everyone from Chief Curry to Homicide Captain Will Fritz should resign. On the other hand, the Mayor of Dallas and others have commended the Police Department. One official said that should the Chief of Police hand in his resignation, it should not be accepted. • Well, is the Dallas Police Department lax or isn't it? When it comes to events of this scope, no one of us in this entire land can be completely impartial. I'm sure you all have your opinions and these are mine, regarding the Dallas police:

• • •

For one thing, neither the Dallas Police Department nor any other municipal police department is completely responsible for the protection of the President or the internal security of the nation. These are the prime responsibilities of the Secret Service and the FBI. This is the way it is in Washington and this is the way it is in Dallas. (In Washington, as a matter of fact, the Metropolitan Police are not responsible even for the protection of the White House and its environs. This is handled by special White House police.)

• • •

This is not to say that a police department is not expected to do everything humanly possible to protect the President. It is. The FBI, according to Dallas Police Chief Curry, talked to Lee Harvey Oswald before the President's visit. Either the FBI decided that Oswald was harmless or it simply failed to inform the Dallas police about him; or the fact that he worked at a building on the parade route. Every other questionable character that the FBI mentioned to the Dallas Police was staked-out carefully, the Dallas Police Chief said. People are quick to point out that Adlai Stevenson was roughed up by a Dallas crowd. Some say that the Dallas Police failed to protect him.

• • •

But, according to our sources in Dallas, Adlai Stevenson was so baffled by the reaction of the crowd in Dallas during his visit, that, over police objections, he went beyond their protective ranks and attempted to reason with what actually was an unruly mob. Was it the fault of the police or of Mr. Stevenson that he was assaulted? • After the President was shot, it was not the Secret Service nor the FBI that captured the man to whom all evidence points as the killer. It was the Dallas Police and one Dallas policeman was killed doing it. Another one might have been killed, but the presumed assassin's gun jammed.

• • •

Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele Room
Holmes
Gandy

105-82555 Filed 6-E

I certainly we are not!

← Here we are pinpointed.

The Washington Post and Times Herald
The Washington Daily News
The Evening Star
New York Herald Tribune
New York Journal-American
New York Mirror
New York Daily News
New York Post
The New York Times
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
People's World
Date

REC-22 105-82555-92

E-101 R2 DEC 5 1963

79 DEC 4 1963

Then, however, Oswald was killed in the basement of the police garage, despite elaborate precautions taken to prevent that. He was killed by a man who "hung around" the police station and was generally accepted by police and the press alike as "all right." Darn near every police station in America has people like that. So do most newspapers. These people just are there; they like to be where the action is; they'll go for coffee, they'll run errands. Nobody knows who they are; everyone thinks somebody else knows. It was inexcusable that Jack Ruby was in the police garage at that critical time, but there he was and it could happen in almost any police station at any time.

• • •

But aside from the aspects offered above, one other thing made it easier for Mr. Ruby to be on the scene; the press and TV. Remember, the Dallas police, much as Dallas itself, had a tremendous guilt feeling about the events of the preceding Friday. The police could have spirited Oswald to the city jail at 4 a. m., without telling anyone. But the police didn't want to offend the press. "The American people have a right to see this killer," more than one reporter reminded police. So there was the garage, filled with police, filled with reporters and cameramen, many of them complete strangers (out-of-town press) to the local authorities.

• • •

The unknown reporters were "all right," the strange cameramen were "all right," the anonymous TV technicians were "all right." So why shouldn't Jack Ruby, who had been hanging around for years, be "all right"? • This is not the first time that the press has contributed its full share to the confusion of a major event. • Jack Ruby, too, should not have gotten into the garage. The Dallas Police Department WAS lax in allowing him to do so. • But before we demand that it be "over-hauled," for "mistake after mistake," perhaps we should think again and [illegible] the facts.

10:11 a.m. November 29, 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. BELMONT
MR. MOHR
MR. CONRAD
MR. DE LOACH
MR. EVANS
MR. ROSEN
MR. SULLIVAN

U.S. LEE HARVEY

Judge Milton Kronheim called and stated he thought he should tell me of a conclusion he has reached. He noticed that Oswald lived in the house of some people who belong to the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) and they took him to a meeting; that when Oswald was on television he called for Abt, the ACLU attorney. Judge Kronheim stated that for many years he has sat in these cases where the attorney for the defendant has been a civil liberties attorney and he has noticed consistently that they do not approach the problem with any pertinency; that they have represented Nazis, communists, peace people, the Madam Nhu pickets; and he thinks their basic gambit, basic philosophy, is one of just fighting all authority.

I told Judge Kronheim that I share that view myself.

The Judge continued that he thought the whole situation becomes logical when you fit it into the ACLU viewpoint.

I told the Judge that I was glad to have his viewpoint; that Oswald was in communication with them for membership which had not been given; that he was a member of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and was the secretary of that at New Orleans with the result that he had a very bad background; and that the first lawyer he wanted was John Abt who appears in all the communist cases we have.

Judge Kronheim stated the point is that Castro, Khrushchev and all the rest, except the ACLU, have disowned Oswald; that the FBI has to make a report and he thinks the report can focus on those people.

JEH:rm (12)

1 XEROX
DEC 4 1963 REC 108

105-82555-93

22 DEC 3 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

I told the Judge that I was glad to have his observations; that it was very helpful for me to have his views on it.

Very truly yours,

J. E. H.
John Edgar Hoover
Director

SENT FROM D. & E.
TIME 6:10 PM
DATE 29 Nov 63
BY MAG. fp.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan DATE: 11/22/63

FROM : Mr. D. J. Brennan, Jr.

1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Mr. Mullins
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Rogge
1 - Mr. Wells

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R-CUBA

Mr. Kern, Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), advised that subject, who is being held in connection with the killing of the President, had written a letter to the then Secretary of the Navy Connally, who was wounded by the President's killer.

This letter, date not known to Mr. Kern, states that Oswald is coming back to the United States and demands that the injustice of his dishonorable discharge be corrected.

Secret Service has been advised of this by INS.

Commander William Vogt, Office of Naval Intelligence, advised that subject's military file had been ordered sent to Washington, D. C., and would be available if needed.

ACTION:

For information.

105-82555

BAW:eeb
(8)

ADDENDUM: A handwritten letter signed Lee H. Oswald to Secretary of the Navy, John B. Connally, Jr., Fort Worth, Texas, was made available to SA Edward C. Palmer, Washington Field Office, by William Earl Odem, Director, Office of News Service, U. S. Defense Department, and was hand carried by SA Palmer to the Laboratory for comparison. This letter was dated January 30, 1961, from Minsk, U. S. S. R.

105-82555-94

DEC 5 1963

25 DEC 2 1963

SOVIET SECTION

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: November 24, 1963

FROM : MR. BELMONT

105-82555

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ASSAULTING A GOVERNMENT OFFICER

This afternoon I advised SAC Shanklin in Dallas that we are sending down Supervisors Rogge and Thompson for the purpose of going carefully over the written interview and investigative findings of our Agents in the Oswald matter so that we can prepare a memorandum to the Attorney General, attaching exhibits such as photographs, et cetera, to set out the evidence showing that Oswald is responsible for the shooting that killed the President. We will show that Oswald was an avowed Marxist, a former defector to the Soviet Union and an active member of the FPCC, which has been financed by Castro. We will then show the background of Oswald, when and where he was born, et cetera, and then the story of what happened when the President was shot and subsequently until Oswald was picked up in the theatre. We will set forth the items of evidence which make it clear that Oswald is the man who killed the President.

Shanklin said results of the investigation have been reduced to written form and consequently the information will all be available for these two Supervisors.

Supervisors Rogge and Thompson are leaving the night of November 24 for Dallas (by AIR FORCE PLANE)

I told Shanklin that he should contact the Chief of Police and arrange to be sure that any evidence such as the rifle, gun casings, paper bag containing Oswald's fingerprints, et cetera, be locked up in custody of the Chief so that no souvenir hunters or other persons would destroy or take away the evidence. Despite the fact that Oswald is dead, this evidence will be necessary to back up any statement that Oswald was the man who killed the President.

I also alerted our Laboratory to retain the bullets that were compared with the rifle and to hold on to any other evidence pertaining to this case.

I told Shanklin that Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach is reportedly sending Assistant Attorney General Miller of the Criminal Division down to Dallas to speak to the Mayor to see if he can keep the Chief of Police and Lieutenant Fritz off television and radio.

AHB:ams
(5)

53 DEC 6 1963

DEC 4 1963

Memorandum for Mr. Tolson
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

At 4:15 p.m. Mr. DeLoach advised that Katzenbach wanted to put out a statement, "We are now persuaded that Oswald killed the President; however, the investigation by the Department of Justice and the FBI is continuing." Guthman of the Department wanted the FBI to put this statement out. Mr. DeLoach advised Guthman that the FBI would not put out the statement and we are opposed to any statement being put out along this line.

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 96

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO. 3

CIA

REFERRAL

RECORDS SECTION
NOV 24 1963

TELETYPE

Confidential

URGENT 11-24-63 5-11 PM CJS

TO DIRECTOR, FBI /100-3/

--9-- Harvey Lee Oswald D.E.

FROM SAC, NEW YORK /100-4931/ 3 PAGES

CP, USA., IS-C /BUFILE 100-3/.

[redacted]

END PAGE ONE

CLASSIFIED BY 2040
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY II
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
7/11/77

105-82555-
ENCLOSED
DEC 11 1963

all paragraphs classified confidential

Confidential

DEC 12 1963

RECORDED COPY

Confidential

AIRTEL ☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☒ TELETYPE

URGENT 11-25-63 7:47 PM DE/JAA

TO DIRECTOR -8- AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC NEW YORK 252115

CP, USA, IS - C, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

[redacted]

CLASSIFIED BY 2340
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
11-22-73

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Confidential

NOT RECORDED
193 DEC 11 1963

UNREC

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: Mr. Belmont

DATE: November 26, 1963

FROM: C. A. Evans

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach called with reference to the report which is to be submitted by the FBI in relation to the circumstances surrounding the assassination of President Kennedy.

He noted that a tremendous responsibility had been placed on the FBI in this instance by President Johnson because this report, which is to be publicized, is for the purpose of assuring the American public and the world as to what the facts are in Kennedy's assassination and setting to rest the many, many rumors that have been circulating and speculation both in the United States and abroad.

Katzenbach noted in this regard that we are being called upon to, in many instances, prove the negative. For example, he observed that there has been considerable speculation in the press in the United States and in Europe that the assassination was part of a communist or Castro conspiracy. There have also been allegations that Oswald and Ruby were known to each other and were part of a conspiracy. It has been further alleged that Oswald was killed to silence him.

Katzenbach noted that it is, of course, more difficult to prove that something did not occur than to prove what actually happened. As a consequence, it is his belief there might have to be some so-called editorial interpretation. He noted that the report will be subjected to the closest scrutiny by the world-wide press and foreign governmental representatives, as well as by the American people. He knew that we were keeping this in mind in preparation of the report.

As Katzenbach understands it, the report is to be reviewed by the Justice Department and transmitted to the White House. In this regard, he feels it is his responsibility to do this personally for the Department. To this end, he said if it would be helpful he would be glad to review and discuss any preliminary drafts, since time is of the essence.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 10 1963

UNREC

CAE:vap (8)

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont

ACTION BEING TAKEN:

From the facts disclosed in our investigation, there is no question but that we can submit in our report convincing evidence beyond any doubt showing Oswald was the man who killed President Kennedy. The problem is to show motive and this, of course, is a condition of Oswald's mind and can be, at best, a speculative conclusion predicated upon circumstantial evidence. Oswald has admitted he was an avowed Marxist. The facts are not clear cut as to his relationship with organized communism, either the Communist Party or the pro-Castro organizations. The Domestic Intelligence Division has been reviewing this very matter so that our report may reflect the factual information we have in this regard. While neither the White House nor the Department should be able to contend that our report does not meet the required purpose, we must be factual and recognize that a matter of this magnitude cannot be fully investigated in a week's time.

So how long [illegible] Visibility.

It seems to me we have the basic facts now.

[illegible]

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 97

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO. 3

CIA

REFERRAL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: Mr. Belmont DATE: November 27, 1963

FROM: C. A. Evans

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach telephoned at 10:50 a.m. He said he had just completed talking on the telephone with Alexis Johnson, Deputy Under Secretary of State. Johnson told Katzenbach that insofar as the investigation of this matter in Mexico is concerned, the State Department felt this should be coordinated and directed by the FBI. State took the position that the President's directive to the FBI extended to any activity outside of the United States, as well as within the country. Insofar as the Ambassador in Mexico is concerned, Johnson believed he should be kept informed of any pertinent developments but that the Ambassador should not be running the investigation.

As to current developments, Katzenbach said that the last thing he would want would be for the FBI to take Agents away from their investigative duties to prepare reports. He requested, however, that if there were any pertinent developments he be orally briefed.

With further reference to his conversation with Alexis Johnson, Katzenbach said he had been asked whether the State Department should make a formal inquiry of the Soviet Government for information concerning Oswald and his wife, particularly as to their activities in Russia. He asked that this question be considered by the Director, as Katzenbach felt his views most important.

In thinking about the matter himself, Katzenbach noted if we did not ask the Soviets for information there would be no answer should the question of Oswald's stay in Russia be raised, other than to admit we had made no inquiry. On the other hand, he observed that we could not place any reliance on anything the Soviets said.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

After conferring with Messrs. Belmont and Sullivan, the

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan

105-82555 UNREC
NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 10 1963

DEC 1 1963

CAE:vap (8)

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont

following recommendations are submitted with reference to the points raised by Mr. Katzenbach:

1. Insofar as making a formal approach to the Soviet Government, we believe this undesirable. Such a formal request from the United States will enable the Russians to put out an official statement entirely favorable to them. The United States will have to accept this, since it is in response to our formal request, and we won't be in a position to disprove it. The State Department has responsibility here and we should not dictate the position they are to take, but our views should be stated.

2. In connection with the investigation in Mexico, it is recommended Katzenbach be informed that the State Department and Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) have jurisdiction in dealing with foreign governments and in getting investigative results and intelligence coverage abroad; that while we are cooperating fully with State and CIA in Mexico, the responsibility in this matter should rest with State and CIA.

If approved, Katzenbach will be so advised.

O.K. The Ambassador in Mexico is expressing [illegible] as indicated in the letter received this morning.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 11/27/63

FROM : A. H. Belmont

cc Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Rosen
Sullivan
Evans

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT
Lee Oswald

Relative to the Director's question as to how long we estimate the investigation in this matter will take, we plan to have the report on this matter, and on the Jack Ruby matter, this Friday, 11/29/63.

The investigation in both cases will, however, continue, because we are receiving literally hundreds of allegations regarding the activities of Oswald and Ruby, and these, of course, are being run out as received. I think this will continue, and in the absence of being able to prove Oswald's motive and complete activities, we must check out and continue to investigate to resolve as far as possible any allegations or possibility that he was associated with others in this assassination. Likewise, we have to continue to prove the possibility that Jack Ruby was associated with someone else in connection with his killing of Oswald.

All leads are being handled telephonically or by teletype, as they arise. We are continuing to work on the report today and tomorrow, and will have it to the Director on Friday.

AHB:CSH (7)

ORIGINAL FILED IN

DEC

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 10 1963

DEC 13 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. SULLIVAN

FROM : MR. MOORE

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA
(ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY)

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
DATE: 11-28-63
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Moore
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Schutz
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Liaison

Inspector Malley called from Dallas late 11-27-63 to advise that Mrs. Oswald had been entirely uncooperative during attempts to interview her but on 11-27-63 had indicated that she might be willing to cooperate if she had some concrete assurances she could remain in the U.S. Details are as follows:

Mrs. Oswald is a citizen of the Soviet Union, having married Oswald while he was in the USSR and having come to the U.S. as his wife in 1962. She speaks very little English. She is now in the protective custody of Secret Service and a Russian-speaking Secret Service agent assisted in the attempted interview on 11-27-63. Mrs. Oswald was entirely uncooperative during the interview and after two and one-half hours, requested that the interview be halted.

While she has indicated some hostility toward the Bureau, it is very possible that part of her reluctance to talk is because of a reported sale by her and Oswald's mother of their story to a magazine. In this connection, Oswald's mother was also uncooperative during an attempted interview 11-27-63 and refused to furnish any more information.

Inspector Malley advised that Bureau Agents are of the opinion (and this opinion is shared by Secret Service) that subject's wife is a cool, poised, intelligent, well-disciplined individual and perhaps as a result of having grown up in a totalitarian state is used to adversity and can stand up under it. She did, however, during the interview express keen interest in money, an indication that she most certainly would have no desire to go back to Russia. She also indicated that she might be willing to cooperate with the Bureau if some concrete assurances could be given to her that she would be permitted to remain in the U.S.

DEM:hfg
(9)

1 XEROX
DEC 6 1963

100-10461-10555 UNREC
NOT RECORDED DEC 5 1963
199 DEC 9 1963

79 DEC 12 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-126032-195

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. SULLIVAN
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

After checking with you, Liaison Agent Haynes contacted Associate Commissioner Mario Noto, Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and according to Mr. Noto, Mrs. Oswald has done nothing to subject herself to deportation and she is a permanent resident in the U.S. He said she could be advised that her cooperation with the Bureau will be made a matter of record with INS with regard to her citizenship application if she desires to make such an application. Mr. Noto also said that he would be glad to have an INS representative present during an interview with Mrs. Oswald if she so desired and the INS representative would advise her of the above, answer any questions she might have, attempt to secure her cooperation and then, of course, would withdraw from the interview. Noto in effect said INS would be glad to do anything that they could to assist the Bureau.

After this matter was further discussed with you and Mr. Belmont, arrangements were made to have Anatole E. Boguslav, an extremely well qualified Russian-speaking Agent from New York flown to Dallas today by the Air Force to interview Mrs. Oswald. Arrangements were also made by Liaison through Associate Commissioner Noto to have an official of INS available in Dallas who would be present at the outset of the interview to explain her rights and privileges as to U.S. residence to Mrs. Oswald and assist in securing her cooperation. This INS representative will only be present during this portion of the interview and then withdraw. He will, however, remain in Dallas for a period of time to be available if Mrs. Oswald should raise further questions re her citizenship or residence in the U.S.

Inspector Malley and SAC Shanklin in Dallas were advised of the arrangements made for Boguslav and the INS representative to be in Dallas this evening for the attempted interview, and to make necessary arrangements so that Mrs. Oswald would be made available by Secret Service. Malley and Shanklin pointed out that subject's mother has appointed herself an unofficial attorney and guardian for subject's wife and she would probably attempt to be present but I told Malley and Shanklin it should be worked out so that Bureau Agents would be the only ones present during the interview after the INS representative has completed his part. Malley and Shanklin were advised I would be in touch with them as soon as possible after the definite time of arrival of the Air Force plane was determined

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. SULLIVAN
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

so that definite arrangements could be made by them for the interview. I also went over with them briefly the highlights that should be covered during the initial stages of the interview and said that if Mrs. Oswald did agree to the interview and was cooperative, they should attempt to secure as much as possible tonight and if she insisted the interview be concluded, to make arrangements for it to be continued as soon as possible tomorrow.

ACTION:

Liaison stressed with INS the necessity for this to be kept confidential and I also stressed this with Inspector Malley and SAC Shanklin.

You will be advised of additional developments.

WCS.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 6-42 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC, DALLAS 89-43

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYSECOND, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

RE DALLAS REP NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST, OF SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, FD THREE ZERO TWO RE INTERVIEW LIEUTENANT JOHN C. DAY.

PAGE ONE THREE ZERO OF REREP CARRIES INCORRECT DATE OF INTERVIEW AND OF TYPING. DATE OF INTERVIEW WAS NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE, SIXTYTHREE, AND DATE OF TYPING SAME.

DALLAS COPIES BEING CORRECTED.. BUREAU REQUESTED CORRECT YOUR COPIES.

END AND ACK PLS

2cc corrected

105-82555

NOT RECORDED

22 DEC 17 1963

53 DEC 17 1963

7-45 PM OK FBI WA OS

CC-MR. ROSEN

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

TU AND DSIC

THE EVANGELICAL THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS

DEPARTMENT
OF NEW TESTAMENT
E. E. OVERMYER

706 North Sleight Street
November 26, 1963

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington D.C.

We as a family should like to learn whether Mrs. Lee Harvey Oswald and her children are in need of financial aid, and, if so, through what channels such help could be sent to her. We have no knowledge of Mrs. Oswald except what has become common knowledge in the last few days, in relation to the crime of her husband. Our one concern is to help one who may be cut off from compassion because of a crime of another.

While we would not be able to contribute any large amount, we should be glad to learn to learn if they need help and what, in your judgment, might be done, and through what channels. We should be willing to send whatever we could, either with or without our names being known to the recipients.

Sincerely,

E. E. Overmyer
E. E. Overmyer

Bernice A. Overmyer
Mrs. E. E. Overmyer

Mrs. C. N. Flanders, Jr.
Mrs. C. N. Flanders, Jr.
Miss Bonnie Sue Overmyer
Bonnie Sue Overmyer

105-82555-98

5 DEC 5 1963

CORRESPONDENCE

105-82555-98

December 4, 1963

REC-115

Mr. E. E. Overmyer
Department of New Testament
The Evangelical Theological Seminary
Naperville, Illinois

Dear Mr. Overmyer:

Mr. Hoover read the letter of November 26th from you and your family. He asked me to point out the FBI has no connection with any fund for Mrs. Oswald; consequently, he will be unable to be of assistance to you.

Sincerely yours,

Helen W. Gandy
Secretary

MAILED 5
DEC - 4 1963
COMM-FBI

DEC 4 2 11 PM '63
REC'D-HEADING ROOM
F B I

NOTE: Correspondents are not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:sls
(3)

Rec'd

DEC 5 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: December 3, 1963

FROM: SAC, DETROIT (100-31965)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

Re Detroit teletype to the Bureau dated December 2, 1963.

Enclosed for the FBI Laboratory are eleven pieces of cardboard with yellow chalk samples and one piece of paper with chalk traces.

It is noted the following was printed in yellow chalk on New York Central Box Car #124475, on the inside:

LEE OSWALD
Dallas, Texas

Future Man of Destiny Apr. 4, 1963.

On the opposite side of the inside of the box car were two diagrams consisting of intertwined triangles also written in yellow chalk.

Outside the car, also written in yellow chalk, were the following notations:

WO/24
10/10
Market tiep
U.S. Rub Co
tires
Ruck
D/P
3/9
BF81
10-22

ENCLOSURE

(3) - Bureau (Encls. 14) (AMSD, REGISTERED)
2 - Detroit

JPDC:JEP
(5)

58 JAN 16 1964

57 JAN 14 1964

The twelve samples are described as follows:

Q-1991) Scrapings from name OSWALD and legioned future man of destiny.

Q-2002) Samples from man of destiny.

Q-2013) Samples from LEE OSWALD, Dallas, Texas.

Q-2024) Samples from Apr. 4, 1963.

Q-2035) Sample from word future.

Q-2046) Samples taken from all words and figures after all other words taken from OSWALD notation.

Q-2057) Samples taken from both sides NYC #124475 boxcar.

K-458) Samples outside boxcar #124475, NYC.

K-469) Sample outside of car #124475, NYC.

K-4710) Samples outside car #124475, NYC.

K-4811) Scrapings from east side of car NYC #124475 diagram.

Q-20612) Samples obtained after use of cardboard from OSWALD notation (scrapings on paper).

It is noted photos were obtained and it was impossible to scrape flakes of chalk from the wood.

The Laboratory is requested to ascertain, if possible, whether or not the chalk had recently been used to put on the notation; whether or not the samples of the chalk are the usual railroad chalk used to mark a boxcar; compare chalk samples 1 through 5 with chalk number 11 to determine if the same chalk was used to make both notations; compare chalk samples number 1 through 5 with samples 7, 9 and 10 to determine if the chalk used to make OSWALD notation is identical with the chalk used to make notations on the outside of the boxcar; and also compare samples 1 through 5 with number 11 to determine if the same chalk was used to make the OSWALD notation that made the diagram

For the assistance of the Laboratory, sample number 7 contains chalk from both the OSWALD notation and the symbol inside the boxcar and examinations of this sample may assist in determining if the same chalk was used for both notations.

Sample number 12 consists merely of additional scrapings of chalk from the OSWALD notation in the event further samples are needed.

Also for the assistance of the Laboratory are photographs of notations made in chalk on the inside of the car.

Samples and photographs need not be returned toDetroit.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Rosen

FROM : C. A. Evans

DATE: December 3, 1963

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

Miss Wanda Gore, 1725 19th Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., telephoned the Bureau. She said that over the Thanksgiving weekend she had been visiting in the vicinity of Sparta, North Carolina. While there, she heard commonly discussed a story that Lee Oswald was said to have been in Sparta, North Carolina, about three weeks ago. It was reported that he cashed a check there at the local bank.

Miss Gore professed not to know the identity of any person there who would be familiar with this story but said it was a small town and the local banker would know whether there was any truth to it.

CAE:vap
(4)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

100-358551

DEC 12 1963

DEC 5 1963

FBI

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT (Type in plain text or code)

TELETYPE URGENT (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI AND SACS, LOS ANGELES, CHARLOTTE, SAN DIEGO AND CHICAGO

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111) 105-82555 BKAG and

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R, OO: DALLAS.

RE BUREAU TELS NOVEMBER THIRTY AND DECEMBER ONE SIXTYTHREE.

ON DECEMBER THIRD INSTANT JOHN E. DONOVAN, TWO ZERO ZERO NINE BELMONT ROAD, N.W., WASHINGTON, D.C., ADVISED HE WAS MARINE OFFICER SECTION COMMANDER OF OSWALD DURING [redacted] PERIOD MARCH TO SEPTEMBER FIFTYNINE WHEN BOTH [redacted] ATTACHED TO [redacted] COUNTER AIR OPERATIONS CENTER /CAOC/ WITH MARINE AIR CONTROL SQUADRON NINE /MACS NINE/, U.S. MARINE CORPS /USMC/, AT SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA. OSWALD AS PRIVATE, DONOVAN AS ASSISTANT OPERATIONS OFFICER. [redacted] DESCRIBED OSWALD AS WISE GUY WHO WENT OUT OF HIS WAY TO ANNOY OR ANTAGONIZE PEOPLE, WAS OFFICER BAITER, TROUBLE MAKER, USING HIS SUPERIOR KNOWLEDGE OF WORLD POLITICAL SITUATIONS TO TRAP UNWARY OFFICERS. HOWEVER, [redacted] OSWALD [redacted]

2 - Bureau
2 - Teletype Unit
1 - WFO

DEC 34 105-82555-101

JFM:elw
(5)

DEX-101 5 DEC 4 1963

5 - EXTRA COPIES

TELETYPE

Sent _____ M Per _____

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

68 DEC 6

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in (Type in plain text or code)

Via (Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE TWO

DEPENDABLE CREWMAN ON WATCH AND DURING PERFORMANCE OF DUTIES AS RADAR SCANNING OPERATOR. [redacted] OSWALD RARELY ASSOCIATED WITH OTHERS IN SECTION DURING OFF DUTY PERIODS. [redacted] FELLOW OFFICER, WILLIAM TRAIL, TOLD HIM THAT TRAIL WAS OD IN JAPAN WHEN OSWALD GOT IN TROUBLE THERE OVER HIS HAVING BEEN DRUNK AND CURSING OUT A SERGEANT. TRAIL, KNOWING OSWALD WAS GOING INTO DONOVAN'S OUTFIT, WARNED LATTER THAT OSWALD WAS A TALKER AND OUT OF HIS MIND. IN EXPLANATION OF LAST REMARK DONOVAN SAID TRAIL ADVISED [redacted] OSWALD WAS A NUT ON POLITICS. DONOVAN [redacted] DATED AN AIRLINE STEWARDESS, FOUND OUT FROM HER THAT SHE HAD ALSO DATED OSWALD ON FEW OCCASIONS. STEWARDESS TOLD DONOVAN OSWALD WAS A REAL NUT. DONOVAN CONJECTURED STEWARDESS' REMARK MIGHT HAVE BEEN DUE TO FACT OSWALD, ALL WRAPPED UP IN POLITICAL THEORY, MAY HAVE EXPOUNDED ON SAME AND TO HER WAS A POOR AND ODD DATE. [redacted] ALTHOUGH OSWALD OFFICER BAITER HE WAS NEVER DIRECTLY INSULTING TO SAME, [redacted] NEVER HAD ANY TROUBLE WITH OSWALD WHICH REQUIRED

Approved: Special Agent in Charge Sent M Per

(Rev. 12-13-88)

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE THREE

ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION SUCH THAT OFFICIAL ACTION WOULD BE NOTED IN HIS RECORD. [redacted] KNEW OF NO INSTABILITY ON THE PART OF OSWALD. OSWALD'S POSITION WITH [redacted] CAOC CREW GAVE HIM ACCESS TO ALL SECRET RADIO FREQUENCIES, CALL SIGNS AND AUTHENTICATION CODES WHICH WERE COMPROMISED AND HENCE CHANGED AT [redacted] TIME OF HIS DEFECTION TO MOSCOW. IN CONNECTION WITH HIS POSITION, ACCORDING TO DONOVAN, OSWALD ALSO KNEW [redacted] DISPLACEMENT OF MOST MILITARY SQUADRONS OF ALL SERVICES ON THE WEST COAST, [redacted] NUMBER AND TYPE AIRCRAFT OF ALL SERVICES ON [redacted] WEST COAST, [redacted] RANGES AND LOCATIONS OF RADAR CONTROL SITES OF ALL SERVICES ON [redacted] WEST COAST, AND KNEW [redacted] PRACTICAL EFFECTIVE RANGES ON ALL RADAR SETS IN [redacted] USMC. DONOVAN STATED THAT OSWALD'S POSITION REQUIRED [redacted] SECRET CLEARANCE, THAT ACCESS TO [redacted] LOCATION IN WHICH THEY OPERATED, WAS GAINED BY PRESENTATION OF APPROPRIATE CREDENTIALS TO [redacted] GUARD ON DUTY. [redacted] OSWALD NEVER ACTUALLY PRESENTED HIS POLITICAL VIEWS REGARDING THIS COUNTRY OR RUSSIA. HE BELIEVED HIS POSITION WOULD BE CLASSIFIED AS OPERATIONS MAN IN AN MACS UNIT. DONOVAN

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE FOUR

STATED [redacted] HIS ENTIRE ASSOCIATION WITH OSWALD WAS ALL ON [redacted] WEST COAST. [redacted] HE KNEW NOTHING ABOUT A STATEMENT IN WDC NEWSPAPER "EVENING STAR" ARTICLE OF DECEMBER TWO LAST WHICH REPORTS HIM AS KNOWING ABOUT A COURT MARTIAL FOR OSWALD ON NOT REPORTING THAT [redacted] OSWALD OWNED A PISTOL. HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHERE [redacted] REPORTER OBTAINED THIS INFORMATION. HE KNEW NOTHING OF ANY INTEREST IN GUNS ON [redacted] PART OF OSWALD. DONOVAN STATED [redacted] SOME OF [redacted] MEN LIKED OSWALD OR AT LEAST RESPECTED HIM BECAUSE HE WAS ABLE TO BACK UP SOME OF HIS OFFICER BAITING ACCOMPLISHMENTS WITH STUDIED KNOWLEDGE OF THE FACTS IN [redacted] POLITICAL PROBLEM OR HISTORICAL QUESTION WHICH HE USED TO BAIT HIS TRAP.

DONOVAN STATED [redacted] FOLLOWING PERSONS WOULD KNOW OSWALD WELL.

ONE. ROBERT BLOCK, USMC, PRESENTLY WITH MACS NINE AT SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA. BLOCK WAS OPERATIONS OFFICER DURING PERIOD DONOVAN WAS ASSISTANT OPERATIONS OFFICER OF CAOC, MACS NINE, AND AS SUCH WAS OSWALD'S OVERALL SUPERIOR.

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 12-1-54)

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE FIVE

TWO. CAMELIUS /PH/ BROWN, NEGRO STAFF SERGEANT, CALIF USMC, BELIEVED STATIONED AT THE HELICOPTER BASE, NEW RIVER, N.C., WITH MACS FIVE, OR CAN BE LOCATED THROUGH CAMP LEJEUNE. BROWN WAS OSWALD'S CREW CHIEF PART TIME WHEN BOTH WITH MACS NINE.

THREE. EUGENE HOLMBERG /OR HOLMBURG/, WARRANT OFFICER, USMC, PRESENTLY AIRBORNE RADAR OBSERVER WITH MARINE F FOUR H SQUADRON IN SAN DIEGO AREA. HOLMBERG WAS THEN STAFF SERGEANT AND ALSO A CREW CHIEF OF OSWALD WITH MACS NINE.

FOUR. WILLIAM K. TRAIL, SOUTH EBERHARDT STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, EMPLOYED BY NORTH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, CHICAGO, AS CLAIMS ADJUSTOR. WAS FORMER OFFICER USMC. DONOVAN BELIEVED TRAIL AND OSWALD BOTH TOGETHER WITH MACS ONE, ATSUGI, JAPAN, PROBABLY FROM DECEMBER FIFTYSEVEN TO JANUARY, FIFTYNINE, THAT TRAIL SHOULD KNOW PEOPLE WHO KNEW OSWALD IN JAPAN.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M _____ Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

5

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE SIX

FIVE. OWEN DEJANOVICH /PH/, FORMERLY OF [redacted] USMC IN [redacted] SAME CREW WITH OSWALD AT MACS NINE AND ALSO LIVED IN [redacted] SAME BARRACKS AREA AS OSWALD. DEJANOVICH [redacted] PRESENTLY LIVING IN CHICAGO AND DONOVAN BELIEVES THAT HE CAN BE READILY REACHED FROM [redacted] CHICAGO PHONE BOOK.

DONOVAN SUGGESTED DEJANOVICH BE INTERVIEWED CONCERNING MARINE WHOSE NAME DONOVAN COULD ONLY RECALL AS BEEZER AND WHOM HE DESCRIBED AS A SHOT FOOTBALL PLAYER WHOM DEJANOVICH WOULD READILY RECALL. DONOVAN POINTED OUT THAT BEEZER'S SISTER, [redacted] FIRST NAME [redacted] ROSE, WAS [redacted] AIRLINE STEWARDESS WHO DATED OSWALD ONCE OR TWICE AND WHO IS PREVIOUSLY DESCRIBED HEREIN. DONOVAN BELIEVED [redacted] BEEZER INTRODDCED OSWALD TO HIS SISTER. SET OUT LEAD TO INTERVIEW BOTH.

ALL OFFICES RECEIVING WILL INTERVIEW THOSE PERSONS LISTED ABOVE WHOSE RESIDENCE IS INDICATED IN THEIR TERRITORIES FOR ANY INFORMATION RE LEE HARVEY OSWALD. P

CC-MR. ROSEN

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

6

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

URGENT 12-2-63

TO DIRECTOR

INFO LEGAT PARIS

FROM LEGAT BERN NO. 243

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - CUBA.

REBUCAB NOVEMBER 29.

SWISS FEDERAL POLICE TODAY ADVISED GIBSON INTENDS TO GO TO PARIS DECEMBER 2 OR 3. ADDRESS WILL BE BUREAU "REVOLUTION," TELEPHONE ELYSEE 66-64 (PRIVATE), 26 AVENUE SIMON BOLIVAR, APPARTEMENT 674, PARIS XIX. CIA LOCALLY AND EMBASSY INFORMED. IN VIEW OF LIMITED TIME BEFORE DEPARTURE, NO ATTEMPT WILL BE MADE TO INTERVIEW GIBSON IN SWITZERLAND. LEGAT PARIS CONFIRM ARRIVAL OF GIBSON.

NORMAN W. PHILCOX

RECEIVED: 1:23 PM FN

REC 54 105-82555-102

DEC 5 1963

CONFIDENTIAL

DEC 6 1963

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. W. C. SULLIVAN

DATE: December 4, 1963

FROM : D. J. BRENNAN, JR.

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD 105-82555

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

The official United States Marine Corps (USMC) Service record for Oswald contains a notation relating to Oswald's weapons qualifications to the effect that Oswald qualified in December, 1956, on the M-1 rifle with a score of 212. A notation after this score has been inserted which qualifies Oswald as an "mm" (Marksman).

Colonel Oscar T. Jensen, Jr., Military Secretary to the Commandant, USMC, advised Liaison on December 4, 1963, apparently there is an error in the conclusion that Oswald's score of 212 qualified him as a Marksman. Colonel Jensen stated that since 1953 a qualification score on the M-1 rifle over 210 results in the awarding of a Sharpshooters' badge. Colonel Jensen called the Marine Corps at San Diego, where Oswald underwent his basic training and was advised records for the pertinent period have long since been destroyed. Colonel Jensen researched dead files in the Washington Marine Corps Headquarters and verified that a score of over 210 in Course "A" for the M-1 rifle in 1956 would qualify the recruit for Sharpshooter rating.

On the basis of his research, Colonel Jensen concluded that there was an administrative error in the entry in Oswald's Service jacket indicating that for a score of 212, he was awarded recognition as a Marksman when in reality Oswald apparently earned the rating of Sharpshooter.

ACTION:

For record purposes.

JOC:hke
(6)

REC-48 105-82555-103

2 DEC 5 1963

1-Mr. Rosen
1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. Branigan
1-Liaison
1-Mr. O'Connor

61 DEC 6 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12/4/63 11-22 PM AH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS 105-82555

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES 105-15823 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH R. OO DALLAS. RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO BUREAU DECEMBER FOUR INSTANT.

MASTER SGT. VERNON H. SHICK, MACS NO. NINE, SANTA ANA, CALIF., ADVISED SA HENRY F. ALSTON, ON DECEMBER FOUR INSTANT THAT HE WAS AT EL TORO MARINE BASE AT SAME TIME THAT OSWALD WAS STATIONED THERE. SHICK DOES NOT RECALL OSWALD PERSONALLY HAD NO PERSONAL CONTACT WITH HIM OR INFORMATION ABOUT HIM.

REC 2 105-82555-104

REPORT FOLLOWS.

HOLD PLS

MR. ROSEN REC. 1 EX-108T 25 DEC 5 1963

DEC 6 1963

DECEMBER 4, 1963

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO: SAC, DALLAS

FROM: DIRECTOR, FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R.

REDLTEL DECEMBER THREE, LAST, CONCERNING INTERVIEW OF MARINA OSWALD IN CONNECTION WITH RUSSIAN NOTE WRITTEN BY SUBJECT. IMMEDIATELY CONDUCT ALL LOGICAL INVESTIGATION IN EFFORT TO DEFINITELY RESOLVE VERACITY OF MRS. OSWALD IN HER INSISTENCE THAT THE NOTE WAS FOUND BY HER LAST SPRING. THIS INVESTIGATION SHOULD BE DIRECTED TOWARD RESOLVING ANY POSSIBILITY THAT THE NOTE WAS WRITTEN IN CONTEMPLATION OF THE SHOOTING OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. YOUR INVESTIGATION SHOULD INCLUDE CHECK OF UTILITY COMPANIES, PAYMENT OF RENT AND OTHER LOGICAL CHECKS. ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE IF THE MOVE OF THE OSWALD'S TO NEW ORLEANS IN APRIL LAST WAS MADE ON SHORT NOTICE AS CLAIMED BY MRS. OSWALD. SUTEL RESULTS OF YOUR INVESTIGATION.

COPIES DESTROYED
21 FEB 01 1973

FDT:MPD:MLT/mlt
(5)
1 - Mr. Belmont (sent direct)
1 - Mr. Sullivan (sent direct)

VOI-IS

REC-16 105-125-105

DEC 5 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

1 DEC 6 1963

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☑

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 24 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

U R G E N T 11/24/63 5-55 PM EST RLS

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, CLEVELAND /62-1848/ 4P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. AFO.

REBUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TO CLEVELAND, NOV. TWENTYFOUR, SIXTYTHREE, AND BUREAU LETTER TO CLEVELAND, JAN. TWENTY SIXTY, CLEVELAND LETTER TO DIRECTOR, FEB. FIVE SIXTY AND CLEVELAND AIRTEL TO DIRECTOR, SEPT. SEVENTEEN SIXTY, ALL CAPTIONED JONAS ZEMAITIS, INFORMATION CONCERNING PAREN SUBVERSIVE CONTROL END PAREN.

JONAS ZEMAITIS, AKA., VALDO RAGASH, VALDO RAGAS, WALDO RAGAS, ONE ONE THREE EIGHT NINE DEBORAH DRIVE, CLEVELAND, OHIO, INTERVIEWED THIS DATE CONCERNING HIS ALLEGATION LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND HIS WIFE ARE SOVIET SPIES AND HAVE NOT COMPLETED THERE MISSION. ZEMAITIS WAS BORN IN LITHUANIA, JAN. SEVENTEEN NINETEEN EIGHTEEN, AND ENTERED THE UNITED STATES, JAN. TWO FIFTY TWO, STATES HE SERVED IN BRITISH EIGHTH ARMY, NINETEEN FORTYFOUR TO FORTYEIGHT, BEING DEMOBILIZED IN ENGLAND IN FORTYEIGHT. HE WORKED IN ENGLAND UNTIL DEC. TWENTYTHREE FIFTYONE, WHEN HE LEFT FOR THE UNITED STATES, ARRIVING IN BUFFALO, NEW YORK. HE

END PAGE ONE

REC 14 105-82555-106
NOV 8 1963
105-82555

DEC 4 1963

1-Liaison
11-27-63
ETJ:s

HAS A WIFE, JOAN FRANCES COUSIN ZEMAITIS, OF BRITISH NATIONALITY AND A FOURTEEN YEAR OLD SON, ANTHONY. HE RECEIVED HEAD INJURIES AS A RESULT OF AN EXPLODING HAND GRENADE, DURING WORLD WAR TWO FOR WHICH HE WAS HOSPITALIZED. HE HAS BEEN HOSPITALIZED IN CLEVELAND FOR BACK INJURIES OCCASIONED BY AN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT IN SIXTYONE. HE HAS BEEN A BOXER UNTIL TWO YEARS AGO AND HAS BEEN DESCRIBED BY A FORMER EMPLOYER AS BEING QUOTE PUCHY END QUOTE.

ZEMAITIS CLAIMS TO BE A MEMBER OF THE ANTI COMMUNIST LITHUANIAN UNDERGROUND AND WAS SENT TO THE QUOTE WEST END QUOTE TO MAINTAIN LIAISON AND TO DETERMINE IF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WILL QUOTE STAY WITH END QUOTE OR ASSIST LITHUANIA IN THE EVENT OF AN INTERNAL UPRISING. HE LAST HAD CONTACT WITH THE UNDERGROUND SEVEN MONTHS AGO IN CLEVELAND, BUT REFUSED TO FURNISH ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING THIS UNDERGROUND OPERATION. HE CLAIMS THE UNDERGROUND DID TELL HIM THAT SOME OF THE PERSONS COMING OUT OF THE SOVIET UNION HAVE BEEN ASSIGNED TO KILL UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, BUT HE DID NOT KNOW IDENTITIES OF ANY PARTICULAR PERSON AND COULD NOT IDENTIFY ANY OF THE INDIVIDUALS WHO HAD BEEN GIVEN SUCH ASSIGNMENTS. HE

DID NOT KNOW WHETHER OSWALD HAD BEEN GIVEN SUCH AN ASSIGNMENT, BUT BELIEVES BOTH OSWALD AND HIS WIFE ARE SOVIET ~~SOVIET~~ SPIES AND THAT THE WIFE IS THE MOTIVATING FORCE. HE COULD NOT FURNISH ANY INFORMATION TO SUBSTANTIATE THIS OPINION. HE BELIEVES OSWALD/S KILLER TO BE A PART OF THE COMMUNIST UNDERGROUND APPARATUS AND THAT HE HAD BEEN GIVEN THE SPECIFIC ASSIGNMENT TO KILL OSWALD. HERE AGAIN, HE WAS UNABLE TO GIVE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND EXPAINS HIS OPINION BY STATING THIS IS THE WAY THE COMMUNIST SYSTEM WORKS. HE MAINTAINS OSWALD/S KILLER WILL ALSO BE KILLED BY THIS COMMUNIST UNDERGROUND APPARATUS.

IN AN INTERVIEW WITH SAC EDWARD E. HARGETT ON MAY NINE SIXTY, ZEMAITIS WAS HIGHLY CRITICAL OF THE UNITED STATES FOR ALLOWING AN AIRPLAINE USED ON A SPY MISSION TO BE SHOT DOWN BY THE RUSSIANS.

ON FEB. TWENTYEIGHT SIXTYTWO, ZEMAITIS APPEARD AT THE CLEVELAND OFFICE AND ADVISED THAT ASTRONAUT JOHN GLENN IS HITLER IN DISGUISE.

ZEMAITIS HAS BEEN IN CONTACT WITH CIA AND THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

IN VIEW OF THE FACT ZEMAITIS HAS NO SPECIFIC DETAILS AND THE NATURE OF PREVOUS INFORMATION FURNISHED BY HIM, CLEVELAND

END PAGE THREE

CV 62-1848

WILL NOT SUBMIT LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM AND WILL CONDUCT NO

FURTHER INVESTIGATION, UACB.

END AND ACK PLS

WA-----6-05 PM OK FBI WA MSL

TU MSL-CLR

CC-MR SULLIVAN

1 - Belmont
1 - Rosen
1 - Liaison 1 - Turner

(5) 105-82555 - 106

Date: November 27, 1963

To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Director of Security

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference is made to information furnished by Mr. Howard Osborne on November 24, 1963, regarding a telephone call from Valdo Ragash of Cleveland, Ohio, who alleged that the captioned subject and his wife were trained Soviet spies and cautioned that full protection should be afforded Mrs. Kennedy.

For your information, Ragash, who is also known as Jonas Zemaitis and Valdo Ragas, residing at 11389 Deborah Drive, Cleveland, Ohio, was interviewed. He claimed to be a member of an anticommunist Lithuanian underground which was sent to the West to maintain liaison with the U.S. Government and determine if the U.S. will assist Lithuania in the event of an internal uprising in Russia. He claimed to have had last contact with the underground 7 months ago in Cleveland but refused to furnish additional information. He claimed the underground personnel did advise him that some of the persons coming out of the Soviet Union have been assigned to kill U.S. Government officials but he did not know the identities of any particular persons and could not identify any of the individuals who had been given such assignments. He did not know whether the captioned subject had been given such an assignment but speculated that subject and his wife are Soviet spies and that the wife is the motivating force. He could furnish no information to substantiate this opinion.

Ragash also speculated that subject's killer is a part of the communist underground apparatus and had been given the specific assignment to kill subject. He speculated

EIT:cgw
(7)

REC-114 105-82555-106

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TELETYPE UNIT

Director
Central Intelligence Agency

that subject's killer in turn will be killed by the communist underground apparatus. He could furnish no information to substantiate his conclusions.

Ragash advised that he was born in Lithuania January 17, 1918, and entered the U.S. January 2, 1952. He served in the British Eighth Army from 1944 - 1948, was demobilized in England and worked in that country until December 23, 1951 when he came to the U.S. arriving in Buffalo, New York. His wife, Joan Frances Cousin Zemaitis, is of British nationality and they have a 14-year-old son, Anthony. Ragash advised that he had received head injuries as a result of an exploding hand grenade during World War II for which he was hospitalized. He was again hospitalized in Cleveland in 1961 for back injuries occasioned by an automobile accident. He was a boxer until 2 years ago and a former employer has described him as being "punchy."

On May 9, 1960, Ragash in an interview at the Cleveland office of this Bureau was critical of the U.S. for permitting the U-2 plane to be shot down by the Russians. On February 28, 1962, he appeared at the Cleveland office and advised that astronaut John Glenn is Hitler in disguise.

The above is for information.

1 - Chief, U. S. Secret Service

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 107

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 13

SECTION NO.
3

CIA

REFERRAL

12-4-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SACS WASHINGTON FIELD
DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.; IS DASH R.

AT NINE TWENTY P.M. THIS DATE AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS HAROLD DELANCY GREGORY AND WHO STATED HE HAD ATTENDED GEORGE WASHINGTON LAW SCHOOL WITH MR. CLYDE TOLSON REQUESTED TO SPEAK TO MR. TOLSON ON THE CAPTIONED MATTER. HE WAS REFERRED TO ASSISTANT DIRECTOR ROSEN'S OFFICE AND STATED THAT HIS WIFE, GERTRUDE, HAD SEEN OSWALD IN EAST ORANGE, NEW JERSEY, IN LATE AUGUST OR EARLY SEPTEMBER, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE. MRS. GERTRUDE GREGORY THEN ADVISED TELEPHONICALLY THAT SHE HAD SEEN THE INDIVIDUAL BELIEVED TO BE OSWALD DURING THE CORE DEMONSTRATIONS IN NEW JERSEY AND THAT THIS INDIVIDUAL HAD MADE THREATENING GESTURES AT HER AT THE TIME SHE HAD SEEN HIM. MRS. GREGORY REQUESTED A PERSONAL INTERVIEW AT NINE A.M. IN ROOM THREE ZERO ONE PAREN LINCOLN SUITE END PAREN, WILLARD HOTEL, WASHINGTON, D. C., SO THAT SHE MIGHT MORE FULLY DESCRIBE THE INCIDENT IN WHICH SHE BELIEVED OSWALD WAS INVOLVED.

MRS. HAROLD DELANCY GREGORY

EX-110 REC-46 105-82555-108

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25 DEC 5 1963

WASHINGTON FIELD INTERVIEW MRS. GREGORY AND DETERMINE IF SHE CAN IDENTIFY OSWALD OR ANY OTHER ASSOCIATES WHO MAY HAVE BEEN IN

PJD:cjr
(6)

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 5 1963
TELETYPE

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

12 57 A ent

TELETYPE TO SACS WASHINGTON FIELD
DALLAS

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

EAST ORANGE, NEW JERSEY DURING LATE AUGUST OR EARLY SEPTEMBER,

NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 5 1963
TELETYPE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
JACKSONVILLE	DALLAS	12/2/63	11/22 - 29/63

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	WILLIAM JOHNSON	
	CHARACTER OF CASE	
	IS - R	

REFERENCES

Bureau teletypes to all offices 11/30/63 and 12/1/63.

STATUS

- P -

INFORMANTS

Identity	Location
JK T-1 - [redacted] Southern Bell Telephone Company, Jacksonville, Fla., who requested his identity be kept confidential.	Instant report

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21 FEB 01 1973

COPIES MADE:

10 - Bureau
3 - Dallas
3 - Jacksonville (89-10)
(1 - 44-346)

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

105-82555-109

DEC 5 1963

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency				
Request Rec'd.				
Date Fwd.	12-18-63	12-17-63		
How Fwd.	Hand	by hand		
By				

JK 89-10

Identity		Location
JK T-2	[redacted] Western Union Office, 510 Hogan St., Jacksonville, Fla., who requested his identity be kept confidential.	Instant report
JK T-3	[redacted]	89-10-10
JK T-4	[redacted] Post Office Building, Jacksonville, Fla., who requested his identity be kept confidential.	Instant report
JK T-5	[redacted] Pensacola, Fla., who requested that his identity be kept confidential	Instant report
JK T-6	[redacted]	Instant report
JK T-7	[redacted]	Instant report
AT-1	[redacted]	44-346-2

Identities of other informants and sources contacted in this matter are set forth in Jacksonville files.

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA WILLIAM JOHNSON Office: JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA
Date: December 2, 1963

Field Office File #: 89-10 Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis: CLYDE DAVID BUMGARNER, Worcester, Mass., advised that one RICKY KYLE, of Orlando, Fla., allegedly made statement several weeks ago to one DAVID HART of Jacksonville, Fla., that President KENNEDY would be killed. Investigation failed to corroborate information furnished by BUMGARNER and information received indicating BUMGARNER possibly mentally disturbed. F. A. BOWER, Jacksonville, Fla., reportedly made remark he was going to Washington to kill 10,000 Negroes. BOWER interviewed and denied making foregoing statement. JK T-5 expressed theory that one GEORGE PARR, former "Political Boss" in Texas may have been behind assassination of President KENNEDY. JK T-5 had no knowledge whatsoever concerning assination and no concrete information to support theory. JACK L. RUBY unknown to present law enforcement officers or former sheriff at Daytona Beach, Fla. Brother of ROBERT JEROME STUART located Palatka, Fla., unable to furnish information re whereabouts of ROBERT who reportedly was formerly employed by RUBY. All logical informants and sources contacted with negative results.

STATUS - P -

DETAILS

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

JK 89-10

CLYDE DAVID BUMGARNER;
DAVID HART;
RICKY KYLE

On November 23, 1963, the Boston Office of the FBI furnished the following information to the Jacksonville Office:

On November 23, 1963, CLYDE DAVID BUMGARNER, age 18, 94 Chatham Street, Worcester, Massachusetts, advised that he had arrived in Worcester about three weeks prior to that date from Jacksonville, Florida and claimed to have received a telegram on November 23, 1963, from a friend, DAVID HART, Jacksonville, Florida, whose telephone number was 356-9251, requesting BUMGARNER to call him at that number.

BUMGARNER called DAVID HART at 6:00 PM on November 23, 1963, and HART told BUMGARNER that a friend, RICKY KYLE, of Orlando, Florida, had mentioned to HART two or three weeks ago that President KENNEDY would be killed. HART told BUMGARNER he through KYLE might be able to furnish pertinent information but HART wanted to send KYLE outside the State of Florida to give the information to the FBI.

BUMGARNER further advised the Boston Office that he, together with DAVID HART and RICKY KYLE are members of the "Royal Order of Ica" which BUMGARNER joined in 1960 in Orlando, Florida, and is an organization which is anti-integration and anti-National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP). He said DAVID HART and his associates frequent the Blue Circle Drive In Restaurant off Summer Street, Jacksonville, Florida.

BUMGARNER further advised that he attempted to call DAVID HART again at 9:20 PM on November 23, 1963, but was told by the operator that Jacksonville telephone number 356-9251 had been disconnected. He said this number was formerly listed to Ray's Paint and Body Shop, 246 Riverside Avenue, Jacksonville, Florida. BUMGARNER could not furnish an address for HART or KYLE.

JK 89-10

The following investigation was conducted by SA RICHARD E. CASEY at Jacksonville, Florida:

A review of the files of the Jacksonville Office of the FBI failed to disclose any information concerning the "Royal Order of Ace" or individuals by the name CLYDE DAVID BUMGARNER, DAVID HART, or RICKY KYLE.

The 1963 telephone and city directories for the city of Jacksonville and vicinity failed to disclose any information concerning DAVID HART, RICKY KYLE or CLYDE DAVID BUMGARNER and no listings were found for telephone number 356-9251, Ray's Paint and Body Shop or the Blue Circle Drive In Restaurant.

On November 23, 1963, JK T-1 advised that Jacksonville telephone number 356-9251 has been disconnected for over 5 months and no telephone calls could have been received at that number on November 23, 1963.

On November 23, 1963, JK T-2 advised that no records could be located of a telegram being sent from Jacksonville, Florida, to CLYDE DAVID BUMGARNER, Worcester, Massachusetts, on November 21, 22, or 23, 1963.

The following investigation was conducted by SA EDWARD H. BAHLOW, JR., at Jacksonville, Florida:

Mr. W. G. PATTERSON, Clerk, United States Post Office, Jacksonville, Florida, advised on November 23, 1963, that he could not locate any information concerning the Blue Circle Drive In Restaurant in the Jacksonville area.

On the same date SA EDWARD H. BAHLOW, JR., attempted to locate a drive in restaurant on Summers Street and in the vicinity of Summers Street, in the city of Jacksonville, Florida, with negative results.

The results of the Jacksonville investigation were furnished to the Boston Office of the FBI on November 23, 1963. On the same date, the Boston Office advised that when BUMGARNER was recontacted concerning this matter he could not give a clear explanation for the inconsistencies in his original information, became extremely excited, and gave indications of being emotionally disturbed.

The Boston Office also advised that no record could be located to indicate that BUMGARNER had received a telegram on the date indicated by him and that he had been dismissed from his employment on November 23, 1963 by his employer for falsely claiming he had fallen from a roof and due to indications that BUMGARNER was mentally disturbed.

FRANKLIN A. BOWER

The following investigation is predicated on information received from JK T-3 on November 25, 1963, that on November 12 - 14, 1963, F. A. BOWER, Post Office Box 552, Jacksonville, Florida, registered at the Ponce De Leon Hotel, Roanoke, Virginia. While at the hotel, BOWER drank heavily and when the management attempted to make him check out he reportedly made remark that he was going "to Washington and kill 10,000 Negroes." The informant said that BOWER was possibly a gun salesman as he was observed in possession of several rifles in his car. He was described as a white male, approximately 50 years old, 5' 10" tall, weighed 180 pounds, and had grey hair combed straight back.

The July, 1963, telephone directory for Jacksonville, Florida, shows that F. A. BOWER resides at 2515 Pineridge Road and that the F. A. BOWER Distributing company, Cutlery, is at 1704 Hendricks.

JK 89-10

On November 25, 1963, JK T-4 advised that Post Office Box 5522, Southside Station, Jacksonville, is listed to F. A. BOWER, 2515 Pineridge Road, Jacksonville, Florida.

On November 25, 1963, FRANKLIN A. BOWER, 2515 Pineridge Road was interviewed by SAs WALTON O. CONE and JOSEPH M. BURKE.

Mr. BOWER advised that he is the owner of the F. A. BOWER Distributing Company located at 1704 Hendricks and that he mainly operates as an importer of cutlery. He said that he also imports small arms and on occasions buys second hand rifles which he sells.

BOWER said that he was born at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, September 27, 1909, and that his wife was born and reared in Germany. He said that he had been a resident of Jacksonville at the above address since 1939.

BOWER said that he was in Roanoke, Virignia, for two days in the middle of November, 1963, and stayed at the Ponce De Leon Hotel. He said that he travels over much of the country in connection with his business including Texas and California. BOWER said that he did do some drinking while at the Ponce De Leon Hotel, but that he made no wild statements to the effect that he intended to kill anyone. He said that he knows that such action is not the way to settle America's problems of today and he feels that it was a tragedy that the President of The United States was assassinated.

BOWER said that he was in Georgetown and Charleston, South Carolina on November 22, 1963, and returned to Jacksonville, Florida, by way of Brunswick, Georgia, on Saturday, November 23, 1963. He said that he made all of this travel by automobile.

JK 89-10

GEORGE PARR

JK T-5 telephonically furnished the following information to the Pensacola, Florida, Resident Agency of the FBI on November 25, 1963:

The source formerly resided in Alice, Texas, until 1949. One GEORGE PARR was a "Political Boss" there at that time. PARR was then a strong supporter of President LYNDON JOHNSON and allegedly "padded" the election box the first time President JOHNSON was elected to the United States Senate. PARR reportedly resides on a ranch in San Diego, Texas.

In 1948 PARR allegedly had one BILL MASON, Editor of the Alice Chronicle Newspaper, killed in order to keep political control. MASON was reportedly killed by a sniper. One SAM SMITHWICK, a deputy sheriff was subsequently convicted and given a life sentence for killing MASON. SMITHWICK later killed himself in jail.

Also in 1948, PARR was rumored to have tried to have (first name unknown) FLOYD killed. FLOYD was the owner of a radio station in Alice and was allegedly attempting to connect PARR with the murder of MASON. FLOYD's son was reportedly killed by a sniper by mistake.

JK T-5 expressed the theory that since MASON and FLOYD were killed by a sniper's bullets and since PARR was rumored to have been connected with these killings that PARR also may have been behind the assassination of President KENNEDY. JK T-5 futher expressed the opinion that PARR would possibly benefit politically by this turn of events in view of his acquaintance with President JOHNSON.

JK T-5 advised he had no knowledge whatsoever concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY and no first-hand knowledge concerning the above mentioned rumors and allegations involving PARR.

JK 89-10

JK T-5 advised that he was merely furnishing the foregoing information as a theory and had no concrete information to support his theory.

CHARLES CONLEY LYNCH, aka
CONNIE LYNCH

JK T-6 and JK T-7 advised on November 27, 1963, that CONNIE LYNCH had been residing at 107 East 1st Street, Jacksonville, Florida, and speaking at Klan rallies sponsored by The Ku Klux Klan for the past couple of months. The sources advised that they have received no information indicating that LYNCH had any contacts in Texas or had recently traveled outside the Jacksonville, Florida, area.

The foregoing sources advised that The Ku Klux Klan was a new klan organization which was recently formed in Jacksonville, Florida. According to these sources The Ku Klux Klan was formed by a number of members of the United Florida Ku Klux Klan who split away from that organization. A characterization of the United Florida Ku Klux Klan is included in the appendix section of this report.

EUNICE GROVER FALLAW, also known as GENE FALLAW, officer of The Ku Klux Klan, 12500 Camden Road, Oceanway, Florida, furnished the following information to SAs HARLAND D. SHAW and WILLIAM JOHNSON on November 27, 1963:

CONNIE LYNCH was in Jacksonville, Florida, during the time President KENNEDY was assassinated. LYNCH is an ardent segregationist and was opposed to many policies of President KENNEDY, however, he had nothing to do whatsoever with President KENNEDY's assassination to FALLAW's knowledge. Also LYNCH had no current contacts in Texas to FALLAW's knowledge. FALLAW advised that LYNCH was planning to leave Jacksonville to return to his home in San Bernardino, California, in the next week or so.

JK 89-10

JACK L. RUBY

On November 25, 1963, the Atlanta Office advised they have information from AT-1 to the effect that a (first name unknown) RUBIN had possibly operated in the vicinity of Daytona Beach in the latter 1940s. Photographs of RUBY appeared similar to RUBIN, according to AT-1. Informant suggested the following people should have complete knowledge of RUBY if identical with RUBIN:

MATTIE TRACY, [redacted] Daytona, Florida

JOHNNIE WALKER, Daytona, Florida.

M. T. BROWNING, Police Department, Daytona, Florida.

TOM JOHNSON, former Chief of Police, South Daytona Police Department. FLA. MEXICO

PITT COLE, Deland, Florida.

(First name unknown) KITCHIN, former Deputy Sheriff Deland, Florida.

AT DELAND, FLORIDA.

The following investigation was conducted by SA FRED E. GORDON:

MATTIE TRACY was ascertained to be residing and operating out of West Palm Beach, Florida.

TOM JOHNSON, former Chief of Police, Daytona Beach, presently traveling in Mexico.

JAMES T. KINCHEN, former Chief Deputy Sheriff is deceased.

RUBIN is not known to JOHNNIE WHALEN, M. T. BROWNING or former Sheriff of Volusia County, ALEX LITTLEFIELD.

Investigation further reflects RUBIN is not known to the present police officials at Daytona Beach and not known to Constable F. R. GALBREATH (NA) or GENE PETRONE (NA), both former Deputies under LITTLEFIELD and residents of Volusia County for the past 40 years.

PITT COLE, former Volusia County Commissioner has not been located to date.

AT PALATKA, FLORIDA.

CHARLES STUART, brother of ROBERT JEROME STUART, also known as BUDDY KING, was located at the William Penn Motel, Palatka, Florida, by SA JOHN PAGE.

STUART stated he has not seen his brother since 1957 when his brother worked as a comic in a New Orleans, Louisiana, night club, name unrecalled. He said ROBERT went to Dallas from New Orleans and that he has not been heard from since. He said he has no idea of the current location of ROBERT who would be unable to suggest logical associates for contact who could furnish this information.

It is to be noted that ROBERT STUART was reportedly a former employee of JACK L. RUBY.

MISCELLANEOUS

All logical informants and sources in the Jacksonville Division having knowledge of Racial, Security, Criminal, and Gambling matters were contacted concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD, JACK L. RUBY and the assassination of President KENNEDY. None of the informants or sources were able to furnish any information relating to these matters.

JK 89-10

A review of the files of the Jacksonville Office failed to reveals any information concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD and/or JACK L. RUBY.

APPENDIX

UNITED FLORIDA KU KLUX KLAN (UFKKK)

A source advised on August 20, 1955, that a new organization known as the Florida Ku Klux Klan (FKKK) had been formed at Macclenny, Florida, on August 14, 1955, by former members of the Association of Florida Ku Klux Klan (AFKKK).

The objectives of this group, according to a second source are to oppose integration in the schools and to fight communism.

Regarding AFKKK, a third source advised that a former official of the Association of Georgia Klans (AGK) formed an organization on July 7, 1953, known as AFKKK. The "Morning Tribune" Tampa, Florida newspaper, in its August 11, 1955, issue revealed AFKKK disbanded on that date.

A fourth source advised on October 25, 1956, that AFKKK operated under the same principles and by-laws as the AGK. The AGK has been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A fifth source advised on February 17, 1958, that the FKKK is operating and maintaining the same objectives as set forth above.

The sixth source advised on June 28, 1961, that at a meeting held in Orlando, Florida, on June 25, 1961, the FKKK and the United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., in Florida, consolidated and the new organization is known as the UFKKK.

On May 17, 1962, the sixth source advised that the UFKKK is still in existence in Florida and maintains the same objectives as set forth above.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Jacksonville, Florida
December 2, 1963

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference Report of SA WILLIAM JOHNSON at Jacksonville dated December 2, 1963.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

Contact with JK T-5 has been insufficient to determine his reliability.

JOSEPH M. CROWELL, former United States Commissioner and Pensacola, Florida, attorney, described JK T-5 as an alcoholic and as being entirely unreliable.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 01 1973

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: 12/3/63

FROM : J. L. Handley

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

REC 37

At 12:20 a.m., 12/3/63, Walter A. Koopman, 2204 Parallel Lane, Silver Spring, Maryland, called Midnight Supervisor William E. Assmus to report that he believed that he had seen Lee Harvey Oswald in Bethesda, Maryland, in about February, 1963.

Koopman said that he had been studying the photographs of Lee Harvey Oswald appearing in the U. S. News and World Report magazine and was convinced that it was either Lee Harvey Oswald or an amazing "look alike" who had visited him at his place of business, W. A. Koopman and Company, Inc., 4922 Cordell Avenue, Bethesda, Maryland, in about February, 1963.

Koopman said he runs an automobile dealership and this individual, whom he believed used the last name of Pelligrino, came in allegedly to trade in a Volkswagon which bore license tags of a southern state, exact state not recalled by Koopman, the individual indicated he had been employed by an aircraft company in Southwestern United States but had lost his job and was en route to New York. No deal was made by Koopman with this individual.

Sometime later Koopman stated he received a package from this individual from New York City. The package contained subversive literature of a communist nature and also dealt with the Cuban situation. Koopman said that he believed this literature and possibly the full name and address of the above individual had been retained by him in his desk in his place of business. He indicated a desire to furnish this information to an FBI Agent for whatever value and significance it might be.

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

REC 37 105-[illegible]-1105

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DEC 5 1963

53 DEC 9 1963

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

[redacted]

Bureau indices contain no information identifiable with Koopman.

ACTION TAKEN:

Resident Agent John Landbeck, Silver Spring, Resident Agency, was telephonically contacted and instructed to interview Koopman for all information in his possession and to determine the nature of the literature allegedly received by him. Advise Bureau results of this interview.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 4 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

REC 37

URGENT 12-3-63 PM 11-15 DEC

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, CLEVELAND /105-7674/

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE CLEVELAND TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS DEC. THREE SIXTYTHREE, FOUR THIRTEEN PM, CAPTIONED LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

RE ELEANORE GAST.

INVESTIGATION DALLAS HAS ESTABLISHED WHEREABOUTS OF OSWALD PERIOD NOV. ONE TO TWELVE LAST, AND NO INFORMATION TO INDICATE RUBY AWAY FROM DALLAS DURING SAME PERIOD.

DISCONTINUE INVESTIGATION RE ELEANORE GAST.

AM COPIES TO BALTIMORE AND WFO.

END AND ACK PLS

REC 37 105-82555

WA 12-19 AM OK FBI WA HFL

CR-19 AM OK FBI CV JW

OUTGOING DISC

25 DEC 5 1963

DEC

cc-MR. SULLIVAN

53 DEC 9 1963

cc O'Keefe

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. D. J. Brennan, Jr. DATE: 12/2/63

FROM: Mr. S. J. Papich

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - RUSSIA

On 11/28/63, CIA made available to the Bureau a copy of a speech made by Fidel Castro on the same date. CIA suggested a review of this speech in that it might contain information of interest, not already known, relative to the instant case.

This speech was reviewed by the Nationalities Intelligence Section and no information, not already known to the Bureau, was detected. The Liaison Agent so advised John Mertz, CIA, on 11/29/63. A copy of the Castro speech is enclosed.

ACTION:

The above information is being directed to the Soviet and Nationalities Intelligence Sections.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Papich
SJP:chs
(5)

105-82555

REC-44

EX-116

5 DEC 6 1963

ENCLOSURE

ENCLO. BEHIND FILE

53 DEC 9 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 2-56 PM CST PAG

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ AND SAC DALLAS /100-10461/

FROM SAC LITTLE ROCK /105-406/ 2-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

JAMES MARTIN, TERMINAL MANAGER, STRICKLAND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, LITTLE ROCK, ADVISED TODAY RECEIVED CALL FROM ARKANSAS GAZETTE REPORTER THAT A FRIEND OF HIS HAD OVERHEARD CONVERSATION BETWEEN TWO TRUCK DRIVERS AT A TRUCK STOP IN SEARCY, ARKANSAS THAT OSWALD HAD APPLIED FOR A JOB WITH STRICKLAND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY IN LITTLE ROCK PRIOR TO THE TIME PRESIDENT KENNEDY VISITED ARKANSAS IN OCTOBER ONE NINE SIX THREE. MARTIN ADVISED HAD CHECKED WITH ALL INDIVIDUALS IN HIS EMPLOY WHO HIRE PERSONNEL, WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS AND ONLY FRED HOUSE RECALLED ANYONE WHO MIGHT BE THE PERSON REFERRED TO IN THIS CONVERSATION.

FRED HOUSE, DOCK FOREMAN, STRICKLAND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, ADVISED HE RECALLED INTERVIEWING PROSPECTIVE TRUCK DRIVER IN JULY OR AUGUST ONE NINE SIX THREE AND THIS INDIVIDUAL TOLD HIM HE HAD UNDESIRABLE DISCHARGE AND ACCORDINGLY WAS NOT OFFERED A

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-113

EX-108

25 DEC 5 1963

53 DEC 9 1963

JOB. HOUSE ADVISED THIS INDIVIDUAL DEFINITELY NOT OSWALD.

L. E. MC JUNKIN AND L. C. CULLUM, CHECKERS, STRICKLAND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, ADIVSED TODAY THEY RECALLED INDIVIDUAL REFERRED TO BY HOUSE AND DEFINITELY NOT IDENTICAL TO OSWALD.

BILL SHELTON, CITY EDITOR, ARKANSAS GAZETTE, ADVISED TODAY THAT REPORTER RECEIVED CALL RE ABOVE AND WAS MERELY CHECKING SAME OUT AND IDENTITY OF TRUCK DRIVERS SUPPOSEDLY MAKING STATEMENT NOT KNOWN.

REPORT WILL BE SUBMITTED ON THE ABOVE INFORMATION.

DL TO BE ADVISED

END AND ACK PLS 4-04 PM OK FBI WA LA

TU CLR

DC-MR ROSE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: 11-30-63

FROM : C. A. Evans

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

On the afternoon of 11-30-63 Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach telephonically advised that the Department had received some information indicating suggestions had been made in Dallas for the possible cremation of Oswald. He stated he had no further facts concerning this but in the event such was being advocated he would feel very strongly against such action. He stated he, therefore, intended to discuss the matter with United States Attorney Barefoot Sanders since he felt that any such action prior to the trial of Ruby would be something else for wide speculation.

ACTION:

This is for information.

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. DeLoach

CHS:jma
(6)

REC-34 -114

5 DEC 6 1963

DEC 10 1963

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 115

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO. 3

SECRET SERVICE

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Delo[illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Tr[illegible]
Tele. R[illegible]
Miss H[illegible]
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 4-04 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, NEW ORLEANS /89-69/

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE.-AFO.

REURTEL NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE SIXTYTHREE.

RE TRAVEL OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

ON TWELVE TWO INSTANT , MR. STERL RICE, ACCOUNTING AND REVENUE DIVISION, CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS, DALLAS, ADVISED TICKETS DESCRIBED IN RETEL COULD BE OBTAINED AT CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS, ALEXANDRIA, LOUISIANA IN CARE OF MR. E.E. BELBRAY.

NEW ORLEANS HANDLE AS SET FORTH IN RETEL.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 5-07 PM OK FBI WA LA

NO 4-7 PM OK NO[illegible]

NO ACK AGAN 4-09 PM CST OK FBI NO JLT

TU AND DSIC

WDHCOU

105-82555-116

REC 34

25 DEC 5 1963

6-PMD

5-88

59 DEC 10 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-3-63 - 1-48 PM CST DMB

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-1909//1P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

REBUTEL ONE FORTY ONE P.M. INSTANT DATE, ADVISING PROBABILITY OSWALD TRAVELED TO NUEVO LAREDO ON BUS WHICH ARRIVED AT BORDER SEVEN A.M., OCTOBER QUOTE TWO UNQUOTE LAST AND REQUESTING CHECKS CONTINUE TO DEVELOP METHOD OF TRANSPORTATION USED TO GO TO DALLAS.

MEXICAN AUTHORITIES RECORDS REFLECT THAT OSWALD CROSSED BORDER FROM MEXICO TO UNITED STATES OCTOBER THREE, REPEAT THREE, LAST.

EFFORTS CONTINUING TO DEVELOP METHOD OF TRANSPORTATION OF OSWALD FROM BORDER.

END AND ACK PLS.

WA 2-52 PM OK FBI WA LA

TU DISC

REC-34 105-82555-3-117

SI-105

5 DEC 4 1963

59 DEC 10 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Ex. Telem.
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-3-63 4-10 PM CST DAW

TO. DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM. SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/ /P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R

RE BUREAU TEL TO SAN ANTONIO DECEMBER THREE INSTANT, ONE FORTY ONE P. M., WHICH REQUESTED EXTENSIVE INVESIGATION OF SAN ANTONIO TO DEVELOP METHOD OF TRANSPORTATION OF OSWALD FROM NUEVO LAREDO, MEXICO, TO DALLAS WHERE HE ARRIVED SOMETIME DURING OCTOBER THREE LAST. DALLAS SENT COPY OF THAT TELETYPE BY MAIL.

LEAD. SO THAT SAN ANTONIO CAN CONTINUE LOGICAL INVESTIGATION, DALLAS FURNISH SAN ANTONIO BY TELETYPE ALL INFORMATION CONCERNING OSWALD BEING IN DALLAS ON OCTOBER THREE LAST AND SPECIFICALLY TIME HE ARRIVED THERE OR ANY TIMES HE WAS SEEN THERE ON THAT DATE. FURNISH SAN ANTONIO BY COB TODAY.

DEC 3 [illegible]

END AND ACK PLS

AA 5-13 PM OK FBI WA WS

DL 4-13 PM OK FBI DL WD

TU BOTH DISC

REC-34 105-82555-118

5 DEC 4 1963

59 DEC 10 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 4-30 PM AF

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, NORFOLK 89-17 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

REBUTEL AND REP HENRY A. WELKE DATED NOVEMBER THREE ZERO, LAST.

CONTACTS WITH SOURCES COMPLETED. NO PERTINENT INFO DEVELOPED.

REPORT BEING SUBMITTED DECEMBER THREE, SIX THREE. 105-82555-119

AIRMAIL COPY TO DALLAS.

REC 30

25 DEC 5 1963

END AND ACK PLS

WA 4-31 PM OK FBI WA WS

TU S DISC

53 DEC 9 1963

CC-MR ROSEN

Rudolf K r e m p l
Shattuck Military Academy
F a r i b a u l t , Minn.

Faribault, November 25, 1963

Mr. J. Edgar H o o v e r
Director of FBI
Dept. of Justice
W a s h i n g t o n , D.C.

Dear Sir :

I know and I appreciate very well your job. Therefore I would like to support your present desire to clear the tragedy from Dallas.

If you may use my help, I am ready to aid.

I am a refugee from Czechoslovakia. My wife is of Russian origin. We both understand Russian very well. In the USA, we are since 1959.

Please give us the opportunity to meet wife of Oswald in Irving. My wife is of the same age. I think our discussion with Mrs. Oswald may be for you a decisive help.

Sincerely yours

Rudolf K r e m p l

1 1-113 sec 26 105-82555 120

NOV 29 1963

NOV 25 2 11 PM '63

105-82555-120

REC 26

62-109060

December 3, 1963

Mr. Rudolf Krempl
Shattuck Military Academy
Faribault, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Krempl:

I received your letter of November 25th. While I appreciate your kind offer to be of help, I cannot authorize you to act in any capacity for this Bureau.

Although the FBI does not have the [redacted] responsibility for the protection of the President, he has instructed the FBI to conduct a full investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald. I can assure you that this Bureau will discharge its responsibilities in this regard with the same thoroughness and dispatch that have characterized our investigations in the past.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:plr
(3)

MAILED 5
DEC - 3 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

66 DEC 10 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, D.C.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES
FOR THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 1962

November 26, 1963

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

My dear Mr. Director:

Here is a very interesting editorial which appeared in a paper in Tennessee which made much of this lawyer Abt. I know that your people are on top of this entire situation, but it will be interesting to know just how far you are able to follow this distressing thing through.

105-82555 UNREC
NOT RECORDED
133 DEC 12 1963

With highest expressions of personal esteem,

I am

Sincerely yours,

Clifford Davis, M.C.
9th District
Tennessee

Enc-Enclosure

EXP. PROC.
NOV 29 1963

December 3, 1963

105-[redacted]

Honorable Clifford Davis
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C. 20515

Dear Cliff:

Thank you for your letter of November 26th with enclosure. Your thoughtfulness in furnishing me the editorial from the November 25th issue of the "Nashville Banner" is certainly appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Edgar Hoover

1 - Memphis - Enclosures (2)

1 - M. A. Jones - Enclosure

DEC - 3 1963
COMM-FBI

NOTE: Bureau files reveal friendly relations with Congressman Davis. He is on the Bureau mailing list on first name basis and is addressed as above. We have also enjoyed friendly relations with this newspaper and Mr. Charles Moss, Vice President and Executive Editor is on the Special Correspondents' List. The editorial "Red Plot Clearly is to Destroy From Within" puts forth argument that the assassination of President Kennedy was not the work of Lee Harvey Oswald only but rather was a plot sponsored by the communists in which Oswald was merely a tool. The editorial points out that subsequent investigation by the FBI of the assassination of President Kennedy and murder of Oswald will confirm the views espoused in this editorial.

JCF:djg
(6)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

CHECKED FILED IN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 11/22/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via IRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

REC-54

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SEATTLE (80-1116)

SUBJECT: DEATH OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

This is to advise that a Mrs. JEAN A. HARKINS, residing 2114 Verona Street, Bellingham, Washington (telephone 734-6022) telephonically contacted this office this afternoon and advised she had information bearing on the death of President KENNEDY this date. She declined to give any details over the telephone.

This matter was referred to Mr. PRESTON MANNING of the local Secret Service office.

For information Bureau, this was only one of numerous calls received by this office.

3 - Bureau (AM)
2 - Seattle
RHC:kt
(5)

REC-54 105-82555-121

25 DEC 2 1963

EX-114

5K

D. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

December 4, 1963

AIRTEL

To: SAC, Seattle

From: Director, FBI

105-82555-121

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

ReSEairtel 11-22-63, captioned "Death of President Kennedy, November 22, 1963."

Reairtel indicates Mrs. Jean A. Harkins, 2114 Verona Street, Bellingham, Washington, advised Seattle she had information bearing on the death of President Kennedy. She declined to furnish details over the telephone and the matter was referred to Secret Service locally.

If not already done and provided you are in possession of no information which would preclude such interview, Mrs. Harkins should be promptly interviewed for full details concerning the assassination. Furnish results of your inquiries to the Bureau and Dallas in a form suitable for dissemination.

1 - Dallas

RDR:mlt:ofs
(5)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAILED 19
DEC - 4 1963
COMM-FBI

DEC 4 2 59 PM '63

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 122

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 4

SECTION NO.

3

CIA

REFERRAL

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-30-63 7-24 PM JJB

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ /44-24016/, SAC DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC KANSAS CITY /44-497/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R

RE WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR CAPTIONED LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS DASH R OO DALLAS. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE DALLAS, TEXAS AFO OO DALLAS. REPATRIATION OF LLE HARVEY OSWALD, DATED NOVEMBER THIRTY SIXTYTHREE AT ONE EIGHTEEN AM.

THE FOLLOWING INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED BY SA DONALD E. STANGEL AT KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI, ON NOVEMBER THIRTY SIXTYTHREE.

[redacted] U. S. POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, SIX ZERO ONE HARDESTY MADE AVAILABLE THE FOLLOWING U. S. POSTAL MONEY ORDERS NUMBER.

ONE ONE FIVE SIX FOUR ONE SEVEN FIVE SIX TWO, IN THE AMOUNT OF NINE DOLLARS SEVENTY ONE CENTS, PAYABLE TO THE SECRETARY OF TREASURY, DEPARTMENT OF STATE, PURCHASED IN THE NAME OF LEE H. OSWALD, TWO SEVEN ZERO THREE MERCEDES AVENUE, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, ISSUED SEPTEMBER ONE SIXTYTWO, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, CENTRAL STATION. EX-117 REC-3 105-82555-123

ONE ONE DASH FIVE SIX FOUR ONE EIGHT EIGHT SIX SIXJ IN THE AMOUNT OF TEN DOLLARS, PAYABLE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

END PAGE ONE

53 DEC 9 1963

5 DEC 6 1963

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, PURCHASERS NAME LEE H. OSWALD, TWO SEVEN ZERO THREE MERCEDES AVENUE, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, PURCHASED FORT WORTH, TEXAS, OCTOBER SIX SIXTYTWO, CENTRAL STATION.

ONE ONE DASH FIVE EIGHT THREE EIGHT ZERO SEVEN ZERO NINE, IN THE AMOUNT OF TEN DOLLARS, PAYABLE TO DEPARTMENT OF STATE, CHIEF, DIVISION OF FINANCE, PURCHASERS NAME, LEE H. OSWALD, BOX TWO NINE ONE FIVE, DALLAS, TEXAS, ISSUED NOVEMBER THIRTEEN OVERSTAMPED FOURTEEN SIXTYTWO, DALLAS, TEXAS, GPO.

ONE ONE DASH FIVE EIGHT THREE EIGHT FOUR FIVE NINE SIX, IN THE AMOUNT ON ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, PAYABLE TO DEPARTMENT OF STATE, PURCHASERS NAME, LEE H. OSWALD, BOX TWO NINE ONE FIVE, DALLAS TEXAS, ISSUED SXX AT DALLAS TEXAS, DECEMBER SIX, OVERSTAMPED SEVEN, SIXTYTWO, GPO.

ONE ONE DASH FIVE EIGHT THREE EIGHT FOUR FIVE NINE SEVEN IN THE AMOUNT OF NINETY DOLLARS, PAYABLE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, PURCHASERS NAME LEE H. OSWALD, BOX TWO NINE ONE FIVE, DALLAS, TEXAS, ISSUED AT DALLAS, TEXAS, DECEMBER SIX OVERSTAMPED SEVEN, SIXTYTWO, AT GPO.

ALL MONEY ORDERS ENDORSED THE TREASURER OF THE UNUNITED STATES.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE KC 44-497

IT IS SUGGESTED, IF NOT ALREADY DONE, DALLAS AT FORT WORTH, ASCERTAIN FROM OCCOUANTS OF TWO ZERO SEVEN THREE MERCEDES AVENUE, BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND OTHER PERTINENT DATA REGARDING LEE H. OSWALD.D

~~AT DALD~~

~~AT DALLAS A~~

AT DALLAS ASCERTAIN TO WHOM BOX TWO NINE ONE FIVE WAS RENTED DURING PERTINENT DATES.

DALLAS ADVISE KANSAS CITY IF ABOVE MONEY ORDERS ARE TO BE SUBMITTED TO LABORATORY FOR LATENT PRINTS AND HANDWRITING EXAMINATION OR OTHER DISPOSITION.

END AND ACK PLS

~~WA 6944.5 THIS IS WA NEED PAGE THREE OVER GARBLED~~

~~CORR SHD READ LINE 4 LEE H. OSWALD~~

~~START LIN 5 AT DALLAS~~

~~DO U UNDER STAND PERIOD AFTER OSWALD YES RITE~~

8-36 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 7-35 PM CST OK FBI DL FL

~~SORRY THAT TAPE BROKE TU DISCFOQCEV~~

MC ROSEN

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

URGENT 12-3-63

TO DIRECTOR

FROM LEGAT PARIS NO. 812

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS, CUBA.

RE BERN CAB DECEMBER 2.

GIBSON UNKNOWN AT TELEPHONE ELYSEE 66-64 AND THIS NOT LISTED TO OFFICE OF "REVOLUTION." FURTHER EFFORTS BEING MADE TO LOCATE GIBSON. BUREAU REQUESTED ADVISE IF IT DESIRED HE BE INTERVIEWED.

NORMAN W. PHILCOX

RECEIVED: 12:43 P.M. JD

DEC 3 3 55 PM '63

FBI

ST-104

EC 48

105-82555-124

DEC 6 1963

DEC 6 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-93022

DEC 3 10

DEC 3 5 50 PM '63

FBI

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

1 - Rosen

12-4-63
1 - Cotter
1 - Mullins
1 - Turner
1 - Anderson

ST S1-10?

CODE

CABLEGRAM URGENT

REC-46 105-82555-124

TO LEGAT PARIS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA.

REURCAB DECEMBER THREE LAST.

BUREAU PREVIOUSLY REQUESTED CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY PAREN CIA END PAREN ARRANGE INTERVIEW WITH GIBSON. THIS IS STILL DESIRED. COORDINATE WITH CIA LOCALLY AND HAVE APPROPRIATE EMBASSY OFFICIAL INTERVIEW GIBSON WHEN LOCATED.

LLA:pdb
(9)

1 - 105-93072 (Richard Gibson)
1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route through for [redacted])

NOTE:

Following assassination of President, CIA received information through Swiss sources concerning conversation Gibson had with an acquaintance indicating Gibson previously received letters from Oswald and also that Gibson had knowledge that subject was member of Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). Gibson is former national leader of FPCC who formerly resided in Switzerland although reportedly now in Paris. He could be approached concerning Oswald without disclosing sensitive CIA information. On 11-28-63 we suggested through liaison that CIA arrange for his interview. Paris has now requested advice as to whether interview of Gibson desired.

VIA CABLEGRAM
DEC 4 1963

DEC 2 3 38 PM '63
FBI
DEC
CK
APPROVED
TYPED BY

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

53 DEC 9 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-93072

CODIFIED

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

FROM : A. Rosen

DATE: December 4, 1963

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R

An individual who identified himself as Harold Delancy Gregory telephonically contacted the Bureau at 9:20 p.m., December 4, 1963. He advised he was a school associate of Mr. Clyde Tolson and wished to relay some information concerning the captioned case to Mr. Tolson. He was informed that Mr. Tolson was not available at that time and was referred to Assistant Director Rosen's Office.

Mr. Gregory advised that his wife, Gertrude, had seen an individual in late August or early September, in East Orange, New Jersey, whom she believed was Lee Harvey Oswald. Mrs. Gertrude Gregory then telephonically advised that she had seen Oswald during the CORE demonstrations in East Orange, New Jersey, and that he had made a threatening advance toward her at that time. She requested to be personally interviewed concerning this threatening gesture and an appointment was made to personally interview Mrs. Gregory at the Willard Hotel, Room 301 (Lincoln Suite), at 9:00 a.m., on December 5, 1963.

ACTION:

For information.

1 - Miss Holmes
1 - Mrs. Skillman

PJD:cjr
(8)

REC-26 125

EX-117

53 DEC 9 1963

5 DEC 6 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 8-20 PM JCM

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, CHARLOTTE /105-1731/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH R.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO THE DIRECTOR AND DALLAS DECEMBER THREE SIXTYTHREE.

RE TELEPHONE CALL FROM CHAPEL HILL, NC, TO DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE.

RECORDS SOUTHERN BELL TEL AND TEL COMPANY, CHAPEL HILL, NC, REFLECTS AT TWO TWENTYFIVE PM ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO LAST, A SIXTEEN SECOND CALL MADE FROM CHAPEL HILL NUMBER NINE FOUR TWO DASH ONE SEVEN ONE ZERO TO MISS DOROTHY MYERS, DALLAS, TEXAS, NUMBER SEVEN FOUR ONE DASH ONE NINE NINE ONE. THIS CALL FOLLOWED BY A SECOND CALL INVOLVING SAME PARTIES AT TWO THIRTYONE PM SAME DAY, WHICH LASTED ONE MINUTE AND TWENTYFIVE SECONDS.

REC-46 105-82555-126

5 DEC 6 1963

CHAPEL HILL, NC, TELEPHONE DIRECTORY REFLECTS TELEPHONE NUMBER NINE FOUR TWO DASH ONE SEVEN ONE ZERO LISTED TO DEWITT

END PAGE ONE 53 DEC 9 1963

CE 105-1731/

PAGE TWO

L. MYERS, TWO THREE TWO MC CAULEY ST., CHAPEL HILL, NC.

MR. B. J. HOWARD, CLERK, CHAPEL HILL RECORDERS COURT, ADVISES MR. MYERS IS PASTOR OF CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN EVANGELICAL REFORM CHURCH, CHAPEL HILL, NC, AND BEEN THERE ABOUT FOUR YEARS. STATES REV. MYERS ORIGINALLY FROM TEXAS AND HAS SISTER AND FATHER WHO LIVE IN SOME TOWN IN TEXAS, POSSIBLY DALLAS.

CHARLOTTE INDICES NEGATIVE RE REV. MYERS.

DALLAS CHECK DALLAS TELEPHONE NUMBER SEVEN FOUR ONE DASH ONE NINE NINE ONE TO DETERMINE IF REGISTERED TO DORTHY MYERS AND CHECK ESTABLISHED SOURCES TO VERIFY DOROTHY MYERS IS SISTER OF REV. MYERS.

IN VIEW OF INFORMATION REFERENCED TEL AND IN VIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS, NO FURTHER ACTION CONTEMPLATED BY CHARLOTTE CONCERNING THIS PHASE OF INVESTIGATION.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

END

8-27 PM OK FBI WA MSL

TU CR

CC-MR. ROSEN

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI (105-82555) Date: 11/22/63

From: Legat, Mexico City (105-3702) (P)

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Remycab 10/18/63.

Investigation Mexico has failed to determine any information concerning subject's entry into or departure from Mexico. Last known information, as set out in recab, CIA advised in SECRET communication subject in contact Soviet Embassy, Mexico City, 9/28/63 and 10/1/63. Investigation continuing.

7 - Bureau
(1 - Liaison Section)
(2 - New Orleans, 100-16601)
(2 - Dallas, 100-10461)
1 - Mexico City
CBP:jhk
(8)

REC-19 105-82555-127

4 NOV 26 1963

ST-104

C C Wick

SOVIET SECTION

53 DEC 9 1963

C C O O

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 128

PAGE NO. 1, PARAGRAPH 1

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

3

CIA

REFERRAL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : W. C. Sullivan

FROM : F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

DATE: 11-30-63

1 - Belmont
1 - Lohr
1 - DeLoach
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - D. E. Moore
1 - Branigan
1 - Schutz
1 - Baumgardner
1 - Turner

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

At 3:20 p.m. today, SA Fred B. Caldwell, San Antonio, telephonically contacted Supervisor E. B. Reddy regarding a request by the Dallas Office for San Antonio to review a file on Oswald allegedly maintained by the Texas Department of Public Safety (TDPS). According to SA Caldwell, the New York "Journal American" of November 29, 1963, carried an article stating that the TDPS had a "voluminous" file on Oswald.

SA Caldwell stated that the file of the TDPS regarding Oswald merely contains four newspaper clippings, three dated in 1959 relating to Oswald's defection to the Soviet Union, and the fourth dated November 2, 1963, which was an article in the "Fort Worth Press" relating to an interview by a Fort Worth reporter with Oswald's mother.

SA Caldwell said that San Antonio is directing a teletype to the Bureau and Dallas setting out the above information and instructing Dallas to obtain copies of the four newspaper clippings and to send them to the Bureau. The Dallas Office will also be instructed to conduct any investigatio indicated by these news clippings.

SA Caldwell said that Colonel Homer Garrison of the TDPS has no idea where the "Journal American" got the impression that the TDPS had a "voluminous" file on Oswald and he is trying to run down the source of this statement.

ACTION:

None. For information.

EBR:pdb
(11)

REC-50 [illegible]-129

5 DEC 6 1963

13 DEC 9 1963

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

WESTERN UNION

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

BIA010 259P EST DEC 2 63 SA095

NSA238 DD185 D LLE11 DL PD MULESHOE TEX 2 1145A CST

J EDGAR HOOVER

WASHDC

CONCERNING THE NATIONAL CRIME I AM REQUESTING THAT YOU LEARN AND THAT WE BE TOLD IN THE FINAL REPORT. WHETHER OR NOT THERE WAS A CERTAIN EDITOR, RADIO COMMENTATOR OR PASTOR, INFLUENCING THE DAILY LIFE OF OSWALD AND HIS OTHER. COPIES OF THIS TELEGRAM SENT TO ROBERT KENNEDY AND CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

MRS LEON SMITH ROUTE 1 FRIONA TEX

(55).

105-82555-130

REC 19

DEC 6 1963

let to Mrs Smith 12/5/63

62-109060

NOT RECORDED

FOIPA

105-82555-130

December 5, 1963

REC-19

Mrs. Leon Smith
Route 1
Friona, Texas

Dear Mrs. Smith:

Your telegram of December 2nd has been received.

As you may know, President Johnson has instructed the FBI to conduct a full investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald. Since we do not disclose developments in connection with pending investigations I will be unable to answer your question.

Sincerely yours,

S. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 5
DEC - 5 1963
COMM-FBI

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:sls
(3)

DEC 5 2 57 PM '63
FBI - FRIONA, TEXAS

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DEC 5 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 12/3/63

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY....

From the personal effects of Lee Oswald, the Dallas Office submitted several different medical preparations.

The preparations consist of sulfa drugs, antibiotics, antipyretics, laxatives, vitamins, an oral contraceptive, ammonium hydroxide, antacid tablets, nasal decongestant and a medicated skin cream. All of these preparations have been examined chemically and nothing unusual was noted concerning any of the items.

The Dallas Office also submitted several coins and some personal jewelry such as cuff links, tie clasp, stick pins, some of which bear various Soviet inscriptions. There is a lapel button indicating an honorable discharge from the Marine Corps and a pocket watch and a wrist watch. An examination of these items revealed no cavities or secreted material.

These results are being furnished by teletype to the Dallas Office today.

ACTION: For information.

62-109060

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan

JWM:ah
(7)

REC 50 105-82555-131

5 DEC

53 DEC 3 1963

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 132

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO. 3

NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY

REFERRAL

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-29090) (P)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA
Alec James Hidell, O. H. Lee
IS - R
(OO: Dallas)

Re Dallas telephone call to San Antonio 11/27/63, 3:12 p.m.

On 12/2/63, HARVEY CASH, American Consul, Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, furnished the following list of persons which was supplied CASH reflecting identity of persons who entered Mexico at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, on 9/26/63. This list was obtained from a check of the Mexican Immigration records and the Mexican Customs records, Nuevo Laredo, Mexico. GILBERTO CAZARES GARZA, Chief of

5 Bureau (AM RM)
(2-Legat, Mexico)
2-Baltimore (AM RM)
2-Buffalo (AM RM)
6-Chicago (AM RM)
16-Dallas (AM RM)
2-Denver (AM RM)
4-Detroit (AM RM)
10-Houston (AM RM)
2-Indianapolis (AM RM)
3-Kansas City (AM RM)
2-Los Angeles (AM RM)
2-Miami (AM RM)
2-Minneapolis (AM RM)
4-New Orleans (AM RM)
2-Newark (AM RM)
9-New York (AM RM)
2-Portland (AM RM)
2-San Diego (AM RM)
2-San Antonio
3-St. Louis (AM RM)
2-Tampa (AM RM)
2-WFO (AM RM)

REC-3 105-[illegible] 133

DMCT-10

DEC 5 1963

CC - Wick

SOVIET SECTION

JMK:JJC/dnb
(109)

59 DEC 10 1963

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

Mexico Immigration, and ROBERTO MORALES, Chief of Mexican Customs, had the list prepared and have advised that it is a complete list of persons entering Mexico at Nuevo Laredo on 9-[illegible]-63. This list is being set forth by States. The address of the person entering is available only [illegible] the person entered by automobile and was the owner or person entering the automobile into Mexico. (Example: four or five persons could enter in the same automobile but only the owner or person driving or entering the automobile would be recorded in the Customs records with the complete name and address.) All the others, however, would appear in the Mexican Immigration records. FM-T tourist permits are valid for 6 months. FM-5 are valid for 15 days.

CALIFORNIA

Name of person entering	Destination	From	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
MARIA [illegible] GONZALEZ PATA	Mexico, D. F.	P. O. Box 653, Imperial, Calif.	automobile	FM-5
BRIAN JAQUES (Prof.)	Mexico, D. F.	San Diego, Calif.	automobile	FM-8

COLORADO

ANDREW WEBSTER CHRISTOPHER	Mexico, D. F.	Denver, Colorado	bus	FM-5

FLORIDA

WINFRED H. [illegible]	Monterrey, N. L., Mexico	Miami, Florida	airplane	FM-5
CHARLES H. DEWEY	Monterrey, N. L., Mexico	Treasure Island, Florida	automobile	FM-8
WILLIAM HENRY MASON	Monterrey, N. L., Mexico	Treasure Island, Florida	automobile	FM-8

SA 105-2922

Name of person Entering	Destination	From	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
		INDIANA		
CHESTER STANLEY STEMP (teacher)	Mexico, D. F.	Hammond, Indiana	unknown	FM-5
		ILLINOIS		
JOSE GERARDO BENAVIDES 11442 South Western St.	Mexico	Blue Island, Ill.	auto.	Unknown
SAUL H. ESTRADA	Mexico, D.F.	Chicago, Ill.	auto.	FM-5
JOSE VERA VERANO 5017 S. Iowe	Mexico	Chicago, Ill.	auto.	Unknown
		KANSAS		
MARJORIE FERN. CHARLES	Mexico, D.F.	Topeka, Kansas	bus	FM-5
		LOUISIANA		
JOHN BRYAN MC FARLAND (employed by "Britannica")	Mexico, D.F.	New Orleans, La.	bus	FM-5
ANNA MAEYL MC FARLAND (Jackson, Miss. believed to be birth place and both should be located in New Orleans.)	Mexico, D.F.	(Jackson, Miss.)	bus	FM-5
		MARYLAND		
FLORENCE S. ROGLEVICH 5015 56th Ave. Riverdale, Md.	Mexico	Riverdale, Md.	auto.	Unknown

SA 105-7209

Name of person Entering	Destination	From	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
		MICHIGAN		
SOLOMON SVILICH (engineer)	Mexico, D. F.	Detroit, Mich.	auto.	FM-5
RICHARD DAINI SCHARFF (student)	Mexico, D.F.	Birmingham, Mich.	bus	FM-5
		MISSOURI		
HARRY J. MITCHELL (lawyer)	Mexico, D.F.	Palmyra, Mo.	bus	FM-5
MRS. HARRY J. MITCHELL	Mexico, D.F.	Palmyra, Mo.	bus	FM-5
		NEW JERSEY		
MICHAEL A. NOVOA (student)	Mexico, D.F.	Jersey City, N. J.	train	FM-5
		NEW YORK		
EMIL G. SAINZ (hotel employee)	Mexico, D.F.	Woodhaven, N.Y.	train	FM-5
TERESA CACCIATORE SAINZ (housewife)	Mexico, D.F.	Woodhaven, N.Y.	train	FM-5
ANTHONY G. WAITE (engineer)	Mexico, D.F.	New York, N. Y.	bus	FM-5

SA 105-2909

Name of Person Entering	Destination	From	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
TOBIAS ROSENZTW ZARDLBFF	Tampico, Mex.	New York, N.Y.	bus	FM-5
JOHNIFER JULIA FELLOWES	Monterrey, Mexico	New York, N. Y.	auto	FM-8
SUSANA S. FOSTER	Monterrey, Mexico	New York, N. Y.	auto	FM-8
ABRAHAM KAPLAN	Guadalajara, Mexico	Buffalo, N. Y.	bus	FM-8
		TEXAS		
VERNON KLIEM 1734 Carthage St.	Mexico	Brownsville, Texas	auto	Unknown
LUIS MT. VASQUEZ Route 6	Mexico	Floydada, Texas	auto	Unknown
AUGUSTIN CERDA REYES 2606 Ruiz	Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	auto.	unknown
RICARDO SANDOVAL 806 Jean	Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	auto.	unknown
ARTURO M. GUERRA 203 N. New Braunfels	Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	auto.	unknown
NELIE L. HARDIN 205 Hidalgo	Mexico	Laredo, Texas	auto.	unknown
APOLONIO ALVAREZ 1311 San Jorge	Mexico	Laredo, Texas	auto.	unknown

Name of Person Entering	Destination	From	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
THOMAS J. ROGERS 935 Waterview	Mexico	Richardson, Texas	auto	unknown
JUAN CAUCEDO 1910 Zaragoza	Mexico	Laredo, Tex.	auto.	unknown
ALONSO FELIX 1905 Hemert Lane	Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	auto.	unknown
LEONARDO CASTILLO 3515 Morales	Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	auto.	unknown
RODOLFO [illegible] [illegible] 2413 Guadalupe	Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	auto.	unknown
FRANK JIMENEZ 3025 Joyce Dr.	Mexico	Fort Worth, Texas	auto.	unknown
RODOLFO MENDIOLA 3115 Parvia	Mexico	Dallas, Tex.	auto.	unknown
GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR 217 S. Johnson	Mexico	San Antonio	auto.	unknown
JESUS ANGEL SEPTIO CANTU 213 Bruni	Mexico	Laredo, Tex.	auto.	unknown

SA 105-2903

Name of Person Entering	Destination	From	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
JOSE HARRISON BIRD P.O. Box 283, Devine, Tex.	Mexico	Devine, Texas	unknown	unknown
CARLOS VASQUEZ CALINDO 131 Osage Dr.	Mexico	San Antonio	unknown	unknown
[illegible] GIBBS Gen. Del.	Mexico	Zapata, Tex.	unknown	unknown
EDWARD G. NEWMAN Route 1, Box 154	Mexico	Devine, Tex.	unknown	unknown
MARIA OTERO PABLOS 1101 Perar.	Mexico	McAllen, Tex.	unknown	unknown
IGNACIO G. MONTEMAYOR 810 Zaragoza	Mexico	Laredo, Tex.	unknown	unknown
ELVA VALLE RENDON 303 1/2 Grant	Mexico	Laredo, Tex.	unknown	unknown
CARLOS ALMAGUER ECHARTEA, Box 1013	Mexico	Duncanville, Texas	unknown	unknown
JOSE MONTEMAYOR TREVINO 810 Zaragoza	Mexico	Laredo, Tex.	unknown	unknown

Name of Person Entering	Destination	From	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
FELIX ALONZO (without documents)	Monterrey, Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	bus	FM-8
CAMILA ALVAREZ	Monterrey, Mexico	Laredo, Tex.	bus	FM-8
JUAN ALVAREZ	Monterrey, Mexico	Laredo, Tex.	bus.	FM-8
BERTHA AVILA (housewife)	Monterrey, Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	bus	FM-8
TED C. BLAND (contractor)	Monterrey, Mexico	Hillsboro, Texas	auto	FM-8
HARVEY CAMPBELL	Monterrey, Mexico	Longview, Texas	unknown	FM-8
FRANK H. CANTERBURY (vendor)	Monterrey, Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	unknown	FM-8
FERNANDO H. CARRILLO (student)	Monterrey, Mexico	Duval, Tex.	unknown	FM-8
R. ALECOR CAVAZOS	Monterrey, Mexico	Dallas, Tex.	unknown	FM-8
N. ARNALDO CAVAZOS	Monterrey, Mexico	Dallas, Tex.	unknown	FM-8
TIN PRADO CHAPA	Monterrey, Mexico	Taylor, Tex.	bus	FM-8
ROBERT V. DUBLIN, JR.	Mexico, D.F.	Laredo, Tex.	unknown	FM-8
JOSE BENITO ESCOBAR	Mexico, D.F.	Laredo, Tex.	unknown	FM-8

SA 105-7903

Name of Person Entering	Destination	From	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
OLIVIA BENAVIDES ESCOBAR	Mexico,D.F.	Laredo,Tex.	unknown	FM-8
REINA ESCOBAR	Mexico,D.F.	Laredo,Tex.	bus	FM-8
LUCIANO G. GARCIA	Monterrey, Mexico	Duval,Tex.	auto	FM-8
AGAPITO GONZALEZ	Monterrey, Mexico	Victoria,Tex.	auto	FM-8
ELVIA GONZALEZ	Monterrey,Mex.	Victoria,Tex.	auto.	FM-8
ROBERTO GONZALEZ	Monterrey,Mex.	Victoria,Tex.	auto.	FM-8
DOLORES GUARDIOLA (housewife)	Monterrey,Mex.	Ft.Worth,Tex.	auto.	FM-8
ARMPO F. GUERRA (gasoline agent)	Salinillas, N.L., Mexico	San Antonio, Texas	auto	FM-8
BRANS J. HANS	Monterrey,Mex.	Ft.Worth,Tex.	auto.	FM-8
ERNESTINE H. WHITE	Monterrey,Mex.	Ft.Worth,Tex.	auto.	FM-8
FRANK H. JIMENEZ	Monterrey,Mex.	Ft.Worth,Tex.	auto	FM-8
EDITH W. KUTZ	Monterrey,Mex.	San Antonio, Texas	auto	FM-8
FERNANDO GARCIA LOZANO	Monterrey,Mex.	Laredo,Tex.	auto	FM-8
ANGELINA M. DE GONZALEZ MENDEZ	Monterrey,Mex.	Laredo,Tex.	auto	FM-8

S.A. 105-7123

Name of Person Entering	Destination	From	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
ADELA H. MORENO	Monterrey,Mex.	Laredo,Tex.	auto	FM-5
MARTINA H. MORENO	Monterrey,Mex.	Victoria,Tex.	bus	FM-5
BUELLA H. MOORE	Monterrey,Mex.	Houston,Tex.	unknown	unknown
MARGARITA M. ALANIS	Mexico,D.F.	San Antonio,	bus	FM-5
JOSE P. ALFARO	Mexico,D.F.	Dallas,Tex.	auto	FM-5
NORBERTA AVILA	Monterrey,Mex.	San Antonio, Texas	bus	FM-5
JOHN H. BOWEN	Mexico,D.F.	Houston,Tex.	Unknown	FM-5
ROBERT H. FARR	Mexico,D.F.	Normangee,Tex.	train	FM-5
ELSIE M. GIBBS	Mexico,D.F.	Zapata,Texas	auto	FM-5
JUANITA PEREZ	Mexico,D.F.	Dallas, Texas	auto	FM-5
MATTHEW SCHILD	Mexico,D.F.	San Antonio, Texas	unknown	FM-5

WASHINGTON, D. C.

MARIO C.
MENDIVIL
4917 Butterworth Place N.W.
Mexico
Washington, D.C.
auto
FM-5

According to CASH, the following are persons whose Mexican tourist cards reflect departed Mexico at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, on 12-[illegible]-53 by bus:

ILLINOIS

Person Departing	From	To	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
[illegible] GARCIA CASIRO (student)	Mexico, D.F.	Chicago, Ill.	bus	FM-5
JOSE E. NERI (retired)	Cuitzeo Hgo., Mexico	Chicago, Ill.	bus	FM-5

INDIANA

ROBERTO H. BALDIZO	Mexico, D.F.	Hammond, Ind.	bus	FM-5

LOUISIANA

HOMER [illegible] (retired)	Monterrey, Mex.	Ferriday, La.	bus	FM-5

MICHIGAN

LAWRENCE H. LOPEZ	Morelia, Mex.	Detroit, Mich.	bus	FM-5

MISSOURI

HARVEY TUTTLE	Pensacnado, Mex.	Butler, Mo.	bus	FM-5

NEW YORK

ANTONY MATHEY (engineer)	Mexico, D.F.	New York, N.Y.	bus	FM-5
CHARLES L. MILLER (retired)	Monterrey, Mex.	Jamaica, N.Y.	bus	FM-5

TEXAS

MAGDALENA MA. MORENO	Mexico, D.F.	La Mesa, Texas	bus	FM-5

SA 105-2909

Person Departing	From	To	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
MARIA LUISA ALANIZ	Monterrey, Mex.	San Antonio Texas	bus	FM-8
PHILLIPPE PITER DE DER VORM (student)	Monterrey, Mex.	Laredo, Tex.	bus	FM-8
HENERY OLIVER EMERSON	Mexico, D.F.	Austin, Tex.	bus	FM-8
ADRIENNE W. EMERSON	Mexico, D.F.	Austin, Tex.	bus	FM-8
MA. LUISA DE GARCIA GUERRERO	Monterrey, Mex.	Corpus Christi, Texas	bus	FM-8
BONIFACIO URRIALES	Monterrey, Mex.	Laredo, Texas	bus	FM-8

CASH advised Mexican records reflect the following persons departed Mexico at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, on 10/3/63 by unknown type of transportation:

Name	Coming From	Going To	Type of Transportation	Tourist Permit
MANUEL H. CAPIZ	Mexico, D.F.	St. Paul, Minn.	unknown	FM-5
GUADALUPE CAPIZ	Mexico, D.F.	St. Paul, Minn.	unknown	FM-5
EUGENE EVERALD WHITE (contractor)	Mexico, D.F.	Portland, Oregon	unknown	FM-5
BENITO DEL RIO	Mexico, D.F.	San Antonio, Texas	unknown	FM-5

SA 105-2000

Person Departing	Coming From	Going To	Type of Transportation	Tourist Card
EDUARDO LUIS MARTINEZ	Nuevo Leon, Mex.	San Antonio, Texas	unknown	FM-5
ALICIA BERTHA RAMOS	Monterrey, Mex.	Laredo, Tex.	unknown	FM-8
PABLO GONZALEZ REYES	Monterrey, N.L., Mexico	Encinal, Tex.	Unknown	FM-8
ROBERT L. TARIN (carpenter)	Monterrey, N.L., Mexico	Castroville, Texas	unknown	FM-8
ELIZABETH TARIN	Monterrey, N.L., Mexico	Castroville, Texas	unknown	FM-8

LEADS

TO ALL OFFICES RECEIVING COPIES OF THIS COMMUNICATION:

Offices receiving copies of this communication are requested to immediately locate individuals mentioned in their area and to interview these persons regarding their mode of travel to Mexico, port of entry, approximate hour and date of entry into Mexico, and final destination. Ascertain if any person interviewed recalls seeing an individual fitting the description of the subject LEE HARVEY OSWALD and, if so, interview them regarding any details they may have concerning this person. Will also exhibit photograph of subject.

It is to be noted that the first list is composed of the individuals registered as having entered Mexico at Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas, the same date OSWALD entered, 9/26/63. The second list is composed of individuals who departed Mexico at the same port on 10/3/63, which is the day OSWALD left Mexico at this port.

During the course of the interview, each office should bear in mind that if the person being interviewed has any information regarding subject or a person fitting his description, every effort should be made to elicit information as to the means of transportation used by OSWALD when they knew or saw him, or any of his activities.

If, during the course of the investigation, information is developed reflecting that the person who entered Mexico on 9/26/63 is still in Mexico, every effort should be made to ascertain this person's exact whereabouts in Mexico and an appropriate lead should be expeditiously sent to the Bureau for forwarding to Legat, Mexico, to have this person immediately interviewed.

All offices receiving this airtel refer to Butels to all SACs 11/30/63 (4:53 p.m.) and 12/1/63 (5:52 p.m.). One copy of reports written should be furnished to San Antonio Division.

Two extra copies of this communication are being forwarded to the Bureau for transmittal to Legat, Mexico, in case information is developed reflecting that one of the persons mentioned on this list may still be residing in Mexico and will have to be interviewed at that point.

J. S. Martin,
P.O. Box 30,351,
New Orleans, La.

Monday, 5th November, 1963

Hon. Richard E. Roboy,
Special Agent,
Office of Compliance & Security,
Federal Aviation Agency,
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Dick:

The purpose for this letter is two fold. First off I need a small favor, and secondly I have some information for you which may bring to light some very important facts concerning a connection between Oswald the subject who assinated President Kennedy and Captain David W. Ferrie.

First. There is a crack-pot employed at the same place my wife is, who is a relief telephone operator whose name is Virgina. This person looks it over the other employees there declaring that she is a Special Informant for the F.B.I. In fact, this screw-ball reported my wife, Paula Mc Martin as being a communist, just because my wife picks up my mail at our post office box everyday and brings it home...because of the fact that a part of this correspondence comes from outside the U.S., like Canada, England, and even from ...ssr, Rome (Vatican), et cetera.

This D-S ... nearly caused my wife to loose her job...In-search-of, an inquirish ...y-bone-top-butt'n-deff, question and answer session followed.

Furthermore, I had qualified as a candidate for the offices (both position Member of the Democratic State Central Committee; as well as for Member, Orleans Parish Democratic Executive Committee; to be brought to vote, during the December 7th, Democratic Primary Election here in Louisiana. However, because of this...or primarily because of this, so-called big investigation, and the stinking talk it has caused in political circles, I have had to withdraw from the election. I would like to know, since when, has our Covenent Agency, the F.B.I. become the Bureau of Inquisition !

Well, Dick, I'm certain that you know much better than this...as do I. Although, both my wife and I have suffered needlessly over this, ... as well known as I am...I feel that such a thing should have been discarded as non sense at once...which it was not. Since, it is that there should be a good old hard-rolling...and some should come from top-staff echelon...in this case the office of J. Edgar Hoover. Will you put in a word on this for me...to have this matter cleared at once...Because, if they won't do it themselves I'm going to be forced to have the Federal Courts take action on it to Clear The Air, as it were, because of the gravity of its nature....To say nothing of the damages involved.

(b) (1) - 134

Secondly, in reference to Ferrie. Don't your case records on Ferrie show

Dick Mobley, Sunday, 26th November, 1963, cont-

Perhaps you will also remember...Ferrie had a bunch of these foreign rifle that he used to train his cadets with...Furthermore, I understand that Ferrie had been getting mail from these Cuban people Oswald was connected with...at least this is what Mr. Perdy Davis tells me...he says the FBI raised hell with Ferrie over having this type of propaganda at his office.

We might also take it into consideration that Ferrie was a professional hypnotist...That he used postlypnotic suggestion on his so-called cadets and also in the private practice of psychology here, when he advertised himself as a "Ph.D."...

Moreover...difficult to say, I am also told that Ferrie had been in and out of town on several occasions just prior to this shindy business... There was he...

We might also remember Ferrie's connection with the Cubans. And that the people blamed him because of his certain pro-Castro activities...Who has shown Ferrie's Cuban airplane flights, and the time he loaned his plane to Cubans... If you remember correctly...Sergio Arcacha, of the Cronte, drop-ped Ferrie like a hot brick...and Carlos Bringa of that group of anti-Castro people always refered to Ferrie as no-good...red...et cetera.

At least Ferrie could have taught this subject Oswald how to use such a weapon, and he could have also told this person just how to acquire such a gun...its simplicity of purchase, et cetera.

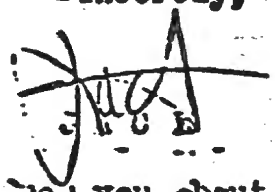
Furthermore...Was not this the person (Oswald) that Ferrie helped to get into the Marine Corps....

As you know...Ferrie is the kind of a person who could have planned such a thing as this...and he is very capable...of such a terrible thing...

Dick, at least...These facts bear investigation...and I hope this reminder may lend some small part to uncovering the dastardly facts behind what has happened.

Thanking you in advance, I remain respectfully your friend-

Sincerely,



PS: Let's hear from you about this business regarding my wife, if you have the time...And let me know if I can get you any additional info, or do you any favor in the future...JG

J. S. MARTIN
PUBLICATIONS
P. O. BOX 312, NEW ORLEANS 2, LOUISIANA

30,357.

Monday, 25th November 1963

Office of the Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
United States Department of Justice,
Washington 25, D. C.

ATTENTION: Agent Lohr, Assistant, to Hon. J. Edgar Hoover-

Dear Sirs: Re: Lee Oswald

I have been informed that a person named Virgina (no last name known), employed at the Equitable Equipment Company here in New Orleans as a relief telephone switchboard operator is running about acqknowledging the fact that she is working for the F.B.I. as an anti-communist agent.

The reason I have personal knowledge of this, is that a few weeks or months ago your agents questioned many persons about the city and else where about my wife (Paula Mae Martin), as well as myself.

Frankly the result of this has nearly ruined my reputation...what little I have...and has almost cost my wife her job...and it may yet cost her this position...She had been due a promotion at her place of employment, and this INQUISITION has killed that it seems.

As well known as I am...it seems to me that such a statement from a known mental case as Virgina, should have been taken as a grain of salt in the first place.

However, because of the prejudicial conduct upon the part of your local office, and/or agents here, I withdrew from candidacy for office in the December 7th, Democratic Primary Election here in Louisiana, and my wife may loose he job.

Because of this, we demand that this person who made these statements be exposed as a fraud, and that your Agent In Charge here personally apologize to my wife, her working associates, and above all her employer, Captain Neville Levy president of Equitable Equipment Company.

I am certain, that neither Mr. Hoover, nor those in top authority condone such activities as these, and I sincerely hope you shall bring us both remedy and relief to this situation at once before matters get worse at my wife's place of employment.

Attached hereto is a carbon of a letter which I sent a friend of mine there in Washington, who may cast light upon some of the background of this subject Lee Oswald, may I suggest you read same, and then contact Agent Robey of the Office of Compliance & Security, FBI, JOrdan-7-4523, Washington.

Respectfully yours,

100-10810-1
ORIGINAL FILED
NOT RECORDED
134
DEC 18 1963
NOV 29 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. W. C. SULLIVAN DATE: December 2, 1963

FROM : MR. D. E. MOORE

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R
(ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY)

Supervisor Warren Marchessault, NYO, called at 5:05 PM today to advise that John Abt, attorney for the Communist Party, had contacted the New York Office to advise that Arnold Johnson (Legislative Secretary of the Communist Party) who is his client, had located copies of correspondence Johnson had sent to Oswald. Abt stated that Johnson wanted to make these copies available to the FBI if we wanted them.

Abt also advised that in addition, Johnson had received a letter today (12-2) from Oswald which was dated 11-1-63 and which he also wants to make available. Abt said that he would be tied up until 3 PM on 12-3, but that he would be glad to make them available at his office at 3 PM on 12-3-63.

While we have copies of some letters sent by Johnson to Oswald, it is believed that the Bureau should accept these letters.

ACTION:

Supervisor Marchessault was advised that unless advised to the contrary, New York should accept these letters from Abt, make no comment other than to thank him for the letters, determine if he wanted them returned and, if necessary, sign a receipt for them. New York will advise as to the contents.

DEM:td (10)

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Rosen
Mr. D. E. Moore
Mr. Branigan
Mr. Turner
Mr. Baumgardner
John Abt file
Arnold Johnson file

REC 54 105-[illegible]-135

[illegible]-108

XEROX DEC 6 1963

58 DEC 10 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

FBI

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : Director, FBI

FROM: Legat, Bern (105-257) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
IS - CUBA

Re Bern cable 12/2/63.

Enclosed for the information of Legat, Paris, are one copy each of Bern airtel 11/29/63 and Bureau cable 11/29/63.

(4) Bureau
(1 - Liaison)
1 - Paris (Encl. 2)(direct)
1 - Bern

HDG:mls
(6)

REC 46 105-82555-136

14 DEC 5 1963

C. C. Wick

SOVIET SECTION

59 DEC 10 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1963

UR

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Gandy

GENT 11-30-63 8-51 PM CST TJB

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ AND SACS DALLAS /100-10461/ AND LOUISVILLE /105-620/

FROM SAC NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS DASH R.

RE LOUISVILLE TELETYPE NOVEMBER THIRTY.

NEW ORLEANS FILES DO NOT DISCLOSE WHEREABOUTS OF OSWALD IN NOVEMBER NINETEEN SIXTY TWO. OSWALD ARRIVED IN FORT WORTH JUNE FOURTEEN SIXTY TWO AND CAME TO NEW ORLEANS IN LATE APRIL SIXTY THREE.

DALLAS ADVISED LOUISVILLE IF INFORMATION AVAILABLE IN DALLAS FILES.

END AND ACK PLS.

WA 9-54 PM OK FBI WA RL

DL 9-54 PM OK FBI DL LJH

TU CLR

604 Elizabeth Dallas, Tex

CC-MR. ROSEN

REC 27 105-82555-137

DEC 6 1963

59 DEC 10 1963

FD-65 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 11/30/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63
Dallas, Texas

RE CHECK AT AIRLINES

Re Dallas teletype to New York and San Antonio dated 11/29/63.

Enclosed herewith are eight copies of letterhead memorandum for the Bureau reflecting check of passenger records at airlines.

Two copies of letterhead memorandum are enclosed for Dallas.

One copy of letterhead memorandum being furnished locally to Secret Service.

[redacted]

REC 27 105-82555-138

8 ENCLOSURE

(3) - Bureau (Encl. 8)
2 - Dallas (Encl. 2)
2 - San Antonio
TEN/als
(7)

EX-106

8 DEC 6 1963

DEC 3 1 [illegible]

C. C. Wick

5

59 DEC 10 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Antonio, Texas

November 30, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY,
November 22, 1963,
Dallas, Texas

On November 30, 1963, BETTY MC CORMICK, Supervisor, Braniff International Airways, made available flight records from San Antonio to Dallas for October 3, 1963. A check of these records failed to reflect any person identical with MARINA OSWALD. The following flights were checked:

Flight No.	Leave San Antonio	Arrive Dallas
160	6:45 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
110	1:15 p.m.	2:45 p.m.
232	10:10 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
328	3:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
8	7:00 a.m.	7:45 a.m.
362	4:15 p.m.	6:02 p.m.
392	8:30 a.m.	10:39 a.m.
154	4:00 p.m.	4:56 p.m.
40	5:00 p.m.	5:47 p.m.

Mr. A. F. SHADROCK, Trans-Texas Airways, made available passenger records for all flights from San Antonio to Dallas for October 3, 1963, and a check of these records failed to reflect any passenger identifiable with MARINA OSWALD. The following flights were checked on November 30, 1963:

Flight No.	Leave San Antonio	Arrive Dallas
290	8:25 a.m.	10:25 a.m.
294	1:44 p.m.	3:45 p.m.
292	7:50 p.m.	9:50 p.m.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 01 1973

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-30-63 3-55 PM HC

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND DALLAS

FROM SAC, DETROIT /62-3550/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R

REBUTEL, NOV. TWENTY NINE, LAST.

DAVID AUGUST ELSILA, TWO SIX ONE SIX GARLAND, SYLVAN LAKE, MICH., WAS INTERVIEWED AT HIS RESIDENCE NOV. THIRTY, INSTANT, BY SAS ROBERT M. SMITH AND LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR.

ELSILA ADVISED THAT HE DID NOT KNOW LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND HAD NEVER HEARD OF HIM PRIOR TO THE ASSASSINATION OF PRES. KENNEDY. HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW ANYONE WHO WOULD BE ACQUAINTED WITH OSWALD AND IS POSITIVE OSWALD WAS NEVER PRESENT AT ANY AFFAIR ATTENDED BY ELSILA. HE SAID THAT BASED ON PICTURES OF OSWALD, HE IS POSITIVE HE HAD NEVER SEEN HIM.

REC-86 105-82555-139

ELSILA STATED HE HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY KIND CONCERNING THE ASSASSINATION OF PRES. KENNEDY AND COULD OFFER NO INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MATTER.

5 DEC 6 1963

5 DEC 10 1963

CC 6

ELSILA SAID THAT OSWALD HAD NOT, TO HIS KNOWLEDGE, BEEN IN EITHER HAVANA, CUBA OR HELSINKI, FINLAND WHEN ELSILA HAD BEEN THERE.

ELSILA WAS ADVISED OF THE PURPOSE OF THE INTERVIEW AT THE OUTSET AND HE ADVISED HE WOULD ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT OSWALD OR THE ASSASSINATION, BUT WOULD NOT ANSWER ANY OTHER QUESTIONS.

NO FD THREE ZERO TWO BEING SENH DALLAS.

END ACK PLS

3-59 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL3-00 PM OK FBI DL EEA

TU CLR

M

1 0 I

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 1 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

DECODED COPY

URGENT 12-1-63 2-52 AM CJS

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW YORK /105-38431/ --2--

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R

CAPTION.. INFORMATION CONCERNING OSWALD ACTIVITIES FOLLOWING RETURN FROM SOVIET UNION.

ALEXANDRA TAYLOR, CARE OF YENO, DOVER PLAINS, NY AND EMPLOYED AS ATTENDANT AT HARLEM VALLEY STATE HOSPITAL, WINGDALE, NY, ADVISED SA LOWELL W. BARTON ON NOVEMBER THREE ZERO, ONE NINE SIX THREE AS FOLLOWS..

IN ABOUT SEPTEMBER, ONE NINE SIX TWO, HER FATHER, GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, WHO IS OF RUSSIAN ORIGIN, CALLED HER AND ASKED IF SHE AND HER HUSBAND COULD PUT UP MARINA OSWALD FOR A SHORT WHILE. HE TOLD ALEXANDRA THAT MARINA AND HER HUSBAND, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, HAD JUST RETURNED FROM RUSSIA, WERE WITHOUT FUNDS, AND THAT LEE OSWALD WAS SEEKING WORK IN DALLAS. AT THIS TIME, ALEXANDRA WAS MARRIED TO GARY TAYLOR AND THEY WERE RESIDING AT ONE FIVE ONE TWO FAIRMONT ST., DALLAS.

REC-86 105-12555-140

END PAGE ONE

5-88

DEC 6

60 DEC 10 1963

LEE OSWALD DID NOT STAY WITH THE TAYLORS, BUT IS BELIEVED TO HAVE HAD A ROOM AT THE YMCA. MARINA WAS HAVING WORK DONE ON HER TEETH AND HAD A SMALL BABY ABOUT THE SAME AGE AS THE TAYLORS BABY.

ALEXANDRA BECAME FRIENDLY WITH MARINA, BUT BECAUSE MARINA SPOKE NO ENGLISH, COMMUNICATION WAS DIFFICULT. ALEXANDRA BELIEVED MARINA HAD MARRIED OSWALD MAINLY TO GET OUT OF RUSSIA. LEE OSWALD OCCASIONALLY CAME TO THE TAYLOR HOUSE AND ALTHOUGH MARINA STAYED THERE ONLY ABOUT TWO WEEKS, HE CONTINUED TO VISIT ON OCCASIONS FROM NOVEMBER, ONE NINE SIX TWO , WHEN ALEXANDRA LEFT DALLAS.

LEE OSWALD AND THE TAYLORS HAD FREQUENT DISCUSSIONS MOSTLY POLITICS AND GARY TAYLOR OFTEN ENGAGED IN HEATED POLITICAL DISCUSSIONS WITH OSWALD, WITH WHOM HE DISAGREED. IN HIS DISCUSSIONS, OSWALD EXPRESSED DISLIKE FOR THE US, BUT ALSO WAS CRITICAL OF RUSSIA. HE CONSIDERED HIMSELF A SOCIALIST, BUT IN ALEXANDRA/S OPINION, DISLIKED ALMOST EVERYTHING. HE WAS WIDELY READ, READING BOOKS OF A SERIOUS NATURE AND WITH POLITICAL IMPLICATIONS.

END PAGE TWO

ONE BOOK RECALLED BY ALEXANDRA WAS "THE ANIMAL FARM." SHE WAS UNABLE TO RECALL ANY OTHER TITLES.

LEE HAD NEVER EXPRESSED ANY DISLIKE FOR PRESIDENT KENNEDY, BUT HAD EXPRESSED A PERSONAL DISLIKE FOR GOV. CONNOLLY, ALTHOUGH ALEXANDRA DID NOT KNOW OF ANY REASON. OSWALD CLAIMED NEVER TO HAVE RENOUNCED HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP, BUT CLAIMED RUSSIA HAD TRIED TO FORCE HIM TO TAKE RUSSIAN CITIZENSHIP IN ORDER TO PERMIT HIM TO WORK. HE CLAIMED THAT AFTER HE HAD MARRIED MARINA, HE HAD DIFFICULTY IN RETURNING TO THE US, REQUIRING ELEVEN MONTHS OF EFFORTS ON HIS PART AND HE CLAIMED HE WAS GLAD TO GET OUT OF RUSSIA.

OSWALD GAVE ALEXANDRA A PAMPHLET OF ABOUT THREE ZERO PAGES HE HAD PREPARED ABOUT RUSSIA WHICH DEALT MAINLY WITH HOW THE PEOPLE LIVED AND WORKED IN RUSSIA. SHE BELIEVED THE PAMPHLET TO BE FACTUAL, NOT PROPAGANDA, BEING NEITHER COMPLIMENTARY NOR DEROGATORY IN NATURE. ALEXANDRA ENCOURAGED OSWALD TO HAVE THE PAMPHLET PUBLISHED, BUT HE DECLINED. SHE CLAIMS SHE RETURNED THE PAMPHLET TO OSWALD IN NOVEMBER.

END PAGE THREE

OSWALD WAS STRONGLY ANTI DASH RELIGIOUS AND SERIOUSLY BERATED HIS WIFE FOR HAVING THEIR CHILD BAPTIZED IN THE RUSSIAN ORTHADOX CHURCH. MARINA WAS DESCRIBED AS NOT BEING POLITICAL MINDED, BUT VERY RELIGIOUS. SHE IS BELIEVED TO BE A PHARMACIST BY TRAINING.

OSWLAD IS DESCRIBED AS BEING VERY SHARP AND BRIGHT AND WOULD ARGUE LOGICALLY AND PURSUASIVELY. HE WAS POSITIVE IN HIS IDEAS AND STRONG IN HIS CONVICTIONS. ALEXANDRA BELIEVED HE COULD NOT BE BRIBED TO CHANGE HIS IDEAS OR TO CIMMIT ANY DEED NOT IN KEEPING WITH HIS THINKING. ALEXANDRA FOUND IT HARD TO BELIEVE HIS THINKING WAS SUCH THAT HE WOULD WANT TO KILL THE PRESIDENT. ALEXANDRA STATED OSWALD HAD A QUICK TEMPER AND ALLEGEDLY BEAT HIS WIFE ON OCCASION. HE NEVER THANKED THE TAYLORS FOR CARING FOR HIS WIFE. ALEXANDRA DID NOT KNOW IF THE PERIOD OF HER ASSOCIATION WITH OSWALD WAS PRIOR TO OR AFTER HIS STAY IN NEW ORLEANS. HE HEVER HAD MENTIONED NEW ORLEANS TO HER.

ALEXANDRA HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN OSWALD AND JACK RUBINSTEIN.

END PAGE FOUR

D. MOORE TEL. DALLAS 12-2-63 TO OBTAIN ADDRESS

PAGE FIVE

ALEXANDRA STATED OSWALD LIKED TO ASSOCIATE WITH THE RUSSIAN SPEAKING ELEMENT IN DALLAS AND HER FATHER, GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, AND HIS WIFE, JEANNE, WOULD KNOW OSWALD BETTER THAN SHE. SHE BELIEVES HER FATHER AND HIS WIFE PRESENTLY ARE IN HAITI WHERE HE IS MANAGING A PLANTATION. HE IS A GEOLOGIST AND HIS ADDRESS PROBABLY WOULD BE KNOWN TO THE PETROLEUM CLUB IN DALLAS. SHE BELIEVED HER FATHER PREVIOUSLY HAD RESIDED AT COOPER AVENUE IN DALLAS, SPECIFIC ADDRESS UNKNOWN. HER STEPMOTHER, JEANNE, HAD A DAUGHTER, CHRISTIANA BOGOVALLENSKIA DASH KIERNAN, WHOSE HUSBAND IS RAGNAR KIERNAN, WHO MAY OR MAY NOT BE WITH HER FATHER. ALEXANDRA HAS NOT COMMUNICATED WITH HER FATHER SINCE APRIL OF THIS YEAR. THE ONLY EMPLOYMENT ALEXANDRA RECALLED FOR OSWALD WAS WITH AN ADVERTISING PROCESSING IN OAK CLIFF, DALLAS, NAME OF WHICH WAS UNKNOWN TO HER. OSWALD WAS KNOWN TO A NATASHA AND EVALINA, LAST NAMES UNKNOWN TO ALEXANDRA, BUT KNOWN TO HER FATHER. SHE BELIEVES HER EX DASH HUSBAND, GARY TAYLOR, WOULD ALSO KNOW OSWALD BETTER THAN SHE AND KNOW OF HIS EMPLOYMENT.

END PAGE FIVE

GARY PRESENTLY RESIDES FOUR ONE ONE FIVE FALLS DRIVE, OAK CLIFF, DALLAS.

ALEXANDRA TAYLOR IS FEMALE, WHITE, AND HOSPITAL RECORDS INDICATE SHE WAS BORN DECEMBER TWO FIVE, ONE NINE FOUR THREE. SHE INDICATED ATTENDING HIGHLAND PARK HIGH SCHOOL, DALLAS, ONE NINE FIVE NINE TO ONE NINE SIX ONE AND LAMSON BUSINESS SCHOOL, TUCSON, ARIZONA JANUARY TO JUNE, ONE NINE SIX THREE.

NO LEADS SET OUT FOR DALLAS AS IT IS NOT KNOWN TO NY HOW MANY OF ABOVE INDIVIDUALS ALREADY INTERVIEWED.

END AND ACK PLS

3-11 AM NY R 2 WA EFH

CC-MR. ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

REC-86

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 6-57 PM EST MCH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, SAVANNAH 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS - R.

LYNN DAVIS CURRY, DRIVER, DIXIE CAB CO., ONE THREE FOUR SAND BAR FERRY ROAD, AUGUSTA, GA., APPEARED AUGUSTA, GA., RA, THIS DATE AND ADVISED SA ARTHUR F. PITTENGER OF THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION COLON.

CURRY ADVISED THAT DURING NOVEMBER OR DECEMBER, SIXTYTWO, WHILE ON DUTY AS NIGHT DRIVER FOR DIXIE CAB CO., HE HAD OCCASION TO PICK UP A WHITE MALE, AGE ABOUT TWENTYFIVE, WEARING BLACK JACKET OR COAT, IN THE VICINITY OF BROAD AND EIGHTH STREETS, AUGUSTA, GA. THIS PASSENGER TOLD SOURCE THAT HIS NAME WAS LEE OSWALD, MENTIONED THAT HE HAD TRAVELED TO RUSSIA AND WAS MARRIED TO A RUSSIAN GIRL, THAT HE HAD SERVED IN U. S. MARINE CORPS, AND THAT HE WAS A MARXIST AND PRO-CASTRO IN BELIEF. SOURCE ALSO STATED THAT THIS INDIVIDUAL MENTIONED NAMES OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV DURING SHORT CONVERSATION THAT ENSUED, HOWEVER THESE COMMENTS WERE MUMBLED AND WERE NOT DISTINGUISHABLE.

REC-86 62-109055-141

5 DEC 6 1963

CURRY'S PASSENGER INSISTED THAT SOURCE WRITE DOWN NAME LEE OSWALD AND PASSENGER STATED THAT CURRY WOULD BE HEARING THAT NAME AGAIN IN THE FUTURE. SOURCE ADVISES THAT HE THOUGHT PASSENGER WAS A

58 DEC 10 1963 ? Duty in Dallas working then

POSSIBLE MENTAL DEFECTIVE AND FOR THIS REASON, HE WROTE NAME OF LEE OSWALD ON HIS TRIP SHEET AT THAT TIME.

CURRY STATES THIS INDIVIDUAL DID NOT STATE HIS BUSINESS IN AUGUSTA, GA., BUT INDICATED THAT HE WAS TRAVELING TO NEW ORLEANS, LA., TO BEST OF SOURCE/S RECOLLECTION. SOURCE STATES HE TRANSPORTED PASSENGER A DISTANCE OF ABOUT SEVEN BLOCKS, LEAVING HIM IN THE AREA OF FIFTH AND WATKINS STREETS, AUGUSTA, WHERE OSWALD ALLEGEDLY HAD LEFT A CAR, ALTHOUGH SOURCE DID NOT RECALL SEEING ANY CAR IN THAT VICINITY.

CURRY STATED FURTHER THAT AFTER VIEWING PHOTOS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD IN NEWS MEDIA, HE RECALLS THAT HIS PASSENGER REFERRED TO ABOVE RESEMBLED OSWALD.

INQUIRY AT DIXIE CAB CO., AUGUSTA, DISCLOSED TRIP SHEETS FOR PERTINENT PERIOD WOULD NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW UNTIL MORNING OF DECEMBER THREE NEXT DUE TO ABSENCE OF MANAGER.

SAVANNAH WILL REVIEW RECORDS OF DIXIE CAB CO. FOR PERTINENT PERIOD AND ATTEMPT TO SUBSTANTIATE INFORMATION FURNISHED BY SOURCE.

REPORT WILL FOLLOW.

END

WA 7-03 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL A 6-04 PM OK FBI DL DEC

TU DISC PLS CC-MR ROSEN

VUAAVMU

OPR

OPR

OPR

FBI 202-965-0711 R U THERE PLS

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Del. Adl.
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 3-55PM IM

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, BUFFALO/105-44627

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

RE BUFFALO TELETYPE TO BUREAU NOVEMBER THIRTY, SIXTYTHREE RE ALLEGED ASSOCIATION OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD WITH SOCIALIST STUDY GROUP, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

PADRAIC HAHN, ALBION, NY, A TEACHER, ALBION SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL, INTERVIEWED THIS DATE AND ADVISED SHE ATTENDED GRADUATE SCHOOL, TULANE UNIVERSITY, NEW ORLEANS, FROM JANUARY SIXTYTHREE TO MAY SIXTYTHREE AND RECALLED ATTENDING PARTY IN APARTMENT OF DAVID HOFFMAN, TEN ROBERTS STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LATE APRIL OR FIRST WEEK IN MAY SIXTYTHREE FROM EIGHT THIRTY PM TO ONE THIRTY AM. HAHN STATED PARTY WAS ATTENDED BY NO MORE THAN TWENTYFIVE OR THIRTY OTHERS, ALL KNOWN TO HER BY NAME OR SIGHT. SHE IS CERTAIN LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS NOT AT THIS PARTY DURING HOURS SHE WAS THERE. SHE BASED THIS STATEMENT ON FACT SHE HAS SEEN NUMEROUS PICTURES OF OSWALD IN THE PRESS. HAHN STATED SHE HAS NEVER SEEN OR MET OSWALD IN NEW ORLEANS OR ELSEWHERE. SHE ALSO ADVISED NAME "SOCIALIST STUDY GROUP" UNKNOWN TO HER AND HAS NO RECOLLECTION OF ATTENDING ANY OF ITS FUNCTIONS. RESULTS OF HAHN INTERVIEW BEING INCORPORATED IN REPORT AT BUFFALO THIS DATE. 105-82555-142

~~2 CORR 1 16 W4 SHD BE "UNKNOWN"~~ REC 27

END AND ACK IN ORD PLS

DL --58 PM OK FBI DL EEA

PLS RPT TIME IS THAT DL U MEAN YES 2-58 PM

59 DEC 10

4-60 PM OK FBI WA LLD

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 6-14 PM LAS

TO DIRECTOR

SAC, CHICAGO, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES /105-15823/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH R. RE SAN FRANCISCO TELETYPE TO DALLAS, AND LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO DALLAS NOVEMBER TWENTYSIX LAST CAPTIONED ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO.

SAN FRANCISCO TEL SETS FORTH INFORMATION THAT THE RECORDS OF MEXICAN AIRLINES, CHICAGO, REFLECT THAT FLIGHT EIGHT HUNDRED, MEXICO CITY TO CHICAGO, NOVEMBER ONE LAST CONTAINED PASSENGERS M. LEE AND R. MARTIN AND ON SAME FLIGHT NOVEMBER TWELVE LAST WAS J. OSWASLT ALL U.S. CITIZENS

INS, SAN FRANCISCO STATES ONE DASH NINETYFOUR FORMS OF THESE INDIVIDUALS, WHICH FORMS WOULD GIVE AN ADDRESS EHERE THEY COULD BE CONTACTED, WOULD BE MICROFILMED BY PHOTOSTAT CORPORATION TWO TWO ZERO BEVERLY BOULEVARD, LOS ANGELES.

REC 27 105-82555-143

PETER GOLDBERG, MANAGER PHOTOSTAT CORPORATION ADVISED ONLY ONE ROLL OF MICROFILM DEALING WITH AIRCRAFT

END PAGE ONE

DEC 6 1963

59 DEC 10 1963

PAGE TWO

RECEIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO AFTER NOVEMBER ONE LAST WAS PROCESSED AND RETURNED TO INS, SAN FRANCISCO SAME DATE. SAN FRANCISCO ADVISED NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST THAT MICROFILM PERTAINING TO ABOVE INDIVIDUALS WOULD BE COMIMNG TO LOS ANGELES FROM INS, CHICAGO.

GOLDBERG ADVISED THIS DATE NO MICROFILM HAS BEEN RECEIVED FROM CHICAGO SINCE NOVEMBER ONE LAST. A STOP HAS BEEN PLACED WITH PHOTOSTAT CORPORATION, LOS ANGELES. CHICAGO REQUESTED TO CONTACT INS, CHICAGO AND THROUGH THESE RECORDS AND PERSONAL INTERVIEWS IF NECESSARY DETERMINE IF ANY ARE IDENTICAL WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD. AIR MAIL COPY SENT TO SAN FRANCISCO.

END PLS ACK

CG AND DL ADVISED

WA 9-19 PM OK FBI WA RL

TKS DISC

CC-MR ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

REC-86

URGENT 12-2-63 4-10 4-19 PM EST CPO

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, CHARLOTTE /105-1731/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

RE NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND DALLAS SIX FIFTY FIVE P. M., NOVEMBER TWENTYEIGHT LAST, ENTITLED, QUOTE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. UNQUOTE.

ROBERT LEWIS HOFFMAN, DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL STUDIES, N. C. STATE COLLEGE, RALEIGH, N. C., ADVISED SA DAVID W. WATSON HE WAS FORMERLY ONE OF EDITORS OF THE REED, A NEWSPAPER AT TULANE UNIVERSITY, AND ON OCCASIONS ATTENDED DISCUSSIONS WITH INDIVIDUALS MENTIONED IN RETEL. HOFFMAN ADVISED LEE HARVEY OSWALD UNKNOWN TO HIM, THAT HE HAS NEVER SEEN THIS INDIVIDUAL IN PERSON AND NEVER ATTENDED ANY MEETINGS AT WHICH OSWALD WAS PRESENT.

105-82555-144

AIRMAIL COPY TO NEW ORLEANS. REC-86

REPORT FOLLOWS.

DEC 5 2 11 PM
DEC 6

DNDTC DL TO BE ADVISED

WA 4-4 4-24 PM OK FBI WA LA

60 DEC 10 1963

cc-MR ROSEN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/2/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via TEL AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-87) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS
CONRAD - BACKGROUND

CO: DALLAS

Re San Antonio teletype to Bureau and Dallas dated 11/29/63 at 8:30 P.M.

Enclosed herewith are eight copies of letterhead memorandum. Two copies are enclosed for Dallas. One copy has been furnished Secret Service, San Antonio.

Hoot - handled per 12/5 SA contact

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 11 1963

ENCLOSURE
(3) - Bureau (Enc.3)
2 - Dallas (Enc.2)
2 - San Antonio
WAL/dte
(7)

cc Wick

DEC 1963

79 DEC 12 AM

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Antonio, Texas

November 30, 1963

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22, 1963
Dallas, Texas

At approximately 6:30 P.M., November 23, 1963, three boys and one girl entered the store of Mr. CECIL BALES, Kyle, Texas, and asked if they could watch Mr. BALES' television as they had been hunting near New Braunfels, Texas, and had just heard about the assassination. As they were watching television, the girl asked if the person who had done the shooting had been caught and Mr. BALES said that the police were holding a person from Fort Worth who was supposed to be a member of the Fair Play for Cuba Organization. The girl then remarked that this sounded like a person she knew by the name of OSWALD. Then Mr. BALES told her that was the name of the person who was being held and the girl remarked that she did not think OSWALD had the guts to do a thing like this. Another boy then mentioned that he has seen OSWALD in Fort Worth passing out literature for the Fair Play for Cuba Organization. Another boy said he was the grandson of former Vice President JOHN NANCE GARNER. All four said they were presently students at the University of Texas.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of any kind. It is the property of the FBI, and is a loan to your agency; it and/or its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-3-63 6-38 PM RJL

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS PHILADELPHIA AND DALLAS

FROM SAC MINNEAPOLIS

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

RAYMOND PETERSON, PRINCIPAL, ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, PRINCETON, MINNESOTA, APPEARED AT THE MINNEAPOLIS OFFICE INSTANT DATE TO ADVISE THAT HE HAD BEEN TOLD BY DON STANLEY AND JOHN ADEMA, PARTNERS IN PLUMBING FIRM, PRINCETON, MINN., THAT ONE W. T. CALEY HAD TELEPHONED THEM ABOUT THIRTY DAYS AGO FROM WAYNE, PENNSYLVANIA. DURING CONVERSATION CALEY MADE ~~RED~~ STATEMENT ~~SENT~~ THAT SOON A HIGH GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL WOULD BE ASSASSINATED.

108 REC 27 105-82555-145

5 DEC 6 1963

PETERSON STATES CALEY IS VERY WEALTHY PERSON WHO OWNS APARTMENTS IN PRINCETON, MINNESOTA, AND DISTRIBUTES EXTREME RIGHT WING LITERATURE, INCLUDING WRITINGS OF GERALD L. K. SMITH. PETERSON FURNISHED A NUMBER OF RIGHT WING ARTICLES OF LITERATURE AND HATE TYPE PHONOGRAPH RECORDS WHICH STANLEY AND ADEMA HAD GIVEN HIM TO FURNISH THE FBI. CALEY HAD

59 DEC 10 1963

END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

FURNISHED BUSINESS CARD READING CALEY RESEARCH FOUNDATION, RESEARCH ANALYSIS, THIRTY WEST AVENUE, ~~RESEARCHANALYSIS~~, WAYNE, PENNSYLVANIA,

W. T. CALEY, OWNER DASH DIRECTOR. CALEY ALSO REPORTEDLY CARRIES FORTYFIVE AUTOMATIC PISTOL IN BRIEF CASE.

PHILADELPHIA, AT WAYNE, PENN., LOCATE AND INTERVIEW W. T. CALEY RE BASIS FOR HIS STATEMENT IN EARLY NOVEMBER TO STANLEY AND ADEMA, THAT QUOTE SOON A HIGH GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL WOULD BE ASSASSINATED UNQUOTE.

MINNEAPOLIS ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW STANLEY AND ADEMA RE THIS MATTER.

END ACK PLS

WA 79 CORR NEEDEDPG 1 LN 8 WDS 2-3 AND PG-2 ALL OF LN 2

OK

PAGE ONE

STATEMENT THAT

PAGE TWO LN TWO

RESEARCH ANALYSIS, THIRTY WEST AVENUE, WAYNE, PENNSYLVANIA,

TU 7-44 PM OK FBI WA WS

DL 6-44 PM OK FBI DL DEC

PH 7-45 PM OK FBI PH JMC

DISC

CC-MR. ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-3-63 3-24 AM THK

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS AND CLEVELAND

FROM SAC, CINCINNATI /105-2505/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS-R.

RE DALLAS TEL, DECEMBER TWO, SIXTYTHREE.

CARL D. HYDE, M.D., ONE FOUR ZERO FIVE PRESIDENT STREET, YELLOW SPRINGS, OHIO, ADVISED DECEMBER TWO, SIXTY THREE, HE IS THE BROTHER OF RUTH HYDE PAINE, TWO FIVE ONE FIVE WEST FIFTY STREET, IRVING, TEXAS, WITH WHOM WIFE OF SUBJECT IS PRESENTLY RESIDING. HE STATED SUBJECT WAS UNKNOWN TO HIM PRIOR TO ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. HE SAID THAT SOMETIME IN SEPTEMBER OF NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, HIS SISTER, RUTH, VISITED HIM, AT YELLOW SPRINGS, AND MENTIONED SHE WAS LEAVING FOR NEW ORLEANS, LA., TO CONTACT A WOMAN OF RUSSIAN BIRTH WHO WAS HAVING MARITIAL DIFFICULITIES. HE COULD NOT RECALL HIS SISTER MENTIONING THE NAME OSWALD AT THAT TIME, BUT SAID THAT THE WOMAN-S HUSBAND WAS A COMMUNIST AND ALTHOUGH THE WOMAN

REC-86 105-82555-146

DEC 6 1963

60 DEC 10 1963

WAS A RUSSIAN SHE WAS NOT SYMPATHIC TO THESE VIEWS. SHE SAID THAT THE WOMAN-S HUSBAND HAD NOT ALLOWED THE WOMAN TO LEARN ENGLISH. RUTH HAD NOT MENTIONED THE CIRCUMSTANCE BY WHICH SHE HAD BECOME ACQUAINTED WITH THIS WOMAN, BUT IT WAS DR. HYDE-S OPINION HIS SISTER WAS ASSOCIATING HERSELF WITH THIS WOMAN TO LEND MORAL SUPPORT AS SHE HERSELF WAS EXPERIENCEING MARITIAL DIFFICULTIES. IT WAS INDICATED TO HIM THAT THIS WOMAN WAS PREGNANT AND RUTH WAS INVITING HER HOME. DR. HYDE SAID THAT FOLLOWING THE ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT, HE LEARNED FROM HIS FATHER, WILLIAM A. HYDE, COLUMBUS, OHIO, THE IDENTITY OF THE WOMAN, AND IT WAS MENTIONED THAT THE SUBJECT HAD BEEN TO HIS SISTER-S PRIOR TO THAT TIME, TO VISIT WITH SUBJECT-S WIFE. DR. HYDE CLAIMED NO FURTHER KNOWLEDGE OF SUBJECT OR SUBJECT-S WIFE, AND INDICATED A CO-OPERATIVE ATTITUDE. HE STATED THAT ALL OF HIS FAMILY, INCLUDING HIMSELF, WERE OF TYPE WHO WERE TOLERANT TO OTHERS POINTS OF VIEW.

DR. HYDE SAID HIS MOTHER, CAROL HYDE IS A GRANUATE STUDENT, SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY, OBERLIN COLLEGE, OHIO. MRS. JOAN BARKER, FOUR THREE NINE ZERO GLENMAWR AVE, COLUMBUS OHIO, ADVISED TODAY CAROL AND WILLIAM HYDE DIVORCED ONE NINE SIX ONE. ABOUT ONE NINE SIX ZERO WILLIAM HAD CAROL COMMITTED TO HARDING SANITARIUM

WORTHINGTON, OHIO, AS MENTAL PATIENT. CAROL HYDE ORDAINED MINISTER IN UNITARIAN CHURCH, COLUMBUS, SUMMER ONE NINE SIX THREE.

CLEVELAND INTERVIEW CAROL HYDE AT OBERLIN COLLEGE.

WILLIAM AVERY HYDE, APARTMENT ONE ZERO FIVE, FIVE EIGHT ZERO PARK STREET, COLUMBUS, OHIO, BORN JUNE FOUR, ONE NINE ZERO M TWO, PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA, EMPLOYED AT NATIONWIDE INSURANCE COMPANY, COLUMBUS, OHIO. HE ADVISED DECEMBER TWO LAST, THAT HE IS FATHER RUTH PAINE, NEE HYDE, IRVING, TEXAS. HE VISITED WITH RUTH, SEPTEMBER NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE AT RESIDENCE OF MOTHER MICHAEL PAINE, MRS. RUTH YOUNG, PAOLI PENNSYLVANIA, LABOR DAY WEEKEND. RUTH PAINE AND HER TWO CHILDREN WERE THERE. MICHAEL PAINE REMAINED DALLAS TEXAS.

RUTH PAINE SAID SHE AND MARINA OSWALD AND MARINA-S ONE CHILD HAD LIVED TOGETHER AT RUTH-S HOME, IRVING TEXAS, UNKNOWN PERIOD OF TIME SUMMER NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE. RUTH AND MICHAEL PAINE, TEMPORARY SEPARATED, NOT LIVING TOGETHER. LATER DURING SUMMER, DATE NOT KNOWN, MARINA AND DAUGHTER JOINED MARINA-S HUSBAND, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, WHERE LEE SEARCHED FOR EMPLOYMENT.

FATHER RELATED RUTH PAINE WORRIED ABOUT MARINA, WHO WAS

PREGNANT AND RETURNED TO IRVING TEXAS, MID SEPTEMBER NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, VIA NEW ORLEANS, WHERE SHE PICKED UP MARINA AND HER CHILD. FATHER BELIEVES LEE HARVEY OSWALD REMAINED AT NEW ORLEANS.

RUTH, MARINA AND FATHER-S DAUGHTER LIVED TOGETHER FROM SEPTEMBER NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE AT IRVING, TEXAS, UNTIL MARINA WAS TAKEN INTO PROTECTIVE CUSTODY. DAUGHTER RACHAEL BORN OCTOBER TWO ZERO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE.

FATHER RECEIVED LETTER FROM RUTH PAINE WRITTEN OCTOBER ONE NINE, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, IN WHICH SHE MENTIONS THAT LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS WEEKEND VISITOR, THAT HE HAD TAKEN APARTMENT IN DALLAS, AND HAD OBTAINED EMPLOYMENT THERE. DATE OF HIS ARRIVAL AT DALLAS NOT MENTIONED. LETTER ALSO STATES LEE HARVEY OSWALD, HAS PROVED HIMSELF TO BE A QUOTE FINE FAMILY MAN AFTER ALL ENQUOTE.

FATHER DOES NOT KNOW HOW RUTH PAINE MET OSWALD, BUT KNEW RUTH WAS VERY MUCH INTERESTED IN STUDING RUSSIAN LANGUAGE. HE HAD NEVER HEARD OF OSWALD, UNTIL LABOR DAY WEEKEND NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE. HE HAS NOT MET THE OSWALD-S. HE KNOWS NOTHING ABOUT RUBY OR RUBENSTEIN.

WHEN FATHER HEARD NAME OSWALD MENTIONED ON RADIO, AS SUSPECT

IN ASSASSINATION, HE REFERRED TO LETTERS FROM DAUGHTER AND CONCLUDED SUSPECT WAS IDENTICAL TO OSWALD, WHO HAD BEEN STAYING WITH DAUGHTER.

WILLIAM HYDE EXHIBITED CO-OPERATIVE ATTITUDE, AND STATED HE WAS INTERVIEWED BY COLUMBUS OHIO NEWS REPORTER, AND FURNISHED HIM BACKGROUND INFORMATION CONCERNING HIS DAUGHTER.

END ACK IN ORD

WA 2-39 AM OK FBI WA LET

CV 3-40 AM OK FBI CV JW

DL 2-39 PM OK FBI DL TJF

DISCV

W1

[redacted]

C-MR ROSEN

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12/4/63 4-58 PM RAM

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, ALBANY /105-5001/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

REBUTEL, THIS DATE.

[redacted] IN INTERVIEW AT MENDON, VT., ADVISED SA JAMES C. MEE HE HAS BEEN UNDER PSYCHIATRIC TREATMENT AND DURING PAST SUMMER WAS PATIENT AT CONNECTICUT VALLEY MENTAL HOSPITAL. STATED ON DEC. TWO LAST, CAB DRIVER PRIMI PETIBO, THREE ZERO ZERO EIGHT ADAMS ST., WASHINGTON, D.C., TOLD HIM APPROXIMATELY ONE WEEK PREVIOUS HE HAD FARE WHO WAS CHIEF PETTY OFFICER IN NAVY WHO WAS ANGERED AND DISGRUNTLED OVER RECEIVING MEDICAL DISCHARGE AND HAD MADE DEROGATORY COMMENTS TO PETIBO RE PRESIDENT KENNEDY. [redacted] HAD NO OTHER SPECIFIC INFO. HE APPEARED VAGUE AND RAMBLED ON ABOUT WAR EXPERIENCES, RECENT CROSS COUNTRY BUS TRIP AND PLANS TO WRITE QUOTE BIOGRAPHY OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE UNQUOTE, BOOK ON HIS WAR EXPERIENCES AND BOOK ON PSYCHIATRIC EXPERIENCES. IN VIEW OF INFO RECEIVED, NO LEAD SET FOR WFO.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

AM COPY TO N.H.

END AND A C K PLS

5-03 PM OK FBI WA MET

CLEAR DEC 10 1963

EX-108 REC 27 105-12555-147

DEC 6 1963

Six

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 4-12 PM DD

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, ATLANTA /105-3193/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH R.

CONFIRMING TELEPHONE CALL TO BUREAU TODAY, HAL SUIT, ASST. NEWS DIRECTOR, WSBA TV, ATLANTA, GA., ADVISED HE INTENDED TO TELEVISE STORY THAT OSWALD WAS REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN IN ATLANTA, GA., FOR SEVERAL DAYS EARLIER THIS YEAR, STAYED AT HOLIDAY INN MOTEL, AND WSB REPORTED THIS TO LOCAL FBI. SUIT REQUESTED COMMENT FROM FBI TO ADD TO ABOVE TV BROADCAST. IN ACCORDANCE WITH BUREAU INSTRUCTIONS SUIT WAS ADVISED THAT THE FBI COULD NOT MAKE ANY COMMENT CONCERNING THIS. ABOVE INFORMATION FROM HAL SUIT, TOGETHER WITH RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION BY ATLANTA, PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED TO BUREAU AND DALLAS BY TELETYPE DATED DEC. ONE LAST, THREE O NINE PM, AND REPORT OF SA CHARLES S. HARDING DATED DEC. ONE LAST AT ATLANTA, BEGINNING ON PAGE SEVEN.

DALLAS ADVISED AIRMAIL.

DEC 4 2 11 PM '63

REC-86 105-82555148

END AND ACK PLES

DEC 4 3 32 PM '63

4-16 PM OK FBI WA RM

FBI

TU RMO

DEC 5 1963

cc - Mr. Rosen

60 DEC 10 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 1-31 PM BM

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, PORTLAND

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

JACK OLSEN, NORTH BEND, OREGON, ONE TIME INMATE, OREGON STATE PENITENTIARY, ADVISED DECEMBER THREE LAST HE MADE ACQUAINTANCE OF INDIVIDUAL BY NAME OF JACK RUEY IN BAR COOS BAY, OREGON, IN FIFTY TWO. SAW HIM SEVERAL TIMES IN VARIOUS BARS. FEELS HE RESEMBLES SUBJECT RUEY. PURPOSE OF VISIT TO COOS BAY AREA NOT KNOWN. WHILE THERE, UPON OBSERVING SHERIFFS IN COMMUNITY FOR CONVENTION, MADE PASSING REMARK WOULD LIKE TO PLACE DYNAMITE AMONG THEM. COMMENT CONSIDERED BY OLSEN TO BE MERELY EXPRESSION AGAINST LAW ENFORCEMENT. EFFORTS TO CONFIRM PRESENCE OF SUCH PERSON IN COOS BAY NEGATIVE. REPORT BEING SUBMITTED THIS DATE. REC 27 105-82535-149

END AND ACK PLS

WA 4-38 PM OK FBI WA LA

DLE3-38 PM OK FBI DL W

59 DEC 10 1963

cc MR ROSEN

SOVIET ESPIONAGE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-4-63 11-12 AM MAW

TO DIRECTOR, DALLAS AND PHILADELPHIA

FROM SAC, MINNEAPOLIS /105-2564/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

REMYTEL DECEMBER THIRD LAST OF INTERVIEW WITH RAYMOND PETERSON.

JOHN ADEMA, PRINCETON, MINNESOTA, ADVISED SA ANDREW K. UGGEN DECMEBER FOURTH INSTANT WILLIAM T. CALEY REGULARLY MAKES LONG DISTANCE CALLS TO HIM , COMMENTS ON CURRENT TOPICS. SHORTLY PRIOR TO MARCH ON WASHINGTON CALEY CALLED., MENTIONED MARCH AND STATED TO LOOK FOR SOME UNIDENTIFIED HIGH GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL TO BE SHOT OR KILLED SOON. ADEMA ASSUMED PREDICTED KILLING WOULD INVOLVE CIVIL RIGHTS.

CALEY DID NOT PURSUE MATTER FURTHER OR MAKE OTHER STATEMENTS.

MINNEAPOLIS WILL SUREP RESULTS OF INTERVIEW WITH PETERSON AND ADEMA.

DL ADVISED SEPARATLLY

END AND ACK PLS EBI REC 27

WA 12-16 PM OK FBI WA NH

PH 12-16 PM OK FBI PH JD

TU DISC

105-82555-150

EX-108

5 DEC 6 1963

cc-MR. ROSEN

59 DEC10 1963

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 9-08 PM PM SNB

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS, NEW YORK AND SAN ANTONIO

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAC NORFOLK 89-17 21 XX2-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R. OO DALLAS.

GEORGE CLIFFORD PARISH, ENLISTED MAN, USN, AND WIFE EMMA, LEE HALL, VA., ADVISED EMMA-S SISTER, MARGE, IS MARRIED TO JOHN PIC, STAFF SGT., USAF, SAN ANTONIO. PIC WAS HALF BROTHER OF SUBJECT. PIC EITHER RESTRICTED TO QUARTERS OR UNDER PROTECTIVE SURVEILLANCE FOLLOWING ASSASSINATION. PICS ON FRIENDLY TERMS WITH PARISHES.

PARISHES CLAIM NEVER MET SUBJECT, AND PIC NEVER MENTIONED HIM OR OTHER JOHN PIC-S FAMILY MEMBERS. IN ONE NINE FIVE FOUR, SUBJECT AND MOTHER VISITED PICS AT THREE TWO FIVE E. NINE TWO ST., NYC. JOHN PIC ON SEA DUTY WITH U. S. COAST GUARD AT TIME. DURING VISIT, SUBJECT THREATENED MARGE PIC WITH KNIFE. EITHER DORIS EBEL, ONE SEVEN EIGHT E. SEVEN THREE ST., NYC, SISTER OF MARGE, OR JOHN PIC, ON RETURN FROM SEA DUTY "KICKED" OSWALD OUT OF HOUSE.

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-151

REC-86

DEC 16 1963

RELAYED TO

60 DEC 10 1963

PAGE TWO

YESTERDAY DORIS EBEL TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED MRS. PARISH SHE HAD BEEN INTERVIEWED BY SECRET SERVICE, AND MRS. PARISH-S MOTHER, MARY FUHRMAN, P. O. BOX FOUR NINE FIVE, SELDEN, L. I., N. Y., TO BE INTERVIEWED BY FBI TODAY.

IF NOT ALREADY DONE, NEW YORK INTERVIEW EBEL AND FUHRMAN. REPORT BEING SUBMITTED.

END

9-12 PM OK FBI WA MSL FOR RELAY

TU CLR PLS

CC-MR. ROSEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
F B I

DEC 4 8 PM '63

TELETYPE UNIT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12/4/63 8-23 PM PST JEQ

TO DIRECTOR, /ATTENTION CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION/, AND SAC-S

DALLAS, AND LOS ANGELES.

FROM SAC, SAN DIEGO /44-251/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R. OO DALLAS.

RE WFO TEL TWELVE THREE LAST, EIGHT FIFTY SEVEN P. M.

FOLLOWING INVESTIGATION BY R. S. BAKER.

DIO, ELEVENTH NAVAL DISTRICT, SAN DIEGO, THIS DATE ADVISED EUGENE S. HOLMBERG, MARINE CORPS SERIAL NUMBER ONE ONE NINE EIGHT THREE ONE THREE CURRENTLY ASSIGNED MARINE F FOUR H SQUADRON, MCAS, EL TORO, CALIFORNIA.

LA INTERVIEW HOLMBERG IN ACCORDANCE WITH REFERENCED TEL.

NO REPORT BEING SUBMITTED.

REC 27 105-82555-152

END AND ACK IN 0 PLS

WA 11-25 PM OK FBI WA

DL 10-25 PM OK FBI DL DEC

LA 8-25 PM OK FBI LA AH

TU CLR CC-MR ROSEN

EX-108

6 DEC 6 1963

ERT

59 DEC10 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-4-63 8-38 PM RCS

TO- DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM- SAC, BOSTON /105-10911/ 3-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

BACKGROUND

QUOTE THE EVENING BULLETIN END QUOTE, PROVIDENCE, R.I., DECEMBER FOUR SIXTYTHREE, SET OUT IN AN ARTICLE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION RE THE SUBJECT-

LEE HARVEY OSWALD APPLIED THROUGH A PROVIDENCE UNITARIAN MINISTER IN NINETEEN FIFTYNINE FOR ADMISSION TO THE ALBERT SCHWEITZER COLLEGE IN CHURWALDEN, SWITZERLAND, AND WAS ACCEPTED BUT NEVER QUOTE SHOWED UP END QUOTE. THIS INFO WAS CONFIRMED BY DR. ROBERT H. SCHACT, MINISTER OF THE FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH OF PROVIDENCE, WHO IS CHAIRMAN OF THE AMERICAN ADMISSIONS COMMITTEE FOR THE SWISS SCHOOL. OSWALD APPLIED IN THE SPRING OF NINETEEN FIFTYNINE WHILE IN THE MARINE CORPS FOR ADMISSION TO THE NINETEEN SIXTY SPRING TERM, RUNNING BETWEEN MID-APRIL TO THE END OF JUNE. OSWALD/S APPLICATION WAS QUOTE CLEARED END QUOTE BY THE AMERICAN COMMITTEE AND SENT TO SWITZERLAND.

END PAGE ONE

REC-86 105-82533-45

5 DEC 6 1963

60 DEC 10 1963

IN THE SPRING OF NINETEEN SIXTY, THE COLLEGE QUOTE SENT WORD THAT HE PAREN OSWALD END PAREN HADN/T ARRIVED AND DID WE KNOW WHAT HAD HAPPENED TO HIM. WE DIDN/T. THEY SAID HIS MOTHER HAD WRITTEN THEM ASKING ABOUT HIM. SO FAR AS WE KNEW, HE SIMPLY DISAPPEARED END QUOTE.

DR. SCHACHT SAID ALL DOCUMENTS RELATING TO OSWALD/S APPLICATION WERE SENT TO SWITZERLAND AND NO RECORDS WERE KEPT QUOTE HERE END QUOTE. ALL PROCESSING WAS DONE BY MAIL. THE APPLICATION WAS ACCOMPANIED BY THREE REFERENCES, ONE A CLERGYMAN, BUT DR. SCHACHT DID NOT RECALL WHO THEY WERE, SAYING HE HAD A VAGUE RECOLLECTION ONE OF THE REFERENCES MAY HAVE BEEN A MARINE CORPS OFFICER AND POSSIBLY A SECOND WAS A MARINE CORPS CHAPLAIN. HE FURTHER SAID THE SCHOOL WAS FOUNDED TEN YEARS AGO BY UNITARIANS IN SWITZERLAND, IS NON-SECTARIAN AND ACCOMMODATES THIRTY STUDENTS FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD, ABOUT ONE DOZEN BEING AMERICANS. HE SAID IT WAS THE THIRD SEMESTER OF THE NINETEEN FIFTYNINE DASH SIXTY COLLEGE YEAR FOR WHICH OSWALD WAS ACCEPTED.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE TWO

62-1178

THE CP AT THIS MEETING AND THIS MEETING WAS THE ONLY OCCASION OF THEIR EVER HAVING MET OSWALD. IT IS THEIR UNDERSTANDING THAT GEORGE ~~D~~ MORHENSCHMILDT Texas WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING OSWALD AS A SPEAKER AT THIS MEETING. THE FREDERIKSENS MET THE MORHENSCHMILDTS ON ONE OTHER OCCASION, DURING A PARTY IN SIXTYTWO, AT WHICH MORHENSCHMILDTS SHOWED THEIR SLIDES OF A TRIP TO MEXICO.

CORR PAGE ONE

THIRD LINE FROM BOTTOM LAST WORD SHLD BE SYMPATHETIC

END ACK PLS

WA

DL 7-45 PM OK FBI DL DEC

WA SS 8-48 PM OK FFBI WA LLD

TU DISCMLOYAD

IH

CC-MR. ROSEN

WC

PAGE THREE

DR. SCHACHT WILL BE INTERVIEWED AND INFO SECURED WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE BUREAU IMMEDIATELY. COPIES OF THE INSTANT ARTICLE BEING FORWARDED.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 8-46 PM OK FB WA ML

TU CLR

CC-MR ROSEN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via IRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

On 12/4/63 [redacted] who desired his identity kept confidential, advised SA JOSEPH E. JONES that there was a "Peanut Festival" in Floresville, 9/27-28/63. A Republician organization had been invited to participate in the parade and after the invitation was given it was canceled. This gave rise to numerous pepple protesting the cancellation.

[redacted] said that on the Wednesday after the Peanut Festival, that is 10/2/63, he was talking with either HUDDELL WRIGHT, who runs the Eschenburg Hardware Store or CARL ESCHENBURG, who runs an implement store next door. One or the other said that that morning a man was in the store collecting funds to "shoot or kill President KENNEDY."

[redacted] said on the same day 10/2/63, he remembers seeing a man walking out of either the hardware store or the implement store and now recalls the man looked similar to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He said the man had a fuller face than pictures he saw of OSWALD on television, but looked similar to a photograph of OSWALD shown him.

[redacted] also stated that on 12/2/63, he talked with HILDA DUNN, who operates Walt's Cafe, where the bus station is located. Mrs. DUNN told [redacted] she

(3) Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - San Antonio
(7)

105-82555-154

REC-86

11 DEC 6 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M _____

Special Agent in Charge

DEC 10 1963

SOUTHWESTERN SECTION

SA 105-2909

remembered selling a bus ticket to Corpus Christi, Texas, to a man who looked like OSWALD. She was indefinite about the time, first saying it was sometime in September and later saying "about three weeks ago."

[redacted] stated HUDELL WRIGHT is a cousin of Governor JOHN CONNALLY.

WRIGHT, ESCHENBURG and Mrs. DUNN will be interviewed after which letterhead memo and FD 302s will be submitted.

URGENT 12-4-63 9-53 AM CST WD

TO DIRECTOR

ATTENTION - ASSISTANT DIRECTOR IVAN CONRAD

FRO M SAC DALLAS /89-43/ 1 P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA/ ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO. REMYLET DEC. TWO LAST, TO LABORATORY ENTITLED EDWIN A. WALKER, INFO CONCERNING, HAND DELIVERED TO BUREAU DEC. THREE LAST, WITH UNIDENTIFIED RIFLE SLUG FOR COMPARISON WITH TEST SHOTS FROM RIFLE USED TO ASSASSINATE PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

WHEN THIS SLUG WAS FURNISHED TO THE DALLAS OFFICE OF THE FBI, THE DALLAS PD SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED THEY BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY IF IDENTIFICATION MADE AND SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED THEY BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO ANY NEWS RELEASE.

END

10-55 PM CK FBI WA RM

D

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060

5 DEC 1963

CC-MR SULLIVAN

5 DEC 10 1963

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1963

UNREC

TRUE COPY

November 24, 1962

[redacted]

Dear Mr. Hoover,

Disbelief and grief have shrouded our Country since the inhuman assassination of President Kennedy. I am no different from the millions of Americans who are mourning.

Several pertinent questions have been raised by others and myself in regard to the part the FBI should have played in the arrest and questioning of the alleged assassin, Lee Oswald-- perhaps overting the double tragedy of Oswald's murder.

These are the questions that deserve an answer:

1. Was the assassination's investigation in the jurisdiction of the FBI as an act of treason?

2. Why was the Dallas police allowed to conduct the investigation of Oswald's guilt with no direction by the FBI and apparently without the benefit of the excellently trained FBI men.

3. Why was evidence released to the public? (re Oswald's guilt)

4. Why was the time and place of Oswald's change of jails announced publicly; and further why was someone like Ruby, not a member of the press and known not to be so by the Dallas police, allowed in the jail basement?

This is a grave situation and I seriously wonder if the FBI, under your direction assumed it's proper responsibility and duty.

Sincerely

Mrs. Leah Grand
5249 W. Slauson Ave.
L. A. 56, Calif.

105-92555-
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167 DEC 6 1963

DEC 5 1963

COPY FILED IN

OCD 1-TC 12-3/63

#10

105-82555-UNREC

December 4, 1963

Mrs. Leah Granof
6249 West Slauson Avenue
Los Angeles 56, California

Dear Mrs. Granof:

I have received your letter of November 24th and understand your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy.

Immediately following the assassination the full resources of the FBI were made available to the Secret Service and local law enforcement agencies. The President has instructed the FBI to conduct a full investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald. I can assure you that this Bureau will discharge its responsibilities in this regard with the same thoroughness and dispatch that have characterized our investigations in the past.

Since we do not disclose developments in connection with pending investigations, I will not be able to answer your questions.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:rsp (3)

MAILED 19
DEC 4 - 1963
COMM-FBI

ORIGINAL FILED IN

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 12-4-63 UNRECORDED 3 AFTER #154

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

3

CIA

REFERRAL

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-4-63 3-29 PM SSM

TO DIRECTOR, /62-109060/ AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, SAN FRANCISCO /89-8/

ASSASSINATION OR PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWO TWO, ONE NINE SIX THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

HEAD OF FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE PAREN FPCC UNPAREN ADVISED FPCC HEAD IN SAN FRANCISCO THAT LEE OSWALD NOT AN OFFICER OR REPRESENTATIVE OF FPCC.

TOM SANDERS, MEMBER OF SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY AND CHAIRMAN OF FPCC, SAN FRANCISCO AREA, RECEIVED LETTER FROM VINCENT THEODORE LEE, FPCC NATIONAL DIRECTOR, DATED NOVEMBER TWO SIX, LAST. LEE STATES THAT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT IS RESULTING IN MAKING FAIR PLAY THE SCAPEGOAT. LEE INFERS THAT HIS LIFE HAS BEEN IN DANGER IN NEW YORK AND THE POSITION HE IS TAKING IS THAT LEE OSWALD WAS NEVER AN OFFICER OR A REPRESENTATIVE OF FPCC. LEE DENIED THAT THE NATIONAL FPCC OFFICE HAD EVER ISSUED A CHARTER QUOTE IN THAT AREA OR IN EITHER STATE UNQUOTE.

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-UNREC

NOT RECORDED

193 DEC 10 1963

MR. BELMONT'S DIRECTOR

p/o EC

SDDEC 10 1963 57

SIX

62-109060-47

CRIMINAL FILES IN

LWBOQ

HOWEVER LEE STATES FPCC KEEPS NO MEMBERSHIP LISTS AND ONLY MAINTAINS A MAILING LIST.

~~4774~~ LEE STATES MAILING LIST INCLUDES MANY UNSOLICITED NAMES AND ANY CURIOUS PERSON WHO HAS SOUGHT INFORMATION FROM FPCC. LEE STATES POSSIBILITY THAT QUOTE ANY PERSON UNQUOTE COULD HAVE JOINED THE ORGANIZATION IN THE PAST AND BEEN SENT A MEMBERSHIP CARD WITHOUT RECORD BEING MADE OF THIS FACT AT FPCC HEADQUARTERS.

LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM BEING SENT BY AIRTEL WITH FULL TEXT OF PRESS RELEASE FROM NATIONAL OFFICE, FPCC, AND LEE/S LETTER TO SANDERS.

THIS INFORMATION FURNISHED THIS DATE BY INSPECTOR THOMAS FITZ-PATRICK, SAN FRANCISCO POLICE DEPARMENT INTELLIGENCE DETAIL, [redacted]

AIR MAIL COPIES SENT NEW ORLEANS AND NEW YORK.

END AND ACK PLS

~~2-7~~

~~CORR~~

~~LINE THREE WRD NINESHLD READ FPCC~~

~~PAGE TWO~~

~~LINE THREE WRD TWO SHLD BE LEE STATES~~

~~LINE NINE WRD ONE SHLD BE PRESS~~

6-37 PM OK FBI WA RM

TU DSC

CC-MR ROSEN

URGENT 12-4-63 4-44 PM SEC

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, ST. LOUIS /89-36/ 3P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

REFERENCE DALLAS TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR, ST. LOUIS, AND NEW YORK DATED DECEMBER THREE, LAST.

A REVIEW BY IC LEONARD LEWIS OF THE RECORDS ON FILE MILITARY PERSONNEL RECORDS CENTER, ST. LOUIS, FOR MICHAEL RALPH PAINE, SERIAL NUMBER FIVE ONE ONE SIX NINE SEVEN FOUR ZERO, INDICATED HE WAS INDUCTED U. S. ARMY ON JULY FIFTEEN, FIFTY-TWO, ENTERED ACTIVE DUTY SAME DATE AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. HE WAS HONORABLY RELEASED FROM ACTIVE DUTY APRIL TWENTY-EIGHT, FIFTY-FOUR, AS CORPORAL, CAMP KILMER, NEW JERSEY, TRANSFERRED TO U. S. ARMY RESERVE BY REASON OF RELEASE OF OVERSEAS RETURNEES.

HE SERVED U. S. ARMY RESERVE, INACTIVE STATUS, FROM APRIL TWENTY-NINE, FIFTY-FOUR, TO JULY FOURTEEN, SIXTY, RECEIVED HONORABLE DISCHARGE.

END PAGE ONE

105-125 55-UNREC 5-2117

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180 DEC 9 1963

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HE HAD FOREIGN SERVICE IN JAPAN AND KOREA AND WAS AWARDED UNITED NATIONS MEDAL, KOREAN SERVICE MEDAL WITH TWO BRONZE SERVICE STARS AND THE NATIONAL DEFENSE SERVICE MEDAL. HIS RECORD CONTAINED STATEMENT DATED JULY FIFTEEN, FIFTY-TWO, WHICH REFLECTED QUOTE THE FOLLOWING INDUCTEE PAINE, MICHAEL R. WAS INDUCTED TODAY, FIFTEEN JULY, FIFTY-TWO, BUT REFUSED TO TAKE THE OATH OF ALLEGIANCE ENQUOTE.

HIS CHARACTER AND EFFICIENCY RATINGS RANGED FROM UNKNOWN TO EXCELLENT AND THERE WERE NO RECORDS OF COURTS-MARTIAL OR ABSENCE WITHOUT OFFICIAL LEAVE.

RECORDS CONTAINED QUOTE LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT OF MICHAEL R. PAINE, U. S. FIVE ONE ONE SIX NINE SEVEN FOUR ZERO, ENQUOTE, UNDATED AND UNSIGNED, NAMING HIS BROTHER, CAMERON FORBES PAINE, AS EXECUTOR OF HIS WILL.

RELATIVES WERE SHOWN AS RUTH FORBES YOUNG, MOTHER, ARTHUR M. YOUNG, STEPFATHER, BOTH OF THIRTY-FIVE EAST SEVENTYFIFTH STREET, NEW YORK, NEW YORK, FIFTY-TWO.

MILITARY OCCUPATION WAS SHOWN AS INTERMEDIATE SPEED RADIO OPERATOR AND CIVILIAN OCCUPATION AS RESEARCH ASSISTANT. BARTOL RESEARCH FOUNDATION, PLACE NOT SHOWN. RECORDS CONTAINED

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

STATEMENT QUOTE I LEFT COLLEGE TWICE ALTHOUGH NOT SO MUCH FOR ACADEMIC REASONS AS FOR PERSONAL DIFFICULTIES ENQUOTE. EDUCATION SHOWN AS ONE YEAR COLLEGE, HARVARD UNIVERSITY, CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS, FIFTY-ONE.

PAINE DESCRIBED AS BROWN HAIR, HAZEL EYES, SIX FEET TWO INCHES, ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE POUNDS, CAUCASION, DATE OF BIRTH SHOWN AS JUNE TWENTY-FIVE, TWENTY-EIGHT, NEW YORK, NEW YORK.

DALLAS ADVISED

END AND ACK PLS

5-52 PM OK FBI WA LLD

TU DISC

M

CC - Mr. Sullivan

[redacted]

DECEMBER 4 1963

DECEMBER 12-4-63 6-54 PM EST JLC

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC/S, MIAMI AND DALLAS

FROM SAC, JACKSONVILLE /105-NEW/ 3P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH R.

RE JACK OR JOHN FREEMAN.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE INSTANT.

JACKSONVILLE INDICES REFLECT ONE JOHN ERMIL FREEMAN PROBABLY IDENTICAL WITH FREEMAN MENTIONED IN RE TELETYPE. [FREEMAN SUBJECT SM DASH C INVESTIGATION BUFILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH ONE ZERO NINE FIVE NINE SIX, MIAMI FILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH FIVE SIX NINE TWO, JACKSONVILLE FILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH SIX ONE FOUR, OO MIAMI.] FREEMAN PAROLED AUGUST TWENTYSEVEN LAST IN CARE OF MIAMI ADDRESS PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED MIAMI.

FOR INFORMATION MIAMI RE TELETYPE STATES K.B. BAILEY, WARDEN, CENTRAL PRISON, RALEIGH, N.C., ADVISED TODAY HE RECEIVED UNDATED, UNSIGNED LETTER FROM WILLIAM M. DEAN, INMATE OF BLANCH PRISON CAMP, YANCEYVILLE, N.C., IN WHICH DEAN [redacted] ADVISED THAT WHILE IN PRISON RAIFORD, FLA., HE WAS IN CELL WITH [redacted]

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SEVEN MEN, INCLUDING JACK OR JOHN FREEMAN, AGE THIRTYTWO. DEAN CLAIMS FREEMAN WAS A COMMUNIST AND LOVER OF CASTRO. HE STATED IN LETTER WHEN HE READ ABOUT OSWALD HAVING BEEN PICKED UP IN NEW ORLEANS HE RECALLED FREEMAN TALKING ABOUT THAT AND SAID FREEMAN MADE STATEMENT THAT HE BELONGED TO QUOTE THAT OUTFIT UNQUOTE. DEAN ADVISED FREEMAN STATED PRESIDENT KENNEDY WOULD BE KILLED BEFORE HIS TERM WAS UP AND THAT IT WOULD BE IN TEXAS. HE NAMED AS OTHER PRISONERS AT RAIFORD WHO COULD FURNISH INFORMATION RE FREEMAN, EMMETT KISSLER, HOWARD HOPKINS AND QUOTE DOC UNQUOTE, WHO WORKED FOR DR. K.H. ZAFFKE AT THE PRISON HOSPITAL, RAIFORD. ALSO HE ADVISED MR. DUGGER, ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT, RAIFORD, KNOWS ABOUT FREEMAN. DEAN ADVISED FREEMAN WAS PAROLED AND REPORTEDLY WENT TO MIAMI ABOUT TWO WEEKS BEFORE DEAN LEFT RAIFORD.

FILES, NORTH CAROLINA PRISON DEPARTMENT, RALEIGH, REFLECT DEAN WHILE ON ESCAPE FROM NORTH CAROLINA WAS ARRESTED AUGUST, NINETEEN SIXTY, BY SO, HERNANDO, FLORIDA, AND W SENTENCED TO FIVE YEARS FOR GRAND LARCENY. HE WAS ADMITTED TO STATE PRISON, RAIFORD, APRIL SEVEN SIXTYONE AND RELEASED SEPTEMBER TWELVE SIXTYTHREE TO AUTHORITIES FOR EXTRADITION TO NORTH CAROLINA.

DEAN IS WHITE MALE, BORN SEPTEMBER SIXTEEN, NINETEEN ZERO EIGHT, OR SEPTEMBER SIXTEEN, EIGHTEEN NINETYEIGHT, PORTLAND, OREGON, FBI NUMBER FOUR SIX NINE ONE SIX THREE, FLORIDA PRISON NUMBER ZERO ZERO TWO FOUR SEVEN ONE, NORTH CAROLINA PRISON NUMBER FOUR FOUR SEVEN EIGHT FOUR.

MIAMI LOCATE AND INTERVIEW FREEMAN.

JACKSONVILLE CONDUCTING INTERVIEWS RAIFORD TO DETERMINE VERACITY OF INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY DEAN.

DALLAS TO BE ADVISED

END ACK I O

WA 7-04 PM OK FBI WA LLD

MM 7-03 PM EST OK FBI MM RH

DISC PLS

H

WITH NOSE

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-A-63 10-07 P. DE

TO DIRECTOR -13- AND SAC DALLAS35-43

FROM NEW YORK 105-38431

LEE HARVEY OSWALD AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, ELEVEN TWENTY TWO SIXTY THREE AT DALLAS TEXAS, AFO.

REYTEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS, TWELVE THREE LAST.

ON TWELVE FOUR INSTANT, MR. WILLIAM F. GROTE, NINE NINE METROPOLITAN OVAL, BRONX, NY, ADVISED SA ROGER M. LEE THAT HE WAS EMPLOYED BY BIG BROTHERS, INC., FROM NINETEEN SEVENTEEN TO FIFTY FIVE. HE STATED THAT IN NINETEEN FIFTY THREE OR FIFTY FOUR FOR A PERIOD OF APPROXIMATELY SIX WEEKS HE WORKED WITH LEE OSWALD AT THE REQUEST OF THE DOMESTIC RELATIONS COURT, BRONX, NY. HE STATED THAT HE VAGUELY RECALLS THE BOY, HOWEVER, BECAUSE OF THE BREVITY OF THEIR ASSOCIATION HE DID NOT GET TO KNOW THE BOY OR HIS MOTHER WELL. HE STATED THATHE DID RECALL THAT THE MOTHER WAS VERY MUCH AGAINST EXPOSING HER BOY TO PSYCHIATRIC CARE OR COMMITMENT TO A BOYS SCHOOL OR TRAINING INSTITUTION. GROTE STATED THAT THE RECORD OF HIS CONTACTS WITH THE OSWALDS WOULD BE IN THE CUSTODY OF HOWARD KIEVAL, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, BIG BROTHERS, INC., TWO TWO THREE EAST THIRTY STREET. MR. GROTE STATED THAT HE HADNO CONTACT WITH THE OSWALDS AFTER THEY LEFT NY IN JANUARY, NINETEEN FIFTY FOUR AND THAT HE COULD FURNISH NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THEM.

END AND PLS ACK.....

10-13 PM NY R 13 JL CTT

CC-CIA ROUTE

58DEC10 1963

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180 DEC 9 1963

UNREC

ORIGINAL FILED IN

URGENT 12-4-63 4-24 JW

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, MINNEAPOLIS /105-2564/ 4P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

RE DALLAS TELEPHONE CALL TO MINNEAPOLIS DECEMBER TWO LAST AND DALLAS TELETYPE MINNEAPOLIS AND DENVER THIS DATE.

[redacted]

WESTERN UNION, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. PAREN PROTECT IDENTITY PAREN, ADVISED THEIR MONEY ORDER RECORDS ARE FILED BY CITY OF ORIGIN CHRONOLOGICALLY BY DATE AND THEN ALPHABETICALLY UNDER THE NAME OF THE PAYEE. HE STATED IN VIEW OF THIS, IT IS ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE FOR THEIR RECORDS TO BE REVIEWED IN EFFORT TO TRY TO LOCATE ANY MONEY ORDER SENT TO OSWALD IN DALLAS FOR PERIOD

END PAGE ~~ONE~~

5 DEC 10 1963

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1963

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

SEPTEMBER ONE TO NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO LAST, WITHOUT HAVING POINT OF ORIGIN. HE STATED THIS WOULD REQUIRE A REVIEW OF ALL MONEY ORDERS SENT THROUGH THE ENTIRE WESTERN UNION SYSTEM DURING PERTINENT PERIOD AND WOULD ENTAIL MAY THOUSANDS OF HOURS OF TIME FOR SUCH A SEARCH.

[redacted] SUGGESTED THAT IF INFORMATION COULD BE DEVELOPED OR IS KNOW AS TO THE POSSIBLE CITIES THAT MIGHT BE THE POINT OF ORIGIN OF MONEY ORDERS SENT OSWALD IN DALLAS THE IDENTITY OF THESE CITIES SHOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO HIM AND HE WOULD THEN CAUSE THEIR RECORDS FOR THESE CITIES DURING PERTINENT PERIOD TO BE SEARCHED. [redacted] MOST COOPERATIVE AND IS CURRENTLY HAVING RECORDS CHECKED OF MONEY ORDERS SENT FROM DALLAS DURING PERIOD SEPTEMBER ONE TO NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO LAST IN EFFORT TO LOCATE ANY MONEY ORDERS POSSIBLE SENT BY OSWALD.

TO DATE, PERIOD NOVEMBER ONE THROUGH NOVEMBER EIGHTEEN HAS BEEN CHECKED WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS.

[redacted] STATED IN VIEW OF LARGE EXPENDITURE OF CLERICAL

END PAGE TWO

TIME REQUIRED FOR SEARCH, HE MUST CHARGE FOR SAME ON ACTUAL COST BASIS OF TWO DOLLARS FIFTY CENTS PER HOUR.

IN VIEW OF IMPORTANCE OF THIS INVESTIGATION I HAVE AUTHORIZED THIS EXPENDITURE.

IT IS NOTED [redacted] HAS AUTHORIZED THIS SEARCH OF CONFIDENTIAL WESTERN UNION MONEY ORDER RECORDS HIMSELF, APPARENTLY WITHOUT CONSULATATION WITH HIGHER WESTERN UNION OFFICIALS. HE HAS INDICATED A DESIRE TO COOPERATE IN EVERY WAY BUT DOES NOT WANT ANY PUBLICITY BE GIVEN IN VIEW OF POSSIBLE POSSIBLE COMPLAINTS OF HIS ACTIONS WHICH ARE CONTRARY TO REGULATIONS.

HE ADVISED THAT THE DALLAS OFFICE OF WESTER UNION WOULD MAINTAIN RECORDS OF ALL MONEY ORDERS RECEIVED THERE FOR A SIX MONTY PERIOD AND THESE RECORDS WOULD SHOW THE POINT OF ORIGIN OF THE MONEY ORDERS WHICH WOULD IN TURN ALLOW HIM TO LOCATE THE MONEY ORDER DOCUMENTS IN HIS FILES HER.

SEARCH BEING CONTINUED AT [redacted] WESTERN UNION. MINNEAPOLIS FOR ALL MONEY ORDERS SENT FROM

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

DALLAS DURING SEPTEMBER ONE TO NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO LAST AND IF DALLAS EFFORTS TO REVIEW WESTERN UNION RECORDS THERE ARE UNSUCCESSFUL, IT IS SUGGESTED THAT DALLAS CONSIDER FURNISHING MINNEAPOLIS WITH NAMES OF POSSIBLE CITIES WHERE MONEY ORDERS TO OSWALD MAY HAVE ORIGINATED SO THAT THESE COULD BE SEARCHED AT WESTERN UNION HERE.

DALLAS ADVISE MINNEAPOLIS OF THE DEVELOPMENTS IN THE REGARD.

CORRECTIOM PAGE THREEPARAGRAPH TWO STARTING WITH HE HAS INDICATED A DESIRE TO COOPERATE IN EVERY WAY POSSIBLE/BUT DOES NOT WANT ANY PUBLECITY BE GIVEN IN VIEW OF POSSIBBLE/COMPLAINTS OF HIS ACTIONS WHICH ARE CONTRARY TO REGULATIONS.

END AND ACK PLS

5-35 PM OK FBI WA RL

TU DISC

cc- Mr. Sullivan

Laboratory Transmittal Form
3-72

FBI
LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas (89-43) Date: December 4, 1963

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS
OO: Dallas

John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437135 AX

Examination requested by: New York

Reference: Airtel 12/3/63,

Examination requested: Document

Remarks:

Specimens Q189 through Q194 were submitted under the caption LEE HARVEY OSWALD; IS - R."

NOTE: The Laboratory examination was conducted from Xerox copies of the originals furnished to the Laboratory on 12/4/63, by Mr. E. T. Turner.

Enclosures (2) (2 Lab report)

2 - New York (105-38431) Enclosures (2) (2 Lab report)
1 - Bufile (105-82555)
1 - Mr. Henry A. Schutz, Jr. Room 5722 (sent direct)
1 - Mr. Elbert T. Turner Room 649 MB (sent direct)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

JCC:GFM (11)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

105-82555-UNREC
NOT RECORDED
201 DEC 10 1963

68 DEC 11 1963

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060 - 15 pgs

REPORT
of the

FBI LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas

Date: December 4, 1963
FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437135 AX

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

Specimens received 12/3/63

Q189 Letter from LEE H. OSWALD dated 6/10/62, to "The Worker"

Q190 Letter from LEE H. OSWALD dated 8/13/63, to ARNOLD JOHNSON

Q191 Letter dated 8/22/63, from LEE H. OSWALD addressed "Comrades"

Q192 Letter dated 8/31/63, from LEE H. OSWALD to MR. E. BERT, "The Worker" (ERIC BERT is Managing Editor for "The Worker")

Q193 Letter dated 9/1/63, from LEE H. OSWALD addressed "Dear Sirs"

Q194 Letter from LEE H. OSWALD to JOHNSON without date, but contained in airmail envelope postmarked at Dallas, Texas, 11/1/63

Result of examination:

It was concluded that specimens Q189 through Q194 were written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

The submitted evidence is retained.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

JOC:GFM (11)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR FBI
ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

DATE: 12/4/63

FROM: SAC DALLAS

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka;
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO
DL 89-43

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
DL 100-10461

MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD
IS - 2
DL 105-1435

There is enclosed one sheet of paper bearing Russian handwriting prepared by MARINA OSWALD on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas. This is a receipt for correspondence containing checks received for Mrs. OSWALD through the FBI, Dallas, and it is requested that the Laboratory return the sheet when it is no longer needed as it will be made part of the Dallas file.

It is requested this known handwriting of MARINA OSWALD be compared with any Russian handwriting in the Laboratory believed possibly identical with that of Mrs. OSWALD.

3 - Bureau (Enc.1) Reg. Mail AMSD
1 - Dallas (2 - 89-43)
(1 - 100-10461)
(1 - 105-1435)

(7)
DRH:vm

105-[illegible]
NOT RECORDED UNREC
DEC 16 1963

DEC 20 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-3-83)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-19491)

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA (CPUSA)
DOMESTIC ADMINISTRATION ISSUES
IS - C

CINAL

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, on 12/2/63 made available a copy of a mimeographed flier entitled "Who Really Murdered Pres. Kennedy?" which was issued by "The Communist Party of Illinois, Room 806, 36 W. Randolph St., Chicago, Illinois." Source informs that this document was being distributed by personnel of the Illinois CP on 12/1/63 in the Chicago area. Urging that "only the Ultra-Right and the Southern Racists" had something to gain by killing "a president pledged to Negro equality," this document stresses that "Dallas is a stronghold of the Ultra-Right" and the "John Birch Society" and raises questions as to whether the murder of the alleged assassin LEE OSWALD was not brought about by local Texas authorities to silence him. In this connection emphasis is laid on the point that "Oswald (was) kept for two days without the right to see counsel."

105-82555 UNREC

Concerning OSWALD's background, the document continues: "The police say he was a member of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and of the American Civil Liberties Union. Yet both of these organizations deny such membership. The police say he was pro-Communist, yet the anti-Castro Cubans in this country say that he offered to work for them. The police say that he applied sometime back for Soviet citizenship, and been denied. Who really was he? An adventurer who was made the 'fall guy' by higher ups? A dupe? Or an innocent victim? What is the truth?"

In concluding, it urged that the recipient demand a full and impartial investigation by an independent citizens committee in order that the truth may be ascertained.

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Chicago
1-100-18953 (CP, ORGANIZATION)
1-100-82207 (CINAL)
1-A)134-558
GEA:mec (8)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

4 DEC 24 1963

RESEARCH SATELLITE

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI
Attention: FBI LABORATORY
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

FROM SAC DALLAS

SUBJECT LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka;
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO
DL 89-43

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka;
IS - R - CUBA
DL 100-10461

105-82555 - UNREC
NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 10 1963

Re DL telephone calls to Bureau 12/3/63; DL teletype to Bureau 12/3/63, and Bureau telephone call to Dallas 12/4/63 in captioned matter concerning the letter written in the Russian language by OSWALD which was turned over to the Dallas Office by the Secret Service of Dallas on 12/3/63.

Instant letter is herewith enclosed for the Laboratory for handwriting examination and comparison with known handwriting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD to determine if instant note was prepared by OSWALD.

It will be noted OSWALD's widow, MARINA OSWALD, at Dallas on 12/4/63 examined enclosed letter and stated this is the same letter which she found in OSWALD's room on the night of the attempted assassination of General WALKER at Dallas (which was 4/10/63). MARINA OSWALD stated this letter is in the handwriting of OSWALD and was prepared by him.

(3) - Bureau (Enc.1) Registered-Mail — AMSD Hand Delivered
3 - Dallas (2 - 89-43) to Files
(1 - 100-10461)
WRH:vm
(6)

DEC 3 1963

Approved: DEC 11 1963 Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060 - 1(?)

DL 89-43
DL 100-10461

It is further requested this letter be examined for latent fingerprints and that any such latents found be compared with the known fingerprints of OSWALD and with the fingerprints of MARINA NIKOLAEVNA PRUSAKOVA OSWALD, Alien No. 12530645, who was born 7/17/41, Severodvinsk, Russia, who is the wife of OSWALD.

Another set of fingerprints if needed will be obtained from MARINA OSWALD at a future date in the interviews with her.

For the information of the Bureau, the English translation of the enclosed letter prepared by SA ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV at Dallas is as follows:

1. This is the key to the mail box which is located in the main post office in the city on Ervay Street. This is the same street where the drug store, in which you always waited is located. You will find the mail box in the post office which is located 4 blocks from the drug store on that street. I paid for the box last month so don't worry about it.

2. Send the information as to what has happened to me to the Embassy and include newspaper clippings (should there be anything about me in the newspapers). I believe that the Embassy will come quickly to your assistance on learning everything.

3. I paid the house rent on the 2nd so don't worry about it.

4. Recently I also paid for water and gas.

5. The money from work will possibly be coming. The money will be sent to our post office box. Go to the bank and cash the check.

6. You can either throw out or give my clothing etc. away. Do not keep these. However, I prefer that you hold on to my personal papers (military, civil etc.).

7. Certain of my documents are in the small blue valise.

8. The address book can be found on my table in the study should you need same.

DL 69-43
DJ 100-10461

9. We have friends here. The Red Cross also will help you. (Red Cross in English)

10. I left you as much money as I could, $60.00 on the second of the month. You and the baby (apparently) can live for another 2 months using $10.00 per week.

11. If I am alive and taken prisoner, the city jail is located at the end of the bridge through which we always passed on going tothe city (right in the beginning of the city after crossing the bridge).

FD-11 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI AND SACS NEWARK, DALLAS, AND ST. LOUIS

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS, R.

RE BUREAU TEL AND CHARLOTTE TEL BOTH DECEMBER FOUR, LAST.

MRS. GERTRUDE GREGORY, WILLARD HOTEL, WASHINGTON, D. C., PERMANENT RESIDENCE FOUR TWO SIX CENTRAL AVENUE, EAST ORANGE, NEW JERSEY, ADVISED DECEMBER FIVE, INSTANT, THAT, IN LATE AUGUST OR SEPTEMBER, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, SHE WAS STANDING ON CORNER OF CENTRAL AVENUE, POSSIBLY AT SOUTH CLINTON STREET OR NEXT STREET WEST, IN EAST ORANGE, NEW JERSEY, AWAITING RETURN OF HER HUSBAND FROM AN ERRAND. VARIOUS GROUPS OF NEGROES WERE ASSEMBLED IN VICINITY, APPARENTLY FOR PURPOSE OF TRANSPORATION FOR PARTICIPATION IN CIVIL RIGHTS DEMONSTRATION AT ELIZABETH, NEW JERSEY. IN CENTER OF ONE NEGRO GROUP TALKING AND WILDLY GESTURING WAS LONE WHITE MALE. WHILE MRS. GREGORY STANDING THERE, SOME MEMBERS OF FRINGE OF [redacted] GROUP TURNED AND

2 - Bureau
1 - Teletype Unit
1 - WFO
FM:skw
(5)

REC 27 105-82555-1556

DEC 6 1963

Sent M Per

Special Agent in Charge

59 DEC 10 1963

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-68)

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE TWO

APPEARED TO WATCH HER. SHORTLY THEREAFTER SAME WHITE MALE BROKE FROM GROUP AND RAN TOWARDS MRS. GREGORY AS IF TO DO HER HARM. SHE IMMEDIATELY CALLED OUT TO HUSBAND TO LET THIS MAN KNOW SHE WAS THERE FOR A PURPOSE AND WHITE MALE HEARING THIS TURNED AWAY FROM HER AND PROCEEDED DOWN [redacted] STREET. SHE DESCRIBED HIM AS APPROXIMATELY TWENTYEIGHT, ABOUT FIVE FEET SEVEN AND A HALF INCHES TALL, SLENDER, PALE FACE, BROWN HAIR, WILDEYED, AND WELL DRESSED IN DARK SUIT, WHITE SHIRT AND TIE PRESENTING SUAVE APPEARANCE. AFTER INCIDENT SHE ASKED HUSBAND AND HE REPLIED [redacted] HE HAD NOT OBSERVED INCIDENT. SHE STATED THERE WERE NO IDENTIFYING PLACARDS TO REVEAL ASSOCIATION OF THIS GROUP WITH ANY ORGANIZATION. HOWEVER, FELT THAT ACTIVITY WAS SPONSORED BY CORE BECAUSE OF KNOWN ACTIVITY OF SAME IN AREA. AFTER PRESIDENTS ASSASSINATION WHEN SHE SAW OSWALD FOR [redacted] FIRST TIME SHE IMMEDIATELY REMARKED TO [redacted] HUSBAND THAT IT WAS [redacted] MAN THAT RAN AT HER THAT DAY. AFTER DISPLAY OF OSWALD PHOTOGRAPHS, MRS. GREGORY SAID HE WAS DEFINITELY [redacted] MAN SHE OBSERVED IN EAST ORANGE, NEW JERSEY, AS DESCRIBED ABOVE. AS PRELUDE TO OSWALD INFORMATION, SHE FELT SHE

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE THREE

SBOULD DESCRIBE CONDITIONS EXISTING IN EAST ORANGE, NEW JERSEY PRIOR TO PRESIDENTS ASSASSINATION ON SURMISE THAT SAME MIGHT HAVE SOME UNKNOWN BEARING ON [redacted] ASSASSINATION. [redacted] EXPLAINED SHE HAD OBSERVED [redacted] SEETHING UNREST AMONG NEGRO CITIZENRY OF EAST ORANGE DURING LAST TWO YEARS AND PARTICULARLY DURING [redacted] TIME CIVIL RIGHTS DEMONSTRATIONS [redacted] TAKING PLACE AT ELIZABETH, NEW JERSEY, IN AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER, LAST [redacted]. [redacted] UNREST ILLUSTRATED BY ASSEMBLY OF LARGE GROUPS OF NEGROES IN GENERAL AREA OF CENTRAL AVENUE AND MILITANT ATTITUDE OF SOME NEGRO INDIVIDUALS.

[redacted] [redacted] FELT PRIOR TO [redacted] ASSASSINATION THAT SOMETHING TERRIBLE WAS GOING TO HAPPEN BECAUSE OF THIS UNREST IN EAST ORANGE. [redacted] BECAUSE OF INCIDENTS THAT INVOLVED HER WITH MEMBERS OF [redacted] NEGRO RACE, [redacted] THOUGHT [redacted] SHE WAS ONE TO BE ASSASSINATED AND CURRENTLY HAS APPREHENSIONS ABOUT HER OWN PERSONAL SAFETY IN THAT AREA. HUSBAND, H. DELANCEY GREGORY, CONSULTANT IN PATENT MATTERS, ADVISED DECEMBER FIVE, INSTANT, THAT IN CONNECTION WITH OBSERVATION OF HIS WIFE CONCERNING OSWALD

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M _____ Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

FBI

Date: 1-M

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE FOUR

[redacted] SHE IS AN ARTIST ACCOMPLISHED AT PAINTING PORTRAITS AS WELL AS OTHER SUBJECT MATTERS AND [redacted] HER OBSERVATION MAY HAVE BEEN BETTER THAN THE AVERAGE PERSON. [redacted] HE DID NOT OBSERVE THE MALE INDIVIDUAL. SAID THAT WHEN WIFE SAW OSWALD FOR THE FIRST TIME ON TELEVISION SHE IMMEDIATELY [redacted] SAID HE WAS [redacted] MAN THAT SHE TOLD HIM ABOUT WHO RAN AT HER THAT DAY.

INASMUCH AS WFO NOT COGNIZANT OF OSWALD ACTIVITIES AT TIME IN QUESTION AND ANY CONNECTION WITH CORE AS SUGGESTED, [redacted] INSTRUCTIONS FOR [redacted] NEWARK OFFICE ARE LEFT TO [redacted] DISCRETION OF [redacted] BUREAU AND [redacted] OFFICE OF ORIGIN. [redacted]

SERGEANT W. B. PUNK, USMC, ADVISED DECEMBER FOUR, LAST, THAT LANCE CORPORAL DEL GARDO, PHONETIC, RESIDED IN THE SAME QUONSET HUT WITH OSWALD AND WAS SO UNCOMFORTABLE WITH OSWALD, HE REQUESTED ASSIGNMENT TO OTHER SLEEPING QUARTERS, WHILE WITH MACS DASH NINE, SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA, IN NINETEEN FIFTYNINE. INQUIRY USMC, WASHINGTON, D. C. INDICATES AS PROBABLE IDENT COLON NELSON DEL GADO, MARINE SERIAL NUMBER ONE SIX FOUR FOUR EIGHT EIGHT FOUR, PAY RATE

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE FIVE

E DASH THREE RECORD LOCATED ST. LOUIS. ST. LOUIS DETERMINE CURRENT WHEREABOUTS OF DEL GADO AND SET OUT INTERVIEW LEAD RE HIS KNOWLEDGE OF OSWALD.

CC-MR. ROSEN

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

John F. Kennedy

URGENT 12-4-63 8-46PM EST WFK

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/, SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/

FROM SAC, LOUISVILLE /105-620/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R.

CLEVELAND HAS ADVISED THAT ACCORDING TO AIRLINE TICKET AGENT ONE T. KNAPPENBERGER, A PASSENGER AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT FIVE ZERO ONE, ONE NOV. TWENTYTWO LAST, DESTINATION LOUISVILLE, REPORTEDLY REMARKED TO AIRLINE EMPLOYEE WHO ADVISED HIM OF PRESIDENT-S ASSASSINATION QUOTE I WAS AFRAID HE WAS GOING TO MISS THE SOB END QUOTE. WHEN TICKET AGENT REGISTERED AMAZEMENT HE ADDED QUOTE YOU WOULDN-T UNDERSTAND IF YOU WEREN-T IN THE STEEL INDUSTRY END QUOTE.

CREDIT INFORMATION INDICATES ONE GEORGE T. KNAPPENBERGER, WIFE DIANE, EMPLOYED REPUBLIC STEEL COMPANY RESIDES ROUTE ONE BOX ONE ONE TWO FIVE, ANCHORAGE, KY. PAREN NEAR LOUISVILLE PAREN. KNAPPENBERGER PRIOR TO NINETEEN SIXTYONE RESIDED SIX TWO SIX SEVEN KINCAID, CINCINNATI, OHIO. LOUISVILLE INDICES NEGATIVE AS TO KNAPPENBERGER.

UACB LHM BEING SUBMITTED FOR DISSEMINATION TO SECRET SERVICE.

CORR---LINE FOUR, WORD FIVE SHOULD BE "ON".

END AND ACK

WA 8-53 PM OK FBI WA LLD

TU DISC M

53 DEC 11 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

62-109060-UNREC

RECORDED 13 DEC 10 1963

62-109060-UNREC

SOUTH SECTION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 10-43 AM EST BW

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, CHARLOTTE, JACKSONVILLE, DALLAS

FROM SAC, MIAMI /105-8342/ 1 P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

RE JACK OR JOHN FREEMAN.

RE JACKSONVILLE TELETYPE DECEMBER FOUR, SIXTYTHREE.

CHARLOTTE REQUESTED INTERVIEW WILLIAM M. DEAN, BLANCH PRISON CAMP, YANCEYVILLE, N.C. FOR SPECIFICS OF STATEMENT BY JACK FREEMAN RE ASSASSINATION.

ON RECEIPT OF SAME, MIAMI WILL INTERVIEW JOHN ERMIL FREEMAN, SUBJECT OF BUFILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH ONE ZERO NINE FIVE NINE SIX.

CE SUTEL.

END ACK PLS

WA 10-48 AM OK FBI WA LA

CE 10-45 AM OK FBI CE BD

JK 10-45 AM EST OK FBI JK WEH

DL 9-45 AM OK FBI DL EEA

TU ALL DISCM

REC 27 105-82555-156

EX-108

5 DEC 6

DEC 2 5 23 AM '63

CC: Mr. Knoche

59 DEC 10 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : Mr. J. F. Bland

DATE: November 24, 1963

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

[redacted] On November 23, 1963, at 8:25 p.m., [redacted] who identified himself as an employee of U. S. Information Agency, furnished the attached analysis of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee and connections of Lee Harvey Oswald with this organization.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Bland
1 - Mr. Forsyth

WTF:scp
(5)

XEROX
DEC 6 1963

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DEC 5

ENCLOSURE

53 DEC 11 1963

SECRET

Is there a possibility that Peking was involved at least indirectly in the assassination of President Kennedy?

The question is raised on the assumption that Oswald was in fact linked with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, some members of which have had associations with China as well as Cuba and some of which are anti-Moscow Marxists. Coupled with the intensity of the Mao-Khrushchev conflict, the assassination of Kennedy might have appeared to some at least to advance the interests of Peking.

Oswald is said to have returned to the U.S. from the USSR in the summer of 1962, alleging disillusionment there but still holding Marxist ideas. He was allowed an exit visa and to take his Russian wife with him. On June 25 1963 he applied for a passport to visit the USSR and other countries. In July he apparently tried to infiltrate an anti-Castro grbup. In August, he was arrested for trying to break up an anti-Castro demonstration in New Orleans; on Aug.21 on a radio program he identified himself as secretary of the New Orleans Chapter of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. He then transferred to Dallas where he soon was employed in a building on the announced route of the Kennedy procession. Such are the facts as reported on the wires.

(FPCC Acting Director Vincent Theodore Lee denies that there is any FPCC chapter in New Orleans or Dallas.)

Following are possible indications of links between the FPCC and Peking, in addition to the recent indications that Castro has been playing up KKK to Peking.

1) Vincent Theodore Lee of FPCC reportedly has become a distributor of the Peking-financed, new propaganda magazine Revolution, published in Lausanne. He visited Cuba at least once this year.

2) Richard Gibson, once CIS in Cuba, was the organizer of the FPCC with offices at 799 Broadway, in March 1960. President and one of the

In 1961, he was accredited as UN representative for the Cuban paper Revolucion

XEROX

DEC 9 1963

ENCLOSURE

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In Sept., 1962, he went to Algeria as correspondent "for several papers".
In June, 1963 he was described as correspondent for Revolution Africaine published in Paris and Algiers and with NY office at 244 E 46 th (YU6-5939)
(Feb 1963 issue publicized Robert F Williams and reproduced FBI poster on him)
Currently listed as US editor for Pekings publication in Lausanne, Revolution
Note also was said to have been an organizer of the Monroe Defense Committee in October, 1961 involving Williams, Mae Mallory and others.

3) Conrad Lynn, NY lawyer:

X CP member 1934-37 and then expelled, acc. to his testimony at HUAC, May 6, 1963. General Counsel and a major activist in Committee to Combat Racial Injustice, ca. Dec 1958 when he was sent by the Young Socialist Alliance (or Socialist Workers' Party) to investigate facts in "Kissing Incident" in Monroe, North Carolina which Robert Williams was agitating. Williams became chairman, Committee used Lynn's office.

Visited Cuba with Williams in 1960 (and 61?) describing self as counsel for Williams. Has spoken at meetings of FPCC, addressed at least one Black Muslim meeting, served as moderator of the Sept 1963 Student Travel Committee meeting in NY (see below under Rosen)

FBI on a publicity move and
An organizer of the "Freedom Now" political party, he visited/J. Edger Hoover interviewd his group.

4) Robert F Williams described as schizophrenic and dangerous in a poster issued by FBI as a fugitive from an indictment in Monroe, NC, for alleged August kidnaping of a white couple during a racial disturbance there in/1961.
Given "refuge" in Cuba where he had visited twice before and been utilized in anti-American propaganda, Williams has conducted a violently emotional anti-US and anti-Kennedy program on the Cuban radio aimed at the US and Central America

Mao's August 8, 1963 attack on US "racism" was keyed to alleged requests that he had received from Williams. This opened a major propaganda gambit against the US and to a less marked degree against the deviationists(Moscow) for associating with the US. On Sept 25 Williams and his wife arrived in China to be featured in a series of anti-American/and pro-Chinese speeches and demonstrations continuing into November.

Author of Negroes with Guns (Marzani &Munsell, NY. 1962), Williams is publicized as a former NAACP leader although he was suspended by Convention action for advocating meeting violence with violence. Book contains a 20 page article by Truman Nelson in which he is compared with Martin Luther King and praised as if he might replace the latter as a leader of American Negroes.

5) William Worthy In addition to his publicized visits to China and Cuba he has been a speaker in California before FPCC and Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants. Claims he had in October 1960 exposed CIA preparations for Cuban invasion. Also claims he conceived idea for Freedom Now Party. Has contributed to Revolution(Leningrad-Peking)

6) Milton Rosen Together with Mort Scheer edits Progressive Labor . Both were expelled by CP NYState in Jan. 1962 for disruptive activities ...for "Chinese Communist ideology". Organiser of the "security force" at the meeting of the Student Committee for Travel to Cuba in September 1963, which Conrad Lynn moderated and which was addressed by Truman Nelson, Albert Maher of Texas, and several members of the Progressive Labor Movement. NYTimes quoted Rosen as saying that he had been assisting the racial integration measures in Monroe, NC. The Monroe defense groups have been publicized in the WCPFEP and have been manipulate in various cities as a front group, attacking the Administration as well as the NC authorities.

As some indication of the possible connections among the Marxist elements listed above with Castro and Mao and the common element of anti-Kennedy and possible anti-Khrushchev factors, the following may be mentioned: Williams has been used by both Castro and Mao for violently emotional attacks and Williams has been associated with these local Marxists in either the FPCC or Monroe committees. Presumably Castro must have consented to have Williams go to China in September when the Peking-Moscow feuding was well advanced. Williams contributed to the latter. On Nov. 1 NCNA-English he said "We hear people who should be supporting us complaining before the world, not about the savage deeds against Negroes but attacking Chairman Mao who is appealing to the people of the world, of all colors, of all races, to support us in our just struggle". On Oct 4, Peking Domestic in Mandarin quoted him as saying "Only those who remain undaunted before the military and wealthy power of the racists and the US imperialists have the courage to raise high a flag of revolution and leadership."

Mao on Aug 8 pointed out that " the racial problem is actually a class problem"; and expressed belief that the Negroes would join the proletariat and overcome their common class enemy, the US monopoly capitalist group. He has been calling upon Marxist-Leninist groups to support the national liberation movements whereas the "modern revisionists are pictured as siding with the imperialists and colonialists.

CPUSA has been criticised recently as having been so dominated by whites that it has failed to win the Negro Americans or to mark support the correct elements. Hence perhaps the connection with among the Progressive Labor Movement with Castro at least.

[redacted]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-3-63 2-20 AM TJF

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. AFO.

REFERENCE TELEPHONE CALL OF INSPECTOR DON MOORE TO ASAC KYLE G. CLARK, DALLAS, DECEMBER SECOND, LAST.

THE ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ASKED IN REFERENCED CALL ARE AS FOLLOWS COLON.

NUMBER ONE. EDWIN AM EKDAHL IS REPORTEDLY DEAD. EFFORTS CONTINUING TO VERIFY.

NUMBERS TWO AND THREE. SEE DALLAS TELETYPE, DECEMBER SECOND, LAST, ATTENTION DIVISION FIVE, SETTING OUT RESULTS OF INTERVIEW WITH MARINA OSWALD, DECEMBER SECOND, LAST.

NUMBER FOUR. SEE PAGE TWO FIVE TWO OF REPORT OF SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING OF DALLAS DATED NOVEMBER THIRTY, LAST, IN CAPTIONED CASE.

NUMBER SIX. ON DECEMBER SECOND, LAST, ROBERT L. STOVALL, PRESIDENT, JAGGARS DASH CHILES DASH STOVALL COMPANY, ADVISED HIS COMPANY HIRED OSWALD AS A TRAINEE THROUGH THE TEXAS

END PAGE ONE

60 DEC 10 1963

HL XEROX DEC 9 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

REC-28 105-82555-158

DEC 6 1963

EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION AND OSWALD NEVER SHOWED ADEQUATE IMPROVEMENT AS A TRAINEE, THEREFORE, WAS TERMINATED. HE SAID HE HAD HEARD FROM OTHER EMPLOYEES THAT OSWALD WAS INCLINED AT TIMES TO EITHER TALK ABOUT RUSSIA OR HAD A QUOTE DAILY WORKER UNQUOTE IN HIS HAND. HE SAID SOMEONE REMARKED AT ONE TIME DURING OSWALD/S EMPLOYMENT THAT OSWALD MIGHT BE A COMMUNIST. MR. STOVALL STATED THAT AS FAR AS HE KNEW NO ONE CONNECTED WITH THE COMPANY HAD ANY INFORMATION REGARDING OSWALD AFTER HE WAS TERMINATED IN APRIL, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE.

NUMBER SEVEN. ON INTERVIEW, NOVEMBER THIRTY, LAST, MR. JOHN GRAEF, DIRECTOR OF THE PHOTOGRAPHIC DEPARTMENT, JAGGARS DASH CHILES DASH STOVALL, STATED THAT IN ABOUT OCTOBER, Texas NINETEEN SIXTYTWO, HE NOTIFIED THE TEXAS EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION OF THEIR NEEDS FOR EMPLOYEES. HE SAID LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS ONE OF THE INDIVIDUALS REFERRED TO THE COMPANY AND AT THAT TIME HE TALKED TO OSWALD. HE SAID OSWALD INDICATED TO HIM THAT HIS LAST OCCUPATION WAS WORDS TO THE EFFECT QUOTE RECENTLY DISCHARGED FROM THE U. S. MARINE CORPS UNQUOTE. HE SAID HE CHOSE OSWALD FOR THE JOB OPENING, AND INASMUCH AS OSWALD WAS A

END PAGE TWO

TRAINEE IT WAS NOT EXPECTED OF HIM THAT HE SHOULD MAKE ANY GREAT SHOWING AT THE START BUT WHEN IT CAME TIME FOR HIM TO SHOW ABILITY TO PRODUCE IN ABOUT THE FOURTH MONTH OF HIS EMPLOYMENT OSWALD WAS NOT MAKING GOOD PROGRESS. HE SAID THE COMPANY GIVES ITS TRAINEES AN OPPORTUNITY TO PROVE THEMSELVES WHICH OSWALD DID NOT DO. HE POINTED OUT THAT IT WAS ENTIRELY POSSIBLE OSWALD LACKED A SPECIAL KNACK FOR THE PARTICULAR WORK TO WHICH HE WAS ASSIGNED.

GRAEF RECALLED THERE WAS NO GREAT PROBLEM WITH OSWALD BUT HE HAD HEARD OF ONE MINOR MISUNDERSTANDING BETWEEN OSWALD AND A FELLOW EMPLOYEE OVER THE USE OF A DEVELOPING TRAY AND OSWALD SEEMED UPSET THAT THE OTHER INDIVIDUAL HAD NOT TURNED THE TRAY OVER TO OSWALD IMMEDIATELY. HE SAID HE HEARD RUMORS OF OTHER DISAGREEMENTS BUT COULD NOT RECALL DETAILS. HE SAID HE SAW OSWALD READING A PAPER AT ONE TIME WHICH OSWALD TOLD HIM WAS IN THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE EXPLAINING THAT HE WAS STUDYING RUSSIAN AND POSSIBLY HAD MENTIONED THAT HE HAD BECOME INTERESTED IN THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE IN THE MARINE CORPS. GRAEF STATED HE TOLD OSWALD THAT HIS WORK WAS NOT GOOD AS COULD BE

3

EXPECTED AND THIS FACT PLUS THE FRICTION WITH THE OTHER EMPLOYEES IT WAS BEST HE NOT CONTINUE WITH THE COMPANY. OSWALD TOOK THIS CALMLY AND MADE NO OBJECTIONS.

MR. LEONARD CALVERLEY, FOREMAN, JAGGARS DASH CHILES DASH STOVALL, STATED HE WAS OSWALD/S IMMEDIATE SUPERIOR AT THE TEXAS COMPANY AND FURNISHED NO INFORMATION IN ADDITION TO THAT FURNISHED BY MESSRS. STOVALL AND GRAEF.

NUMBER EIGHT. WILL BE COMPLIED WITH.

NUMBER NINE. ON INTERVIEW, DECEMBER SECOND, LAST, ROBERT LEE OSWALD, BROTHER OF SUBJECT, STATED THAT IN ABOUT NINETEEN FORTYFIVE, HE, ROBERT LEE OSWALD, RESIDED WITH HIS MOTHER, MARGUERITE JOHN EDWARD PIC, HIS HALF BROTHER, AND LEE HARVEY OSWALD, HIS BROTHER, AT FOUR EIGHT ZERO ONE VICTOR, DALLAS.

IN ABOUT APRIL OR MAY, NINETEEN FORTYFIVE, HIS MOTHER MARRIED EDWARD A. EKDAHL IN DALLAS. IN SEPTEMBER, NINETEEN FORTYFIVE, HE AND HIS BROTHER, EDWARD EKDAHL, WERE SENT TO CHAMBERLAIN DASH HUNT MILITARY ACADEMY, FORT GIBSON, MISSISSIPPI. THEY REMAINED THERE UNTIL JUNE FIRST, NINETEEN FORTYSIX, WHEN THEY RETURNED TO HIS MOTHER/S RESIDENCE AT BENBROOK, A SUBURB

END PAGE FOUR

OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

IN THE MEANTIME, HIS MOTHER AND EKDAHL HAD MOVED TO BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, IN SEPTEMBER OF OCTOBER, NINETEEN FORTYFIVE, BUT RETURNED TO TEXAS SOMETIME PRIOR TO JUNE, NINETEEN FORTYSIX. ROBERT LEE OSWALD AND JOHN EDWARD PIC CONTINUED AT THE ABOVE ACADEMY UNTIL JUNE, NINETEEN FORTYEIGHT.

IN NINETEEN FIFTYTHREE HIS MOTHER MOVED TO NEW YORK AND IN FEBRUARY, NINETEEN FIFTYFOUR, WHILE HE WAS IN THE U. S. MARINE CORPS, HE WAS SHIPPED OVERSEAS. BY THIS TIME HIS MOTHER WAS RESIDING IN NEW ORLEANS.

NUMBER TEN. AT THIS TIME THE DALLAS OFFICE HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF OSWALD/S RESIDING IN NORTH DAKOTA OR SAN DIEGO, BUT IT IS NOTED THAT OSWALD MAY HAVE RESIDED IN SAN DIEGO WHILE IN THE MARINE CORPS. EFFORTS ARE CONTINUING TO IDENTIFY ALL RESIDENCES AND EMPLOYMENTS OF OSWALD TO ACCOUNT FOR HIS TIME AND TO DEVELOP ACQUAINTANCES AND COMPLETE BACKGROUND INFORMATION.

NUMBER ELEVEN. ON INTERVIEW, NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE, RAYMOND FRANKLIN KRYSTINIK, BELL HELICOPTER RESEARCH LABORATORY, ADVISED THAT HE WORKS IN THE SAME OFFICE WITH MICHAEL PAINE AND CONSIDERS

END PAGE FIVE

Texas

PAINE A GOOD FRIEND. HE STATED THAT HE HAD LEARNED FROM PAINE THAT PAINE/S ESTRANGED WIFE HAD TAKEN INTO HER HOME A RUSSIAN GIRL, THE WIFE OF A MAN NAMED LEE OSWALD.

KRYSTINIK STATED THAT ON THE DAY AFTER ADLAI STEVENSON, AMBASSADOR TO THE UN, SPOLE IN DALLAS, KRYSTINIK AND HIS WIFE ACOMPANIED MICHAEL PAINE TO SMU IN DALLAS WHERE THEY ATTENDED A MEETING OF THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION IN A CAMPUS BUILDING. THE GREATER PORTION OF THIS MEETING WAS DEVOTED TO THE SHOWING OF A DOCUMENTARY FILM WHICH PORTRAYED A QUOTE SMEAR UNQUOTE CAMPAIGN REPORTEDLY WAGED AGAINST A POLITICAL CANDIDATE IN A RECENT ELECTION IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST. KRYSTINIK DOES NOT RECALL THE NAME OF THE CANDIDATE OR THE OFFICE HE WAS SEEKING. AFTER THE FILM THERE WAS A QUESTION AND ANSWER PERIOD AND THE PRESIDING OFFICER MADE REFERENCE TO THE FACT THAT AMBASSADOR STEVENSON HAD BEEN STRUCK ON THE HEAD BY A SIGN POSTER ON THE PREVIOUS DAY. LEE OSWALD THEN JUMPED TO HIS FEET AND INJECTED HIMSELF INTO THE DISCUSSION BY STATING THAT GENERAL EDWIN WALKER WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TROUBLE AT THE STEVENSON MEETING AND STATED EMPHATICALLY THAT

END PAGE SIX

GENERAL WALKER WAS BOTH ANTISEMITIC AND ANTICATHOLIC.

KRYSTINIK, A MEMBER OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC FAITH, FOLLOWED OSWALD FROM THE ROOM AFTER THE MEETING AND BEGAN QUESTIONING HIM ABOUT THE ANTICATHOLIC ALLEGATION AGAINST GENERAL WALKER. THE DISCUSSION BECAME RATHER HEATED AND OSWALD TOLD KRYSTINIK THAT KRYSTINIK WAS A QUOTE PETTY CAPITALIST UNQUOTE. THIS APPARENTLY AROSE BECAUSE OSWALD HAD LEARNED THAT KRYSTINIK HAD A HOME WOODWORKING SHOP WHERE HE MANUFACTURES BIRDHOUSES AND OCCASIONALLY EMPLOYS THREE MEN. KRYSTINIK ASKED OSWALD ABOUT HIS POLITICAL BELIEF AND OSWALD STATED THAT HE WAS A QUOTE MARXIST UNQUOTE. KRYSTINIK THEN ASKED QUOTE DOES THAT MEAN YOU ARE A COMMUNIST UNQUOTE. OSWALD THEN SAID QUOTE ALL RIGHT, IF YOU WANT TO CALL ME THAT, THAT IS WHAT I AM, I/M A COMMUNIST UNQUOTE.

KRYSTINIK THEN ASKED WHAT OSWALD THOUGHT OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND OSWALD STATED, QUOTE THEY ARE DOING A PRETTY GOOD JOB AS FAR AND CIVIL RIGHTS ARE CONCERNED UNQUOTE. SHORTLY AFTER THIS STATEMENT, KRYSTINIK AND HIS WIFE DEPARTED THE CAMPUS. KRYSTINIK SAID THAT HE,

PAGE EIGHT

KRYSTINIK, IS NOT A MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION AND THIS IS THE FIRST MEETING HE HAD EVER ATTENDED.

NUMBER TWELVE. KRYSTINIK WAS REINTERVIEWED DECEMBER SECOND, LAST, CONCERNING AN ELDERLY MAN BEING INVOLVED IN THE DISCUSSION, BUT KRYSTINIK DID NOT KNOW THE MAN, AND HAS NOT SEEN HIM SINCE THAT TIME. HE COULD NOT IDENTIFY THE MAN.

NUMBER THIRTEEN. EFFORTS ARE CONTINUING TO LOCATE JACK L. BOWEN. TEXAS

NUMBERS FOURTEEN, FIFTEEN AND SIXTEEN ARE BEING INVESTIGATED AND THE BUREAU WILL BE PROMPTLY ADVISED.

END AND ACK PLS

3-46 AM OK FBI WA LET

TU DISC

SAC Shanklin, Dallas called 12/3
& cannot spell of Krystinik - pg 5 top
& cannot NOT on the page

MR.

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12/3/63 11-04 PM AH

TO DIRECTOR

SAC, CHICAGO

SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES 105-15823 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

ROBERT BRIMMER, STAGE NAME ROBERT DIX, ADVISED THAT ONE ROBERT RAIZBECK, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, THE AMERICAN FORUM, HOLLYWOOD, CALIFORNIA, RECENTLY TOLD BRIMMER OF CONSIDERING PRODUCTION OF TV DOCUMENTARY ON ASSASSINATION OF KENNEDY.

RAIZBECK REPORTEDLY LEARNED FROM AN UNDISCLOSED SOURCE THAT ONE MRS. FNU PAINE, PHONETIC, OF IRVING, TEXAS, A GRADUATE OF ANTIOCH COLLEGE AND REPORTEDLY A PRO-RUSSIAN, HAD TAKEN OSWALD AND HIS FAMILY FROM TEXAS TO NEW ORLEANS ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS.

BRIMMER HAS NO PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OR RUBY, OSWALD OR THEIR ASSOCIATES, FRIENDS OR ACTIVITIES AND NO FURTHER PERTINENT INFO REGARDING CASE.

ROBERT B. RAISBECK, PRODUCER OF THE TV SERIES FREEDOM UNIVERSITY OF THE AIR, AMERICAN FORUM, INC., THREE FIVE ONE 8 CAHUENGA Blvd, Los Angeles, 105-123555-159

END PAGE ONE

REC 38 5 DEC 5 1963

53 DEC 18 1963

DEC 9 1963

DEC 16 1963

EX-114

FBI - LOS ANGELES

EIGHT CAHUENGA BLVD., LOS ANGELES, ADVISED DECEMBER THREE INSTANT THAT THE INFO WHICH HE TOLD BRIMMER HE HAD RECEIVED FROM JOHN FISHER, FORMER FBI AGENT NOW WITH THE AMERICAN SECURITY COUNCIL, ONE TWO THREE NORTH WACKER DRIVE, CHICAGO. FISHER TOLD RAISBECK THAT MRS. PAINE IS A GRADUATE OF ANTIOCH COLLEGE IN OHIO.

RAISBECK STATED THAT AN UNRECALLED INDIVIDUAL HAD TOLD HIM THAT THE FT. WORTH STAR TELEGRAM HAD REPORTED THAT MRS. PAINE HAD TAKEN MR. AND MRS. LEE OSWALD ON TRIPS BETWEEN TEXAS AND NEW ORLEANS.

RAISBECK IS TENTATIVELY PLANNING A SIXTY MINUTE TV SHOW CONCERNING ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

CHICAGO INTERVIEW FISHER.

END AND ACK

DL ADVISED

WA 2-10 AM OK FBI WA JS

CG 1-10 AMOK FBI CG EH

TK S DISCTET

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 7-041 PM SES

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, MILWAUKEE /62-1178/ 2 PGS

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS- R.

RE DALLAS TEL TO MILWAUKEE, DEC. THREE LAST.

SUBCAPTION- BACKGROUND, MEETING AT EVERETT GLOVER HOME NEAR DALLAS.

ON DEC. FOUR INSTANT , ELKE AND NORMAN FREDERIKSEN, NOW GRADUATE STUDENTS, UNIVERSITY OF WIS., MADISON, WIS., ADVISED SA ARTHUR F. BAIER THEY RECALLED ATTENDING MEETING AT THE HOME OF EVERETT GLOVER NEAR DALLAS, TEXAS DURING SUMMER OF SIXTYTHREE, FEATURING SUBJECT AS SPEAKER BEFORE GROUP OF PEOPLE INTERESTED IN RUSSIA AND THERE TO HEAR OSWALD-S ACCOUNT OF HIS EXPERIENCES IN RUSSIA. OSWALD SPOKE OF HIS FACTORY JOB AND LIVING CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA, BUT STAYED AWAY FROM POLITICAL TALK AND IN HIS TALK HE INTIMATED HE WAS DISILLUSIONED WITH RUSSIA, BUT ELKE GAINED IMPRESSION THAT OSWALD STILL SYMPATHIC TOWARD RUSSIA AND LIKED RUSSIA BETTER THAN U. S. FREDERIKSENS DID NOT RECALL THAT HE SAID HE WAS A COMMUNIST OR A MEMBER OF

END PAGE ONE

REC 18 105-82555 105-111

6 ODEC 10 1963

5 DEC 6 1963

OSWALD

105-82555

SECTION 4

COPY

2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 11-37 AMMS

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS /89-43/ AND CHICAGO /62-6115/

FROM SAC SAN FRANCISCO /89-58/ 1 P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

RE CG TEL DECEMBER THREE, ONE NINE SIX THREE.

THOMAS ARTHUR VALLEE, [redacted]

ON DECEMBER THREE, ONE NINE SIX THREE, THE RECORDS OF DMV, SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA, WERE REVIEWED BY SA PAUL E. MALONE, AND THE ONLY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IN DMV FILES, WHICH WAS NOT CONTAINED IN RE TEL, IS AS FOLLOWS .....

CALIFORNIA OPERATOR/S LICENSE NUMBER K EIGHT ZERO EIGHT THREE ZERO NINE WAS ISSUED ON JULY ONE EIGHT, ONE NINE SIX THREE, BY DMV, SAN LEANDRO, CALIFORNIA. VALLEE WAS PREVIOUSLY LICENSED IN NEW YORK STATE, AND HIS MARITAL STATUS WAS LISTED AS SINGLE. NO CITATIONS UNDER INSTANT LICENSE.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 2-42 PM OK FBI WA MSL

BL 140 PM OK FBI BL MH

CG 1-40 PM OK FBI CG PK

TU DSCV

REC-18 105-82555-161

DEC 6 1963

EX-118

6 DEC 10 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-5-63 10-58 AM EOB

TO, DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM, SAC, BOSTON /105-10911/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

RE BOSTON TEL DECEMBER FOUR LAST.

ON DECEMBER FIVE INSTANT DR. ROBERT H. SCHACHT WAS INTERVIEWED BY SAS JOSEPH A. OXLEY AND WALTER M. BRADY AND THE NEWSPAPER ARTICLE REFERRED TO IN REFERENCED BOSTON TEL WAS REVIEWED WITH HIM AND HE VERIFIED CORRECTNESS OF STATEMENTS CONTAINED THEREIN. HE DID NOT KNOW OSWALD PERSONALLY, HAD NEVER SPOKEN TO NOR SEEN HIM AT ANY TIME AND COULD FURNISH NO INFORMATION ABOUT HIM EXCEPT THAT HE HAD FILED AN APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION TO THE ALBERT SCHWEITZER COLLEGE, SWITZERLAND IN THE SPRING OF NINETEEN FIFTY NINE. HE DID NOT RECALL ANY OF THE INFORMATION IN THE APPLICATION. REPORT BEING SUBMITTED.

END AND AC PLS

11-01 AM OK FBI WA MET DEC 2 5 33 PM '63

10-01 AM OK FBI DL EEA DEC 2 15 05 PM '63

TU DIS

REC-18 105-82555-162-5

CC: Mr. Rosen

EX-114

DEC 6 1963

6 DEC 10 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-5-63 7-57 PM JM

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC, DETROIT (100-31965) 3P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH RM

REBUTEL DEC. FIVE INSTANT.

JOE DYER, ONE FOUR TWO SIX OREGON ST., FLINT, MICH., INTERVIEWED THIS DATE AND ADVISED THAT HE KNEW FIVE MEN WHO WERE INVOLVED IN SHOOTING OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND ALL FIVE PRESENTLY IN DALLAS, TEXAS. HE STATES THAT THE MAN WHO ACTUALLY DID THE SHOOTING WAS QUOTE THE ONE DRESSED IN THE BLACK SUIT UNQUOTE, AND ALL FIVE WERE PAID BY RUSSIA.

DYER COULD NOT FURNISH NAMES OF THESE MEN, HOWEVER, STATES THAT HE KNEW WHERE THEY COULD BE LOCATED IN DALLAS. DYER STATES HE HAD RESIDED IN DALLAS FOURTEEN YEARS AND IS WELL AWARE OF THE SITUATION AND KNOWS ONE OF THE FIVE MEN INVOLVED IN THE SHOOTING IS A DETECTIVE ON DALLAS PD. DYER STATED HE KNEW ALL THIS INFORMATION BECAUSE HE WAS QUOTE TWO HEADED UNQUOTE AND QUOTE COULD READ PEOPLES MINDS UNQUOTE. 105-82555

END OF PAGE ONE

EX-102 REC-40 DEC 6 1963

6 DEC 10 1963

[MRS. THEO DYER, WIFE OF [JOE DYER,] ADVISED THAT THEY WERE WATCHING TELEVISION AT THE TIME OF THE PRESIDENTS ASSASSINATION AND [JOE] WAS ACTUALLY LAST IN TEXAS IN NINETEEN SIXTYONE, AND HAS NEVER BEEN TO DALLAS TO HER KNOWLEDGE. SHE STATED [MR. DYER] RECEIVES SOCIAL SECURITY CHECKS THE THIRD OF EVERY MONTH AND SINCE DEC. THIRD INSTANT HE HAS BEEN CONSTANTLY INTOXICATED. SHE STATES [MR. DYER] HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF THE PRESIDENTS ASSASSINATION OTHER THAN WHAT APPEARED ON TELEVISION AND IN THE NEWSPAPERS. SHE WAS NOT AWARE THAT [MR. DYER] HAD TELEPHONED THE FBI IN WASHINGTON, D.C. ON DEC. FOUR, HOWEVER SHE STATES THAT WHEN SHE LEFT FOR HER PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT AT TWO THIRTY PM DEC. FOUR HE WAS INTOXICATED AND WHEN SHE RETURNED AT APPROXIMATELY MIDNIGHT DEC. FOUR HE WAS STILL INTOXICATED.

IT IS NOTED THAT DURING THE INTERVIEW WITH [MR. DYER] HE WAS UNABLE TO GET OUT OF BED, AND HAD TWO EMPTY WHISKEY BOTTLES ON THE FLOOR BY THE BED. HE APPEARED TO BE VERY INTOXICATED AT THE TIME OF INTERVIEW AND WAS VERY INCOHERENT IN HIS SPEECH.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

1426 OREGON ST FLINT, MICH

FOLLOWING IS DESCRIPTION OF JOE DYER, NEGRO MALE, BORN MAY ONE, EIGHTEEN NINETYTWO, COVINGTON, GEORGIA, FIVE FEET ELEVEN, ONE SEVENTYEIGHT POUNDS, GRAY HAIR, BROWN EYES, RETIRED FROM US POST OFFICE NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN AFTER FIVE YEARS AS CUSTODIAN. ARREST RECORD, FLINT PD, REVEALS THAT JOE DYER, FBI NO. TWO ONE THREE FIVE NINE C, ARRESTED FOUR OCCASIONS FOR DRUNK, THREE TRAFFIC ARRESTS, AND ONE ARREST FOR STATUTORY RAPE WHICH WAS DISMISSED. ALL OF THESE ARRESTS SUBSEQUENT TO NINETEEN FIFTYFIVE.

END AND ACK PLS

8-06 PM OK FBI WA LLD

TU DISC W

CC-MR ROSEN

TC 2

REC. 11

3

December 4, 1963

Airtel

ST-101

To: SAC, Pittsburgh

From: Director, FBI 105-82555-164

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

ReDEtel 11-24-63, 9:34 P.M., captioned "Assassination of President Kennedy, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas."

Retel indicated Frank Miller of the Detroit, Michigan, Free Press received anonymous call from female who indicated a relative of hers in Ohio advised that subject allegedly had an American-born wife and two children living in Zelnople (probably Zelienople), Pennsylvania, at the time he left for Russia and that he did not divorce this woman upon his return from Russia.

While lead does not appear to have any basis in fact, Pittsburgh should conduct limited logical investigation in effort to resolve allegations if not already done.

Furnish the Bureau and interested offices with the results of your inquiries.

1 - Dallas
1 - Detroit

1 - Division Five
RDR:mlt
(7)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale

MAILED 27
DEC - 4 1963
COMM-FBI

DEC 6 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 24 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-24-63 9-34 PM PAM

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC-S DALLAS AND PITTSBURGH

FROM SAC, DETROIT /62-3550/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS.

FRANK MILLER OF THE DETROIT, MICH. FREE PRESS, A DAILY NEWSPAPER IN DETROIT, ADVISED TODAY AT EIGHT THIRTYFIVE PM THAT AN UNIDENTIFIED DETROIT WOMAN CONTACTED HIM. SHE STATED A RELATIVE OF HERS IN OHIO ADVISED THAT LEE H. OSWALD IS REPORTED TO HAVE AN AMERICAN BORN WIFE AND TWO CHILDREN LIVING IN ZEINOPLE, PENN. AT THE TIME HE LEFT FOR RUSSIA. SHE ALSO ADVISED THAT OSWALD DID NOT DIVORCE THE AMERICAN WOMAN UPON HIS RETURN FROM RUSSIA.

DALLAS SET OUT LEAD.

END AND ACK PLS

ZELIENOPLE - PG

WA 9-37 PM OK FBI WA NH

DL 8-37 P M OK FBI DL EEA

PG 9-36 PM EST OK FBI PG WRJ

TU CLR M

REC-53 105-82555-164

DEC 25 DEC 1963

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

FOI-IS

SOVIET SECTION

Entd to PG
FDE:mtt
12-24-63

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 25 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-25-63 10-27 PM WBR

TO DIRECTOR,

SACS, DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO

FROM SAC, HOUSTON 62-2115 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, ONE NINE SIX THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

ON INSTANT DATE, LAYMON L. STEWART, GENERAL MANAGER, RADIO STATION KIPY, AND ROBERT JANCA, TRAFFIC MANAGER, KIPY, ALICE, TEXAS, ADVISED THEY RECOGNIZED PHOTO OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AS IDENTICAL TO INDIVIDUAL WHO STOPPED AT RADIO STATION LOCATED ON HIGHWAY TWO EIGHTY ONE, ALICE, TEXAS, ABOUT TWO OR THREE PM, EITHER ON FRIDAY SEPTEMBER TWENTY EIGHT, SIXTYTHREE, OR FRIDAY, OCTOBER FOUR, SIXTYTHREE. THIS SUBJECT DRIVING OLD MODEL, NINETEEN FIFTYTHREE OR FIFTYFOUR CAR, POSSIBLY CHEVROLET SEDAN, AND MENTIONED HE HAD JUST COME FROM MEXICO. HE MADE NO PREVIOUS APPOINTMENT AND HAD NO PREVIOUS COMMUNICATION WITH THIS STATION. HE INQUIRED AS TO JOB AS RADIO ANNOUNCER BUT NO SUCH JOB WAS AVAILABLE AT THIS STATION AND NO BACKGROUND

REC-6 105-82555-165

25 DEC 6 1963

END PAGE ONE

DEC 3 15 33 6H 63

DEC 3 15 33 6H 63

53 DEC 11 1963

cc Sullivan

INFORMATION TAKEN FROM HIM. THIS SUBJECT WAS UNSHAVEN, WORE BLUEJEANS, AND POSSIBLY SWEATSHIRT AND MENTIONED HIS WIFE WHO STAYED IN CAR COULD SPEAK NO ENGLISH. THERE WAS A TWO YEAR OLD CHILD IN FRONT SEAT OF CAR WITH THEM. THIS SUBJECT-S CONVERSATION WAS NORMAL AND HE INDICATED HE SAW STATION SIGN FROM HIGHWAY WHILE PROCEEDING NORTH IN HIS CAR ON HIGHWAY TWO EIGHT ONE. SUBJECT ASKED ABOUT POSSIBILITY OF ANNOUNCER-S JOB AT PLEASANTON, TEXAS, AND APPEARED INTERESTED IN APPLYING FOR WORK THERE. HE WAS TOLD THIS STATION WAS KBOP AT PLEASANTON, TEXAS, WAS OPERATED BY A LADY, NAME UNKNOWN. THIS SUBJECT GAVE NO INDICATION OF WHERE HE WAS LIVING AT TIME, BUT SAID HE WAS UNEMPLOYED. SUBJECT-S CONVERSATION WITH STEWART AND JANCA LASTED TWENTY TO THIRTY MINUTES AND SUBJECT THEN LEFT IN THE CAR DRIVING NORTH ON HIGHWAY TWO EIGHT ONE.

SAN ANTONIO ASCERTAIN IF SUBJECT APPLIED FOR WORK AS ANNOUNCER AT RADIO STATON KBOP, PLEASANTON, TEXAS, AND IF SUBJECT IDENTICAL WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

DL AND SA ADVISED

ANK AND HOLD

11-33 PM OK FBI WAQX WFL

REC-D-17 FILE ONLY

1 8 1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 27 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-27-63 3-56 PM CST DAO

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC WFO & DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS 89-69 3P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, OO DALLAS.

REBUTEL CALL FROM INSPECTOR DON MOORE OF THE BUREAU TO NEW ORLEANS NOV. TWENTY SIX, SIXTY THREE.

RE TRAVEL OF HARVEY LEE OSWALD.

FOR INFORMATION OF WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE BUREAU VITALLY INTERESTED IN DETERMINING WHEREABOUTS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD ON SEPT. EIGHTEEN SIXTY THREE. ALLEGATION HAS BEEN RECEIVED THAT OSWALD VISITED MEXICO CITY ON SEPT. EIGHTEEN LAST.

INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM [redacted] NEW ORLEANS WHICH HE HAS REQUESTED TO BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL SHOW LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS ISSUED FIFTEEN DAY MEXICO TOURIST CARD ON SPET. SEVENTEEN, SIXTY THREE. ALSO ON THIS DAY A MRS. FENELLA CRAFT FARRINGTON, ONE FIVE ONE FOUR, JEFFERSON AVE., NEW ORLEANS, LA., WAS ISSUED A TOURIST CARD AT NEW ORLEANS. MRS. PAUL REISS, AUNT OF MRS. FARRINGTON, INFORMED HER NEICE

REC 37 105-82555-16

5 DEC 6 1963

END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

LEFT NEW ORLEANS NOV. TWENTY SIX LAST FOR WASHINGTON, D. C. AND WILL STAY WITH HER SISTER MRS. AUSTIN ROBERTS, FIVE NINE ZERO FOUR SEART TERRACE, TELEPHONE OLIVER FOUR/SEVEN THREE TWO ZERO, WASHINGTON, D. C. SHE WILL ALSO VISIT IN WASHINGTON D. C. HER MOTHER, MRS. FENELLA WAHL, TELEPHONE COL. FIVE ZERO ZERO SIX FIVE. MRS. REISS STATES MRS. FARRINGTON PLANNED TO DEPART WASHINGTON D. C. EARLY AM THIS DATE TO PICK UP HER DAUGHTER, MISS FENELLA LOUISE FARRINGTON, STUDENT AT LINDEN HALL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, LITITZ, PENNSYLVANIA, TELEPHONE SIX TWO SIX / TWO ONE ZERO EIGHT AND WILL RETURN TO MRS. ROBERTS/ RESIDENCE LATE THIS DATE AND WILL REMAIN THROUGH THANKSGIVING.

MRS. FARRINGTON SHOULD BE INTERVIEWED ON NOV. TWENTY SEVEN SIXTY THREE AS TO WHETHER ACQUAINTED WITH OSWALD, WHETHER OSWALD TRAVELED WITH THEM TO MEXICO, OR WHETHER THEY HAVE ANY KNOWLEDGE OF ANY TIME OSWALD MAY HAVE TRAVELED TO MEXICO.

MRS. REISS WHO IS EIGHTY THREE YRS. OF AGE BELIEVED MRS. FARRINGTON FLEW TO MEXICO CITY ON SEPT. NINETEEN LAST ACCOMPANIED BY HER THIRTEEN YR. OLD SON, WILLIAM PRENTIS FARRINGTON, ALTHOUGH SHE IS NOT CERTAIN. B approx 1950

END PAGE TWO

La mexico

1314

MRS. LILLIAN STANTON MERILH, ONE THREE ONE FOUR JACKSON AVENUE, NEW ORLEANS, LA, COUSIN OF MRS. FARRINGTON, WHO ALSO OBTAINED MEXICAN TRAVEL VISA ON SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN, LAST, WAS CONTACTED AND ADVISED THAT SHE AND MRS. FARRINGTON TOGETHER TRAVELED ON EASTERN AIRLINES NIGHT FLIGHT SEPTEMBER NINETEEN, LAST, NEW ORLEANS, TO MEXICO CITY, FOR PURPOSE OF PICKING UP MRS. FARRINGTON/S CAR. THEY REMAINED AT MEXICO CITY FROM EVENING SEPTEMBER NINETEEN, LAST THROUGH MORNING SEPTEMBER TWENTY THREE, LAST. WHEN THEY DROVE CAR BACK TO NEW ORLEANS, MRS. MERILH ADVISED SHE AND MRS. FARRINGTON TOGETHER AT ALL TIMES. MRS. MERILH ADVISED HAD NO PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF OSWALD AND PHOTOGRAPH DISPLAYED TO HER THIS DATE WAS DEFINITELY NOT IDENTIFIABLE WITH ANYONE CONTACTED IN COURSE OF OBTAINING A MEXICAN VISA OR DURING TRIP TO OR FROM MEXICO CITY.

WFO SUTEL RESULTS OF INTERVIEW TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS SEPTEMBER TWENTY SEVEN WITHOUT FAIL, REFERENCE TELEPHONE CALL OF INSPECTOR DON MOORE TO THE NEW ORLEANS OFFICE NOVEMBER TWENTY SIX, SIXTY THREE AND MARK TELETYPE ATTENTION DIVISION FIVE. END AND ACK PLS

WA5106 PM OK FBI WA OS

DL 4-07 PM OK FBI DL

TU CLROETT

FBI
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
RECEIVED
TIME
NOV 21 2 08 PM '63
FBI - DALLAS

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 11/27/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67) (P)

RE: ASSASINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas
OSWALD - TRAVEL

CO: DALLAS

Re New Orleans teletype to Bureau, et al, 11/27/63, 2:44 a.m. CST; Bureau telephone call from Inspector DON MOORE of the Bureau to New Orleans 11/26/63; and San Antonio teletype to Bureau 11/27/63, 12:06 CST.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 10 copies of letterhead memorandum reflecting results of investigations requested of San Antonio in referenced New Orleans teletype. Similarly, the Dallas and New Orleans Offices are being furnished two copies each of letterhead memorandum.

For information Legat, Mexico, Bureau vitally interested in determining whereabouts of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on 9/18/63. Re New Orleans teletype reflects allegation has been received OSWALD visited Mexico City on 9/18/63.

Re New Orleans teletype also reflects information obtained from [redacted] which he has requested be kept confidential, shows LEE HARVEY OSWALD issued 15 day Mexican tourist card 9/17/63. Re New Orleans teletype states on 9/17/63 various individuals were issued tourist cards of six months duration by Mexican Consul. One of these was RICHARD LAWRENCE PHELION, 215 N. 16th Street, Edinburg, Texas. No telephone listed. Tourist card no. 4363765 indicated travel to Mexico for study purposes.

10 ENCLOSURE

5 - Bureau (Enc.10) ENCLOSURE 105-82555-767
(2 - Legat, Mexico) (Enc.2)
2 - Dallas (Enc.2)
2 - New Orleans (Enc.2)
2 - San Antonio

DEC 5 DEC 6 1963

SA 89-67

Re New Orleans teletype requests interview of PHILION immediately as to whether acquainted with OSWALD, whether OSWALD travelled with him to Mexico, or whether he has any knowledge of any time OSWALD may have travelled to Mexico.

REQUEST OF BUREAU

Bureau is requested to furnish two copies of letterhead memorandum for Legat, Mexico's assistance and also request that Legat, Mexico, interview Father PHILION, apparently presently in Mexico.

(not will in copies of
sends info to Mexican Auth
Source refers dep info recv 9/15
1 subj in Phoenix New Orleans 9/15

Legat Mex City +
Handle JFS

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas

November 27, 1963

ASSASINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas

Investigation at Edinburg, Texas, on November 27, 1963, indicates RICHARD LAWRENCE PHILION, 215 North 16th Street, is a Catholic Priest currently assigned Santa Maria Magdalena Church, Tequixistlan, Oaxaca, Mexico, with mailing address Apartado Postal 93, Salina Cruz, Oaxaca, Mexico.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of any kind. It is the property of the FBI, and is a loan to your agency; it and/or its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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21 FEB 02 1973

FBI

Date: 11-26-63

Transmit the following in CODE
(Type in plain text or code)

Via TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI, AND SACS, DALLAS, MIAMI AND NEW ORLEANS

FROM: SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R, OO DALLAS.

REWFOTEL TO BUREAU AND MIAMI NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE LAST, CAPTIONED QUOTE ASSASSINATION OF JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO LAST, AFO UNQUOTE AND MIRADIOGRAM TO BUREAU, WFO, DALLAS, SAME CAPTION.

DR. GUILLERMO BELT, FORMER CUBAN AMBASSADOR TO U. S. NINETEEN FORTYFIVE DASH FORTYSEVEN, ADVISED WFO NOVEMBER TWENTYSIX INSTANT RECEIVED CALL FROM JOSE ANTONIO LANUZA PAREN MIAMI TELEPHONE HI FIVE TWO SEVEN FIVE THREE PAREN NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST IN CONNECTION SUBJECT. LANUZA ADVISED SUBJECT APPEARED MIAMI ONE OR TWO MONTHS AGO AND ATTEMPTED TO QUOTE INFILTRATE UNQUOTE ANTI DASH CASTRO ORGANIZATION DIRECTORIO REVOLUCIONARIO ESTUDIANTIL PAREN DRE PAREN. SUBJECT STATED COULD TRAIN DRE MEMBERS GUERRILLA

105-37111

FX-102 REC 1 105-82555-168

2 - Bureau
2 - Teletype Unit
3 - WFO (1 - 89-75)

DEC 9 1963

DH:clw
(7)

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

WFO 105-37111

PAGE TWO

WARFARE TO BE USED AGAINST CASTRO. SUBJECT LATER OBSERVED NEW ORLEANS PASSING OUT COMMUNIST LITERATURE AND THEREFORE LABELED COMMUNIST AND CASTRO SUPPORTER. DRE HAD NOTHING FURTHER TO DO WITH SUBJECT. BELT SUGGESTED LANUNZA POSSIBLY FURNISH INFO RE OSWALD'S MOTIVE FOR ASSASSINATION PRESIDENT KENNEDY. BELT SAID DR. AUGUSTINE CASTELLANO MIGHT HAVE INFO CONNECTION WITH SUBJECT'S ACTIVITIES. CONTACT CASTELLANO THROUGH SON, TELEPHONE NUMBER CANAL SIX ONE TWO ONE TWO. MIAMI INTERVIEW CASTELLANO AND LANUNZA IN CONNECTION WITH SUBJECT'S MOTIVE TO ASSASSINATE PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

SUTEL RESULTS BUREAU, NEW ORLEANS AND DALLAS. RUC.

21

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 27 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-27-63 2-08 PM CST MB

TO DIRECTOR, ATTENTION DIVISION FIVE, INSPECTOR DON MOORE, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS 89-69

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE WHEREABOUTS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD ON SEPTEMBER EIGHTEEN, SIXTYTHREE.

RE BUREAU TELCALL NOVEMBER TWENTYSIX LAST AND NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE NOVEMBER TWENTYSIX LAST.

RECORDS, LOUISIANA DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY, NEW ORLEANS SHOW LEE H. OSWALD, SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER FOUR THREE THREE DASH FIVE FOUR DASH THREE NINE THREE SEVEN, APPEARED AT OFFICE NEW ORLEANS, TO FILE CLAIM ON SEPTEMBER SEVENTEENTH, SIXTYTHREE, AND SEPTEMBER TWENTYFOURTH, SIXTYTHREE. [redacted] ADVISED IN USUAL COURSE OF BUSINESS OSWALD WOULD RECEIVE A CHECK FROM THE TEXAS DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY BY MAIL THREE DAYS FROM DATE CLAIM FILED.

SOURCE OF THIS INFORMATION MUST BE PROTECTED.

105-82555-169

END PAGE ONE

REC-22

8 DEC 6 1963

61 DEC 10 1963

REC'D - ROSEN

ST-104

[redacted] MEXICAN CONSULATE, NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED MEXICAN TRAVEL CARD NUMBER TWO FOUR ZERO EIGHT FIVE, ISSUED SEPTEMBER SEVENTEENTH, SIXTYTHREE, TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD, GOOD FOR FIFTEEN DAYS. HIS APPLICATION INDICATED TRAVEL TO MEXICO WOULD BE BY BUS. SOURCE OF THIS INFORMATION HAS REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION AND HIS IDENTITY MUST BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL.

A CHECK OF AVIATECA, PAN AMERICAN, TACA, EASTERN AND VIASA AIRLINES, ALL OF WHOM FURNISH FLIGHT SERVICE FROM NEW ORLEANS, LA., TO CENTRAL, SOUTH AMERICA AND MEXICO, HAS BEEN MADE. NO RECORD WAS LOCATED FOR LEE HARVEY OSWALD EITHER UNDER HIS TRUE NAME OR KNOWN ALIASES ON MANIFESTS FOR SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN, EIGHTEEN OR NINETEEN, , NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE.

INVESTIGATION AT THE AIRPORT REFLECTS PERSONS COULD OBTAIN FLIGHTS OUT OF NEW ORLEANS TO MIAMI, FLORIDA, OR HOUSTON, TEXAS AND THEN TRANSFER TO ANOTHER AIRLINE AND OBTAIN PASSAGE TO MEXICO CITY.

THE HOUSTON OFFICE WAS TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED AND REQUESTED TO EXAMINE RECORDS OF ALL FLIGHTS OUT OF HOUSTON TO

END PAGE TWO

MEXICO CITY ON SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN OR EIGHTEEN, SIXTYTHREE. UNDER THE NAME OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND HIS ALIASES.

THE MIAMI OFFICE WAS TELEPHONICALLY REQUESTED TO CHECK ALL FLIGHTS OUT OF MIAMI TO MEXICO CITY ON SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN AND EIGHTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, UNDER THE NAME OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND ALL HIS KNOWN ALIASES.

BOTH OFFICES WERE INSTRUCTED TO CONDUCT INVESTIGATION IMMEDIATELY AND SUBMIT TELETYPES TO THE BUREAU NOVEMBER TWENTYSEVEN, SIXTYTHREE, WITH THE RESULTS OF THEIR INVESTIGATION.

INVESTIGATION IS CONTINUING IN NEW ORLEANS TO DETERMINE THE WHEREABOUTS OF OSWALD ON SEPTEMBER EIGHTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, AS REQUESTED IN BUREAU TELCALL.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 3-16 PM OK FBI WA MSLM

DL 21//2-16 OK FBI DL BW

TU CLRO

cc: D.E. Moore

LBI

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 28 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-28-63 9-30 AM KOM

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, DALLAS AND MIAMI

FROM SAC, CHICAGO /44-645/ 2 PAGES

JACK LEON RUBY, AKA., LEE HARVEY OSWALD, DASH VICTIM, CIVIL RIGHTS. Texas

RE SPRINGFIELD TELETYPE NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST.

RE.. TELEPHONE CALL FROM CUBA.

DR. RUBEN C. FONT, MD, ONE SIX FIVE TWO WEST PARKSIDE DRIVE, PEORIA, ILL. SUBSCRIBER TELEPHONE SIX SEVEN FOUR DASH EIGHT SEVEN THREE THREE.

FOR INFO MIAMI, A CHICAGO NEWSPAPER REPORTER CONFIDENTIALLY ADVISED INFO RECEIVED TO THE EFFECT THAT DURING THE NIGHT OF ELEVEN TWENTYFIVE LAST A CALL WAS RECEIVED FROM HAVANA, CUBA TO ORCHARD FOUR EIGHT SEVEN THREE THREE, SKOKIE, ILLINOIS, AND OPERATOR ASKED FOR INDIVIDUAL NAMED RUBENSTEIN. CALL APPARENTLY MISDIRECTED TO THIS NUMBER AND WAS THEN REDIRECTED TO PEORIA, ILLINOIS, SIX SEVEN FOUR DASH EIGHT SEVEN THREE THREE, SKOKIE TELEPHONE LISTED TO GEORGE GOESSELE, NINE ZERO TWO SIX KEDVALE, SKOKIE. NO RECORD CHICAGO INDICES RE GOESSELE.

REC 2 105-82555-17

DEC 6 1963

DR. FONT INTERVIEWED BY SPRINGFIELD AND ADMITS RECEIVING A TELEPHONE CALL ON NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST FROM HIS FATHER,

END PAGE ONE

DEC 2 5 19

EX-DEC 11 1963

DR. RUBEN G. FONT, MD, MANTANZAS, CUBA, INQUIRING ABOUT MEDICINE HIS SON HAD PROMISED TO MAIL HIM.

AT CONCLUSION OF THIS CALL ABOUT SIX TWENTY FIVE PM, CENTRAL STANDARD TIME, NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST, DR. FONT RECEIVED ANOTHER CALL WHEREIN A TELEPHONE OPERATOR INDICATED HAVANA, CUBAWAS CALLING FOR MR. RUBENSTEIN. DR. FONT EXPLAINED TO THE OPERATOR THAT HE HAD JUST TALKED TO CUBA, THAT THERE WAS NO ONE THERE BY THE NAME OF RUBENSTEIN AND ASSUMED THE CALL HAD BEEN MISDIRECTED.

ILLINOIS BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY, SECURITY DEPARTMENT, CHICAGO, ADVISED SA DONALD W. PETERSON UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS A CALL FROM CUBA WOULD BE HANDLED BY AN OPERATOR IN MIAMI WHO WOULD THEN DIAL DIRECT TO COMPLETE THE CALL ANYPLACE IN THE U.S. THEREFORE,, HIS COMPANY WOULD HAVE NO INFO OR RECORDS REGARDING THIS CALL.

IN VIEW OF OSWALD/S CONNECTION WITH FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, AND THE FACT THAT THE CALL WAS FOR A PERSON NAMED RUBENSTEIN, MIAMI SHOULD IMMEDIATELY CONTACT THE TELEPHONE COMPANY THERE AND REVIEW RECORDS AND CONDUCT ANY NECESSARY INTERVIEWS IN AN EFFORT TO DETERMINE IF A CALL SUCH AS DESCRIBED WAS MADE AND COMPLETED. CHICAGO WILL DISCREETLY INTERVIEW GEORGE GOESSELE, SKOKIE, ILLINOIS.

END AND ACK PLS

10-38 AM OK FBI WA ELR

BL 9-38 AM OK FBI L EEA

MM Q Q

MM 19XX 10-38 OK FBI MM JS

TU CLRMVO

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 28 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-28-63 8-06 AM CST WW

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC NEW ORLEANS /89-69/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, DALLAS, TEXAS.

REBUTEL RE INCOME TAX RETURNS.

A. O. FONVILLE, INSPECTOR IN CHARGE, INSPECTION SERVICE, INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED AT REQUEST OF ASSISTANT REGIONAL INSPECTOR IN CHARGE OF INTERNAL SECURITY FOR INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, DALLAS, TEXAS, HE CAUSED A CHECK TO BE MADE OF INCOME TAX RETURNS FILED WITH HIS BUREAU AT NEW ORLEANS FOR FOLLOWING SURNAMES, AND FIRST NAMES OR INITIALS/

~~HIDELL, HYDELL, HYDEL, HIADELL, HEDELL,~~

~~A. J., A. T., ALEK, ALEK J., ALEX JAMES, ALEX J., JAMES.~~

FONVILLE ADVISED NO INCOME TAX RETURN FILED FOR YEARS NINETEEN SIXTYONE OR SIXTYTWO AT NEW ORLEANS BY ANYONE WITH LAST NAME HIDELL OR FOR ANYONE WITH THE OTHER SURNAMES WITH ANY COMBINATION OF THE FIRST NAMES OR INITIALS LISTED ABOVE.

END OF PAGE ONE

REC-25 105-82555-171

EX-102

5 DEC 6 1963

5 DEC 10 1963

UPON REQUEST, FONVILLE ALSO CAUSED A CHECK TO BE MADE AND FOUND THAT NO INCOME TAX RETURNS HAD BEEN FILED AT NEW ORLEANS FOR CALENDAR YEARS NINETEEN SIXTYONE AND SIXTYTWO BY LEE HARVEY OSWALD OR BY ANYONE WITH SURNAME HAYDELL OR BY ANYONE WITH NAME O. H. LEE.

FONVILLE FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING RETURNS FILED BY PERSONS WITH LAST NAME HYDELL AND HAYDELL/

ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO A RETURN FILED FOR NINETEEN SIXTY BY DOROTHY M. HYDELL, SSN FOUR FOUR ONE DASH TWO TWO DASH ZERO SEVEN ONE, REFLECTING ADDRESS GEN. DELIVERY, NEW ORLEANS, LA. INCOME FROM VAN REES BOOK BINDING , NEW YORK, N. Y. AND FROM COVEY LAUNDRY SERVICE PORTLAND, STATE ILLEGIBLE.

ALBERT J. HAYDEL, VACHERIE, LA., FILED ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO A RETURN FOR SIXTYONE INCOME FROM LAFOUCHE BASIN LEVEL DISTRICT, DONALDSONVILLE, LA., SSN FOUR THREE EIGHT DASH FOUR ZERO DASH THREE NINE SEVEN FOUR.

ROGER J. HAYDEL, ONE ZERO EIGHT CRIS LAUR, HARAHAN, LA. FILED ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO A RETURN FOR SIXTYONE INCOME FROM JAHNCKE SERVICE, INC. AND NATIONAL AMERICAN BANK, NEW

ORLEANS , SSN FOUR THREE EIGHT DASH SIX TWO DASH THREE ONE TWO FOUR .

ROGER J. HAYDEL WITH SAME ADDRESS AND SSN FILED ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO A RETURN FOR SIXTYTWO INCOME DERIVED FROM NATIONAL AMERICAN BANK, NEW ORLEANS.

ALBERIC A. A. AND ELVERA HAYDEL FILED ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO RETURN FOR SIXTYONE INCOME REFLECTS HUSBAND TO BE CARPENTER/S HELPER WITHINCOME FROM ST. ANTHONY CATHOLIC CHURCH, GRETNA, LA. AND WIFE TO BE A COOK AT TOURO INFIRMARY, NEW ORLEANS.

ABNER J. AND HAZEL L. HAYDEL, ONE ONE SIX MONROE ST., LAFAYETTE, LA. FILED ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO RETURN FOR SIXTYONE INCOME. RETURN REFLECTS HUSBAND A RESTAURANT OPERATOR DERIVED INCOME FROM RESTAURANT AND HAS SSN FOUR THREE SEVEN DASH THREE ZERO DASH ZERO ONE EIGHT THREE, AND WIFE HAS SSN FOUR THREE SEVEN DASH FOUR SIX DASH SEVEN FIVE ONE ONE. SON LISTED AS DOUGLAS J. HAYDEL.

CORRECT LINE THREE PAGE THREE SHOULD BE ROGER J. HAYDEL

ALSO LINE SIX SHOULD ONLY BE ONE "A" IN NAME ALBERIC A.

END OF PAGE THREE

ALBERT J. JR. AND RHONDA D. HAYDEL, SEVEN TWO NINE RUPP ST., GRETNA, LA. FILED ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO RETURN FOR SIXTYTWO INCOME RELECTING INCOME FOR HUSBAND FROM RADIO AND TV SERVICE PAREN OPERATES GRETNA ELECTRONIC SERVICE, GRETNA, LA., PAREN, SSN FOUR THREE FOUR DASH ONE ZERO DASH EIGHT FOUR FOUR SEVEN, AND WIFE DERIVING INCOME AS TEACHER, SSN FOUR THREE NINE DASH ZERO SEVEN DASH TWO TWO FIVE FOUR. RETURN REFLECTS THEY HAVE DAUGHTER JUDITH A HAYDEL.

ABNER J. AND RITA HAYDEL, TWO SEVEN TWO ONE HERO DRIVE, GRETNA, LA. FILED ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO RETURN FOR SIXTYTWO INCOME REFLECTING HUSBAND TO BE FOREMAN OF THE CELOTEX CORP. WITH SSN FOUR THREE FOUR DASH THREE SIX DASH ONE FIVE SEVEN FIVE AND WIFE TO DERIVE INCOME AS OPERATOR OF HAYDEL/S BEAUTY SALON, GRETNA, LA. WITH SSN FOUR THREE EIGHT DASH FOUR ZERO DASH EIGHT NINE ZERO NINE .

ANTOINE J. AND LOUELLA C. HAYDEL, FIVE ONE SIX GORDON AVE. NEW ORLEANS, LA. FILED ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO RETURN FOR

SIXTYTWO INCOME. HUSBAND DERIVED INCOME AS PRINTER FOR THE TIMES PICAYUNE NEWSPAPER WITH SSN FOUR THREE FOUR DASH ZERO ONE DASH ZERO SIX NINE TWO, AND WIFE LISTED AS HOUSEWIFE WITH SSN FOUR THREE FOUR DASH ZERO ONE DASH THREE ONE FOUR EIGHT.

ALFRED AND AMENAIDE HAYDEL, THREE TWO FIVE S. PIERCE, NEW ORLEAND NINETEEN, LA. FILED ONE ZERO FOUR ZERO RETURN FOR SIXTYONE INCOME. RETURN REFLECTS HUSBAND RETIRED HAVING INCOME FROM LAND LEASE AND RETIREMENT FROM CHARITY HOSPITAL OF LA. WITH SSN FOUR THREE FOUR DASH TWO EIGHT DASH SIX FOUR THREE FIVE , WIFE/S OCCUPATION AND SSN NOT SHOWN.

NEW ORLEANS INDICES NEGATIVE CONCERNING ALL OF ABOVE NAMED PERSONS. NO INVESTIGATION CONCERNING THESE INDIVIDUALS CONTEMPLATED BY NEW ORLEANS OFFICE IN VIEW OF DIFFERENCE IN SURNAME FROM HIDELL.

END AND ACK PLS AND HOLD PLS

WZ WA 9-22 AM OK FBI WA RM

DL 8-22 AM OK FBI DL EEA

HOLD FOR ONE MORE

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 11/29/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas
OSWALD - TRAVEL

Lee Harvey Oswald

OO: DALLAS

Re San Antonio airtel 11/27/63 showing results of check of entry and exit registry, Matamoros and Nuevo Progresso, Mexico.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight copies of letterhead memorandum reflecting review of Matamoros, Tamaulipas, Mexico Immigration records for travel by OSWALD, wife and mother, August - November, 1963. Their names were not found in this registry at Matamoros.

Secret Service of San Antonio has been provided a copy of this letterhead memo.

Two copies are enclosed for Dallas.

8 ENCLOSURE

REC-19 105-82555-172

3 - Bureau (Enc.8)
2 - Dallas (Enc.2)
2 - San Antonio
TWC/dte
(7)

DEC 6 1963

DEC 2 1963

53 DEC 11 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas

November 29, 1963

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22, 1963
Dallas, Texas

NICOLAS CASTILLO IBARRA, Chief of Mexican Immigration Service, Matamoros, Tamaulipas, Mexico, on November 26, 1963, made available the entry and exit records for the ports of Matamoros and Nuevo Progresso, Tamaulipas, Mexico, for the period of August, September, October, November, 1963.

These were reviewed by Mrs. ELVIA M. DE HERNANDEZ, Mexican Immigration Service clerk in charge of the Registry, and a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

These records were found to contain none of the names following of suspect OSWALD, his wife, or mother.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, also known as O. H. Lee,
Alek James Hidell
Wife - MARINA NYKOLAEVNA OSWALD, nee Prusakov,
Mrs. Lee Harvey Oswald
Mother - MARGUERITE CLAVIRE OSWALD

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21 FEB 02 1973

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-30-63 4-41 PM CST RJS

TO DIRECTOR /44-24016/ AND SAC-S DALLAS /44-1639/ AND SAVANNAH /44-1200/

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /44-2064/ 1 P

JACK L. RUBY, AKA. LEE HARVEY OSWALD DASH VICTIM, DECEASED, CR.

RE SAVANNAH TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS, NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE, SIXTYTHREE.

RE. OSWALD ALLEGEDLY BEING SEEN TOWN AND COUNTRY MOTEL, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE OF NOVEMBER TWENTYEIGHT, SIXTYTHREE, SET FORTH INFORMATION OBTAINED CONCERNING OSWALD ALLEGEDLY BEING SEEN TOWN AND COUNTRY MOTEL, NEW ORLEANS. THIS INFORMATION WAS ALSO SUBMITTED TO DALLAS BY FD THREE ZERO TWOS. IT IS TO BE NOTED INFORMATION CONTAINED IN SAVANNAH TELETYPE INDICATES PERSON ALLEGED TO BE OSWALD WAS SEEN SOMETIME BETWEEN FEBRUARY FIFTEEN AND MARCH FIFTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, AT THE TOWN AND COUNTRY MOTEL IN NEW ORLEANS. THESE DATES ARE PRIOR TO THE TIME IT IS REPORTED OSWALD MOVED TO NEW ORLEANS. REC 53 105-82555-173

END AND ACK PLS

DEC 6 1963

WA 5-44 PM OK FBI WA RL

DL 4-38 PM OK FBI DL LJH

ST-104

58 DEC 10 1963 SW FBI SV PP

TU CLEARO

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

REC 37

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (105-2564) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

ST
pr

On 12/2/63, EDWIN J. CATES, sergeant, Matron Squadron, 343rd Fighter Squadron, U. S. Air Base, Duluth, Minnesota, advised that on 12/2/63, he observed an individual closely resembling LEE HARVEY OSWALD, in a pizza restaurant, Duluth, Minnesota. This individual, whose name he did not obtain, mentioned among other things that he had been in Chicago, New York, and Birmingham. While in Birmingham, he was engaged in teaching passive resistance and judo to the demonstrators and had stayed at a motel or residence owned by (FNU) GASTON, a well known Birmingham individual.

This individual also stated in passing, that he had been in the U. S. Marine Corps, that he was an expert in judo and karate, was a sociologist, and a member of the NAACP. He also indicated that he was pro-KENNEDY and was in favor of KENNEDY's civil rights action in the South.

CATES described this individual as white male American, age 27, 5' 6" tall, 150 pounds, wearing small thin mustache on upper lip, and had definite facial resemblance to the photos of OSWALD appearing in the papers and on television.

It is requested that Birmingham attempt to locate (FNU) GASTON and obtain from him the identity of this individual, with the remote possibility that this stranger was in fact LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

C.C. Wick REC 37 105-82555-174

(3) - Bureau (RM)
2 - Birmingham (RM)
1 - Dallas (RM)
2 - Minneapolis
EIC:ebk
(8)

6 DEC 5 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

Lee Oswald

RE: CHECK OF MEXICAN IMMIGRATION-CUSTOMS RECORDS

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting a check of Mexican Immigration and Customs records at Piedras Negras, Mexico, for 8/10-11/26/63.

Enclosed for Dallas are two copies of the above letterhead memo.

One copy of the letterhead memo has been furnished Secret Service, San Antonio.

ENCLOSURE

(3) Bureau (Enc. 8)
2-Dallas (Enc. 2)
2-SA
WEO/eks
(7)

12-6-63 2 cc Secret Service for delivery to Mr. Bartlett

REC 7 105-82555-175

X-102

DEC 6 1963

cc-Sullivan

52 DEC 11 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Antonio, Texas

December 3, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Check of Mexican Immigration and Customs Records Piedras Negras, for period August 10 to November 26, 1963, for names of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, also known as O. H. LEE, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, his wife MARINA NYKOLAEVNA OSWALD, nee PRUSAKOV, also known as Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and his mother, MARGUERITE CLAVIRE OSWALD, made with negative results.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-3-63 4-13 PM EST PEF

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, CLEVELAND /105-76 74/ 4P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY - R.

ON DEC. NOV. TWO LAST ELEANORE GAST, 4320 FOUR TWO ZERO HOWBRAY ROAD, AKRON, OHIO, APPEARED AT THE AKRON RA AND FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION. B approx 1913

GAST STATED THAT SOMETIME BETWEEN NOV. ONE AND TWELVE LAST, SHE WAS AT THE CAROUSEL RESTAURANT IN CANTON, OHIO, AND LEE OSWALD INTRODUCED HIMSELF TO HER. SHE SAID OSWALD TOLD HER HE HAS BEEN MARRIED ABOUT TEN OR TWELVE YEARS. GAST ADVISED OSWALD APPEARED TO BE DOWN AND OUT AND WOULD NOT DANCE WITH HER BUT JUST SAT CRYING.

GAST SAID THAT ON ANOTHER OCCASION A COUPLE OF DAYS PRIOR TO THE ABOVE INCIDENT SHE WAS AT THE CAROUSEL AND ONE THOMAS W. TOWNSEND, FIVE TWO THREE ZERO FLEETWOOD DRIVE, NW, CANTON, OHIO, TELEPHONE FOUR NINE NINE DASH SEVEN FOUR FIVE FIVE,

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-1765

53 DEC 11 1963

DEC 6 1963

INTRODUCED HER TO A MR. RUBY OR MR. JACK RUBENSTEIN. SHE SAID SHE HAD AT LEAST TWO DANCES WITH RUBY ON THIS OCCASION. GAST RELATED THAT WHILE AT THE CAROUSEL ON ANOTHER OCCASION SHE MET ONE FRAN DANNIS, WHO GAVE HER HIS ADDRESS AS IN CARE OF OXEN RUN GOLF CLUB, THREE SIX ZERO ZERO TWENTYTHIRD PARKWAY, HILLCREST HEIGHTS, MARYLAND, TELEPHONE LO SEVEN DASH TWO ONE ONE TWO, AND TOLD HER HE WAS LOOKING FOR BAR AND FOOD SERVICE PERSONNEL FOR THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT. SHE SAID WHILE DANNIS WAS AT THE CAROUSEL HE PICKED UP A BAG OF GOLF CLUBS AND LEFT WITH THEM. SHE SAID ALSO ON THIS OCCASION SHE HEARD THE BARTENDER, WHOM SHE KNOWS AS SMITTY, MENTION TO AN UNKNOWN MAN THAT RUBY WAS IN THERE ABOUT NOON ON THIS DAY AND HAD A RIFLE AND A PISTOL WITH HIM AT THAT TIME. SHE DID NOT KNOW THE UNKNOWN PERSON TO WHOM THE BARTENDER WAS SPEAKING CONCERNING RUBY.

GAST SAID SHE MET HOWARD JACOBY, ONE TWO THREE THREE ELMWOOD, S.W., CANTON, OHIO, TELEPHONE GR FOUR DASH SEVEN EIGHT EIGHT THREE, AND JIM HAUENSTEIN, ONE TWO FOUR SIX WERTZ, CANTON, OHIO, TELEPHONE FOUR FIVE FIVE DASH THREE NINE FOUR EIGHT, WHILE AT THE CAROUSEL.

END PAGE TWO

ELEANORE GAST HAS RECENTLY VISITED THE AKRON RA ON TWO DIFFERENT OCCASIONS AND RELATED THAT SHE IS A REPRESENTATIVE OF FRANK KRAUS, INC., OF AKRON, OHIO, WHICH IS A REAL ESTATE BROKER. SHE HAS STATED SHE VISITED THE CAROUSEL SEVERAL DIFFERENT TIMES WHILE ATTEMPTING TO CONTACT A JIM REED WHO, ACCORDING TO HER, IS A REAL ESTATE BROKER IN MASSILLON, OHIO. WHILE ATTEMPING TO MEET REED AT THE CAROUSEL, SHE MET THE INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE MENTIONED ABOVE. GAST HAS RELATED THAT WHILE SHE WAS AT THE CAROUSEL ON ONE OF THESE OCCASIONS. [redacted] GAST APPEARS TO BE MENTALLY DISTURBED AND ALSO APPEARS TO ENJOY EXPOUNDING AT LENGTH CONCERNING HER EXPERIENCES AT THE CAROUSEL IN CANTON, OHIO.

GAST STATED SHE VISITED HER BROTHER-IN-LAW, HOWARD HANSON, ONE TWO ONE ZERO MASSACHUSETTS AVE., APARTMENT TWO, WASHINGTON, D.C., TELEPHONE AD TWO DASH SEVEN SEVEN ZERO ZERO WHO IS AN EMPLOYEE OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT. SHE RELATED THAT SHE TOLD THE ABOVE STORY TO HIM BUT DOES NOT KNOW IF HE TOOK ANY OFFICIAL ACTION CONCERNING SAME. SHE SAID SHE VISITED HER

END PAGE THREE

BROTHER-IN-LAW DURING THE WEEKEND OF THE PRESIDENT-S FUNERAL. GAST STATED SHE ATTENDED A TEN AM MEMORIAL MASS ON SUNDAY, NOV. TWENTYFOUR LAST, AT ST. PATRICK-S IN WASHINGTON, D.C., AND WHILE LEAVING THE CHURCH SHE SAW A MAN WHOM SHE THOUGHT TO BE JACK RUBY STANDING WITH SOME POLICEMEN NEAR THE STEPS OF THE CHURCH.

GAST IS A WHITE FEMALE, FIFTY YEARS OF AGE, AND MARRIED AND HAS THREE CHILDREN.

AKRON POLICE DEPARTMENT HAS NO RECORD CONCERNING THIS INDIVIDUAL.

IN ORDER TO CORROBORATE OR DISPROVE GAST-S INFORMATION, DALLAS ADVISE CLEVELAND IF THE ACTIVITIES OF RUBENSTEIN AND OSWALD DURING PERIOD NOV. ONE AND TWELVE LAST HAVE BEEN DETERMINED. IF WHEREABOUTS DURING THAT PERIOD INDICATE THEY MAY HAVE BEEN OUT OF TOWN, DALLAS SO ADVISE CLEVELAND.

DUE TO GAST-S QUESTIONABLE MENTAL STABILITY, CLEVELAND IS HOLDING FURTHER INVESTIGATION IN ABEYANCE AND NO ADDITIONAL LEADS ARE BEING SET FORTH UNTIL ANSWER RECEIVED FROM DALLAS.

AIR MAIL COPIES BEING FURNISHED BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICES IN VIEW OF FACT FURTHER INVESTIGATION MIGHT BE REQUESTED OF THESE OFFICES.

~~CORR SECOND PAR PAGE ONE DATE SHOULD BE DEC. TWO INSTEAD OF NOV.~~

END AND ACK PLS

4-28 PM OK FBI WA WS

3-28 PM OK FBI DL JVW

TU BOTH DISC

DEC 3 4 58 PM

FBI

MEC.D-1ffc

CC: Mr Rosen

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-3-63 7-18 JPM DE

TO DIRECTOR -5- 62-109060 AND SACS DALLAS 89-43 AND NEW ORLEANS 89-69?7

FROM SAC NEW YORK 105-38431

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS- R.

RENOTEL NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST, SETTING FORTH INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM LIEUTENANT FRANCIS L. MARTELLO, NOPD, OF ITEMS IN ENGLISH, " UNITED PRESS SEVEN TWO SIX SIX EIGHT ONE GOLDBERG AND MOSBY". IN ADDITION, IS A NOTATION" ASSOCIATED PRESS SEVEN SEVEN SIX FOUR THREE ZERO JOHNSON".

FRANCIS L. MC CARTHY, UPI, TWO TWO ZERO EAST FOURTY TWO STREET, NYC, ADVISED ON THIS DATE, ALINE MOSBY IS UPI REPORTER STATIONED IN PARIS BUREAU. MOSBY FORMERLY IN MOSCOW BUREAU OF UPI. STATES GOLDBERG IS PROBABLY A. I. GOLDBERG , AP REPORTER, FORMERLY IN MOSCOW.

UPI TELEPHONE NUMBER IN MOSCOW IS SEVEN TWO SIX SIX EIGHT ONE.

EDWIN KEITH FULLER, GENERAL EXECUTIVE, AP, FIFTY ROCKEFELLER CENTER, NYC, ADVISED THIS DATE THAT STANLEY J. F. JOHNSON WAS FORMERLY AP REPORTER IN MOSCOW BUREAU. LEFT MOSCOW AREA NINETEEN SIXTY TWO AND NOW STATIONED NYC. STATES A. I. GOLDBERG WAS FORMERLY AP REPORTER IN MOSCOW BUREAU BUT RECENTLY ASSIGEND TO AP OFFICE, UN STAFF, NYC.

AP TELEPHONE AT MOSCOW BUREAU IS SEVEN TWO SIX FOUR THREE ZERO.

53 DEC 11 1963 NOT INTERVIEWING GOLDBERG OR JOHNSON AT NYC.

END AND PLS ACK..... REC 19

105-82555-177

7-23 PM NY -5- VA JD

5 DEC 6 1963

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI

FROM SAC DALLAS (100-10461)

SUBJECT LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

ReLStel to Bureau, SACS DL and NO 11/30/63, 7:18 p.m., concerning information received from JAMES I. TERRELL that person possibly identical with OSWALD might have been in Saltillo, Mexico, in November, 1962.

Results of investigation by the Dallas Office reflect OSWALD resided in Dallas, Texas, during November, 1962. There is no information available indicating he was in Mexico at any time during this period.

3 - Bureau
2 - Louisville (105-620)
1 - New Orleans (Info)
2 - Dallas

WRH:vm
(8)

REC 14 105-82555-178

DEC 5 1963

EX-102

SOVIET SECTION

C. C. Wick

Approved: 53 DEC 11 1963 Sent _____ M Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 12-15-59)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN
(Type in plain text or code)

Via TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority or Method of Handling)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI, AND SACS, DALLAS
NEW YORK

FROM : SAC, WFO (105-37111)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R.

RE DALLAS TELETYPE WFO DECEMBER THREE LAST ADVISING RAY CARNAY, NEWS DIRECTOR, RADIO STATION KBEA, MISSION, KANSAS, REPORTED RICHARD TULLIS, JR. WAS WELL ACQUAINTED WITH PRO AND ANTI CASTRO CUBANS AND WOULD BE IN POSITION TO FURNISH INFO RE OSWALD. RETEL FURTHER REQUESTED INTERVIEW OF TULLIS, JR., TO DETERMINE IF OSWALD KNOWN TO HIM AND IF HE HAS KNOWLEDGE OF OSWALD BEING ASSOCIATED WITH EITHER PRO OR ANTI CASTRO CUBAN ORGANIZATIONS.

RICHARD TULLIS, SR., MAYFLOWER HOTEL, WASHINGTON, DC, ADVISED DECEMBER FOUR INSTANT SON RICHARD ANTHONY TULLIS, JR., LIVING AT SEAMANS INSTITUTE, TWENTYFIVE SOUTH STREET, NYC, NY, REQUESTED AS PREREQUISITE FOR FURNISHING INFORMATION THAT SON BE CONTACTED ONLY THERE AND NOT PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT TO AVOID

REC 37

105-82555-1798

(2) - Bureau
2 - Teletype Unit
1 - WFO
JFM:kmm
(4)

5 DEC 6 1963

61 DEC 10

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-54)

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

WFO 105-37111

PAGE TWO

POSSIBLE LOSS OF LATTER THROUGH INQUIRY THERE BY FBI.

FROM ELDER TULLIS REMARK RE SON HAVING BEEN QUESTIONED PREVIOUSLY BY AUTHORITIES RE NARCOTICS IN JAPAN AND ACTIVITIES IN CUBA, TULLIS, JR. APPEARS IDENTICAL WITH RICHARD ANTHONY TULLIS, WITH ALIAS, [redacted] INCOMPLETE WFO FILE SHOWS TULLIS, JR., INTERVIEWED NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT, FURNISHED INFO RE CUBAN ACTIVITIES.

NEW YORK INTERVIEW TULLIS, JR., AS OUTLINED UNLESS FILE pictures REVIEW PROHIBITS OTHERWISE.

CC-MR. ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 5 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-5-63 4-15 PM PM PST PAK

TO DIRECTOR, & SAC-S, LOS ANGELES /105-15823/, CHICAGO & DALLAS

FROM SAC, SAN FRANCISCO /89-58/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R. RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE, TWELVE TWO SIXTY-THREE.

RE - POSSIBLE TRAVEL, LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

INS RECORDS ON RAW MICROFILM LOCATED AND AFTER PROCESSING AT BAY MICROFILM CORPORATION, PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA, REVEALED THAT FLIGHT EIGHT HUNDRED, MEXICAN AIRLINES, MEXICO CITY TO CHICAGO ON NOVEMBER TWELVE SIXTYTHREE CARRIED TWO AMERICAN CITIZENS. BUS D. OSWALT, FOUR HUNDRED WEST KICKAPOO, HARTFORD CITY, INDIANA, THAT HE WAS BORN SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN NINETEEN THIRTYFIVE AT ROLL, INDIANA. SECOND US CITIZEN WAS JACKIE J. OSWALT, SAME ADDRESS AS BUS OSWALT AND BORN JANUARY EIGHT NINETEEN THIRTYFIVE IN HARTFORD CITY, INDIANA.

BAY MICROFILM ADVISES RAW INS MICROFILM CONCERNING FLIGHT EIGHT HUNDRED, MEXICAN AIRLINES, MEXICO CITY TO CHICAGO ON NOVEMBER ONE SIXTYTHREE WAS MAILED TO THE PHOTO STAT CORPORATION, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA ON DECEMBER ONE NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE.

END PAGE ONE

EX-102

REC-25 105-82553-1

25 DEC 9 1963

DEC 2 9 [illegible]

58DEC10 1963

PAGE TWO

LOS ANGELES RECONTACT PHOTO STAT CORPORATION AND AFTER FILM IS PROCESSED, FURNISHED THE INFORMATION REQUESTED BY CHICAGO CONCERNING INSTANT FLIGHT ON NOVEMBER ONE SIXTYTHREE.

END AND ACK IN O PLS

CHICAGO NOTIFIED SEPARATELY

6-20 PM OK FBI DL DEC

719 PM OK FBI WA LLD

4-20 PM OK FBI LA JLT

TU DSC

CC-MR. ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-5-63 11-43 PM RAM

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, DALLAS, NEW YORK, AND SAN FRANCISCO

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAC, CHICAGO /62-6115/ 3 PAGES

LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS DASH R.

RE LOS ANGELES TEL DECEMBER FOUR LAST.

FOR THE INFORMATION OF NEW YORK RE TEL ADVISED CALVIN SCOTT, SUPERVISOR STATISTICS, CONTINENTAL AIRLINES PAREN CAL END PAREN, LO ANGELES, ADVISED SA JOSEPH BOYLE POWELL DECEMBER FOUR LAST, THAT EL ABETH CAMPBELL RETURN TICKET FROM SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA, TO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, WAS REISSUED BY UNITED AIRLINES PAREN UAL END PAREN DATE, TICKET NUMBER AND PLACE OF ISSUE NOT KNOWN. NO DETAILS RETURN FLIGHT KNOWN TO CAL.

UAL TICKET REPOSITORY IS AT REVENUE ACCOUNTING OFFICE, CHICAGO FOR INFORMATION CHICAGO, ELIZABETH CAMPBELL ADVISED SHE RETURNED FR SACRAMENTO TO SAN ANTONIO ON AN UNKNOWN AIRLINE JANUARY TWO LAST AN OBSERVED PERSON POSSIBLY IDENTICAL TO OSWALD ON PLANE FROM DALLAS T SAN ANTONIO. THIS FLIGHT DESTINED ON TO MEXICO CITY FROM SAN ANTONI WAS POSSIBLY AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT FIFTYNINE, ORIGINATING AT CHI

REC 14 105-82555-181

CAMPBELL ORIGINALLY FLEW VIA CAL FLIGHT FIFTYSEVEN ON DECEMBER TWENTY-TWO LAST FROM SAN ANTONIO EN ROUTE SACRAMENTO AND HAD ROUND

END PAGE ONE...

DEC 6 1963

RELAYED TO Ny

53 DEC 11 1963

TRIP TICKET. RETURN WAS VIA BUS TO OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, DUE TO FOG. PROPELLER PLANE FROM OAKLAND VIA LOS ANGELES TO DALLAS, AND JET FROM DALLAS TO SAN ANTONIO. DEPARTURE FROM DALLAS ABOUT EIGHT P.M.

ON DECEMBER FIVE INSTANT, HARRY BURKE, TICKET CONTROL, UAL, MT. PROSPECT, ILLINOIS, ADVISED SA RAYMOND F. HOGAN THAT HE CANNOT CHECK HIS FILES UNLESS HE HAS THE TICKET NUMBER. MR. BURKE STATED THAT UAL SERVES ONLY SACRAMENTO TO SAN FRANCISCO AND DOES NOT SERVE SAN FRANCISCO TO LOS ANGELES OR LOS ANGELES TO DALLAS.

MICHAEL SCULLY, AMERICAN AIRLINES, O/HARE FIELD, CHICAGO, ILLINO ADVISED SA HOGAN ON DECEMBER FIVE INSTANT, THAT AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT NUMBER FIFTYNINE ORIGINATED IN CHICAGO WITH STOPS AT DALLAS, SAN ANTONIO AND TERMINATING AT MEXICO CITY. MR. SCULLY ADVISED THAT THEY RETAIN THE FLIGHT MANIFEST FOR ONLY FOUR MONTHS AND THEN IT IS DESTROYED. HE WAS OF THE OPINION THAT AMERICAN AIRLINES NEEDS A TICKET NUMBER IN ORDER TO ASCERTAIN WHAT FLIGHT A CERTAIN INDIVIDUAL FLEW ON AMERICAN AIRLINES. THEY HAVE NO INFORMATION IN CHICAGO CONCERNING A FLIGHT IN JANUARY LAST.

END PAGE TWO...

CG 62-6115

PAGE THREE

NEW YORK AT NEW YORK WILL CONTACT [redacted] SECURITY OFFICER, AMERICAN AIRLINES AND ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE WHAT FLIGHT CAMPBELL USED FROM DALLAS TO SAN ANTONIO JANUARY TWO LAST.

END AND ACK PLS.....

WA AND FOR RELAY 12-50 AM OK FBI WA MFL FOR RELAY

DL 11-50 PM OK FBI DL DEC

SF 9-50 PM PST OK FNIXXX FBI SF RJO

HU ALL DISCM

RA

DEC 3

FBI

CC-MR. ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 5 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
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Mr. Conrad
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Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
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Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-5-63 11-01 PM EST FJH

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, CINCINNATI /105-2505/ 4P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD/ INTERNAL SECURITY-R.

RE POSSIBLE IDENTIFICATION OF OSWALD MEXICO CITY.

JESSE GREGORY, CINCINNATI, OHIO, RETIRED, WASHINGTON D. C. CSC EMPLOYEE AND A NEGRO, ADVISED DECEMBER FIVE, INSTANT, HE VACATIONED IN MEXICO CITY, FROM AUGUST THIRTY, SIXTY-THREE, TO SEPTEMBER TWENTY-NINE, SIXTY-THREE.

GREGORY ROOMED AT A BOARDING HOUSE LOCATED FORTY-THREE VARSOBIA, OPERATED BY CARMEN GODOY. DURING INITIAL PERIOD, BOARDING HOUSE OCCUPIED BY ABOUT TWELVE PERSONS, ALL LATIN AMERICANS. ON ABOUT SEPTEMBER TWENTY-THREE OR TWENTY-FOUR, SIXTY-THREE, A WHITE AMERICAN, NAME UNKNOWN, AGE TWENTY TO TWENTY-FIVE, ARRIVED FORTY-THREE VARSOBIA, OCCUPIED ROOM LOCATED OVER DETACHED GARAGE OF HOUSE. THIS INDIVIDUAL-S LUGGAGE CONSISTED OF SINGLE, SMALL, DARK COLOR AIRLINE TYPE HANDBAG GREGORY STATES THIS WHITE AMERICAN BEARS STRIKING RESEMBLANCE TO SUBJECT, WHOM HE KNOWS ONLY FROM NEWSPAPER AND TELEVISION

53 DEC 11 1963
REC 7 105-82555-18
DEC 6 1963

CI 105-2505

PHOTOGRAPHS.

GREGORY IN COMPANY OF WHITE AMERICAN ONLY FOR A PERIOD OF ONE HOUR, HAVING BREAKFAST AT THE BOARDING HOUSE ON DAY AFTER THE SUSPECTS ARRIVAL. DURING FOLLOWING PERIOD OF ABOUT ONE WEEK, SUSPECT KEPT TO HIMSELF AND DID NOT MIX WITH OTHER OCCUPANTS SO FAR AS KNOWN TO GREGORY. DURING ONE DISCUSSION SUSPECT HAD WITH GREGORY, SUSPECT EXPRESSED GREAT DISSATISFACTION WITH THE U.S. GOVERNMENT BECAUSE OF RACIAL PROBLEMS. SUSPECT DID NOT MAKE ANY STATEMENTS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT OR ANY PARTICULAR GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

SUSPECT INDICATED TO GREGORY HE WAS ATTENDING COLLEGE IN MEXICO CITY LOCATED ON DELAROFORMA STREET. SUSPECT SPOKE FAIR CONVERSATIONAL SPANISH. GREGORY STATED SUSPECT FIVE FOOT ONE INCH TO FIVE FOOT FOUR INCHES, WEIGHT ABOUT ONE SIXTY LBS. BUT GAVE THIN APPEARANCE, LIGHT TAN BUT UNHEALTHY COMPLEXION, WEARING LONG SLEEVE PULLOVER DARK BROWN OR VERY DARK BLUE SWEATER, VERY DIRTY WHITE SHIRT, NO

CORR 1L3 W2 SHD BE / FAIR/

CI 105-2505

TIE, TROUSERS DARK, BAGGY. SPEECH NOT NOTICEABLY REGIONAL, MAY HAVE BEEN MIDDLE WEST OR SOUTH WEST, SPOKE SOFTLY, USING WORD QUOTE ROTTEN UNQUOTE FREQUENTLY. APPEARED TO BE INTROVERT TYPE PERSON. GREGORY ADVISED ONE RUBEN B. MARENTES MEZA EMPLOYED MEXICAN GOVERNMENT AS AN ELECTRICAL ENGINEER ALSO ROOMING AT FORTY-THREE VARSOBIA.

UPON LEARING GREGORY LEAVING MEXICO CITY, SEPTEMBER TWENTY-NINE, SIXTY-THREE, TO VISIT GUADALAJARA, MEZA WROTE LETTER TO DONNA DELORES RUBIO, SIX EIGHT TWO JAUREZ, GUADALAJARA, AND ARRANGED ROOM FOR GREGORY AT THIS PLACE.

ON ARRIVAL THIS ADDRESS, SEPTEMBER TWENTY-NINE, SIXTY-THREE, GREGORY OBSERVED HOUSE FREQUENTED BY GROUP OF YOUNG MEXICANS, ONE OF WHOM INFORMED GREGORY TWO ROOMS, SECOND FLOOR, THIS ADDRESS BEING UTILIZED TO CIRCULATE COMMUNIST LITERATURE. GREGROY NEVER SAW EVIDENCE COMMUNIST LITERATURE BEING CIRCULATED THIS HOUSE. GREGORY DISCUSSED CIRCULATION OF COMMUNIST LITERATURE WITH SAMUEL B. SOUTHWELL,

CI 105-2505

PUBLIC AFFAIRS OFFICER, U.S. INFORMATION SERVICE, AT GUADALAJARA. SOUTHWELL TOLD GREGORY, SIX EIGHT TWO JAUREZ STREET HOUSE KNOWN UNTIL A YEAR OR TWO AGO AS LOCATION OF RUSSIAN CULTURAL CENTER BUT SOUTHWELL HAD NO KNOWLEDGE COMMUNIST CURRENTLY USING THIS LOCATION FOR ANY PURPOSE.

GREGORY SPECULATES SIX EIGHT TWO JAUREZ WAS BEING USED BY COMMUNISTS AND THAT MEZA DIRECTED HIM THERE TO INVOLVE HIM WITH COMMUNISTS. GREGORY FURTHER SPECULATES OTHER PERSONS RESIDING AT FORTY-THREE VARSOBIA, MEXICO CITY, MAY HAVE BEEN COMMUNISTS AND THIS STRENGTHENS HIS SUSPICION UNKNOWN WHITE MALE AMERICAN SUSPECT MAY HAVE BEEN SUBJECT.

GREGORY FURNISHED LIST OF NINE OTHER LATIN AMERICANS LIVING AT FORTY-THREE VARSOBIA DURING THIS PERIOD.

NO LEADS BEING SET OUT ON BASIS OF GREGORY-S INTERVIEW BECAUSE DALLAS MAY POSSESS INFORMATION CONCERNING SUBJECT-S ACTIVITIES IN MEXICO CITY.

END ACK IN ORD

WA 11-13 PM OK FBI WA JR

DL 10-12 PM OK FBI DL DEC

DISC

CC-MR. ROSEN

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 183

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

4

CIA

REFERRAL

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Bland
1 - Mr. Mannall
1 - Mr. Turner
11/29/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

105-82555-184

TO SACS DETROIT
DALLAS-1021

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

REBUTEL NOVEMBER TWENTY-SEVEN LAST ENTITLED QUOTE JACK RUBY, AKA, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, VICTIM - DECEASED, CIVIL RIGHTS END QUOTE.

AUTHORITY GRANTED TO INTERVIEW KISILA FOR ANY INFORMATION HE MAY HAVE RE OSWALD OR ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT.

RDC:AMS
(7)

1 - 105-122898

NOTE:

Detroit has received info that a local newspaper reporter attempted to interview David August Kisila re FPCC and Oswald. He gave evasive answers concerning Oswald but acknowledged former membership in FPCC. Kisila is teacher in public schools at Livonia, Michigan, is on Reserve Index A, and has been active in FPCC matters in Detroit area. Detroit will confine interview to assassination and Oswald.

2 COPIES DESTROYED
21 FEB 02 1973

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 29 1963
TELETYPE

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes

58DEC 10 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 27 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-27-63 6-09 AM RJH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

FROM SAC, DETROIT (44-[illegible])

~~NOVEMBER~~ UP

JACK RUBY, AKA., LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. DASH VICTIM DASH DECEASED. CIVIL RIGHTS.

BUREAU AUTHORITY REQUESTED TO INTERVIEW DAVID ADAMS ELSILA, BUFILE ~~ONE HUNDRED~~ MICH DASH FOUR TWO TWO EIGHT NINE EIGHT, RI DASH A, SUBJECT OF DE OFFICE, WHO HAS BEEN ACTIVE IN DE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA ~~COMMITTEE~~ FINLAND COMMITTEE PAREN FPCC PAREN AND WHO ATTENDED WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL, HELSINKI IN NINETEEN SIXTY TWO.

INFO RECEIVED THAT A PONTIAC, MICH., NEWS REPORTER ATTEMPTED TO INTERVIEW ELSILA RE FPCC AND OSWALD. ELSILA GAVE EVASIVE ANSWERS RE ANY KNOWLEDGE OR ACQUAINTANCE WITH OSWALD BUT INDICATED HAD IN PAST BEEN ACTIVE IN FPCC.

ELSILA EMPLOYED AS TEACHER, LIVONIA, MICH., PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND HAS IN PAST WORKED AS A REPORTER FOR LIVONIA AND REDFORD, MICH., WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS.

ELSILA WILL BE INTERVIEWED ONLY CONCERNING POSSIBLE ACQUAINTANCE WITH OSWALD AND ANY KNOWLEDGE OF EVENTS CONCERNING ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND DIRECT QUESTIONS WILL NOT BE ASKED RE SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES UNLESS SAME IS VOLUNTEERED.

END AND ACK PLS

DON WILLETT

WA 6-15 AM OK FBI WA RFL

DL 5-13 AM CST OK FBI DL FLL

TU CLEAR

REC-7 105-82555-78

DEC 3 1963

NOT RECORDED 11 NOV 27 1963

DEC 9 1963

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. TROTTER

DATE: 11-29-63

FROM : A. K. Bowles

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

This afternoon, Ident received the fingerprints of Lee Harvey Oswald, #54018, from the Police Department, Dallas, Texas, showing his arrest November 22, 1963 for assassination of President of the United States and murder of Dallas police officer. The fingerprint card also shows he was shot and killed November 24, 1963 while being transferred in custody.

These current fingerprints are identical with record of Lee Harvey Oswald, FBI #327 925D. The current arrest and death data have been added to his identification record, copy of which is attached.

ACTION:

For record.

Enclosure
1 - Mr. Rosen (with enclosure)

AKB:jf
(4)

105-82555

ENCL

REC-12 105-82555-181

DEC 9 1963

58DEC10 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

11-29-63
(382 Bx)

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Marine	Lee Harvey Oswald #1653230	October 24 1956		
Police Department New Orleans Louisiana	Lee Harvey Oswald #112-723	August 9 1963	828 MCS 42-22 disturbing the peace by creating a scene	
Police Department Dallas Texas	Lee Harvey Oswald #54018	November 22 1963	assassination of the President of the United States murder of Dallas police officer	shot and killed November 24 1963 while being transferred custody

Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, communicate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads as being possibly identical with subject of this record.

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1961—O-613915

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

11-29-67
1882 BSL

2

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION

Carbon Copy- Veterans Administration
Washington District of Columbia

Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, communicate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investi-

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

1-Bureau

11-25-63 [illegible]

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

The following FBI record, NUMBER 327 925 D , is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
	FLASH BY BUREAU: Lee Harvey Oswald (maybe identical) Any information or inquiry received notify Espionage Section, Division Five, Bureau (Reference memorandum dated November 4, 1959 captioned Lee Harvey Oswald Internal Security - Russia). FLASH CANCELLED information received October 9, 1963.			

THIS PAGE SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIC

Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. Where final disposition is not shown or further explanation of charge is desired, communicate with agency contributing those fingerprints.

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investi-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

REC-18

URGENT 11-30-63 7-37 PM EST MB

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS DALLAS AND NEW YORK

FROM SAC, NEW HAVEN /100-18158/

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

ON NOV. THIRTY INSTANT, JACK D. TIPPIT, SELFEMPLOYED CARTOONIST FOR NATIONAL MAGAZINES AND WIFE, ONE SIX FOUR NEW TOWN TURNPIKE, WESTPORT, CONN., ADVISED AS FOLLOWS. AT APPROXIMATELY ELEVEN THIRTY AM ON INSTANT DATE MRS. TIPPIT RECEIVED A TELEPHONE CALL FROM UNKNOWN WOMAN WHO ASKED IF MR. TIPPIT WAS A POLICEMAN AND IF HE WAS RELATED TO THE POLICEMAN TIPPIT WHO WAS SHOT IN DALLAS. MRS. TIPPIT REPLIED HER HUSBAND WAS NOT A POLICEMAN, WAS DISTANTLY RELATED TO OFFICER TIPPIT AND [redacted] OF CALLER. ON ANOTHER EXTENSION JACK TIPPIT LISTENED TO BALANCE OF PHONE CALL. THE WOMAN SAID SHE COULD NOT GIVE HER NAME AS SHE WAS AFRAID OF BEING KILLED, THAT SHE WAS FROM NEW YORK AND HAD TO COME "HERE" TO MAKE THE CALL SO THAT SHE COULD NOT BE TRACED AS SHE WAS IN FEAR OF HER

ST 105 REC-18 105-82555-1

5 DEC 6 1963

END PAGE ONE

58DEC10 1963

RELAYED TO NY

LIFE. THE WOMAN REQUESTED THAT NOTHING BE SAID TO THE PRESS ABOUT A WOMAN CALLING AS THEY WOULD KNOW HER IDENTITY AND SHE WOULD BE KILLED.

THE WOMAN SAID SHE KNEW OSWALD-S FATHER AND UNCLE WHO WERE HUNGARIANS AND COMMUNISTS. THE WOMAN CONTINUED THAT OSWALD-S FATHER AND UNCLE HAD LIVED AT SEVENTY SEVENTH AND SECOND AVENUE, YORKVILLE, NYC, THAT WHILE LIVING THERE-BOTH WERE UNEMPLOYED, GOT THEIR MONEY FROM THE COMMUNISTS AND SPENT ALL THERE TIME IN COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES.

THE WOMAN THEN BEGAN SPEAKING INDISTINCTLY, DISJOINTEDLY, AND NERVOUSLY. SHE STATED SHE HAD TWO NAMES TO GIVE AND MENTIONED THE NAME EMILE KARDOS AND SAID SOMETHING ABOUT A BROTHER IN LAW. WHEN MRS. TIPPIT TRIED TO FIND OUT WHOSE BROTHER IN LAW THE WOMAN KEPT REPEATING THE WORD BROTHER IN LAW, THE WOMAN STATED KARDOS IS HEAD OF THE COMMUNISTS AND THAT THIS GROUP IN NEW YORK NOW HAS CHARTS AND MAPS. THE WOMAN SAID SOMETHING ABOUT WEINSTOCK THE EDITOR OF QUOTE WOMAN-S WORLD UNQUOTE BUT DID NOT GIVE FURTHER DETAILS.. THE WOMAN SAID THE

END PAGE TWO

GROUP IN NEW YORK PLANS TO TAKE OVER THE GOVERNMENT, THAT OF COURSE THEY WOULD DENY THIS BUT SHE KNEW IT TO BE TRUE. SHE THEN HUNG UP ABRUPTLY." THE WOMAN NEVER GAVE ANY REASON FOR HER CALL WHICH SOUNDED LOCAL. MRS. TIPPIT THOUGHT THE WOMAN HAD AN AUSTRIAN OR GERMAN ACCENT WHILE MR. TIPPIT BELIEVED IT WAS SPANISH. BOTH FELT THE WOMAN SOUNDED LIKE A MATURE ADULT AND DID NOT HAVE A YOUTHFUL VOICE.

MR. TIPPIT EXPLAINED WOMAN MAY HAVE OBTAINED HIS IDENTITY FROM AN ARTICLE ON PAGE ONE OF NORWALK, CONN. QUOTE HOUR UNQUOTE FOR NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST, WHICH STATED THAT HE MAY BE A DISTANT RELATIVE OF THE DALLAS POLICEMAN. TIPPIT SAID ARTICLE RESULTED FROM TELEPHONE CALL FROM REPORTER WHO WAS CHECKING ALL TIPPITS IN LOCAL TELEPHONE DIRECTORIES.

BUREAU REQUESTED TO COORDINATE ABOVE WITH ANY OTHER INFORMATION TO DETERMINE IF PERTINENT AS NEW HAVEN HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF THE RESIDENCE AND ASSOCIATES OF OSWALD-S FATHER AND UNCLE.

END AND ACK PLS

7-48 PM OK FBI WA LLD FOR RELAY

6-47 PM CST OK FBI DL FL

TU PLSDISC M

CC-MR. ROSEN

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

SECRET DATE: December 1, 1963

FROM : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Turner

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

105-82555

This memorandum contains a review of the Soviet Consular file on Lee Harvey Oswald turned over to the State Department by the Soviet Embassy 11/30/63. The file shows correspondence between the Soviet Embassy and Mr. and Mrs. Oswald concerning her registration as a Soviet citizen and the return of both to the Soviet Union.

Background

On 11/30/63 Anatoli Dobrynin, Soviet Ambassador to the United States, turned over to the Secretary of State a file alleged to be the complete consular file on Lee H. and Marina Oswald maintained in the Soviet Embassy, Washington, D. C. The contents of this file have been translated into the English language.

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 2-3
Date of Declassification Indefinite
11/3/77 EFTO

Review of File

The first item in the file is a letter dated 7/6/62 from Marina Oswald to the Embassy for the purpose of registering as a Soviet citizen in the United States. By letter 7/9/62 the Embassy requested her to send her Soviet Residence Permit in for registration. She evidently did so as on 8/15/62 she asked the Embassy what had happened to her permit. On 8/28/62 the Embassy advised her the document had been received and that her passport would be sent to her soon.

The file contained a New Year's greeting card from Marina and Lee Oswald addressed to "All Russian Employees of the Soviet Embassy."

By letter 2/17/63 Marina Oswald requested information on how she could return to the Soviet Union and she asked for material aid to do so. She said her husband would remain in the United States since he was an American citizen. By letter dated 3/8/63 the Soviet Embassy instructed her to fill out an application, furnish a detailed biography and request permission to return to the Soviet Union. She was told the processing of this application would take five to six months.

105-82555-187

105-82555

JPL:rbm (8)

DEC 18

XEROX SECRET

25 DEC 9 1963

DEC 9 1963

ST-105

DEC 10 1963

SECRET

On 3/17/63 she submitted a request for a visa to re-enter the Soviet Union and submitted a one-page autobiography of herself and a two-page questionnaire filled out as an individual requesting a visa. In this questionnaire she stated that her name was Marina Nikolaevna Oswald and that she was born 7/17/41 in Severo-Dvinsk, Arkhangelskaya Oblast. She stated that she was a Soviet citizen and that she was a housewife ~~and~~ she had a small child and did not understand the English language. She stated that until June, 1962, she had lived in Russia and worked as a pharmacist. In her autobiography she stated that she lived with her mother and stepfather in Leningrad and had graduated from secondary school and attended the Leningrad Pharmaceutical School.

By letter dated 4/18/63 the Soviet Embassy informed her it would be desirable if she could come to Washington and, if she could not do so, furnish the Embassy the reasons which caused her to start proceedings to enter the Soviet Union. By letter dated 6/4/63 this request for such information was repeated.

A three-page, undated letter from Marina Oswald furnished her reasons for requesting repatriation. She gave as the main reason homesickness and unemployment on the part of both herself and her husband. In this letter she also stated that her husband "expresses a sincere wish" to return to the Soviet Union.

On 7/1/63 Lee Oswald wrote to the Soviet Embassy and requested expeditious handling of his wife's request for a visa and asked that his visa be handled separately. On 8/5/63 Mrs. Oswald was advised that her request had been forwarded to Moscow for processing.

The last item in the file is a letter written by Lee Oswald * DATED 11-9-63 from Post Office Box 6225, Dallas, Texas, in which he reported that he had contacted the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City. He pointed out that he was unable to remain in Mexico indefinitely. He stated that he had not planned to contact the Soviet Embassy in Mexico and, if he had been able to reach the Soviet Embassy in Havana as planned, that Embassy would have had time to complete their business. In this letter he also mentioned that the Federal Bureau of Investigation had visited his wife and himself in Dallas, Texas, on November 1 and suggested to his wife that she could remain in the United States.

SECRET

SECRET

Texas

He stated that he and his wife strongly protested these tactics. Of course, our Agents in Dallas did not interview Mr. and Mrs. Oswald on 11/1/63. On that date an Agent from the Dallas Office interviewed Mrs. Ruth Paine, landlady of the subject, to ascertain the location of Oswald. Mrs. Paine was friendly and cooperative and advised that Oswald was working at the Texas School Book Depository and had a room in Dallas, the address of which she did not know. During the interview, Marina Oswald entered the room and upon learning the identity of our Agent showed some alarm. She was assured through Mrs. Paine that the Agent was not there to molest her in any way. She was not interviewed nor was an approach of any kind made to her. (S)

[redacted]

ACTION:

The above is submitted for information.

SECRET

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 12/1/63

FROM : Mr. R. W. Smith

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

ASAC Kyle Clark of Dallas Office called at 1:55 a.m., 12/1/63, to advise subject's wife had become much more cooperative and interview was becoming productive. She had been interviewed for six hours on 11/30/63 and furnished information concerning her teen years and how she met Oswald in Minsk, Russia. ASAC Clark advised a teletype was being sent with full details and interview would be resumed today.

ACTION:

For information.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Mr. Vizas

CJV:rbm
(7)

REC-40

105-82555 UNREC.
NOT RECORDED
199 MAR 16 1964

53 DEC 11 1963
61 MAR 17 1964

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 188

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

4

CIA

REFERRAL

TRUE COPY

210 Sandra Drive
Jensen Beach
Fla Nov 26th 63

To Mr. J. E Hoover. F. B. Investigation

Dear Sir.

As one of the many millions of Americans who are grieved, shocked, and outraged, by the willful, and premediated murder of our beloved President, John F. Kennedy, I am at a loss to know why some simple precautionary measures were not taken to insure his absolute safety. Oswald was very well known to the F. B. I and other agencies of the Federal Government. A letter that he had written to the Sec of the Navy was on file in Washington. In this letter he promised to right a wrong that he felt was committed against him while he served in the U. S. Marines. He was also known as a communist sympathizer and a supporter of Fidel Castro.

According to reports that I listened to on television. Oswald was questioned by the U. S. Secret Service a short time ago. In view of all these things. I would like to know the following. Why was this man allowed to remain at large during the time our beloved President was visiting Dallas Texas? Had Oswald been locked up or at least kept under constant surveilance I feel that he would not have the oppurtinity to fire the fatal shot, that has taken the life of a great President and an outstanding world leader.

Respectfully Yours,
Patrick McKeever

12-2-63
1 TC
dll
and
12-2-63
cyy: dll

REC-40 105-82555-189

ST-105

6 DEC 6 1963

REC-40 105-82555-189

ST-105

December 4, 1963

Mr. Patrick McKeever
210 Sandra Drive
Jensen Beach, Florida

Lee Oswald

Dear Mr. McKeever:

Your letter of November 26th has been received, and I want you to know my associates and I certainly share your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy.

With regard to your comments, I would like to point out the protection of the President and his immediate family is the responsibility of the Secret Service. Nevertheless the full facilities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation were immediately deployed to assist that agency, and the President has instructed the FBI to conduct a full investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald. I can assure you that this Bureau will discharge its responsibilities in this regard with the same thoroughness and dispatch that have characterized our investigations in the past.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 5
DEC - 4 1963
COMM-FBI

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.
CJJ:dll
(3)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter

DEC 10 1963

DEC 4 3 23 PM '63
RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

FBI
DEC 4 3 30 PM 1963
U.S. READING ROOM

(5)

210 Sandra
Jensen Bea
Fla Nov 2

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Del
Mr. Evan
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

To Mr J. E Hoover. F. B Investigation

EXP. PROC.

35 NOV 20 1963

12/9 #6

Dear Sir.

The many millions of Americans who are grieved and outraged by the willful and premedicated murder of our beloved President. John F Kennedy. I am at a loss to know why some simple precautionary measures were not taken to insure his absolute safety. Oswald was very well known to the F.B.I and other agencies of the Federal Government. A letter that he had written to the Sec of the Navy was on file in Washington. In this letter he promised to right a wrong that he felt was committed against him while he served in the U.S. Marines. He was also known as a communist sympathizer. and a supporter of Fidel Castro.

According to reports that I listened to on television. Oswald was questioned by the U.S. Secret Service a short time ago.

In view of all these things. I would like to know the following. Why was this man allowed to remain at large during the time of our beloved President was visiting Dallas Texas? Had Oswald been locked up or at least kept under constant surveilance. I feel sure he would not have had opportunity to do the fatal deed that has taken the life of a great President and an outstanding world leader.

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

CORRESPONDENC

Respectfully Yours
Patrick Mc

nml
ITC
12-2-63 ml

ml 12-8-63
CJG:dll

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : MR. TURNER ETT/hmt DATE: 12-4-63

FROM : MR. BRANIGAN

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R 105-82555

SA Emory M. Gregg called from Quantico 12-3-63 to advise that they had received a call from the Marine Provost Marshal, Wilbur H. Ausley, to the effect that C.Y. Rolleston and his wife were then visiting the Provost Marshal's office.

According to Ausley, Rolleston claimed to have been in recent touch with the Soviet Embassy and he also claimed to be acquainted with Lee Harvey Oswald. He was described as a landscape painter and appeared to be an itinerant type.

Contact was made with clerical employee Lloyd of the Richmond Office and he was instructed to contact the SAC and arrange for the immediate interview of Rolleston by an Agent of the Fredericksburg Resident Agency.

WAB:hrt
(3)

1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Turner

REC-16 105-82555-191

25 DEC 9 1963

58DEC101963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: 12/4/63

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Inspector Malley called from Dallas with respect to interviews we are currently conducting of Mrs. Oswald. He stated the Secret Service in Dallas advised today that they had been informed by James Martin, apartment owner, who has out of sympathy offered an apartment to Mrs. Oswald, where she is presently staying, has stated he feels Mrs. Oswald now needs an attorney to handle her affairs. Martin indicated to the Secret Service that he did not foresee any difficulty insofar as interviews of Mrs. Oswald by the FBI or the Secret Service is concerned but noted that she had apparently had several offers of a financial nature and should have legal advice before acting on same.

According to information reported by the Secret Service, John M. Thorne of Grand Prairie, Texas, has been engaged as Mrs. Oswald's attorney.

Dallas files show that [redacted] It was further indicated in Dallas files that [redacted] From what Dallas can ascertain thus far, Thorne is a civil lawyer and is not engaged in criminal practice. He allegedly conferred with Mrs. Oswald today.

Interviews with Mrs. Oswald will continue under the present arrangement and the Bureau will be advised should Thorne make any contact with the FBI. Inspector Malley advised additional background information is being obtained relative to Thorne. Bureau files are being checked on Thorne and you will be advised.

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan

HAS:mpd (8)

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
199 MAR 16 1964

UNREC.

MAR 16 1964

REC 30

61 MAR 17 1964

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 12-4-63 [redacted] UNRECORDED 2ND AFTER 190

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO. 4

SECRET SERVICE

REFERRAL

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-4-63 9-10 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR, FBI ATTN- ASST. DIR. SULLIVAN

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO, ASSAULT OF FEDERAL INTERNAL SECURITY-RUSSIA: CUBA ~~IS DASH R DASH CUBA~~.

RE MARINA OSWALD.

MR. JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, RESIDENT MANAGER, INN OF THE SIX FLAGS, FORT WORTH DASH DALLAS, WHO RESIDES AT ~~ONE ONE SIX ONE ONE~~ 1167 FARRAR ST., DALLAS TEX., AND IN WHOSE HOME MARINA OSWALD IS PRESENTLY STAYING, ADVISED BU AGENTS OF THE FOLLOWING TODAY-

HE HAS BEEN CONTACTED BY A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE HUNTLEY ~~SASH~~ BRINKLEY REPORTS WITH REFERENCE TO POSSIBLE APPEARANCE OF MARINA OSWALD ON ONE OF THESE PROGRAMS. MARINA IS TO CONFER WITH THE REPRESENTATIVE TOMORROW, PROBABLY AT THE INN OF THE SIX FLAGS. HE STATED THAT POSSIBLY THE INTERVIEW WITH MARINA WOULD BE TAPED ON FRIDAY OR SATURDAY NEXT.

MARTIN ADVISED THAT HE CONSIDERS HIMSELF AS THE AGENT FOR MARINA.

REC-34

EX-105

79 DEC 12 1963

END AND ACK PLS

10-14 PM OK FBI WA LLD

TU AND DSIC TO MR. ROSEN

105-82555 UNREC.

NOT RECORDED

199 MAR 16 1964

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Belmont — Rosen

DATE: December 7, 1963

FROM : ~~A. Rosen~~ Sandy

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

This is to advise that a collect call was accepted at 4:16 p.m. on 12-7-63 from a Miss Laura Smith, room 324, Capitol Hotel, 73 Pryor Street, Atlanta, Georgia, who indicated that she had information concerning captioned subject which she desired to make available to the FBI. Miss Smith at first stated that she did not desire to contact the local FBI office.

Miss Smith advised that sometime during August, 1963, she met an individual in Atlanta believed to have been Lee Harvey Oswald during a period when the late President John F. Kennedy was scheduled to give a talk in that area. Miss Smith advised that the individual she believes to have been Oswald informed her that he had just arrived in town and was from Dallas, Texas. She stated that her conversation with this person was not too lengthy but she would appreciate being contacted by an FBI Agent to discuss same at which time she was informed that an Agent of our Atlanta Office would contact her in the immediate future.

ACTION

Atlanta Office has been instructed to contact Miss Smith and determine if she has any information of value to this investigation and advise the Bureau. Bureau indices negative re Smith based on limited information available concerning caller.

ST-105

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Turner

REC 7 105-82555-

SFM:cac
(8) cac

25 DEC 9 1963

61 DEC 12 1963

December 3, 1963.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
F.B.I. Director
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

With regard to the killing of Lee Oswald by Jack Ruby, I am curious as to an interview which was broadcast on T.V. right after the killing.

Shortly after Ruby killed Oswald, a man (Mr. Sol, Mr. Senator, or some such name) was interviewed and he stated his belief that Ruby had shot Oswald in the heat of emotion and a group, including himself (he happened to be in the bonding business) wanted to get Ruby out on bond and were prepared to put up ANY amount to secure his release on bond.

Who are these people who are, so soon after the shooting, ready to put up "any amount" for Ruby's bond considering the probability they must have read how Soblen jumped his $100,000 bond and fled to England? Few people, it would seem, would be able to secure such backing (especially an operator of a strip tease joint) so soon .

Also, Oswald's first choice of a lawyer to represent him was John Abt. Mr. Abt's refusal to represent Oswald on the basis that "it would not be fair to his other clients" seemed flimsy. One wonders if this was the signal that Oswald was being deserted by his idealogical colleagues and to foreclose the possibility that Oswald might "talk" he had to be silenced.

Ruby's seemingly easy access to the jail in view of his record puzzles many people. This is especially puzzling in view of the universal knowledge that Ruby was an unpredictably hot-tempered, emotional person. His offer of "free drinks" to newsmen, at his bar, (which was closed) does not give the impression of a man deeply sorrowful and emotionally upset over the assassination.

In view of the tragic event which took place, one can't help remembering the appearance of a spiritualist named Stella on the Jack Carson show a few weeks ago. She foretold that the Communists would, in the not too distant future, make a power move from a place not too far from our shores. She stated that no people would be killed but there would be panic and all lights would go out and Jack Carson would not be able to broadcast. As it coincidentally happened, all the lights on Broadway were turned out and Jack Carson wasn't able to broadcast for several days. I realize this is just an unusual fluke coincidence, but in view of what happened, I'll wager a lot of people recall it.

It took 50 years for a John Chancellor to report that British archives contained a list of the guns the Lusitania carried when sunk. We may never get the full truth about President Kennedy's assassination.

(Mrs.)

7 Robin Circle, Madison 5, Wis.

REC-16 105-82555-192
NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 9 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 12-3-63 10-22 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR ATTN- ASST. DIR. SULLIVAN

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/ 5P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, also known as, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

MARINA OSWALD INTERVIEWED AGAIN TODAY. SHE WAS ASKED ABOUT THE LETTER WRITTEN IN RUSSIAN WHICH HAD BEEN FOUND IN A COOK BOOK AT THE PAINE-S HOUSE. MARINA ADVISED SHE HAD FOUND THIS LETTER IN A ROOM WHERE OSWALD KEPT HIS THINGS AT THE NEELEY STREET ADDRESS ONE NIGHT LAST SPRING. ON THIS NIGHT OSWALD, WHO HAD TOLD HER THAT HE WAS GOING TO ATTEND A TYPEWRITING CLASS AT THE DALLAS EVENING SCHOOL, CAME RUSHING INTO THE HOUSE AROUND MIDNIGHT VERY PALE AND AGITATED. HE IMMEDIATELY TURNED ON THE RADIO AND LAY ON THE BED IN A VERY AGITATED CONDITION. MARINA ASKED HIM WHAT WAS WRONG, AND HE REPLIED HE HAD SHOT AND TRIED TO KILL GENERAL WALKER BY SHOOTING AT HIM WITH A RIFLE, AND THAT HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER HE HAD HIT HIM OR NOT. SHE BECAME ANGRY AT HIM FOR

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-19

DEC 6 1963

XEROX

6-8F

53 DEC 11 1963

DL 89-43

DOING THIS, AND HE REPLIED THAT GENERAL WALKER WAS THE LEADER OF THE FASCISTS HERE, AND IT WAS BEST TO REMOVE HIM. THEY LISTENED TO THE RADIO FOR THE REPORTS CONCERNING THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF WALKER, AND MARINA WAS GLAD WHEN THE REPORT CAME THAT THE BULLET HAD NOT HIT WALKER.

MARINA SAID SHE THOUGHT OSWALD USED TO SHOOT AT GENERAL WALKER THE SAME RIFLE WHICH HE HAD AT THE NEELEY STREET AND THE PAINE HOUSES. SHE SAID HE DID NOT TAKE THE RIFLE WITH HIM TO HER KNOWLEDGE WHEN HE LEFT THE HOUSE THE EVENING THAT HE SHOT AT GENERAL WALKER, NOR DID HE BRING IT BACK WITH HIM. SHE QUESTIONED HIM THE NEXT DAY, AND HE TOLD HER THAT HE HAD HIDDEN THE RIFLE IN THE BUSHES OR IN THE GROUND. SHE ASKED HIM HOW HE HAD GOTTEN AWAY FROM THE WALKER HOUSE, AND HE REPLIED THAT HE COULD RUN VERY FAST, AND HE HAD COME HOME ON THE BUS. HE SAID THE POLICE THOUGHT THAT THE WOULD BE ASSASSIN HAD AN AUTOMOBILE.

END PAGE TWO

DL 89-43

MARINA STATED THAT FOR A PERIOD OF A MONTH BEFORE THE ATTEMPT OF WALKER-S LIFE, OSWALD HAD BEEN VERY AGITATED AND HAD CLOSETED HIMSELF IN HIS ROOM, READING AND WRITING.

MARINA STATED SHE HAD KEPT THE LETTER WRITTEN IN RUSSIAN BY OSWALD, WHICH WAS EVIDENTLY A FAREWELL LETTER, IN ORDER THAT SHE COULD USE IT AGAINST HIM IF HE EVER HAD ANOTHER ~~CRAZY~~ CRAZY ~~SCHEME~~ SCHEME. SHE THREATENED OSWALD WITH GOING TO THE POLICE WITH THE LETTER IF HE WERE TO HAVE ANOTHER SUCH SCHEME.

MARINA ADVISED OSWALD HAD NOT MENTIONED GENERAL WALKER IN HER PRESENCE BEFORE THE NIGHT OF THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION, AND THEY DID NOT SPEAK OF THE INCIDENT AGAIN AFTER THE SECOND NIGHT FOLLOWING THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION. SHE ADVISED THAT

SHE HAD INSISTED THEY MOVE FROM DALLAS FOLLOWING THIS EVENT, BECAUSE SHE THOUGHT IT MIGHT HELP IF THEY MOVED TO ANOTHER CITY.

END PAGE THREE

DL89-43

ON NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST, MARINA WAS LOOKING AT THE KENNEDY MOTORCADE ON TV WITH MRS. PAINE AT THE LATTER-S HOUSE. IT WAS ANNOUNCED ON TV THAT THE PRESIDENT HAD BEEN SHOT. MRS. PAINE WAS TRANSLATING FOR MARINA. MARINA ASKED MRS. PAINE SEVERAL TIMES WHO HAD SHOT THE PRESIDENT, BUT MRS. PAINE COULD NOT TELL HER. MRS. PAINE SAID THAT THE SHOTS HAD SUPPOSEDLY COME FROM THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY. THE THOUGHT ENTERED MARINA-S MIND THAT PERHAPS HER ~~QUOTE~~ CRAZY ~~UNQUOTE~~ ~~MAREN~~ (OSWALD) ~~PAREN~~ HAD SHOT THE PRESIDENT. SHE WENT TO THE GARAGE WHERE SHE KNEW OSWALD KEPT THE RIFLE AND LOOKED AT THE BLANKET WHICH SHE KNEW THE RIFLE WAS KEPT IN. THE BLANKET APPEARED TO HAVE THE SAME SHAPE AS ALWAYS, AND SO SHE THOUGHT THAT THE RIFLE WAS STILL IN IT. SHE SAID THAT WHEN THE POLICE CAME TO PICK HER UP, SHE WAS IN A STATE OF NEAR COLLAPSE AND HOPED THAT OSWALD WAS MERELY A SUSPECT.

END PAGE FOUR

DL 89-43

MARINA STATED THERE HAD BEEN MANY ARGUME[illegible] AND SCENES BETWEEN HER AND OSWALD BECAUSE OF HIS INSTABILITY AND BECUASE SHE KNEW THAT HE WAS NOT A STUPID MAN AND COULD MAKE SOMETHING OUT OF HIMSELF.

VARIOUS PHOTOGRAPHS SEIZED BY POLICE FROM OSWALD-S EFFECTS AND NOW IN POSSESSION OF THIS OFFICE WERE EXHIBITED TO MARINA, AND SHE IDENTIFIED VARIOUS PERSONS IN RUSSIA, AS WELL AS SOME LAND MARKS, INCLUDING THEIR APARTMENT HOUSE.

INTERVIEW WILL BE CONTINUED TOMORROW.

END AND ACK PLS

11-36 PM OK FBI WA HFL

TU AND DISC

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

Q

DEC 4 [illegible]

DEC 3 [illegible]

DEC 4 [illegible]

FBI

FBI

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 194

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 3

SECTION NO.

4

USARSO

REFERRAL

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: November 23, 1963

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS

Lee Oswald

Reference is made to memo Mr. C. D. DeLoach to Mr. Mohr dated 11/23/63, setting forth information received from Robert Manning, Assistant Secretary of State for Public Affairs, who advised that a Foreign Service Officer named John Victor McVickar, dealt with Oswald when Oswald attempted to turn in his U. S. passport and gain Russian citizenship.

At 2:35 p.m., 11/23/63, John Shay, Duty Agent, WFO, was instructed to arrange interview of McVickar concerning his knowledge of Oswald. Interview to be conducted this date.

SAC Gillies, WFO, subsequently advised that Jack Lynch, Security Officer, State Department, had advised that one Priscilla Johnston and Mrs. G. Stanley Brown also had contact with Oswald in Russia. Both these women were formerly State Department employees at the American Embassy and their contact with Oswald was official business.

According to Gillies, Priscilla Johnston is no longer with the State Department and now reportedly resides at Cambridge, Massachusetts, no further address available. Mrs. G. Stanley Brown now resides at Alexandria, Virginia, and her home telephone number is 768-2472.

ACTION:

WFO is now arranging for interview of McVickar and leads are being set forth by WFO to interview Johnston and Brown concerning their knowledge of Oswald.

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. DeLoach

JPO:plp:jlt

REC-52 105-82555-195

EX-111

25 DEC 9 1963

33 DEC 11 1963

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr DATE: 11-23-63

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

State Dept

Assistant Secretary of State for Public Affairs, Robert Manning, called at 12:15 p.m. today. He advised that he had in his office, at the present time, a young Foreign Service Officer whose name was John Victor McVickar. Manning stated that McVickar was assigned to the American Embassy at the same time that Lee Harvey Oswald had attempted to turn in his U. S. passport and gain Russian citizenship. He stated that McVickar knew the case well and had identified Oswald's picture as the same person that had previously been in Moscow, USSR D.C.

Mr. Manning stated that perhaps the FBI might desire to interview McVickar. If so, his home telephone number is 332-1997, Washington, D. C.

ACTION:

It is suggested that this memorandum be forwarded to the General Investigative Division for information.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - M.A. Jones

CDD:rap (5)

105-82555

REC-52

105-82555

DEC 9 1963

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 197

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

4

CIA

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 21 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-24-63 2-00 AM JCM/JAA

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC LOS ANGLES

FROM SAC NEW YORK 89-75 2

UNSUBS ., ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY 11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS

NYO FILE CAPTIONED " LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA, " CONTAINS NEW YORK NEWS NEWSPAPER CLIPPING DATED ELEVEN ONE FIFTY NINE, WITH UPI RELEASE FROM MOSCOW, REFLECTING INTERVIEW WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, WHO HAD RENOUNCED HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP.

606 north occidental Blvd. Los Angeles, Calif

ARTICLE STATED OSWALD THIRD AMERICAN TO SEEK RUSSIAN CITIZENSHIP DURING PERIOD OF ARTICLE. FIRST WAS NICHOLAS PETRULLI, VALLEY STREAM, NEW YORK, WHO HAD ALLEGEDLY CHANGED HIS MIND AND RETURNED TO UNITED STATES. SECOND WAS ROBERT EDWARD WEBSTER, A PLASTIC TECHNICIAN OF CLEVELAND, OHIO. WEBSTER WAS REPORTEDLY GRANTED SOVIET CITIZENSHIP AND WORKING AT LENINGRAD AT TIME OF ARTICLE.

REC 39 105-82553-198

DEC 2 1963

INVESTIGATION AT VALLEY STREAM, LONGISLAND, DETERMINED THAT THE PETRULLI FAMILY MOVED FROM THIS COMMUNITY APPROXIMATELY

END PAGE ONE

SOVIET SECTION

cc - Rosen
cc - Belmont

53 DEC 11 1963

ONE YEAR AGO. NEIGHBORHOOD DETERMINED THAT NICHOLAS PETRULLI- S BROTHER DOMINICK PERRULLI PRESENTLY RESIDED ONE THREE TWO DASH TWENTY FIVE MAPLE AVENUE, [redacted]FLUSHING, NEW YORK, APARTMENT THREE ZERO NINE.

DOMINICK PETRULLI INTERVIEWED THIS DATE AND FURNISHED FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING HIS BROTHER NICHOLAS COLON NICHOLAS PERRULLI ~~PRESENTLY RESIDES AT~~

~~PRESENTLY RESIDES AT~~

SIX ZERO SIX NORTH OCCIDENTAL BLVD., CORNER OF BELLEVUE AVE., APT. ONE ZERO ONE , LOS ANGELES, TWENTY SIX, CALIF. TELEPHONE DU SEVEN - EIGHT NINE FOUR EIGHT, PAREN PARTY LINE PAREN . NICHOLAS WIFE HELEN, FROM WHOM HE IS DIVORCED, ALSO LIVES IN LOS ANGELES WITH THEIR CHILD, ADDRESSS UNKNOWN, TELEPHONE NA NINE - ONE ZERO EIGHT FOUR. PETRULLI SERVED IN THE US ARMY AIR FORCE AND RECEIVED A MEDICAL DISCHARGE DURING [redacted]WORLD WAR TWO BASED ON A MENTAL BREAKDOWN. HE IS PRESENTLY RECEIVING ONE HUNDERED PER CENT DISABILITY FOR THIS ILLNESS. THE BROTHER DESCRIBED NICHOLAS AS A SCHIZOPHRENIC.

DOMINICK SAID THAT HIS BROTHER HAD PRO-COMMUNIST SYMPATHIES AT ONE TIME AND HAD ATTENDED THE NEW SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE IN NYC. DOMINCK TRIED TO TALK NICHOLAS OUT OF THESE

END PAGE TWO

TENDENCIES, BUT NICHOLAS DECIDEED TO VISIT RUSSIA TO "SEE FOR WIMSELF" HE RETURNED FROM RUSSIA ABOUT THREE OR FOUR YEARS AGO. DOMINICK PETRULLI DID NOT KNOW THE EXACT DATE. WHEN NICHOLAS RETURNED HE ATTEMPTE TO COMMIT SUICIDE THROUGH CARBON MONOXIDE INHALATION AND WAS COMMITTED TO NORTHPORT HOSPITAL, LONG ISLAND, AS A RESULT, HE MOVED TO CALIF. TO BE NEAR HIS WIFE AND CHILD, APPROXIMATELY ONE YEAR AGO. HE DOES NOT WORK AND SUBSISTS ON HIS ONE HUNDRED PER CENT DISABILITY.

DOMINICK PERRULLI, IN DISCUSSING HIS BROTHER-S CHARACTERISTICS, SAID NICHOLAS IS EXTREMELY NERVOUS, HIGHLY SENSITIVE AND AN I INDIVIDUAL WHO MAY BECOME EMOTIONAL WHEN APPPROACHED BY BUREAU A AGENTS AND AFTER HE REALIZES THE GRAVITY OF THE SITUATION.

LOS ANGELES SHOULD, WITHOUT DIRECT INTERVIEW OF NICHOLAS PETRULLI, DISCREETLY ASCERTAIN HIS WHEREABOUTS ON ELEVEN TWENTY TWO SIXTY THREE.

END AND ACK PLS.4

2-13 AM NY R 2 WA ENT

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan DATE: 11/25/63

FROM : D. J. Brennan, Jr.

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Legal Attache Bates telephoned via cost-free Defense facilities from London at 8:55 a.m., 11/25/63, to report that British Alien Registration records indicate that Lee Harvey Oswald, born 10/18/39, had visited England. Oswald, bearing U. S. Passport 1733242 issued at Los Angeles, California, 9/10/59, arrived in Southampton, England, by ship from LeHavre, France, 10/9/59. He stated he intended to take a one-week vacation in England before going to school in Switzerland. He had $700 in U. S. Money in his possession and furnished no London address, indicating he would stay at a hotel. He left England by air on 10/10/59 bound for Helsinki, Finland. No other information is available.

ACTION:

Bates stated he would make inquiry in Finland when he made his next trip there, which will be in about a week, unless advised to the contrary.

GAD:mls (8)
1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Mohr
1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. DeLoach
1-Mr. Branigan
1-Mr. Turner
1-Liaison

105-82555

REC-39 105-82555-199

25 DEC 9 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 27 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-27-63 12-20 AM AFT

DIRECTOR, AND SACS, WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE AND DALLAS

FROM SAC, CINCINNATI /62-2758/ 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

SUBHEADING, BACKGROUND ON LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

BARBARA BROOKE, ONE ZERO ONE SOUTH SYLVAN AVE., COLUMBUS, OHIO, EMPLOYED AS PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHER, COLUMBUS, OHIO, ADVISED SA LOREN BEDELL, NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE, SIXTYTHREE, DURING EASTER RECESS, SHE TRAVELED TO WASHINGTON, D. C. TO VISIT FRIENDS AND TOUR WASHINGTON. ON MORNING OF SATURDAY, APRIL THIRTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, AS DRIVING BY WHITE HOUSE, SHE TOOK TWO PHOTOGRAPHS AT TIME PICKETS WERE IN FRONT OF WHITE HOUSE. SHE DOES NOT RECALL PURPOSE OF PICKETS BUT THINKS IT WAS SOME GROUP IN SYMPATHY WITH CASTRO. ON REVIEWING THE PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN AT WASHINGTON, D. C., SHE NOTED ONE OF THE THREE PICKETS BEARS STRONG RESEMBLANCE TO AND MAY BE IDENTICAL WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALLEGED ASSASSIN. SHE FURNISHED TWO COLOR SLIDES SHOWING VIEWS OF NORTH FRONT OF WHITE HOUSE WITH THREE MEN CARRYING SIGNS. EFFORTS BEING MADE TO DETERMINE WORDING ON SIGNS.

REC 39 62-2758-200

25 DEC 9 1963

FD THREE ZERO TWO BEING FURNISHED DALLAS COLOR SLIDES BEING

53 DEC 11 1963

M. DOMINICK, DIA

PAGE TWO

FORWARDED BUREAU BY AIRTEL. REQUEST COPIES BE MADE FOR WFO AND DALLAS.

WFO WILL ENDEAVOR TO DETERMINE IDENTITY OF GROUP AND PICKETS IN

FRONT OF WHITE HOUSE MORNING OF APRIL THIRTEEN, SIXTYTHREE.

END ACK IN ORD

WA

1225 PM OK FBI WA LA

DL11-25 AM OK FBI DL EEA

TU AND DISCO

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 26 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-26-63 4-41 PM EST SHR

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS, ATLANTA AND DALLAS

FROM SAC, MIAMI /89-35/ 6 P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE SAN ANTONIO TEL TO BUREAU, DALLAS AND MIAMI, TWELVE ZERO EIGHT PM, NOV. TWENTYFIVE, LAST.

FOR INFO ATLANTA, RE TEL ADVISED AS FOLLOWS..

LEE HARVEY OSWALD ENTERED MEXICO AT NEUVO LAREDO, MEXICO, ON SEPT. TWENTYSIX, LAST, GIVING HIS AGE AS TWENTYTHREE, OCCUPATION PHOTOGRAPHER, RESIDENCE NEW ORLEANS, DESTINATION MEXICO CITY, MODE OF TRANSPORTATION NOT INDICATED. OSWALD DEPARTED MEXICO AT NUEVO LAREDO, MEXICO, J AND LAREDO, TEXAS, ON OCT. THREE, LAST, AND MODE OF TRANSPORTATION INDICATED AS QUOTE TRAVELING BY AUTOMOBILE UNQUOTE. OSWALD CHECKED BY MEXICAN IMMIGRATION INSPECTOR HELIO TUEXI MAYDON.

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-20

REC-39

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PAGE TWO

AT TIME OF ENTRY. MAYDON AN ELDERLY PERSON WITH POOR MEMORY, HOWEVER, STATES HE BELIEVES TO HAVE RECALLED ENTRY OF OSWALD, AND OF OPINION THAT OSWALD MAY HAVE BEEN TRAVELING WITH A YOUNG COUPLE. COULD FURNISH NO ADDITIONAL DETAILS. RECORDS OF MEXICAN IMMIGRATION DISCLOSE THAT ONLY YOUNG COUPLE THAT ENTERED MEXICO (approx 1938) SEPT. TWENTYSIX, LAST, WAS BILL STEVE ALLEN, AGE TWENTYFIVE, ENGINEER, MIAMI, FLA., AND HIS WIFE, ELAINE ESTERMAN ALLEN, AGE TWENTYFOUR, TEACHER, MIAMI, FLORIDA. ALLEN HAD MEXICAN IMMIGRATION TOURIST PERMIT (approx 1939) NUMBER FOUR SEVEN NINE ZERO FIVE AND HIS WIFE HAD PERMIT NUMBER FOUR SEVEN NINE ZERO SIX.

MIAMI INTERVIEW ALLENS AND DETERMINE IF THEY RECALL OSWALD HAVING ENTERED MEXICO ON SEPT. TWENTYSIX, LAST AND OBTAIN ALL DETAILS CONCERNING ENTRY OF OSWALD THAT THEY RECALL, I.E., IF ACCOMPANIED BY ANY OTHER PERSON, AND IF THEY BECAME ACQUAINTED WITH OSWALD THROUGH MUTUAL ENTRY INTO MEXICO.

END PAGE TWO

INVESTIGATION AT MIAMI DISCLOSED ELAINE ESTERMAN, DOB FEB. TWO, THIRTYNINE, TWO TWO TWO ZERO SW TWENTYFOURTH TERRACE, MIAMI, FLA., EMPLOYED AS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHER, MIAMI, JAN. TEN, SIXTYONE TO JUNE FOURTEEN, LAST, WHEN SHE RESIGNED TO BE MARRIED.

JOSEPH PINCUS, UNCLE OF ELAINE ESTERMAN, ABOVE ADDRESS, ADVISED ESTERMAN WAS MARRIED TO STEVE BRILL, AUG. EIGHTEEN, LAST. PINCUS ADVISED BRILL IS A CIVIL ENGINEER EMPLOYED BY U.S. GOVERNMENT IN ATLANTA, GA., AND RESIDES SEVEN ONE ZERO EAST COLUMBIA AVENUE, APT. NO. FOUR, COLLEGE PARK, GA.,

ATLANTA LOCATE AND INTERVIEW BRILLS AND DETERMINE IF THEY ENTERED MEXICO AT NEUVO LAREDO, MEXICO, ON SEPT. TWENTY SIX, LAST, USING NAMES BILL STEVE ALLEN AND ELAINE ESTERMAN ALLEN AND MEXICAN IMMIGRATION TOURIST PERMIT NUMBERS FOUR SEVEN NINE ZERO FIVE AND FOUR SEVEN NINE ZERO SIX. IF SO,

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

INTERVIEW THE BRILLS IN ACCORDANCE WITH LEAD SET FORTH

FOR MIAMI IN RETEL.

END AND ACK PLS

4-50 PO OK FBI WA LA

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 202

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

4

CIA

REFERRAL

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. SULLIVAN

DATE: 11-27-63

FROM : MR. BRANIGAN

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

105-82555

Mr. Scannell Butler of New Orleans, La telephonically contacted Assistant Director Sullivan 11-27-63. He advised that Carlos Tuiroga of New Orleans had allegedly penetrated Oswald's organization. He stated that Tuiroga can be located through Carlos Brinture who works at Casa Roca, a haberdashery on Decatur Street in New Orleans, La.

SAC Maynor, New Orleans, was furnished this information with instructions to locate Brinture and Tuiroga today and interview them.

ACTION:

When results are received from New Orleans further investigation will be considered.

WAB:krt
(5)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Mr. Branigan

REC 39

105-82555-203

DEC 9 1963

United States Senate

Washington, D. C., November 29, 1963

Respectfully referred to

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover

Lee Oswald

REC- 39

105-82555-204

6 DEC 9 1963

Albert Gore
U.S.S.

ENCLOSURE

53 DEC 11 1963

NOVEMBER [redacted] 1963

Art No. 29

Memphis Policeman Recalls Knowing Accused Assassin

By JAMES KINGSLEY

Lee Harvey Oswald, charged with the murder of President Kennedy, yesterday was described as a "man mad at the world" by a Memphis policeman.

"I remember him as being abusive on occasions, withdrawn on others and a troublemaker all the time," Patrolman J. E. Pitts of 2508 Brookmeade said.

Sitting in the living room of his Frayser home, Patrolman Pitts recalled an incident in 1958 that brought about one of two court martials for Oswald while stationed at Atsugi, Japan, in 1958.

"He had a private-owned derringer and dropped it in the barracks. The weapon discharged and the shot just missed the head of my friend Peter Connor of Connecticut. Pete told me that he was almost killed when the pistol fell," Mr. Pitts said.

For the incident Oswald was court martialed on April 11, 1958, on the charge of violating a regulation requiring the registration of a privately-owned firearm. Oswald was reduced from PFC to private after his conviction. He was court martialed a second time on June 18, 1958, for using provocative words to a non-commissioned officer. His service record does not show disposition of the charge.

The 27-year-old Memphis policeman, with four years on the force, said he was stationed in Japan with the Marine Air Control Squadron of the First Marine Division. At that time Oswald was a radar technician.

"One night Oswald passed out drunk in a parking lot next to the barracks. Even though he fought several of the Marines who tried to help him he was not reported.

"We were trained to work as a team but Oswald seemed to be different. He was always separate from most of the men and didn't have any close personal friends that I remember," Mr. Pitts said.

"He had an intense hate for anyone that called him by the nickname of 'Harve' or by his middle name of 'Harvey' and wanted to fight anyone that did it. He wanted everyone to call him by his first name of 'Lee'," Mr. Pitts said.

"I don't recall anyone that went outside of camp with him. He was in the radar division and I was in supply."

I don't recall being close to him at all. He was always acting strange and kept mostly to himself."

Oswald, 24, was described as being "very young and skinny" while stationed in Japan. "I guess he didn't weigh more than 130 or 140 pounds at that time," Mr. Pitts said.

Memphis

Approx 1936

Tenn

105-82555-204

ENCLOSURE

FD-36 (Rev. 12-20-56).

Date: 11/29/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

FROM: SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD (89-75)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS R, OO, DALLAS. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS. ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER. OO, DALLAS.

BACKGROUND OF OSWALD.

RE WASHINGTON FIELD AIRTEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS CAPTIONED AS ABOVE, DATED NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE LAST. PAGE SEVEN THEREOF NOTES FINAL PAYMENT OF OSWALD-S REPATRIATION LOAN TO STATE DEPARTMENT JULY SEVEN LAST. REEXAMINATION OF FILES OF OFFICE OF FINANCE, STATE, NOVEMBER TWENTYSEVEN LAST DISCLOSED BOOKKEEPING DATE ON LEDGER CARD FOR FINAL PAYMENT HAS BEEN CORRECTED BY STATE DEPARTMENT TO FEBRUARY SEVEN LAST ON BASIS OF ORIGINAL SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS. BUREAU AND DALLAS WILL NOTE THIS CORRECTION.

REPATRIATION LOAN RECORDS DISCLOSE OSWALD MADE REMITTANCES DATED AUGUST SEVEN SIXTYTWO, SEPTEMBER ONE SIXTYTWO, OCTOBER SIX SIXTYTWO, NOVEMBER FOURTEEN SIXTYTWO, DECEMBER SEVEN LAST, JANUARY FIVE LAST, JANUARY TWENTYFIVE LAST, FIRST OF WHICH WAS

(2) - Bureau
2 - Teletype Unit
3 - WFO
(1 - 105-37111)
(1 - 44-520)

KJH:ddt
(7)

105-82555-205

REC-39

25 DEC 9 1963

53 DEC 11 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56).

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____ _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

WASHINGTON FIELD 89-75
PAGE TWO

CASH, REST BY POSTAL MONEY ORDER. NOTED FINAL REMITTANCE DATED JANUARY TWENTYFIVE LAST, WAS POSTED TO STATE LEDGER CARD FEBRUARY SEVEN LAST, ON WHICH DATE FINAL RECEIPT PREPARED AND SENT OSWALD. CORRECTION REFERRED TO ABOVE IS MERELY THAT POSTING DATE OF FINAL PAYMENT CORRECTLY FEBRUARY SEVEN LAST RATHER THAN JULY SEVEN LAST.

WASHINGTON FIELD CHECKING WITH POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT RE SERIAL NUMBERS OF MONEY ORDERS TO DETERMINE WHEN AND WHERE PURCHASED BY OSWALD. P

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 11/29/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL CONFIDENTIAL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : Director, FBI FD217 BONN 12/1/63

FROM: Legat, Bern (105-257) (P)

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of Declassification indefinite
11/14/77

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
INTERNAL SECURITY - R & CUBA

Re Bern cables 11/26/63 and 11/29/63 (4)

EFG/lcc

[redacted] (C) NY

[redacted] (C)

(6) - Bureau (Encl. 4)
(1 - Liaison)
(1 - Dallas)
(1 - New York)
1 - Bern

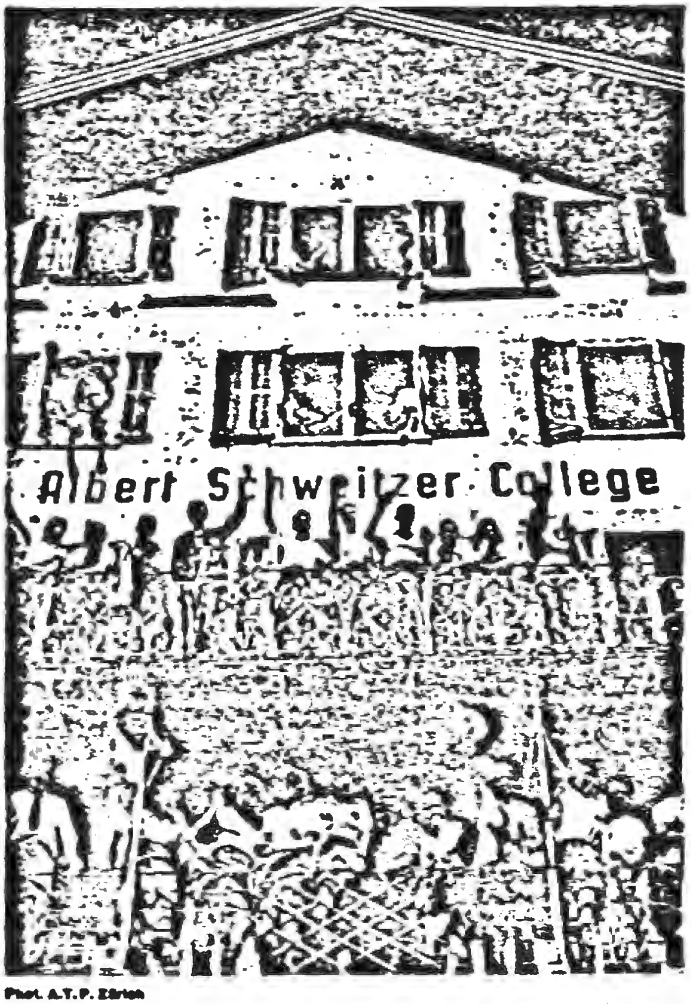
ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

HDG:mls
(7)

ENCLOSURE
REQUEST FOR TRANSLATION FROM DIV. 5

DEC 2 1963

CONFIDENTIAL



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JAHRES- UND FERIENKURSE

ALBERT SCHWEITZER COLLEGE

CHURWALDEN (GRAUBÜNDEN)
SCHWEIZ

Warum das College ins Leben gerufen wurde

In unserer Zeit des inneren und äußeren Widerstreites drohen überlieferte Werte der Kultur und des Glaubens unwiederbringlich zu versinken. Neue Mächte fordern gewaltsam und verwirrend Anerkennung. Es ist allen Denkenden klar geworden,

daß die geistig-religiösen Werte, auf denen unsere Kultur ruht, nicht von selber weiter leben werden: daß wir uns vielmehr in jeder Weise für ihren Weiterbestand einsetzen müssen.

Vor mehr als 30 Jahren schon hat Dr. Albert Schweitzer diese Lage erkannt und in seiner Schrift «Verfall und Wiederaufbau der Kultur» deutlich darauf hingewiesen. In Erkenntnis dieser Gefahren und in der Absicht, ihr durch das Mittel der Erziehung zu begegnen, gründete im Jahre 1950, unter Leitung von Prof. H. Casparis in Chur, eine Gruppe von Schweizern eine Vereinigung zur Errichtung eines internationalen Erziehungszentrums. Das Denken und Wirken Dr. Albert Schweitzers wurden als Vorbild und Wegleitung genommen. Dr. Schweitzer schrieb uns dazu aus Lambaréné:

«Die Idee, ein College auf den von Ihnen geplanten Grundlagen zu schaffen, finde ich ausgezeichnet ... Von Herzen bin ich bei Ihrem Unternehmen und bewundere den Mut, mit dem Sie es in Angriff nehmen. Daß das Institut meinen Namen tragen soll, ist ein Zeichen einer großen Sympathie und eines großen Vertrauens, das Sie mir entgegenbringen.»

Die Aufgabe des College

Wir stellen uns die Erziehung des ganzen Menschen, und zwar als freie Persönlichkeit und als verantwortliches Glied der Gemeinschaft als Aufgabe. Dies umfaßt die Erziehung

zur Klarheit und Selbständigkeit des Glaubens und Denkens
und
zur Freiheit und sittlichen Verantwortung des Handelns.

Beides sehen wir in einer religiösen Grundhaltung verankert.

Ein Geist der Weltherzigkeit ist uns selbstverständlich, und wir wollen mitarbeiten am Aufbau einer freien und friedlichen Welt der Zusammenarbeit aller Rassen, Religionen und Nationen.

Als Christen ist unsere Arbeit ausgerichtet auf das Reich Gottes im Vertrauen auf die Gottebenbildlichkeit, die uns als Gabe und Aufgabe geschenkt wird, und als Richtlinie unseres Handelns gilt uns die Ehrfurcht vor dem Leben, die in der Liebe Gestalt gewinnt.

Zu uns kommt,

wer um geistige und religiöse Klarheit ringt, um seinen Lebensweg deutlicher zu sehen und zuversichtlicher gehen zu können;

wer nach einer gründlichen und umfassenden Bildung strebt, um für seinen Beruf oder sein Fachstudium besser vorbereitet zu sein;

wer nach einer gründlichen Beherrschung der englischen, deutschen oder französischen Sprache und deren Kultur und Geisteswelt trachtet;

wer am Erleben einer echten demokratischen Gemeinschaft teilhaben möchte;

wer seinen Teil zum Aufbau einer freien, brüderlichen Gemeinschaft aller Völker und Nationen beitragen will;

wer in einer herrlichen, gesunden und ruhevollen Bergwelt körperliche und seelische Stärkung sucht.

Was wir bieten:

1. Jahreskurse, die unter das Gesamtthema «Verfall und Wiederaufbau der Kultur» gestellt sind, und zwar über:

   das Wesen der Religion im allgemeinen, das religiöse Leben im Alten und Neuen Testament und seine Bedeutung für uns,

   Grundfragen der Weltanschauung,

   Grundfragen der Psychologie,

   Kultur- und Geistesgeschichte,

   das Problem der Ethik,

   das Problem der modernen Naturwissenschaft und ihre Beziehung zum allgemeinen Geistesleben,

   die sozialen und wirtschaftlichen Probleme der Gegenwart.

2. Sprachstudien, gründliche Erlernung des Englischen, Deutschen und Französischen und Einführung in deren Literatur und Kultur.
3. Förderung der allgemeinen Charakter- und Geistesbildung.
4. Veranstaltungen zur Bildung des ästhetischen Geschmacks durch Musik und Kunst.
5. Veranstaltungen zur körperlichen Ertüchtigung (Skifahren, Bergtouren, Schwimmen, Tennis etc.).
6. Am Schluß erhält jeder Teilnehmer ein Sprachdiplom und ein Gesamtzeugnis, das über seine Leistungen und seine Fähigkeiten Auskunft gibt.
7. Unterricht in einzelnen Bildungsfächern auf besonderen Wunsch (siehe Beilage).

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Wie wir arbeiten und leben

Von jedem Einzelnen muß ein hohes Maß von Selbstdisziplin und freiwilliger Mitarbeit in der Gemeinschaft verlangt werden. Um dies zu ermöglichen, ist das College als demokratische Gemeinde gestaltet, die sich aus einzelnen Gruppen (von je 8—10 Personen), als den «Familien» dieser Gemeinde, aufbaut. Zudem gehört jeder einer Studiengruppe an.

Die Erziehungsmethode ist in keiner Weise starr dogmatisch oder autoritär:

Es wird von jedem Studenten erwartet, daß er sich, einzeln und in seiner Gruppe, selbständig um das Studium bemüht.

Eigentliche Vorlesungen sind auf ein Minimum beschränkt. Sie zeigen gegensätzliche Auffassungen über behandelte Probleme und sehen im einzelnen von dem ab, was ebensogut in Büchern gelesen werden kann. In der Regel werden täglich zwei solche Vorlesungen gehalten.

Innerhalb des allgemeinen Rahmens der zu behandelnden Gebiete ist jeder Student, bzw. jede Studiengruppe gehalten, sich über ein bestimmtes Problem durch Lektüre, Diskussion und eigenes Nachdenken Klarheit zu verschaffen und einen schriftlichen Bericht auszuarbeiten, über den dann mit dem Studienleiter oder dem zuständigen Dozenten in bestimmten Zeitabständen Aussprache gehalten wird.

Zur Förderung des gegenseitigen Verständnisses ist jeder Student verpflichtet, sich unter Anleitung eines Fachlehrers einem bestimmten Sprachstudium zu widmen, und zwar dem Englischen oder dem Deutschen (Französisch kann zusätzlich studiert werden). Dafür ist täglich eine bestimmte Stunde festgesetzt.
Die geistige Arbeit wechselt ab mit körperlicher Betätigung, besonderen Arbeiten im Hause (wie es sich in jeder Familie ergibt) und mit Sport. Dies dient neben der geistigen Erholung der körperlichen Ertüchtigung und der Stärkung der gegenseitigen Verantwortung in der Gruppe.
Abendveranstaltungen und besondere Anlässe dienen der künstlerischen und musikalischen Betätigung und der ästhetischen Geschmacksbildung im allgemeinen, wobei die Organisation und Durchführung bestimmter Veranstaltungen einzelnen Familien anvertraut wird.
Für die Durchführung aller dieser Aufgaben und Betätigungen wird die Verantwortung so weit wie möglich unter die einzelnen Studenten verteilt, um so auch die Ausbildung zur Führerschaft in der Demokratie zu fördern.

Kurstermine

Die Jahreskurse beginnen anfangs Oktober und schließen Ende Juni des folgenden Jahres und werden in 3 Trimester von je 10—11 Wochen unterteilt. Jedes ist so geplant, daß es eine Einheit bildet. Darum können Studenten, die nicht den ganzen Jahreskurs mitmachen können, auch nur ein oder zwei Trimester im College studieren.

14tägige Ferien- und Studienkurse nach besonderem Programm werden im Februar, März, Juli und August durchgeführt.

Eintrittsbedingungen

Wir haben keine festen Eintrittsbedingungen oder Aufnahmeexamina. Jeder Kandidat wird auf Grund seiner besonderen Vorbildung berücksichtigt. Immerhin muß eine gewisse Allgemeinbildung vorausgesetzt werden. Altersgrenze ist keine gesetzt; wir nehmen aber nur ausnahmsweise Studenten unter 18 Jahren auf.

Kosten

Da das Albert Schweitzer College ein gemeinnütziges Unternehmen ist, können wir den Preis sehr niedrig halten (siehe Beilage).

Anfragen und Anmeldungen

an Prof. H. Casparis, Albert Schweitzer College, Churwalden (GR), Schweiz.

Prof. H. Casparis, Präsident
D. E. Clarke, Studienleiter

Phot. A. Schloss, Churwalden

Albert Schweitzer College

Churwalden und Umgebung

Churwalden liegt in einer prächtigen Berglandschaft, 1270 m ü. M., an der großen, das ganze Jahr offenen Nord-Süd-Alpenstraße: Zürich oder Bodensee–Chur–Lenzerheide–St. Moritz–Mailand, 12 km von Chur entfernt, Richtung Lenzerheide. Es ist leicht durch gute Postautoverbindungen von der Endstation der internationalen Eisenbahnlinien in Chur zu erreichen.

Chur ist der Hauptort des Kantons Graubünden und ein wichtiges Geschäfts- und Bildungszentrum.

Die Möglichkeiten zu Sport und Erholung sind in Churwalden mit seinem milden Klima ausgezeichnet. Es stehen ein Schwimmbad und Tennisplätze zur Verfügung; Ausflüge und Bergtouren können nach verschiedenen Richtungen unternommen werden. Im Winter bietet sich in Churwalden gute Skigelegenheit, zudem sind die weltberühmten Skigebiete von Parpan–Lenzerheide leicht zu erreichen. Die großen Kurortgebiete von St. Moritz, Davos, Klosters, Arosa und Flims sind mit dem Auto oder per Bahn in zirka 2 Stunden zu erreichen.

ALBERT SCHWEITZER COLLEGE, CHURWALDEN/GR.
SCHWEIZ

Ferienkurse

In den Monaten ~~Februar, März~~, Juli und August werden unabhängig von den Jahreskursen kurzfristige Ferienkurse abgehalten. Diese dauern jeweils 14 Tage und stellen sich grundsätzlich dieselbe Aufgabe wie die Jahreskurse (siehe Hauptprospekt). Das Programm bietet neben den Vorlesungen der Dozenten und den anschließenden Diskussionen in erster Linie auch körperliche Erholung, Sport, Bergwanderungen und nicht zuletzt frohe Geselligkeit.

Voraussetzungen zur Teilnahme sind die gleichen wie für die Jahreskurse, d.h. jedermann ist uns willkommen, der sich mit uns um weltanschauliche und religiöse Klarheit bemüht und am Aufbau einer echten Gemeinschaft mithelfen will. Eine besondere Vorbildung ist nicht nötig. Das Durchschnittsalter unserer Studenten stand in den letzten Jahren zwischen 20 und 35 Jahren. Wir freuen uns aber auch immer, eine Anzahl älterer Teilnehmer unter uns zu sehen. Sie tragen durch ihre Reife und Erfahrung zu den Diskussionen Wesentliches bei. Bisher kamen unsere Studenten hauptsächlich aus den USA, aus Kanada, England, Holland, Schweden, Frankreich, Deutschland, Italien und der Schweiz.

Anmeldetermin. Um eine wirkliche Gemeinschaft zu ermöglichen, nehmen wir in jedem Kurs nicht mehr als 35 Teilnehmer auf. Darum empfehlen wir dringend eine möglichst frühzeitige Anmeldung. Diese wird nach der Reihenfolge ihres Einganges berücksichtigt.

Sprache: Deutsch und Englisch. Juli und August führen wir keine eigentlichen Sprachkurse, sind aber bestrebt, die Förderung in den verschiedenen Sprachen durch intensive Konversation zu erreichen. Es wird jeweils von einer Sprache in die andere übersetzt. Die Referate sind zweisprachig; so profitieren nach unserer Erfahrung die Teilnehmer mehr als durch gewöhnliche Sprachstunden.

Das Tagesprogramm der Kurse. Der Tag beginnt in der Regel mit einer kurzen Morgenfeier. Die Vorlesungen der Dozenten und die Diskussionen nehmen in der Kursdauer etwa 7 Tage in Anspruch. Die übrigen Tage sind frei zur körperlichen Erholung. Im Sommer kann man Tennis spielen, das Schwimmbad besuchen oder Bergwanderungen, allein oder als Teilnehmer organisierter Touren, unternehmen. Im Winter bietet die Umgebung von Churwalden Möglichkeiten zum Wintersport, die sich mit denen der berühmten Kurorte vergleichen lassen. Das Programm wird je nach dem Wetter gestaltet. Zur Teilnahme am geplanten Programm

ist niemand verpflichtet; wir erwarten aber eine geistig und religiös freie und aufgeschlossene Einstellung, wie es der Geisteshaltung des College entspricht, das sich an der Gedankenwelt und der Einstellung von Dr. Albert Schweitzer orientiert.

Kosten. Da wir ein gemeinnütziges Unternehmen sind, können wir den Pensionspreis sehr niedrig halten. Für Unterkunft, Verpflegung (3 Mahlzeiten, einfach, aber gut und reichlich), Kurtaxe und Studiengeld verlangen wir pro Kurs

Fr. 150.—

Für Teilnehmer, die einen ganzen Kurs nicht mitmachen können, machen wir gewisse Reduktionen. Für Extratage über die Dauer eines Kurses hinaus verrechnen wir für Kost und Logis pro Tag

Fr. _____

Es stehen in der Regel Zweier- oder Dreierzimmer zur Verfügung. Ganz ausnahmsweise können wir ein paar Einzelzimmer für einen Zuschlag von Fr. 2.— pro Tag bieten.

Für die Bedienung wird nichts berechnet, dafür werden die eigenen Zimmer von den Teilnehmern selbst in Ordnung gehalten, und bei Tisch ist Selbstbedienung. Von jedem Teilnehmer wird ferner erwartet, daß er seinen Anteil am allgemeinen Hausdienst (Gemüserüsten und Geschirrwaschen) leiste.

Das Reisegeld für Exkursionen geht zu Lasten der Teilnehmer.

Anreise. Auf Grund der Teilnahme an unseren Ferienkursen ist in der Schweiz keine Fahrpreisermäßigung möglich. Im Ausland sind verschiedene Möglichkeiten vorhanden. Auskunft erteilen die Reisebüros.

Es ist am besten, ein Ferienbillett der SBB (Schweiz. Bundesbahnen) durch ein Reisebüro bis nach Churwalden zu lösen. Man fährt mit der SBB bis nach Chur und von Chur bis Churwalden im Postauto. Das letzte Postauto nach Churwalden verläßt Chur Bahnhof um 19.25 Uhr. Das College liegt in Churwalden an der Hauptstraße, Richtung Lenzerheide, 5 Minuten von der Post entfernt.

Anmeldung an

Prof. Hans Casparis, Albert Schweitzer College,
Churwalden (GR), Schweiz

ALBERT SCHWEITZER COLLEGE
CHURWALDEN, SCHWEIZ

JAHRESKURS 1960-61

Zu unserem beiliegenden Prospekt geben wir Ihnen noch folgendes über den Jahreskurs 1960-61 bekannt:

TRIMESTERTERMINE

Das Studienjahr ist in drei Trimester aufgeteilt, von denen jedes 11 Studienwochen umfasst. Die Termine sind wie folgt festgesetzt:

	Ankunftsdatum	Abreisedatum
Herbst-Trimester:	2. Okt. 1960	17. Dez. 1960
Winter-Trimester:	8. Jan. 1961	25. März 1961
Frühjahrs-Trimester:	16. April 1961	1. Juli 1961

DAS ERZIEHUNGS- UND BILDUNGSPROGRAMM

Unser Ziel ist die Bildung des ganzen Menschen. Der Ausrichtung auf dieses Ziel dient ein möglichst umfassendes Erziehungs- und Bildungsprogramm intellektueller, aesthetischer und religiöser Art im Sinne eines Studium generale. Dies gliedert sich A) in einen theoretischen Teil, und B) in dessen praktische Anwendung im Sinne der Charakter- und Gemütsbildung. Wesentlich ist ausserdem die Gestaltung einer Gemeinschaft, die sich einer bestimmten Disziplin einordnet und in welcher der Geist gemeinsamer und ernster Studienarbeit lebendig ist. Wir erwarten von jedem Studenten, dass er sich persönlich um all das bemüht und am gesamten Programm des Albert Schweitzer College teilnimmt.

A) Theoretische Studien.

Diese umfassen die verschiedenen Aspekte des Hauptthemas "Wesen und Wandel der Weltanschauung" und gliedern sich in Vorlesungen, Diskussionen und persönliche Studienarbeit. Zur Unterstützung und Vertiefung der Studienarbeit sowie zur Förderung individueller Interessen hat jeder Student in der Regel wöchentlich einmal eine Besprechung mit seinem Studienleiter. Dies geschieht anhand der Durcharbeit einzelner Werke innerhalb des Hauptthemas und in der Abfassung schriftlicher Arbeiten, die sich auch um eine eigene kritische Stellungnahme bemühen.

Dozenten und Studiengebiete:

Pfr. Dr. Wolff, Malix:
Wesen und Wandel der Weltanschauung (Philosophie, Psychologie, Kulturmorphologie).

Prof. Dr. Victor Maag, Universität Zürich:
Die Religion in ihren Erscheinungsformen und in ihrer Soziologie.

Pfr. Dr. Jakob Amstutz, Frauenkappelen/BE und Universität Bern:
a) Religionsgeschichtliche Einführung in das Neue Testament.
b) Religiöse Probleme der Gegenwart im Spiegel moderner deutscher Dichtung.
c) Kunstgeschichtliche Grundbegriffe.

Prof. Hans Casparis, Chur und Churwalden:
a) Religiöser Liberalismus - Gegenwart und Zukunft.
b) Entstehung der deutschen Sprache und Literatur.

Prof. Dr. Guido Schmidt, Chur:
Einführung in die Psychologie.

Prof. Dr. Rowland Gray-Smith, Gastdozent, Emerson College, Boston, Mass., USA:
Ethik.

Ausserdem werden von Zeit zu Zeit Gastdozenten zu Vorlesungen über die einzelnen Fachgebiete herangezogen.

Sprachstudium (Leitung: Frau Prof. M.T. Casparis, B.A., London)

Ein systematischer Sprachunterricht wird für Englisch und Deutsch erteilt. Die Erlernung dieser beiden Hauptsprachen des A.S.C. wird ausserdem ganz wesentlich dadurch gefördert, dass alle Vorlesungen und Diskussionen in diesen zwei Sprachen geführt werden. Gewissenhaft arbeitende Studenten vermögen darum nach unserer Erfahrung am Ende eines Jahreskurses zum mindesten eine dieser beiden Fremdsprachen gut zu beherrschen. Zusätzlichen Unterricht im Französischen können ausserdem diejenigen Studenten erhalten, die bereits eine ausreichende Kenntnis des Englischen und Deutschen besitzen. Um Vorlesungen und Diskussionen von Anfang an folgen zu können, ist es notwendig, wenigstens eine der Hauptsprachen des A.S.C. (d.h. Deutsch oder Englisch) zu verstehen und anwenden zu können.

B) Praktische Anwendung.

1. Das religiöse Leben

Das A.S.C. vertritt nach Tradition und Zielsetzung eine freie, bewusst religiöse Glaubenshaltung, und zwar in der Ueberzeugung, dass eine ethisch-religiöse Grundeinstellung im Sinne Albert Schweitzers im Zentrum einer tragfähigen Sinndeutung des Daseins stehen muss. Darum soll durch gemeinsames Suchen und Fragen die eigene Glaubenshaltung geklärt und gestärkt und das Verständnis für andere religiöse Erfahrung, wo immer sie uns begegnet, gefördert werden.

Dem dient, ausser den unter A) genannten Studien und dem gemeinsamen Zusammenleben, die "Besinnung", die jeden Morgen vor Arbeitsbeginn stattfindet. Diese wird abwechslungsweise von den Studenten selber gehalten, wobei der freien Gestaltung Raum gelassen wird. Dadurch sollen auch Wert und Ziel der Gemeinschaft immer wieder zum Bewusstsein gebracht werden. Ausser den allsonntäglichen Gemeindegottesdiensten kommt jeden zweiten Sonntag die Collegegemeinde zu einer Abendandacht zusammen.

2. Studium der Kunst

Mit diesen Studien (praktische Uebungen) versuchen wir, das Bewusstsein der symbolischen Dimensionen und der Möglichkeiten menschlicher Ausdrucksformen zu fördern und zu erweitern. (Leitung: Miss Jane Volkert, A.S.C.)

3. Sport- und Freizeitprogramm

Weil wir uns die Bildung des ganzen Menschen zum Ziel setzen, gehört auch eine systematische körperliche Betätigung zu unserem Programm. Geographische Lage und Klima von Churwalden bieten das ganze Jahr durch Gelegenheit für sportliche Betätigung: Schwimmen, Tennis, Bergtouren im Sommer, Skifahren im Winter. (Leitung: Jacques Casparis, Chur, Ski-Instruktor u. eidg. dipl. Turn- und Sportlehrer.)

KOSTEN

Pro Trimester SFr. 1250.-. Dies umfasst Kost, Logis, Studiengeld, Krankenversicherung und Aufenthaltsgebühr. Wenn Ihre Anmeldung angenommen wird, ist ein Depot von SFr. 100.- zu entrichten. Dieses wird am Ende des dritten (resp. 1. oder 2.) Trimesters zurückbezahlt unter Abzug für event. verlorenes oder beschädigtes Schulmaterial.

Zusätzliche Ausgaben: gemeinsame kulturelle Exkursionen (gewöhnlich einmal pro Trim., Kosten ca. Fr. 50.-), Material für Kunstunterricht (ca. Fr. 20.- pro Trim.), Skimiete (Fr. 35.- für die ganze Saison).

Prof. Hans Casparis
Präsident

Albert Schweitzer College
Churwalden/G[illegible] Schweiz

JAHRESKURS : LEKTOREN UND VORLESUNGEN

1. Pfr. Dr. Joachim Wolff, Pfarrer in Malix, Graubünden;
Hauptlektor für Philosophie am Albert Schweitzer College.

Thema der Vorlesungsfolge: "Wesen und Wandel der Weltanschauung (Philosophie, Psychologie, Kulturmorphologie)"

1. Trimester: Neuere Philosophie.
(durchschnittl. 22 Vorlesungen und 2 Abenddiskussionen)

Die Vorlesungsreihe befasst sich mit der neueren Philosophie seit Descartes in der Weise, dass nicht schematisch eine Geschichte der Philosophie dieser Epoche geboten wird, sondern so, dass die Studierenden in die Weltanschauungskrise eingeführt werden, die für die westliche Zivilisation der letzten Jahrhunderte charakteristisch ist, und die als eine dreifache aufgezeigt wird: 1) als Krise des Denkens; 2) als Krise des ethischen Handelns; 3) als Krise der Existenz.

Unter 1) werden die erkenntnistheoretischen Probleme aufgezeigt, deren Lösung die Philosophie von Descartes über Locke, Berkeley, Hume bis Kant versuchte, bis endlich das 19. Jahrhundert im sog. wissenschaftlichen Materialismus einen Tiefpunkt des Denkens erreichte.

Unter 2) wird dargestellt, wie diese Aporie, in die das Denken geriet, eine Krise auf ethischem Gebiet involvierte, in welcher zunächst Leibniz und Kant den Versuch unternahmen, den Glauben an einen gerechten und gütigen Gott mit der Sittlichkeit in einen unlöslichen Zusammenhang zu bringen. Mit der Preisgabe des Gottesglaubens überhaupt kamen Systeme auf, die entweder, wie es Schopenhauer tat, das menschliche Handeln auf den uneingeschränktesten metaphysischen Pessimismus gründeten, oder aber nach der Eliminierung jeglicher Metaphysik dem Menschen das Recht der unbegrenzten Handlungsfreiheit zusprachen, als deren Subjekt entweder das Individuum oder das Kollektiv erscheinen kann. Dies wird aufgezeigt an Stirner, Nietzsche, Marx und an den politischen faschistischen und kommunistischen Systemen, wobei auch Hobbes als Vorläufer des amoralischen Staatskollektivismus eingehend behandelt wird.

Unter 3) werden, beginnend mit Kierkegaard, die existentialistischen Denker Heidegger, Sartre und Karl Jaspers behandelt und insbesondere untersucht, wie sie die bisher für die Philosophie massgeblichen Schemata, zumal die bisher für alles Denken konstitutive Subjekt-Objekt-Spaltung, zu sprengen versuchen.

2. Trimester: Geschichtsphilosophie. (22 Vorlesungen, 2 Abenddisk.)

Neben die Anfänge der Geschichtsschreibung im Altertum wird der Versuch des Judentums und des Urchristentums gestellt, eine Gesamtdeutung der Geschichte zu geben, eine Entwicklung, die in Augustin ihren vorläufigen Abschluss findet. Mit dem Weichen der religiösen Grundlagen im Zeitalter der Aufklärung macht sich erneut das Bedürfnis geltend, den Ablauf der äusseren Geschehnisse einen Sinn beizulegen, durch den sie alle befriedigend erklärt und gedeutet werden. Dieses Unternehmen gipfelt nach Versuchen Lessings, Herders und Schillers in der Geschichtsphilosophie Hegels mit ihrem Optimismus, demzufolge das, was ist, auch gut ist. Ein später, vielleicht auch verspäteter Nachfahre Hegels in unserer Zeit ist der vorsichtigere Karl Jaspers.

Im Laufe des 19. Jahrhunderts machen sich kritische Stimmen gegen den Geschichtsschematismus im Sinne Hegels bemerkbar, darunter Ranke, Nietzsche

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und ver[illegible] Jacob Burckhardt. Mit Oswald Spen[illegible]ritt die Geschichtsmorphologie in Erscheinung und eröffnet der Geschichtsphilosophie vollständig neue Gesichtspunkte; Toynbee hat, was Spengler begann, in gemässigterer und sachkundigerer Weise, wenn auch keineswegs immer unbefangen und untendenziös, fortgesetzt und zu berichtigen gesucht.

Die Probleme des parallelen Geschichtsablaufs, der kalendarischen und der sachlichen Gleichzeitigkeit in der Geschichte, die Periodizität der Kulturen und der Voraussagbarkeit der Ereignisse werden erörtert. Es zeigt sich, dass, wie die Geschichtsphilosophie seinerseit von einer religiösen Fragestellung ausging, sie auch zu einer solchen wieder hinleitet.

3. Trimester: Religionsphilosophie. (22 Vorlesungen, 2 Abenddisk.)

Es werden die diesbezüglichen Versuche im Altertum aufgezeigt, in welchen eine grosse Zahl von Fragestellungen begegnet, die dann in der Moderne wieder in den Mittelpunkt des Interesses getreten sind. Die bedeutendsten religionsphilosophischen Versuche seit dem Zeitalter der Aufklärung werden besprochen. In der Gegenwart erscheinen sie teils als unzureichend, teils werden sie von der theologischen (neo-orthodoxen) und von der existentialistischen Seite mit Heftigkeit zurückgewiesen. Auch gemässigte Wortführer der gewandelten Weltansicht des 20. Jahrhunderts (Rud. Otto, van der Leeuw, die Psychologen um C.G. Jung) lehnen die objektivistischen religionsphilosophischen Versuche des 18. und 19. Jahrhunderts ab, zumal die Anwendung des Evolutionsprinzips auf die Religionsgeschichte, dem zufolge auch die Religion sich von "niederen" zu "höheren" Formen entwickelte. Das religiöse Urphänomen scheint keiner Entwicklung fähig oder bedürftig zu sein und kann sich grundsätzlich mit gleicher Wirklichkeitsnähe oder Wirklichkeitsferne in primitiven wie in sog. Hochreligionen ausdrücken. In einem Querschnitt wird gezeigt, wie das neue phänomenologische Verständnis der Religion sich auf die grossen Problemkreise auswirkt, in deren Mitte je Gott, die Erscheinung des Unsichtbaren in der Sichtbarkeit (Epiphanie und incarnatio), die Heilsvermittlung und die Jenseitswirklichkeit stehen. Endlich wird die Religion auch als gemeinschaftsbildende Kraft gewertet.

2. Prof. Dr. Victor Maag, Professor Ordinarius für Altes Testament und Religionsgeschichte an der Universität Zürich; Lektor für Religionsphänomenologie am A.S.C.

Thema der Vorlesungsfolge: "Die Religion in ihren Erscheinungsformen und in ihrer Soziologie."

1. Trimester: (10 Vorlesungen, 2 Abenddiskussionen)

a) Warum Religionsgeschichte?
b) Grundlegung einer funktionellen Anthropologie: Homo faber, Homo ludens, Homo religiosus. Beobachtung des Exzentrismus.
c) Grundlegung einer Religionssoziologie:
Urkollektiv, Staat u. Staatsreligion, Individuum, Zerfall des Kollektivums, Entwurzelungserscheinungen, Repatriierung des Individuums durch Integration:
1. auf dem Wege der philosophischen Weitung,
2. " " " des Mysterienerlebnisses,
3. " " " der prophetischen Inanspruchnahme.
d) Grundlegung einer Religionsontologie:
Die Wirklichkeit als Vordergrund und Hintergrund.
Status des archaischen Menschen: Magie :: Urheber.
" der staatenbildenden Kollektive: Vordergründigwerden des Göttlichen :: Summus Deus.
" " rationalistischen Individuen: Schwund des Hintergrundbewusstseins, Verdrängung der Hintergründigkeit ins Unbewusste:

Pantech[illegible]nus/Panrationalismus :: Kollektivneuro[illegible] Aus dieser Anamnese sind die praktisch-therapeutischen Folg[illegible]agen zu ziehen (Aufweisung der Situation, in der die analytische Psychologie zum Einsatz kommt, wo allerdings auch kirchliche Möglichkeiten liegen).

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e) Die Rolle von Mythus und Kultus im Rahmen der Kollektivreligion. Besonders dargestellt an Neujahrsriten und Schöpfungsmythen.
f) Islam : Präislamischer Status - der Prophet - spätere Entwicklung - heutige religiöse und politische Situation.

2. Trimester: Religionsgeschichte des Alten Testaments. (10 Vorl, 2 Diek.)

Die drei Wurzeln alttestamentlicher Religiosität:
Nomadismus (Transmigrationsfrömmigkeit)
Sinaitismus
Kanaanismus.
Die Spannungen des synkretischen Vorganges:
Identifikation Jahwhs mit El
" mit Teilaspekten von Baal
Verdrängung anderer Teilaspekte von Baal.
Ritualismus und ethisches Verständnis.
Propheten: Amos, Hosea, Jesaja, Jeremia. - Reichsmagie und Messianismus. -
Das Exil und seine Folgen. -
Ezechiel - Deuterojesaia - Das pragmatistische Dogma und seine Folgen in nachexilistischer Zeit.

3. Trimester: (8 Vorlesungen, 2 Abenddiskussionen)

a) Spezielle Probleme des Judentums, dargelegt anhand einer Behandlung von Hiob. (Sieg und Problematik des Monismus)
b) Qumrân (Refugium des Dualismus, der Apokalyptik etc.) Qumrângemeinde und Frühchristentum.

3. Dr. Jakob Amstutz: Pfarrer in Frauenkappelen b. Bern, Lektor a.d. Universität Bern und am Lehrerseminar Bern. Lektor für Neues Testament, Literatur und Kunstgeschichte am A.S.C.

1. Trimester: Religionsgeschichtliche Einführung ins Neue Testament. (10 V, 2 D)

§1) Die Wichtigkeit der Bibel für den abendländischen Menschen.

I. Die alttestamentlichen Grundlagen.
§2) Prophetische Religion und Gesetzesreligion.
3) Was ist ein Prophet?
4) Die Theodiseefrage als Grundfrage des Spätjudentums und des Neuen Testamentes. Lösungen der Theodiseefrage.
5) Die Weltenderwartung des Spätjudentums.
6) Die Gestalt des Messias. Arten der Messiaserwartung.

II. Leben und Lehre Jesu.
§7) Entstehung und Verfasser der drei ersten Evangelien.
8) Wer war Jesus Christus? Sein Messiasbewusstsein.
9) Johannes der Täufer, die Essener und die Taufe.
10) Die galiläische Zeit Jesu.
11) Die Bergpredigt. Jesu Ethik.
12) Die Universalität des Heils und der Glaube.
13) Die judäische Zeit Jesu.
14) Das Abendmahl.
15) Verrat des Judas, Prozess und Hinrichtung Jesu.
16) Die synoptischen Nachgeschichten.
17) Zusammenfassung der Lehre Jesu.

III. Leben und Lehre der Urgemeinde und des Paulus.

§18) Die Urgemeinde.
19) Antiochia und die Frühzeit des Paulus.
20) Die Reisen des Apostels Paulus.
21) Das Geschichtsbild des Paulus.
22) Gottesdienste und Sakramente bei Paulus.
23) Christologie und Anthropologie des Paulus.
24) Glaube und Gnade bei Paulus.

IV. Leben und Lehre der nachapostolischen Gemeinden.

§25) Nach den Pseudopaulinen und katholischen Briefen.
26) Nach dem johanneischen Schrifttum des Neuen Testamentes.
27) Das frühe Christentum und die Religionen seiner Umwelt.

2. Trimester: Die religiösen Probleme des modernen Menschen im Spiegel der deutschen Gegenwartsdichtung. (14 Vorl., 4 Disk.)

1. Dichtung und Religion allgemein.
2. Dichtung und Gesellschaft allgemein.
3. Literarische Strömungen in Deutschland seit 1900.
4. Die grössten Dichter, ihr Leben und Werk:
   a) Naturalismus: Thomas Mann, Hauptmann, Holz, Schlaf.
   b) Symbolismus: Stefan George, Hofmannsthal.
   c) Expressionismus: Werfel, Schnitzler, Benn, Barlach, Borchert.
   d) Neuromantik: Rilke, Hesse.
   e) Utopik: Kafka, E. Jünger, Friedr. Dürrenmatt.
5. Die religiösen Probleme, ausgesprochen von diesen Dichtern. Uebersicht.
6. Das Theodizeeproblem.
7. Das Problem des Gegensatzes.
8. Die Hoffnungslosigkeit und ihre Ueberwindung.
9. Das Problem der Verantwortung: a) für die Sprache, b) für die Wirkung der Dichtung. Toxische Wirkung. Seelsorge der Dichter. Lebenshilfe durch Dichtung. Erkenntnisförderung. c) Für persönliche Beziehungen: Eltern-Kinder. Liebesverhältnisse. Ertragen des Leides.
10. Das Problem des dichterischen Lebens im besonderen, des künstlerischen im allgemeinen. Fluch und Segen, Notwendigkeit des Dichtertums.

3. Trimester: Kunstgeschichtliche Grundbegriffe. (10 Vorl., 2 Disk.)

1. Alois Riegl's Begriff des Kunstwollens.
2. Heinrich Wölfflins Differenzierung: Imitation und Dekoration als die zwei Richtungen des Kunstwollens. Wölfflins Grundbegriffe.
3. Was helfen die Begriffe Kunstwollen, Imitation und Dekoration dem Kunstbetrachter?
4. Was ist Klassik? Was ist nichtklassisch?
5. Das umgreifende Kunstwollen.
6. Die künstlerische, handwerkliche und industrielle Arbeit.
7. Die Geschichte des menschlichen Bewusstseins im Spiegel der Auffassung von der künstlerischen Arbeit. Der Begriff des Stils.
8. Die Bedeutung der sog. künstlerischen Mittel. Exkurs: Die Geschichte der abstrakten Kunst. "Geisteskrankheit" und Infantilismus in der modernen Kunst.
9. Der Wille zur persönlichen Gestaltung. Moderne Kunst als Forschung.
10. Stoff und Form. Die Reichweite dieser Begriffe.
11. Stiltypen und ihre Wiederkehr.
12. Kennzeichnung der heutigen Situation: Einsamkeit und Spezialistentum der Künstler. Aufgaben: Ganzheit und Gemeinschaft.
13. Das Verhältnis der Gesellschaft zur Kunst. Der feste Platz der Kunst in der hierarchisch gebauten Gesellschaft. Ihre Heimatlosigkeit in der amorphen Gesellschaft.
14. Das Verhältnis von Meister und Schüler in der Kunst.
15. Bindung und Freiheit in künstlerischer Arbeit.

4. Prof. Hans Caspari: Präsident des Albert Schweitzer College, Professor an der Kantonsschule, Chur, Graubünden.

a) Der religiöse Liberalismus in Europa vom Ende des 19. Jh. bis heute.

(11 Vorlesungen, 1 Abenddiskussion)

1. Die Bedeutung des Liberalismus im ganzen als einer geistigen Haltung, die im Wesen des Menschen verankert ist.
2. Europa, Einheit in der Vielgestalt und Nährboden des Liberalismus und sein Schicksal.
3. Der religiöse Liberalismus seit dem Ende des 1. Weltkrieges; seine Ueberzeugung, der Stosstrupp einer neuen Aera der Freiheit, Toleranz und Vernunft zu sein.
4. Die theologische Haltung des religiösen Liberalismus in der Zeit Adolf von Harnacks und seiner Schüler. Der Weltbund für Freies Christentum und Religiöse Freiheit (I.A.R.F.).
5. Die "social gospel" Bewegung in den angelsächsischen Ländern und deren Einfluss auf Kontinentaleuropa. Der Religiöse Sozialismus; Friedr. Naumann, Chr. Blumhardt, Hermann Kutter, Leonhard Ragaz.
6. Der Niedergang des Liberalismus im allgemeinen und des religiösen Liberalismus im besondern während und nach dem 1. Weltkrieg.
7. Die politische und geistige Lage in Nachkriegs-Deutschland; die Entwicklung in Kontinental-Europa in der Richtung eines Autoritarismus; das Aufkommen der Dialektischen Theologie; Karl Barth und seine Schule.
8. Der deutsche Kirchenkampf und das Versagen der religiös-liberalen Organisationen gegenüber dem Nazitum. Die Lage von Kirche und Theologie in der reformierten Schweiz und das Absinken des religiösen Liberalismus zur Position einer Kinderbeit.
9. & 10. Albert Schweitzer als führende Persönlichkeit eines religiösen Liberalismus.
11. Die wesentlichen Züge und die Aufgabe eines religiösen Liberalismus als einer wegleitenden Geisteshaltung für die Zukunft. Die besondere Rolle des Albert Schweitzer College in einem solchen Programm.

b) Die Entstehung der deutschen Sprache und Literatur. (8 Vorlesungen)

I. Die Althochdeutsche Epoche bis 1050. Die Verwandtschaft der indogermanischen Sprachen und die ersten literarischen Werke im germanischen Literaturkreis. Die Einwirkungen des Christentums auf die germanische Geisteshaltung wie sie in der althochdeutschen Literatur sichtbar wird.

II. Die Mittelhochdeutsche Epoche. Die Einwirkung der Kreuzzüge und des ritterlichen Ideals auf die deutsche Literatur; die Minnesänger, das Nibelungenlied, die grossen Epiker der Frühgotik 12./13. Jh. Hartmann v. Aue (Der arme Heinrich), Wolfram v. Eschenbach (Parzival), Gottfried v. Strassburg (Tristan).

III. Die Epoche des Ueberganges von der Struktur des Hochmittelalters und des Feudalismus zum freien Bürgertum der Städte, u. der freien Bauern, schaft; Gründung der Schweizerischen Eidgenossenschaft; die Universitäten als neue geistige Zentren. Das Drama, die Mysterienspiele, Mystik und Frühhumanismus.

IV. Das Zeitalter des Humanismus u. der Reformation. Die Entstehung des Neuhochdeutschen; das Werk Martin Luthers, insbesondere seine Bibel-Übersetzung und deren Einwirkung auf die Gestaltung der deutschen Sprache.

5. Pfr. Werner Frei: Studienleiter und Lektor für Et[illegible]
Albert Schweitzer College.

Thema der Vorlesung: Ethik. (9 Vorlesungen pro Trimester)

Diese Vorlesung ist inhaltlich nach folgenden Gesichtspunkten aufgebaut:

Im 1. Teil hat das Ziel, beim Studenten das Verständnis für das ethische Denken zu wecken. Das Anliegen der Ethik wird hineingestellt ins philosophische Denken, und die Ethik stellt sich dar als Zweig der Philosophie, einbezogen in das philosophisch-religiöse Suchen des Menschen nach Wahrheit. Die Unterschiede zwischen religiös und philosophisch fundierter Ethik werden hervorgehoben. Beispielsweise tun wir auch einen kurzen Einblick in die Ethik des Alten und Neuen Testamentes und klären die Zusammenhänge zwischen Schöpfungsordnung, biblischer Anthropologie und der daraus resultierenden Ethik. In diesem Zusammenhang sehen wir auch die Unterschiede zwischen der gesetzlich begründeten Ethik und dem Doppelgebot der Liebe als Zeichen des wiedergeborenen Menschen. Dann gehn wir über zur philosophischen Ethik, machen uns die verschiedenen Stufen des ethischen Denkens klar und beschäftigen uns mit den beiden Hauptrichtungen: der naturalistischen und idealistischen Ethik, unter Berücksichtigung der verschiedenen ausgleichenden Kompromisslösungen.

Den 2. Teil unserer Vorlesungen widmen wir dem ethischen Denken Albert Schweitzers. Wir stellen seine Gedanken anhand seines Werkes "Kultur und Ethik" hinein in die weltanschauliche und damit auch ethische Not unserer Zeit. Dabei verfolgen wir den Weg, den der Autor als Lösung vorschlägt. Unsere heutige Kulturkrise hat ihre Wurzeln in einer weltanschaulichen Leere und Ratlosigkeit. Im Gang der Philosophie-Geschichte wurde immer wieder versucht Lebens-Anschauung von einem weltanschaulichen System abzuleiten. Schweitzer kehrt die Reihenfolge der beiden Begriffe um. Er geht aus von der Lebensanschauung als natürlicher, gegebener Grundlage für Sein und Denken. Von hier aus gelangt er zum ethischen Zentral-Gedanken der Ehrfurcht vor dem Leben. In diesem Zusammenhang setzen wir uns auseinander mit der ethischen Mystik Albert Schweitzers und setzen sie in Kontrast zur mittelalterlichen Mystik.
Wir folgen weiter den Gedanken des Urwalddarztes und stellen die praktische Bedeutung und die ethischen Konsequenzen fest in Bezug auf die persönliche Lebensgestaltung und die Zukunftsfrage der Menschheit. Das Problem der Weltanschauung wird durchreflektiert auf dem Fundament der Lebensanschauung. Bewusst stellt Schweitzer kein geschlossenes weltanschauliches System auf, sondern weicht der Gefahr des philosophischen Subjektivismus aus, indem er betont, dass ein Teil der Fragen offen bleiben muss.

Für das 3. Trimester werden drei Problemkreise ins Auge gefasst, die voneinander inhaltlich unabhängig sind - im Gegensatz zur Vorlesung über Schweitzers Ethik, wo es immer wieder darum ging, die grosse Linie festzuhalten und bereits Behandeltes in neuem Zusammenhang wieder aufzugreifen. Wir beschäftigen uns mit folgenden Fragen:

1. Abhängigkeit der Sittlichkeit von geographischen Verhältnissen.
   Nördliche und südliche Mentalität - ethischer Relativismus -
   die europäische Seele - Sittlichkeit und Klima usw.
2. Selbstbehauptung und Selbstverleugnung als Problem der christlichen Ethik.
3. Gedanken über das Phänomen des menschlichen Gewissens:
   das Gewissen in unserer Zeit -
   das Gewissen im politischen und wirtschaftlichen Leben -
   das Gewissen im Lichte von Religion und Psychologie.

6. Dr. Guido Schmidt: Professor an der Kantonsschule Chur, Graubünden.
Lektor für Psychologie am Albert Schweitzer College.

Thema der Vorlesung: Einführung in die Charakterologie. (6 Vorl. pro Trim.)

I. Teil. Persönlichkeit und Charakter.

1. Kapitel: Was macht das Individuum zur Person?
a) Die Wesenheit als Grenze unserer Erkenntnis. b) Wesen und Person. c) Das Individuum. d) Struktur und Genesis. e) Der Gegenstand der Psychologie. f) Menschlichkeit.

2. Kapitel: Der spezielle Gegenstand der Charakterologie.
a) Was verstehen wir unter einem Charakter? b) Die Einheit. c) Die Variabilität. d) Der Zusammenhang des Charakters mit dem Schicksal. e) Die Gestalt der Charakterologie.

3. Kapitel: Stellung im Leben und Einstellung zum Leben.
a) Die Lebensführung. b) Die Zwiespältigkeit unseres Interesses. c) Die Lebensauffassung. d) Das Erleben der Auffassung. e) Die Selbstzensur. f) Stellung und Einstellung.

II. Teil. Die Stellung im Leben.

4. Kapitel: Die Lebensrichtung.
a) Die Tendenzen der Selbstbehauptung und der Selbstveränderung. b) Die Triebbeweglichkeit. c) Handlungen im Affekt. d) Die Exzentrizität. e) Die Zentralität. f) Das Wesen der Religion, psychologisch gesehen. g) Moralität als Weltgestaltung. h) Aesthetizität als Hingabe an das Objekt. i) Die kulturelle Beweglichkeit.

5. Kapitel: Die Form unseres Lebens.
a) Die Energie. b) Die Konstanz. c) Die Periodizität. d) Die Originalität. e) Die Differentiation. f) Die Organisation.

6. Kapitel: Die Form des Handelns.
a) Die Vielfalt der Gebundenheiten. b) Die Bewusstheit. c) Die Phantasie. d) Das Gedächtnis. e) Die Reflexion. f) Die Intelligenz.

III. Teil. Die Einstellung zum Leben.

7. Kapitel: Das Lebensideal.
a) Die Naivität. b) Die Höhe des Ideals. c) Entscheidung zur Kultur. d) Stärke und Beharrung des Ideals. e) Das Wissen um die Ideale. f) Ideal und Weltauffassung.

8. Kapitel: Das Lebensproblem.
a) Die Widersprüchlichkeit des Lebens. b) Der Kompromiss. c) Erscheinungen des Kompromisses. d) Die Flucht. e) Die Abwehr.

9. Kapitel: Der Ablauf unseres Lebens.
a) Infantilität. b) Die Pubertätsepochen. c) Die Reife.

Sprachstudien in Englisch, Deutsch, Französisch (Leitung: Frau Prof. M.T.Casparis)

I. Englisch und Deutsch.

Erste Stufe für Anfänger ohne jegliche Vorkenntnisse. Hauptziel: einer einfachen Konversation folgen und daran teilnehmen zu können; dazu einfache Prosa und Dichtung zu verstehen. Zweitens Grammatik und Formenlehre. 3 Std. pro Woche.

Mittlere Stufe - Vertiefung der grammatikalischen Kenntnisse. Intensive Uebung in Konversation, Lektüre literarischer Meisterwerke insbesondere der Moderne. 3 Stunden pro Woche.

Dritte Stufe für Studenten mit guten Kenntnissen der betreffenden Sprache. Diskussionen, Konversation, Lektüre in Weiterführung des Programmes. 2 Stunden wöchentlich.

Der Erlernung des Deutschen und Englischen dient auch die Teilnahme an den Vorlesungen, die zweisprachig geführt werden.

II. Französisch: Nur für Studenten, die Englisch und Deutsch weitgehend beherrschen. Erste Stufe: Anfänger, 3 Std. wöchentlich. Zweite Stufe: Fortgeschrittene, 2 Std. pro Woche.

ALBERT SCHWEITZER COLLEGE
CHUR[illegible]/GR., SWITZERLAND

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CIA

REFERRAL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: November 26, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

We have obtained from the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee (SISS) this morning a copy of the transcript of testimony given by one Edward Scannell Butler in Executive Session on Sunday, November 24, 1963. Butler is the Executive Vice President of an organization called the Information Council of the Americas.

Butler told the SISS that he met Lee Harvey Oswald on August 21, 1963, as a result of Butler being invited to appear on a panel debate with Oswald. Butler said he was invited to be on this panel by the moderator of the debate, Bill Stuckey. The debate was held at the studios of WDSU, Radio Station, 520 Royal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Butler told the SISS that his impression of Oswald was that he was a rational and wholly indoctrinated pro-communist individual. He said Oswald exhibited absolutely no outward manifestation of any sort of psychotic activity that a layman like himself might associate with insanity. Butler said Oswald did, however, in the debate that he had with him, and in a previous tape that he heard that Oswald had made with another interviewer, exhibit a tremendous capacity to repeat by rote communist propaganda.

There is attached the original copy of the transcript furnished to us by the SISS along with a Photostat of this transcript. The original transcript should be returned to my office so that it may be returned to the SISS.

ACTION:

ENCLOSURE
ENCLO. BEHIND FILE

For record purposes.

Enclosures
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones
CDD:ejr
(7)

REC 55

105-82555-20

25 DEC 9 1963

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : W. C. Sullivan

FROM : W. R. Wannall

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

DATE: 11-29-63

1 - Belmont
1 - Mohr
1 - DeLoach
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - Branigan
1 - Wannall
1 - Turner
1 - Anderson
1 - Nasca

Re memorandum DeLoach to Mohr 11-26-63 which furnished copy of transcript of Executive Session testimony of Edward Scannell Butler of New Orleans, Louisiana, official of organization known as Information Council of the Americas. Butler's testimony was given before Senate Internal Security Subcommittee (SISS) on 11-24-63.

Butler testified he met Oswald 8-21-63 as result of his being invited to appear on panel debate with Oswald by Bill Stuckey the moderator. Debate was held at studios of WDSU, New Orleans Radio Station.

Butler stated his impression of Oswald was that he was a rational and wholly indoctrinated procommunist individual who exhibited no outward manifestation of any kind of psychotic activity. Oswald in the debate with Butler and in a previous tape which Butler had heard exhibited a tremendous capacity to repeat by rote communist propaganda.

Butler produced two tapes which he made available to SISS. One dealt with the debate Butler participated in on 8-21-63 and the other was the one he had heard dealing with Oswald's interview by Bill Stuckey which was taped about August 17, 1963. (These tapes discussed here appear identical with the two tapes Butler furnished Assistant Director W. C. Sullivan on 11-26-63. These tapes have been reviewed and results set forth in memorandum Wannall to Sullivan 11-27-63 concerning Oswald.)

Butler then recounted what he had learned about Oswald. He stated Oswald first came to public notice through altercation he had had on Canal Street in New Orleans with Cuban exiles. Before altercation, Oswald had apparently offered his services to Carlos Bringuier, leader of the "Cuban student director" (Students Revolutionary Directorate, anti-Castro organization) in New Orleans, but no action was taken on Oswald's offer. Bringuier later learned Oswald was distributing pro-Castro literature. Butler stated Oswald was fined ten dollars for disturbing the peace apparently in connection with this distribution.

Butler was asked if he was personally familiar with any propaganda put out by communists, Cuban communist sources primarily, that might have excited a person like Oswald, an emotionally unstable person, who believed this propaganda, to go out and assassinate the President of the United States.

Enclosure

Butler stated he had knowledge of such communist propaganda. He noted, however, that he was not making the assumption in his statement that Oswald was emotionally unstable. He stated he knew of communist propaganda which would tend to have such an effect, in his opinion, on an emotionally unstable person. Butler stated his organization kept a clipping morgue which he believed contained several thousand clippings, many of which contained incendiary statements by communist leaders some of which were directed personally against President Kennedy. Butler then apparently furnished some examples of this type of propaganda to SISS but they are not specifically named in the testimony.

Butler stated it seemed to him that the fact that many of the materials that Oswald had available to him were originally sponsored by official communist sources, placed the blame for Oswald's actions on the authors or the disseminators of that material.

ACTION:

For information. A copy of the testimony is attached for retention in Bufiles.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

U R G E N T 11/30/63 6-32 PM EST WRJ

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, PITTSBURGH 62-2931

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

OO DALLAS.

REBUTEL TO ALL SACS, NOV. THIRTY INSTANT.

NO INFORMATION PITTSBURGH INDICES RE LEE HARVEY OSWALD. NO ALLEGATIONS OF SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES ON PART OF OSWALD RECEIVED BY PITTSBURGH DIVISION AND NO INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED ON ANY CASE EXCEPT CRANK COMPLAINT NATURE, PROVEN UNFOUNDED, CONCERNING WHICH NO REPORT BEING SUBMITTED HACB.

RUC.

DALLAS TO BE ADVISED

END AND ACK PLS

6-34 PM OK FBI WC BRAH

TU CLRO

cc-MR ROSEN

105-82553-210

RECEIVED DEC 9 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

U R G E N T 11-30-63 6-40 PM EST DWW

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS

FROM SAC, LOUISVILLE //105-620// 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

ON NOVEMBER THIRTY, INSTANT, [redacted], [redacted], [redacted], INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY, LOUISVILLE, KY., ADVISED THA HE WAS IN SALTILLO, MEXICO, ON COMPANY BUSINESS IN NOVEMBER, NINETEEN SIXTY TWO. IN APPROXIMATELY THE THIRD WEEK IN NOVEMBER, HE AND A GROUP OF EMPLOYEES OF HARVESTER IN MEXICO WENT TO A NIGHT CLUB AND HOUSE OF PROSTITUTION KNOWN AS THE MONA LISA LOCATED OUTSIDE OF SALTILLO. WHILE THERE A STRANGER WHO RESEMBLED LEE HARVEY OSWALD CAME UP TO [redacted] TABLE, GRABBED [redacted] RIGHT THUMB AND SCUFFLED WITH [redacted] OBTAINED NO INFORMATION AS TO IDENTITY THIS INDIVIDUAL. HE THINKS INDIVIDUAL WAS KNOWN TO MEXICANS AT THE MONA LISA AND SOME REFERENCE WA MADE TO HIS BEING A CASTRO SUPPORTER. ONLY ONE OF HIS COMPANIONS WHOSE NAME [redacted] COULD FURNISH WAS [redacted] INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER PLANT, SALTILLO, MEXICO. [redacted] CAN FURNISH NAME OF OTHER MEXICAN HARVESTER EMPLOYEES WHO WERE AT MONA LISA ON THIS OCCASION.

REC-39 105-12555-111

DOCUMENT CONTROL SECTION
REC.D
25 DEC 9 1963

[redacted] DESCRIBED INDIVIDUAL WHO RESEMBLED OSWALD AS FIVE FEET

END PAGE ONE .....

PAGE TWO.....

LS 105-620

SEVEN OR EIGHT, ONE HUNDRED FIFTY POUNDS, THIN, DIRTY WITH A TWO DAYS GROWTH OF BEARD, PROBABLY IN TWENTIES.

DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS ADVISE IF WHEREABOUTS OF OSWALD IN NOVEMBER NINETEEN SIXTY TWO KNOWN.

LOUISVILLE WILL SUBMIT LETTERHEAD MEMO FOR FORWARDING TO LEGAT, MEXICO CITY. REPORT FOLLOWS.

Mosys Dallas working 11/62 RS

END AND ACK PLS

2YARY

6-47 PM OK FBI WA LD

DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS TO BE ADVISED

TU DISCO

NOV 30 8 25 PM '63

LBI

RECD-FILE AND MAIL

CC-MR. ROSEN

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 11/30/63

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. D. E. Moore
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Schutz
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Turner

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

At 10:45 a.m. today, SA Jack Wood, New York Office, telephonically advised Supervisor E. B. Reddy that Guy Richards of the "New York Journal American" had just called regarding a headline story in today's issue of the "New York Post" regarding the psychiatric and truancy record of Lee Harvey Oswald maintained in the files of the Bronx, New York, Children's Court.

SA Wood made no comment to Richards. SA Wood then obtained a copy of the "New York Post" and determined that it did carry such a headline story. SA Wood said that from the following noted excerpts from the story it is apparent that Justice Florence M. Kelley of the Bronx County Family Court, who gave the Bureau the information in the strictest confidence, is actually the source of the story in the "New York Post."

"Lee Harvey Oswald, accused assassin of President Kennedy, has a psychiatric and truancy record in Bronx Children's Court, the 'New York Post' has learned exclusively.

"The FBI has been given the details, Florence M. Kelley, presiding justice of the Family Court, confirmed to the 'Post.'

"She confirmed the 'Post's' information that there was a psychiatric report on young Oswald but refused to discuss the nature of it.

"Our records are always confidential and we never reveal them to anyone, Justice Kelley said. I did give some of the information to the FBI as an exception and contrary to our regular rules for the simple reason that Oswald is dead and if this kind of report could cast light on what kind of person he was, that would be in the national interest."

EBR:rbm

105-82555

REC-39 105-82555-21

DEC 9 1963

Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

"I made the exception because I felt the report could throw some light on the man who had been accused of assassinating the President."

SA Wood said that New York is sending the Bureau copies of the "New York Post" story and that the New York Office will make no comment should other press inquiries be received.

ACTION:

For information. Supervisor Harold P. Leinbaugh in Mr. DeLoach's office was advised of the above at 11 a.m., 11/30/63.

1 - Mr. Stokes

12-2-63

CODE

CABLEGRAM URGENT

TO LEGAL ATTACHE MEXICO CITY

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R. IN LETTER NOVEMBER NINE LAST SENT BY SUBJECT TO SOVIET EMBASSY, WDC PAREN TURNED OVER TO US AUTHORITIES BY SOVIETS PAREN HE WROTE OF HIS DISPLEASURE WITH CUBAN CONSUL, MEXICO CITY, TO WHOM SPOKE, PRESUMABLY ON SEPTEMBER TWENTY EIGHT LAST AND OF PLEASURE AT HEARING CONSUL HAD BEEN REPLACED.

CUBAN CONSUL ON SEPTEMBER TWENTY EIGHT LAST BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN EUSEBIO AZCUE WHO BELIEVED SUBSEQUENTLY REPLACED BY ALFREDO MIRABEL DIAZ. ADVISE IF THIS IS SO AND AS TO DATES AZCUE DEPARTED AND MIRABEL ASSUMED POST. ALSO ADVISE IF ANY DATA AVAILABLE TO INDICATE HOW SUBJECT WOULD HAVE KNOWN OF THIS CHANGE BETWEEN SEPTEMBER TWENTY EIGHT AND NOVEMBER NINE LAST.

DEC 2 1963

(4)

1 Foreign Liaison Unit (Rm 6527) thru for review

NOTE: Subject's comments to Soviet Embassy 11-9-63 if correct re change in Consuls, suggest additional contacts with Cubans or Soviets and this may raise a question.

105-82555-21

VIA CABLEGRAM

DEC 2 1963

REC 52

25 DEC 9 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 12-02 PM CST JKF

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS AND MIAMI

FROM SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY /105-783/ 2 P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS-R

RE BUREAU TELS NOVEMBER THIRTY AND DECEMBER ONE LAST ALL SACS.

[redacted] /PROTECT IDENTITY-REQUESTED/ OF [redacted] MIAMI, FLORIDA, TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED SA ARTHUR CHARLOFF OF OKLAHOMA CITY OFFICE ON DECEMBER TWO INSTANT. SHE TELEPHONED CHARLOFF AS THEY ARE FAMILY FRIENDS FOR YEARS. SHE WAS FURNISHED INSUFFICIENT INFO TO EVALUATE RELIABILITY. SHE ADVISED AS FOLLOWS.

ON DECEMBER ON LAST MANUEL RIEGO, A PRO-CASTRO COMMUNIST CUBAN REFUGEE RESIDING TWO FOUR EIGHT ZERO NORTHWEST TWO ZERO EIGHT STREET, MIAMI VISITED THE [redacted] RESIDENCE [redacted] INFORMING OF FOLLOWING IN GENERAL CONVERSATION.

RIEGO CLAIMED HE JUST RETURNED FROM WASHINGTON, D. C., TO MIAMI. CLAIMED HE HAD KNOWLEDGE THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS GOING TO BE ASSASSINATED PROPR TO ACTUAL OCCURRENCE AND CLAIMED HE KNEW OF LEE

END PAGE ONE 3 FBI

REC-39 105-82555

DEC 9 1963

53 DEC 11 1963

PAGE TWO

HARVEY OSWALD. RIEGO CLAIMED A MEMBER OF KENNEDY-S OWN GROUP, ALSO HAD ADVANCE KNOWLEDGE KENNEDY WAS TO BE ASSASSINATED.

RIEGO CLAIMS A REVOLUTION WILL OCCUR IN PUERTO RICO SIMILAR TO REVOLUTION WHICH OCCURRED CUBA.

[redacted] HAS LEARNED FROM RIEGO HE CLAIMS TO BE ACTIVELY MEETING WITH A PRO-CASTRO COMMUNIST GROUP IN MIAMI AREA. MEETINGS ACCOMPLISHED DURING FISHING TRIPS. RIEGO CLAIMS HE CARRIES A BROWN NOTEBOOK ON HIS PERSON CONTAINING NAMES OF MEMBERS HIS ABOVE GROUP. HIS EMPLOYMENT UNKNOWN, HOWEVER, IS MAP MAKER BY OCCUPATION.

MIAMI SEE OKLAHOMA CITY LETTER TO MIAMI DATED FEBRUARY SIX LAST TITLED POSSIBLE INFILTRATION OF COMMUNISM IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, MIAMI, FLORIDA FOR PREVIOUS INFO FROM THIS SOURCE FOR ASSISTANCE IN EVALUATION THIS SOURCE.

MIAMI CONTACT [redacted] IN MANNER TO AVOID OTHER [redacted] LEARNING OF CONTACT TO OBTAIN MORE SPECIFIC DETAILS THIS ALLEGATION. [redacted] ACQUAINTED WITH RIEGO AS HE [redacted]

REPORT FOLLOWS.

~~CORRECTION PAGE ONE LAST LINE SECOND WORD SHOULD BE /PRIOR/~~

END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 1-09 PM OK FBI WA RM

DL 12-09 AXXXPM OK FBI DL EEG

NH 1-09 PM EST OK XXXXFBI NHH NLW

TU CLEART

cc, Mrs Lee

C O

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 215

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

4

CIA

REFERRAL

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO: 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 216

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

4

CIA

REFERRAL

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Re San Antonio airtel to Bureau 12/2/63 captioned "ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS."

RE: WALTER C. JOHNSON &
STANLEY MOCZYGEMBA

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a LHM. Two copies of this LHM are being enclosed for Dallas, and one copy has been furnished to Secret Service, San Antonio.

(3) - Bureau (Encl. 8)
2 - Dallas (Encl. 2)
2 - San Antonio
ECG / njs
(7)

REC 55

105-82555-217

8 DEC 6 1963

8 ENCLOSURES

DEC 9 11 25 AM '63

SOVIET SECTION

CC: WFO

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Antonio, Texas

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

December 3, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

STANLEY MOCZYGEMBA, 330 Wilkins, San Antonio, furnished the following information:

MOCZYGEMBA said on or about October 5, 1963, as he was leaving San Antonio en route to his farm in Leming, Texas, via Highway 281, he picked up a hitchhiker who he believes may have been OSWALD. He said he picked the man up about 7:00 a.m. on the outskirts of San Antonio and drove him to Leming, a trip of about 28 miles. MOCZYGEMBA stated that the hitchhiker said very little during the trip, but did indicate he had come to San Antonio from Laredo, Texas, and was returning to Leming.

MOCZYGEMBA advised that he did not take a good look at the face of the hitchhiker but looking at a profile view of OSWALD makes him think they were the same. He said the hitchhiker was about the same age as OSWALD, about 5'8", 150 pounds, with dark hair. He also stated the hitchhiker was wearing a hat and heavy coat. He said the coat was much too heavy for the warm weather and the hitchhiker had the coat closed almost up to the neck.

Employees at Krause Cafe, 148 South Castel Avenue, and Ma's Cafe, 138 North Castel, New Braunfels, Texas, were interviewed and shown photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. None of the employees were able to recall seeing anyone resembling OSWALD in their cafe.

7 COPIES DESTROYED

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On November 28, 1963, Mr. BILL PENKER, 1010 John Page Drive, San Antonio, telephonically advised the San Antonio Office of the FBI that one of his employees in the Social Security Office, JAMES R. KELLEY, told him a janitor in the courthouse in New Braunfels, Texas, told him he had been talking with a service station operator in New Braunfels, Texas, that said he had changed the oil in OSWALD's car. PENKER said he did not know the name of the station of what day the oil was supposed to have been changed.

JAMES R. KELLEY, 5222 John Page Drive, San Antonio, advised on November 29, 1963, that he was advised of the above incident by a colored janitor in the New Braunfels Courthouse named "LEMON." He said the janitor told him the service station operator had reported the incident to the Comal County Sheriff at New Braunfels.

Comal County Sheriff WALTER FELLERS, New Braunfels, Texas, furnished the following information:

Sheriff FELLERS advised that W. C. JOHNSON, a resident of New Braunfels, came to his office on Saturday after the President's assassination with a newspaper showing the picture of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He said JOHNSON told him he had seen OSWALD a few days earlier at Bock Ford Motor Company, New Braunfels having the oil changed in his car.

Sheriff FELLERS stated at the time OSWALD was in custody of authorities in Dallas, therefore, he did not consider it of great importance. He added that he did not recall the information given him by JOHNSON.

WALTER C. JOHNSON, 265 North Walnut, New Braunfels, Texas, furnished the following information:

JOHNSON said he is almost positive he saw LEE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

HARVEY OSWALD in New Braunfels November 14, 1963. He said he was at Bock Ford Motor Company about 9:30 a.m. on that date having his car inspected and noticed a young man instructing the service manager to lubricate his car and change the oil. He said the man was in his early thirties, about 5'6", 155 pounds, with dark wavy hair, wearing a dark suit. JOHNSON stated the young man told the service manager he wanted his car by 11:00 a.m. as he was in a hurry to get to Dallas. JOHNSON described the car driven by the young man as a white 1962 Dodge or Plymouth, extremely dirty on the outside.

JOHNSON further advised that shortly after leaving Bock Motor Company he met the young man on San Antonio Street, New Braunfels, and the man asked him if there was a good place to eat around there. JOHNSON said he pointed out Krause Cafe and Ma's Cafe, both on Castel Avenue. He said he mentioned to the man that he must be new in town and the man explained that he had stopped en route to Dallas from the East around New Orleans, Louisiana. JOHNSON said he did not see the direction the young man took when leaving and did not know if he had gone to either of the cafes mentioned above.

JOHNSON stated he had seen the picture of OSWALD in the paper the day after President KENNEDY was killed and recognized it as the man he saw a week earlier in New Braunfels. He said he took the paper and went to Bock Motor Company and asked them to check their records for November 14, 1963, but was told that they were too busy to check. He said he then went to the Sheriff and told him about seeing OSWALD in town and the Sheriff told him it did not make any difference as authorities in Dallas had OSWALDin custody.

CHESTER PEHL, Service Manager, Bock Ford Motor Company, New Braunfels, Texas, furnished the following information:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

PEHL advised that he did not recognize the photograph shown him of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as that of anyone he had seen in New Braunfels. He said he recalled W. C. JOHNSON having his car inspected there but did not recall the day.

PEHL checked his service records for November 14, 1963, and located the record of W. C. JOHNSON. He advised that he recognized all service records for that day and personally knew everyone except a D. L. FARRELL, Dallas, Texas. He said he recalls FARRELL was a young man and that there was an older man with him but he was unable to describe them further. PEHL stated the car driven by FARRELL was a 1959 White Ford and it was extremely dirty on the outside. He added that FARRELL told him it was leaking oil and the repair bill indicated a valve cover gasket was replaced.

PEHL advised that his records do not reflect a street address for FARRELL nor motor number of license number of the automobile.

PEHL added that he recalled FARRELL telling the mechanic working on the car, MARVIN HEITKAMP, that he was going to Medina, Texas, hunting.

MARVIN HEITKAMP, mechanic, Bock Ford Motor Company, New Braunfels, Texas, furnished the following information:

HEITKAMP advised that he recalls repairing a leaking valve on a 1959 Ford approximately three weeks ago. He said there were two men in the car, one young about 30, and the other much older, maybe 55 or 60. He stated they told him they were going to Medina, Texas, hunting and he noticed what appeared to be camping equipment in the car. He added that he did not pay

much attention to the equipment and could not recall if there were any guns with it.

Mr. HEITKAMP said he did not recognize the photograph of OSWALD as resembling the young man driving the car he had repaired. He said he could not say for sure as he had no reason to try to remember the man at that time.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI ~~(62-109060)~~ 62

FROM : SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (105-2564) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Re report of SA EWALD I. CARLSON dated 12/2/63 at Minneapolis and Minneapolis letter to Bureau dated 12/2/63.

For the information of the Houston and Kansas City Offices, HAROLD JEROME MANDERY alleged that Mrs. KATHERINE HORST while in Kansas City, Missouri, said that she had heard OSWALD make a threat against the President and that she also mentioned JACK RUBY and the Carousel Club in Dallas, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. MANDERY and Mrs. HORST were each interviewed several times, and they confronted each other. MANDERY maintained his allegations to be correct, and Mrs. HORST categorically denied the allegations. Signed statements have been obtained from Mr. and Mrs. MANDERY as well as from Mrs. HORST. All parties have been advised that the furnishing of false information constitutes a violation of Federal law. Mrs. HORST has signed a waiver in which she consents to a polygraph examination. Mr. and Mrs. MANDERY have stated they would consent to polygraph examination, but they both left Minneapolis without prior notice prior to obtaining a waiver from them.

MANDERY has been described as an alcoholic and a person who might make a false allegation against Mrs. HORST

3 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Dallas (RM) (Info)
2 - Houston (RM)
2 - Kansas City (RM)
1 - Omaha (RM) (Info)
2 - Minneapolis

REC/ajw (11)

RECORDED 105-82555 218

DEC 6 1963

for spite purposes inasmuch as he formerly held the supervisory position in a radio advertising business presently held by Mr. JAMES HORST. MANDERY has admitted numerous arrests for minor offenses.

By letter dated 11/28/63, HAROLD MANDERY advised he was presently residing in Apartment 103, Yale Apartments, Fourth and Perry Streets, Davenport, Iowa. He further indicated in referenced letter that the following individuals may have heard him repeat the statement allegedly made by Mrs. HORST:

1) An unknown barber located on Sixth Street West off Main and halfway up the hill on the right-hand side and located in a basement. As near as can be determined, this would have been approximately 9/13/63.

2) BOB ALLEN

3) WILLIAM O'DONNELL

4) CHUCK GESNER

5) GEORGE TAYLOR

BOB ALLEN and WILLIAM O'DONNELL were interviewed on 12/4/63, and they denied hearing MANDERY relate such a statement made by Mrs. HORST.

The whereabouts of CHUCK GESNER is unknown, and the local office of Merle V. Watson has no address for him.

The present whereabouts of GEORGE TAYLOR is also unknown; however, his wife and family reside at 3421 Timbers Lane, Houston, Texas.

LEADS

HOUSTON

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS

Will attempt to locate and interview GEORGE TAYLOR

MP 105-2564

KANSAS CITY

AT KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Will attempt to locate barber who was alleged to have heard MANDERY repeat the statement made by Mrs. HORST that OSWALD threatened to kill the President.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL AIR MAIL

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (105-15823)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

(OO DALLAS)

Re San Antonio airtel to Bureau 12/3/63.

Enclosed to Seattle is one copy of referenced airtel.

[redacted] Thermal, California, advised SA THEODORE HINDERAKER on 12/4/63, that Post Office Box 659 was rented to CONSUELO MATA GONZALES in January, 1963. She gave up this box sometime before April 10, 1963, and it has been twice rented since that time.

On 3/30/63, CONSUELO MATA GONZALES furnished a forwarding address to Post Office Box 543, Sunnyside, Yakima County, Washington. In January, 1963, she lived at the corner of Avenue 54 and Filmore in Thermal, Calif. This is a ranch area and she was working for a labor contractor, I. R. RUBALCABA, who had Post Office Box 1444, Indio, California. RUBALCABA is an itinerant farm hirer and is in a continual travel status in the farm labor regions of California.

3 - Bureau (AM) (REGISTERED)
1 - Dallas (AM) (REGISTERED)
1 - San Antonio (105-2909) (AM) (REGISTERED)
2 - Seattle (Enc. 1) (AM) (REGISTERED)
1 - Los Angeles
CCO:rg
(8)

REC-55

105-82555-219

12 DEC 6 1963

this Los Angeles will conduct no further investigation at ~~time~~ time at Thermal, California, until Seattle conducts inquiry at Sunnyside, Washington, in accordance with instructions contained in referenced airtel.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-4-63 3-42 PM NJH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC/S, CHICAGO, DALLAS, AND SAN FRANCISCO

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES /105-15823/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD / IS-R / OO / DALLAS.

RE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO BUREAU, NOVEMBER THIRTY, LAST, ENTITLED, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE / OSWALD DASH TRAVEL / AFO.

CALVIN SCOTT, SUPERVISOR STATISTICS, CONTINENTAL AIRLINES /CAL/ LOS ANGELES, ADVISED SA JOSEPH DOYLE POWELL DECEMBER FOUR INSTANT THAT ELIZABETH CAMPBELL RETURN TICKET FROM SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA TO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, WAS REISSUED BY UNITED AIRLINES /UAL/, DATE, TICKET NUMBER AND PLACE OF ISSUE NOT KNOWN. NO DETAILS RETURN FLIGHT KNOWN TO CAL.

UAL TICKET REPOSITORY IS AT REVENUE ACCOUNTING OFFICE, CHICAGO. FOR INFORMATION CHICAGO, ELIZABETH CAMPBELL ADVISED SHE RETURNED FROM SACRAMENTO TO SAN ANTONIO ON AN UNKNOWN AIRLINE JANUARY TWO, SIXTY THREE AND OBSERVED

END PAGE ONE

105-12555-220

REC 55

DEC 9 1963

DGM INDEX DIA

52 DEC 11 1963 SEC.D

PAGE TWO

PERSON POSSIBLY IDENTICAL TO OSWALD ON PLANE FROM DALLAS TO SAN ANTONIO. THIS FLIGHT DESTINED ON TO MEXICO CITY FROM SAN ANTONIO WAS POSSIBLY AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT FIFTY NINE, ORIGINATING AT CHICAGO.

CAMPBELL ORIGINALLY FLEW VIA CAL FLIGHT FIFTY SEVEN ON DECEMBER TWENTY TWO SIXTY TWO FROM SAN ANTONIO EN ROUTE SACRAMENTO AND HAD ROUND TRIP TICKET. RETURN WAS VIA BUS TO OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA DUE TO FOG. PROPELLER PLANE FROM OAKLAND VIA LOS ANGELES TO DALLAS/ AND JET FROM DALLAS TO SAN ANTONIO. DEPARTURE FROM DALLAS ABOUT EIGHT P.M.

CHICAGO DETERMINE FROM UAL WHAT AIRLINE AND FLIGHT CAMPBELL USED FROM DALLAS TO SAN ANTONIO, JANUARY TWO, LAST. FD THREE ZERO TWO/S OR INSERTS NOT BEING SUBMITTED RE ABOVE INFORMATION.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 6-49 PM OK FBI WA LLD

CG 5-49 PM OK FBI CG EMM

DL 5-49 PM OK FBI DL CDE

SF 5-48 PM OK FBI SF SSM

TU DISC TM

DEC 1 9 25 AM '63

FBI

REC'D-[illegible]

CC-MR ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 4 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 11-23 AM EST BJS

TO DIRECTOR, /105-82555/, AND SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/

FROM SAC, LOUISVILLE /105-620/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R. APPROX 1921

JOHN T. GOVER, LOUISVILLE, KY., WHITE, THIRTYSIX, FARM EQUIPMENT SALESMAN, REPORTED ON DEC. TWO LAST TO HAVE REMARKED A FEW MINUTES PRIOR TO HEARING NEWS OF THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY ON NOV. TWENTYTWO LAST, THAT KENNEDY WOULD NOT SERVE OUT HIS TERM. GOVER REPORTEDLY MADE THIS REMARK WHILE REPAIRING FARM MACHINERY ON A FARM NEAR SHELBYVILLE, KY. GOVER PREVIOUSLY TALKED AGAINST INTEGRATION AND WAS CHARACTERIZED BY SOURCE AS A QUOTE BIG TALKER END QUOTE. WHEN GOVER HEARD NEWS OF THE ASSASSINATION HE SAID HE HAD NOT HAD ADVANCED KNOWLEDGE THAT THE ASSASSINATION WOULD OCCUR BUT EXPECTED THAT IT MIGHT HAPPEN. ON DEC. THREE LAST, GOVER DENIED MAKING ABOVE STATEMENTS REGARDING PRESIDENT KENNEDY. HE SAID HE HAD NEVER HEARD OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND HAD NO INFORMATION RE ANY PRO CASTRO ORGANIZATION.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK PLS

BL TO BE ADVISED

WA 1129 AM OK FBI WA LA

105-82555-221
REC 55
DEC 9 1963

53 DEC 11 1963

CC-MR. ROSEN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEW HAVEN (100-18158)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

CO: DALLAS

RE: Bureau airtel 12/3/63 to New Haven, copy of which is enclosed for Albany.

New Haven files do not reveal Phoenix teletype of 11/24/63. It appears that Miss OLIVE STEVENS, whom the Bureau desires interviewed, resides near Hidden Lake Lodge, Vermont. Therefore, Albany will comply with instructions in re Bureau airtel. Should there be information in Phoenix teletype of 11/24/63 which would be of benefit to Albany, Dallas should promptly furnish same to Albany.

REC 55

105-82555-222

5 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Albany (RM) (Enc-1)
1 - Phoenix (RM)
2 - Dallas (RM)
1 - New Haven
NEW/bss
(9)

DEC 6 1963

53 DEC 11 1963

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL — SEE BELOW (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NORFOLK (89-17)(P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO: Dallas)

Re Norfolk teletype and Little Rock teletype, both dated 12/4/63.

Enclosed herewith is letterhead memorandum concerning RAYMOND REFORD SANDS: Ten - Bureau, Two - Dallas, One each to Little Rock and Oklahoma City.

Special Agent JAMES G. OTTER, U. S. Secret Service, was advised as to this matter on 12/5/63. The Secret Service in Little Rock was advised by the Little Rock Office on 12/4/63.

UAEB, no further action will be taken in this matter.

Investigation concerning SANDS is being incorporated in the next report submitted by the Norfolk Division.

3- Bureau (REGISTERED)(Enc.- 10)
2- Dallas (REGISTERED - AIRMAIL)(Enc.- 2)
1- Little Rock (Info)(REGISTERED - AIRMAIL)(Enc.- 1)
1- Oklahoma City (Info)(REGISTERED - AIRMAIL)(Enc.- 1)
2- Norfolk
HAW:kfk
(9)

ENCLOSURE

105-82555-223

AGENCY W.J. Secret Service
REQ RCVD
DATE FORW. 12-4-63
HOW FORW. Ltr.
BY

AGENCY AC SS
REQ RCVD
DATE FORW. 12-5-63
HOW FORW. Hand
BY

61 DEC 6 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Norfolk, Virginia

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

December 5, 1963

BORN FEB 2-1920
WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS
OKLA.
TENN.
TEXAS
N. MEXICO

Re: Raymond Reford Sands

On December 3, 1963, PFC Leroy Harvey Phillips, Army serial number AR 19697022, Fort Eustis, Virginia, advised that on November 21, 1963, he met one Raymond R. Sands in downtown Newport News, Virginia. He stated that he and Sands were together from about 9:00 a.m. until 2:30 p.m. During that time, they visited different bars in Newport News and had several drinks together. The man gave him a small card with the following written on it: "Raymond R. Sands, care of Helen T. Whitehead, P. O. Box 51, Hazen, Arkansas."

Sands told him that he had been to Washington, D. C. for about seven days and had just arrived in Newport News. At one time during the conversation, Sands made the following statement: "Washington is going to fall. It is inevitable. It may be years. It may be months. It may be days." Sands made a number of statements which were in disagreement with some policies of the United States Government; however, Phillips was unable to recall his specific remarks. Sands also remarked that President Kennedy would have been better off if his brother had not been killed during World War II.

Phillips stated that Sands quoted several passages from the Book of Revelation in the Bible and Sands gave him the impression of being a religious fanatic.

Phillips also related that Sands told him that he was staying at the Tidewater Hotel in Newport News and had a brother who was a Lieutenant Colonel at Fort Eustis, Virginia. Sands also related to him that he would not be around the area very long.

Re: Raymond Reford Sands

On December 4, 1963, Mr. David Justice, Manager, Tidewater Hotel, Newport News, Virginia, advised that his records reflect that one Raymond R. Sands registered at the hotel at 6:50 p.m. on November 20, 1963. Sands checked out of the hotel on November 22, 1963, but the time was not recorded. The registration card reflects the name of Raymond R. Sands, care of Bessie E. Youngkin, care of Lieutenant Colonel J. N. Sands, Quarters 2768, Fort Eustis, Virginia, representing White Store, Incorporated. On November 20, 1963, Sands made a telephone call to number 5034 at Hazen, Arkansas.

On December 4, 1963, Lieutenant Colonel Joseph N. Sands, 2768 Fergusson Circle, Fort Eustis, Virginia, advised that Raymond Reford Sands is his brother. He said that his mother, Bessie E. Youngkin, resides with him at Fort Eustis.

Colonel Sands stated that his brother telephoned him on November 20, 1963, and at that time he told Raymond that he did not want him to visit him under any circumstances. Sometime prior to that date Raymond had passed through Newport News stating that he was en route to Washington, D. C. He said his brother had been discharged from the Veterans Administration Hospital, Little Rock, Arkansas, where he had received treatment as a [redacted]. Prior to that time he had been a patient in a [redacted] in Norman, Oklahoma, following his return from overseas duty with the United States Marine Corps in 1945.

Colonel Sands related that Raymond had stayed at the Tidewater Hotel in Newport News on his last visit to this area. Prior to coming to Newport News, Raymond had called from Memphis, Tennessee.

He related that Raymond frequently telephoned him and recently his brother had told him that he had some poems he wanted to sell and that on a visit prior to the one on November 20, 1963, Raymond said he was going to Washington, D. C., to see President Kennedy and the then Vice-President Johnson. Raymond had told him that he had met Vice-President and Mrs. Johnson while he (Raymond) was employed in Austin, Texas, at which time Johnson was a Senator. Colonel Sands stated, however, that he actually does not know whether his brother is acquainted with President and Mrs. Johnson.

Re: Raymond Reford Sands

Colonel Sands related that on the last occasion of Raymond's visit to Newport News beginning November 20, 1963, Raymond telephonically advised him that while in Washington he had a telephone conversation with Mrs. Johnson but was not able to see President Johnson.

Colonel Sands described Raymond as a religious fanatic and one who is disturbed mentally. Raymond told him that he had extra sensory powers and had been in direct communication with higher powers; that he had knowledge so great that if he revealed it, it would mean instant death to him. He related, however, that he has never known Raymond to commit any act of violence or have any firearms or knives on his person.

Colonel Sands further stated that his and Raymond's home is in Wichita Falls, Texas, and that his brother has worked in Wichita Falls and Austin, Texas, as well as in Albuquerque, New Mexico, and possibly in and around Dallas, Texas. The last job he knew that his brother had was with Sears, Roebuck, and Company in Lubbock, Texas, and prior to that was employed in a furniture store in Albuquerque, New Mexico. The job he held the longest was with White's Auto Stores, Austin, Texas. These stores are operated by one Earl White, who resides in Wichita Falls, Texas.

He recalled that in July, 1962, his brother was in the Midland, Texas, jail and since that time has been in jail in Duval, Arkansas.

He related that Raymond has been married at least three times and that his first wife, Helen Stuart, now resides at 1825 Eleventh Street, Wichita Falls, Texas. Another former wife, Mozelle Steele, now resides at 1051 Fair Meadow Circle, Duncanville, Texas.

Colonel Sands and his mother, Mrs. Bessie E. Youngkin, who was present during the interview, advised that the last address they had for Raymond as of October, 1963, was in care of Mrs. Leah Bridge, 2822 South Broadway, Little Rock, Arkansas. His address prior to that time was in care of W. Milan, 1522 West Third Street, Little Rock, Arkansas. Raymond has also kept in touch with an aunt, Mrs. Foy Fitzpatrick, 2424 Southwest 20th Street, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

Re: Raymond Reford Sands

On November 24, 1963, Colonel Sands and his mother met Raymond at the Greyhound Bus Station in Newport News, at which time they gave him $50 cash and did not carry on any conversation with him. He had told him that he wanted money to return to Little Rock, Arkansas. Colonel Sands felt that if Raymond did not actually go to Little Rock, Arkansas, he might possibly be somewhere around Memphis, Tennessee.

Colonel Sands advised that if he ascertained the whereabouts of his brother, he would notify the Federal Bureau of Investigation. He furnished the following description of him:

Name	Raymond Reford Sands
Race	White
Sex	Male
Birth data	February 2, 1920, at Wichita Falls, Texas
Height	6'
Weight	160 to 170 pounds
Hair	Brown or sandy
Eyes	Blue
Complexion	Light
Attire	Sloppy
Education	High school at Wichita Falls, Texas
Occupation	Salesman; however, has held no steady job within the past two and one half or three years

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

REC-52

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

U R G E N T 12-5-63 8-50 PM NCC

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS. NEW YORK /105-38431/ AND
DALLAS /89-43/
NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAC, BOSTON /89-43/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE AT DALLAS, TEXAS. AFO

RE NEW YORK TELETYPE TO BUREAU, BOSTON AND DALLAS DECEMBER FOUR, SIXTY THREE.

BACKGROUND

INTERVIEW OF JULIUS E. LARSEN RE SOURCE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD/ INCOME.

ON DECEMBER FIVE, SIXTY THREE, MR. JULIUS E. LARSEN, SIXTY THREE SUFFOLK RD., WELLESLEY, MASS. ADVISED SAS DARREL B. CURRIE AND JAMES T. SULLIVAN AS FOLLOWS: EX-117 REC-52 105-82555-124

HIS WIFE, ELVIRA E. LARSEN, WHO DIED IN FEBRUARY, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, WAS THE SISTER OF EDWIN A. EKDAHL, WHO DIED IN NINETEEN FIFTY THREE. DEC 6 1963

EDWIN A. EKDAHL WAS FIRST MARRIED TO RASMINA, WHO DIED IN NINETEEN SIXTY ONE. THEY HAD ONE SON DEWEY EKDAHL, BORN SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN, THIRTY ONE, WHO NOW RESIDES AT FAIRVIEW AVE., UPPER NYACK, NEW YORK, EMPLOYED AS AN ART TEACHER IN TARRYTOWN, NEW YORK

END PAGE ONE. 53 DEC 11 1963

SCHOOLS AND IS PART-TIME POLICEMAN AT NYACK, NEW YORK.

EDWIN EKDAHL WAS DIVORCED FROM RASMINA, DATE AND PLACE UNKNOWN, AND LATER REPORTEDLY MARRIED A WOMAN IN TEXAS WHOSE NAME AND BACKGROUND ARE UNKNOWN TO LARSEN THIS MARRIAGE ALSO REPORTEDLY ENDED IN DIVORCE.

AT TIME EKDAHLS/S DEATH, HE WAS LIVING ALONE IN NEW YORK CITY AND BELIEVED WORKING FOR EBASCO SERVICES AS AN ENGINEER.

MRS. ELVIRA LARSEN WAS BENEFICIARY OF FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS GROUP LIFE INSURANCE CARRIED BY EKDAHL THROUGH HIS EMPLOYER AND THE SON DEWEY EKDAHL WAS BENEFICIARY OF STOCKS AND BONDS HELD BY EDWIN EKDAHL.

SINCE EDWIN EKDAHL/S DEATH, MR. AND MRS. LARSEN HAVE ASSISTED DEWEY EKDAHL FINANCIALLY AND HAVE SPENT ALL OF THE FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS ON HIM. [redacted] HE STATED THAT EDWIN EKDAHL HAD LEFT THE MONEY TO MRS. LARSEN IN PAYMENT FOR MANY PAST FAVORS, BUT SHE GRADUALLY GAVE IT ALL TO DEWEY AS SHE DID NOT NEED IT HERSELF.

MR. LARSEN IS CERTAIN THAT HIS WIFE NEVER GAVE ANY MONEY TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD WHO IS UNKNOWN TO LARSEN.

END PAGE TWO.

PAGE THREE.

LARSEN CANNOT ADVISE WHERE EKDAHL WORKED FROM NINETEEN FORTY THREE TO NINETEEN FIFTY THREE OR WHERE HE LIVED DURING HIS TEXAS MARRIAGE. HE HAS NO INFORMATION ON MARGUERITE OR LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

NEW YORK INTERVIEW DEWEY EKDAHL AT UPPER NYACK, NEW YORK FOR DESIRED INFORMATION.

EPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK PLS.

WA 9-00 PM OK FBI WA RL FOR RELAY

TU CLR

CC-MR ROSEN

DEC 2 1963

REC-D-FBI

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

RE OSWALD - BACKGROUND

Re San Antonio tel to Bureau 12/5/63.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memo. Enclosed for Dallas are two copies of this letterhead memo.

No dissemination is being made locally to Secret Service.

1 gencls rec'd 3 ENCLOSURE

(3) Bureau (Encl. 8)
2 - Dallas (Encl. 2)
2 - San Antonio
HTB / njs
(7)

1 rec'd

REC-52 105-82555-225

DEC 6 1963

EX-117

SOVIET SECTION

cc: Mich

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Antonio, Texas

December 5, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 4, 1963, JOHN GARNER CURRIE, WAYNE ARNOLD WARREN, and PERRY WARREN HARDWICK, all residents of Goodall-Wooten Dormitory and ANNE PENN CHEW BORN, 2207 Rio Grande, all of Austin, Texas, and all freshman students at The University of Texas, advised a Special Agent of the FBI as follows:

CURRIE, WARREN, and BORN all accompanied JODIE LYNN PHILLIPS, presently a student at Abilene Christian College at Abilene in PHILLIP's car from Austin, Texas, to New Braunfels, Texas, on the afternoon of November 23, 1963, where HARDWICK was to go on a deer hunt.

While in New Braunfels, all five students entered an unknown grocery store and observed a newspaper with headlines about the assassination of President KENNEDY; they all make remarks indicating this was the first news they had of the event and tried to get employees in the store to discuss the assassination with the intention of misleading them into believing that they knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD personally. The persons in the store at New Braunfels declined to discuss the event.

HARDWICK was then left in New Braunfels to proceed with his deer hunt.

The other four students then started back to Austin, Texas, in PHILLIP's car and en route planned to try

6 COPIES DESTROYED

to play a joke at some store at Kyle, Texas, indicating they had been hunting and were learning of the assassination for the first time, then pretending they were all well acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. They had agreed among themselves that if they could get the store owner to mention the name OSWALD to them, that they would again all pretend to know him.

In Kyle, Texas, they entered a general store handling mostly grocery items and observed a TV set with news of the assassination. They then expressed in various type phrases to the owner of the store, their preconceived plan.

BORN claimed to know OSWALD personally and to have known him to hand out Fair Play for Cuba literature. CURRIE, WARREN, and PHILLIPS also allegedly pretended to know OSWALD to a lesser degree. CURRIE, WARREN, HARDWICK, and BORN all admitted the entire incident was joke thought up by them just for fun and they deny ever having heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or the Fair Play for Cuba literature mentioned above. None of them could identify a photograph of OSWALD as being anyone known to them.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 5

copy
2

JAMES TURRELL
FOUNDATION

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (105-15823) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R
(OO: DALLAS)

Re San Diego tel to Bureau, 12/4/63, 8:23 PM.

SA HENRY F. ALSTON ascertained from Locater File, El Toro Marine Corps Air Station, California, 12/5/63, that EUGENE S. HOLMBERG, MCSN 1198313, is in a squadron attached overseas and exact current whereabouts is unknown.

It is being left to the discretion of Dallas as to the advisability of having HOLMBERG interviewed abroad.

No report being submitted.

3- Bureau
2- Dallas
2- Los Angeles

CCO/jm
(7)

REC-52 105-15823-226

EX-117

4 DEC 7 1963

C C. Wick

53 DEC 12 1963

SOVIET SECTION

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: December 5, 1963

FROM : SAC, Dallas (89-43)(P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka;
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

137464

ATTENTION: IDENTIFICATION DIVISION AND
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR WILLIAM SULLIVAN

Reference is made to telephone call from Inspector JAMES MALLEY to Assistant Director WILLIAM SULLIVAN at the Bureau this date.

There are enclosed a letter and envelope described as follows:

1. Typewritten letter headed La Habana, 10 de Noviembre, 1963, with address of Lee Harvey Oswald, Mail Office, Dallas, Texas, U.S.A., and salutation of Amigo Lee. The letter is closed "Siempre sincerely, Pedro Charles," and signed in ink "Peter."

2. Envelope addressed to Lee Harvey Oswald, Mail Office, Dallas, Texas, U.S.A., postmarked La Habana, Cuba, November 28; 9:30 a.m., 1963.

NOT RECORDED
19 DEC 16 1963

It is requested of the Identification Division that instant letter be processed for latent fingerprints.

For the information of the Domestic Intelligence Division, it is noted that an English translation of this letter is as follows:

3 Bureau (Enc. 2)(REGISTERED MAIL)
3 - Dallas (2 - 89-43)(1 - 100-10,461)
WRH/gm
(6)

7 DEC 1963

ENCLOSURE

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-1

DL 89-43

"La Habana
Nov 10, 1963

"Lee Harvey Oswald
Mail Office
Dallas, Texas
U.S.A.

"Friend Lee:

One time more I write you since the last time that we saw each other in Miami. The Spanish books that you took from the hotel and I have hardly anything. I told you of the man who was thinking of visiting here shortly and you ought to close the business as soon as possible, like I told you before in Miami, I recommend much prudence and do not be foolish with the money I gave you. So I hope you will not defraud me and that our dreams will be realized. After the affair I am going to recommend much to the chief that he certainly will have much interest in knowing you as they need men like you. I told him you could put out a candle at 50 meters and he did not want to believe me, but I made him believe it because I saw you with my own eyes and the chief was astonished. Good Lee, practice your Spanish for when you come to Habana for Habana is the land of the free, of the beautiful women and the rich Habana tobacco. Don't forget to do all I told you to the very letter and leave nothing that could lead to your trail and when you receive my letters destroy them as always. After the affair I will send you the money and we will see each other in Miami where always.

"Sincerely always

Pedro Charles

Peter"

DL 89-43

The Identification Division may retain this letter if desired, and a photographic copy should be forwarded to the Dallas Office.

Form (Rev. 12-19-56)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (109-12-221)

FROM: SAC, WFO (109-122) (C)

FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS - MEXICO - CUBA
IS - MEXICO - CUBA

Lee Oswald

Enclosed for the Bureau are nine copies of a letterhead memo containing information furnished by [redacted]

The letterhead memo is classified "Confidential" since it reveals our investigative interest in a diplomat and diplomatic establishment of a foreign power and since the information furnished could reasonably result in the identification of a confidential informant of continuing value and compromise its future effectiveness.

ENCLOSURE
3-Bureau (Enc. 9)
2-WFO
(1-105-47283)
(1-105-30611) (RAUL ROA)

CEL:jwb
(6)

AIRTEL

105-82555-
NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 10 1963

12 DEC 9 1963

C. C. Wick

1 ENCLOSURE

EL

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-12-221-1172

Approved: 53 DEC 11 1963 Sent _____ M Per _____

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SECRET

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. [redacted]

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

December 4, 1963

Dec.

FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS - MEXICO - CUBA
INTERNAL SECURITY - MEXICO - CUBA

[redacted] S

[redacted] S

[redacted] S

[redacted] S

SECRET

[redacted]

CLASSIFIED BY 2540
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY II III
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
7/8/77 RD

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF 12/6/63

[redacted]

SECRET

FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS
MEXICO - CUBA

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

SECRET

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.;
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas
AFO

OO - DALLAS

Rerep SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, 11/30/63, Dallas.

Enclosed herewith are ten copies of amended pages Nos. 495-515 (Index) to be inserted in the ten copies of report sent to the Bureau. Dallas copies have been corrected.

In addition, the Bureau is requested to make the following corrections in their copies of referenced report:

Page	Paragraph	Line	Instead of	Change to
90	2	2	Truely	Truly
91	3	2	Tippett	Tippit
94	3	3	Rezhuyehko	Pezhuyehko
96	1	1	Jaggers	Jaggars
97	3	13	Shelly	Shelley
"	3	15	"	"

NOT RECORDED
11 DEC 6 1963

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas
RPG:pm
(5)

ENCLOSURE
DETACHED & FILED
IN REFERENCED REPORT
5 MARKED BUREAU
5 MARKED DALLAS
5-17-63

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

DL 89-43

Page	Paragraph	Line	Instead of	Change to
99	1	10	Kelly	Kelley
132	1	4	P. M.	F. M.
140	6	4	Jaggers-Chiles-Stoval	Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall
157	1	4	John G.	John B.
"	3	4	"	"
192	2	5	De Morhenschildt	De Mohrenschildt
"	2	8	"	"
"	3	1	"	"
"	3	3	"	"
"	3	5	"	"
"	3	6	"	"
"	3	8	"	"
"	3	11	"	"
193	1	1	"	"
194	2	5	"	"
"	3	2	"	"
"	3	3	"	"
195	2	3	"	"
196	1	11	Jaggars Chiles and Stovall	Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall
198	2	7	De Morenshields	De Mohrenschildt
"	2	8	"	"
"	2	9	"	"

DL 89-43

Page	Paragraph	Line	Instead of	Change to
210	Penultimate	1	Solid State Electrical	Solid State Electronics Company of Texas
214	2	5	Electrical Company	Electronics Company of Texas
215	2	1	Theophil	Teofil
"	3	7	Jaggers	Jaggars
219	1	1	Roy H.	Roy S.
229	1	4	De Mohrenschieldt	De Mohrenschildt
258	3	2	De Morenschild	"
"	3	4	"	"
262	3	Penultimate	Anne	Anna
279	Last	1	(Elaine)	(Elena)
280	1	4	Ann	Anna
"	1	4	4930½	5930½
291	2	5	Anne	Anna
"	3	10	Forest	Forrest
316	1	8	Lennie	Linnie
"	2	12	"	"
320	1	1	"	"
324	1	3	Leabelle	Leavelle
332	2	2	Shelly	Shelley
"	2	7	"	"
"	2	9	"	"

DL 89-43

Page	Paragraph	Line	Instead of	Change to
341	2	3	holes in the elbows	hole in one elbow
348	1	4	L. Lee	L. D.
354	1	1	Earline	Earlene
356	1	1	"	"
380	Penultimate	1	"	"
424	1	1	Irving State Bank	Irving Bank
"	3	4	"	"
432	2	2	Textbook Company	and Company
436	3 (Clerical Employees)	2	Richie	Richey

Dallas copies being corrected.

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 12-5-63

"The New York Times" of Dec. 3, 63 and Cuban Foreign Minister Raul [illegible] in a strongly worded note to Mexican Government had protested the arrest of Mrs. Silva Duran, employee of Cuban Consulate, Mexico City. It stated Mrs. Duran was arrested on 11-23-63 and questioned regarding visa application of Lee H. Oswald, accused assassin of the late President Kennedy. The note also charged that Mexican Police used "coercion and brutality" in questioning Mrs. Duran before [illegible] on her same date. Attached note which shows Mexican Government has refused to accept the Cuban protest note is being disseminated to State, CIA and military agencies.

H.L:lab

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

62-109060-142

URGENT 12-5-63 9-52 AM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, MINNEAPOLIS /105-2564/

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

AFO. 00 - DALLAS.

RE MINNEAPOLIS TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS FOUR THIRTY SIX PM, DECEMBER FOUR LAST, RE CHECKING RECORDS WESTERN UNION, MINNEAPOLIS.

FOR CONFIDENTIAL INFO BUREAU AND MINNEAPOLIS, ARRANGEMENTS HAVE NOW BEEN MADE AT DALLAS THAT WESTERN UNION WILL CHECK ALL WESTERN UNION RECORDS AT DALLAS FOR ANY INFO RE CONTACTS MADE WITH WESTERN UNION BY LEE HARVEY OSWALD. CHECK TO BE MADE UNDER SUBJECT/S TRUE NAME AND ALL KNOWN ALIASES.

END ACK IN ORD

WA 10-55 AM OK FBI WA NH

MP OK FBI MP 9-54 AM SP

TU CLEAR

CC: Dir. Sullivan 105-82555

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1963

DEC 6 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016) AND SAC DALLAS (44-520)

FROM: SAC, WFO (44-520)

JACK LEON RUBY, AKA, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM.
CR OO DALLAS.

BACKGROUND DASH ACQUAINTANCE.

ON TWELVE FIVE INSTANT CARL SHAREK, POLISH DESK OFFICER, USIA, ADVISED SA DELBERT L. LEE THAT ON TWELVE TWO LAST KRYSTIAN BARCZ, POLISH NATIONAL VISITING UNITED STATES ON STATE DEPARTMENT STUDY GRANT, INFORMED HE WAS IN DALLAS TEXAS ON DATE OF PRESIDENTS ASSASSINATION. BARCZ AND HOST QUOTE JACK ENQUOTE HAD LUNCH IN DALLAS RESTAURANT FOLLOWING ASSASSINATION. OBSERVED MAN PACING RESTAURANT FLOOR COMMENTING WHAT A HORRIBLE THING HAD HAPPENED AND THAT DALLAS AND TEXAS WOULD BE BLAMED FOR ASSASSINATION. HOST QUOTE "JACK" ENQUOTE CALLED MAN OVER AND INTRODUCED TO BARCZ AS QUOTE MR. RUBY ENQUOTE. BARCZ SUBSEQUENTLY FOUND OUT THAT THIS QUOTE MR. RUBY ENQUOTE IN THE RESTAURANT WAS THE SAME MAN WHO SHOT OSWALD.

(2) - Bureau
2 - Teletype Unit
1 - WFO
RWK:rlc
(5)

105-82555-
NOT RECORDED
170 DEC 10 1963
25 DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE
3 DEC 11 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN 44-24016 515

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

F B I

Date:

Transm. the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____
(Priority or Method of Mail if any)

WFO 44-520
PAGE TWO

SHAREK STATED HE DID NOT HAVE ITINERARY FOR BARCZ WHO IS TOURING COUNTRY AND IS NOT ABLE TO FURTHER IDENTIFY THE HOST QUOTE JACK ENQUOTE.

ON TWELVE FIVE INSTANT ROSS TITUS, CASE OFFICER, SOVIET DASH EASTERN EUROPEAN EXCHANGES STAFF, DEPARTMENT OF STATE, ADVISED SA JOHN H. MAC MILLAN THAT PROFESSIONAL SPONSOR OF BARCZ IN DALLAS WAS MIKE SHAPIRO, GENERAL MANAGER, WFAA DASH TV. HOSPITALITY SPONSOR WAS CLYDE EMERY, GENERAL CHAIRMAN, DALLAS COMMITTEE FOR FOREIGN VISITORS, TWO SEVEN TWO SEVEN OAKLAWN, DALLAS.

DALLAS CONTACT ABOVE SPONSORS IN EFFORT TO IDENTIFY AND INTERVIEW HOST QUOTE JACK ENQUOTE WITH WHOM BARCZ ASSOCIATED ON DAY OF ASSASSINATION AND WHO REPORTEDLY IS ACQUAINTANCE OF JACK RUBY.

FD THREE ZERO TWOS FOLLOW.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR
OO: DL

Re Los Angeles teletype 7:16 AM, 12/1/63, relative to information furnished by HARRY HALL aka, FBI #2956393, inmate at FCI, Terminal Island, Calif.

HALL admittedly contacted law enforcement in the hope of self-benefit. He is a confidence man.

Review of the FD-302 submitted by Los Angeles Office reflecting results of interview by SA WILLIAM JOHN NOLAN and Special Agent in Charge GUY H. SPAMAN, Secret Service, Los Angeles, discloses HALL apparently has some knowledge of the Dallas - Fort Worth area and names of prominent people.

DICK ANDRADE, who is referred to by HALL, was a prominent Dallas oil man prior to his death some months ago and was known to the Bureau. BILL BYERS may be identical with a gentleman by the same name, an oil man of Tyler, Texas, also known to the Bureau. H. L. HUNT, a nationally known oil man and capitalist. BUDDY FOGELSON is a Dallas oil man, husband of film and TV star GREER GARSON.

3 - BUREAU (ENCS.-4)
1 - CHICAGO (ENCS.-4)
1 - EL PASO (ENCS.-4)
1 - LOS ANGELES (44-895) (INFO)
2 - LAS VEGAS (ENCS.-4)
1 - SAN FRANCISCO (ENCS.-4)
2 - DALLAS
MCC:eah
(11)

DEC 6 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

DL 44-1639

In summary, the information, if true, would establish RUBY as a confidence man and with extensive gambling activities. Such has not been established through hundreds of interviews with persons in all sections where RUBY has resided.

Two copies of the FD-302 and two copies of an accompanying insert relative to HALL are enclosed to Bureau, Las Vegas, El Paso, Chicago, and San Francisco, in view of alleged activities. Two copies of each are being retained in Dallas file but are not being included in a Dallas report unless some information is developed to confirm allegations.

LAS VEGAS DIVISION

AT LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Interview [redacted] aka Marty Field, said by HALL to be his uncle and currently a dealer at Sands Hotel as to his knowledge of RUBY. Attempt through SCHWARTZ to confirm or negate the information as to RUBY's activities.

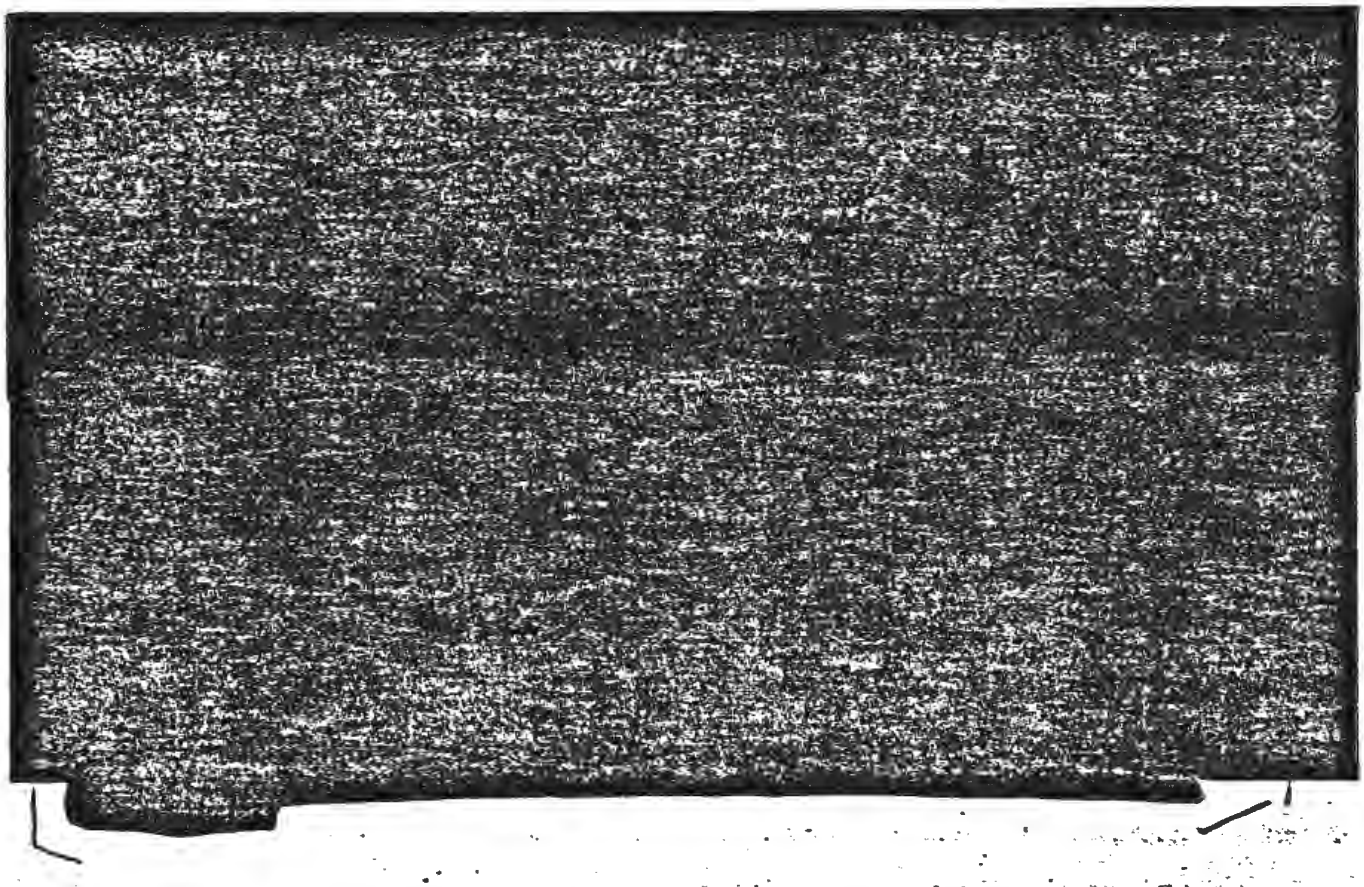
If he confirms and such activities are subject to verification, set out appropriate leads.

Other offices review material and, if there appears to be any basis of fact so far as such offices are concerned, advise.

LA 44-895
WJN:mjg
1

HARRY HALL, aka
Harry Helfgott, Harry Hiller,
Harry Hunt, Sidney Brinn,
Sidney Brynn, Sidney Brin,
Sidney Bryn, Harry Sinclair, Jr.,
Ed Pauley, Jr.
FBI No. 2956393

HARRY HALL [redacted] has characterized himself as a gambler and sports promoter widely acquainted with individuals in these fields.



ENCLOSURE

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

On November 11, 1963 HARRY HALL, an inmate at the Federal Correctional Institution (FCI), Terminal Island, California, was contacted in view of his request to the Secret Service at Los Angeles, California on November 29, 1963 that he be contacted inasmuch as he felt he had information of value concerning JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas. Present at the interview was Special Agent in Charge GUY H. SPAMAN of the Secret Service, Los Angeles, California.

HALL advised that his reason for contacting law enforcement was that he desired to get out of FCI and before he gave any information, he wanted some assurance of this fact.

HALL was advised that no such assurances could be given to him and if he had information it should be given to the FBI immediately in view of the fact that to conceal valuable information would in effect be obstructing the current investigation with regard to JACK RUBY. HALL was advised that the fact that he did furnish information would be made known to the U. S. Attorney at Los Angeles for whatever consideration he might wish to grant to such an act on the part of HALL. He was definitely advised that no promises of any kind could be made to him in this regard.

HALL advised that in about the latter part of 1952 or the early part of 1953 he first met JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas. HALL was introduced to RUBY by his, HALL's, uncle MARTY FIELD, whose real name is [redacted] and who is currently a dealer at the Sands Hotel, Las Vegas, Nevada. HALL advised that at that time JACK RUBY was operating a club, the name of which HALL could not recall, but he advised that it looked sort of like a shed of some kind and was located in a rather run down neighborhood and RUBY charged admission to get into this particular club.

HALL advised that following his introduction to RUBY, he became friendly with him inasmuch as he, HALL, was busy acting as a "promoter" at that time and JACK RUBY had a Negro entertainer in connection with whom he asked HALL

On 11/30/63 at Terminal Island, California File # Los Angeles 44-E[illegible]

by SA WILLIAM JOHN NOLAN:mjg ENCLOSURE Date dictated 11/30/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

to see if he could get him a spot on the Ed Sullivan TV Show. HALL advised that he never followed through on his promise to RUBY in this regard.

HALL noted that in connection with his association with RUBY, RUBY apparently had two places of residence, one of which was quite pretentious and where RUBY lived alone. The other residence which HALL also visited, which would be about 1953, was not nearly as elaborate as the first one, but was a place where RUBY apparently kept his files and records. HALL advised that at one time he went with RUBY to this particular domicile and RUBY picked up a manila envelope and took it with him to his club. HALL noted that during this period, RUBY had a gun with him at all times. HALL advised that he has no particular knowledge of weapons and could only identify the weapon that he saw in RUBY's possession at that time as a long-barreled gun.

HALL advised that at this time in the Dallas area he, HALL, had a good thing going. He had gone to Dallas and was utilizing the name of HARRY SINCLAIR, JR. and upon his arrival in Dallas, he had contacted a wealthy individual by the name of DICK ANDRADE, whose background HALL knew from contacts that HALL had in Los Angeles. HALL, posing as a member of a wealthy oil family, was able to strike up an association with ANDRADE and through him was able to go to the Petroleum Club in the Baker Hotel, Dallas, Texas. HALL advised that he developed this association because of the fact that ANDRADE had a reputation as a heavy bettor and through his association with ANDRADE he was able to be introduced and vouched for to ANDRADE's bookmaking source at Montreal, Canada. This then enabled HALL to place extremely large bets without utilizing any money.

HALL advised that he took JACK RUBY as his guest to the Petroleum Club on one occasion and explained his set up to RUBY, which impressed RUBY very much. RUBY, when he learned of the scheme that HALL was employing, asked to be cut in on it telling HALL that as a "Jew" he would have no chance at all in Dallas if he were arrested. RUBY,

however, according to HALL, claimed that he, RUBY, at that time had "plenty of juice" going with the Dallas Police Department and could take care of any squawks that might come up from HALL's operation. HALL advised that he cut RUBY in on a 60-40 split with RUBY providing a bank roll of some several thousand dollars that could be utilized to flash around in the presence of DICK ANDRADE.

HALL advised further that in connection with DICK ANDRADE, RUBY advised him that he could get a couple of guys from Chicago and they could set ANDRADE up which would mean a good score for all of them. HALL claims that he declined RUBY's offer in this regard.

HALL advised that at a later time he again was in the Dallas area and stopped in to see RUBY and he was advised by a girl in RUBY's club that RUBY was in Chicago. The girl gave HALL a telephone number where RUBY could be reached, but HALL does not have this number now.

HALL advised that he called RUBY at this number, which was a store selling off-brand merchandise and located on the west side of North State Street about a half block south of Grand in Chicago. HALL advised that the individual who ran this store, whose name he did not recall, had in addition to the material that was on the shelves in front, guns for sale to those individuals desiring them. This individual also had a brother who was an ex-con and who, according to HALL, was running a similar shop some time last year, also in Chicago. In talking with RUBY at this store, HALL advised that RUBY told him he was buying some "schlock", which term HALL defined as a bunch of off-brand junk. He advised further that at this time RUBY was also engaged in the Dallas area in handling gambling action.

It was at this point in the interview that HALL advised that during his association with RUBY over a period of some three years off and on, he became well acquainted with the fact that RUBY was greatly addicted to fried chicken.

He advised further that the original spot that he recalled being operated by RUBY sold fried chicken in a box. He stated that this point came to mind when he saw news coverage reflecting that the spot allegedly utilized by LEE HARVEY OSWALD for his assassination of the President of the U. S. had had chicken remains left behind.

HALL advised that following his original introduction, he was with JACK RUBY for a period of four months straight and RUBY was always raising some issue about what kind of a score they could make.

In this connection, HALL advised that some time in the period between 1953 and April, 1955, he recalled that while he was at the Petroleum Club, JACK RUBY propositioned HALL with a deal concerning H. L. HUNT. According to RUBY, HUNT had a son named "HASSIE", which was not generally known and who at that time was located in Concord, Massachusetts. RUBY wanted to lay a trap for H. L. HUNT through HASSIE utilizing a scheme where HALL would pose as a doctor. HALL advised that this deal fell through for some reason which he could not recall.

HALL also advised that he and JACK RUBY teamed up at that period when HALL was posing as HARRY SINCLAIR, JR. and beat some gamblers in Dallas, Texas for some $70,000 to $80,000, which they split 60-40 to HALL and RUBY respectively.

HALL advised that in order to build up his front, he went into Nieman-Marcus at Dallas with RUBY and bought a thousand dollars worth of clothes, which he paid for by check issued in the name of HARRY SINCLAIR, JR. With his new wardrobe, HALL was able to contact those who had been taken by him and RUBY and secured enough cash to go back to the department store the same date and retrieve the check before it was deposited.

HALL also recalled that he went to Midland, Texas and stayed at a hotel whose name he recalled as the Sharborough (phonetic) with JACK RUBY, at which time he noticed that JACK RUBY had four guns with him. HALL at that time was still utilizing the name SINCLAIR.

He advised that the trip to Midland, Texas was in connection with the scheme to get the $70,000 or $80,000 mentioned above.

Going back to DICK ANDRADE, HALL advised that over a period of some months he and RUBY, utilizing ANDRADE's betting contact at Montreal, were able to build up a $5,000 credit. It was agreed that he and RUBY would go to Montreal to collect and he recalled that he, HALL, proceeded to Montreal and JACK RUBY stopped off at Chicago. HALL recalled that he was paid off by an individual named GORDON at Montreal and also that he, HALL, on several occasions while staying in Montreal contacted RUBY at the store previously mentioned, located on State Street in Chicago. HALL advised that he was able through good betting at Montreal to build up the $5,000 to almost $20,000 and he proceeded from Montreal and met JACK RUBY at the Devonshire Hotel located on Ohio Street in Chicago. He advised that a couple named OLLIE and PETE (LNU) were operating the hotel at that time.

In connection with this particular time he advised that he split the winnings with JACK RUBY and on one occasion he went with RUBY to visit a joint run by BUZZY RIVKIN. He also recalls at that time that JACK RUBY met with one DAVE "DINGY" HALPER, also of Chicago, and thinks that this meeting took place at the club run by BUZZY RIVKIN.

HALL at this time corrected himself by advising that he believed that RUBY met him at the Devonshire Hotel, but was actually staying at the Croydon. HALL advised that he, HALL, stayed at the Palmer House, Chicago.

HALL advised that following this visit to Chicago, he and RUBY flew to Oklahoma City where they registered at the Biltmore Hotel under the name HARRY SINCLAIR, JR. They stayed there a couple of days and rented a car and visited the birth place of WILL ROGERS. He remembered that there was a crap game running in that town that RUBY knew about and between them, they took about $2,000 from the gamblers there. HALL recalled that they won this money through some sort of a scheme. He also recalled there were other games at Shreveport, Louisiana following this visit to Oklahoma where JACK RUBY played gin rummy and lost quite a bit of money and gave the guy a check.

HALL recalls that on another occasion he was staying at the Dallas Athletic Club, utilizing the name of SINCLAIR, as a guest of BUDDY FOGELSON and DICK ANDRADE. He advised that all the expenses for both he and RUBY on this occasion were paid for by either FOGELSON or ANDRADE. He advised that they were there for a period of some two or three days and were entertained by two girls who were models from Nieman-Marcus, who had been introduced to them by ANDRADE. He recalled that he, HALL, gave them $300 a piece and that JACK RUBY in a fit of temper had hit one of the girls.

In recalling some of his contacts with RUBY, HALL advised that some time in about 1954 or just prior to his going to jail in California in April, 1955, JACK RUBY had gone to San Francisco and was going to see him on his way back to Dallas. He recalls that RUBY in going to San Francisco, was going to see one "STONEY", a good friend of MARTY FIELD, HALL's uncle. He advised that STONEY was a bookmaker, well known in the San Francisco area and was also engaged in meeting boats at the docks to buy various smuggled goods from the seamen. Also he recalled that JACK RUBY in the San Francisco area was in contact with either HECKIE or SALLIE SCHUMAN about some deal which HALL did not know about. He advised that HECKIE SCHUMAN is a well-known bookmaker in San Francisco.

Another incident concerning RUBY concerned one BILL BYERS, a friend of ANDRADE's. BYERS usually played gin rummy at the Petroleum Club in Dallas and thinking HALL was a wealthy oilman himself, gave HALL a piece of his action in playing gin rummy to the amount of 25 percent of the winnings.

HALL recalled that when RUBY visited him in Los Angeles, he made a proposition to HALL that BYERS usually carried from $40,000 to $50,000 around with him at all times and if HALL could come up with information showing he was making a trip anywhere alone, if HALL would pass the information along to RUBY, RUBY had a couple of guys who would hit BYERS and split the proceeds 50-50. HALL said he agreed to this deal, but his prison term in 1955 interfered. However, he heard later that BYERS had been held up or burglarized a few years later while staying at the Del Charro at Del Mar, California.

He also recalled a deal which concerned a New Years Day when he, HALL, went to Fort Worth, Texas and posing as ED PAULEY, JR., had contacted H. L. HUNT and bet him $1,000 on five different bowl games. He advised that RUBY was in this scam with him and that he, HALL, won all five games. He advised that he does not recall the exact year, but two of the games that he does recall are Texas-Tennessee in the Cotton Bowl and Michigan-California in the Rose Bowl. He advised that they collected $5,000 from HUNT which they split 60-40.

HALL advised that he has not had any direct contact with JACK RUBY since about 1955, although he visited the Carousel Club last year while in Dallas and was surprised to see the prosperity that was surrounding RUBY since he had previously seen him. RUBY at that time, however, was not in town and HALL did not see him.

HALL advised that it was his opinion from his

contacts and knowledge of RUBY that RUBY had some strong motivation for his shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and that the only motivation that he, HALL, could attribute to RUBY was money or the fear that OSWALD possibly might involve RUBY in the assassination of the President of the U. S. He admitted this was pure speculation on his part and made the offer that he would be willing to go to Dallas, Texas and meet RUBY and was sure that from such a meeting that he could learn from RUBY what motivated him to shoot and kill OSWALD.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, TAMPA (105-2142)(RUC)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R
(OO: DALLAS)

Rerep of SA WILLIAM C. HAY, 12/4/63 at Tampa.

Bureau and Dallas requested to correct cover page to show Dallas office of origin. Tampa copy corrected.

Enclosed for Bureau are 10 copies and for Dallas two copies of amended Page 4 of rerep. Bureau and Dallas requested to insert amended pages.

(5) - Bureau (Encs. 10)
2 - Dallas (Encs. 2)
1 - Tampa
WCH/mw
(6)

Pages inserted 12-10-63

105- [illegible]
NOT RECORDED
11 DEC 6 1963

10

5 DEC 13 1963

Form 3 (Rev. 12-13-50)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (97-4196)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (97-1792)

SUBJECT: FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
IS - CUBA; RA - CUBA; INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA, REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA
IS - C; IS - SWP [illegible], INTERNAL SECURITY - SOCIALIST [illegible]

For the info of the Bureau, at approximately 9:45 pm., on the night of 11/22/63, ROBERT TABER telephonically contacted the NYO, at which time it was immediately evident TABER had been drinking heavily. He, at first, asked to speak with SAS JAMES A. DAY and FRANCIS I. LUNDQUIST, who had previously interviewed him in both Boston and New York, and then spoke with SA HAROLD A. HOEG. TABER related that he was extremely sorry concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, and was asked the specific question, "What do you think of your Fair Play for Cuba Committee now?" He replied that he wished he had never heard of the "damned outfit". He was asked specifically as to whether he knew or had ever heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, an individual who was then under arrest in connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY, to which he replied that he did not know him, nor ever heard the name.

Throughout the brief interview, it was apparent that TABER was in a barroom of some type by reason of the noise and music in the background, and his mumbling gave every indication of his degree of intoxication. TABER stated that he would like to buy either SA LUNDQUIST or SA HOEG a drink some time, and he was told that any time he wanted to clear his

1 XEROX

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 20 1963

DEC 19 1963

3 - Bureau (RM)
1 - NY 97-1791 (ROBERT TABER)
1 - NY 105-38431 (LEE HARVEY OSWALD)
1 - NY 97-1792

HAH:gmg
(6)

ORIGINAL FILED IN 97-4196

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

conscience and tell the truth concerning the formation of the FPCC, and other matters about which he had previously lied, we would be most willing to talk with him. He made some utterances to the effect that he would do just that, if it would do some good, but claimed the only good it would do would be to put him back in jail, and inasmuch as he had four years under his belt, he was not anxious to return. The above represents the sum and substance of the conversation that took place at that time.

On 12/5/63, at 1:50 pm, ROBERT TABER again telephonically contacted SA HAROLD A. HOEG and again appeared, from his conversation, to have been drinking heavily. He stated that this KENNEDY thing was bothering him, and he was told the only way he could clear his conscience would be to come into the office voluntarily and to set the record straight on the Cuban Government's involvement in the formation of the FPCC. He made some utterances to the effect, as set out above, that it would do no good, actually, but he would wind up in jail. It was impressed upon TABER that the time is now opportune for him to come into the office and make a full and honest disclosure; and in so doing, he would render a considerable public service, which would certainly receive every consideration by those individuals responsible for any subsequent prosecution for perjury. DECISION RE

TABER claimed that he had free entre to Cuba and could do this country a lot of good, but was told that in light of his perjured testimony, he could never be trusted in any capacity until this testimony was recanted. The above represents the sum of the conversation, and again, by virtue of the music and noise in the background, it would appear that TABER was calling from a barroom.

The above is being furnished for the info of the Bureau, with a suggestion that perhaps the Bureau may wish to present the situation outlined above to the Dept. of Justice, for their consideration in an offering of immunity to TABER at this time. It is the opinion of the NYO that TABER is deeply troubled emotionally and feels a considerable degree of

responsibility for the assassination of President KENNEDY, as a result of his activities and subsequent perjured testimony concerning the formation of the FPCC and its subsidization by the Cuban Government. It is the opinion of the NYO that, should immunity be granted, TABER would most probably be willing to cooperate, with whose testimony the FPCC could most certainly be forced to register with the Dept. of Justice, and possibly cited pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

1 - Mr. Harrell; 1 - J. Stokes

12-5-63

CODE

CABLEGRAM URGENT

TO LEGAL ATTACHE MEXICO CITY

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

105-126109

GILBERTO POLICARPO LOPEZ, IS - CU.

REURCAB NUMBER TWO ZERO TWO DATED DECEMBER THREE LAST CAPTIONED QUOTE LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R UNQUOTE.

PASSPORT RECORDS SHOW SUBJECT APPLIED FOR PASSPORT AT AMERICAN EMBASSY, HAVANA, JUNE TWO NINETEEN SIXTY, CLAIMING BIRTH JANUARY TWENTY SIX, NINETEEN FORTY, HAVANA, TO RAFAEL AND ESPERANZA, NEE RODRIGUES. ADDRESS LISTED AS CERRO ONE THREE ZERO SEVEN, ENT., CONSEJERO ARENGO Y, CARVAJAL, CERRO, HAVANA. OCCUPATION AND DESTINATION NOT INDICATED. FATHER BORN MARCH TWENTY SIX, NINETEEN TEN, HAVANA, NEVER IN US. MOTHER BORN MARCH SEVEN, NINETEEN FOURTEEN, KEY WEST, FLORIDA. ON DATE OF APPLICATION MOTHER APPLIED FOR DOCUMENTATION AS CITIZEN LISTING SAME ADDRESS AS SUBJECT. IN PASSPORT APPLICATION SUBJECT LISTED AS REFERENCES JORGE RODRIGUES, TWO FIVE ONE EIGHT SEIDENVERG AVENUE, AND AGAPITO GONZALEZ, SIX TWO ZERO WILLIAMS STREET, BOTH KEY WEST, FLORIDA. PASSPORT NUMBER THREE ONE ZERO ONE SIX TWO WAS ISSUED TO SUBJECT JULY THIRTEEN NINETEEN SIXTY, VALID UNTIL JANUARY TWENTY FIVE SIXTY THREE. 105-82555-

1 - Tampa
1 - Miami

DUPLICATE YELLOW NOT RECORDED
WIRE TRANSMITTED DEC 16 1963

JCS:hrt
(8)

1 - Foreign Liaison (Route thru for review)
1 - Bufile (Lee Harvey Oswald-105-82555)

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-126109-4

CABLEGRAM TO MEXICO CITY
RE: GILBERTO POLICARPO LOPEZ

SUBJECT DESCRIBED AS WHITE, MALE, FIVE FEET SEVEN INCHES, BROWN HAIR, GREEN EYES, NO MARKS. PHOTO OBTAINED WILL BE FURNISHED BY SEPARATE COMMUNICATION.

SA ADVISES LOPEZ POSSESSING MEXICAN TOURIST PERMIT M EIGHT DASH TWO FOUR FIVE FIVE THREE, ENTERED MEXICO AT NUEVO LAREDO NOVEMBER TWENTY THREE LAST DESTINED MEXICO CITY. DEPARTED MEXICO CITY BY SPECIAL PLANE FOR HAVANA NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN LAST. LOPEZ FROM TAMPA AND ENTERED MEXICO BY AUTO.

AMERICAN CONSULATE, NUEVO LAREDO, CONFIDENTIALLY ADVISED BY [redacted] NUEVO LAREDO, THAT HE FURNISHED INFORMATION CONCERNING SUBJECT'S ENTRANCE TO MEXICO TO DR. RAFAEL HERNANDES, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, MEXICAN IMMIGRATION, MEXICO CITY, WHO REQUESTED [redacted] TO HANDLE THIS EXCLUSIVELY WITH MEXICAN GOVERNMENT. CIA ADVISES SUBJECT'S TOURIST CARD WAS ISSUED MEXICAN CONSULATE, TAMPA, FLORIDA.

IN ABSENCE OF INFO TYING MATTER RE LOPEZ INTO OSWALD INVESTIGATION, FUTURE CORRESPONDENCE SHOULD BEAR ABOVE CHARACTER. IF LOPEZ' ENTRANCE INTO MEXICO AND FLIGHT TO CUBA BEAR RELATIONSHIP TO OSWALD CASE, SUCAB SPECIFICS. COPIES TO TAMPA AND MIAMI FOR INFO BY MAIL. UNABLE IDENT SUBJECT BUFILES.

(1-10-61)

Domesti.. Intelligence Div.sion

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 12-7-63

Taber is the former head of Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) who has knowledge that Cuban Government subsidized it but denied same in appearances before Senate Subcommittee and Federal Grand Jury. Truthful admissions by him would provide corroborative evidence desired by Department to cause registration of FPCC. New York Office was instructed on 12-6-63 to get Taber interviewed when he is sober and submit results expeditiously so Department can be consulted.

RAM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 12/5/63

FROM : Mr. D. J. Brennan, Jr.

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Assistant Director C. D. DeLoach advised Liaison Agent Bartlett on the morning of 12/5/63, that pursuant to the Director's instructions, Liaison should immediately check with Mr. James J. Rowley, Chief, U. S. Secret Service, and inquire about a proposed interview with the subject's widow. The interview allegedly was to take place with Mrs. Oswald on Friday, 12/6/63, by the team of Huntley and Brinkley. Liaison was requested to determine the facts concerning this and to advise Mr. Rowley that the Bureau considered such an interview unwise at this time.

Mr. Rowley was immediately contacted and he advised that he had not heard about the Huntley-Brinkley interview with Mrs. Oswald; that he too is definitely opposed to any interviews with Mrs. Oswald at this time; that Mrs. Oswald remains in the Secret Service Protective Custody and that the Secret Service Office at Dallas is under the instructions that no interviews are to be had with Mrs. Oswald without approval from his office. Mr. Rowley further advised that he has mentioned the matter of interviews by the press with Mrs. Oswald to Presidential Assistants Jenkins and Moyer who will bring this to the President's attention. Mr. Rowley said he does not have the President's reaction yet, however, he envisions no objection by the President to the order of "no press interviews." Mr. Rowley thanked Mr. Bartlett for bringing this matter to his attention.

105-82555-
NOT RECORDED
109 MAR 16 1964

ACTION:

For information.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Bartlett
1 - Liaison
DHB:chs
(8)

REC-53 105-

EX-114

31 MAR 17 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-126032-3

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 12/5/63

FROM : Mr. D. J. Brennan, Jr.

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - RUSSIA

The purpose of this memorandum is to recommend that a letter be sent to the Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), thanking him for the assistance rendered to the Bureau on 11/28/63, in connection with our urgent investigation of this case.

The subject's wife had been uncooperative with Bureau Agents who attempted to interview her and it was believed that if she could receive assurances as to her immigration status, she would perhaps be more cooperative. On Thanksgiving Day, 11/28/63, the Liaison Agent contacted Mario T. Noto, Associate Commissioner, INS, who offered complete cooperation to the Bureau and made arrangements for Fred K. Harvey, Jr., Deputy Assistant Commissioner, INS, to leave for Dallas aboard a special Air Force plane with less than one hour's notice. Harvey apprised Mrs. Oswald of her immigration status and explained that cooperation with the FBI would be a factor to be considered by INS in the event she later sought a change in her status. Mrs. Oswald did adopt a cooperative attitude with Bureau Agents probably due at least in part to Harvey's efforts.

While the cooperation of INS would certainly be expected, it is believed the speed and enthusiasm with which INS responded, as well as the personal disruption to the families, is such that a letter of appreciation should be sent.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached letter be sent to the Commissioner, INS.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Haynes
RHH:chs
(5)

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
199 MAR 16 1964

5 DEC 6 1963

MAR 17 1964

105-126032-10

ORIGINAL FILED IN

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

REC- 16

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: December 5, 1963

FROM : G. ... Scatterday

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

In a memorandum dated 12/4/63 captioned as above, you were advised of the fact that Mrs. Oswald had retained the services of John ... Thorne, an attorney who practices law in Grand Prairie, Texas. It was also indicated that the attorney was retained as a result of Mrs. Oswald's possibly coming into financial benefits should she sell her story to a nationally-syndicated magazine.

A search of Bureau files did not reveal any information which can be identified with Thorne.

According to the 1963 edition of Martindale-Hubbell Law Directory, Thorne was born in 1923, did his undergraduate work at ... University, Durham, North Carolina, and received his LL.B. degree from Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas.

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan

WFW:ncb
(8)

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
199 MAR 16 1964

EX-

REC- 16

26 DEC 10 1963

31 MAR 17 1964

105-126032-12

ORIGINAL FILED IN

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 5 1963
TELETYPE

URGNET 12-5-63 A91 XX9-45 PM TED

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ AND SAC, HOUSTON /62-2115/

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA/ ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYSECOND, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS/ AFO.

RE HOUSTON TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND DALLAS DECEMBER FIVE, INSTANT, TWELVE FIFTYFIVE PM.

RE SIX POINT FIVE MM MANNLICHER DASH CARCANO CARTRIDGES.

FOR INFORMATION HOUSTON, IN BUTEL TO CHICAGO AND DALLAS DECEMBER THREE, LAST, SIX FIFTYNINE PM, CAPTIONED ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYSECOND, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE , DALLAS, TEXAS, BUREAU INSTRUCTED AMONG OTHER THINGS THAT IT BE DETERMINNED FROM GEORGE ZUCKER SALES COMPANY, CHICAGO, IF IT SOLD SIX POINT FIVE AMMUNITION TO INDIVIDUALS, CHICAGO SHOULD REVIEW RECORDS RELATIVE TO ANY SALE OF THIS AMMUNITION TO OSWALD BY NAME OR ALIASES. FURTHER, IF ZUCKER SELLS ONLY TO DEALERS, CHICAGO SHOULD SET OUT APPROPRIATE LEADS TO HAVE LOGICAL DEALERS CONTACTED WHO MIGHT HAVE RESOLD AMMUNITION

END PAGE ONE

62-109060-
5 DEC 6

105-82555-
NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1963

62-109060-1380
62-109060-2

TO OSWALD.

UACB, HOUSTON WILL CONTACT SOUTHERN TRADING COMPANY, HOUSTON, AND/ NUMBER ONE, OBTAIN NAMES OF ALL RETAILERS BUYING SIX POINT FIVE AMMUNITION DESCRIBED ABOVE FROM SOUTHER TRADING COMPANY AND THEREAFTER SET OUT LEADS TO CONTACT THOSE STORES IN DALLAS, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, J AS WELL AS NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA AREA TO DETERMINE IF OSWALD UNDER THAT NAME OR HIS ALIASES PURCHASED SUCH AMMUNITION. NUMBER TWO, WILL DETERMINE THE NAMES OF RETAILERS BUYING SIX POINT FIVE AMMUNITION WHO ACCEPT ORDERS BY MAIL AND SET OUT LEADS TO HAVE RECORDS OF THESE RETAILERS CHECKED REGARDING PURCHASE OF SIX POINT FIVE AMMUNITION BY OSWALD UNDER TRUE NAME OR ALIASES. P.

END AND ACK PLS

MEUUUSU

10-53 1553 1584 PM OK FBI WA LLD

HO9-52 PM OIK FBI HO VBR

TU DISC

cc - Mr. Sullivan

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via Airtel Air Mail
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS-R

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 8 copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting interview with SALVADOR GARCIA, on 12/5/63, at San Antonio.

Two copies of this letterhead memorandum are being enclosed for Dallas.

No dissemination is being made to local Secret Service.

Wanted to get to Cable 1:13 PM 12/6/63 returned 6:08

ENCLOSURE 8

(3) Bureau (Encl. 6) 1cc
2-Dallas (Encl. 2)
2-San Antonio
JJC:cjn
(7)

REC-52 105-82555-227

EX-117

25 DEC 9 1963

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas
December 6, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 5, 1963 SALVADOR GARCIA, who resides at 131 Osage Street, San Antonio, Texas, was interviewed and he advised that CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO is his brother-in-law. He further stated that VASQUEZ GALINDO resides with them when he is in the U. S., however, he left for Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico about nine or ten weeks ago. He traveled in automobile of a friend, whose identity GARCIA does not know. GARCIA stated that he does not expect to see VASQUEZ GALINDO for a couple of months, at least not until after January 1, 1964.

GARCIA advised that he does not know the address where VASQUEZ GALINDO is staying in Monterrey but knows he is living with relatives in Colonia Industrial whose names are JOSE G. GOMEZ and his wife GENOVEVA GARCIA de GOMEZ. GARCIA advised that he does not write to VASQUEZ GALINDO nor does he ever hear from him until he sees him again in San Antonio.

GARCIA described VASQUEZ GALINDO as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	approximately 27-29
Height	5'6"
Weight	140 pounds
Eyes	Brown
Hair	Black
Complexion	Medium to dark and has a mustache

This investigation was performed in order to endeavor to identify persons entering Mexico on September 26, 1963, or leaving Mexico October 3, 1963, at the port of Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas Mexico

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

4 COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 02 1973

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via Airtel Air Mail
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Tav. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS-R

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 8 copies of a letterhead memorandum relating to the interview with JULIAN CANTU, on 12/5/63, at San Antonio, Texas.

Two copies of above letterhead memo are being furnished to Dallas.

No dissemination to Secret Service is being made.

ENCLOSURE 8

(3)-Bureau (Encl. 8)
2-Dallas (Encl. 2)
2-San Antonio
JJC:cjn
(7)

1cc returned 6+5 RB

REC-52

105-82555-228

ES DEC 9 1963

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

53 DEC 12 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas
December 6, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 5, 1963, JULIAN CANTU, 326 Guadalupe Street, San Antonio, Texas, was interviewed and he advised that CARLOS VAZQUEZ GALINDO was his newphew. He stated that he immigrated to the U.S. nearly ten years ago from Monclova, Coahuila, Mexico. He stated that GALINDO stayed with him a very short time and then found quarters of his own. CANTU advised that VAZQUEZ GALINDO spends much of his time in Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico, visiting with relatives and believes he may have a job there also but is not certain of this point. The last tiem he saw CARLOS VAZQUEZ GALINDO was about two to two and one half months ago. At this time VAZQUEZ GALINDO advised CANTU that he planned to return to Monterrey in the very near future, and would not be back until sometime after the first of January, 1964. CANTU advised that he has no idea as to the whereabouts of VAZQUEZ GALINDO in Monterrey nor does he know the name of the relatives with whom VAZQUEZ GALINDO stays when in Monterrey.

This investigation was performed in order to endeavor to identify persons entering Mexico on September 26, 1963, or leaving Mexico on October 3, 1963, at the port of Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas Mexico.

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21 FEB 02 1973

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FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via Airtel Air Mail (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS-R

Enclosed herewith are 8 copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting interview with ORELIA GARCIA, on 12/5/63, at San Antonio, Texas.

Dallas is being furnished 2 copies of this letterhead memorandum.

No dissemination made to local Secret Service.

ENCLOSURE 8

- 1 cc attached to 1st RM

NOT RECORDED
105-82555-229
25 DEC 9 1963

(6)-Bureau (Encl. 8)
2-Dallas (Encl. 2)
2-San Antonio
JJC:cjn
(7)

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Antonio, Texas
December 5, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Mr. TONY MARTINO, JR. was interviewed on December 4, 1963, at his residence, 217 West Johnson Street, San Antonio, Texas, and he advised that sometime during the latter part of September, 1963, exact date not known, he sold an automobile to an individual known to him as GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR. MARTINO, JR. advised that he had had this car up for sale for some time and described the vehicle as a 1959 Chevrolet Impala, two-door hard top sedan, red and white in color. The sale was for cash. HEVIA VILLAR stated that he has been residing in California, place not known, for a time but was en route to Mexico City for four or five months to visit friends. MARTINO, Jr. advised that he was of the opinion that HEVIA VILLAR planned to return to the U. S. some time after the first of January, 1964.

MARTINO, JR. advised that since the title to the car had to be changed, HEVIA VILLAR requested that MARTINO, JR. clear it through Austin, Texas, for him and then forward it to him. A copy of the title was given to HEVIA VILLAR by MARTINO, JR. which bore the address of 217 West Johnson Street. MARTINO, JR. advised that after the title had been cleared in Austin he sent it to HEVIA VILLAR in Mexico City at the following address:

GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR
Av. Alvaro Obregon 179-13
Mexico 7, D. F.

MARTINO, JR. advised that approximately two to three weeks ago he received a letter from HEVIA VILLAR from the above Mexico City address in which HEVIA VILLAR claims he has never received the corrected Texas title. MARTINO, JR. advised that he answered the letter advising that he had forwarded the title but did not keep the letter.

MARTINO, JR. advised that he knows nothing else regarding HEVIA VILLAR. He does not know if HEVIA VILLAR is a U. S. or Mexican citizen but he speaks English with somewhat of an accent.

This investigation was performed in order to endeavor to identify person entering Mexico on September 26, 1963, or leaving Mexico October 3, 1963, at Nuevo Laredo, Tamps., Mexico.

document contains neither recommendations
conclusions of the FBI. It is the property
e FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and
contents are not to be distributed outside
agency.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Antonio, Texas
December 6, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 5, 1963, ORELIA GARCIA, who resides at 131 Osage Street, San Antonio, Texas, advised that CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO is her brother and that he resides with them when he visits San Antonio. To the best of her recollection he left San Antonio about eight to ten weeks ago and is presently residing with relatives in Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico, exact address not known. She states that she does not expect him back until sometime after January 1, 1964 but does not know exactly when. She advised that she does not ever correspond with her brother when he is in Monterrey and for that reason has no way of getting his exact address.

This investigation was conducted in order to endeavor to identify person entering Mexico on September 26, 1963, or leaving Mexico October 3, 1963, at the port of Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas, Mexico

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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21 FEB 02 1973

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memorandum pertaining to TONY MARTINO, JR. Two copies are enclosed for Dallas.

No dissemination being made of this letterhead memo to Secret Service, San Antonio, Texas.

REC-52
105-82555-230

ENCLOSURE 8

23 DEC 9 1963

(3) Bureau (Enc. 8)
2 cc. Dallas (Encl. 2)
2 San Antonio
JJC:JMW
(7)

C. C. WicR

53 DEC 11 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Antonio, Texas
December 5, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Mr. TONY MARTINO, JR. was interviewed on December 4, 1963, at his residence, 217 West Johnson Street, San Antonio, Texas, and he advised that sometime during the latter part of September, 1963, exact date not known, he sold an automobile to an individual known to him as GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR. MARTINO, JR. advised that he had had this car up for sale for some time and described the vehicle as a 1959 Chevrolet Impala, two-door hard top sedan, red and white in color. The sale was for cash. HEVIA VILLAR stated that he has been residing in California, place not known, for a time but was en route to Mexico City for four or five months to visit friends. MARTINO, Jr. advised that he was of the opinion that HEVIA VILLAR planned to return to the U. S. some time after the first of January, 1964.

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GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR
Av. Alvaro Obregon 179-13
Mexico 7, D. F.

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MARTINO, JR. advised that he knows nothing else regarding HEVIA VILLAR. He does not know if HEVIA VILLAR is a U. S. or Mexican citizen but he speaks English with somewhat of an accent.

This investigation was performed in order to endeavor to identify person entering Mexico on September 26, 1963, or leaving Mexico October 3, 1963, at Nuevo Laredo, Tamps., Mexico.

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conclusions of the FBI. It is the property
the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and
its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memorandum pertaining to FELIX ALONZO. Two copies are enclosed for Dallas.

No dissemination being made of this letterhead memo to Secret Service, San Antonio, Texas.

REC-52

(3) Bureau (Enc. 8)
2 cc. Dallas (Enc. 2)
2 San Antonio
JJC:JMW
(7)

231

17 DEC 7 1963

C. D. WICK

53 DEC 11 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas
December 5, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

A check of the following facilities on December 4, 1963, failed to develop any information identifiable with FELIX ALONZO who crossed the US-Mexican Border into Mexico at Nuevo Laredo, Tamps., Mexico, on September 26, 1963:

Identification Section, San Antonio Police Department
Retail Merchants Association, San Antonio
San Antonio City Directory for year 1962
Cole's Directory for San Antonio for year 1963
Current directory of San Antonio for the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company and with information bureau of the telephone company

The following people who crossed the border on the same [illegible] and who were interviewed were asked if they knew ALONZO and this likewise proved negative:

LEONARD CASTILLO
RODOLFO ACEVEDO GUEVARA

This investigation was performed in order to endeavor to identify person entering Mexico on September 26, 1963, or leaving Mexico October 3, 1963, at Nuevo Laredo, Tamps., Mexico.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 02 1973

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: Dec. 6, 1963

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R

Enclosed to the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memo pertaining to Mrs. TONY MARTINO. Two copies enclosed for Dallas.

No dissemination being made of this letterhead memo to Secret Service, San Antonio, Texas.

REC-52

100-[illegible]-232

DEC 7 1963

3 Bureau (Enc. 8)
2 Dallas (Enc. 2)
2 San Antonio (2)
JJC:JMW
(7)

ENCLOSURE

SOVIET EXPLOSION

C C. WICK

59 DEC 11 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas
December 5, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 4, 1963, Mrs. TONY MARTINO, housewife and owner of property 217 West Johnson Street, San Antonio, Texas, advised that she has resided at this address for over twenty-four years. When interviewed about GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR, she stated that she did not know him but believes that her son, TONY MARTINO, JR., sold him a car back in September, 1963. She advised that she could not supply any further information on the matter and suggested contacting her son.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED
21 FEB 02 1973

F[illegible] Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via X Air Tel Air Mail
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2309)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS-R

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are 8 copies of a letterhead memorandum relating to the interview of WILLIAM JARMON on 12/5/63 at San Antonio, Texas.

Two copies of the above letterhead memo are being furnished to Dallas.

No dissemination is being made to local Secret Service.

REC 55 105-82555-233

ENCLOSURE

2-Bureau (Encl. 6)
2-Dallas (Encl. 2)
2-San Antonio
JJC:cjn
(7)

C C. Wick.

57 DEC 7 1963

SOVIET-NATION

53 DEC 11 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Antonio, Texas
December 6, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 5, 1963, WILLIAM JARMON, Assistant District Director on Citizenship for United States Immigration and Naturalization Service at San Antonio, Texas, advised that a check of their files reflects a pending file on FELIX ALONSO CERDA. The name CERDA is his mother's name and Mexicans, when entering the U. S. always use the paternal and maternal names in registering.

The file on ALONSO CERDA reflected that he was born February 6, 1885 at Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico, is a Mexican national and has filed petition number 40203 with the U.S. District Court Clerk at Laredo, Texas, for U.S. Citizenship. JARMON advised that as far as he can tell ALONSO CERDA will be granted U.S. citizenship during the next term of court in Laredo. The file in the possession JARMON revealed that he makes frequent trips into Mexico however, the means of travel was not shown. The file reflects that he resides at 1202 New York Street, Laredo, Tex.

This investigation was performed in order to endeavor to identify person entering Mexico September 26, 1963, or leaving Mexico October 3, 1963, at the port of Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas Mexico.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 02 1973

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via Airtel Air Mail
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS-R

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are 8 copies of a letterhead memorandum relative to the interview with JULIA GARCIA, on 12/5/63, at San Antonio, Texas.

Two copies of above letterhead memorandum are being furnished to Dallas.

No dissemination is being made to the local Secret Service.

3-Bureau (Encl. 8)
2-Dallas (Encl. 2)
2-San Antonio
JJC:cjn
(7)

ENCLOSURE

REC 55 105-82555-234

DEC 7 1963

C C. Wick

SOVIET SECTION

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Antonio, Texas
December 6, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

54
40
1 4

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 5, 1963, JULIA GARCIA, daughter of JULIAN CANTU, was interviewed at 326 Guadalupe Street, San Antonio, Texas, and she advised that she knows CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO. He is an uncle to her through marriage. She stated that he was born in Monclova, Coahuila, Mexico and came to the U.S. to reside as an immigrant around 1954. He spent several days with them and then found his own living quarters but she does not know where. She states that VASQUEZ GALINDO spends considerable amount of tiem in Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico with relatives but stated that she does not know the name of the relatives nor their address. She advised that the last time she saw him was about two to two and one half months ago when he paid them a visit and advised that he was going to Monterrey for a time. She has not seen nor heard from him since. She stated neither she nor her father have any idea how he traveled from San Antonio to Monterrey.

This investigation was performed in order to endeavor to identify persons entering Mexico on September 26, 1963, or leaving Mexico on October 3, 1963, at the port of Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas Mexico

6 COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 02 1973

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND GOVERNMENT
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

Department of Economics
and
Business Administration

November 27, 1963

Mr. John Doar
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Doar:

Professor Russell H. Barrett, a colleague of mine here at the University, suggested I write to you in connection with an item you might be able to check out for me.

Some time ago, a film was shown here in Oxford called "Oxford--U.S.A." prepared by some group in Texas. Copies of this film were sold to the Mississippi Sovereignty Commission for $7,000, I believe. Since I have seen the slayer of President Kennedy on TV, I have the feeling that I have seen Oswald somewhere and all that I can think of is this film.

Perhaps you have checked it out already, but if not, could you do so?

Sincerely yours,

Pedro Teichert

Pedro C. M. Teichert, Ph.D
Professor of Economics

PCMT:EE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Memorandum

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO : The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE: Decem

FROM : Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division

SUBJECT: Letter Proffering Information regarding Assassination of President Kennedy.

Forwarded herewith for your information and such action as you may deem appropriate is a copy of a letter sent to Mr. John Doar of the Civil Rights Division by Professor Pedro C. M. Teichert of the School of Business and Government of the University of Mississippi, dated November 27, 1963.

Lee Oswald

Enclosure

1 ENCLOSURE

REC 55 2-Memphis (2 encl)
1-105-82555-23

DEC 3 1 53 PM '63 FBI

Ltr to Director 12-6-63

25 DEC 9 1963

EXP. PROC.

December 6, 1963

REC 55
105-82555-235

Dr. Pedro C. M. Teichert
Professor of Economics
Department of Economics and
Business Administration
The University of Mississippi
University, Mississippi

Dear Dr. Teichert:

Your letter dated November 27, 1963, directed to Mr. John Doar of the U. S. Department of Justice has been referred to this Bureau for our consideration.

A Special Agent of our Memphis Office will be in contact with you in reference to the matter about which you wrote.

Sincerely yours,

E. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

DEC 6 5 11 PM '63
FBI
REC'D-READING ROOM

MAILED 5
DEC - 6 1963
COMM-FBI

1-Dallas
2-Memphis (Encs.2)

NOTE FOR MEMPHIS RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS -

Enclosed are two copies of relet.

Bufiles are negative re correspondent and the film "Oxford--U.S.A." Contact Professor Teichert to determine the basis of his communication to Mr. Doar and consider advisability of setting forth lead to have the film about which he writes reviewed. Prior to reviewing such film, endeavor to ascertain its nature and the identities of the individuals or organization

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

105-82555

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R

Re Minneapolis teletype to Bureau, etal, dated 12/6/63, at 3:08 p.m., setting forth information pertaining to WILLIAM LINDERMAN, and the fact that FD 302s reflecting interview with LINDERMAN will be forwarded to San Antonio.

Minneapolis submit report as set forth in instructions contained in Bureau teletypes to All SACS 11/30/63 (4:53 p.m.) and 12/1/63 (5:52 p.m.).

(3) - Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - Minneapolis
2 - San Antonio
BED:cbl
(9)

105-82555-236

DEC 9 1963

C. C. Wick

45 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: Dec. 6, 1963

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

NOSE

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight (8) copies of a letterhead memo pertaining to LEONARD CASTILLO. Two copies of the letterhead memo are enclosed for Dallas.

No dissemination being made of this LHM to Secret Service, San Antonio, Texas.

105-82555-237

DEC 55

ENCLOSURE

25 DEC 9 1963

3 Bureau (Enc. 8)
2 cc. Dallas (Enc. 2)
2 San Antonio (2)
JJC:JMW
(7)

53 DEC 12 1963

C. C. WicR

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Antonio, Texas
December 5, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 4, 1963, LEONARD CASTILLO, identical with LEONARDO CASTILLO, was interviewed at Kelly Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas, where he is employed. He states that he resides at 2715 Morales Street, in San Antonio, with his wife ALVINA. He advised that he was born November 6, 1920, at New Braunfels, Texas.

CASTILLO states that on September 26, 1963, he drove, with his wife, from San Antonio, Texas, to Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico, on a holiday. They left San Antonio shortly after noon of September 26, 1963, and crossed the border at approximately 4:00 P. M. He was driving a 1955 Mercury Sedan with 1963 Texas license HE 4162. During the time that he was in Mexican Customs and Immigration Offices at the bridge in Nuevo Laredo, Tamps., Mexico, he saw no Americans, in fact he thought it strange that there were no tourists waiting in line when he arrived. He left Nuevo Laredo and proceeded directly to Monterrey, staying for two days at the Regina Courts located just north of Monterrey on the Laredo Highway. He did not pick anyone up while en route to Monterrey from the border.

Upon being exhibited the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD he stated that he had never seen the person before but thought he bore a resemblance to the person who was arrested in Dallas, Texas, for the murder of a police officer and supposedly involved in the assassination of former President KENNEDY. When asked if he knew anyone by the names of OSWALD, LEE or HIDELL, he advised to the contrary.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

5 COPIES DESTROYED

1 - Stokes

12/7/63

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC NEW ORLEANS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R

ERNESTO RODRIGUEZ, TWO ONE ONE JEFFERSON PARISH, TELEPHONE VERNON FIVE DASH NINE SIX FIVE EIGHT, RUNS SPANISH LANGUAGE SCHOOL, IS ANTI-CASTRO AND REPORTEDLY WELL ACQUAINTED WITH OSWALD. SUBJECT MAY HAVE STUDIED SPANISH WITH RODRIGUEZ , WHO MAY HAVE TAPE RECORDINGS OF CONVERSATIONS WITH HIM. LEGAT, MEXICO CITY, DESIROUS OF ASCERTAINING OSWALD'S SPANISH LANGUAGE ABILITY. SUTEL RESULTS INTERVIEW OF RODRIGUEZ.

HOLD

JCS:PA
(3)

COPIES DESTROYED
21 FEB 02 1973

105-82555-238

EC 55

25 DEC 9 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 7 1963
TELETYPE

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel

53 DEC 11 1963

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-01

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)
(ATTN. FBI LABORATORY)

DATE: 12/3/63

FROM : LEGAT, MEXICO (105-3702) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

1137202

ReBucab 12/2/63 and remycab 12/3/63.

Enclosed for handwriting and latent fingerprint examinations are the two portions of Mexican Tourist Card (Form FM-8) No. 24085 issued to subject OSWALD by the Mexican Consulate General [redacted]

For the Bureau's information, it is to be noted that under Mexican Government procedures the duplicate of this tourist card is delivered by the bearer at the port of entry into Mexico and, therefore, bears only the date and seal of the Mexican Immigration Inspector, in this case HELIO TUEXI MAYDON, who handled the entry, and the place of entry. The original of the card, which is surrendered by the bearer upon departure from Mexico, bears both the stamp placed thereon at the time of entry and the stamp showing the date and place of departure and the name of the Mexican Immigration Inspector handling the departure.

The two portions of the tourist card were made available to this office on 12/3/63 by [redacted] requested that these documents be returned to him as soon as possible since they are official records of the Mexican Government and under Mexican law are not supposed to be released to outsiders.

4 - Bureau (Encs. 2)
(1 - Liaison Section)
1 - Mexico City
CDA:plb
(5)

ORIGINAL FILED IN

NOT RECORDED
13 DEC 19 1963

URGENT 12-6-63 4-20 AM EH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, CHICAGO /62-6115/ 2-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS DASH R.

RE SPRINGFIELD TELETYPE TO BUREAU DECEMBER TWO, LAST.

KAREN SUE BEALS, AGE TWENTY THREE, TWO TWO SIX WEST NORTH AVE., CHICAGO, ADVISED SA LOGAN C. PICKERL ON TWELVE FIVE SIXTYTHREE THAT ON NOVEMBER TWENTY ONE, LAST, BETWEEN THE HOURS OF ONE PM AND TWO PM, A WHITE MALE, FIVE FEET NINE INCHES, AGE FORTY FIVE, SLENDER BUILD, WEIGHT UNKNOWN, WEARING HAT, CANNOT RECALL REST OF ATTIRE, NO SCARS OR MARKS, ENTERED THE COKESBURY BOOK STORE, SEVEN NINE WEST WASHINGTON STREET, CHICAGO, WHERE BEALS IS EMPLOYED AND ASKED BEALS FOR A COPY OF QUOTE J.F.K., THE MAN AND THE MYTH UNQUOTE IN PAPERBACK COPY. BEALS TOLD HIM IT WAS ONLY IN BOOK FORM TO WHICH HE REPLIED IN WORDS TO THE EFFECT THAT IT DID NOT MATTER AS KENNEDY WAS DEAD OR WOULD BE DEAD. BEALS PAID LITTLE ATTENTION TO THIS STATEMENT THINKING UNKNOWN MALE TO BE A QUOTE CRACKPOT UNQUOTE AND

END PAGE ONE

DEC 6

ORIGINAL FILED IN

THOUGHT HE MEANT KENNEDY WAS OR WOULD BE IN THE NEAR FUTURE BE POLITICALLY DEAD. BEALS HAS BEEN EMPLOYED AT COKESBURY-S ONE MONTH AND HAD NOT SEEN THIS MAN BEFORE THE TWENTY FIRST AND HAS NOT SEEN HIM SINCE. SHE DOES NOT BELIEVE SHE WOULD RECOGNIZE HIM IF SHE SAW HIM.

WHEN THE CASHIER, MRS. ELLEN CALLAHAN, RETURNED FROM LUNCH, BEALS RELATED THE INCIDENT. MRS. CALLAHAN THEN TOLD BEALS THAT A MONTH PRIOR TO THIS, A MAN ENTERED THE STORE AND MADE THE STATEMENT THAT KENNEDY WOULD NOT BE IN OFFICE IN ANOTHER MONTH. CALLAHAN TO BE INTERVIEWED.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 5-25 AM OK FBI WA JR

DL 4-25 AN OK FBI DL TJF

TU DISC PLSV

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909) (P)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Re report of SA JOHN M. KEMMY dated 12/1/63 at San Antonio.

On Page 37 of re report which is FD-302 of the interview of HARRY A. SMITH on 11/29/63, line 7 reflects the price of ticket as $88.45. This should read $82.45. The Bureau and Dallas are requested to correct their copies.

Corrections made fmk 12-10-63

105-82555-
NOT RECORDED
85 DEC 10 1963

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - San Antonio
BED/dte
(7)

C. C. Wick

Laboratory Transmittal Form
7-72

FBI
LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, DALLAS (89-43) Date: December 6, 1963

105-82555

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437202 AX

Examination requested by: Legat, Mexico

Reference: Letter 12/3/63

Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint

Remarks:

A photograph of Q208 is forwarded to your office herewith.

A separate report will be submitted on the latent fingerprint examination.

Q208 was submitted under the caption "Lee Harvey Oswald, IS - R" Bufile 105-82555.

NOTE: Q208 is being returned to Legat, Mexico, on approval of Mr. Belmont and Mr. Stokes.

Enclosures (3) (2 Lab report, photograph of Q208)

2 - Legat, Mexico (105-3762) Enclosures (2) (2 Lab report) Q208)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room

1 - Mr. Henry A. Schutz, Jr. Room 5722 (sent direct)
1 - Mr. Elbert T. Turner Room 649 RB (sent direct)
1 - Mr. John C. Stokes Room 645 RB (sent direct)
1 - Foreign Liaison Unit
1 - Bufile (105-82555)

JCC:GFM (13)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

NOT RECORDED
100-106-19-1963

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

7:1b

REPORT of the

FBI LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas

Date: December 6, 1963

FBI File No. 62-109060

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Lab. No. D-437202 AX

Specimens received 12/5/63, from Legat, Mexico

Q208 Two portions of Mexican Tourist Card (Form FM-8) No. 24085, issued to OSWALD by the Mexican Consulate General in New Orleans on 9/17/63

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the two handwritten Oswald signatures on Q208 were written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5.

Q208 have been photographed and is being returned with copies of this report to Legat, Mexico.

JCC:CFM (13)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter

1 - Schutz
1 - Gheesling
12-6-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

RUTH HYDE PAINE, IS - R. MICHAEL RALPH PAINE, IS - R.

IMMEDIATELY INTERVIEW SUBJECTS TO DETERMINE FULL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION CONCERNING THEIR RELATIVES. ASCERTAIN FROM MICHAEL PAINE HIS KNOWLEDGE OF SWP ACTIVITIES OF GEORGE LYMEN PAINE, JR., HIS FATHER, AND ATTEMPT TO ESTABLISH WHETHER THERE IS A CLOSE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THOSE TWO INDIVIDUALS. SUBMIT RESULTS OF THESE INTERVIEWS TOGETHER WITH INFORMATION PREVIOUSLY OBTAINED CONCERNING THEIR ASSOCIATION. WITH OSWALD IN SEPARATE REPORTS BY DECEMBER ELEVEN NEXT TOGETHER WITH YOUR OBSERVATIONS AS TO WHETHER YOU FEEL SUBJECTS' ASSOCIATION AND FRIENDSHIPS WITH OSWALDS DUE TO THEIR STATED SYMPATHIES FOR MRS. OSWALD'S WELFARE.

NMG:CGW
(6)

DUPLICATE YELLOW OF WIRE TRANSMITTED

1 - 105-82555 (Oswald)

NOTE: Marina Oswald and children resided Mrs. Paine's residence for several weeks and a close relationship exhisteed between them. Michael Paine currently separated from his wife had several discussions with Lee Oswald and one one occasion took him to ACLU meeting. When Michael was inducted into Armed Forces he refused to take oath of allegiance. His father and stepmother are presently on Security Index as members of Johnson-Forest Group SWP. Mrs. Paine's sister was investigated in 1956-57 under SGE and resigned from Government employment prior to security determination. Since backgroun of Paines and their connection with Oswalds may become an issue the above action is warranted. Michael Paine currently employed Bell Helicopter with security clearance. 105-82555-

COPIES DESTROYED
2 FEB 2 1973

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-126128-1

12/6/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO: SAC, HOUSTON

FROM: SAC, TAMPA (105-2142)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., ALEC JAMES HIDELL, O. H. LEE, IS DASH R.

RE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO BUREAU, DECEMBER THREE, LAST.

INVESTIGATION ST. PETERSBURG, FLA. DECEMBER FIVE AND SIX, SIXTY THREE DEVELOPED WILLIAM H. MASON AND CHARLES T. DEWEY, AKA CHARLES T. DEWWEY, CHARLES P. DEWEY, QUOTE CHUCK QUOTE LEFT ST. PETERSBURG SEPTEMBER TWO THREE, LAST TOGETHER AFTER LEAVING HOT CHECKS IN ST. PETERSBURG AREA. MASON REPORTEDLY IN COUNTY JAIL CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS. MODE OF TRAVEL NOT KNOWN.

MASON DESCRIBED MALE, WHITE, TWENTY SEVEN TO TWENTY EIGHT, FIVE FT. TEN, ONE SIXTY LBS., WAVY BROWN HAIR, BROKEN TOOTH IN UPPER FRONT.

DEWEY DESCRIBED MALE, WHITE, THIRTY ONE OR THIRTY TWO, FIVE FT. ELEVEN, ONE SIXTY FIVE LBS. TO ONE SEVENTY, BROWN

(1 - Bureau
1 - Dallas
1 - San Antonio (105-2909)
JHM:dmb
(4)

105-82555
NOT RECORDED

DEC 9 1963

DEC 8 11 32 AM '63

DEC 8 11 32 AM '63

12/6/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TP 105-2142

PAGE TWO

WAVY HAIR. MASON AND DEWEY KNOWN TO WORK TOGETHER AT TREASURE ISLAND, FLA. IN RECENT PAST.

HOUSTON, AT CORPUS CHRISTI, INTERVIEW MASON AND DEWEY. SEE PAGE TWO OF REAIRTEL. IF NOT LOCATED CORPUS CHRISTI, ADVISE TAMPA.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

URGENT 12/6/63 10-05 PM CST JDG

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, HOUSTON /62-2115/ /2P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. AFO.

RE NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR, DALLAS ATLANTA, AND HOUSTON DECEMBER FIVE, LAST.

RE CHECK OF TOLL RECORDS FOR HUNTER EIGHT DASH FOUR THREE TWO SIX ASSIGNED TO DUTZ MURRET.

ON DECEMBER SIX, INSTANT SA JAMES W. RUSSELL DETERMINED FROM TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT, EASTERN AIRLINES, THAT ELIZABETH KULIK IS EASTERN AIR LINES EMPLOYEE STATIONED IDLEWILD AIRPORT, NEW YORK CITY.

RECORDS HOUSTON TELEPHONE DIRECTORY LIST NUMBER SIX FOUR FOUR DASH ONE TWO SIX ONE IS TELEPHONE NUMBER FOR HOUSTON AIRPORT HOTEL, SEVEN SEVEN SEVEN SEVEN AIRPORT BOULEVARD, HOUSTON.

SA JOHN T. KELLY ON DECEMBER SIX, INSTANT DETERMINED RECORDS SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY, BEAUMONT, INDICATE TELEPHONE NUMBER TWO TWO DASH NINE FOUR SEVEN THREE LISTED TO

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 10 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-1571

CORPUS CHRISTI, BEAUMONT, NEDERLAND, PORT ARTHUR, AND ORANGE, TEXAS WHICH ARE AFFILIATED WITH SOUTHERN TRADING COMPANY. RAMSEY STATED NONE OF THE FOURTEEN COMPANIES AFFILIATED WITH SOUTHERN TRADING HANDLE ANY MAIL ORDER BUSINESS.

ALL OTHER RETAIL STORES MENTIONED ABOVE IN HOUSTON DIVISION CONTACTED AND ADVISED THEY DO NOT HANDLE MAIL ORDER BUSINESS

SAN ANTONIO, CONTACT ACADEMY SUPER SURPLUS SALES, AUSTIN, TEXAS TO DETERMINE IF THEY HANDLE MAIL ORDER BUSINESS AND WHETHER OR NOT THEY HAVE SOLD AMMUNITION TO SUBJECT UNDER TRUE NAME OR ALIASES. INSERTS FOLLOW.

END AND ACK PLS

11-48 PM OK FBI WA JR

DL 10-48 PM OK FBI DL DEC

SA 10-48 PM OK FBI SA EGL

TU IXFO

URGENT 12/6/63 10-44 PM CST JDG

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/, AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/,
AND SAN ANTONIO

FROM SAC, HOUSTON /62-2115/ /2P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. AFO.

RE DALLAS TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND HOUSTON DECEMBER FIVE LAST.

105-82555

RE SIX POINT FIVE MM MANNLICHER DASH CARCANO CARTRIDGES.

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 10 1963

DALE RAMSEY, PRESIDENT, SOUTHERN TRADING COMPANY, HOUSTON, ADVISED SA TERENCE D. DINAN ON DECEMBER SIX INSTANT THAT TWENTY THOUSAND ROUNDS SIX POINT FIVE AMMO WERE DISTRIBUTED TO VAN/S SURPLUS STORE, HOUSTON, TEXAS, L.H. JOHNSON, HUMBLE, TEXAS, ACADEMY SUPER SURPLUS SALES, THREE TWO ONE CONGRESS, AUSTIN, TEXAS, VIC/S FOR GUNS, GALVESTON, BEYMER/S ARMY SURPLUS, FREEPORT, LEWIE/S ARMY SURPLUS, LIBERTY, TEX FOURTEEN SEPARATE STORES IN HOUSTON,

END PAGE ONE

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-1594

CORPUS CHRISTI, BEAUMONT, NEDERLAND, PORT ARTHUR, AND ORANGE, TEXAS WHICH ARE AFFILIATED WITH SOUTHERN TRADING COMPANY. RAMSEY STATED NONE OF THE FOURTEEN COMPANIES AFFILIATED WITH SOUTHERN TRADING HANDLE ANY MAIL ORDER BUSINESS.

ALL OTHER RETAIL STORES MENTIONED ABOVE IN HOUSTON DIVISION CONTACTED AND ADVISED THEY DO NOT HANDLE MAIL ORDER BUSINESS

SAN ANTONIO, CONTACT ACADEMY SUPER SURPLUS SALES, AUSTIN, TEXAS TO DETERMINE IF THEY HANDLE MAIL ORDER BUSINESS AND WHETHER OR NOT THEY HAVE SOLD AMMUNITION TO SUBJECT UNDER TRUE NAME OR ALIASES. INSERTS FOLLOW.

END AND ACK PLS

11-48 PM OK FBI WA JR

DL 10-48 PM OK FBI DL DEC

SA 10-48 PM OK FBI SA EGL

TU IXFO

J Stokes

12/7/63

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC SAN ANTONIO

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

RENYTEL THREE FIVE NINE PM DECEMBER SIX LAST CONCERNING REVELATIONS OF MRS. DORIS EBEL AND MRS. MARY FUHRMAN. SAN ANTONIO INTERVIEW JOHN PIC AND HIS WIFE MARGE CONCERNING REVELATIONS OF EBEL AND FUHRMAN WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO OSWALD THREATENING MRS. PIC WITH PENKNIFE. DEVELOP FULL SPECIFICS CONCERNING DIFFICULTIES EXPERIENCED BY THE PICS WITH OSWALD AND MOTHER DURING THEIR STAY WITH PICS IN NEW YORK CITY. COPY TO DALLAS BY MAIL.

1 - DALLAS

JCS:PA
(4)

REC 55 105-82555-239

25 DEC 9 1963

COPIES DESTROYED
21 FEB 02 1973

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter

58 DEC 11 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 7 1963
TELETYPE

1 - Stokes

12/7/63

CODE

CABLE URGENT

TO LEGAT MEXICO CITY

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R

REBUCAB DECEMBER SEVEN INSTANT. ENDEAVOR ASCERTAIN NATURE OF TICKETS UTILIZED BY SUBJECT DURING SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX TRAVEL FROM NUEVO LAREDO TO MEXICO CITY VIA FLECHA ROJA BUS NUMBER FIVE ONE SIX AND BY TRANSPORTES FRONTERA LINE OCTOBER TWO LAST FROM MEXICO CITY TO NUEVO LAREDO. WERE TICKETS PURCHASED AT NUEVO LAREDO AND MEXICO CITY? WERE THEY ONE-WAY OR TWO-WAY? WERE THEY PURCHASED IN NEW ORLEANS AS PART OF TWO-WAY TRAVEL? DO THE MEXICAN LINES PARTICIPATE WITH ANY AMERICAN BUS LINES IN ISSUANCE OF TICKETS COVERING MEXICAN PORTION OF TRAVEL FROM POINTS WITHIN UNITED STATES FROM POINTS WITHIN MEXICO? IF SO, IDENTIFY PARTICIPATING AMERICAN LINES.

NR. 812
ENC. nil
CC nil
APPROVED
TYPED BY

DEC 9 10 51 AM '63

JCS:PA
(4)

REC 55

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (route thru for review)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan

VIA CABLEGRAM
DEC 7 1963
7:35 PM

105-82555-240

25 DEC 9 1963

- Stokes

12/7/63

CODE

CABLE URGENT

TO LEGAT MEXICO CITY

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R

NAME LEE H. OSWALD APPEARS ON MANIFEST OF SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX LAST TRIP OF BUS LEAVING NUEVO LAREDO, MEXICO, TWO PM THAT DATE EN ROUTE MEXICO CITY. BUS OPERATED BY FLECHA ROJA PAREN RED ARROW END PAREN. TOTAL EIGHTEEN PASSENGERS BOARDED THIS BUS NUEVO LAREDO. PASSENGERS EN ROUTE MEXICO CITY WERE PABLO VASQUEZ AND WIFE PAREN PARTY OF TWO END PAREN, S. MORAN, ALFREDO BRESENO, ROIG SORQUIS, T. GONZALEZ, FNU BOWEN, LEE OSWALD, FNU BOWEN, POSSIBLY JOHN H. BOWEN OF HOUSTON, TEXAS, A COMPANION OF BOWEN, JOHN MC FARLAND, AND TWO OTHER UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS. PASSENGERS EN ROUTE MONTERREY LISTED AS ANDRES MORALES AND POSSIBLY WIFE PAREN PARTY OF TWO END PAREN, APE. MARTINEZ, HARRY J. MITCHELL AND TWO ADDITIONAL PERSONS ACCOMPANYING HIM. DRIVER OF BUS LISTED AS ROBERTO MORALES. ENDEAVOR TO IDENTIFY ALL INDIVIDUALS ON BUS TRIP IN QUESTION, INCLUDING DRIVER, AND SET LEADS TO INTERVIEW. ADVISE IF FURTHER IDENTIFYING DATA AVAILABLE CONCERNING PASSENGERS ON LA FRONTERA BUS LEAVING MEX CITY OCTOBER TWO

1 - DALLAS BY MAIL
1 - SAN ANTONIO BY MAIL

REC 55 105-82555-241

SACs, DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO
SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (route thru for review)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Tavel
Trotter
Walters
Sullivan

JCS:pa
(8)

VIA CABLE

25 DEC 8 1963

CABLE TO MEXICO CITY
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

EN ROUTE NUEVO LAREDO AND IF SO DETERMINED, SET LEADS TO INTERVIEW. FURNISH DESCRIPTION CLOTHING WORN BY OSWALD AND INFORMATION AS TO HIS BAGGAGE WHEN IN MEXICO CITY. ENDEAVOR TO OBTAIN HOTEL REGISTRATION CARD AT DEL COMERCIO HOTEL AND SUBMIT TO LABORATORY FOR HANDWRITING AND LATENT EXAMINATIONS. REURCAB NUMBER TWO ONE THREE, TRANSMITTED TO BUREAU TAPE OF DECEMBER SIX RE INTERVIEW OF GILBERTO ALVARADO. SAN ANTONIO ADVISES ONE CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO ON SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX LAST ENTERED MEXICO AT NUEVO LAREDO DESTINED TO MONTERREY. MODE OF TRAVEL NOT INDICATED. GALINDO BELIEVED TO STAY AT MONTERREY WITH RELATIVE, ONE JOSE G. GOMEZ, HUSBAND OF GENOVEVA GARCIA DE GOMEZ, WHO RESIDE IN COLONIA INDUSTRIAL, MONTERREY, EXACT NUMBER NOT KNOWN. ENDEAVOR LOCATE GALINDO AND INTERVIEW. GALINDO AGED TWENTY-SEVEN TO TWENTY-NINE, FIVE FEET FIVE INCHES, ONE FOUR ZERO, BLACK HAIR, MUSTACHE. COPIES DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO BY MAIL.

NOTE TO DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO:

Oswald has been identified by hotel employees at the Del Comercio Hotel, Mexico City. Bus drivers handling October 2, 1963, trip of La Frontera Bus Line, Mexico City to Nuevo Laredo have been interviewed negatively.

CODING UNIT

NR. 811
ENC. none
CC. none
INTERN. none

A-3 (Rev. 4-17-63)

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

URGENT 12-7-63

TO DIRECTOR

FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY NO. 214

BUFILE 105-82555

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

REMYCAB DECEMBER 6 LAST.

SOURCE IN MEXICAN IMMIGRATION ADVISED THIS MORNING GILBERTO ALVARADO UGARTE BEING DEPORTED TOMORROW MORNING, DECEMBER 8, TO NICARAGUA.

CIA HERE ADVISED BY US OF ABOVE INFO.

CLARK D. ANDERSON

RECEIVED: 6:06 PM NCC

REC 55

105-82555-242

25 DEC 9 1963

CC-MR. ROSEN

3RD CC: MR. BRENNAN

53 DEC 11 1963

URGENT 10-7-63 11-17 AM CST FLL

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC NEW ORLEANS

FROM SAC DALLAS /89-43/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA/ ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

BY TELETYPE THIS DATE, THE BUREAU ADVISED/

SINCE KLEIN/S SPORTING GOODS, CHICAGO, ADVISES OSWALD/S RIFLE SOLD WITHOUT SLING AND BILL OF SALE DOES NOT LIST SLING, DALLAS REQUESTED TO INQUIRE INTO POSSIBLE SOURCES OF SLING. SLING IS LEATHER WITH SMOOTH BLACK OUTSIDE SURFACE AND ROUGH, NATURAL BROWN INSIDE SURFACE. SLING CONSISTS OF TWO INCH BY NINE AND ONE HALF INCH PIECE HAVING A RING FASTENED TO EACH END. A THREE QUARTER INCH STRAP, THREE AND ONE HALF INCHES IN LENGTH IS RIVETED TO EACH RING. EACH OF THESE STRAPS HAS A BUCKLE TO WHICH IS BUCKLED ONE END OF FORTYTHREE INCH STRAP, THREE FOURTHS INCH IN WIDTH. PHOTOGRAPHS WILL BE FORWARDED DALLAS BY AIRTEL.

DALLAS IN RECEIPT OF TWO PHOTOGRAPHS OF OSWALD, TAKEN BETWEEN MARCH TWO LAST AND APRIL TWENTYFOUR LAST, HOLDING A RIFLE THAT APPEARS TO POSSIBLY BE PERTINENT RIFLE. IN THOSE

END PAGE ONE

105 82 555

1

6-Hed

ORIGINAL FILED IN

62-109060-1376

PAGE TWO

PHOTOGRAPHS THE RIFLE IS FITTED WITH WHAT APPEARS TO BE A ROPE SLING.

NEW ORLEANS INITIATE APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION THAT AREA TO LOCATE POSSIBLE SOURCE OF SLING.

INVESTIGATION CONTINUING DALLAS.

END AND ACK

WA 12-23 PM OK FBI WA MET

NO 11-23 AM OK FBI NO NJA

TU DISC

cc: New Orleans

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: December 7, 1963

FROM : Mr. D. E. Moore

1 - Belmont
1 - Mohr
1 - DeLoach
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - D. E. Moore
1 - Turner

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Inspector Malley called from Dallas this morning to advise that Mrs. Oswald has been receiving numerous offers from the press and James Martin, who, out of sympathy, has been furnishing an apartment to Mrs. Oswald, has been acting as her manager.

Inspector Thomas Kelly of the Secret Service in Dallas advised today that Martin has been insistent on being permitted to talk to Mrs. Oswald and of making final arrangements so that she can capitalize on the press offers, one of which is in the amount of $12,000. In view of Mrs. Oswald's difficulties with the English language, Martin is desirous of utilizing George A. Bouhe, a Dallas resident who speaks Russian, in the arrangements. Malley advised that we have previously interviewed Bouhe who was an acquaintance of the Oswalds.

Inspector Kelly feels that Secret Service has no alternative but to agree to this arrangement as they do not feel they can continue to hold Mrs. Oswald for an extended period of time. Kelly asked our Dallas Office if we had any objection to this arrangement.

Malley said that he advised Kelly that this was a matter for the Secret Service to decide and he told Kelly that he thought Kelly should clear this with Secret Service Headquarters in Washington. Malley said he was furnishing the above for information in the event Secret Service should be in touch with us. I told Malley I was in agreement with his action; that this was a matter for Secret Service to handle and resolve.

ACTION:

For information.

DEM:mgp
(8)

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
5 DEC 9

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Warren Commission established 11/29, ended 9/24/64

TO : MR. SULLIVAN

DATE: 11/26/63

FROM : A. H. Belmont

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Rosen
Mr. J.P.Mohr

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD -
Assassination of the President

The Director advised that he had talked to Katzenbach, who had been talking to the White House relative to the report we are to render in the Oswald case. It is Katzenbach's feeling that this report should include everything which may raise a question in the mind of the public or the press regarding this matter, including such things as the return of the passport to Oswald in Moscow, and the furnishing of money to him by the State Department for the purpose of returning to the U.S. If the State Department regulations or law required State to do these things, we should get a copy of the law.

This report will have to contain anything of relevance to the case. We should get from the Defense Department Oswald's record and disciplinary action and discharge. We should cover the angle of Oswald going down to Mexico City, and his contacts down there.

In other words, this report is to settle the dust, in so far as Oswald and his activities are concerned, both from the standpoint that he is the man who assassinated the President, and relative to Oswald himself and his activities and background, et cetera.

At such time as the report is finished, Mr. Katzenbach will go over it, and will furnish it to other officials of the government, such as McCone of CIA, the Secretaries of Navy, Defense, and State, so that they can look it over and make sure they agree and do not have any objections.

The above change will, of course, require more time for the preparation of this report. However, the Director desires that it be out as quickly as possible. Division Six will continue to handle the portion of the report dealing with the assassination attempt and the evidence gathered to show that Oswald is responsible. This means that we will have to carefully check the evidence and Oswald's possessions that the police are now turning over to us, to see if additional information should go into the report from this.

REC-16 243

Division Five will handle the other part of the report, which will show the background, associations, et cetera, of Oswald. We must be certain that anything that is put into the report can be backed up, as it will be subject to minute scrutiny from the press and the public. For Division Five's part of the report we should be certain also that

RECORDED COPY FILED IN [illegible]

Mr. Sullivan

Oswald's passport back to him, et cetera. We should be certain that agents thoroughly go through Oswald's effects to see if they can pick up any correspondence with the Communist Party, the Soviet Embassy, et cetera.

This is a difficult report to prepare, but we will have to concentrate our ~~full attention~~ on it in order to produce the desired results.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : W. C. Sullivan

FROM : W. A. Branigan

DATE: 11-27-63

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

1 - Belmont
1 - Conrad
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - Branigan
1 - Turner

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
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Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
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Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

At 6:32 p.m. on November 27, 1963, SAC Johnson of Chicago called and talked to Supervisor E.F. Turner in my absence and advised that a former criminal informant [redacted], who has had a recent history of financial difficulties and possible instability, reported to the Chicago Agents who formerly handled him the following information:

He is acquainted with a prostitute of Spanish extraction who is associated on a daily basis with John Rossin, Chairman of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) in Chicago. Rossin, [redacted] has in the past expressed hatred for the Kennedy family, including President Kennedy, and admiration for Castro. Rossin recently, subsequent to the assassination, was interviewed on television and denied knowing Oswald. However, according to the prostitute [redacted] Rossin told her that he does know Oswald and has periodically furnished him money over the past five months.

*UNLESS ADVISED TO CONTINUE BY BUREAU

SAC Johnson advised that Chicago has Agents on the streets looking for [redacted] and when she is found she will be interviewed concerning this matter. He requested authority on a UACB basis to interview her with the use of a polygraph if regular interview did not resolve the matter. He also requested permission on a UACB basis to interview and polygraph Rossin if the interview with [redacted] does not resolve the matter. He advised a written waiver consent would be obtained before the use of a polygraph, and Rossin would not be interviewed late at night.

ST-103 REC-16 100-82555-244

In describing Rossin, Johnson said that he had formerly been a Communist Party (CP) organizer in St. Louis; left the CP in the middle 1950's after the Hungarian uprising; and had been Chairman of the FPCC in Chicago since its inception about 1959. He runs theaters, catering to Latin-American pictures, is boastful and arrogant.

ENCLOSURE

2 XEROX

ACTION TAKEN:

25 DEC 9 1963

Johnson was advised that unless he was instructed to the contrary by 9 p.m. Central Standard Time, he was authorized to take the action indicated above. You were then advised of Johnson's request and our instructions to him.

105-82555

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 245

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

5

CIA

REFERRAL

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 246

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 3

SECTION NO.

5

CIA

REFERRAL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: November 29, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

We have been attempting to obtain from the Mutual Broadcasting Company the tape of a broadcast by Serge[illegible] Fleegers, a commentator who on Sunday, 11/24/63, made certain references to the movements of Lee Harvey Oswald in and out of the Soviet Union. He also indicated certain training received by Oswald. His reports were reportedly based upon "Viennese intelligence sources." At Mr. Belmont's request, I got in touch with our contact at the Mutual Broadcasting Company, Bob Hurleigh, President, Mutual Broadcasting Company, on Sunday night, 11/24/63, and asked him to obtain the tape for us and also to identify Fleegers' sources as much as possible.

Having received no word from Hurleigh, I again called him on Wednesday night, 11/27/63, and told him we needed the above information as expeditiously as possible. Hurleigh apologized and stated the tape would be in our hands no later than today, 11/29/63.

I received a call at 12:50 p.m. from Charles King, News Director, Mutual Broadcasting Company, of New York. King stated he had the tape in his possession and would make it available to us immediately. I told him that we would have a representative of the New York Office call at his office immediately in order to procure the tape. He stated it would be left at the reception desk at 1440 Broadway, on the 20th floor.

Mr. King also stated that Fleegers actually received information from Viennese intelligence sources. He stated that Fleegers was en route to Paris, by way of a number of other countries, however, had talked to Mutual Broadcasting Company offices in New York about this matter. Fleegers did not desire to mention his sources on the phone. He stated, however, that he knew the FBI representative in Paris at the American Embassy and that he would contact Mr. Philcox either on Sunday night, 12/1/63, or Monday morning, 12/2/63, and furnish him all information necessary.

REC-16 62-[illegible]-247

25 DEC 9 1963

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Jones

JJS-JS

Continued next page

DeLoach to Mohr Memo, 11/29/63
RE: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

I called ASAC Roney in New York, who is acting for Mr. Malone and instructed him to have an Agent pick up the tape in question at the Mutual Broadcasting Company's offices immediately. He will put it on a plane and thereafter notify us as to the appropriate plane to meet at National Airport. I will have an Agent of this Division pick up the tape and deliver it to the General Investigative Division. The tape will contain the remarks made by Fleegers in connection with Oswald.

ACTION:

The General Investigative Division should prepare a Cablegram to Legal Attache Philcox alerting him as to the call that will be made upon him by Sergei Fleegers of the Mutual Broadcasting Company.

Sent 11-29-63 2:26

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont DATE: November 29, 1963

FROM : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

SUBJECT: HERBERT LEVY
11 EAST 44TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY
TELEPHONE NUMBER MURRYHILL 2-6060

Mr. Levy, who was in a group to whom I lectured a couple of years ago, called me to say that about three weeks ago he believes he saw Lee Harvey Oswald, assassin of President Kennedy, in a picket line which was demonstrating against Earl Warren when he was lecturing before the New York City Bar Association. Mr. Levy said he didn't know whether or not this had any significance, but he wanted to pass it on to the Bureau. I thanked him for so doing.

RECOMMENDATION:

For your information.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. D.E.Moore
1 - Mr. Turner

WCS:djw
(5)

105-82555

SI-104

REC. 16 105-82555-248

25 DEC 9 1963

53 DEC 11 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 2 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 12-59 AM CST PS

TO DIRECTOR, ATTENTION DIVISION FIVE

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/ 4-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

MARINA OSWALD, INTERVIEWED TODAY FOR APPROXIMATELY THREE HOURS. INTERVIEW WAS SHORT BECAUSE MARINA AND ROBERT OSWALD VISITED GRAVE OF SUBJECT OSWALD AT FORT WORTH TODAY AND HER CHILDREN NEEDED ATTENTION LATER IN THE EVENING. SHE FURNISHED INFORMATION AS FOLLOWS-

SHE WAS EMPLOYED AT DRUG SECTION, THIRD CLINICAL HOSP., MINSK, RUSSIA, OCTOBER NINETEEN SIXTY, AND DID NOT WORK AFTER DECEMBER SIXTYONE. SHE MARRIED OSWALD APRIL THIRTY SIXTYONE, TOOK HER REGULAR LEAVE OF THREE WEEKS IN SEPTEMBER SIXTYONE, AND TOOK MATERNITY LEAVE IN DECEMBER, SIXTYONE. HER BABY, JUNE, WAS BORN FEBRUARY FIFTEEN, SIXTYTWO, AND SHE WAS ENTITLED TO TWO MORE MONTHS OF LEAVE FROM JOB, BUT DID NOT

REC 12 105-82555-249

END PAGE ONE

25 DEC 9 1963

53 DEC 11 1963

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DL 89-43

RETURN TO JOB. HER DUTIES CONSISTED OF FILLING PRECRIPTIONS OF LIQUIDS, POWDERS, AND ALSO MEDICINES FOR EXTERNAL USE. SHE WAS PAID FORTYFIVE RUBLES PER MONTH. SHE MET OSWALD IN THE MIDDLE OF MARCH, SIXTYONE, AT A SOCIAL FUNCTION AT THE PALACE OF CULTURE FOR PROFESSIONAL UNIONS, AS RELATED IN PREVIOUS TEL, AND ON FOLLOWING WEEKEND RETURNED TO THE PALACE EXPECTING TO SEE OSWALD THERE, AND HE WAS WAITING FOR HER. HE THEREAFTER MADE ARRANGEMENTS FOR A DATE THE FOLLOWING FRIDAY, BUT DID NOT KEEP IT AS HE WENT TO A HOSPITAL FOR EAR TROUBLE, WHICH DEVELOPED INTO GLANDULAR TROUBLE. WHILE OSWALD IN HOSPITAL FOR TEN DAYS, MARINA VISITED HIM EACH DAY AND IT WAS WHILE HE WAS IN HOSPITAL THAT HE ASKED MARINA TO BE HIS FIANCE AND NOT GO OUT WITH OTHER MEN. MARINA AGREED TO MARRIAGE APPROXIMATELY APRIL TWENTY AND WAS MARRIED APRIL THIRTY SIXTYONE. THEY REGISTERED BEFORE REGISTRAR ON APRIL TWENTY, WERE INFORMED A WEEK LATER THAT MARRIAGE WAS APPROVED IN VIEW OF OSWALD-S FOREIGN STATUS, AND WERE CERTIFIED AS MARRIED ON APRIL THIRTY.

END PAGE TWO

DL 89-43

MARINA CLAIMS SHE DISCOVERED OSWALD WAS AMERICAN THROUGH THIRD PARTY ON HER FIRST MEETING WITH OSWALD. SHE QUESTIONED HIM WHEN HE WAS IN HOSPITAL AND HE TOLD HER HE PREFERRED AMERICA TO USSR AND HAD COME TO RUSSIA TO SEE IT, AS IT WAS CONSIDERED THE LEADER OF THE SOCIALIST WORLD. SHE ASKED HIM IF HE WAS AN AMERICAN OR SOVIET CITIZEN, AND HE SAID HE HAD GIVEN UP HIS DOCUMENTS TO THE AMERICAN EMBASSY AND COULD NOT RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES. HE LATER EXPLAINED AFTER MARRIAGE, HE HAD BEEN OFFERED SOVIET CITIZENSHIP BUT REFUSED IT. MARINA WAS NOT ASKED, AND VOLUNTARILY FURNISHED INFORMATION SHE HAD MARRIED OSWALD BECAUSE SHE LOVED HIM, RATHER THAN BECAUSE HE WAS AN AMERICAN OR FOR THE PURPOSE OF GOING TO THE UNITED STATES. PARENTHETICALLY, MARINA HAS VOLUNTEERED TWO ANSWERS, ONE AS STATED ABOVE, AND THE OTHER THAT OSWALD TO HER KNOWLEDGE DID NOT PLAN TO GO TO MEXICO IN LATE SEPT., SIXTYTHREE, WHEN IN FACT HE DID. AFTER RELEASE FROM HOSPITAL, OSWALD WAS INTRODUCED TO MARINA-S UNCLE AND AUNT, AND HE BEGAN TO SEE HER FREQUENTLY, BUT SHE CONTINUED TO HAVE OTHER DATES.

END PAGE THREE

DL 89-43

OSWALD WORKED AS NON-SKILLED METAL WORKER IN RADIO FACTORY IN MINSK. HIS PAY WAS EIGHTY OR NINETY RUBLES PER MONTH. HE HAD BEEN SENT FROM MOSCOW TO MINSK FOR WORK. MARINA HAS BEEN RELUCTANT TO FURNISH NAMES OF ASSOCIATES OF HERSELF OR OSWALD IN RUSSIA. CROSS EXAMINATION IN THIS REGARD HAS NOT BEEN CONDUCTED, BUT LATER FURTHER INQUIRIES THIS REGARD WILL BE PRESSED. SHE CONTINUES TO ANSWER QUESTIONS RATHER FREELY AND A GOOD WORKING RELATIONSHIP HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED BETWEEN INTERVIEWERS AND HER. CONDITIONS OF INTERVIEW ARE NOT OF THE BEST IN VIEW OF THE PROBLEM WITH THE CHILDREN AND, THEREFORE, AT TIMES INTERVIEW PROCEEDS SLOWLY. AT THIS TIME OVER A THOUSAND LETTERS, MOSTLY COMPLIMENTARY, HAVE BEEN RECEIVED BY MARINA FROM CITIZENS THROUGHOUT UNITED STATES. CHECKS AND CASH OF OVER TWENTYFIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS HAVE BEEN COUNTED AND MANY LETTERS REMAIN UNOPENED. CORRESPONDENCE AND MONEY GIFTS BEING HANDLED BY MARTIN IN WHOSE HOME SHE RESIDES. MARINA ALTHOUGH NOT CLOSELY QUESTIONED IN THIS REGARD, HAS SHOWN REAL INTEREST IN THE MONEY AND THIS HELPS IN THE INTERVIEW. INTERVIEW WILL BE CONTINUED APPROXIMATELY ONE PM TOMORROW.

END AND ACK

WA---2-12 AM OK FBI WA JS

TU CLR

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau and Dallas are eight copies and two copies respectively of letterhead memo on JEANNE ALLRED, by SA ELDON E. HASTINGS at Laredo, Texas.

No dissemination being made locally to Secret Service.

ENCLOSURE

REC-1 105-2909-250

EX-102

6 DEC 6 1963

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8)
2 - Dallas (Enc. 2)
2 - San Antonio
EEH/mjb
(7)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

December 3, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 3, 1963, JEANNE ALLRED, 5346 Morningside Avenue, Dallas, Texas, presently in Laredo, Texas, advised that she was divorced May 5, 1963, from JAMES D. ALLRED, JR., who possesses radical belief concerning Cuba. ALLRED stated that her husband subscribed to the Worker newspaper, joined the Youth Freedom Society and was reported to have flown money and guns to Cuba. ALLRED obtained passport and visas for eight Central American countries in New Orleans, December 14, 1962. DAVID STALLINGS reportedly leader of John Birch Society in Dallas, accompanied ALLRED to New Orleans. STALLINGS and ALLRED are former roommates. Mrs. ALLRED thinks she remembers seeing the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD on one of her husbands envelopes. Her husband absconded with $34,000 belonging to Mrs. ALLRED and his present whereabouts are unknown. ALLRED had made frequent trips to Mexico. Mrs. ALLRED is returning to Dallas and can be recontacted at above address.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

6 COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 02 1973

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-3-63 5-42 PM EST RW

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS, DALLAS AND OKLAHOMA CITY

FROM SAC, MIAMI /105-8342/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

RE MIAMI TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS AND OC, DECEMBER TWO LAST.

MANUEL RIEGO ZUNIGA, BUFILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH ONE ONE EIGHT SEVEN NINE NINE, INTERVIEWED THIS DATE. RIEGO DENIED MAKING ANY STATEMENT THAT HE KNEW OSWALD OR EVER HAS, NOR DID HE KNOW OF ANY PLANS TO KILL PRESIDENT KENNEDY BY A MEMBER OF HIS GROUP OR ANYONE ELSE. CLAIMED DOES NOT RECALL MAKING PRO CASTRO STATEMENTS IN PAST BUT MUST HAVE BECAUSE OF COMPLAINTS AGAINST HIM. STATES MUST HAVE DONE SO WHILE DRUNK. NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS IN ADDRESS BOOK OBTAINED. CONSISTED OF INDIVIDUALS ASSOCIATED WITH IN HIS WORK AS A TOURIST MAP MAKER. COUSIN NAMED ROBERTO MOREIRA RIEGO. MIAMI INDICES NEGATIVE RE INDIVIDUALS IN NOTEBOOK AND MOREIRA. INTERVIEWS OF RIEGO AND RECALDE SET OUT IN REPORT ON OSWALD BEING SUMBITTED THIS DATE.

COPIES OF THIS TEL BEING SUBMITTED TO RICHMOND AND WFO.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 5-46 PM OK FBI WA MSL

4-46 PM OK FBI DL EEA

OC 4-46 PM OK FBI OC SWH

REC-12 105-13555

EX-102

25 DEC 9 1963

XEROX

105-113555

ENCLOSURE COPY FILED IN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL - REGISTERED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (105-15823)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka (Deceased)
IS - R

The "Los Angeles Times" issue of 12/2/63, Part I, page 14, carries an article headlined "Placer of Anti-Kennedy Ad Departs in Mystery." The article carries the byline of RONNIE DUGGER at Dallas. It states that a telegraph delivered in the middle of the night resulted in a man calling himself BERNARD WEISSMAN and his "sidekick" WILLIAM BURLEY, hastily moved out of their apartment on Reiger Street in Dallas the day before Thanksgiving. The article reflects that WEISSMAN is described as a slender, dark eyed, dark haired man. BURLEY is described as a tall, blond man who wore black horn-rimmed glasses. The article reflects that WEISSMAN placed a full-page anti-KENNEDY advertisement in the "Dallas News" for publication the day the President was killed at Dallas. The ad was signed the "American Fact Finding Committee," an unaffiliated and non-partisan group of citizens who wish the truth, BERNARD WEISSMAN, Chairman, P.O. Box 1792, Dallas 21, Texas. He gave the Advertising Department an address at an apartment house on Reiger.

The article reflects that the FBI has interviewed the proprietress of the house where WEISSMAN and BURLEY resided on Reiger Street.

(3) - Bureau
2 - Dallas
1 - Los Angeles
EJK:ba
(6)

REC-1 105-15823-252

EX-102

6 DEC 6 1963

LA 105-15823

Based on the information available concerning WEISSMAN and BURLEY, the Los Angeles Office is unable to identify any record of either in the Indices.

On 12/3/63, Mr. PAT BOGGS, Assistant Special Agent in Charge, U. S. Secret Service, Los Angeles, Calif., advised SA EDWARD J. KIRBY that his office had received a telephone call 12/3/63 from BALTIMORE VALDEZ who resides c/o his sister, BEATRICE ARAGON, 9137 South Baring Cross, Los Angeles, telephone PL 4-2235. BOGGS said VALDEZ made reference to the above-mentioned article and said he felt that WILLIAM BURLEY mentioned in the article, may be identical with a WILLIAM BURLEY whom he met at Fort Ord, Calif., while both were taking basic training in 1948. VALDEZ said he made the association by the places named in the article. VALDEZ reportedly continued that if the BURLEY he has in mind is identical with the BURLEY mentioned in the article, BURLEY is from Ponca City, Oklahoma. VALDEZ said he coresponded with BURLEY until 1951. About a year ago, he heard from an unrecalled source that BURLEY is still in Ponca City, Oklahoma.

BOGGS said that according to VALDEZ, BURLEY was a very nice individual but he had very strong political leanings and political philosophy. BOGGS was unable to elaborate on this latter statement.

The foregoing is submitted for the information of the Bureau and Dallas and no action is being taken by Los Angeles, UACB.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : MR. TURNER

DATE: 12-6-63

FROM : MR. BRANIGAN

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

In response to our inquiry, SAC Gordon Shanklin, Dallas, on 12-5-63, advised that a review of the payroll records of the Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., disclosed that the last day Oswald worked at the company was Saturday, 4-6-63 from 8 a.m., to 5:30 p.m.

ACTION:

This is for record purposes.

WAB:hrt
(2)

1 - Mr. Turner

REC-12 253

DEC 9 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: December 5, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

Newsmen have been calling my office this afternoon stating they understand that the attempted shooting of General Edwin A. Walker in Dallas on April 10, 1963, was done by Lee Harvey Oswald.

Reporters have said they understand that Oswald bought a rifle on March 20, 1963, from the Chicago Mail Order House, that attempts were made on Walker's life on April 10, 1963, and that the Dallas Police Department has a slug from the Walker shooting which is to be compared with slugs fired from the assassination weapon. The newsmen asked for comment. They were told we had no comment.

ACTION:

For information.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Jones
1 - Mr. Morrell

REC-12

254

REW:saj
(8)

25 DEC 9

1 XEROX
DEC 10 1963

EX-102

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: December 6, 1963

FROM : Mr. W. A. Branigan

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Mr. Taylor

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

This records inquiry from Mr. Kelly, United Press International (UPI) representative, at 4:54 a. m., 12/6/63, inquiring if Bureau would confirm fact Oswald allegedly sniper who shot at General Walker.

DETAILS:

At 4:54 a. m., Kelly, Washington UPI representative, contacted Supervisor Bert S. Taylor and stated he had received word from his New York Office that the "Chicago Sun Times" was coming out today with the story that the FBI is looking into the possibility of Oswald having been involved in sniper attack against General Walker several months ago. He inquired if the Bureau would confirm this. Taylor advised him no comment in this regard.

He was not persistent but wondered aloud where "Chicago Sun Times" had come up with this information and again inqufred if Bureau would confirm it. He was advised no comment would be made.

ACTION:

None, for information.

105-82555

BST:ccm
(7)

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

REC-38 105-82555-255

2 DEC 9 1963

XEROX 853

SOVIET SECTION

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 256

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

5

INS

REFERRAL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
F. W. W. 12/9/63 arc
ERROR LETTER SENT

DATE: 11/26/63

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

Re Bureau telephone calls and Dallas teletype 11/26/63, concerning private papers and correspondence of OSWALD, turned over by Dallas PD to Dallas FBI Office today.

There are enclosed herewith Verifax copies of the following listed items, the originals of which are in the OSWALD papers now with the Dallas Office:

1. Three-page letter dated 5/29/63, to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 4907 L/C Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, from V. T. LEE, National Director, Fair Play for Cuba Committee;

2. Letter to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, dated 12/19/62, from LEWIS WEINSTOCK, General Manager of "The Worker", 23 West 26th Street, New York 11, New York;

3. Letter to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Post Office Box 30061, New Orleans, dated 9/19/63, from ARNOLD JOHNSON, CP;

4. Letter to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Post Office Box 30061, New Orleans, dated 7/31/63, from ARNOLD JOHNSON, Director, Information and Lecture Bureau, Communist Party, USA, 23 West 26th Street, New York 10, New York;

5. Letter to LEE H. OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, dated 12/13/62, from JAMES M. TORMEY, Executive Secretary of the Gus Hall-Benjamin J. Davis-Defense Committee, Room 1225, 22 East 17th Street, New York 3, New York;

6. Letter to Mr. LEE H. OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, dated 11/5/62, from FARRELL DOBBS, National Secretary Socialist Workers Party, 116 University Place, New York 3, New York;

DEC 11 10 11 AM '63
FBI - DALLAS
RECEIVED

2 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (AMSD)
2 - Dallas
WRH:cah
(4)

ATTACHED

105-[illegible]-257

REC [illegible] 1963

DL 89-43

7. One-page typewritten letter to Mr. LEE H. OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, dated 12/9/62, from Mr. BOB CHESTER, Socialist Workers Party, 116 University Place, New York 3, New York;

8. Letter to LEE H. OSWALD, 4907 1/C Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, dated 8/22/63, from V. T. LEE, National Director, Fair Play for Cuba Committee, 799 Broadway, New York 3, New York.

ENCLOSURES TO BUREAU FROM SAC, DALLAS

(8 letters obtained from OSWALD's room)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

DL 89-43

105-82555-257

ENCLOSURE

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

799 BROADWAY NEW YORK 3, N. Y. Orchard 4-1291

May 29, 1963

Lee H. Oswald
4907 1/C Magazine Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

Dear Friend:

Thank you for your prompt reply. Enclosed are your card and receipt, along with our thanks and welcome.

Your interest in helping to [illegible] FPC chapter in New Orleans is gratefully received. I shall try to give you some basic information now so that you may have a better picture of what this entails.

For one thing, I am enclosing a copy of our Constitution and By-Laws for all Chapters and Student Councils. You will note that there is considerable autonomy for an organization our size. We try and let all Chapters operate according to the local requirements. Naturally, there are basic regulations which must be met.

(All Chapters can receive literature in bulk at a discounted rate and resell at the retail price and use the proceeds for further Chapter activities.) Credit is extended and payment is not required with the order. We do expect payment within a reasonable period so that we may continue our end of the operation.

It would be hard to conceive of a chapter with as few members as seem to exist in the New Orleans area. I have just gone through our files and find that Louisiana seems somewhat restricted for Fair Play activities. However, with what is there perhaps you could build a larger group if a few people would undertake the disciplined responsibility of concrete organizational work.

We certainly are not at all adverse to a very small Chapter but certainly would expect that there would be at least twice the amount needed to conduct a legal executive board for the Chapter. Should this be reasonable we could readily issue a charter for

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

799 BROADWAY NEW YORK 3, N. Y. Cl 4-4397

a New Orleans Chapter of FPCC. In fact, we would be very, very pleased to see this take place and would like to do everything possible to assist in bringing it about. We feel that the south-east is a very difficult area to work because of our lack of contacts. Our only southeastern Chapter right now is that in Tampa, Florida which I originally organized before coming up to work in the National Office.

I for one am convinced of the possibility of such an enterprise but know from experience that it is quite a problem and requires some sacrifice on the part of those involved.

You must realize that you will come under tremendous pressures with any attempt to do FPCC work in that area and that you will not be able to operate in the manner which is conventional here in the north-east. Even most of our big city Chapters have been forced to abandon the idea of operating an office in public. The national office here in New York is the only one in the country today and the New York City Chapter uses our office too so it is the only Chapter with an office. Most Chapters have discovered that it is easier to operate semi-privately out of a home and maintain a P.O. Box for all mailings and public notices. ((A P.O. Box is a must for any Chapter in the organization to guarantee the continued contact with the national even if an individual should move or drop out.)) We do have a serious and often violent opposition and this procedure helps prevent many unnecessary incidents which frighten away prospective supporters. I definitely would not recommend an office, at least not one that will be easily identifyable to the lunatic fringe in your community. Certainly, I would not recommend that you engage in one at the very beginning but wait and see how you can operate in the community through several public experiences.

We will be able to give you some assistence from here, but not much. It is up

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

799 BROADWAY, NEW YORK 3, N. Y. Cregon 4-4291

to a mimeo machine to prepare public material if you are going to operate. A good typewriter is essential and above all people that will carry out the million and one mechanical functions necessary to make it a going operation.

(Note: when you contact people by mail we recommend that only first class be used and that no full name go on the return address on the outside of the envelope.) You will notice how we work our's here on the national level. Many people will respond better with this type of protection against nutty neighbors and over curious postmen. These may sound like small things to you, but I can assure you that we have gone through this a thousand and more time the length and breadth of the country and have learned a great deal over the last three years through some bitter experience.

Naturally, I would like to communicate with you a great deal more concerning yourself so that we can get to know you and possibly be of some assistence to you as we get more information.

We hope to hear from you very soon in this regard and are looking forward to a good working relationship for the future. Please fell free to discuss this matter quite thoroughly with me.

Fraternally,

V. T. Lee

V. T. Lee,
National Director. W

Socialist Workers Party
116 University Place New York 3, N. Y. AlGonquin 5-7460

JAMES P. CANNON
National Chairman
FARRELL DOBBS
National Secretary

November 5, 1962

Mr. Lee H. Oswald
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas

Dear Mr. Oswald:

We have your clipping requesting application for membership in the Socialist Workers Party.

We are sorry for the delay in answering your letter.

Our constitution requires that there must be a minimum of five members before a branch of the Socialist Workers Party can be formed and it is not our practice to take in individual members where no branch yet exists. Unfortunately we don't have any branches at all in Texas.

We very much appreciate, however, your request for membership in the party and wish to continue on a basis of close sympathetic relation with you until such time as a branch of the SWP can exist in Dallas. Pending the necessary basis for such a local structure, we suggest that you concentrate on seeking subscribers to the Militant and promoting the sale of socialist literature obtainable through Pioneer Publishers. Through contacts you may be able to develop on this basis let us hope it will be possible before too long to welcome a Dallas, Texas branch into the party.

In line with the above I am taking the liberty of sending a number of subscription blanks to the Militant so that you can have full advantage of our introductory offer of 4 months for only $1. We have had great success nationally with our subscription campaign. Also, you yourself should be sure to subscribe to both the Militant and International Socialist Review as you will find them excellent sources of socialist literature and information.

Please keep in touch with us.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

116 University Place
New York 3, New York.
Dec. 9, 1962

Mr. Lee H. Oswald
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas.

Dear Mr. Oswald:

Your letter and reproductions were turned over to me by the SWP office.

I am familiar with reproductions and offset printing processes. It is clear from your work that you are skilled at blow-ups, reversals and reproduction work generally. Do you do any other phases of the process as well as photography? What about layout and art work?

We have access to a small offset shop here in New York. Generally, when we need any copy work done we have taken it there directly. However there might very well be occasion when we could utilize your skill for some printing project. It would, of course, necessarily have to be a project in which we would have flexibility as to time. It is not easy to do anything in which there is pressure to get a job out immediately through correspondence between New York and Texas. Such work must be done locally, out of necessity. However, for a longer term project it might be possible to ask your aid.

Could you write to me directly at the above address? I would like to know what size camera you have; how large a paper print you can make; how large a negative; and any other technical information that you can give us that would help us judge how your aid could be most effective. If you have any questions please feel free to write me and I will try to respond promptly.

With best wishes for a year of progress

Bob Chester

Bob Chester.

Gus Hall—Benjamin J. Davis Defense Committee

Room 1225

22 EAST 17th STREET, NEW YORK 3, NEW YORK.

Phone: WA 4-1281

ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN
Chairman

JAMES J. TORMEY
Executive Secretary

GIL PHILIP
Treasurer

December 13, 1962

Mr. Lee H. Oswald
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas

Dear Friend:

We are in receipt of the samples of photographic work you sent us.

We deeply appreciate your offer to do this type of work for us as your contribution to our activity. We are putting this material on file so that we can make reference to it in the event that any such need arises.

Thanks again.

Sincerely,

HALL-DAVIS DEFENSE COMMITTEE

James J. Tormey

James J. Tormey,
Executive Secretary

JJT:bes

September 19, 1963

Lee H. Oswald
P O Box 30061
New Orleans, La.

Dear Mr. Oswald:

Your letter of August 28th to Elizabeth G. Flynn was turned over to me for reply. Since I received your letter of September 1st indicating that you are moving to Baltimore, I suggest that when you do move that you get in touch with us here and we will find some way of getting in touch with you in that city.

While the point you make about your residence in the Soviet Union may be utilized by some people, I think you have to recognize that as an American citizen who is now in this country, you have a right to participate in such organizations as you want, but at the same time there are a number of organizations, including possibly Fair Play, which are of a very broad character, and often it is advisable for some people to remain in the background, not underground. I assume this is pretty much of an academic question now, and we can discuss it later.

Sincerely yours,

Arnold Johnson

Arnold Johnson

COMMUNIST PARTY, U. S. A.

23 WEST 26th STREET • NEW YORK 10, N. Y. • MU. 5-5755

July 31, 1963

L. H. Oswald
P O Box 30061
New Orleans, La.

Dear Mr. Oswald:

Your letter to the WORKER has been referred to me for reply.

It is good to know that movements in support of fair play for Cuba has developed in New Orleans as well as in other cities. We do not have any organizational ties with the Committee, and yet there is much material that we issue from time to time that is important for anybody who is concerned about developments in Cuba.

Under separate cover we are sending you some literature.

Sincerely yours,

Arnold Johnson

Arnold Johnson, Director
Information and Lecture Bureau

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

799 BROADWAY NEW YORK 3, N.Y. Cha. 4-6291

May 22, 1963

Lee H. Oswald
4907 1/c Magazine St.
New Orleans, La.

Dear Friend:

We received your notice of change of address and in looking for your old mailing plate and not finding one can only conclude that either it was pulled some time ago when mail was returned to us or that your subscription has long since expired.

In any event, We are enclosing a renewal form and a copy of our current literature catalog for you to catch up with. We hope to hear from you soon so that we may again have your name amongst those who continue to support the efforts of our Committee.

Fraternally,

V. T. Lee

V. T. Lee,
National Director

The Worker

CABLE ADDRESS DAIWORK NEW YORK • ORegon 9-9460

23 WEST 26 ST. • NEW YORK 11, N. Y.

Dec 19, 1962

Lee H Oswald
P O Box 2915
Dallas Texas

Dear Mr Oswald;

Mr Jackson is on leave for a few weeks, so permit me to thank you for the blow ups.

Your kind offer is most welcome and from time to time we shall call on you. These poster like blow ups are most useful at newsstands and other public places to call the attention of newspaper readers that the "Worker" is available.

Best wishes for a peaceful New Year.

Sincerely yours,

Louis Weinstock, General Manager

Louis Weinstock

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 28 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. G[illegible]
Mr. Ro[illegible]
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-28-63 2-50 AM CST LJH

TO DIRECTOR 100-82555 AND SAC, NEW ORLEANS 100-16641

FROM SAC, DALLAS 100-10,461 2-P.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH R DASH CUBA. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, AFO. 00-DALLAS.

RE TEL. CALL FROM INSPECTOR DON MOORE AT BUREAU TO DALLAS, NOV. TWENTYSEVEN.

MRS. RUTH PAINE ADVISES THAT SHE ARRIVED AT NEW ORLEANS ON SEPT. TWENTY, LAST IN THE LATE AFTERNOON AND FIXES THIS DATE FROM A CHECK WHICH SHE WROTE AT BIRMINGHAM, ALA., DATED ~~SEPT. NINETEEN, LAST PAYABLE TO SIXTEENTH BAPTIST CHURCH, BIRMINGHAM. SHE SPENT NIGHT OF SEPT. NINETEEN, LAST AT~~ SEPT. NINETEEN, LAST PAYABLE TO SIXTEENTH BAPTIST CHURCH, BIRMINGHAM. SHE SPENT NIGHT OF SEPT. NINETEEN, LAST AT HOLIDAY INN ON THE BYPASS AT MERIDIAN, MISS. STAYED AT OSWALD-S RESIDENCE\ NEW ORLEANS, SEPT. TWENTY THROUGH SEPT. TWENTYTHREE LEAVING ON THE MORNING SEPT. TWENTYTHREE. DURING THIS TIME OSWALD WAS NOT AWAY FROM THE RESIDENCE FOR ANY SUBSTANTIAL PERIOD OF TIME AND HE WAS NOT WORKING. NO MENTION MADE OF ANY TRAVEL OUT OF NEW ORLEANS BY OSWALD AND PAINE OF OPINION THAT NEITHER HE NOR MARINA OSWALD HAD BEEN OUT OF NEW ORLEANS SINCE MAY FOURTEEN, LAST WHEN PAINE HAD LAST SEEN THEM.

REC 103 105-82555-258

25 DEC 10 1963

END PAGE ONE

70 DEC 12 1963

PAGE TWO

SHE RECALLS CONVERSATION WITH AN ELDERLY MAN CUTING THE LAWN IN FRONT OF OSWALD-S RESIDENCE. SHE TALKED TO HIM FREELY BUT LEE OSWALD TOLD PAINE IN RUSSIAN TO QUIT FURNISHING SO MUCH INFO. PAINE SUPPOSES THE REASON FOR THIS WAS THAT OSWALD DID NOT WANT THE LANDLORD TO KNOW HE WAS MOVING OUT. PAINE DOES NOT RECALL WHICH DAY SHE TALKED TO THE GRASS CUTTER OR WHICH DAY SHE AND MARINA TOURED BOURBON STREET WHILE LEE OSWALD REMAINED AT HOME DOING THE DISHES.

END AND ACK. PS.

2-

WA---3-56 AM OK FBI WA HFL

NO---43 2-56 AM CST OK FBI NO WW

DISC.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan DATE: 11/25/63

FROM : D. J. Brennan, Jr.

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Reference is made to United Press International release of 11/22/63 which stated in part that this year Oswald applied for another passport. He told the State Department he wanted to visit England, France, Germany, Holland, Finland, Italy, Poland, and the Soviet Union. He said he planned to make the trip between October, 1963, and December or January, 1964. The passport was issued at New Orleans on June 25, 1963. It is not clear, however, if Oswald ever repaid for his passage back to the United States or his first trip. If he did not, a new passport should not have been issued.

In connection with the above release, the Director made the notation: "Check as to this."

A review of the records of the Passport Office, Department of State by the Washington Field Office on 11/22/63 disclosed that Oswald was last issued Passport D-092526 at New Orleans, Louisiana on 6/25/63 for proposed travel as set out above. The passport was good for travel to all countries except Albania, Cuba, and those portions of China, Korea, and Vietnam under communist control.

A review of the files of the Office of Finance, Department of State on 11/22/63 disclosed a copy of a promissory statement signed by Oswald on 6/1/62 in Moscow. This statement outlined the total obligation for transporting Oswald and his family back to the U.S. amounting to $435.71. Oswald agreed to repay this sum with the understanding that he would not be furnished a passport for foreign travel until his obligation to reimburse the Treasurer of the United States was liquidated. Oswald's loan record account discloses that the obligation was liquidated in several payments, the final payment on 7/7/63, at which time his residence was listed as Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

ACTION:

For information.

WJM:mls (10)
1-Miss Holmes;
1-Mr. Belmont; 1-Mr. Sullivan;
1-Mr. Rosen; 1-Mr. Handley;
1-Mr. Branigan; 1-Mr. McDonnell;
1-Mr. Turner; 1-Liaison

10 - 359

6-20 (Rev. 10-15-62)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

UPI-259
(OSWALD)
WASHINGTON--THE PRIME SUSPECT IN PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S ASSASSINATION IS A SELF-ADMITTED "MARXIST" WHO SPENT THREE YEARS IN RUSSIA TRYING TO RENOUNCE HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP, BUT GOT A U.SM GOVERNMENT-PAID PASSAGE HOME WHEN HE HAD A CHANGE OF HEART.
THE ONE TIME DEFECTOR WAS IDENTIFIED AS LEE H. OSWALD, 24, A FORMER MARINE, AND CHAIRMA OF A "FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE."
OSWALD WAS BORN IN NEW ORLEANS OCT. 18, 1939. TWENTY YEARS LATER, ON OCT. 30, 1959, HE APPEARED AT THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN MOSCOW, TELLING OFFICIALS THAT HE WANTED TO RENOUNCS HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP. AT THE TIME, HE WAS REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD OFFICIALS THAT "I AM A MARXIST."
THE FBI CONFIRMED THAT OSWALD DID GOTO TUSSIA AND HAD ASKED FOR SOVIET CITIZENSHIP. HE HAD RECENTLY BEEN DISCHARGED FROM THE MARINE CORPS.
IN FEBRUARY, 1962, HE APPARENTLY HAD A CHANGE OF HEART. HE WROTE THE EMBASSY ASKING FOR A PASSPORT TO THE UNITED STATES. IN THE MEANTIME HE HAD MARRIED A RUSSIAN WOMAN, MARINA NICHOLAEVNA, A HOSPITAL EMPLOYE IN THE CITY OF MINSK. THEY HAVE ONE CHILD.
EMBASSY OFFICIALS REVIEWED HIS CASE. SINCE HE HAD NOT BEEN GIVEN SOVIET CITIZENSHIP, IT WAS DECIDED TO GIVE HIM A PASSPORT TO THE UNITED STATES.
GOVERNMENT RECORDS SHOW HE LEFT MOSCOW AT THE END OF MAY, 1962. THE EMBASSY ADVANCED HIM $435 TO DEFRAY THE COST OF HIS TRIP, A CUSTOMARY PRACTICE IN THE CASES OF AMEICANS STRANDED IN A FOREIGN NATION. IT IS NOT CLEAR IF HE EVER REPAID THE LOAN.
THIS YEAR OSWALD APPLIED FOR ANOTHER PASSPORT. HE TOLD THE STATE DEPARTMENT HE WANTED TO VISIT ENGLAND, FRANCE, GERMANY HOLLAND, FINLAND, ITALY, POLAND, AND THE SOVIET UNION. HE SAID HE PLANNED TO MAKE THE TRIP BETWEEN OSCTOBER, 1963, AND DECEMBER OR JANUARY, 1964.
THE PASSPORT WAS ISSUED AT NEW ORLEANS JUNE 25, 1963. IT IS NOT CLEAR, HOWEVER, IF OSWALD EVER REPAID THE MONEY LOANED FOR HIS PASSAGE BACK TO THE UNITED STATES OR HIS FIRST TRIP.
IF HE DIDNOT, A NEWPASSPORT SHOULD NOT HAVE BEEN ISSUED.
11/22--EG819PES

Check on this...

105-82555-9

6-26 (Rev. 10-15-62)

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UPI-63

(OSWALD)

WASHINGTON--LEE H. OSWALD, ACCUSED SLAYER OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, ONCE THREATENED TO "EMPLOY ALL MEANS" TO RIGHT A WRONG HE SAID HAD BEEN DONE HIM IN MILITARY SERVICE.

OSWALD MADE THE THREAT IN A LETTER TO TEXAS GOV. JOHN B. CONNALLY JR., WHO WAS WOUNDED WHEN THE PRESIDENT WAS KILLED. AT THE TIME HE WROTE THE LETTER OSWALD THOUGHT CONNALLY STILL WAS SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

ACTUALLY, ACCORDING TO AN EXCHANGE OF LETTERS MADE PUBLIC TODAY BY THE PENTAGON, CONNALLY HAD LEFT THE OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

OSWALD ALSO APPARENTLY DATED THE LETTER WRONG. IT WAS DATED JAN. 30, 1961, BUT APPARENTLY WAS WRITTEN JAN. 30, 1962 FROM FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

IT REFERRED TO THE FACT THAT OSWALD RECEIVED A DISHONORABLE DISCHARGE FROM THE MARINE CORPS.

"I SHALL EMPLOY ALL MEANS TO RIGHT THIS GROSS MISTAKE OR INJUSTICE TO A BONA FIDE U.S. CITIZEN AND EX-SERVICEMAN," THE LETER SAID.

11/23--TD1144AES

105-82555

6-26 (Rev. 10-15-62)

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UPI-69

ADD 1 OSWALD, WASHINGTON (UPI-63)

"THE U.S. GOVERNMENT HAS NO CHARGES OR COMPLAINTS AGAINST ME. I ASK YOU TO LOOK INTO THIS CASE AND TAKE THE NECESSARY STEPS TO REPAIR THE DAMAGE DONE TO ME AND MY FAMILY."

THE LETTER ALSO REFERRED TO OSWALD'S STAY IN RUSSIA WHERE HE ONCE SOUGHT UNSUCCESSFULLY TO TAKE OUT SOVIET CITIZENSHIP.

HE SAID IN THE LETTER HE HAD GONE TO THE SOVIET UNION "MUCH IN THE SAME WAY AS E. HEMINGWAY RESIDED IN PARIS," AND ADDED:

"I HAVE AND ALWAYS HAD THE FULL SANCTION OF THE U.S. EMBASSY, MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., AND HENCE THE U.SS. GOVERNMENT. AS I AM RETURNING TO THE U.S.A. THIS YEAR WITH THE AID OF THE U.S. EMBASSY (I) BRING WITH ME MY FAMILY (SINCE I MARRIED IN THE U.S.S.R.)."

CONNALLY RECEIVED THE LETTER AT FORT WORTH, TEX. AND REPLIED THAT HE WAS NO LONGER CONNECTED WITH THE NAVY AND WAS REFERRING THE MATTER TO THEN SECRETARY OF THE NAVY FRED KORTH.

OSWALD WROTE FROM AN ADDRESS GIVEN AS KALININA ST., 4-24, MINSK, U.S.S.R.

11/23--TD1156AES

105-82555-259

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

6-29 (Rev. 10-15-62)

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UPI-95

ADD OSWALD, DALLAS (UPI-6)

OSWALD ATE A FULL BREAKFAST OF OATMEAL, APRICOTS, BREAD AND COFFEE AND CALMLY AWAITED FURTHER QUESTIONING BY POLICE.

11/23--TD1125AES

MAR 53 IS OF 6H .23

FBI

105-82555-259

FORM DS 808
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF FINANCE

RECEIPT FOR REMITTANCE

No. 300031

PAYEE	* TYPE OF REMITTANCE	DATE OF REMITTANCE	AMOUNT
DEPT. OF STATE	2-PD	1/25/63	$ 106.00
DRAWN ON		SERIAL NO. OF REMITTANCE 2,202,003,534/5	DATE RECEIVED 1/29/63

NOTICE TO REMITTER: THE REMITTANCE DESCRIBED HEREON HAS BEEN RECEIVED SUBJECT TO COLLECTION AND REFERRED FOR APPROPRIATE ACTION TO THE PROPER ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT SHOULD FURTHER CORRESPONDENCE BE NECESSARY PLEASE GIVE REFERENCE TO THE SERIAL NUMBER IN UPPER RIGHT CORNER.

REFERRED TO: [illegible]

PAID
FEB - 7 1963
OFFICE OF FINANCE
BY

POSTED
FEB - 7 1963

NAME AND ADDRESS OF REMITTER
LEE H. OSWALD
P. O. BOX 2915
DALLAS, ~~XXXX~~ TEXAS

PURPOSE OF REMITTANCE
LOAN 240.32

* TYPE OF REMITTANCE: PD - POSTAL MONEY ORDER, PN - POSTAL NOTE, ED - EXPRESS MONEY ORDER, DR - BANK DRAFT, PC - PERSONAL CHECK, CC - CERTIFIED OR CASHIERS CHECK, GC - GOVERNMENT CHEC, CR - CURRENCY, DS - DEPT. OF STATE DRAF

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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Holmes
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TO : W. C. SULLIVAN DATE: November 29, 1963

FROM : D. J. BRENNAN

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

SYNOPSIS:

My attached memorandum 11/25/63 discussed the advance made by State in Moscow to Oswald to enable him to return to the U.S. As another passport was later issued to him at New Orleans on 6/25/63, the Director instructed that we secure all details.

State files show Oswald, residing Minsk, Russia, in correspondence with U.S. Embassy, Moscow, in February, March, and May, 1961, finally appearing in person 7/8/61. He held Soviet "stateless" passport which Embassy stated was prima facie evidence he was not regarded as Soviet citizen. As he had not legally renounced U. S. citizenship, his U. S. passport was returned to him, valid only for return to U. S. He was unable, however, to secure Soviet exit visas for self and wife until 1962.

State records indicate Oswald signed promissory note in Moscow on 6/1/62 for $435.71 for transportation Moscow to New York. State advised Oswald's mother that he and family would leave Moscow 6/1/62 for Rotterdam, Netherlands, en route to New York City where they would arrive 6/13/62. State records further indicate the note was repaid in installments as follows: 8/7/62 - $10; 9/1/62 - $9.71; 10/6/62 - $10; 11/14/62 - $10; 12/7/62 - $190; 1/5/63 - $100; 1/25/63 - $106; account posted paid in full 2/7/63. All payments but first (which was cash) were made by postal money orders mailed from various points in Texas. It was at first reported by State that the final payment had been credited to his account 7/7/63; however, examination of the actual records has disclosed a copy of the receipt which was issued on 2/7/63 for the final payment, which had been remitted 1/25/63. Xerox copy of this receipt obtained and attached.

Under the terms of the promissory note signed by Oswald, he would not be furnished a passport for foreign travel until his obligation had been fully repaid. Inasmuch as the next passport was issued

68 DEC 11 1963 27

Enclosures

1 - Miss Holmes
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. D. E. Moore
1 - Mr. Handley
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Bartlett

105-82555-260

DEC 10 1963

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

to him at New Orleans, Louisiana, 6/25/63, it appears that State did not exceed the terms of this agreement. State has informed us that as a matter of routine procedure, it advances return passage to the U.S. to U.S. citizens who find themselves destitute abroad. There is no statutory authorization for this but a confidential item is included in State's appropriation annually to cover these advances. State's Foreign Affairs Manual sets out criteria for such advances, and specifically authorizes loans to U. S. nationals in "a situation which is damaging to the prestige of the U. S. Government" without requiring that the individual's loyalty to the U. S. be beyond question.

ACTION:

For information.

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

DETAILS:

My attached memorandum 11/25/63 referred to press comment indicating Oswald had received another U.S. passport at New Orleans, Louisiana, on 6/25/63. We noted that prior to this State had advanced Oswald his passage back to the U.S. from Russia and that this had been repaid in installments. The Director asked that we secure all details concerning this.

Files of the Department of State disclose on 2/28/61 American Embassy, Moscow, informed Department of State it had received 2/13/61 undated letter from Oswald postmarked Minsk, 2/5/61, and Moscow, 2/11/61. Letter requested return of his American passport and stated desire by him to return U.S. if they could agree to dropping of any legal proceedings against Oswald. He felt if he could show Soviet authorities his American passport, they would give him exit visa. Oswald stated Soviets had at no time insisted he take Russian citizenship and he was living there with nonpermanent papers for a foreigner. He stated he could not leave Minsk without permission so was writing instead of calling in person. He maintained his American citizenship in letter.

On 3/24/61 Embassy, Moscow, notified State it had received letter from Oswald 3/20/61 postmarked Minsk March 5, and Moscow, March 17, stating he found it inconvenient to come to Moscow solely for interview; he did not think it appropriate to seek permission to leave Minsk; he did not intend to abuse his position there and saw no reason why preliminary inquiries could not be sent to him by questionnaire. Embassy stated it had written Oswald it was Soviet Government's position to interpose no objection to visits to Embassy by American citizens in Soviet Union and in order for Embassy to determine his citizenship status, personal interview required so pertinent statements could be taken under oath.

On 5/26/61 Embassy, Moscow, informed State it had received undated letter from Oswald postmarked 5/16/61 stating in part he desired full guarantees he would not under any circumstances be prosecuted for any action pertaining to this case should he return U.S. Letter stated Oswald married to Russian woman who would want to accompany him to U.S. Letter stated his status was "without citizenship." Embassy pointed out that if Oswald's designation as "without citizenship" in Soviet internal passport accurate, this was prima facie indication Soviet Government did not regard him as Soviet citizen. Embassy stated it thus appeared he had not yet expatriated himself under Section 349(a)(1) Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Embassy cautioned against idea of mailing passport to Oswald and informed State it would request instructions before granting him passport or certificate of identity.

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Embassy, Moscow on 7/11/61 reported to State Oswald appeared at Embassy 7/8/61 re desire return to U.S. with wife. Communication stated he executed questionnaire re possible expatriative actions. Embassy stated in lengthy questioning no evidence was revealed of any action which might have caused loss of U.S. citizenship. Oswald exhibited Soviet internal "stateless" passport 311479 issued Moscow 1/14/60 which Embassy stated is prima facie evidence Oswald not regarded as Soviet citizen. Oswald claimed never to have applied for Soviet citizenship; related had been employed since 1/13/60 at radio and television factory, Minsk, as metal worker in research shop, earning 90 rubles (approximately $18). Oswald claimed took no oath and signed no papers for employment; did not join Trade Union Organization; had not been called upon to make radio, press, or personal statements re decision reside Soviet Union; and had been interviewed briefly third day after arrival by radio Moscow but only few routine comments made, no political significance.

Communication reported Oswald stated he had never been subjected to questioning or briefing by Soviets re life before entering USSR and never provided such information to any Soviet organization. On this occasion Embassy informally advised Oswald it did not perceive on what grounds he might be prosecuted leading to lengthy imprisonment, but he was clearly informed Embassy could give no assurance regarding prosecution which he understood.

Embassy advised Oswald's passport was returned to him valid only for return to the U.S. to enable him apply for exit visa in Minsk. Communication continued: "Twenty months of the realities of life in the Soviet Union have clearly had a maturing effect on Oswald. He stated frankly that he had learned a hard lesson the hard way and that he had been completely relieved of his illusions about the Soviet Union at the same time that he acquired a new understanding and appreciation of the United States and the meaning of freedom. Much of the arrogance and bravado which characterized him on his first visit to the Embassy appears to have left him."

On 10/12/61 Embassy, Moscow, detailed letters written by Oswald between July and October outlining his difficulties in obtaining Soviet exit visas for himself and wife, noting they were subjects of increasing harassment in Minsk. He requested Embassy inquire officially re visas but Embassy informed him it had no way of influencing Soviet action.

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On 1/16/62 Embassy, Moscow, advised State Oswald had been issued new Soviet resident's permit until 7/5/62 and had been assured by Soviets of exit documentation upon request valid for 45 days. Embassy was notified by Soviets of issuance of foreign passport to Mrs. Oswald with exit visa good until 12/1/62. Oswald desired delay departure until wife's U.S. visa in order for departure together. Embassy stated Oswald raised question of repatriation loan and Embassy requested advice. State told Moscow about 2/1/62 loan not approved pending receipt of application for same per regulations.

State files contain copy of promissory note signed by Lee Harvey Oswald 6/1/62 at Moscow, witnessed by Winifred Williams, at American Embassy. Statement outlined cost of transporting family as $418 plus 105.94 rubles. Oswald contributed 90 rubles toward price of rail tickets so total obligation to him was $435.71. Oswald agreed to repay this sum and agreed with understanding he would not be furnished passport for foreign travel until his obligation to reimburse Treasurer of U.S. was liquidated. In statement he also authorized repayment of loan from any moneys due him from Veterans Administration or any other U.S. Government agencies.

State advised Oswald's mother that her son and his family were leaving Moscow 6/1/62 for Rotterdam, Netherlands, where they would board the SS "Maasdam" arriving New York City 6/13/62.

State Department Office of Finance records contain loan account number 38210 for Lee Harvey Oswald with original debit of $435.71 and shows following details concerning the repayment of this advance:

Remittance dated 8/7/62, received 8/13/62, $10 cash from Oswald, 7313 Davenport Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

Remittance dated 9/1/62, received 9/5/62, $9.71 by money order, serial number 11-56,417,562, from Oswald, 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

Remittance dated 10/6/62, received 10/10/62, $10 postal money order, serial number 11-56,418,866, from Oswald, 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

Remittance dated 11/14/62, received 11/19/62, $10 postal money order, serial number 11-58,380,709, from Oswald, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Remittance dated 12/7/62, received 12/11/62, $190 in postal money orders for $100 and $90, serial numbers 11-58,384,596, and 11-58,384,597, respectively, from Oswald, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

Remittance dated 1/5/63, received 1/9/63, $100 postal money order, serial number 2,202,000,060, from Oswald, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

Remittance dated 1/25/63, received 1/29/63, $106 in two postal money orders, serial numbers 2,202,003,534 and 2,202,003,535, from Oswald, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

Account posted paid by Office of Finance, Department of State 2/7/63. It was originally noted by State that the final payment had been posted on 7/7/63, but when ledger sheet examined and original records consulted, it was determined that the payment had actually been posted 2/7/63. A Xerox copy of the final receipt was secured and is attached.

State's Foreign Affairs Manual, Volume 7, Special Consular Services, sets out rules under which financial assistance loans may be made for the repatriation of destitute U.S. nationals. One of the criteria for such loans is that the recipient's loyalty to the U.S. Government must be beyond question. An exception to this is, however, provided for an individual who "is in or is the cause of a situation which is damaging to the prestige of the U. S. Government or which constitutes a compelling reason for extending assistance to effect his return." At the Director's request, we have asked State if it is their practice to allow individuals who have renounced their citizenship to return to the U.S. Our inquiry has been discussed on a high level within State and State's Legal Adviser is now preparing a response. This is being followed separately by Liaison.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: November 27, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Senator Jim Eastland (D-Miss.) called at 5:30 p.m., 11-26-63. He referred to the United Press item (attached) dated 11-26-63 reflecting that Dallas Police had uncovered Communist Party letters mailed to Lee Harvey Oswald.

Senator Eastland, who is Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary and with whom we have very favorable relations, stated that he would deeply appreciate any copies of these letters that are available being loaned to his Committee if at all possible.

I told the Senator that it might be necessary to make such letters a part of the report that is being prepared in this matter and I frankly didn't know whether we could make them available to him or not. He stated that after the report was issued that perhaps we could give him copies. I told him the matter would be considered.

ACTION:

It is suggested this matter be forwarded to the ~~General Investigative~~ DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE Division for consideration.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Jones

CDD:geg
(5)

ENCLOSURE

DEC 1 1963

DEC 11 1963

UPI-142

(LETTERS)

DALLAS--SETH KANTOR, WASHINGTON WRITER FOR THE FORT WORTH PRESS, REPORTED TODAY POLICE HAVE UNCOVERED COMMUNIST PARTY LETTERS MAILED TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ACCUSED ASSASSIN OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

KANTOR QUOTED POLICE AS SAYING THE LETTERS WERE FOUND IN OSWALD'S BELONGINGS IN THE ROOMING HOUSE WHERE HE LIVED.

THE FBI HAS MADE PHOTOGRAPHIC COPIES OF THE LETTERS, "ALL OF THEM WRITTEN TO OSWALD IN A WARM AND FRIENDLY WAY," KANTOR QUOTED DALLAS COUNTY ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY BILL ALEXANDER.

ALEXANDER TOLD KANTOR THE LETTERS WERE WRITTEN ON OFFICIAL COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICAN STATIONARY AND WERE ALL FROM THE SAME MAN IN NEW YORK, WHOM ALEXANDER DECLINED TO IDENTIFY.

ONE OF THE LETTERS OFFERED OSWALD ADVICE ON HOW TO SET UP A DALLAS CHAPTER OF THE COMMUNIST-INSPIRED "FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE," ALEXANDER SAID. ANOTHER TOLD HIM HOW TO "KEEP NOSY NEIGHBORS AWAY."

THE LETTERS REACHED OSWALD IN RECENT WEEKS, KANTOR QUOTED ALEXANDER.

12:26--EG342PES

105-82555-261

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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TO : MR. W. C. SULLIVAN

DATE: December 2, 1963

FROM : MR. D. E. MOORE

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. J.P.Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Branigan
Mr. Turner

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT
LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R

Attached memorandum from Mr. DeLoach dated 11-27-63 concerns request from Senator Eastland that he be furnished copies of Communist Party letters found in Lee Harvey Oswald's effects. It was recommended that the Domestic Intelligence Division consider Senator Eastland's request.

In view of the appointment of a Presidential Commission in this matter, the Domestic Intelligence Division does not feel that any material of this nature should be furnished to Senator Eastland.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memorandum be referred to Mr. DeLoach and that Senator Eastland be advised that the Bureau will not be able to make available any material in this matter.

Attachment
DEM:td (8)

105-82555-262

65 DEC 10 1963

C 8 DEC 11 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 24 1963

URGENT 11-24-63 TELETYPE AM RDO

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC-S DALLAS, NEW YORK, AND WFO -89-75-

FROM SAC, BOSTON -89-43- 3 P

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON.

SUBJECT - ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND LAST, ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER, OO DALLAS.

RE WFO TEL TO DIRECTOR AND BOSTON ELEVEN TWENTY THREE LAST.

PRISCILLA MARY POST JOHNSON, DOB JULY NINETEEN, NINETEEN TWENTY EIGHT, NYC, A FREE LANCE JOURNALIST RESIDING BRATTLE INN, CAMBRIDGE, MASS., INTERVIEWED NOVEMBER TWENTY THREE AND TWENTY FOUR BY SA-S JAMES T. SULLIVAN AND DARREL B. CURRIE. SHE HAD NO INFORMATION CONNECTING OSWALD WITH ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. IN SIGNED STATEMENT IDENTIFIED LEE HARVEY OSWALD AS PERSON INTERVIEWED BY HER IN MID NOVEMBER FIFTY NINE IN MOSCOW WHILE JOHNSON EMPLOYED AS CORRESPONDENT FOR NORTH AMERICAN NEWSPAPER ALLIANCE. OSWALD COMPLAINED AMERICAN EMBASSY PERSONNEL MOSCOW HAD TRIED TO DISCOURAGE HIM FROM RENOUNCING U. S. CITIZENSHIP. JOHNSON TRIED TO DISSUADE HIM FROM RENOUNCING CITIZENSHIP. OSWALD DURING SIX HOUR INTERVIEW AT HOTEL METROPOLE STATED HE HAD BEEN HONORABLY DISCHARGED FROM US MARINES SEPTEMBER FIFTY NINE. DURING INTERVIEW CONSISTENTLY REFERRED TO RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT AS QUOTE MY GOVERNMENT UNQUOTE. STATED HE HAD BECOME MARXIST AT AGE FIFTEEN AFTER DISCOVERING SOCIALIST LITERATURE. STATED THREE DECISIVE ELEMENTS IN CONVERSION TO ACCEPTANCE OF COMMUNIST PHILOSOPHY

REC 103 105-82555-263

RE DEC 10

cc-Rosen
cc-Sullivan

END PAGE ONE

68 DEC 11 1963

RELAYED TO

WERE - ONE THE SEGREGATION OF NEGROES SEMI COLON - TWO SOCIALIST LITERATURE OPENED HIS EYES TO ECONOMIC REASONS FOR HATING NEGROES, THAT IS, KEEPING WAGES LOW. THREE - HIS EXPERIENCE WHILE SERVING WITH MARINES IN THE PHILLIPINES AND IN JAPAN WHERE THE UNITED STATES WAS HATED FOR ITS MILITARIST IMPERIALISM. OSWALD STATED HE HAD HAD NO CONTACT WITH AMERICAN COMMUNISTS AND THAT ONLY THROUGH READING SOCIALIST LITERATURE AND BY OBSERVATION HAD HE CONCLUDED THAT COMMUNISM WAS BEST FOR HIM. STATED HE HAD NEVER SEEN A COMMUNIST IN HIS LIFE. EXPRESSED BELIEF COMMUNISM WOULD REPLACE CAPITALISM BECAUSE CAPITALISM IS A DEFENSIVE IDEOLOGY WHILE COMMUNISM IS AGGRESSIVE. STATED SOVIET UNION WOULD SURPASS UNITED STATES MATERIALLY IN TWENTY YEARS. OSWALD SAID HE HAD TAUGHT HIMSELF TO READ AND WRITE RUSSIAN BY BERLITZ METHOD BUT BARELY ABLE TO SPEAK RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AT TIME OF INTERVIEW. HAD NO INTELLECTUAL CURIOSITY AND INTEREST IN RUSSIA OR THE RUSSIANS. JOHNSON NEVER SAW OSWALD AGAIN. SHE FILED HER STORY OF INTERVIEW WHICH WAS SYNDICATED BY NANA IN LATE NOVEMBER AND EARLY DECEMBER FIFTY NINE IN U. S. AND CANADA. JOHNSON NOW USING FACILITIES RUSSIAN RESEARCH CENTER HARVARD UNIVERSITY WHILE PREPARING TWO BOOKS AND EXPECTS TO BE LOCATED CAMERIDGE SEVERAL MORE MONTHS. REPORT FOLLOWS.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

NEW YORK ENDEAVOR TO OBTAIN FROM SID GOLDBERG, NANA, TWO THREE ZERO WEST FORTY FIRST STREET, NYC, ORIGINAL STORY OF INTERVIEW FILED BY JOHNSON AND FURNISH TO DALLAS.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 533 PM XX AM OK FBI WA BH FOR RELAY

DL 4-33 AM CST OK FBI DL P

TU BOTH DISC PLS OELM

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
F B I

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 12/3/63

FROM : A. H. Belmont

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Rosen
Mr. E.T.Turner

SUBJECT:
LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Internal Security - R
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Deputy AG Katzenbach called me at 11:30 a.m. today to advise that Andreas Lowenfeld, Special Assistant to the General Counsel of the State Department, had called him. Lowenfeld said a Priscilla Johnson, of the North American Newspaper Alliance, was in his office. Johnson said she had spent a long time in Russia as a newspaper correspondent; that she knew Oswald in Russia very well, and knew his wife.

* Lowenfeld told Katzenbach that, according to Priscilla Johnson, the FBI had talked to her. Lowenfeld thought Johnson had some interesting information. Priscilla Johnson suggested that, as she is fluent in Russian and knows Oswald's wife, it might be desirable for her to interview Oswald's wife; that she might be able to get information that others could not get.

I told Mr. Katzenbach that we, of course, were interviewing Mrs. Oswald; that we had no difficulty as we have Russian-speaking agents, and it would be very undesirable for any outsider to attempt to interfere at this time. I told him that if, in the future, we felt it was desirable to contact Miss Johnson, we would get in touch with her direct. Miss Johnson indicated that she was interested in knowing how it was that Mrs. Oswald was sent down to Minsk.

ACTION:
We are checking to see if we did interview Miss Johnson and what she had to say. It would appear, of course, that Miss Johnson is merely looking for a way to get a story by interviewing Mrs. Oswald.

105-82555

AHB:CSH (7)

Handled per Rudy

105-82555-264

REC-103

* SEE BOSTON TELETYPE 5:22 AM 11-24-63 RE ASSASSINATION PRESIDENT KENNEDY

68 DEC 11 1963

DEC 10 1963

TRUE COPY

12 North Street
Binghamton, New York
December 3, 1963

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
The Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, District of Columbia

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In reading reports of the activities of Lee Harvey Oswald, I have seen no mention of his possible presence at a "Ban the bomb" rally in Canada. Because you would probably want to investigate any association of his with that group and find out where he would attain funds to make another long trip from Texas, I am writing to give you the little information I have.

On the morning following the assassination of our beloved President (or it may have been on Sunday, but I think not) I listened to a short-wave program from the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation in the CBC International Service. On Saturdays and Sundays I try to hear the broadcast in Russian from 9:30 to 10:30 A.M. for I am studying Russian in an evening class at a local high school. The entire hour that morning was devoted to President Kennedy and the incident, was mentioned then as nearly as I could understand the Russian. During the following program, a summary of the news in English, the announcer told that a policeman recognized a picture of Oswald as of a person he had seen at a "Ban the bomb" rally in Montreal. Unfortunately that is all the information I can give you.

You are doing fine work in conducting the investigation. I hope this lead will be of help.

The address of the CBC is the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, P.O. Box 6000, Montreal, Canada. Let us hope they can put you in touch with the officer.

Very truly yours,

Elinor C. Whitson

265

25 DEC 10 1963

ITC 12/4/63 1a1
file
ack 12/9/63
file

O North Street
Binghamton, New York
December 3, 1963

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
The Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, District of Columbia

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In reading reports of the activities of Lee Harvey Oswald, I have seen one mention of his possible presence at a "Ban the bomb" rally in Canada. Because you would probably want to investigate any association of his with that group and find out where he would obtain funds to make another long trip from Texas, I am writing to give you the little information I have.

ITC 12/6/63
alw
Pub. 12/9/63
C.J.S. pld
WML

On the morning following the assassination of our beloved President (or

FBI - BINGHAMTON

I listened to a short-wave program from the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation in the CBC International Service. On Saturdays and Sundays I try to hear the broadcast in Russian from 9:30 to 10:30 P.M. for I am studying Russian in an evening class at a local high school. The entire hour that morning was devoted to President Kennedy and the incident was mentioned then as nearly as I could understand the Russian. During the following program, a summary of the news in English, the announcer told that a policeman recognized a picture of Oswald as of a person he had seen at a "Ban the bomb" rally in Montreal. Unfortunately that is all the information I can give you.

You are doing fine work in conducting the investigation. I hope this lead will be of help.

The address of the CBC is
the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation,
P.O. Box 6000, Montreal, Canada.
Let us hope they can put you in
touch with the officer.

Very truly yours,
Elinor C. Watson

105-[illegible]-265

December 9, 1963

Miss Elinor C. Whitson
12 North Street
Binghamton, New York

Dear Miss Whitson:

Your letter of December 3rd has been received, and I want to thank you for giving me the benefit of your observations and comments.

My staff and I certainly share your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy. Pursuant to the instructions of President Johnson, we are conducting a full investigation into the assassination and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald, and I can assure you every ramification of these matters will be looked into.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:plr
(3)

REC'D-READING ROOM
DEC 9 12 42 PM '63
FBI

MAILED 11
DEC 9 - 1963
COMM-FBI

DEC 11 [illegible]

DEC 2 1 [illegible]

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Dalbey
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan

FD-36 (Rev. 12-19-56)

REC-116

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI

FROM SAC DALLAS (89-43)

SUBJECT LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka;
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

JUNE

Re Bureau airtel to DL 11/30/63 in captioned matter concerning letter addressed to Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, % FBI, Washington D. C., which was postmarked Toronto, Ontario, and had return address of "Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada."

This letter was delivered to Mrs. OSWALD on 12/3/63 as directed by the Bureau. She opened it in the presence of delivering Agents and examination disclosed the letter contained a $10 Canadian note and a sheet of paper. Mrs. OSWALD has retained the envelope and the bank note.

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas

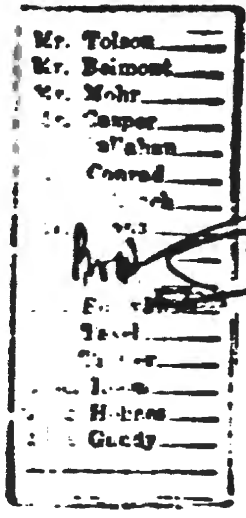
WRH:vm
(5)

105-82555-266

REC-116

6 DEC 6 1963

C. C. WICK



URGENT 12-4-63 7-31 PM SNE

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS, LITTLE ROCK, AND OKLAHOMA CITY

FROM SAC NORFOLK 89-17 5P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R. OO DALLAS.

PFC LEROY HARVEY PHILLIPS, A COMPANY, SIX NINE SIGNAL BATTALION, FT. EUSTIS, VA., ADVISED ON DEC. THREE LAST THAT ON NOV. TWO ONE LAST HE MET MAN IN NEWPORT NEWS, VA., WHO, WHEN THEY PARTED WAYS, GAVE HIM A CARD WITH NAME RAYMOND R. SANDS, CARE OF ~~HELEN T. WHITEHEAD,~~ P. O. BOX FIVE ONE, HAZEN, ARK., WRITTEN ON IT.

PHILLIPS SAID HE WAS WITH MAN, WHOM HE HAD NEVER SEEN BEFORE THAT DATE, FROM AROUND NINE AM TO TWO THIRTY PM AT DIFFERENT BARS ON WASHINGTON AVE., NEWPORT NEWS, DRINKING BEER AND WINE. DURING THE DAY THIS MAN MADE STATEMENT "WASHINGTON IS GOING TO FALL. IT IS INEVITABLE. IT MAY BE YEARS/ IT MAY BE MONTHS/ IT MAY BE DAYS."

PHILLIPS SAID STATEMENT HAS BOTHERED HIM CONSIDERABLY SINCE EVENTS OF NOV. TWO TWO LAST. THEREFORE HE WANTED TO GIVE THIS INFO TO APPROPRIATE AGENCY. PHILLIPS CONSIDERED MAN TO BE ODD. MAN SAID HE HAD BROTHER WHO WAS COLONEL AT FT. EUSTIS, BUT DID NOT WANT TO CONTACT HIS BROTHER.

105-82353 267

68 DEC 11 1963

REC-103

DEC 10 1963

5-Inf

PAGE TWO

ON DEC. FOUR INSTANT LT. COL. JOSEPH N. SANDS, TWO SEVEN SIX EIGHT FERGUSSON CIRCLE, FT. EUSTIS, ADVISED THAT RAYMOND REFORD SANDS IS HIS BROTHER. HE SAID HIS BROTHER HAS BEEN IN NEWPORT NEWS TWICE RECENTLY, AND ON BOTH OCCASIONS HAD CONTACTED HIM BY TELEPHONE AT FT. EUSTIS. HE SAID THEIR MOTHER, MRS. BESSIE E. YOUNGKIN, RESIDES WITH HIM AT FT. EUSTIS.

SANDS, IN PRESENCE OF MOTHER, SAID HIS BROTHER WAS RELEASED FROM [redacted] AT VA HOSPITAL, LITTLE ROCK, ARK., IN SEPT., ONE NINE SIX THREE, AND PRIOR TO THAT HAD BEEN IN [redacted] NORMAN, OKLA., AND ALSO RECEIVED [redacted] TREATMENT WHEN RETURNED FROM OVERSEAS AS MEMBER OF USMC AROUND ONE NINE FOUR FIVE.

COL. SANDS SAID HIS BROTHER CLAIMS HE HAS EXTRA SENSORY POWERS AND HAS DIRECT COMMUNICATION WITH HIGH POWERS AND HAS SAID HE HAS KNOWLEDGE SO GREAT THAT IF HE REVEALED IT, IT WOULD MEAN INSTANT DEATH FOR HIM.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

COL. SANDS SAID TO HIS KNOWLEDGE HIS BROTHER HAS NEVER COMMITTED ANY ACTS OF VIOLENCE AND DOES NOT CARRY FIREARMS OR KNIVES. HE SAID HE DOES NOT ALLOW HIS BROTHER IN HIS RESIDENCE AND HAS ABSOLUTELY NOTHING TO DO WITH HIM, AND ONLY HEARS FROM HIM OCCASIONALLY SINCE THEIR MOTHER RESIDES WITH HIM.

COL. SANDS SAID ON NOV. TWO FOUR LAST HE, HIS WIFE, AND MOTHER GAVE HIS BROTHER FIFTY DOLLARS IN CASH AT GREYHOUND BUS STATION, NEWPORT NEWS, SO BROTHER COULD POSSIBLY RETURN TO LITTLE ROCK.

COL. SANDS SAID THEIR HOME IS IN WICHITA FALLS, TEX., AND AT ONE TIME HIS BROTHER WORKED FOR WHITE AUTO STORES, AUSTIN, TEX. PRIOR TO LEAVING NEWPORT NEWS, BROTHER SAID HE WAS GOING TO CONTACT EARL WHITE, OWNER, WHITE AUTO STORES, WHO LIVES IN WICHITA FALLS, AND TRY TO GET JOB.

SANDS FURTHER SAID HIS BROTHER CLAIMS HE KNOWS PRESIDENT AND MRS. JOHNSON AND SAID HE CONTACTED MRS. JOHNSON BY TELEPHONE WHILE ON RECENT VISIT TO WASHINGTON, D. C. HE SAID BROTHER CLAIMED HE MET PRESIDENT AND MRS. JOHNSON WHEN HE LIVED IN AUSTIN.

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

COL. SANDS SAID LAST KNOWN ADDRESS FOR BROTHER KNOWN TO HIM AND MOTHER WAS IN OCT., ONE NINE SIX THREE, IN CARE OF MRS. LEAH BRIDGE, TWO EIGHT TWO TWO S. BROADWAY, LITTLE ROCK. PRIOR TO THAT THEY HAD ADDRESS IN CARE OF W. MILAN, ONE FIVE TWOO TWO W. THIRD ST., LITTLE ROCK.

COL. SANDS SAID ONE OF BROTHER-S DIVORCED WIVES, MOZELLE STEELE, RESIDES AT ONE ZERO FIVE ONE FAIR MEADOW CIRCLE, DUNCANVILLE, TEX.

COL. SANDS SAID BROTHER MAY BE IN TOUCH WITH THEIR AUNT, MRS. FOY FITZPATRICK, TWO FOUR TWO FOUR S. W. THREE ZERO ST., OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.

SANDS DESCRIBED HIS BROTHER AS WHITE, MALE, BORN FEB. TWO, ONE NINE TWO ZERO, WICHITA FALLS, TEX., SIX FT., ONE SIX ZERO DASH SEVEN ZERO LBS., BROWN HAIR, BLUE EYES, LIGHT COMPLEXION, MARRIED SEVERAL TIMES AND DIVORCED.

COL. SANDS SAID WILL IMMEDIATELY CONTACT FBI IF LEARNS OF BROTHER-S WHEREABOUTS.

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

LITTLE ROCK CONTACT MRS. LEAH BRIDGE, W. MILAN, LITTLE ROCK, AND HELEN T. WHITEHEAD, HAZEN, ARK., FOR INFO WHICH MAY ASSIST IN LOCATING SANDS FOR INTERVIEW. ALSO REVIEW VA HOSPITAL RECORDS FOR FURTHER BACKGROUND AND MEDICAL HISTORY.

DALLAS CONTACT MOZELLE STEELE FOR INFO WHICH MAY ASSIST IN LOCATING SANDS FOR INTERVIEW.

OKLAHOMA CITY INTERVIEW MRS. FOY FITZPATRICK FOR INFO WHICH MAY ASSIST IN LOCATING SANDS FOR INTERVIEW. ALSO REVIEW MENTAL INSTITUTION RECORDS, NORMAN, OKLA.

END

7-47 PM OK FBI WA LLD

6-45 PM CST OK FBI OC TGF

LR 6-45 PM OK FBI LR BDH

TU DISCOTRMIW TVVEEN

TEFRLIAO EOU

CC-MR. ROSEN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

REC-14 [illegible]

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: December 4, 1963

FROM : J. L. Handley

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

On referral from the Director's Office, a call was received by Night Supervisor J. L. Startzell at 8:41 p.m., this date, from Wayne Durnal, 306 W. Madison, Casey, Illinois. Durnal was calling from Terre Haute, Indiana, telephone number Crawford 9145, and alleged he had information re "Lee Oswald."

Durnal said he had been drinking a lot recently and about three weeks before the assassination of the President he was taking a Greyhound bus ride from St. Louis to New Orleans to sober up. He met "Lee" on this bus and "Lee" told him he was going to shoot the President. Lee was carrying a rifle and a pistol. Durnal did not report it because he did not want to get involved.

OBSERVATIONS:

Durnal admitted he has been drinking a lot recently. Background noises would indicate his current call was from a pay phone in a bar or grill. We know Oswald was continuously employed from 10-15-63, on in Dallas and could not therefore have been in touch with Durnal when alleged. Bureau indices negative regarding Durnal.

ACTION:

None. For information.

1 - Miss Holmes
1 - Mr. Sullivan

JLS:hw
)8(

[illegible]

[illegible] 268

25 DEC 10 1963

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

-UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 12/5/63

FROM : A. H. Belmont

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Handley

SUBJECT:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Internal Security - R
Assassination of the President

Inspector Peterson of Secret Service called the office of Mr. DeLoach with reference to the pressure the press is applying to Secret Service to talk to Mrs. Oswald. He was referred to me.

Inspector Peterson said that Herb Kaplow and representatives of the NY Times were down in Dallas trying to set up an interview with Mrs. Oswald, and the press was taking the position with Secret Service that if Mrs. Oswald was not being charged with anything why was she being held and kept from the press. Inspector Peterson said that he knew Secret Service had been in touch with Mr. Katzenbach, who suggested that the press be told it would impede the investigation if they interviewed Mrs. Oswald now.

I told Inspector Peterson this matter had been taken up with Mr. Rowley last night and it was pointed out that a press conference would expose Mrs. Oswald to possible danger, the same as when Oswald was exposed to the press media, supposedly on a restricted basis, and that it was undesirable to have her interviewed by the press at this time; that Mr. Rowley had thoroughly agreed and had instructions issued in Dallas to his men that she was not to be giving any press conferences.

Peterson said he understood this, but he wanted us to know that Secret Service was getting considerable pressure from the press. I told him I thought he could point out that this is a highly important matter, as they all know, and they should have patience and should give Secret Service their cooperation until the appropriate time. I told Inspector Peterson that, confidentially, we had instructed our agents not to interview Mrs. Oswald today, as it was clear she was tired out, had a sick child, and had been under considerable strain. I told him it would seem to me that if this matter was approached from the standpoint of patience and cooperation, he ought to be able to get along all right with the press, but I reiterated that it was undesirable for her to be contacting the press at this time. He said he would play it this way.

105-42535-269

AHB:CSH (7)

DEC 10 1963

FBI.

To J. Edgar Hoover
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir—

I have never kept the FBI or
Radio for their true information.
Today, Saturday, November 23 1963,
the interview with the Chief of
Police — (I Corrected and written)
He stated the FBI. interviewed the
man held for the shooting of the
President (one week previous)
Today was the Chief of Police of
Dallas. Not elected. With that
information, was this not important
enough — ? (Proving the who)

EXP. PROC.
25 NOV 1963

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

270

today.

This is a very sad situation.
Many people will discuss
this topic.

Why did you not ask this
man and place him out
of town for the time being -
a very serious viewer —

Thank you —

Theodore-F. Claudius

Mrs Florence W. Wagner
461 Hartley Street
Rochester 14611 NY

TRUE COPY

FBI
c/o J. Edger Hoover
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir----

I have never left the T.V or Radio for this sad information. Today, Saturday, November 23 1963, the interview with the chief of Police---(I listened and watched) He stated the FBI. interviewed this man held for the shooting of the President. (a week previous) Why was the Chief of Police of Dallas, not alerted ? With than information, was this not important enough--? (Knowing the man) Perhaps the President would be alive today.

This is a very sad situation. Many people will discuss this topic.

Why did you not seek this man and place him out of town for the time being---

Avery serious viewer-----
Thank you---

Mrs. Theodore W. Wagner
461 Hawley Street
Rochester 14611 N Y

Nov. 23--1963

h

ITC 12/3/63
CJJ:plw 1
ack 12/4/63
CJJ:plw 1
NIL

#5

8 8

File: 105-82555-278

December 5, 1963

Mrs. Theodore W. Wagner
461 Hawley Street
Rochester, New York 14611

Dear Mrs. Wagner:

Your letter of November 23rd has been received.

I would like to point out that, as a Federal investigative agency, it is our obligation to disseminate information coming to our attention which indicates potential danger to the President or his family. The Secret Service is charged with protecting the President and the FBI promptly advises that agency of any data within our possession pertinent to this responsibility. However, the data we had from investigations of Oswald and from interviewing him gave absolutely no clue indicating he was a potential assassin.

The record of the FBI speaks for itself. Because of our reputation for competent and thorough investigations, we are sometimes criticized for failing to prevent a crime even though the crime was not within our jurisdiction and we had no opportunity to take preventive action. We hope that all citizens take into consideration the complete facts to avoid unjustifiably charging the FBI with failing to discharge its responsibilities.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 5
DEC - 6 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tave

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:ped (3)

DEC 5 2.57 PM '63
FBI - HEADING ROOM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: December 6, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

At 9:30 a.m. today, Miss Jean Campbell, a correspondent for the "London Evening Standard" who maintains an office in Carnegie Hall in New York City (LT 1-3680), came in to see Wick. Miss Campbell is English and has covered for her paper all activities in Dallas for the past 8 days. She said she wanted to advise the FBI of the following:

Miss Campbell, during her stay in Dallas, interviewed a Mrs. Edith Whitworth who has a shop on East Irving Boulevard (possibly number 145) in Irving, Texas. Mrs. Hunter resides at 141 South Hastings, Irving, Texas, and her telephone number is BL 3-2938. These two ladies are friends.

Mrs. Whitworth has a sign "Gun Shop" over her door. Mrs. Whitworth told Miss Campbell that Oswald came to her place between 2:30 and 3:00 p.m. on Thursday, November 6 or 7, 1963, followed by Marina, his Russian wife who was holding a baby and his little girl. Marina wore an orchid color coat.

According to Mrs. Whitworth, Oswald asked, "Is this a gun shop?" Mrs. Whitworth said no, it used to be. Oswald then said, "I want a plunger for my gun." Mrs. Whitworth said, "Why don't you go to the Irving Sports Shop (back toward Dallas about two blocks)." Oswald said he would do so. Mrs. Whitworth said she used to run a gun shop but now sells only second-hand furniture. Oswald said he would look at some furniture because he intended to move soon. He was interested, he said, in a bedroom suit. He did look at the furniture but bought none. Mrs. Oswald took no part in this. Mrs. Whitworth commented on the two little girls, his daughters. Oswald said, "I wish I'd had a boy." Upon leaving the shop, Oswald and his wife got into a 1956, two-tone Ford, blue and white. Mrs. Whitworth said she thought Oswald drove. He turned around in the middle of the street. Mrs. Hunter ran out the door and said to him, "Don't do this. It's a one way street." Both Mrs. Hunter and Mrs. Whitworth said the people were a curious couple principally because Mrs. Oswald took no part in looking at the furniture, etc, and Oswald himself seemed strange. The couple was in the shop about ten minutes.

~~1 - Mr. Tolson~~
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Jones
1 - Mr. Morrell

CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

REW:sal

271

DeLoach to Mohr 12-6-63
Re: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Miss Campbell said later, in talking with Mrs. Paine where the Oswald couple stayed and where presumably Oswald lived only week ends, the matter became still more confusing. Miss Campbell said it was confusing because Mrs. Paine "vowed up and down" that Mrs. Oswald never went anyplace either in a car or walking. Miss Campbell asked Mrs. Paine if Mrs. Oswald had been out of the house with the children the first part of November or the 6th or 7th. Mrs. Paine said absolutely not. Miss Campbell asked if Mr. Oswald had a car and she said, "Of course he doesn't. He doesn't know how to drive," and he never came to get her during the day at any time. Miss Campbell said Mrs. Paine was flustered when she said this because Miss Campbell pressed the point hard and Mrs. Paine would not talk with her any more.

Miss Campbell said she then talked to Frazier who has a black Chevrolet. He was the man, she said, who took Mr. Oswald to Dallas the morning of November 22, 1963, with the package containing the rifle. She said Frazier told her that Oswald came home only on week ends. Miss Campbell said this does not jibe with what Mrs. Whitworth and Mrs. Hunter said because November 6 and 7 was on a Wednesday and Thursday. Miss Campbell said maybe Oswald borrowed the car and drove back to Irving and then picked up his wife.

Miss Campbell was thanked for this information. She said she understood that Mrs. Whitworth and Mrs. Hunter did not want to get involved with anybody and, therefore, had not told their story to law enforcement officials.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memorandum be referred to the General Investigative Division for whatever action is deemed appropriate.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-1-63 3-09PM EST JDW

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, ATLANTA /105-3193/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R

HAL SUIT, ASSISTANT NEWS DIRECTOR, WSB, ATLANTA, GA., ADVISED HE RECEIVED INFORMATION TO THE EFFECT THAT OSWALD VISITED ATLANTA AUG. OR SEPT. SIXTHTHREE FOLLOWING ANNOUNCEMENT PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS TO VISIT ATLANTA FOR SPEECH AT GA. TECH. SUIT ADVISED THAT OSWALD ALLEGEDLY STAYED AT HOLIDAY INN, ATLANTA, WAS REPORTED TO HAVE LEFT A GUN IN HIS ROOM AND LATER RETURNED TO OBTAIN GUN. SUIT DECLINED TO REVEAL SOURCE.

105-82555-272

TRUMAN SLINGLUFF, DESK CLERK, MANAGER, DOWNTOWN HOLIDAY INN, ATLANTA, ADVISED IN APRIL OR MAY SIXTYTHREE INDIVIDUAL POSSIBLY RESEMBLING OSWALD REGISTERED AT NORTHWEST HOLIDAY INN, ATLANTA, DRIVING CAR, MAKE AND LICENSE NUMBER UNKNOWN. SLINGLUFF BELIEVES INDIVIDUAL USED THE NAME OSWALD IN REGISTERING. INDIVIDUAL STAYED ONE NIGHT, CHECKED OUT OF MOTEL AND LATER THAT DAY MOTEL RECEIVED TELEPHONE CALL FROM THIS INDIVIDUAL IN BIRMINGHAM STATING HE HAD LEFT A GUN

DEC 9 1963

END PAGE ONE

68 DEC 11 1963

UNDER THE MOTEL BED AND ASKED THAT MOTEL MANAGER RETAIN THE GUN FOR A FEW DAYS. SEVERAL DAYS LATER THIS INDIVIDUAL APPEARED, FURNISHED IDENTIFICATION, INCLUDING TEXAS DRIVERS LICENSE AND OBTAINED THIS WEAPON.

SLINGLUFF DESCRIBED GUN AS THIRTYEIGHT CALIBER S AND W, FOUR INCH BARREL WITH PEARL HANDLE.

MISS ELAINE GLOSSON, FORMER CASHIER, NORTHWEST HOLIDAY INN, FURNISHED SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME INFORMATION, STATING SHE THOUGHT INDIVIDUAL RESEMBLED OSWALD AND DISTINCTLY RECALLS HE USED NAME OSWALD IN REGISTRATION.

MR. WILLARD BURGER, INNKEEPER, NORTHWEST HOLIDAY INN, ADVISED HE RECALLED INCIDENT, DID NOT RECALL THE NAME THIS INDIVIDUAL USED, BUT REMEMBERED TALKING WITH INDIVIDUAL IN QUESTION AND RELEASING GUN TO THIS PERSON. BURGER STATES HE DOES NOT BELIEVE THIS PERSON IDENTICAL WITH OSWALD.

MR. EDDIE R. WHITE, ASSISTANT MANAGER, NORTHWEST HOLIDAY INN, ADVISED HE CAUSED SEARCH TO BE MADE OF MOTEL RECORDS

END PAGE TWO

BUT WAS UNABLE TO LOCATE REGISTRATION OF OSWALD. A SECOND SEARCH WAS MADE OF MOTEL RECORDS BOTH REGISTRATION AND FOLIO RECORDS BY BUAGENT ACCOMPANIED BY MR. WHITE FROM MARCH THROUGH OCTOBER SIXTYTHREE, BUT NO RECORD OF REGISTRATION FOR OSWALD UNDER TRUE NAME OR KNOWN ALIASES COULD BE LOCATED.

IT APPEARS THAT SLINGLUFF AND GLOSSON MAY BE MISTAKING INDIVIDUAL WHO REGISTERED AT HOLIDAY INN FOR OSWALD IN VIEW OF FACT THAT NO RECORD OF SUCH REGISTRATION COULD BE LOCATED AND MR. WILLARD BURGER COULD NOT IDENTIFY OSWALD AS INDIVIDUAL WHO RECEIVED GUN FROM MOTEL.

DALLAS REQUESTED TO ADVISE IF INFORMATION AVAILABLE REGARDING WHEREABOUTS OF OSWALD DURING MONTHS OF APRIL AND MAY, SIXTYTHREE.

END AND ACK PLS

WA : 3-18 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL : 2-18 PM OK FBI DL WD

TU CLRM

CC-MR ROSEN

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 1 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-1-63 6-21PM EST JDW

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC, ATLANTA /105-3193/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

RE BUTEL TO ALL SAC-S, DECEMBER ONE SIXTYTHREE.

ATLANTA PREPARED AND MAILED REPORT PRIOR TO RECEIPT OF BUTEL. ATLANTA SUBMITTED SEVEN COPIES OF REPORT TO BUREAU AND INCLUDED IN REPORT, FD THREE ZERO TWOS AND INSERTS PREVIOUSLY FORWARDED TO DALLAS.

ATLANTA WILL IMMEDIATELY SUBMIT THREE ADDITIONAL COPIES OF REPORT TO BUREAU.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 6-24 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 5-23 PM OK FBI DL LJH

TU CLR M T

CC-MR ROSEN

REC-108

105-82555-273

DEC 5 1963

DEC 1 1963

FBI

68 DEC 11 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 2 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 4-17 PM TED

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS WFO AND CINCINNATI

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, AFO.

ON NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE, SIXTYTHREE, MRS. EMMETT DIAMOND, GRAND PRAIRIE, TEXAS, ADVISED THAT SHE WAS ACQUAINTED WITH RELATIVES OF RUTH PAINE. SHE STATED THAT RUTH PAINE HAS A BROTHER, DR. CARL HYDE, YELLOW SPRINGS, OHIO/ FATHER, BILL HYDE, FIVE EIGHTY WEST PARK STREET, COLUMBUS, OHIO/ MOTHER, CAROL HYDE, SEPARATED FROM BILL HYDE, FOUR FOUR ZERO ZERO GLENMORE, COLUMBUS/ SISTER, SYLVIA HOKE, FIVE FOUR TWO ONE WANETOR ROAD, GLEN ECHO HEIGHTS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

FOR INFO OF OFFICES RECEIVING , LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S WIFE, MARINA, WAS RESIDING WITH RUTH PAINE AT TIME OF ASSASSINATION. ALL OFFICES RECEIVING WILL INTERVIEW RELATIVES OF RUTH PAINE FOR ANY INFO RE LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 5-20 PM OK FBI WA LA

7 2 DEC 11 1963 5 27 5-20 PM OK FBI CI DER

TU CLEAR TWO COPIES WFO

cc - Mr. Sullivan

105-82555-274

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060

25 DEC 9 1963

DEC 10 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

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Mr. Belmont
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Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 12-20 AM

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/ DEC

LEE HARVEY OSWALD , AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. AFO.

RE TELEPHONE CALL OF INSPECTOR DON MOORE TO ASAC KYLE G. CLARK, DALLAS, DECEMBER TWO , LAST.

THE ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ASKED IN REFERENCED CALL ARE AS FOLLOWS, BEING DESIGNATED BY QUESTION NUMBER.

NUMBER FOURTEEN. INQUIRY AT BARRELL AND HAMILTON PAREN RATHER THAN HARRINGTON UNPAREN ACHITECTS, REPUBLIC NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, FAILED TO REFLECT ANY RECORD OF APPLICATION FOR EMPLOYMENT FOR OSWALD. NUMBER FIFTEEN. INQUIRY THREE FIVE ONE NINE FAIRMONT AVENUE, DALLAS, FAILED TO ESTABLISH OSWALD EVER RESIDED AT THAT ADDRESS. ADDRESS BOOK FOUND BY PD AT RESIDENCE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD CONTAINS QUOTE GARY AND ALEX TAYLOR, THREE FIVE ONE NINE FAIRMONT, APARTMENT TWELVE LA ONE ZERO SIX NINE TWO UNQUOTE. ON INTERVIEW TAYLOR ADMITTED KNOWING OSWALD. NUMBER SIXTEEN, DALLAS POLICE

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-275

8 DEC 9

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XEROX

DL 89-43

CONTINUING THEIR EFFORTS TO LOCATE RECORD OF INTERVIEW WITH JOSEPH RODRIGUEZ MOLINA. NUMBER EIGHTEEN. MR. JACK ARNOLD, SIX NINE ONE FIVE ROPER STREET, DALLAS, ADVISED HE SOLD TWO ACRES OF LAND TO MICHAEL R. PAINE, IRVING, FOR THE SUM OF THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS, BEING PAID WITH A CASHIERS CHECK, THIS TRANSACTION BEING IN AUGUST, SIXTYTHREE.

RECORDS, BELL HELICOPTER COMPANY, FORT WORTH, REFLECT MICHAEL RALPH PAINE EMPLOYED AS DESIGN ENGINEER SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN, FIFTYNINE TO PRESENT. COMPANY RECORDS DO NOT REFLECT RELATIVES OF PAINE OTHER THAN HIS WIFE, BUT DO CONTAIN A COPY OF HONORABLE DISCHARGE FROM U.S. ARMY AND BIRTH CERTIFICATE. DISCHARGE REFLECTS PAINE, SERIAL NUMBER U.S. FIVE ONE ONE SIX NINE SEVEN FOUR ZERO, BIRTHDATE JUNE TWENTYFIVE, TWENTYEIGHT, NEW YORK CITY, PAREN SAME AS BIRTHDATE FOR SON OF GEORGE LYMAN AND FREDDY PAINE AS SET OUT IN QUESTION UNPAREN. ST. LOUIS AND NEW YORK HAVE BEEN REQUESTED TO REVIEW MILITARY AND BIRTH RECORDS

END PAGE TWO

DL89-43

FOR IDENTITIES OF PARENTS AND OTHER BACKGROUND INFORMATION.

CINCINNATI TEL TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, DALLAS, AND CLEVELAND, OF THREE TWENTYFOUR A.M., DECEMBER THREE, INSTANT, REFLECTS RUTH PAINES RELATIVES AS WILLIAM AVERY HYDE, APARTMENT ONE ZERO FIVE, FIVE EIGHT ZERO PARK STREET, COLUMBUS, OHIO, FATHER, CAROL HYDE, GRADUATE STUDENT, SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY, OBERLIN COLLEGE, OHIO, MOTHER AND CARL D. HYDE, M.D., ONE FOUR ZERO FIVE PRESIDENT STREET, YELLOW SPRINGS, OHIO, A BROTHER.

NUMBER NINETEEN. MARINA OSWALD NOT QUESTIONED CONCERNING THIS MATTER AS INTERVIEW WAS TERMINATED PRIOR TO QUESTIONING ON THIS POINT. SHE WILL BE INTERVIEWED REGARDING THIS POINT TOMORROW. NUMBER TWENTY. MARINA OSWALD STATED SHE HAD WRITTEN THE SOVIET EMBASSY IN THE UNITED STATES A LETTER IN ABOUT FEBRUARY, SIXTYTHREE REQUESTING ASSISTANCE IN RETURNING TO THE SOVIET UNION AND HAD LATER WRITTEN A LETTER TO THE EMBASSY ADVISING THAT SHE AND HER HUSBAND

DL89-43

DESIRED TO RETURN TO THE U.S.S.R. SHE ADVISED SHE HAS NOT HEARD FROM HER REQUEST AND STILL AWAITS HER ANSWER AS SHE HAS NOT MADE UP HER MIND CONCERNING HER FUTURE PLANS. NUMBER TWENTYONE. ON INTERVIEW, DECEMBER THREE, INSTANT, TEXAS MR. JOHNNY TACKETT ADVISED HE IS EMPLOYED BY FORT WORTH PRESS NEWSPAPER AND DID IN ABOUT JUNE, SIXTYTWO, TRY TO CONTACT LEE HARVEY OSWALD HOPING TO DEVELOP A STORY FOR HIS PAPER, BUT WAS NEVER SUCCESSFUL IN MAKING CONTACT WITH SUBJECT, OSWALD. NUMBER TWENTYTWO. RECORDS OF ARLINGTON HEIGHTS HIGH SCHOOL, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, REFLECT LEE HARVEY OSWALD ENTERED THAT SCHOOL SEPTEMBER FIVE, FIFTYSIX AND WITHDREW SEPTEMBER TWENTYEIGHT, FIFTYSIX, GIVING THE REASON FOR WITHDRAWAL AS ENLISTING IN THE U.S. MARINE CORPS. SCHOOL RECORDS REFLECT OSWALDS BIRTHDATA AS OCTOBER EIGHTENN, THIRTYNINE, AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, MOTHER MARGUERITE C. OSWALD AND RESIDENCE AS FOUR NINE THREE SIX COLLINSWOOD, FORT WORTH, TEXAS. THE RECORDS CONTAIN NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING OSWALD. NUMBER TWENTYTHREE. ON DECEMBER THREE,

END PAGE four

DL 89-43

INSTANT, MR. MICHAEL R. PAINE ADVISED SA BARDWELL D. ODUM THAT HIS STATEMENT DURING PREVIOUS INTERVIEW THAT LEE OSWALD HAD ATTENDED A RIGHT WING RALLY HELD AT THE CIVIC AUDITORIUM THE NIGHT BEFORE ADLAI STEVENSON VISITED DALLAS WAS BASED ON A STATEMENT MADE IN PUBLIC BY OSWALD DURING THE MEETING OF THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION HELD TWO NIGHTS LATER AND ATTENDED BY PAINE. NUMBER TWENTYFOUR. EFFORTS CONTINUING TO DETERMINE IF OSWALD WAS A MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION. Dallas, Texas NUMBER TWENTYFIVE. ALEXANDER KLEINLERER, THREE FIVE FOUR TWO KENT, ADVISED HE MET LEE HARVEY OSWALD THROUGH ELENA HALL, TRAIL LAKE DRIVE, FORT WORTH, APPROXIMATELY FOURTEEN MONTHS AGO. HE STATED THAT AT THAT TIME , HALL WAS DIVORCED FROM HER HUSBAND AND KLEINLERER WAS DATING HER. AT THE TIME KLEINLERER MET OSWALD AND HIS WIFE, MARINA, WHICH WAS APPROXIMATELY SEPTEMBER, DIXTYTWO, ONE GEORGE BOUCHE HAD BROUGHT THE OSWALDS TO MISS HALL TO SEE IF MISS HALL COULD HELP OR FIND AID FOR MRS. OSWALD IN CONNECTION WITH Texas

END PAGE FIVE

DL 89-43

NEEDED DENTAL WORK. HE STATED MISS HALL INVITED MRS. OSWALD AND HER BABY TO LIVE WITH HER IN HER RESIDENCE AND MRS. OSWALD DID IN FACT STAY THERE FOR A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME DURING WHICH PERIOD KLEINLERER BELIEVED OSWALD WAS WORKING IN DALLAS. KLEINLERER STATED THAT WHEN MRS. OSWALD DECIDED TO MOVE, MISS HALL WAS OUT OF TOWN AND PAREN KLEINLERER UNPAREN WENT TO HALLS RESIDENCE TO LOCK UP AND WHEN SUBJECT OSWALD MOVED HIS WIFE HE SLAPPED HER IN THE FACE, CAUSING HER TO GO INTO ANOTHER ROOM CRYING. HE STATED HE GOT THE IMPRESSION THAT OSWALD MISTREATED HIS WIFE TERRIBLY AND THAT MRS. OSWALD WAS A POOR HOUSEKEEPER AS HE FOUND HER SLEEPING UNTIL NOON ON MANY OCCASIONS. KLEINLERER MET OSWALD ON ABOUT TWO OCCASIONS, BUT NEVER ENGAGED IN ANY CONVERSATION OF A PILITICAL NATURE, BUT MERELY PASSED GREETINGS OF THE DAY AS HE WANTED TO STAY AWAY FROM OSWALD AND HAVE NOTHING TO DO WITH HIM. P

END AND ACK PLS

1-38 AM OK FBI WA JGE

TU AND DISC

O

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

URGENT 12-4-63 6-380. EMM

TO DIRECTOR, FBI SACS, DALLAS AND PHOENIX

FROM SAC, CHICAGO /62-6115/ / P / /1P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R. OO.. DALLAS.

RE WFO TEL DECEMBER THREE SIXTY THREE.

PHOENIX DIVISION CONTACT OWEN DEJANOVICH, COTTAGE CITY, ARIZONA STATE COLLEGE, FLAGSTAFF, RE HIS KNOWLEDGE OF OSWALD. ACCORDING TO FORMER USMC OFFICER JOHN E. DONOVAN, NOW RESIDING WASHINGTON, D. C. , OSWALD WAS IN SAME USMC CREW AS DEJANOVICH AND LIVED IN SAME BARRACKS AREA AT MACS NINE SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA, DURING NINETEEN FIFTY NINE. SPECIFICALLY IN ADDITION TO GENERAL INFORMATION DETERMINE NAME AND ADDRESS OF QUOTE BEEZER UNQUOTE, WHO WAS IN SAME USMC UNIT AND SET OUT LEAD TO INTERVIEW, ALSO DETERMINE NAME AND ADDRESS OF BEEZER-S SISTER ROSE AND SET OUT LEAD TO INTERVIEW SINCE DONOVAN STATED SHE WAS AIRLINE STEWARDESS WHO DATED OSWALD. FOR INFORMATION RETEL SETS OUT LEADS TO INTERVIEW FOLLOWING FORMER USMC ASSOCIATES OF OSWALD.. ROBERT BLOCK, CAMELIUS PH BROWN, EUGENE HOLMBERG PH, WILLIAM TRAIL.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 7-42 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 6-41 PM OK FBI DL DEC

PX 6-41 PM OK FBI PX JNC

TU DOSCM

CC-MR. ROSEN

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

105-82555-276

DEC 9 1963

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Re San Antonio tel to Bureau 12/5/63.

RE: OSWALD -TRAVEL

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memo. Enclosed for Dallas are two copies of a letterhead memo. No dissemination is being made locally to Secret Service.

ENCLOSURE

(3) - Bureau (Encl. 8)
2 - Dallas (Encl. 2)
2 - San Antonio
TEN / njs
(7)

105-82555-277

25 DEC 9 1963

E. E. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Antonio, Texas

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

December 5, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

JOHN H. MC LEAN, Station Manager, Trans-Tex Airways, was interviewed December 5, 1963, by a Special Agent of the FBI and advised that the Reservation Manifest, San Antonio, did not reflect the names of passengers purchasing tickets nor did it reflect the departure time of planes. The original copy of a traveler's ticket, which is called an Auditor's Coupon, is forwarded to Trans-Tex General Accounting Office, Houston.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1 COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 02 1973

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K GA

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 9-38 AM CST PQH

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS AND LITTLE ROCK

FROM SAC OKLAHOMA CITY /105-782/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS- R. OO DALLAS.

RE NORFOLK AND LITTLE ROCK TELS DECEMBER FOUR LAST.

AS OKLAHOMA CITY LEADS IN REFERENCED NORFOLK TEL WERE FOR PURPOSE OF ASSISTING LITTLE ROCK CONDUCT INTERVIEW AND RE LITTLE ROCK TEL REFLECTS INTERVIEW NOT BEING CONDUCTED, OKLAHOMA CITY LEADS NOT BEING COVERED, UACB.

AM COPY NORFOLK.

END AND ACK PLS

219

255 WA

1042 AM OK FBI WA LA

DL 9-42 AM OK FBI DL EEA

LR 9-39 AM CST OK FBI LR JHJ

DEC 11 19

CC-MR. ROSEN

DEC 10 1963

WO

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
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DEC 2 11 34 AM '63

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HS-82555-278

25 DEC 9 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 ~~10-00~~ ~~EST~~ 10-03 PM CST FLL

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC DALLAS /89-43/ 6P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA IS - R - CUBA

OO A DALLAS.

RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALLS RE IDENTIFYING OF SHIRT AND BUREAU TEL TO DALLAS DEC. FIVE, INSTANT, IN THE IS DASH R CASE RE RUSSIAN NOTE WRITTEN BY SUBJECT.

RE SHIRT/

RUST BROWN COLORED SHIRT IDENTIFIED BY ARRESTING OFFICERS AS SHIRT WORN BY SUBJECT AT TIME OF ARREST NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST, AND BY FORMER LANDLADY, MARY BLEDSOE, AS SHIRT SUBJECT WAS WEARING WHEN HE BOARDED BUS IMMEDIATELY AFTER ASSASSINATION, WAS EXHIBITED TO FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS EMPLOYED AT TSBD WITH FOLLOWING RESULTS/

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-279

DEC 9 1963

ROY S. TRULY STATES SHIRT LOOKS FAMILIAR.

CHARLES DOUGLAS GIVENS REMEMBERS SUBJECT WEARING BROWN LONG SLEEVED SHIRT AND STATES THIS SHIRT LOOKS FAMILIAR.

BONNIE RAY WILLIAMS COULD NOT IDENTIFY SHIRT.

JAMES JARMAN STATES SHIRT IS VAGUELY FAMILIAR BUT COULD NOT RECALL IF THIS WAS SHIRT WORN BY OSWALD ON NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST.

MRS. R. A. REID STATES SHE THOUGHT SUBJECT HAD ON A WHITE T SHIRT WHEN SHE SAW HIM NEAR COKE MACHINE ON SECOND FLOOR IMMEDIATELY AFTER ASSASSINATION.

BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, WITH WHOM SUBJECT RODE TO WORK ON NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST, STATES HE HAS NO RECOLLECTION OF WHAT SUBJECT WAS WEARING.

LINNIE MAE RANDLE, SISTER OF FRAZIER, SAW SUBJECT ON MORNING OF NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST, BEFORE HE LEFT FOR WORK WITH FRAZIER, AND STATES CANNOT IDENTIFY SHIRT.

PAGE THREE

RE APPLICATION FOR P. O. BOX SIX TWO TWO FIVE, DALLAS, TEXAS, DATED NOV. ONE, LAST/ 6225

OSWALD RENTED P. O. BOX SIX TWO TWO FIVE, DALLAS, ON NOV. ONE, LAST, FOR PERIOD NOV. ONE, LAST, THROUGH DEC. THIRTYONE, NEXT, AND PAID THREE DOLLARS CASH ON NOV. ONE, LAST, FOR SUCH RENTAL. WINDOW CLERK POSITIVELY IDENTIFIES OSWALD AS RENTING THIS BOX. ONLY THING NOW IN BOX IS DEC. SIX, NEXT, ISSUE OF TIME MAGAZINE DIRECTED TO LEE H. OSWALD, P. O. BOX SIX TWO TWO FIVE, DALLAS, TEXAS, WHICH MAGAZINE BEARS STANP THAT SUBSCRIPTION EXPIRES DEC., SIXTYTHREE. THIS P. O. BOX WAS CHECKED AFTERNOON NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST, AND A TWENTYFOUR HOUR SURVEILLANCE PLACED ON THIS BOX AT THAT TIME UNTIL MIDNIGHT NOV. TWENTYFOUR, LAST, BY POSTAL INSPECTORS, AND CLOSE WATCH MAINTAINED ON IT BY THEM SINCE THAT TIME.

RE RUSSIAN NOTE WRITTEN BY SUBJECT/

END PAGE THREE

WITH RESPECT TO RUSSIAN NOTE WRITTEN BY SUBJECT AND FOUND IN COOK BOOK BY HIS WIFE, THE FOLLOWING INFO IS SET FORTH TO FURTHER VERIFY THAT THIS NOTE WAS WRITTEN SHORTLY PRIOR TO THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF GENERAL EDWIN A. WALKER/

LANDLORD AT TWO ONE FOUR NEELEY STREET STATES SUBJECT, AS L. H. OSWALD, PAID RENT IN THE AMOUNT OF SIXTY DOLLARS IN CASH ON APRIL ONE, LAST, AND WAS ISSUED RECEIPT NUMBER NINE TWO THREE FOUR, WHICH RENT COVERED THE PERIOD APRIL ONE, LAST, TO MAY TWO, LAST. IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT RUSSIAN NOTE MENTIONED THAT SUBJECT WAS LEAVING AS MUCH MONEY AS HE COULD PAREN SIXTY DOLLARS ON THE SECOND OF THE MONTH PAREN.

ACCORDING TO LANDLORD, OSWALD WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR HIS OWN UTILITY BILLS.

WATER BILL WAS UNDER NAME L. H. OSWALD, AND FOR WATER SERVICE HE MADE DEPOSIT OF FIVE DOLLARS ON MARCH FOUR, LAST. HIS FIRST BILL WAS MAILED ON MARCH TWENTYEIGHT, LAST, FOR

END PAGE FOUR

SERVICE FROM MARCH FOUR THROUGH TWENTY, LAST, WITH A DISCOUNT DATE OF APRIL NINE, LAST, IN A GROSS AMOUNT OF THREE DOLLARS AND TWENTYSEVEN CENTS, NET AMOUNT TWO DOLLARS AND NINETYSEVEN CENTS. THIS BILL WAS PAID ON APRIL THREE OR FOUR, LAST, INASMUCH AS IT WENT THROUGH THE BOOKS ON APRIL FOUR, LAST, AND OFFICIAL OF WATER COMPANY STATES THIS INDICATES RECEIPT OF PAYMENT ON LATE AFTERNOON OF PREVIOUS DAY OR ON THAT DAY, AND NO WAY OF TELLING WHETHER PAID ON PERSON OR RECEIVED IN MAIL. OSWALD WAS SENT BILL OF OUR DOLLARS FOR APRIL SERVICE AND A FINAL BILL OF TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTYONE CENTS, NEITHER OF WHICH BILLS WERE PAID BY HIM. OSWALD GAVE NO DISCONNECT NOTICE FOR WATER SERVICE, AND HIS DEPOSIT APPLIED AGAINST UNPAID BILLS.

THE DALLAS POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY RECORDS REFLECT OSWALD PAID NOTHING FOR HIS ELECTRICITY, USING THE SERVICE WHICH WAS CONNECTED FOR THE PREVIOUS OCCUPANT AT TWO ONE FOUR WEST NEELEY STREET WITHOUT NOTIFYING LIGHT COMPANY. THIS LIGHT SERVICE WAS DISCONNECTED MAY TWO, LAST, BY THE LIGHT COMPANY

END PAGE FIVE

FOR THE REASON THAT THEY WERE UNABLE TO CONTACT THE OCCUPANT.

LONE STAR GAS COMPANY TURNED ON GAS SERVICE AT TWO ONE FOUR WEST NEELEY STREET ON MARCH FOUR, LAST, IN THE NAME LEE H. OSWALD. NOT KNOWN IF REQUEST FOR THIS SERVICE WAS IN PERSON OR BY TELEPHONE. ON MARCH EIGHT, LAST, A TEN DOLLAR DEPOSIT WAS RECEIVED IN THE MAIL FOR THIS SERVICE. THEREAFTER, NO PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED, AND NO CONTACT HAD WITH OSWALD BY GAS COMAPNY. NO NOTICE OF DISCONNECT WAS RECEIVED, BUT SERVICE DISCONNECTED AS OF OCT. ELEVEN, LAST, WHEN BILL REACHED THIRTEEN DOLLARS AND EIGHTYTHREE CENTS.

PAY RECORDS OF JAGGARS DASH CHILES DASH STOVALL, FIVE TWO TWO BROWDER STREET, DALLAS, REFLECT OSWALD/S LAST DAY OF WORK FOR THAT COMPANY WAS APRIL SIX, LAST, AND THAT HE WORKED ON THAT DATE UNTIL FIVE THIRTY PM.

INVESTIGATION ALREADY REPORTED INDICATES LAST CHECK DUE OSWALD FROM THIS FIRM WAS IN AMOUNT THIRTYFOUR DOLLARS AND FORTYEIGHT CENTS, DATED APRIL TEN, LAST.

END AND ACK

11-41 PM OK FBI WA JR

TU DISC

FD-36 (Rev. 12-15-59)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

SUBJ: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R

OO: DALLAS

Re San Antonio airtel 12/3/63.

On Page 6 of referenced communication the name of GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR, 217 W. Johnson Street, San Antonio, Texas, is listed as a person who entered Mexico at Nuevo Laredo, Tamps., Mexico, on 9/26/63.

A check of 217 W. Johnson Street, reflects that this house has been occupied by Mr. and Mrs. TONY MARTINO and their son TONY MARTINO, JR. for approximately 24 years. Interviews reflect that TONY MARTINO, JR. sold GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR a 1959 Chevrolet Impala, two door hardtop sedan, red and white in color sometime during the latter part of September, 1963. The sale was for cash. The car was registered to HEVIA VILLAR with the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles, giving the address of 217 W. Johnson Street, San Antonio in order to expedite the handling of the transfer of title. After the sale, which was for cash, GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR advised MARTINO, JR. that he was going to Mexico City to visit friends and asked that when the new title on the car was received from the Texas Department of Public Safety, that

(5) - Bureau
(2 - Legat, Mexico)
2 - Dallas
3 - San Antonio
JJC / njs
(10)

C. C. Wick

105-82555-280

Copy to 2cc LEGAT, Mexico
by routing slip for
☐ info ☑ action
date 12-9-63
by JCS/BSH
HANDLE

DEC 9 1963

DEC 11 1963

they be forwarded to him at the following address:

GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR
Av. Alvaro Obregon 179-13
Mexico 7, D.F.

MARTINO, JR. advised that approximately two weeks ago he received a letter from HEVIA VILLAR from the above mentioned address in Mexico City stating that he had not received the papers on the car MARTINO, JR. wrote him and told him that they had been forwarded. MARTINO, JR. did not keep a copy of the letter. MARTINO, JR. was of the opinion that HEVIA VILLAR planned to remain in Mexico City for four or five months. MARTINO, JR. advised that he does not know if HEVIA VILLAR is a U. S. or Mexican citizen but that he speaks English with an accent.

LEAD

MEXICO CITY

AT MEXICO CITY, MEXICO

Endeavor to locate and interview GUILLERMO HEVIA VILLAR, Av. Alvaro Obregon 179-13, Mexico 7, D.F. in accordance with the lead set out in referenced San Antonio airtel.

Two copies of this airtel are being sent to the Bureau so that they can be forwarded to the Mexico City Office in order that lead set out can be covered.

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 6

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

COPY
2

12/6/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC PHOENIX

FROM DIRECTOR FBI 105-82555 281

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R

REPTEL DECEMBER FIVE, LAST. INTERVIEW WIFE OF ACOSTA AND CONDUCT BACKGROUND CHECKS TO DEVELOP INFORMATION CONCERNING RELIABILITY AND MENTAL STABILITY OF COMPLAINANT. IF NECESSARY, REINTERVIEW ACOSTA FOR SPECIFICS CONCERNING INCIDENT IN QUESTION INCLUDING DATA AS TO TIME, PLACE, CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH BOY APPROACHED HIM AND PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION. IMPRESS UPON ACOSTA SERIOUSNESS OF MAKING FALSE REPORT. SUTEL RESULTS BUREAU AND DALLAS WITH YOUR RECOMMENDATION AS TO ACTION TO BE TAKEN.

COPY FOR DALLAS BY MAIL.

DALLAS BY MAIL

JCS:CES:AKB

(4)

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

NOTE: Acosta, aged 60, on 12/5 advised Dallas that on 11/4 when in Mexico, a 10-12 year old boy told him the President was going to be shot by Lee Oswald who had been released from jail in Russia if he would kill the President. This is patent false report

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FBI

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 8-36 PM MST JMC

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC, PHOENIX 105-1529

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R. - OO DALLAS

JUAN E. ACOSTA, SIXTY YEARS, FOUR THREE NINE SOUTH BELLVIEW, MESA ARIZONA, ON THIS DATE ADVISED SA HENRY F. GRADY THAT HE LEFT MESA, ARIZ. NOV. ELEVEN LAST ENROUTE TO AGUASCALIENTES, AGDA, MEXICO VIA PERSONAL CAR TO VISIT RELATIVES. ON NOV. FOURTEEN ABOUT FIVE PM MET UNKNOWN BOY TEN TO TWELVE YRS. ON STREET AND BOY ASKED HIM IF HE WAS FROM DALLAS TEXAS. ACOSTA STATED NO AND TOLD BOY THAT CAR LICENSE REFLECTED HE WAS FROM ARIZONA. YOUNG BOY REPORTEDLY TOLD ACOSTA THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS GOING TO BE SHOT BY LEE OSWALD WHO HAD BEEN JAIL IN RUSSIA AND RELEASED TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES IF HE WOULD KILL THE PRESIDENT. ACOSTA STATED HE ASKED THE BOY WHO TOLD HIM ABOUT THIS AND THE BOY STATED HE HAD JUST HEARD THIS. ACOSTA ASKED THE SECOND TIME THE NAME OF THE PERSON WHO TOLD HIM SUCH INFORMATION AND THE SECOND TIME THE BOY TOLD HIM HE DIDNOT KNOW BUT HAD JUST HEARD THIS. ACOSTA HAD A RECEIPT IN HIS POCKET REFLECTING HE SPENT NIGHT IN PARIS HOTEL NOV. FOURTEEN LAST IN AGUASCALIENTES, MEXICO AND STATED THAT ON NOV. FIFTEEN LAST HE OBTAINED LOCAL NEWS PAPER AND NO MENTION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAVING BEEN KILLED. STATED

END PAGE ONE

105-12553-281

DEC 9

HE DISREGARDED INFORMATION THEN, SINCE IT CAME FROM A YOUNG BOY. ACOSTA RETURNED TO MESA, ARIZ., NOV. TWENTY LAST AND ASK WIFE IF ANYTHING HAD HAPPENED AND SHE TOLD HIM NOTHING. STATED THAT HE DID NOT TELL WIFE SACORRO ABOUT INFO RECEIVED FROM BOY IN MEXICO. ACOSTA STATED HE TOLD RAY GOMEZ, DECT. MESA, PD, MESA, ARIZONA, THIS INFORMATION DEC. FOUR LAST AND NO OTHER PERSON FOR FEAR PEOPLE WOULD THINK HE WAS CRAZY AND LAUGH AT HIM. ACOSTA STATES HE IS WILLING TO GO TO AGUASCALIENTES, AND TRY TO FIND BOY WHO FURNISHED HIM INFORMATION AND WOULD RECOGNIZE HIM.

DECT. GOMEZ STATES HE HAS KNOWN ACOSTA FOR MANY YEARS AND ACOSTA HAS REPUTATION OF BEING TRUTHFUL AND NOT CONSIDERED TO BE WINO OR DRUNKARD BY GOMEZ.

CORR TO PAGE 1 LINE 11 WORD 14 "ASKED" AND TO PAGE TWO LINE 8 XXXX WORD 1 STATES

END AND PLS ACK

WA 10-46 PM OK FBI WA VS

DL 9-46 PM OK FBI DL DEC

EU DISC TU

CC-MR HOSCH

FD-1a (Rev. 11-13-59)

FBI

Date: Dec. 6, 1963

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2903)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memo pertaining to RODOLFO ACEVEDO GUEVARA. Two copies are enclosed for Dallas.

No dissemination being made of this letterhead memo to Secret Service, San Antonio, Texas.

ENCLOSURE

105-82555-2

Bureau (Enc. 8)
2 cc. Dallas (Enc. 2)
2 San Antonio (2)
JJC:JMM
(7)

RECEIVED DEC 9 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Antonio, Texas
December 5, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 4, 1963, RODOLFO ACEVEDO GUEVARA was contacted at his residence, 2413 Guadalupe Street, San Antonio, Texas, and he advised that he travels about once a month to Mexico. He stated that he always drives in his 1956 Pontiac and at times takes friends along with him. He recalls making a trip during the latter part of September, 1963, exact date not known. To the best of his knowledge this trip was made during the middle of the week and no one went with him. He states that he went to Sabinas Hidalgo, Nuevo Leon, Mexico, to visit relatives and stayed a few days and returned. He advised that he left San Antonio about 1:00 P. M. or 2:00 P. M. and arrived at the US-Mexican Border at Laredo, Texas, approximately 5:30 P. M, the same date, and then crossed over into Mexico.

Photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to ACEVEDO GUEVARA and he stated that he has never seen anyone fitting the description of OSWALD. He stated that he has never met anyone by the name of OSWALD, LEE or HIDELL and at no time has he ever given an American a ride into Mexico.

ACEVEDO GUEVARA is a Mexican national, legally residing in the U. S. and has U. S. Alien Registration No. A8699413 reflecting he was born June 28, 1924, at Sabinas Hidalgo, Nuevo Leon, Mexico.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it an its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

4 COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 02 1978

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12/6/63 9-52 PM AH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES 105-15823 1P

RE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R,

RE MILWAUKEE TEL DECEMBER SIX, FIVE TWENTY FOUR P. M.

SUBCAPTIONED MILITARY SERVICE.

IBM LOS ANGELES ADVISED THIS DATE DANIEL O'CONNOR

AT IBM CORPORATION, SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO BY SEPARATE TELETYPE FURNISHED

INFORMATION IN RE TEL AND REQUESTED TO INTERVIEW O'CONNOR

IN ATTEMPT TO IDENTIFY AND SET OUT LEAD TO INTERVIEW BATON

ROUGE MARINE.

105-82555-98

END AND ACK

12-55 AM OK FBI WA JR

DEC 9 1963

ST TU

DOCUMENT

REC 6

72 DEC 11 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-6-63 4-16PM EST VFK

TO DIRECTOR, (105-82555) AND SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

FROM SAC, LOUISVILLE (105-620)

LEE HARVEY OSVALD, AKA., IS DASH R.

JOHN JOSEPH METCALF, WHITE, TWENTYTHREEE, UNEMPLOYED, WHO ADMITTEDLY HAD BEEN DRINKING, ON DEC. SIX INSTANT APPEARED LOUISVILLE OFFICE AND ADVISED THAT HE COULD PROVE LEE HARVEY OSVALD INNOCENT OF ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. COULD FURNISH NO INFORMATION TO SUPPORT HIS STATEMENT BUT CLAIMED HE COULD GO TO TEXAS, GET MORE INFORMATION THAN FBI AND CLEAR CASE BEFORE FBI COULD. CLAIMED TO HAVE TALKED TO OSVALD QUOTE OR HIS TWIN END QUOTE IN BALTIMORE, MD., BETWEEN AUGUST AND DEC., SIXTYTWO, IN A BAR NEAR THE GAIETY, A STRIP JOINT, COULD NOT FURNISH DETAILS CONCERNING CONVERSATION SAYING HE AND MAN HE BELIEVES WAS OSVALD TALKED LIKE A COUPLE OF DRUNKS. THIS INDIVIDUAL DID NOT IDENTIFY HIMSELF TO METCALF. METCALF ADVISED HE HAD FURNISHED THIS INFO TO UNKNOWN NEWS REPORTER IN LOUISVILLE PRIOR TO CONTACTING FBI. SECRET SERVICE REPRESENTATIVE, LOUISVILLE, ADVISED HE HAD SENT METCALF TO LOUISVILLE OFFICE.

NO FURTHER ACTION BEING TAKEN LOUISVILLE BECAUSE BELIEVED DALLAS KNOWS WHEREABOUTS OF OSVALD DURING PERTINENT PERIOD. NO RECORD METCALF LOUISVILLE INDICES OR LOUISVILLE PD. BALTIMORE NOT ADVISED BUT WILL BE FURNISHED COPY OF REPORT FOR INFORMATION.

END AND ACK

DL WILL BE ADVISED

WA 6 DR RUSH

105-82555-984

DCK 25 DEC 19 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-6-63 2-5 PM CST JAK

TO DIRECTOR, SAC-S DALLAS, NEW ORLEANS

FROM SAC, OMAHA 105-2119 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD - IS DASK R.

MRS. DENNIS HEATH, REPORTER, TELEGRAPH HERALD NEWSPAPER, DUBUQUE, IOWA, TELEPHONICALLY FURNISHED FOLLOWING TO SA /A/ PAUL A. MILLER ON INSTANT DATE.

SAM URRATA IS A FIRST YEAR STUDENT AT WARTBURG SEMINARY, DUBUQUE. LAST THANKSGIVING HIS FATHER, GIOVANI URRATA, WHO OPERATES THE BURNINGS RESTAURANT IN NEW ORLEANS, LA., VISITED SAM IN DUBUQUE. MRS. HEATH ALONG WITH ANOTHER REPORTER INTERVIEWED THE FATHER WHEN THEY HEARD HE MAY HAVE SEEN OSWALD AND JACK L. RUBY IN NEW ORLEANS. FATHER STATED THAT LAST SPRING OR EARLY SUMMER HE BELIEVED THAT OSWALD AND RUBY CAME TO HIS RESTAURANT TOGETHER IN A TAXICAB. FATHER, WHEN QUESTIONED FURTHER BY HEATH, STATED IT MAY HAVE BEEN TWO INDIVIDUALS WHO LOOK LIKE OSWALD AND RUBY. SHE SAID SHE GOT THE IMPRESSION THAT THE FATHER DID NOT WANT TO BE INVOLVED.

NEW ORLEANS INTERVIEW GIOVANI URRATA FOR DETAILS.

END ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 3-59 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 2-59 PM OK FBI DL TEA

105-82555-285

XEROX

DEC 10 1963

REC 116

DEC 9 1963

COPY FILED IN

12-6-63

AIRTEL

To: SAC, Dallas

1 - Mr. McGrath

From: Director, FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;
IS - R - CUBA

Reurep of SA Robert P. Gemberling dated 11-30-63, captioned as above.

Reurep has been reviewed at the Bureau. Based on this review certain suggestions, instructions and observations will be set forth below. These suggestions, instructions and observations are by no means to be considered all inclusive, but are being set out to aid you in making corrections to Reurep, insure all logical investigation is conducted and to remind you this matter must continue to receive very close investigative and supervisory attention. It is recognized there are numerous avenues of investigation suggested as a result of investigation reflected in Reurep, however, it will be your responsibility to insure that each of these avenues are logically explored and resolved.

In order to facilitate your handling of the following items each item will be numbered followed by a page reference to Reurep with the observation set out after it. It is desired you promptly handle the matters mentioned and furnish the Bureau a prompt airtel reply indicating the action taken with regard to each itemized statement.

(1) Page 17 - James Robert Underwood during interview on 11-25-63 stated in addition to others he was with in the Presidential motorcade was James Darnell of WBAP, Fort Worth. If not already done, Darnell should be interviewed.

(2) Page 22 and 23 - Arnold Louis Rowland, both in interview on 11-23-63 and in a signed statement on 11-24-63, indicates he observed an individual with a rifle on the 6th floor of the Texas School Book

1 - Division Five
1 - Laboratory (S. P. Herndon)

(8)

DEC 10 1963

105-82555-286

REC 116

25 DEC 9 1963

MAILED 4
DEC 6 1963
COMM-FBI

COPY FILED IN

Airtel to SAC, Dallas
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA

Depository Building." He describes the location of this individual as the "southwest corner." You should insure this information is correct or that appropriate photographs are displayed to Rowland so that he has a clear picture of where he observed this individual. As you are aware investigative developments generally indicate the individual observed on this floor was in the southeast corner of the building."

(3) Pages 36 and 37 - Mary Brennan Curling interview 11-22-63, indicated she furnished a photograph to Secret Service Agents John Joe Howlett and Bill Patterson on 11-22-63. It is not clear whether this photograph was reviewed by Bureau Agents to determine its pertinency to this case. Advise.

(4) Page 46 - Mr. Jack Franzen was interviewed on 11-22-63, and indicated he was in close proximity to the Presidential motorcade when the President was shot. It is noted Mr. Franzen's wife was with him at that time, but it does not appear she was interviewed. If not already done, she should be interviewed.

(5) Page 45 - Mr. Charles Foster was interviewed on 11-24-63, and indicated he was close to the Presidential motorcade when the President was shot. If not already done his wife Beatrice who accompanied him should also be interviewed.

(6) Pages 69 and 71 - Roger Craig, Deputy Sheriff, has furnished information which does not appear to fit in with other developments in this case, particularly with regard to his "positive" identification of Oswald getting into a white Nash Rambler immediately after the shootings. It would appear that some statement as to Craig's reliability would be in order inasmuch as his earlier identification of the driver of this vehicle was "a Negro" and was later changed to a white male. If necessary he should be reinterviewed to clarify his statements.

Airtel to SAC, Dallas
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA

(7) Page 93 - Records of local board 114 were checked, however, it is not clear whether there is a local board number 400 and whether this was checked against the subject and his aliases. If so the records of this board should be appropriately reviewed for information on Oswald.

(8) Page 94 - In the items recovered from the subject upon apprehension, a Dallas library card was obtained containing the name Jack L. Bowen. If not already done, Bowen's connection with subject and his case should be ascertained.

(9) Page 95 - The currency reportedly recovered in subject's possession should be checked through National Stolen Property Indices if not already done.

(10) Page 102 - Oswald's address book reportedly contains names of various Russian emigrants many of whom have been interviewed in this investigation. Further he allegedly attended various social functions in which he engaged in conversations with individuals identified in Europe. Insure if these individuals are appropriately interviewed where desirable and feasible, particularly with reference to their knowledge of the assassination.

(11) Pages 129 and 165 - It would appear the SAC prepared on Lieutenant Carl Day dated 11-30-63, contains an inaccurate statement. Line 10 indicated the paper from the Texas School Book Depository Building when compared with the brown paper bag by our Laboratory was found to be identical. As you are aware our Laboratory did find it similar as shown on page 165. Handle accordingly.

(12) Pages 317 and 318 - Buell Wesley Frazier indicated on the morning of 11-22-63, when Oswald was waiting for him outside his residence, his mother, Mrs. Essie Mae Williams and nieces Patricia Ann and Dianne Lynn Randle were present at the time and observed him at the kitchen window. It is possible these individuals may have observed Oswald placing the brown paper bag in Frazier's car. If not already done consider advisability of interviewing these people in this connection. You should also look into the possibility of other neighbors having observed Oswald place this package in the car.

Airtel to SAC, Dallas
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA

(13) Page 338 - Mr. O. V. Campbell during interview on 11-26-63, in part stated that while he did not observe anyone fire any shots from his building there was an individual wearing a construction-type hat who indicated he had seen an individual fire from the building and that this individual was being interviewed by a police officer who was apparently taking his name. If not already done efforts should be made to locate and interview this construction worker.

(14) Pages 362, 363 and 364 - Your attention is directed to the interviews of Frank Piasa, Mel Audrey and particularly Albert O. Bogard. As you are aware investigation fails to indicate Oswald had any ability at driving a motor vehicle or that he had a license. The statements attributed to Bogard indicate the subject was capable of driving at speeds of 75 to 85 miles per hour. It would be in complete disagreement with the known facts. The purpose of these individuals furnishing this information is not known, however, the possibility should not be overlooked that they furnished false information to the FBI for some devious reason. Reinterview with Bogard should be conducted, a signed statement obtained and the possible use of the polygraph considered. It is possible a violation of Title 18, U. S. Code, Section 1001 exists.

(15) Page 371 - Mr. William W. Shelley during interview states on the morning of 11-22-63, Oswald appeared at work as usual. Insure your investigation establishes whether he or any other individual arriving at work at about that time observed Oswald carrying the brown paper bag believed to have contained the rifle used in the assassination. Further, you should determine whether there is any set manner of signing in by employees and insure that individuals signing in at about the same time as Oswald are appropriately interviewed. It would appear logical that all employees working at the Texas School Book Depository Building on 11-22-63, should be interviewed, therefore direct your investigative efforts accordingly.

(16) Page 395 - In connection with the information furnished by Mr. Dial Ryder of the Irving Sport Shop you should insure appropriate checks are made to determine if there are any other individuals in the Irving, Texas, or Dallas, Texas, area with the last name of "Oswald" who could have sought the services of the Irving Sport Shop. If so, they should be interviewed so as to resolve this information.

(17) Page 417 - The information furnished by Ralph Leon Yates does not appear to be completely truthful. You should consider polygraph examination of Yates, the obtaining of a signed statement from him and the possibility of a violation of Title 18, U. S. Code, Section 1001.

(18) Page 439 - Logical investigation should be conducted to resolve the information furnished by Mr. Frank Rigney on 11-25-63, specifically you should determine the number called in Indiana by the individual in question from Mr. Rigney's business.

It is very possible this referenced report and other subsequent reports may be disseminated outside of the Bureau and it is, therefore, essential that all details contained therein be accurate. You should insure that this report is thoroughly reviewed as to content and structure and any changes necessitated promptly handled.

NOTE: The possible violations of Title 18, U. S. Code, Section 1001 would appear to be necessary investigative action to preclude the receipt of other false or misleading information which necessitates other necessary investigation on our part.

EAR

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12/6/63 3-48 PM EHS

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM SAC, MILWAUKEE (62-1178) 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS-R.

CAPTION - REPORTED PRESENCE OF OSWALD, ROCK FALLS, WIS., JULY, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE.

POSTMASTER, ROCK FALLS, WIS., REPORTED TO SA THOMAS J. GRAHAM ON DEC. SIX INSTANT THAT EMIL SOLBERG AT ROCK FALLS STATED INDIVIDUAL POSSIBLE IDENTICAL WITH OSWALD HAD BEEN IN HIS STORE IN JULY, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE.

SOLBERG WAS INTERVIEWED BY SA GRAHAM ON DEC. SIX INSTANT AND ADVISED DURING JULY, NINETTEN SIXTY THREE, AN INDIVIDUAL RESEMBLING OSWALD WALKED INTO HIS STORE AND WANTED TO PURCHASE A PAIR OF TROUSERS. SOLBERG SAID INDIVISUAL HAD ONLY ONE DOLLAR AND HE REFUSED TO SELL HIM TROUSERS AT THIA PRICE. INDIVIDUAL TOLD SOLBERG HE WAS EN ROUTE FROM WASH. TO CHICAGO, INDICATING HIS HOME WAS CHICAGO. SOLVERG STATED INDIVIDUAL WAS HITCHHIKING AND LEFT WALKING IN NORTHERLY DIRECTION ON HWY. THIRTY SEVEN.

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-287

DEC 9 1963

REC 116

62-109060-

9 DEC 9 1963

REC'D

PAGE TWO

MI 62-117

SOLBERG WAS OF OPINION THIS INDIVIDUAL RESEMBLED OSWALD, BUT COULD MAKE NO FURTHER IDENTIFICATION.

DALLAS FURNISHED AM COPY.

CORRECTION: PLS - LINE FOUR AND FIVE SHD READ AS FOLLOWS:

POSTMASTER, ROCK FALLS, WIS., POPULATION SEVENTY-FIVE, LOCATED DUNN CO., WIS., REPORTED TO SA THOMAS J. GRAHAM ON

ALSO LINE FIFTEEN WORD FIVE ON PAGE ONE SHD BE SOLBERG.

END ACK PLS

435 PM OK FBI WA ELR

CC-MR ROSEN

12/7/63

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SACs NEW ORLEANS
SAN ANTONIO

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

REBATEL SIX FIFTY-FIVE PM DECEMBER SIX LAST. DESIRED THAT REPORTS BE MADE TO ESTABLISH MEANS OF TRAVEL UTILIZED BY OSWALD FROM NEW ORLEANS TO LAREDO BETWEEN SEPTEMBER TWENTY-FOUR AND SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX LAST CULMINATING IN SUBJECT'S BOARDING THE FLECHA ROJA BUS NUMBER FIVE ONE SIX AT NUEVO LAREDO TWO PM SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX LAST. NEW ORLEANS IDENTIFY ALL BUS TRIPS BETWEEN NEW ORLEANS AND LAREDO BEGINNING SEPTEMBER TWENTY-FOUR WHICH COULD BE UTILIZED BY OSWALD TO HAVE MADE ABOVE CONNECTION. DO NOT LIMIT TO GREYHOUND AND CONTINENTAL LINES. ASCERTAIN WHICH LINES IF ANY SELL TICKETS TO MEXICO CITY IN WHICH THE FLECHA ROJA (PAREN RED ARROW END PAREN LINE PARTICIPATES IN HANDLING TRIP. IDENTIFY TICKETS ISSUED ON BUS TRIPS FROM NEW ORLEANS TO LAREDO NEW ORLEANS TO MEXICO CITY WHICH WOULD ENABLE SUBJECT TO MAKE ABOVE CONNECTION. CHECK BOTH ONE-WAY AND ROUND TRIP. SAN ANTONIO ENDEAVOR ASCERTAIN NATURE OF TICKET UTILIZED BY SUBJECT BOARDING RE-FLECHA ROJA BUS ON SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX LAST. MAIL TICKET DALLAS BY MAIL

REC-46 105-82555-285

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 7 1963
TELE

2 COPIES DESTROYED

IPA 21 FEB 02 1973

TELETYPE TO NEW ORLEANS AND SAN ANTONIO
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

PURCHASED AT NUEVO LAREDO? WAS IT ONE-WAY OR TWO-WAY OR WAS
IT PORTION OF TICKET PURCHASED AT NEW ORLEANS? COPY SENT TO
DALLAS BY MAIL.

- 3 -

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 7 1963
TELETYPE

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 26 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-26-63 7:48 PM CST LJH

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC, DALLAS 89-43

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTWO, DALLAS, TEXAS, ADD.

RE BUREAU TEL, CALLS TODAY CONCERNING PERSONAL PAPERS AND CORRESPONDENCE OF OSWALD. AS BUREAU IS AWARE, THE PERSONAL PAPERS AND CORRESPONDENCE OF OSWALD ORIGINALLY OBTAINED BY THE DALLAS PD FROM THE FORMER ROOM OF OSWALD AND THE RESIDENCE OF OSWALD'S WIFE, HAVE NOW BEEN TURNED OVER TO THE DALLAS OFFICE. EXAMINATION OF THESE PAPERS REFLECT THE FOLLOWING CORRESPONDENCE OF OSWALD TO BE OF PERTINENCE.

NUMBER ONE - THREE PAGE TYPEWRITTEN LETTER DATED MAY TWENTYNINE, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, ON LETTERHEAD OF FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE /FPCC/, SEVEN NINE NINE BROADWAY, NEW YORK THREE, NEW YORK, ADDRESSED TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD AT NEW ORLEANS, SIGNED BY V. T. LEE, NATIONAL DIRECTOR. LETTER DISCUSSES THE ORGANIZATION OF FPCC CHAPTER IN NEW ORLEANS AND ENCLOSED A COPY OF THE CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS FOR CHAPTERS AND STUDENT COUNCILS OF FPCC.

END PAGE ONE

89-43-10

DEC 9 1963

PAGE TWO

NUMBER TWO - ONE PAGE TYPEWRITTEN LETTER ON LETTERHEAD OF "THE WORKER", TWENTYTHREE WEST TWENTYSIX ST., NEW YORK, DATED DEC. NINETEEN, SIXTYTWO, ADDRESSED TO LEE H. OSWALD, AT DALLAS, SIGNED LOUIS WEINSTOCK, GENERAL MANAGER. LETTER STATED MR. JACKSON WAS ON LEAVE AND WRITER THANKED OSWALD FOR THE BLOWUPS AND STATED THE BLOWUPS WOULD BE USEFUL AT NEWSSTANDS AND PUBLIC PLACES TO CALL ATTENTION TO "THE WORKER".

NUMBER THREE - ONE PAGE TYPEWRITTEN LETTER, WITHOUT LETTERHEAD ADDRESSED TO OSWALD AT NEW ORLEANS AND SIGNED ARNOLD JOHNSON, DATED SEPT. NINETEEN, SIXTYTHREE. WRITER STATED THAT OSWALD'S LETTER OF AUG. TWENTYEIGHT SIXTYTHREE, TO ELIZABETH G. FLYNN, HAD BEEN GIVEN TO HIM FOR REPLY. IT WAS SUGGESTED THAT OSWALD GET IN TOUCH WITH WRITER WHEN OSWALD MOVED TO BALTIMORE. JOHNSON STATED OSWALD COULD PARTICIPATE IN ANY ORGANIZATION HE WANTED AS AN AMERICAN CITIZEN AND SUGGESTED HE JOIN AN ORGANIZATION SUCH AS FAIR PLAY. WHERE HE COULD REMAIN IN THE BACKGROUND AND NOT THE UNDERGROUND.

END PAGE TWO

NUMBER FOUR - LETTER DATED JULY THIRTYONE SIXTYTHREE, ON LETTERHEAD OF "COMMUNIST PARTY, USA", NEW YORK, SIGNED BY ARNOLD JOHNSON, DIRECTOR, INFO. - LECTURE BUREAU, AND ADDRESSED TO L. H. OSWALD AT NEW ORLEANS. JOHNSON STATED OSWALD-S LETTER TO "THE WORKER", HAD BEEN REFERRED TO HIM AND HE EXPRESSED INTEREST THAT A MOVEMENT IN SUPPORT OF FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA HAD DEVELOPED IN NEW ORLEANS.

NUMBER FIVE - ONE PAGE TYPEWRITTEN LETTER DATED DEC. THIRTEEN SIXTYTWO, ON LETTERHEAD OF "GUS HALL - BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, DEFENSE COMMITTEE", ROOM ONE TWO TWO FIVE, TWENTYTWO EAST SEVENTEENTH ST., NEW YORK, WITH NAMES ELIZABETH GURLEY-FLYNN, JAMES J. TORNEY, AND CYRIL PHILLIP IN LETTERHEAD AND SIGNED BY JAMES J. TORNEY, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, AND ADDRESSED TO L. H. OSWALD IN DALLAS. LETTER ACKNOWLEDGED SAMPLES OF PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK SENT BY OSWALD AND APPRECIATION FOR SAME.

NUMBER SIX - ONE PAGE TYPEWRITTEN LETTER ON LETTERHEAD OF "SOCIALISTS WORK PARTY", SWP, ONE ONE SIX UNIVERSITY PLACE, NEW YORK, WITH NAMES JAMES P. CANNON AND FARREL DOBBS, IN

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

LETTERHEAD, DATED NOV. FIVE SIXTYTWO, ADDRESSED TO OSWALD AT DALLAS, SIGNED FARRELL DOBBS, NATIONAL SECRETARY. LETTER ACKNOWLEDGED OSWALD-S CLIPPING REQUESTING APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP IN SWP AND APPLICATION FOR THE REQUEST AND A WISH TO CONTINUE A RELATIONSHIP UNTIL A BRANCH OF THE SWP COULD EXIST IN DALLAS. A SUGGESTION WAS MADE THAT OSWALD CONCENTRATE ON SEEKING SUBSCRIBERS TO "THE MILLITANT" AND TO PROMOTE THE SALE OF SOCIALIST LITERATURE THROUGH THE PIONEER PUBLISHERS. THE LETTER STATED OSWALD WAS BEING FURNISHED A NUMBER OF SUBSCRIPTION BLANKS TO "THE MILLITANT".

NUMBER SEVEN - A ONE PAGE TYPEWRITTEN LETTER WITHOUT LETTERHEAD, WITH HEADING ADDRESS AS ONE ONE SIX UNIVERSITY PLACE, NEW YORK, N.Y. DATED DEC. NINE SIXTYTWO, ADDRESSED TO OSWALD AT DALLAS, SIGNED BOB CHESTER. LETTER STATES THAT OSWALD-S LETTER AND REPRODUCTIONS HAD BEEN TURNED OVER TO CHESTER BY THE "SWP OFFICE". WRITER SAID IT WAS CLEAR OSWALD WAS SKILLED AT REPRODUCTION WORK GENERALLY AND THAT IT MIGHT BE POSSIBLE TO UTILIZE OSWALD ON SOME PRINTING PROJECT AND SUGGESTED THAT

END PAGE FOUR Member Socialist Workers Party

PAGE FIVE

OSWALD WRITE TO CHESTER DIRECTLY AT LETTERHEAD ADDRESS.

NUMBER EIGHT - ONE PAGE TYPEWRITTEN LETTER ON FPCC LETTERHEAD DATED MAY TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE, ADDRESSED TO OSWALD AT NEW ORLEANS, SIGNED V. T. LEE, NATIONAL DIRECTOR, IN WHICH LEE STATES OSWALD'S CHANGE OF ADDRESS HAD BEEN RECEIVED AND ADVISING THAT HIS SUBSCRIPTION HAD EXPIRED AND ENCLOSING A RENEWAL FORM AND COPY OF THE CURRENT LITERATURE CATALOG.

COPY OF LETTERS ONE THROUGH EIGHT HAVE BEEN MADE AND ARE BEING FORWARDED IMMEDIATELY BY AIRMAIL TO BUREAU.

END

WA---9-05 PM OK FBI WA LLD

FBI

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 290

PAGE NO. ALL

NO. OF PAGES 4

SECTION NO.

6

State Department

REFERRAL

Possible employment

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 26 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-26-63 3-28 PM CST DAO

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS 89-69 3P

Lee Harvey Oswald

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RECORDS, LA. DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY, NEW ORLEANS, LA, PAREN SOURCE MUST BE PROTECTED AND NOT DISCLOSED PAREN SHOW OSVALD REGISTERED FOR EMPLOYMENT APRIL TWENTY SIX, LAST UNDER NAME LEE HARRY OSVALD, ALTHOUGH OTHER FORMS IN FILE CARRY NAME AS LEE H. OSVALD AND LEE HARVEY OSVALD, SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER FOUR THREE THREE DASH FIVE FOUR DASH THREE NINE THREE SEVEN. ADDRESSES SHOWN AS SEVEN FIVE SEVEN FRENCH STREET AND P. O. BOX THREE ZERO ZERO SIX ONE, NEW ORLEANS, LA. SHOWS FORMER EMPLOYMENT WITH JAGGERS DASH CHILES DASH STOVAL TYPOGRAPHERS, FIVE TWO TWO BROWDER, DALLAS, TEXAS, AS COMMERCIAL PHOTOGRAPHER, DEVELOPING AND MAKING PRINTS AND ENLARGEMENTS, SHOWING THIS EMPLOYMENT TERMINATED APRIL TEN, NO YEAR GIVEN, POSSIBLY SIXTY THREE. ALSO SHOWS EMPLOYMENT LOV DASH R DASH PAK COMPANY, TWO ZERO ONE N. E. VACEK STREET, FT. WORTH, TEXAS, AS INSTALLER VENTILATION COMPANY, AS A SHIPPING CLERK. THIS EMPLOYMENT

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-241

DEC 9 1963

62 DEC 11 1963

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TERMINATED OCTOBER, SIXTY TWO, AFTER WORKING THREE MONTHS. NO OTHER EMPLOYMENT SHOWN OTHER THAN SERVICE IN U.S. MARINE CORPS.

FILES SHOW OSVALD COMPLETED THREE YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL, HAVING ATTENDED ARLINGTON HIGH SCHOOL, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, WHERE HE TOOK MECHANICAL DRAWING AND ART AND CLAIMED TO HAVE COMPLETED HIGH SCHOOL WHILE IN MILITARY SERVICE PAREN M. E. C. PAREN.

THIS FILE SHOWS OSVALD APPLIED FOR UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION APRIL TWENTY NINE, LAST, AND FOR SUBSEQUENT WEEKS THROUGH MAY THIRTEEN, LAST. UNEMPLOYMENT PAYMENTS DISCONTINUED UNTIL JULY TWENTY TWO, LAST WHEN SUCH PAYMENTS RESUMED THROUGH BALANCE OF JULY AND AUGUST, SIXTY THREE, TERMINATING SUCH PAYMENTS WITH WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER TWENTY SEVEN, LAST. FILES SHOW OSVALD FILED CLAIM AT NEW ORLEANS FOR UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION AND THAT CHECKS COVERING SUCH CLAIMS WERE FORWARDED TO OSVALD FROM THE TEXAS EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION, TWO ZERO SIX MAIN STREET, DALLAS, TEXAS. ABOVE PAYMENTS WERE IN THE AMOUNT OF THIRTY THREE DOLLARS PER WEEK.

UNDER HEADING OF SPECIAL INFORMATION, OSVALD INDICATED HE DID NOT HAVE AN AUTOMOBILE.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

THIS FILE SHOWS OSVALD WAS REFERRED ON APRIL TWENTY SIX, LAST TO THE GEORGE REPPEL STUDIO AND ON MAY TWENTY EIGHT, LAST, TO THE COMMERCE PICTURE COMPANY, BOTH NEW ORLEANS, FOR POSSIBLE EMPLOYMENT. NO INDICATION IN FILE THAT OSVALD HIRED BY EITHER OF THESE LATTER CONCERNS.

IF NOT PREVIOUSLY DONE, DALLAS REQUESTED TO CONDUCT APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION AT ABOVE PLACES OF EMPLOYMENT IN DALLAS AND FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

NEW ORLEANS CONTACTING COMMERCE PICTURE COMPANY AND GEORGE REPPEL STUDIO.

END AND ACK PLS

VA

6-37 PM OK FBI VA LA

DL 3-37 PM OK FBI DL VD

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-30-63 9-31 PM CST HEP

TO: DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM: SAC BIRMINGHAM /105-N/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY-R.

REBUTEL TO ALL SACS NOVEMBER THIRTY, SIX THREE.

NO INFORMATION IN BIRMINGHAM INDICES RE LEE HARVEY OSVALD BEYOND HIS INVOLVEMENT IN ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY FURNISHED BY DALLAS.

NEW ORLEANS TEL TO BUREAU NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN REQUESTED BIRMINGHAM TO INTERVIEW MRS. CHRISTINE STEELE EATMAN, PEACOCK HEIGHTS, EUTAW, ALABAMA, A RECENT MEXICAN TOURIST, RE OSVALD'S TRAVEL IN MEXICO. MRS. EATMAN INTERVIEWED AND SHE HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY TRAVEL BY OSVALD TO MEXICO. APPROPRIATE TD THREE TWO/S FURNISHED.

NEW YORK TEL NOVEMBER TWENTY EIGHT REQUESTED BIRMINGHAM ATTEMPT LOCATE A PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BY LEE HARVEY OSVALD ON JANUARY TEN, SIXTY TWO, AND PUBLISHED IN THE QUOTE THUNDERBOLT UNQUOTE OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY. BIRMINGHAM CHECKED QUOTE THUNDERBOLTS UNQUOTE FROM JANUARY SIXTY TWO THROUGH NOVEMBER SIXTY THREE AND

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-298

DEC 9 1963

PAGE TWO.

PHOTOGRAPH COULD NOT BE LOCATED.

DALLAS TEL NOVEMBER TWENTY NINE, SIX THREE, REQUESTED BIRMINGHAM INTERVIEW GEORGE B. GRAY, RAGLAND, ALABAMA, RE LEE HARVEY OSWALD INASMUCH AS GRAY HAD LIVED IN SAME RESIDENCE WITH OSWALD IN DALLAS. GRAY NOT LIVING IN RAGLAND BUT AT ROUTE ONE, BOX ONE ONE FOUR, CORRIGON, TEXAS. HOUSTON REQUESTED CONTACT GRAY AT CORRIGON PER DALLAS TEL.

IN VIEW OF FOREGOING NO REPORT BEING SUBMITTED BY BIRMINGHAM INASMUCH AS NO INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED BIRMINGHAM DIVISION RE OSWALD.

END

10-38 PM OK FBI WA LLD

TU CLRM

CC MR ROSEN

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 10 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-30-63 3-05 PM EST DVW

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, LOUISVILLE

LEE HARVEY OSVALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASK R.

REBUTEL TODAY INSTRUCTING THAT REPORTS BE SUBMITTED UNDER ABOVE CAPTION UNLESS INVESTIGATION PREVIOUSLY REPORTED UNDER OSVALD CAPTION OR CAPTION ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRIOR BUREAU INSTRUCTIONS, ALL PRIOR INVESTIGAT BY LOUISVILLE HAS BEEN SUBMITTED TO DALLAS BY TELETYPE TO BE INCLUDED I REPORT TO BE SUBMITTED BY DALLAS. IT IS THEREFORE ASSUMED THAT ALL PRI INVESTIGATION BY LOUISVILLE HAS BEEN INCORPORATED IN REPORT BY DALLAS ANY INVESTIGATION NOT YET REPORTED TO DALLAS WILL BE HANDLED IN ACCORDA INSTRUCTIONS RETEL.

DALLAS TO BE ADVISED

END AND ACK PLS

REC-116 105-82555-

WA 3-07 PM OK FBI WA LLD

TU DISCHKR

DEC 9

DCK INTEL SEC

DEC 9

72 DEC 11

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11/30/63 6-50 PM TED

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC, ST. LOUIS

LEE HARVEY OSWALD/ INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

RE BUTEL TO ALL SAC/S NOVEMBER THIRTY SIXTYTHREE.

ALL INVESTIGATION AND ALLEGATIONS REGARDING OSWALD HAVE BEEN HANDELED TO DATE BY ST. LOUIS AND FURNISHED DALLAS BY TELETYPE. INSERTS HAVE ALSO BEEN FURNISHED DALLAS ON ALL INVESTIGATION AND ALLEGATIONS RECEIVED BY ST. LOUIS WITH EXCEPTION OF ONE INTERVIEW RESULTS OF WHICH WERE FURNISHED DALLAS BY ST. LOUIS TELETYPE NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE FOR INCLUSION IN DALLAS REPORT.

IN VIEW OF FOREGOING DALLAS WILL INCORPORATE ALL INVESTIGATION ALREADY CONDUCTED BY ST. LOUIS IN DALLAS REPORT, AND ST. LOUIS WILL NOT SUBMIT REPORT ON THAT MAG.

END AND ACK PLS

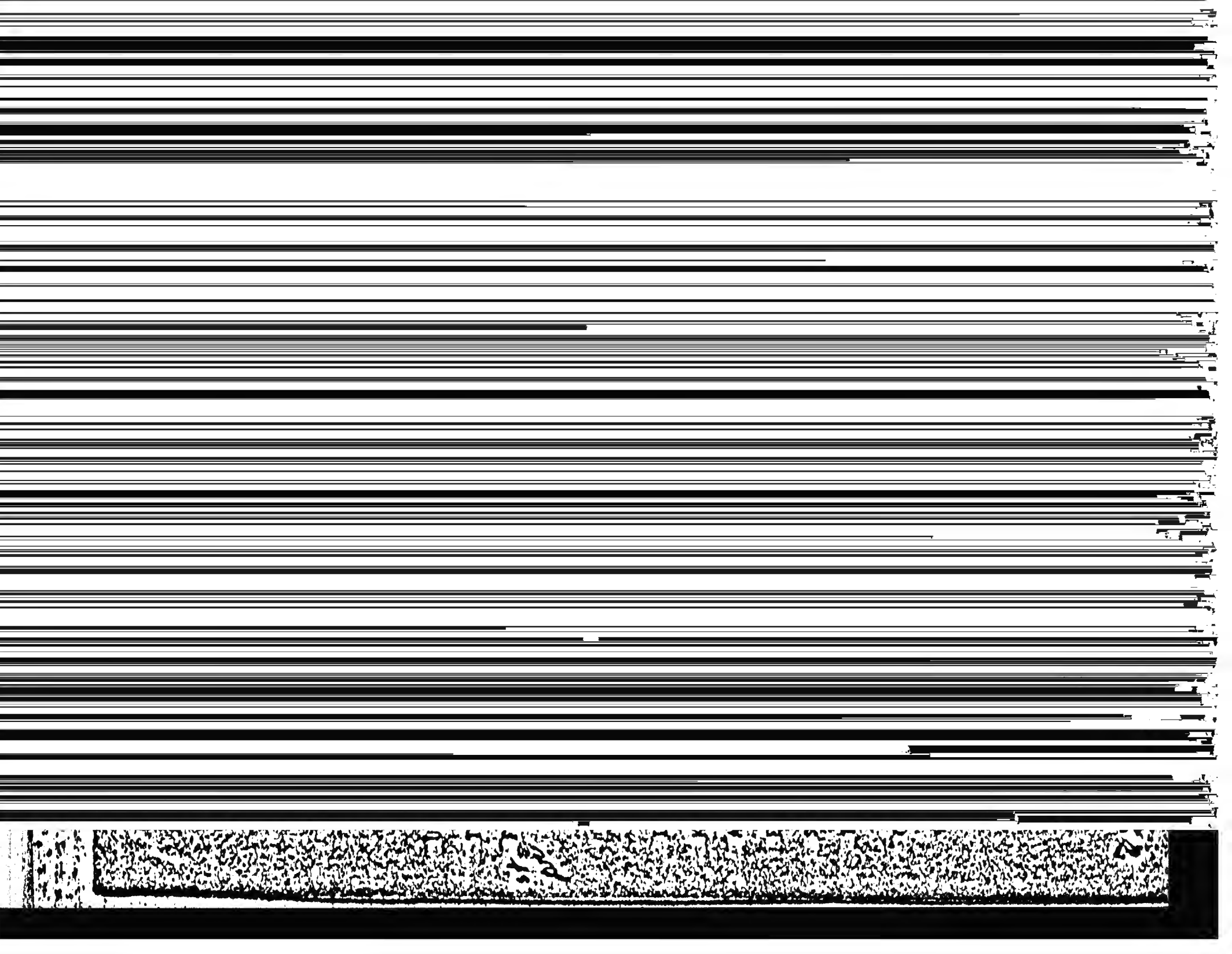
105-82555-294

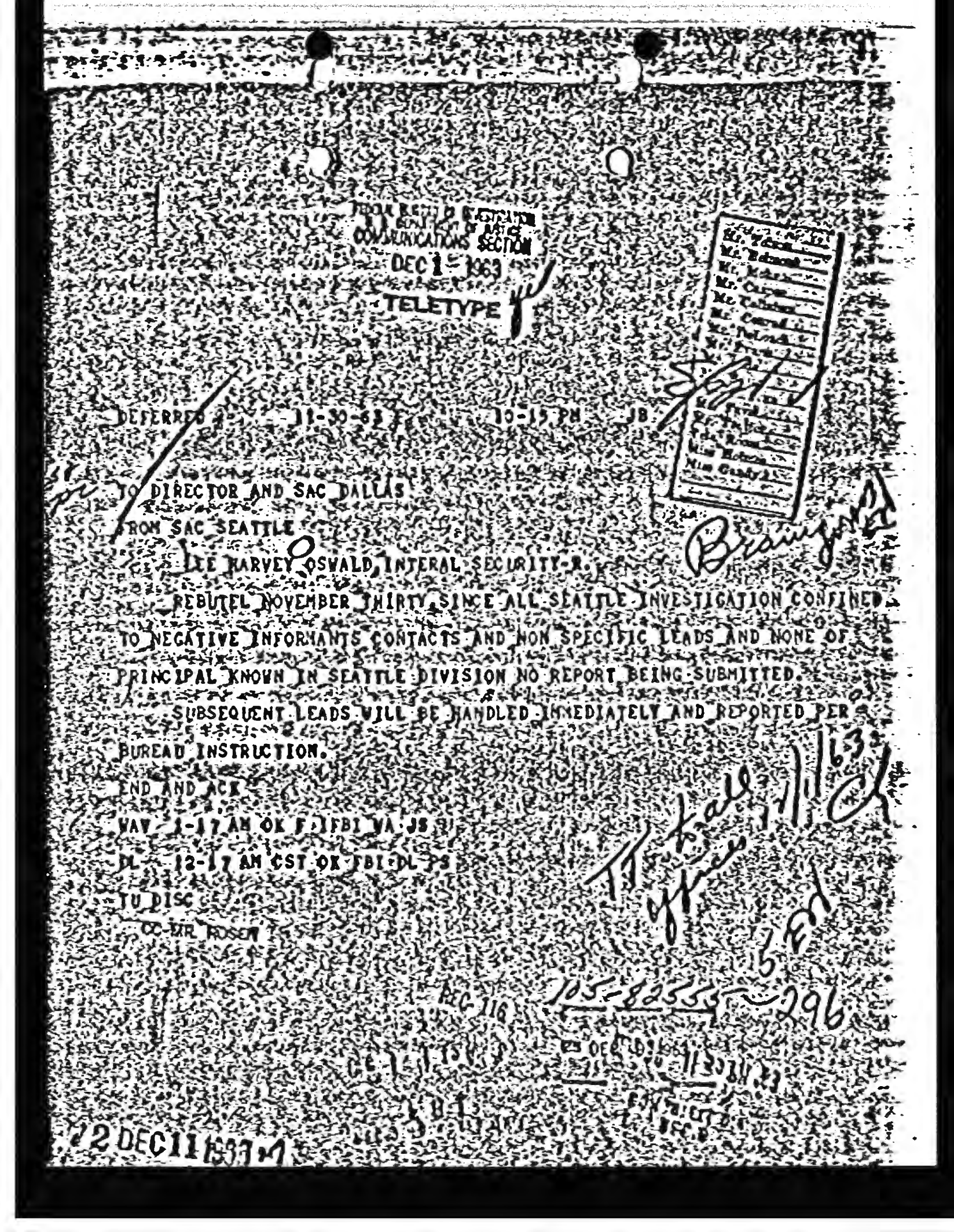
25 DEC 9 1963

VA FBI OKLA CITY OKLA

DLC-33 PM OK FBI PL LJW

TU BOTH AND DISCONTINUE





COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1 1963
TELETYPE

DEFERRED 11-30-63 10-15 PM JB

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC SEATTLE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY-R.

REBUTEL NOVEMBER THIRTY. SINCE ALL SEATTLE INVESTIGATION CONFINED TO NEGATIVE INFORMANTS CONTACTS AND NON SPECIFIC LEADS AND NONE OF PRINCIPAL KNOWN IN SEATTLE DIVISION NO REPORT BEING SUBMITTED.

SUBSEQUENT LEADS WILL BE HANDLED IMMEDIATELY AND REPORTED PER BUREAU INSTRUCTION.

END AND ACK

WAV 1-17 AM OK FBI WA JS

DL 12-17 AM CST OK FBI DL JS

TU DISC

CC-MR ROSEN

REC 116 105-82555-296

DEC 11 1963

12 DEC 11 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-3-63 5-45 PM EST RRA

TO DIRECTOR, SACS DALLAS AND NEW YORK

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAC PHILADELPHIA 105-9958 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

WILLIAM A. RING, SEVEN FOUR ZERO SOUTH FRANKLIN STREET, WEST CHESTER, PA., TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED SA JOHN R. VINEBERG THIS DATE THAT ONE NIGHT LAST WEEK HE LISTENED TO THE LONG JOHN NEVELL PROGRAM ON STATION WOR, NYC, FROM TWELVE MIDNIGHT TO FIVE AM, ON WHICH HYPNOTISTS WERE FEATURED. HYPNOTISTS ON PROGRAM ALLEGED ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY COULD HAVE BEEN BY USE OF HYPNOTISM. THIS WAS ONLY HYPOTHETICAL SITUATION, HOWEVER, DURING DISCUSSION LONG JOHN NEVELL SAID THAT PRIOR TO ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT, LEE HARVEY OSWALD HAD CONTACTED NEVELL RE APPEARANCE ON PROGRAM TO EXPRESS HIS VIEWS, RING WAS UNABLE TO CHARACTERIZE WHAT VIEWS OSWALD WAS TO EXPRESS.

NEW YORK WILL CONTACT LONG JOHN NEVELL, STATION WOR, RE ALLEGED CONTACT WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD. REPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK IN ORD PLS

VA FOR RELAY 3-9 PM OK FBI VA OS

RECEIVED 65 DEC 9

PM OK FBI DL

72 DEC 11 1963

NW 65114 DocId:32989636 Page 1

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 2-31 PM EST JJL

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS, DALLAS, LOUISVILLE (105-6207) AND NEW YORK

FROM SAC, CLEVELAND (105-167)(P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

RE TWO REPORTS OF SA GROVER C. IVINER, AT CLEVELAND, DATED DEC. ONE LAST, LOUISVILLE TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, CLEVELAND AND DALLAS, DATED NOV. THIRTY LAST.

ON DEC. ONE LAST, RUDOLPH J. KUKURA, VP, DRAMATURGY, INC., TWO THREE ZERO SEVEN CHESTER AVE., CLEVELAND, ADVISED RECORDS OF CAST FOR SHOW AT CE, LOUISVILLE, AT OFFICE AND NOT AVAILABLE THAT DATE BUT WOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE DEC. TWO LAST.

MRS. ELARKA HAKANSON, SECRETARY OF KUKURA, MADE AVAILABLE RECORDS RELATING TO CAPTIONED SHOW, LOUISVILLE, AND THE CAST IS AS IN LOUISVILLE TEL NOV. THIRTY LAST.

FRANK HARRINGTON, DIRECTOR AND SPEECH COACH, CAN BE REACHED IN NEW YORK IN CARE OF WILDING, INC., FOUR ZERO FIVE PARK AVE., PLAZA NINE DASH ZERO EIGHT FIVE FOUR.

END PAGE ONE

REC-116 105-82555-29

DEC 9 1963

MONFORD CAME OFF A FORD SHOW AND THE REMAINDER OF THE GROUP CAME FROM THE CHEVY SHOW. IN ADDITION, THE FLOOR MODELS WERE OBTAINED FROM HAMILTON SCHALK AGENCY, FOUR THREE EIGHT FRANCIS BUILDING, LOUISVILLE AND THEY ARE MARTHA BUTTORFF, CAROL ETTER, BETTY INLEY, AND MARIA SIELL.

TO HER KNOWLEDGE, NONE OF THE PEOPLE WHO COMPOSED THE CAST AND DIRECTORS WERE NOT IN THE DALLAS, TEXAS, AREA PRIOR TO THIS SHOW. IN ADDITION, THE TEXAS DIVISION OF GE WAS SPONSORING ANOTHER SHOW AT LOUISVILLE WHICH WAS ARRANGED FOR BY BOB SESTERO, MANAGER, ADVERTISING AND SALES PROMOTION, AIR CONDITION DIVISION, GE, TYLER, TEXAS. JOHN FARLEY OF WILDING, INC., DETROIT, WAS THE DIRECTOR, HOME ADDRESS TWO EIGHT ONE FIVE SEVEN JAMES DRIVE, WARREN, MICHIGAN. CAST COMPOSED OF LOUISE FERRAND, FOUR NINE WEST FOUR FOUR STREET, NEW YORK, TONY MARVIN, MUTUAL BROADCASTING COMPANY, NYC, AND A LOUISVILLE GIRL, (BUDY PAREN LNU END PAREN, WHO WAS HIRED BY SESTERO IN LOUISVILLE.

NEW YORK WILL ON INSTRUCTION OF DALLAS CONTACT CASTS ENUMERATED IN RE LOUISVILLE TEL.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

LOUISVILLE WILL LOCATE AND INTERVIEW MODELS FROM SCHALK AGENCY.

DALLAS, IF DEEMED APPROPRIATE, WILL CONTACT BOB SESTERO OF TYLER, TEXAS.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

BA M

END AND ACK 2-30 PM OK FBI WA LA

DL 1:28 PM OK FBI DL MK

IH 2-27 PM OK FBI IS CLR

GV 2-29 PM OK FBI NY JRS

JU ALL DISCM

FBI/DOJ
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 12/3/63 4-05 PM EJ

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, MOBILE /89-25/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

RE DALLAS TELETYPE TODAY.

DETAILS OF TALK BY OSWALD TO JESUIT SCHOLASTICS, SPRINGHILL COLLEGE, MOBILE, ALABAMA, JULY TWENTYSEVEN, SIXTYTHREE SET OUT IN REPORT OF SA JOHN J. SWEENEY, DECEMBER ONE, SIXTYTHREE, MOBILE. ONLY DISCREPANCIS NOTED IN COMPARISON TO DATA CONTAINED IN OSWALD'S NOTE WERE AS TO NUMBER OF PERSONS IN ATTENDANCE AND LENGTH OF TALK. FURTHER INVESTIGATION CONCERNING THIS TALK, SPRINGHILL COLLEGE, DOES NOT APPEAR WARRANTED. DALLAS ADVISED

AM,

END AND ACK PLS

-06 PM OK FBI WA OS

JU CLEAR PLS

REC 16 100-82555-299

DEC 3 1963

DEC 9

cc - Mr. Rosen

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-3-63 3-30 PM EST LJL

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, CLEVELAND 105-167V 2P

LEE HARVEY OSVALD, AKA, IS DASK.

RE CINCINNATI TEL DEC. THREE INSTANT.

CAROL ELIZABETH HYDE, SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY, OBERLIN COLLEGE, OHIO, INTERVIEWED DEC. THREE INSTANT BY SAS ROBERT M. WILSON AND ALFRED L. ANDERSON. HYDE ADVISED HER RECOLLECTION IS THAT HER DAUGHTER, RUTH PAINE MET MARINA OSVALD AT AN UNKNOWN PRIVATE HOME IN EARLY SIXTYTHREE. HER INTEREST IN MARINA WAS IN CONNECTION WITH HER DESIRE TO BECOME PROFICIENT IN THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE. MRS. PAINE BROUGHT MARINA TO HER HOME IN IRVING, TEXAS, SOMETIME AFTER SEPT. THIRTY, SIXTYTHREE. A LETTER FROM MRS. PAINE DATED OCT. FIFTEEN LAST INDICATED LEE OSVALD HAD COME TO DALLAS AND WAS ABLE TO GET A JOB BUT HAD NOT A ROOM IN DALLAS BUT SPENT THE WEEKENDS AT THE PAINE RESIDENCE. HYDE STATED SHE HAS NEVER MET MARINA OR LEE OSVALD AND

END PAGE ONE

62 DEC 11 1963

PAGE TWO

KNOWS NOTHING OF THEIR POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY AS SHE HAS NEVER DISCUSSED THIS WITH HER DAUGHTER. HYDE HAD NO INFORMATION REGARDING OSWALD'S POSSIBLE CONNECTION WITH THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. HYDE DOES NOT KNOW JACK RUBENSTEIN.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK PLS

9-35 PM OK FBI WA HSL

4-35 PM OK FBI DL DEC

TU DISC

FBI
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 12-3-63 1-14 PM EST LJ

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, CLEVELAND (105-)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

RE CINCINNATI TEL DEC. TWO LAST TO DIRECTOR AND SACS CLEVELAND AND DALLAS, AND TWO TELEPHONE CALLS FROM CINCINNATI TO CLEVELAND, DATED DEC. TWO LAST.

FRANK J. SCHROETER, PRESENTLY CONFINED MARION COUNTY JAIL, MARION, OHIO, ON WORTHLESS CHECK CHARGE, INTERVIEWED DEC. TWO LAST, ADMITS BEING ALCOHOLIC AND INTOXICATED PAST SEVERAL DAYS, PRESENTLY IN DT STAGE, CLAIMS HE WAS BORN IN GERMANY AND GRADUATED UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME, NINETEEN THIRTY FOUR, CLAIMS UNKNOWN MAN FROM ILLINOIS, TWO THIRTY AM, DEC. TWO LAST, CAME TO HIS ROOM, HIGHWAY HOTEL, MARION, OHIO, AND PUT GUN ON HIM AND THREATENED TO KILL HIM CLAIMING HE HAD BEEN HIRED TO KILL HIM FOR FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS. SCHROETER CLAIMED HE TALKED MAN OUT OF KILLING BY OFFERING TO GIVE HIM

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-1361
DEC 10 1963

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS NINE AM DEC. TWO LAST.

SCHROETER CLAIMS MAN WANTED TO KILL HIM SINCE HE, SCHROETER, WAS AWARE OF DOPE SMUGGLING ACTIVITIES IN CLEVELAND, OHIO, AND NORFOLK, VIRGINIA. SCHROETER CLAIMS HE IS MEMBER OF COSA NOSTRA.

SCHROETER CLAIMS HE BORROWED CAR OF JOE LYNN, MARION, OHIO, TO GO TO CHICAGO, NOV. TWENTYSIX LAST. THERE HE CONTACTED MAN, NAME UNKNOWN, WHO OWNS ROOSEVELT SHOE STORE, ROOSEVELT AVE., IN CHICAGO. THIS MAN SELLS NUNN-BUSH AND TWEETIE SHOES. ON THURSDAY, NOV. TWENTYEIGHT LAST, MAN IN SHOE STORE ASKED SCHROETER IF HE WOULD CONTACT RUSSIAN EMBASSY IN NEW YORK AND TRY TO BLACKMAIL THE RUSSIANS FOR ONE AND ONE HALF MILLION DOLLARS SINCE HE, THE MAN IN CHICAGO, KNEW RUSSIA PAID LEE HARVEY OSWALD TWENTYFIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS TO KILL PRESIDENT KENNEDY. OSWALD, ACCORDING TO MAN IN CHICAGO, WAS PAID FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS IN CASH AND TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS IN TRAVELLERS CHEQUES ON A BANK IN NEW YORK CITY. SCHROETER SAID MRS. OSWALD HAS TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS IN TRAVELLERS CHEQUES IN DALLAS, TEXAS. SCHROETER CLAIMS MAN IN CHICAGO WILL CONTACT HIM LATER RE

END PAGE TWO.

DEAL AND IF SCHROETER APPROACHES THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY HE WILL GET TEN PER CENT OF THE BLACKMAIL MONEY.

SCHROETER CLAIMS THAT NIGHT OF NOV. TWENTYSEVEN LAST HE REGISTERED PALMER HOUSE HOTEL, CHICAGO, UNDER TRUE NAME.

SCHROETER-S SISTER, MARION, OHIO, STATES SCHROETER BORN IN OHIO AND NEVER GRADUATED FROM HIGH SCHOOL OR ATTENDED UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME.

WOMAN WHO LIVES ACROSS THE STREET FROM SCHROETER-S RESIDENCE, SOUTH OF MARION, OHIO, STATED SCHROETER WAS IN MARION NOV. TWENTYEIGHT LAST.

JOE FLYNN STATED HE DID NOT LOAN HIS CAR TO SCHROETER LAST WEEK AND HAS NOT SEEN SCHROETER SINCE SEPTEMBER, SIXTY THREE.

IN VIEW OF THE ABOVE, NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK PLS

1-24 PM OK FBI WA NH

12-24 PM OK FBI DL FEA

TU BOTH DIS

cc Dr. Rose

FBI
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 4
TELETYPE

URGENT 12-3-63 12-45 AM JAA

TO DIRECTOR 3- AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW YORK (105-38431) 040643

LEE HARVEY OSVALD, IS-R.

ON DEC. 3, INSTANT, [redacted] MADE AVAILABLE A POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT FORM 3578, UNSTAMPED, ADDRESSED TO "WORKER", BOX 8, MADISON SQUARE STATION, NEW YORK 10, NY. THE REVERSE SIDE OF THE CARD REFLECTED A NEW ADDRESS FOR LEE H. OSVALD, DATED NOVEMBER 5, YEAR NOT INDICATED, SHOWING HIS NEW ADDRESS AS POST OFFICE BOX 6225, DALLAS, TEXAS, WITH NO INDICATION AS TO HIS OLD ADDRESS REFLECTED THEREON.

[redacted] ALSO MADE AVAILABLE AN ADDRESSOGRAPH TYPE LABEL BEARING AN ADDRESS FOR "LEE H. OSVALD, 2515 W. 5 STREET, IRVING, TEXAS, 2 20 64 - RR - W CR", THE CODE INDICATES OSVALD HAD A TWELVE MONTH SUBSCRIPTION TO THE WORKER EXPIRING FEBRUARY 20, 1964.

END

VA 12-47 AM NT R 4 VA EFM

REC 108 105-82555-302

5 DEC 9 1963

72 DEC 11 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 12-36 PM ML

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ AND SAC DALLAS 89-43 AND SAN ANTONIO

FROM SAC DENVER 89-41

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASK X.

MRS. SHIRLEY LEONARD, THREE TWO SEVEN SOUTH VAUGHN WAY, AURORA, COLO. TODAY ADVISED SHE RECEIVED LETTER FROM HER SON, DENNIS LEONARD, RESIDENCE THIRTEEN ZERO SEVEN COLUMBUS, WACO, TEXAS, APT. J, EMPLOYED AT WILTON SHELL GAS STATION ON LA SALLE, WACO, TEXAS, TO EFFECT HE HAD HEARD JACK RUBY AND LEE OSWALD HAD, AT ONE TIME, PREVIOUSLY LIVED TOGETHER IN WACO, TEXAS, NEAR SERVICE STATION WHERE HE IS EMPLOYED.

SAN ANTONIO, AT WACO, TEXAS, INTERVIEW DENNIS LEONARD FOR SOURCE OF THIS INFORMATION AND RESOLVE THE MATTER.

END AND ACK

2-VA 2-52 PM OK FBI VA LA

DL 1-45 PM OK FBI DL LEA

SA 1-4 PM OK FBI SA MRH

TU DISC

100-109060-303

BOI JCW

DEC 9 1963

CC-WR ROSEN

DEC 5 1963

68 DEC 11 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 PM CST CJH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2999)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH IS DASH R

RE-OSWALD DASH BACKGROUND

BE DALLAS TEL TO NEW ORLEANS AND NEW ORLEANS TEL TO BUREAU BOTH DATED DECEMBER THREE LAST CONCERNING HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA EQUIVALENCY CERTIFICATE.

ELIZABETH HOLTON, INSTRUCTION DIVISION, TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY, AUSTIN, TEXAS, DECEMBER FIVE INSTANT ADVISED SA M. T. BURK RECORDS OF THAT AGENCY DO NOT REVEAL A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA EQUIVALENCY CERTIFICATE HAS EVER BEEN ISSUED TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND NO RECORD CONCERNING OSWALD COULD BE LOCATED IN THEIR FILES.

END AND ACK PLS.

BEGINNING TIME WAS 3-06 PM

WA 4-09 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 3-09 PM OK FBI DL FEA

JH CLEAR

100-82555-304

25 DEC 9

DECEMBER 3, 1963

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SACS, NEW YORK
DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R

INFORMATION RECEIVED THIS DATE FROM OSA THAT AN EMPLOYEE, [redacted] NEW YORK CITY, HAD RELAYED INFORMATION TO HER SUPERIORS THAT ANOTHER EMPLOYEE, HUGO T. SEGARRA, TYPIST, COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION, AT THIRTY CHURCH STREET, NYC, STATED THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY WOULD BE KILLED BY A CUBAN ORGANIZATION, ACCORDING TO [redacted] SEGARRA IS SAID TO BE A MEMBER OF THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE ORGANIZATION AND HAD SHOWN HER HIS MEMBERSHIP CARD. SEGARRA IS FROM DALLAS, TEXAS, HAVING BEEN TRANSFERRED INTO REGION TWO, OSA, IN APRIL, SIXTYTHREE, BUT HE REMAINED ONLY TWO WEEKS THERE. HE HAS BEEN ON DUTY SINCE SEPTEMBER FOUR, SIXTYTHREE, IN NYC. SEGARRA APPEARED TO BE ELATED OVER NEWS OF PRESIDENT'S ASSASSINATION BUT CLAIMED HIS

1 - Mr. Sullivan

REC-11 105-82555-305

DEC 11 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963

105-124043-1

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS
DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS
DOD DIR 5200.10
FEB 02 1973

TELETYPE TO SACs, NEW YORK AND DALLAS
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

ATTITUDE WHEN THIS DID NOT REST WELL WITH HIS CO-WORKERS.

SEGARRA, ACCORDING TO PERSONNEL FILES, WAS BORN APRIL ONE, THIRTYTHREE, AT GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA, AND IS RESIDING AT ONE EIGHT NINE THREE VYSE AVENUE, BRONX, NEW YORK.

NEW YORK OBTAIN COMPLETE DETAILS FROM [redacted] AND THEREAFTER INTERVIEW SEGARRA.

2

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963
TELETYPE

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 5-08 PM NEO

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, DETROIT /100-31969/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD/ IS DASH R

RE DETROIT TELETYPE DECEMBER TWO LAST, AND DETROIT LETTERS DECEMBER THREE AND FOUR LAST, MARKED ATTENTION FBI LABORATORY.

PAREN INFO RE SUBJECTS NAME WRITTEN INSIDE NYC FREIGHT CAR END PAREN.

RUSSELL NORMAN TORREY, ROUTE THREE, VASSAR, MICH., ADVISED HE WROTE INSCRIPTION ON INSIDE OF NYC FREIGHT CAR NO. ONE TWO FOUR FOUR SEVEN FIVE ON NOVEMBER TWENTYSIX LAST, WHILE UNLOADING THE CAR AT SUPER FOODS, INC., VASSAR.

LABORATORY IS REQUESTED TO DISCONTINUE ANY EXAMINATION OF MATERIAL PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED BY DETROIT CONCERNING THIS MATTER.

END AND ACK PLS

REC 37 105-82555-306

ST-104

2- VA 2-12 PM OK FBI WA

DL 4-11 PM OK FBI DL FEA

TU BOTH

HOLD 1 DEC 1963

58 DEC 11 1963

DEC 9

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 2-40 PM AJD

TO DIRECTOR (105-82555) AND SAC DALLAS (100-10461)

FROM SAC LOUISVILLE (105-20) 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS-DASH.

ON DECEMBER NINE INSTANT, MRS. GERTRUDE CATHERINE ACKERMAN, WHITE, FORTY EIGHT, LOUISVILLE, KY., ADVISED THAT ON A SATURDAY IN MID SEPTEMBER /FOURTEENTH/ LAST SHE SAW A MAN SHE BELIEVED TO BE LEE HARVEY OSWALD, UNKEMPT APPEARANCE, IN A NEIGHBORHOOD BAR LOUISVILLE, CLAIMS SAW SAME MAN AGAIN ON NOVEMBER NINE LAST, NEATLY DRESSED, AT ANOTHER BAR NEAR FIRST AND THEREAFTER ON SAME NIGHT HAD CONTACT WITH MAN RESEMBLING AND USING NAME JACK RUBY AT FIRST BAR MENTIONED. MRS. ACKERMAN STATES HAS BEEN UNABLE TO WORK FOR TWO YEARS AT HER PROFESSION OF NURSING BECAUSE HER PHONE HAS BEEN TAPPED AND SHE HAS BEEN THREATENED BY UNIDENTIFIED INDIVIDUALS.

OWNER OF FIRST BAR KNOWS ACKERMAN, RECALLS ACKERMAN'S NOVEMBER NINE VISIT, HAS SEEN NO ONE RESEMBLING OSWALD OR RUBY IN BAR ON THAT OR ANY OTHER OCCASION. NO FURTHER ACTION THIS ASPECT LOUISVILLE UNLESS WHEREABOUTS OF OSWALD AND RUBY ON PERTINENT DATES NOT YET ESTABLISHED.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

2 PM TO BE ADVISED

REC 7 105-82555-0309

58 DEC 11 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 3-30 PM DLR

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, DALLAS AND MIAMI 89-32

FROM SAC, BIRMINGHAM 89-43

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

ALBERT PEBSONS, [redacted] AND EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER, WEEKLY BIRMINGHAM CONSERVATIVE PAPER, ADVISED INSTANT JOHN MARTINO, A MIAMI BUSINESSMAN TO ARRIVE BIRMINGHAM DECEMBER TEN, AND TO ADDRESS GROUP AT STOCKHAM VALVE, BIRMINGHAM DECEMBER ELEVEN. REPUTEDLY MARTINO WILL DISCUSS TIME SPENT AS PRISONER OF FIDEL CASTRO AND COMMENT ON LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S ACTIVITIES IN MIAMI. MARTINO WILL ALSO EXHIBIT PHOTOSTATIC COPIES OF CHECKS REPUTEDLY PROVING OSWALD'S FINANCIAL SUPPORT.

DALLAS AND MIAMI ADVISE IF MARTINO PREVIOUSLY INTERVIEWED RE OSWALD'S ACTIVITIES.

END AND ACK PLS

MM AND DL TO BE ADVISED SEPARATELY

WA 3-33 PM OK BI WA RL

TU CLEAR

REC 50 105-82555-308

DEC 11 1963

53 DEC 11 1963

ST-104

CC-MR ROSEN

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

5 81

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL SEE BELOW
(Priority or Method of Handling)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NORFOLK (89-17) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

(00: DALLAS)

Re Norfolk airtel 12/5/63, which transmitted a letterhead memorandum concerning RAYMOND REPORD SANDS. Enclosed is another letterhead memorandum concerning SANDS; 10 - Bureau; 2 - Dallas; 1 each - Little Rock and Oklahoma City.

The letterhead memorandum sets forth information concerning the location of SANDS in Memphis, Tenn.

When this information was received in the Norfolk office, it was furnished to Special Agent L. M. FARMER, U.S. Secret Service, on 12/5/63.

The Bureau may desire to disseminate both memoranda on SANDS to the Secret Service.

Inasmuch as no information has been developed linking SANDS to OSWALD, no lead is being set forth for the Memphis Division to interview SANDS, NACB. This appears to be a matter of primary interest to the Secret Service at this time inasmuch as SANDS had remarked that he was acquainted with President and Mrs. JOHNSON.

3 - Bureau (ENCLOSURE) (REGISTERED)
2 - Dallas (Enc. - 2) (REGISTERED) (AIR MAIL)
1 - Little Rock (INFO) (Enc. - 1) (REGISTERED - AIR MAIL)
1 - Oklahoma City (INFO) (Enc. - 1) (REGISTERED - AIR MAIL)
1 - Norfolk

(8)

DEC 5 105-82555-309

DEC 9

DEC 10

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Norfolk, Virginia

December 6, 1963

RAYMOND REFORD SANDS

On December 5, 1963, Lieutenant Colonel Joseph M. Sands, 2768 Fergusson Circle, Fort Eustis, Virginia, advised that when he returned to his quarters during the evening on that date he noted that he had received a post card from his brother, Raymond Sands. Sands asked for $500.00 and indicated that his "rent was up on Tuesday night." Raymond advised that he was staying in Room 417, Catholic Club, Memphis, Tennessee.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

27 COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 02 1973

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Norfolk, Virginia

December 6, 1963

RE: RAYMOND REFORD SANDS

On December 5, 1963, Lieutenant Colonel Joseph M. Sands, 2768 Fergusson Circle, Fort Eustis, Virginia, advised that when he returned to his quarters during the evening on that date he noted that he had received a post card from his brother, Raymond Sands. Sands asked for $500.00 and indicated that his "rent was up on Tuesday night." Raymond advised that he was staying in Room 417, Catholic Club, Memphis, Tennessee.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, PORTLAND (44-225)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R

VERNON H. WILSON, 3609 Potter Street, Eugene, Oregon contacted SA JOHN R. McCULLOCH on 12/3/63 at Eugene, Oregon to ask how he could obtain the address of OSWALD's widow. It was learned from him that he was extremely shocked by President KENNEDY's assassination and then when OSWALD was killed he became even more upset. He said he cannot sleep because of constant worry over what will happen to OSWALD's widow and children; that he can think of nothing else and had finally decided to write to Mrs. OSWALD and offer her the hospitality of his home, financial assistance, or the adoption of her children. He said that he was embarrassed to advise of these plans because they are so foreign to anything he has ever before contemplated; that he is not in good financial condition and has never been particularly generous or public spirited, but he is completely unable to shake the overpowering feeling that he must help the OSWALDS, with whom he has never had any contact whatsoever.

WILSON said he is a house builder and has been in Eugene since 1946. He is married and has two children. He was noted to be in his mid thirties, 5' 6", thin build, curly brown hair, large red nose with pitted scars. He admitted having been under great nervous tension recently because of business problems and to have consulted a physician in that regard prior to the assassination. He said he might not write to Mrs. OSWALD until after he again consults his doctor.

(3) Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - Portland
WSB:ojg

DECLASSIFIED COPY

PD 44-225

Eugene Police Department records show only a few traffic violations for WILSON and Eugene Credit Bureau records show a satisfactory credit record and that WILSON was born in 1926 and has been employed by Eugene Water and Electric Bureau for eleven years.

The above is being forwarded at this time as a matter of information. No further report will be submitted.

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-6-63 2-38 PM JLS

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, CHICAGO 62-6119 2-P

HARVEY LEE OSWALD, IS DASH R.

Lee Harvey

REFERENCE SECTION CHIEF J. L. HANDLEY-S TELEPHONE CALL TO CHICAGO THIS DATE.

THE FOLLOWING PERSONS WERE CONTACTED THIS DATE BY SA JAMES L. O'CONNOR RE ANY KNOWLEDGE OF A QUOTE PACK ONE FIVE, UNQUOTE, IN OR AROUND THE AREA OF JOLIET, ILLINOIS, WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS:

HENRY SCHELLING, CHIEF OF POLICE, JOLIET PD, CAPTAIN ORVILLE BELFIELD, PAREN NA END PAREN, JOLIET PD, CAPTAIN ROBERT GEORGANTAS, PAREN NA END PAREN, DIST FIVE, ILL. STATE POLICE, JOLIET, ILL., POSTMASTER PAUL SCHNUCKER, JOLIET, ASST. SUPERINTENDENT OF MAILS JAMES BOSSINGHAM, POST OFFICE, JOLIET, CHIEF DEPUTY FRANK SKUL, SHERIFF-S OFFICE, JOLIET, DEPUTIES JOHN SHELLY AND TOM CAVANAUGH, SHERIFF-S OFFICE, JOLIET, A. HODGE, ASST MGR, CREDIT BUREAU OF WILL COUNTY, JOLIET, ILL., OFFICER EARNEY JURISOTO, CREST HILL PD.

END PAGE ONE

REC'D

DEC 10 1963

PAGE TWO

CG 62-6119

OFFICERS OF THE BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA AND GIRL SCOUTS OF AMERICA, JOLIET, ILLINOIS, WERE ALSO CONTACTED WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS. CHICAGO INDICES NEGATIVE. CHICAGO POSTAL INSPECTORS NEGATIVE.

END AND ACK PLS

VA 6-52 PM OK FBI VA VS

TU DISC

8

DCL MR. RISEN

COMMUNICATIONS SECT

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-6-63 HMD

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, LOUISVILLE (105-820) AND DALLAS

FROM SAC, BUFFALO (105-446)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

RE LOUISVILLE TEL DECEMBER FIVE LAST.

TIMOTHY RIORDAN, AGE SEVENTYONE, FIVE TRECIAN AVE, MIDDLEPORT, NY, RETIRED CHEMICAL PLANT MAINTENANCE SUPERVISOR, ADVISED HE IS LIFETIME MEMBER NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION AND HUNTER AND GUN ENTHUSIAST. HE ORDERED ONE HUNDRED ROUNDS OF SIX POINT FIVE MM, MANNLICHER - CARCANO CARTRIDGES FROM ELMER DOYCE GUN SHOP, THREE THREE SIX SCOTT ST., COVINGTON, KENTUCKY, ON FEBRUARY TWELVE SIXTYTWO FOR USE IN PRIVATELY OWNED CARBINE. RIORDAN DISPLAYED FIVE BOXES OF THESE CARTRIDGES PACKED TWENTY TO A BOX AND ALL ARE INTACT WITH NONE FIRED OR MISSING.

RIORDAN HAS NOT ATTEMPTED TO SELL CARTRIDGES AND DID NOT KNOW SUBJECT.

ABOVE INFO WILL BE INCLUDED IN REPORT.

END AND ACK PLS

12-41 PM OK FBI DL VD

12-RA PM OK FBI LS RPM

1-45 PM OK FBI WASH DC RM

TU DISC HT

REC-86 105-82555-318

DEC 10 1963

59 DEC 11 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1963

TELETYPE

U R G E N T 12/7/63 8-02 PM EST VR

TO DIRECTOR 105-82555 AND SAC, CLEVELAND 105-7674

FROM SAC, PITTSBURGH 105-3070

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS - R

RE CLEVELAND TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND PITTSBURGH,

DECEMBER SIX, LAST.

ATTEMPTS TO LOCATE SPRINGFIELD SPORTERS COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

NEGATIVE. MR. N. J. SADJA, FIREARMS UNLIMITED, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

ADVISED WILLIAM ROGERS USED TO HAVE A SURPLUS PARTS AND GUN SHOP ON

THE NORTH SIDE OF PITTSBURGH BUT WENT OUT OF BUSINESS ABOUT ONE YEAR

AGO AND HE BELIEVES ROGERS IS PRESENTLY LOCATED AT INDIANA, PA., IN

A SIMILAR TYPE BUSINESS VENTURE.

WILLIAM ROGERS OWNER OF SPRINGFIELD SPORTERS CORP., PENN RUN,

PA., ADVSED TODAY THAT ON NINE TWENTYFIVE SIXTYTWO

HIS WIFE OPERATED A STORE KNOWN AS ALLIANCE FIREARMS CO., ONE TWO TWO

SEVEN FEDERAL ST., PITTSBURGH, PA WHILE HE OPERATED SPRINGFIELD

SPORTERS. HE STATED HE HAS PURCHASED AMMUNITION FROM ELMER JOYCE, COVENIN

COVEINUNGTON KY., OF SAME MAKE SET OUT IN REC'D 105-82555-313

HE STATED NEITHER STORE SHIPPED AMMUNITION OR GUNS OUT OF THE

STATE BECAUSE IT IS TOO EXPENSIVE. HE HAS NEVER SOLD AMMUNITION

TO OSWALD AT PGH., PA., PENN RUN, PA., OR ANYWHERE ELSE. RUC. DEC 10 1963

COOR PLS FIRST WORD LINE IS COVENINGTON

END AND AK PLS

53 DEC 11 1963

FBI
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 7 1963
TELETYPE

DRGET

URGENT 12-7-63 4-11 PM MAH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES /105-15825/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R.

RE DALLAS TELEPHONE CALL TO LOS ANGELES, TEN FORTY FIVE AM, DECEMBER SEVEN INSTANT.

GEORGE ROSE, OWNER, GEORGEROSE COMPANY, LOS ANGELES, ADVISED SA CHESTER C. ORTON TODAY THAT AMMUNITION IS ONLY SOLD BY MAIL ORDER WHEN A FIREARM IS PURCHASED. THE AMMUNITION IS NEVER SOLD SEPARATELY. NO AMMUNITION WAS SHIPPED OR SOLD WITH PURCHASE OF S AND W THIRTY SPECIAL TO HIDELL.

ALL AMMUNITION SOLD BY ROSE COMPANY ARE RELOADS.

ROSE COMPANY MAINTAINS RECORDS BY SALE NUMBER OF WEAPONS SOLD AND BY INVOICE NUMBER. OSWALD COULD NOT HAVE PURCHASED ANY AMMUNITION FOR REVOLVER OR RIFLE SUBSEQUENT TO MARCH ONE LAST UNLESS HE PURCHASED ANOTHER WEAPON AND

END OF PAGE ONE

DOA

REC 10 105-82555-314

26 DEC 10 1963

DEC 11 1963

104

PAGE TWO

ORDERED AMMUNITION AS PART OF THAT PURCHASE. REPORT A

FOLLOWS

END AND PLS ACK

WA 7-2 1 PM OK FBI VA VS

THIS IS DL-I A M SORRY BUT YOU WILL HAVE TO SEND OF VER TO ME

SAS AVAS ALL GARBLED

OK WILL CALL U BACKOK

HOLD

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-7-63 4-31 PM HAL 2P

TO DIRECTOR

SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

FROM SAC, BALTIMORE (89-30)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, AFO.

RE DALLAS TEL TO BA AND OTHER OFFICES TODAY, WITH LEAD TO BA TO IDENTIFY SUBSCRIBER TO BETHESDA, MARYLAND, PHONE NUMBER, CALL BEING MADE TO THIS NUMBER JUNE TWENTY LAST FROM PHONE OF MICHAEL R. PAINE, IRVING, TEXAS.

RE TEL REFLECTS CALL MADE TO ONE FRANKLIN HOKE AND REQUESTED TO CHECK OFFICE INDICES, CREDIT AND CRIMINAL, ESTABLISH EXTENT AND NATURE OF CONTACT WITH PAINE FAMILY AND OR LEE HARVEY AND MARINA OSWALD.

CURRENT PHONE DIRECTORY REFLECTS JOHN L. HOKE, FIVE FOUR TWO ONE VANETA ROAD HAS THIS BETHESDA PHONE NUMBER.

BA INDICES DO NOT REFLECT ANY INFORMATION IDENTIFIABLE WITH FRANKLIN HOKE OR JOHN L. HOKE. SA JOHN R. ALE, JR.

DETERMINED FROM TDC CREDIT BUREAU THAT JOHN L. HOKE, WHITE MALE, AGE THREE SEVEN, IS EMPLOYED BY THE ATLANTIC RECORDS CORPORATION, WIFE SYLVIA, NO CHILDREN, FORMERLY EMPLOYED INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND HAS RESIDENCE SINCE MARCH, NINETEEN SIXTY TWO AT FIVE FOUR TWO ONE VANETA ROAD. THESE

END PAGE ONE

REC 105-82555-315

DEC 10 1963

BA 89-30

PAGE TWO

RECORDS FURTHER REFLECT THAT HE FORMERLY LIVED IN SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND, WDC, AND FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA. NO CREDIT RECORD COULD BE LOCATED FOR FRANKLIN HOKE.

LT. EARL MCCULLOUGH MONTGOMERY COUNTY PD, COVERING BETHESDA, MARYLAND, ADVISED NO RECORD FOR FRANKLIN HOKE OR JOHN L. HOKE.

UACB, BA WILL ATTEMPT TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW FRANKLIN HOKE DECEMBER NINE NEXT.

END AND ACK PLS

4-37 PM OK FBI VA WS

TU CLEARM

CC-MR ROSEN

FBI
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 8 1963

URGENT 12/7/63 11-28 PM MST AJ TELETYPE

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, PHOENIX

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

RE PHOENIX TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS DECEMBER SIX LAST.

INTERVIEWS CONDUCTED BY SA HENRY C. GRADY WITH ASSOCIATES OF JUAN E. ACOSTA, SOME OF WHOM HAVE KNOWN HIM FOR THIRTY YEARS, ASSOCIATES SAY HE IS UNRELIABLE AND A LIAR. JUAN E. ACOSTA ON FEBRUARY FOUR NINETEEN FIFTYFIVE WAS INJURED IN MINE ACCIDENT AT SUPERIOR, ARIZONA. ACOSTA SUBSQUENTLY RECOMMENDED FOR PSYCHIATRIC EXAMINATIONS IN NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN. REPORTS CONFIDENTIALLY REVIEWED AND REFLECT ACOSTA REACTS WITH GREAT DEAL OF DEPRESSIVE AND PESSIMISTIC MOODS. DR. [redacted] ONE OF EXAMINING DOCTORS, STATED IN HIS OPINION ACOSTA HAD POSSIBLY SOME PERSONAL INTEREST IN MAKING SUCH A REPORT AND WAS POSSIBLY IN NEED OF MONEY OR THIS INCIDENT IS AN IDEA CONCEIVED IN HIS OWN MIND WHICH ACOSTA NOW THINKS IS TRUE. [redacted] DESCRIBED ACOSTA AS BEING THEATRICAL IN HIS ACTIONS.

REC-A 105-82555-316

THE PHOENIX OFFICE RECOMMENDS NO ACTION TO BE TAKEN IN VIEW OF ACOSTA-S EMOTIONAL INSTABILITY. ED THREE ZERO TWOS FOLLOW.

END AND ACK PLS

CORRECTION - LINE 10 WRD 2 SHD BE ONE

EX 102

VA - 1-34 AM OK FBI VA HFL

DL - 1-13 SAN OK FBI DL

53 DEC 11 1963

TU CLROLY

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 4-12 P.M. CST PRH

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS.

AFO

RE HOUSTON TEL TO DIRECTOR, DALLAS, AND SAN ANTONIO, DEC SIX, LAST.

ACADEMY SUPER SURPLUS SALES CO., AUSTIN, TEXAS, DOES NOT HANDLE MAIL ORDER BUSINESS ON GUNS OR AMMUNITION AT EITHER OF TWO STORES, AUSTIN.

END AND ACK PLS

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909) (P)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka Alec James Hidell, O. H. Lee
IS - R
(OO: Dallas)

ReBytel to San Antonio 12/3/63, 1:41 p.m., which instructs San Antonio to continue checks in effort to develop method of transportation of OSWALD to Dallas, Texas, where he arrived sometime during 10/3/63.

It is for the assistance of the Oklahoma City, Honolulu, and Atlanta offices, one photograph of OSWALD is being enclosed herewith for each of these three offices. Further for the information of these three offices, information has been developed reflecting an individual using name of LEE H. OSWALD entered Mexico at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico on 9/26/63 and departed Mexico at the same port on 10/3/63.

ST-105

REC 7 105-82555-318

DEC 17 1963

3 - Bureau (AM RM)
2 - Atlanta (Enc. 1) (AM RM)
3 - Dallas (AM RM)
3 - Denver (AM RM)
2 - Honolulu (Enc. 1) (AM RM)
2 - Houston (AM RM)
2 - Oklahoma City (Enc. 1) (AM RM)
2 - St. Louis (AM RM)
2 - San Diego (AM RM)
6 - San Antonio
JMK/dnb
(26)

SOVIET SECTION

SA 105-2909

Recheck with Trans-Texas Airlines (TTA), the only airline operating out of Laredo, Texas, on 12/4-5/63, by SA ROBERT L. CHAPMAN, disclosed that TTA operated three flights out of Laredo on 10/3/63, flight 290 departed Laredo at 7:20 a.m. enroute to San Antonio, Austin, Ft. Worth, and Dallas, Texas. TTA prepares a card for each person boarding this flight at Laredo, Texas. The cards for flight 290 reflect that all persons boarded at Laredo, Texas. The only person who did not have a reservation was one H. VILLAREAL, who came late and paid cash for a one-way trip to San Antonio.

The names of persons boarding at Laredo, Texas, are set out below:

1. L. M. GRAHAM, reservations made on 9/30/63 from the "El Cortez" Hotel, Laredo, Texas. GRAHAM was enroute from Laredo, Texas, to Oklahoma City, Okla.

2. C. IRVING. Reservations made in San Antonio, Texas, and this person came to Laredo from San Antonio by automobile and returned to San Antonio by TTA, one-way ticket.

3. Mrs. W. P. PEARSON. Reservations made on 9/30/63 from Randolph, 2-1614. Mrs. PEARSON was enroute to St. Louis, Mo., via Dallas, Texas.

4. S. C. SIBIENSKI, this person left Laredo, Texas, on the 10/3/63 flight for Lubbock, Texas, and returned to Laredo, Texas, on 10/5/63.

5. E. V. BORCHERS, departed enroute to Austin, Texas, and return to Laredo, Texas. Telephone Randolph 1-6249 (well known Laredo attorney).

6. (FNU) NIETO, Serviceman with copy of orders and was traveling to San Antonio, Texas, enroute to airbase in that city.

7. E. JURGENSEN. Made reservations from Siesta Hotel, Laredo, Texas, and was enroute to Dallas, Texas.

8. C. CASTANEDA, Employee of Bonanza Aircraft Co., enroute to San Antonio, and then to San Diego, California.

SA 105-2909

9. R. LOPEZ, Serviceman enroute to Lackland AFB. Had orders and ticket paid by JAMTO Office at Lackland AFB.

10. W. T. NEBLETT, 1420 Lane Street, Laredo, Texas, enroute to San Antonio, Los Angeles, California, and Honolulu, Hawaii.

11. H. VILLARREAL - Came to the airport on the morning of 10/3/63 and purchased a ticket to San Antonio, Texas (no additional information available).

Flight 291 is from Laredo to Houston via the Rio Grande Valley. Only one person boarded this flight that departs at 12:00 p.m. and arrives in Houston at 3:10 p.m. The only passenger boarding at Laredo, Texas, was H. R. HUNTER, enroute to Houston, Texas, using an Eastern Airline Ticket, Number 526, from Houston to San Antonio as part payment.

Flight 292 of TTA departs Laredo at 6:45 p.m. enroute to San Antonio, Austin, Ft. Worth, and Dallas. Six persons boarded this flight and they are as follows:

1. E. GUTIERREZ - RA 3 7834 (Laredo) who had one-way ticket from Laredo, Texas, to San Antonio.

2. L. DRATH - RA 3 5586 (Laredo) who had one-way ticket from Laredo, Texas, to San Antonio.

3. C. P. YACKY, Airman Third Class, Laredo AFB, 36th USAF Hospital Group, enroute to Dallas, Texas, and Macon, Ga.

4. B. HALTOM - Made reservations from Holiday Hotel and had ticket to Dallas, Texas.

5. DE LEON - RA 2 9013 (Laredo) enroute to San Antonio and to Mexico, D. F. Came to Laredo from [illegible] on flight 290, 10/3/63.

6. A. VILLARREAL
S/ MARTINEZ
(FNU) BELTRAN - All three were arrested while traveling

on orders and enroute to Colorado Springs, Colorado, via Dallas.

DON MORGAN, Airport Manager, Laredo Municipal Airport, advised SA ROBERT L. CHAPMAN that he only had two planes for rent and they were both trainers and were not rented on 10/2-3/63. MORGAN viewed the photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY and advised that they had not been in his airport.

MORGAN reviewed the gas tickets for 10/2-3/63 and advised that he knew all persons who had gassed up on 10/2-3/63 and that OSWALD had not obtained a ride with any of these persons.

All personnel at ITA were exhibited photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY by SA ROBERT L. CHAPMAN, and they advised that they did not know the subjects or had not seen them at the Airport.

LEADS

TO ALL OFFICES RECEIVING COPIES OF THIS COMMUNICATION:

All offices receiving copies of this communication are requested to locate immediately individuals mentioned in their area and to interview these persons to ascertain if any of them recall seeing an individual fitting the description of subject and, if so, interview them regarding any details they may have concerning this person. Will also exhibit photograph of subject.

The San Antonio office is endeavoring to obtain further background information on any of these persons who appear, from the records set forth above, to have some connection in the San Antonio Division.

All offices receiving this airtel refer to Butels to all SACs 11/30/63 (4:38 p.m.) and 12/1/63 (6:52 p.m.).

One copy of reports written reflecting positive information should be furnished to the San Antonio Division.

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 319

PAGE NO. 1

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

6

State Department

REFERRAL

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 320

PAGE NO. 1

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

6

State Department

REFERRAL

FD-11 (Rev. 11-12-62)

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (REGISTERED) (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (105-15823) (P)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

OO: DALLAS

Sgt. DAVID WALLACE RANSBERGER, USMC 1064516, Repair Battalion, Yermo Annex, USMC Supply Center, Barstow, California, furnished the following information to SA HAROLD E. NEWPHER on 12/5/63:

In 1956, RANSBERGER was assigned to Marine Corps Air Facility, Santa Ana and Marine Air Base, El Toro, California. In August, 1957, he was transferred to Marine Air Base Squadron, Atsuga, Japan. He returned to El Toro on 11/15/58.

During the initial tour of duty at El Toro in 1956, RANSBERGER was acquainted with an individual with the last name of OSWALD who possibly is identical to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The degree of association was not close. RANSBERGER recalled that one of his duties was to furnish repair parts for vehicles and generators to a unit to which OSWALD was assigned.

RANSBERGER recalled that OSWALD was either a private or a PFC, who was "always alone." RANSBERGER said that OSWALD was constantly critical of the Marine Corps. RANSBERGER is unable to furnish any additional information.

DOWNGRADED TO _____

105-82555-321

Report follows.

REC-[illegible] DEC 9 1963

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - Los Angeles

CCO:ML
(7)

SOVIET SECTION

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-7-63 6-16 PM RAM

TO DIRECTOR (62-109601) AND SAC, DALLAS (105-82555)

FROM SAC, CHICAGO (62-6113) (P) 2 PAGES

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

RE DALLAS TELEPHONE CALL TWELVE SEVEN, SIXTY THREE.

MITCHELL SCIBOR, GENERAL PRODUCTION MANAGER, KLEINS SPORTING GOODS INC., FOUR FIVE FOUR ZERO WEST MADISON STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, ADVISED SA FRANCIS M. HENWOOD TWELVE SEVEN, SIXTY THREE, THAT ITALIAN CARBINE SERIAL NUMBER C TWO SEVEN SIX SIX WAS SOLD BY KLEINS TO A. HIDELL, DALLAS, TEXAS, WITH FOUR POWER RIFLE SCOPE MOUNTED. THIS IS SHOWN ON THE ORDER AS QUOTE ITALIAN CARBINE SIX POINT FIVE W FOUR X SCOPE UNQUOTE FOR SINGLE PRICE NINETEEN DOLLARS NINETY FIVE CENTS. SCIBOR ADVISED THAT IF THE RIFLE WERE SOLD ALONE THE PRICE WOULD BE TWELVE DOLLARS SEVENTY EIGHT CENTS. IF RIFLE HAD BEEN SHIPPED WITH RIFLE SCOPE UNMOUNTED, SEPARATE ENTRIES AND SEPARATE PRICES WOULD HAVE BEEN SHOWN ON ORDER BLANK FOR BOTH RIFLE AND RIFLE SCOPE. SCIBOR ADVISED THAT THE RIFLE WOULD HAVE BEEN PACKED WITH SCOPE MOUNTED AND RIFLE ASSEMBLED AND THEN ENTIRE UNIT WRAPPED FOR MAILING.

SCIBOR ADVISED THAT A SEARCH OF THE RECORDS WAS MADE FOR ANY OTHER PURCHASES IN THE VARIATIONS OF THE NAME HIDELL AS WELL IN THE NAME LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND NO OTHER ORDERS OR SALES TO ANYONE USING THESE

END PAGE ONE

DEC 10 1963

74 DEC 11 1963

CG 62-6113

PAGE TWO

NAMES WERE FOUND.

SCIBOR STATED THAT NO SALES OF AMMUNITION WERE FOUND UNDER THESE NAMES INCLUDING AMMUNITION FOR THE RIFLE OR A THIRTY-EIGHT CALIBER REVOLVER. THE RECORDS WERE SEARCHED FROM FEBRUARY TWENTY-TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY-THREE, THE DATE KLEINS RECEIVED THE RIFLE IN STOCK TO NOVEMBER TWENTY-TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY-THREE.

FD THREE ZERO TWO TO FOLLOW.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 7-21 PM OK FBI WA WS

DL 6-22 PM OK FBI DL VRC

TU DISCM

M

CC-MR ROSEN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-58)

FBI

Date: 12/7/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL AIR MAIL - REGISTERED

Via _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (105-15823)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R

On 12/6/63 [redacted] Los Angeles, California, advised that a [redacted] of his, DENZEL I. GLEASON, now a prisoner at Wayside Honor Rancho, Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office, Castaic, California, indicated recently that he had knowledge of OSWALD associating with CASTRO during CASTRO's New York City visit several years ago.

On 12/6/63 GLEASON advised he never knew OSWALD personally, but recalled he had read in New York City papers of fact that OSWALD marched in a parade for CASTRO held in New York City during his visit to this country, and he saw a photograph in the New York papers of OSWALD and another unidentified former member of the U. S. Armed Forces with CASTRO in New York City. GLEASON had no further information.

(3) Bureau (AIR MAIL - REGISTERED)
2 - Dallas (AIR MAIL - REGISTERED)
1 - Los Angeles
JED:nlb
(6)

105-82555-323

REC 114

DEC 9 196

SOV

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. TURNER

DATE: 12-10-63

FROM : MR. BRANIGAN

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

105-82555

Inspector James Malley called 12-10-63 with the following:

According to Mr. John Sharp, principal of the Arlington Heights High School, Ft. Worth, Texas, Lee Harvey Oswald entered the tenth grade at the high school 9-5-56. He withdrew 9-28-56. According to Mr. Sharp there is no information in his file at the high school showing that he took any kind of an achievement test. Mr. Sharp stated that no diploma would be issued by the high school unless it was earned at that school.

ACTION:

For record purposes.

WAB:hrr
(3)

1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Mr. Gheesling

RECEIVED

105-82555-324

26 DEC 10 1963

DEC 11 1963

Lee Oswald

FEDERAL BUREAUof INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON D.C.

GENTLEMEN:- INTERNATIONAL ZIONISMand INTERNATIONAL CATHOLICISM HAS STRUCK AGAIN, YES, INDEED THEY HAVE., I AM REFERING TO THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAD NOT GOTTEN HOLD OF THE GOVERNMENT YET, HE WAS JUST THE PRESIDENT, BUT HE HAD SUCH A POWERFUL RESTRAINING HAND, SO A RESTRAINING HAND, THST INTERNATIONAL ZIONISM AND INTERANATIONAL CATHOLICISM BECAME FEARFUL OF IT AND CAME TO CONCLUSION THE HE, PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAD TO BE REMOVED FOR INDEED,LE HARVE OSWALD DID PULL THE FATAL TRIGGER, AND INDEED JACK RUBY DID PUT A BULLET IN THE MIDSECTION OF LE HARVE OSWALD TO SHUT HIM UP, FOR LE HARVE OSWALD WAS INDE IN THE PAY OF JACK RUBY, AND JACK RUBY PURPOSELY MADE HIMSELF CONSPICIOUSLY TO THE POLICE AS A PREARRANGE PLAN THAT IF ANY-THING WENT WRONG HE WOULD BE ABLE TO ARREST THE SITUATION AND THAT HE JACK RUBY HAD TO GET TO LE HARVE OSWALD BEFORE HIS HAVING BEEN TRANSFERED TO THE COUNTY JAIL OR ELSE HIS OPPORTUNITY TO SILENCE LE HARVE OSWALD MIGHT HAVE BEEN LOST JACK RUBY WAS THE LOCAL CONTACT MAN AND HE INTRODUCED LE HARVE OSWALD TO COMIT THE CRIME, AND WHEN LE HARVE WAS PIE UP JACK RUBY WENT WILD WITH FEAR. THE LAW HAS IN CUSTODY THE MAN THAT PUT LE HARVE OSWALD UP TO COMITING THIS CRIME, NOW TO FIND OUT WHO PUT JAUK RUBY UP TO DOING WHAT HE DID ALL YOU HAVE TO DO IS GO TO THE MEN THAT SAID,(FOR THE DEFENSE OF JACK RUBY, WE HAVE AN UNLIMITED AMOUNT OF MONEY, THEY ARE THE MEN THATWERE TO PAY JACK RUBY. TO EXCLUDE THE CATHOLIC THE ONLY TWO GENTLEE MEN THAT I KNOW THAT IS ALLIED WITH THESE CONSPIRITORS, IS RICHARD M. NIXON. AND HENRY CABOT LODGE AND, NOW GENTLEMEN, THE ONLY ASPECT OF THIS WHOLE THING THAT STILL HAS ME PUZZLED, IS, WHITHER OR NOR VICE PRESIDENT JOHNSON WAS A PARTY TO THIS ASSASSINATION??????????????

POWERFUL

YOU SEE GENTLEMEN, THIS PLOT HAD BEEN COOKING FOR A LONG TIME IT WAS NOT ONE OF THESE JUST SPURS OF THE MOMENT PLOTS

REC-114 105-82555-325

105-16?155

DEC 10 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D.C.

ROCHESTER
NOV 27
12 M
1963
N.Y.

"ABC
BETTER
SERVICE

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JU

MR. TOLSON
MR. BELMONT
MR. MOHR
MR. CASPER
MR. CALLAHAN
MR. CONRAD
MR. DELOACH
MR. EVANS
MR. GALE
MR. ROSEN
MR. SULLIVAN
MR. TAVEL
MR. TROTTER
MR. JONES
TELE. ROOM
MISS HOLMES
MRS. METCALF
MISS GANDY

Assignment
No Digest
file indicated
reaction offensive

105-82555

DEC 5

FBI

Date: 11/25/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI SECRET

FROM: LEGAT, LONDON (62-new) 10(B)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

[redacted] S

On 11/22/63 at 6:05 Greenwich Time, which would be approximately 25 minutes prior to the actual time of the assassination of President KENNEDY, a newspaper reporter in Cambridge, England, received an anonymous telephone call. The caller, male, told the reporter to contact the American Embassy in London as they would have some big news to give the reporter.U

[redacted] S

[redacted] S

The foregoing information was telephonically communicated to Bureau Supervisor RUSS GARNER at 1:15 P.M. 11/23/63 by Asst. Legat Minnich, with the request that London be advised if the Bureau possessed any information indicating whether OSWALD had ever been in the U.K.U

[redacted]

REC-22 105-82555-326

Traffic Index records reveal the following:

[redacted] SECRET

EX-108

NOV 27 1963

(3) Bureau
1 - Liaison (direct)
1 - London

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

53 DEC 11 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, born 10/18/39, was issued U.S. Passport 1733242 on 9/10/59 in Los Angeles. He arrived at Southampton, England by ship from the Port of Le Havre, France, on 10/9/59. He told the Immigration Officer on arrival that he would be in England for one week on vacation before going to some school in Switzerland. He had $700 in American money with him. He gave no London address. It was presumed he would be staying at a hotel. His passport was stamped permitting him to remain in England for three months. Records show that OSWALD left London Airport the following day, 10/10/59, by air for Helsinki, Finland.

Newspaper accounts in London show that OSWALD arrived in Moscow on 10/13/59.

[redacted] S

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

SECRET

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TCK

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO:DALLAS)

CLASS. & EXT. BY 2040
REASON-FCIM II, 1-4
DATE 7/18/77

Re Tampa airtel 12/3/63 captioned "Assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO." U

Reairtel enclosed interview of one ROBERT BRUCE ALLEN wherein he reported contact with the Cultural Attache, Russian Embassy. U

[redacted] (S)

In the event that this information is subsequently used for dissemination, it should be suitably paraphrased to protect the sensitive source. (U)

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas (100-10461) (RM)
2 - Miami (RM)
2 - Tampa (62-455) (RM)
1 - WFO

REC-22 105-82555-327

JFM:lkc
(10)

AIRTEL

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 2-3
Date of Declassification Indefinite
7/18/77
EFG/TLC

EX-108

25 DEC 9 1963

SOVIET SECTION

CC - Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

SECRET

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 28 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-28-63 3-20 AM CST JM

TO DIRECTOR, FBI 105-82,555

FROM SAC, DALLAS 100-10,461 5 P.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R, CUBA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, AFO. 00-DALLAS.

RE TEL. CALL, NOV. TWENTYSEVEN, INST. FROM MR. BRANIGAN OF THE BUREAU TO DALLAS REQUESTING INFO. REGARDING ACTIVITY OF THE DALLAS DIVISION WITH RESPECT TO THE INVESTIGATION OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, FROM NOV. ONE, LAST TO NOV. TWENTY-TWO LAST.

THE INFO. HEREINAFTER IS REFLECTED IN GENERAL IN NEW ORLEANS ATEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS, OCT. TWENTYFIVE, LAST, DALLAS ATEL TO BUREAU AND NEW ORLEANS OCT. THIRTY, LAST, DALLAS ATEL TO BUREAU, NEW ORLEANS AND LITTLE ROCK, DATED NOV. FOUR, LAST, AND DALLAS TEL. TO BUREAU, NOV. TWENTYFIVE, LAST.

BY REFERENCED ATEL OF OCT. TWENTYFIVE, LAST, RECEIVED AT DALLAS, OCT. TWENTYEIGHT, LAST, NEW ORLEANS ADVISED OSWALD HAD LEFT A FORWARDING ADDRESS WHEN HE LEFT THERE OF APT. FIVE ONE FIVE WEST FIFTH ST., IRVING, TEXAS, ON OCTOBER TWENTY-NINE LAST, SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. TO WHOM THE CASE IS ASSIGNED, MADE A DISCREET NEIGHBORHOOD INVESTIGATION AND DETERMINED OSWALD'S

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-328

EX-117

DEC 10 1963

59 DEC 12

PAGE TWO

WIFE, MARINA OSWALD, HAD BEEN RESIDING AT TWO FIVE ONE FIVE WEST FIFTH, IRVING FOR A SHORT WHILE, BUT OSWALD HIMSELF WAS NOT LIVING THERE ALTHOUGH HE VISITED HIS WIFE AND FAMILY THERE PERIODICALLY. IT WAS ESTABLISHED MRS. OSWALD WAS LIVING WITH A MRS. MICHAEL R. /RUTH/ PAINE, AT THE FOREGOING ADDRESS, MRS. PAINE BEING DESCRIBED AS A RUSSIAN LANGUAGE TEACHER, AT ST. MARKS SCHOOL FOR BOYS, IN DALLAS.

ON OCT. THIRTY-ONE, LAST A CREDIT AND CRIM. CHECK WAS CONDUCTED ON MRS. PAINE AND ENTIRELY FAVORABLE INFO. WAS RECEIVED THERE, AND BY ADDITIONAL INQUIRY THROUGH ST. MARKS SCHOOL IN DALLAS. NO REFERENCES IDENTIFIABLE WITH HER FOUND IN INDICES.

ON NOV. ONE, LAST, MRS. PAINE WAS INTERVIEWED AT TWO FIVE ONE FIVE WEST FIFTY ST., IRVING. SHE CONFIRMED SUBJECT-S WIFE WAS LIVING WITH HER, AND SAID SUBJ. WAS LIVING AND WORKING IN DALLAS, BUT USUALLY VISITED HIS WIFE IN IRVING ON WEEKENDS. MRS. PAINE NAMED SUBJECT-S EMPLOYER AS THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY CO. AT FOUR ONE ONE ELM ST., DALLAS, BUT SAID SHE DID NOT KNOW WHERE HE WAS ROOMING DURING THE WEEK.

END PAGE TWO

MRS. PAINE WAS AGAIN INTERVIEWED ON NOV. FIVE, LAST, BY SA HOSTY AND ANOTHER AGENT. THIS INTERVIEW WAS TERMINATED BEFORE MRS. PAINE COULD BE QUESTIONED TO ANY EXTENT WHEN MRS. OSWALD ENTERED THE ROOM. THE DETAILS OF THIS MATTER SET OUT IN DALLAS RETEL OF NOV. TWENTY-FIVE, LAST.

MRS. OSWALD IS A SOBER SUBJ. AND THE FOREGOING INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED WITH THE THOUGHT IN MIND OF NOT ONLY ATTEMPTING TO ESTABLISH THE LOCATION OF SUBJ. BUT TO LAY A LITTLE GROUND WORK FOR ANTICIPATED EVENTUAL REQUEST FOR SAC AUTHORITY TO INTERVIEW MRS. OSWALD.

MRS. PAINE WAS ENTIRELY FRIENDLY AND COOPERATIVE ON BOTH INTERVIEWS, AND IT WAS FELT AFTER THE LAPSE OF A LITTLE TIME, SHE COULD BE APPROACHED AGAIN AND INTERVIEWED IN DETAIL FOR BACKGROUND AND ACTIVITY INFO. ON BOTH SUBJ. AND WIFE PRIOR TO INTERVIEW OF THE LATTER.

ON NOV. FOUR, LAST AN ATEL WAS SENT TO NEW ORLEANS ADVISING OF THE VERIFICATION OF SUBJECTS PRESENCE IN DALLAS, ON NOV. NINETEEN, LAST. NEW ORLEANS FORM FD-TWO TWO EIGHT, TO BUREAU AND DALLAS, RECEIVED AT DALLAS ON NOV. TWENTY-ONE, LAST, TRANSFERRED ORIGIN FROM NEW ORLEANS TO DALLAS.

END AND HOLD FOR ONE MORE

WFO

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☒ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

URGENT 12-4-63

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC DENVER (62-2118)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R

RE OTHER EVIDENCE.

REBUAIRTEL DATED DECEMBER 3 LAST.

ROBERT EARL CROFT, 709 CLARKSON STREET, DENVER, COLORADO, CONTACTED DECEMBER 4 INSTANT. CROFT AGREEABLE TO BUREAU'S MAKING COPIES OF APPROPRIATE COLOR SLIDES AND EXECUTED WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO THIS EFFECT. SIGNED COPY OF THIS RELEASE BEING RETAINED AS EXHIBIT IN THE DENVER FILE.

RECEIVED: 6:02 PM JWF

MR. [illegible]

EX-107

62-109060-329

65 DEC 16 1963

FBI
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-7-63 3:37 PM VF

TO DIRECTOR (105-82555) AND SAC DALLAS (5-43)

FROM SAC NEW YORK (105-38437) 4P

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS-R

RE DALLAS TEL TO NY, DECEMBER SIXTH LAST.

RETEL INSTRUCTED THAT JACK LESLIE BOVEN, FORMER EMPLOYEE OF JAGGARS DASH CHILES DASH STOVALL, DALLAS BE INTERVIEWED RE ANY CONTACTS WITH OSWALD WHILE BOTH EMPLOYED ABOVE FIRM.

ON DECEMBER SEVENTH INSTANT JACK LESLIE BOVEN, PERMANENT ADDRESS IN CARE OF MRS. PAULINE GRIFFIN ALLEN, SIX ONE FIVE FIVE ROCKINGBIRD LANE, DALLAS, TEXAS, ADVISED SAS JOHN D. HORLEY, JR. AND ROGER H. LEE AS FOLLOWS:

HE IS PRESENTLY IN NYC ON BUSINESS AND IS STAYING AT THE MARTINQUE HOTEL. HE WAS PREVIOUSLY EMPLOYED BY JAGGARS-CHILES-STOVALL, DALLAS AS AN ASSISTANT ART DIRECTOR. HE WAS EMPLOYED IN THIS CAPACITY FOR APPROXIMATELY TWO YEARS TERMINATING HIS EMPLOYMENT IN AUGUST, LAST. IN THE LATE FALL OR EARLY WINTER OF NINETEEN SIXTY TWO LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS EMPLOYED BY JAGGARS-CHILES-STOVALL AS A CAMERA TRAINEE. BOVEN RECALLED THAT OSWALD WAS A WITHDRAWN, ASOCIAL

END OF PAGE ONE

105-82555-330

5 Enc

28 DEC 10 1963

5 DEC 12 1963

PERSON AND WAS NOT LIKED BY FELLOW EMPLOYEES. BOVEN STATED THAT ON ONE OCCASION HE WAS PRESENT WHILE OSWALD WAS DISCUSSING OBTAINING A LIBRARY CARD SO THAT HE COULD CHARGE OUT BOOKS ON THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AT THE PUBLIC LIBRARY. AT THIS TIME OSWALD WAS TALKING TO DENNIS ~~X~~ OFSTEIN, ANOTHER EMPLOYEE. BOVEN TOLD HIM THAT HE WOULD HAVE TO FURNISH THE LIBRARY WITH A REFERENCE PRIOR TO OBTAINING A CARD. BOVEN GAVE HIM HIS FULL NAME AND ADDRESS SO THAT OSWALD COULD USE IT AS A REFERENCE. HE DID NOT GIVE OSWALD HIS OWN LIBRARY CARD AND IS POSITIVE THAT OSWALD NEVER USED HIS CARD TO OBTAIN BOOKS. BOVEN DID STATE THAT OSWALD COULD HAVE SECURED A LIBRARY CARD AND USED BOVEN'S NAME. BOVEN ADVISED THAT HIS, BOVEN'S WIFE, WAS AN EMPLOYEE OF THE DALLAS PUBLIC LIBRARY BUT TO THE BEST OF HIS KNOWLEDGE NEVER KNEW OR HAD ANY CONTACT WITH OSWALD.

BOVEN ADVISED THAT HE DOES NOT HAVE HIS LIBRARY CARD AT THIS TIME AND BELIEVES IT IS IN THE POSSESSION OF EDDIE REDDELL, TWO ZERO ONE SOUTH LANCASTER STREET, DALLAS.

END OF PAGE TWO

BOVEN STATED OSVALD NEVER DISCUSSED POLITICAL BELIEFS OR INTERJECTED INTO POLITICAL DISCUSSION AT WORK. BOVEN DID RECALL THAT OSVALD HAD STATED HE WAS FROM NEW ORLEANS AND HAD SERVED IN THE UNITED STATES MARINES. OSVALD ALSO TOLD FELLOW EMPLOYEES HE WAS INTERESTED IN THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE. BOVEN NEVER MET OSVALD OUTSIDE OF WORK AND THE ONLY OTHER EMPLOYEE THAT DID KNOW OSVALD OUTSIDE OF WORK WAS DENYS OFSTEIN WHO ALSO HAD AN INTEREST IN THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE. BOVEN BELIEVES THAT OFSTEIN HAD OSVALD AND HIS WIFE TO DINNER ON AT LEAST ONE OCCASION.

BOVEN RECALLED BEING PRESENT IN THE OFFICE OF RAY HAWKINS, FOREMAN OF THE PHOTO DEPARTMENT WHEN OSVALD WAS EXPLAINING RUSSIAN SYMBOLS ON MAPS THE FIRM WAS PREPARING FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY.

BOVEN STATED THAT HE REMEMBERED OSVALD RECEIVING A FEW OUTSIDE PHONE CALLS BUT COULD REMEMBER NOTHING ABOUT THESE CALLS. ON ONE OCCASION BOVEN RECEIVED A CALL FROM AN UNKNOWN DALLAS BANK INQUIRING

IF THE FIRM WOULD BACK A CHECK OSWALD WAS CASHING WHICH WAS DRAWN ON A NEW ORLEANS BANK. BOWEN TRANSFERRED THIS CALL TO THE SECRETARY TREASURER OF THE COMPANY.

NO SPECIFIC LEADS ARE BEING SET FORTH IN VIEW OF PROBABILITY THAT PERTINENT INTERVIEWS MAY HAVE ALREADY BEEN CONDUCTED AT JAGGARS CHILES-STOVALL.

END AND PLS ACK

3-48 PM NY R -6- VA HCC

CC-MR ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 1 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-1-63 3-37 PM CST JMD

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC DALLAS /100-10461/ 2 P

CHANGED: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IO; L. H. OSWALD, LEE OSWALD, LEE H. OSWALD, LESLIE OSWALD, A. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, ALEK J. HIDELL, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, O. H. LEE. IS - R - CUBA.

TITLE CHANGED TO INCLUDE ALISAS OF SUBJECT AS DEVELOPED IN COURSE OF INVESTIGATION.

REBUTEL NOV. THIRTY LAST IN CAPTIONED CASE.

FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU, DALLAS WILL INCLUDE FD THREE ZERO TWO/S AND INSERTS SUBMITTED BY OTHER OFFICES IN ASSASSINATION CASE IN THE SECURITY REPORT ON OSWALD REQUESTED IN RETEL. THESE SAME THREE ZERO TWOS AND INSERTS WILL ALSO BE LATER USED IN A SECOND REPORT IN THE ASSASSINATION CASE BEING PREPARED AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE SINCE SUFFICIENT COPIES ARE AVAILABLE.

DALLAS OFFICE WILL NOT INCLUDE IN ITS REPORT IN CAPTIONED CASE ANY INFO SUBMITTED BY OTHER OFFICES IN TELETYPE, AIRTEL OR LETTER FORM AND DID NOT UTILIZE ANY INFORMATION SENT

REC-103 MCT-20

DEC 9 1963

DALLAS BY OTHER OFFICES IN TELETYPE, LETTER OR AIRTEL FORM.
IN THE INITIAL REPORT IN THE ASSASSINATION CASE, MANY INQUIRIES
ARE BEING RECEIVED BY DALLAS FROM OTHER OFFICES IN THIS REGARD
AND IT IS RECOMMENDED THE BUREAU BY TELETYPE TO ALL SACS TELL ALL
OFFICES ANYTHING OF WHATEVER KIND THEY HAVE SUBMITTED TO
DALLAS BY TELETYPE, LETTER OR AIRTEL HAS NOT BEEN REPORTED BY
DALLAS AND SHOULD BE INCLUDED AS PERTINENT IN THE REPORT THEY
HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO SUBMIT IN CAPTIONED CASE.

THE FOREGOING CONFIRMS TELEPHONE CONVERSATION THIS DATE
BETWEEN DALLAS OFFICE AND ASST. DIRECTOR SULLIVAN.

END

PLS HOLD

4-42 PM OK FBI WA RL

DC WH JOSW

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 2-55 PM CST CJM

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/ 3P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH IS DASH R

RE-OSWALD DASH BACKGROUND

RE SAN ANTONIO TEL NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE LAST AND DALLAS TEL DECEMBER FOUR LAST RE EFFORTS TO LOCATE JOHN GARNER CURRIE,

ON DECEMBER FOUR LAST JOHN GARNER CURRIE, WAYNE ARNOLD WARREN, AND PERRY WARREN HARDWICK, ALL RESIDENTS OF GOODALL WOOTEN DORMITORY AND ANNE PENN CREW BORN, TWO TWO ZERO SEVEN RIO GRANDE ALL AUSTIN, TEXAS, AND FRESHMAN STUDENTS, UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS, ADVISED SA M. T. BURK AS FOLLOWS/CURRIE, WARREN, AND BORN ALL ACOMPANIED JODIE LYNN PHILLIPS, PRESENTLY A STUDENT AT ABILENE CHRISTIAN COLLEGE AT ABILENE IN PHILLIP/S CAR FROM AUSTIN, TEXAS, TO NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS ON AFTERNOON NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE LAST, WHERE HARDWICK WAS TO GO ON DEER HUNT.

WHILE IN NEW BRAUNFELS ALL FIVE STUDENTS ENTERED AN UNKNOWN

DISCUSS ASSASSINATION WITH INTENTION OF MISLEADING THEM INTO BELIEVING THEY THEY KNEW LEE HARVEY OSWALD PERSONALLY. THE PERSONS IN STORE AT NEW BRAUNFELS DECLINED TO DISCUSS EVENT.

HARDWICK WAS THEN LEFT IN NEW BRAUNFELS TO PROCEED WITH DEER HUNT. OTHER FOUR STUDENTS STARTED BACK TO AUSTIN, TEXAS, IN PHILLIP/S CAR AND EN ROUTE PLANNED TO TRY TO PLAY JOKE AT SOME STORE AT KYLE, TEXAS, INDICATING THEY HAD BEEN HUNTING AND WERE LEARNING OF ASSASSINATION FOR FIRST TIME, THEN PRETENDING THEY WERE ALL WELL ACQUAINTED WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD. THEY HAD AGREED AMONG THEMSELVES THAT IF THEY COULD GET STORE OWNER TO MENTION NAME OSWALD TO THEM THAT THEY WOULD AGAIN ALL PRETEND TO KNOWN HIM.

IN KYLE, TEXAS, THEY ENTERED A GENERAL STORE HANDLING MOSTLY GROCERY ITEMS AND OBSERVED TV SET WITH NEWS OF ASSASSINATION. THEY THEN EXPRESSED IN VARIOUS TYPE PHRASES TO THE OWNER OF THE STORE THEIR PRECONCEIVED PLAN.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

BORN CLAIMED TO KNOW OSWALD PERSONALLY AND TO HAVE KNOWN HIM TO HAND OUT FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA LITERATURE. CURRIE, VARREN, AND PHILLIPS ALSO ALLEGEDLY PRETENDED TO KNOW OSWALD TO LESSER DEGREE. CURRIE, VARREN, HARDWICK, AND BORN ALL ADMITTED ENTIRE INCIDENT WAS JOKE THOUGHT UP BY THEM JUST FOR FUN AND DENY EVER HAVING HEARD OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD OR FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA LITERATURE MENTIONED ABOVE. NONE OF THEM COULD IDENTIFY PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD AS BEING ANYONE KNOWN TO THEM.

DALLAS INTERVIEW PHILLIPS AT ABILENE, TEXAS.

END AND ACK PLS.

VA 4-06 PM OK FBI AVA LLD

DL 3-06 PM OK FBI DL EEA

OHOLT FOR SECOND MESSAGE

OK GA VA HEERE

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-60)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka.
IS - R

On 12/5/63, Mr. W. A. JAMISON, Claim Department, America Fore Loyalty Group, 2515 Canal Street, New Orleans, upon being contacted concerning another matter by SA MERRIMAN D. DIVEN advised that insurance companies maintain an index of personal injury claims. The New Orleans area is serviced by the Southwest Bureau of the Index System, 2204 Tower Petroleum Building, Dallas, Texas and a complete search for the entire country can be made through the index system, Administration Office, Room 1101, 60 John Street, New York, New York.

The above is being furnished the Bureau and Dallas for consideration as to a possible investigative lead to determine if OSWALD may have received any funds through a personal injury claim.

MAYNOR

(3) - Bureau
1 - Dallas (100-10461)
2 - New Orleans

PRA:jab
(6)

DEC 18 105-82555-338

DEC 11 1963

Approved:

1 - Bigbee
12-10-63

Airtel

EX-105

To: SAC, Dallas (100-10461)
1 - New York

From: Director, FBI (105-82555) 333

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R

ReDeairtel [to go New York] 12-6-63.

New Orleans advises that a national index of all personal injury claims is maintained by insurance companies at the Index System, Administration Office, Room 1101 60 John Street, New York, New York. New York check index to determine if such claim filed by subject.

Dallas check records Southeast Bureau of the Index System.

Advised by

NOTE:

This advisable in connection with inquiry into subject's finances.

MAILED 8
DEC 10 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room

62 DEC 12 1963

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SEATTLE (89-47)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

ReBUairtel 12/4/63.

Results of interview with Mrs. JEAN A. HARKINS, 2114 Verona Street, Bellingham, Washington, included in Seattle report of SA W. H. WILLIAMS, II, dated 12/3/63.

Mrs. HARKINS has also been interviewed by Secret Service and from all indications she has no knowledge concerning instant matter and is possibly [redacted]

3 - Bureau
1 - Seattle
WHW:eon
(4)

REC 18 105-82555-334

EX-105

DEC 11 1963

C-C, Wich

74 DEC 13 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont DATE: 12/6/63

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

PURPOSE:

This is to recommend that Governor and Mrs. John B. Connally of Texas be interviewed in connection with their knowledge of the assassination of President Kennedy.

BACKGROUND:

As you are aware, Governor Connally was wounded in the assault which took President Kennedy's life. While initially in critical condition, he was released from the Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, Texas, on 12/5/63. Mr. William O. Stinson, Administrative Assistant to Governor Connally, has advised Agents of our Dallas Office that Mrs. Connally would be available for interview by the FBI if so desired. We refrained from interviewing either Mrs. Connally or the Governor immediately after the assault or during Governor Connally's convalescence since it appeared to be an inopportune time. It is possible Governor Connally and his wife could logically be called by the Presidential Commission as witnesses to the assassination. Therefore, it is felt we would logically be expected to have interviewed both the Governor and his wife, and further it is a logical investigative step.

In order to round out our investigation it is recommended these interviews be conducted at this time, provided our Dallas and San Antonio Offices are not in possession of any information which would preclude such interviews.

ACTION:

If you approve, the attached teletype will be sent to our Dallas and San Antonio Offices instructing these interviews be conducted.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach

RDR:vhm
(8)

EX-102

62-82555-335

DEC 11 1963

5-11 (Rev. 5-27-63)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele Room
Holmes
Gandy

FBI Seeks Films Of Assassination

DALLAS, Dec. 4 (AP) — The Eastman Kodak processing laboratory in Dallas is instructing its processed film returned to customers simply as reading:

"President's assassination. Should this film contain pictures taken of President Kennedy's assassination, call your local FBI office immediately."

The notifications were put in film packets beginning November 22 and will be included through this week end.

Kodak officials said it was done at "very strong request" from the FBI, although they said they were glad to co-operate in any manner.

Is this correct?

The Washington Post and Times Herald
The Washington Daily News
The Evening Star A-20
New York Herald Tribune
New York Journal-American
New York Mirror
New York Daily News
New York Post
The New York Times
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
People's World
Date

ENCLOSURE

REC 36 105-82555-33

DEC 10 2 08 PM '63

DEC 5 1963

FBI

COMMUNICATIONS SECT

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-6-63 10-45 AM CST VB

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE ATTN SECTION CHIEF JAMES HANDLEY

FROM SAC DALLAS 89-43 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA; ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWO TWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS. AID.

RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TODAY.

AS INVESTIGATIVE LEAD, IN VIEW OF THE THOUSANDS OF PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN, DALLAS CONTACTED EASTMAN KODAK PROCESSING COMPANY, DALLAS, NOV. TWENTYFIVE LAST, TO DETERMINE POSSIBILITY OF REVIEWING PERTINENT PICTURES DEPICTING SCENE OF ASSASSINATION. MR. WALTER BENT, SALES SERVICE MANAGER, EASTMAN ADVISED HUMANLY IMPOSSIBLE TO REVIEW ALL FILM PROCESSED BUT SUGGESTED KODAK PLACE SLIP IN EACH PACKAGE OF FILM WITH MESSAGE PRESIDENT/S ASSASSINATION. SHOULD THIS FILM CONTAIN PICTURES TAKEN AT TIME OF THE PRESIDENT/S ASSASSINATION, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR LOCAL FBI OFFICE IMMEDIATELY. MR. BENT STATED IN THIS WAY ALL CUSTOMERS WITH PERTINENT FILM WOULD BE NOTIFIED. MR. BENT VOLUNTEERED TO HANDLE THIS PROCEDURE AND WAS VERY COOPERATIVE. HE ARRANGED FOR THE PRINTING OF THE SLIPS FOR KODAK SO THAT THE PROCEDURE COULD BE INSTITUTED IMMEDIATELY.

IN ADDITION, THE FOLLOWING FILM PROCESSING COMPANIES IN DALLAS WERE CONTACTED AND INDIVIDUALS LISTED EXPRESSED DESIRE TO

79 DEC 12 1963

ENCLOSURE

COOPERATE IN THE ABOVE PROCEDURE AS SUGGESTED BY MR. BENT - HERB SNOVER, DYNACOLOR CORP., SID ALLEN, COLOR PHOTO, INC./ D. C. HOLLAND, NATIONAL PHOTO CO./ GEORGE DEMPSEY, ELKO PHOTO PRODUCTS/ D. L. UNGER, FOX FILM, INC./ FLOYD SMITH, SMITH PHOTO LABORATORY.

ADDITIONAL SLIPS WERE PRINTED BY GSA PRINTING PLANT AT REQUEST OF DALLAS OFFICE IN ORDER TO EXPEDITE ABOVE PROCEDURE AND WERE FURNISHED TO THE ABOVE LISTED CONCERNS.

ALL INDIVIDUALS CONTACTED WERE EXTREMELY COOPERATIVE AND EXPRESSED DESIRE TO ENGAGE THEIR SERVICES IN THIS MANNER.

AS RESULT OF ABOVE, DALLAS HAS RECEIVED WORD FROM COLOR PHOTO, INC., RE TWO COLOR TRANSPARENCIES TAKEN BY A CITIZEN DEPICTING THE PERTINENT WINDOW AT THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY BUILDING. THESE PHOTOS WERE TAKEN ABOUT ONE TO TWO HOURS PRIOR TO THE ASSASSINATION. THESE PHOTOS WERE SENT TO THE FBI LABORATORY DEC. FIVE LAST.

END

L PLS HOLD FOR ONE DL HOLDING

JJ-52 AH OK JBV WA MET

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Date 12-6-63

As reported in the Evening Star newspaper, our Dallas Office sought the cooperation of film processing companies in an effort to locate photographs which might be pertinent to our investigation. As set out on page 2, this investigative technique has resulted in obtaining photographs we would have not seen otherwise.

FBI
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-6-63 6-17 PM EST WMS

TO DIRECTOR, FBI /105-82555/ AND SAC, PITTSBURGH

FROM SAC, CLEVELAND /105-76 JP

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R.

RE LOUISVILLE TEL TO BUREAU AND CLEVELAND DEC. FIVE LAST.

ON DEC. SIX INSTANT LOUIS A. KADET, GUN DEALER, DBA

KADET-S ARSENAL, SEVEN THREE EIGHT EIGHT NO. CENTER ST., MENTOR,

OHIO, ADVISED FROM CANCELLED CHECK DATED SEPT. TWENTYFIVE,

SIXTYTWO, HE PAID FORTYFIVE DOLLARS FOR ONE THOUSAND ROUNDS

SIX POINT FIVE MM MANNLICHER DASH CARCANO CARTRIDGES.

CARTRIDGES PURCHASED FROM WILLIAM ROGERS, OWNER, SPRINGFIELD

SPORTERS CO., PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA. KADET STATES ROGERS

HAD PURCHASED LARGE AMOUNT THIS TYPE AMMO FROM ELMER JOYCE GUN

SHOP, COVINGTON, KENTUCKY. KADET GOT BETTER PRICE FROM ROGERS

THAN FROM JOYCE. KADET STATES ONE THOUSAND ROUNDS HE PURCHASED

HAD LOT NO. DA TWO THREE DASH ONE NINE SIX DASH ORD DASH TWO

SEVEN, AND OTHER NUMBER WCC DASH SIX ZERO ZERO TWO. KADET DEC 11 1963

END PAGE ONE

9 DEC 12 1963

HAS SOLD APPROXIMATELY SEVEN HUNDRED ROUNDS FROM THIS LOT AT GUN SHOWS AND OVER THE COUNTER ON CASH BASIS. ACCORDING TO KADET, OHIO LAW DOES NOT DEMAND RECORDS OF AMMUNITION SALES, THEREFORE, NO RECORDS OF PURCHASERS MAINTAINED. ON AMMO THIS TYPE SOLD BY KADET MODIFIED BY REPLACING ORIGINAL HARD POINT FULL JACKETED BULLET WITH SOFT POINT HUNTING TYPE BULLET. KADET CLAIMS DID NOT SELL ANY THISTYPE AMMO BY MAIL ORDER AND DOES NOT RECALL SELLNG ANY TO ANYONE RESEMBLING OSWALD.

FOR INFO PITTSBURGH, REFERENCED TEL INDICATED THAT KADET, AMONG OTHERS, MAY HAVE PURCHASED SIX POINT FIVE MM MANNLICHER DASH CARCANO CARTRIDGES LOADED WITH NONMAGNETIC FULL METAL CASE BULLETS, MANUFACTURED BY WESTERN CARTRIDGE CORP., EAST ALTON, ILLINOIS, FROM ELMER JOYCE GUN SHOP, THREE THREE SIX SCOTT STREET, COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.

REFERENCED TEL REQUESTS OFFICES CONTACT INDIVIDUALS AND DEALERS REGARDING POSSIBLE SALE OF A BOVE DESCRIBED AMMO TO OSWALD.

PITTSBURGH CONTACT WILLIAM ROGERS REGARDING ABOVE REQUEST.

END PAGE TWO

AIR MAIL COPIES TO DALLAS AND LOUISVILLE.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK PLS.

WA 8-26 PM OK FBI WA LLD

PG 8-26 PM OK FBI PG PVC

TU AND DISC

DD-DIR ROSEN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: December 6, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT
Lee Oswald

Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach called me at 10:45 p.m., 12-5-63. He told me that Sandy Smith of the "Chicago Sun-Times" had called Guthman several times relative to the attempted assassination of General Edwin A. Walker by Lee Harvey Oswald. I told Katzenbach that we too had received a number of calls, however, had refused to make any comment whatever in this matter although we knew the story was getting out. Katzenbach told me that Pierre Salinger of the White House had called him and wanted guidance on what to say in the matter. Katzenbach told Salinger inasmuch as the story was apparently already out that Salinger should go ahead and merely confirm the fact that apparently there was evidence that Oswald had made an assassination attempt upon General Walker's life.

Katzenbach told me that the Associated Press (AP) had picked up a rumor that the FBI report on the assassination of the President and the murder of Oswald was now over in the Department. He wanted to know if we had received any inquiries in this regard. I told him we were deluged with inquiries during the past several days as to when the FBI would complete the report, however, we had made no comment and intended to stick by this. He stated that Senator Russell, at the Presidential Commission meeting yesterday, 12-5-63, had been somewhat sore that information contained in the report was leaked out. Katzenbach stated he told Russell that Director Hoover had assured him that the FBI was not giving any information to the press and that he further stated he would check with the FBI to make certain that this was not being done. I asked Katzenbach if he had any information that facts given to the press were coming from the FBI. He stated he had none and that was not the purpose of his call. He indicated he merely wanted to advise me of Senator Russell's feelings. I told him he should keep in mind that almost every police officer in the Dallas Police Department has been furnishing information to the press. I mentioned that Henry Wade, the prosecutor, the Chief of Police and Captain Will Fritz had had a field day in giving out all available facts. I mentioned there were still a considerable number of reporters in Dallas and that the evidentiary reports which we had furnished the Dallas Police Department were still being quoted on a daily basis. Katzenbach stated he knew all of this but that he had been unable to convince Russell that such was the case. I further told Katzenbach

CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Jones
1 - Mr. Morrell
1 - Mr. Tolson
1 - Miss Gandy
1 - Miss Holmes

CDD:sal

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
190 DEC 11 1963

DEC 10 1963

that before looking at the FBI as to possible "leaks," he should carefully examine his own house. I told him I was quite thoroughly familiar with the way Guthman and Rosenthal dealt with the press and that as he well knew the wire service people stayed constantly in Guthman's private office. I told him it was quite obvious to me how the AP had learned that the report had been sent over to the Department.

Katzenbach reiterated that he had no complaints against the FBI. He stated again that the purpose of his call was to tell me about Senator Russell's feelings.

He added that he had another reason for calling and that was to determine if we could give him any ideas as to how Warren Olney could be dropped as Chief Counsel of the Presidential Commission. I told Katzenbach of our feelings concerning Olney. He stated that he was presently working through Congressman Hale Boggs and he thought he was going to be successful in getting Olney's name removed from consideration. He told me that Boggs was very sympathetic.

Katzenbach mentioned that Waggoner Carr, the Texas State Attorney General, would like very much to see the Director on Friday, 12-6-63. I asked him what for. He stated that Carr had no particular motive in mind other than to indicate to the press later on that he had discussed matters with the Director. I told him I could see no percentage in the Director's seeing Carr, that we were the investigative agency and that Carr's dealings should be with the Department and the Presidential Commission. Katzenbach indicated that the White House might think otherwise. He stated that the President was most anxious for Carr to be given attention in Washington inasmuch as Carr was running for office next year. I told Katzenbach I knew this, however, I still felt that the Director should not be injected into this matter. Katzenbach stated he would attempt to disuade Carr from seeing the Director, however, Carr was quite persistent.

ACTION:

In view of the close friendship which Carr obviously has with the President, the Director may desire to just shake hands with Carr without sitting down and discussing facts concerning our report.

Lee Harvey Oswald

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

DEC 19 1963

FROM : SAC, DALLAS

SUBJECT:

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

1 ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

105-82555

NOT RECORDED

30 DEC 16 1963

79 DEC 18 1963

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

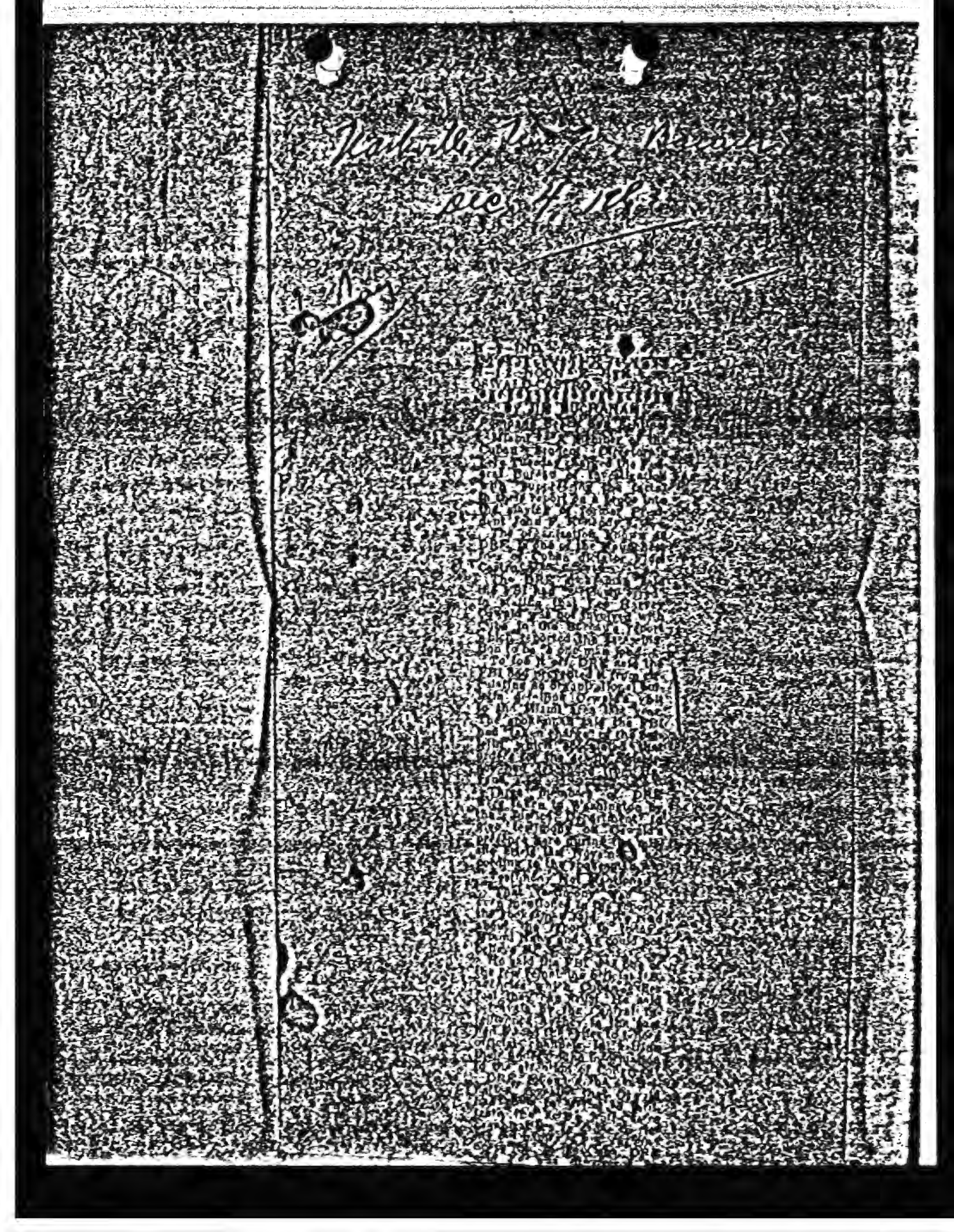
PRESS

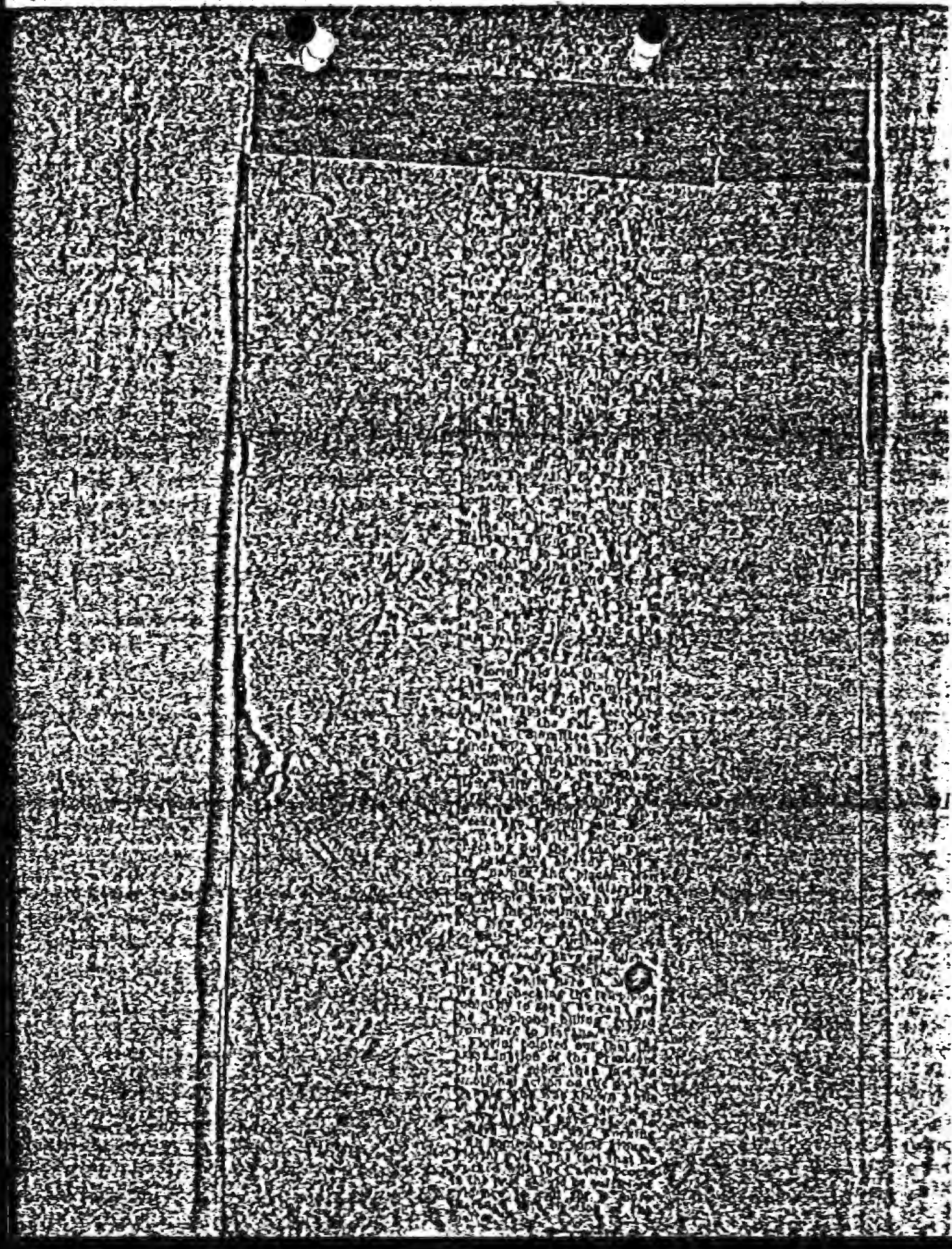
James O. Eastland

U.S.S.

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. C. D. DeLoach
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Room 5640, Justice Dept. Bldg.
Washington 25, D. C.





FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
APO
OO: DALLAS

Re report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, 11/30/63.

The Bureau is requested to make the following corrections in its copies of re report:

PAGE	PARAGRAPH	LINE	INSTEAD OF	CHANGE TO
68	2	Last	Third	Fourth
198	Last	2	Oct. 5, 1963	Oct. 4, 1963
212	Last	5	these dates	Oct. 3, 1963
315	1	8	May	September
343	1	7	believes she	believes he

Dallas copies are being corrected.

(3) Bureau
1-Dallas
RPG:mja
(4)

Acc corrected 12-17-63

105-82555

NOT RECORDED
DEC 6 1963

DEC 17 1963

53 DEC 17 1963

Approved: Sent M Per

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Washington, D. C. 20537

REPORT
of the
LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION
Identification Division

YOUR FILE NO. 105-8708
FBI FILE NO. 62-109060
LATENT CASE NO. 16903

December 6, 1963

TO: LEGAT, MEXICO CITY

RE: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

REFERENCE: Letter 12/3/63
EXAMINATION REQUESTED BY: Mexico City
SPECIMENS: Two portions of Mexican Tourist Card issued to Lee Harvey Oswald, Q208

The specimens were examined, but no latent impressions of value were developed.

Result of laboratory examination and disposition of Q208 separate.

1 - Dallas (89-43)
1 - Mr. J. C. Stokes, Room 645 RB
1 - Foreign Liaison Unit

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
198 DEC 13 1963

GJB:nma
(11)
1 - Buffle (105-82555)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

DEC 18 1963

THIS REPORT IS FURNISHED FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-7-63 6-42 PM CST TJB

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC NEW ORLEANS 100-16601 1-PAGE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS- R.

REBUTEL SIX ZERO FIVE PM, INSTANT.

ARNESTO RODRIGUEZ, PRESIDENT MODERN LANGUAGE INSTITUTE NEW ORLEANS, LA., INTERVIEWED NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE AND RESULTS SET FORTH IN REPORT SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST IN CASE ENTITLED JACK L. RUBY, AKA ET AL CR. PAGE EIGHT ONE NINE.

CONTACT MADE ONLY ONCE BY OSWALD WITH RODRIGUEZ AND NEW ORLEANS OFFICE HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF SPANISH SPEAKING ABILITY OF OSWALD AS HE WAS INQUIRING ABOUT SPANISH LESSONS.

TAPE REFERRED TO MAY BE TRANSCRIPTION IN ENGLISH OBTAINED FROM NEW ORLEANS RADIO STATIONS AND ALREADY SUBMITTED TO THE BUREAU.

REC 39 105-82555-338

END AND ACK PLS.

7-45 PM OK FBI WA WS

TU CLRM

EX-102

DEC 11 1963

cc- Mr. Rosen

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 8-47 PM PEO

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, CHICAGO 62-3113 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

ON DECEMBER NINE, INSTANT, COLONEL BENJAMIN CHOPLA, FORT SHERIDAN, ILLINOIS, TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED THIS OFFICE THAT HE HAD RECEIVED A TELEPHONE CALL FROM A PERSON WHO RAMBLED INCOHERENTLY REGARDING THE PRESIDENT/S ASSASSINATION. THIS INDIVIDUAL STATED THAT TWO SOLDIERS HAD PLANNED THE PRESIDENT/S ASSASSINATION. CHOPLA ADVISED THAT THE TELEPHONE CALL IS TRACED TO CHICAGO TELEPHONE NUMBER UP EIGHT DASH NINE EIGHT THREE THREE WHICH IS LISTED TO [SIDNEY B. GREEN, FOUR FIVE ONE TWO NORTH HALDEN, APARTMENT TWO TWO FOUR.]

[GREEN] WAS INTERVIEWED BY SAS JOHN L. HOGAN AND JOHN B. TARPEY ON DECEMBER NINE, INSTANT, AT WHICH TIME HE DISPLAYED IRRATIONAL AND ABNORMAL BEHAVIOR AND HIS STATEMENTS WERE INCOHERENT. THESE INCLUDED THE STATEMENT THAT HE WAS THE SUPREME BEING AND THAT HE KNEW THAT MRS. KENNEDY, PRESIDENT JOHNSON, AND GENERAL EDWIN WALKER HAD QUOTE SET UP UNQUOTE THE PRESIDENT/S ASSASSINATION. GREEN KNEW OF NO OTHER PERSONS

END PAGE ONE

EX-102

REC 36 105-82555-339

DEC 11 1963

PAGE TWO

INVOLVED IN THE ASSASSINATION. THE INTERVIEW WAS TERMINATED WHEN GREEN BECAME ARGUMENTATIVE WITH HIS WIFE.

MRS. GREEN WHO WAS PRESENT DURING THIS INTERVIEW ADVISED THAT HER HUSBAND HAS MADE NUMEROUS TELEPHONE CALLS TO VARIOUS AGENCIES CONCERNING THE PRESIDENT/S ASSASSINATION. SHE FURTHER STATED THAT HE HAS BEEN COMMITTED TO THE STATE MENTAL INSTITUTION AT ELGIN, ILLINOIS, ON THREE PREVIOUS OCCASIONS AND SHE IS CONSIDERING HAVING HIM COMMITTED AGAIN FOR HIS IRRATIONAL BEHAVIOR.

INFORMATION CONCERNING GREEN/S COMMITTMENT TO A MENTAL INSTITUTION AND HIS ABNORMAL BEHAVIOR WAS SUBSTANTIATED BY MR. KARL LAUER, JANITOR, AND MRS. MARY SHERRARD, BUILDING MANAGER, FOUR FIVE ONE TWO NORTH MALDEN STREET ON THIS DATE.

LHM FOLLOWS. SECRET SERVICE ADVISED LOCALLY.

~~CORR.: PAGE 2 LINE 2 WORD 4 SHD B ARGUMENTATIVE~~

END AK AND HOLD PLS

WA 10-54 PM OK FBI WA RM

CC-MR. ROSEN

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority or method of handling)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI & SACS BUFFALO, DALLAS, NEWARK, NEW YORK

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

INS RECORD CHECK OF JENO PARKAS, RE DALLAS TELETYPE DECEMBER SEVEN LAST REQUESTING SAME. ABE KRICHEVSKY, CONTACT REPRESENTATIVE INS, WDC, ADVISED IC THOMAS JACKSON WHITE DECEMBER NINE LAST: ALIEN FILE NUMBER A ONE ZERO NINE SEVEN FOUR, TWO ZERO SEVEN, POSSIBLY IDENT WITH PARKAS, LOCATED INS, BUFFALO, AS OF FEBRUARY TWENTYFIVE, FIFTYNINE. PARKAS DOB DECEMBER FOURTEEN, FORTY, POSSIBLY HUNGARIAN. DALLAS PD, SECRET SERVICE AND DALLAS OFFICE CONDUCTING INVESTIGATION TO LOCATE HIM FOR QUESTIONING. BUFFALO REVIEW FILE, FURNISH INFO DALLAS.

RE LOS ANGELES TEL DECEMBER SEVEN LAST AND ST LOUIS TEL DECEMBER SIX, LAST. PER INQUIRY PENTAGON, NELSON DELGADO, RA TWO EIGHT TWO FIVE THREE SEVEN NINE NINE ASSIGNED BATTERY D, FOURTH MISSILE BATTALION, SEVENTYFIRST ARTILLERY, FORT HANCOCK, N. J., SPECIALIST FOUR. FOR INFO NEWARK, SGT. W. B. FUNK, USMC, ADVISED

(2) - Bureau
1 - Teletype Unit
1 - WFO

JFM:mee/rlc
(5)

105-82555-340
REC 36
EX 102
DEC 11 1963

79 DEC 12 1963

TELETYPE UNIT

Approved: Sent M Per

P 81

Date

(Type in plain, red or gold)

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

E CORPORAL DEL GARDO /PHONETIC/
OSWALD AND WAS SO UNCOMFORTABLE WITH
ENT OTHER SLEEPING QUARTERS WHILE BOTH
TA ANA, CALIFORNIA, NINETEEN FIFTY NINE.
ICAL NELSON DELGADO. NEWARK INTERVIEW
SWALD.
DECEMBER SEVEN, LAST SETTING FORTH
TIONAL USMC ACQUAINTANCES WHO WERE ALL
ONE WITH OSWALD. BUREAU TELETYPE NOVEMBER
ASSASSINATION CAPTION, INDICATED
TIME DID NOT CONSIDER IT FEASIBLE TO
LL MILITARY PERSONNEL WHO SERVED WITH
IFTYEIGHT. THEREFORE, NO LEAD IS BEING
ST. LOUIS (ACE). P

Sent _____ M Per _____

Laboratory Transmittal Form
1-72

FBI
LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas
Date: December 9, 1963

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437420 AK

Examination requested by: New Orleans
Reference: Airtel 12-7-63
Examination requested: Document
Remarks:

Q226 was submitted in the case entitled "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA."

DUPLICATE YELLOW

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
150 DEC 16 1963

Enclosures (2) (2 Lab Rpt)

2 - New Orleans (100-16601) Enclosures (2) (2 Lab Rpt)

Bufile (105-82555)
Mr. Schutz, Room 5722 (Sent direct)
Mr. Turner, Room 649 RB (sent direct)

(11)

ORIGINAL FILED IN

62-109060-1947

FBI

REPORT
of the

LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas

Date: December 9, 1963
FBI File No.: 62-109060
Lab. No.: D-437420 AX

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

Specimens received 12-3-63 from FBI, New Orleans

Q228 Guest register of the Liberty Hotel, New Orleans, Louisiana, showing the registration of Lee H. Oswald on 9-17-59

ALSO SUBMITTED: Two Photostats of page containing OSWALD registration in Q228

Result of examinations:

It was concluded that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case, wrote the name and address "Lee H. Oswald, Fort Worth, Texas" appearing opposite the date 9-17-59 in Q228.

The evidence is retained.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes

JCC:mdb (11)

12-10-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

1 - Gheesling

TO SAC, DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R.

GEORGE AND JEAN DE MOHRENSCHILDT INTERVIEWED DECEMBER FOUR LAST BY AMERICAN EMBASSY OFFICIAL AT PORT DASH AU DASH PRINCE AND RESULTS BEING FURNISHED YOU BY SEPARATE COMMUNICATION. MRS. DE MOHRENSCHILDT ADVISED THAT IN QUOTE FALL OF ONE NINE SIX TWO UNQUOTE DURING VISIT WITH MARINA OSWALD, LATTER SHOWED HER GUN WHICH SUBJECT HAD APPARENTLY RECENTLY ACQUIRED DESCRIBED BY DE MOHRENSCHILDT AS BEING ABOUT QUOTE FOUR FEET LONG UNQUOTE. SHE WAS UNABLE TO STATE DEFINITELY WHETHER GUN HAD TELESCOPIC SIGHT. INTERVIEW MRS. OSWALD TO DETERMINE WHAT GUN, IF ANY, SHE SHOWED TO DE MOHRENSCHILDT AND WHEN.

WMG:MC
(3)

COPIES DESTROYED

Note: 21 FEB 02 1973

The DeMohrenschildts, described as subject's friends, were interviewed by American Embassy official at Bureau's request at Port-au-Prince, Haiti. Although Mrs. DeMohrenschildt claims she saw the above-described gun in the "fall of 1962", it would appear she is mistaken as to the date since it has been established that the gun used to assassinate President Kennedy was shipped to subject on 3-20-63. Since the possibility exists that another gun was displayed to Mrs. DeMohrenschildt, subject's wife should be interviewed.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 10 1963

5-06 PM

TELETYPE

EX-102

105-82555-341

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 342

PAGE NO. 7

NO. OF PAGES 7

SECTION NO.

10

State Department

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 10 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-10-63 12-28 PM CST JK

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/

FROM SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY /105-785/ 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA IS - R

RE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO BUREAU DECEMBER SIX LAST.

REVIEW AVAILABLE DIRECTORIES OKLAHOMA CITY REFLECT ONE LISTING POSSIBLY IDENTICAL WITH L. W. GRAHAM, WHO IS LUTHER WINBURNE GRAHAM, ACCOUNTANT, AREO COMMANDER, INC., OKLAHOMA CITY. BE AWARE ONLY ONE OTHER L. W. GRAHAM IN OKLAHOMA, LUTHER WESLEY GRAHAM, WHO ALSO EMPLOYED SAME COMPANY AS FACTORY WORKER. BOTH GRAHAMS ADVISE THEY NOT IDENTICAL-L. W. GRAHAM WHO DEPARTED LAREDO, TEXAS OCTOBER THREE LAST.

SAN ANTONIO REQUESTED CONTACT EL CORTEZ HOTEL IN LAREDO FOR FURTHER IDENTIFYING DATA AND PERMANENT RESIDENCE THE L. W. GRAHAM IN QUESTION.

DALLAS ADVISED BY AIRMAIL.

REC 36 105-82555 Inc 343

DEC 11 1963

END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 1-31 PM OK FBI WA CMS

SA 12-31 PM OK FBI SA MRH

TU BOTH CLEARED

EX-102

DOH MC ROSEN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. MOHR

DATE: 12/10/63

FROM : C. D. DE LOACH

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Walter Jenkins called me from the White House at 9:00 P.M., last night, 12/9/63. He stated the President would like to see, this morning, a copy of any correspondence possessed by the FBI in which Lee Harvey Oswald wrote to Senator John Tower of Texas. I told Jenkins there was such correspondence and that I would get it over to him on the morning of 12/10/63.

The correspondence is attached. It has no evidentiary value and as a result has not been included as a part of our report on the assassination. It merely concerns a letter from Oswald to Senator Tower written from the Soviet Union begging the Senator to intercede in getting him out of the Soviet Union. Tower referred the matter to the Department of State after his secretary wrote him a note that he should not get mixed up in this matter. Following the assassination of the President, Senator Tower's office called me and made this correspondence available to us.

I will deliver this correspondence to Jenkins this morning if there are no objections.

Jenkins also asked me last night if our report had been delivered to the Chief Justice. I told him, as he well knew, the report had left the FBI several days ago. I told him also that the Deputy Attorney General had delivered the report to the Chief Justice that afternoon, 12/9/63. I also mentioned to Jenkins that apparently members of the Commission were already leaking the contents of the report inasmuch as I had heard several radio news programs mention items which had not been released to the press before.

Jenkins asked me if a press release had been released by the Department concerning the delivery of the report to the Chief Justice. I told him there had been no release because of a disagreement on policy between Abe Fortas and Ted Sorenson of the White House. Jenkins stated the President did not know this. Jenkins asked for our view point on a press release. I told him confidentially that the Director strongly

Enclosure
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 12 1963

DEC 1 1963

CONFIDENTIAL FILE

Memorandum Mr. DeLoach to Mr. Mohr
Re: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

felt that the less we said at this time the better off we would be. I told him that the investigation was still continuing, of course, and it would appear far better for the Commission to make a release at the end of their inquiry into the matter. I also mentioned, however, that the sooner a release was made by the Commission the better off we would be. Jenkins agreed.

ACTION:

That I show the attached correspondence to Jenkins this morning.

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO

ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 344

PAGE NO. All

NO. OF PAGES 13

SECTION NO.

6

CIA

REFERRAL

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 345

PAGE NO. 1

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

6

CIA

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-30-63 1-23 PM EST HBD

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ /44-24016/ AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, PHILADELPHIA 157-916/ /44-X/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, ELEVEN TWENTY-TWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

THE QUOTE MORNING CALL ENQUOTE NEWSPAPER, ALLENTOWN, PA., CARRIED ITEM ELEVEN TWENTYNINE LAST INDICATING RICHARD CALL, RT. ONE, HELLERTOWN, PA., INTERVIEWED BY PRESS.

CALL CLAIMED HAD BEEN IN MARINE CORPS AS SGT WHERE KNEW LEE HARVEY OSWALD, SERVED SAME UNIT FROM LATE FIFTYEIGHT UNTIL EARLY FIFTYNINE.

CALL QUOTED AS DESCRIBING OSWALD INTERESTED IN RUSSIA, STUDYING RUSSIAN LANGUAGE, BUT NEVER SHOWED NEUROTIC TENDENCIES OR COMMUNIST PHILOSPHY.

SAID OSWALD A NONDESCRIPT NONENTITY.

CALL PRESENTLY SENIOR AT KUTZTOWN STATE COLLEGE IN PREPARATION TEACHING CAREER, CLAIMED OSWALD NO DISCIPLINE PROBLEM WHILE AT MARINE TORO AFB, SANTA ANA, CAL, BUT THOUGHT HE HAD HISTORY OF TROUBLE IN JAPAN.

DALLAS SUITABLY DESIRED CALL BE INTERVIEWED BY PH.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 1-25 PM OK FBI WA MSL

DL 12-27 PM OK FBI DL DRL

S-113 (1-10-61)

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 12/8/63

Alvarado the 23 yr old Nicaraguan who said he saw Oswald accept $6500 in Cuban Embassy Mexico City on 9/18 to assassinate the President has been polygraphed by CIA. He indicated deception when talking about Oswald. He now admits he must have been mistaken. He is to be deported to Nicaragua on Monday 12/9 by Mexicans.

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 347

PAGE NO. 142

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

6

CIA

REFERRAL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: December 4, 1963

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

MRS. MARINA OSWALD

105-82555

105-New

Inspector Malley at Dallas advised tonight that a telephone call had just been made to the Dallas Office by Mr. Kelly, head of the Secret Service in Dallas. Kelly advised that Mr. Martin, who had befriended Mrs. Oswald with an apartment, had now apparently become her business manager. The Secret Service was advised tonight by Mr. Martin that he was arranging a press conference for Mrs. Oswald to be held tomorrow.

Mr. Kelly explained that while the Secret Service was holding Mrs. Oswald in protective custody, he did not feel they could refuse to allow the press interview and wanted to know if the FBI would object to such a press conference. Mr. Kelly was advised that since Mrs. Oswald was in the protective custody of the Secret Service, it was strictly up to the Secret Service and was their responsibility. The danger of allowing such a conference was pointed out and it was repeated that the decision and responsibility was completely that of the Secret Service who have Mrs. Oswald in protective custody. It was the belief of the Dallas Office that the Secret Service was attempting to have the FBI object so they could blame any refusal to allow such a conference on the FBI.

Immediately upon receiving the above information, it was discussed with Assistant to the Director Belmont, following which he contacted Special Agent Orrin H. Bartlett and related the above information and instructed Agent Bartlett to contact Chief of the Secret Service James Rowley and determine what action Rowley was going to take. Mr. Bartlett called Mr. Belmont back and advised he had contacted Mr. Rowley who agreed that such a conference would be dangerous and was very appreciative of the Bureau calling this to his attention. Mr. Rowley was immediately having instructions issued to Mr. Kelly in Dallas that such a press conference was not to take place at the present time.

105-82555-348

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan

JLH:mpd:hpw

XEROX

DEC 11 1963

DEC 12 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-125622

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 5 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

DECODED COPY

URGENT 12-5-63 1-09 PM JLW

TO DIRECTOR (97-XX)

FROM SAC NEW YORK 105-38431 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R

OO DALLAS

RENYTEL, TWELVE THREE LAST.

ON TWELVE FIVE INSTANT, JOHN J. ABT, ATTORNEY FOR GUS HALL - BENJAMIN J. DAVIS DEFENSE COMMITTEE, NY, FURNISHED NYO WITH UNDATED LETTER FROM SUBJ AT BOX TWO NINE ONE FIVE, DALLAS, TEXAS, DIRECTED TO THIRD FLOOR, TWO THREE WEST TWENTYSIX STREET, NYC, WHICH IS LOCATION OF NATIONAL OFFICE CPUSA. THIS LETTER, ON THREE INCH BY THREE INCH PIECE OF PAPER, NOTED ENCLOSURE OF SAMPLE OF HIS PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK AND EXTENDED OFFER TO PERFORM SUCH PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK WITHOUT CHARGE. OSWALD NOTED THAT SAMPLES MAY BE SENT TO HIM FOR REPRODUCTION IN FORM OF POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE PRINTS IN ANY SIZE. ENCLOSURES TO HIS LETTER CONSISTED TO TWO COPIES OF TWELVE INCH BY FIFTEEN INCH POSTERS REPRODUCED BY PHOTOGRAPHY READING "THE GUS HALL - BENJAMIN J. DAVIS DEFENSE COMMITTEE" END PAGE ONE

105-82555-349

ST-104

DEC 11 1963

61 DEC 12 1963

REC-28

PAGE TWO

TWELVE THIRTEEN SIXTYTWO SIGNED BY HALL- DAVIS DEFENSE COMMITTEE, JAMES J. TORMEY, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY. ABT MADE REQUEST FOR RETURN OF MATERIAL WHEN ITS PURPOSE IS SERVED, AND HE WAS INFORMED REQUEST WOULD BE MADE A MATTER OF RECORD. ABT NOTED THAT ENVELOPE OF TRANSMITTAL OF OSWALD-S LETTER COULD NOT BE LOCATED. MATERIAL FURNISHED BY ABT BEING FORWARDED LOUREAU BY AIRTEL THIS DATE WITH XEROX COPIES TO BE FURNISHED DALLAS.

AIR MAIL COPY TO DALLAS.

E

~~CORR L 6 P 1 DISREGARD "J"~~

~~LINE 15 LAST WRD IS "PHOTOGRAPHY"~~

20 PM NY R 3 VA JVF

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-7-63 3-16 PM CST NJA

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ AND SACS DALLAS /100-10461/ AND SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/ P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD DASH IS DASH R.

RE SAN ANTONIO TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND OTHER OFFICES DECEMBER SIX, SIXTY THREE AT FOUR FORTY NINE PM AND SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO BUREAU DECEMBER THREE, SIXTH THREE.

RE OSWALD DASH TRAVEL TO MEXICO.

CURRENT JACKSON, MISS, TELEPHONE BOOK LISTS BUT ONE J. B. MC FARLAND WHO IS LISTED AS DR. J.B. MC FARLAND SEVEN SIX ZERO LAKELAND DRIVE, APARTMENT FIVE D, JACKSON, MISS. TELEPHONE THREE SIX SIX DASH ZERO EIGHT SIX EIGHT. DEC 11 1963 JACKSON, MISS., CITY DIRECTORY SHOWS DR. J.B. MC FARLAND AFFILIATED WITH UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER, JACKSON, MISS.

UPON DIALING ABOVE TELEPHONE NUMBER, THE OPERATOR ADVISED IT WAS NOT A WORKING NUMBER.

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-350
REC-16
EX-111
DEC 11 1963

INQUIRY AT MEDICAL CENTER LOCATED DR. JAMES HARDY, PROFESSOR OF SURGERY, UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL, JACKSON, MISS., WHO ADVISED HE IS ACQUAINTED WITH DR. MC FARLAND WHO IS NO LONGER IN JACKSON, MISS. ON DECEMBER SIX, SIXTY-THREE, HARDY ADVISED SA SAMUEL M. JENNINGS THAT DR. JOHN B. MC FARLAND, WIFE MARYL, HAD RESIDED, JACKSON, MISS. WHILE MC FARLAND ENGAGED IN SURGERY RESEARCH AT MEDICAL CENTER FOR UNIVERSITY OF LIVERPOOL, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

HARDY STATED MC FARLAND AND HIS WIFE HAVE NO CHILDREN TO HIS KNOWLEDGE BUT IS AWARE MR. AND MRS. MC FARLAND WENT TO MEXICO ON A VACATION FOR TWO OR THREE WEEKS IN LATTER PART OF SEPTEMBER, SIXTY THREE. HARDY STATES MC FARLAND AND HIS WIFE LEFT JACKSON, MISS., ABOUT NOVEMBER ONE, SIXTY THREE TO RETURN TO ENGLAND.

~~HARDY STATES MC FARLAND PRESENTLY WITH DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY~~

HARDY STATES MC FARLAND PRESENTLY WITH DEAPRTMENT OF SURGERY, UNIVERSITY OF LIVERPOOL, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND, AND IS WELL KNOWN AT THAT UNIVERSITY. HARDY BELIEVES MC FARLAND'S FATHER, FNU, WAS WELL KNOWN SURGEON WHO PASSED AWAY DURING

END PAGE TWO

NO 100-16601

PAGE THREE

PAST YEAR. HARDY KNOWS OF NO POSSIBLE CONNECTION BETWEEN MC FARLAND AND LEE HARVEY OSWALD. HARDY STATES MC FARLAND AT UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL FOR APPROXIMALTLY ONE YEAR ON A FELLOWSHIP.

[redacted] PROTECT IDENTITY, JACKSON, MISS., ADVISED ON DECEMBER SEVEN, SIXTY THREE, CHANGEE OF ADDRESS DATED NOVEMBER SEVEN, SIXTY THREE RECEIVED FROM MC FARLAND GIVING FORWARDING ADDRESS AS NUMBER TEN, FULWOOD PARK, LIVERPOOL SEVENTEEN, ENGLAND.

BUREAU, THROUGH LIAISON CHANNELS ARRANGE FOR INTERVIEW OF MR. AND MRS. MC FARLAND TO DETERMINE IF TRAVELLED WITH OSWALD ON FLECHA ROJA PAREN RED ARROW PAREN BUS LINE SEPTEMBER TWENTY SIX, SIXTY THREE, FROM NEUVO LAREDO, MEXICO, TO MEXICO CITY, DETERMINE IF THEY TALKED TO OSWALD, WHETHER OSWALD TRAVELLING ALONE, IDENTITY OF ANY COMPANION, WHETHER THEY KNOW WHO AND WHEN OSWALD ARRIVED IN NEUVO LAREDO AREA, PURPOSE OF OSWALD/S TRIP, AMOUNT, TYPE AND DESCRIPTION OF

END PAGE THREE

NO 100-16601

PAGE FOUR

LUGGAGE, AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION THEY CAN PROVIDE. ALSO DETERMINE IF ANY OTHER PERSONS TRAVELLED WITH MC FARLAND AS A MEMBER OF THEIR PARY AND IF SO, OBTAIN COMPLETE IDENTITY. NOTE REFERENCED TELETYPE ADVISED FLECHA ROJA BUS LINES RECORDS SHOW JOHN MC FARLAND AND TWO OTHER PERSONS PAREN PARTY OF THREE END PAREN TRAVELLED ON THE TWO PM BUS ON SEPTEMBER TWENTY SIX, SIXTY THREE.

END AND ACK PL ~~COBR ON PAGE TWO OMIT LINE 15 AND ON PAGE 4 LINE 3 WORD SHOULDBE WORD 2 SH BE PARTYP~~

PARTY

ALL STATIONS ACKPLS

4:38 PM OK FBI WA WS

DEAWU PM CST OK FBI DL FL

3-28 PM CST OK FBI SA JCS

S WILL WA AND DL ANNOUNC AGAIN

CC-MR. ROSEN

12-10-63

DODE

MEXICO

CABLEGRAM REC-16

105-82555-350

TO LEGAT LONDON

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R

ON SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX LAST SUBJECT ENTERED MEXICO AT NUEVO LAREDO, WHERE HE BOARDED BUS FIVE ONE SIX OPERATED BY MEXICAN BUS LINE FLECHA ROJA FABEN RED ARROW AND FABEN EN RUTA TO MEXICO CITY. AMONG ONE EIGHT PASSENGERS BOARDING THIS BUS AT NUEVO LAREDO, WERE DOCTOR AND MRS. JOHN D. MCFARLAND. DOCTOR MCFARLAND PREVIOUSLY ENGAGED IN BURDERY RESEARCH AT UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL, JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI, AND TRAVELED TO MEXICO IN SEPTEMBER ON VACATION. DOCTOR MCFARLAND IS WITH DEPARTMENT OF BURDERY, UNIVERSITY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND, AND RESIDES AT ONE HEIQ FULWOOD PARK, LIVERPOOL ONE SEVEN, ENGLAND. ARRANGE FOR INTERVIEW OF DOCTOR AND MRS. MCFARLAND FOR ALL INFORMATION THEIR POSSESSION CONCERNING REPORTED TRIP OF OSWALD FROM NUEVO LAREDO TO MEXICO CITY ON BUS IN QUESTION. HAVE PHOTOGRAPH OF SUBJECT DISPLAYED TO MCFARLANDS AND IF SUBJECT RECOGNIZED, ASCERTAIN IF HE WAS ALONE OR IN COMPANY OF OTHERS. OBTAIN DESCRIPTION OF BAGGAGE AND ANY INFORMATION AS TO HOW SUBJECT ARRIVED AT NUEVO LAREDO, NATURE OF HIS TRAVEL FROM NEW ORLEANS TO THAT POINT IS NOT KNOWN.

DEC 11 8 14 PM '63

SEC-D BEFORE

DEC 10 3 12 PM '63

SEC.D

VIA CABLEGRAM

DEC 10 1963

6:38 PM

JOS:CEJ:cej

(4)

Foreign Liaison Unit (route through for rep)

6 1 DEC 12 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 10-15 PM EST ERA

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC PHILADELPHIA 105-9958 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ARA, IS - R.

MRS. KAY GIBSON, RD NO. ONE, DALLAS, PA. THIS DATE ADVISED SA CHARLES T. ADAMS THAT HER BROTHER, ROBERT TAYLOR, BOX ONE TWO FIVE "C" RD NO. ONE, GRAND PRAIRIE, TEX, WHILE VISITING MOTHER AT HARVEYS LAKE, PA, DURING PAST WEEK ADVISED THAT PRIOR TO ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT AN INDIVIDUAL LATER RECOGNIZED BY TAYLOR FROM NEWS PHOTOS AS OSWALD HAD REPAIRS MADE TO LATE MODEL CAR AND IN LIEU OF PAYMENT SOLD TAYLOR A RIFLE FOR TWELVE DOLLARS SIMILAR TO RIFLE USED TO ASSASSINATE PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

TAYLOR ADVISED SISTER THAT THIS RIFLE STILL IN HIS POSSESSION. TAYLOR'S PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT IS IN A SMALL TOWN BETWEEN IRVING, TEX, AND GRAND PRAIRIE, TEX.

TAYLOR LEFT HARVEYS LAKE DEC. SIX LAST, AND EXPECTED TO ARRIVE HOME LATE PM DEC. TEN NEXT. REPORT FOLLOWS.

DALLAS LOCATE TAYLOR AND INTERVIEW RE INFO ABOVE.

END AND HOLD PLS

EX-102

5 DEC 11 1963

105-82555-351

DCH FBI DAL DEC 10 REC 30

DC MR ROSEN

79 DEC 12 1963

FBI
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 10 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 9-05 PM KW

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS AND WASHINGTON FIELD

WASHINGTON FIELD VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES 105-15823

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R, OO--DALLAS.

RE MILWAUKEE TELEYPE TO BUREAU TWELVE SIX SIXTY THREE IN WHICH EARL WILLIAM VANIDESTINE, MENASHA, WISCONSIN, DESCRIBED A MARINE FROM BATON ROUGE, TWENTY FIVE YEARS OLD, ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY POUNDS, FIVE FOOT NINE, BLOND HAIR, WHO HAS INFORMATION RE OSWALD.

SAN FRANCISCO TELETYPE TO LOS ANGELES TWELVE NINE, INSTANT, REFLECTED DANIEL PETER O-CONNOR, SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA, HAD NO INFORMATION RE OSWALD, UNABLE TO IDENTIFY MARINE FROM BATON ROUGE, SUGGESTED PAUL THOMAS SCHELTRY BE CONTACTED IN COSTA MESA. FOLLOWING INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED BY SA HENRY F. ALSTON, ON TWELVE SIX, SIXTYTHREE.

CAPTAIN ROBERT BLOCK, MCAF, SANTA ANA, UNABLE TO RECALL ANY INFORMATION RE IDENTITY OF MARINE FROM BATON ROUGE.

END PAGE ONE

REC 105-82555-352

EX-108

DEC 11 1963

59 DEC 12

TWELVE NINE SIXTYTHREE, PAUL E. MURPHY, ONE SEVEN ZERO SIX SOUTH EVERGREEN, SANTA ANA, FORMERLY ATTACHED TO MACS NO. NINE, ADVISED THAT HIS IMPRESSION WAS THAT A CORPORAL RUSSELL /PHONETIC/ FROM LOUISIANA HAD BEEN ATTACHED TO MACS NO. NINE. MURPHY UNABLE TO FURNISH NAME OR WHEREABOUTS OF MARINE FROM LOUISIANA.

ON TWELVE NINE SIXTY THREE, PAUL SCHELTRY, SEIBELS SERVICE STATION, ONE SEVEN TWO FIVE SUPERIOR, COSTA MESA, UNABLE TO IDENTIFY MARINE FROM BATON ROUGE.

TWELVE NINE SIXTY THREE, IT WAS DETERMINED THAT THE PIRATES INN, TWO ZERO THREE EIGHT AND ONE HALF SOUTH MAIN STREET, SANTA ANA, IS NO LONGER IN EXISTENCE. CURRENT OWNER OF THE SILVER DOLLAR, SAME ADDRESS, ADVISED WHEREABOUTS OF AL JACKSON, FORMER OWNER OF PIRATES INN, IS UNKNOWN. GWENN MARTIN, FORMER GIRL FRIEND OF VANIDENTINE WHO WORKED AT PIRATES INN, UNKNOWN.

COLONEL GREGORY UNKNOWN USMC, SANTA ANA OR EL TORO.

TWELVE NINE SIXTY THREE, WARRANT OFFICER EDWARD

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

SPAHR, MACS THREE, MCAF, EL TORO, FORMERLY WITH MACS NINE, ADVISED THAT HENRY J. ROUSSELLE, LANCE CORPORAL ATTACHED TO MACS NINE, WAS DISCHARGED IN NINETEEN SIXTY. HE FITS THE DESCRIPTION OF MARINE FROM BATON ROUGE MENTIONED BY VANIDESTINE. PRESENT WHEREABOUTS OF ROUSSELLE UNKNOWN.

WFO LOCATE PRESENT WHEREABOUTS OF HENRY J. ROUSSELLE AND SET OUT LEAD TO INTERVIEW RE HIS INFORMATION OF OSWALD.

LOS ANGELES NOT SUBMITTING REPORT ON ABOVE.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 12-13 AM OK FBI WA JS

DKXXDL

DL 11-13 PM OK FBI DL ATED

TU

TT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 3-43 PM BD

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, DALLAS AND JACKSONVILLE

FROM SAC, CHARLOTTE /105-1734/ 5P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

RE JACK OR JOHN FREEMAN.

K. B. BAILEY, WARDEN, CENTRAL PRISON, RALEIGH, N. C., ADVISED TODAY HE RECEIVED UNDATED, UNSIGNED LETTER FROM [redacted] INMATE OF BLANCH PRISON CAMP, YANCEYVILLE, N. C., IN WHICH [redacted] ADVISED THAT WHILE IN PRISON [redacted] FLA., HE WAS IN CELL WITH SEVEN MEN, INCLUDING JACK OR JOHN FREEMAN, AGE THIRTYTWO, [redacted] CLAIMS FREEMAN WAS A COMMUNIST AND LOVER OF CASTRO. HE STATED IN LETTER WHEN HE READ ABOUT OSWALD HAVING BEEN PICKED UP IN NEW ORLEANS HE RECALLED FREEMAN TALKING ABOUT THAT AND SAID FREEMAN MADE STATEMENT THAT HE BELONGED TO QUOTE THAT OUTFIT UNQUOTE. [redacted] ADVISED FREEMAN STATED PRESIDENT KENNEDY WOULD BE KILLED BEFORE HIS TERM WAS UP AND THAT IT WOULD BE IN TEXAS. HE NAMED AS OTHER PRISONERS AT [redacted] WHO COULD FURNISH INFORMATION RE FREEMAN, EMMETT KISSLER, HOWARD

REC 26 105-82555-353

END PAGE ONE

DEC 11 1963

WHO WORKED FOR DR. X. H.
RAIFORD. ALSO HE ADVISED
NDENT, RAIFORD, KNOWS
EEMAN WAS PAROLED AND
[redacted] BEFORE [redacted] LEFT
TMENT, RALEIGH, REFLECT
[redacted]
[redacted]
ATE PRISON, RAIFORD, APRIL
PTEMBER TWELVE SIXTYTHREE TO
NC]
R SIXTEEN, NINETEEN ZERO EIGHT,
NINETYEIGHT, PORTLAND, OREGON,
THREE, FLORIDA PRISON NO.
NC PRISON NUMBER [redacted]
FLA., CONDUCT INVESTIGATION
AND SET OUT LEAD TO HAVE
CONDUCT LOGICAL INVESTIGATION

CE 105-1731

PAGE THREE

THROUGH INTERVIEWS TO DETERMINE VERACITY OF INFORMATION

SUPPLIED BY [redacted]

CHARLOTTE, AT YANCEYVILLE, N. C., INTERVIEW [redacted]

FOR COMPLETE DETAILS.

END

WA 3-4

3-52 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 251 PM OK FBI DL MH

JK 3-51 PM OK FBI JK JCL

TU DISC

M

CC-MR. ROSEN

December 10, 1963

REC 26 105-82555-353

2 - Original & 1
1 - Liaison
1 - Yellow
1 - Mr. Bartlett

EX-115

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

FBI #469163
89-16-1498 CRS
9-16-1898

Warden K. B. Bailey, Central Prison, Raleigh, N. C., advised the FBI on 12/4/63, that he received an undated, unsigned letter from [redacted] inmate of the Blanch Prison Camp, Tracyville, N. C. In this letter, [redacted] stated that while in prison in Raiford, Florida, he was in a cell with seven men including Jack or John Freeman, aged 32. [redacted] claims Freeman was a communist and a lover of Castro. [redacted] letter also said that when he read about Oswald having been picked up in New Orleans, he recalled that Freeman talked about that and said Freeman made statements that he belonged to "that outfit." [redacted] advised that Freeman stated President Kennedy would be killed before his term was up and that it would be in Texas. [redacted] mentioned other prisoners at Raiford who could furnish information concerning Freeman.

The FBI is attempting to locate and interview these other individuals. The FBI will interview [redacted] for complete details.

NOTE:

Following additional investigation, the Secret Service will be furnished the results.

CHB:chg
(5)

Memo & cc 12/10/63 HB
HSB 2555 rm
Liaison
OSHA

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

59 DEC 12 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 354

PAGE NO. ALL

NO. OF PAGES 3

SECTION NO.

6

CIA

REFERRAL

6-3 (Rev. 8-17-63)

REC 7

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

Classified by 1040
Exempt from GDS, Category II
Date of Declassification Indefinite

VERY URGENT 11-26-63
TO DIRECTOR
FROM LEGAT BERN NO. 240 SECRET

HARVEY LEE OSWALD-INTERNAL SECURITY-R AND CUBA. REBULET TO CIA SEPTEMBER 30 ENTITLED RICHARD THOMAS GIBSON, IS-CUBA, AND BERN LET OCTOBER 11 ENTITLED AFRICAN REVOLUTION, RA-AFRICA.

[redacted]

SECRET

REC 7 105-82555-355

ST-104

TRANSMITTED 25 DEC 2 1963

FBI

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: November 29, 1963

FROM : J. H. GALE

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

On November 25, 1963, the Director instructed that a complete analysis be made of any investigative deficiencies in the Oswald case and also an analysis made concerning any necessary changes in our procedures re handling cases of this type.

Most of my inquiry concerning the Seat of Government and New Orleans facets of this matter is nearly completed. However, a considerable number of aspects of this matter still remain to be resolved with the Dallas Office. These will involve obtaining detailed explanations from a number of Agents and supervisory personnel which will be time-consuming. Inasmuch as the Dallas Office has been working day and night on the report on the assassination and various other aspects of this case, and in order not to interfere with their making the deadlines on these matters, they have not yet been contacted.

Unless advised to the contrary, close contact will be maintained with Mr. Belmont in order to determine the earliest possible time when it will be feasible to get these explanations from Dallas.

RECOMMENDATION:

None . . . . informative.

JHG:wmj
(3)
1 - Mr. Belmont

REC 2

105-82555-356

25 DEC 11 1963

ST-104

SOVIET SECTION

66 DEC 16

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

REC

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 11-02 PM EST BM

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS DALLAS AND OKLAHOMA CITY.

FROM SAC MIAMI /105-8342/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R.

RE OKLAHOMA CITY TEL THIS DATE TO DIRECTOR, DALLAS AND MIAMI.

MANUEL RIEGO IS IDENT TO MANUEL RIEGO ZUNIGA BUFILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH ONE ONE EIGHT SEVEN NINE NINE, RH OO WITH INTERVIEW POSSIBLY PENDING BY WFO. RIEGO HAS BEEN KNOWN TO MAKE PRO CASTRO STATEMENTS WHEN INTOXICATED. HE IS A HONDURAN NATIONAL, LIVED IN PUERTO RICO FOR ABOUT FIVE YEARS AND HAS BEEN IN MIAMI AND WDC DURING PAST YEAR. INTERVIEWED BY INS, MIAMI, AUGUST NINE, LAST NO ACTION TAKEN BY INS, [redacted] INTERVIEWED THIS DATE APART FROM RELATIVES. VERY COOPERATIVE. SAID WAS EXCITED DURING PHONE CALL TO OKLAHOMA CITY AND MAY HAVE MADE ACCUSATIONS WHICH WERE ACTUALLY [redacted] CONCLUSIONS OF TALK WITH RIEGO. OTHERS OVERHEARING CONVERSATION WERE [redacted] MOTHER, TWO BROTHERS AND SISTER. RIEGO HAD ARRIVED DECEMBER ONE LAST FROM WDC WITH WIFE AND FAMILY. WANTED HIS HOME BACK FOR A SHORT TIME, WHILE IN PROCESS OF MOVING HIS BELONGINGS IN HOME PROCEEDED TO DRINK BEER. THE PRESIDENT/S ASSASSINATION WAS MENTIONED AND RIEGO MADE FOLLOWING GENERAL STATEMENTS AND [redacted] DREW [redacted] CONCLUSIONS AS SET OUT IN REFERENCED TEL. HE SAID AS BEST [redacted] CAN RECALL.

REC 37 105-8342-

END PAGE ONE

DEC 10 1963

DEC 11 1963

PAGE TWO

QUOTE THEY ARE SAYING THAT CASTRO AND CUBA WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PRESIDENT DYING AND WE ALL KNOW THAT IS NOT TRUE THAT IT WAS PROBABLY SOMEONE IN KENNEDY/S GROUP THAT DIDNT LIKE HIM, AND HAD OSWALD SHOOT HIM. THAT SOMEDAY SOON THERE WILL BE A REVOLUTION ALL OVER LATIN AMERICA INCLUDING PUERTO RICO AND THE UNITED STATES YOKE OF AGRESSION WILL FALL. UNQUOTE. WHEN ASKED BY [redacted] WHAT HIS PLANS ARE HE SAID THAT HE WILL BE RETURNING TO WDC IN A WEEK BUT THAT TOMORROW DECEMBER TWO, THIS DATE, HE IS GOING FISHING. WHEN ASKED IF HE LIKED TO FISH HE SAID QUOTE NO, BUT I AM GOING FISHING WITH MY COUSIN WHERE WE CAN TALK AS THERE ARE NO WITNESSES THAT WAY UNQUOTE. NAME OF COUSIN NOT YET KNOWN BY [redacted] AS TO THE BROWN NOTEBOOK WITH THE NAMES OF PRO-CASTRO COMMUNISTS IN MIAMI [redacted] SAID THAT HE BROUGHT OUT THE BOOK FROM HIS COAT POCKET AND SAID THAT HE HAS THE NAMES OF MANY PERSONS IN MIAMI IN HIS BOOK INCLUDING CARLOS PRIO SOCARRAS, A FORMER CUBAN PRESIDENT. [redacted] SURMISED THAT THESE PERSONS WERE ALSO PRO-CASTRO, RIEGO DID NOT SAY SO, HOWEVER, NOR DID HE SAY THAT HE HAS MET OTHER PRO-CASTRO CUBANS WHILE FISHING. HE

END PAGE ~~THREE~~ TWO

BEGIN PAGE THREE

DID NOT SAY THAT HE KNEW OSWALD NOR EVER HAS KNOWN HIM. HE DID NOT HAVE ADVANCE KNOWLEDGE OF THE ASSASSINATION [redacted] JUST BELIEVED THAT HE MIGHT HAVE HAD KNOWLEDGE OF SAME. MIAMI WILL LOCATE RIEGO AND INTERVIEW HIM THOROUGHLY REGARDING THE ABOVE ACCUSATIONS AND ABOUT OTHER STATEMENTS MADE IN THE PAST AS SET OUT IN PREVIOUS REPORTS.

COPIES BEING MADE THIS TEL AND REFERENCED TEL FOR SUBMISSION TO RICHMOND AND WFO.

~~ON PAGE TWO PLS CORRECT FOLLOWING: LINE TWO WORD TWELVE SHD BE "IT" AND DIVIDED WORD AT END OF LINE TEN BEGINNING OF LINE ELEVEN SHD BE "WITNESSES"~~

END AND ACK PLS

WA 11-15 PM OK FBI WA MFL

DL 10-15 PM OK FBI DL DEC

OC 10-15 9 PM OK FBI OC CWW

TU ALL AND DISC

CC-MR. ROSEN

DVC § 1101

FBI

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 1 1953

TELETYPE

RBC 37

URGENT 12-1-53 11:38 PM DE

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC NEW YORK 100-84431

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R-COM, DALLAS.

ON TWELVE THREE INSTANT, JOHN J. ABT, ATTORNEY, WHO HAS REPRESENTED CPUSA BEFORE SACB, TURNED OVER TO SAS OF NYO AT INSTANCE OF ARNOLD JOHNSON, WHO IS LEGISLATIVE SECRETARY, CPUSA, AND IDENTIFIED AS HIS CLIENT, SIX LETTERS WRITTEN BY SUBJECT TO CP AND "THE WORKER". JOHNSON, WHO WAS PRESENT, REQUESTED THAT CORRESPONDENCE WHICH ALSO INCLUDES TWO LETTERS WRITTEN BY HIMSELF ACKNOWLEDGING OSWALD'S LETTERS BE RETURNED WHEN SUCH HAVE SERVED THEIR PURPOSE.

JUNE TEN SIXTY TWO LETTER OF OSWALD TO "THE WORKER" NOTED HIS HAVING BEEN LONG TIME SUBSCRIBER AND HE REQUESTED FAVOR AND NOTED "I HAVE FORMED A FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE IN NEW ORLEANS. I THINK IT IS THE BEST WAY TO ATTRACT THE BROAD MASSES OF PEOPLE TO A POPULAR STRUGGLE". HE THEN ASKED FOR LITERATURE TO BE PLACED AMONG FAIR PLAY LEAFLETS SUCH AS ONE ENCLOSED WITH LETTER. HE ALSO REQUESTED FORWARDING HONORARY MEMBERSHIP CARDS TO GUS HALL AND BEN DAVIS FIGHTERS FOR PEACE.

END PAGE ONE

REC 37 105-82555-358

DEC 11 1953

6 DEC 12 1953

PAGE TWO.....

AUGUST THIRTEEN SIXTY THREE LETTER TO ARNOLD JOHNSON EXPRESSED THANKS FOR LITERATURE SENT TO HIM FOR FPCC BRANCH " OF WHICH I AM THE SECRETARY- PRESIDENT". HE CLAIMED TO BE DOING HIS BEST TO HELP CUBA, A CAUSE WHICH HE BELIEVED HE KNEW JOHNSON APPROVED.

AUGUST TWENTY EIGHT SIXTY THREE LETTER ADDRESSED " COMRADES " ASKED ADVICE ON " PROBLEM OF PERSONAL TACTICS," OSWALD EXPLAINING HIS HAVING LIVED IN USSR FROM FIFTY EIGHT TO SIXTY TWO AND NOTING HIS UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT TO RELINQUISH U. S. CITIZENSHIP. HE WENT ON TO NOTE HIS PARTICIPATION IN " STRUGGLE FOR PROGRESS AND FREEDOM " IN U. S. IN NINTEEN SIXTY TWO AND ASKED ADVICE AS TO CONTINUING FIGHT " DESPITE HIS STATED HANDICAP. HE BELIEVED OPPONENTS COULD USE HIS RESIDENCE IN USSR IN OPPOSING ANY CAUSE HE JOINED INASMUCH AS CLAIM MIGHT BE MADE OF CONTROL BY RUSSIA. FURTHER IN LETTER HE EXPLAINED HE WAS THEN SECRETARY OF LOCAL BRANCH OF FPCC IN WHICH POSITION " FRANKLY I HAVE USED TO FOSTER COMMUNIST IDEALS". HE THEN NOTED AN ATTACK ON HIM ON LOCAL RADIO SHOW BY CUBAN EXILES BASED ON HIS RESIDENCE IN USSR.

END PAGE TWO.....

JOHNSON-S REPLY THERETO, DATED SEPTEMBER , NINTEEN SIXTY THREE, POINTED OUT OSVALD-S RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE AS AMERICAN IN ORGANIZATIONS AS HE WISHED BUT LETTER ALSO CONVEYED SUGGESTION THAT HE REMAIN IN BACKGROUND.

AUGUST THIRTY ONE SIXTY THREE LETTER ADDRESSSED TO ERIC BERT AT "THE WORKER" AND CLAIMED OSVALD WAS COMMERCIAL PHOTOGRAPHER WHO HAS DONE BLOW-UPS, ETC., AND OTHER PHOTO WORK FOR "THE WORKER". HE WENT ON TO EXPRESS DESIRE TO BE EMPLOYED BY "THE WORKER". HE ALSO NOTED HE AND FAMILY WAS TO BE RELOCATED IN AREA, PRESUMABLY NY AREA, IN A FEW WEEKS. HE ASKED THAT APPLICATION BE GIVEN FULL CONSIDERATION.

SEPTEMBER ONE SIXTY THREE LETTER ADDRESSED ONLY "DEAR SIRS" ASKED ADVICE ON CONTACTING CP IN BALTIMORE - WASHINGTON AREA, IN WHICH HE EXPECTED TO RELOCATE IN OCTOBER SIXTY THREE.

END PAGE THREE.....

PAGE FOUR.....

THE LAST LETTER, UNDATED, BUT CONTAINED IN ENVELOPE POSTMARKED AT DALLAS, NOVEMBER ONE SIXTY THREE, WITH RETURN ADDRESS PO BOX SIX TWO TWO FIVE, DALLAS, TEXAS, WAS SAID BY JOHNSON TO HAVE BEEN RECEIVED NOVEMBER TWENTY NINE, REASON FOR STATED DELAY NOT KNOWN TO JOHNSON. THIS LETTER NOTED A PRIOR LETTER TO JOHNSON, TO WHOM LETTER ADDRESSED, NOTING HE HAD EXPECTED TO MOVE FROM NEW ORLEANS TO PHILADELPHIA- BALTIMORE AREA AND FURTHER NOTED JOHNSON-S ADVICE TO EFFECT HE COULD BE CONTACTED UPON SETTLING THERE AS WELL AS STATEMENT THAT CP WOULD CONTACT OSWALD. HE WENT ON " SINCE THEN MY PERSONAL PLANS HAVE CHANGED AND I HAVE SETTLED IN DALLAS, TEXAS, FOR THE TIME". HE CONTINUED THAT HE HAD BEEN INTRODUCED TO LOCAL CHAPTER OF AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION WHICH WAS MEETING MONTHLY ON SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY CAMPUS. AT FIRST SUCH MEETING ON OCTOBER TWENTY FIVE SIXTY THREE, FILM EXHIBITION WAS FOLLOWED BY CRITICAL DISCUSSION ON ULTRA RIGHT IN DALLAS. ALSO ON OCTOBER TWENTY THREE, HE ATTENDED "ULTRA RIGHT MEETING" HEADED BY EDWIN WALKER, DALLAS RESIDENT. OSWALD NOTED SUCH MEETING HAD PRECEDED BY ONE DAY ATTACK ON UN AMBASSADOR ADLAI STEVENSON IN DALLAS. OSWALD NOTED POLITICAL FRICTION BETWEEN LEFT AND RIGHT WAS VERY GREAT THERE. HE THEN ASKED ADVICE ON GENERAL VIEW " WE HAVE" ON ACLU AND TOWHAT DEGREE HE SHOULD ATTEMPT TO HEIGHTEN ITS PROGRESSIVE TENDENCIES.

BY AIRTEL THIS DATE BUREAU BEING FURNISHED ORIGINALS OF CORRESPONDENCE TURNED OVER TO NYO BY ABT AND JOHNSON WITH XEROX COPIES OF SAME BEING FURNISHED DALLAS OFFICE BY COPY OF SAME AIRTEL.

END AND PLS ACK.....

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: Director, FBI

FROM: SAC, Albany (105-5001)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
OO - Dallas

Re New Haven airtel to Director dated 12/4/63, which enclosed for Albany copy of Buairtel to New Haven dated 12/3/63.

Copy of referenced New Haven airtel and autostats of above Buairtel dated 12/3/63 and Phoenix teletype to Bureau and Albany dated 11/24/63 captioned "Assassination of President John F. Kennedy," enclosed herewith for the New York office.

Albany, by teletype to Director and SAC, Phoenix 11/25/63 in case captioned "Assassination of President John F. Kennedy," advised OLIVE STEVENS unknown to Albany and that area code given in Phoenix teletype of 11/24/63 was Manhattan, New York City area code. The Bureau was also advised in this teletype that UACB, no action being taken by Albany in absence of additional data re location.

Telephone directories and Postal Guide contained no

CC: 3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Dallas (RM)
2 - New York (Encls.3)(RM)
1 - Phoenix (RM)
1 - Albany

GMS:bar
(9)

REC 37 105-82555-359

ST-104

DEC 9 1963

DEC 12 1963

ENCLOSURE

AL 105-5001

Information re Hidden Lake or Hidden Lake Lodge in Vermont. Sources of the Albany office have been unable thus far to locate a Hidden Lake or Hidden Lake Lodge, Vermont.

Inquiry New York Telephone Company this date reveals telephone number GR 7-5298, area code 212, listed to Mrs. STEWART STEVENS, #2 Fifth Avenue, New York City, N.Y.

Albany indices negative re Miss OLIVE STEVENS and STEWART STEVENS, N.Y.

New York attempt to locate Miss OLIVE STEVENS through above New York City address and conduct investigation set forth in Buairtel dated 12/3/63.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-9-63 9-21 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR ATTN. ASST. DIR. SULLIVAN

FROM SAC, DALLAS 7100-10461

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

MARINA OSWALD INTERVIEWED AGAIN TODAY AT LENGTH. SHE STATED AT TIME SHE MET OSWALD AND AT TIME SHE MARRIED HIM, SHE DID NOT KNOW OF HIS DESIRE TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES, AND THAT IF SHE HAD KNOWN OF SUCH DESIRE SHE PROBABLY WOULD NOT HAVE MARRIED HIM. SHE STATED OSWALD TOLD HER AFTER THE MARRIAGE THAT HE HAD APPLIED TO THE AMERICAN EMBASSY [illegible] RETURN TO THE U.S. BUT HIS LETTERS HAD NOT BEEN ANSWERED AND HE THOUGHT HE WOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO RETURN. SHE ADVISED SHE REQUESTED PERMISSION OF RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES TO LEAVE FOR U. S. NOT BEFORE MAY, NINETEEN SIXTYYONE, BUT POSSIBLY A LITTLE LATER. SHE RECEIVED ABOUT NEW YEAR-S, NINETEEN SIXTYTWO, ADVICE FROM RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES THAT PERMISSION WAS GRANTED AND TO SUBMIT PHOTOS AND DOCUMENTS. IN MAY OF NINETEEN SIXTYTWO SHE RECEIVED HER ACTUAL EXIT DOCUMENT. SHE SAID SHE DID NOT HAVE HIGH HOPES AT FIRST OF BEING GRANTED PERMISSION AND WAS, IN FACT, SURPRISED AS

END PAGE ONE

REC 31 105-82555-360

DEC 11 1963

XEROX DEC 11 1963

6 DEC 12 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

WERE HER FRIENDS THAT SHE WAS GRANTED PERMISSION TO LEAVE RUSSIA FORTHE U. S.

MARINA DOES NOT KNOW WHAT THE NORMAL PROCEDURE IS CONCERNING DEFECTORS WHO ARRIVE IN RUSSIA. SHE STATED FOREIGNERS ARE GENERALLY TREATED BETTER THAN ARE CITIZENS AND THAT OSWALD RECEIVED PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT, SUCH AS, BEING PERMITTED TO LIVE IN AN APARTMENT RATHER THAN DORMITORY. OSWALD STAYED IN MOSCOW FOR A NUMBER OF WEEKS UPON FIRST ARRIVING IN RUSSIA AND AFTER USING UP HIS MONEY RAN UP A BILL AT THE HOTEL BERLIN. LATER THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT PAID OFF THIS BILL AND SENT HIM TO MINSK. OSWALD HAD NO CHOICE AS TO WHERE HE WOULD GO AS SHE UNDERSTANDS IT. OSWALD NEVER SAID HE WAS QUESTIONED BY RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES IN MOSCOW AND SHE DOES NOT BELIEVE THERE WAS ANY QUESTIONING. SHE BELIEVES OSWALD WAS OBSERVED AND HIS NEIGHBORS AND ASSOCIATES QUESTIONED ABOUT HIM. SHE SAID OSWALD HAD NO TROUBLE IN OBTAINING PERMISSION FROM RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT TO DEPART FROM RUSSIA AS WAS THE GENERAL CASE WITH FOREIGNERS. STATED RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES MAY HAVE BEEN UPSET BY HIS DECISION TO RETURN TO U.S. BUT DID NOT TRY TO DISSUADE HIM.

END PAGE TWO

MARINA ADMITTED SHE HAD REQUESTED PERMISSION IN FEBRUARY AND MARCH, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, OF THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY IN U.S. TO RETURN TO RUSSIA AND HER REQUEST HAD BEEN ACCEPTED BUT NO ACTION HAS BEEN TAKEN. SHE ASKED WHAT SHE SHOULD DO IF HER PERMISSION WERE FORTHCOMING. SHE SAID SHE DOES NOT NOW WISH TO RETURN TO RUSSIA. SHE WAS TOLD THAT DETERMINATION OF RESIDENCE WAS A DECISION FOR HER TO MAKE. SHE WANTED TO KNOW IF THE RUSSIANS CAN FORCE HER TO RETURN TO RUSSIA. AS MR. FRED HARVEY OF USINS HEADQUARTERS HAD TOLD HER ON NOV. TWENTYEIGHT LAST, IN PRESENCE OF INTERVIEWING AGENTS THAT HER RESIDENCE IN THE US WAS LEGAL AND THAT NO STEPS WOULD BE TAKEN TO DEPORT HER IF SHE COOPERATED WITH THE GOVERNMENT, SHE WAS INFORMED SHE COULD REMAIN IN THE US UNDER THESE CONDITIONS.

MARINA STATED THE TOWN OF MINSK, RUSSIA, HAD A LARGE FOREIGN POPULATION BECAUSE IT HAD ALMOST BEEN DESTROYED IN THE WAR AND WAS NOW BEING REBUILT AND NEEDED PEOPLE AND WORKERS.

MARINA ADVISED, IN ANSWER TO QUESTIONS CONCERNING MAILING PROCEDURES IN RUSSIA, THAT, UNDOUBTEDLY, OSWALD-S MAIL PARTICULARLY THAT TO THE AMERICAN EMBASSY WOULD HAVE BEEN CHECKED BY AUTHORITIES, ALTHOUGH SHE DID NOT KNOW THIS AS A FACT.

CONCERNING HER TRIP TO MOSCOW IN JULY, NINETEEN SIXTYONE, TO HAVE VISA INTERVIEW WITH AMERICAN EMBASSY, SHE SAID OSWALD HAD TAKEN A PLANE TO MOSCOW ALONE AND HAD LATER CALLED HER ON TELEPHONE THAT DAY IN MINSK AND REQUSTED SHE COME TO MOSCOW WHICH SHE DID THE NEXT DAY.

END PAGE THREE

SHE STATED UPON HER RETURN TO MINSK FROM MOSCOW ON THAT OCCASION, HER FIRENDS AND ASSOCIATES AND RELATIVES FOUND OUT SHE HAD REQUESTED PERMISSION TO GO TO U.S. SHE SAID THAT MANY OF HER STRONG COMMUNIST FRIENDS CONDEMNED HER EXIT AND TRIED TO CONVINCE HER NOT TO LEAVE. SOME THREATENED TO WRITE ARTICLES FOR THE NEWSPAPER BUT SHE WAS ADAMANT AND SAID SHE DID NOT CARE. SHE SAID MANY OF HER ASSOCIATES WERE ACTUALLY AFRAID THAT THEY WOULD BE CRITICIZED FOR MARINA-S ACTION IN DECIDING TO GO TO THE U.S.

OSWLAD OWNED A RIFLE IN RUSSIA WHICH HE HAD PURCHASED THERE WITH SPECIAL PERMIT. SHE DOES NOT KNOW WHAT HAPPENED TO THIS RIFLE. HE WENT HUNTING ON ONE OCCASION IN RUSSIA AS BEST SHE CAN REMEMBER. SHE SAID HE DID NOT ATTEND ANY SPECIALIZED SXHOOLS FOR TRAINING IN PHOTO PHOTOGRAPHY OR RADIO OR ANY OTHER SPECIALIZED TRAINING THAT HE HAD NO SECRET WRITING EQUIPMENT OR MICROSCOPES EITHER IN BUSSIA OR U.S.

MARINA ADVISED NEITHER SHE NOR OSWALD TO HER KNOWLEDGE MADE ANY DEAL WITH RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES TO PERFORM ASSIGN-MENTS IN U.S. AS CONDITION OF BEING ALLOWED TO PROCEED TO

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

THE U.S.

NO ADDITIONAL INTERVIEW SCHEDULED WITH MRS. OSWALD.

WHEN SUFFICIENT ADDITIONAL MATERIAL IS ACCUMULATED JUSTIFYING

INTERVIEW, HTIS WILL BE HANDLED.

END AND ACK PLS

10-36 PM OK FBI WA RL

TU DISC

CC-MR. ROSEN

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 7-20 PM DE

TO DIRECTOR -6- 105-82555 AND SAC DALLAS 100-10461

FROM SAC NEW YORK 105-38431

LEE HARVEY OSVALD, AKA IS- R.

REBUTEL TWELVE SIX LAST TO MY SETTING FORTH LEAD TO CONACT ERNEST ANGELL REGARDING AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION/ ACLU/ MEMBERSHIP.

ERNEST ANGELL, BOARD OF DIRECTORS, ACLU, ONE FIVE SIX FIFTH AVENUE, NYC, CONTACTED TWELVE SEVEN LAST BY SA JAMES O. INGRAM BUT STATED DUE TO PERSONAL COMMITTMENTS NOT AVAILABE UNTIL TWELVE NINE.

ANGELL INTERVIEWED THIS DATE AND STATES ON ELEVEN TWENTY THREE SIXTY THREE IT WAS REVEALED IN PRESS OSVALD MEMBER OF ACLU. STATES ALAN REITMAN, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR IN CHARGE OF PUBLIC RELATIONS CONDUCTED INQUIRY TO DETERMINE IF OSVALD MEMBER. RECORD CHECK MADE AND NO MEMBERSHIP RECORD LOCTED AT NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS. A PRESS RELEASE WAS ISSUED ELEVENTWENTY FOUR SETTING FORTH OSVALD NOT A MEMBER.

A CLERK, ON ELEVEN TWENTY SIX LAST, DISCOVERED OSVALD-S APPLICATION AND IT WAS STAMPED RECEIVED ELEVEN FOUR LAST AND PUT IN SAFE ALONG WITH OTHER CONTRIBUTORS. HIS APPLICATION WAS FOUND WITH TWO DOLLARS CASH AND A SHORT LETTER. ACLU SUBMITTED PRESS RELEASE ELEVEN TWENTY SIX LAST INDICATING OSVALDS APPLICATION RECEIVED AND HOW DISCOVERED.

REC 31 105-82555-361

ST-104

DEC 10 1963

ORIGINAL APPLICATION WITH HANDWRITTEN LETTER SENT TO ATTORNEY GENERAL, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, FOR THEIR ASSISTANCE.

ANGELL STATES REITMAN HAS ABOVE RELEASES AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RE MATTER. STATES OSVALD-S APPLICATION RECEIVED WITH TWO DOLLARS CONTRIBUTION AND THIS MONEY DEPOSITED. STATES APPLICATION NOT

HAD NOT BEEN ENTERED ON MEMBERSHIP

1316 Timberlake Circle
Richardson Tex.

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION.

PAGE TWO.....

ALAN REITMAN ADVISED THIS DATE HE RECEIVED PHONE CALL FROM GREG OLDS, PRESIDENT, ACLU AFFILIATE, DALLAS ON ELEVEN TWENTYTHREE LAST, INQUIRING IF OSWALD MEMBER. OLDS RELATED A MR. NICHOLS, PRESIDENT, DALLAS BAR ASSOCIATION, HAD INTERVIEWED OSWALD AND OSWALD ASKED FOR JOHN ABT OR AN ATTORNEY FROM ACLU, SINCE HE WAS MEMBER. REITMAN TOLD OLDS LATER BY PHONE HE HAD NO RECORD OF SUBJECT.

STATES HE HAS HAD SEVERAL CONVERSATIONS WITH OLDS SINCE THAT DATE A OLDS CONDUCTED INQUIRY RE SUBJECT. OLDS RELATED SUBJECT MAYHAVE ATTENDED ACLU MEETING IN DALLAS TENTWENTY FIVE LAST. ONE MICHAEL RAINE, DALLAS, WAS QUOTED AS HAVING TAKEN OSWALD TO MEETING. OLDS ALSO MENTIONED ALLEGATION OSWALD MAY HAVE SPOKEN AT DISCUSISION GROUP TEN TWENTY THREE LAST IN DALLAS RE GENERAL EDWIN WALKER. STATES OLDS HAS INFORMATION REGARDING THIS.

STATES MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION WAS IN POSSESSION OF HEADQUARTERS BUT NOT PROCESSED AND NOT ENTERED ON MEMBERSHIP ROLLS.

REITMAN MADE AVAILALE TWO LENGHTHY PRESS RELEASES BY ACLU FOR SUNDAY, ELEVEN TWENTY FOUR LAT AND TUESDAY, ELEVEN TWENTY SIX LAST. THIS INFORMATION AS WELL AS ABOVE WILL BE REPORTED BY NYO.

IF NOT PREVIOUSLY HANDLED, DALLAS CONTACT GREG OLDS, PRESIDENT, ACLU AFFILIATE, DALLAS, HOME ADDRESS THIRTEEN SIXTEEN TIMBERLAKE CIRCLE, RICHARDSON, TEXAS, HOME PHONE ADAMS ONE- ZERO EIGHT FOUR ONE CONCERNING INFORMATION OSWALD.

NY WILL REPORT ABOVE.

END AND PLS ACK.....

7-33 PM NY R -6- VA JWF

FBI DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 9 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 7-54 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, MINNEAPOLIS

FROM SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

ON DECEMBER NINE INSTANT MR. W. W. SENINGSEN, VICE PRESIDENT, GULF DIVISION, WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY, AND MR. L. R. WILCOX, DISTRICT MANAGER, WESTERN UNION, DALLAS, IN CONFERENCE WITH BUREAU AGENTS ADVISED WESTERN UNION RECORDS FOR DALLAS AND WESTERN UNION BRANCH OFFICES IN DALLAS COUNTY HAVE BEEN CHECKED WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS FOR ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING LEE HARVEY OSWALD UNDER OSWALD'S TRUE NAME AND ALL KNOWN ALIASES. RECORD CHECK WAS CONDUCTED BY WESTERN UNION SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL AND COVERED PERIOD SEPTEMBER ONE THROUGH NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE. THIS INCLUDED A CHECK OF RECORDS CONCERNING MONEY ORDERS RECEIVED AND SENT FROM THE DALLAS MAIN OFFICE AND BRANCH OFFICES IN DALLAS COUNTY WHICH INCLUDED IRVING, TEXAS AND ALSO INCLUDED CHECK OF ALL TELEGRAMS SENT FROM DALLAS AND BRANCH OFFICES OVER THE SAME PERIOD OF TIME. COMPLETE INFO RE THIS CHECK WILL

END PAGE ONE

REC 37 62-109555-362
DEC 10 1963

61 DEC 12 1963

PAGE TWO

BE SET FORTH IN FUTURE DALLAS REPORT. NO COPY OF INCOMING TELEGRAMS RETAINED AT ANY WESTERN UNION OFFICE.

END AND ACK PLS

2-WA 3,\4

8-58 PM OK FBI WA RL

MI 7-58 PM OK FBI WP WMW

TU DISC

O

CC-MR ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 28 1963

TELETYPE

REC 30

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-27-63 10-27 PM NRB

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC LOS ANGELES 89-73

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, LAST.

DALLAS, TEXAS, ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER. OO DALLAS.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT BY LEE OSWALD TO INFILTRATE ANTI CASTRO

ORGANIZATION.

JOSE M. DEETJEN, TWO NINE SIX EIGHT SUSSEX LANE, LOS

ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, LOCAL DELEGATE OF THE ANTI-CASTRO

QUOTE CUBAN STUDENT DIRECTORATE UNQUOTE PAREN DIRECTORIO

REVOLUCIONARIO ESTUDIANTIL, HEADQUARTERS ADDRESS PO BOX

EIGHT ZERO FIVE, MIAMI ONE, FLORIDA UNPAREN PAREN DRE UNPAREN,

ADVISED NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN, INSTANT THAT ACCORDING TO QUOTE

THE CUBAN REPORT UNQUOTE, ENGLISH LANGUAGE DRE PUBLICATION

DATED NOVEMBER TWENTY FIVE, LAST AT MIAMI, LEE HARVEY OSWALD

VISITED THE LOCATION OF DRE OFFICES IN NEW ORLEANS, LA. ON

AUGUST SIX, LAST, AND AGAIN QUOTE DAYS AFTER UNQUOTE, ON THE

FIRST OCCASION OFFERING HIS COOPERATION AS A TRAINER IN MILITARY

TACTICS BUT RECEIVING NO DEFINITE ANSWER FROM CAROLOS BRINGUIER,

END PAGE ONE

REC 30 105-82555-3458

11 1963

EX-115

6 DEC

79 DEC 12 1963

cc: Sullivan

DRE DELEGATE, WHO QUOTE FOUND HIM SUSPICIOUS UNQUOTE, AND ON THE SECOND OCCASION, LEAVING A BOOK ENTITLED QUOTE GUIDE BOOK FOR MARINES UNQUOTE, WITH HIS NAME AND SERIAL NUMBER WRITTEN INSIDE. DEETJEN SAID THAT ACCORDING TO THE SAME SOURCE, OSWALD, BRINGUIER, AND TWO ASSOCIATES OF LATTER, NAMELY MIGUEL CRUS AND CELSO HERNANDEZ, WERE ARRESTED IN NEW ORLEANS ON AUGUST NINE, LAST FOLLOWING ARGUMENT THAT AROSE WHEN BRINGUIER AND HIS ASSOCIATES FOUND OSWALD DISTRIBUTING FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE PROPAGANDA ON THE STREET, THE ARRESTS RESULTING IN A TEN DOLLAR FINE FOR OSWALD FOR DISTURBANCE OF THE PEACE ON AUGUST TWELVE, LAST. DEETJEN ADDED THAT THE ABOVE INFORMATION WILL BE READ IN ITS SPANISH VERSION BEFORE AN EXPECTED AUDIENCE OF ONE HUNDRED CUBAN REFUGEES AT A DRE

105-82555-365

EX-115

December 9, 1963

Dr. E. B. Burgoon
Post Office Box 184
Big Piney, Wyoming

Dear Dr. Burgoon:

Your letter of November 30th, with enclosures, has been received, and I want to thank you for giving me the benefit of your observations and comments.

My staff and I certainly share your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy. Pursuant to the instructions of President Johnson, we are conducting a full investigation into the assassination and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald, and I can assure you every ramification of these matters will be looked into.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Correspondent not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:rsp (3)

MAILED 11
DEC 9 - 1963
COMM-FBI

DEC 9 2 45 PM '63
RECD-READING ROOM
FBI

Big Piney, Wyoming
30 November 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Gentlemen:

Because of the deep public concern, and because of at least the possibility of a connection or "clue", in addition to the fact that the matter would be quite simple to check without a lot of needless and probably extravagant expense, I am writing to make a suggestion.

Enclosed you will find a picture of a small private airplane that landed and, I assume, took on a load of fuel here at the Big Piney Airport 25 September 1963. We were at the Airport that day because we (that is, three school boys and I) chartered another plane to fly up to Jackson, Wyoming to see President Kennedy when he visited.

You will note that the identification for the plane pictured is (CFNSC) not that used in the United States ordinarily, (and since we were "Security-minded" that day, a couple of us took pictures of the "foreign" plane,) which we were told simply indicated that it was from Canada. (However, some one had at first said that the numbers indicated Mexican licensure.)

I am sure by now you have guessed what is in my mind, in view of rumors and stories about Lee Harvey Oswald and his attempts to establish a get-away route perhaps through Mexico, after having shot President Kennedy. If Mr. Oswald had any sort of following in connection with his "Fair Play for Cuba" group, I just wondered if perhaps any subversive activity were brewing for a get-away plan as long ago as September 1963 using just maybe other people and the plane pictured.

I should think that a licensure designation of this sort could be easily checked without arousing any suspicion and without causing any embarrassment if it all proves groundless suspicion.

At least one of the boys who had the privilege of shaking the President's hand that day, and I are curious about this plane whether Canadian or Mexican, and I hope that my raising the question and suggesting that a "check-out" be made is in order.

Thank you.

EX-115

REC 30 105-82555-365

Respectfully,

Edwin B. Burgoon

E.B.Burgoon, M.D.

env. and pict. enc.

25 DEC 11 1963

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

ACK 12-9-63 CM

CORRESPONDENCE

(2) at the [illegible] line of duty

25 Sept 1963

62-82555-366

EX-115

December 10, 1963

Mr. E. Carl Jacobson
Box 224
Pelican Rapids, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Jacobson:

Your letter of December 4th has been received, and I want to thank you for giving me the benefit of your observations and comments.

My staff and I certainly share your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy. Pursuant to the instructions of President Johnson, we are conducting a full investigation into the assassination and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald, and I can assure you every ramification of these matters will be looked into.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Buffles.

CJJ:plr
(3)

MAILED 13
DEC 1 01963
COMM-FBI

RECORDED-108
DEC 10 3 PM '63
FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel

Box 226
Pelican Rapids, Minnesota
December 4, 1963

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

In following the news regarding President Kennedy's assassination I have seriously wondered about a possible connection with these recent events and the little publicised attempt on General Walker's life in that area last spring. It seems to me there could be a connection and perhaps a link in the Ruby affair.

Lee Harvey Oswald

I rather hesitate to mention this as I have only the papers and news bulletins to base this on, but it seems the timing, Oswald buying the gun in March, the attempt on Walker's life in April, and Oswald procuring the telescope sits between then and President Kennedy's murder could indicate a previous failure.

Sincerely yours,

E. Carl Jacobson

E. Carl Jacobson

Acl. 12/18/64
CST: plw
VML

REC 30

EX-115

105-82555-366

DEC 11 1963

CORRESPONDENCE

December 9, 1963

105-82555-367

REC-34

Miss Josephine Miller
Box 26
Drift, Kentucky

EX-109

Dear Miss Miller:

I have received your letter of December 4th and understand your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy.

For your information, President Johnson has instructed the FBI to conduct a full investigation into the assassination of the President and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald, and I can assure you we will discharge our responsibilities in this regard with the same thoroughness and dispatch that have characterized our investigations in the past.

Since we do not disclose developments in connection with our investigations, I will not be able to answer your questions.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 21
DEC 9 - 1963
COMM-FBI

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Buffles.

CJJ:mng
(3) mng

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel

DEC 8 12 38 PM '63
RECEIVED

DEC 8 12 15 PM '63
FBI
FBI - READING ROOM

DEC 8 12 15 PM '63
DIRECTOR

December 4, 1963
Box 25
Floyd County
Drift, Kentucky

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I wish to ask you for information concerning Lee Harvey Oswald, the accused assassin of our late and beloved president of our United States.

Is it possible that this man could have been in the Louisville, Kentucky area on September 6th, 1963 or September 7th, 1963 ?

I was in Louisville, Kentucky from September 6, 1963 to September 10, 1963 at the Sherriton Seelbach Hotel, and have reason to think that after looking at two or three of his pictures in the Courier Journal, a Louisville, Kentucky paper, that I saw a person at night time on a street in Louisville, Kentucky, who looked like this man Lee Harvey Oswald. I believe it was the night of September 7th, 1963.

This man was with two more fellows, approximately the same age, maybe younger. One was carrying three books. The one who looked like Lee Harvey Oswald was carrying a trumpet or cornet musical instrument, and held it with his left hand. He held the instrument with a dignity of pride. He conversed in a foreign language. He was some dark complected with black hair, and had on a brown coat or suit identical to the material and weave in one of his pictures, after being captured.

He conversed with a party I was walking with, and I was told that these boys were "Pick Pockets" But there was something about this fellow that stuck in my mind. His tight pressed lips for one reason and of course the musical instrument. I just thought it strange at the time and still do.

Therefore it would please me if the following information I seek, may be given.

No.1- Where was Lee Harvey Oswald on September 6, or September 7, 1963 ?

No.2- Was he ever known to carry a trumpet or cornet musical instrument, out of the case, on the streets ?

No.3- Was he left or right handed ?

No.4- Was he ever known at any time to pledge or salute in any fashion such as, the right hand, fist closed on the left shoulder above the heart ?

I feel it my patriotic duty to clear my mind of this feeling of identification, and the all due respect for our slain president.

Thanking you for this information I remain 105-82555-3(

Yours very truly,

Joe [illegible] Miller

DEC 11 196

Ack/12-9-63
Cyl-Lmrg

CORRE

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 13//1-3 PM AIV

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, CINCINNATI /105-2505/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

RE LOUISVILLE TEL TO BUREAU AND SEVEN OFFICES DECEMBER FIVE SIXTY-THREE, RE CUSTOMERS OF TURNER JOYCE GUN SHOP, COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.

FOLLOWING CONTACTED DECEMBER SIX SIXTY-THREE BY SAS NAMED WITH NO INFO ON ANY SALE TO SUBJECT COLON

BY SA BENNY J. CANNY COLON CHARLES GROSSMAN, GUN SHOP, ONE ONE NINE FIVE CATHERINE DRIVE; F. S. RODGES, SR. AND JR., OPERATORS, PIONEER GUN SHOP, FIVE ONE FOUR SEVEN MONTGOMERY ROAD, NORWOOD, OHIO; MARTIN HOLLANDER, THREE NINE FOUR SEVEN, N. CLEROSE CIRCLE, GEORGE S. [illegible] BURGER GUN SHOP, FIVE ZERO TWO SIX MONTGOMERY ROAD, NORWOOD.

BY SA THOMAS D. ESTEP COLON HOYER E. JOHNSTON, SHOOTERS SUPPLY, ONE ONE FIVE EIGHT TWO LEBANON ROAD, SHARONVILLE, OHIO; CHARLES HENSLEY, OWNER, MASON GUN SHOP, MASON, OHIO.

105-82555-368

DEC 11 1963

79 DEC 12 1963

PAGE TWO

BY SA JOHN E. MC CLUSKEY, RUSSELL THORNTON, GUN SHOP, ONE FIVE FOUR THREE W. THIRD STREET, DAYTON, OHIO.

BY SA BILLY C. KIRTS, STEPHEN KUSMACK, OPERATOR, TRADE WINDS TRADING POST, MANCHESTER, OHIO.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

CORECTION PAGE 2 LINE 3 WORD EIGHT SHOULD BE GUN QUOTE

ND ACK IN ORD

VA 1-42 PM OK FBI VA HSL

DL 12-41 OK FBI DL HW

TU W

CC MR ROSEN

12/10/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI SACS DALLAS, ST. LOUIS

FROM: SAC, VFO (105-37111)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS-R

RE LOS ANGELES TEL DECEMBER NINE LAST, WHEREIN EARL WILLIAM VANDESTINE, NEENAH, WISCONSIN, DESCRIBED AS MARINE FROM BATON ROUGE, TWENTYFIVE YEARS OLD, ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY POUNDS, FIVE FOOT NINE, BLOND HAIR, WHO HAS INFORMATION RE OSWALD.

ON DECEMBER NINE LAST WARRANT OFFICER EDWARD SPARR, MACS THREE, MCAF, EL TORO, FORMERLY WITH MACS NINE, ADVISED PFC HENRY J. ROUSSELLE, LANCE CORPORAL ATTACHED TO MACS NINE, WAS DISCHARGED IN SIXTY AND GAVE DESCRIPTION OF MAN NOW MENTIONED BY VANDESTINE.

POSSIBLE IDENT PER INQUIRY WASHINGTON, D.C. IS HENRY J. ROUSSEL, JR., MSN ONE EIGHT ZERO ZERO FIVE NINE ZERO, FORMERLY WITH MACS NINE, RECORD LOCATED SAINT LOUIS. SAINT LOUIS REVIEW RECORD, SET OUT LEAD TO INTERVIEW ROUSSEL RE INFO OF OSWALD.

105-82555-369

REC 30

DEC 11 1963

(2) Bureau
2 - Teletype Unit
1 - VFO

JMMisch
(5)

79 DEC 12 1963

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 370

PAGE NO. All

NO. OF PAGES 13

SECTION NO.

6

Department of State

REFERRAL

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 321

PAGE NO. ALL

NO. OF PAGES 7

SECTION NO.

1c

CIA

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 2

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-26-63 11-04 AM CST DAO

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS 89-69 1P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE TELEPHONE CALLS NOV. TWENTYFIVE LAST TO SUPERVISOR RICHARD GALLAGHER FROM NEW ORLEANS RE DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE.

DURING MORNING OF NOV. TWENTYFIVE PRESS INQUIRY RECEIVED BY NEW ORLEANS OFFICE CONCERNING ARREST OF LAYTON PATRICK MARTENS AND ALVIN ROLAN BEAUBOUEF ARRESTED EARLY MORNING OF NOV. TWENTYFIVE BY NEW ORLEANS PD ON VAGRANCY CHARGE WITH NOTATION IN ARREST BOOK THAT THEY WERE BEING HELD FOR SECRET SERVICE AND FBI.

SUBSEQUENT INVESTIGATION BY NEW ORLEANS OFFICE DISCLOSED INFORMATION WAS RECEIVED BY ORLEANS PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, NEW ORLEANS, NOV. TWENTYFOUR LAST THAT ONE DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE ALLEGEDLY TAUGHT LEE HARVEY OSWALD USE OF TELESCOPIC SIGHT ON RIFLE.

DA'S OFFICE CONCLUDED FERRIE POSSIBLY INVOLVED IN ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT AND CONDUCTED INVESTIGATION TO LOCATE FERRIE WHO WAS ABSENT FROM HIS RESIDENCE WHEN INVESTIGATORS

END PAGE ONE

ARRIVED. PRESENT WERE TWO ASSOCIATES OF TERRIE WHO IDENTIFIED THEMSELVES TO DA INVESTIGATORS AS LAYTON PATRICK MARTENS AND ALVIN ROLAN BEAUBOUEF. INVESTIGATORS ARRESTED THESE INDIVIDUALS AT APPROXIMATELY ONE AM, NOV. TWENTYFIVE ON VAGRANCY CHARGES AND THEY WERE BOOKED IN SECOND PRECINCT OF NEW ORLEANS PD.

ASSUMING POSSIBLE INTEREST OF FBI AND SECRET SERVICE IN ARREST OF MARTENS AND BEAUBOUEF, INVESTIGATORS FOR DA PLACED A NOTATION, HOLD FOR SECRET SERVICE AND FBI ON ARREST BOOK. THIS OFFICE DID NOT AUTHORIZE THESE HOLDS AND WAS NOT AWARE HOLDS PLACED IN RECORD UNTIL INVESTIGATION OF THIS MATTER BEGUN NOV. TWENTYFIVE. THROUGH CONTACT WITH INVESTIGATORS IN DA/S OFFICE, HOLDS REMOVED NOV. TWENTYFIVE AND LOCAL NEWS MEDIA INFORMED THAT FBI DOES NOT REQUEST HOLDS ON PERSONS ARRESTED BY OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES UNLESS FEDERAL WARRANT IS OUTSTANDING.

HERMAN S. KOHLMAN, ASSISTANT ORLEANS PARISH DA, ADVISED NOV. TWENTYFIVE HE KNEW OF TERRIE/S BACKGROUND AS KOHLMAN WAS FORMER NEW ORLEANS NEWSPAPER REPORTER. KOHLMAN TALKED TO JACK MARTIN, NEW ORLEANS PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR ABOUT

END PAGE TWO

FERRIE AND MARTIN REFRESHED HIS MEMORY CONCERNING FERRIE/S ACTIVITIES AND ALLEGED ASSOCIATION WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD. KOHLMAN STATED THE DA/S OFFICE INSTITUTED AN INVESTIGATION CONCERNING FERRIE, WHICH LATER RESULTED IN ARREST OF FERRIE, AFTERNOON OF NOV. TWENTYFIVE. KOHLMAN STATED FERRIE INTERVIEWED BY DA INVESTIGATORS AND DENIED KNOWING OSWALD.

JERRY PHILLIP STEIN, FORMER ROOMMATE OF KOHLMAN ADVISED NOV. TWENTYFIVE THAT ON MORNING OF NOV. TWENTYFOUR HE RECEIVED A TELEPHONE CALL FROM PERSON IDENTIFYING HIMSELF ONLY AS JACK WHO WANTED TO SPEAK TO KOHLMAN. JACK TOLD STEIN HE WANTED TO TELL KOHLMAN THAT FERRIE, WHO HAD ONCE BEEN THE SUBJECT OF ONE OF KOHLMAN/S NEWSPAPER STORIES, WAS IN TEXAS AS OF THE DATE OF THE TELEPHONE CALL AND THAT FERRIE HAD TAUGHT OSWALD TO FIRE FOREIGN WEAPONS. STEIN SAID THE CALLER ALSO REFERRED TO FERRIE COMMUNICATING WITH OSWALD CONCERNING THE DISTRIBUTION OF SOME UNIDENTIFIED LITERATURE. STEIN SAID THE CALLER, JACK, IMPLIED FERRIE WAS A HOMOSEXUAL. STEIN RELATED THAT HE TOLD JACK, KOHLMAN NO LONGER ROOMED WITH HIM AND FURNISHED JACK WITH KOHLMAN/S PHONE NUMBER. STEIN THEN CALLED KOHLMAN, TELLING HIM SOMEONE NAMED JACK WAS GOING TO

END PAGE THREE

CALL HIM AND GIVE HIM INFORMATION ABOUT ONE DAVE FERRIE.

ON NOV. TWENTYFIVE FRANK KLEIN, FIRST ORLEANS PARISH ASSISTANT DA, ADVISED HE INTERVIEWED FERRIE NOV. TWENTYFIVE AFTER LATTER HAD BEEN ARRESTED BY DA INVESTIGATORS. HE SAID FERRIE CLAIMS HE LEFT NEW ORLEANS EVENING OF NOV. TWENTYTWO LAST, DRIVING BY AUTOMOBILE TO HOUSTON AND GALVESTON, TEX. FERRIE CLAIMS HE LEFT GALVESTON MORNING OF NOV. TWENTYFOUR AND DROVE TO ALEXANDRIA, LA. VIA PORT ARTHUR, TEX. IN ALEXANDRIA, FERRIE HEARD NEW ORLEANS POLICE WERE LOOKING FOR HIM AND HE DROVE TO NEW ORLEANS, ARRIVING ABOUT ONE AM, NOV. TWENTYFIVE. KLEIN SAID FERRIE ADMITTED HAVING A CONNECTION WITH AN ANTI/CASTRO ORGANIZATION WHICH WAS ACTIVE IN NEW ORLEANS AFTER CASTRO CAME TO POWER IN CUBA. KLEIN STATED FERRIE DENIED KNOWING LEE HARVEY OSWALD. FERRIE SAID OSWALD COULD HAVE BELONGED TO THE CIVIL AIR PATROL IN THE NEW ORLEANS AREA WHILE FERRIE WAS ACTIVE IN THAT ORGANIZATION BUT HE HAD NO RECOLLECTION OF OSWALD.

ALVIN ROLAN BEAUBOUEF /ARRESTED IN FERRIE/S APARTMENT BY DA INVESTIGATORS/ INTERVIEWED NOV. TWENTYFIVE AND WAS UNCOOPERATIVE. BEAUBOUEF CLAIMED HE WENT TO FERRIE/S APARTMENT

END PAGE FOUR

TO OBTAIN A BOOK FROM HIM AND SHORTLY AFTER HIS ARRIVAL, INVESTIGATORS FROM THE DA'S OFFICE CAME IN AND ARRESTED FERRIE, A BOY NAMED MARTENS, AND HIMSELF. BEAUBOUEF SAID HE MET FERRIE ABOUT THREE YEARS AGO AND HE BLIEVED FERRIE WAS IN SOME WAY CONNECTED WITH A CIVIL AIR PATROL UNIT IN NEW ORLEANS.

BEABOUEF DECLINED TO ANSWER FURTHER QUESTIONS.

LAYTON PATRICK MARTENS, THE OTHER PERSON ARRESTED IN FERRIE/S APARTMENT, INTERVIEWED NOV. TWENTYFIVE AND ADVISED HE HAD BEEN LIVING WITH FERRIE AFTER HIS MOTHER QUOTE KICKED HIM OUT UNQUOTE OF HER RESIDENCE. MARTENS CLAIMED HE FIRST MET FERRIE IN NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT WHEN MARTENS WAS A CADET IN THE CIVIL AIR PATROL IN NEW ORLEANS AND FERRIE WAS ONE OF THE LEADERS OF HIS GROUP. MARTENS CLAIMED FERRIE IS CURRENTLY EMPLOYED AS A RESEARCH LIBRARIAN FOR S. VRAY GILL, NEW ORLEANS ATTORNEY.

MARTENS SAID THAT THROUGH HIS ASSOCIATION WITH FERRIE HE BECAME ASSOCIATED WITH THE CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY FRONT, AN ANTI/CASTRO ORGANIZATION IN NEW ORLEANS AND VOLUNTARILY WORKED FOR THIS GROUP FROM APRIL TO AUGUST, SIXTYONE WHEN MARTENS

CORR ON LINE SEVEN WORD ONE SHOULD BE BEAUBOUEF

LEFT NEW ORLEANS TO ATTEND THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHWESTERN LOUISIANA AT LAFAYETTE, LA. HIS JOB IN THIS ORGANIZATION WAS TO VISIT CONSULATES IN THE NEW ORLEANS AREA AND NEW ORLEANS BUSINESSMEN IN AN EFFORT TO SECURE FUNDS TO SUPPORT THE ORGANIZATION.

MARTENS SAID THAT IN AUG. SIXTYONE, HE ALONG WITH FERRIE, ONE MELVIN SELLING AND ANDREW BLACKMON WERE ARRESTED BY JEFFERSON PARISH, LA. SHERIFF/S OFFICE AND FERRIE WAS CHARGED WITH CRIME AGAINST NATURE. MARTENS WAS CHARGED WITH VAGRANCY. MARTENS SAID THEY WERE SUBSEQUENTLY RELEASED AND HE DOES NOT BELIEVE ANYONE WAS CONVICTED AS A RESULT OF THE ARREST.

MARTENS SAID THAT ON THE AFTERNOON OF NOV. TWENTYFOUR LAST, ATTORNEY G. WRAY GILL VISITED FERRIE/S RESIDENCE AND TOLD MARTENS HE WAS LOOKING FOR FERRIE WHO WAS THEN NOT AT HOME.

END PAGE SIX

GILL REMARKED TO MARTENS THAT WHEN LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS ARRESTED BY THE DALLAS POLICE, OSWALD WAS CARRYING A LIBRARY CARD WITH FERRIE/S NAME ON IT. GILL INSTRUCTED MARTENS TO TELL FERRIE TO CONTACT HIM AND GILL WOULD REPRESENT FERRIE AS HIS ATTORNEY. GILL ALSO TOLD MARTENS THAT ONE JACK MARTIN, A PRIVATE DETECTIVE IN NEW ORLEANS, HAD TOLD THE POLICE AND THE FBI THAT FERRIE HAD STATED IN MARTIN/S PRESENCE THAT THE PRESIDENT SHOULD BE KILLED AND OUTLINED PLANS TO ACCOMPLISH THIS.

JACK S. MARTIN, NEW ORLEANS ADVISED AGENTS NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE, HE WITNESSED A TELEVISION PROGRAM NOVEMBER TWENTY THREE, LAST, ON WHICH SEVERAL INDIVIDUALS REPORTED AN ASSOCIATION OF LEE OSWALD AND DAVID FERRIE. MARTIN ADVISED THAT FERRIE HAS BEEN CHARGED WITH CRIME AGAINST NATURE IN JEFFERSON PARISH. HE IS AN AMATEUR HYPNOTIST, AND FORMER COMMANDER OF THE CIVIL AIR PATROL, TRAINING YOUNG BOYS, AND MARTIN SURMIZED THAT FERRIE MAY HAVE TRAINED OSWALD IN THE USE OF A TELESCOPIC RIFLE. MARTIN REPORTED HIS SUSPICIONS TO WWL DASH TV, TO A MAJOR PRESLEY TROSCLAIR, NEW ORLEANS PD, AND TO HERMAN KOHLMAN, NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT ATTORNEY/S OFFICE. OTHER THAN THE REMARKS

MARTIN HAD HEARD ON TELEVISION, AND HIS GENERAL KNOWLEDGE OF
TERRIE, HE HAD NO FORMATION TO CONNECT TERRIE AND OSWALD.
NEW ORLEANS FILES REFLECT EDWARD STEVART SUGGS, AKA.
JACK MARTIN, JACK S. MARTIN, ON DECEMBER TWENTY ONE, FIFTY
SIX, CAUSED A DISTURBANCE IN WOOLWORTH/S STORE, NEW ORLEANS.
MARTIN CHASED AND ACCOSTED A WOMAN IN THE STORE AND FOLLOWING
A BRIEF SCUFFLE, WAS EVICTED FROM THE STORE. ON THE SAME DAY,
THE MANAGER OF THE STORE RECEIVED TELEPHONE CALL FROM AN
INDIVIDUAL WHO IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS JACK MARTIN, ADVISING
THAT HE WAS GOING TO SUE WOOLWORTH/S STORE FOR THROWING HIM
OUT. ON TWO OR THREE OCCASIONS DURING THE TELEPHONE CONVERSA-
TION, MARTIN STATED THAT HE WAS AN FBI MAN. FACTS OF INSTANT
CASE DISCUSSED WITH USA, NEW ORLEANS, WHO DECLINED PROSECUTION
REGARDING THE ALLEGED IMPERSONATION OF AN FBI AGENT DUE TO
DIFFICULTY IN PROVING SUBJECT WAS IDENTICAL TO THE PERSON
MAKING THE TELEPHONE CALL AND ALSO DUE TO THE FACT THAT SUBJECT
WAS AT THAT TIME WAS BEING TREATED AS A PSYCHONEUROTIC.
ON JANUARY SEVENTEEN FIFTY SEVEN, MR. J. O/MARA, SECRETARY
PSYCHIATRIC DEPT. CHARITY HOSPITAL, NEW ORLEANS, INFORMED THE
END PAGE EIGHT

PAGE NINE

FBI THAT JACK MARTIN, ONE TWO THREE ZERO SEVENTH ST., NEW ORLEANS, HAD BEEN ADMITTED TO THE PSYCHO WARD AT CHARITY ON DECEMBER TWENTY THREE, FIFTY SIX AND WAS STILL A PATIENT IN THAT DEPT. HE LISTED HIS AGE AS FORTY ONE AND THE NAME OF HIS WIFE AS MRS. PAULA MAE MARTIN. ON JANUARY SEVENTEEN, FIFTY SEVEN, DR. EDWARD LONG, RESIDENT PSYCHIATRIST, CHARITY HOSPITAL, INFORMED THE FBI THAT MARTIN WAS HIS PATIENT, THAT HE HAD NOT MADE HIS DIAGNOSIS OF MARTIN/ CONDITION, BUT THAT MARTIN DEFINITELY DID SUFFER FROM SOME SORT OF CHARACTER DISORDER. DR. LONG STATED THAT IN HIS OPINION, IT WOULD BE INADVISABLE FOR MARTIN TO BE INTERVIEWED AT THAT TIME BY BUREAU AGENTS, INASMUCH AS SUCH AN INTERVIEW MIGHT PROLONG MARTIN/S HOSPITALIZATION.

ON JANUARY SEVENTEEN, FIFTY SEVEN, DETECTIVE RUIZ, HOMICIDE DIVISION, NEW ORLEANS PD, INFORMED FBI THAT ON JANUARY SEVEN, FIFTY SEVEN, MRS. PAULA MAE MARTIN HAD INFORMED MARTIN WAS THEN A PATIENT AT CHARITY HOSPITAL PSYCHO WARD, THAT HIS TRUE NAME WAS EDWARD STEWART SUGGS AND HE WAS WANTED IN HOUSTON, TEXAS ON A MURDER CHARGE. DETECTIVE RUIZ STATED THAT AFTER CHECKING WITH THE HOUSTON PD, HE HAD DETERMINED THAT SUBJECT MARTIN HAD BEEN WANTED IN HOUSTON IN NINETEEN FIFTY FOUR ON A MURDER CHARGE

END PAGE NINE

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BUT WAS NO LONGER WANTED BY HOUSTON AUTHORITIES.

DETECTIVE RUIZ FURTHER ADVISED THAT MRS. PAULA MAE MARTIN HAD ADVISED THAT SUBJECT POSSESSES A REVOLVER AND THAT POLICE RECORDS SHOW THAT ON JULY TWENTY FOUR, FIFTY SIX, PAULA MAE MARTIN OBTAINED A GUN PERMIT FOR A REVOLVER, SN FOUR THREE NINE SEVEN THREE ONE FIVE.

ON FEBRUARY TEN SIXTY ONE, AN INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFYING HIMSELF AS J. S. MARTIN, ONE THREE ONE ONE NORTH PRIEUR, NEW ORLEANS, LA., ADVISED THAT TWO OF HIS CLIENTS IN SOUTH AMERICA, WHO WERE IN THE OIL BUSINESS, HAD REQUESTED HIM TO CHECK ON A CHARLES F. RIKER, TWO SIX ONE ZERO S, MCGREGOR DRIVE, HOUSTON, TEXAS, WHO REPORTEDLY WAS IN VENEZUELA AND ON VARIOUS OCCASIONS HAD REPRESENTED HIMSELF AS AN FBI AGENT OR CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENT. MARTIN ADVISED THAT HE WAS A PRIVATE DETECTIVE AND WISHED TO OBTAIN ANY DATA THE BUREAU COULD GIVE HIM REGARDING RIKER ON BEHALF OF HIS CLIENT. MARTIN WAS UNSUCCESSFUL IN OBTAINING ANY INFORMATION.

IN AUGUST, SIXTY, A COMPLAINT WAS RECEIVED IN THE NEW ORLEANS OFFICE CONCERNING J. S. MARTIN TO THE EFFECT THAT HE HAD TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED ROBERT GUY, PROGRAM DIRECTOR,

END PAGE TEN

WVL BASE TV, NEW ORLEANS, LA. AND IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS J. S. MARTIN, STATING HE WAS A PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND THE BIGGEST RATCHET MAN IN THE SOUTH. BASED ON THIS COMPLAINT JACK S. MARTIN, ONE THREE ONE ONE M. PRIEUR WAS INTERVIEWED. HE DENIED MAKING SUCH A STATEMENT AND STATED HE WAS EMPLOYED AS A PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR, OPERATING FROM HIS RESIDENCE. HE DENIED EVER MAKING ANY REPRESENTATIONS OR HAVING BEEN EMPLOYED WITH THE GOVERNMENT AS A FEDERAL INVESTIGATOR. MARTIN WAS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS, RACE WHITE, SEX MALE, AGE FORTY FIVE, HEIGHT FIVE FEET EIGHT INCHES, WEIGHT ONE HUNDRED FORTY LBS., BUILD SLENDER, HAIR BROWN, MARITAL STATUS MARRIED, WIFE PAULA MAE, CHARACTERISTICS, HIGH FOREHEAD, GLIB TALKER, NAME DROPPER.

DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE INTERVIEWED FIRST DISTRICT, NEW ORLEANS POLICE DEPARTMENT, AND ADVISED HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE CIVIL AIR PATROL IN NEW ORLEANS, LA., FROM NINETEEN FIFTYTWO

TO NINETEEN FIFTYFIVE AND AGAIN FROM NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT TO THE END OF NINETEEN SIXTY OR BEGINNING OF NINETEEN SIXTY ONE. DURING PERIOD NINETEEN FIFTYTWO TO FIFTYFIVE HE WAS AN INSTRUCTOR WITH CIVIL AIR PATROL AND IN APPROXIMATELY NINETEEN FIFTYTHREE BECAME COMMANDANT OF CIVIL AIR PATROL SQUADRON. DURING PERIOD NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT TO NINETEEN SIXTY OR SIXTYONE HE SERVED AS INSTRUCTOR AND EXECUTIVE OFFICER. TERRIE STATES HE DID NOT INSTRUCT CADETS IN SQUADRON IN FIREARMS TRAINING AND THAT CADETS WERE AFFORDED TRAINING LOCALLY ONLY IN USE OF TWENTYTWO CALIBER RIFLE WITH ADJUSTABLE REAR SIGHT. STATES HE HAS NEVER OWNED A TELESCOPIC SIGHT OR A RIFLE EQUIPPED WITH TELESCOPIC SIGHT AND HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF HOW TO USE ONE. TERRIE STATED TO BEST OF HIS KNOWLEDGE HE DOES NOT KNOW ANY INDIVIDUAL NAMED LEE HARVEY OSWALD NOR HAS HE EVER KNOWN THE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTED BY PHOTOGRAPH PRESENTED TO HIM AND THAT OF LEE OSWALD IN CIVIL AIR PATROL, IN ANY BUSINESS CONNECTION OR IN ANY SOCIAL CAPACITY.

END PAGE TWELVE

PAGE THIRTEEN

FERRIE STATED THAT THE PROFILE VIEW OF OSWALD APPEARING IN POLICE PHOTOGRAPH IS VAGUELY FAMILIAR TO HIM BUT THE FULL FACE AND STANDING PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD ARE NOT FAMILIAR TO HIM.

FERRIE CLAIMS HE HAS BEEN EMPLOYED BY ATTORNEY G. WRAY GILL AS AN INVESTIGATOR AND LAW CLERK SINCE MARCH, NINETEEN SIXTYTWO, AND FROM THE END OF AUGUST, SIXTYTHREE THROUGH NOVEMBER TWENTY-TWO, SIXTYTHREE, HE HAS BEEN WORKING ON THE CASE INVOLVING CARLOS MARCELLO WHO WAS CHARGED IN FEDERAL COURT IN CONNECTION WITH A FRAUDULENT BIRTH CERTIFICATE. FERRIE STATED TRIAL OF MARCELLO STARTED ON NOVEMBER FOUR, SIXTYTHREE AND ENDED NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE. FERRIE CLAIMS HE LEFT NEW ORLEANS, La ACCOMPANIED BY ALVIN BEAUBOUEF AND MELVIN ~~X~~ SOFFY IN HIS SIXTYONE LIGHT BLUE COMET STATION WAGON, PURCHASED WITHIN PAST MONTH Texas IN NEW ORLEANS, AT NINE OR SHORTLY AFTER NINE P. M., NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE AND DROVE TO HOUSTON, TEXAS, ARRIVING THERE BETWEEN FOUR THIRTY AND FIVE THIRTY A. M., NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE, SIXTYTHREE. STATES CHECKED INTO ROOM NINETEEN, ALAMOTEL, SOUTH MAIN STREET, HOUSTON, ARISING APPROXIMATELY NOON SAME DATE. ON AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE, SIXTYTHREE, WENT TO

END PAGE THIRTEEN

WINTERLAND SKATING RINK, TWO FOUR ZERO ZERO NORFOLK, WHERE CONTACTED CHUCK ROLLAND CONCERNING THE COST OF OPERATION OF ICE SKATING RINK. LATER AFTER CHECKING OUT OF MOTEL, WENT TO BELLAIRE SKATING RINK ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE OWNER WHO WAS NOT AVAILABLE. FERRIE CLAIMS HE AND COMPANIONS LEFT HOUSTON AT NINE OR SHORTLY AFTER NINE P. M. AND DROVE TO GALVESTON, TEXAS, ARRIVING THERE AT TEN THIRTY OR ELEVEN THIRTY P. M. SAME DATE. CHECKED INTO ROOM ONE ONE SEVEN DRIFTWOOD, THREE ONE TWO EIGHT SEAWALL BOULEVARD. CLAIMS RETIRED FOR NIGHT ARISING APPROXIMATELY EIGHT THIRTY A. M., NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR, SIXTYTHREE, AND AFTER BEING CHECKED OUT, TOOK FERRY ACROSS BAY TO PICK UP ROAD TO PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS. STATED HE STOPPED AT SERVICE STATION IN PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS WHERE HE PURCHASED NEW SET OF SPARK PLUGS FOR COMET STATION WAGON AND WAS IN SERVICE STATION AT THE TIME THE TV PROGRAM BROADCAST THE SHOOTING OF OSWALD IN BASEMENT OF DALLAS CITY JAIL. FERRIE PRESUMED HE WAS LOOKING AT ORIGINAL LIVE BROADCAST AS IT WAS IN THE VICINITY OF NOON ON THAT DATE. CLAIMS HE DROVE THROUGH ORANGE, TEXAS, AND AFTER CROSSING STATE LINE IN LOUISIANA STOPPED AT BUSTER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT OPERATED BY MARION JAMES JOHNSON, WHO IS

END PAGE FOURTEEN

A CLIENT OF ATTORNEY GILL. UPON LEAVING BUSTER/S RESTAURANT AND BAR THEY DROVE TO ALEXANDRIA, LOUISIANA, ARRIVING THERE APPROXIMATELY FOUR P. M. WHILE IN ALEXANDRIA HE UNSUCCESSFULLY ATTEMPTED TO TELEPHONICALLY CONTACT ATTORNEY GILL BU CONTACTED LAYTON MARTENS WHO INFORMED HIM REPRESENTATIVES OF WVL TV HAD MADE INQUIRY IN THE VICINITY OF HIS HOME STATING HE WAS IMPLICATED IN THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. FERRIE CLAIMED THEY LEFT ALEXANDRIA BETWEEN FOUR AND FIVE P. M. AND AFTER STOPPING AT SEVERAL SERVICE STATIONS TO USE THE TELEPHONE HE FINALLY REACHED ATTORNEY GILL. GILL INFORMED HIM THAT JACK S. MARTIN HAD TIPPED OFF THE ORLEANS PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY/S OFFICE, THE FBI, THE SECRET SERVICE, AND NEWS MEDIA, CLAIMING HE HAD TIED FERRIE TO THE KILLING OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY IN THAT FERRIE KNEW OSWALD, HAD TRAINED OSWALD AND HAD FLOWN HIM TO DALLAS, TEXAS. FERRIE CLAIMED THEY THEN RETURNED TO NEW ORLEANS, ARRIVING APPROXIMATELY NINE THIRTY P. M. SAME DATE AND AFTER DROPPING HIS TWO COMPANIONS, HE DROVE TO HAMMOND, LOUISIANA, WHERE HE CONTACTED THOMAS COMPTON AT HOLLOWAY SMITH HALL, SOUTHEASTERN LOUISIANA COLLEGE.

49A4 M - CORR ON LINE ELEVEN WORD NINE SHD BE ORLEANS

END PAGE FIFTEEN

PAGE SIXTEEN

HE RETURNED TO NEW ORLEANS ON AFTERNOON OF NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE, SIXTYTHREE, AND AFTER CONTACTING ATTORNEY GILL, HE WENT TO DISTRICT ATTORNEY/S OFFICE ACCOMPANIED BY ATTORNEY GILL. FERRIE ADVISED HE HAS OWNED A STINSON ONE FIVE ZERO SINGLE ENGINE, FOUR PASSENGER MONOPLANE SINCE NINETEEN FORTYEIGHT, REGISTRATION NUMBER EIGHT TWO NINE THREE K, WHICH HAS NOT BEEN AIRWORTHY SINCE THE LICENSE EXPIRED IN APRIL, SIXTYTWO. FERRIE STATED FROM NOVEMBER, NINETEEN SIXTY UNTIL AUGUST, NINETEEN SIXTYONE, HE WAS ASSOCIATED WITH THE CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY FRONT IN NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA. HE STATED HE HAD BEEN ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN WORKING FOR THE CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY FRONT COLLECTING FOOD, MONEY, MEDICINE AND CLOTHING FOR THAT ORGANIZATION AS WELL AS GIVING TALKS BEFORE CITIZENS GROUPS. STATES CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY FRONT WAS AN ANTI/CASTRO ORGANIZATION AND ALL PERSONS CONNECTED WITH THE ORGANIZATION WERE VIOLENTLY ANTI/CASTRO. FERRIE STATES HE DOES NOT RECALL ANY ORGANIZATION NAMED THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE AND HAS NEVER BEEN CONNECTED WITH ANY INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING AN ORGANIZATION BY THAT NAME.

END PAGE SIXTEEN

PAGE SEVENTEEN

INVESTIGATION, NOVEMBER TWENTY FIVE, AMONG CIVIL AIR PATROL PAREN CAP PAREN MEMBERS IN NEW ORLEANS, REVEALED OSWALD NOT KNOWN TO HAVE BEEN MEMBER OF CAP, ALTHOUGH HE REPORTEDLY ATTENDED APPROXIMATELY TWO MEETINGS IN FIFTY FIVE, DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE DETERMINED TO HAVE BEEN INTERMITTENTLY ACTIVE IN CAP FROM ABOUT FIFTY THREE TO SIXTY AND CAP MEMBERS CONTACTED KNEW OF NO ASSOCIATION BETWEEN FERRIE AND OSWALD. CAP RECORDS DESTROYED EVERY FOUR YEARS, HOWEVER, SEARCH BEING MADE OF AVAILABLE RECORDS IN EFFORT TO DEVELOP INFORMATION CONCERNING OSWALD AND FERRIE.

END AND ACK PLS

WA2-03 PM OK FBI WA ELR

DL 1205 APM OK FBI DL HR

R TU CLRO

11/26/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

EX 115

105-82555-372

TO SACS DALLAS
NEW ORLEANS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

NEW ORLEANS TEL NOVEMBER TWENTYSIX, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, ELEVEN O FOUR AM.

BUTEL INDICATES THAT ATTORNEY G. WRAY GILL STATED THAT WHEN OSWALD WAS ARRESTED BY DALLAS POLICE HE WAS CARRYING LIBRARY CARD WITH FERRIE'S NAME ON IT. GILL SHOULD BE IMMEDIATELY INTERVIEWED REGARDING THIS FACT AND FOR ALL INFORMATION HE POSSESSES RE OSWALD'S ACTIVITIES IN NEW ORLEANS.

COPIES DESTROYED

JEG:imt

(3)

21 FEB 02 1973

NOTE: New Orleans advised that Information was received by Orleans Parrish District Attorney's Office, 11/25/63 that David Ferrie allegedly taught Oswald use of telescopic rifle. Information was also developed that Attorney Gill visited Ferrie's residence 11/24/63 and advised associate of Ferrie that a library card found in the possession of Oswald at the time of his arrest had the name of Ferrie on it. Gill has not been interviewed to date.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 26 1963

TELETYPE

DEC 12 1963

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 323

PAGE NO. ALL

NO. OF PAGES 8

SECTION NO.

6

CIA

REFERRAL

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-60)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) Attn: Elem 5

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
APO
OO: DALLAS

105-82555

Re LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Enclosed is certified copy of birth certificate of LEE HARVEY OSWALD reflecting his birth at New Orleans, La., 10/18/39.

This certificate is being furnished for the completion of Bureau files but it is requested that a photostat be furnished New Orleans and Dallas for completion of their respective files. Efforts made to copy the birth certificate with reproduction equipment available in the New Orleans office were unsuccessful.

C. C. BUVILLE

ENCLOSURE

EX-115

105-82555-374

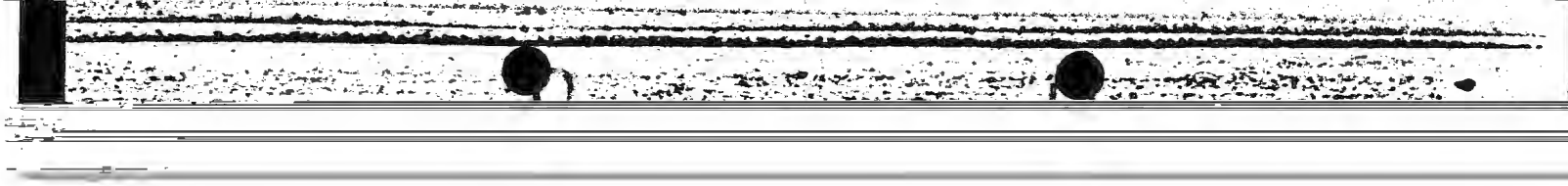
3 - Bureau (Enc. 1) (RM)
1 - Dallas (89-43) (RM)
2 - New Orleans

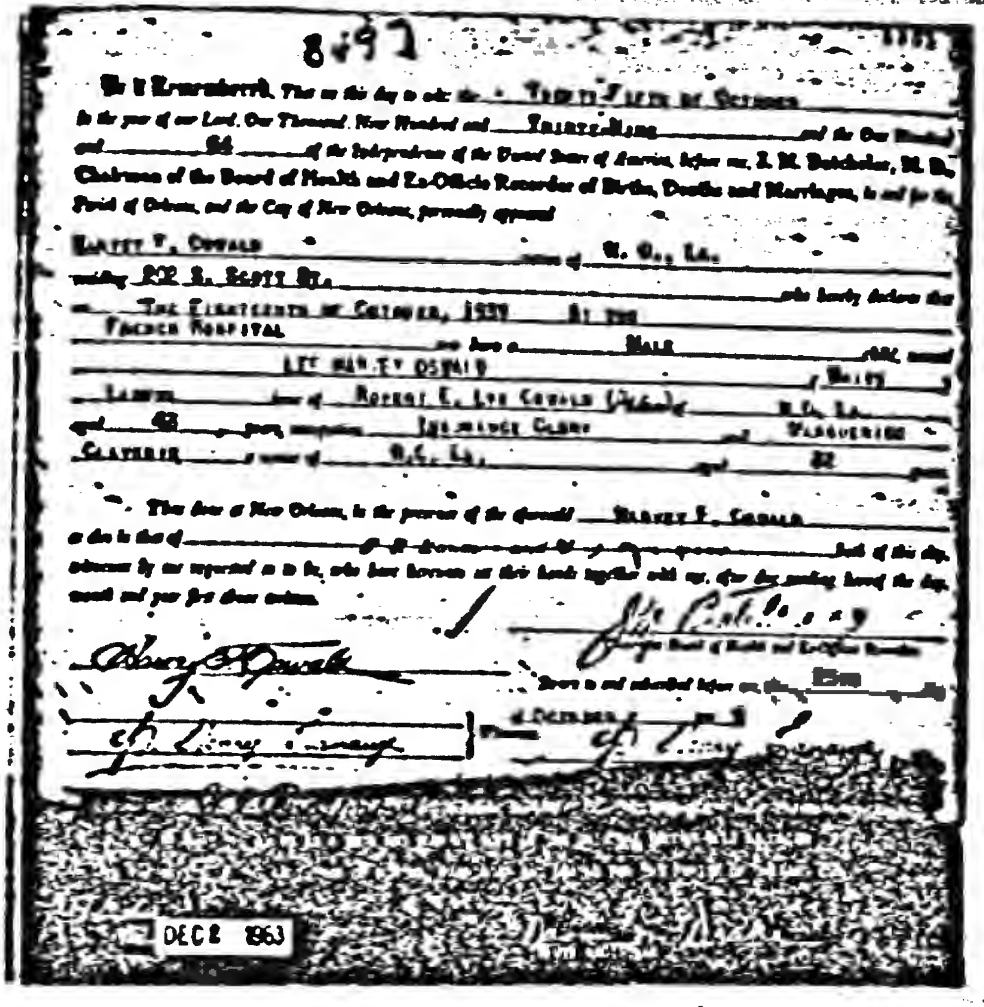
PRA:jab
(6)

DEC 5 1963

cc: Photostat made

79 DEC 12 1963





8497

DEC 8 1963

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Filed as Evidence
FD-191 (Rev. 11-18-64)

Date: 12/5/63

☐ Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (1B10)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12/3/63	Inspector TOM KELLEY, U. S. Secret Service
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
FBI Laboratory	Evidence

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

2 Russian language books property of MARINA OSWALD turned over to Irving, Texas, PD by RUTH PAINE; furnished to Secret Service by Irving PD; then furnished to Dallas FBI. FD-302 prepared on 12/3/63.

(1) Book on Child Care
(2) Cookbook D-74

SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR.

(Forwarded FBI Laboratory, 12/16/63)
(Books returned from Lab, 1/9/64.)
(Child Care book returned to MARINA OSWALD, 1/28/64.)
(Cookbook (D-74) sent to Bureau, 1/30/64.)

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
3 AUG 4 1965

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1 1965

AUG 1 1965

SOVIET SECTION

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 11-28-61)

Date 12/5/63

☐ Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (181)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/26/63	Captain WILL FRITZ, Dallas Police Department

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
FBI Laboratory	Intelligence info. When no longer useful, consult Dallas PD re disposition since it is listed in their property room.

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

SAs WARREN C. DE BRUEYS, JAMES P. HOSTY, JR., and KENNETH C. HOWE

(Items 1 through 455 to FBI Laboratory, 11/27/63. Remaining items to FBI Lab, 1/3/64.)

See attached list (Listing furnished by FBI Lab, 2/1/64, which supersedes all other lists.)

Following items returned to Dallas PD, 6/23/64:
(B-2, B-17, B-18, 353, 371, 372, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378 (stereo realist camera only), 379 (Ansco flash assembly only).

Item 330 returned to RUTH PAINE.

105-82555

NOT RECORDED
3 AUG 4 1965

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1-1965

AUG 1 1965

SOVIET SECTION

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
1 - 43	Photos and pictures
44 - 64	Postcards
65	Negatives
66	18 Christmas cards; 5 envelopes; 5 folded note papers with flowered border
67	Christmas card with picture of mother
68	Christmas card from mother
69	Russian postcard
70	Photographs
71	Marine Corps 2nd Btn. Class Book
72	Hammond Doubleday World Atlas
73	Modern Postage Stamp Album
✓74	Texnika Russian Magazine
75 - 83	Russian books
84	Russian book
✓85	Copy of Militant (10-7-63) pg 386, #6 of 1-7-64
✓86	Copy of Worker (10-20-63) pg 387, #9 of 1-7-64

ITEM #		DESCRIPTION
87		Copy of Friend's World News (4/63)
88		Copy of Pocketbook entitled "GEORGE ORWELL, 1984"
89 - 94		Russian pamphlets
95		Russian telegram with picture on front
96		Applications for FPCC
97		Handbills entitled "Hands Off Cuba! Join the FPCC"
98		Receipt for fine from 2nd Mun Court, New Orleans, 8/12/63 #21902 and newspaper clipping
99		Pamphlets by CORLISS LAMONT "The Crime Against Cuba"
100		Road map "Eastern States" Cities Services
101	C	Texas Highway Map Phillips 66
102		Map of Moscow
103		Map of Minsk
104		Map of City of New Orleans
105		Map of "Beautiful Russia"
106		Map of the World
107	O	No Admittance Sign
108		Notebook and contents in English
109		Notebook entitled "TETTADB" and Russian language contents
110		Notebook with designs
111		Red Russian Stamp Folder with stamps

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
112	4" x 7" blue book in Russian language bearing No. 732648
113	Pocket size blue book apparently identification booklet with small photograph of Oswald
114	Brown billfold with Marine Group photograph
115	Fair Play For Cuba Committee, New Orleans Chapter ID Cards
116	Sheets of English writing both sides which appears to be a diary
117	Sheets of lined paper in green ink printing containing comments re CPUSA
118	Negative offset print of Russian City Moscow
119	Penciled diagram
(041) 120	Newspaper clipping re "The President"
121	Brown Manila envelope from Dept. of the Navy directed to Mr. Lee H. Oswald, Minsk, USSR
122	Single sheet in black ink printing entitled "The New Era"
123	Pages of blue ink handwriting numbered 1 - 11 on Holland American Lined Stationery
124	Sheets of blue ink handwriting Holland American Lined Stationery numbered 14 through 44

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
125	Sheets of blue ink handwriting on Holland American lined stationery, numbered 12 and 23
126	Folder captioned "BLOCKS"
127 - 155	Letters in Russian script
156 - 167 complete	Envelopes and their contents and 5 empty envelopes in Russian language
168	Withholding Tax Statements for 1955 and 1956 for Lee Oswald
169	Withholding Tax Statements for 1955 and 1956 for Lee Oswald
170	Deposit slip NO Public Service #454792; Dallas City Water Works Deposit Slip #3331, and Texas Employment Commission Slip dated 4/16/63, all in name of L. H. Oswald
171	Rent receipt 8/8/63, signed I. Dawson (New Orleans)
172	Receipt from U. S. Dept. of Justice for $5 (INS) in name of Marina N. Oswald
173	Birth certificate for Audrey Marina Rachel Oswald born 10/20/63, #19139, Dallas, Texas
174	Soc. Sec. Receipt Oswald, Soc. Sec. No. 433-54-3937 8/63
175	Withholding Tax for 1956 in name of Lee Harvey Oswald
176	Invoice No. 38210 USA, Dept. of State, in name OSWALD, transportation costs $435.71

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
177	A promissory note by OSWALD to pay loan to Dept. of State
178	Remittance Slips State Dept. No.'s 298249; 298251; 299461 addressed OSWALD Box 2915, Dallas, Texas
179	Receipts from U. S. Dept. of State No's 1152090, 91, 95, 96
180	Form I-90 I & NS in name of Marina Oswald
181	Incomplete Form FDI-130 (I&NS) in name of Lee Harvey Oswald
182	Russian language forms, one entitled "АНКЕТА"
183	4-page form in Russian language which appears to be questionnaire pg 324-333 } 1-2264
184	4-page form in Russian language which appears to be questionnaire pg 334 }
185	Form DD293 Application for Review of Discharge from Armed Forces of the U. S. Two sheets
186	Booklets which appear to contain embroidery patterns
187	Color slides approx. 2" sq.
188	Pass dated 9/58 in name Sgt. Oswald Zebra Co., Open Mess
189	2-Cneha Russian Document
190	Empty envelope to Mr. and Mrs. Lee H. Oswald from Vernon, Texas

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
191	Magazine wrapper addressed to Lee H. Oswald from Minsk
192	Pamphlet #13 Russian Document
193	Russian language document
194	Hand sketches on plain paper
195	Letter in foreign language
196	One letter and envelope from John Connally to Lee H. Oswald
197	Letter in foreign language
198	Foreign language magazine pages
199	Note paper bearing name Paul Gregory, Norman, Oklahoma
200	Subscription Coupon. Life Magazine
201	Pages from foreign language book
202	Pages from foreign language book
203	Note with name Ruth Paine, 2515 5th St., Irving, Texas
204	Calling Card, McKay Secretarial Service
205	DELETED
206	Address Label Advertisement
207	Negative bearing "Crime Against Cuba"
208	Note bearing telephone number EM 31365

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
209	Postal form bearing name Lee Oswald dated 11/20/63.
210 - 218	Empty envelopes
219	Letter and envelope bearing name Alex ~~Klein~~ KLEINLERER Loren, PO Box 11277, Ft. Worth, Texas
220 - 224	Envelopes with contents
225	Negatives -
226 - 230	Empty envelopes
231	Slip of paper containing names Carlos J. Bungier, Kagiul M. Cruz and Lt. William Gaillot.
232 - 248	Envelopes with contents
249	Manila envelope containing above stated letters and designated as letters during his stay in Soviet Union
250	Affadavit by Byron Phillips guaranteeing Marina Nikoliva Oswald will not be ward of state
251	Letter dated 10/8/62 at Minsk from Erick to Aleck
252	Letter from Dept. of State, American Embassy Moscow 1/31/62 to Lee H. Oswald, Minsk, Russia
253	Letter from American Embassy, Moscow, 11/13/61 to Lee Harvey Oswald
254	A promise to repay Financial Assistance loan for Repatriation 6/1/62 signed by Lee Harvey Oswald to the Dept. of State

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
255	Letter from American Embassy, Moscow, 7/10/61, to Mrs. Marina Oswald, Minsk, for interview re her visa application
256	Form (Official) in Russian language dated 12/1/62
257	One page Russian language form No. UK-3/266 dated Suas1961
258	Letter from Soviet Embassy, Wash., D. C., dated 6/4/63, directed to Mr. M. Oswald, New Orleans, in Russian language
259	Single sheet containing typed Russian script and dated 25 mas 1962
260	3 x 5 cards bearing respectively names G. Hall; A. J. Eidell; B. Davis and V. T. Lee
261	DUPLICATE
262	Green 4 x 8 sheet apparently a Russian form bearing No. 16-20050
263	International Smallpox Vacc. Cert. in name of Marina Oswald
264	International Smallpox Vacc. Cert. in name of June Oswald
265	Russian language form executed in writing bearing No. 16-24424
266	Green identification Booklet No. 3517282 in Russian language with photograph of Mrs. Oswald
267	Red Russian language Identification Folder bearing Mrs. Oswald's photo and number 560123

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
268	Small single sheet folder booklet bearing name Oswald in Russian and No. 123610
269	Lavender colored booklet in name of Marina issued in 1960 in Russian language
270	Fort Worth Press news clipping showing photograph of Iranian native Mrs. John R. Hall
271	Small white sheet bearing ink Russian script
272	Envelope postmarked Minsk "24-462-7" addressed in Russian script to Marina Oswald
273	4 x 6 sheet of paper bearing Russian language script in blue ink
274	Letter by Lee H. Oswald to Federal Income Tax
275	Russian language form bearing No. 419128
276	Photographs portraying scenes in Russia
277	American Embassy letter, Moscow 7/10/61, to Mrs. Marina Nikilieva Oswald, nee Prusakova, Minsk
278	Russian language form bearing writing and numerals (Numerals on last line 70,64; 25-63)
279	Small sheets of paper bearing Russian language one carrying name of "LA VISTA" the other bearing date 8/5/62
280	Letter from Russian Embassy, Washington, to Marina Oswald Box 2915, Dallas 3/8/63

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
281	Group of Sewing Patterns
282	Top Value Stamp Book
283	Box containing Warrior Rubber Stamping Kit (Rubber date stamp, one printing block set to print Oswald's New Orleans address and various rubber letters)
284	Various articles including small stamp pad, two marking devices, pocket flashlight, fountain pen, four small bottles of Pentids 400 Penicillin powder
285	Brown Identification Booklet bearing No. Y3095/K in the name of Oswald in Russian script bearing date 10/7/61
286	Small blue pouch containing Elgin pocket watch, tie clasp bearing letters CCCP, cuff links with hammer and sickle; stick pin with hammer sickle and star; one master lock key; one Benrus wrist watch 476343; one belt buckle; one tie clasp; one silver cuff link; one Marine Corps lapel button; one lapel button bearing Red flag with hammer and sickle; one Sharpshooters Medal; one die; one dog tag No. 1653230, USMC - Present as listed in inventory plus lapel pin with "hammer and sickle 2-1-59"
287	"620" exposed film with 9 negatives
288	Blue suitcase (composition type) (28 x 16 x 8)

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
300	Handbills entitled "Hands Off Cuba! Join The Fair Play for Cuba Committee, NO Charter Member Branch"
301	Application form to the FPCC, New Orleans, La.
302	FPCC New Orleans Chapter Identification Cards
303	Pamphlets entitled "The Crime Against Cuba" by Corliss LaMont
304	Booklet entitled "Fidel Castro Denounces Bureaucracy and Sectarianism"
305	Booklet entitled The Socialist Workers Party by Joseph Hansen
306	The Coming American Revolution by James P. Cannon
307	Cuban Counter Revolutionaries to the U. S. published by FPCC
308	Pamphlet by Dobbs Weiss Campaign Committee, 116 University Place, New York
309	List of Russian and Communist Literature publications
310	Booklet entitled "The Pact of Madrid" by the Committee for a Democratic Spain
311	Booklet entitled The McCarran Act and The Right To Travel

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
312	Pamphlet entitled "The Revolution Must Be A School of Unfettered Thought — Fidel Castro"
313	Booklet entitled "Ideology and Revolution" by Jean Paul Sartre
314	Pamphlet by FPCC reflecting literature catalog spring, 1963
315	Pamphlet "The Road to Socialism" by Blas Roca
316	New Century Publishers 1961 Catalog
317	Pamphlet entitled "The End of the Comintern" by James P. Cannon
318	Booklet "Speech at the UN" by Fidel Castro
319	Continental Congress of Solidarity With Cuba, Brazil, 3/63 by FPCC, NY
320	Publication entitled "The Nation" dated 1/23/60.
321	Pamphlet by The Weekly People entitled "Automation: A Job Killer"
322	Magazine entitled The New Republic reprint from 9/12/60 issue of The New Republic
323	Russian booklet bearing Oswald's name in Russian script "Oswald L.H."
324	Russian book dated 1962 at Sofia
325	Brown covered Russian pamphlet bearing number 500 on its cover
326	Russian book dated 1961 at Kiev

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
327	Russian magazine bearing No. 16(1702) whose cover shows a group of men dressed in black standing behind what appears to be a master of ceremonies dressed in white
328	Russian-English-Russian pocketsize dictionary and stenographer's notebook containing Russian-Spanish vocabulary.
329	Literature list of the FPCC, New York
330	Address book (Returned) (Ruth Paine)
331	Photograph of Russian workers
332	Photograph, female Russian workers in what appears to be radio factory
333	Photograph of Russian workers in factory
334	Photo of Fidel Castro
335	FPCC handbill bearing address L. H. Oswald, 4907 Magazine, New Orleans, Louisiana
336	Brown Manila envelope containing return address in Russian at Moscow
337	Legal size typewritten sheets entitled "Part I D Collective"
338	32-page typewritten dissertation outlining political domestic and labor life of the Russian as well as other guides to the Russian political system (with 5 photographs)
339	Letter from Embassy, Soviet Union, Washington, 4/18/63 to Marina Nikolilava (in Russian script)

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
340	Folded sheet representing some type of Russian Ident Card bearing No. 100584 and Oswald's wife's name "Marina" in Russian script
341	Pay vouchers of the Leslie Welding Co., 11241 West Melrose St., Franklin Park, Ill., covering employment between 7/21 and 9/29/62
342	Payroll vouchers of the Jaggers-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., Dallas, Tex., for the period 10/24/62 through 4/10/63
343	Payroll vouchers of the Wm. B. Reily and Co., Inc., Nola for the period 5/17/63 through 7/22/63
344	Birth certificate for June Oswald dob 3/15/62 Minsk, Russia, and two Texas employment commission cards for Lee Oswald
345	Alien Registration Card No. A12530 645 Marina N. Oswald
346	Information and ID Card for the Division of Employment Security State of La. for Lee H. Oswald
347	Birth data re Marina Oswald, 10/23/63
348	Russian Identification Booklet with picture of Marina Oswald reflecting date of birth 7/17/29 (Passport)
349	New Orleans Public Service Bills (3) August-September, 1963, one voucher from La. Employment Security and IBM card notifying of last payment from Texas Employment Comm.

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
350	Petite notebook with Russian script
351	Booklet containing food recipes
352	Pocketsize fashion magazine entitled Simplicity with a Manila envelope
353	Operators manual for Sears Tower Automatic Projector No. 9325
354	Sears female wearing apparel catalog
355	Credit card Lee H. Oswald, 2703 Mercedes St., Ft. Worth, for Public Library No. PE 23245; one return address Mrs. Arthur Young 35 E. 75th St., New York, and one Russian language form No. 5099
356	Envelope and letter in Russian directed to Mrs. Marina Oswald, New Orleans from Russia postmarked New Orleans 10/7/63
357	3-page letter and envelope addressed to Marina Oswald at NO from Loyola Ville in Russian language (Battles Wharf, Alabama)
358	Letter to Marina Oswald, New Orleans in Russian language postmarked (25) 763 13 Russia.
359	2-page letter in Russian language in envelope directed to Marina Oswald New Orleans, postmarked Wolf, Pa. 8/25/63, ret. address Arthur Young
360	Postcards one directed Lee Oswald New Orleans from Minsk, Russia, signed Erick; one directed to Lee Oswald in Minsk, Russia, from Vernon, Texas, signed Mother

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
✓ 361	Letter addressed to Mrs. Ruth Paine (for Mrs. M. Oswald) Irving, Texas, from Minsk, Russia, postmarked 10/7/63, Irving
362	Envelopes one from Ruth Paine to Marina Oswald New Orleans the other directed from Minsk, Russia to Ruth Paine, Irving, postmarked Irving, 10/7/63 (Letter for M. Oswald)
363	Letter on letterhead of Pioneer Publishers, 4/23/63, to L. H. Oswald P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas
364	Letter in Russian script addressed "Dear Marina (3 pages written on both sides) — Here's Memo # 364
365	Letter from Dept. ofState 1/11/63, to Oswald, Dallas, Texas
366	Photographs and a tourist pamphlet "Visit the USSR"
367	Photos
368	Photos
369	Photo house and car
370	Photos (apparently Russia - mountainous)
371	Boxes, Kodaslide, nine of which are stereo and 1 35 mm single slide
372	Box of Kodachrome transparencies and two viewmaster reels entitled "Seven More Wonders of the World" - Contents 64 mounted transparencies plus 3 unmounted transparencies

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
373	Medical items including pills Lanacane, pentids "400," aspirins, Peppermint, 7 various containers of pills some labeled in Russian language, thermometer, nasal decongestant, two eyedroppers, small container of white powder, numerous envelopes of powder and bottle of liquid labeled in Russian
374	Ten foreign coins in a Kodak film bag with address Corporal Michael Paine U. S. 51169740 Egstra Btry
375	Minox Lightmeter, pedometer; compass; self-timer; sun shade (hood) with filter; one 15 power telescope; stereo viewer, pocketknife
376	3 rolls 35 mm color film; 3 rolls 35 mm B & W film; 1 roll 620 B & W film; 2 binoculars; 1 case with filters
377	2 Minox cassettes (1 containing film); 2 containers with unexposed Minox film; one negative of baby in chair; one roll 35 mm film
378	One stereo realist camera; one quera-2 camera; one stereo view master

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
379	Flash assembly, Ansco, and one leather container (empty)
380	Applications for The Militant (3) one envelope containing three subscriptions for The Worker with return envelope entitled "Publishers New Press, Inc.
381	Russian language newspapers
382	Red billfold; one scrap of white paper with Russian script in pencil
400	Letter from Arnold Johnson to Lee E. Oswald P.O. Box 30061, New Orleans, La., 9/18/63
401	Letter on letterhead Socialists Workers Party 11/5/62, to Lee E. Oswald Box 2915, Dallas, signed by Farrell Dobbs, National Secretary
402	Letter from Bob Chester to Lee H. Oswald, Dallas, Texas., stating Oswald's letter turned over to him by SWP
403	Letter from V. T. Lee, National Director, FPCC, New York, 5/22/63 to Lee E. Oswald, New Orleans
404	Letter from Louis Weinstock, Gen. Manager of The Worker dated 12/15/62 addressed to Lee E. Oswald P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas
405	Letter from James J. Tormey, dated 12/13/62 addressed to Lee E. Oswald Box 2915, Dallas, on letterhead of Gus Hall-Benjamin J. Davis, Defense Committee, New York

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
406	Letter from Arnold Johnson, Director Information and Lecture Bureau, CP, USA 7/31/63 to L. H. Oswald, P. O. Box 30061, NO 1a.
407	3-page letter from V. T. Lee, National Director, FPCC, New York, to Lee H. Oswald, 4907 Magazine St., New Orleans 5/29/63
408	Gregg Shorthand dictionary; 20,000 Words by Leslie; Roberts Rules of Order Revised 75th Anniv. Edn.
409	Book entitled "A Study of the USSR and Communism" Rieber and Nelson
410	Pocketbooks editions by Ian Fleming. One entitled "The Spy Who Loved Me" and the other "Live and Let Die".
411	Pamphlet New York School for Marxist Study, Fall Term, 1963
412	Letter on letterhead of Jesuit House of Studies, Mobile, Alabama 8/22/63, addressed "Dear Lee" and signed "Gene"
413	Envelope addressed Mr. Lee H. Oswald 2703 Mercedes Avenue, Ft. Worth, postmarked New York with return address Rm. 329, 799 Broadway, and newspaper clipping, Times Picayune, New Orleans, with article reflecting Oswald's fine of $10 or 10 days for disturbing peace.

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
414	Envelope FPCC New Orleans with address L. H. Oswald 4907 Magazine St., New Orleans, La.
415	Invoice of the Jones Printing Company, 422 Girod St., New Orleans, La. 6/4/63 billed to Mr. Osborne for 3,000 FPCC circulars, total $5.60, bal. 5.25 paid 6/4/63
416	FPCC application slip
417	Envelope with news clippings regarding Oswald defection to Russia and other news clippings concerning Oswald and cartoon regarding defectors
418	Drivers handbook State of Texas
419	Identification booklet in Russian script containing Oswald's name No. 01311655
420	U. S. Marine Corps document appointing Lee Harvey Oswald 1653230/6741 Pvt. 1st Cls/ 3/9/59
421	USAF document certifying Oswald No 1 653 230 satisfactorily passed specialized course in Aircraft Control and Warning Operator 18 June 1957 Kesler AFB
422	Receipts Texas School Book Depository for salary Lee H. Oswald no date listed

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
423	Typewritten promise to pay loan for repatriations with paid stamp Dept. of State 3/8/63, made out in name of Lee E. Oswald
424	Letter from Embassy USSR Washington, addressed to Mrs. Oswald, New Orleans 8/5/63 in Russian language
425	Undesirable Discharge USMC, 6/13/60 Lee Harvey Oswald 1653220
426	Letter U. S. Navy Lee Oswald Minsk, Russia, signed by R. McC. Tompkins Brigadier General, USMC 2/1/62 TOMPKINS
427	Letter from Dept. of Navy 7/25/63 to Lee Oswald, New Orleans, stating no modifications to discharge warranted
428	Form ID-14 La. Division Employment Security to Lee Oswald SSN 433 54 3537 pertinent data 4/29/63 address 757 France St., NO. La.
429	Letter from Paul Piazza, S. J. 8/1/63 to Oswald on letterhead of Jesuit House of Studies, Mobile, Alabama
430	Letter on letterhead of Jesuit House of Studies Mobile, dated 7/6/63 and addressed to Dear Lee and Moreno signed GENE

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
431	Letter on stationery of Peter P. Gregory Ft. Worth Texas, 6/19/62 attesting to Oswald's ability as Russian interpretor and translator
432	Envelope containing receipt for Post Office Box 6225, Dallas, Texas dated 11/11/63 for period ending 12/31/63
433	Single sheet in Russian script containing Oswald's name bearing No. 4-5408.
434	Sheet folded in half which appears to be Russian identification document No. 332281 bearing the name of Oswald in Russian script
435	Form bearing months and blank spaces for stamps in Russian language with No. 01311655
436	Folded Russian language form bearing No. 01311655 with Oswald's name in Russian script
437	Legal sized sheet in purple ink bearing date 3/22/62 with an official stamp.
438	Letter by Johnny Tackett on letterhead of Ft. Worth Press 6/22/62 addressed to Lee Oswald in envelope of Ft. Worth Press
439	Payroll vouchers, one from Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., Dallas, 1/2/63 William B. Reiley and Co., New Orleans, 6/31/63

REILY

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
440	Letter from Dept. of Navy 4/2/62 to Lee H. Oswald, Minsk, Russia
441	Articles: One payroll voucher Leslie Welding Company, Inc., 11241 W. Melrose, Franklin Park Illinois, No. 7619 dated 10/13/62 One withholding Fed. Tax slip addressed to Lee H. Oswald 3519 Fairmont, Dallas, Texas
442	U. S. Armed Forces Institute, Madison Certifying Oswald completed High School level tests 3/23/59
443	Dept. of Navy certification of 5/3/57 that Oswald Pvt. 1653230 USMC completed Elect-Electron, Occupational Group course, Jacksonville
444	World Health Organization Vacc. Card bearing name Lee Oswald with name of vaccinator as A. J. Hidell, P. O. Box 30016, New Orleans date stamped 6/8/62
445	Letter from Joseph Task on letterhead of Socialists Workers Party 3/27/63 directed to Lee H. Oswald P. O. Box 2915, Dallas
446	Passport No. D092526 in name of Lee Harvey Oswald dob 10/18/39
447	Separation form U. S. Marine Corps in name of Lee Harvey Oswald dated 11 Sept. 1959
448	Birth certificate No. 17034 for Lee Harvey Oswald reflecting birth 10/18/39, Folio 1321, Book No. 207

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
449	Passport No. 1733242 of USA in the name of Lee H. Oswald
450	Application for Texas Driver's license
451	Photos (6 of Oswald and one of his wife) two scenic shots, a Mexican Airmail Stamp and New Orleans Library card No. KA K8640 in the name of Lee H. Oswald
452	Sewing kit with medal (religious) Mexican 20 cent piece, package of needles with fingernail file
453	World Atlas; The Catholic Geography Series
454	Writing tablet (Fifth Avenue)
455	Postcard City of New Orleans; 8 Russian stamps and one 10 cent U. S. Postage stamp

A1 Blue and black zipper handbag with loop handles with side zipper compartment

A2 Brown plastic portable radio with gold trim

A3 Pair of men's brown Oxford shoes, "Pinehurst" brand

A4 Pair of men's black Oxford shoes with crepe soles, "John Hardy" brand

A5 Pair of men's shoes "Thongs style"

A6 Brown plastic power supply electronic device with blue cord (for use with radio)

A7 Pair of black 4 x 20 binoculars, No. 591998, bearing the legend 6xT, with brown case with strap

A8 Blue plastic zipper shaving kit with strap handle

A9 Pair of heavy cotton ribbed men's socks

A10 Pair of men's brown socks with brown and white diamond design

A11 Pair of brown elastic top men's socks with brown and white pattern

A12 Pair of men's white elastic top socks

A13 Pair of men's brown cotton gloves

A14 Pair of men's gray cotton slacks with zipper

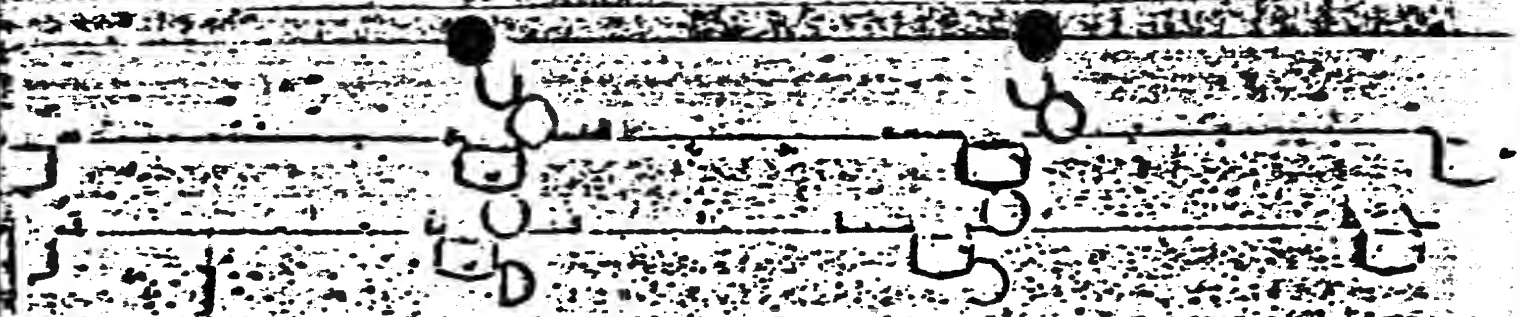
A15 Pair of men's gray cotton slacks "Farah" brand - zipped

A16 Men's brown cotton sport shirt with long sleeves, "Briarloom Traditionals by Enro"

A17 Pair of men's blue shorts with elastic top

A18 Two white washcloths with yellow stripes, "Cannon" brand

A19 Two white hand towels with pink and red stripes with fringed edges



A20 Two bath towels with white and pink stripes

A21 One white cloth, unlabeled

A22 One pillowcase with green top and flowered design

A23 One men's "BVD" T shirt, size 34-36 (dirty)

A24 One men's white T shirt, "Brent" brand, size 38-40

A25 One men's "Arrow" T shirt, size 36

A26 One men's white undershirt

A27 One pair of men's white shorts with name L. H. Oswald; torn in back

A28 Two men's white handkerchiefs

A29 One men's handkerchief, gray with gray and red stripes

A30 One box "Marcal Kitchen Charm" wax paper

A31 One box of four bottles and one box of three bottles of "Squibbs" Pentids "400"

A32 One bar pink "Lux" soap

A33 One small plastic box containing three lima bean shaped "Squibbs" tablets and piece of cotton

A34 One single blade brown pocketknife

A35 One two-blade pocketknife, plastic handle, with corkscrew

A36 Plastic box containing tweezers and two pieces of cotton

A37 Small plastic box, empty

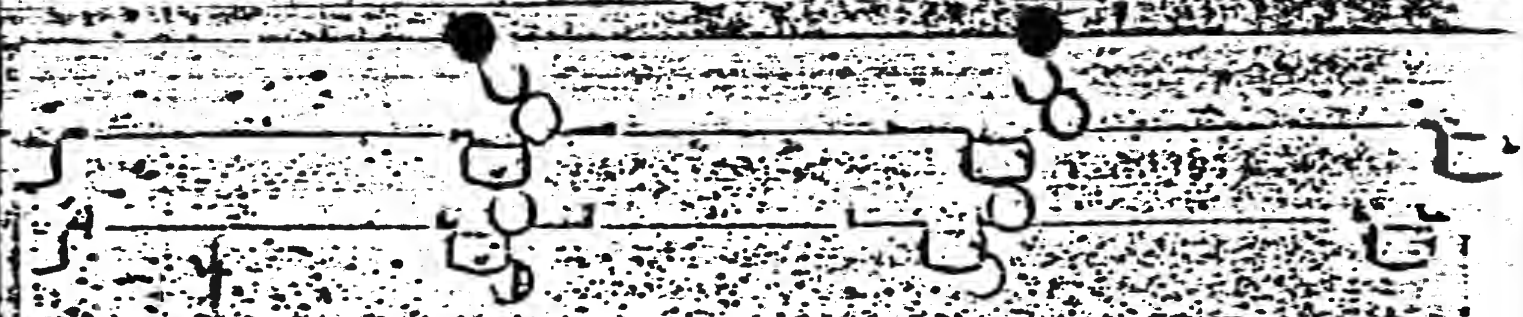
A38 Mirror in green folding case

A39 One can "Tidy" deodorant powder

A40 One "Gillette" adjustable razor with blade

A41 One tube of "Colgate" dental cream, partially empty

A42 One plastic bottle "Mum" mist spray deodorant



A43 Yellow toothbrush, "Colgate" brand

A44 Small cake, used, pink soap

A45 Small green plastic hand brush

A46 Green and brown BB automatic ball-point pen

A47 Small pair scissors bearing letters "USA"

A48 Package containing 14 "Gillette" thin blades and one sample "Gillette Super Blue Blade"

A49 Pair black-rimmed green lens sunglasses

A50 "Farmers Electric Co-Op, Inc." (advertisement) ball-point pen

A51 Nail clipper with chain, "Gem" brand

A52 Nail clipper, "Trim" brand

A53 Small hotel type green bar of soap made by "Fabrica de Jabon, LaLuz, S. A., Mexico, D. F." (LaLuz Soap Factory, Mexico, D. F.)

A54 White plastic cup

A55 Partial tube "Foille"

A56 Small bottle iodine, "Layman's" brand

A57 Two small brown unlabeled bottles with liquid

A58 Small bottle of clear liquid bearing labels with Cyrillic printing

A59 Four unused airmail envelopes

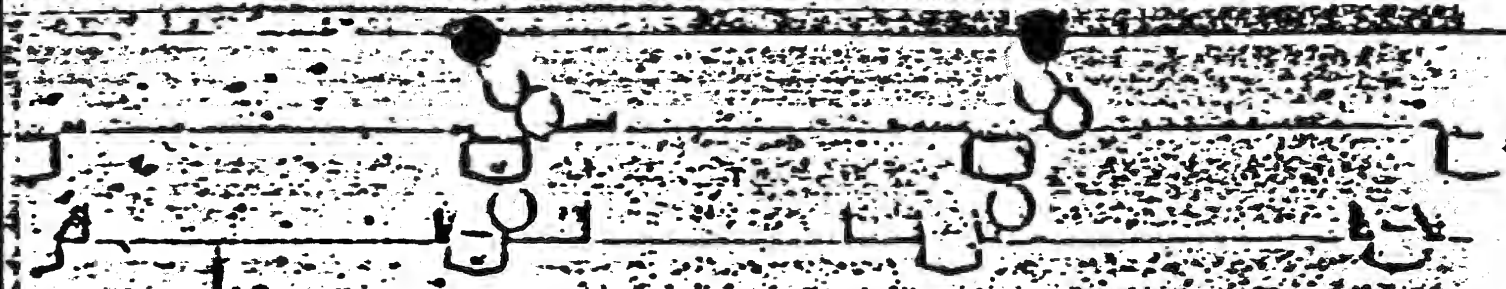
A60 One unused U. S. Post Office Change of Address card

A61 Four onionskin blank sheets of paper

A62 One "Pearl" beer bottle opener

A63 One small red soft plastic open container

A64 One "Venus Forum" pencil



A65 One yellow "Yellowstone" pencil

A66 One brown "Z-Z Note" pencil

A70 One padlock key or key chain

A71 One black, small crayon pencil

A72 Two large paper clips

A73 One 10¢ box of "Steel City Gem" small #3 paper clips

A74 One cardboard box with 18 brass-colored thumbtacks

A75 One brush with hollow tin handle

A76 Label with "King Oscar Kipper" recipes

A77 Box, yellow top, black bottom, bearing name "Ektachrome" torn

A78 One silver-colored men's cuff link

A79 Alphabetical index guidecards labeled A through Z - unmarked

A80 Steel index cardbox, "Weis, Monroe, Michigan" brand

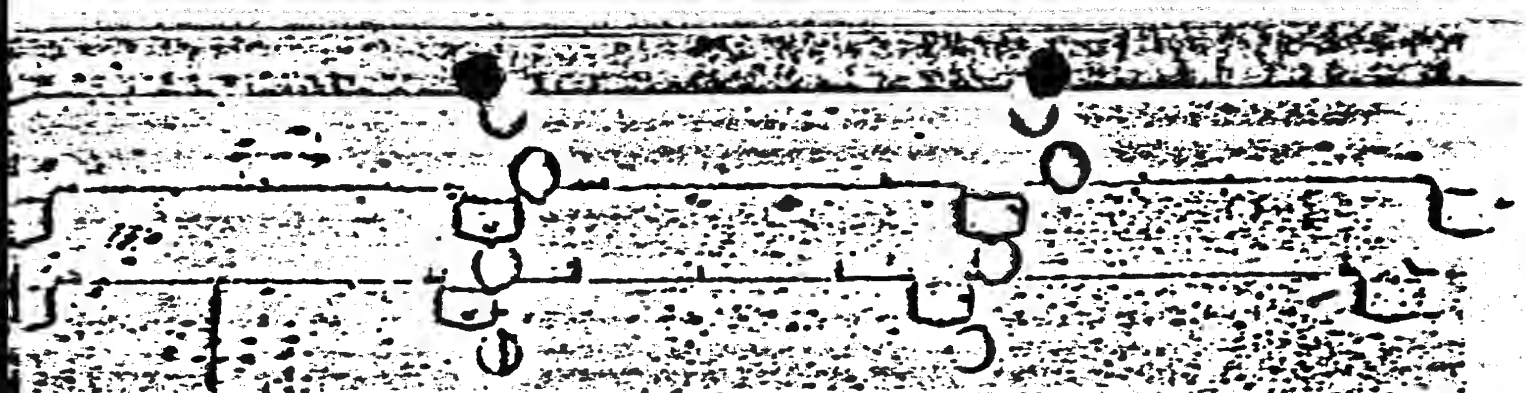
A81 31 6 x 4 lined index cards, blank

A82 Two small padlocks with keys

A83 One Fair Play For Cuba positive film strip

A84 Tie bar

A85 BB and eyelet



B1 Wallet belonging to Lee Harvey Oswald containing:
1. Social Security card #433-54-3937
2. Selective Service Notice of Classification SSN 41-114-28-532
3. Department of Defense Service ID card #54,271,617 USMC #1653230
4. USMC Certificate of Service
5. Fair Play for Cuba Committee Ident card, National Card
6. Selective Service Registration Certificate
7. Hotel card
8. FPCC Membership card, New Orleans Chapter
9. ID card, US Forces in Japan
10. Dallas Public Library card
11. Three photographs
12. Slip of paper with three addresses, The Worke, The Worker and Russian Embassy

B2 Minox Camera Case

B3 Envelope containing 28 35mm negatives
6 2 1/4 x 2 1/4 negatives
1 positive of building
1 negative of Oswald's wife

B4 Brown leather holster

B5 Imperial Brand Hunting Type Knife With Sheath

B6 Secretarial Type Notebook With Foreign Words Entered On Some Pages

B7 Two "Fair Play for Cuba" handbills stamped "L. H. Oswald
4907 Magazine St.
New Orleans, La."

B8 Set of Flash Cards, Russian Alphabet and Numbers

B9 Set of Flash Cards, German Phrase - Sentence

B10 Set of "School Aid" Flash Cards, Phonics

B11 Negative Bearing "Join
The Socialist Workers Party
fight for a better world!
write
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas

B12 Slip of paper bearing "The attached 1 Promissory Note (s) for financial Assistance Loans totaling 435.71 are hereby returned marked PAID as final payment of 106.00 is acknowledged.
Remarks: L. H. Oswald
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas

B13 Envelope postmarked 12:00 p.m. 11/4/63, Washington, D. C., with return address "Embassy of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Washington 6, D. C."

B14 Envelope addressed to "To Whom It May Concern" with return address Peter G. Gregory, 1503 Continental Life Building, Fort Worth 2, Texas."

B15 Envelope marked "Passports and health certificate"

B16 Envelope postmarked 12 M 8/2/63, Mobile, Ala., addressed to Mr. Lee Oswald, 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, La., return address Paul Piazza, S. J. Jesuit House of Studies, Spring Hill Station, Mobile, Ala.

B17 Name tag of Michael Paine, Irving, Tex.

B18 Name tag of Ruth Paine, Irving, Tex.

B19 Top of yellow box stamped inside "B-42 Mar 24 '55"

B20 Two Manila envelopes

B21 Envelope marked "Personal Military Papers & Birth Certificate"

B22 Five loose leaf binder containing Manila envelope, 6 Fair Play for Cuba Committee handbills, piece of cardboard, 3 celluloid insert pages, postal card photograph of Karl Marx and photograph of a building

B23 Two frames of 35 mm negatives found in Item 75 (Russian book)

B24 Unaddressed American Greetings Corp., Christmas card with envelope

B25 Unused Post Office change of address form

B26 Pages 7 through 10, of section 6 of "The Times - Picayune" newspaper, dated 8/22/63

B27 2 Newspaper clippings, 1 instruction sheet for child's car seat and 1 film mailer bag

B28 Manila envelope with notation Grand Jury Exhibit, small photograph of Oswald and 4¢ U. S. Airmail stamp

B29 2 1/2" x 4" gray plastic covered address type notebook

B30 Two single sheet letters in Russian script dated 22/IX/61 and 24-7-62

B31 Single sheet of paper, Russian script on each side

B32 One cash register slip dated 11/19/63, 3 sheets of paper, one sheet of a letter in English

B33 2 prescriptions in Russian and Arlington Heights Senior High School Student Identification card for Lee Oswald

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Re New Haven teletype to Dallas and New York 11/30/63.

Referenced teletype refers to an anonymous telephone call received by MRS. JACK D. TIPPIT, 164 New Town Turnpike, Westport, Conn., 11/30/63, from an unknown woman.

It appears the information provided by that unknown woman does not appear to be of any foundation and it is believed no further investigation need be conducted pertaining to that phase. OSWALD's father, ROBERT E. LEE OSWALD, died at New Orleans about 1939. One uncle, ILYA V. PRUSAKOVA, resides in Russia and apparently has not been in this country. Some other relatives, including one or more uncles, reside in the New Orleans Division.

SHANKLIN

- Bureau
1 - New Haven (Info.)
2 - Dallas (100-10461
EDK:EM
(6)

105-82555-375

REC-28

1 DEC 10 1963

EX-105

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

DEC 1 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: November 23, 1963

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

RE: JOSEPH RODRIGUEZ MOLINA

UPI news indicated that Joseph Rodriguez Molina had been brought in by the Dallas Police Department and was a possible suspect in connection with the assassination of the President. The Dallas Office subsequently advised that Joseph Rodriguez Molina had worked in the same building with Lee Oswald and the police had interviewed Molina last night and searched his home with Molina's permission. They advised that the reason the police were interested in Molina was due to the fact that going back to 1955 he was alleged to have some leftist leanings.

Molina voluntarily came to the Dallas Police Department today and they were interviewing Molina. He has not been arrested and according to the police they have nothing to arrest him on at this time. Dallas is following this matter closely.

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan

105-82555
NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 10 1963

JLH:LS
(10)

25 DEC 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-126101-1

1 - O'Brien

12-6-63

SAC, Dallas

Director, FBI 105-82555

JOSEPH RODRIGUEZ MOLINA
IS - X

Dallas indicate the subject was questioned by the Dallas Police Department in connection with the assassination of President Kennedy. The subject allegedly worked in the same building with Lee Harvey Oswald and, according to the Dallas Police Department, the subject was alleged to have leftist leanings going back to 1955.

Due to the extreme name of the subject, he was not identified in Dallas.

Institute investigation to fully identify the subject and determine if he is engaged in activities inimical to the best interests of the U. S. Submit results in appropriate form together with your recommendation as to whether or not further investigation is warranted.

(Lee Harvey Oswald)

FOBipdh
(5)

NOTE:

UPI News indicated Molina had been questioned by Dallas Police Department since he worked in the same building with Oswald. Subject voluntarily appeared at Dallas Police Department 11-23-63 and he was interviewed there.

DUPLICATE YELLOW

53 DEC 11 1963

12-6-63

ORIGINAL FILED IN

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 7

Copy
2

MAURY MAVERICK
FOUNDATION

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-58)

FBI

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL RM
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI 105-82555

FROM : SAC, NEWYORK (105-38431)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

ReNYteletype 12/3/63.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following Russian-language items:

1. Subscription copy of "Agitator" magazine, dated November 1963.

2. Subscription copy of newspaper "Soviet Belorussiya" dated 11/21/63.

3. Subscription copy of newspaper "Soviet Belorussiya" dated 11/22/63.

The enclosed are being furnished the Bureau for its information and review, no copies maintained in the NYO.

3 - BUREAU RM (ENCS 3)
1 - DALLAS (INFO) RM
1 - NEW YORK (105-38431)

HAH:HMD, #312

REC-50 376

1 DEC 4

NO. BEHIND FILE

C - Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)(P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
AFO
(OO: Dallas)

Enclosed for the completion of the Bureau's and Dallas' files are Xerox copies of the contents of LEE HARVEY OSWALD's cumulative school record revealing attendance at Beauregard Jr. High School and Warren Easton High School, both of New Orleans, Louisiana.

The original of the Personal History Sheet is being forwarded to the FBI Laboratory under separate cover for examination purposes. The other originals have been returned to Assistant Principal WILFRED O. HEAD, Warren Easton High School.

(3-Bureau (Enc.-7)
2-Dallas(Enc.-7) (89-43)
2-New Orleans

JRP:sms
(7)

ENCLOSURE FILE

REC 50 105-82555-32

EX-108

17 DEC 9 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

RE: POSSIBLE RELATIVE OF OSWALD

Investigation was conducted by ASAC WILLIAM T. [redacted], JR., and SA JOSEPH L. JONES on 12/5/63:

[redacted] an ITSMV subject, who has been [redacted] was interviewed at the Bexar County Jail, San Antonio. Pat. Ex 1911-1917

BIRDSELL said that in the early 1950's he was a printer in New Orleans and engaged in segregation activities. He said he met one PAUL OSWALD, now age about 46 or 47, who was a [redacted] was chief designer of the Edwards Engineering Co., New Orleans, La., and had an office in the Electronic Building, 715 Camp St. The Edwards Co. had widespread business relations with sugar refineries in Cuba and South America and OSWALD traveled to those places.

He said OSWALD was in contact with KERRY COURTNEY and his wife, REGEL COURTNEY, who were strong segregationists. COURTNEY published a newspaper in New Orleans called The American.

2-Bureau
2-Dallas
2-New Orleans
2-SA
JLJ/eks
(8)

REC-50 105-2909-1378

4 DEC 6 1963

X-108

SOVIET SECTION

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

105-2909

BIRDSELL said he did not know whether or not [redacted] OSWALD was a relative of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but wished to furnish this information because of the possibility that if they were relatives, it might establish a connection between LEE HARVEY OSWALD and Cuba.

It is left to the discretion of Dallas whether to request New Orleans to further identify PAUL OSWALD.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 11/24/63

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,
Dallas, Texas, 11/22/63
AFO

Re telephone call from SAC SHANKLIN to Inspector DE LOACH, 11/24/63.

Enclosed is an enlargement copy of a photograph of subject OSWALD which was received by SA JAMES W. BOOKHAUT from Captain WILL FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department. It was found at the residence of Mrs. MICHAEL R. (RUTH) PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas.

MARINA OSWALD, wife of subject, has been living at the home of Mrs. PAINE and subject stayed there over weekends. It was from this home the assassination weapon was brought to Dallas by OSWALD on the morning of 11/22/63.

2 COPIES DESTROYED

4 4 FEB 1 1973

1-UPI ATTACHED

ENCLOSURE

2 - Bureau (Enc. 1) (RM)
4 - Dallas
(2 - 89-43) (2 - 100-10461)
KCP:csh
(6)

ADMINISTRATIVE

SBD:amm

Per memo Rosen to Belmont 11/24/63 (JDH:mcp) Shanklin had previously advised he was sending this photograph and that he was also sending a copy of the television film showing Jack Leon Ruby shooting Oswald on 11/24/63.

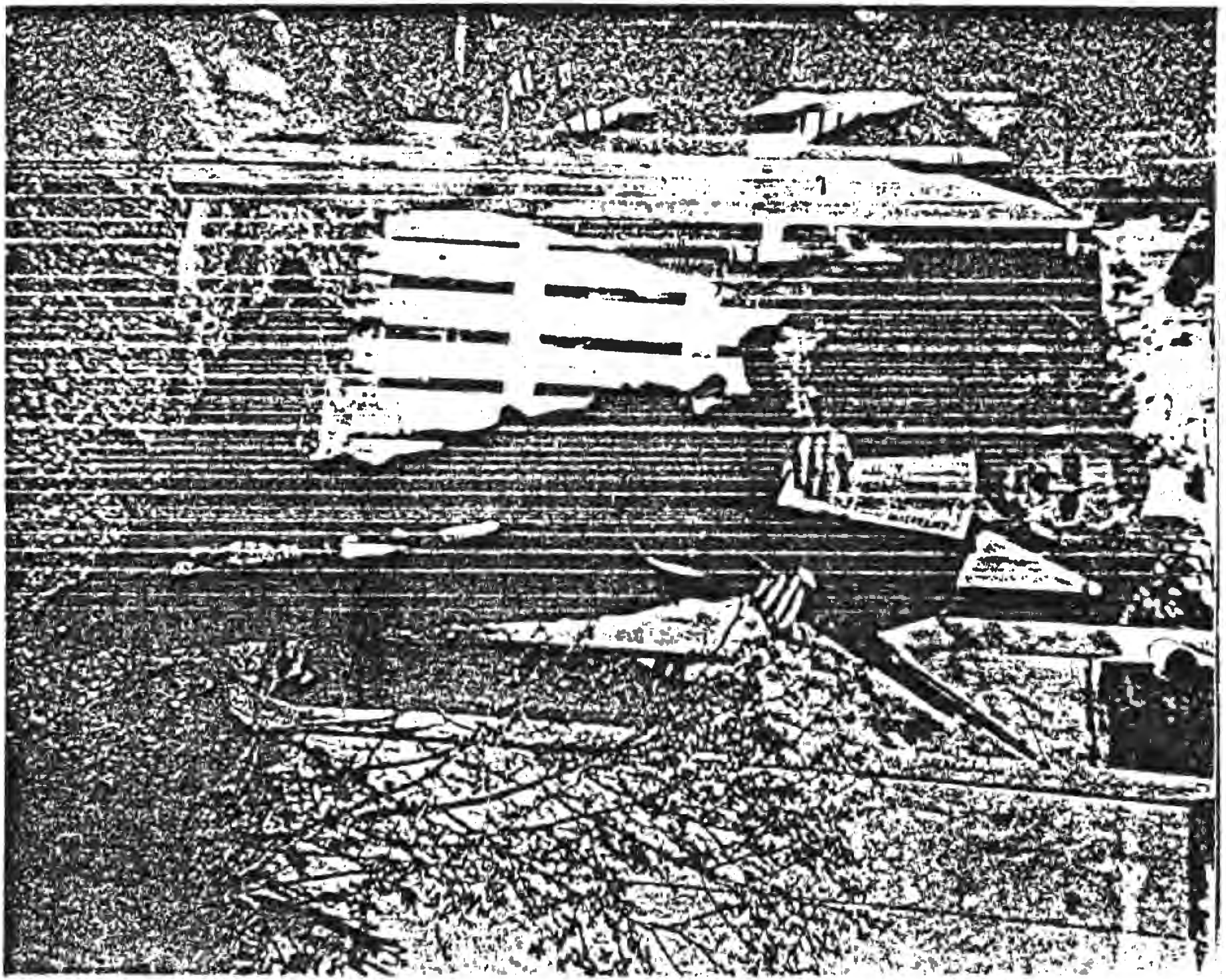
This film was received at the time this letter was delivered.

8 DEC 17 1963

Film received was a small film container, black, the contents of which are unknown and will be established when it is examined.

REC 14 DEC 5 11 03 VII 63

SOVIET SECTION



THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 380

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

7

STATE DEPT.

REFERRAL

5-113 (1-10-61)

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 11-26-63

Oswald (deceased) accused assassin of President Kennedy and self proclaimed Marxist reportedly contacted Soviet and Cuban Embassies, Mexico City prior to assassination. Legat, Mexico City has previously been instructed to develop all details of Oswald's activities in Mexico. No action will be taken re Ambassador Mann's comments until and unless we are contacted by State.

JRW:cwb

: SENT 11-27-63 10-02 AM JAM

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS

FROM SAC NEW YORK 100-4931 1P

CPUSA, IS-C., ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

ON NOVEMBER TWENTYSIX, SIXTYTHREE, [redacted]

[redacted] ADVISED "THE WORKER", EAST COAST COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER, MAINTAINS FOLLOWING ADDRESSOGRAPH PLATE FILED TOGETHER WITH CURRENT SUBSCRIBERS..

"LEE H. OSWALD, P O BOX THREE ZERO ZERO SIX ONE, NEW ORLEANS, LA."

UNLESS THERE IS A MECHANICAL ERROR IN MAILING OF NEWSPAPER, A COPY OF "THE WORKER" SHOULD GO TO ABOVE ADDRESS UNTIL FEBRUARY TWENTY, SIXTYFOUR /EXPIRATION DATE OF SUBSCRIPTION/.

END

10-05AM NY CA REM

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 11 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

1 - Sullivan
1 - D.E. Moore

TO : W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 11-27-63

1 - Branigan
1 - H.A. Schutz
1 - Turner

FROM : D. E. Moore

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA
(ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

Inspector James Malley called from Dallas tonight (11-27-63) to advise as follows:

The whereabouts of Oswald from October 3, 1963, up to 12 noon on November 22, 1963, is as follows:

On October 3 he spent one day at the Dallas, Texas, YMCA during which he also made inquiry at the Texas Employment Commission appearing there in person. On October 4, 5, 6, and 7 he resided at the home of Mrs. Ruth Paine in Irving, Texas, and did not leave the residence. On October 7 in the morning he left the Paine residence and then moved to the home of Mrs. Mary Bledsoe, 621 North Marsalis, Dallas, Texas, moving in at 3 p.m. He was there at this address from October 7 until October 12 at 10 a.m. He left Bledsoe's home on the morning of October 12 and was gone for the weekend where he spent the weekend at the home of Mrs. Paine in Irving, Texas. On October 14 he returned to the Bledsoe home, picked up his belongings, and on the afternoon of October 14 moved to 1026 North Beckley, arriving there at approximately 4 p.m. He continued his residence at this address from October 14 until November 22. He paid his rent on a weekly basis of $8 each Monday in cash except on November 11 when he was away from the room and paid his rent that week on Tuesday, November 12. On the weekend of November 15, 16, and 17 he remained at 1026 North Beckley, staying there the entire weekend. On all other weekends from October 14 up to November 22 he left 1026 North Beckley and spent the weekends with his wife at the residence of Mrs. Paine. On the holiday weekend of November 11 he remained at the Paine's and returned to Dallas on November 12. While living at 1026 North Beckley, he is reported not to have gone out in the evenings; no drinking; no smoking; watched television; occasionally went out to the store at which time he generally bought lunch meat or jellies or some similar item and frequently had his meals in his room. He was not known to have had any visitors at either of the places he stayed in Dallas, Texas. Irving, Texas, is a suburban area of Dallas. With respect to the period from October 16 up to November 22 it is noted Oswald was employed at the Texas Schoolbook Depository.

REC- 56 — 381

DEM:lab
(6)

EX-105

5 DEC 12 1963

Memorandum D.E. Moore to W. C. Sullivan
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

SAC Gordon Shanklin on November 27, 1963, advised that a check was made with Oswald's former employer and his records disclose that on October 31, 1963, Oswald was paid $104.41. He was paid a similar amount on November 15, 1963, and the total payments to him were $208.82. The records disclose that a sum of $43.37 is currently owed to him for work performed. It was also noted that he was paid biweekly.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 28 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-28-63 1-45 PM DE

TO DIRECTOR -2- AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC NEW YORK 89-75

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, ELEVEN TWENTY TWO NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

RE LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S AID IN REPATRIATION BY TRAVELER-S AID SOCIETY / TAS/, NYC, JUNE THIRTEEN SIXTY THREE UPON ARRIVAL USA FROM RUSSIA.

JAMES M. JOSOFF, PUBLIC RELATIONS DIRECTOR, TAS, PROVIDED SUBJECT-S CASE RECORD, ELEVEN TWENTY SEVEN SIXTY THREE....

SUBJECT-S WIFE AND CHILD PROCESSED SIX THIRTEEN NINTEEN SIXTY THREE BY S. RAIKAN, TAX, SOCIAL WORKER, JUNE FIVE NINETEEN SIXTY TWO ON REQUEST OF MISS / FNU/ SOOTIN, UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT HEALTH, EDUCATION AND WELFARE, THAT FAMILY MAY NEED ASSISTANCE AND GENERAL PLANNING. SOOTIN DESCRIBED ACCOMMODATION AS NOT AN OFFICIAL STATE DEPARTMENT REFERRAL SINCE LITTLE KNOWN ABOUT HOW OSWALD TRANSPORTED FAMI FROM MOSCOW TO ROTTERDAM, ALTHOUGH SUBJECT KNOWN TO HAVE PAID COST OF PASSAGE TO NEW YORK. IF NEEDED REFERRAL TO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE UNDER REPATRIATAION PROGRAM REQUESTED. SUBJECT INTERVIEWED BY RAIKAN, JUNE THIRTEEN NINTEEN SIXTY TWO ABO

END PAGE ONE.....

REC- 56 105-[illegible]3855

8 DEC 27 1963

FX 109

cc- Sullivan 12
6 DeLoach

PAGE TWO.....

HOLLAND AMERICAN LINER MAASDAM, AFTER BEING ASSISTED THROUGH UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS AND ASSIGNMENT UNITED STATES EMBASSY, MOSCOW ., WAS INVOLVED WITH RUSSIAN GIRL WHOM HE MARRIED, THEN RENOUNCED HIS UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP ., WORKED AS SPECIALIST ELECTRO TECHNICIAN, MINSK, RUSSIA, BUT SOON DETERMINED LIFE IN SOVIET UNION NOT AS ROSY AS PROPAGANDA IMAGE ., DECIDED RETURN UNITED STATES ENCOUNTERING TWO AND ONE HALF DELAY UNTIL EXIT VISA OBTAINED FOR WIFE A CHILD ., DESTINED TO BROTHER, ROBERT, SEVEN THREE ONE THREE, DAVENPORT STREET, FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

RECORDS OF DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE, NYC, REVIEWED AND DISCLOS ONLY PERTINENT INFORMATION THAT SUBJECT PROCESSED BY DPW ON JUNE THIRTE SIXTY THREE AND ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR HIM TO JOIN BROTHER ROBERT, OSWALD DEPARTING IDLEWILD VIA DELTA AIRLINES FLIGHT EIGHT TWO ONE, FOUR FIFTEEN PM EN ROUTE FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

END AND PLS ACK.....

1-11 AM NY R 3 WA EFH

7-831

REC 56

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

URGENT 11-29-63

TO DIRECTOR

FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY

CONFIDENTIAL

NO. 195

Classified by 2040

Exempt from GDS, Category 1 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

BUFILE 105-82555.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

[redacted]

mexico - NIC

CONFIDENTIAL

REC 56 105-82555-383

DEC 12 1963

EX-105

1963

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

4-19-63

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE TWO CO FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY NO. 1955

[redacted]

CLARK D. ANDERSON

RECEIVED: 10:49 PM ENT

CONFIDENTIAL

MR. BRENNAN

CONFIDENTIAL

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 30 1963

U R G E N T 11/30/63 10-03 PM CST CCM

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ AND SAC-S, DALLAS /89-43/
NEW ORLEANS /89-69/

FROM SAC, MOBILE /89-25/ 14-PAGES

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-TWO, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS. AFO.

RE NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, DALLAS AND MOBILE, NOVEMBER TWENTY-NINE, LAST.

RE EUGENE JOHN MURRETT, COUSIN OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

MR. EUGENE JOHN MURRETT, SJ, SCHOLASTIC, JESUIT HOUSE OF STUDIES, SPRINGHILL COLLEGE, MOBILE, ALABAMA, ADVISED SA JOHN J. SWEENEY ON NOVEMBER TWENTY-NINE, LAST, THAT HIS MOTHER AND THE MOTHER OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD ARE SISTERS/ THAT HE IS THIRTY-ONE YEARS OLD AND ABOUT SEVEN YEARS OLDER THAN OSWALD/ THAT OSWALD LIVED WITH THE MURRETT FAMILY FOR APPROXIMATELY ONE YEAR SHORTLY AFTER OSWALD/S FATHER DIED WHEN OSWALD WAS A VERY YOUNG BOY.

MURRETT SAID OSWALD/S MOTHER WAS A SALESLADY AND WORKED IN VARIOUS CLOTHING AND DEPARTMENT STORES THROUGHOUT THE

END PAGE ONE

cc. Sullivan

ORIGINAL FILED IN

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 13 1963

UNITED STATES/ THAT HE RECALLS OSWALD HAVING LIVED IN NEW ORLEANS, NEW YORK CITY AND DALLAS AND FT. WORTH, TEXAS, AND POSSIBLY OTHER PLACES, BUT TIMES NOT KNOWN.

MURRETT SAID HE AND OSWALD WERE NOT CLOSE, AND HE KNEW VERY LITTLE CONCERNING OSWALD/S BACKGROUND/ THAT OSWALD COMPLETED ABOUT TWO YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL AND ENLISTED IN THE U. S. MARINE CORPS, YEAR UNKNOWN/ THAT HE LAST SAW OSWALD WHEN HE VISTED THE MURRETT FAMILY IN NEW ORLEANS ON LEAVE FROM THE USMC PRIOR TO GOING OVERSEAS/ THAT THIS WAS BEFORE NINETEEN FIFTY-NINE WHEN MURRETT ENTERED THE SOCIETY OF JESUS.

MURRETT SAID HE HEARD FROM HIS PARENTS SOME TIME AFTER THIS THAT OSWALD AGAIN VISITED THEM IN NEW ORLEANS/ THAT HE DID NOT RECALL IF OSWALD TOLD THE MURRETT FAMILY HE WAS GOING TO RUSSIA AT THIS TIME, HOWEVER, IT SUBSEQUENTLY DEVELOPED THIS WAS JUST PRIOR TO THE TIME HE LEFT THE UNITED STATES.

MURRETT SAID HE AGAIN LEARNED FROM HIS FAMILY IN THE LATTER PART OF NINETEEN SIXTY-TWO THAT OSWALD HAD RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES AFTER BEING IN RUSSIA ALMOST THREE YEARS/ THAT HIS FAMILY HAD TOLD HIM OSWALD AND HIS WIFE WERE PRESENTLY

END PAGE TWO

LIVING IN NEW ORLEANS/ THAT AFTER DISCUSSING OSWALD/S TRIP TO RUSSIA WITH HIS SUPERIORS AND FELLOW STUDENTS, HE WROTE OSWALD A LETTER INVITING HIM TO COME AND ADDRESS THE STUDENTS AT A SEMINARY IN MOBILE/ THAT HE ADDRESSED LETTER TO OSWALD TO FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA/ THAT LETTER WAS WRITTEN ABOUT TWO WEEKS PRIOR TO THE TIME OSWALD CAME TO MOBILE ON JULY TWENTY-SEVEN, TWENTY-EIGHT OR TWENTY-NINE, LAST/ THAT ARRANGEMENTS WERE MADE FOR OSWALD TO TRAVEL TO MOBILE WITH THE MURRETT FAMILY TO SAVE EXPENSES, AND THAT OSWALD RECEIVED NO REMUNERATION FOR HIS TALK HERE.

MURRETT SAID OSWALD SPOKE TO ABOUT TWENTY STUDENTS AND TWO PRIESTS AT THE SEMINARY IN MOBILE ON ONE OF THE EVENINGS LISTED ABOVE/ THAT OSWALD TOLD OF TRAVELING TO RUSSIA, BUT MURRETT WAS UNABLE TO RECALL HOW OSWALD SAID HE REACHED THERE/ THAT UPON ARRIVAL IN MOSCOW, OSWALD APPLIED FOR WORK AND PERMISSION TO REMAIN IN RUSSIA/ THAT HE WAS SENT TO MINSK WHERE HE WORKED IN A FACTORY ON ASSEMBLY LINE TYPE WORK/ THAT HE JOINED A HUNTING CLUB THERE AND ON SUBSEQUENT QUESTIONING OSWALD INDICATED THIS WAS A FACTORY SPONSORED CLUB/ THAT HE MADE WEEKEND

END PAGE THREE

HUNTING TRIPS REGULARLY AND STAYED OVERNIGHT IN THE HOMES OF PEASANTS/ THAT HE MET HIS WIFE IN MINSK AT A FACTORY DANCE AND LATER MARRIED HER, APPARENTLY WITHOUT ANY RUSSIAN OBJECTIONS.

MURRETT SAID OSWALD DISCUSSED HIS LIVING AND WORKING CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA, BUT HE DID NOT RECALL WHAT OSWALD SAID/ THAT OSWALD DID NOT MENTION ATTENDING ANY SCHOOLS THERE, BUT MENTIONED THAT NUMEROUS SPEECHES WERE GIVEN BY VARIOUS RUSSIAN OFFICIALS TO THE WORKERS OF THE FACTORY/ THAT OSWALD BECAME DISILLUSIONED WITH LIFE IN RUSSIA AND SAID THAT COMMUNISM WAS TOO OPRESSIVE TO THE PEOPLE THERE, AND THEY WERE DOMINATED BY ROUGHNECKS/ THAT OSWALD GAVE THE IMPRESSION THAT IT WAS A POLICE TYPE STATE WITHOUT ACTUALLY SAYING SO/ THAT OSWALD WAS VAGUE ABOUT LEAVING RUSSIA, HOWEVER MENTIONED THE RUSSIANS HAVING NO OBJECTION TO MRS. OSWALD LEAVING, AND AT THE SAME TIME THE U. S. GOVERNMENT INDICATED THAT OSWALD DID NOT LEGALLY LOSE HIS U. S. CITIZENSHIP/ THAT OSWALD EVADED THE SUBJECT OF RELIGION AND WHENEVER ASKED A QUESTION CONCERNING RELIGION, OSWALD WOULD PASS IT UP/ THAT OSWALD DEFINITELY

END PAGE FOUR

LEFT THE IMPRESSION OF NOT BELIEVING IN A SUPREME BEING AND OF BEING AN ATHEIST.

MURRETT SAID THAT OSWALD, OSWALD/S WIFE, AND THE MURRETT FAMILY STAYED IN MOBILE ONLY ONE NIGHT/ THAT HE BELIEVED THEY ALL STAYED AT THE PALMS MOTEL IN MOBILE/ THAT OSWALD DID NOT APPEAR TO BE PROSPEROUS AND DID NOT MENTION WHERE OR IF HE WAS EMPLOYED/ THAT OSWALD WAS ONLY WEARING A SHORT SLEEVED SPORT SHIRT AND SLACKS DURING HIS VISIT.

MURRETT ALSO SAID HE WROTE TO OSWALD SHORTLY AFTER HE LEFT MOBILE AT THE SAME NEW ORLEANS ADDRESS/ THAT OSWALD DURING HIS SPEECH MENTIONED HE DID NOT APROVE OF SPECULATION OR THE OPERATIONS OF THE STOCK MARKET AND CONSIDERED IT GAMBLING/ THAT OSWALD ALSO INDICATED THAT NO ONE WAS CONCERNED WITH THE WORKING CLASS.

MURRETT STATED THAT HE POINTED OUT IN HIS LETTER TO OSWALD THAT THE CATHOLIC CHURCH WAS DEFINITELY CONCERNED WITH THE WELFARE OF THE WORKING PEOPLE, AND SENT OWSALD A COPY OF THE ENCYCLICAL OF POPE JOHN THE TWENTY-THIRD, QUOTE MATER ET MAGISTRA UNQUOTE/ THAT HE RECEIVED LETTER FROM OSWALD BUT

END PAGE FIVE

OSWALD DID NOT INDICATE HE RECEIVED THE ENCYCLICAL OR READ IT/ AND THAT THIS WAS THE LAST TIME HE HEARD FROM OSWALD.

MURRETT SAID HE DID NOT KNOW ANY OF OSWALD/S FRIENDS OR ASSOCIATES, AND OSWALD NEVER MENTIONED THEM/ THAT OSWALD NEVER MENTIONED THE COUNTRY OF CUBA OR THE FACT THAT HE BELONGED TO ANY ORGANIZATIONS/ THAT OSWALD NEVER MADE ANY REVOLUTIONARY STATEMENTS OR APPEARED PRONE TO VIOLENCE.

FATHER MALCOLM P. MULLEN, SJ, PROFESSOR OF PHILOSOPHY, AND FATHER JOHN F. MOORE, SJ, PROFESSOR OF LOGIC AND EPISTOMOLOGY, JESUIT HOUSE OF STUDIES, MOBILE, WERE INTERVIEWED ON NOVEMBER THIRTY, INSTANT, BY SAS HARRY J. DEGNAN AND JOHN J. SWEENEY. THEY ADVISED THEY ATTENDED THE TALK OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD THERE IN THE SUMMER OF NINETEEN SIXTY-THREE/ THAT OSWALD WAS A COUSIN OF EUGENE MURRETT, A SCHOLASTIC THERE, WHO ARRANGED THE TALK. THEY SAID OSWALD APPARENTLY WENT TO RUSSIA AFTER READING WORKS OF KARL MARX, TO SEE EXACTLY HOW PEOPLE LIVED THERE/ THAT ON ARRIVAL IN MOSCOW, OSWALD APPLIED FOR WORK AND WAS SENT TO MINSK TO WORK IN A FACTORY/ THAT HE JOINED A HUNTIN CLUB AND SPENT MANY WEEKENDS HUNTING/ THAT

END PAGE SIX

HE CAME TO KNOW THE PEASANTS VERY WELL THIS WAY, AS HE SLEPT IN THEIR HOMES/ THAT OSWALD CLAIMED HE LIKED THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE AND WAS TREATED WELL BY THEM, EVEN WHEN THE U-TWO INCIDENT WAS PUBLICIZED/ THAT OSWALD BECAME DISILLUSIONED AFTER ABOUT THREE YEARS SINCE COMMUNISM DID NOT MEASURE UP TO HIS IDEA OF MARXISM/ THAT OSWALD SAID HE APPLIED FOR PERMISSION FOR HIS WI FE AND HIMSELF TO LEAVE RUSSIA AND IT WAS APPROVED, BUT THEY DID NOT RECALL IF OSWALD SAID SPECIFICALLY HOW/ THAT OSWALD EVADED THE SUBJECT OF RELIGION, AND THEY RECEIVED THE IMPRESSION HE WAS AN ATHEIST/ THAT OSWALD WAS JUST AN AVERAGE SPEAKER/ THAT HE DID NOT APPEAR PROSPEROUS, BUT WAS NEAT AND CLEAN/ THAT HE DID NOT MENTION ANY REVOLUTIONARY IDEAS OR INDICATE ANY VIOLENT TENDENCIES, AND THAT OSWALD DID NOT MENTION ANY SCHOOLS HE ATTENDED THERE OR ANY OF THE ORGANIZATIONS TO WHICH HE BELONGED IN THE UNITED STATES, OR ANY OF HIS FRIENDS. THEY SAID THAT OSWALD/S TALK AND SUBSEQUENT QUESTIONING PERIOD LASTED FOR APPROXIMATELY ONE HOUR.

END PAGE SEVEN

MR. ROBERT J. FITZPATRICK, SJ, SCHOLASTIC, JESUIT SEMINARY, MOBILE, ALABAMA, ON NOVEMBER THIRTY, INSTANT, ADVISED SAS HARRY J. DEGNAN AND JOHN J. SWEENEY THAT HE RECALLED LEE HARVEY OSWALD. HE SAID HE WAS STUDYING THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AND LEARNED THAT EUGENE MURRETT, ANOTHER SCHOLASTIC, HAD A COUSIN WHO SPENT THREE YEARS IN RUSSIA/ THAT MURRETT ARRANGED FOR OSWALD TO SPEAK TO A GROUP OF STUDENTS THERE.

FITZPATRICK SAID OSWALD, HIS WIFE, AND TWO YEAR OLD DAUGHTER CAME TO MOBILE, ALABAMA ON SATURDAY, JULY TWENTY-SEVEN, LAST, ACCOMPANIED BY THE PARENTS OF MURRETT. HE SAID THAT THEY WERE ALSO ACCOMPANIED BY MURRETT/S BROTHER AND SISTER, AND THEIR RESPECTIVE SPOUSES. FITZPATRICK SAID HE DID NOT ATTEND OSWALD/S TALK, BUT STAYED WITH MRS. MURRETT AND OSWALD/S WIFE, MARINA; BECAUSE OF HIS ABILITY TO SPEAK RUSSIAN. HE SAID MRS. OSWALD WAS A VERY FINE WOMAN, HOWEVER COULD NOT SPEAK ENGLISH/ THAT MRS. MURRETT WAS ANXIOUS TO TALK TO MRS. OSWALD WITHOUT OSWALD BEING PRESENT, SINCE SHE NEVER HAD THE OPPORTUNITY BEFORE, AS OSWALD HAD TO TRANSLATE FOR HER.

FITZPATRICK SAID MRS. OSWALD TOLD HIM SHE WAS RAISED IN THE

RUSSIAN ORTHODOX FAITH UNTIL SHE WAS ABOUT TEN YEARS OLD WHEN HER RELATIONS DIED/ THAT SHE HAD ABOUT THE EQUIVALENT OF WHAT COULD BE CONSIDERED A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES/ THAT SHE WAS NOT A COMMUNIST AND LOVED RUSSIA AND THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE/ THAT SHE HAD NO LIVING RELATIVES THERE/ THAT MRS. OSWALD SAID THERE WERE MANY INCONVENIENCES IN RUSSIA, BUT PEOPLE HAD NO DIFFICULTY LIVING THERE/ THAT SHE MET OSWALD AT A FACTORY DANCE IN MINSK AND THEY WERE SUBSEQUENTLY MARRIED.

FITZPATRICK SAID MRS. OSWALD SAID SHE LIKED THE UNITED STATES VERY MUCH, AND THERE APPEARED TO BE NO CONFLICT WITH THIS AND HER LOVE FOR RUSSIA/ THAT SHE HAD NO OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN ENGLISH, SINCE OSWALD KEPT HER COMPLETELY AWAY FROM OTHER PEOPLE/ THAT SHE SEEMED HAPPY WITH OSWALD/ HOWEVER OSWALD WAS DEFINITELY THE HEAD OF THE FAMILY/ THAT OSWALD DID A GREAT DEAL OF READING, HOWEVER, IT WAS SCATTERED AND HAD NO DIRECTIN OR PLANING.

FITZPATRICK SAID MRS. OSWALD ONLY MENTIONED RESIDING IN NEW ORLEANS, HOWEVER, HE RECEIVED THE IMPRESSION THAT THE OSWALDS LIVED IN OTHER CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES/ THAT

END PAGE NINE

MRS. OSWALD SAID OSWALD WAS OUT OF WORK AND THEY WERE HAVING A DIFFICULT TIME FINANCIALLY/ THAT OSWALD WAS AWAY FROM HOME A LOT, AND SHE DID NOT KNOW ANY OF HIS ASSOCIATES OR ACTIVITIES/ THAT MRS. OSWALD WAS DRESSED NEATLY, BUT NOT EXPENSIVELY/ THAT OSWALD, ALTHOUGH NOT SHABBILY DRESSED, DID NOT APPEAR TO KNOW HOW TO WEAR CLOTHING PROPERLY/ THAT MRS. OSWLAD SAID IT WAS VERY DIFFICULT GETTING OUT OF RUSSIA, BUT DID NOT EXPLAIN THIS REMARK.

FITZPATRICK SAID MRS. MURRETT HAD HIM ASK MRS. OSWALD IF SHE WOULD CARE TO GO TO MASS THE FOLLOWING MORNING, SUNDAY/ THAT MRS. OSWALD SAID SHE WOULD LIKE TO VERY MUCH, BUT COULD NOT BECAUSE OF OSWALD/ THAT ON AT LEAST TWO OCCASIONS IN HIS TALK WITH MRS. OSWALD, SHE SAID OSWALD WAS QUOTE WITHOUT GOD UNQUOTE/ THAT MRS. OSWALD INDICATED SHE HAD NEVER BEEN TO MOBILE PREVIOUSLY.

FITZPATRICK SAID HE TALKED WITH OSWALD FOR ABOUT TWENTY MINUTES AFTER HIS SPEECH IN THE PRESENCE OF MRS. OSWALD AND THE MURRETT FAMILY/ THAT OSWALD SEEMED TO BE A VERY INTENSE AND HIGH STRUNG PERSON/ THAT OSWALD NEVER SMILED AND WAS NOT

END PAGE TEN

AT ALL FRIENDLY/ THAT OSWALD SPOKE FAIRLY GOOD RUSSIAN, HOWEVER IT DEFINITELY WAS NOT AS SMOOTH OR CORRECT AS HIS WIFE/S/ THAT OSWALD DID NOT MENTION POLITICS TO HIM AND EVADED QUESTIONS AS TO HOW HE MANAGED TO LEAVE RUSSIA WITH HIS WIFE/.

FITZPATRICK SAID WITH MRS. OSWALD/S PERMISSION , HE WROTE HER A LETTER IN RUSSIAN WHICH HE MAILED ABOUT AUGUST EIGHT, LAST/ THAT HE ADDRESSED IT TO FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS, AND PLACED HIS RETURN ADDRESS ON IT. HE SAID MRS. OSWALD SAID SHE WOULD BE VERY HAPPY TO CORRESPOND WITH HIM AND WOULD CORRECT AND RETURN HIS LETTERS WITH HER OWN. HE SAID HE NEVER RECEIVED AN ANSWER FROM MRS. OSWALD, AND HIS LETTER WAS NEVER RETURNED TO HIM.

HE SAID HE LATER LEARNED THAT OSWALD HAD MOVED FROM NEW ORLEANS ABOUT THIS TIME.

FITZPATRICK SAID THAT AS SOON AS HE HEARD THAT OSWALD HAD BEEN ARRESTED ON THE SUSPICION OF ASSASSINATING PRESIDENT KENNEDY, HE IMMEDIATELY CONTACTED SEVERAL OF THE SCHOLASTICS WHO HEARD OSWALD/S SPEECH. HE SAID HE OBTAINED THESE

END PAGE ELEVEN

INDIVIDUALS/ IMPRESSIONS OF OSWALD AND SOME OF OSWALD/S REMARKS. FITZPATRICK SAID HE TYPED UP A SUMMARY OF THESE IMPRESSIONS IMMEDIATELY AND RECONTACTED THESE SAME INDIVIDUALS TO DETERMINE IF THEY WERE CORRECT. HE SAID AFTER MAKING A FEW ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS, HE SUBSEQUENTLY TYPED UP A FIVE PAGE SUMMARY OF OSWALD/S SPEECH AND THE ANSERES TO QUESTIONS ASKED HIM. FITZPATRICK MADE AVAILABLE A COPY OF THIS SUMMARY, WHICH SUMMARY WILL BE REPORTED VERBATIM IN HIS THREE ZERO TWO.

MRS. BERT PHAREZ, PALMS MOTEL, THREE NINE NINE FOUR GOVERNMENT STREET BOULEVARD, MOBILE, ALABAMA ON NOVEMBER THIRTY, INSTANT, ADVISED THAT REGISTRATION CARD NUMBER FIVE SEVEN FIVE ONE REFLECTS THAT MR. AND MRS. CHARLES MURRETT, SEVEN FIVE SEVEN FRENCH STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, REGISTERED THERE AT THREE THIRTY P. M., JULY TWENTY-SEVEN, LAST. THIS CARD INDICATED THAT THIS PARTY CONSISTED OF SIX INDIVIDUALS, AND THEY WERE ASSIGNED TO ROOMS FOUR AND SIX. THEY PAID SIXTEEN DOLLARS NINETY-SIX CENTS CASH FOR THESE ROOMS AND WOULD HAVE CHECKED OUT PRIOR TO ONE P. M., JULY

END PAGE TWELVE

TWENTY-EIGHT, LAST. THERE WAS NO INFORMATION AS TO THE AUTOMOBILE IN WHICH THEY WERE TRAVELING, AND NO TELEPHONE CALLS WERE MADE FROM THESE ROOMS.

MRS. PHAREZ ALSO MADE AVAILABLE REGISTRATION CARD NUMBER FIVE SEVEN FIVE TWO REFLECTING THAT OSWALD, MAGAZINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, REGISTERED AT THREE THIRTY P.M., JULY TWENTY-SEVEN, LAST/ THAT HIS PARTY CONSISTED OF TWO PERSONS, AND THEY WERE ASSIGNED TO ROOM TWENTY-FOUR. EIGHT DOLLARS FORTY-EIGHT CENTS IN CASH WAS PAID FOR THIS ROOM, AND THE OCCUPANTS WOULD HAVE CHECKED OUT BEFORE ONE P. M., JULY TWENTY-EIGHT, LAST. THERE WAS AGAIN NO AUTOMOBILE INFORMATION ON THIS CARD, AND NO TELEPHONE CALLS WERE MADE FROM THIS ROOM.

NEW ORLEANS, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY HANDLED, INTERVIEW MR. AND MRS. CHARLES MURRETT BASED ON INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.

FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU, EUGENE JOHN MURRETT, MOBILE, ALABAMA, ADVISED SA JOHN J. SWEENEY HE HAD BEEN INTERVIEWED ON THE MORNING OF NOVEMBER TWENTY-NINE, LAST, BY U. S. SECRET SERVICE AGENT FORRESTT GUTHRIE, CONCERNING HIS

END PAGE THIRTEEN

RELATIONSHIP WITH OSWALD.

REPORT FOLLOWS. P.

END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 1- 11-55 PM OK FBI WA HFL

DL 10-54 PM OK FBI DL LJH

NO 10-55 PM OK FBI NO TJB

TU ALL AND CLEAR V

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

URGENT 11-29-63
TO DIRECTOR
FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY NO. 191

CONFIDENTIAL

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of Declassification Indefinite

BUFILE 105-82555
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.
REMYCAB NOVEMBER 28 LAST. Mexico Nicaragua

[redacted]

REC- 56 105-82555-384

3mm cc: MR. BRENNAN

EX-105

CONFIDENTIAL

1963

cc Clark

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE 2, FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY, NO. 191

Nicaragua

[redacted]

RECEIVED: 7:49 PM

CLARK D. ANDERSON
JWF

CONFIDENTIAL

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

FD-263 (Rev. 5-1-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
BOSTON, MASS.	DALLAS	12/1/63	11/26-12/1/63

TITLE OF CASE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

REPORT MADE BY: SA JOHN P. LARKIN — TYPED BY: rgs

CHARACTER OF CASE: IS - R

REC-31

REFERENCE:

Bureau teletype to all offices dated November 30, 1963.

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Extra copies of this report are furnished to the Bureau in the event dissemination to other interested agencies is necessary.

This case is being retained in a pending status in the Boston Office because request for additional investigation is contemplated.

Additional copies of the FD-302 in this report are being maintained in the Boston Office in the event they are required.

- A* -

COVER PAGE

APPROVED — SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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385 REC-31

3 DEC 8 1963

COPIES MADE:

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3 - Dallas (RM)
2 - Boston (89-43)

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Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	[illegible]	CIA		
Request Recd.		12-2-63		
Date Fwd.	12-23-63	12-3-63		
How Fwd.	LAHM	4-p 24		
By	LHL-jff	[illegible]		

Notations: SOVIET SECTION

79 JAN 21 1964

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA JOHN P. LARKIN
Date: 12/1/63

Office: BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Field Office File #: 89-43

Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis:

Mrs. FELIX FORTE, wife of Judge FELIX FORTE, Suffolk Superior Court, Boston, Mass., advised while in Russia in March, 1959, she met a young man at the Metropole Hotel, Moscow, USSR, who she believes might be identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD whom she saw on TV in Dallas during the recent coverage of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. States first day she met and spoke with the young man he was critical of conditions in Russia. Second and last time she spoke to him he said he decided to stay in Russia and possibly become a citizen of that country.

- P -

DETAILS:

Judge FELIX FORTE, Suffolk Superior Court, Boston, Massachusetts, telephonically contacted SA JOHN P. LARKIN on November 26, 1963 and advised that his wife, after viewing photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television, felt he was identical with an individual she met while traveling in Russia in March, 1959. Judge FORTE said that his wife conversed with this man, but there was nothing pertinent in the conversation to the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY in Dallas.

Oswald was in USMC in March 1959. [illegible]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-302 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

DATE 12/1/63

Mrs. FELIX FORTE advised that she is the wife of Suffolk Superior Court Judge, Boston, Massachusetts, FELIX FORTE.

She said that in 1959, she traveled to the USSR as a guest of the KLM Airlines for a planned twelve day period. However, she said she cut her visit short and left the USSR after eight days.

She stated that on the morning of her second day in Moscow, she was in the lobby of the Metropole Hotel where she was staying and was approached by a young man who told her that he was a United States citizen, but did not further identify himself. She said this young man told her he had been in Russia for a short period of time; that he was trying to interest an unidentified Russian official in a business venture, but that he had become disillusioned as a result of the treatment he had received. She said he told her that his passport had been lifted and he was having very little success in making appointments. She said he was generally very critical of living conditions in Russia. She said that inasmuch as she was only a tourist, she was very skeptical about engaging in conversation with him and her replies to any of his statements were innocuous.

She stated that one or two days later, she again saw this young man in the lobby of the hotel and he told her that he had changed his opinion and that now he felt he would stay in Russia and had no plans to return to the United States.

Mrs. FORTE said that because she was suspicious of him, she did not engage in any lenghthy conversation with him. She said he seemed to be a "mixed up" young man and was not certain what he wanted in life.

On 11/26/63 at Boston, Massachusetts File # BS 89-43

By SA JOHN P. LARKIN/ras Date Dictated 12/1/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

She said that one or two nights later, she saw him in the dining room of the Metropole Hotel, accompanied by a young Russian girl and he seemed to be very content and enjoying himself. She said she had no further contact with this individual.

She stated that while watching the telecasts in connection with the recent assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, she saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD and was certain that he was the young man with whom she spoke in Russia.

Mrs. FORTE was unable to furnish any additional information.

URGENT 11-30-63 7-50 PM CST TJB

TO DIRECTOR - /62-109960/ SACS DALLAS /89-43/ AND SAN FRANCISCO

FROM SAC NEW ORLEANS /89-69/ 3-PAGES

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO.

LT. FRANCIS L. MARTELLO, PLATOON COMMANDER, FIRST DISTRICT, NEW ORLEANS PD, ADVISED ON NOV. TWENTYNINE LAST THAT WHILE LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS INCARCERATED AT FIRST DISTRICT ON CHARGES OF DISTURBING THE PEACE WHICH AROSE OUT OF DISTRIBUTION BY OSWALD OF FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE LITERATURE AND SUBSEQUENT ARGUMENT WITH THREE CUBAN REFUGEES, MARTLLLO INTERVIEWED OSWALD AUG. TEN, SIXTYTHREE. WHEN QUESTIONED BY MARTELLO ABOUT FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, OSWALD SAID THAT SOME OF THE MEETINGS OF THE FPCC WERE HELD ON PINE STREET IN NEW ORLEANS, REFUSING TO GIVE SPECIFIC LOCATION. MARTELLO RECALLED THAT FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE LITERATURE HAD BEEN FOUND IN THE PAST IN THE ONE THOUSAND BLOCK OF PINE ST., WHICH IS CLOSE TO THE RESIDENCE OF DR. LEONARD REISSMAN. MARTELLO FURTHER

END PAGE ONE

ORIGINAL

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180 DEC 13 1963

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RECALLED THAT DR. REISSMAN WAS REPORTED TO BE A MEMBER OF THE NEW ORLEANS COUNCIL FOR PEACEFUL ALTERNATIVES, WHICH WAS A QUOTE BAN THE BOMB UNQUOTE GROUP ESTABLISHED IN NEW ORLEANS AND WHICH HAD CONDUCTED TWO OR THREE DEMONSTRATIONS HERE. MARTELLO ASKED OSWALD IF HE KNEW DR. REISSMAN OR IF HE HAD HELD FPCC MEETINGS IN REISSMAN/S HOME. OSWALD EVADED THE QUESTION AND APPEARED TO MARTELLO TO HAVE A NERVOUUS REACTION.

FILES NEW ORLEANS OFFICE SHOW THAT DR. LEONARD REISSMAN IS PROFESSOR OF SOCIOLOGY AT TULANE UNIVERSITY. IN APRIL, FIFTYTHREE A CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANT ADVISED THAT REISSMAN ALWAYS CONTENDED THAT THE UNITED STATED WILL ULTIMATELY BECOME A SOCIALISTIC NATION. HE COMMENTED QUOTE THEY HAVE ACCUSED ME OF BEING A COMMUNIST UNQUOTE. THE INFORMANT ADDED THAT REISSMAN IN HIS TEACHING HAS SHOWN HIMSELF TO BE A FOLLOWER OF MARXIAN THEORY OF ECONOMICS. INFROMATION RECEIVED THAT DR. LEONARD REISSMAN, ONE ONE TWO ONE PINE ST. NEW ORLEANS NOW AT INSTITUTE OF ADVANCED STUDY, BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES, STANFORD UNIVERSITY, PALO ALTO CALIF.

END PAGE TWO

MARTELLO ADVISE DURING INTERVIEW HE ASKED OSWALD IF HE KNEW DOCTOR FORREST E. LA VIOLETTE PROFESSOR OF SOCIOLOGY TULANE, UNIVERSITY HAVING RECALLED THAT IN NINETEEN SIXTYTWO INFORMATION HAD BEEN RECEIVED BY NOPD THAT LA VIOLETTE HAD FPCC LITERATURE IN HIS POSSESSION. OSWALDOSWALD REFUSED TO ANSWER THIS QUESTION.

NEW ORLEANS FILES DISCLOSE LA VIOLETTE WAS MEMBER OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS, SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND INC., IN NINETEEN FIFTYFOUR, WAS SPONSOR OF SOUTHWIDE CONFERENCE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH SUPREME COURT DECISION, HELD RICHMOND, VIRGINIA JANUARY TWENTY FIVE FIFTYFIVE UNDER SPONSORSHIP SCEF. ALSO A SPONSOR OF SOUTHWESTERN REGIONAL CONFERENCE ON INTERGRATION HOUSTON, TEXAS MAY SEVENTEEN FIFTYFIVE AND HAS SERVED AS MEMBER OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE OF SCEF SINCE MARCH NINETEEN SIXTY. NEW ORLEANS FILES SHOW CHARLES BAUGH, GRADUATE STUDENT AT TULANE UNIVERSITY RECEIVED FPCC LITERATURE DURING NINETEEN SIXTYONE. NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON BAUGH.

BUREAU REQUESTED TO AUTHORIZE SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW ORLEANS TO INTERVIEW DR. REISSMAN, LA VIOLETTE, AND BAUGH ON A DISCREET BASIS TO DETERMINE WHETHER THEY KNOW OSWALD AND OBTAIN ANY INFORMATION IN THEIR POSSESSION REGARDING OSWALD/S ACTIVITIES.

THREE ZERO TWO REPORTING INTERVIEW WITH LT. MARTELLO BEING SUBMITTED BY NEW ORLEANS TODAY.

END AND ACK PLS.

2- WA 9-02 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 8-01 PM OK FBI DL JH

SF 8-01 PM OK FBI SF KLS TU CLROETLOM

SULLIVAN

Report Form
FD-263 (Rev. 5-12-55)

REC 14

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
ALBUQUERQUE	DALLAS	12/1/63	11/22/63 - 12/1/63

TITLE OF CASE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.

REPORT MADE BY: SA STUART J. CAMERON — TYPED BY: mls

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS-R

REFERENCE

Bureau teletype to all SAC's dated 11/30/63.

-P-

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

Extra copies of this report are being sent to the Bureau as it is believed the Bureau might want to make extra dissemination.

INFORMANTS

The security informants referred to in this report are as follows:

[redacted] by SA GORDON JACKSON.
by SA ROBERT J. WIRTH.
by SA ROBERT J. WIRTH.
by SA ROBERT J. WIRTH.

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14 FEB 1 19[illegible]

APPROVED: SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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9 - Bureau (REG. AM) (SD) (1) 12-[illegible]-63 (1) 12-[illegible]-63
6 - Dallas (REG. AM)
2 - Albuquerque (105-991)

all copies with brief to Mike
Tel
Ige 645 PM Fri time
per

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105 | 82555 | 386 | REC 14

5 DEC 12 1963

EX-105

cc

61 DEC 16 1963

In response to instructions set forth in Bureau teletype to all SAC's dated 11/25/63 under caption, JACK LEON RUBY, aka.; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. - VICTIM - DECEASED; CIVIL RIGHTS, the following criminal informants affiliated with or familiar with gambling matters, Albuquerque Division, were contacted on 11/25/63 with negative results:

[redacted] by SA J. JEROME MAXWELL.
[redacted] by SA J. JEROME MAXWELL.
[redacted], New Mexico, by SA
[redacted] by SA CARY CARLTON.
[redacted] by SA STUART J. CAMERON.
[redacted] by SA STUART J. CAMERON.
[redacted] by SA WILLIAM
[redacted] by SA WILLIAM
[redacted] by SA CALVIN D. KNOTT.
[redacted] by SA FRANK W. HAINES.
[redacted] by SA FRANK W. HAINES.

On November 25, 1963, [redacted] advised SA W. J. WILKINSON, JR., Farmington, New Mexico, that she once met JACK RUBY in an unknown hotel in Dallas, Texas, many years ago. The informant was unable to recall the hotel or other people during this contact. Informant has never met victim.

AQ 105-991

Texas Ga

On 11/25/63, [redacted] advised SA STUART J. CAMERON at Albuquerque, New Mexico, that approximately eleven months ago he met JACK RUBY at the Carousel Club in Dallas, Texas. Informant met RUBY through [redacted], and when the informant mentioned that he was from Albuquerque, RUBY advised that [redacted] at Albuquerque was a good friend. The informant learned through [redacted] that RUBY came to Dallas, Texas, from Chicago and that a "Jewish boy" had the particular section of town where the Carousel is now located "all sewed up." Informant states RUBY had a difficult time breaking into the area, but that he is now quite well off along with the "Jewish boy," who also has a joint located one block from the Carousel in an upstairs location.

[redacted] mentioned to [redacted] that RUBY had a "good in" with the Dallas Police Department. The informant states this would be borne out from his observation by the fact that RUBY had a B-girl operation where drinks were pushed heavily and they had no interference from the Police Department. The informant knew of no specific connections with the Police Department and only personally engaged RUBY in conversation for five to ten minutes. Informant stated he is not aware of any Chicago underworld connections of RUBY or any subversive or extremist connections. He did not know of any relationship between the subject and the Fair Play for Cuba Committee or any association between OSWALD and RUBY.

It is noted that [redacted] is presently a fugitive and the subject of a UFAP - FORGERY investigation of which the Savannah Division is Office of Origin (Bufile: 88-21156).

AQ 105-991

Texas

On 11/25/63, [redacted] Albuquerque, New Mexico, who requested his name be maintained in complete confidence, admitted formerly being a bookmaker in Chicago over fifteen years ago. He advised Special Agent STUART J. CAMERON he is acquainted with JACK RUBY known to him as SPARKY RUBENSTEIN, who lived in [redacted] in Chicago. He did not become too well acquainted with SPARKY until they grew up and [redacted] knew RUBY's father as the "neighborhood drunk."

[redacted] described SPARKY as somewhat emotionally unstable. [redacted] stated SPARKY made his living primarily from "scalping" tickets to sports events in the Chicago area and at one time traveled throughout the country selling punch boards which [redacted] stated was prior to the Senator KEFAUVER investigations. [redacted] described the subject as an extremely stubborn person and a publicity hound; therefore, [redacted] did not think it unusual when newspapers reported that RUBY was more upset over the death of the President than the death of his own father. He stated that he was surprised when SPARKY killed OSWALD, advising that he would think it more proper that RUBY would shoot him in the leg with a .22 in order to get publicity.

[redacted] did not see SPARKY for more than twenty years until [redacted] visited Dallas, Texas, about one and a half years ago. He looked up SPARKY across Carousel Club is across the street from the Adolphus Hotel, and they talked briefly of old times.

[redacted] knew of no specific connections SPARKY may have had with the Dallas Police Department, but stated that many policemen knew him and he was well liked. [redacted] was not aware of any underworld connections which RUBY may have had and knew of no particular reason for RUBY's leaving Chicago. [redacted] states SPARKY, to his knowledge, had no extremist or subversive views whatsoever and had no contact with organized criminal or hoodlum element. [redacted] further advised that he was not personally acquainted with OSWALD and knew of no connection of OSWALD and RUBY, or any connection which RUBY may have had with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

AQ 105-991

Data contained in this report relates solely to possible internal security investigation concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Other miscellaneous data and complaints received by this office have been submitted by teletype or insert to the Dallas Division under appropriate captions suitable for lifting verbatim and placing in a Dallas report in accordance with prior Bureau instructions. In view of instructions contained in referenced Bureau teletype, investigative reports under appropriate captions containing all data and investigation conducted by the Albuquerque Division are being submitted in report form under appropriate captions, pertaining to JACK LEON RUBY and the assassination of the President, even though same may have been reported previously by the Dallas Office.

LEAD

ALBUQUERQUE:

AT ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO:

Will conduct appropriate investigation and immediately report any information coming to the attention of the Albuquerque Division concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA STUART J. CAMERON Office: ALBUQUERQUE
Date: DECEMBER 1, 1963

File Number: AQ 105-991

Title:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis:

JOHN C. HARRELL, Albuquerque, New Mexico, former neighbor of subject at Fort Worth, Texas, furnished background information concerning subject's family. HARRELL states that he learned through subject's family that subject felt there was discrimination in the South. Confidential informants having some knowledge of subversive activities in the State of New Mexico have advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD is unknown to them by name or description.

-P-

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AQ 105-991

DETAILS:

After hearing of the assassination of President KENNEDY, November 22, 1963, over the radio, JOHN G. HARRELL, 816 Indiana SE, Albuquerque, New Mexico, an employee of ACF Industries, advised Special Agent STUART J. CAMERON that he had background information relative to OSWALD inasmuch as he was a former neighbor at Fort Worth, Texas. HARRELL voluntarily furnished the following information:

He met LEE OSWALD and his family in approximately 1948 when they lived at 7412 Ewing Avenue, while HARRELL lived at 7311 Ewing Avenue in Fort Worth. HARRELL and LEE's brother, ROBERT L. OSWALD, JR., were close friends and both joined the United States Marine Corps in July, 1952. They were both discharged from the Marine Corps at the same time. LEE OSWALD entered the United States Marine Corps in 1955 after having minor difficulties with local authorities, such as truancy. LEE was discharged from the Marine Corps in 1959 as a Sergeant and thereupon returned to Fort Worth, Texas, to visit ROBERT for a day or so. At this time he said he was going to New Orleans, Louisiana, to work for an import-export agency; however, approximately ten days later HARRELL learned from the newspaper that LEE OSWALD was in the United States Embassy in Russia and had taken out Soviet citizenship papers.

HARRELL states that OSWALD reportedly lived in Russia from 1959 to 1962, when he returned to the United States with his Russian wife. HARRELL has had no direct contact with LEE since approximately 1955, but through family contacts he learned that LEE had a feeling that there was discrimination and unequal rights of Negroes in the South. HARRELL states this information was passed from one family to the other and has no information concerning specific statements made by OSWALD. HARRELL stated he was furnishing this information because of his "Q" Clearance employment by ACF Industries.

Confidential Informants having some knowledge of subversive activities in the State of New Mexico have advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD is unknown to them by name or description.

FD-365 (Rev. 1-1-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
ATLANTA	DALLAS	12-1-63	11/22/63 - 12/1/63

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	SA CHARLES S. HARDING	
	CHARACTER OF CASE: IS - R	

REFERENCES

Bureau teletype to all offices, 11-30-63.

- P -

LEADS

ATLANTA

Will conduct additional investigation in this matter and report results by teletype and investigative report.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Undeveloped leads are not being set forth in this report inasmuch as such leads have already been set forth by teletype.

APPROVED _____ SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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16 - Bureau
3 - Dallas
3 - Atlanta (105-3193)

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105- 82555- 387

REC 31

DEC 12 1963

ST-104

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

NOTATIONS

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

AT 105-3193

This report includes information formerly reported in the cases "Assassination of President Kennedy, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas (Atlanta file 89-45)," Funeral of President Kennedy, 11-25-63 (Atlanta file 89-46)," and "JACK LEON RUBY; LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM-DECEASED, CR, (Atlanta file 44-1559)."

INFORMANTS

AT T-1 is [redacted] Instant report

AT-T-2 is [redacted] Instant report

Atlanta, Georgia
Request

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA CHARLES S. HARDING Office: Atlanta, Georgia
Date: December 1, 1963

Field Office File #: 105-3193 Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis:

Miss VEREEN ALEXANDER, Thomasville, Ga., stated LEE HARVEY OSWALD possibly present at a party summer of 1963 in New Orleans, La., which was attended by individuals who formerly discussed how one would go about the assassination of the President. Mr. and Mrs. STEVE ALLEN BRILL in Mexico, September, 1963, but did not see anyone resembling OSWALD on trips to Mexico. Mr. and Mrs. ROBERT HOWARD PEAVY and Chief of Police HERBERT JENKINS and Mrs. JENKINS in Mexico, September, 1963, and did not see anyone who resembled OSWALD. Informant reports racketeer named RUBIN formerly lived in Daytona, Fla., and pictures of JACK LEON RUBY appear similar to RUBIN. JOHN O'LEARY of theatrical agency, and ANDY MARINOS, manager of Domino Lounge, Atlanta, both in contact with RUBY over past several years in connection with booking acts into RUBY's night club. AT T-2 advised believed RUBY active in arranging illegal flights of weapons from Miami to Castro organization in Cuba in 1950's. RUBY also allegedly purchased substantial share in Havana gaming house. MARION HAYES, long distance telephone operator, Atlanta, advised approximately three weeks previous to assassination of President on Sunday, she was requested to place calls by same person to LEE HARVEY OSWALD in New Orleans and Dallas and JACK RUBENSTEIN in Dallas. She was finally able to get both calls through. Admitted she has been emotionally upset concerning the assassination of

President KENNEDY and was watching television at the time RUBY shot OSWALD and noticed just prior to the shooting that OSWALD appeared to recognize RUBY. Unknown individual allegedly called office of Governor CARL SANDERS of Georgia and made an implied threat to receptionist. JAMES WOLLWEBER, private pilot, stated an individual named JOHNSON called him from Miami and wanted him to pick up an unknown individual in Dallas, Tex., on 11/23/63 and fly him to Nassau. WOLLWEBER unable to make trip because of bad weather. CHARLES BASCOM WEATHERLY, Atlanta, Ga., admitted calling the U. S. Supreme Court while in an intoxicated condition and accused Chief Justice WARREN and Associate Justice BLACK of being responsible for the death of the President. JOSEPH ADAMS MILTEER Quitman, Ga., advised that he was in New Orleans in April of 1963 and in Dallas, Tex., in June of 1963 in connection with his activity in patriotic organizations. Denied any knowledge of assassination of President KENNEDY and denied making any threats that he would assassinate the President. JOE CUMMING, correspondent, "Newsweek" magazine, did not witness shooting of OSWALD by RUBY. HAL SUIT advised received from source OSWALD in Atlanta August or September, 1963, following announcement President KENNEDY was going to speak at Georgia Tech. Allegedly stayed at Holiday Inn and had gun. Individuals employed at Holiday Inn interviewed and some believe individual could possibly be OSWALD but others believe individual was not OSWALD.

-P-

DETAILS:

AT 105-3193

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

Miss VEREEN ALEXANDER, 101 Montrose Drive, advised that while she attended Sophie Newcomb College, Girls' Division, Tulane University, New Orleans, Louisiana, she met JOHN BASS, 2225 Jena Street, Apartment C; ED CLARK; AL PECCARERO (phonetic); and LIONEL HAMPTION (last name not certain).

On an average of once per week during the past year the above group discussed politics at the University Center at Tulane University. On May 23, 1963, the discussion concerned the attempted assassination of President DE GAULLE of France, with the conversation shifting to the question as to how one would go about the assassination of the President. President KENNEDY's name was not mentioned in the discussion.

Miss ALEXANDER advised that the above listed four individuals have strong Marxist and Pro-Cuban feelings.

Miss ALEXANDER advised that she, along with ROBERT HOFFMAN, published a newspaper called "The Reed", which she described as "a very liberal paper."

She advised that ROBERT HOFFMAN's brother, DAVE HOFFMAN, held a party during the summer of 1963 in his apartment near Slogan's Bar in New Orleans. At his party BASS, CLARK, PECCARERO and HAMPTION were present, along with PATTY HAHN, BEN HOGAN and others. Miss ALEXANDER had the strong belief that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was also possibly present at this party.

She stated that PECCARERO is a leader or a member of a local Socialist group in New Orleans.

Others interviewed denied ever attended such a meeting or group. cel

- 4 -

On 11/25/63 at Thomasville, Georgia File # Atlanta 105-3193

by SA DONALD A. ADAMS /evg/hld Date dictated 11/25/63

AT 105-3193
TMC/hld
1

STEVE ALLEN BRILL and his wife, ELAINE ESTERMAN BRILL, 710 East Columbia Avenue, College Park, Georgia, advised Special Agents THOMAS M. CORBETT and JOHN J. LANGSFELD on November 26, 1963, that they obtained Mexican Immigration Tourist Permits from Mexican Tourist Bureau, Miami, Florida, in September, 1963, for travel on their honeymoon to Mexico. They traveled to Laredo, Texas, where they parked their car and entered Mexico at Nuevo Laredo on foot on September 25, 1963, where they spent one hour and returned to Laredo, Texas. On September 26, 1963, they again entered Mexico at Nuevo Lardeo where they boarded a bus and traveled to Monterey, Mexico, for one day and returned to Laredo, Texas that same night.

The bus was stopped by Mexican police officers about twenty miles out of Nuevo Laredo on the morning of September 26, 1963, where they were asked to surrender their Mexican immigration tourist permits. They do not recall the numbers of their permits.

As they recall, the names on their Mexican tourist immigration permits were issued as STEVE ALLEN BRILL and ELAINE ESTERMAN BRILL and they state there must have been a mistake in transposition of names and spelling of the surname.

Both Mr. and Mrs. BRILL had observed photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television and in newspapers and stated they did not see anyone resembling him on either of their entries into Mexico.

Mr. BRILL is employed as Civil Engineer for Federal Aviation Agency, Atlanta, Georgia.

AT 105-3193
TMC/hld
1

ROBERT HOWARD PEAVY and his wife, MALLINE CARTER PEAVY, 312 Blackland Road, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia, advised Special Agent THOMAS M. CORBETT on November 27, 1963, that they received Mexican tourist cards from the Mexican Consul, New Orleans, by mail, in response to application sent to the Consul on September 13, 1963. They drove to Houston, Texas, arriving October 5, 1963, and remained in Houston until October 10, 1963, where they attended a convention of IACP. On October 11, 1963, they flew to Mexico City, via Pan American Airlines, where they visited until October 13, 1963.

They were driven to Acapulco, Mexico, by private car for a visit and then they were driven back to Mexico City on October 16, 1963.

On October 17, 1963, they flew back to Houston where they picked up their car and drove back to Atlanta, Georgia.

During the entire trip, the PEAVYs were accompanied by Chief HERBERT JENKINS, Atlanta Police Department, and Mrs. JENKINS.

Mr. and Mrs. PEAVY and Chief and Mrs. JENKINS all advised that they are not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and at no time during their entire trip did they see anyone who resembled OSWALD. Mr. PEAVY is a wealthy Atlanta industrialist.

AT 105-3193
HLL:hld
1

Mr. HAL SUIT, Assistant News Director, Radio and Television Station WSB, Atlanta, Georgia, advised on November 30, 1963, that he received information to the effect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD visited Atlanta in August or September, 1963, following the announcement that President KENNEDY was to visit Atlanta for a speech at Georgia Institute of Technology. SUIT advised that OSWALD allegedly stayed at Holiday Inn Motel, Atlanta, and was reported to have left a gun in his room and later returned to obtain the gun. SUIT declined to reveal his source.

Mr. TRUMAN SLINGLUFF, Desk Clerk - Manager, Downtown Holiday Inn, Atlanta, advised on December 1, 1963, that in April or May, 1963, an individual possibly resembling OSWALD registered at the Northwest Holiday Inn, Atlanta, driving a car, make and license number unknown. Mr. SLINGLUFF believes this individual used the name OSWALD in registering. The individual stayed one night, checked out of the motel, and later that same day the motel received a telephone call from this individual from Birmingham, Alabama, stating he had left a gun under the motel bed and asked that the motel manager retain the gun for a few days. Several days later this individual appeared, furnished identification, including a Texas drivers license and obtained this weapon.

SLINGLUFF described the gun as a .38 caliber S & W four inch barrel, with pearl handle.

Miss ELAINE GLOSSON, former cashier, Northwest Holiday Inn, furnished substantially the same information as Mr. SLINGLUFF, stating she thought the individual resembled OSWALD and distinctly recalls he used the name OSWALD in registering.

Mr. WILLARD BURGER, Innkeeper, Northwest Holiday Inn, advised he recalls the incident, but did not recall the name this individual used. He remembered talking with this individual and he released the gun to this person. Mr. BURGER stated he does not believe this person was identical with OSWALD.

AT 105-3193
HLL:hld
2

Mr. EDDIE R. WHITE, Assistant Manager, Northwest Holiday Inn, advised he caused a search of the motel records to be made, but was unable to locate a registration for OSWALD. A second search was made of the motel records, both registration and folio records, by Bureau Agent, accompanied by Mr. WHITE for the period of March through October, 1963, but no record of registration for OSWALD under his true name or known aliases was located.

AT 105-3193

JACK LEON RUBY

AT 105-3193
CSH:jkw
1

AT T-1 advised on November 25, 1963, that during the latter 40's, he knew of a racketeer named RUBIN around Daytona, Florida, but knew nothing concerning his activities. T-1 stated he has seen pictures of JACK LEON RUBY and they appear similar to RUBIN as he knew him then.

T-1 suggested that the following persons may have complete knowledge of RUBY if identical with RUBIN:

MATTIE TRACY, Daytona, Florida, a bookie, gambler and procurer.

JOHNNY WHALEN, Daytona, Florida, probably night club operator.

M. T. BROWNING, Daytona, Florida, Police Department.

TOM JOHNSON, former Chief of Police, South Daytona Police Department.

PITT COLE, DeLand, Florida, operating gambling devices in Daytona's largest night club.

(First Name Unknown) KITCHIN, former Chief Deputy Sheriff, DeLand, Florida.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

1

JOHN O'LEARY, Proprietor of Johnny O'Leary Theatrical Agency, Room 422, Loew's Grand Building, advised that JACK RUBY called him on the telephone from Dallas, Texas, about two years ago to book theatrical acts into the Carousel Club in Dallas, which club was managed by RUBY. RUBY said that he had been referred to O'LEARY by one BUDDY KING, a singer and impressionist, who, according to RUBY, had worked for RUBY for many years and was very friendly with RUBY.

RUBY told O'LEARY that he was having trouble booking acts into the Carousel Club because ABE WEINSTEIN, owner of the Colony Club, and his brother, BARNEY WEINSTEIN, owner of the Theater Lounge, both located in Dallas, controlled theatrical booking in the Dallas area and RUBY was unable to obtain good acts for his club.

O'LEARY talked to RUBY several times telephonically, but did not book any acts for him.

O'LEARY never met RUBY in person and knows nothing of his present or past activities or associations. O'LEARY was unable to furnish the identities of anyone in the Atlanta area who might know RUBY.

O'LEARY said that he last heard of BUDDY KING playing in the Dallas area, but has heard that KING also has played in New Orleans, Louisiana, and Kansas City, Missouri.

On 11/25/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 105-3193

by SA THOMAS M. CORBETT:jro/cb Date dictated 11/26/63

AT 105-3193
CSH:jkw
1

The Dallas Office advised that a check of toll calls reflects that JACK LEON RUBY made a call to Atlanta telephone number 524-1069.

A review of the Atlanta Telephone Directory reveals this number is listed to the Domino Lounge, 350 Peachtree Street, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12-1-63

1

ANDY MARINOS, Manager, Domino Lounge, 350 Peachtree Street, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia, telephonically advised that in the past year he has had approximately six telephone calls from JACK RUBY from Dallas, Texas. All of these calls related to obtaining of Masters of Ceremonies for floor shows. MARINOS stated he has had no other type of business with RUBY and has never met him personally.

11-29-63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # AT 105-3193

SA JOHN E. OGDEN :jkw Date dictated 12-1-63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

AT T-2 advised on November 29, 1963, that he formerly owned interest in a club in Miami, Florida. He stated that in the early 1950's, JACK RUBY held interest in the Colonial Inn, a nightclub and gambling house in Hollandale, Florida. He stated that JACK RUBY, known then as RUBENSTEIN, was active in arranging illegal flights of weapons from Miami to the Castro organization in Cuba. According to T-2, RUBY was reportedly part owner of two planes used for these purposes.

T-2 further stated that RUBY subsequently left Miami and purchased a substantial share in a Havana gaming house in which one COLLIS PRIO (phonetic) was principal owner. T-2 stated that COLLIS PRIO was within favor of former Cuban leader BATISTA, but was instrumental in financing and managing accumulation of arms by pro-Castro forces.

T-2 stated that one DONALD EDWARD BROWDER was associated with RUBY in the arms smuggling operation. BROWDER is reportedly incarcerated in the U. S. Penitentiary, Atlanta, after conviction on a U. S. Customs violation. T-2 also stated that JOE MARRS of Marrs Aircraft, 167th Street, Miami, Florida, allegedly contracted with RUBY to make flights to Havana. T-2 further stated that LESLIE LEWIS, formerly Chief of Police, Hialeah, Florida, and now possibly a pistol instructor in Dade County, Florida, Sheriff's Office, possessed detailed knowledge of persons involved in flight of weapons to Cuba and had specific knowledge of RUBY's participation.

T-2 subsequently advised on November 30, 1963, that on the basis of viewing RUBY's photograph and knowing that the JACK RUBENSTEIN he has described originally resided in Chicago, Illinois, he is convinced beyond reasonable doubt that the latter is identical with the JACK RUBY in Dallas, Texas. T-2 also named CLIFTON T. BOWES, Jr., formerly captain of National Airlines, Miami, Florida, as

On 11/29/63 & 11/30/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 105-3193

having been acquainted with RUBENSTEIN and his activities. At this time T-2 added that DONALD EDWARD BROWDER was also formerly active in the illegal liquor market.

AT 105-193
CSH:cb.
1

On November 30, 1963, Warden D. M. HERITAGE, U. S. Penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia, advised that a check of the records of the U. S. Penitentiary failed to reflect a person by the name of DONALD EDWARD BROWDER as ever being an inmate at the U. S. Penitentiary. Records reflect that one EDDIE BROWDER was formerly incarcerated on a liquor violation and was released in 1960.

MISCELLANEOUS

AT 105-3193
CSH:jkw
1

On November 23, 24, 25, and 26, 1963, all Confidential Informants and sources were contacted concerning any knowledge of the assassination of President KENNEDY and any information they could furnish concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK LEON RUBY. None could furnish any information.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

JOHN HARPER, Press Secretary to Governor CARL SANDERS, State Capitol Building, advised that at 2:02 p.m. on November 22, 1963, Miss JUDY DARBY, Receptionist for the Governor, had received a collect telephone call from an unknown man calling from Macon, Georgia.

The caller stated "You know what happened to President KENNEDY?" The caller then made several disconnected statements and became somewhat incoherent. He stated, "I'm one of the governor's boys. I'll see the governor, you can count on that, you can count on that."

Miss DARBY advised HARPER that the unknown man had a menacing voice and could have been intoxicated.

Mr. HARPER advised that the Georgia Bureau of Investigation was actively investigating this call and that both the Atlanta Police Department and the U. S. Secret Service, Atlanta, had been advised.

On 11/22/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 105-3193

by SA CHARLES S. HARDING/eve /hld Dictated 11/22/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

JAMES WOLLWEBER, 3031 Rebecca Drive, S.W., telephonically advised that he had received a telephone call at 5:00 p.m. on November 22, 1963, from a man who identified himself as (FNU) JOHNSON.

JOHNSON told WOLLWEBER that he knew that WOLLWEBER was a person who could keep quiet and he wanted WOLLWEBER to fly him to Dallas, Texas, on the following day. There they were to pick up an unknown individual and fly him to Nassau.

JOHNSON wanted WOLLWEBER to meet him at 12:00 noon on November 23, 1963, at the Opalocka Airport near Miami, Florida, but WOLLWEBER was not certain that he would keep the appointment.

WOLLWEBER advised that he is a pilot and flies his own plane.

On 11/22/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 105-3193

by SA CHARLES S. HARDING/evg /hld Date dictated 11/22/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

JAMES WOLLWEBER, 3031 Rebecca Drive, S.W., telephonically advised that he will not make the trip to Opalocka Airport near Miami, Florida, to meet (FNU) JOHNSON as he had planned because of the bad weather conditions in the Atlanta area and the unavailability of the specific airplane he wanted to use for the trip.

WOLLWEBER advised that he would advise the FBI if he should change his plans.

On 11/23/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 105-3193

by SA CHARLES S. HARDING /evg/hld Date dictated 11/23/63

AT 105-3193
CSH/evg/hld
1

On November 23, 1963, Washington Field Office advised that advice had been received from police officials at the United States Supreme Court on that date that they had received a telephone call on the evening of November 22, 1963, from a man who identified himself as C. D. or C. B. WEATHERLY, 2374-A Lindmont Circle, Atlanta, Georgia, who was allegedly employed by the Studebaker Company, 910 Rhodes-Haverty Building, Atlanta.

In this call WEATHERLY stated that Chief Justice WARREN and Associate Justice BLACK were "responsible for the death of the President." WEATHERLY wanted to be contacted by the Supreme Court police or the FBI and stated "If the FBI did not contact him, he would take other measures."

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

CHARLES BASCOM WEATHERLY, 2374-A Lindmont Circle, N. E., advised he is employed as Regional Marketing Analyst for the Studebaker Automotive Sales Corporation, Atlanta, Georgia.

He stated that he had become upset over the assassination of President KENNEDY and made a telephone call to the United States Supreme Court while in an intoxicated condition.

WEATHERLY stated that he had no information concerning Chief Justice WARREN or Associate Justice BLACK being responsible for the death of the President and had no information that he could furnish to the FBI. Concerning "other measures" he would take if not contacted by the FBI, WEATHERLY stated that he had nothing specific in mind and attributed all of his statements to his intoxicated condition.

On 11/23/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 105-3193

By SA STEPHEN L. HALPIN /evg / hld Date dictated 11/23/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

JOSEPH ADAMS MILTEER, Quitman, Georgia, was interviewed November 27, 1963, at which time he advised that during April, 1963, he attended a national meeting of the Congress of Freedom, New Orleans, Louisiana. He described this organization as one that believed in Americanism and he attended this meeting as the result of an invitation by a Mr. THOMAS, Chairman of the organization, Omaha, Nebraska. He stated during this meeting neither he nor anyone in his presence discussed the assassination of President KENNEDY.

MILTEER stated further that in June, 1963, he went to Dallas, Texas, to attempt to persuade DAN SMOOT, author of the "Dan Smoot Report" to run as Vice-President on the Constitution Party ticket in the election in November, 1964. He stated he had no other business in Dallas.

MILTEER further stated that on October 18-20, 1963, he traveled to Indianapolis, Indiana, with BILL SOMERSETT of Miami, Florida, and LEE McCLOUD of Atlanta, Georgia. They attended the National Convention of the Constitution Party. He stated he attended this meeting as the result of an invitation by CURTIS B. DALL, former son-in-law of the late President FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

MILTEER described himself as a non-dues-paying member of the White Citizens Council of Atlanta, Georgia, the Congress of Freedom and the Constitution Party.

MILTEER emphatically denies ever making threats to assassinate President KENNEDY or participating in any such assassination. He stated he has never heard anyone make such threats. He also denied making threats against anyone subsequent to the assassination of President KENNEDY. He stated he does not know, nor has he ever been in the presence of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY to his knowledge.

MILTEER denied any knowledge of the bombing of the Sixteenth Street Baptist Church in Birmingham, Alabama, on November 15, 1963.

On 11/27/63 at Quitman, Georgia File # Atlanta 105-3193

by SAs KENNETH A. WILLIAMS and DONALD A. ADAMS :cb Date dictated 12/1/63

MILTEER is described as follows:

Name	JOSEPH ADAMS MILTEER
Date of Birth	February 26, 1902
Place of Birth	Quitman, Georgia
Race	White
Sex	Male
Height	5' 4"
Weight	160 pounds
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Partially thinning and gray
Complexion	Ruddy
Characteristics	Wears glasses with metal frame, heavy waisted, small round shouldered, nearly always unshaven, short gray stubble with about two days growth, shabby dresser, wears old fashioned clothes, hunting type cap, tan in color, short legged, most of height from waist upwards.
Education	Graduate of Quitman, Georgia, High School
Relatives	None known
Automobile	Drives 1962 Volvo, bearing 1963 Georgia tag 61-D-226, gray or tan in color. Also drives unknown year Volkswagen, bearing 1963 Georgia tag 11D2762, believed property of Mrs. C. C. COFIELD, 212 South Troupe Street, Valdosta, Georgia, [redacted] with whom MILTEER lives part time.
Arrest Record	[redacted]

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mr. KERMIT FAULK, Assistant Manager, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, Valdosta, Georgia, advised that JOSEPH ADAMS MILTEER has no telephone in Quitman, Georgia.

Mr. FAULK advised after a check of the toll calls of the telephone listed to Mrs. C. C. COFIELD, Valdosta, Georgia, with whom MILTEER resides part time, that for the period August 26 to November 6, 1963, three calls were made to Miami, Florida, two to WILLIAM SOMERSETT and one to Miami telephone number 371-1031.

On 11/27/63 at Valdosta, Georgia File # Atlanta 105-3193

by SA KENNETH A. WILLIAMS :cb Date dictated 12/1/63

AT 105-3193

ALLEGED CONNECTIONS BETWEEN
JACK LEON RUBY AND LEE HARVEY OSWALD

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12-1-63

1

MARION HAYES, long distance telephone operator, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, Atlanta, advised that approximately three weeks before on a Sunday evening, she placed a long distance call to LEE HARVEY OSWALD at New Orleans, Louisiana, for a person using a credit card with numbers ending in S32. She stated she recalled this call was placed from the Dogwood Motel, Chamblee, Georgia. She requested the information operator in New Orleans to obtain LEE HARVEY OSWALD's telephone number and after obtaining same, she made repeated efforts to contact this number but was unsuccessful. She stated that the caller then gave her a Dallas number for OSWALD and she was unable to reach him in Dallas. The caller then had her contact the New Orleans number again but she was unsuccessful in locating OSWALD.

Miss HAYES added that approximately 10:00 p.m. that same evening, the same person using the same credit card number requested her to call OSWALD in Dallas, Texas, at which time the call was completed.

Miss HAYES stated further that the same caller using the same credit card number then attempted to reach JACK RUBENSTEIN at a number in Dallas, Texas. No one answered this number and the caller then asked her to contact the information operator in Dallas for the telephone number of JACK RUBENSTEIN or JACK RUBY stating everyone in Dallas would know him as he operated a night club. Miss HAYES stated that the information operator gave her a telephone number which number she called but there was no answer. She stated the caller then instructed her to call JACK RUBENSTEIN's sister, MYRTLE, in Dallas, Texas, furnishing the number and this call was completed. She stated that approximately 1:00 a.m. the following morning, this same person using the same credit card number placed a call to Dallas, Texas, for JACK RUBENSTEIN and the call was completed.

On 11-26-63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # AT 105-3193

by SAs JACK T. BEVERSTEIN and ALDEN F. MILLER :jkw Date dictated 12-1-63

AT 105-3193
JTB:jkw
2

Miss HAYES stated that she has approximately twenty years' experience with the Southern Bell Telephone Company. She stated she has been emotionally upset concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY and has been watching television continuously concerning the events in Washington and Dallas. She stated she was watching television at the time RUBY shot OSWALD and she noticed just prior to RUBY shooting OSWALD that OSWALD appeared to recognize him.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12-1-63

1

THEODORE A. KING, State Security Officer for Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, advised that it was very improbable that the same telephone operator would have received and placed all of the calls described by MARION HAYES.

Mr. KING made available the record of cancelled calls for the dates of November 3, 10, and 17, 1963, (Sundays) and a review of these cancelled calls failed to reveal any as mentioned by Miss HAYES.

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On 11-26-63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # AT 105-3193

by SA JACK T. BEVERSTEIN and :jkw Date dictated 12-1-63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12-1-63

1

ROBERT AMES, Room Clerk, Dogwood Motel, made available records of tenants for the month of November, 1963. He also made available all telephone records and a review of these records failed to reflect any information of calls to Dallas or New Orleans or anybody who would meet the description with a credit card number to verify information as furnished by Miss HAYES.

On 11-26-63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # AT 105-3193

[illegible] 12-1-63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12-1-63

JOE CUMMING, Correspondent, Newsweek Magazine, telephonically advised that although he was in Dallas, Texas, at the time that JACK LEON RUBY shot LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he was at his hotel and not at the Police Department and did not witness the shooting.

Mr. CUMMING stated that every time he went to the Police Department starting on the evening of November 22, 1963, he was required to identify himself with his press credentials. He stated even though some of the officers who guarded the different entrances recognized him, they still required him to produce his credentials. He stated he knows of no unauthorized person who was permitted to enter any area of the Police Department, including the basement without showing proper identification.

Mr. CUMMING stated he does not know of any information which would indicate that a police officer or other official conspired with RUBY or willfully permitted the killing. He stated that he did not see or talk to RUBY from November 22, through November 24, 1963, and did not know who RUBY was until after the shooting and the resultant publicity. He stated further that he has no knowledge of any relationship or prior acquaintance between RUBY and OSWALD.

On 12-1-63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # AT 105-3193

by SA CHARLES S. HARDING :jkw Date dictated 12-1-63

AT 105-3193
CSH:cb
1

Mrs. JEWEL F. NELMS, night receptionist, television station WAGA, Atlanta, advised on November 27, 1963, that at 8:30 p.m. that date an unknown male called the station and stated, "We are going to bomb WAGA." Minutes later the same caller called and stated, "We are going to get Lyndon like we got Kennedy." During these calls the caller spoke in what appeared to be a foreign language and identified himself as a Russian Fascist.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. 105-3193

Atlanta, Georgia
December 1, 1963

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Reference Report of SA CHARLES S. HARDING, December 1, 1963, at Atlanta.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

AT T-2, who has furnished insufficient information to determine reliability.

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FD-36 (Rev. 12-15-59)

FBI

Date: 12/2/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. B Imont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS

OO: Dallas

Enclosed herewith for the use of the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memo setting out results of an interview with CRISTOBAL ESPINOSA LANDIVAR, 2505 Rio Grande Street, Austin, Texas. Dallas is being furnished with two copies of this letterhead memo.

One copy of this letterhead memo is being furnished Secret Service, San Antonio.

REC-31 388

5 DEC 12 1963

ENCLOSURE

3 - Bureau (Encl. 8)
2 - Dallas (Encl. 2)
2 - San Antonio
HTD/mjs
(7)

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas

December [illegible], 1963

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
[illegible]63
[illegible], TEXAS

Mr. CRISTOBAL ESPINOSA LANDIVAR, 2505 Rio Grande [illegible] Room 25, Austin, Texas, who is an exchange student [illegible]uador attending The University of Texas, advised that his name is ESPINOSA, that being the name of his father.

ESPINOSA pointed out that he went to Dallas, [illegible] attend the Texas vs. Oklahoma football game on [illegible], 1963, and that he was registered in the Baker [illegible] Room 1238.

ESPINOSA recalls that he was walking on the side-walk in the vicinity of the Baker Hotel at approximately 11:30 p.m. on October 10, 1963, and at that time he met an individual who gave him his name as LEE HARVEY OSWALD and due to the fact that ESPINOSA has difficulty with the English language he asked this individual to write out his name on a slip of paper which OSWALD did.

ESPINOSA explained that after receiving this piece of paper that he later that same night went back to his hotel room and copied the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD opposite the date of October 10, 1963, in a small copy book which he kept the slip of paper on which this name had been written and thought that he might perhaps still have it in his possession, but a thorough search of his apartment at 2505 Rio Grande Street failed to reveal any trace of this piece of paper at this time. Mr. ESPINOSA exhibited his small copy book that has numerous entries therein and appears to be a running chronological account of his activities. It

7 COPIES DESTROYED

4 FEB 1 1973

was noted that this book contained an entry dated October 10, 1963, and opposite this date appeared the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD. ESPINOSA advised that all of the writing in this copy book is his (ESPINOSA's) handwriting.

ESPINOSA advised that he recalls that when he was approached by OSWALD on the sidewalk near the Baker Hotel that after OSWALD asked him several questions about his native country Equador, he then gave him the slip of paper referred to above. OSWALD asked ESPINOSA of the name of a town in which he was born and ESPINOSA told him that he was born in Cuenca, Equador, and then they discussed the chief products of Equador and ESPINOSA recalls bananas was one of the main products from Equador, and OSWALD also asked him several questions concerning the possibility of an American living in Equador and what the working conditions for Americans was in Equador. ESPINOSA recalls having advised him of the fact that there were numerous Peace Corps workers from the United States in Equador and that there were three Peace Corps members teaching in the school where ESPINOSA had formerly taught school which was the Benigno Malo High School in Equador. He stated that OSWALD seemed to be highly interested in Equador and also expressed an interest in the Peace Corps and the Peace Corps workers whom ESPINOSA had met in Equador.

At no time did OSWALD discuss anything personal concerning himself and all of their conversation was in English. ESPINOSA recalls that his contact with OSWALD lasted from 15 to 20 minutes in duration and that during their conversation they were walking around in the vicinity of the Baker Hotel and covered an area of perhaps four or five blocks in that vicinity. During the course of this walk, they observed a burlesque type show across the street from the Baker Hotel and engaged in a conversation concerning the burlesque shows in that vicinity and ESPINOSA recalls that they passed by the entrance to at least three burlesque type shows and that OSWALD commented concerning these shows and advised ESPINOSA that certain of the shows were better than the others and OSWALD seemed to be well acquainted with the shows in each of the three or possibly four burlesque shows which they passed.

ESPINOSA is sure that neither of the burlesque shows that were discussed by he and OSWALD was known as the Carousel or the Vegas Club.

ESPINOSA likewise advised that he recognized the photographs in the newspapers and on television of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as being identical with the individual whom he met in Dallas, Texas, on the night of October 10, 1963.

ESPINOSA advised that as he recalls at this time the description of the man he met as LEE HARVEY OSWALD is as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	In early 20s
Height	5'7" to 5'8"
Weight	140 pounds
Hair	Dark brown, wearing no hat
Wearing Apparel	Khaki pants and a short sleeve sport shirt.

At no time did OSWALD speak concerning his occupation or his marital status and did not in fact furnish any information concerning himself to ESPINOSA but rather was interested in ESPINOSA's opinions concerning Equador and also some comment concerning the burlesque shows.

ESPINOSA advised that he will make a more extensive search in an effort to locate the slip of paper which was given to him bearing the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and if he is successful in locating this he will contact the FBI.

This document contains neither recommendations of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 8

COPY
2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
ATLANTA	DALLAS	12-4-63	11/29/63 - 12/3/63

TITLE OF CASE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
SA CHARLES S. HARDING	jkw

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS-R

REFERENCE

Report of SA CHARLES S. HARDING, Atlanta, 12-1-63.

- P -

LEAD

ATLANTA

Will conduct additional investigation in accordance with any undeveloped leads.

- 1* -

(COVER PAGE)

APPROVED _____ SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

105-82555-389

COPIES MADE:

(10) - Bureau
3 - Dallas
3 - Atlanta (105-3198)

5 COPIES DESTROYED
14 FEB 1 1973

ICC 645 PB

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

AGENCY			
REQUEST RECD.			
DATE FWD.	12-11-63		
HOW FWD.	Hand		
BY			

NOT RECORDED
DEC 4 1963

SOVIET SECTION

ICC Warren Comm Section

12/18/63

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA CHARLES S. HARDING Office: Atlanta, Georgia
Date: December 4, 1963

Field Office File #: 105-3193 Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Synopsis: Information received, RALPH BRADLEY, in New Orleans, on 11-22-63 when news of President's assassination announced, someone mentioned OSWALD as suspect in crime before OSWALD came to attention of press. BRADLEY stated that after OSWALD was announced as suspect, he noticed OSWALD appeared to be well-known in New Orleans as being a demonstrator and distributor of literature. Never heard anyone mention OSWALD as suspect prior to time of arrest. Records, U. S. Penitentiary, fail to reflect anyone incarcerated who would be identifiable with DONALD EDWARD BROWDER. Captain ROBERT KENNETH BROWN, Fort Benning, Ga., advised was at home of Dr. STANLEY L. DRENNAN, North Hollywood, California, and DRENNAN stated that the National States Rights Party needed a group of young men to get rid of KENNEDY, the Cabinet, and all members of Americans for Democratic Action and possibly 10,000 other people.

- P -

DETAILS

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On November 29, 1963, HUGH JACKSON, Vice-President of the Cartersville Bank, Cartersville, Georgia, advised SA JACK M. WEBRECK that RALPH BRADLEY, owner of Bradley's Service Center, Cartersville, Georgia, was allegedly in New Orleans at the time President KENNEDY was assassinated. BRADLEY supposedly heard someone mention OSWALD as a suspect in this crime possibly before OSWALD came to the attention of the press.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

AT 105-3193

On November 29, 1963, RALPH BRADLEY advised SA WEBRECK that he had been in New Orleans, Louisiana, from November 21 - 24, 1963, with a group of other businessmen on a business-pleasure trip. While there, he stayed at the Royal Orleans Hotel. After President KENNEDY was killed, BRADLEY said he heard a considerable amount of talk among the citizens of that city and over the news media concerning LEE OSWALD. He gathered from this that apparently OSWALD was well-known in New Orleans as being a demonstrator and a distributor of literature. He recalled seeing pictures of OSWALD that were apparently taken in New Orleans by a local TV station. Since returning to Cartersville, he has commented concerning how well OSWALD was known in New Orleans. During his stay in New Orleans, he never met anyone who personally knew OSWALD and never heard of anyone mentioning OSWALD as a suspect prior to the time his arrest was announced through news sources.

JACK LEON RUBY

Information was previously reported that DONALD EDWARD BROWDER, an inmate of the U. S. Penitentiary in Atlanta, was formerly associated with JACK LEON RUBY in Miami, Florida, in smuggling guns to Cuba.

On December 2, 1963, records of the U. S. Penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia, were checked by SA GEORGE H. TREADWELL. Records failed to reflect the name of any person presently or formerly incarcerated at that institution who would be logically identifiable with the DONALD EDWARD BROWDER, formerly described as being an associate of RUBY.

MISCELLANEOUS

(Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12-4-63

Cuba

Captain ROBERT KENNETH BROWN, The School Brigade, Fort Benning, Georgia, advised that he has been active in Cuban matters for several years and during the Spring of 1963, in connection with anti-Castro activity, he was in contact with the National States Rights Party in Los Angeles, California.

In connection with this, he contacted Dr. STANLEY L. DRENNAN, 375 Wonderview Drive, North Hollywood, California, who was active in the National States Rights Party. BROWN stated that once while a guest in Dr. DRENNAN's home, DRENNAN stated in general conversation that he could not do it, but what the organization needed was a group of young men to get rid of KENNEDY, the Cabinet and all members of Americans for Democratic Action and maybe 10,000 other people. BROWN stated that he considered the remark as being "crackpot;" however, as DRENNAN continued the conversation, he gained the impression that DRENNAN may have been propositioning him on this matter.

BROWN stated that he is a Reserve Officer and free-lance writer and has been to Cuba several times. He stated that prior to 1960, he was pro-Castro. He stated that he related his conversation with DRENNAN to STEVE WILSON, free-lance writer, Miami, Florida.

BROWN stated that he was again in contact with DRENNAN during the Summer of 1963 and DRENNAN revealed he had been interviewed by the Secret Service concerning his remarks.

12-2-63 at Columbus, Georgia File # AT 105-3193

SA CHARLES PAUL ROSE :jkw Date dictated 12-4-63

Document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

AT 105-8198

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, South Carolina, reported that a "Ku Klux Klan spokesman of Greenville reported the recent formation of a new political party to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP) reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party" with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of the Ku Klux Klan and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue #19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

On June 17, 1960, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS the Information Director of the NSRP, is the individual who "runs the NSRP."

The March, 1959, issue of the Anti-Defamation League Bulletin contained an article by JEROME BAKST entitled "Angry Young Men of Hate." Regarding EDWARD R. FIELDS, the article stated, "FIELDS, 26 years old and a Louisville chiropractor, is a key figure in the National States Rights Party and co-ordinator of all its activities, contacts and liaison with leaders of other hate groups. He apparently started Jew-baiting in his teens,

aided STONER in the Christian anti-Jewish Party, and got involved in newspaper notoriety while attending chiropractory school in Davenport, Iowa. There, early in 1954, according to newspaper reports, he pasted anti-Jewish stickers on store windows during Brotherhood Week."

A source advised in May, 1961, that Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS participated in the disturbance at the Trailways Bus Station, Birmingham, on May 14, 1961, involving the "Freedom Riders" and, in fact, caused the fighting there.

PETER G. ANGELOS, M. D.
1610 NEW HAMPSHIRE AVENUE, N.W.
WASHINGTON 9, D. C.
NORTH 7-2000

December 3, 1963

J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover: Lee Harvey Oswald

All men of good conscience must share the responsibility for the horrendous assassination of our beloved President John Fitzgerald Kennedy.

Perhaps foremost among those who should feel the pangs of guilt should be we in the psychiatric community of our nation, one of whose aims is the early diagnosis and treatment of the mentally ill.

The act of assassination itself being utterly senseless, itself was the symptom of mental derangement; and already the evidence being gathered as reported by the news media points more and more toward a mentally ill Lee H. Oswald.

Alas, our country and our world not only was robbed of our president, but his assassin (who might have shed much light and knowledge on himself and on his act which claimed the fourth president to be assassinated), was himself assassinated.

The primary source (L. H. Oswald) having been eliminated, the next best sources ~~are from those~~ who knew him and particularly those who bore him, raised him, lived with him, educated him, and married him.

As a citizen who has been outraged by the president's assassinat yet who feels wisdom and not unbridled passion should prevail, a particularly as a psychiatrist who is moved by a sense of responsibility and of guilt for what has happened as well as by judicious fear of what might happen still (L. H. Oswald's family might be harmed or assassinated), it is highly recommended that psychiatric observation and study be arranged for L. H. Oswald's mother, wife, and siblings. By psychiatrically observing and studying Oswald's family, his mother particularly, a fairly reliable image of Oswald can be reconstructed.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

62-109060-22556 - UNREC
NOT RECORDED
48 DEC 12 1963
DEC 11 1963

CORRESPONDENCE FILE

EXP DEPT

PETER G. ANGELOS, M. D.
1610 NEW HAMPSHIRE AVENUE, N.W.
WASHINGTON 9, D. C.
NORTH 7-3000

I further recommend that this psychiatric study be arranged if it is legally possible, through the Public Health Service organs, such as the National Institute of Mental Health or St. Elizabeth's Hospital; or if transfer out of Texas is not possible legally, the psychiatric study might be able to be arranged through Public Health service facilities in Texas; or perhaps through the psychiatric facilities of military or veteran's facilities, since L. H. Oswald had been in the Marine Corps.

Please forgive me if I be presumptious in offering these suggestions. Perhaps you have considered them already.

God speed you in your just and worthy endeavour, and God help us all in eradicating our unworthy ones.

Sincerely,

Peter G. Angelos

Peter G. Angelos, M.D.

PGA:dgb

c: Chief Justice Earl Warren
Senator H. H. Humphrey
Robert Felix
Dr. Dale Cameron
Miss Tirzah Morgan, R.N.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : THE DIRECTOR DATE: 12/4/63

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Attached are the two reports we have prepared concerning the assassination of the President and the subsequent killing of the assassin, Lee Harvey Oswald, by Jack Ruby.

ASSASSINATION REPORT

This report, in Part I, briefly relates the assassination of the President and the identification of Oswald as his slayer. Part II sets forth the evidence conclusively showing that Oswald did assassinate the President. Part III is in two sections, the first setting forth what the FBI knew about Oswald prior to the assassination; and the second section setting forth the results of our investigation of Oswald's background, activities, associates, et cetera, subsequent to the assassination.

Three sets of exhibits accompany this report. The first sets out evidence tying Oswald in with the assassination of the President; the other two set out documents relative to Oswald's contacts with the Soviets, the Communist Party, et cetera.

We are continuing to receive leads concerning Oswald, and consequently at the end of the report we state that investigation will continue until every piece of relevant evidence has been developed and examined.

The Dallas Office has read and approved the first two parts of the Assassination report. The third part of the Assassination report was sent to Dallas for reading after completion during the early morning hours of December 5, 1963.

REPORT OF KILLING OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The report on the killing of Oswald by Jack Ruby covers the actual killing; the information developed concerning Jack Ruby; the interview of Ruby; Ruby's whereabouts from 11/22 to 11/24/63; and the investigation by the Bureau under the Civil

Enclosures Attached for Director

AHB:CSH:mpd (7)

105-82555 - UNREC

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 11 1963

79 DEC 13 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Director

Rights Statutes to determine whether there was any conspiracy involved in the killing.

Attached to this report are two exhibits, one a photograph of the actual killing, and the other a diagram of the police department building basement where the killing occurred.

Due to the fact that no records were kept of the police officers or news media representatives in the basement at the time of the killing, we have not been able to identify, locate and interview all persons who were present when Ruby killed Oswald. We state in the report that persons identified to us have been or are being interviewed. We have interviewed 88 Dallas police officers, and are attempting to identify any others who were in the basement and interview them. An estimated 150 news media representatives were in the basement. We have been able to identify and interview 36 so far, and leads are set out throughout the country to identify and locate others who may have been present. We have no reason at this time to believe that the stories of these people, when we locate them, will be at variance with the facts developed so far, but we do want to locate them so that all possible questions can be resolved.

We say at the end of this report that the investigation will continue until every possible source of pertinent information has been exhausted.

The Dallas Office has read and approved this report on the Killing of Lee Harvey Oswald.

R A Hall W R D. D.I.C. DWC

6-5 (Rev. 6-17-63)

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☒ TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 6:19 PM CST MRH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC SAN ANTONIO 052130

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

RE BUREAU TEL TO SAN ANTONIO DECEMBER 3 LAST AT 1:41 P. M.

INVESTIGATION TO DATE HAS FAILED TO ESTABLISH SUBJECT RETURNED TO US ON OCTOBER 3 LAST OR ENTERED MEXICO ON SEPTEMBER 26 LAST, ALTHOUGH MEXICAN IMMIGRATION RECORDS REFLECT PERSON USING NAME LEE HARVEY OSWALD ENTERED AND LEFT MEXICO ON THOSE DATES.

REQUEST LEGAT, MEXICO CITY OBTAIN LIST OF ALL PASSENGERS AND ALL IDENTIFYING DATA OF PERSONS RIDING LA FRONTERA BUS LEAVING MEXICO CITY OCTOBER 2 LAST EN ROUTE FOR NUEVO LAREDO ON WHICH PERSON USING NAME OF OSWALD WAS PASSENGER. LEGAT SHOULD SET OUT LEADS TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW EACH PASSENGER THIS BUS AS WELL AS ARRANGE FOR INTERVIEW OF DRIVERS, VENDORS OR MERCHANDISE, AND OTHER BUS TERMINAL PERSONNEL SERVICING BUS ON TRIP. PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD SHOULD BE SHOWN IN ATTEMPT TO ESTABLISH WHETHER PASSENGER WAS, IN FACT, OSWALD.

LEGAT, MEXICO CITY, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY DONE, SHOULD OBTAIN OSWALD REGISTRATION CARD, DEL COMERCIO HOTEL AND FORWARD TO FBI LAB FOR HANDWRITING COMPARISON.

LEGAT REQUESTED TO FURNISH SAN ANTONIO WITH FULL

Cable Legat mem dtd 12-3-63

REC-18 105-82555-390

DEC 2 11 1963

EX-105

DEC 12 1963

64 DEC 13 1963

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

6-3 (Rev. 6-17-63)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☒ TELETYPE

PAGE TWO FROM SAC SAN ANTONIO 052130

DESCRIPTION OF CLOTHING WORN BY OSWALD AS WELL AS BAGGAGE CARRIED DURING TIME IN MEXICO CITY.

LEGAT REQUESTED TO ADVISE WHETHER OR NOT SUBJECT HAS BEEN POSITIVELY IDENTIFIED AS THE OSWALD WHO STAYED AT DEL COMERCIO HOTEL AND TOOK LA FRONTERA BUS TO NUEVO LAREDO.

RECEIVED: 7:31 PM NCC

CC-MR. ROSEN

DEC 2 11 36 AM '63

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: December 5, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: CONGRESSMAN HOMER THORNBERRY (D-TEXAS)

Bob Waldron, Administrative Assistant to captioned Congressman, telephonically contacted the Bureau on the morning of 12-5-63 and advised that the Congressman had received a letter which dealt with the Oswald case and he would like to turn it over to the FBI.

SA Hanning immediately proceeded to the Congressman's office and picked up this letter which is attached. At the time, Waldron advised that the Congressman felt that the writer of this letter was possibly a "nut" but in view of the importance of this case, he felt he should turn it over to us for whatever action we deemed necessary. The Congressman does not desire that the letter be returned to his office.

Briefly, the letter is from one James Breeding of Corpus Christi, Texas. He advises the Congressman that he is passing on this information which the Congressman, in turn, can pass on to Mr. Hoover. Breeding alleges in his letter that Mr. Hoover did him a favor at one time and he has never forgotten it. Continuing, he stated that he had formerly lived in an old people's home in Liverpool, Texas, run by a Mrs. LeRoy Barsklo. According to Breeding, Mrs. Barsklo's husband was a tugboat captain for the Dow Chemical Company at Freeport, Texas. He states that one day they were all watching the President make a speech on television and Captain Barsklo cursed the President and said he hoped someone would kill him. Barkslo's oldest son, LeRoy, commented he would furnish the gun. According to Breeding, ten days later Mrs. Barsklo asked him to mail a letter and this letter was allegedly addressed to Lee Oswald at some rural route in Dallas, Texas. According to the return address, Breeding is apparently living in a Baptist Mission in Texas at Corpus Christi, the present time. Files have not been checked on Breeding.

Nothing identifiable in 12-10-63 LHO file

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memorandum and the attached letter be forwarded to the General Investigative Division for any action deemed necessary.

EX-105

105-82555-391

REC-28

DEC 21 1963

Enclosure
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Jones
DGH:geg
(6)

ENCLOSURE

airtel to HS 12-24-63

V.C

Corpus Christi Texas
Jan. 4. 1963
To Honorable Homer
Thornberry Washington D.C
Sir. after things have
happened the way they
have I just had to
write You and tell You
what I know for a
fact as I couldnt
stand it I had to tell
Some body so I am
telling You and You
can do as You see
fit to do You can
pass this to any
Hoover if You wish as
he done one a good
Labor ans time and
that is one thing

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44 FEB 1 1973

105-82555-391

ENCLOSURE

721

I never forget I know
I haven't lived as
good a life as I should
but I see the light
now. So you know
when I was staying
at Liverpool at the
rest home that place
was run by mrs
Leroy Barsko and her
husband is a captain
on a tug boat for the
dow chemical co at
Freeport Tx. one day
he was there and we
were watching T.V.
the President was
making a speech and
mrs Leroy Barsko
says that L. Bittinger

COPIES DESTROYED

44 FEB 1 1973

105-82555-391

ENCLOSURE

and I hope someone
kills him and his
oldest son I pray for
spoke up and said
I will furnish the
gun to do it with
and in about 10 days
later mrs Barbla
ask me to mail a
letter as I was going
to the Post office and
that letter was
addressed to Lee
Oswald some where
east Dallas Texas
and I am not asking
you to believe me
Just ask mrs Nooles
to send some one out to
Liverpool Texas and

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44 FEB 1 1973

105-82555-391

ENCLOSURE

hang around Johnnie
& Glassford Store
it is just half
mile from the rest
home and he can
learn plenty and
a Postal inspector
would not hurt
Homer it is a sin
and a shame the
way that Thomas
Barsilo is robbing
them old folks
that is one reason
I left there I never
said anything to
them as made any
kick I just mailed
So please excuse
bad letter as You

COPIES DESTROYED
44 FEB 1 1973

105-82555-391

ENCLOSURE

1 of 1

as to told you over
before I am almost
blind Yours
respectfully

James Breeding

2103 alameda St

Corpus Christi Texas
Baptist mishion

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44 FEB 1 1973

105-82555-391

ENCLOSURE

12/6/63

AIRTEL

EX-105

To: SAC, Houston

From: Director, FBI

105-82555-391

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA
IS - R

Enclosed for the Houston Office are two copies of a letter from James Breeding, Corpus Christi, Texas. Houston contact Mr. Breeding, acknowledge receipt of his letter and conduct any appropriate investigation as deemed necessary.

Enclosures (2)

GEB:imt
(4)

DEC 11 15 27

MAILED 20
DEC 6 1963
COMM-FBI

DEC 8 8 38 PM '63

8 DEC 12 1963

DEC 13 1963

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via Airtel Air Mail (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909) (P)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS-R

CO: DALLAS

Re San Antonio Airtel to Bureau dated 12/3/63.

On page 7 of referenced communication it is set out that CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO, 131 Osage Drive, San Antonio, Texas entered Mexico at Nuevo Laredo, Tamps. He listed his destination as Mexico from San Antonio and mode of travel or documentation is not known.

A check of 131 Osage Drive, San Atonio reflects that it is occupied by SALVADOR and ORELIA GARCIA. SALVADOR advised on 12/5/63, that CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO when in San Antonio stays with them. Approximately eight to ten weeks ago he left San Antonio en route to Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico. He traveled in an automobile of a friend who is not known to GARCIA. They know that he planned to enter Mexico at Nuevo Laredo, Tamps.

SALVADOR GARCIA advised that in Monterrey CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO generally stays with a relative named JOSE G. GOMEZ who is married to GENOVEVA GARCIA de GOMEZ. They reside in Colonia Industrial in Monterrey but GARCIA does not know the exact number. GARCIA advised that he does not expect VASQUEZ GALINDO back in San Antonio until sometime after

(5) Bureau (2-Legat Mexico)
2-Dallas
2-San Antonio
(JJC:cjn
(9)

REC-19 105-82555392

EX-105

3 DEC 6 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

64 DEC 13 1963

SOVIET ESPIONAGE

SA 105-2909

January 1, 1964.

He described VASQUEZ GALINDO as:

Race		White
Sex		Male
Age		approximately 27 to 29 years
Height	5'	5' 6"
Weight		140 Lbs
Hair		Black
Eyes		Brown
Complexion		Medium and has a mustache

On 12/5/63, a check was made with MARIE ABATE, U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service at San Antonio and she advised that they have a file on CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO A 8 972 390. This file reflects he was born 10/27/33, Monclova, Coahuila, Mexico, and is described, white male, Mexican, 5' 5", 140 pounds, brown eyes, brown hair, medium complexion and mustache. Listed his U.S. address at time of entrance as 326 Guadalupe, San Antonio. This is the residence of JULIAN CANTU, an uncle.

JULIAN CANTU advised that CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO is a newphew. He resided with them several days in San Antonio when he first came and then found living quarters of his own. CANTU does not know where VASQUEZ GALINDO resided while in San Antonio. Last saw him two to two and one half months ago when he visited the CANTU's stating he was going to Monterrey. CANTU has no idea where he is residing in Monterrey except that he is with relatives.

LEAD

MEXICO CITY

AT MONTERREY, NUEVO LEON, MEXICO

Will go through available sources and files of the American Consulate General in Monterrey and endeavor to locate and interview CARLOS VASQUEZ GALINDO in conformity with lead set out in referenced communication.

12-7-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC ATLANTA

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS DASH R.

MISS LAURA SMITH, ROOM THREE TWO FOUR, CAPITOL HOTEL, SEVEN THREE PRYOR STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA, CONTACTED BUREAU TELEPHONICALLY FOUR SIXTEEN P.M. DECEMBER SEVEN INSTANT AND ADVISED SHE DESIRED TO BE CONTACTED BY A BUREAU AGENT TO DISCUSS A CONVERSATION SHE ALLEGEDLY HAD WITH CAPTIONED SUBJECT DURING AUGUST, SIXTYTHREE, IN ATLANTA, GEORGIA. MISS SMITH STATED THAT DURING TIME SHE BELIEVED SHE HAD CONVERSATION WITH OSWALD THE LATE PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS SCHEDULED TO GIVE A TALK IN THE ATLANTA AREA. ATLANTA IMMEDIATELY CONTACT MISS SMITH AND INTERVIEW REGARDING HER ALLEGED CONTACT WITH OSWALD AND IF PERTINENT INFORMATION DEVELOPED SUTEL. DALLAS FURNISHED COPY BY MAIL.

1 - DALLAS (INFO)

SFM:cac
(5)

1 - Mr. Turner

NOTE: See memo Rosen to Belmont, same date and caption, SFM:cac.

REC-31 105-82555-393

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

COPIES DESTROYED
DEC 1 1 20 11 83
4 FEB 1 1973

ST-104

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 7 1963
TELETYPE

DEC 12 1963

6 4 DEC 13 1963

TELETYPE UNIT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 8 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-8-63 3-24 PM CST LJH

TO DIRECTOR, 105-82,555

FROM SAC, DALLAS 100-10,461 1-P.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS - R - CUBA.

RE CHICAGO TEL. TO BUR. DEC. SEVEN, LAST, THREE ZERO FOUR AM.

RE TRAVEL OF OSWALD IN MEXICO. SEE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO BUREAU DEC. THREE SIXTYTHREE CONCERNING TRAVEL OF OSWALD IN MEXICO. RE AIRTEL SETS OUT LISTS OF NAMES OF PERSONS WHO ENTERED MEXICO AT NUEVO LAREDO, MEXICO, ON SEPT. TWENTYSIX SIXTYTHREE. ONE OF THESE ENTRANTS WAS JOSE VEGA VERANO, FIVE EIGHT ONE TWO SOUTH LOWE, CHICAGO, ILL. INVESTIGATION, CHICAGO, REFLECTS VERANO DEPARTED CHICAGO DURING SEPT. SIXTYTHREE, WITH WIFE, MARIA, AND NOW RESIDES AT HIDALGO NO. TEN, JALPAS, OR, MEXICO.

SUGGEST BUREAU REQUEST LEGAT, MEXICO, CONTACT VERANO TO DETERMINE CIRCUMSTANCES OF HIS ENTERING MEXICO AND INTERVIEW CONCERNING POSSIBLE KNOWLEDGE OSWALD. REC 14 105-82555-394

CORRECTION. NO. OF PAGES SHLD BE ONE REPEAT ONE

END

DEC 12 1963

WA---6-29 PM OK FBI WA MCC

TU DISC.

M

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI DATE: 12/7/63

FROM : SAC, DETROIT (100-31965)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R
(OO: DALLAS)

Re San Antonio Airtel to Bureau, 12/3/63.

Referenced Airtel set out a lead for Detroit to contact SOLOMON BANDACK, Detroit, Michigan, concerning his entry into Mexico on September 26, 1963.

Investigation at Detroit indicates that SOLOMON BANDACK formerly resided at 3517 Sheridan, Detroit, with his parents, JOHN and HELEN BANDACK. His present address is:

101 Jose Santos
Chocano St.
Col. Anahuac
Monterey, N.L. Mexico

He resides there with his parents.

Miss GRACE KADER, 6357 Walton, Detroit, a family acquaintance, advised on December 6, 1963, that SOLOMON BANDACK was in Detroit during the fall of 1963, exact date unrecalled. He purchased a new car here and drove it back to Mexico.

Request of Bureau

Through Legat, Mexico,City, locate and interview BANDACK in accordance with instructions in referenced Airtel.

REC 14 105-82555-395

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Dallas (RM)
1 - San Antonio (105-2909)(RM)
1 - Detroit

LMC/MAC
(5)

Ex-105

DEC 12 1963

cable Legat Mex City 12/10

EX-PROC DEC 8 1963

1 - Stokes

12-10-63

CODE

CABLEGRAM EX-105 URGENT

TO LEGAT MEXICO CITY

FROM DIRECTOR FBI REC 14 105-82555-395

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

REBAAIRTEL DECEMBER THREE.

ARRANGE FOR INTERVIEW FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS FOR ANY INFORMATION IN THEIR POSSESSION CONCERNING TRAVEL OF OSWALD FROM NUEVO LAREDO TO MEXICO CITY SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX LAST. NOTE THESE PEOPLE ENTERED MEXICO AT NUEVO LAREDO THAT DATE. JOSE VEGA VERANO, WHO FORMERLY RESIDED CHICAGO WHOSE PRESENT ADDRESS IS HIDALGO NUMBER ONE-ZERO, JALPAS, OR, MEXICO. SOLOMON BAIDAK, WHO FORMERLY RESIDED DETROIT WHO PRESENTLY RESIDES WITH HIS PARENTS, JOHN AND HELEN BAIDACK AT ONE ZERO ONE JOSE SANTOS, CHOCANO STREET, COL. ANAHUAC, MONTERREY, N. L., MEXICO. REURCAB TWO ZERO SEVEN CONCERNING INTERVIEW OF ERNESTO RODRIGUEZ. ARNESTO RODRIGUEZ, PRESIDENT, MODERN LANGUAGE INSTITUTE, NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED THAT OSWALD CONTACTED HIM ONE OCCASION LAST WEEK JULY OR FIRST OF AUGUST LAST. INQUIRED CONCERNING SPANISH LANGUAGE COURSE OFFERED AT INSTITUTE. OSWALD DID NOT TAKE SUCH COURSES AND RODRIGUEZ HAS NO TAPE OF OSWALD'S VOICE. HE HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF SPANISH SPEAKING ABILITY OF SUBJECT.

DEC 11 12 03 PM '63

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr JCS:ccj (4)
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale 1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (routed through for review)
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Walters
Soyars
Candy

DOM INTEL SEC

VIA CABLEGRAM
10:20 PM
DEC 10 1963

DEC 13 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 396

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 5

SECTION NO.

7

STATE DEPT. --

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-9-63 7-36 PM DE

TO DIRECTOR -7- 105-82555 AND SACS DALLAS89-43 AND ST. LOUIS

FROM SAC NEW YORK 105-38431

LEE HARVEY OSWALD , AKA, IS- R.

THIS DATE MR. MORRIS BAKST, PERSONNEL MANAGER, MARTINS DEPARTMENT STORE, FIVE ZERO ONE FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN, ADVISED SA ROGER H. LEE THAT MRS. MARGUERITE OSWALD, EIGHT TWO FIVE EAST ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY NINTH ST., BRONX, WAS EMPLOYED AT THEIR STORE FROM FEBRUARY SEVENTEEN FIFTY THREE TO MAY TWO FIFTY THREE. WHEN MRS. OSWALD APPLIED AT MARTINS SHE LISTED THE FOLLOWING PREVIOUS EMPLOYERS., LERNERS SHOPS, FORTY FIVE EAST FORTY SECOND ST., NYC, OCTOBER FIFTY TWO TO JANUARY FIFTY THREE, EVANDS AND ASSOCIATES DAN WAGGONER BUILDING FORT WORTH TEXAS, JANUARY FIFTY TWO TO AUGUST FIFTY TWO , NATIONAL BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE , EIGHT EIGHTEEN IRWIN- KESSLER BUILDING, DALLAS TEXAS, JUNE FIFTY TO JANUARY FIFTY TWO.

REC 14 105-82555-397

MRS . OSWALD LISTED HER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER AS FOUR THREE FIVE- TWO TWO - FIVE SIX EIGHT SIX. HER EMPLOYMENT AT MARTINS WAS RATED SATISFACTORY.

DEC 12 1963

EMPLOYMENT RECORDS AT MARTINS CONTAINED A NOTATION THAT AN INQUIR WAS RECEIVED APRIL TWENTY NINE FIFTY FOUR FROM EDISON BROTHERS STORES, ST. LOUIS, MO., AND THAT MRS. OSWALD HAD APPLIED FOR EMPLOYMENT WITH THAT FIRM. TELEPHONE INQUIRY TO EDISON BROTHERS , NYC, THIS DATE REVEAL ALL EMPLOYMENT RECORDS IN CUSTODY OF MR. A. Z. DUNCAN, CARE OF EDISON BROTHERS FOUR HUNDRED WASHINGTON ST., ST. LOUIS., MO.

END PAGE ONE.....

64 DEC 16 1963

CORR LINE FIFTEEN WORD -8- SHD BE " THAT "

PAGE TWO.....

THIS DATE MRS. P. AARONS, PERSONNEL DEPT., LERNERS SHOPS, NYC, ADVISED EMPLOYMENT RECORDS OF NINETEEN FIFTY THREE ARE LOCTED IN A DEAD FILE AND COULD NOT BE IMMEDIATELY LOCATED. SHE STATED THEY WOULD BE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW ON DECEMBER TEN.

NO SPECIFIC LEADS ARE BEING SET FORTH FOR DALLAS IN VIEW OF THE PROBABILITY THAT MENTIONED PREVIOUS EMPLOYERS OF MRS. OSWALD HAVE ALREAD' BEEN CONTACTED.

ST. LOUIS WILL CONTACT MR. A. Z. DUNCAN, EDISON BROS., STORES, FOUR HUNDRED WASHINGTON ST., ST. LOUIS TO DETERMINE IF SUBJECT- S MOTHER, MRS. MARGUERITE OSWALD, EVER EMPLOYED THAT FIRM, AND WILL REVIEW ANY AVAILABLE RECORDS FOR BACKGROUND INFORMATION.

END AND PLS ACK.....

IARO 7-49 PM NY R 7 WA CIT

ED-MR. ROSEN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, PITTSBURGH (105-5070) RUC

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

ReBuairtel to Pittsburgh, 12/4/63, and rep of SA DONALD G. HARRIS, Pittsburgh, 12/2/63.

Referenced report set out that there was no indication OSWALD or wife ever resided in Zelienople, Pa.

Dallas has submitted that there was no information OSWALD or family ever resided in Zelienople, Pa.

It appears original anonymous complaint was referring to ROBERT EDWARD WEBSTER as set out in referenced report.

3 - Bureau
1 - Dallas (Info)
1 - Detroit
1 - Pittsburgh

DGH:mtl
(6)

EX-105

REC 14 105-22555-398

DEC 11 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-9-63 6-29PMCST TM C 14

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ AND SAC/S DALLAS /100-10461/ HOUSTON, NEWARK /62-3060/ AND SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /100-10661/ 2 P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R. DALLAS ORIGIN.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL TO DIRECTOR, EIGHT THIRTYTWO PM, DECEMBER FIVE LAST, SAN ANTONIO TEL TO DIRECTOR EIGHT FIFTEEN PM DECEMBER SIX LAST, AND NEWARK TEL TO DIRECTOR, SEVEN ZERO NINE PM DECEMBER SIX LAST, CAPTIONED QUOTE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO, UNQUOTE.

RE TELEPHONE CALLS FROM DUTZ MURRET RESIDENCE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

NEWARK ADVISED BY RETEL THAT ELSBETH KULICK, AN EASTERN AIRLINES STEWARDESS, RESIDES APARTMENT ONE B, ABINGTON TOWERS, FOUR ZERO TWO MOUNT PROSPECT AVENUE, NEWARK, NEW JERSEY, AND THAT NUMBER BE FOUR DASH ZERO SIX ZERO SEVEN WAS PREVIOUSLY LISTED TO MRS. ANN GARRET, JACKSONVILLE ROAD, TOWACO, NEW JERSEY, DISCONNECTED JUNE TWENTYONE LAST. FINAL BILL SENT MRS. GARRET AT BOX ONE FIVE ZERO, VERNON, NEW JERSEY.

REC 14 105-82555-399

EX-105

SAN ANTONIO ADVISED BY RETEL THAT NUMBER DI FOUR FOUR FIVE EIGHT ONE IS FOR THE RAMADA INN, A MOTEL LOCATED AT LOOP FOUR ONE ZERO AND SAN PEDRO AVENUE.

DEC 18 1963 DEC 12 1963

HOUSTON DISCONTINUE EFFORTS TO LOCATE KULICK AT EASTERN AIRLINES AS HER WHEREABOUTS HAVE BEEN DETERMINED BY NEWARK.

04 DEC 13 1963

END PAGE ONE

SAN ANTONIO DETERMINE OCCUPANT OF ROOM TWO NINE NINE AT THE RAMADA INN ON JUNE NINETEEN LAST, AND IF KULICK RESIDED THERE.

NEWARK, UNLESS ALREADY DONE, AND IF NO REASON EXISTS TO CONTRARY, INTERVIEW KULICK AND CARRET CONCERNING REASON FOR CALLS, ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING OSWALD, AND FOR ANY OTHER INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THIS MATTER.

END AND ACK PLS

7-33 PM OK FBI WA WS

DL 6-34 PM OK FBI DL DEC

HO 6-34 PM OK FBI HO JMP

NK 7-35 PM OK FBI NK M A B

SA 6-35 PM CST OK FBI SA DAW

CLEAR

DELIVERED BY MESSENGER

CO-MR. ROSEN

DEC 3 1 30 PM '63

FBI - DALLAS

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. [illegible]	
Mr. [illegible]	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-9-63 4-35 PM CST MB

TO DIRECTOR, FBI /105-82555/, AND SACS, LITTLE ROCK /89-[illegible]/ AND DALLAS /100-10461/

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R

RE NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR, EIGHT FIFTYNINE PM DECEMBER FIVE LAST AND LITTLE ROCK TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR, TWELVE THIRTY PM DECEMBER SIX LAST, ENTITLED ASSASINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO,.

RE TELEPHONE CALLS FROM DUTZ MURRET RESIDENCE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

TOLL TICKET, PREPARED BY OPERATOR FIFTYFOUR AT BARLING, ARKANSAS, AND FORWARDED TO SOUTHERN BELL AT NEW ORLEANS, REFLECTS A COLLECT CALL FROM JOHN MURRET AT NUMBER EIGHT EIGHT THREE DASH ZERO NINE TWO SIX, BARLING, ARKANSAS, TO AREA CODE FIVE ZERO FOUR, NUMBER FOUR EIGHT EIGHT DASH FOUR THREE TWO SIX, NEW ORLEANS. THIS TICKET IS DATED JULY SEVEN, AND IS FOR A COLLECT CALL, MADE AT NIGHT, STATION TO STATION. THE CARD REFLECTS THAT CHARGES WERE ACCEPTED BY THE ANSWERING PARTY. THE TICKET RELECTS THIS CALL WAS MADE FROM A COIN PHONE. REVERSE SIDE OF TICKET REFLECTS CALL PLACED AT SEVEN TWENTYONE PM , AND LASTED FOR THREE MINUTES FIFTYSEVEN SECONDS.

SUGGEST LITTLE ROCK RECONTACT SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE CO. AT FORT SMITH, ARKANSAS, TO DETERMINE IF EXCHANGE EIGHT EIGHT THREE IS USED TO FACILITATE BILLING, IF NOT USED FOR ACTUALLY MAKING CALLS. IF NECESSARY, CONTACT OPERATOR FIFTYFOUR FOR CLARIFICATION.

END AND ACK PLS.

REC 44 105-82555-400

4-40 PM CST OK FBI LR JHJ

5-41 PM OK FBI WA MSL

EX-103

DEC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 10 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-10-63 10-45 AM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR,

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ 2-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

REFERENCE DALLAS TELETYPE TO BUREAU DATED DEC. TWO, SIXTYTHREE AT FOUR THIRTY PM., CAPTIONED LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

INVESTIGATION DALLAS NINTH INSTANT BY SA ARTHUR E. CARTER HAS DETERMINED THAT MARINA OSWALD APPEARED AT BAYLOR UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF DENTISTRY, EIGHT HUNDRED HALL STREET, AND REGISTERED FOR TREATMENT ON OCT. EIGHT, SIXTYTWO, AS MRS. MARINA OSWALD, SIX SIX TWO EIGHT DICKINS, TELEPHONE NO. EMERSON THREE DASH ONE THREE SIX FIVE. SHE WAS ATTENDED BY A STUDENT, DR. HARVEY ALLEN UNDER DIRECTION OF DR. A. F. STAPLES. ON OCT. EIGHT, SIXTYTWO, HER TEETH WERE CLEANED, AND SHE HAD FULL MOUTH XRAY, PAYING ELEVEN DOLLARS FOR THESE SERVICES. SHE REAPPEARED ON OCT. TEN, SIXTYTWO, WAS ATTENDED BY AFOREMENTIONED DENTISTS AND HAD THREE EXTRACTIONS PAYING SIX DOLLARS FOR THESE SERVICES. ON OCT. FIFTEEN, SIXTYTWO, SHE REAPPEARED AND HAD TWO EXTRACTIONS AND PAID FOUR DOLLARS.

105-82555-401

REC 14

DEC 12 1963

10

Sent to Dallas DEC 11 1963

12-11-63.

WMG:hc

PAGE TWO

DRS. STAPLES AND ALLEN UNABLE TO RECALL OR DETERMINE WHETHER SHE PAID FOR ABOVE SERVICES IN CASH OR BY CHECK. THEY DO RECALL SHE WAS ACCOMPANIED ON ONE OR TWO OCCASIONS BY A LADY WHO INTERPRETED FOR HER INASMUCH AS SHE HAD DIFFICULTY SPEAKING ENGLISH. FURTHER, THEY ADVISED SHE MAY HAVE BEEN ACCOMPANIED BY A MAN ON ONE OCCASION. THEY ARE UNABLE TO IDENTIFY PHOTO OF OSWALD AS BEING PERSON WHO ACCOMPANIED HER. THERE IS NO SIGNIFICANT ADDITIONAL INFO IN HER PRE DASH ADMITTANCE HISTORICAL RECORD.

A CHECK OF ADDRESS SIX SIX TWO EIGHT DICKINS, ALSO SPELLED DICKENS IN HOSPITAL RECORDS INDICATES IT IS ADDRESS OF G. DE MOHRENSCHILDT, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER GIVEN BY HER IS ALSO LISTED TO HIM.

BUREAU REQUESTED TO HAVE STATE DEPARTMENT INTERVIEW GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT THROUGH AMERICAN EMBASSY IN HAITI TO DETERMINE IF THEY TOOK MARINA OSWALD TO HOSPITAL FOR DENTAL TREATMENT.

END

11-53 AM OK FBI WA WH

M

CC-MR RYKER

12-11-63

1 - Gheesling

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (100-10461)

From: Director, REC-14 105-82555-401

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

EX-105

Re Butel and airtel 12-10-63 and your tel 12-10-63, requesting reinterview of DeMohrenschildts to verify that DeMohrenschildts took Marina Oswald to hospital for dental treatment. Reinterview of DeMohrenschildts merely to establish this information does not appear warranted at this time. You should carefully review results of the State Department's interview of DeMohrenschildts; and after reinterviewing Marina Oswald concerning Mrs. DeMohrenschildt's statement that she observed gun while visiting Marina Oswald "sometime in fall of 1962," resubmit your recommendations as to whether DeMohrenschildts should be reinterviewed.

WMG:hc
(4)

NOTE:

Retel reported that Marina Oswald had obtained dental treatment at Baylor University, College of Dentistry, in 1962, during course of which she may have been accompanied by a man and woman who acted as interpreters. The address shown for Marina at that time has been determined to be that of Mrs. DeMohrenschildts. DeMohrenschildts were interviewed at Bureau's request by American Embassy official, Port-au-Prince, Haiti, on 12-4-63. Although they did not mention having accompanied Marina for dental treatment, reinterview solely for that purpose does not appear warranted.

MAILED 4
DEC 11 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DEC 13 1963

ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 10 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-10-63 1-31 PM CST MRH

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ AND SACS, DALLAS /100-10461/
NEWARK /62-3060/ AND NEW ORLEANS /100-10661/

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/ P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. / IS DASH R. OO, DALLAS.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL TO DIRECTOR, SIX TWENTYNINE P.M., DEC. NINE, LAST. RE TEL. CALLS FROM DUTZ MURRET RESIDENCE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

NIGHT MANAGER, RAMADA INN, SAN ANTONIO, ADVISED THAT HIS REGISTRATION CARD NO. FIVE ZERO TWO EIGHT REFLECTS E. KULIK PAREN NOT KULICK END PAREN CHECKED IN ON JUNE NINETEEN, LAST, AND WAS ASSIGNED ROOM TWO NINE NINE. HE ADVISED THAT THE RECORD INDICATES THAT KULIK WAS FROM NEW YORK CITY AND AN EMPLOYEE OF EASTERN AIRLINES. SHE CHECKED OUT AT FIVE FITYSEVEN A.M. ON JUNE TWENTY, LAST. AND HAD NO CHARGES ON HER ACCOUNT OTHER THAN FOR THE ONE DAY/S RENT OF THE ROOM. RAMADA MANGER ADVISED THAT THIS ROOM IS PERMANENTLY RESERVED FOR CREW MEMBERS OF THE EASTERN AIRLINES.

END AND ACK PLS.

EX-105 REC 14 105-82555-402

2 WA 2-35 PM OK FBI WA LA

1-35 PM OK FBI DL MB

MO 1-36 PM CST XXXX OK FBI NO JLT

136 PM OK FBI MK M A

64 DEC 15 1963

ALL DISC PLS CC-MR ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 11 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-11-63 1140-42 AM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR,

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA. OO - DALLAS.

REBUAIRTEL TO DALLAS, DECEMBER SIX LAST. REC 14 105-82555 403

BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO FURNISH DALLAS NAMES AND ADDRESSES EX-105

APPEARING IN OSWALD/S ADDRESS BOOK WHICH APPEAR IN THE RUSSIAN

LANGUAGE SO THAT APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION CAN BE CONDUCTED. DEC 12 1963

THESE NAMES AND ADDRESSES ARE NOT AVAILABLE AT DALLAS.

END

11-45 AM OK FBI WA NH

M

cc: Mr. Gurnea

Airtel Dallas 12/11/63 EEA

1 - Turner

12-11-63

Airtel

EX-105

REC 14

To: SAC, Dallas

From: Director, FBI (105-82555) 403

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Enclosed is a photographic copy of subject's address book together with 3 copies of the translation of the portions written in Russian. This material should be reviewed and appropriate leads set out where necessary.

Enc. 4

ETT:cgw
(4)

MAILED 4
DEC 11 1963
COMM-FBI

Taken
Relayed
Note
Copy
Filed

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 4 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 5-40 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR , FBI

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA/ ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. AFO.

REFERENCE IS MADE TO REPORT OF SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING DATED NOVEMBER THIRTY, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, SPECIFICALLY TO PAGE ONE SIXTYFOUR REGARDING LABORATORY EXAMINATION OF THE ELEVEN SHIRT OF THE SUSPECT. THIS SHIRT WAS EXAMINED BY THE FBI LABORATORY ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE, SIXTYTHREE.

DALLAS POLICE OFFICER BOB K. CARROLL, WHO WAS ONE OF ARRESTING OFFICERS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, FOLLOWING THE SHOOTING OF DALLAS POLICE OFFICER J.D. TIPPIT, WAS EXHIBITED THIS SHIRT THIS DATE, AND HE POSITIVELY IDENTIFIED THIS SHIRT AS THE SAME SHIRT OSWALD WAS WEARING AT TIME OF HIS ARREST ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE.

LT. PAUL BENTLEY, OF DALLAS PD, WHO WAS AT SCENE OF ARREST OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, STATES POSITIVELY, AFTER VIEWING SAME

END PAGE ONE

REC-86 44-24016-136

105-82555-404

5 DEC 6 1963

5 DEC 16 1963

ST-104

DL 89-43

THIS DATE THAT THE SAME SHIRT REFERRED TO ABOVE IS THE SHIRT OSWALD WAS WEARING AT TIME HE WAS ARRESTED ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE. BENTLEY STATED HE WAS ONE OF OFFICERS WHO ACCOMPANIED OSWALD FROM SCENE OF ARREST TO OFFICE OF CAPT. WILL FRITZ, OF HOMICIDE BUREAU OF DALLAS PD, AND CAN POSITIVELY STATE THIS SHIRT WAS NOT TAKEN OFF OF OSWALD PRIOR TO HIS ARRIVAL AT OFFICE OF CAPT. WILL FRITZ IN HOMICIDE BUREAU OF DALLAS PD.

CAPT. W.R. WESTBROOK, POLICE DEPT. - DALLAS, OF DALLAS PD, WHO OBSERVED OSWALD AT TIME OF HIS ARREST BY DALLAS PD ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, STATES HE IS QUOTE FAIRLY CERTAIN END QUOTE THAT THIS IS SAME SHIRT THAT WAS EXHIBITED TO HIM THIS DATE THAT OSWALD WAS WEARING AT TIME OF HIS ARREST.

DETECTIVE JAMES R. LEAVELLE, DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT, HOMICIDE BUREAU, DALLAS PD, STATES HE CAN POSITIVELY IDENTIFY ABOVE MENTIONED SHIRT AS BEING SAME SHIRT THAT OSWALD WAS WEARING AT TIME HE WAS BROUGHT TO HOMICIDE BUREAU OF DALLAS PD ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE. ABOVE MENTIONED SHIRT WAS EXHIBITED TO LEAVELLE THIS DATE.

RAY HAWKINS, PATROLMAN OF DALLAS POLICE DEPT. PD, WHO WAS ONE OF ARRESTING OFFICERS OF OSWALD FOLLOWING SHOOTING OF OFFICER

END PAGE TWO

DL 89-43

J.D. TIPPIT ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, STATES HE CAN POSITIVELY IDENTIFY ABOVE MENTIONED SHIRT AS BEING THE ONE OSWALD WAS WEARING AT TIME HE WAS ARRESTED ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE. THIS SHIRT WAS EXHIBITED TO HAWKINS THIS DATE. HAWKINS STATED HE ACCOMPANIED OSWALD FROM SCENE OF ARREST TO OFFICE OF CAPT. WILL FRITZ, OF HOMICIDE BUREAU OF DALLAS PD, AND STATES OSWALD WAS TURNED OVER TO CAPT. WILL FRITZ WEARING SAME SHIRT THAT HE WAS ARRESTED IN.

CAPT. WILL FRITZ, HOMICIDE BUREAU OF DALLAS PD, WAS EXHIBITED ABOVE MENTIONED SHIRT THIS DATE AND FRITZ STATED HE CAN POSITIVELY IDENTIFY THIS SHIRT AS BEING THE ONE OSWALD WAS WEARING WHEN THE ARRESTING OFFICERS OF OSWALD BROUGHT OSWALD TO HIS, FRITZ-S, OFFICE ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, FOLLOWING SHOOTING OF OFFICER J.D. TIPPIT, DALLAS PD. FRITZ STATES ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, HE INTERVIEWED OSWALD AND OSWALD TOLD HIM HE HAD CHANGED HIS TROUSERS BUT HAD NOT CHANGED HIS SHIRT AT TIME OF ARREST. HOWEVER, FRITZ STATED OSWALD ON SECOND DAY WHEN INTERVIEWED STATED HE HAD CHANGED HIS ENTIRE CLOTHING.

MRS. MARY E. BLEDSOE, SIX TWO ONE NORTH MARSALIS, DALLAS, TEXAS, AT WHICH ADDRESSS OSWALD FORMERLY RESIDED, WAS EXHIBITED

END PAGE THREE

DL 89-43

THE ABOVE MENTIONED SHIRT WHICH WAS ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN WORN ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE. MRS. BLEDSOE RECALLED THE INCIDENT WHEN SHE SAW OSWALD ON A STREET BUS ON THAT DATE. WHEN THE SHIRT WAS FIRST EXHIBITED TO MRS. BLEDSOE, SHE STATED, QUOTE NO, NO, THAT IS NOT THE SHIRT END QUOTE. THEN SHE INQUIRED AS TO WHETHER THE SHIRT HAD A RAGGED ELBOW. UPON FURTHER EXAMINATION OF SHIRT, SHE OBSERVED A HOLE IN RIGHT ELBOW OF SHIRT, AT WHICH TIME SHE QUICKLY STATED, QUOTE YES, YES, THIS IS THE SHIRT END QUOTE. MRS. BLEDSOE QUALIFIED HER FIRST ANSWER THAT THIS WAS NOT THE SHIRT BY STATING SHE SEEMED TO RECALL THE SHIRT SHE OBSERVED OSWALD WEARING ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, WAS MORE DIRTY IN APPEARANCE. MRS. BLEDSOE STATED AFTER SHE OBSERVED RAGGED ELBOW ON SHIRT, SHE WAS POSITIVE THIS WAS THE SHIRT OSWALD WAS WEARING WHEN SHE SAW HIM ON BUS. MRS. BLEDSOE ADVISED SHE IS POSITIVE HE WAS WEARING A LONG SLEEVED SHIRT OF SAME DARK APPEARANCE AS THE SHIRT SHE OBSERVED AT HER RESIDENCE WHICH WAS EXHIBITED TO HER ON DECEMBER FOUR, SIXTYTHREE. MRS. BLEDSOE STATED SHIRT OSWALD WAS WEARING WAS OF BROWN OR DARK BROWN COLOR.

END AND ACK PLS

6-54 PM OK FBI WA MSL

TU AND BSIC

DEC 4 1963
FBI
SEC'D-FIELD

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: November 22, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: DANIEL JAMES
SECRETARY - CITIZENS COMMITTEE
FOR A FREE CUBA
Rm 619 - 1426 G St. N.W. Wash. D.C.

Mr. James, whose local telephone is 783-7507, called me at approximately 6:45 p.m. this evening. He identified himself as the Secretary of the "Citizens Committee for A Free Cuba." He indicated that his organization had been operating in Washington for some period of time and that the members of his board of directors include Admiral Arleigh Burke and Clare BootheLuce. He stated his organization was strictly an anti-Castro one.

Mr. James indicated that his office would be very interested in receiving any information whatsoever regarding the subject, Oswald, who allegedly killed a police officer in Dallas this afternoon and who also was considered as a suspect in the assassination of President Kennedy. He wanted to know if we could furnish him information from FBI files. I told him we could not, our files were confidential, that I could not be of any assistance to him.

Mr. James stated that he could understand our reasons for maintaining our files on a confidential basis; however, it was possible that his office had information on Oswald. He stated he did not know this to be true, however, merely wanted to let us know of the possibility.

I told Mr. James we would keep his call in mind.

ACTION:

For record purposes.

1 - Mr. Tolson
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Jones

CDD:geg
(7)

EX-105

DEC 12 1963

XEROX

79 DEC 13 1963 DEC 12 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: November 27, 1963

FROM : C. A. Evans

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

The Attorney General's Office made available a letter received today from Ernest Angell, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU), 156 5th Avenue, New York, New York. With this letter Mr. Angell enclosed the original application of Lee H. Oswald for membership in his organization. Also enclosed is a note, reportedly in Oswald's handwriting, asking to be enrolled as an associate member and inquiring as to how he can contact the ACLU group in his area. Oswald's address is listed as Post Office Box 6225, Dallas, Texas, and his occupation as photographer.

ACTION BEING TAKEN:

The original evidence submitted with this letter is being furnished to the FBI Laboratory, as we may have future need for further handwriting specimens of Oswald. The original letter to the Attorney General is being returned to his office with photographic copies of the enclosures, as we have been informed such copies will suffice for handling of the incoming letter in the Department.

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. Conrad
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan

CAE:vap
(9)

1 ENCLOSURE

Lee Oswald Harvey

1963

EX-102

DEC 12 1963

105-82555-406

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

XEROX

DEC 12 1963

American Civil Liberties Union

156 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 10, N. Y. • ORegon 5-5990

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

NATIONAL COMMITTEE

November 26, 1963

The Honorable Robert F. Kennedy
The Attorney General
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Sir:

In connection with the news report at the time of the police interrogation of Lee H. Oswald, prior to his murder, that he indicated membership in the American Civil Liberties Union, I enclose two public statements on this subject, one dated November 24 and one November 26.

We also enclose the original application of Oswald for membership referred to in our November 26 statement.

If there are any further questions about this matter, we would be happy to discuss it with a representative of the Department.

Respectfully submitted,

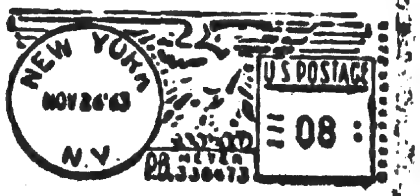
Ernest Angell

Ernest Angell
Chairman, Board of Directors

EA:mr
enclosures

Washington Office — 1346 Vermont Avenue, N.W., Washington 5, D.C.; Lawrence Speiser, Director; Julia R. Bowers, Executive Assistant
With separate offices in twenty-seven states and 200 cooperating attorneys in 200 cities of 43 states

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
156 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10010



VIA AIR MAIL

The Honorable Robert F. Kennedy
The Attorney General
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

VIA AIR MAIL

C.K. see letter

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
National Office
156 Fifth Avenue, New York 10, N.Y.

Please enroll me as a member of the ACLU.
Here is my $1.00 membership contribution. Send me
[illegible] copies subscription to Civil Liberties.

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

NAME Lee H. Oswald

ADDRESS P.O. Box 6225

CITY, ZONE, STATE Dallas, Texas

OCCUPATION Shipping Clerk

NOV 4 1954

Thank you.
Lee H. Oswald
LEE H. OSWALD
Box 6225
Dallas, Tex.

Please send me one
copy of the
pamphlet mentioned
on the form
letter. Thank you
very much.

1 - Schutz
1 - Gheesling

12-6-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

FX-102 REC-52 105-82555-406

TO SAC NEW YORK

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

ON NOVEMBER ONE LAST SUBJECT OBTAINED POST OFFICE BOX SIX TWO TWO FIVE, HOUSTON STREET ANNEX, DALLAS, IN OWN NAME SHOWING NAME OF FIRM AS QUOTE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE UNQUOTE AND QUOTE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION UNQUOTE PARENTHESIS ACLU END PARENTHESIS AND KIND OF BUSINESS AS QUOTE NON PROFIT UNQUOTE. AFTER SUBJECT'S ARREST, HE CLAIMED MEMBERSHIP IN ACLU. BY LETTER NOVEMBER TWENTY SIX LAST TO ATTORNEY GENERAL, ERNEST ANGELL, CHAIRMAN, BOARD OF DIRECTORS, ACLU, ONE FIVE SIX FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY, FURNISHED SUBJECT'S ORIGINAL APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP IN ACLU AS WELL AS HANDWRITTEN NOTE REQUESTING HIS ENROLLMENT AS ASSOCIATE MEMBER AND ADVICE AS TO HOW HE COULD CONTACT ACLU GROUP IN DALLAS. ANGELL'S LETTER, WHICH WAS FURNISHED TO THE BUREAU, REFERRED TO TWO PUBLIC STATEMENTS BY ACLU CONCERNING THIS MATTER BUT THESE STATEMENTS WERE NOT FURNISHED TO BUREAU.

2 - DALLAS

UNRECORDED COPY

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter

WRG:MEW (5)

NOTE: SEE PAGE 2

DEC 12 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE TO NEW YORK

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ANGELL STATED HE WOULD BE HAPPY TO DISCUSS ANY FURTHER QUESTIONS WITH A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT.

NEW YORK IMMEDIATELY CONTACT ANGELL TO DETERMINE WHETHER SUBJECT WAS MEMBER OF ACLU AND BUTEL BUREAU AND DALLAS. DALLAS ADVISED AIRMAIL.

NOTE: Laboratory determined handwriting on application and note enclosed in Angell's letter that of subject's. Since question of whether or not subject was member of ACLU may be an issue, we should resolve.

- 2 -

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 6 1953
TELETYPE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. SULLIVAN

DATE: 11-29-63

FROM : MR. BRANIGAN

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

With reference to the attached airtel requesting the Bureau to develop certain exposed film which was made at the Dallas Police Department 11-24 and 25-63 of papers and property of Lee Harvey Oswald and possibly his wife and possibly material belonging to Mrs. Ruth Paine, I talked to SAC Shanklin, Dallas, 11-29-63.

I called to SAC Shanklin's attention the fact that the Dallas Office was furnished the original material which was seized by the Dallas Police Department under search warrants executed 11-22 and 23-63 and pointed out that the original material had been photographed here at the Bureau. I inquired to know whether Dallas still desired to have the Bureau develop the exposed film according to their request. SAC Shanklin stated that Dallas had promised to give a copy of the photographs to both the Dallas Police Department and the Secret Service. In view of this commitment, SAC Shanklin stated that they still need three copies of the photographs of the material in Dallas although it did not matter whether these photographs were made from the exposed film submitted by Dallas or the original photographs made at the Seat of Government.

REC-22 105-82555-402

ACTION:

Refer to the Mechanical Section. In line with the above, Dallas should be furnished three copies of photographs of the evidence which was seized under search warrants.

5 DEC 12 1963

Enc.
WAB:hr
(6)
1 - [redacted]
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mechanical Section
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Mr. Branigan

XEROX
DEC 12 1963

Note: Not all of the original material forwarded by Dallas was photographed due to the fact that [illegible] to this may not be substantial duplication ETT

64 DEC 13 1963

FD-36 (Rev. 12-15-58)

FBI

Date: 11/30/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY,
11/22/63,

Lee O OSWALD + TRAVEL

AFO

OO - DALLAS

Re San Francisco teletype to Bureau and Dallas, 11/27/63, 5:32 PM, and Dallas Airtel to San Antonio, 11/28/63, (Interoffice).

Enclosed for Los Angeles is copy of re tel for information.

The following investigation was conducted by SA HAROLD LEO FABRIZ on 11/29/63:

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Miss ELIZABETH CAMPBELL's recollection concerning her departure from San Antonio on 12/22/62, about 8:00 pm on Continental Air Lines was confirmed by passenger manifest for Continental flight 57 which departed San Antonio 12/22/62, at 8:00 pm, 160 minutes late, for Los Angeles. A passenger named CAMPBELL, first name not recorded, was listed on the manifest, tourist class, two pieces of luggage.

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - Los Angeles (Enc. 1)
2 - San Francisco
2 - San Antonio
RLF/kb

105-82555-408
REC 53
EX-105
DEC 12 1963

C C Wick

4058 DEC 13 1963

CC Rosen

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

JANICE HORNSBY, San Antonio, recalled meeting Miss CAMPBELL at San Antonio, International Airport on or about 1/2/63, and was certain that CAMPBELL was on American Air Lines upon return to San Antonio via Dallas, Texas.

American Air Lines representative advised that in January 1963, that line had a flight number 59, which originated in Chicago and stopped at Dallas and San Antonio en route to Mexico City. The flight departed Dallas for San Antonio shortly after 8:00 pm and arrived San Antonio about 9:12 pm. No passenger manifests maintained by American Air Lines at San Antonio on incoming flights; manifests on outgoing flights are destroyed after two or three months. American Air Lines tickets are filed at American Air Lines Treasury Department, 633 Third Avenue New York, New York; however, if ticket not sold orginally by American, but some other carrier, the ticket would be retained in files of original selling carrier, in this case apparently Continental Air Lines, according to referenced teletype.

Continental Air Lines tickets are retained by MATT TRAVIS, Revenue Accounting Office, Continental Air Lines, Los Angeles, California, according to R. E. POWELL, Continental Air Lines, San Antonio Airport.

Letterhead memo and FD 302's being submitted by San Antonio.

LEADS

DALLAS

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

Contact American Air Lines representatives to determine if passenger manifest is available at Dallas on Flight 59, which departed Dallas about 8:00 pm, 1/2/63, which may be the flight on which Miss CAMPBELL observed man resembling OSWALD. Check for names of both CAMPBELL and OSWALD on manifest if available. Determine other possible sources of desired information from airlines representatives at Dallas

and set out lead to New York if appropriate to check American Air Lines ticket records.

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Contact MATT TRAVIS, Revenue Accounting Office, Continental Air Lines, to obtain routing information relative to the return trip of Miss ELIZABETH CAMPBELL from Sacramento, California, to San Antonio, Texas, via Oakland, Los Angeles, and Dallas. Determine carrier and flight number of Dallas to San Antonio leg of trip, 1/2/63, departing Dallas about 8:00 pm. It is to be noted that CAMPBELL purchased round trip ticket at San Antonio on or about 12/22/62, to Sacramento, California. She travelled tourist class and departed San Antonio 12/22/62, Continental Air Lines Flight 57, to Los Angeles.

SAN FRANCISCO

AT CITRIS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA

Recontact Miss ELIZABETH CAMPBELL, 5733 Primrose Dirve to determine if she has retained her copy of ticket for instant flight to obtain details concerning Dallas to San Antonio leg of return trip, specifically the carrier, flight number and date

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 409

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 3

SECTION NO.

8

SECRET SERVICE

REFERRAL

Mrs. J. G. Schaefer
125 East 63rd Street, New York 21, New York

December 3, 1963

Mr. John Edgar Hoover
Director of The Federal Bureau of
Investigation
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am not by nature one who writes letters to important officials, but I think the shooting of the late President Kennedy was a disgrace to this country.

I cannot understand why people like Oswald are not watched more carefully; one reads about so many of them in the newspapers, they have long police records but are given suspended sentences most of the time. Why?

We all know what a magnificent job you have done and are doing, but please let the good citizens of this country know what they can do to help you.

REC-22 105-82555-410

With all my good wishes for your continued success, I am.

EX-105

DEC 12 1963

Very Sincerely,

JGS:lpb

(Mrs.) Josephine G. Schaefer

CORRESPONDENCE

GM REC'D 105-82555-410

EX-104

December 10, 1963

Mrs. Josephine G. Schaefer
125 East 63rd Street
New York 21, New York

Dear Mrs. Schaefer:

Your letter of December 3rd has been received, and I want to thank you for your best wishes and for your generous comments regarding our work.

My staff and I certainly share your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy. In our free society, the extent to which our citizens are subject to surveillance is necessarily limited. Nevertheless, the identity of individuals, known to represent a potential threat, is called promptly to the attention of Secret Service, which has the responsibility to protect the President. We had no information indicating that Lee Harvey Oswald was a possible assassin.

In this regard, all citizens can be of utmost help by referring to proper authorities any information they might have of a subversive or criminal nature. Should you ever receive such data, please feel free to contact representatives of our office located at 201 East 69th Street, New York, New York 10021.

MAILED 11
DEC 1 01363
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

DEC 10 2 17 PM '63
FBI
REC'D-READING ROOM

1 - New York - Enclosure

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:jf (4)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DEC 11 3 39 PM
SENT DIRECT
FBI
SENT-DIRECTOR
REC'D-BOSTON
REC'D-NEW YORK
REC'D-LPI
REC'D-ESSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 4 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-4-63 5-07 PM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR, PERSONAL ATTN--- JAMES HANDLEY

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/ 6P XXX 6- PAGES

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, LAST, AFO.

RE TEL CALL TO BUREAU CONCERNING RUSSIAN LANGUAGE NOTE FOUND IN BOOK INDICATING OSWALD CONTEMPLATING AN ACT WHICH MIGHT RESULT IN HIS ARREST.

ON INSTANT DATE, MRS. RUTH PAINE, TWO FIVE ONE FIVE W. FIFTH, IRVING, TEXAS, ADVISED SA BARDWELL D. ODUM THAT SATURDAY, NOV. THIRTY LAST SHE GAVE TWO RUSSIAN LANGUAGE BOOKS AND AN ENVELOPE OF LETTERS FOR MARINA OSWALD, TO A UNIFORMED OFFICER AT THE IRVING, TEXAS, PD, WHOM SHE BELIEVES WAS A CAPTAIN, WITH A REQUEST THIS MATERIAL BE GOTTEN TO MRS. OSWALD. SHE WAS SENDING THE BOOKS BECAUSE MRS. OSWALD USED THEM OFTEN WHEN LIVING AT THE PAINE HOME AND MRS. PAINE FELT SHE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE THEM. ONE SHE DESCRIBED AS A GENERAL HOUSEHOLD INFORMATION BOOK AND THE OTHER AS A CHILD CARE BOOK.

MRS. PAINE SAID SHE FIRST KNEW OF INSTANT NOTE WHEN IT WAS SHOWN TO HER AT ABOUT SEVEN THIRTY PM ON THE EVENING OF DEC. TWO LAST BY TWO SECRET SERVICE AGENTS WHOSE NAMES SHE CANNOT REMEMBER.

DEC 15 1963

THESE MEN CAME TO HER HOME AND INTIMATED SHE KNEW OF THIS NOTE AND WAS SENDING IT TO MRS. OSWALD CONCEALED IN ONE OF THE BOOKS. MRS. PAINE SAID SHE VIGOROUSLY DENIED TO THEM AND SHE AGAIN VIGOROUSLY DENIED TODAY TO SA ODUM THAT SHE HAD ANY KNOWLEDGE WHATSOEVER OF ANY SUCH NOTE BEING IN EITHER ONE OF THE TWO BOOKS SHE GAVE TO THE IRVING PD FOR DELIVERY TO MRS. OSWALD.

ON INSTANT DATE, CAPTAIN PAUL H. BARGER, IRVING, TEX., PD, ADVISED SA JARRELL H. DAVIS THAT MRS. RUTH PAINE OF IRVING, TEX., CAME TO THE IRVING PD AROUND NINE OR TEN AM TO HIS BEST RECOLLECTION ON SATURDAY, NOV. THIRTY LAST, AND LEFT WITH HIM TWO FOREIGN LANGUAGE BOOKS AND SOME LETTERS, WITH A REQUEST THIS MATERIAL BE DELIVERED TO MRS. OSWALD.

CAPTAIN BARGER SAID HE WAS RELIEVED BY ASST. CHIEF OF POLICE LEON POWERS AT ABOUT THREE PM ON NOV. THIRTY LAST. AT THAT TIME HE GAVE THE BOOKS AND ENVELOPES TO ASST. CHIEF POWERS AND TOLD HIM MRS. PAINE HAD LEFT THIS MATERIAL AT THE PD TO BE DELIVERED TO MRS. OSWALD.

ON INSTANT DATE, ASST. CHIEF OF POLICE POWERS ADVISED SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR., HE HAD RECEIVED FROM CAPTAIN BARGER TWO BOOKS AND SOME CORRESPONDENCE WHEN HE /POWERS/ CAME ON DUTY AT ABOUT THREE PM ON NOV. THIRTY LAST. CAPTAIN BARGER TOLD HIM THIS MATERIAL HAD BEEN LEFT AT THE PD FOR DELIVERY TO MRS. OSWALD. CAPTAIN BARGER SAID HE HELD THE MATERIAL OVER THE WEEKEND AND ON DEC. TWO LAST HE SENT

DETECTIVE JOHN LOOPER OF THE IRVING PD TO THE US SECRET SERVICE OFFICE IN DALLAS TO DELIVER THIS MATERIAL TO THEM.

DETECTIVE JOHN LOOPER ON INSTANT DATE HAS ADVISED THAT ABOUT TWO PM ON DEC. TWO LAST HE RECEIVED FROM ASST. CHIEF OF POLICE POWERS TWO BOOKS AND AN ENVELOP WITH SOME LETTERS INSIDE, FOR DELIVERY TO THE US SECRET SERVICE OFFICE IN DALLAS. LOOPER SAID HE TOOK THIS MATERIAL TO THE SECRET SERVICE OFFICE IN DALLAS AND TURNED IT OVER TO A SECRET SERVICE AGENT WHOSE NAME IS NOT KNOWN TO HIM.

ON INSTANT DATE INSPECTOR TOM KELLY, US SECRET SERVICE, DALLAS, TEXAS, TURNED OVER TO SAS JAMES P. HOSTY, JR., AND JAMES J. WARD TWO RUSSIAN LANGUAGE BOOKS AND A RUSSIAN LANGUAGE NOTE IN A CELLOPHANE ENVELOPE. HE SAID THE NOTE HAD BEEN FOUND IN "THE THICKER" OF TWO BOOKS WHICH HAD BEEN RECEIVED BY SECRET SERVICE FROM THE IRVING PD FOR DELIVERY TO MRS. OSWALD. HE SAID THIS MATERIAL HAD BEEN RECEIVED FROM AN OFFICER OF THE IRVING PD ON DEC. TWO LAST.

SAS HOSTY AND WARD BROUGHT THE ABOVE MATERIAL FROM THE US SECRET SERVICE OFFICE TO THE DALLAS FIELD OFFICE.

THE ABOVE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE NOTE WAS TRANSLATED AT THE DALLAS OFFICE BY SA A. BOGUSLAV. THE ORIGINAL AND THE CONTENT OF THE TRANSLATION OF THIS LETTER IS ALREADY AT SOG.

WITH RESPECT TO OBSERVATIONS OF PERSONNEL OF THE DALLAS OFFICE WHICH MIGHT ESTABLISH WHEN THIS LETTER WAS WRITTEN, THE FOLLOWING IS OFFERED.

A REVIEW OF THE ABOVE LETTER REVEALS THE FOLLOWING POINTS WHICH INDICATE IT WAS PROBABLY WRITTEN AT A TIME PRIOR TO ANY PLANS OF FORMER PRESIDENT KENNEDY TO COME TO TEXAS.

/A/ IN ITEM ONE IN THE LETTER, REFERENCE IS MADE TO A POST OFFICE BOX IN THE MAIN POST OFFICE ON ERVAY STREET IN DALLAS. OSWALD HAD PO BOX TWO NINE ONE FIVE AT THIS MAIN POST OFFICE ON ERVAY ONLY FROM OCT. NINE, SIXTYTWO TO MAY TWELVE LAST. POST OFFICE RECORDS REVEALED A SUBSEQUENT BOX RENTED BY OSWALD ON NOV. ONE LAST, THIS BEING BOX SIX TWO TWO FIVE AT THE TERMINAL ANNEX STATION WHICH IS ON HOUSTON STREET, QUITE SOME DISTANCE FROM THE MAIN POST OFFICE. POST OFFICE RECORDS REVEAL NO OTHER BOXES RENTED TO OSWALD. FOR DETAIL SEE PAGE ONE SEVEN SIX OF REPORT OF SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING DATED NOV. THIRTY LAST AT DALLAS.

/B/ IN ITEM FOUR THE LETTER STATES "RECENTLY I ALSO PAID FOR WATER AND GAS". OSWALD WAS NOT PAYING WATER AND GAS BILLS AT ANY RESIDENCE IN DALLAS FOLLOWING HIS RETURN HERE ON OCT. THREE LAST. SEE CHRONOLOGY ON PAGE THREE ONE EIGHT, ABOVE MENTIONED REPORT.

/C/ THE NOTE IN ITEM TEN STATES "YOU AND THE BABY", ETC. THE OSWALDS HAD A SECOND CHILD BORN OCT. TWENTY LAST / SEE PAGE THREE EIGHT FIVE, ABOVE MENTIONED REPORT / AND "BABY" WOULD PRESUMABLY BE PLURAL HAD THE NOTE BEEN WRITTEN ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO OCT. TWENTY LAST.

/D/ OSWALD ARRIVED IN DALLAS ON OCT. THREE LAST AND REGISTERED ON THAT DATE AT THE DALLAS YMCA AS A TRANSIENT GUEST. NOTHING IN THE EXTENSIVE INVESTIGATION THAT HAS BEEN MADE OF OSWALD/S ACTIVITIES INDICATES HE HAD ANY HOUSE ON WHICH HE HAD PAID RENT "ON THE SECOND", AS REFLECTED IN ITEM THREE OF THE LETTER.

MRS. PAINE SAID WITH RESPECT TO DELIVERY OF ABOVE MATERIAL TO THE IRVING PD BY HER, HER RECOLLECTION IS THIS DELIVERY WAS MADE NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST AT ABOUT FOUR THIRTY PM. IT IS NOTED CAPTAIN BARGER OF THE IRVING PD RECALLS THE MATERIAL WAS DELIVERED TO HIM BY MRS. PAINE AT ABOUT NINE OR TEN AM. AN EFFORT HAS BEEN

MADE TO GET IN TOUCH WITH MRS. PAINE TO DETERMINE WHETHER SHE CAN ANY MORE DEFINITELY RECALL WHEN SHE TOOK THE MATERIAL TO THE PD ON NOV. THIRTY LAST SINCE CAPTAIN BARGER STATES IT COULD NOT HAVE BEEN AFTER THREE PM SINCE HE GOES OFF DUTY AT THAT TIME. MRS. PAINE HAS NOT BEEN AVAILABLE FOR REINTERVIEW ON THIS POINT.

END

6-26 PM OK FBI WA OS

CLEAR

O

FBI

cc - Mr. Sullivan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-5-63 10-08 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

INFORMATION RECEIVED DALLAS SECRET SERVICE AGENTS CONDUCTED INTERVIEW WITH MRS. MARINA OSWALD, WIFE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, WHICH LASTED FROM APPROXIMATELY FOUR P.M. UNTIL APPROXIMATELY ELEVEN P.M. ON SUNDAY NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST. SOURCE ADVISES SECRET SERVICE AGENTS RECORDED THIS INTERVIEW ON A TAPE IN A QUESTION AND ANSWER FORM. INSPECTOR TOM KELLY, SECRET SERVICE IN DALLS, ADVISES TAPE WAS PLACED ON AIRPLANE NIGHT OF NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR, LAST AND FLOWN TO CHIEF, SECRET SERVICE, PROTECTION RESEARCH SECTION, WASHINGTON, D.C. TAPE NOT TRANSCRIBED IN DALLAS NOR WAS TAPE LISTENED TO BY AGENTS AT DALLAS.

REC 22 105-82555-412

BUREAU MAKE ARRANGEMENTS TO OBTAIN IF DESIRED.

DEC 12 1963

J. E. BILL DECKER, DALLAS COUNTY SHERIFF, ADVISED JACK RUBY INTERVIEWED BY SECRET SERVICE AGENTS SEVERAL TIMES INCLUDING THREE TIMES ON DECEMBER FOUR.

END PAGE ONE

64 DEC 13 1963

DL 100-10461

WHILE EMPLOYEES FROM EXHIBIT SECTION WERE GATHERING DATA FOR THE PREPARATION OF CHARTS AND SCALE MODELS, UNDER SUPERVISION OF INSPECTOR GAUTHIER, AT THE SITE OF ASSASSINATION AND THE PLACE WHERE OSWALD WAS KILLED IN THE POLICE DEPARTMENT BUILDING, REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PRESS MADE INQUIRIES REGARDING THE POSSIBILITY OF ANY NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN THE ASSASSINATION CASE. THEY WERE ADVISED THAT THIS WAS AN OFFICIAL OPERATION OF THE FBI AND NO COMMENTS WOULD BE MADE CONCERNING ANY DETAILS. FURTHER, NO NAMES WERE MENTIONED BY FBI EMPLOYEES FROM THE EXHIBIT SECTION REGARDING NAME AND PLACE OF ASSIGNMENT.

THE DALLAS TIMES HERALD, ON DECEMBER FIVE, INSTANT, SET FORTH THE PRESENCE OF THREE FBI AGENTS WORKING AT POLICE HEADQUARTERS, MEASURING HALLWAYS AND ROOMS, AND SO FORTH. WHILE GAUTHIER AND ASSISTANTS WERE MAKING MEASUREMENTS ON THE SIXTH FLOOR OF THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY BUILDING, ON DECEMBER FIVE, INSTANT, SECRET SERVICE AGENTS MILLER AND SORRELL ARRIVED ON THE SCENE WITH A MOTION PICTURE CAMERAMAN. THESE MEN IDENTIFIED THEMSELVES AS SECRET SERVICE MEN TO GAUTHIER. AT APPROXIMATELY THREE P.M. ON DECEMBER FIVE,

END PAGE TWO

~~CORR PLS PAGE TWO SECOND PARA FOURTH WRD SHLD BE "HERALD"~~

INSTANT, SECRET SERVICE AGENTS MILLER AND SORRELL SUPERVISED REENACTMENT OF THE ROUTE OF THE PRESIDENT-S ASSASSINATION. A WHITE CONVERTIBLE, SIMILAR TO THE BLACK ONE IN WHICH PRESIDENT KENNEDY MADE HIS LAST RIDE, ROLLED PAST THE ASSASSINATION SPOT. A MAN AND WOMAN SAT IN THE BACK SEAT JUST AS PRESIDENT AND MRS. KENNEDY DID, TWO MEN WERE IN THE FRONT. LOOKING DOWN ON THIS SCENE WAS THE MOVIE CAMERA, PERCHED IN THE SAME WINDOW FROM WHICH THE FATAL SHOTS WERE FIRED. FIELD SURVEYORS FROM THE ROBERT H. WEST LAND SURVEY COMPANY, APPARENTLY EMPLOYED BY SECRET SERVICE, WERE PRESENT, COMPILING SURVEY DATA ~~PAREN~~ (SLOPE OF THE ROAD) ~~UNPAREN~~ AT THE THREE POINTS ON THE FREEWAY WHERE IT IS BELIEVED THE BULLETS STRUCK THE PRESIDENT AND THE GOVERNOR. GAUTHIER DISCONTINUED MAKING MEASUREMENTS DURING THE TIME THE SECRET SERVICE ENACTMENT.

END AND ACK PLS

11-19 PM OK FBI WA NFL

TU AND SIC

CC-MR. ROSEN

TWO COPIES DPD

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date Dec. 6, 1963

Source advised Secret Service interviewed Oswald's wife for about seven (7) hours on Sunday, 11-24-63. Interview taped and in question and answer form. Tape flown to Chief, Secret Service, Protective Research Section, Washington, D.C. night of 11-24-63. Tape not transcribed in Dallas nor listened to by agents in Dallas.

Liaison Agent Bartlett being instructed to obtain tape.

BST:cwb

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-6-63 1-02 PM CST DAO

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ ATTN. DIVISION FIVE

SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/, SAC, MEMPHIS

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R.

ON DEC. SIX, SIXTYTHREE, MILTON BUSH WHO IS A REPRESENTATIVE OF UNION NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., BATON ROUGE, LA. TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED NEW ORLEANS OFFICE THAT AN OFFICIAL IN HIS HOME OFFICE, WHOSE IDENTITY BUSH DOES NOT CARE TO DIVULGE, HAD STATED THAT LEE HARVEY OSWALD HAD A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY TAKEN OUT BY HIS MOTHER ON OSWALD/S LIFE WITH NATIONAL LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. WHOSE HOME OFFICE IS IN NASHVILLE, TENN. BUSH STATED THIS CO. IS ALLEGED TO HAVE PAID THE PRINCIPAL SUM OF THE POLICY FOLLOWING THE DEATH OF OSWALD MINUS A LOAN WHICH HAD BEEN MADE ON THE POLICY AT AN UNKNOWN TIME. REC-22 105-82555-413

DEC 12 1963

ON DEC 3 1963 MEMPHIS IF NOT ALREADY DONE REVIEW RECORDS OF NATIONAL LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. FOR ALL DETAILS

END PAGE ONE

CONCERNING THIS POLICY AND PARTICULARLY THE DATES OF ANY LOANS MADE AGAINST IT, NOTING THAT OSWALD MADE A TRIP TO MEXICO, LEAVING NEW ORLEANS ABOUT SEPT. TWENTYFOUR, SIXTYTHREE AND RETURNING TO UNITED STATES AT LAREDO, TEXAS, OCT. THREE, SIXTYTHREE. PRIOR TO THIS TRIP HE HAD BEEN RECEIVING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION AND NOT KNOWN TO HAVE HELD JOB IN NEW ORLEANS SINCE JULY NINETEEN, SIXTYTHREE.
END AND ACK PLS

WA2-060. PM OK FBI WAMET

DL 1-06 PM OK FBI DL MW

ME 1-06 PM OK FBI ME CLS

TU CLROMM

CC-MR ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
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Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-6-63 10-47 AM JRD

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, LAS VEGAS /105-166/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

RE DALLAS TELETYPE TO LAS VEGAS, DECEMBER FIVE LAST.

INFORMATION DEVELOPED BY DALLAS OFFICE THAT BUCKY NEVILLE, OF SILVER-SLIPPER, LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, FORMERLY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS, KNEW OSWALD-S BROTHERS.

N. M. QUOTE BUCKY UNQUOTE NEVILS, MAITRE/D, SILVER SLIPPER, LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, ADVISED SAS CARL F. FREEMAN AND ROBERT M. JACKSON ON DECEMBER FIVE, LAST, HE WAS IN DALLAS, TEXAS AREA FROM NINETEEN FIFTY TO FIFTY SEVEN AND OPERATED THE CIPANGO CLUB. HE DOES NOT PERSONALLY KNOW JACK RUBY AND COULD NOT FURNISH ANY INFORMATION RE RUBY. HE DOES NOT KNOW SUBJECT, BUT RECALLS WHILE IN TEXAS HEARING ABOUT TWO OSWALD BROTHERS, AGES ABOUT FORTY. THESE BROTHERS ON VARIOUS OCCASIONS ARRESTED BY LOCAL POLICE, EITHER DALLAS OR FORT WORTH, TEXAS, FOR MINOR INFRACTIONS OF LAW. HE COULD NOT FURTHER INDENTIFY THESE BROTHERS, NOR FURNISH INFORMATION THESE BROTHER RELATED TO SUBJECT.

REPORT BEING SUBMITTED.

END & ACK

WA 1-54 PM OK FBI WA LA

DL 153 PM OK FBI DL MH CC-MR ROSEN

64 DEC 13 1963

TU CLEAR

105-82555-414

EX-102

DEC 12 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 6 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-6-63 10-43 AM PST JAS

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS, SAN ANTONIO AND DALLAS

FROM SAC, PORTLAND /44-225/ 1 P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R.

RE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL, DECEMBER THREE LAST, PAGE TWELVE.

CHECKS OF NUMEROUS SOURCES, PORTLAND AREA, DECEMBER FIVE LAST, DISCLOSE NO INFORMATION RE EUGENE EVERALD HUNTER, CONTRACTOR, SOURCES CHECKED INCLUDED PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY AND ALL TELEPHONE DIRECTORIES IN STATE OF OREGON, PORTLAND CITY AND COUNTY LAW ENFORCEMENT AND CREDIT AGENCIES, TELEPHONE COMPANY AND ALL PUBLIC UTILITIES, TWO MAJOR BANKING CHAINS COVERING ENTIRE STATE, DUN AND BRADSTREET, ASSOCIATED GENERAL CONTRACTORS, STATE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES, FOR REGISTRATION AND DRIVERS LICENSES, VOTERS REGISTRATION, EMPLOYMENT SOURCES, SELECTIVE SERVICE, IMMIGRATION AND PASSPORT REPRESENTATIVES, AGENCIES AND INDIVIDUALS DEALING WITH CONTRACTORS AND NUMBER OF OTHER SOURCES.

SAN ANTONIO SUTEL WHETHER ANY ADDITIONAL IDENTIFIABLE DATA AVAILABLE IF NOT, REPORT COVERING EFFORTS TO LOCATE HUNTER WILL BE SUBMITTED.

END AND ACK CORRECTION IN 9 C WORDS 3 AND 4 SHD BE STATE DEPARTMENT

WA 1-47 ON IJ PM OK FBI WA HEH

SA 12-47 PM CST OK FBI SA DMB

DL 1247 PM OK FBI DL HR

TU DISC

DEC 6 1963

REC 7 105-82555-415

EX-102

DEC 12 1963

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
NEW ORLEANS	DALLAS	12/6/63	12/3 - 6/63

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.	SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS	mv

CHARACTER OF CASE

INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

REFERENCE:

New Orleans airtel to Dallas, 12/4/63.

- P -

LEADS:

No leads are being set out in this report since leads are being handled immediately on receipt.

INFORMANTS:

IDENTITY	WHERE LOCATED
NO T1 is [redacted] contacted by SA RICHARD BUCARO.	Instant report, Page 28.
NO T2 is [redacted] Uptown District Office, Southern Bell Telephone]	

4 COPIES DESTROYED

APPROVED _____ SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

105-82555-416 REC-3

8 DEC 12 1963

EX-104

DEC 13

(10) - Bureau (105-82555)
3 - Dallas (100-10461)
2 - New Orleans (100-16601)

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

AGENCY	Bureau	Dallas			
REQUESTING OFFICE	12-5-63	12-6-63			
DATE FWD.	12/12/63	12/13/63			
HOW FWD.		Hand			
BY	Rel	[illegible]			

NOTATIONS

XEROX

DEC 12 1963

NO (100-16601) /sw

INFORMANTS CONTINUED -

IDENTITY	WHERE LOCATED
and Telegraph Company, New Orleans, Louisiana, contacted by SA NATHAN O. BROWN.	Instant report, Page 47.
NO T3 is [redacted] contacted by SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS.	Instant report, Page 48.
NO T4 is [redacted] New Orleans, contacted by SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS	Instant report, Page 48.
NO T5 is [redacted] District Manager, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, 425 Roussell Street, Houma, Louisiana, contacted by SA MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL.	Instant report, Page 49.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

On December 5, 1963, the New Orleans Indices were checked and no record was found that could be identified with CLAY BERTRAND or BERTRAM.

FD 302s have previously been submitted to the Dallas Office regarding the arrest of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at New Orleans, Louisiana August 9, 1963, the obtaining of and passing out of Fair Play for Cuba (FPCC) handbills on August 16, 1963 at New Orleans, as well as education, CLAY BERTRAND, employments, and identification of individuals assisting OSWALD in passing out handbills, August 16, 1963.

COVER PAGE

NO 100-16601/lav

FD-302's setting forth results of interviews with CARLOS BRINGUIER and MIGUEL MARIANO CRUZ, who were arrested with OSWALD on August 9, 1963, have previously been furnished the Dallas Office.

Inserts setting forth the results of previous contacts with other Latin American Consulates at New Orleans have previously been furnished the Dallas Office.

Information which had previously been furnished by DEAN ANDREWS which formed the basis for recontact with ANDREWS and others and which is set forth in this report have previously been furnished to Dallas by FD 302s.

Inquiries regarding FRED L. BEARD which are set forth in this report were conducted as a result of San Antonio teletype to the Director, SACS Dallas and New Orleans, dated December 2, 1963 at 2:00 PM and it is assumed that San Antonio submitted FD 302s and Dallas has included these FD 302s of an interview with RICHARD HOWELL PIERCE of Austin, Texas, in report form.

FD-204 (Rev. 8-8-62)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS
Date: December 6, 1963

Office: NEW ORLEANS

Field Office File No.: 100-16601

Bureau File No.: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA

Synopsis: Record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at Beauregard Junior High School, New Orleans, reflects attendance from 1/13/54 to 6/10/55. Cumulative record set forth. Former teachers at Beauregard Junior High School, New Orleans, advise they do not personally recall OSWALD. DEAN ANDREWS, New Orleans attorney, claimed contacted by CLAY BERTRAND while ANDREWS in hospital under heavy sedation, that BERTRAND wanted ANDREWS to represent OSWALD at OSWALD's trial in Dallas. ANDREWS subsequently advised that this contact by BERTRAND must have been dreamed by him while under heavy sedation. Male in photographs of OSWALD and CHARLES HALL STEELE, JR., possibly passing out FPCC handbills in front of International Trade Mart on 8/16/63, not identified. CELSO MACARIO HERNANDEZ, who was arrested by NOPD on 8/9/63 when he, CARLOS BRINGUIER and MIGUEL CRUZ became involved in an argument with OSWALD over OSWALD's handing out pamphlets, stated inasmuch as he could not speak English, he had no intelligible conversation with OSWALD. He recalled OSWALD wearing a placard around his waist on which was written "Viva Fidel". DAVID CHARLES MIEHER, JR., News Editor, Radio Station WJDX and WLBT-TV, Jackson, Mississippi, stated he has heard FRED L. BEARD, Manager of these stations, comment in reference to the KENNEDYS to the effect "the only way to get them out of office would be to kill them". MIEHER stated that BEARD has been very critical of the KENNEDYS but considered such comments to be BEARD's way of expressing BEARD's belief that the KENNEDYS would continue to be elected if they ran for office. He has never heard

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BEARD say that BEARD was going to kill any of the KENNEDYS or anyone else, and has never known BEARD to do anything physically violent or to threaten anyone with physical violence. Individuals at Jackson who know BEARD do not recall BEARD as ever being involved in any acts of physical violence, nor have they heard BEARD make any statement which would indicate that BEARD would participate or conspire with anyone to assassinate President KENNEDY or anyone else. Contacts at additional Latin American Consulates in New Orleans developed no information that OSWALD contacted these consulates.

-P-

EDUCATION

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

JOHN MARTIN, Principal, Beauregard Junior High School, 4621 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, made available 12 cards revealing official records of this Junior High School, which he said represented attendance and grading of LEE HARVEY OSWALD for an enrollment period of January 13, 1954 until June 10, 1955:

A review of the above-named record cards was made, and the following descriptive summary is set forth as a result of this review:

Louisiana

Science teacher, identified as R. BEAVER, recorded five days of absence during the session of 1953--54 and recorded a scholarship average for this subject of 74, which represented an average of the following academic grades awarded this student for this period: Report 3, 70; Report 4, 70; Report 5, 81; Report 6, 72. This office record form also revealed that this instructor commented as follows under a listed code for citizenship for OSWALD: "Class work poor," however, "General improvement," "Tests and examinations good," "Class work good."

Louisiana

Record card, executed by C. J. BREELAND, instructor of physical education for OSWALD, revealed that this student was absent five times during the session 1953--54 and was awarded a scholarship grade of 72, which represented an average of the following scholarship grades: Report 3, 70; Report 4, 75; Report 5, 70; Report 6, 75.

Louisiana

Instructor of English, A. R. MARTINEZ, recorded an evaluation of OSWALD, indicating five days absence for the student and the following scholarship grades earned during this period: Report 4, 78; Report 5, 60; Report 6, 82, which was averaged to a term grade of 73; and commented relative to his citizenship evaluation: "Capable of better work." This card indicated the session of 1953--54.

Louisiana

Record card, New Orleans Public School, executed for the student OSWALD, by social studies instructor, EVELYN MARCOTTE, revealed four days of absence during the session 1953-54; and a term grade of 70, representing an average of the following grades: Report 4, 65; Report 5, 70;

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 100-16601

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :jas Date dictated 12/5/63

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Report 6, 75, with an added notation relative to this student's citizenship: "Tests and examination poor," and "Capable of better work."

Record card, New Orleans Public School, executed by mathematics instructor, MARY BELLOTT, for OSWALD during the session 1953-54, revealed four days of absence for this student and a term grade of 70, arrived at through an average of the grades: Report 4, 65; Report 5, 70; Report 6, 80, as well as the following citizenship comments pertaining to this student: "Homework carelessly done," "Tests and examinations poor," and "Capable of better work." This card indicated a session of 1953--54.

Industrial Arts instructor, FRED W. BREEDLONY, Louisiana executed record card for OSWALD, indicating five absences and a term grade of 78, representing an average of the following grades: Report 4, 70; Report 5, 80; Report 6, 85; also revealing a comment of "Capable of better work," under heading of "Citizenship." This card indicated session 53-54.

Record card, New Orleans Public Schools, executed by English 202 instructor, HELEN DUFOUR, for OSWALD for the session 1954-55, revealed five absences and a session average of 70, representing an approximation of the following earned grades: Report 1, 68; Report 2, 55; Report 3, 65; Report 4, 72; Report 5, 82; Report 6, 78. This card showed a session 54-55.

Record card, New Orleans Public Schools, executed by General Math instructor, MURIEL ROONEY, for OSWALD revealed nine absences and a session average of 75, representing scholarship grades as follows: Report 1, 70; Report 2, 65; Report 3, 65; Report 4, 70; Report 5, 75; Report 6, 70, for session 54-55.

Record card, New Orleans Public Schools, Louisiana executed by art instructor, JULIA SNIDER, for OSWALD revealed seven days absence and a session average of 80.8, representing an average of the following grades: Report 1, 85; Report 2, 76; Report 3, 80; Report 4, 90; Report 5, 75; Report 6, 80. It also revealed the following comments relative to OSWALD under the heading "Citizenship": "Capable of better work", however, "Class work good", and "Homework well done." The session was indicated as 1954--55.

Record Card, New Orleans Public Schools, executed by civics instructor, ADA CLARK, revealed seven days of absence for OSWALD and a session average of 83, representing an average of the following grades: Report 1, 85; Report 2, 70; Report 3, 90; Report 4, 90; Report 5, 75; Report 6, 80, for the session 1954--55.

Record card, New Orleans Public Schools, executed by science teachers R. BEAVER and DOROTHY BUSH, for the session 1954-55, revealed that OSWALD was absent five days and earned a citizenship average of 76, representing an average of the following grades: Report 1, 73; Report 2, 72; Report 3, 82; Report 4, 85; Report 5, 75; Report 6, 70.

Record Card, New Orleans Public Schools, executed by physical education instructor, ALFRED WALLER, for OSWALD revealed six absences and a session average of 78, representing an average of the following grades: Report 1, 75; Report 2, 75; Report 3, 75; Report 4, 80; Report 5, 80; Report 6, 80, for the session 1954--55.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/6/63

New Orleans, Louisiana

Assistant Principal WILFRED O'HEAD, Warren Easton High School, 3019 Canal Street, furnished the following information which he said was an interpretation of LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S individual profile chart for the Cooperative Achievement Test administered to him during October, 1954 by a Mr. LANGFORD, named by HEAD as a former instructor of Beauregard Junior High School, no longer teaching in the New Orleans school system.

HEAD said that normally a student taking this test would exhibit scores in the four test areas of English, Reading, Mathematics, and Vocabulary but explained that in the case of OSWALD, no indication was available that he had taken the English portion of this test. He listed OSWALD'S numerical score ratings as 49 in Reading, as 43 in Mathematics, and as 48 in Vocabulary and offered the following interpretation set out below:

He advised that this particular test had been given to thousands of students in Louisiana and to millions of students on a national level and rated OSWALD'S performance in terms of a percentile scale for the local area of Louisiana in which the test was taken. He stated that when compared with a "local norm" average, OSWALD'S score of 49 in Reading ranked in the 88th percentile, that his score of 43 in Mathematics ranked in the 50th percentile, and that his score of 48 in Vocabulary ranked in the 82nd percentile.

HEAD stated that when these scores were rated in terms of a "national norm" that OSWALD'S score of 49 in Reading ranked in the 86th percentile, that his score of 43 in Mathematics ranked in the 26th percentile, and that his score of 48 in Vocabulary ranked in the 84th percentile.

On 12/6/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 100-16601

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK/bda Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

Assistant Principal WILFRED O. HEAD, Warren Easton High School, 3019 Canal Street, made available to the FBI an entire cumulative record for LEE HARVEY OSWALD revealing his attendance at Beauregard Junior High School from January 13, 1954, until June 10, 1955, as well as for attendance at Warren Easton High School from September 9, 1954, until October 14, 1955, in order that Photostats might be made for use by the FBI. A review of the complete contents of this cumulative record was made, and the following descriptive summary inventory set out below resulted from that review:

One Cumulative Record

It is noted that while one side of this record indicates grades received by OSWALD while in attendance during 8th and 9th grades at Beauregard Junior High School, the reverse of this record bears a notation "incomplete" revealing that this student left Warren Easton High School before the end of the session when grades are regularly awarded. This record lists personal descriptive information as well as the transfer of this student on September 18, 1956, to Arlington Heights Junior High School, Fort Worth, Texas.

It is noted that the following identifying data appears on this record:

Mrs. M. Ebanks

Pupil	LEE OSWALD
Date of birth	October 18, 1939
Name of Parents	MARGARITE OSWALD
Address	509 French Street
Last School	P. S. 44, Byron Junior High, New York, N. Y.

Texas

Mrs. Robert Edward Ebanks

Under a heading "Register of Attendance" it is noted that during the 1953-54 session this student attended the 8th grade at Beauregard School, and during the 1954-55 session he attended the 9th grade at this school

On 12/5,7/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 100-16601

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK:jas/cjo 8 Date dictated 12/5/63

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The following is set forth as a summary inventory of numerical academic averages earned for the periods indicated:

1953-54 - REPORT 1

General Science	70
Physical Education	70

1953-54 - REPORT 2

English	73
Social Studies	70
General Math	70
General Science	70
Industrial Arts	78
Physical Education	73

1953-54 - REPORT 3

English	73
Social Studies	70
General Math	70
General Science	74
Industrial Arts	78

1954-55 - REPORT 4

English	62
Civics	82
General Math	77
General Science	75.6
Art	80
Physical Education	75

1954-55 - REPORT 5

English	77.3
Civics	84
General Math	72
General Science	77
Art	81.6
Physical Education	80

1954-55 - REPORT 6

English	70
Civics	83
General Math	75
General Science	76
Art	80.8
Physical Education	78

Under a general attendance grouping the following attendance for this student at Beauregard was noted:

1953-54 - REPORT 1

Absent	1
Tardy	0
"Re ad"	89

1953-54 - REPORT 2

Absent	4
Tardy	0
"Re ad"	90

1953-54 - REPORT 3

Absent	6
Tardy	0
"Re ad"	179

1954-55 - REPORT 6

Absent	12
Tardy	No notation
"Re ad"	168

It is noted that on December 7, 1963, HEAD explained that the abbreviation "Re ad" regularly represented "Re Admitted" and added that his interpretation of the numbers set forth opposite this abbreviation would represent a total listing of the school days for a given school year. He further stated

that regularly 180 days appear in the school year and it was a state law that a number of school days in any given year must not fall below 170. HEAD stated that therefore the numbers listed opposite this abbreviation indicated the number of school days that OSWALD attended for a given school year.

It is also noted that under a heading marked "Total Units", a notation appears for 1953-54, Report 3 of P/71.8. On December 7, 1963, HEAD interpreted the letter "P" to mean that a posting had occurred and that the notation of 71.8 total units represented a numerical academic average for OSWALD covering the period for this student at Beauregard Junior High School from January 13, 1954, until the end of the academic year 1953-54.

It was noted that the reverse side of this Cumulative Record referred to above bears a notation "incomplete" relative to OSWALD's studies at Warren Easton High School; however, the following identifying data appears on this record in the space allotted for "High School Record":

Pupil	LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Date of birth	October 18, 1939
Name of Parents	MARGARET OSWALD
Address	126 Exchange Place
Last School	Beauregard

It was further noted that this cumulative record for OSWALD indicates that he was originally admitted to Warren Easton High School on September 8, 1955, and left on October 14, 1956. It is observed that this notation was interpreted on December 5, 1963, by Assistant Principal HEAD as being "incomplete" and at this time HEAD stated that the notation should have been "October 14, 1955."

One letter dated October 7, 1955, signed Mrs. M. Oswald

It is noted that this letter appears as follows: "To whom it may concern; Becaus we are moving to San Diego in the middle of this month Lee must quit school now. So, please send by him any papers such as his birth certificate that you may have. thank you. Sincerely". A notation appears at the bottom of this letter, "AHH" and "Kreeger's".

A small card bearing the initials "AHH" and dated November 2, 1955, clipped to this letter indicates as follows: "Please put in Lee Oswald's folder (left). Nov. 2, 1955."

One 8th Grade Rating Card for Studies "Reading", "Mathematics" and "English"

It is noted that this card reveals a rating of "poor" for OSWALD's work in mathematics and English during the eighth grade.

One Cooperative Achievement Test Individual Profile Chart (Form 1-STWS)

It is noted that this form reflects scores made by OSWALD on a Cooperative Achievement Test administered by a Mr. LANSFORD during October, 1954. For information on December 5, 1963, HEAD stated that a Mr. LANSFORD was formerly an instructor at Beauregard Junior High School but was no longer teaching in the New Orleans School System. It was further noted that numerical grades were circled as follows on this form:

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NO 100-16601
JRP/jas:gas

Occupation	Store Manager
Name of Guardian	MARGRET OSWALD, 126 Exchange Place
Occupation	Store Manager

Under appropriately listed headings the writer of this sheet indicated that he had worked as a retail shoe salesman for a duration of ten weeks for one M~~Y~~ GOODMAN. He further indicated that he liked the subjects civics, science, and mathematics best and liked the subjects of English and art least. He indicated that his first vocational choice was biology and second was mechanical drawing. He indicated that after completing high school he intended to enter military service but likewise indicated "undecided". He stated his general health was good, although he observed that his ear drum in his left ear was abnormal. He listed his recreational activities as reading and out-door sports and further listed a specific interest in football.

No Loc

One Blank Elementary Cumulative Folder

One Guidance Record Manila type folder)

It is noted that grades awarded OSWALD are recorded on this record from Beauregard Junior High School, but no grades appear as having been earned at Warren Easton High School.

On one side of this folder the date of entrance of LEE HARVEY OSWALD into Beauregard School was listed as September 7, 1954, and a hand-written notation bearing the name "L. D. ~~L~~ANSFORD" as the person making entries is set forth, with the following numerical academic averages for the subject's mentioned:

Louisiana

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NO 100-16601
JRP/jas:gas

FIRST SESSION - 1954-55

English	68	- 62 average
Civics	85	- 82 average
General Math	70	- 77 average
General Science	73	- 75.6 average
Art	85	- 80 average
Physical Education	75	- 75 average

It is noted that during this first session OSWALD was absent five days.

SECOND SESSION - 1954-55

English	72	- 77.3/70 average
Civics	90	- 84/83 average
General Math	70	- 72/75 average
Art	90	- 81.6/80.8 average
Physical Education	80	- 80/78 average

It was noted that during the second session OSWALD was absent four days and a total number of absences for the school year 1954-55 is indicated by the number 9.

On December 7, 1963, HEAD stated for information that OSWALD was awarded 5½ points and explained that these points were equivalent to credit units and added that in order for a student in a Louisiana high school to graduate from high school, 17 credit units were needed. He stated that the notation 5½ on this record showed that when OSWALD entered Warren Easton High School he had accumulated this amount of credit units, and further explained for information that all students entering this high school after completing the ninth grade in another New Orleans school usually have accumulated 4½ to 5½ credit units.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

New Orleans
Louisiana

Miss MURIEL ROONEY, Home address 6237 London Drive, was contacted at Beauregard High School, 4621 Canal Street, and after being advised of agents identity furnished the following voluntary information:

ROONEY stated that although school records indicated that she taught LEE HARVEY OSWALD, General Math during the school term of 1954 - 1955, that she could not recall OSWALD as a pupil in her class. She stated that after the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY it was brought to her attention by other school instructors at Beauregard Junior High School of OSWALD's attendance at the school. She stated other than this she could not furnish any other information regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69
DALLAS 89-43

by SA WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH /dc Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

Mrs. MARY HOFFMAN ELLOTT, residence 832 City Park Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, was contacted at Beauregard Junior High School, 4621 Canal Street, and advised that she has been a teacher at this school for more than 11 years. She stated that following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, at Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963, when the face of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was widely displayed through newspaper and television coverage, she remembered the name of OSWALD as having at one time been a student in one of her classes, at this school, although she stated she did not remember instructing this student, nor did she remember seeing his face around the school.

She stated that Mr. JOHN MARTIN, Principal of this school had informed her that during the academic term beginning in September, 1954 and ending in June, 1955, OSWALD had been a student in her mathematics class and she recalled advising MARTIN similarly as set out above.

She stated that she was unable to furnish any information relative to this student's attitudes, friends, academic ability, general demeanor or school conduct and added that she could only advise that all she could recall from an association with the student by the name of OSWALD was that this person had done satisfactory work in his studies.

She stated she could furnish no additional information.

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK/mh Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

Mrs. BAUER E. (HELEN) DUFOUR, residence 6018 Colbert Avenue, New Orleans, teacher, Beauregard Junior High School, 4621 Canal Street, was interviewed at this high school and advised that she has been associated with this school since 1952 and regularly instructed students in English studies.

She stated that she was somewhat surprised to be informed recently by the principal of this school, Mr. JOHN MARTIN that a review of his records revealed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had attended her English classes from September, 1954 until June, 1955, and she explained she was at a loss to explain that she had no recollection of either the name OSWALD or identification of his facial characteristics, from representations of his photographs through news coverage with any person who attended this school.

She stated that MARTIN had informed her that this student attended her classes. She stated that she had no reason to doubt the truth of this fact, but explained for information that undoubtedly this student had not called attention to himself by being a disciplinary problem and neither had he distinguished himself in his academic studies.

She stated that of the many students instructed over her 33 year teaching career in New Orleans Public Schools, she was able to recall thousands of children instructed, although she added, in this case she was unable to furnish any information whatever.

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /mah Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-69)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

Mrs. DOROTHY BUSH, home address 4421, South Johnson Street, was contacted at Beauregard Junior High School, 4621 Canal Street and after being advised of agents identity, furnished the following voluntary information:

Algiers Louisiana

BUSH advised that although school records indicate that she taught LEE HARVEY OSWALD Science during the school term of 1954 - 1955, that she personally does not recall OSWALD as a pupil of her Science class. She stated that as best as she can recall on one occasion OSWALD may have done some sort of art work in regards to a class project but she is not positive of this. She stated that other than this she could furnish no additional information regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69
DALLAS 89-43

by SA WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH /dc Date dictated 12/5/63

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NO 100-16601/lav

RE: CLAY BERTRAND Louisiana

Homosexual

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

DEAN ANDREWS, Attorney at Law, Room 628, Maison Blanche Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he returned to work December 2, 1963, after being seriously ill at Hotel Dieu Hospital, New Orleans, Louisiana. He advised that he had been hospitalized with pneumonia November 20 through 29, 1963, and during the time he was in the hospital he was under heavy sedation.

Mr. ANDREWS advised that on the night of November 23, 1963, between the hours of 6 and 9 p.m. he was awakened by the telephone in his room at Hotel Dieu. He advised he answered this telephone from a sound sleep and an individual who advised his name was CLAY BERTRAND asked him if he would be interested in defending LEE HARVEY OSWALD on the charge of murder of President KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas.

Mr. ANDREWS advised that he told the individual who called him that he would give consideration to defending OSWALD and that BERTRAND told him on the telephone that he would call him back. ANDREWS advised that BERTRAND has never called him back. ANDREWS advised that he was not furnished a telephone number where he could reach BERTRAND or any other identifying information other than the name CLAY BERTRAND. ANDREWS stated that the name CLAY BERTRAND seemed familiar to him and so did the voice.

ANDREWS stated that since he has returned to his office and has been attempting to recall this telephone conversation, "It seems like a dream to him". ANDREWS stated that the principal reasons why he feels that the telephone call was not a dream was because of the action he took in contacting Mr. SAM "MONK" ZELDEN, President of Louisiana the New Orleans Criminal Bar Association and a close personal friend on Sunday, November 24, 1963 by telephone, reaching him at the New Orleans Athletic Club and discussing with him the propriety of defending OSWALD and asking ZELDEN if he would be interested in assisting in the defense. ANDREWS recalls this call and further recalls that it was

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA REGIS L. KENNEDY and

by SA REED W. JENSEN :gas Date dictated 12/3/63

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Attorney ZELDEN who told him that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been shot and that this news had just come over the television station.

ANDREWS advised that in addition to talking with ZELDEN, he had discussed receiving this call from CLAY BERTRAND with his investigator, Sergeant R. M. DAVIS, United States Army Retired, and his secretary, EVA SPRINGER, as well as his wife. ANDREWS stated he could not pin point the time he discussed this call with DAVIS or his wife and secretary.

Mr. ANDREWS advised that he has no recollection of calling the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the United States Secret Service on November 25, 1963, but he does recall being interviewed by both representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the United States Secret Service. He advised that he was under heavy sedation at the time of these interviews and was a very sick man.

Mr. ANDREWS advised that he recalled LEE HARVEY OSWALD coming to his office on three to five occasions on or about the last week of June, 1963, and speaking with him regarding the possibility of ANDREWS assisting him in correcting a Bad Discharge from the United States Marine Corps. OSWALD was also interested in determining his status as a citizen of the United States and determining whether he had disavowed his citizenship in Russia.. He was also interested in the immigration status of his wife in the United States. ANDREWS advised that OSWALD arrived at his office late in the evening after 5 p.m. and before 6 p.m. and as a result his secretary had left and there was no record made of his visit in the appointment book and he, ANDREWS, made no file on OSWALD's visit.

ANDREWS advised that OSWALD on the first occasion that he entered his office arrived at the same time as four other individuals whom he recalls as "gay kids", that is, French Quarter sex deviates. ANDREWS advised that he did not

recall who these individuals were, what connection they had with OSWALD, or any information why they were all in the office at the same time. On another occasion ANDREWS advised that he recalls OSWALD entering the office at the same time a Mexican looking youth, who appeared to him to be "gay", entered the office. This Mexican youth had a "butch hair cut" which is a very short hair cut and while OSWALD was speaking with ANDREWS, he remained in the outer office. ANDREWS advised that he did not know this Mexican looking youth and has not seen or heard of him since this visit from OSWALD and could not identify him even if he should see him again.

Mr. ANDREWS advised that OSWALD was to bring to his office copies of his discharge from the United States Marine Corps, a record of his serial number and any other papers he had as well as the necessary expense money to enable him (as OSWALD's attorney) to write to obtain the necessary records. ANDREWS advised that OSWALD never brought the records or the necessary money to pay for obtaining a copy of the records and therefore no action was taken by him.

ANDREWS advised that OSWALD came to his, ANDREWS', office the last time approximately July 9, 1963. ANDREWS stated that nothing of importance was discussed and OSWALD did not bring his necessary records and did not bring necessary funds to enable him, ANDREWS, to take any action for OSWALD. ANDREWS stated that he next observed OSWALD on Canal Street several weeks or a month later near the Maison Blanche Building passing out some "Friends of Cuba Literature". ANDREWS stated that he stopped and spoke to OSWALD and told him he "must be crazy" to be passing out this literature. ANDREWS said he also asked him in "jive talk" when was he going to bring him the bread or in normal English, when was he going to bring the money to finance his case. ANDREWS

advised that OSWALD could "really dig hep cat talk", that is understand jive talk or the slang expressions used among the sex deviates of the French Quarter. ANDREWS advised that OSWALD indicated that he did not have the money to pay the expenses for the obtaining of his military record and made a remark that passing out these handbills "was a job". ANDREWS stated that at no time did OSWALD indicate for whom he was working or indicate that he was being paid to pass out "Friends of Cuba Literature".

ANDREWS advised that this meeting on Canal Street was the last time he saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but from some source he learned that OSWALD had been arrested for getting into a fight. He advised that he did not represent OSWALD in court.

ANDREWS advised that he has carefully searched the various files and records of his office in an effort to identify CLAY BERTRAND and he has been unable to do so. He stated that he has every reason to believe that he has met CLAY BERTRAND before and the name seems to be familiar to him but to date he has been unable to identify CLAY BERTRAND as being identical with any individual he knows. ANDREWS advised that he would make every effort to identify CLAY BERTRAND by searching his memory and files of his office.

ANDREWS advised that he had reviewed a series of still photographs taken from film photographed by WDSU cameraman of LEE HARVEY OSWALD passing out literature in front of the International Trade Mart and in one corner of the photograph shown him by the Secret Service was a picture of CLEMENCIA ALMEIDA, 929 Gravier Street, New Orleans, employed by M. L. QUEEN, 338 International Trade Mart, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephone 523-6995, who is a client of his. ANDREWS advised that none of the other people in these photographs were identical with CLAY BERTRAND and he does not know any of the people in the photographs except OSWALD whom he immediately recognized.

Mr. ANDREWS repeated at the conclusion of the interview that this entire incident could have been dreamed by him in view of the physical condition he was in at the time. He stated however, that he believes he did received a call from an individual that he recalls as CLAY BERTRAND and he feels he will be able to identify CLAY BERTRAND either from material that is in his files or recognize him.

Mr. ANDREWS stated that he has a mental picture of CLAY BERTRAND as being approximately 6'1" to 6'2", brown hair, excellent appearance, well dressed and although a homosexual is not obvious and probably has a good job in the city. ANDREWS stated that this is a mental picture and he cannot in any way recall where the description came from or how he recalls BERTRAND.

Mr. ANDREWS stated that the telephone call he received was in his opinion a local call. He advised he could not determine how the caller was able to locate him at the Hotel Dieu Hospital. He stated that his residence telephone is unlisted and his office was closed on Friday and Saturday, November 22 and 23, 1963. ANDREWS stated he does not have an answering service. ANDREWS advised that prior to entering the hospital it was necessary that he postpone several cases and notify his clients that he was in the hospital and this is the only way that the individual using the name CLAY BERTRAND could have learned that he was in room 202 of Hotel Dieu Hospital.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

Dr. J. D. ANDREWS, ~~Hotel Dieu~~ Louisiana Hospital, advised that he treated Mr. DEAN ANDREWS at the hospital from November 20, 1963 until he was discharged on November 29, 1963, and recalls that Mr. ANDREWS was kept under heavy sedation for the first four days at the hospital and did not believe Mr. ANDREWS was capable of using the telephone during that time.

Dr. ANDREWS telephonically gave authority to the Hospital Librarian to furnish information to the FBI from Mr. ANDREWS' records.

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA RICHARD BUCARO :lav Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

Mrs. THELMA MASSARINI, Medical Records Librarian, Hotel Dieu Hospital, advised that hospital records of Mr. DEAN ANDREWS shows he was there from November 20, 1963 to November 29, 1963, and on November 23, 1963, at 6:00 PM was treated with nose drops and cough medicine. At 8:00 PM he received sedation in the form of phenobarbitol and at that time Mr. ANDREWS complained of pains in the chest. At 9:00 PM he was given anti-biotics. At 10:00 PM, the chart shows he was quiet again.

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On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA RICHARD BUCARO :lav Date dictated 12/5/63

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NO 89-69/lav

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA:

On December 5, 1963, Miss BETTY ENGELBRECHT, New Orleans Retailers' Credit Bureau, Inc., advised SA RICHARD BUCARO that she was unable to locate any record identifiable with CLAY BERTRAND or BERTRAM.

On December 5, 1963, Mrs. MARCELLE MADDEN, Clerk, Bureau of Identification and Sergeant FREDERICK SOULE, Commander, Vice Squad, New Orleans Police Department, searched their records and advised SA RICHARD BUCARO that they were unable to locate any record identifiable with CLAY BERTRAND or BERTRAM.

The current telephone and city directories at New Orleans shows no listing for CLAY BERTRAND or BERTRAM.

On December 5, 1963, NO T-1 advised that he never heard of anyone by the description and name of CLAY BERTRAND or BERTRAM.

NO 89-69/sab
LGD:sab

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Mr. ARTURO ~~MENDEZ~~ RODRIGUEZ, 323 Marais Street, Apartment U, New Orleans, Louisiana, who is employed by the Wm. B. Reily and Company, Inc., as an oiler, advised SA LESTER G. DAVIS on December 5, 1963, that he did not at any time accompany LEE HARVEY OSWALD to any office building in New Orleans or to the office of any attorney in New Orleans or elsewhere. He stated that he positively has never been with LEE HARVEY OSWALD away from the building in which the Wm. B. Reily and Company, Inc., is located.

Mr. RODRIGUEZ also advised that he did not know an attorney named DEAN ANDREWS and has never been to Mr. ANDREWS' office.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

1

DEAN ANDREWS, Attorney at Law, 628 Maison Blanche Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that since he returned to his office after a serious illness on December 2, 1963, he has made a serious and conscientious effort to recall and establish as facts, the information he reported on November 25, 1963. ANDREWS stated that he realizes the serious physical condition he was in while he was confined in the hospital and has verified from his physician that he was under extremely heavy sedation for the first four days he was in the hospital, that is from November 20 to November 24, 1963. ANDREWS advised he has talked with his secretary, EVA SPRINGER and his investigator, Sergeant R. M. DAVIS, United States Army, retired, and he has determined that there are a number of variances in his independent recollection of incidents that happened and incidents recalled by his employees.

ANDREWS stated that while confined in Room 202, Hotel Dieu Hospital, it was his recollection he received a telephone call between 6:00 and 9:00 PM, November 23, 1963. His secretary, EVA SPRINGER has stated to him that ANDREWS called her Saturday, November 23, 1963 shortly after 4:00 PM and told her that he was going to represent LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Dallas. His secretary asked him who had contacted him and he said BERTRAND, using no first name or other identification. Miss SPRINGER terminated the conversation at this time by saying she would not go to Dallas with him.

ANDREWS stated he has no recollection of this telephone conversation, cannot understand why he called his secretary and is unable to account for the name BERTRAND in this conversation. He particularly pointed out that he did not mention the first name to his secretary.

ANDREWS advised that when he realized he was in error as to his recollection of the time of the call, he tried to reconstruct the events of November 23, 1963 but could not recall anyone visiting him or being in his room during the afternoon of November 23, 1963. He advised that if the call was received before 4:00 PM, November 23, 1963, it

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 100-16601

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY :lav Date dictated 12/6/63

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would have had to have been received after the lunch meal as he seems to recall that his tray was near him when he received the call.

Mr. ANDREWS stated that Sergeant R. M. DAVIS has told him that DAVIS visited him, DEAN ANDREWS, on the afternoon of November 23, 1963 from approximately noon to 3:30 PM or 4:00 PM. During this period DAVIS told ANDREWS that he, ANDREWS, did not receive a call and mentioned nothing to him, DAVIS, about representing OSWALD. Sergeant DAVIS advised ANDREWS that ANDREWS was asleep and awake at various intervals during this visit and he was particularly concerned about the progress of his, ANDREWS', political campaign for a judgeship in Jefferson Parish, during his visit.

ANDREWS advised that he talked to his secretary, who told him the only name he mentioned on November 23, 1963 was BERTRAND. . ANDREWS advised that his investigator, Sergeant DAVIS, recalls that on Sunday, November 24, 1963, ANDREWS asked him about CLAY BERTRAND and told him that CLAY BERTRAND had contacted him to represent OSWALD. ANDREWS asked DAVIS if he recalled BERTRAND, which he did not, but ANDREWS indicated that he knew this individual well. ANDREWS advised that he does not recall this conversation with Sergeant DAVIS and could not recall where he had picked up the name CLAY BERTRAND.

ANDREWS advised that the first independent recollection he has in the hospital was in the evening of November 23, 1963, when he recalls watching a TV program reflecting the life of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in New Orleans, Louisiana. He recalls this program and recalls OSWALD as an individual that had contacted him previously for legal advice.

ANDREWS advised that each Sunday, it is his habit to take his son to the New Orleans Athletics Club where he joins with SAM "MONK" ZELDEN, and his boy in a game of handball. ANDREWS advised that on the morning of November 24,

1963, he recalls calling ZELDEN and asking him to help defend OSWALD. He advised he knew where to call ZELDEN but states that the details of the conversation with ZELDEN , which formerly seemed so clear, are now very hazy and have only been refreshed by his conversation with ZELDEN.

ANDREWS advised that he has been told by Sergeant DAVIS that on November 24, 1963, he called a TV station and told the TV station he wanted to issue a statement and on November 25, 1963, a TV reporter came to the hospital, but he was too ill to see him. ANDREWS advised that he has no recollection of calling the TV station and states that if he did such a thing he was "obviously out of his mind" as he is well aware that he did not have a firm commitment to represent OSWALD. Furthermore, he is a candidate for position of judge in Jefferson Parish and such an announcement on the eve of election, which will be held December 7, 1963, would be equivalent to abandoning the election.

ANDREWS stated that on November 25, 1963, when he furnished information to both the FBI and the Secret Service, that he had been contacted by CLAY BERTRAND, he was positive he knew this individual and positive that he had his name in his records in his office. He advised that after a careful and extensive search of his files he has been unable to locate the name CLAY BERTRAND or anything similar to it in any of his files. ANDREWS stated with regard to the alleged telephone call that he thought he received, it is now obvious to him that the basic details which he would have immediately determined, are not present in the conversation. That is, what authority did BERTRAND have to commit OSWALD as a client, who referred BERTRAND to him, who would handle the finances for the defense, when would he personally see BERTRAND, how could he get in touch with BERTRAND and further that he could locate no notes of this call in his hospital room.

ANDREWS advised that he never calls his secretary, EVA SPRINGER, at home and the fact that he called her is a very unusual incident.

ANDREWS advised that his physician has confirmed to him that he was a very sick man and under extremely heavy sedation and in fact, told him that he was not physically able to use the telephone.

ANDREWS advised that he recalls on November 25, 1963, discussing OSWALD and his possible ability to have actually fired the shots from a bolt action rifle and he recalls claiming to Sergeant DAVIS that OSWALD did not have the ability or "guts" to have actually fired these shots in 3½ seconds as related by a newsman.

ANDREWS advised that based on the discrepancy between his memory and facts as related to him by his employees and further, the fact that he cannot identify CLAY BERTRAND, he can reach only one conclusion, that is, that the call received by him while in Hotel Dieu Hospital under sedation, was a figment of his imagination.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

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Sergeant R. M. DAVIS, United States Army, retired, employed by Attorney at Law DEAN ANDREWS, Room 628 Maison Blanche Building, advised that his employer was positive that a person named CLAY BERTRAND had called him on the telephone and asked him to represent LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Dallas, Texas prior to December 3, 1963. He advised that he and ANDREWS have spent hours looking through files and discussing with each other and with ANDREWS' secretary, EVA SPRINGER, the various aspects of the call received from CLAY BERTRAND and he has no doubt that ANDREWS is now convinced that the call he received at the hospital was a dream.

DAVIS advised that he was at the hospital most of the afternoon of November 23, 1963, leaving sometime between 3:30 PM and 4:00 PM and ANDREWS did not receive a call during this time. The first occasion that ANDREWS mentioned CLAY BERTRAND to him was on Sunday, November 24, 1963. DAVIS was under the impression at this time that BERTRAND was well known to ANDREWS.

On the afternoon of November 23, 1963, ANDREWS was periodically asleep and awake, but did not want him, DAVIS, to leave and this is the reason why he remained all afternoon. The chief topic of discussion during this visit was the progress of ANDREWS' political campaign for election as a judge in Jefferson Parish.

On November 25, 1963, Sergeant DAVIS stated that when he visited DEAN ANDREWS, he was very much upset over a news item that ANDREWS had received over the TV set in his room at Hotel Dieu Hospital that OSWALD had fired three shots at the President of the United States from a bolt action rifle within three seconds. ANDREWS insisted that this could not be done and wanted to call the FBI and the Secret Service and furnish these agencies with his opinion. Sergeant DAVIS advised he talked ANDREWS out of this action and left the hospital.

Sergeant DAVIS advised that he has extensively searched ANDREWS' office for information which would identify

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 100-16601

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY:lav 34 Date dictated 12/6/63

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CLAY BERTRAND and has been unsuccessful in locating any record.

Sergeant DAVIS advised that he recalls in June, 1963, exact date unrecalled, ANDREWS discussed with him the procedure to amend or correct an undesirable discharge from the Marine Corps.

DAVIS advised that he cannot positively state that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was ever in ANDREWS' office, but after viewing numerous photographs of OSWALD on various TV programs, can state that he is vaguely familiar and may have visited ANDREWS' office. In addition, he can recall ANDREWS mentioning to him on various occasions that an individual named OSWALD had been to ANDREWS' office.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

1

EVA SPRINGER, secretary to Attorney at Law DEAN ANDREWS, Room 628 Maison Blanche Building, advised that her employer DEAN ANDREWS, never calls her at home. She stated that on November 23, 1963, he called her at approximately 4:00 PM and told her that he was representing LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Dallas, Texas. She recalled that her only comment was that she was not going to Dallas with him and she wanted nothing to do with the case and asked ANDREWS who had hired him. She advised that ANDREWS told her it was BERTRAND, no first name given. She advised that this name did not mean anything to her and the conversation was terminated. She can fix the time as being approximately 4:00 PM as she had just returned from the grocery store doing her grocery shopping for the weekend. Her last contact with ANDREWS was on Monday, November 25, 1963, about noon time, when ANDREWS called her and asked her to locate any records in the office on CLAY BERTRAND. She advised that since November 25, 1963, she has been searching ANDREWS' office for a record of CLAY BERTRAND and has been unable to locate this name. She advised that CLAY BERTRAND is not known to her.

EVA SPRINGER advised she does not recall LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a client of DEAN ANDREWS and has no record of him at the office. She recalls ANDREWS speaking to her briefly about someone being interested in changing a discharge from the Marine Corps but is unable to associate this conversation with any recollection of OSWALD. She states she leaves the office usually at 5:00 PM and never recalled OSWALD coming to the office.

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by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY:lav 36 Date dictated 12/6/63

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NO 100-16601

Investigation has determined that on August 16, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD and CHARLES HALL STEELE, JR., were handing out FPCC handbills in front of the International Trade Mart, New Orleans, and that a third individual may have been handing out handbills with them.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

Statement

Louisiana

Mr. L. [illegible]BRIGHT, owner of the New Orleans Printing Company, 811 Camp Street, was recontacted at which time he stated that the two men who had come into his shop several months ago and were highly insensed by OSWALD's passing out literature in front of the International Trade Mart might not have been RAFAEL(LNU) and ROBERTO MARTINEZ MARTINEZ. He said from his recollection he thought the above two men were the men who had come into his shop but he said he sees so many Cubans and Spanish speaking men who are referred to him by the Ozanam Inn, 829 Camp Street, because they cannot speak English, he cannot keep them straight in his mind and he said he may have made a mistake. He said he could suggest no other possibilities as to the identity of the two men who had come into his shop and told him about OSWALD passing out literature in front of the International Trade Mart.

NO 89-69

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # DALLAS 89-43

by SA'S DONALD C. STEINMEYER & RICHARD E. LOGAN /dc Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

Father ANTHONY, Ozanam Inn, 829 Camp Street, advised on December 5, 1963 that he knew a Cuban mulatto named RAFAEL HUGO FROMETA who came from New York, he thought, and who was a longshoreman and seaman. He said FROMETA was the RAFAEL referred to by Mr. L. BRIGHT of the New Orleans Printing Company because he said he had discussed this matter with BRIGHT. Father ANTHONY said FROMETA always stayed at the Ozanam Inn when he was in New Orleans and said that his records indicated that FROMETA left on May 26, 1963 after saying he was to sail on a ship to Japan. FROMETA returned to New Orleans on October 16, 1963 and on the 16th and 17th of October stayed at the Ozanam Inn. Father ANTHONY said FROMETA had indicated to him that he had a job on some ship in Mobile, Alabama. Father ANTHONY said he had no idea where FROMETA could be at the present time, but said in view of the fact that FROMETA stays at the Ozanam Inn when he is in town, he would not have seen OSWALD at the International Trade Mart as the record shows FROMETA was not at the Ozanam Inn during the time OSWALD was passing out literature at the Trade Mart.

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69
DALLAS 89-43

by SA DONALD C. STEINMEYER & SA RICHARD E. LOGAN /dc Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

ROBERTO MARTINEZ MARTINEZ, 3122 Magazine Street, New Orleans Louisiana Telephone Number 895-1207, advised that he did not observe HARVEY LEE OSWALD passing out literature in front of the International Trade Mart at anytime. He said if he had seen anyone passing out pro-CASTRO literature he would most certainly have remembered it. MARTINEZ said he had never heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD until after President KENNEDY had been shot and a picture of OSWALD was shown on TV. MARTINEZ said he knew a RAFAEL (LNU) who was a Cuban mulatto and who had gone with him 5 or 6 months ago to see a Mr. L. BRIGHT, who owns a print shop at 811 Camp Street New Orleans. MARTINEZ said he did not know RAFAEL's last name and had not seen him for several months and had no idea where he presently was. MARTINEZ said RAFAEL was a seaman and longshoreman.

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On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DALLAS 89-43

by SA'S DONALD C. STEINMEYER & RICHARD E. LOGAN /dc Date dictated 12/5/63

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NO 89-69/dc

The following investigation was conducted by SA DONALD C. STEINMEYER and RICHARD E. LOGAN at New Orleans on December 5, 1963:

Photographs taken of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and CHARLES H. STEELE, JR. passing out handbills in front of International Trade Mart, New Orleans, on August 16, 1963 were shown to the following persons in an effort to identify an unknown third person who also appeared to have handbills in his hand. It is noted that at the time STEELE was interviewed he advised that an unknown third party was also passing out handbills.

ORESTES PENA, Owner, Habana Bar, 117 Decatur, said the unidentified male with an X over his head on the photograph showing OSWALD passing out handbills at the International Trade Mart was unknown to him but looked a little like a Cuban who was frequently at the Boom Boom Room at 6235 Claiborne and who is possibly a boy friend of the piano player at the Boom Boom Room.

The following persons associated with the Boom Boom Room, 6235 Claiborne, advised that no one they knew, nor any of the patrons at the Boom Boom Room, including the boy friend of the piano player was identical with the unidentified male with the X over his head in the photograph showing OSWALD passing out handbills at the International Trade Mart:

WARREN TOLEDANO
Caretaker who is generally on the premises of Boom Boom Room

MURRAY SOLO
Owner, Boom Boom Room

RUBEN GONZALEZ
Bartender, Boom Boom Room

NANCY GONZALEZ
Wife of Bartender, Boom Boom Room

The above persons said they all knew the boy friend of the piano player at the Boom Boom Room and stated that he was definitely not the unidentified male in the photographs they looked at.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

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JESSE R. CORE, III, Public Relations Director, Jesse R. Core Public Relations, International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, residence - 3022 St. Charles Avenue, was recontacted and advised that, relative to the activity of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, at the International Trade Mart, New Orleans, Louisiana, on August 16, 1963, he stated that he was not aware of the name of the individual passing out handbills on this occasion until after November 22, 1963, when the picture of OSWALD was displayed widely through television and newspaper coverage, at which time he recognized the individual who passed out handbills at the International Trade Mart as identical with OSWALD.

He stated that he was aware of one other individual who assisted OSWALD in passing out handbills on this occasion but added that he did not know the name of this person, who he described as a white male, age approximately 20-21, height 6', weight 185-190, brown hair, suntanned complexion. He stated that he did not recall seeing a third person passing out handbills on this occasion, but added that possibly a third person was present on this occasion, although he had not seen him.

CORE stated, for information, that if an effort was being made to further identify persons represented in photographs taken on August 16, 1963, by a photographer of television station WDSU, that possibly a friend of his named (FNU) DANENHOWER who worked in the Rental Office of the International Trade Mart in Room M-14, might possibly be able to recognize additional persons depicted in these photographs.

Louisiana

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On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /jm Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

ORESTES PENA, Owner, Habana Bar, 117 Decatur Street, advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and another man either Mexican or Cuban, came into his bar sometime during the Summer of 1963. He said he could not remember the month or day OSWALD and the other man came into the bar. He said he recalled the incident because OSWALD had ordered a lemonade from the bar tender and the bartender asked PENA what to do about it. PENA said he told the bartender to give OSWALD a glass of water with a little sugar and lemon juice in it and to charge him 25 cents. PENA said the man who was very well dressed, had ordered a Tequila and was charged 50 cents. This man thought 50 cents was too much to pay for a Tequila and requested to see the owner of the bar. PENA told his bartender the price of 50 cents was alright and not to pay any more attention to the man. PENA said he never talked to either OSWALD or the man OSWALD was with. PENA said to his knowledge neither OSWALD or the other man ever came back to the bar although he stated his bartender had told him that he would remember the man with OSWALD should he ever return to the bar.

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69
DALLAS 89-43

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by SA DONALD C. STEINMEYER & /dc Date dictated 12/5/63
SA RICHARD E. LOGAN

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NO 100-16601/lav

RE: CELSO MACARIO HERNANDEZ

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/6/63

CELSO MACARIO HERNANDEZ, 519 Adele Street, Apartment E, New Orleans was interviewed in the Spanish language by Special Agent RICHARD E. LOGAN.

Louisiana

Mr. HERNANDEZ advised that on August 9, 1963, he left his home to see a complainant in the business district of New Orleans and as he was passing the International Trade Mart he noticed an individual whom he learned later was LEE HARVEY OSWALD distributing hand bills and was wearing a placard around his waist on which was written "Viva Fidel". He said he was unable to read the hand bills because they were printed in the English language but he got the idea that they had something to do with communism and were no doubt pro Castro. Louisiana HERNANDEZ said he became quite angry and went to a clothing store operated by his friend CARLOS BRINGUIER and told him of this. HERNANDEZ said that BRINGUIER is able to read English and he wanted BRINGUIER to see one of these pamphlets. While in the store he encountered another friend of his MIGUEL CRUZ and the three of them left the store to return to the spot where OSWALD was passing out pamphlets. At this point HERNANDEZ and his friends took some of the pamphlets and tore them in shreds. Subsequently a struggle ensued between OSWALD and these three men. HERNANDEZ said that by this time many persons had gathered on the street and were encouraging the three men to kill OSWALD. At this point the New Orleans police arrived and four men were taken into custody and the crowd disbursed.

Louisiana

HERNANDEZ stated that he had never seen OSWALD prior to this time nor had he ever heard of him. He last saw OSWALD at the time all four were charged for creating a disturbance by New Orleans police. HERNANDEZ stated that inasmuch as he could not speak English, he had no intelligible conversation with OSWALD.

On 12/6/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY and SA RICHARD E. LOGAN/bda 45 Date dictated 12/6/63

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NO 100-16601

Telephone toll call activity from the residence of Mrs. CHARLES MURRET, 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

NO 100-16601
NOB:jab

On December 5, 1963, NO T-2 advised that the records, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, New Orleans, Louisiana (Uptown District Office), which may be obtained only by issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to Mr. J. W. HAMMETT, General Attorney, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, Room 535, 1215 Prytania Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, reflect the following information:

Telephone number 891-2298 is assigned to ANDREW R. HEIDERHOFF, 3213 General Taylor, New Orleans, Louisiana and has been connected since 1939. The record reflects HEIDERHOFF's employment in 1937 as a railroad mail clerk. No current verification of present employment was shown in this file.

NO 100-16601/JTR/mh

On December 5, 1963, NO T-3 and T-4, were shown photographs of the unidentified individual taken at the International Trade Mart on August 16, 1963. They advised that this person was unknown to them.

NO 100-16601
MFC:dmm

Confidential informant NO T-5 advised on December 6, 1963, that the telephone number UP 2-2014 is listed to Mrs. CECILE BILLIOT, Scott Lane, Houma, Louisiana, receiving her mail care of Dugas Grocery, Post Office Box 1142, Houma, Louisiana. Informant advised this number is unpublished and these records can only be obtained by issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to J. P. BRAUD, District Manager, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, 425 Roussell Street, Houma, Louisiana.

Mrs. Elliot ~~Elliot~~

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date December 6, 1963

Mrs. CECILE BILLIOT, residing Scott Lane, Houma, Louisiana, and receiving her mail care of Dugas Grocery, Post Office Box 1142, Houma, Louisiana, was interviewed and advised as follows:

She is a housekeeper at the home of DORIS LABODOUX (PH), 319 Roussell Street, Houma, Louisiana. Mrs. BILLIOT indicated that she and her husband, ERVIN, a fisherman employed by the Houma Ice Company, with their twelve children have lived on Scott Lane during the entire period of their married life. Mrs. BILLIOT stated that she has a phone but that the number is unpublished and she cannot remember it because "she don't keep those kind of things in her head." She informed that she has no knowledge whatsoever regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any relatives he might have had in New Orleans. She stated the name MURRET and the addresses 757 and 807 French Street were totally unfamiliar to her. Mrs. BILLIOT also advised she had absolutely no knowledge of OSWALD's killer, JACK RUBY. She further informed that neither she nor any of her family ever travel up to New Orleans, as they have no business, friends, or relatives in the New Orleans area. She stated that the first contact that she had with the names OSWALD and RUBY was when she heard them mentioned during newscasts of the week end November 22 through 25, 1963.

On 12/6/63 at Houma, La. 50 File # NO 100-16601

by SA MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL :dmm Date dictated 12/6/63

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NO 100-16601/cjo

RE: FRED L. BEARD

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

Mr. DAVID CHARLES MIEHER, JR., 5236 Suffolk Circle, New Orleans, Louisiana, was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agents and voluntarily furnished the following information.

He is employed as a news editor for Radio Station WJDX and Television Station WLBT, Jackson, Mississippi. The manager for these stations is Mr. FRED L. BEARD. Mr. MIEHER was advised that information had been received that he had been present on one occasion in March, 1963, at which time Mr. BEARD reportedly made a statement referring to the KENNEDYs to the effect that "We are living under a dictatorship and they are nothing but an Irish Mafia and if they are re-elected, the only way to get them out of office would be to kill them."

MIEHER said he did not recall hearing this statement in March, 1963, or at any other time. He said that BEARD has been very critical of the KENNEDY administration and the KENNEDYs in general, and especially so since the crisis at the University of Mississippi in September, 1962, involving the admission of JAMES R. MEREDITH to the University.

MIEHER said that he has heard BEARD on several occasions make comments to the effect that it looked like the only way to get rid of the KENNEDYs would be to kill them as they were apparently going to be re-elected. MIEHER said he could not recall specifically when these remarks were made and does not know if anyone else was present at the time that the remarks were made. MIEHER said he felt that such remarks must also have been made by BEARD within hearing of other station employees as BEARD's opposition to the KENNEDY administration was well known. MIEHER said he had never heard BEARD say he was going to kill any of the KENNEDYs or anyone else. MIEHER said that any comments similar to those above are considered by MIEHER to be BEARD's way of expressing BEARD's belief that the KENNEDYs would continue to be re-elected if they ran for office. MIEHER said that BEARD was out of the city of Jackson and had left Jackson some time between November 8 and 12, 1963, on a trip to Australia by airline with some other people. MIEHER said that the purpose of the trip as he

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On 12/3/63 at Jackson, Mississippi File # NO 89-69

SAs SAMUEL E. VIRDEN, II and SAMUEL N. JENNINGS :sms Date dictated 12/4/63

by

understood it was to select a place to live in Australia in the event that President KENNEDY was re-elected. MIEHER said that BEARD was scheduled to return to Jackson during the afternoon of December 3, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

Mr. DAVID CHARLES MIEHER, JR., 5236 Suffolk Circle, was requested to advise if in his opinion FRED L. BEARD, Manager of Radio Station WJDX and Television Station WLBT, would be a party to any act of physical violence towards the President of the United States or other Government officials.

MIEHER said that since he was employed by BEARD as a news editor he would not like to antagonize him as BEARD had given him a job when he was unable to obtain work elsewhere. MIEHER is able to move about only through the use of a wheelchair, both at work and at home, and his wife is also physically handicapped. MIEHER said, however, he would furnish his opinion.

He said that BEARD on occasion made comments which showed his dislike for the KENNEDY administration as well as for the members of the KENNEDY family in public office. As an illustration MIEHER said that BEARD returned to Jackson on the afternoon of December 3, 1963, from a trip to Australia and upon seeing MIEHER after BEARD's arrival at the station commented to MIEHER that MIEHER had not done a good job while he, BEARD, had been gone. MIEHER said that BEARD had left Jackson some time between November 8 through November 12, 1963, and returned as mentioned above. MIEHER said he at first thought this remark was from criticism of his work and he asked BEARD how he had done a bad job. MIEHER said that BEARD replied, "You didn't get BOBBY." MIEHER said that BEARD did not say the name "BOBBY KENNEDY" and he, MIEHER, did not ask BEARD which BOBBY he was talking about. MIEHER said that due to the recent death of President KENNEDY, he assumed that BEARD was referring to BOBBY KENNEDY. MIEHER said he did not take this remark as being made seriously as it was obvious to him that he, MIEHER, had nothing to do with the death of President KENNEDY. MIEHER said he related the above to illustrate the type of remark made by BEARD on occasion.

MIEHER said he had never known BEARD to do anything physically violent or to have threatened anyone with physical violence. He said that BEARD was a smart man and that if BEARD should decide to kill anyone it was his, MIEHER's,

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On 12/3/63 at Jackson, Mississippi File # NO 89-69

by SA SAMUEL E. VIRDEN, II :sms Date dictated 12/4/63

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opinion that BEARD would not do so personally but would try to hire someone to do so.

MIEHER said that BEARD was a man very loyal to a conservative type American Government as opposed to the so called liberal concept of Government. MIEHER said that in his opinion BEARD would not be a party to any plot to kill the President of the United States or any public official or person unless BEARD felt that he was the last man in the world that could save the United States and that the killing of this official would save the country.

MIEHER said that he did not intend for this to imply that he felt as though BEARD would do this but the above was the only way he knew to answer a question of this kind. MIEHER said he did not believe BEARD had anything to do with the recent slaying of President KENNEDY.

Form No. 1 (Rev. 1-28-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

Mr. JAMES SAGGUS, Correspondent, Associated Press, Jackson, Mississippi, advised he has known FRED L. BEARD, Manager of WLBT-TV, Jackson, for about five years. During that period of time BEARD has never said anything to SAGGUS and has never done anything to SAGGUS' knowledge which would indicate that BEARD would in any way participate in or conspire with anyone to assassinate President KENNEDY or anyone else.

SAGGUS said that in his opinion BEARD would not participate in any type of violence and remarked that he felt sure that if BEARD in the past had been involved in any acts of violence it would have come to his, SAGGUS', attention through members of the press in the Jackson area.

On 12/4/63 at Jackson, Mississippi 56 File # NO 89-69

by SA HUNTER E. HELGESON :sms Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

Mr. W. C. SHOEMAKER, 232 Manchester Street, Staff Writer, Jackson Daily News, Jackson, Mississippi, advised that he has known FRED L. BEARD, Manager of Radio Station WJDX and Television Station WLBT, Jackson, Mississippi, for at least five years. Mr. SHOEMAKER said that he covers legal news stories in Jackson and does not recall BEARD ever being involved in any acts of physical violence. SHOEMAKER said he has never heard BEARD make any comments concerning former President JOHN F. KENNEDY or any other Government official. SHOEMAKER said BEARD was known to be strongly opposed to Communism and a number of conservative type speakers had appeared on the stations that BEARD manages.

SHOEMAKER said that he considered BEARD to be a smart businessman, interested in operating his stations and not one who would be involved in any violent act.

SHOEMAKER said that in his opinion he did not believe that BEARD would take any violent action against any Government official or other person or would be a party to same. SHOEMAKER said that he would consider it ridiculous to consider that BEARD would be involved in a plot to kill anyone.

On 12/4/63 at Jackson, Mississippi File # NO 89-69

by SA SAMUEL E. VIRDEN, II :sms Date dictated 12/4/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

Jackson
MISS.

Assistant Chief of Police M. B. PIERCE, Jackson Police Department, advised he has been acquainted with FRED L. BEARD, Manager of Television Station WLBT in Jackson for approximately five years. PIERCE said he believes BEARD is a man of unquestionable loyalty to our democratic form of Government and in his opinion BEARD's loyalty, character, and associations are above reproach. He said he has never heard BEARD express any opinions concerning former President JOHN F. KENNEDY or any member of any other branch of Government. He said he has never heard BEARD make any type of statement whatsoever which would indicate that BEARD was capable of committing any type of violent act and from his association with BEARD he is of the opinion that BEARD would not be capable of any type of violence.

On 12/4/63 at Jackson, Mississippi 58 File # NO 89-69

by SA CHARLES WILLIAM BONE :sms Date dictated 12/4/63

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NO 100-16601/lav

RE: CONTACTS AT LATIN AMERICAN
CONSULS, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

NO 89-69/lav

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA:

On December 5, 1963, individuals, at locations shown, were contacted by the designated Special Agents of the New Orleans Office and asked if LEE HARVEY OSWALD had contacted their consulate in person, by telephone, or through the mails. These individuals, were further requested to determine if any inquiry had been made to the consulate by anyone in the name of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee or if anyone using the name of HIDELL, HIDDELL or LEE had contacted the consulate during the year 1963. A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to all individuals contacted. All individuals contacted advised they had no recollection or information in their files of OSWALD having contacted the consulate in person, telephonically, or through the mails, they had no record or recollection of any contact with individuals in the name of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and they did not have any record or recollection of contact at the consulate by an individual using the last name of HIDELL, HIDDELL or LEE. Where appropriate, the individuals contacted by the Special Agents advised they had inquired of the other members of the consulate and they did not have any further information:

Individuals and Consulate Contacted	Identity of Special Agent
DIEGO POVEDANO, Consul General, Costa Rica Consulate, 807 International Building, 611 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR.
MERCEDES PONCHIER de VALDIVIA Consul General, Chile Consulate, 808 International Building 611 Gravier Street New Orleans, Louisiana	SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR.

NO 89-69/lav

Individuals and Consulate Contacted	Identity of Special Agent
LUIS GRENNO, Consul General Paraguay Consulate 420 Claiborne Towers 119 South Claiborne Street New Orleans, Louisiana	SA THEODORE R. VIATER
GASTON GARRIDO, Consul General Panama Consulate 405 Richards Building 837 Gravier Street New Orleans, Louisiana	SA THEODORE R. VIATER
ALFONSO CRIALES, Consul General Republic of Bolivia Suite 635 Whitney Bank Building New Orleans, Louisiana	SA FURMAN G. BOGGAN
LUIS MANUEL CARCERES Consul General Dominican Republic 910-911 International Building New Orleans, Louisiana	SA FURMAN G. BOGGAN

MISCELLANEOUS

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/6/63

MILTON BUSH, 3919 Washington Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana telephoned the New Orleans Office and stated he is a representative of Union National Life Insurance Company, 1020 Florida Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana. He advised that an official of his company in Baton Rouge, whose identity he did not care to disclose had stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD's life had been insured by the National Life and Accident Insurance Company, whose home office is in Nashville, Tennessee. BUSH stated according to the official the policy was taken out by OSWALD's mother and upon OSWALD's death the company paid the principal sum of the policy to OSWALD's beneficiary, less the sum of a loan which had been made against the policy.

BUSH stated he had no information as to when the loan might have been made or the amount of the loan and had no further information concerning this policy.

On 12/6/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 100-16601

by SA PAUL R. ALKER/jab 63 Date dictated 12/6/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

Mr. DONALD FENWICK SAVERY, 1033 Alta, Metairie, Louisiana, was interviewed at his place of employment, Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, 723 Howard, New Orleans, where he is employed as a stock clerk.

Mr. SAVERY, age 57, advised he was born April 3, 1906 at Denver, Colorado and is a Quaker. In this regard, he is active in "Peace Walks" on behalf of the "Council for Peaceful Alternatives". He said he is also active in affairs of the "White Citizens' Council". He said he became acquainted with CARLOS BRINGUIER, having conversed with BRINGUIER on a few occasions about the aims and purposes of the "Council for Peaceful Alternatives". A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was shown to Mr. SAVERY and he informed that OSWALD has never been known to him. He was likewise shown a photograph of OSWALD distributing handbills in front of the International Trade Mart. He reiterated that OSWALD was not known to him and that none of the individuals likewise shown in the photograph are known to him.

64

On 12/5/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY /lyc Date dictated 12/5/63

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A P P E N D I X

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960 edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening in Cuba", placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. Charles A. Santos-Buch identified himself and Robert Taber as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and Taber obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the Fall of 1962 and was filled by Vincent "Ted" Lee, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed Lee has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, Lee has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. Lee feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character IS - R - CUBA

Reference Report of SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS, dated December 6, 1963, at New Orleans.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

NO T-4, who has not been contacted sufficiently to evaluate his reliability.

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44 FEB 1 1973

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, OMAHA (105-2119)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS- R
(OO: DALLAS)

JOHN SCARCELLO, Des Moines, Iowa, brakeman for Rock Island Railroad, advised SA ROBERT E. DOWD on 12/6/63 he was in Minneapolis, Minnesota, December 2, 1963, and read an article in "St. Paul Pioneer Press" of December 2, 1963 relative to a barber named JOHN ABBOTT being interviewed in Sparta, Wisconsin by the FBI about fact OSWALD reportedly was in his barbershop in March or April, 1963. SCARCELLO states he recalls that early in April, he observed a young man on Rock Island train #16 from Kansas City to Minneapolis, who he believes to have been OSWALD. He states this man asked him how he could get a train for Sparta, Wisconsin out of Minneapolis. He said this man told him he had never been to Sparta and did not know anyone there and was just going there for a few days. SCARCELLO said he could add nothing else to this incident.

SCARCELLO, who boarded train at Des Moines, states this man was on train and would have boarded same at Kansas City.

no act req Subj in Dallas 12-4-63

105-82555-417

EX-102 DEC 52

DEC 12 1963

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - Kansas City
1 - Omaha
RED:fh
(8)

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M _____ Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

DEC 13 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 7 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-7-63 2-05 PM CST EMG

TO DIRECTOR, SACS, MINNEAPOLIS 105-2564 AND KANSAS CITY

FROM SAC, OMAHA 105-2119 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R. RE MINNEAPOLIS AIRTEL TO BUREAU DATED DEC. FOUR LAST.

HAROLD AND CAROLYN MANDERY LOCATED DAVENPORT, IOWA, AND EXECUTED CONSENT TO INTERVIEW WITH POLYGRAPH FORMS.

THEY ADVISED THAT TO BEST THEIR KNOWLEDGE BOB ALLEN, WILLIAM O-DONNELL AND GEORGE TAYLOR ARE CURRENTLY EMPLOYED BY JAMES HORST IN MINNEAPOLIS. CHURCH GESNER FORMERLY WORKED FOR HORST IN KANSAS CITY. HIS PRESENT WHEREABOUTS IS UNKNOWN. THE UNKNOWN BARBER IN KANSAS CITY, MO., HAD FIRST BARBER CHAIR IN BARBER SHOP DESCRIBED IN REAIRTEL AND BARBER DESCRIBED AS WM, FIFTY-FIVE TO SIXTY, ONE FORTY-FIVE, BLACK HAIR, WEARS GLASSES AND SMALL BUILD.

MANDERYS WILL BE LEAVING DAVENPORT ABOUT JAN. ONE NEXT, POSSIBLY FOR ST. LOUIS, BUT WILL KEEP FBI, MINNEAPOLIS, ADVISED OF LOCATION.

DEC 1 9 28 AM '63

105-82555-418

REC-52

BOM MIEFT DIR
REC'D

EX-102

DEC 12 1963

64 DEC 13 1963

PAGE TWO

THE ABOVE IS TO ASSIST KANSAS CITY AND MINNEAPOLIS IN COVERING LEADS IN REAIRTEL.

AIRMAIL COPY TO DALLAS.

END ACK IN ORD PLS

WA 3-07 PM OK FBI WA WS

MP 2-05 PM CST OK FBI MP RGW

KC 2-06 PM CST OK FBI KC LFG

TU CLR

CC-MR. ROSEN

DEC 1 2 [illegible]

FBI

[illegible]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 7 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-7-63 3-34 PM MJM

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS AND WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES /105-15823/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R. OO / DALLAS.

RE ST. LOUIS TELETYPE TO BUREAU DATED DECEMBER SIX LAST, REQUESTING LOS ANGELES TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW NELSON DELGADO, A FORMER U. S. MARINE WHO REPORTEDLY KNEW SUBJECT WHILE IN U. S. MARINES AT SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA. DELGADO REPORTEDLY STAYED IN SAME QUONSET HUT WITH OSWALD, BUT COULD NOT STAND OSWALD AND ASKED TO BE MOVED. DELGADO HAD MARINE CORPS SERIAL NO. TWO EIGHT TWO FIVE THREE SEVEN NINE NINE, BUT WAS DISCHARGED FROM MARINES IN NOVEMBER, NINETEEN SIXTY.

MRS. AMERICA DELGADO, ONE NINE THREE FOUR WEST ONE HUNDRED SIXTY NINTH STREET, GARDENA, CALIFORNIA, ADVISED DECEMBER SIX LAST THAT NELSON DELGADO IS A COUSIN OF HER HUSBAND. SHE STATED THAT DELGADO WAS IN THE MARINE CORPS BUT WAS DISCHARGED TWO OR THREE YEARS AGO AND AT THAT TIME STAYED WITH HER AND HER HUSBAND FOR A COUPLE OF WEEKS AT

END PAGE ONE

REC 52 105-82555-419

DEC 12 1963

TWO COPIES WFO

6 4 DEC 13 1963

PAGE TWO

TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA. SHE STATED NELSON DELGADO THEN JOINED THE U. S. ARMY AND WAS BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN IN GERMANY ABOUT A YEAR AGO. MRS. DELGADO SAID THAT SHE HAD HEARD NELSON DELGADO MAY POSSIBLY BE ASSIGNED TO SOME ARMY BASE IN NEW JERSEY.

WASHINGTON FIELD REQUESTED TO CONTACT ARMY AND DETERMINE WHEREABOUTS OF NELSON DELGADO IN ORDER THAT HE MAY BE INTERVIEWED CONCERNING HIS KNOWLEDGE OF OSWALD.

NEW YORK ADVISED AM.

END AND ACK PLS

T6-38 PM OK FBI WA WS

TU DISC

P

CC-MR. ROSEN

TWO COPIES WFO

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
F. B. I.

DEC 1 2 00 PM '63

RECEIVED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-9-63 5-36PMCST TM

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ AND SAC/S SAN ANTONIO, DALLAS /100-10461/

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/ 2 P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R.

RE OSWALD TRAVEL.

FOR INFO OF SAN ANTONIO, NEW ORLEANS IS ATTEMPTING TO DEVELOP INFO TO DETERMINE OSWALD/S EXACT MOVEMENTS ON AND AFTER SEPT. TWENTYTHREE LAST UNTIL HE TOOK BUS FROM NEUVO LAREDO FOR MEXICO CITY, SEPT. TWENTYSIX LAST.

ONE FORMER NEIGHBOR OF OSWALD HAS STATED OBSERVED HIM AFTERNOON SEPT. TWENTYFOUR LAST LEAVING HOME WITH TWO PIECES OF LUGGAGE AND BOARD A NEW ORLEANS CITY BUS HEADED TOWARD BUSINESS DISTRICT. OSWALD ALSO IDENTIFIED AS HAVING RENEWED HIS UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION CLAIM WITH LA. DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY, SEPT. TWENTYFOUR LAST, TIME OF DAY NOT KNOWN.

BY LETTER NOV. TWENTYSEVEN, SIXTYTHREE, SAN ANTONIO FURNISHED XEROX COPIES OF FILE OF TEXAS EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION, AUSTIN, TEXAS, WHICH INCLUDED INTERSTATE CLAIM FORM IN NAME LEE HARVEY OSWALD DATED SEPT. SEVENTEEN, SIXTYTHREE FOR UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIM FOR WEEK ENDING SEPT. SIXTEEN, SIXTYTHREE. WARRANT NO. C FOUR FIVE NINE SIX NINE EIGHT WAS ISSUED TO L. H. OSWALD, SEPT. TWENTYTHREE, SIXTYTHREE, IN AMOUNT THIRTYTHREE DOLLARS BASED UPON THIS INTERSTATE

REC-52 105-82555-420

END PAGE ONE

EX-102

DEC 12 1963

CLAIM FORM. THIS WARRANT /CHECK/ WAS INCLUDED IN DEPOSIT OF WINN DIXIE STORE NO. ONE FOUR TWO FIVE, NEW ORLEANS, BUT DUE TO OVERLAPPING BANK STAMPS DATE OF DEPOSIT CANNOT BE CLEARLY DETERMINED.

SAN ANTONIO IS REQUESTED TO DETERMINE WHEN THIS WARRANT WOULD HAVE BEEN MAILED TO OSWALD, OBTAINING AS NEARLY AS POSSIBLE DATE AND TIME OF DAY AS WELL AS MEANS BY WHICH MAILED IN ORDER THAT IT CAN BE DETERMINED AT NEW ORLEANS WHEN IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN RECEIVED AT OSWALD/S POST OFFICE BOX.

END AND ACK PLS

6-42 PM OK FBI WA LA

DL 5-42 PM OK FBI DL DEC

SA 5-42 PM OK FBI SA DAW

CLEAR I

CC-MR. ROSEN

FBI (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in AIRTEL (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909) (P)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

CO: DALLAS

Re San Antonio airtel to Director, 12/3/63.

The following investigation conducted by SA HAROLD H. CROSSETT:

AT MC ALLEN, TEXAS

Resident at 1101 Pecan unoccupied as of 12/7/63. A check of McAllen telephone directory indicated MARIA OTERO PABLOS resided at 502 North 15th Street.

On 12/7/63 Miss SUSIE DECKER, 502 North 15th Street, advised she has occupied an apartment in that building for the past three months but had never heard of MARIA OTERO PABLOS. She stated the apartment building is managed by Mr. OLIVER CLARK, 1109 Orange, McAllen.

On 12/7/63 Mr. OLIVER CLARK, 1109 Orange, advised that Mrs. MARIA OTERO PABLOS was a Mexican Consul attached to the Bracero Reception Center at Hidalgo, Texas. When the Bracero Center was moved to Eagle Pass, Texas in April or May, 1963, Mrs. PABLOS remained in McAllen for three weeks to a month then returned to Mexico. He stated she had originally resided at 1101 Pecan but later moved to an apartment at 502 North 15th Street.

105-82555-421

REC-53

6 - Bureau (AM RM)
(2 - Legat, Mexico City)
1 - Dallas (AM RM)
2 - San Antonio
RHC/dte

DEC 11 1963

cable Legat 12/13/63

6 DEC 18 1963

SOVIET SECTION

SA 105-2909

According to CLARK, Mrs. PABLOS is a widow who has a son who attended college in the United States.

Mr. CLARK stated he had the following address for Mrs. PABLOS:

Calle Lerma #341, Mexico, D.F.

The Bureau is requested to have Mrs. PABLOS interviewed in accordance with lead set out in referenced airtel, copies of which were furnished the Bureau for Legat, Mexico.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 10 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-10-63 -43

TO DIRECTOR -8- 105-82555 AND SAC DALLAS89-43

FROM SAC NEW YORK 105-38431

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS- R.

RENYTEL TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS AND ST. LOUIS DECEMBER [illegible] LAST.

THIS DATE MISS PATRICIA AARONS, PERSONNEL CLERK , LERNERS SHOPS, THREE FIVE FOUR PARK AVE., SOUTH, NYC, ADVISED SA ROGER H. LEE THAT THEIR RECORDS REFLECT MARGUERITE OSWALD, SOCIAL SECURITY NO FOUR THREE FIVE- TWO TWO- FIVE SIX EIGHT SIX, EMPLOYED BY THEIR FIRM FROM JULY FORTY NINE TO OCT. FORTY NINE AT LERNERS FT. WORTH AND OCT. THIRTEEN FIFTY TWO TO FEB. XEX SEVEN FIFTY THREE AT THEIR STORE LOCATED AT FOUR FIVE EAST FORTY SECOND NYC. HER POSITION WAS ASST. STORE MANAGER. WHEN APPLYING FOR WORK AT FT. WORTH, MRS. OSWALD LISTED FOLLOW FORMER EMPLOYERS. TEXAS PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE, CITY UNKNWON, NOV. FORTYEIGHT TO JAN. FORTY NINE. W. C. STRIBLING CO., CITY UNKNWON, JULY FORTYEIGHT TO AUG. FORTYEIGHT, LEONARD BROS., CITY UNKNOWN, JUNE ~~FORTY~~ FORTYEIGHT TO JULY FORTYEIGHT., PRINCESS HOSIERY SHOP, CITY UNKNOWN MARCH FORTYFOUR TO NOV. FORTYFIVE.

MRS. OSWALD LISTED FOLLOWING PERSONAL REFERENCES ON NINETEEEN FORTYNINE APPLICATION.. ANICE B. NEILL, SEVEN FOUR TWO ZERO EWING, FT. WORTH., PRESTON ALLEN, BENBROOK, TEXAS.

EX-105 REC-53 105-82555-422

MRS. OSWALD-S ADDRESS AS OF FEB. TEN FORTYNINE WAS LISTED AS SEFEN FOUR TWO EIGHT EWING , FT. WORTH.

8 DEC 12 1963

APPLICATION FORM DATED OCT. THIRTEEN FIFTY TWO SUBMITTED BY MRS. OSWALD REFLECTED FOLLOWING PREVIOUS EMPLOYERS., EVANS AND ASSOCIATES, FT. WORTH, JAN. TO AUGUST FIFTY TWO., NATIONAL BANKERS TRUST, CITY UNKNOWN, NINETEEN FIFTY TO FIFTY TWO., LITERARY GUILD, ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NYC, NOV. FORTY NINE TO MAY FIFTY.

END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO.....

MRS. OSWALD LISTED THE FOLLOWING PERSONAL REFERENCES ON THE NINETEE FIFTY TWO APPLICATION., DOROTHY BROCKHORN, FOURTEEN FIFTY FIVE SHERIDAN, BRONX, ALFRIEDA LOPEZ, FOURTEENFIFTY FIVE, SHERIDAN, BRONX. MRS. OSWALD LISTED HER ADDRESS AS OF OCT. THIRTEEN FIFTY TWO AS APT. F , FOURTEEN FIFTY FIVE SHERIDAN, BRONX. MRS. OSWALD RATED AS A SATISFACTORY EMPLOYEE ON BOTH OCCASIONS SHE WAS EMPLOYED BY LERNERS HER SUPERVISOR, MADELINE GROSS, SEVEN SEVEN WEST EIGHTY FIFTH ST., NYC, APT. FOUR F, RETIRED NINETEEN FIFTY SEVEN. LERNERS DOES NOT KNOW HER PRESENT WHERABOUTS.

MISS CLARA NAGEL, PERSONNNEL SUPERVISOR, LITERARY GUILD, FIVE SEVENFIVE MADISON AVE., NYC, ADVISED MRS. OSWALD EMPLOYED AS SALES REPRESENTATIVE FROM NOV. TWENTY TWO, FORTY NINE TO MAY TWENTY FIVE FIFTY. SHE WORKED UNDER SUPERVISION OF MRS. LOWELL HOPKINS AT THE R. E. COX DEPARTMENT STORE, FT. WORTH, TEXAS. MISS NAGEL STATED MISS OSWALD WAS DISMISSED AT THE REQUEST OF THE STORE MANAGEMENT . MISS NAGEL STATED THAT HAVE NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING MISS OSWALD.

NO SPECIFIC LEAD BEING SET FORTH FOR DALLAS IN VIEW OF THE PROBABILITY THAT ABOVE NAMED EMPLOYERS AND REFERENCES ALREADY CONTACTED.

END AND PLS ACK.....

10-55 PM NY R 8 WA EFH

DEC 10 11 08 AM '63

cc. M. Rosen

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 11 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-11-63 5-17 PM

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS DALLAS AND NEWYORK NY VIA WASH

FROM SAC, BUFFALO 105-4467

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

RE BUFFALO TEL TO BUREAU DECEMBER TEN LAST.

DALLAS PD, SECRET SERVICE, AND DALLAS OFFICE CONDUCTING INVESTIGATION TO LOCATE EUGENE FARKAS, AKA JENO FOR QUESTIONING. FARKAS BORN DECEMBER FOURTEEN FORTY, NYIRBATOR, HUNGARY. ENTERED US AT NEWARK, NJ, JANUARY TEN FIFTYSEVEN. SPONSORED CHURCH WORLD SERVICE, TWO ONE FIVE FOURTH AVE., NYC, AND PAROLED INTO US INDER REFP. RESIDED BUFFALO FROM FIFTYSEVEN TILL TO THE SUMMER SIXTYONE. WORKED WASHINGTON, DC, VARIOUS RESTAURANTS TILL FORE PART SIXTYTWO, WHEN WENT MIAMI, FLA. ARRESTED MIAMI VAGRANCY CHARGE JUNE TWENTYTWO SIXTYTWO. QUESTIONED BY MIAMI OFFICE REGARDING SSA FORTYEIGHT VIOLATION AUGUST SEVENTEEN SIXTYTWO. ARMED FORCES EXAMINATION STATION, CORAL GABLE, FLA., FOUND FARKAS NOT ACCEPTABLE FOR INDUCTION BECAUSE [redacted] LAST KNOWN ADDRESS WAS NINE THREE FIVE SOUTH WEST TENTH STREET, MIAMI, FLA., AS OF OCTOBER SIXTYTWO.

INFORMATION DEVELOPED BUFFALO THAT REV. JACK WYRTZEN, DIRECTOR, WORD OF LIFE MOVEMENT, NYC, TELEPHONE OR FIVE SEVEN THREE FOUR ONE, HOME OR FIVE - ZERO NINE NINE SIX, TOOK GREAT INTEREST IN FARKAS AND THAT DURING SUMMER SIXTY, FARKAS ATTENDED CAMP SOMEWHERE IN MAINE SPONSORED BY WORD OF LIFE MOVEMENT.

REC 53 105-82555-423

EX-103

DEC 12 1963

NEW YORK INTERVIEW REV. WYRTZEN FOR INFORMATION PRESENT WHEREABOUTS FARKAS AND ALSO CONTACT CHURCH WORLD SERVICE.

FARKAS REPORTEDLY CLOSE FRIEND OF JOHN MATSIOS, SIXTEEN RODGERS PLACE, HYDE PARK, NY, AN ENGINEER WITH IBM, POUGHKEEPSIE, NY. ALBANY INTERVIEW MATSIOS.

EXTENSIVE INVESTIGATION BY BUFFALO HAS FAILED TO DEVELOP INFORMATIC

END PAGE ONE

5 E C 1

RELAYED TO NY

DEC 13 1963

PAGE TWO

WHEARBOUTS FARKAS.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK.

IS THIS RELAY TO NY PLS YES

OK

5-24 PM OK FBI WA LLD

4-24 PM OK FBI DL NB

TU DISC

cc. Mr Rosen.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1 7 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12/11/63 4-05 PM PTK

TO DIRECTOR, FBI,

SAC, LOS ANGELES, DALLAS

FROM SAC, BALTIMORE 105-7740

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

RE BUFFALO TEL DECEMBER TEN LAST, FIVE ZERO SY PM , EST, RE JENO FARKAS.

BALTIMORE [redacted] ADVISED IC ROBERT A. CASPER TODAY THAT JENO FARKAS, SCOIAL SECURITY NUMBER ONE THREE FIVE DASH THREE TWO DASH SIX SEVEN THREE THREE, HAD HIS WAGES MOST RECENTLY REPORTED FOR THE QUARTER ENDING JUNE NINETEEN LAST BY TWO EMPLOYERS, JOHN C. DAVIS, CAMEO ROOM, FIVE ZERO SIX ONE SUNSET BOULEVARD, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA AND DEL RANCHEO SYSTEMS OF MOTOR HOTELS, INC., ONE ZERO EIGHT THREE ONE LONG BEACH BOULEVARD, LYNWOOD, CALIFORNIA. BALTIMORE [redacted] DESCRIBES FARKAS AS WHITE MALE, DOB DECEMBER FOURTEEN FORTY, PLACE OF BIRTH HUNGARY, FATHER JENO FARKAS, MOTHER JULIANNA KONYA.

DALLAS FURNISH LOS ANGELES OFFICE BASIS FOR INTERVIEW OF FARKAS.

LOS ANGELES, WILL UPON RECEIPT OF INFORMATION FROM DALLAS, LOCATE AND INTERVIEW FARKAS THROUGH THE ABOVE MENTIONED EMPLOYERS.

ENDAND ACK PLS

DEC 12 1963

4 DEC 13 1963

TU DISC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 11 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-11-63 6-16 PM CST DAW

TO. DIRECTOR, AND SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

FROM. SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS DASH R DASH CUBA. OO, DALLAS.

RE DALLAS TEL TO BUREAU, ETAL, SIX TWENTYFIVE P. M., DECEMBER TEN, LAST, CAPTIONED AS ABOVE, AND SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO BUREAU, ET AL, NOVEMBER THIRTY, LAST, CAPTIONED ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, LAST, OSWALD DASH TRAVEL, AFO.

INSPECTOR BORDEN JONES, U. S. I AND NS , SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, ADVISED SA JOHN RUSSELL GRAHAM THIS DATE THAT U. S. GOVERNMENT FORMS I DASH NINE FOUR PAREN ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE RECORD END PAREN CONSTITUTE THE OFFICIAL MANIFESTS FOR PERSONS DEPARTING U. S. FOR MEXICO BY AIRLINE AND THESE RECORDS ARE MAINTAINED ONLY ON MICROFILM. JOHNES INFORMED THE MICROFILM FOR SUCH RECORD PERTAINING TO AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT FIFTYNINE JANUARY TWO, LAST, ORIGINATING CHICAGO DESTINED VIA DALLAS AND SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, TO MEXICO CITY D. F. WOULD BE INCLUDED ON DEPARTURE REEL NUMBER SEVENTYFIVE FORWARDED FROM SAN ANTONIO TO U.S. I AND NS, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, ON JANUARY FIFTEEN, LAST.

REC-53 105-82555-425

DEC 12 1963

END PAGE ONE

C-1 DEC 19 1963

PAGE TWO

SAN FRANCISCO CONTACT U. S. I AND NS, SAN FRANCISCO, FOR RECORD SEARCH RE OSWALD POSSIBLE DEPARTURE FROM U. S. INTO MEXICO ON AMERICAN FLIGHT FIFTYNINE, JANUARY TWO, LAST.

DALLAS ADVISED AIRMAIL.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 7-22 PM OK C FBI WA MET

SF 4-20 PM OK FBI SF JB

TU DISCM

CC-MR ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 12 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-11-63 9-21 PM PST CRW

TO DIRECTOR, FBI /62-109060/ AND SAC SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/

FROM SAC SAN FRANCISCO /89-58/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R DASH CUBA, OO DALLAS.

RE SAN ANTONIO TEL THIS DATE CONCERNING INS RECORDS OF AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT FIVE NINE, JANUARY TWO LAST, CHICAGO TO MEXICO CITY.

MRS. D. CARTER, SUPERVISOR OF RECORDS, INS, SAN FRANCISCO, ADVISED THIS DATE THAT MICROFILM REEL NO. SEVENTYFIVE SENT BY INS, SAN ANTONIO, TO INS, SAN FRANCISCO, INCLUDING THE INFORMATION ON ABOVE FLIGHT HAS BEEN EXAMINED THIS DATE AND ALL DOCUMENTS ON REEL SEVENTYFIVE FROM DECEMBER TWENTYFOUR, SIXTYTWO, TO JANUARY THIRTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, ARE COMPLETELY ILLEGIBLE. HENCE DESIRED INFORMATION UNOBTAINABLE FROM INS RECORDS.

AM COPY TO DALLS.

END AND ACK PLS

WA---12-25 AM OK FBI WA EFH

SA---11-24 PM CST OK FBI SA DAW

TU DISC PLS

5 DEC 12 1963

CO-MR. ROSEN

64 DEC 13 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
DETROIT	DALLAS	11/30/63	11/26-30/63

TITLE OF CASE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
SA LAWRENCE M. COOPER, Jr.	slk

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS - R 6443

REFERENCE: Bureau teletype to Detroit and Dallas, dated 11/29/63.

- RUC -

1cc Warren Comm
1/18 JS

Rush Rec'd 31

APPROVED BCB SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

105 - 82555 - 427

REC-12

EX-105

DEC 2 1963

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3 - Dallas (REGISTERED) (AMSD)

1 - Detroit (62-3550) 100-NEW

1CC, 64 RB Liaison Supervisor Lit Div.
Request returned 12/2/63 JS

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

AGENCY		Coff
REQUEST RECD.		2 + Rec'd
DATE FWD.	12-23-63	2564
HOW FWD.	Liaison	Comm Attn
BY	Lake-Jtt	Jtt

NOTATIONS

1 - Mr. Belmont
SOVIET SECTION

64 JAN 10 1964

FD-36 (3-8-63)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

6444

Copy to:

Report of: SA LAWRENCE M. COOPER, Jr. Office: Detroit, Michigan
Date: November 30, 1963

Field Office File No.: 62-3550 Bureau File No.:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis: DAVID AUGUST ELSILA states LEE HARVEY OSWALD unknown to him.

- RUC -

DETAILS:

On November 26, 1963, JAMES DYGERT, Reporter, "Pontiac Press", Pontiac, Michigan, daily newspaper, advised that he had attempted to interview one DAVID ELSILA concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) and concerning whether ELSILA was acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. DYGERT advised that ELSILA gave some answers that he, DYGERT, considered evasive concerning his knowledge of OSWALD. He advised, however, that ELSILA finally did tell him that he definitely did not know OSWALD personally.

A characterization of the FPCC is contained in the appendix hereto.

This report contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

DAVID AUGUST ELSILA, 2616 Garland, Sylvan Lake, Michigan, was interviewed at his residence by SAs ROBERT M. SMITH and LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR.

ELSILA advised that he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had never heard of him prior to the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He said he did not know anyone who would be acquainted with OSWALD and is positive OSWALD was never present at any affair attended by ELSILA. He said that based on pictures of OSWALD, he is positive he had never seen him.

ELSILA stated he had no knowledge of any kind concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY and could offer no information concerning the matter.

ELSILA said that OSWALD had not, to his knowledge, been in either Havana, Cuba, or Helsinki, Finland, when ELSILA had been there.

ELSILA was advised of the purpose of the interview at the outset and he advised he would answer any questions about OSWALD or the assassination, but would not answer any other questions.

On 11/30/63 at Sylvan Lake, Michigan File # Detroit 62-3550

by SAs ROBERT M. SMITH & LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR:jd Date dictated 11/30/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DE 62-3550

1

APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the afore-mentioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the Fall of 1962 and was filled by VINCENT "TED" LEE, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed LEE has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, LEE has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. LEE feels the

FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 9

COPY
2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

Form FD-263 (6-22-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REC-12

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
CINCINNATI	DALLAS	12/2/63	11/23/63 - 12/2/63

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	TYPED
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.	SA THOMAS B. ESTEP	CN, V LM
	CHARACTER OF CASE: INTERNAL SECURITY - R	

REFERENCES:

Bureau teletypes to All SAC's, 11/30/63, 12/1/63.
Cincinnati teletype to Bureau and SAC's Dallas, Houston, 11/26/63.
Los Angeles teletype to Cincinnati, 12/1/63.
Cincinnati teletype to Los Angeles, 12/1/63.

- P -

AGENCY U.S. Secret Service
REQ. REC'D
DATE FORW. 12-9-63
HOW FORW. 818-14
BY Rec'd

Approved	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below
Copies made:		105 | 82555 | 428 REC-12

(10) - Bureau
3 - Dallas
4 - Cincinnati (2- 105-2505)
5 COPIES DESTROYED (1- 44-456)
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DEC 12 1963

EX-105

4 4 FEB 1973

COVER PAGE -A-

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LEADS:

Leads have been previously set forth by teletype and are, therefore, not being restated.

INFORMANTS:

CI T-1 is [redacted] Ohio Bell Telephone Co., Columbus, Ohio, who requested that her identity not be disclosed.

Security Informants, Criminal Informants, Potential Informants and Sources of the Cincinnati Division were unable to furnish any information concerning subject. Identities of Informants and Sources, as well as dates contacted and identities of Contacting Agents are available in the Cincinnati Files.

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA THOMAS B. ESTEP
Date: 12/2/63

Office: CINCINNATI

Field Office File #: CI 105-2505

Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis: CI T-1 advised GENE DAUGHRETY called JACK PAYTON in Houston, Texas, 11/24/63, and asked, "What do you think about the recent development in Texas?" EUGENE ALPHONSUS O'DOHERTY, 1167 South High Street, Columbus, Ohio, advised 11/25/63 he telephoned JACK PAYTON evening of 11/24/63 at Houston to discuss his possible employment by PAYTON. During course of conversation, he asked PAYTON what he thought of developments in Texas, meaning the assassination of President KENNEDY and the apprehension of OSWALD. He does not recall PAYTON's reply but believes it was along the lines of, "That's the worse thing that could happen to us in Texas." O'DOHERTY never heard of subject or JACK RUBY until their names were mentioned following the assassination. Information concerning miscellaneous telephone calls set out. Sgt. DONALD SWARTZ, Columbus, Ohio, P.D., advised 11/29/63 he received unverified information to the effect that subject attended Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio, in 1957. Investigation discloses that subject did not attend this college, but that RUTH AVERY PAINE, nee HYDE, 2515 West 5th St., Irving, Texas, attended Antioch College from 10/31/49 until 6/25/55.

CI 105-2505
LER:LM

INFORMATION REGARDING TELEPHONE CALL
FROM EUGENE ALPHONSUS O'DOHERTY,
COLUMBUS, OHIO, TO JACK PAYTON,
HOUSTON, TEXAS

CI T-1 advised on November 25, 1963, that GENE DAUGHRETY made a telephone call from Columbus, Ohio, telephone number 444-7231, which is located in a bar at 1312 South High Street, Columbus, Ohio, to JACK PAYTON, telephone number MA 3-6217, Houston, Texas, at 9:26 P.M. on November 24, 1963. CI T-1 was able to hear parts of the conversation as follows:

DAUGHRETY asked, "What do you think about the recent development in Texas?" PAYTON replied, "It is a good thing they got him before we were implicated."

CI T-1 advised that they then had a conversation about a "group" which was not clear to informant.

PAYTON then stated, "Our next move will be to get behind them so we can overthrow JOHNSON."

At another period in the conversation PAYTON said, "It's a good thing they think of him as an ultra-leftist."

Later PAYTON asked DAUGHRETY "What about the reaction from Moscow?" DAUGHRETY's reply was not heard. DAUGHRETY asked, "What about RUBEN?" PAYTON cut him off in the middle of a sentence, and said, "Remember, we have given our names."

DAUGHRETY advised PAYTON that he could be reached at his home telephone number 443-3491 after 10:00 P.M.

FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
INTERVIEW REPORT

Date 12/2/63

EUGENE ALPHONSUS O'DOHERTY, 1167 South High Street, was advised that he did not have to make a statement and that any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law. He was advised he had the right to an attorney. He furnished the following information:

O'DOHERTY advised that he has received education in Ireland, which would be considered slightly higher than a high school diploma in this country. He attended Murlog National School, Lifford County, Donegal; St. Columbs College, Derry City, County Derry; St. Eunans College, Letterkenny County, all Ireland. He advised that he has never been arrested either in the United States or any other country.

O'DOHERTY served in the Irish Army from August, 1934, to August, 1944, SN 74298, and received an Honorable Discharge with the rank of Private. He had held the rank of Sgt., but voluntarily had his rank reduced to private so that he might receive a Compassionate Discharge on the death of his mother. Following his discharge, until about 1946 or 1947, he held odd jobs in Ireland and then became self-employed as a photographer at 65 Sheil Road, Liverpool, England, under the business name of Corrib Photography.

He also was engaged during this period of time on a part-time basis as a driving instructor in Liverpool. He stated that for approximately one year before coming to the United States in 1962, he worked as a driving instructor with the O'Connell Bridge School of Motoring, Dublin, Ireland. Since June, 1963, he has been employed at Columbus, Ohio, as a driving instructor with the Motor Club of Columbus Driving School, 3422 E. Broad Street, and the Grove City School of Driver Education. His superior in the above employment is WALTER DICE. His Social Security Number is 456-74-2131.

File # CI 105-2505

on 11/25/63 at Columbus, Ohio Date dictated 11/26/63

by Special Agent DANIEL W. JOHNSON
ROBERT F. MAHLER/WD

- 3 -

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

His only relatives in the United States are: brother, JOHN K. O'DOHERTY, 6611 W. North Avenue, Oak Park, Illinois, an insurance agent; brother, VINCENT JOSEPH O'DOHERTY, Columbus, Ohio; sister, Mrs. ELEANOR GLADYS CORSER, last known to reside at 1700 Kenwood Avenue, Austin, Texas.

O'DOHERTY holds Alien Registration Card No. A13105157. This card reveals that he was admitted to the United States as an immigrant on August 23, 1962 at the Port of New York City. This was his first entry into the United States and he has remained since that time on an immigrant visa issued by the American Embassy, Dublin, Ireland. He holds Ireland passport No. E259653, issued by the Irish Government on 6/26/62. He advised that he intends filing for U. S. citizenship upon the completion of two years required residence.

He stated that upon his arrival 8/23/62 at New York City, he immediately flew to Austin, Texas, to reside with his sister, Mrs. ELEANOR GLADYS CORSER, and he continued residence with this sister until he moved to Columbus, Ohio, in May, 1963, to reside with his brother, VINCENT JOSEPH O'DOHERTY, 1167 S. High Street. He stated that he came to Columbus from Austin for the purpose of finding permanent employment. He further advised that the above sister at Austin, Texas, was employed in a secretarial capacity with the Internal Revenue Service, Austin, but she recently changed jobs.

He further advised that while he was at Austin, he was employed intermittently as a photographer, beginning in October, 1962, and ending May, 1963, for JACK PAYTON, who operated the Rainbow Studios, San Antonio Highway, Austin, Texas. He stated that PAYTON also operated a business at Houston, Texas. O'DOHERTY estimates that he worked from ten weeks to

three months at Austin and approximately three weeks at Houston for PAYTON. He stated that PAYTON contracted with various department stores, such as Montgomery-Ward, on a percentage basis, to take pictures of their customers, principally children. He stated PAYTON's current address is P. O. Box 543, Bellaire, Houston, Texas.

O'DOHERTY described PAYTON as a strongly religious individual, who is a member of the Baptist faith. He stated that PAYTON goes to church twice on Sunday and usually carries a Bible with him at all times. He further advised that he thinks PAYTON is a member of the John Birch Society, but is not certain of this. He stated that PAYTON does possess a copy of the Blue Book of the John Birch Society and has often praised the Society in his presence. He further advised that PAYTON is strongly anti-Communist and once indicated to O'DOHERTY in conversation that he had engaged in picketing at some unknown place for an anti-Communist cause.

O'DOHERTY stated that PAYTON had expressed dissatisfaction with the U. S. policy toward Cuba and thought that this country should force on site inspection for missile sites of that country. He stated PAYTON was certain that President KENNEDY was no Communist but he felt that KENNEDY could have taken a stronger action toward Cuba. He is satisfied that PAYTON has never expressed any animosity whatever against President KENNEDY and has heard him state he would rather have President Kennedy as President than LYNDON JOHNSON. He never expressed any particular reasons for preferring KENNEDY over JOHNSON.

He further stated that PAYTON appeared to favor some of the things done by Major General EDWIN WALKER and other activities of General WALKER were not favored by PAYTON. He remembers that PAYTON expressed dissatisfaction with Major General WALKER making an appearance at Mississippi University, Oxford, Mississippi, during the racial trouble relating to getting Mr. MEREDITH into that school. PAYTON expressed the idea that this

was a foolish act on the part of Gen. WALKER. He does not believe that PAYTON did in anyway financially support Gen. WALKER.

O'DOHERTY further advised that he has never known PAYTON to own any type of firearms except a .22 caliber rifle which he used to shoot squirrels and snakes around his home at Austin. He stated that PAYTON is definitely not a man of violence and he cannot imagine him joining others in any form of violence. He stated he does not have any reason to believe that PAYTON is acquainted with or possesses any information regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD and/or JACK RUBY. He further advised that he has no reason to believe that PAYTON is in any way connected with the assassination of President KENNEDY.

He stated he last saw PAYTON during May, 1963, when he, O'DOHERTY, came to Columbus. Shortly after his arrival in Columbus, O'DOHERTY wrote PAYTON one letter thanking him for the help which PAYTON had given him in the way of employment. He also telephoned PAYTON shortly after he started working in Columbus, to tell him that he had obtained a job here. He stated that PAYTON appeared to like him and was interested in knowing that he was getting along all right. He further advised that PAYTON had called him about a week ago (11/18/63), to ask if he was still employed and indicated that he was thinking of the Christmas photography business again. O'DOHERTY stated he had worked the previous Christmas season for PAYTON and it appeared to him that PAYTON desired to have him return to Texas to work during this Christmas season as a photographer.

O'DOHERTY volunteered that he telephoned PAYTON during the evening of 11/24/63, after 9:00 PM, to talk with him briefly and principally to let PAYTON know that he would not be coming to Texas for such Christmas employment. He stated that he had called PAYTON from a bar on S. High Street, a short distance from his brother's residence. He stated that he had intended to pay for this telephone call but the charges were reversed duning the call itself. He stated it was PAYTON's idea to reverse the charges when he learned that O'DOHERTY was still a driving instructor and apparently presumed that O'DOHERTY was not making much money. O'DOHERTY recalled that PAYTON brought up the facts that had been in the news regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY and PAYTON remarked that

it was an awful thing that had happened and it was the worse thing that could happen to them there in Texas. He stated that this was all that PAYTON said about the assassination and he talked the rest of the time about their work.

O'DOHERTY then was confronted by information in the possession of SA JOHNSON regarding his telephone call of 11/24/63, to JACK PAYTON at Houston, Texas. On being confronted with this information, O'DOHERTY advised that he asked PAYTON, "What do you think about the recent development in Texas?" He stated that he cannot recall the precise answer given to him by PAYTON but he believes it was along the lines of, "Thats the worse thing that could happen to us in Texas." SA JOHNSON confronted O'DOHERTY with the fact that it was believed that the answer given by PAYTON was, "It is a good thing they got him before we were implicated." O'DOHERTY replied to this by stating that he does not know now whether or not PAYTON made this statement in answer to his question but if he did make such a statement, PAYTON meant to convey the idea that it was a good thing that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was apprehended so that the "extreme right" to which PAYTON identified himself would not be blamed for the assassination of President KENNEDY. Such an answer by PAYTON did not convey the idea that it was a good thing that OSWALD himself had been murdered but rather that it was a good thing he had been apprehended so that it could be brought out that it was not the "extreme right" responsible for the assassination. He stated he is sure that PAYTON was not in anyway condoning the murder of OSWALD. He stated he does not recall any statement made by PAYTON nor himself during this telephone call to the effect that "It is a good thing they picked up him as a ultra-leftist."

O'DOHERTY then was confronted with the apparent statement made during this long distance call that, "Our next move will be to get behind them so we can overthrow JOHNSON." O'DOHERTY does not recall this specific statement having been made but does recall that PAYTON gave him the idea that he would have to get to work for the purpose of defeating President JOHNSON at the polls at the next election. He stated that PAYTON although an "extreme rightist" does affiliate himself with the Republican party during elections. It is his interpretation that PAYTON meant that they, the party, would have to get

moving to defeat JOHNSON at the next election. He is certain that PAYTON in no way intended to convey the idea that any violence or underhanded means would be used to defeat or overthrow President JOHNSON.

O'DOHERTY advised that there was some mention of Moscow papers and he explained that PAYTON had made the statement that the Moscow papers, "weren't long about coming out and trying to put the blame on the right wing." He denied that PAYTON had asked his reaction or the reaction in Moscow regarding this series of events in Dallas.

O'DOHERTY was questioned as to his desire to be informed by PAYTON and he explained that when he indicated he desired to be informed, he was speaking of possible employment during the Christmas season with PAYTON and he merely meant that he would like to be informed of such prospects.

O'DOHERTY admitted that they had discussed the name of RUBY and RUBENSTEIN during this long distance call and it is his recollection that he had asked PAYTON why it was that the paper called the killer of OSWALD by the name of RUBY while other newspapers called him RUBENSTEIN. PAYTON informed him that the newspapers there were using the name of RUBENSTEIN.

O'DOHERTY advised he does not recall during this long distance telephone call that PAYTON had cautioned him about mentioning any names because their own names had been mentioned in this call. He stated that there was no reason to use caution in the mentioning of any names because there was no plot or any other conversation of which they were ashamed. He stated that he gave his own name to the long distance operator at the end of the call and gave her his correct name.

O'DOHERTY advised that he is not connected in anyway with JACK PAYTON or any group with which PAYTON may be affiliated. He stated that you have to know PAYTON to know how he constantly talks anti-Communistic and about his religion.

O'DOHERTY advised that he himself does not belong to any organization of any kind here or abroad. He stated that he does not in anyway support any organization or group of any kind.

He stated he is sympathetic with the Irish Republican Movement, which consists of people who are working for a United Ireland by peaceful means. He stated that this Movement is not identical to the Irish Republican Army. One of the purposes of the Movement was as a charity to assist the dependents of all prisoners, that is political prisoners, including those of the IRA. He stated that he was a member of the Irish Republican Movement while he lived in Ireland for a period of 5 or 6 years, until he resigned shortly before he applied for his American visa to come to this country. He stated that he was a member of the political wing of this Movement known as "Sinn Fein." He stated that his affiliation and resignation relating to this organization is also set forth in his immigration file. He stated he was never involved in any violence regarding such affiliation and never carried any arms or other means of destruction. In fact, the Sinn Fein paper called the "United Irishmen" made clear that they did not support violence. He stated that the activities of the Movement were strictly political in nature. He advised that this was one of the reasons that he came to the U.S. in the first place and that was to get away from political activity in Ireland and also to be with his widowed sister in Austin, Texas.

O'DOHERTY stated that around March or April, 1963, out of curiosity and an interest to meet him, he went alone to see Major Gen. EDWIN WALKER at Dallas, Texas. He stated he was interested to find out why Gen. WALKER had forced integration at Little Rock, Arkansas, as the Commanding Officer of the armed troops and then so strongly opposed integration at Oxford, Mississippi. He stated he could not understand this contradictory stand on the part of Gen. WALKER. He stated he was not a follower or sympathizer of WALKER but was more curious and interested in him as an individual as stated above. He stated that he saw Gen. WALKER at his home during this visit and interviewed him for approximately 1½ hours. He stated that he hoped to obtain a story from Gen. WALKER for publication and that it might even be published in Ireland. He stated that he went to the Columbus Dispatch, Columbus, Ohio, shortly after he arrived in Columbus, in 5/63, and tried to sell the story of his interview with Gen. WALKER. He stated the Dispatch did not buy this story because they insisted on the right to edit the story while Gen. WALKER had insisted that the question and

answer type story go in verbatim.

O'DOHERTY advised that not only does he not consider himself in anyway a supporter or follower of Gen. WALKER, but that he is not a supporter or sympathizer of the John Birch Society and again repeated that he is not interested in any group. He further advised that he is not anti-Negro or anti-Semitic. He admitted that he has stated in conversations that he is against "forced integration" but is in favor of integration itself. He claimed that he has no strong feelings on integration.

O'DOHERTY stated that he has never heard and never knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD and/or JACK RUBY until their names were mentioned following the assassination of President KENNEDY. He stated that he knows nothing whatsoever relating to the assassination except what he has received through the news media. He stated that he has no theories who may be involved with the assassination. He further advised that he and PAYTON never discussed the assassination except after it was committed and as stated above, during their long distance telephone call on 11/24/63. He stated that he was shocked at this action as were other people and that he strongly condemns such action as this. He stated he would never in anyway support such acts of violence and would come forth voluntarily and furnish information to the authorities if he possessed any facts regarding the assassination. He stated that he was never in Dallas, Texas, for any visit, except the one mentioned above during March or April, 1963, for the short visit with Major Gen. WALKER.

O'DOHERTY stated he has never made the statement that President KENNEDY was a Communist and never mentioned that he in anyway favored the assassination of President KENNEDY. He stated that he would not think of saying that he was in favor of assassination of any American President. He stated that he held no animosity toward KENNEDY nor does he hold any animosity towards President JOHNSON.

CI 105-2505
CN

MISCELLANEOUS:

The following telephone calls were received at the Cincinnati Office on November 24, 1963, regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY:

At 9:25 A.M., an anonymous female caller advised, "You have the wrong man and the wrong gun". She refused to identify herself or the location from which she was calling.

At 9:25 A.M., an anonymous female caller advised she thought OSWALD was a front for other people. She stated her name and address were secret.

At 1:17 P.M., an anonymous female caller asked why a truth serum was not given to OSWALD.

PAUL BACKENSTEAD, Dayton, Ohio, telephone 233-0849, called at 5:20 P.M. to say that he had no specific information but thought that with all the prominent people of the world in Washington, D.C. tomorrow for the funeral of Former President KENNEDY that it would be an opportunity for another Pearl Harbor. He thought the Government should be alerted. He said he had been watching developments in Dallas, Texas, on TV and thought the gun of OSWALD came from Chicago and that probably OSWALD's killer came from Chicago. BACKENSTEAD could furnish no specific information but said these were just his thoughts.

Mrs. ELFREDE JOHNSON, 2745 Kennedy Avenue, Dayton, Ohio, telephonically advised SA WILLIAM R. STRINGER that on the night of November 23, 1963, she was listening to a German radio program on short wave called "The German Wave", located at approximately 100 megacycles on the short-wave band. During the program, she heard one of the announcers relate that there is reason to believe that HARRY LEE OSWALD is a Russian citizen. There was no elaboration on this statement. Mrs. JOHNSON stated her parents presently live in West Germany near the East German border.

CI 105-2505
CN

On November 25, 1963, DANIEL W. BILLINGS, JR., 822 Cleveland Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio, advised that he had just been talking to Mrs. FRANCIS ASTELES, New Carlisle, Quebec, Canada, and that she had advised him that OSWALD had been seen in RUBY's strip joint by a mind reader. He said this information was hearsay.

On November 23, 1963, the following persons telephonically contacted the Cincinnati Office and suggested that OSWALD be given an examination to determine whether he had eaten chicken and thereby connect him with the murder of the President:

ROY CHAPMAN, 4410 Eastern Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

FRED GENE CARSON, Box 34, Fayetteville, Ohio.

BARNEY WEISMANTEL, 922 Garfield Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

LEONARD SIVE (no address given).

Mrs. TERESA SELLERS, 7801 Beechmont Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

On November 26, 1963, EDWARD K. MOOTS, 56 Parkwood Avenue, Dayton, Ohio, appeared at the Dayton Resident Agency and advised IC FELIX K. RUDE that he had seen JACK LEON RUBY shoot OSWALD on television. He stated that he thought right before RUBY shot OSWALD he heard someone in the crowd at the Dallas Police Department say, "There he is, Lee". MOOTS did not know who made this statement or its meaning but said that he wanted to furnish this information for any help it may be in the investigation.

The following undated letter was received by the Columbus Resident Agency on November 26, 1963:

"Dear Sirs: - I bet

"Oswald needed money and was approached by a Communist who offered him money to not tell anyone he was in the building; he was told to

"isolate himself from his wife so he rented a room. His (Oswald's) life was threatened if instructions were not carried out. Having been seen in the building was in the real assisin's plan so he Oswald could be proven the one would have to take the blame. when all he did with a gun aimed at him was to tell the assasin just when the Presidents car reached the spot laid out by the plotters as the logical spot to fire at Mr. Kennedy. The shot was fired the gun thrown down by the assasin who made a quick get away. which he of course had ample time to figure out

"Oswald was affraid he would be accused of the crime so was running from the police in self preservation The map of the plot was also forced on Oswald under threat and instructions what to do with it only to make it seem positive proof that he (Oswald) was the killer.

"The real killer and master mind of the ring are at large.

"I am sending you this FB.I as my theory and wonder if you do not think likewise. It grieves me to see men put to death for crimes they never committed and I do much thinking over such cases. I believed Oswald innocent from the

"/s/ May B. Keller

"P.S. My son called me from San Antonio last night. to wish me a Happy Birthday and his wife in talking to me said Isn't a terrible tragedy to have happen to our adopted State; they are natives of Columbus, also. However not trying to solve crimes and hope not to be considered a crack pot only hoping the ring leaders of this terrible tragedy can be traced down by your wonderfull .FB.I secret service.

CI 105-2505
CN

"Most humbly gratefull if you take a little time to read this which may mean nothing but could perhaps. help a tiny bit in finding and bringing to justice the ones responsible in our most worthy President. I am now suspicious of Red China and Cuba as being involved and still have to include Russia the sneaks."

Colonel WILBUR R. CARTER, United States Air Force Retired, advised SA RICHARD B. GEORGE on December 1, 1963, Los Angeles, he was phoned by WILLIAM NORTH, Air Force Civilian Employee at Wright Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio. NORTH stated he had information that both RUBY and OSWALD were members of Dallas Branch of Crime Syndicate, whose headquarters is in New Orleans. NORTH stated Syndicate has meeting scheduled in Chicago in near future. NORTH inferred that he had received some sort of information regarding assassination only moments prior to same, but did not have time to give warning. NORTH did not furnish details.

NORTH requested Agents phone him at his home, Xenia, Ohio, phone 372-7173, stating he is being called "At the request of your last Commander", in order to set up meeting with Agents. NORTH was apprehensive regarding his own welfare and requested his identity be kept confidential.

CARTER stated he has known NORTH ten years, regards him as reliable, but has no idea where NORTH would obtain his information.

On December 1, 1963, SA JOHN W. LILL, JR. and SA JOE N. HATHAWAY interviewed WILLIAM RAY NORTH, Xenia, Ohio, at which time NORTH advised that he is now and has been under psychiatric care for the past two years. He has pains in his head, cannot sleep, stated that he was drunk Friday, November 29, 1963, and Saturday, November 30, 1963. He was unable to furnish any information of value.

CI 105-2505
CN

INFORMATION REGARDING OSWALD'S POSSIBLE ATTENDANCE AT ANTIOCH COLLEGE, YELLOW SPRINGS, OHIO

Sgt. DONALD SWARTZ, Intelligence Unit, Columbus, Ohio, Police Department, advised on November 29, 1963, he has received the following unverified information from a source he declined to identify:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD allegedly attended Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio, using his true name for a short period of time in 1957 and was dismissed because he was unable to prove his graduation from high school.

OSWALD had lived c/o MICHAEL PAINE and wife, RUTH PAINE, nee HYDE, Irving, Texas. RUTH HYDE is a graduate, Class of 1955, of Antioch College. Her parents were identified as WILLIAM A. HYDE and CAROL E. HYDE.

SWARTZ stated his inquiries at Columbus show WILLIAM A. HYDE, Actuary, Farm Bureau, (now Nationwide) Insurance Company, 246 N. High Street, Columbus, residence 580 N. Park Street, Apartment 105, Columbus, Ohio. A divorce was granted to WILLIAM A. HYDE from CAROL E. HYDE, Franklin County, Columbus, 1961. The couple had three children not identified.

Previous address for WILLIAM A. HYDE is 4400 Glenmawr Ave., about 1961, also 1968 Summit Ave., date not known and 115 Glenmawr, 1940, all Columbus, Ohio.

RUTH PAINE, nee HYDE, reportedly has a brother, CARL D. HYDE, dob 12/30/37, residing 125 E. Davis St., Yellow Springs, Ohio. He is a Doctor at Dayton Hospital, Dayton, Ohio, and is married to LORENA. He previously resided 1198 Selden, Detroit, Michigan.

Sgt. SWARTZ furnished the above information to SA ROBERT F. MAHLER.

CI 105-2505
CN

The November 30, 1963, issue of the "Columbus Citizen Journal" carries a front page story captioned, "Mrs. OSWALD's Pal, Ex-Local Woman."

This article is based on a long distance telephone interview made November 29, 1963, by Reporter JOHN DEPKE with Mrs. RUTH HYDE PAINE, Irving, Texas.

The article states that Mrs. PAINE and OSWALD's wife, Mrs. MARINA OSWALD, were together watching TV in Mrs. PAINE's home on November 22, 1963, when President KENNEDY was assassinated. The article states that Mrs. PAINE was contacted by the police following the assassination, that her home was searched, and the fact that she had furnished authorities with facts of her knowledge of the relationship with LEE OSWALD.

It is stated in the article that Mrs. PAINE graduated in 1949 from University High School, Columbus, Ohio, and later attended Antioch College.

Mrs. PAINE's father, WILLIAM HYDE, is an official of Nationwide Insurance Company, Columbus, Ohio.

SA ROBERT H. BERTKE determined on November 30, 1963, that records of Antioch College would not be available until December 2, 1963.

Mr. WILLIAM WARREN, Associate Dean of Students, Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio, advised SA BERNARD D. MALONEY on December 2, 1963, that review of his records fails to reflect LEE HARVEY OSWALD had ever attended this college, made application, or known to have inquired at the college for application.

Mr. WARREN said that his records reflect RUTH AVERY HYDE attended Antioch College from October 31, 1949, until June 25, 1955, when she received a Bachelor of Arts Degree with major in Education. He explained that Antioch College is a Co-operative School in which the students are on the campus for academic purposes for a period of three months and then are placed at various employments

in conjunction with their academic endeavors. In this way, a student will normally take five years to obtain a degree in a specialized field. His records reflect HYDE was born September 3, 1932, New York, New York, of parents, Mr. and Mrs. WILLIAM A. HYDE, 1986 Summit Street, Columbus, Ohio. During her attendance at Antioch, she was employed as follows:

Jewish Community Center, Indianapolis, Indiana,
January 2, 1950, to March 31, 1950;

Downtown Community School, New York City,
October, 1951, to January, 1952, and
March 31, 1952, to May 29, 1952;

Jewish Center, Columbus, Ohio, and City Recreation,
Columbus, Ohio,
October 31, 1952, to December 19, 1952;

Mad River Township Schools, Dayton, Ohio,
September 8, 1953, to October 23, 1953,
and January 4, 1954, to March 5, 1954;

American Friends Service Committee,
Summer Study Tour,
June 25, 1954 to August 4, 1954;

YMHA and YWHA, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and
American Friends Service Committee,
August 23, 1954, to May 31, 1955.

Mr. WARREN said that, according to the school records, RUTH HYDE had married MICHAEL R. PAINE and was last known to be residing at 2515 W. 5th Street, Irving, Texas, as of October 3, 1959. He said he has determined that all mail sent to this address from that date has not been returned and they have received no change of address for her.

FD-333 (Rev. 11-20-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Cincinnati, Ohio
December 2, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference Report of Special Agent THOMAS B. ESTEP, Cincinnati, captioned and dated as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

CI T-1. Contact with CI T-1 has been insufficient to determine reliability.

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4 FEB 1 1973

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FD-36 (Rev. 5-13-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
SAN DIEGO	DALLAS	12/4/63	11/27 - 12/3/63

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	ARNOLD C. DOLDE	lmt
	CHARACTER OF CASE	
	IS - R	

REFERENCE: San Diego teletype to Bureau and dallas dated 12/4/63.

- P -

LEAD:

SAN DIEGO

AT BRAWLEY, CALIFORNIA. Will continue efforts to locate and interview LLOYD E. HORAL regarding any information concerning JACK RUBY.

ADMINISTRATIVE

In view of the fact that the letter was anonymous, efforts were immediately made to contact TUBACH and HORAL in order to clarify and further identify "JACK" named in mentioned letter. TUBACH was not available until 12/3/63. At this point, it does not appear that "JACK" mentioned in the letter is JACK RUBY.

APPROVED: SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:

(10) - Bureau (44-24016)(AMSD)

3 - Dallas (AMSD)

2 - San Diego (44-251)

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DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

105-82555-429

DEC 13 1963

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

4 FEB 7 cc Warren Comm. 12-18-63 LMS/gle 12-21-63 mls/lfh

20 JAN 13 1964

SD 44-251

ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

REMIGIO AGUILAR is a prominent married businessman in Mexicali and was, according to TUBACH, involved in an extra-marital affair with NORMA GUTIERREZ. It is noted that IRMA GUTIERREZ and MARIA LUISA GARCIA SILVA are also citizens of Mexico and residents of Mexicali. It is not believed that interview of the above Mexican nationals should be conducted at this time in this case. No lead is being set out to conduct any investigation in Mexicali at this time UACB. Investigation in Mexico could result in some possible embarrassment to the Bureau. The Bureau is aware that an interview of this nature in Mexico would require the presence of Mexican Police authorities which might cause considerable embarrassment to the Mexican nationals being interviewed.

COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:	ARNOLD C. DOLDE	Office:	SAN DIEGO
Date:	December 4, 1963		
Field Office File #:	San Diego 44-251	Bureau File #:	44-24016
Title:	LEE HARVEY OSWALD		
Character:	INTERNAL SECURITY - R		

Synopsis:

Immigration and Naturalization Service, Calexico, California, made available an anonymous letter indicating that "JACK who killed the assassin of your President" has acquaintances in Brawley, California. EDUARDO TUBACH, mentioned in anonymous letter, considers the letter to be a "spite" letter.

- P -

DETAILS: BACKGROUND ON JACK RUBY

On November 27, 1963, ROBERT L. WELSH, Immigration Inspector, Acting Officer in Charge, United States Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), Calexico, California, advised that an anonymous letter in the Spanish language had been received that morning which indicated that "JACK" had bet with individuals in Mexicali, B. C., Mexico.

Mr. WELCH made available the letter and a translation thereof which had been made by LINDA M. MONTOYA, Clerk-Typist. This translation was as follows:

Lloyd E. Horal

Mexico "Do you want to know who killed your President. Interrogate these persons: REMIGIO AGUILAR, EDUARDO TUBACH, LLOY HORAL. These last ones are from Brawley, California. NORMA GUTIERREZ, MARIA LUISA GARCIA SILVA, IRMA GUTIERREZ. These I think are immigrated. Mexico At the house of Mr. REMIGIO they held their meetings and they are sure that this JACK who killed the assassin of your President for fear that he would talk. This JACK was at the meetings that all the

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above-mentioned held. We hope you will interrogate them. It will be very easy because the girls are threatened with death. All the Mexican names live in Mexicali, B. C., Mexico. REMIGIO AGUILAR is very well known and he can inform you where the rest live. We hope this will serve you some information."

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

EDUARDO TUBACH, Rancher, 152 G Street, Brawley, California, advised Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that all persons mentioned in the letter were known to him. He identified REMIGIO AGUILAR as the owner of the major cattle shipping yards in Mexicali, LLOYD E. HORAL as one of his foremen in his ranching enterprises, and himself as a rancher doing business as Edward Tubach Ranches, Imperial County, California.

TUBACH stated NORMA GUTIERREZ was a "girlfriend" of AGUILAR; that IRMA GUTIERREZ was the "girlfriend" of HORAL; and that MARIA LUISA GARCIA SILVA was his "girlfriend". IRMA GUTIERREZ and NORMA GUTIERREZ are sisters.

TUBACH stated that HORAL commenced to visit Mexicali frequently about six or seven years ago. He eventually became acquainted with SILVIA GARCIA VIRGENES in Mexicali and resided with her from time to time in a common-law relationship.

Approximately four years ago, TUBACH commenced visits to Mexicali where he rented an apartment near the corner of Avenida Compuertas and Calzado Justo Sierra. He had met MARIA LUISA GARCIA SILVA, and they resided in the apartment as man and wife. NORMA GUTIERREZ resided in the next apartment, and about a year ago he became acquainted with AGUILAR who visited her with regularity. At about that time, HORAL, through NORMA GUTIERREZ and MARIA LUISA GARCIA SILVA, became acquainted with IRMA GUTIERREZ. He dropped SILVIA GARCIA VIRGENES and commenced a relationship with IRMA GUTIERREZ.

This angered SILVIA GARCIA VIRGENES who threatened to have both TUBACH and HORAL arrested and expelled from Mexico. Both had been visiting Mexicali without proper documents. She also threatened to cause them other unstated embarrassments.

TUBACH said all the above were known, one to the other. On rare occasions, they would all be at the apartments, but not together. He could recall only one occasion when they all dined together. He denied knowing JACK.

On 12/3/63 at Brawley, California File # SD 44-251

SA JAMES W. PRICE and
SA ARNOLD C. BOLDT/pt 12/4/63

TUBACH said he assumed that the JACK mentioned in the letter was JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas; however, JACK RUBY is unknown to him personally, and the only information he possesses concerning RUBY is that which came to his attention through news media as a result of the President's assassination.

TUBACH specifically denied having ever met with JACK RUBY or having anything whatsoever to do with the assassination of the President or the subsequent killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 12/9/63

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (62-6115)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R

Remytel 12/5/63, captioned as above.

There is enclosed herewith six copies of a letterhead memorandum setting forth results of interview with Dr. ROBERT BEEBE, of the Illinois State Psychiatric Institute, 1601 West Taylor St., Chicago, Ill., concerning one [redacted].

Since the possibility exists that Secret Service may desire to interview [redacted] while confined at the Illinois State Psychiatric Institute, and since his possible release date is unknown, the attached information was telephonically furnished to the local office of Secret Service, Chicago.

2 - Bureau
1 - Chicago
RAC/krp
(3)

Secret Service R. Baphael Hence
Special Agent
The Presidential
105 - [illegible] - 430

REC-12

EX-105

12-12-63

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
December 9, 1963

RE: [redacted]
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Dr. ROBERT BEEBE, Illinois State Psychiatric Institute, 1601 West Taylor Street, telephone TA 9-7550, Chicago, Illinois, telephonically advised this office on December 5, 1963, that a patient by the name of [redacted] was presently confined at Ward 6-E at the Institute. Dr. BEEBE advised that during an interview with [redacted] in attempting to secure a case history on him, [redacted] threatened to kill President JOHNSON as well as other officials of his former place of employment, namely Reynolds Aluminum Company, Chicago. Dr. BEEBE stated that [redacted] was admitted to the Institute on November 27, 1963, and was described as a 25-year-old Mexican, married, residing at [redacted] Chicago, Illinois.

During interview with [redacted], it was ascertained that [redacted] had approximately 50 jobs in the last six years. BEEBE advised that Dr. ROBERT KRAVETS, resident doctor at the Institute, diagnosed [redacted] condition as chronic paranoid schizophrenia, and although he was of the opinion that [redacted] would not carry out his threats, informed Dr. BEEBE of the statements made by [redacted] who in turn felt obligated to advise this office of the information. Dr. BEEBE advised that [redacted] will be confined at the hospital for an indefinite period.

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44 FEB 1 1973

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 10 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-10-63 5-38 PM CST DAW

TO. DIRCTOR

FROM. SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/ /P/ /SP/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. ; IS DASH R. OO, DALLAS.

RE BUREAU TEL TO SAN ANTONIO FIVE ZERO ONE P. M., DECEMBER SEVEN, LAST.

STAFF SERGEANT JOHN EDWARD PIC, AF ONE ONE THREE ONE THREE TWO THREE NINE, MEDICAL SQUADRON, LACKLAND AFB, TEXAS, HALF BROTHER OF SUBJECT, ADVISED SA JOHN RUSSELL GRAHAM ON DECEMBER TEN, INSTANT, THAT IN ABOUT AUGUST, FIFTYTWO, MRS. MARGUERITE OSWALD, MOTHER OF SUBJECT AND SGT. PIC, CAME TO VISIT SGT. PIC AND HIS WIFE WHILE THE PICS WERE TEMPORARILY LIVING AT THREE TWO FIVE EAST NINETYSECOND STREET, NEW YORK, M. Y., IN APARTMENT OF MRS. PIC-S MOTHER, MRS. MARY FUHRMAN, WHO WAS VISITING AWAY FROM NEW YORK.

EX-105 REC-12 105-82555-431

PIC STATED HIS WIFE, MARGARET, AKA., MARGE, HAD NEVER PREVIOUSLY MET MRS. OSWALD AND THEY COULD NOT GET ALONG TOGETHER AT ALL, IT APPEARING TO PIC THAT NO ONE COULD GET ALONG WITH MRS. OSWALD AND THAT SHE WAS TRYING TO DESTROY PIC-S MARRIAGE. PIC NOW UNABLE

END PAGE ONE

5 DEC 13 1963

5 DEC 12 1963

TO RECALL DETAILS OF MRS. OSWALD-S CONDUCT EXCEPT THAT MINOR ARGUMENTS CONINUALLY DEVELOPED BETWEEN HER AND MRS. PIC WHILE PIC WAS AT WORK.

AS TO ANY INCIDENT WHEREIN SUBJECT THREATENED MRS. PIC WITH KNIFE RESULTING IN SUBUECT AND MRS. OSWALD BEING REQUIRED TO LEAVE, SGT. PIC STATED HE HAD NO SPECIFIC RECOLLECTION THEREOF BUT STATED THIS REPORT PROBABLY REVOLVES ABOUT AN INDIDENT WHICH HE RELATED AS FOLLOWS.

ON EVENING, IN ABOUT AUGUST, FIFTYTWO, WHEN HE RETURNED HOME MRS. PIC TOLD HIM SHE WAS HAVING PROBLEMS WITH MRS. OSWALD AND SUBJECT AND THAT MRS. PIC HAD REBUKED SUBJECT BECAUSE OF HIS DISRESPECTFUL CONDUCT TOWARDS MRS. OSWLAD. PIC SAID MRS. PIC MAY HAVE MENTIONED THAT SUBJECT HAD KNIFE BUT HE COULD NOT RECALL IT OR ANY THREAT SUBJECT ALLEGEDLY MADE TO MRS. PIC, THE ENTIRE PROBLEM BEING RECALLED BY HIM AS ONE OF SUBJECT MERELY BEING DISRESPECTFUL TOWARDS MRS. OSWALD. AT MRS. PIC-S REQUEST, PIC TALKED TO SUBJECT RE HIS CONDUCT TOWARDS MRS. OSWALD. PIC SAID HE AND MRS. PIC HAD TOLD MRS.

OSWALD THAT MRS. PIC-S MOTHER WAS DUE TO RETURN SOON AND HAD THUS ENDEAVORED TO HINT TO HER THAT SHE AND SUBJECT SHOULD MOVE OUT AND ONE EVENING SEVERAL DAYS AFTER ABOVE INCIDENT PIC RETURNED FROM WORK TO FIND MRS. OSWALD AND SUBJECT HAD MOVED. THEY HAD NOT BEEN ORDERED OR DIRECTLY ASKED TO LEAVE, ALTHOUGH PIC HOPED THEY WOULD ON ACCOUNT OF DIFFICULTY BETWEEN MRS. PIC AND MRS. OSWALD. PIC NOTED SUBJECT WAS THEN ONLY AGE TWELVE AND HE AND MRS. PIC HAD NOTHING AGAINST SUBJECT AND EVEN DISCUSSED POSSIBILITY OF KEEPING HIM ON CONDITION MRS. OSWALD MOVED AWAY, ALTHOUGH THIS PROPOSITION NEVER DISCUSSED WITH MRS. OSWALD.

MRS. PIC ADVISED SA JOHN RUSSELL GRAHAM ON DECEMBER TEN, INSTANT, THAT WHEN SHE FIRST MET MRS. OSWALD IN ABOUT AUGUST, FIFTYTWO, AS INDICATED ABOVE, MRS. OSWALD STATED SHE AND SUBJECT WANTED TO LIVE PERMANENTLY WITH THE PICS BUT MRS. PIC PRIVATELY TOLD HER SHE WOULD NOT AGREE TO THIS. THEREAFTER, MRS. OSWALD DID ALL SHE COULD TO

TURN EVERYONE, INCLUDING SGT. PIC AND SUBJECT, AGAINST MRS. PIC AND CONSTANTLY STARTED ARGUMENTS OVER MINOR HOUSEHOLD MATTERS, DETAILS OF WHICH ARE NOT NOW RECALLED. MRS. PIC SAID THAT DURING ONE SUCH ARGUMENT, NOW BELIEVED TO HAVE DEVELOPED BECAUSE MRS. PIC PROTESTED SUBJECT-S PLAYING A TELEVISION SET OWNED BY MRS. OSWALD, SUBJECT DID PULL OUT SMALL POCKET KNIFE WITH BLADE OPEN AND MOVE TOWARD MRS. PIC IN MRS. OSWALD-S PRESENCE. MRS. PIC SAID THIS SCARED HER, SHE BACKED AWAY AND SUBJECT DID NOTHING THEN. SHE REPORTED THIS THREAT TO SGT. PIC WHEN HE RETURNED FROM WORK BUT MRS. OSWALD DENIED TO HIM THAT SUBJECT HAD THREATENED MRS. PIC WITH KNIFE AND MRS. PIC EXPRESSED BELIEF HER HUSBAND WAS ACTUALLY IN DOUBT AS TO TRUE FACTS.

MRS. PIC STATED THAT AFTER LATTER INCIDENT SHE TOLD MRS. OSWALD TO EITHER GET OUT OR SHE WOULD HAVE HER THROWN OUT AND MRS. OSWALD THEN THREATENED TO JUMP OUT WINDOW. MRS. PIC RECALLED PROTESTING TO MRS. OSWALD THAT

PAGE FIVE

SUBJECT WAS DAMAGING BOOKCASE BY SETTING BEVERAGE GLASSES THEREON, A PROTEST IGNORED BY MRS. OSWALD, BUT COULD RECALL NO TOEHR DAMAGE TO FURNISHINGS.

MRS. PIC DENIED EVER REFERRING TO SUBJECT AS QUOTE EXTREMELY CUDDLED CHILD END QUOTE, HER IMPORESSION BEING THAT MRS. OSWALD ACTUALLY HAD NO FEELING FOR ANY OF HER SONS EXCEPT FOR WHAT SHE COULD GET OUT OF THEM.

SGT. PIC INSISTED ON BEING PRESENT DURING ABOVE INTERVIEW OF MRS. PIC ON GROUNDS SHE IS VERY NERVOUS, AND AFTER HEARING MRS. PIC-S ACCOUNT OF SUBJECT THREATENING HER WITH KNIFE, ADVISED HE DID RECALL MRS. PIC TELLING HIM THAT BUT HE HAD NOT KNOWN WHAT TO BELIEVE AT THE TIME AND HAD NOT REGARDED IT AS SERIOUS IN ANY EVENT IN VIEW OF SUBJECTS AGE.

FD THREE ZERO TWOS AND LHM FOLLOW. DALLAS ADVISED AIRMAIL.

END AN

~~CORRECTIONS PAGE FOUR LINE ELEVEN WORD SIX IS MRS. AND PAGE FIVE LINE THREE WORD THREE IS THREE.~~ ?

END AND ACK PLS

WA 6-56 PM OK FBI WA LLD

TU LLD DISCM

CC-MR. ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 30 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-30-63 2-23 PM CST WD

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC DALLAS /100-10461/ 5 P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS - R - CUBA.

STORY ORIGINATED IN FORT WORTH, TEXAS, TO THE EFFECT THAT LEE HARVEY OSWALD WAS WRITING A BOOK AND HAD USED A PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER, PAULINE VIRGINIA BATES, FOR ASSISTANCE.

ON NOV. THIRTY INSTANT, MISS PAULINE VIRGINIA BATES, NEE BOND /DIVORCED/, APT. SIX, ONE FOUR TWO TWO COLLEGE AVENUE, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, INTERVIEWED BY SAS JOSEPH L. SCHOTT AND B. TOM CARTER. SHE STATED SHE IS A PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER WITH OFFICES IN THE BURKBURNETT BUILDING. ON JUNE EIGHTEEN SIXTY-TWO, LEE OSWALD CAME TO HER OFFICE. STATED HE GOT HER NAME OUT OF PHONE BOOK. OSWALD STATED HE HAD JUST RETURNED FROM A THREE YEAR STAY IN RUSSIA AND HAD KEPT A DIARY ON HIS EXPERIENCES AND STATEMENTS OF PEOPLE HE MET WHILE IN RUSSIA. HIS DIARY CONSISTED OF HANDWRITTEN AND TYPED NOTES ON ALL SORTS OF PAPER. HE REQUESTED HER TO TYPE HIS NOTES SO HE COULD USE THE MATERIAL TO COMPILE A BOOK. HE TOLD HER A FORT WORTH ENGINEER, NAME NOT RECALLED, HAD READ HIS NOTES AND WAS INTERESTED IN HELPING HIM COMPILE THE BOOK. HE TOLD HER HE [illegible] HAND TEN DOLLARS AND WHEN SHE TYPED TEN DOLLARS WORTH OF MATERIAL TO STOP. MOST OF THE MATERIAL WAS IN ENGLISH BUT

EX-105 REC 14 100-10461-432
5 DEC 12 1963

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cc Dir. 6

SOME OF IT WAS IN RUSSIAN AND HE INTERPRETED IT FOR HER. HE REMAINED IN HER OFFICE AT ALL TIMES WHILE SHE WAS TYPING AND WAS VERY CAREFUL TO INSURE THAT SHE DID NOT TAKE OR LOSE ANY OF HIS NOTES. HE CAME TO HER OFFICE ON JUNE EIGHTEEN NINETEEN SIXTYTWO. SHE TYPED TEN PAGES, SINGLE SPACED, ON LETTER SIZED PAPER, MAKING AN ORIGINAL AND ONE COPY. SHE ESTIMATED THERE WERE FIVE HUNDRED WORDS TO A PAGE FOR A TOTAL OF FIVE THOUSAND WORDS. HE HAD HIS NOTES IN A MANILLA ENVELOPE ABOUT TEN INCHES BY ELEVEN INCHES IN SIZE. SHE ESTIMATES THAT SHE TYPED ABOUT ONE THIRD OF HIS NOTES. MOST OF THE MATERIAL WAS ABOUT HIS DAY TO DAY EXPERIENCES AND PEOPLE HE MET AND STATEMENTS MADE BY THEM. ALL OF IT WAS CRITICAL OF RUSSIA AND SET OUT SUCH STATEMENTS AS LONG WORK DAY, POOR FOOD AND NO VACATIONS.

OSWALD TALKED VERY LITTLE WHILE IN HER OFFICE AND CONFINED IT MOSTLY TO INTERPRETING HIS NOTES. HE DID MENTION WHILE WORKING IN A FACTORY IN MINSK HE MET AND MARRIED HIS WIFE.

AFTER ABOUT TWO YEARS HE DECIDED TO RETURN TO U. S. AND IT WAS A YEAR BEFORE THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT WOULD AGREE FOR HIM TO TAKE HIS WIFE WITH HIM TO THE U. S. HE WAS BITTER TOWARD RUSSIA FOR THIS DELAY. BATES ASKED HIM WHY HE WENT TO RUSSIA. HE STATED HE TOOK AN ELEMENTARY COURSE IN RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AND BECAME INTERESTED IN GOING TO RUSSIA TO SEE WHAT THE ACTUAL LIVING CONDITIONS WERE LIKE IN THAT COUNTRY. AT ONE TIME HE ALSO TOLD HER HE HAD BEEN IN THE U.S. MARINE CORPS FOR TWO YEARS.

AFTER TYPING THE TEN PAGES SHE TOLD HIM SHE HAD TYPED TEN DOLLARS WORTH OF MATERIAL AND WOULD BE GLAD TO TYPE THE REMAINDER OF HIS NOTES ON CREDIT. HE WAS NOT AGREEABLE TO THIS AND PICKED UP HIS NOTES AND TYPED PAGES, PAID HER WITH A TEN DOLLAR BILL AND LEFT. HE NEVER RETURNED.

AFTER TYPING THE NOTES, SHE MENTIONED THIS TO HER FRIEND, CAROLINE HAMILTON, WHO IS A REPORTER FOR THE FORT WORTH PRESS. LATER, HAMILTON TOLD HER HER PAPER HAD TRIED UNSUCCESSFULLY

TO CONTACT LEE OSWALD REGARDING HIS DIARY. AFTER PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS ASSASSINATED SHE WAS CONTACTED BY CAROLINE HAMILTON. THIS WAS THE FIRST TIME SHE HAD TIED UP LEE OSWALD WITH THE ASSASSINATION.

ON AFTERNOON OF NOV. TWENTYNINE LAST, SHE HAD A RECORDED INTERVIEW WITH THE TV NETWORK IN HER OFFICE. SHE POINTED OUT THE STORY BY CAROLINE HAMILTON WHICH APPEARED IN THE FORT WORTH PRESS ON NOV. TWENTYNINE LAST, IS CORRECT IN EVERY DETAIL WITH THE EXCEPTION THAT LEE OSWALD NEVER STATED HE WAS WORKING FOR THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT. SHE EXPLAINED LEE OSWALD STATED THE STATE DEPARTMENT WAS RELUCTANT TO GIVE HIM A VISA AND TOLD HIM HE WOULD BE ON HIS OWN WHILE IN RUSSIA. FROM THIS STATEMENT SHE AT FIRST ASSUMED HE WAS WORKING WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT BUT LATER REALIZED HER ASSUMPTION WAS WRONG.

ABOUT THREE THIRTY PM, OV. TWENTYNINE LAST, SHE RECEIVED A PHONE CALL AT HER OFFICE FROM A WOMAN WHO STATED SHE WAS MRS. OSWALD, MOTHER OF LEE OSWALD. MRS. OSWALD STATED "I CANNOT TELL YOU WHERE I AM BECAUSE I AM UNDER TIGHT SECURITY.

"I HEARD AN INTERVIEW OF YOU ON THE RADIO REGARDING TYPING LEE/S DIARY. "I REMEMBER HIM SAYING HE HAD A PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER TYPE SOME OF HIS NOTES. "I WISH YOU WOULDN"T TALK WITH ANYONE ABOUT THIS UNTIL I CAN TALK WITH YOU, OTHERWISE YOU MAY HURT HIS WIDOW AND CHILDREN." BATES STATED SHE EXPLAINED TO MRS. OSWALD SHE HAD ALREADY BEEN INTERVIEWED BY TV NETWORK AND HAD RECEIVED ALMOST ONE HUNDRED TELEPHONE CALLS FROM THE NEWS FROM ALL OVER U. S. SHE ALSO POINTED OUT THERE WAS NOTHING OF A DEROGATORY NATURE IN ANY OF HER STATEMENTS TO THE PRESS AND TV PEOPLE. MRS. OSWALD NEVER MENTIONED IF SHE KNEW WHERE THE DIARY MIGHT BE LOCATED.

BATES STATED LEE OSWALD WAS A VERY NERVOUS INDIVIDUAL AND PACED UP AND DOWN IN HER OFFICE. HE MOVED VERY QUICKLY IN ALL HIS ACTIONS AND HE WALKED AT A VERY FAST PACE. HE IMPRESSED HER AS BEING VERY ALERT IN HIS MENTAL PROCESSES. BATES STATED SHE DID NOT KEEP ANY NOTES ON THE MATERIAL SHE TYPED AND EVERYTHING IS FROM MEMORY, EXCEPT THE DATES ON WHICH SHE TYPED THE MATERIAL.

END

3-40 PM OK FBI WA R L

T

J-363 (Rev 5-1-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
MEMPHIS	DALLAS	12/1/63	11/23 - 25/63

TITLE OF CASE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
SA WILLIAM H. LAWRENCE	bam

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS - R

REFERENCES

Bureau teletypes to All SAC's dated 11/30/63 and 12/1/63

RUC

INFORMANTS:

All Security informants and sources and all racial informants and sources of the Memphis Division were contacted and their identities are set out in their individual case files.

A*

COVER PAGE

EX-PROS

APPROVED _____ SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:
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3 - Dallas
1 - Memphis (105-891)

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4 4 FEB 2 1973

100-433

REC 14

12

6 DEC 12 1963

EX-105

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

NOTATIONS

AGENCY

REQUEST RECD.

DATE FWD.

HOW FWD.

BY

7 4 JAN 10 1964

1 5 9 DEC 16 1963

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16—72004-1

FD-204 (Rev. 2-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA WILLIAM H. LAWRENCE
Date: DECEMBER 1, 1963

Office: MEMPHIS

Field Office File No.: 105-891

Bureau File No.:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Synopsis: Records Memphis FBI Division contain no identifiable information with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The sources of Memphis FBI Division familiar with past CP activities and familiar with pro-segregation type organizations within territory of Memphis Division, FBI, state they do not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and have not previously heard of him.

RUC

DETAILS:

At Memphis, Tennessee:

A review of the indices of the Memphis, Tennessee Division of the FBI contain no identifiable references with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Confidential informants and sources of the Memphis FBI Division who are familiar with past Communist Party activities in the area covered by the Memphis FBI Division as well as those familiar with pro-segregation and related type organizations contacted on November 23, 24 and 25, 1963, have all advised they do not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and have never previously heard of him prior to newspaper publicity implicating him in the assassination of the late JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, President of the United States, November 22, 1963.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
INDIANAPOLIS	DALLAS	12/2/63	11/27/63

TITLE OF CASE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
O. H. Lee,
Alek James Hidell

REPORT MADE BY: SA PATRICK J. FLETCHER — TYPED BY: :swm

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS - R

REFERENCES: Bureau teletypes to all offices 11/30/63 and 12/1/63.
Dallas teletype to Indianapolis 11/27/63.

- RUC -

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA:

This report contains all information regarding OSWALD, as requested in referenced Bureau teletypes.

EX-PROC.

APPROVED _____ SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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2 - Dallas (RM, ABSD)
1 - Indianapolis (105-3309)

6 COPIES DESTROYED

44 FEB 1 1973

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105-1[illegible]-434

REL 59

5 DEC 13 [illegible]

EX-102

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

AGENCY	Warren Comm.		
REQUEST RECD.	12-2-63		
DATE FWD.	12-2-63		
HOW FWD.	Mail		
BY	[illegible]		

NOTATIONS

J. FLETCHER

CONFIDENTIAL

64 JAN 1 1964

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16—70324-1 A* (COVER PAGE)

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: PATRICK J. FLETCHER, SA
Date: December 2, 1963

Office: INDIANAPOLIS

Field Office File #: IP 105-3399

Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis:

Captain WILL FRITZ, Dallas, Texas, PD, advised call received from EDGAR REIBER, Indianapolis, Indiana, who called to the effect REIBER met OSWALD at Indianapolis and that OSWALD wanted him to go to Russia. REIBER located and interviewed; maintained story as to meeting OSWALD, however, denies anything mentioned his going to Russia. Local bar owner, Indianapolis, advised REIBER heavy drinker and, when drinking, creates situations to suit himself. Local hotel where OSWALD reportedly resided one night located; no record under true name or known aliases. Room reportedly stayed in has been part of manager's apartment for last nine months and is a kitchen. OSWALD unknown to hotel clerks. Indianapolis PD record of arrest on REIBER set out.

- RUC -

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

IP 105-3399

DETAILS:

Captain WILL FRITZ, Homicide Detail, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised Lieutenant BOHART, of his detail, received a telephone call from one EDGAR REIBER, 128 South Illinois, Indianapolis, Indiana. REIBER claimed he met OSWALD about two months ago in Indianapolis and that OSWALD wanted REIBER to go to Russia and that REIBER would be well paid.

On November 27, 1963, the following investigation was conducted by SAs THOMAS M. SEASE, JR., and PATRICK J. FLETCHER at Indianapolis, Indiana:

EDGAR JOHN REIBER, also known as JAMES SCHNEIDER, was located at the Langley Hotel, 219½ South Illinois, Indianapolis.

REIBER advised he made a telephone call to the Dallas Police Department November 25, 1963.

REIBER stated OSWALD was in a restaurant near the hotel on South Illinois about one and one-half months ago. He claimed OSWALD asked him to buy him a cup of coffee, which he agreed to, and, further, bought him food and gave him $2 to rent a room in the Hotel Langley. He advised OSWALD rented Room 6 at this hotel.

REIBER advised he was with OSWALD one hour. The only conversation between the two was to the effect OSWALD asked him if he would like to be Communist, to which REIBER replied, "No." REIBER claimed he had no other conversation with OSWALD and did not ask where OSWALD was from.

REIBER was questioned as to how he knew this was OSWALD. He stated pictures in the newspapers of OSWALD look like him; but he advised OSWALD never identified himself to him.

REIBER, during this interview, denied OSWALD asked him to go to Russia.

A check of the register at the Langley Hotel, 219½ South Illinois Street, failed to reveal any registration for OSWALD under his true name or any known aliases.

WILSON DRUM, night clerk at the Langley Hotel, advised Room 6 has been a kitchen for over nine months.

JOHN GOINS, former night clerk at the above hotel, advised he cannot recall OSWALD and denied ever telling EDGAR JOHN REIBER that OSWALD had Room 6.

BOBBY FACCONE, owner of a bar located at 128 South Illinois Street, advised REIBER made a telephone call from his bar on November 25, 1963. He stated REIBER had been drinking heavily at the time he made this call. FACCONE further advised that REIBER is an individual who, if told something is true though false, begins to believe same is true; thereafter, when drinking, REIBER will attribute all the information to himself as the source. According to FACCONE, REIBER made the statement to him after making the above telephone call that he (REIBER) would be on television and in newspapers.

Records of the Indianapolis Police Department reflect that EDGAR JOHN REIBER, born September 9, 1928, was arrested August 12, 1963, as drunk; judgment withheld.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-15-59)

FBI

Date: 12/3/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

Re San Antonio teletype to Bureau 12/3/63 and Dallas telephone call to San Antonio 12/3/63.

This airtel will confirm information furnished by SA HENRY J. OLIVER to SAC J. MYERS COLE, San Antonio, on 12/3/63.

HARRY SANDERSON, Clerk, Texas Employment Commission, advised that he interviewed OSWALD at the Texas Employment Commission Office, 2210 Main Street, Dallas, Texas, according to their records, on 10/3/63. SANDERSON cannot recall OSWALD by name or photograph.

SANDERSON interviewed OSWALD since his initials appear as the interviewing person. No time is available for this interview, but the Texas Employment Commission closes at 4:30 PM, and the interview would have been prior to 4:30 PM.

REC 55 105-82555-435

11 DEC 6 1963

3 - Bureau
2 - San Antonio (105-2909)
2 - Dallas
HJO:sam

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

cc: Butler

70 DEC 17 1963

DL 89-43
HJO:mam

Records of the YMCA, Dallas, reveal that OSWALD checked into the downtown YMCA on 10/3/63 and was assigned to Room 601. OSWALD was checked in by a clerk who works from 4:00 PM to 12 Midnight. No exact time is available; however, he would have had to check in after 4:00 PM.

No further information available at this time which would reflect the specific time of arrival of OSWALD in Dallas on 10/3/63.

December 3, 1963
Dallas, Texas

I, Marina Oswald, verify that letter which was shown to me by Agent Levan Ilych Gopadze, who is working for the Secret Service of the Government of the United States of America, is the letter which was written by my deceased husband Lee Oswald. This letter was written on Neely Street, Dallas, Texas, prior to his departure to New Orleans. For the proper understanding the contents of this letter I will try to write in proper Russian language.

"(1) This key for the Post Office Box in the Main Post Office which is located in the city on Ervay Street on the same street where the drug store where we always have met, 4 blocks from the drug store on the same street is located the Post Office. There you will find our box. I paid for the box last month so don't worry.

(2) Send the information to the consulate what happened to me and also get clippings from the newspapers (if the newspapers will write anything about me). I think that the consulate will help you faster if they will learn everything.

(3) I paid for the house on the 2nd, so don't worry about it.

(4) I have recently paid for the water and gas.

(5) Perhaps that my wages from the work also will be forthcoming. They will send it (the money) to our Post Office Box. Go to the bank where you will change the check for cash.

(6) My clothes, etc. you can throw away or give away. Do not keep it. My personal papers (military, working papers, etc.) I prefer that you keep.

(7) Several of my documents located in the small blue suitcase.

(8) My address book is located on my table in my room if you want it.

(9) Here we have friends and Red Cross who will also help you.

(10) I left you money as much as I could, $60 on second and you and June could exist on $10 a week for two months more.

(11) If I am still alive and will be taken to the city prison, the prison is located at the end of the bridge through which we always travel to the city (in the beginning of the city immediately after the bridge)."

This letter was found by me in the evening of the same day when attempted assassination was made on the person by the name of Walker. Late that night when he (Lee) came home he confessed to me that he shot this person, he was very nervous and refused to answer any questions asked by me but said only that this person is head of the fascist organization and

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79 DEC 17 1963
105-82555
5-188
Received Secret Service
12-10-63
pdb

had better be gotten rid of. This letter I did not destroy for the purpose of having evidence in case my husband in the event he will repeat the same thing. He promised me that he would not repeat the same thing. That was the main reason why I insisted for him to go to some other town, for instance in New Orleans. I did not report about this matter to the police on the account of personal feeling toward my husband and also wanted to save my family.

Everything that I have wrote is the truth.

/s/ Marina Oswald

December 3, 1963

Dallas

3-го дек. 1963 г.
Даллас, Техас

-1-

Я, Марина Освальд, подтверждаю, что письмо, которое сейчас показано мне агентом Ливаном Ивиган Гопорзе, который служит в секретном отделе правительства США, является письмом написанным моим покойным мужем Ли Освальдом. Это письмо написано на Neely Street, Даллас, Техас до его отъезда в Нов. Орлеан. Для правильной передачи содержания этого письма постараюсь написать его правильно по-русски.

1) Этот ящик от почтового ящика на главном почтамте, который находится в городе на улице "Ервай", на той же улице где аптека, у которой мы всегда встречались четыре блока от аптеки на этой улице находится почтамт. Там найдешь наш ящик. Я запамятовала за тем в прошлом письме, так ты не напоминай об этом.

Целую Ваня
Дент Линда
12-10-63 г. Новорг

М. Освальд

2) Пришлой в посольство информации, что со мной случилось и тоже вырезки из газеты (если в газетах что-нибудь обо мне напишут). Я думаю, что посольство дальше тебе положит, когда всё узнает.

3) Я заплатил за дом на 2 месяца, так что не переживай об этом.

4) За воду и газ тоже платил недавно.

5) Возможно, что деньги с работы будут. Они пришлют на наш счёт на почтамте. Пойдешь в банк и поменяешь так на деньги.

6) Мои одежду и т.п. ты можешь выбросить или сжечь, не сохраняй их.
Но мои личные думаю (военные, заводские и т.д.) я предполагаю, чтобы так держали.

М. Ольга.

7) Некоторые мои документы находятся в синем маленьком чемодане.

8) Адресная книга на моем столе в моей комнате, если тебе надо.

9) Тут есть у нас друзья и „красный крест" - они тебе помогут. (Red cross - по английски)

10) Я оставил тебе деньги так много, как я мог, 60 долларов на 2^ое число. И ты и Джун можете жить на 10 долларов в неделю еще 2 м-ца.

11) Если я жив и взят в городскую тюрьму, ~~которая находится~~ то городская тюрьма находится на конце того моста, через который ты всегда ехала в город. (самое начало города сразу через мост.)

Ларина Ольга

Это письмо было найдено мною вечером того дня когда было совершено покушение на человека по имени Вокер. Тогда вечером, когда он пришел домой, то сознался мне, что он стрелял в этого человека, был очень взволнован и не отвечал на вопросы, предложенные мною. Только сказал, что этот человек возглавляет фашистскую организацию и будет об него избавиться. Это письмо я не уничтожила, чтоб иметь улику против моего мужа, если он он захочет повторить подлость. Он обещал мне, что такое более не повторится и это было основной причиной, почему я настаивала уехать в другой город, например в Нов Орлеан. Я не сообщила об этом полиции из-за моих естественных чувств к мужу, я хотела сохранить семью. Все что я написала здесь — правда.

Марина Освалд.

3 дек 1963 года Далас

10 December 1963

SUBJECT: Lee Harvey OSWALD

The Central Intelligence Agency received a telegram on 2 December 1963 which read as follows:

> "Concerning the national crime I am requesting that you learn and that we be told in the final report, whether or not there was a certain editor, radio commentator, or pastor, influencing the daily life of Oswald and his mother. Copies of this telegram sent to J. Edgar Hoover and Robert Kennedy.
>
> Mrs. Leon Smith, Sr.
> Route 1, Friona, Texas"

A copy of this memorandum is being furnished to Mr. William O. Cregar, FBI.

REC 55

105-[illegible]437

DEC 15 10 12 AM '63

25 DEC 12 1963

4-3 (Rev. 4-17-63)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☒ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC SAN ANTONIO 051620

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

RE SAN ANTONIO TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS DECEMBER 2 LAST, 11:17 A.M. BUREAU TEL TO ALL SACS NOVEMBER 22 LAST, 11:19 P.M., CAPTIONED ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22 LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS.

IN VIEW OF REPORTING PROCEDURES ESTABLISHED SINCE RE BUREAU TEL IN CASES OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND JACK LEON RUBY, AKA LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, VICTIM DASH-DECEASED, IR, BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO SURAD WHETHER OR NOT IT IS NECESSARY TO CONTINUE TO SUBMIT LHMS IN ANY OF THE THREE CASES.

RECEIVED: 12:38 P.M. ML

MR. ROSEN

REC 55 105-82555-4438

EX-102

DEC 12 1963

29 DEC 17 1963

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-6-63 1215 PM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, NEW ORLEANS

FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO.

RE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO DIRECTOR DEC. FIVE, SIXTYTHREE RE PAUL OSWALD, POSSIBLE RELATIVE OF SUBJECT.

IF IDENTITY OF PAUL OSWALD HAS NOT BEEN ESTABLISHED IN NEW ORLEANS APPROPRIATE ACTION SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN TO IDENTIFY THAT INDIVIDUAL AND ASCERTAIN RELATIONSHIP WITH SUBJECT.

END ACK IN ORD

WA1-17 PM OK FBI WA RM

NO 12-18 PM OK FBI NO RB

TU CLEAR

A

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

105-82555-439

REC 55

EX-102

DEC 12 1963

DEC 6 1963

79 DEC 17 1963

DEC 2 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 8-31 PM DE

TO DIRECTOR -10- 105-82555 AND SACS DALLAS100-10461 AND NEW ORLEANS 100-16601

FROM SAC NEW YORK 105-38431

LEE HARVEY OSWALD AKA., IS- R.

RENOTEL TWELVE SIX LAST, SETTING FORTH LEAD AT NY FOR ORIS HOSIERY, NYC.

EDWARD AIZER, OWNER, LADY ORIS HOSIERY FOUR FOUR THRE PARK AVENUE SOUTH, NYC, ADVISED SA JAMES O. INGRAM THIS DATE RECORDS SHOW EMPLOYEES WITHHOLDING EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE DATED JULY NINE, NINETEEN FORTY THREE IN NAME MARGUERITE FRANCES OSWALD, TWO MAXX ONE THREE SIX BROADWAY, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, SSN FOUR THREE FIVE- TWO TWO- FIVE SIX EIGHT SIX, NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS THREE.

AIZER STATES HAS NO ADDITIONAL RECORDS, BUT OPENED STORE IN NEW ORLEANS, JULY FORTY THREE, AND HIRED ABOVE AS MANAGER OF STORE. DESCRIBED HER AS NEAT IN APPEARANCE, RATHER ATTRACTIVE AND AGGRESIVE, HARDWORKING WOMAN. STATES HE FIRED MRS. OSWALD AFTER ABOUT TWO MONTHS EMPLOYMENT DUE TO FACT SHE WAS POOR IN FIGURES. IN FORTY THREE SHE WAS DATING A MAN WHOHAD HEART CONDITION AND REPORTEDLY WAS WELL TO DO IN NEW ORLEANS, BUT COULD NOT FURNISH HISNAME OR IF SHE MARRIED HIM.

REC 55 440

STATES SPRING OF FIFTY THREE, MRS. OSWALD CAME TO NY CONTACTED HIM RE EMPLOYMENT. HE DIDNOT HAVE AN OPENDING FOR HER BUT RECOMMENDED HER TO HIS BROTHER, JOSEPH AIZER, WHO HIRED HER AS SALESLADY. STATES MRS. OSWALD CONFIDED TO HIM AT THAT TIME SHE WAS HAVING TROUBLE WITH HER SON, BUT DIDNOT EXPLAIN. HE NEVER SAW HER AGAIN. STATES NOT ACQUAINTED WITH SUBJECT OR OTHER MEMBERS OF FAMILY.

PAGE TWO.....

STATED MRS. ORIS DUANE, MANAGER, LADY ORIS HOSIERY, NINE TWO CANAL STREET, NEW ORLEANS WOULD KNOW MRS. OSWALD.

JOSEPH AIZER, OWNER , LADY ORVA HOSIERY FOUR ZERO FOUR PARK AVANUE SOUTH, NYC, ADIVSED THIS DATE RECORDS SHOW EMPLOYEES WITHHOLDING EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE DATED MAY NINE, NINETEEN FIFTYTHREE IN NAME MARGUERITE OSWALD, EIGHT TWO FIVE, EAST ONE SEVEN NINE STREET, APARTMENT THREE C., SSN FOUR THREE FIVE- TWO TWO- FIVE SIX EIGHT SIX. WITH TWO EXEMPTIONS , FORWARDING ADDRESS EIGHT ZERO NINE FRENCH STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

AIZER ADVISED HE HIRED MRS. OSWALD IN MAY FIFTYTHREE ON RECOMMENDATN OF BROTHER EDWARD AIZER. HAD NO CONTACT WITH HER AFTER HIRING.

RECORDS SHOW MRS. OSWALD EMPLOYED FROM WEEK ENDING MAY TEN FIFTY THREE THROUGH WEEK ENDING DECEMBER TWENTY SIX FIFTY THREE.

DOES NOT KNOW SUBJECT.

NO IF NOT HANDLED, INTERIVEW ORIS DUANE, NINE TWO NINE CANAL STREET, CONDUCT INQUIRIES AT TWO ONE THREE SIX BROADWAY AND EIGHT ZERO NINE FRENCH STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

NY WILL ATTEMPT TO LOCATE FORMER EMPLOYERS OF MRS. OSWALD IN NYC.

NY WILL REPORT ABOVE INFORMATION.

END AND PLS ACK.....

8-53 PM NY R 10 WA CTF

ROSEN

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R

OO - DALLAS

Enclosed are eight copies of a letterhead memo reflecting interview of TED C. BLAND, 514 McKenzie Street, Hillsboro, Texas, who crossed from Laredo, Texas, to Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, on September 26, 1963.

No dissemination being made locally to Secret Service.

105-102

REC 55 105-[illegible]-441

5 DEC 12 1963

8 ENCLOSURE

(3) Bureau (Enc. 8)
2 - San Antonio
WHB/mjb
(5)

C. C. Wick

UNREC COPY AND COPY OF ENC FILED IN

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

79 DLC 17 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS
December 9, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 6, 1963, TED C. BLAND, residence address 514 McKenzie Street, Hillsboro, Texas, advised that he left Hillsboro, Texas, on Wednesday, exact date believed by him to be September 25, 1963, in his 1956 yellow and black Cadillac sedan and drove to Laredo, Texas. He advised that on the following day, September 26, 1963, he attempted to cross the border into Mexico but had a .22 rifle in his car at the time and as a result of this he spent from approximately 11:00 a.m. until about 1:00 p.m. on that date, September 26, 1963, in completing his arrangements to cross into Mexico. He explained by stating that he was sent from Mexican Customs to a representative of the Mexican Army in Nuevo Laredo who sent him back across the river to Laredo, Texas, where he contacted the Mexican Consul. He advised that he recontacted American Customs at Laredo, Texas, and finally contacted a gun dealer at Laredo, Texas, whom he paid $2 to ship the rifle back to him at Hillsboro, Texas. He advised that he finally crossed into Mexico about 1:00 p.m. and then drove straight to Monterrey, Mexico. He advised that he remembered being passed on the road by a young man driving a late model red Chevrolet automobile. He advised that he had no further description of this man or the car, however. He stated during the time he was crossing the border and making arrangements to cross, he did not remember having seen any individual who resembled OSWALD's photograph. He stated that in fact he did not recall many people being engaged in crossing into Mexico on that date and had no clear recollection of any individual so involved.

5 COPIES DESTROYED

74 FEB 1 1973

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-50)

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Delonan
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka.
IS - R - CUBA

Enclosed for the Bureau are 8 copies of a letterhead memorandum containing information furnished by R. P. "BOB" SANCHEZ to SA HAROLD H. CROSSETT at McAllen, Texas.

No copies being furnished Dallas or Secret Service, San Antonio, Texas.

8 ENCLOSURE

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
2 - San Antonio
HHC:cbl
(5)

REC 55

EX-102
105-82555 442

8 DEC 12 1963

C. C. WICK

DEC 11 2 33 PM

79 DEC 17 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas

December 9, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

R. P. "BOB" SANCHEZ, Attorney at Law, 223 South 17th Street, McAllen, Texas, furnished the following information:

"The recent tragedy which met our President and consequently the entire free world has, I am sure, been the topic of conversation among people of all social, economic and intellectual levels. Curiosity seekers have probably had a field day speculating beyond the published news on how the assassination occurred and how the accused assassin, LEE HARVEY OSWELD, operated. Moreover, many have wondered if OSWALD had accomplices, feeling that while OSWALD apparently met an untimely retribution, those who might have worked with him are apparently still at large.

"A news release, whether accurate or not, reporting that the Federal Bureau of Investigation had announced that OSWALD was operating alone and that he did not have any accomplices, stirred me to contact the FBI to report a very interesting and I might say startling piece of information regarding the assassination.

"A small group of people in an American city of the U.S.-Mexico border have, through the years, originated a so-called 'Institute of Phychorientology.' They have through many painstaking hours developed 'psychic operators' who, through psychic conditioning have developed extra sensory perception or super normal perception whereby they are able to perceive and disseminate information other than through normal or objective senses and yet produce information that has objective reality. They like to call this process 'clairvoyance' although they are aware that such term had a different and much less serious connotation sometime ago.

"using the process I have described above these operators first started to diagnose or

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"perceive maladies, malfunctions or physical faults or injuries contained in the human body. They are now even able to exercise therapeutic functions or processes whereby their work can have a curative effect on the human body. A brother of mine became interested and acquainted with this group of people and when they found out to their dismay that what they were doing was contrary to established medical practice and further found out that the Medical Association was beginning to frown upon their practices, though they were not wide spread, they approached me, through my brother, for legal counseling or orientation.

"About their ability to 'read' the human body there is absolutely no question in my mind or in the mind of any body whom they have actually examined. They were able to tell me the injuries I sustained even when I was a child and all about my present physical condition. I learned some things that I was not entirely aware of myself.

"To add a somewhat more official or formal character to this whole thing I should state here that I personally discussed the work these people are doing with a graduate student in this whole field at Duke University, the foremost cultural center in our country today in this field, and he personally told me that there was absolutely no question in his mind but that these pleope did have the power to do what I have described. He said that only one other human being in the world was able to do what these people are doing. I believe he said this individual lived in North Carolina, but I am not sure. He did say one thing however; he said that the fellow in North Carolina, while able to perform in this manner, was not able to transfer his abilities or his power to someone else and that this group of people apparently is able to do so; therefore they are training others, among their group, to do exactly what they are able to do.

"Recently a Dr. BANERJEE from India, a luminary personality in this field, made a talk in San Antonio, Texas and after conferring with the group of people I represent was alsc convinced that this is the only group of people in the whole world that can do this. I believe he gave them a letter of commendation, and told them, by the way, that the Russians are far ahead of us in this field.

"To take this matter one step further, this group of people is now experimenting on their ability to exercise mental projection in the present and in the past. By such process they are able to recreate past notable events and perhaps even perceive into the future. This process is again carried out by having one of their operators get into a mental state of semi-conscious or semi-sleep whereby the operator, with eyes closed, is still in full control of his faculties and is able to talk and thereby answer the questions of another operator who seeks the information desired.

"It is through this process exactly that these psychic operators have, apparently, been able to turn up with some information leading strongly to the belief that OSWALD had accomplices in the assassination of President KENNEDY. One note of caution should be exercised here and that is, as they have definitely told me, that they are not yet able to tell whether or not their operator, while in the special state of mind or 'trance,' if we may call it that, is from time to time getting in and out of such special state of mind whereby at some times he or she is producing true or concrete information and at other times, while not in the special state of mind, is not producing accurate or true information. They tell me very clearly that they have apparently not reached the state of perfection in their mental process whereby they can produce correct information 100% of the time.

"At any rate I sat in on one of their two experiments on the President KENNEDY assassination and they produced the following information which, to be sure, is largely fragmentary but I am convinced that with further study and better preparation of the operator who is doing the questioning, more concrete and more exact information could be produced. The operator doing the questioning and developing the information that follows was not very well organized in point of developing the story from its proper beginning and in chronological sequence of events. If he had done so they now admit that they could have developed better and more concrete information. Consequently, as I made my notes I found it very difficult to organize a complete picture but I will try to rearrange my notes as I report them here.

"The best starting point, I believe, is back during the period when OSWALD was training. The operator in trance claims that OSWALD trained extensively in Latin America. That he trained to use a rifle and trained to do many other things. If I had been doing the questioning I would have wanted to distinguish between OSWALD's Marine Corps training and the training that the operator was speaking about, but it became pretty clear to me that what the operator was speaking about was not the Marine Corps training but special training with some sort of Communist oriented group in Latin America. As the operator put it, OSWALD became very proficient with a rifle and with other things.

"We will now discuss a meeting which the operator claims was held on the 19th; I presume it was November 19, in New York. The operator claims that OSWALD had to drive for about four hours to a point somewhere north of Dallas to a private landing strip where he was picked up by a private airplane and taken to a place near New York City or just New York, as they put it. On the matter or producing the identification number on the airplane the operator seemed to come out very clearly with it, UN674. The plane

"is said to have landed somewhere in New York away from the city at another landing strip where there was a little garage or some type of garage like building. A long black car took OSWALD to a hotel in the downtown section and the operator had very much difficulty in producing the license number of the car. About the only thing that the operator could do was produce the last two numbers which appeared to be 16. The operator said that four men held a meeting on the 19th in a hotel and the operator had very much difficulty in producing the name of the hotel. In an attempt to read the name from the sign sitting on top of the hotel, they turned up with something like the following 'Calverence Hotel'. Like I say, the operator did not appear to be very exact on this score.

"The leader of the group of four men is a tall man who wears glasses and who has some sort of accent and he has used the name, G. H. WALTER, GEO. WALKER and H. G. WALLER. The operator, after giving all three variations of the name, tnen kept using the name WALLER all along so I am inclined to think that the real name is WALLER. He is said to work in a government building around three miles or more away from the White House. It is a good size building with two sets of steps in front of it but the operator was not able to produce the name of the building or its address. There was also no success in producing the phone number of the building because the operator in trance was not properly questioned on how one could call into the building. The said operator was concentrating on telephones inside the building which apparently have extension numbers rather than the full telephone number. The operator did say that some extension number in the building and in the office where WALLER works, I believe, appears to have the designation, 62. The operator was much more exact and clear on the residence address of WALLER. It appears to be 236 Walnut. The operator also turned up with the information that WALLER is married, was asleep in a fancy

"bedroom at the moment of our experiment, and has a wife and two kids the oldest of whom is a boy and is between 8 and 12 years old. WALLER works for a high government official who is not aware that WALLER is a Communist agent. WALLER gets information from this government official but without the knowledge of the latter.

"The assassination plot was discussed at this meeting on the 19th in New York and OSWALD was said to volunteer for the actual carrying out of the killing. One of the men there went to San Antonio and made a treatening call but the operator did not seem clear on why he made the threatening call in San Antonio. Another man stayed in New York overnight and it is believed that WALLER returned to Washington. OSWALD returned to Dallas and at the proper time took his position in the building from where he fired the fatal shots.

"The operator was made to look through the telescopic sight of the rifle OSWALD used and reported that OSWALD was first aiming at the forehead of the President and that he intended to kill him with one shot. As he fired and missed the head hitting the neck he became angry and then fired at Governor CONNALLY although he at first did not intend to even shoot at CONNALLY. Then the operator says that he fired a third shot at the right temple of the President and hit perfectly well. The operator then reports that OSWALD started to leave the room from where he fired and as he was leaving the room he was rubbing off some wax which he had put on his fingers. OSWALD at first had thought that he would leave through the back exit of the building but then changed his mind thinking that if he should be caught leaving through the back it would cause suspicion so he then decided to leave the building through the front, and did so. The operator reports that OSWALD had some pills with him, apparently some type of sedative pills; that he took one pill before the shooting and four or five after the shooting. The operator described

"some of the scenes and businesses that OSWALD was passing through or passing by as he walked away from the scene of the crime. One of those, I believe, was a pet shop. The operator described OSWALD taking a bus but did not say anything about a taxi. Then the operator traced him to a movie theater and when asked what kind of movie was playing the operator had much difficulty in determining because, as she put it, (the operator in trance was a female), OSWALD was not even looking at the movie. Then the operator did say that it was a movie where there was a lot of shooting going on. Oh yes, when OSWALD found out that the President had not died immediately but had lived half an hour or an hour he became angry. He wanted to hear the report that he had died instantly.

"The operator then reported that OSWALD was not directed from Russia and that 'NIKITA', as she put it, was not connected with the assassination at all and had no knowledge of it. She said that there are many or various groups operating and that many times they just act on their own. Oh yes, the leader of the group, WALLER, and I believe OSWALD too, are said to have been angry at the President because of some sort of congressional bill that the President was backing. There was no further probing into this aspect by the questioning operator.

"As to what WALLER can expect out of all this she reported that he would expect a promotion or even some money along with it but that as of that moment, November 27 in the evening, it was not yet determined whether WALLER would be rewarded because they would have to wait to see whether their plot was a complete success.

"About JACK RUBY, the operator produced the following. Sometime ago JACK RUBY had an anti-American feeling but later had a change of heart and became very much pro-American. OSWALD had some communication with RUBY and was trying to convert RUBY back to his anti-American feeling but without success. The operator further said

"that OSWALD threw little hints about an attack on the President but that RUBY did not take them seriously. The operator was then pretty positive about saying that RUBY was not in any way connected with the plot to kill the President and that after the President was killed he (RUBY) was full of hatred for OSWALD. Oh yes, the operator also appeared to say rather clearly that the owner or operator or manager of the building from where OSWALD fired was not in any way connected with the assassination plot and had no knowledge of it.

"The above and foregoing is about all that has been produced up to the present time. As I say, the operators have run only two experiments on the subject. I have advised them that I have contacted the FBI about this matter and that if there is any basis to what they have produced, the FBI might like to have them cooperate in producing more information.

"The chief operator of the group told me that in the future they might be able to advance this science far enough that they will be able to perceive into the future and determine where and when there is any plot developing to kill the President and thereby be able to upset it.

SANCHEZ stated he has been very active in politics on behalf of the Democratic Party and exhibited telegrams and certificates of appreciation from President KENNEDY and Vice President JOHNSON thanking him for his assistance in their campaigns. He also exhibited autographed photographs of President KENNEDY, Senator RALPH YARBROUGH, Congressman HENRY GONZALEZ, and others.

He described himself as a crusader for the cause of lifting the socio-economic status of Americans of Mexican origin, but one who would like to make his country a better and safer place for all Americans to live in.

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FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO:DL)

Re Buffalo teletype 12/10/63, 5:06 p.m., requesting investigation to determine whereabouts of EUGENE FARKAS, aka JENO FARKAS.

Dallas teletype to El Paso under the assassination caption, 12/9/63, indicated FARKAS at Hilton Hotel, El Paso as of 12/9/63, requested El Paso to locate and interview him.

In view of latter teletype, WFO conducting no investigation re whereabouts of FARKAS as requested in re Buffalo teletype, UACB.

(3) - Bureau
2 - Dallas (100-10461) (RM) (AM)
1 - WFO

JFM:skw
(6)

REC 27 100-82555-443

AIRTEL

EX-109

5 DEC 12 1963

5 F 1

C. C. WICR

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

9 DEC 17 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060

12-11-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

1 - Mr. McGowan

TO SACS DALLAS (89-43)
NEW YORK (89-75)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

RENYTEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS, ONE EIGHTEEN AM, TWELVE ELEVEN LAST, CONCERNING FORTHCOMING DOCUMENTARY ON LEE HARVEY OSWALD, BEING PLANNED BY NBC.

INFORMATION RECEIVED AT BUREAU INDICATES IT IS TRUE THAT SEVERAL PEOPLE BELIEVED SHOTS AT TIME OF PRESIDENT-S ASSASSINATION ORIGINATED IN AREA OF RAILROAD TRESTLE. INSURE THAT THIS POINT HAS BEEN DEFINITELY RESOLVED. ADVISE WHETHER INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFIED AS PAREN FNU PAREN BRENNAN OF UNION TERMINAL COMPANY, REFERRED TO IN RETEL HAS BEEN INTERVIEWED. IF NOT, DO SO IMMEDIATELY.

PAGE THREE SIXTY FOUR OF REPORT OF SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING DATED ELEVEN THIRTY LAST AT DALLAS SETS FORTH INTERVIEW OF ALBERT BOGARD, CAR SALESMAN, WHO ALLEGEDLY TOOK A PERSON IDENTIFIED AS OSWALD FOR A DEMONSTRATION IN AN AUTOMOBILE ON ELEVEN NINE LAST. BOGARD ALLEGED THAT OSWALD DID THE DRIVING. IN VIEW OF RECURRING ALLEGATIONS THAT OSWALD WAS SEEN DRIVING AUTOMOBILES, IT SHOULD BE DEFINITELY RESOLVED

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad (5)
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

FDT:KAT:cfs

1 - Mr. Sullivan

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04 FEB 1 1973

DEC 17 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

REC 27 62-109060-444

DEC 12 1963

(See Note Page Two)

TELETYPE TO SACs DALLAS AND NEW YORK

RE: [redacted]
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

AS TO WHETHER OR NOT OSWALD COULD AND DID DRIVE AN AUTOMOBILE, AND WHETHER THE PERSON TAKEN ON A DEMONSTRATION BY BOGARD IS IDENTICAL WITH OSWALD. BUREAU RECORDS CONTAIN NO INFORMATION CONCERNING INTERVIEW WITH JACK LAWRENCE REFERRED TO IN REFERENCED TELETYPE. THIS INDIVIDUAL SHOULD BE PROMPTLY IDENTIFIED AND INTERVIEWED IF NOT ALREADY DONE.

REPORT OF SA GEMBERLING DATED NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST, ON PAGES SIXTY NINE AND SEVENTY ONE INCLUDE INTERVIEW WITH DEPUTY SHERIFF ROGER CRAIG IN WHICH HE ALLEGED THAT HE SAW AN INDIVIDUAL BELIEVED TO BE OSWALD RUNNING FROM THE DIRECTION OF THE TEXAS SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY BUILDING AFTER THE ASSASSINATION AND ENTER A NASH RAMBLER STATION WAGON. CRAIG AT FIRST STATED THE DRIVER OF THE STATION WAGON WAS A NEGRO MALE, BUT HE LATER DECIDED THAT THE DRIVER WAS A WHITE MALE. EVERY EFFORT SHOULD BE MADE TO COMPLETELY RESOLVE THIS INFORMATION FURNISHED BY CRAIG.

SUTEL UNDER ABOVE CAPTION, ATTENTION GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION.

NOTE:

Referenced teletype set forth information confidentially furnished by NBC T.V. Director [redacted] in New York, concerning documentary to be televised after Bureau report re assassination is made public. Murray will make film available to Bureau for copying. Outgoing teletype instructs Dallas Office to completely resolve certain points which are probably being covered by NBC documentary.

U S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 11 1963
TELETYPE

6 20 pm

DEC 11 1963

URGENT 12-11-63 8-45 PM MAB

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ & SACS DALLAS /100-10461/
ANTONIO /105-2990/ & NEW ORLEANS /100-10651/

FROM SAC, NEWARK /105-15291/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL DECEMBER NINE LAST.

ELSTETH KULIK, FOUR ZERO TWO MT. PROSPECT AVE., NEWARK, N.J., TODAY ADVISED HAS KNOWN JOHN MURRET, NEW ORLEANS, FOR PAST TWO AND HALF YEARS. AS A PERSONAL FRIEND HE HAS TELEPHONED HER OCCASIONALLY, LAST TIME IN SEPTEMBER THIS YEAR. KULIK DOES NOT KNOW HIS MOTHER OR FATHER OR THEIR RELATIONSHIP WITH ANYONE ELSE, IN PARTICULAR THE SUBJECT. KULIK HAD TELEPHONE NUMBER THREE THREE FOUR DASH ONE ZERO THREE FOUR AT ONE MOHICAN PLACE, LAKE HIAWATHA, N.J., BUT MOVED JUNE SIXTYTHREE.

MRS. ANN GARRET, BOX ONE FIVE ZERO, VERNON, N.J., TODAY ADVISED SHE DOES NOT KNOW ANYONE IN NEW ORLEANS OR EVER RECEIVING A CALL FROM THERE. DOES NOT KNOW JOHN MURRET OR ELSTETH KULIK. DOES NOT KNOW OSWALD. BELIEVED IT COULD BE A WRONG NUMBER CALL. REC 27 105-82555-445

END AND PLS ACK-----

WA - 8-50 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL - 7-50 PM OK FBI DL DEC

SA - 7-50 PM OK FBI SA DAW

NO - 7-50 PM OK FBI NO TJB

DEC 12 1963

89 DEC 17 1963

DEC 11 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-11-63 11-39 AM CST VG

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS /100-1046/

FROM SAC, LITTLE ROCK /105-406/2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R. OO DALLAS.

RE TELEPHONE CALLS FROM PAY PHONE WH THREE DASH ZERO ZERO SIX TWO, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE DALLAS TEL TO HOUSTON, ET AL, DEC. NINE, LAST.

RE TEL CALLS FROM WH THREE DASH ZERO ZERO SIX TWO, DALLAS, TEXAS.

TELEPHONE NUMBER NORMANDY EIGHT DASH TWO FOUR EIGHT ONE, ALTUS, ARK. LISTED TO LULA C. HILL. MRS. HILL DOES NOT KNOW SUBJECT OSWALD.

TELEPHONE NUMBER EXPRESS FOUR DASH FOUR ZERO EIGHT SIX, MENA, ARK., LISTED TO RALPH ALLEY. ALLEY DOES NOT KNOW OSWALD.

INVESTIGATION REFLECTS TELEPHONE CALL TO NUMBER EIGHT THREE SIX DASH NINE TWO NINE FIVE, CAMDEN, ARK., INDOUBTEDLY MADE BY GEORGE STEPHENS GILLESPIE, ONE ZERO TWO ZERO AND

END PAGE ONE

REC 27 105-82555-446

DEC 12 1963

9 DEC 17 1963

ONE HALF MARASALIS AVE., DALLAS, TEXAS, TO HIS GIRLFRIEND,
BOBBIE JO ALLEN, CAMDEN, ARKANSAS, AS SHE RECEIVED SUCH
A CALL FROM A PAY TELEPHONE IN EARLY NOVEMBER, LAST.

REPORT WILL BE SUBMITTED.

DL TO BE ADVISED

END AND ACK PLS

12-45 PM OK FBI WA MSL

TU DISC

Inglewood, California
December 1963

J. Edgar Hoover.
Federal Bureau of Investigation.
Washington. D.C.

Dear Sir:

I feel impelled to write this letter although it may prove to be of no importance.

Has it occurred to any one of the Investigating Officers. that the life of Lee Harvey Oswald parallels the story of the motion picture "The Manchurian Candidate" in many ways.

The facts that keep running through my mind as I hear and read more of the life story of Oswald are as follows:

First, the name. if I remember correctly the name of the leading character in the picture is Laurence Harvey.

The leading character in the movie was in the Army, in the Far East. was brain-washed. and made a tool of the Communists.

Oswald was in the Marines, served in Japan. and in some manner came to embrace Communism.

The leading character despised his Mother.

Oswald must have had some resentment against his own Mother, as I read that he hung up on her personal telephone call to him when he was in Russia.

The leading character had a step-father. Oswald had a step-father.

Oswald had a grievance against a Governor.

The leading character in the Movie had a hatred for a man who aspired to be Governor. and was ordered by the Communists to assassinate a Governor.

He went high up in a cubicle in the top of an auditorium and waited with a rifle to assassinate the aspiring Governor.

Oswald went up to the fifth floor of a building and built a cubicle around him with cases of books and waited with a rifle to assassinate the President and nodoubt intended to do the same to the Governor.

The thought has occurred to me that he saw the moving picture and identified with the leading character, and from that seed came the plan to assassinate the President.

Or could his Communist associates have known his story, seen the similarity, and used him as a tool to accomplish the act?

He took refuge in a Moving Picture Theater after the shooting. It might be interesting to ascertain on what dates this picture was shown in Dallas, and at what theater. and compare the date on which he purchased the rifle. whether before or after the showing of the picture. Also how many of the Communist group to which he belonged saw the picture.

Respectfully.

(Mrs. Henrietta Clifford)

Mrs. Henrietta Clifford
615 So. Osage. Apt. 4.
Inglewood, California, 90301

REC-31 105-82555-447
CORRESPONDENCE

RA REC-31 105-82555-447

December 6, 1963

EX-117

Mrs. Henrietta Clifford
Apartment 4
615 South Osage
Inglewood, California 90301

Dear Mrs. Clifford:

Your letter of December 1st has been received, and I want to thank you for giving me the benefit of your observations and comments.

My staff and I certainly share your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy. Pursuant to the instructions of President Johnson, we are conducting a full investigation into the assassination and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald, and I can assure you every ramification of these matters will be looked into.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 6
DEC - 6 1963
COMM-FBI

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:mng
(3)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

DEC 2 2 21 PM '63
FBI
RECEIVING ROOM

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

MR. TOLSON
MR. BELMONT
MR. MOHR
MR. CASPER
MR. CALLAHAN
MR. CONRAD
MR. McGOACH
MR. EVANS
MR. GALE
MR. ROSEN
MR. SULLIVAN
MR. TAVEL
MR. TROTTER
MR. JONES
TELE. ROOM
MISS HOLMES
MRS. METCALF
MISS SANDY

December 4, 1963

The attached clippings were sent to the Director from Marvin Gates, 3800 South Perkins Road, P. O. Box 321, Stillwater, Oklahoma.

emm

REC 36 105-[illegible] 448

1 ENCLOSURE

Words of J. Edgar Hoover

In 1919 Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, as a special assistant to the Attorney General of the U.S., prepared a legal brief on the newly formed Communist party. His report concluded:

"These doctrines (of the Communist Party USA) threaten the happiness of the community, the safety of every individual, and the continuance of every home and fireside. They would destroy the peace of the country and thrust it into a condition of anarchy and lawlessness and immorality that passes imagination."

Forty years later, on Page 95 of the Pocket Book edition of his work, "Masters of Deceit," he described the individual Communists who make up the Communist Party USA: " . . . the Communist is not an angel of mercy, ministering to the weak, oppressed, and wounded, but a menacing demon splattered with blood and wielding a hammer and sickle of iron."

Do we need any more proof than we have had recently of the accuracy of Mr. Hoover's analysis of the Communist criminal character?

I certainly do not, and am writing to Cong. Page Belcher today to work for legislation outlawing and destroying the Communist Party USA, for we need no more proof that we are at war with the Communists. Neither in America nor in the rest of the world is peaceful coexistence possible with Communism any more than with a nest of rattlesnakes.

8435 S. Marion — Delmas McClendon

Why Bring Killer Back?

I read in the World that our Embassy in Moscow either gave or loaned Oswald something over $400 to return to the U.S. This, in the face of the following:

1. Oswald had renounced his American citizenship, and turned in his visa;
2. He had lived two years in Russia;
3. He had married a Russian girl;
4. He had been kicked out of the Mrine Corps as an "undesirable".

It would be interesting to learn the reasons that prompted the Embassy to advance the money for such a crackpot to return to this country.

Cleveland, Okla. SUE WALKER

TULSA SUNDAY WORLD

"Oklahoma's Greatest Newspaper"
EUGENE LORTON
1869-1949

Sunday, December 1, 1963

105-82555-418

ENCLOSURE

RA

REC-106 105-82555-448

December 6, 1963

Mr. Marvin Gates
Post Office Box 321
Stillwater, Oklahoma

Dear Mr. Gates:

I have received the clippings which you sent to me. It was certainly thoughtful of you to bring this information to my attention, and I hope you will accept my thanks.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles. It is not felt that the quotations from the Director's material contained in the letter to the editor merit a letter of appreciation.
CJJ:dll
(3)

MAILED 6
DEC - 6 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

56 DEC 18 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/1/63

Transmit the following in Plain Text
(Type in plain text or code)

Via Airtel
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

REC 20

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-38431)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS-R

Re New Haven tel to Director dated 11/27/63, captioned "Assassination of President Kennedy", 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas.

CHUCK PERLIN, Production Department, Radio Station WHN, 400 Park Avenue, NYC, advised SAS GEORGE S. TEMPRO and MARTIN R. GREALY on 11/30/63, that WHN carried about 2:00 p.m. on 11/24/63, a news broadcast by SERGE FLIEGERS from Europe. He stated his station did not tape this broadcast since it was carried through the facilities of the Mutual Broadcasting Corporation (MBC), who employes FLIEGERS. He stated that most likely MBC has the tape of that broadcast.

On same date, CHARLES KING, Director of News Service, MBC, 1440 Broadway, NYC, advised SAS TEMPRO and GREALY that on 11/29/63, he had a telephone conversation with Assistant Director DE LOACH, FBI, concerning the broadcast of 11/24/63, by SERGE FLIEGERS, MBC Chief Foreign Correspondent. He advised based on this conversation he could furnish a tape of this broadcast to NYO. This tape was furnished to Bureau on 11/29/63. In addition, KING stated he has instructed FLIEGERS, upon his arrival, Paris, France, 11/1/63, to immediately furnish FBI, Paris all information he has concerning subject.

105-[illegible]-449

3- Bureau (Encl. 1)
2- Dallas
1- New Haven (100-18158)
1- New York

ENCLOSURE IN BULKY RAM

DEC 3 1963

(8)

1 ENCLOSURE

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M

Special Agent in Charge

64 DEC 13 1963

KING advised he believes FLIEGERS source of information on OSWALD is someone connected with the Austrian Intelligence Service. KING added FLIEGERS, in the past week, interviewed a person, only identified as "Mr. X", who furnished alleged information concerning OSWALD's activities and training while in Russia and this interview was broadcast on 11/29/63 by NBC on the show "World Today." KING furnished a tape of this interview to Bureau Agents, which is being enclosed to you for your information. KING indicated "Mr. X" is probably associated with the Austrian Intelligence Service. He also furnished SERGE FLIEGERS' addresses as Ritz Hotel or Press Wireless, #8 Rue Edward VII, both Paris, France.

D-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/8/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R - CUBA

Re New Orleans airtel to Bureau, 12/6/63.

It is requested that the New York Division contact the Index System, Administration Office, Room 1101, 60 John Street, New York, New York, to ascertain if OSWALD received any funds through a personal injury claim.

3 - Bureau
2 - New York
2 - Dallas

WRH:cv:mam
(7)

ST-104

REC-25 105-82555-450

DEC 12 1963

cc - WFO

SOVIET SECTION

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

6 DEC 12 1963

DIRECTOR, FBI (61-6077) 12/4/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-64994)

CONFIDENTIAL

GUS HALL
IS-C
WEEKLY SUMMARY
11/25-12/1/63
(00: NY)

Classified By 3040 - 2
Exempt from GDS, Category
Date of Declassification Indefinite

11/4/77 BF 6 11 cc

11/25/63

[redacted]

2-Bureau (61-6077) (RM)
1-New York (100-64994) (414)
PTL:rmv
(3)

115-62555-UNREC.

DEC 6 1963

CONFIDENTIAL

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (105-15823)(P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO: DALLAS)

Re Dallas airtel to Los Angeles, 12/4/63, which enclosed letter written to Dallas Police Department by NETTY MAE YOUNG regarding JOSEPH LEE YOUNG. The envelope was postmarked 12/2/63 at Los Angeles 14.

The letter reads as follows:

"Dear Mr. Policeman

"this is to let you know you have the _rong man. my son JOSEPH LEE YOUNG is the man. he is a negerio 38 years old weighs 215 lb. and has a mushstash he is 5 foot and 9 ins. high.

"he was a comminest and was mad at the president because he would not do all the things the negerio leaders wanted him to do. Also he was mad because he took all his money to go to wash. when they had the march im wash. and the pres. would not see him. my son belonged to a group of bad men. He told me he was the man who shot the preseident, your man you got brought him the gun that your man

3-Bureau (RM)(AM)
2-Dallas (RM)(AM)
2-San Francisco (RM))AM)
1-Los Angeles
CCO:dlb
(8)

REC. 25 105-[illegible]-451

DEC 12 1963

AIRTEL C. C. Wick.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

64 DEC 13 1963

let him im in the night befor . Another man brought him some chicken a bottle of whiskey that all 3 staid most of the night the other 2 left later came back & brought the gun then left. my JOSEPH LEE was given 2 thousand dollors for doing the shooting the other man 1 thousand and your mam was to get 1 thousand to but he was caught befor he got his money.

"I saw all of the money my son had and told me what he did. he wanted to give me 1 hundred dollors But I wantend not that kind of money he said if I say what he told me he would realy get me or one of his group. but I dont care he also told me he did not mean to shoot the gov. but ment to get the pres. wife JACKIE. he said they were going to get more before they were dome.

Sgd. "NETTY MAE YOUNG"

The following investigation was conducted by the following individuals on the dates indicated, all with negative results:

Los Angeles Police Department, Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office, Los Angeles County Registar of Voters (1957-1963), Los Angeles Retail Merchants Credit Association and Los Angeles telephone directories for central, northeastern, northwestern, western and southern areas by SAs G. CLIFTON SMITH and CHARLES B. SULLIVAN on 12/5/63.

[redacted] California Department of Employment, 1525 South Broadway, Los Angeles (highly placed established source, Los Angeles Office, protect identity), advised records of all Los Angeles Regional Offices for work applications negative on NETTY MAE YOUNG and JOSEPH LEE YOUNG. No spouses' names were located for either of these persons. Check negative.

Los Angeles Traffic Bureau records by IC FREDERICK E. BECKER on 12/5/63.

Mrs. RUTH DOWNS, Administrative Section, Bureau of Public Assistance, Los Angeles County, 1100 North Mission Road, by SA CARL W. VROOMAN on 12/6/63.

Los Angeles Department of Water and Power by IC BECKER on 12/6/63.

The records of the Southern Counties Gas Company, Southern California Gas Company, and Southern California Edison Company are maintained by street address only and there is no alphabetical index by IC BECKER on 12/6/63.

California Criminal Identification and Investigation Bureau, Sacramento, contained no record as of 12/6/63.

State Director of Selective Service, Sacramento, by statel on 12/6/63; no record JOSEPH LEE YOUNG.

Department of Motor Vehicles on 12/6/63 has information of operator's license issued to NETTIE MAE YOUNG, 9771 Helen Avenue, Sunland, born 6/21/13. Investigation on 12/9/63 by SAs ROBERT E. SAGE and SULLIVAN. Mrs. RUTH YOUNG, wife of JAMES J. YOUNG, 9771 Helen Drive, Sunland, advised that NETTIE MAE YOUNG was a white female, was a wife of JAMES J. YOUNG, and died in May, 1959.

On 12/6/63 Department of Motor Vehicles, Sacramento, advised they had a Class D Driver's License J511299 issued to JOSEPH LEE YOUNG, 784 Seventh Street, Oakland, California, born 9/20/33, 5'11", 225 pounds, black hair and eyes. License expired 9/20/63. No record of renewal.

Inquiry U. S. Post Office, Los Angeles, on 12/9/63 reflects that Los Angeles 14 is a metropolitan station located in the heart of Los Angeles.

In view of the fact that the YOUNGS have not been identified as yet, the information contained in this airtel is not being placed in a report, UACB.

LEAD

SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

AT OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA. Will ascertain whether JOSEPH LEE YOUNG, 784 Seventh Street, is identical with the JOSEPH LEE YOUNG hereinabove mentioned.

Laboratory Transmittal Form
7-72

FBI
LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas (89-43) Date: December 11, 1963

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437579 AX

Examination requested by: New York

Reference: Airtel 12/6/63

Examination requested: Document

Remarks:

Q236 through Q250 were submitted under the caption "Lee Harvey Oswald IS - R."

NOTE: Q236 through Q250 were received in the Laboratory on 12/10/63, from Supervisor Turner and were returned to him on 12/11/63.

Enclosures (2) (2 Lab report)

2 - New York (105-38431) Enclosures (2) (2 Lab report)
1 - New Orleans (89-69) Enclosure (Lab report)
1 - Mr. Henry A. Schutz, Jr. Room 5722 (sent direct)
1 - Mr. Elbert T. Turner Room 649 RB (sent direct)
1 - Buffle (105-82555)

JCC:GFM (12)

105-82555-UNREC
NOT RECORDED
150 DEC 16 1963

DUPLICATE YELLOW

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

Tolson, Belmont, Mohr, Casper, Callahan, Conrad, DeLoach, Evans, Gale, Rosen, Sullivan, Tavel, Trotter, Tele. Room, Holmes, Gandy

DEC 18 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-184

7-1b

REPORT of the FBI LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas

Date: December 11, 1963

FBI File No. 62-109060

Lab. No. D-437579 AX

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Specimens received 12/10/63, from FBI, New York

Fifteen documents relating to LEE HARVEY OSWALD furnished to New York Office by VINCENT T. LEE of FPCC

Q236 POD Form 3573 (Change of Address) postmarked Irving, Texas, November 2, 1963, addressed to F.P.C.C. 799 Broadway, New York 3, N. Y.

Q237 POD Form 3573 postmarked New Orleans, Louisiana, May 14, 1963, addressed to Fair Play for Cuba Commit. 799 B'way, New York 3, N. Y.

Q238 POD Form 3573 postmarked New Orleans, Louisiana, June 12, 1963, addressed to Fair Play for Cuba Committee, 799 B'way, New York, N. Y.

Q239 Envelope postmarked New Orleans August 17, 1963, addressed to Mr. V. T. Lee

Q240 Accompanying two-page letter dated August 17, beginning Dear Mr. Lee and signed yours truly Lee H. Oswald

Q241 Envelope postmarked New Orleans, Louisiana, August 4, 1963, addressed to Mr. Lee

Q242 Accompanying two-page letter dated August 1, beginning Dear Mr. Lee and ending Thank you Lee H. Oswald

Q243 One-page letter dated August 12, 1963, beginning Dear Mr. Lee and signed sincerely yours Lee H. Oswald

Q244 Accompanying affidavit, State of Louisiana, City of New Orleans, Parish of New Orleans, dated August 9, 1963, and charging Lee H. Oswald and others with disturbing the peace

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Gienger
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

JCC:GFV (12)

(continued on next page)

Q245 Accompanying newspaper clipping entitled "Pamphlet Case Sentence Given"

Q246 Yellow handbill entitled "HANDS OFF CUBA"

Q247 Membership application form addressed to "The Fair Play for Cuba Committee"

Q248 Four-page handwritten letter addressed to Dear Mr. Lee and ending on page four yours truly Lee H. Oswald

Q249 One-page letter beginning Dear Sirs and ending sincerely Lee.H. Oswald

Q250 Two-page letter dated May 26, beginning Dear Sirs and ending on page two yours respectfully Lee H. Oswald

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the questioned handwriting and hand printing appearing on specimens Q236 through Q250 were prepared by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

The submitted evidence is retained.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 11 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-11-63 2-28 PM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR, FBI /62-109062/

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

REFERENCE REPORT OF SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING AT DALLAS OF NOVEMBER THIRTY SIXTYTHREE.

THE BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO DELETE PAGE TWO EIGHTYSEVEN OF THAT REPORT AS SAME WAS INADVERTENTLY INCLUDED BY MISTAKE AND IS NOT A CONTINUATION OF THE PREVIOUS PAGE.

END ACK FOR THREE MESSAGES PLS

WA3-31 PM OK FBI WA LLD FOR THREE MMESS

TU CLEAR

M

P287 deleted m
2cc 12-13-63 fmt

105 [illegible] UNREC
NOT RECORDED
22 DEC 17 1963

BD-MR ROSEN

53 DEC 17 1963

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka,
IS-R-CUBA
OO:Dallas

ReBulet to Dallas, December 9, 1963, entitled "Assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas, AFO," returning to New Orleans the book entitled "Shooter's Bible-Stoeger Arms Corp. and the FBI laboratory report regarding the handwriting on the application and book.

In accordance with Bureau instructions U. S. Secret Service Agent ANTHONY GERRETS, at New Orleans La., on December 11, 1963, was furnished pertinent information in this matter in view of the reference to "A Professional President Assinator."

(3)-Bureau (Reg)
1-Dallas (Reg) (100-10461)
2-New Orleans

JTR/cay
(6)

REC-25

105-82555-452

5 DEC 12 1963

ST-104

SOVIET SECTION

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

64 DEC 13 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 6 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-6-63 PM 10- XXXXX 9-54 PM KGF

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ ATTN. DIVISION FIVE

SAC, DALLAS /100-10461, 89-43/ AND SAC, NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/

FROM SAC, MEMPHIS /105-891/ 44-1166/ 3-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,

DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, AFO.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL TO DIRECTOR, DALLAS AND MEMPHIS,

DEC. SIX INSTANT CAPTIONED LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R,

AND RE DALLAS AIRTEL TO MEMPHIS, DEC. THREE LAST, CAPTIONED

QUOTE ASSASSINATION OF PRES. JOHN F. KENNEDY, ETC. UNQUOTE.

TOM HENDERSON, AGENCY FORCE, NATIONAL LIFE AND ACCIDENT.

INSURANCE COMPANY, NASHVILLE, TENN., ADVISED TODAY HIS RECORDS

INDICATE POLICY NO. NINE FOUR TWO ONE FIVE SEVEN WAS ISSUED

IN DALLAS, TEXAS ON APRIL SEVENTEEN, NINETEEN FORTY FIVE ON

THE LIFE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD. POLICY WAS TWENTY PAYMENT LIFE

IN AMOUNT ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, PURCHASED AND OWNED BY OSWALD-S

MOTHER, MRS. MARGUERITE CLAVERIE OSWALD, ALSO BENEFICIARY,

ADDRESS FOUR EIGHT ZERO ONE VICTOR, DALLAS, SOLD BY AGENT

J. B. LAZA.

END PAC

XEROX

DEC 18 1963

ST-104

REC 30

DEC 12 1963

5 9DEC16 1963

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

100-453

ANNUAL PREMIUM, INCLUDING DOUBLE INDEMNITY CHARGE, WAS TWENTY DOLLARS FIFTY FOUR CENTS.

IN SEPT., NINETEEN FIFTY ONE, MOTHER OF OSWALD MADE APPLICATION FOR LOAN IN AMOUNT OF FIFTY EIGHT DOLLARS ON POLICY. MOTHER WAS LOANED FIFTY SIX DOLLARS FORTY FIVE CENTS AND PAID INTEREST IN AMOUNT OF ONE DOLLAR FIFTY FIVE CENTS. LOAN NOT REPAID AND ON APRIL SEVENTEEN, NINETEEN FIFTY SEVEN, ANOTHER LOAN MADE ON POLICY TO MOTHER IN AMOUNT SEVENTY FIVE DOLLARS TWENTY NINE CENTS. THIS LOAN ALSO NOT REPAID.

POLICY LAPSED MAY SEVENTEEN, NINETEEN FIFTY EIGHT FOR LACK OF PREMIUM PAYMENT AND ON APPLICATION FOR REINSTATEMENT DATED JUNE THIRTY, NINETEEN FIFTY EIGHT, OSWALD INDICATED SERVING IN U. S. MARINE CORPS AND MOTHER RESIDING ONE TWO SIX EXCHANGE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

POLICY REMAINED IN FORCE TO APRIL SEVENTEEN, NINETEEN FIFTY NINE WHEN AGAIN LAPSED FOR FAILURE TO PAY PREMIUMS. NON- FORFEITURE VALUES SUFFICIENT TO PROVIDE EXTENDED TERM INSURANCE FOR FACE VALUE ONLY OF POLICY AMOUNTED TO EIGHT HUNDRED SIXTY THREEE DOLLARS, WHICH WAS ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, LESS OUTSTANDING LOANS, VALID UNTIL SEPT., NINETEEN SIXTY SEVEN.

END PAGE TWO

NO OTHER LOANS INDICATED AND HENDERSON STATED APPEARED OSWALD HAD LITTLE TO DO WITH POLICY AS HIS SIGNATURE APPEARS ONLY ONCE IN FILE AT REINSTATEMENT IN NINETEEN FIFTY EIGHT AND APPEARED ALL OTHER ACTIVITY AND PAYMENTS MADE BY MOTHER.

MRS. OSWALD HAS REFUSED DEATH CLAIM CHECK FOR EIGHT HUNDRED SIXTY THREE DOLLARS FROM COMPANY, INDICATING SHE IS DUE DOUBLE INDEMNITY, WHEREAS NOT SO INDICATED IN POLICY.

INSURANCE APPLICATION EXECUTED IN NINETEEN FORTY FIVE INDICATES LEE HARVEY OSWALD BORN OCTOBER EIGHTEEN, NINETEEN THIRTY NINE, NEW ORLEANS, LA., RESIDENCE FOUR EIGHT ZERO ONE VICTOR, DALLAS. MOTHER, MARGUERITE CLAVERA OSWALD, AGE THIRTY SEVEN, BROTHERS, AGES ELEVEN AND THIRTEEN, FATHER DECEASED. REFERENCES JOHN REEVES, FOUR ZERO EIGHT NORTH PRAIRIE, AND MR. HARVEY CLAY, FOUR EIGHT ZERO ONE VICTOR, BORN DALLAS, TEXAS. ADDITIONAL ADDRESS FOR MOTHER, DATE NOT INDICATED, SHOWN AS ONE FIVE ZERO FIVE EIGHTH AVE., FORT WORTH.

SMALL INDUSTRIAL POLICY UNDER TWO HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS IN FORCE ON OSWALD WHEN ABOVE POLICY WRITTEN. COMPANY PAID CASH SURRENDER VALUE AND CANCELED SAME DEC. SEVEN, NINETEEN FORTY NINE. P.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 10-05 PM OK FBI WA OS

T

DL 10-05 PM OK FBI DL DEC

NO 10-05 PM OK FBI NO TJB

TU CLR

CC-MR. ROSEN

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 10

COPY
2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

FD-263 (5-18-59)

SECRET

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
DALLAS	DALLAS	12/2/63	10/18 - 12/1/63

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed By:
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka L. H. Oswald, Lee Oswald, Lee H. Oswald, Leslie Oswald, A. Hidell, A. J. Hidell, Alek J. Hidell, Alek James Hidell, O. H. Lee	SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS	HM

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS - R - CUBA

REMARKS:

REFERENCE: Dallas teletype to Bureau 12/1/63, 3:37 P.M., entitled: "Changed" LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka, IS-R-CUBA."
New Orleans letter to Bureau (FD-128), dated 11/19/63.
Report of SA MILTON R. KAACK, dated 10/31/63, New Orleans.
Report of SA JAMES P. HOSTY dated 9/10/63, Dallas.
Report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING dated 11/30/63, Dallas, entitled "CHANGED" "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka., ASSASSINATION OF JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas."

PROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES

- P -

INFORMATION COPY

One copy of this report is being furnished to New Orleans for information in view of the extensive investigation conducted and being conducted at New Orleans in this matter resulting from OSWALD'S recently past residence there.

Approved _____ Special Agent in Charge _____

Copies made:
10 Bureau (RM) (105-82555)
COPIES DESTROYED
1 New Orleans (RM) (100-15601)
4 FEB 2 1973
2 Dallas (100-10461)

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of declassification indefinite
SECRET

4 XEROX

JAN 9 1964

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105-82555-454

5 DEC 13 1963

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DL 100-10461

INFORMANTS

IDENTITY OF SOURCE	FILE WHERE LOCATED
Dallas T-1 [redacted] U.S. Post Office, Fort Worth, Tex.	Instant Report Page 137
New Orleans T-1 [redacted] Postal Inspector New Orleans, La.	Instant Report Page 100
New Orleans T-2 [redacted] Whitney National Bank Bldg., New Orleans, La.	Instant Report Page 571-573
New Orleans T-3 [redacted] New Orleans, La.	Instant Report Page 131
New Orleans T-4 [redacted] Utility Carrier, Branch Post Office Napoleon & Carondelet Streets New Orleans, La.	Instant Report Page 132
New Orleans T-5 [redacted] New Orleans, La.	Instant Report Page 705-706
New Orleans T-6 [redacted] New Orleans Division of Employment Security New Orleans, La.	Instant Report Page 82-84
Tampa T-1 [redacted]	Instant Report Page 703

DL 100-10461

IDENTITY OF SOURCE	FILE WHERE LOCATED
Tampa T-2 [redacted]	Instant Report Page 708
New York T-1 Anonymous Source	Instant Report Page 676

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is marked "CONFIDENTIAL" inasmuch as it contains data from Immigration and Naturalization Service, New Orleans, which was so "classified," namely data obtained by SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS, New Orleans, from [redacted]

On 11/23/63, a photograph of an unknown man was exhibited to MARGUERITE OSWALD at Dallas, Texas, by SA BARDWELL D. ODUM in an attempt to determine if this individual was known to MRS. OSWALD as an associate of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. MRS. OSWALD could not identify the photograph as anyone she knew. This photograph was furnished by CIA and the identity of this individual is not known, although it is definitely not a photograph of JACK L. RUBY.

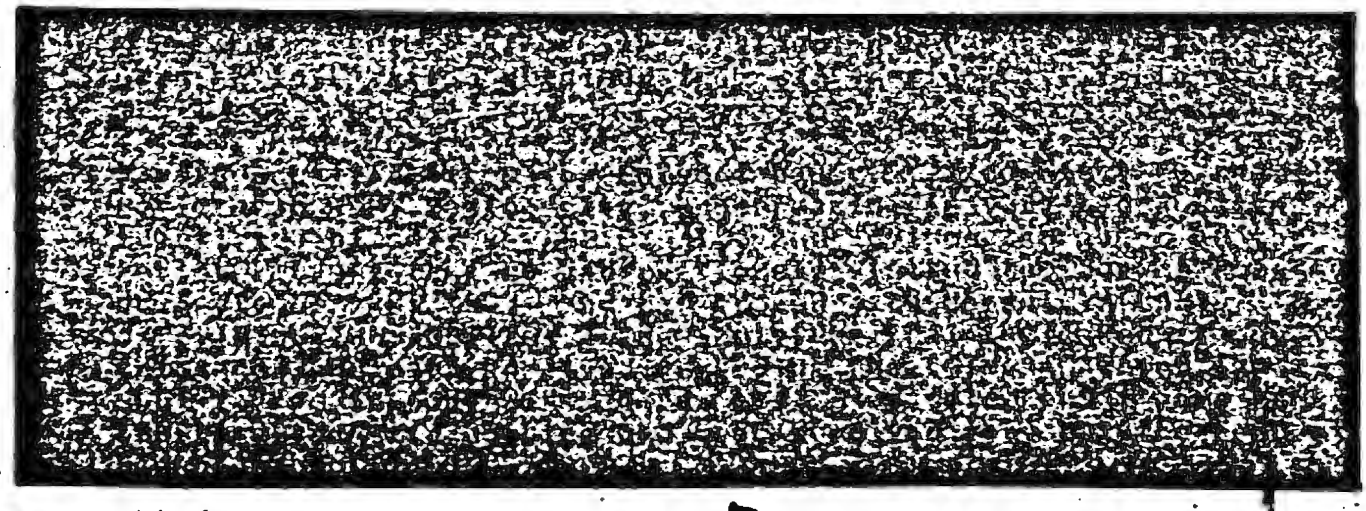
DL 100-10461

ADMINISTRATIVE

Per instructions of the Bureau in teletype to all SACs dated November 30, 1963, at 4:53 PM, this report contains all investigation and allegations regarding OSWALD not previously submitted under instant caption or in the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, dated November 30, 1963, under the caption "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka; ASSASSINATION OF JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO."

For the information of the Bureau, New Orleans has submitted to the Dallas Divisin some inserts which were obviously intended for inclusion in a criminal-type report and hence were submitted in Cover Page form. In those instances where it was feasible for the Dallas Division to prepare such information from New Orleans in a form suitable to be included in the body of this report covered by a T symbol, this has been done. Where this was not practical, the inserts from New Orleans have been included among the Cover Pages of this report.

In some instances information received from sources originarily covered by T symbol was submitted on 302s without the identity being covered. The position was taken that the gravity of the situation and the national importance of the President's death warranted acquisition of information from sources whose records were considered confidential and which sources under ordinary situations must necessarily be covered.



COVER PAGE

[redacted]

In this connection, it is noted that the Legal Attache in Mexico City telephonically advised on November 25, 1963, that Mexican Immigration records reflected OSWALD had entered Mexico at Nuevo, Laredo, on September 26, 1963, and had departed Mexico at the same place on October 3, 1963. He was in possession of a Mexican tourist card issued on September 17, 1963, at the Mexican Consulate at New Orleans, Louisiana.

The information concerning the accounts of MICHAEL PAINE and RUTH PAINE was furnished by [redacted] Southwest Bank and Trust Company, Irving, Texas, on November 26, 1963.

The information concerning the account of JACK and GERTRUDE ARNOLD, Hillcrest State Bank, Dallas, Texas, was furnished by [redacted] on November 29, 1963.

All Agents of the Dallas Office and many Agents from surrounding offices participated in this investigation. Appropriate 302s and inserts have been prepared by participating Agents.

Concerning interview of a Miss ARDEN F. GIBBS, 1119 Chartres Street, Apartment 3, New Orleans, Louisiana, by SAs REED W. JENSEN and CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER, November 26, 1963, [redacted] introduced herself as Miss ARDEN F. GIBBS.

Subscriber information from records of Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, New Orleans, Louisiana, was furnished to SA NATHAN O. BROWN on November 27, 1963, by [redacted]

E

COVER PAGE

DL 100-10461

Records of the New Orleans Office contain no information that BERNARD ALFRED TREGLE, a NORMAN JOSEPH LE BLANC, or a VINCENT JOSEPH MARCELLO have been involved in any hate group activity; further, investigation in this matter at New Orleans as of November 30, 1963, had developed no information that the three aforementioned individuals have ever been associated with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY.

Information received from Louisiana Department of Revenue furnished by [redacted] Supervisor.

On November 30, 1963, Mr. H. E. HAMPTON, Superintendent of Mails, U. S. Post Office, Shreveport, Louisiana, advised SA DONALD R. BELMONT he was unable to locate any record of a WILLIAM L. CHACE, WILLIAM L. CHASE, or WALTER LEACHMAN receiving mail through that post office. This included a check of the individuals receiving mail through General Delivery. He stated his records failed to reflect an address of 1142 Lee Road in Shreveport or outside the city limits of Shreveport. He stated the nearest thing he could find to a street of this name was Lee Street, which was located outside the city limits, north of town, but consisted of only the fortyfive hundred block.

Mr. HAMPTON stated the Shreveport Post Office does not use a zone number 6. He said Zip Code # 71106 covers the Cedar Grove area of Shreveport, but that a check of the records of the Cedar Grove Sub-Station of that post office disclosed no listing for the above-named persons and no record of a 1442 Lee Road.

[redacted]

Miss OLGA E. FABACHER, Apartment 7, 1514 Prytania Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised SAs EUGENE E. BJORN and DEAN S. LYTLE, November 30, 1963, that she was not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had never seen or heard of him until the recent assassination of President KENNEDY.

She informed that she had received literature from the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, but that she had never attended any meetings or associated with any persons who were affiliated with the group. She did not know who was responsible for her being sent the literature, but added that she had been receiving the magazine "The Nation" for many years, and this may be the reason she had received the literature.

The information regarding toll calls to and from Lake Charles Number Hemlock 98793, listed to LONNIE B. MORGAN, was furnished by [redacted], [redacted] of the [redacted] Office of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company. Mr. [redacted] advised the records of November toll calls are presently in the New Orleans Office and may be obtained at that office, if necessary.

The New York Office contacted an anonymous source at FPCC Headquarters, New York City, on October 27, 1963, and this source advised that OSWALD had forwarded an undated letter to FPCC Headquarters indicating intentions to form a New Orleans Chapter of the organization. He referred to a circular which might be too provocative but indicated he wanted to attract attention even if it's the attention of the "lunatic fringe". The content of this letter is included in the body of the report under T symbol.

Items mentioned and described in this report as being from among the material of OSWALD seized under search warrant by the Dallas Police Department from 1026 Beckley or 2515 West 5th Street, is based upon an examination of this material at the Dallas Police Department prior to its being turned over to the FBI. The examination was thus somewhat limited and could not thereafter be enlarged upon since the material, when turned over to the Dallas Office by the Dallas Police Department, was immediately taken to the FBI Laboratory per Bureau instructions this should be done. This material is still, as of the date of this report, at Seat of Government.

The data from the records of Southwest Bank and Trust Co., Irving, Texas, appearing in this report were furnished by [redacted]

In connection with the interview of November 1, 1963, of Mrs. RUTH PAINE by SA JAMES P. HOSTY, Jr., Mrs. PAINE at first hesitated to furnish OSWALD's place of employment, stating that OSWALD felt the FBI had been responsible for his losing his job in New Orleans, Louisiana following his arrest for distributing pro-Castro literature and speaking

on television on behalf of Castro and Communist Cuba. It was pointed out to Mrs. PAINE by Agent HOSTY that the FBI could hardly be responsible for OSWALD's losing his job following such public actions and public statements as he admittedly engaged in as above. To this Mrs. PAINE readily agreed. She was friendly and went on to furnish OSWALD's place of employment, although she was unable to provide the address at which he was living in Dallas.

During the course of this interview with Mrs. PAINE, the subject's wife, whose understanding of the English language appears very limited, entered the room and Mrs. PAINE identified SA HOSTY to her. Mrs. OSWALD at first appeared to be worried and alarmed. Through Mrs. PAINE, who is fluent in Russian, Mrs. OSWALD was told it was not the purpose of Agent HOSTY to harass her in any way and that she had nothing to fear from the FBI. It was explained SA HOSTY was there merely to talk to Mrs. PAINE. At this time the interview with Mrs. PAINE was terminated and SA HOSTY left.

The pretext used in the interview on October 29, 1963, by SA JAMES P. HOSTY in contacting the occupants in the home at 2919 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, was [redacted] In view of the pretext nature of the interview, the name of the party interviewed was not obtained.

Information concerning telephone HUnter 8-4326 was furnished on 11/29/63 to SA NATHAN O. BROWN by [redacted] Metarie District Office, Southern Bell Telehone Company, New Orleans, La.

COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
CONFIDENTIAL

Copy to:

Report of:	WARREN C. DE BRUEYS	Office:	DALLAS
Date:	December 2, 1963		
Field Office File No.:	Dallas 100-10461	Bureau File No.:	105-82555
Title:	LEE HARVEY OSWALD		
Character:	INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA		

Classified by 4417
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of declassification Indefinite
2/6/74

Synopsis:

Contact with former neighbors, employers, co-employees of subject set forth. Attendance Beauregard High School, New Orleans, La., 1954-55 verified. Subject's contacts with gun collector, New Orleans, set forth, it being noted subject alleged to have displayed interest in firearms, as well as a good knowledge of firearms. Persons previously acquainted with subject described him as a "lone wolf." Subject's contacts with DAVID FERRIE, New Orleans, set forth. Subject arrested New Orleans, La., 8/9/63, for distributing FPCC handbills (FBI #327-925-D), paying fine $10.00. No pertinent credit data developed New Orleans. Military records reflect subject served U. S. Marine Corps, 10/24/56 to 9/11/59, and details of court-martial set forth. Application for electric and gas service, public library card and four letters written to OSWALD forwarded FBI Laboratory for examination. Seven gun magazines also forwarded for latent fingerprints and one right thumb impression of LEE HARVEY OSWALD developed therefrom. Interviews with subject's wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, nee DRUSAKOVA, set forth. Mexican tourist card #24085 issued in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, New Orleans, 9/17/63, by Mexican Tourist Bureau. Italian carbine 6.5, Serial No. C2766 with W4X scope, shipped by Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Ave., Chicago, Ill., on 3/20/63, to "A. HIDELL, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas." Material obtained by Dallas Police Department 11/22-23/63, both by search warrant, as well as by permission of MRS. RUTH PAINE and MRS. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, examined and determined to contain various pro-Castro literature, as well as copies of letters received by subject from the Communist Party, USA, Socialist Workers Party, Fair Play For Cuba Committee, and other such organizations. This material photographed and

ABOUT 1
Mail Program-Investigative

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submitted to FBI Laboratory 11/27/63. Subject's acquisition of library books pertaining to Russia and communism set forth.

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DL 100-10461

DETAILS

I. BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION

DL 100-10461

A. EMPLOYMENT

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

Gerard F. Tujague

GERARD F. TUJAGUE, owner and operator of Gerard F. Tujague Inc., 442 Canal Street, Third Floor, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed by his company as a messenger boy beginning November 10, 1955 until January 14, 1956. He advised that OSWALD's specific duties were strictly messenger type, that he would deliver official papers dealing with the forwarding company business. OSWALD's contacts would be such locations as other forwarding companies, the U. S. Customhouse Export Office, steamship lines and in some cases foreign counsel offices which may have to do with the export or import business. Mr. TUJAGUE was not able to specifically enumerate these foreign counsel offices and there is no definite record to disclose these particular contacts.

Mr. TUJAGUE advised that OSWALD's official duty time was 8:30 AM to 4:30 PM on Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday and 8:30 AM to 5:30 PM on Monday and Thursday. He also worked on Saturday from 8:30 AM to 12:30 PM. Mr. TUJAGUE stated OSWALD's normal lunch hour was between 12:00 and 1:00 PM and he has determined from various employees that OSWALD was a non-social, in that he did not at any time associate with any of the employees either during his lunch hour or after hours. He was a rather quiet type of individual and did not have very much contact or conversation with any of the other employees. He also determined that normally OSWALD would go to his home during the lunch hour to be with his mother which was 126 Exchange Place and is a very short distance from the business office of TUJAGUE. He advised that OSWALD's work hours were usually by time card and that his pay at the end of each period was by check, however, at this time he does not have available either OSWALD's time cards or cancelled checks, however, he advised he will make a diligent search for this material and will advise Agents and make these available.

Mr. TUJAGUE made available the only records he had available at this time on OSWALD which are payroll employee records beginning November 10, 1955 through January 14, 1956 which disclose the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 126

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. and SA THEODORE R. VIATER/jab Date dictated 11/25/63

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Exchange Place, Social Security Number 433-54-3937, listing position as office boy at a rate of $130 per month. This record also listed OSWALD as single. The other available record was the W-4 form, employee withholding exemption certificate. This certificate shows the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 126 Exchange Place, Social Security Number 433-54-3937 dated November 12, 1955 signed in pencil LEE OSWALD. Mr. TUJAGUE advised that this form was prepared in the handwriting of LEE OSWALD and that this was the only document he has at this time which was prepared by OSWALD.

Mr. TUJAGUE advised that to the best of his knowledge he believed LEE OSWALD was recommended to him by one of several employment agencies, enumerating the Louisiana Unemployment Bureau, Apex Employment Service and Bee Robertson's Employment Service. Mr. TUJAGUE advised that he is not sure as to the reason for OSWALD resigning, however, he believes it may have been due to the fact that he was either drafted or joined the armed forces or possibly to obtain a better job as he does recall OSWALD complaining about the fact that this type of work was too strenuous.

Mr. TUJAGUE advised that he will search his records for possible cancelled checks as well as time cards and would contact Agents if same are located. Mr. TUJAGUE requested that the payroll sheets and withholding form be returned to him when no longer needed by the FBI.

Mr. TUJAGUE further advised that he has contacted each of his employees and determined that none of these individuals were friendly with OSWALD either during office hours or after work. He advised that each of them told him they were not able to give any specific details as to the personal life of OSWALD nor were they acquainted with any of OSWALD's friends or associates since they themselves did not associate with OSWALD during this short period of employment of three months either in the office or after office hours.

Mr. TUJAGUE advised he would make available the names of all of these employees and their home addresses so they might be interviewed. Concerning the check of his records for time cards and cancelled checks he will make these available if they can be located.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 -

Date 11/26/63

Mr. GERALD TUJAGUE, 442 Canal Street, owner and president of Gerald F. Tujague, Inc., a forwarding company, furnished additional information regarding the employment of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mr. TUJAGUE made available his employment release form in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD dated January 17, 1956 signed by LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He also made available his time punch cards in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, showing the specific dates and time of employment under each date. There are five of these time cards, the first, beginning with November 15, 1955 and ending with January 14, 1956. Mr. TUJAGUE advised that the only writings on these cards by OSWALD are listed under the column "Extra In" on each card which was the numerals "30" over the initials "L O." He stated that this represented thirty minutes in addition to the time shown on the card which was necessary due to the fact that OSWALD at that time would make a trip to the Post Office or some other deliveries and would be allowed thirty minutes extra on these particular dates. All other writing on the card, both on the face and on the back, would have been made by the time clerk.

Mr. TUJAGUE furnished the following list of employees who are either now working for him or were employed during the same period of time that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed, that is, between November 15, 1955 and January 14, 1956:

HARRY AUTHER SMITH, 4623 Constance Street
EMMET PARKERSON, 1530 Fourth Street
MAURICIO ORDONEZ, 5912 St. Charles Avenue
JULIUS J. OLSEN, 530 Verret Street (deceased)
*ROBERT OALMANN, 701 Independence Street
*MAX HEINEMANN, 2308 Audubon Street
GILBERTO JOSE GUTIERREZ, 744 Delachaise Street
BETTE MAE GERM, 3628 Gentilly Boulevard
JESSE ALBERT FULLER, JR., 2301 Marigny Street
ERNEST ELVIR, 2653 DeSoto Street
*FRANK DIBENEDETTO, 1321 Arabella Street
KARAN M. DEROCHE, Gramercy, Louisiana
*GLORIA CALLAGHAN, 956 Felicity Street
EVELYN M. BURT, 4842 Constance Street

1-...Felicity
LA

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. /bal Date dictated 11/26/63

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2 NO 89-69

*JESUS ASPIAZU, 317 N. Sibley Street, Metairie, Louisiana
J. LOUIS MEITIN, 185 Carib Drive, Ormond Beach, Florida
WANDA WALCH, 2906 Prytania Street
LAWRENCE A. BERGERON, 2617 Congress Street

*Still employed.

Mr. TUJAGUE pointed out that in his opinion the only ex-employee who may have been acquainted with OSWALD to some extent would have been JESSE ALBERT FULLER, JR., as he recalled that FULLER was approximately the same age as OSWALD and was hired in the same capacity, that is, messenger boy, between October 1, 1955 and December 31, 1955.

Mr. TUJAGUE advised that a check of his employment records failed to disclose an individual ever having worked for him by the name of HIDELL or any variations thereof. Mr. TUJAGUE advised that he will attempt to check his records further for any records which may have been either handled or connected with OSWALD. He further requested that all documents furnished to this Bureau be returned to him upon completion of their use.

1 NO 89-69
JES:bal

SA(A) JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. interviewed the following employees of GERALD F. TUJAGUE, INC., 442 Canal Street at this place of employment, who were employed by this company during the same period that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed, that is, November 10, 1955 through January 14, 1956:

ROBERT DALMANN, 701 Independence Street;

MAX HEINEMANN, 2308 Audubon Street;

FRANK DiBENEDETTO, 1321 Arabella Street, and

JESUS ASPIAZU, 317 N. Sibley Street, Metairie, Louisiana.

In interview with these individuals, it was determined that each one of them were acquainted with LEE OSWALD while he was employed; however, each pointed out they had no direct contact with OSWALD during working hours or after working hours. None of these individuals could give any details as to friends or relatives or acquaintances of OSWALD during his employment. However, each of them were aware of the fact that OSWALD resided in an apartment on Exchange Place in New Orleans at this time with his mother and that on many occasions OSWALD went home for lunch to be with his mother since this address was just blocks away from the business.

FD-36f (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

BEVERLY BAIRD, Office Manager, Apex Employment Service, 601 Carondelet Building, New Orleans, advised that her files do not show that LEE HARVEY OSWALD obtained a position with the Gerard F. Tujague, Inc., company in 1955 through Apex Employment Service, nor do her files show that LEE HARVEY OSWALD ever applied for employment through Apex Employment Service.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. /jm Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-367 (Rev. 1-31-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

FLOYD E. ROBERTSON, Assistant Manager of Bee Robertson's Employment Service, 301 Carondelet Building, New Orleans, advised that his files do not show that LEE HARVEY OSWALD ever obtained a position with the Gerard F. Tujague, Inc., company in 1955, nor did he ever obtain a position through Bee Robertson's Employment Service.

1C

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-89

by SA JOHN H[illegible]ER, JR. /jm Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Mr. NICK MAZZA, Office Manager, J. R. Michels, Inc., 442 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, stated that he had no personal recollection of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and has made inquiry among the current employees of his company and has no one who has the slightest recollection of OSWALD.

MAZZA stated that he has searched the records of his firm and was only able to locate a U. S. Treasury form W4 which lists the following information:

Employee's Name	LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Employee's Residence	126 Exchange Place
Social Security No.	433-54-3937
Exemptions	1
Date	January 17, 1956

Mr. MAZZA stated that OSWALD worked there for two weeks as an office boy and runner. The records contain no additional information and the reason for OSWALD's termination of employment is not recorded or known.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MERRIMAN D. DIVEN/lrs Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 27, 1963

New Orleans, La

Mr. ABE PEKOVAR, apartment 71, Lake Terrace Gardens, Paris Avenue, advised that he operated the Dolly Shoe Company at 729 Canal Street during the period February, 1955, into some time in 1957, the exact date he does not recall. Mr. PEKOVAR advised that at this time he does not have any records of the employees of this company and that he himself does not recall having an individual named LEE HARVEY OSWALD working for him. He advised that the people who were employed for him were adults as most of them were in the sales capacity and he would not hire individuals in their teens for this particular job.

Mr. PEKOVAR pointed out that perhaps prior employment records could be checked with his accountant, MOSE BRENER, located in the Maison Blanche building, New Orleans, and further that perhaps his former manager, MAURY GOODMAN, now located with Allen Shoe Store on Canal Street, may be able to advise as to whether or not OSWALD had been employed by the Dolly Shoe Store during the period 1955-1956.

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On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. :sms Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

EUGENE J. YRLE, Office Manager, Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, advised after a search of the records, he could find nothing containing any record of the employment of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that employment applications, payroll records, withholding requests signed by an employee, withholding reports, etc., for 1957 and 1958, have been destroyed. He advised messengers are considered temporary employees inasmuch as they usually work for only a few months.

YRLE advised he replaced the former bookkeeper who died. He did not know OSWALD.

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On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1 [illegible] Lee Jr.

Mr. HARRY LEVEQUE, General Manager and Partner; Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, advised he did not recall LEE HARVEY OSWALD although his photograph seemed vaguely familiar. LEVEQUE did recall PALMER MC BRIDE as a young man who worked for a period of time as a messenger approximately six years ago. He stated that if OSWALD worked for the company it would have been also as a messenger because he would recall anyone who had worked in the laboratory. He stated messengers usually worked for only a few months and there was a constant turnover of them. He recalled MC BRIDE as being a young man who was very interested in space and astronomy. The messengers were paid in cash and no receipts were obtained from them. The bookkeeper during 1957 and 1958 was EARL WILLIAMSON who died in January, 1961. The present bookkeeper and Office Manager is EUGENE J. YRLE.

Mr. LEVEQUE advised the person who may possibly recall OSWALD is LIONEL SLATER, JR., 1411 France Street, telephone WHitehall 7-4343, who has been a messenger for about ten years. SLATER is a spastic and has crippled hands, and is the only messenger who has worked for more than a short period of time.

Mr. LEVEQUE stated the only other person who may possibly recall OSWALD is Mrs. AMELDA SMITH, who worked as a receptionist and clerk in 1957 - 1958.

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On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mr. HARRY F. LEVEQUE, General Manager and Partner, Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, furnished the following information:

The following were partners in the company from about 1954:

FRANK K. CADLE, GEORGE R. BISCHOFF, GEORGE KANEL and LEVEQUE.

He does not recall anyone named KLEIN and this name, he felt sure, was confused with KANEL. KANEL was general manager in 1956 and retired on July 1, 1963. JOHN LAPEZE was then taken in as partner.

FRANK CADLE died two years ago. The company is a partnership and for official matters the name GEORGE L. KANEL, ET AL., doing business as Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company has been used.

LEVEQUE advised each partner was in charge of a specific department in the laboratory and did not have much contact with the messengers who were supposed to wait in the outer office until a dental plate or other item was ready for delivery to a dentist's office. He advised that since he was contacted on November 23 he has tried to recall LEE OSWALD but was unable to do so. He recalled PALMER MC BRIDE because MC BRIDE was in "outer space" all the time, constantly talking about astronomy and calling attention to himself by his "outgoing manner" and was probably a messenger a little longer than most of those hired.

LEVEQUE advised another messenger who worked for several years and who possibly may remember OSWALD is JOHN ULMER, JR. He stated ULMER is mentally deficient.

The following persons worked in the laboratory and may possibly remember OSWALD:

WARREN MEYER, LOUIS MEISNER and JOHN CAZAUX.

LEVEQUE stated he would immediately advise the FBI should he recall OSWALD or anyone who may possible have known him.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

GEORGE KANEL, residence address, Greystone Apartments, 3701 Canal Street, telephone number 482-7328, furnished the following information: New Orleans La.

He was a General Manager and a partner of the Pfisterer Dental Laboratory from about 1956 until December, 1961. He retired as a partner on July 1, 1963; however, occasionally he still assists in the laboratory. He observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD which was taken when he was a ninth grade student at the Beauregard High School and also observed a photograph of OSWALD which appeared in the newspapers when he was arrested by the Dallas Police Department. He can not recall any former employees who might resemble OSWALD. He said there has been a rapid turnover of messengers; that they are usually hired through newspaper advertisements and that the hiring of messengers was handled by EARL WILLIAMSON the bookkeeper, although he, KANEL, hired them. Any messengers hired by WILLIAMSON would be brought to KANEL for approval. These messengers usually worked for a few months. KANEL recalled PALMER MC BRIDE as being a messenger and said that he worked for a somewhat longer period than the others. He remembered MC BRIDE primarily because he always talks about space, rockets, and astronomy and let everyone know he was interested in these topics. LO

KANEL advised that he would immediately notify the FBI if he recalled LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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On 11/24/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

PAUL ANTHONY FIORELLO, residence address 204 Marais Street, telephone 522-7746, employed as a dental technician by Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 827 Dauphine Street, furnished the following information:

He recalled that LEE OSWALD worked as a messenger for Pfisterer in about 1956 for a period of not more than a few months. He recalled that OSWALD used to talk a lot with PALMER MC BRIDE and is of the opinion OSWALD used to go to MC BRIDE's home to listen to a hi-fi set and look through MC BRIDE's telescopes, as MC BRIDE was interested in astronomy. He recalled that OSWALD used to talk to MC BRIDE about Russia but FIORELLO did not know what was said about Russia. FIORELLO did not know where OSWALD lived in New Orleans. When OSWALD quit he told FIORELLO he was going to Texas where he had a job selling shoes. FIORELLO did not recall that any city in Texas was mentioned. FIORELLO knew of no friends of OSWALD other than MC BRIDE.

FIORELLO advised he was employed as a messenger at Pfisterer during the time OSWALD was a messenger there. He recalled the other messengers at this time as being LIONEL SLATER, JR., JOHN ULMER and PALMER MC BRIDE.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-36a (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

LIONEL SLATER, JR., residence address 1411 France Street, employed as a messenger by Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, furnished the following information:

He recognized the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a messenger who worked at Pfisterer for several weeks in about 1956 during the time PALMER MC BRIDE worked there. He did not know the boy's last name but did recall his first name was LEE. This LEE was a friend of MC BRIDE and SLATER is of the opinion he visited MC BRIDE's home several times. He knows nothing concerning OSWALD and does not recall OSWALD ever discussing any political matters.

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On 11/24/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT :gas Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

Mrs. AMELDA SMITH, 4951 Dreaux Avenue, former receptionist and clerk for Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, advised she vaguely recalled a young man who worked as a messenger for a short period of time about six years ago who may possibly be identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The only thing she could actually recall was that this young man was surly. She could recall no conversations with him other than in connection with his messenger duties and could not be positive if his name was OSWALD.

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On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

Mr. JOHN LAPEZE, Partner, Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, advised he could not recall LEE HARVEY OSWALD as ever having worked for the company. He stated he did recall PALMER MC BRIDE, who worked as a messenger for a short period of time approximately six years ago. He advised that if OSWALD ever worked for the company it would have been as a messenger. The messengers deliver dental plates to dentists throughout the city.

Mr. LAPEZE stated LIONEL SLATER, JR., is the only person who has worked as a delivery boy for more than a few months, having worked for the past ten years, and he would probably recall OSWALD.

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On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /lra/lil Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

GEORGE R. BISCHOFF, Partner, Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, residence address 1010 Center Street, Arabi, Louisiana, telephone 271-6076, furnished the following information:

He does not recall the name or the photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as being anyone who was ever employed by the company. He stated the messengers do not stay with the company very long and he does not know the names of half of the messengers who have worked for the company.

Mr. BISCHOFF advised he would immediately notify the FBI office if he recalls OSWALD.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

WARREN MEYER, residence address 2446 Calhoun Street employed by Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, furnished the following information:

He started to work for the company in 1938 as a dental technician. He recalled that PALMER MC BRIDE was employed as a messenger for the company, but did not recall any LEE OSWALD. The photographs of OSWALD taken while he was in the 9th grade at Beauregard School and those taken on November 22, 1963, did not resemble anyone he knew as ever having worked at Pfisterer.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /sw Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mr. JOHN CAZAUX, residence address 70 Jones Drive, Chalmette, Louisiana, employed as a dental technician by Pfistérer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, since 1946, advised he does not recall anyone named LEE OSWALD ever working for the company and the photographs of OSWALD are not familiar to him. He advised he did recall that PALMER MC BRIDE worked as a messenger approximately seven years ago.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

LOUIS MEISNER, residence address 1315 Poinsetta Drive, Metairie, Louisiana, employed as a dental technician by Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, advised the photographs of LEE OSWALD are not familiar to him and he does not recall anyone by that name ever working as a messenger for the company.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /sw Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

JOHN B. ULMER, JR., residence address, downstairs room in alleyway at 3317 Canal Street, employed as a stock boy at Schwegmann Brothers Giant Supermarket, 6300 Gentilly Road, furnished the following information:

He worked as a messenger for Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street, from 1953 to 1961. He does not recall LEE OSWALD, although OSWALD's photograph, taken while a student in the 9th grade of Beauregard School, New Orleans, resembles a messenger who was employed for just a few weeks in about 1956. He knows nothing about this boy.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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1 NO 88-69:jas

At New Orleans, Louisiana

The following investigation was conducted by SA THEODORE R. VIATER:

On November 29, 1963, Miss HELEN SAVOIE, Secretary to the President, Darrell de Moss Company, 3231 Metairie Road, was interviewed and made available job application records for the period January, 1963, to the present, which records were reviewed and failed to disclose any application by LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Miss SAVOIE when shown a photograph of OSWALD advised she did not recall ever seeing OSWALD in the office applying for a job.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Mr. LYNN COBENA, Manager, Commercial Employment Agency, 1001 National Bank of Commerce Building, was interviewed and made available an application with his agency made by LEE HARVEY OSWALD on May 7, 1963. The application reflected he had been employed from 1962 to 1963 at Jaggers-Chiles-Stoval on 522 Browder Street, Dallas, Texas as a photographer and was laid off because of a cut in the night shift. He was applying for a position as a photographer and gave the following description of his duties with his former employer:

> Development of films on standard commercial modification camera, use of lens, enlargers, etc.; setting up and shooting of "live" and "perspective" photo shots as well as modification shots.

In checking his incoming log sheet for May 7, 1963, COBENA advised that OSWALD had been in his office twice that day. The reason for the second visit was not indicated. COBENA stated the interviewer who talked to OSWALD was Mr. DON PECOT, who is no longer employed by the agency. He furnished PECOT's last known address as 1200 Lowerline Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana. The application also indicates OSWALD was referred to Darrell DeMoss Company in New Orleans; however, there is no indication on the application as to the results of OSWALD's interview at that company.

COBENA made available both the application and the agency agreement which were signed by OSWALD on May 7, 1963.

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On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA THEODORE R. VIATER /bda,lyc Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 30, 1963

Mr. DONALD PECOT, 1200 Lowerline Street, was interviewed and advised he vaguely recalls LEE HARVEY OSWALD being in the office of the Commercial Employment Agency where he filled out an application with that agency for a job as a photographer. He recalls that OSWALD, in his opinion, had an above average appearance and personality, was well dressed and presented himself well. He advised the only reason there were no references listed on the application was because of an oversight on his part.

PECOT does recall that OSWALD returned to the office the same day and was advised he would be contacted should any job arise for which he was qualified. To the best of his knowledge PECOT stated OSWALD never returned to the Commercial Employment Agency after May 7, 1963 and that he was never called regarding any employment contact. PECOT concluded he could give no further information inasmuch as he only spoke to OSWALD about ten minutes and has not been employed by the Commercial Employment Agency since July, 1963.

25

On 11/30/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA THEODORE R. VIATER tgas Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Mr. ROBERT WIEGAND, owner, Commerce Picture Co., 525 Poydras Street, furnished the following information:

He does not recall anyone resembling LEE OSWALD ever coming to his place of business inquiring about a job. He does not recognize the photograph of OSWALD as anyone who has ever come into his shop. He advised he did not request the Louisiana State Employment Office or any other employment agency in May, 1963, to refer any film developers to him. He has in the past requested a laboratory man who is then used to do developing work and the Louisiana State Employment Office apparently is aware he can occasionally use such a person. He has never requested the removal of his request. He advised that if OSWALD had stopped at his shop he would merely have told him he did not need anyone, and would not have taken any information concerning OSWALD.

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On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT/cay Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

Mr. WILLIAM I. MONAGHAN, Vice President - Finance, William B. Reily and Co., Inc., 640 Magazine Street, advised that records of his company reflect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed by that company from May 10, 1963, until July 19, 1963, as an oiler - machinist assistant in the coffee plant at 640 Magazine Street. He explained that OSWALD's duties were routine, that he tended to and greased fittings in the machines. He advised that OSWALD's superior, EMMETT BARBE, reported that OSWALD wandered off the job and would not be available when needed. For this reason, OSWALD's employment was terminated on July 19, 1963, for inefficiency.

Mr. MONAGHAN furnished the original of an Application for Employment which he states was apparently filled out by OSWALD on May 9, 1963. He pointed out that this lists OSWALD's residence address as 757 French Street and his residence telephone as HUnter 8-4326.

This application reflects OSWALD was born on October 18, 1939. The birth place is not reflected. The application reflects that OSWALD attended Beauregard Junior High School and Warren Eastern Senior High School, graduating in 1959. The application further reflects he was in the United States Marine Corps from 1959 - 1963 and was honorably discharged. He listed as personal character references the following:

JOHN MURRETT, Pharmacist, 757 French Street, telephone HUnter 8-4326

Sgt. ROBERT HIDELL, Active Duty, U.S.M.C.

M. S. OSWALD, Retired, 136 Elmeer Street, VErnon 5-7869. (This name, occupation and address has a line drawn through it.)

Lieut. (illegible, possibly T or J) EVANS, Active Duty, U.S.M.C.

Mr. MONAGHAN also furnished a Xerox copy of a Character - Financial Report, dated May 16, 1963, on LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

3c

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS: mam Date dictated 11/23/63

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This report reflects the following:

"1. Lee Harvey Oswald is employed as a Maintenance Man for the Standard Coffee Company, and has been so engaged in this occupation for the past one week, and enjoys a favorable business reputation. Previous to this, he was in the U. S. Marines for some three years. He enjoys a favorable business reputation, and his prospects for the future appear to be favorable.

"FINANCES: His present and past financial standing is good, and he is regarded as an individual who lives within his means. Learned of no illiness or physical impairments that might affect his earning capacity.

"CHARACTER-HOME SURROUNDINGS: His character, habits, and Morals are good, and he is known to keep good associates, and well regarded. He resides with his wife, and child. They live in a middle class residential section with frame homes that are well kept, and living conditions are adequate. Stability and class of residencts in this section is good."

OSWALD is employed as a maintenance man for the Standard Coffee Company.

In connection with the above, Mr. MONAGHAN pointed out that the Standard Coffee Company is the "house-to-house sales branch" of the William B. Reily and Co., Inc.

Mr. MONAGHAN also furnished Xerox copies of employment reports filled out by LEE HARVEY OSWALD in connection with his regular duties. He explained that these are made out in long hand and printing by OSWALD and were filed with OSWALD's supervisor, Mr. EMMETT C. BARBE, JR. These are employment reports for OSWALD's

NO 89-69
LGD:mam
2

activities of the following dates: Thursday, July 11; Friday, July 12; Monday, July 15; Tuesday, July 16; Wednesday, July 17; Thursday, July 18; and Friday, July 19.

Mr. MONAGHAN explained that the originals of these reports had been turned over to Mr. A. G. VIAL of the United States Secret Service on November 23, 1963, in connection with investigation being conducted by that agency.

Mr. MONAGHAN further furnished a Xerox copy of Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate, Form W4, which was allegedly filled out by LEE H. OSWALD and reflects his Social Security Number to be 433-54-3937. It reflects OSWALD claimed withholding exemption as a married man with one additional dependent. This is dated May 16, 1963, and signed LEE H. OSWALD.

Mr. MONAGHAN advised that the original of this certificate was turned over to Mr. A. G. VIAL, United States Secret Service, New Orleans, Louisiana, on November 23, 1963, in connection with investigation being conducted by that agency.

Mr. MONAGHAN advised that OSWALD's immediate superior was EMMETT C. BARBE, JR., maintenance foreman. He stated that other employees who worked with OSWALD at the William B. Reily Co. were CHARLES JOSEPH LE BLANC, a maintenance man, and ATURO RODRIGUEZ, maintenance man.

Mr. MONAGHAN stated that he did not know OSWALD personally.

NO 89-69
LGD:sab

The following items furnished by WILLIAM I. MONAGHAN, Vice President, William B. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD were forwarded to the FBI Laboratory for handwriting analysis and comparison with questioned documents in this case:

Original application for employment filed by OSWALD with William B. Reily and Company, Inc.

Xerox copies of employment reports filed by LEE HARVEY OSWALD with William B. Reily and Company, Inc., for July 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, and 19, 1963.

Xerox copy of Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate, Form W-4, filled out by LEE H. OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mr. WILLIAM I. MONAGHAN, Vice President, William B. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, furnished the original of the payroll checks payable to LEE H. OSWALD who was employed by that company from May 10, 1963, to July 19, 1963. These checks are all drawn on the National Bank of Commerce in New Orleans, New Orleans, Louisiana, and all are payable to LEE H. OSWALD with the exception of one, which is payable to LEE OSWALD, the latter is the payroll check # 1941, dated June 21, 1963.

The following is the data contained on each of these payroll checks of William B. Reily and Company, Inc., New Orleans, Louisiana:

DATE	CHECK #	AMOUNT	FIRST ENDORSEMENT	SECOND ENDORSEMENT
5/17/63	882	$53.72	LEE H. OSWALD	ROLAND MARTIN
5/24/63	1079	53.72	LEE H. OSWALD	Martin's Rest.
5/31/63	1274	53.72	LEE H. OSWALD	Martin's Rest.
6/7/63	1486	55.59	LEE H. OSWALD	Martin's Rest.
6/14/63	1684	52.97	LEE H. OSWALD	Foltz Tea & Coffee Co.
6/21/63	1941	53.72	LEE H. OSWALD	Martin's Rest.
6/28/63	1995	53.72	LEE H. OSWALD	ROLAND MARTIN
7/5/63	2185	53.72	LEE H. OSWALD	Martin's Rest.
7/12/63	2368	52.97	LEE H. OSWALD	Martin's Rest.
7/19/63	2549	53.72	LEE H. OSWALD	Martin's Rest.
7/22/63	2621	10.84	LEE H. OSWALD 4907 Magazine HU 8-4226	Endorsement stamp illegible.

A c Y 8.41.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA's LESTER G. DAVIS and
by JOHN WILLIAM MILLER /jm 34 Date dictated 11/25/63

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In addition, Mr. MONAGHAN made available a group insurance enrollment and record card which bears the signature of OSWALD.

Data on this card reflects that LEE H. OSWALD resided at 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana; that he was born October 18, 1939, and employed May 10, 1963. Death benefits were designated to be paid to MARINA N. OSWALD, his wife, who resided at 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. This card is dated May 10, 1963.

MONAGHAN further advised he could not determine if OSWALD completed the information on this card other than the signature of employee.

Mr. MONAGHAN also furnished data taken from time punch cards of employee, LEE H. OSWALD. The following is a compulation reflecting the time OSWALD arrived at his place of employment and the time he left each day while employed by the William B. Reily and Company, Inc., as reflected on these time cards:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Friday, 5/10/63	7:59 AM	4:30 PM
Monday, 5/13/63	8:24 AM	5:00 PM
Tuesday, 5/14/63	8:18 AM	5:00 PM
Wednesday, 5/15/63	8:23 AM	5:00 PM
Thursday, 5/16/63	8:29 AM	5:00 PM
Friday, 5/17/63	8:25 & 9:57 AM (stamped twice)	5:00 PM
Monday, 5/20/63	8:25 AM	5:00 PM
Tuesday, 5/21/63	8:22 AM	5:00 PM
Wednesday, 5/22/63	8:20 AM	5:00 PM
Thursday, 5/23/63	8:24 AM	5:01 PM
Friday, 5/24/63	9:58 AM	6:30 PM
Monday, 5/27/63	9:53 AM	6:35 PM
Tuesday, 5/28/63	8:50 AM	5:31 PM
Wednesday, 5/29/63	9:45 AM	6:30 PM
Thursday, 5/30/63	9:00 AM	5:30 PM
Friday, 5/31/63	9:53 AM	7:32 PM

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DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday, 6/3/63	9:47 AM	6:30 PM
Tuesday, 6/4/63	9:50 AM	6:30 PM
Wednesday, 6/5/63	9:58 AM	6:30 PM
Thursday, 6/6/63	10:05 AM	6:30 PM
Friday, 6/7/63	8:57 AM	5:30 PM
Monday, 6/10/63	8:52 AM	5:30 PM
Tuesday, 6/11/63	8:44 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday, 6/12/63	8:56 AM	5:31 PM
Thursday, 6/13/63	8:50 AM	5:30 PM
Friday, 6/14/63	8:29 AM	5:30 PM
Monday, 6/17/63	8:53 AM	5:31 PM
Tuesday, 6/18/63	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday, 6/19/63	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Thursday, 6/20/63	8:52 AM	5:30 PM
Friday, 6/21/63	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Monday, 6/24/63	8:57 AM	5:30 PM
Tuesday, 6/25/63	8:58 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday, 6/26/63	8:54 AM	5:30 PM
Thursday, 6/27/63	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Friday, 6/28/63	9:01 AM	5:30 PM
Monday, 7/1/63	8:59 AM	5:30 PM
Tuesday, 7/2/63	8:49 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday, 7/3/63	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Thursday, 7/4/63	-------	-------
Friday, 7/5/63	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Monday, 7/8/63	8:47 AM	5:30 PM
Tuesday, 7/9/63	8:49 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday, 7/10/63	8:54 AM	5:30 PM
Thursday, 7/11/63	8:58 AM	5:30 PM
Friday, 7/12/63	8:27 AM	5:01 PM
Monday, 7/15/63	8:19 AM	5:00 PM
Tuesday, 7/16/63	8:26 AM	5:00 PM
Wednesday, 7/17/63	9:37 AM	6:00 PM
Thursday, 7/18/63	8:26 AM	5:00 PM
Friday, 7/19/63	8:22 AM	4:30 PM (terminated)

NO 89-69/sab

The eleven payroll checks of the William B. Reily and Company, Inc., New Orleans, Louisiana, to LEE H. OSWALD, which bear endorsements "LEE H. OSWALD" were forwarded to the FBI Laboratory on November 26, 1963, for use as signature specimens of OSWALD in connection with any handwriting analysis or comparison in this case.

Also forwarded to the FBI Laboratory on November 26, 1963, was the original of a group insurance enrollment and record card bearing the signature of LEE H. OSWALD. This was forwarded as a signature specimen to also be used in any handwriting analysis or comparison made in this case.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

Mr. EMMETT CHARLES BARBE, JR., 806 Guiffrias Avenue, Metairie, Louisiana, advised he is employed as maintenance foreman by William B. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Mr. BARBE advised that he knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD only while OSWALD was employed by William B. Reily and Company, Inc. He stated he was OSWALD's immediate superior while so employed. He recalled OSWALD as a quiet person who never opened the conversation. He added that OSWALD usually gave no recognition of persons around him and spoke only when spoken to. He recalled that he on one occasion asked OSWALD about his marital status, and OSWALD told him that he was married and had two children. He continued that OSWALD made no further statement concerning his family and did not seem anxious to enter into a conversation with him.

Mr. BARBE advised that at no time while he knew OSWALD did OSWALD make any statements that were un-American in nature or that would indicate an ill feeling toward the President of the United States or other Government officials.

Mr. BARBE advised he knew of no friends, associates or relatives of LEE H. OSWALD.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS /cv 40 Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

Mr. CHARLES JOSEPH LE BLANC, 2824 South Romain Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he is employed as maintenance man for William B. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. He stated that he knew LEE H. OSWALD only while OSWALD was employed as an oiler-machinist assistant for William B. Reily Company, Inc. He recalled that he "broke OSWALD in on the job". He stated that OSWALD was a man of very few words and usually seemed to avoid conversation. He recalled that on one occasion the exact date of which he could not recall OSWALD asked him, "Do you like it here?" Mr. LE BLANC stated he replied, "I ought to like it. I have been with them ten years". He continued that OSWALD explained that he did not mean whether LE BLANC liked working for the company whereupon LE BLANC stated he asked, "Well, what do you mean?" He stated OSWALD said,"Here", and he asked, "New Orleans?" whereupon OSWALD said, "No, the country". He stated he replied, "Why, certainly" whereupon OSWALD discontinued the conversation and walked away. He advised that he never discussed this matter further with OSWALD and in fact he and OSWALD had very little to say to each other except conversation concerning the oiling of some of the machines.

Mr. LE BLANC advised that OSWALD was not attentive to his job and wandered about the building considerably and was usually gone when he was needed. He continued that he would have to "run OSWALD down" in the building and would ask him where he had been and why he was not on the job whereupon OSWALD would merely shrug his shoulders and state that he had "just been around".

He advised that he recalled that OSWALD had a habit of pointing his finger at someone when he would approach them and make a sound as if he were shooting the person like children do in playing "cops and robbers".

Mr. LE BLANC advised that he has never heard OSWALD make any statements that he would shoot someone nor has he discussed in any manner the shooting of another. He merely attributed the above to an idiosyncrasy.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS /cv 41 Date dictated 11/23/63

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Mr. LE BLANC stated he knew of no associate, friend or relative of LEE H. OSWALD and could furnish no information as to whether OSWALD owned a firearm. He did recall, however, that he had observed OSWALD looking at gun magazines maintained in the waiting room of the Crescent City Garage located next door to William B. Reily Company, Inc. He explained that employees of the Reily Company would go to the waiting room of the Crescent City Garage for soft drinks on their breaks and that someone in the garage apparently collected guns and maintained gun magazines on a coffee table which were available to employees. He stated he, however, had never discussed guns with OSWALD.

Mr. LE BLANC advised that the only other employee with whom OSWALD would have been in contact was ARTURO RODRIGUEZ, maintenance man.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mr. ARTURO MENDEZ RODRIGUEZ, 323 Marais Street, Apartment U, New Orleans, Louisiana, voluntarily furnished the following information:

He stated that he recalled LEE OSWALD as a fellow employee at the William B. Reily Company, 640 Magazine Street. He stated that as best as he can recall, OSWALD worked there about three months and he recalled that OSWALD was working there when he, RODRIGUEZ, took his vacation in June, 1963.

He emphasized that he was never closely associated with OSWALD and that his only contact with him was when OSWALD started working for the Reily Company, in that he instructed him how to oil and clean the machines. He also stated that as far as he could tell, OSWALD was not friendly with any of the employees and he described OSWALD as a person who did not talk much, was very quiet and did not associate with any employees.

He stated that when the workers took a break, OSWALD always stayed by himself, sometimes he went to the driveway and smoked a cigarette, and sometimes he just sat in a chair and appeared to stare into space.

OSWALD never discussed his past and RODRIGUEZ knew nothing about his background. Shortly after he began working he did state that he had just gotten out of the military service and came to work for Reily Company. RODRIGUEZ stated that he did not know that OSWALD was married and did not know where he lived. RODRIGUEZ said that to the best of his knowledge, he did not believe that OSWALD had an automobile as he sometimes saw him come to work on a bus.

RODRIGUEZ advised that he has never received any mail from OSWALD and did not know where he went when he quit working for the Reily Company. He stated that he believed OSWALD did not quit his job voluntarily, but was asked to leave by the company. He informed he did not know anyone by the name of HIDELL.

The following description of ARTURO MENDEZ RODRIGUEZ was obtained by personal observation and questioning:

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's JOSEPH L. FLEMING & G. MYRYWIN ALDERSON/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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NO 89-69

Name	ARTURO MENDEZ RODRIGUEZ
Sex	Male
Race	White
Date of Birth	September 18, 1929
Place of Birth	Merida, Yucatan, Mexico
Height	5'10"
Weight	135
Hair	Black
Eyes	Black
Build	Medium
Nationality	Mexican
Alien Registration #	A-11889286
Occupation	Oiler - mechanic
Marital Status	Married
Relatives	Wife - ANNA MARIA RODRIGUEZ; 3 minor children
Residence	323 Marais Street, Apartment D, New Orleans, Louisiana

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

Mr. JOHN C. CLARK, Assistant Vice President in charge of Production, William B. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, advised that he knew LEE H. OSWALD only while OSWALD was employed by that company and only because he was so employed. He continued that his only contact with OSWALD was to reprimand him a couple of times. He explained that OSWALD was not an aggressive worker and had to be reprimanded concerning this.

Mr. CLARK stated that he had no conversation with OSWALD concerning outside activities and that he did not know any of OSWALD's friends or associates nor any member of OSWALD's family.

Mr. CLARK stated that an inquiry of all employees of the plant revealed that only the following individuals employed by William B. Reily and Company, Inc., had had any conversation whatsoever with OSWALD.

EMMETT CHARLES BARBE, JR., maintenance foreman, OSWALD's immediate superior.

CHARLES JOSEPH LE BLANC, a maintenance man who worked with OSWALD.

ARTURO RODRIGUEZ, a maintenance man who worked with OSWALD.

Miss ROSE SCHAMBRA, a floor lady in the plant.

Mr. CLARK advised that OSWALD was actually employed by ALFRED A. CLAUDE, who was plant manager at the time. He continued that CLAUDE is no longer employed by this company, but he understands CLAUDE is presently employed by the Chrysler Aerospace Division in New Orleans.

He explained that Mr. CLAUDE had not necessarily had conversation with OSWALD.

He advised that the only other person who perhaps would have necessarily had contact and conversation with OSWALD would be JOHN D. BRANYON, 7937 Oak Street, New Orleans.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA LESTER G. DAVIS
SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER /cjo

by Date dictated 11/25/63

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Louisiana, who is believed to be presently employed by Boeing Aircraft Corporation. He explained that BRANYON would have worked with OSWALD while OSWALD was employed at the Reily Company.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

New Orleans La.

Miss ROSE SCHAMBRA, 5528 Catina Street, advised she is a "floor lady" at William B. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, and as such supervises the packaging of coffee.

She stated she has supervision over three coffee packaging machines which machines have to be greased regularly by maintenance men employed by the company. She continued that during the Summer of 1963, LEE OSWALD was employed as a maintenance man and as such would grease the machines under her supervision. She stated she found OSWALD to be a quiet and shy person who never seemed to converse with anyone. She recalled that when he did make his rounds to grease a machine, she would sometimes tell him which machine needed oiling and he would make no reply to anything she said. She recalled that on occasions she would tell him not to put too much oil in the fittings and he merely shrugged his shoulders without comment. Because of this shyness and quiet attitude, she felt sorry for him and one day approached him asking him his name. He merely replied "LEE", and kept walking.

Miss SCHAMBRA said that this more or less seemed to be typical of his attitude while he was employed at that company. She added that his mind seemed to be on something else instead of his work and never about conversation with employees. She stated she did not know any people with whom he might have been in contact and certainly none of his friends, associates, or members of his family. She added that she had had no contact with OSWALD away from the plant where they worked.

Miss SCHAMBRA advised that she knew no one by the name of HIDELL or name similar to that and certainly had never heard OSWALD speak of anyone by this name.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS
SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Mr. CHARLES JOSEPH LEBLANC, Maintenance Man, William B. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, was questioned further concerning his inability to find LEE H. OSWALD on occasion while OSWALD was employed by that company.

Mr. LEBLANC explained that plant employees have two breaks during the day, one at 9:00 AM and the other at 1:30 PM. He continued that on several occasions he had noted that OSWALD would overstay the 15 minute break and would be missing for 20 to 30 minutes at a time. He further recalled that OSWALD was also gone from his employment on other than extended breaks for 20 to 30 minutes and on a few occasions as long as 45 minutes. He added that the extended periods of 45 minutes were not often.

When questioned as to how frequently OSWALD would be gone from his employment during the day, he stated that while it happened several times it was not as often as once a day during his period of employment there but came close to being on the average of once a day.

Mr. LEBLANC could not say where OSWALD had been during periods that he was missing from his place of employment and although he asked OSWALD on several occasions where he had been he had not received an answer to this. He stated that he had never observed OSWALD to come into the plant from the outside except on break periods and had never observed OSWALD leave the plant except to go next door to the Crescent City Garage where employees frequently obtained soft drinks from dispensing machines. He commented that it was at this place where he had observed OSWALD reading gun magazines and thought perhaps OSWALD may have overstayed his break periods to read such magazines.

Mr. LEBLANC advised that OSWALD was a "loner" even at lunch period. He continued that OSWALD usually ate his lunch out and he recalls having seen OSWALD eat lunch at Martin's Restaurant located at the corner of Tchoupitoulas and Girod Streets near the plant.

Mr. LEBLANC advised that he knew no one by the name of HIDELL or names similar to that and that he had never heard LEE OSWALD speak of anyone by this name.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S LESTER G. DAVIS & JOHN WILLIAM MILLER /bal Date dictated 11/25/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

Mr. ALVIN T. PRECHTER, Personnel Manager, William E. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, advised that a search of informant records for that company revealed that there had been no one employed who had the last name HIDELL, HYDEL, HEIDELL, or HADEL.

New Orleans, La.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS
SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER Ajo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

Mr. EMMETT CHARLES BARBE, JR., maintenance foreman, William B. Reily and Company, Inc., advised he knew no one by the name of HIDELL or name similar to that. He stated that he had never heard LEE H. OSWALD refer to anyone named HIDELL or name similar or make any mention of such a person.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS
SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

Mr. ARTURO RODRIGUEZ, maintenance man, William J. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, advised that he knew no one by the name of HIDELL or name similar to that and had never heard LEE H. OSWALD mention such a person.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS
SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

ROY RICHARDSON, residing 7730 Sycamore Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, phone number, 866-4777, employed at Brick and Stone Center, Inc., 401 North Jefferson Davis Parkway, New Orleans, was contacted and advised that OSWALD was there and applied for a job during July, 1963, date unknown. RICHARDSON stated that the owner S. KENAN MANSON, residing 401 Park Road, Metairie, phone number VE 3-6770, of both Brick and Stone Center, Inc., and Mason, Marble, and Granite, 501 North Jefferson Davis Parkway, advised him that he had furnished OSWALD's application for employment to the New Orleans FBI Office several days ago.

RICHARDSON further stated that he had never met OSWALD and had no information concerning him.

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On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DALLAS 89-43

by SA MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL :dc Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Mr. ROBERT HEDRICK, Manager, Factory Outlet Shoes, 729 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that this business has been in operation since August 1, 1963, however, from July 1, 1963 he had possession of the building and was preparing for his original opening August 1, 1963. He advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was not employed at any time by his company. Mr. HEDRICK further advised that this location was previously under the name of Rhealee Millinery Company, whose home office is in Dallas, Texas. He advised that he has no knowledge of the employment record of this company or whether or not OSWALD was in fact employed by Rhealee Millinery Company.

Mr. HEDRICK advised that sometime during the month of August, 1963 he recalled seeing LEE OSWALD at the corner of Canal and Carondelet in the bus stop area distributing leaflets, however, he himself had no contact with OSWALD. He further advised that on one occasion he recalled seeing OSWALD in conversation with another individual whom he described as heavy set with swarthy, Latin complexion. He was not able to identify this individual carrying on conversation with OSWALD except to say he is of opinion that perhaps they were arguing in view of the motions of their hands and arms.

Mr. HEDRICK stated that when he saw OSWALD it was usually in the late evening around 5:00 PM when he would make his trip to the bank to make a deposit in the National Bank of Commerce night deposit box.

Mr. HEDRICK advised that he is unable to furnish further information regarding the Dolly Shoe Company but suggested a contact be made with Southern Shoe Company, 214 Decatur Street, since this company is the wholesale outlet for shoes in this area.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. and SA THEODORE R. VIATER/jab Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

TEDDY GUICHARD, residing at 1226 St. Phillips Street, New Orleans, phone number 523-1337, employed Brick and Stone Center, Inc., 401 North Jefferson Davis Parkway, New Orleans, was contacted and advised that he works as laborer in stone yard and approximately the end of July he saw OSWALD when he came to apply for work. OSWALD was introduced to GUICHARD but that was the extent of the conversation. GUICHARD advised that to the best of his knowledge OSWALD was alone at this time. GUICHARD had never seen OSWALD before this time and did not see him again until newspaper accounts of the weekend of November 22 through 25. GUICHARD advised that he has no further information regarding OSWALD.

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On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DALLAS 89-43

by SA MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL :dc Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Mr. S. K. MANSON, President of the Manson Marble and Granite Company, 501 North Jefferson Davis Parkway, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephone number 488-0165, advised that he recalled that LEE H. OSWALD had filed an application for employment with his company in July, 1963.

Mr. MANSON stated that his company ran an advertisement in the local newspaper for a yard man for a building materials yard and that OSWALD applied as the result of reading this advertisement in the newspaper.

MANSON advised that OSWALD was not hired in view of the fact that he made several errors on his application such as listing his age as 25 when he appeared much younger, and listing a telephone number Hunter 8-4326 which was supposed to be his residence phone. MANSON stated that when he called this number he was advised that while OSWALD was known at that number he did not reside there. MANSON stated that he left word with the person answering this telephone number to advise OSWALD that the job had been filled.

Mr. MANSON furnished the application blank filled out by LEE H. OSWALD which is set out as follows:

"APPLICATION

"Name:	LEE H. OSWALD
Address:	757 French St.
Phone:	HU - 84326
Age:	25
Education:	H.S. (Warren Easton)

Previous Employment: (State length of time employed)
Wm. B. Riely Co. 3 months May - July
640 Magazine St. as maintance michianic

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On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA G. MYRYWIN ALDERSON :sms Date dictated 11/26/63

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No 89-69/sms
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Reason for leaving: Reduction by company of maintance crew

Military status: 3 yrs. U.S.M.C. Honourable Discharge May 1960 - May 1963

Marital status: married, 1 child

References: (Give three)
JOHN MURRETT 801 Florida Av.
CHARLES HARRISON Tulane Un.
WM. OSWALD"

FD-161 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

On this date, a review of New Orleans Street Directory reflected that there is no 640 Rampart Street in New Orleans. Likewise, there is no 640 North Rampart in New Orleans. At 640 South Rampart Street in New Orleans there are the Louisiana Weekly Publishing Company, Inc. (Negro newspaper); HENRY B. DEJOIE, Printer for the Louisiana Weekly Publishing Company; H. L. WILCOX, Real Estate; and Mrs. THELMA BOUTEE, Physician.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA RAYMOND E. BECK and SA FRANK A. SASS, JR. :mab Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

Mrs. G. M. WATSON, Bookkeeper, The Louisiana Weekly, 640 South Rampart Street, observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, New Orleans Police Department no. 112723 and advised that OSWALD was never employed by the Louisiana Weekly. Mrs. WATSON pointed out that she keeps all the employee records and prepares all of the salary checks for her company and would certainly know OSWALD if he had worked there in September, 1963.

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On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK
SA ERNEST C. WALL, JR. /sw Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

Mr. GEORGE REPPEL, 6508 Wilton Drive, New Orleans, La. dba Reppel Studio, 6220 Elysian Fields Avenue, advised that he has not employed any help during the year 1963. He stated that his is a small business run primarily by he and his wife.

REPPEL further stated that he does not take applications from anyone nor does he take names and addresses of persons to be considered for employment in the future, as he seldom needs help. He further stated that he has received calls from persons (names or addresses not recalled) within the past year seeking employment with him, but his business during the year has not required having extra help.

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On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER :dmm Date dictated 11/27/63

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NO 89-69/sms

On November 27, 1963, Special Agent PETER VIAL, United States Secret Service, advised that he heard from a source that he could not recall that LEE HARVEY OSWALD made application for work at Michoud and that he went to work at Michoud.

The following investigation was conducted by SA G. MYRWIN ALDERSON:

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. LILLIAN GLEASON, Personnel Officer, National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Michoud, Louisiana, reviewed her records and advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had never filed an application for employment with NASA.

On November 29, 1963, Mr. JOHN H. CANERDAY, Personnel Officer, Mason-Rust Contractors, Michoud Operations, Michoud, Louisiana, advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had never made application for employment with Mason-Rust Contractors at NASA.

On November 29, 1963, Mr. W. H. JOHNSON, Personnel Officer, Chrysler Corporation Space Division, Michoud, Louisiana, advised that a review of the records of his office failed to reflect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had applied for employment with Chrysler Corporation Space Division at NASA.

On November 30, 1963, Mr. JOHN A. ALLAN, Chief of Security, The Boeing Company, Claiborne Towers, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that a review of the files of the personnel office failed to reflect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had filed an application for employment at NASA.

BC

NO 89-69:jas

At New Orleans, Louisiana

The following investigation was conducted by SA THEODORE R. VIATER:

On November 29, 1963, the following establishments were contacted and disclosed no record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD's ever having been employed or registered:

Falstaff Brewing Corporation,
2601 Gravier Street;
Miss EARLINE BENSON,
Personnel Clerk.

Regal Brewing Company,
233 St. Maurice Street;
Mr. PAUL R. SPELLMAN,
Assistant Comptroller.

Nationwide Employment Bureau, Inc.,
1414 National Bank of Commerce Building;
Mr. PAUL MILES, Manager.

Nunes Employment Service, Inc.,
231 Carondelet Street,
Mrs. SARA BAS NUNES, Owner.

The following investigation was conducted by SA EMIL HENRY BECKER:

On November 29, 1963, the following employment agencies were contacted with regard to LEE HARVEY OSWALD with negative results:

Dot Romer Employment Service,
234 Loyola Avenue;
Mrs. DOROTHY ROMER, Owner.

Accredited Personnel Service, Inc.;
no longer in business.

Accurate Placement Service;
no longer in business.

Domestic Employment Service;
no longer in business.

The following investigation was conducted by SA EUGENE E. BJORN:

On November 29, 1963, the following employment agencies were contacted regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD, with negative results:

Manpower, Inc., 305 Baronne Street;
Miss RUTH T. SCHRODER, Manager.

Employers Overload Company,
1409 National Bank of Commerce Building;
MILDRED SICARD, Manager.

1 NO 89-69:jas

On November 29, 1963, the following individuals were interviewed at their places of employment, and all advised that LEE H. OSWALD was never employed by them, never applied for employment with their concern, and was unknown to them until they began reading about him in the newspapers:

Mrs. C. FRANCK HOFFMAN, Partner and Manager, Franck's Studio, 926 Poydras Street, New Orleans, Louisiana;

RICHARD RELF, Manager, Relf Studios, 113 Royal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana;

ELIZABETH POLIT, Proprietor, Red Seafood, 1341 Elysian Fields Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, who advised that her building was once occupied by South Central Studio.

PEDRO CASANAVE, Proprietor, Pedro Art Studio, 5112 Freret Street, New Orleans, Louisiana;

Mrs. E. L. TILLON, Lee Tillon Studio, 1504 South Carrollton Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana;

Mrs. GISELE SCHULTZ, Proprietor, Schultz Bookkeeping, 4228 South Roman Street, New Orleans, Louisiana;

Mrs. THOMAS BARBERITO who advised that her concern is not a photographic studio, but that her husband, THOMAS BARBERITO, is an independent accountant who works out of his home, 1007 Dwn. Street, Metairie, Louisiana.

Mrs. LAURA SCACCIA, Guccione Studio, 26 Beverly Gardens Drive, Metairie, Louisiana;

Mr. WILLIAM CORAN, Proprietor, Bill Coran Studio, 206 Pasadena, Metairie, Louisiana.

EARL FORSTALL, Manager, The Ad Shop, 1201 South Rampart Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

GEORGE BLESTEL, Photographer,
The Ad Shop, 1201 South Rampart Street;

Mrs. GLORIA STYRND, Clerk-Receptionist,
E. S. Upton Printing Company,
746 Carondelet Street;

LAWRENCE SMITH, Production Manager,
E. S. Upton Printing Company,
746 Carondelet Street;

ALONZO EMERSON, Office Manager,
American Metals, Inc., successor to
American Sheet Metal Works,
4401 Bienville Avenue;

L. L. MC INTYRE, Manager,
Electrolux Corporation,
1935 Tulane Avenue;

BEN SMITH, Manager,
Electrolux Corporation, 3407 Metairie Road,
formerly located at 616 North Rampart Street;

Mrs. FRANK RENTON, Bookkeeper,
Printing Press, Inc.,
518 Conti Street;

BENNY LA BRUYERE, Manager,
Printers Supply Mart,
610 Magazine Street;

JUDSON CRANE, JR., Manager,
Crane Shoes, 1726 Tulane Avenue;

HENRY C. HARTMANN, Owner,
Hartmann Studio, 1123½ Royal Street;

MARGARET MICHEL, Personnel Manager,
Times-Picayune and States-Item,
615 North Street;

LEO SCHEUERMAN, Manager,
Camera Center, Katz & Besthoff,
841 Canal Street;

JACK MORROW, Personnel Section,
Humble Oil & Refining Company (Esso),
1410 Canal Street;

HARRY SKILES, Assistant Superintendent,
Sales Terminal, Humble Oil & Refining
Company, Chalmette;

LEON TRICE, Owner, Leon Trice Photo-
graphers, 727 Poydras Street;

JAMES KENNEDY, Sackett Studios,
1102 Canal Street;

ROBERT SACKETT, Sackett Studios,
1102 Canal Street;

CAROL AMBERG, Couble Chek,
2107 Banks Street;

CLARENCE J. LEFTWICH, Apex Sales
Company, 2727 South Broad Street;

MILTON HELLMERS, Rathborne Land &
Lumber Company, 4th Street, Harvey, La.;

SIDNEY MOLAISON, Rathborne Land &
Lumber Company, 4th Street, Harvey, La.;

RALPH PLAIDEAU, Owner, Primary Color Lab,
619 Poydras Street;

LAWRENCE STOULIG, Manager,
Dumas-Milner Leasing Corporation,
740 Baronne Street;

RICHARD J. SANUCHEAU, Rental Agent,
Dumas-Milner Leasing Corporation,
1000 Common Street;

DONALD ENTRINGER, Manager,
McKenzie Pastry Shops,
3908 Downman Road;

RAY DECOTEAU, Plant Superintendent,
McKenzie Pastry Shops, 3908 Downman Road;

JACK BEECH, Owner, Industrial
Photographers, 709 Royal Street;

JULIUS E. WEISS, Owner,
Bernadas-Weiss Photography,
621 Chartres Street;

Mrs. MARGARET NELSON, Secretary,
Marine & Industrial Equipment,
4659 Evangeline Street;

F. N. MAITRE, Personnel Director,
Louisiana Coca Cola Bottling Company,
1050 South Jefferson Davis Parkway;

Mrs. R. LATIMER, President,
Nifty Printing Company, Inc.,
3923 Tulane Avenue;

EUGENE L. COLLEY, Owner,
Winston's Printing Shop,
5019 Tchoupitoulas Street;

Miss HANNA LEE KATZ, Personnel Manager,
Godchaux's, 828 Canal Street (contacted
November 30, 1963.)

Mrs. ETHEL ABRAMSON, Personnel Department,
Godchaux's, 828 Canal Street (contacted
November 30, 1963.)

Mrs. BETTY VON, Owner, Krause-Von
Studios, 613 Canal Street, (contacted
November 30, 1963.)

PAUL ROSSETTER, Manager, Doubleday Book Shop, 633 Canal Street, (contacted November 30, 1963.);

JUANITA ACCARDO, Owner, Apex Southern Sales Company, 8725 Oak Street, (contacted November 30, 1963)

Through inquiries at the New Orleans Retailers Credit Bureau and other appropriate sources and by review of the city and telephone directories, no address was found for the following individuals or companies:

Rachael Photo Studio,
Doubl-Ad Shop,
Art Studios,
Print Rollers, Inc.

Ables Commercial Photography

Rex Photography,
Lincola Photo Studios,
Jasimer Company,
Ansco Photo Supplies,
Ajax, Inc, Photographers,
W. B. Simson, Shipping,
B. O or B. D. Company,
532 Magazine Street.

The above investigation at New Orleans was conducted by Special Agents MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL, DONALD L. HUGHES, JOHN M. MC CARTHY, WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH, JAMES R. RIORDAN, and CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER.

NO 89-69

The following investigation was conducted at New Orleans, Louisiana, by SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN:

On November 30, 1963, a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was displayed to various employees of the Winn-Dixie grocery store, 4303 Magazine Street, all of whom advised that they could never recall having ever cashed checks for OSWALD nor could they ever recall seeing him at their store. In addition, they could furnish no information regarding OSWALD.

Those employees contacted were as follows:

JOSEPH FOCHS, Manager, Winn-Dixie grocery store, 4303 Magazine Street;

THELMA FISHER, Cashier #3, 1238 Annunciation Street;

VIRDIE HARRIS, Cashier #4, 403 Octavia Street;

BARBARA LNACLOS, Cashier #2, 2561 St. Ann Street.

NO 89-69 /cjo

EMPLOYMENT

Mr. M. LA FONT, manager of Allen Shoe Store, 1001 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER on November 30, 1963, that MAURY GOODMAN is now employed in the home office as Personnel Manager of the Berland Shoe Company, 4241 Folsom Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Mrs. DORIS D. ACHORD, Secretary, Beauregard Junior High School, 4621 Canal Street, residence 3100 David Drive, Metairie, Louisiana, advised that she has occupied this position since approximately 1956 and added that she had not been associated with this school during the time that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had attended classes there but explained that she would examine whatever files and records were still retained at this school in an effort to provide information of value.

Mrs. ACHORD stated that actually few records of OSWALD's attendance at this school from February, 1954 until June, 1955, when he entered as an eighth grade student and left this school at the completion of his ninth year, because the school procedure was to forward a student's cumulative file to the New Orleans school to which a student transferred. She stated that after OSWALD had completed his ninth grade at this school and transferred to Warren Easton High School, 3019 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, his entire cumulative file was sent at the time of his transfer

She advised that no handwriting specimens had been retained at the Beauregard School and her only records of his enrollment at this school was represented in the following:

ATTENDANCE RECORDS

GRADE AND CLASS SCHEDULE RECORDS

A JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL YEAR BOOK PICTURE BEARING A NAME LISTING

She stated that a review of his attendance records revealed that he was absent during the year 1955 approximately seven times. She evaluated OSWALD'S academic performance rating as "satisfactory" and noted that in most of his classes consisting of Civics, General Math, Physical Education, Science, English, and Industrial Arts, he ranked from the mid to the high 70's on a numerical standard rating. She stated that no residence whatever was listed for this student and explained that all of the above constituted all of the information contained in the files of the school except a picture of OSWALD in the 1955 school annual with an indication of his name at the side of the picture.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :dc Date dictated 11/26/63

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She stated that for any additional information including possibly handwriting specimens and New Orleans residences, the cumulative file retained at Warren Easton High School should be reviewed. She added that the only additional information that she could furnish would be a listing of the teachers names and addresses who were still associated with the Beauregard School and who had instructed OSWALD during 1954 and 1955. She stated that of twelve teachers who instructed this student all had left the City of New Orleans and as far as she knew the teaching profession since no record of their addresses were available to her except the following named teachers who were still instructing at this school:

Mrs. HELEN DUFOUR
6018 Colbert Avenue (Lakeview)
New Orleans, Louisiana

Mrs. MARY BELLOTT
832 City Park Avenue
New Orleans, Louisiana

Miss MURIEL ROONEY
6237 London Drive
Gentilly

Mrs. DOROTHY BUSH
4421 South Johnson Street
New Orleans, Louisiana.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1 • Mr. HUEY MC DONALD, Employee, D & W Paper Company, Incorporated, Wholesalers, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that Mr. FOX, who normally handles the employees for the Company, was out of town and would not be back until Monday, December 1, 1963. He advised he had worked for D & W Paper Company, Incorporated for approximately ten years and did not know of any recent applications for employment. Mr. MC DONALD advised that he was sure LEE HARVEY OSWALD had not applied for employment there. . . .

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On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 1

by SA CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 22, 1963

RALPH C. HIRDES, Manager, Cosmos Shipping Company, Balter Building, 404 St. Charles Avenue, advised a review of employment applications indicated the following in regards to LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

Date - August 6, 1963
Full name - LEE H. OSWALD
Social Security Number - 433-54-3937
Address - 4907 Magazine
Phone No. - HU 84326
Age - 23
Where born - New Orleans
Citizen of - U. S.
Married, Dependents - 1
Present Employer --
Previous Employer - GERARD F. TUJAGUE, 442 Canal
Next Previous Employer - Active Duty, USMC
Type of position applied for - Clerk
List office machines you can operate - adding machine, mimeograph, typewriter
Typist, 20 words per minute
When can you report for work - Immediately
Salary desired $1.35 hr. - Least salary you would consider .50
References - DUTZ BURRETT, 757 French
CHARLES LABLACE, 2905 Magazine
RUTH KOLPHER, 412 Pine St.

Applicants signature

/S/: Lee H. Oswald

In addition HIRDES stated that OSWALD was not hired by the Cosmos Shipping Firm and does not recall OSWALD recontacting the firm other than on this one occasion.

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On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69
DALLAS 89-43

by SA WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH /dc Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1 Mr. PHILIP A. BLAPPERT, Manager, Rosen Photography, 859 Front Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, after being advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent, furnished the following information:

Mr. BLAPPERT advised that LEE H. OSWALD applied for a position of Clerk-Typist at his concern some time in the middle of August, but he could not recall the exact date. BLAPPERT advised that he destroyed OSWALD's application after he decided not to employ him but could remember that OSWALD listed his address as 4809 Magazine Street, New Orleans, and listed the fact that he was married. BLAPPERT stated that OSWALD was neatly dressed, well spoken, and looked too good to be applying for a $50.00 a week job as Clerk-Typist. BLAPPERT stated further that based on the latter, he became suspicious of OSWALD.

BLAPPERT could furnish no further information.

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On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 1

by SA JAMES R. RIORDAN jjas Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

FRED MADDEN, Personnel Manager, American Metals, Inc., 4401 Bienville Avenue, advised as follows:

Upon seeing various photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD beginning on November 22, 1963, he had a vague recollection that this individual had, in possibly the past six months, been in his place of business inquiring for employment. Upon returning to his office the following work day, he had checked all available applications and records and found that no proof of such an inquiry by OSWALD could be located.

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On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 1

by SA DONALD L. HUGHES/lrs Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

FRED OLSEN, Personnel Director, Katz-Besthoff, Inc., 900 Camp Street, furnished the following voluntary information:

He stated that he recalled LEE HARVEY OSWALD applying for employment with Katz-Besthoff and as best he can recall, this was in the latter part of July or early part of August, 1963. He stated that he could not locate the application executed by OSWALD and inasmuch as it is company policy to destroy applications after two months, it was quite possible that OSWALD's application was destroyed.

OLSEN stated that the reason he is able to recall OSWALD applying for employment, was that it was only a short time prior to OSWALD applying for employment that he had been involved in passing out handbills on Canal Street in regards to Fair Play for Cuba or something in that regards. OLSEN stated that in the event that the application would be located, he would notify the FBI of same.

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On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH:lav Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

Mrs. ROSE KASE, 7718 Nelson Street, telephone UN 1-9639, advised that she is the sister of ABE PEKOVAR, who resides in apartment 71, Lake Terrace Gardens, Paris Avenue, telephone 283-2467. Mrs. KASE advised her brother at the present time is a road salesman for the hosiery department of the Fruit of the Loom Company, traveling throughout the State of Louisiana and southern part of Mississippi. She advised that she does not have his itinerary at this time but has determined he will probab , return to New Orleans on the PM of November 27, 1963 or the AM of November 28, 1963, at which time she intends to contact him in order that he, in turn, will be able to contact this office regarding his operation of the Dolly Shoe Company some years ago. Mrs. KASE related that to the best of her knowledge these records on the Dolly Shoe Company have probably been destroyed due to the fact that at the time of the operation of this company, her brother was residing at 7718 Nelson Street and upon the death of his wife, moved from this address and at that time the records were probably destroyed. Mrs. KASE advised she is not aware of any of the specific details regarding the operation of the Dolly Shoe Company.

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On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. /bal Date dictated 11/26/63

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1
DL 89-43
RMB/gm

On November 27, 1963, Lt. JACK REVILL, Intelligence Squad, Dallas Police Department, advised SA ROBERT M. BARRETT and SA IVAN D. LEE that he had received information this date from GEORGE CARTER, reporter for the Dallas Times Herald, concerning a story CARTER would have in the Times Herald issue of November 27, 1963. CARTER advised REVILL that he had ascertained LEE HARVEY OSWALD had formerly been employed from October, 1962, to May, 1963, at the Jaggers-Chiles-Stovall Company, 522 Browder Street, Dallas. CARTER had ascertained that this company is alleged to print maps of Cuba on a contract from the U. S. Government and that OSWALD did this type of work while at this company.

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1

DL 100-10461
NO 89-69

The following investigation was conducted at New Orleans, La., by SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN:

On November 30, 1963, a photostat of five checks were displayed to employees of the Winn-Dixie grocery store, 4303 Magazine Street, New Orleans. These checks are payable to L.H.OSWALD, PO Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana. All were unemployment checks issued by the State Comptroller of Public Accounts, Austin, Texas. All were for $33.00 and cahsed by OSWALD during August and September, 1963 at the Winn-Dixie store. These checks were numbered as follows:

G246347
G459698
G323653
G353037
G421381

The cashiers whose initials appeared on these checks and other employees were interviewed. A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was displayed to these persons and they advised that OSWALD was not identical to anyone they could recall as having cashed a check for, nor could they ever recall talking to or seeing OSWALD at this Winn-Dixie store. They could furnish no information concerning OSWALD. Those employees contacted at the Winn-Dixie store are as follows:

JOSEPH FUCHS, Manager
THELMA FISHER, Cashier #3, 1238 Annunciation street
VIRDIE HARRIS, Cashier #4, 403 Octavia Street
BARBARA LANCLOS, Cashier #2, 2561 St. Ann Street

DL 100-10461
NO 89-69

On November 30, 1963, a photostat of Texas unemployment compensation check # G281852, issued by the State Comptroller of Public Accounts, Austin, Texas, and issued to L.H.OSWALD, PO Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana, and for the amount of $66.00, was displayed to THOMAS A. PAZOS, driver, Browns Velvet Dairy Products, Inc., 1300 Baronne Street, New Orleans. PAZOS identified his initials appearing in the upper left hand corner of this check and advised that he recalls receiving this check from ROSE MARTIN, wife of the owner of Martin's Restaurant, 701 Tchoupitoulas Street.

It should be noted that investigation reflected that OSWALD cashed other checks at Martin's Restaurant and that ROSE MARTIN had already been interviewed by FBI Agents concerning these checks. Results of this interview have already been reported.

NO 89-69

Following investigation conducted by SA TROY H. GIST:

Upon viewing the endorsement side of a Photostat of State of Texas Unemployment Check #F 819610, ROBERT TEMPLET, Manager, Winn-Dixie Store #39, 4901 Prytania, New Orleans, Louisiana; on November 30, 1963, advised he had approved this check for cashing but could not recall having done so. He noted this check was endorsed by OSWALD and stamped for deposit to the account of that store by the Whitney National Bank of New Orleans under date of May 27, 1963. He said this meant the check was cashed by that store on Saturday, May 25, 1963.

Mrs. RHEA DRAGO, Head Cashier, Winn-Dixie Store #39, 4901 Prytania, on November 30, 1963, viewed the endorsement side of State of Texas Unemployment Check #G231213, and stated she had approved this check for cashing, but did not recall the payee - L. H. OSWALD. She added that she and Mr. TEMPLET, the Manager of that store, had been unable to locate the courtesy card OSWALD would have had in order to cash this check. She viewed a photograph of OSWALD and said she recognized it from all the recent publicity but not as the person who cashed the above check. She did not know OSWALD personally.

HENRY H. MURPHY, SR., Clerk, Winn-Dixie Store #4, 3920 South Carrollton Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, who resides at 901 St. Andrews Street, viewed the endorsement side of State of Texas Unemployment Check #G386726, and said that he had approved the check for cashing but was unable to recall the name of the endorser - "LEE H. OSWALD, 4907 Magazine". He stated he recognized the photograph as being identical with the person he had seen in the newspapers and on television recently, but did not recall him as the person for whom he had cashed the above check. He stated he did not know OSWALD personally and could not recall what sort identification he had at the time.

NO 89-69/sms
1 LAC

On November 27, 1963, Confidential Informant NO T-6 advised a LEE HARRY OSWALD, P.O. Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana, Social Security Number 433-54-3937, telephone number HU 8-4326, date of birth October 18, 1939, married, 5 feet, 9 inches, 145 pounds, completed an application for employment which contained the foregoing information and the following.

NO T-6 said that OSWALD further indicated on this application form that he had three years of high school and attended Arlington Heights High School in Fort Worth, Texas, where he took mechanical drawing and art and also indicated that he completed high school in the service. The form reflects that OSWALD submitted occupations as photographer, commercial, shipping clerk, clerical, dark room man; skills as types little, adding machines, photo and enlarger - large stills; former employers and jobs as Jaggers - Chiles - Stoval - Typographers, 522 Browder, Dallas, Texas, commercial photographer, developing and taking of film negatives, printing photos from them, enlarging photos, left this employer April 10, possibly 1963; Lov-R-Pak Company, 201 Northeast Vacek Street, Fort Worth, Texas, a ventilator company, shipping clerk, left this employer October, 1962; U. S. Marine Corps, California, radar operator, attended electronic radar operators school three years.

OSWALD also indicated at the time of making out application card that he was a United States citizen, had no car, has one child, a 14-month-old daughter, and returned to New Orleans, Louisiana, February 25, 1963, having been born here. He lived here 14 years and advised he would travel on a limited basis.

NO T-6 advised that this application form was filled out by OSWALD except for the right side of the first page and all writing on the reverse side of the card below the words "do not write below this line".

NO T-6 advised the records show that OSWALD was referred to George Reppel Studio, 5220 Elysian Fields Avenue, (288-6073) on April 26, 1963, and to Commerce Pictures, 525 Poydras Street (523-5026), for employment but his records indicate he was not hired by either of these firms.

NO T-6 further stated that his record shows that OSWALD made a claim for weekly benefit payments on April 26, 1963, and signed this form LEE H. OSWALD. He said OSWALD applied for benefits under the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Social Security Number 433-54-3937, indicating liable state as Texas, that he was born and raised here in New Orleans, that he arrived here April 12, 1963, expected to stay permanently, was seeking photographic work at $1.35 an hour, was usually a photographer but also was a shipping clerk.

He also stated on this form that he used public transportation to get to work. NO T-6 said attached to this form was Form IB-14, "Interstate Request for Reconsideration of Monetary Determination" in the name of LEE H. OSWALD, Social Security Number 433-54-3937, local mailing address, 757 France Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, liable state Texas, monetary determination date April 16, 1963, employer Jaggers-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., nature of business, printing company, address 522 Browder Street, Dallas, Texas, number of employees - 200, worked from October 12, 1962, through April 6, 1963, at 19 weeks for $1,697.81.

"1590.14 Take home pay"

NO T-6 stated that Form IB-10 "Interstate Claim Supplement" under the name of LEE H. OSWALD, age 23, liable state, Texas; Social Security Number 433-54-3937; occupations, photographer, shipping clerk, travels by public transportation and last worked July 19 at William B. Riely Company, New Orleans. NO T-6 said that this form was dated July 21, and that it was signed LEE H. OSWALD. NO T-6 also stated that his records show that Form B-11 "Texas Employment Commission - Austin, Benefit Claim Determination" reflects claimant's name and address as L. H. OSWALD, 757 France Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, Social Security Number 433-54-3937, claim date April 29, 1963, employer's name Loub-R-Pak Division and Jaggars and Chiles. NO T-6 also stated that Form IB-1 "Claim Record Card" for LEE H. OSWALD, address P.O. Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana, reflects that date claim filed April 29, 1963.

NO T-6 stated that OSWALD signed for weekly benefit assistance, $33.00 a week, on May 7, 1963, for the week ending May 6, 1963, signed again on May 15, 1963, for the week ending May 15, 1963. NO T-6 said that weekly benefit assistance payments were discontinued as of May 15, 1963. OSWALD filed claim again on July 22, 1963, and signed for weekly benefit assistance, $33.00 a week, on July 30, 1963, for the week ending July 29, 1963, signed August 6, 1963, for the week ending August 5, 1963, signed August 13, 1963, for the week ending August 12, 1963, signed August 20, 1963, for the week ending August 19, 1963, signed August 27, 1963, for the week ending August 26, 1963, signed September 3, 1963, for the week ending September 2, 1963, signed September 10, 1963, for the week ending September 9, 1963, signed September 17, 1963, for the week ending September 19, 1963, signed September 24, 1963, for the week ending September 27, 1963.

NO T-6 said that his records do not show any further payments to OSWALD after that date. NO T-6 said that OSWALD had to appear in person and sign before receiving these weekly benefit assistance checks of $33.00. NO T-6 said that these checks were forwarded to OSWALD from the Texas Employment Commission, 2206 Main Street, Dallas, Texas. NO T-6 furnished all forms referred to in the foregoing paragraphs.

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NO 89-69/sms
3 LAC

NO T-6 advised that his records are negative for the following individuals:

A. T. HIDELL; ALEK JAMES HIDELL; ALEX J. HIDELL; A. J. HIDELL

He further advised that JUANITA ANA HEIDEL, Social Security Number 439-68-6256, of 2468 Burgundy Street, (WH 7-5186), New Orleans, Louisiana, date of birth August 17, 1945, height 5 feet, 4 inches; weight 168 pounds; a 1963 graduate of F. T. Nicholls High School, was the only HEIDEL that he could locate.

DL 100-10461

B. RESIDENCES

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

Mr. AL IACHINO, owner of Al's Ki-Wi Klub, 112 Exchange Place, New Orleans, Louisiana furnished the following information:

Mr. IACHINO stated that he was acquainted with Mrs. MILDRED SAWYER, and that she still resided at 126 Exchange Place. He advised that she was a widow, and that her husband JOSEPH S. SAWYER died about a year and a half ago when he fell off a roof, while either watching or fighting a fire. He advised that he did not know where she was presently employed, but believed that she was employed as a secretary for one of the Oil Companies.

Mr. IACHINO stated that he did not recall a Mrs. OSWALD or her son residing at 126 Exchange Place in 1955 or 1956.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA G. MYRYWIN ALDERSON /bda SG Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

JOHN McNULTY, owner of Jerries Pharmacy, 4861 Magazine Street, (TW 9-9537) furnished the following information:

He stated that Mrs. EDITH MAILLIAN, an employee who resides at 8622 Palmetto (HU 6-1760), told him that she recalls that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had a prescription filled at that pharmacy a few months ago. He stated that he examined his records but could not find any record of a prescription for a LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

He advised that he would contact the FBI Office should he locate this prescription or if he should determine the name of the doctor who issued this prescription. He stated that he knew OSWALD slightly and only through OSWALD coming into the store from time to time making small purchases. He said that he never engaged in a conversation with OSWALD so could not furnish any further information regarding him.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR.:dmm/cjo 87 Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 — 44-1-11-1

Date 11/23/63

JULES GUILLOT, Assistant Manager, Winn-Dixie Supermarket, 4303 Magazine Street, advised that he has no record or application for a LEE HARVEY OSWALD requesting a courtesy card for cashing checks.

New Orleans 44

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-63

by SA JOHN B. LEE :dmm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

R. TEMPLET, Store Manager, Winn-Dixie Supermarket, 4901 Prytania Street, furnished the following information:

He stated his records reflect LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in possession of a courtesy card for cashing checks at all Winn-Dixie and Kwik Check stores in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD of 4905 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. He stated that in order for this courtesy card to have been furnished it would have been necessary for OSWALD to furnish a card containing his name, signature, address, phone, occupation, where employed, business phone, personal or payroll type check, bank reference, driver's license number, auto license number, and credit cards - name and number. He stated that the courtesy card for cashing checks bearing OSWALD's name was prepared on June 8, 1963. He stated that the card which contains the background information on the applicant could not be located in his files. He said that the background cards dated June 2, 1963 to June 8, 1963, were missing from his files and could not be located. He stated that he would immediately contact the FBI Office should this card containing the background information on OSWALD be located.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :dmm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

DOROTHY A. BOYKIN, 2131½ Cadiz (891-8428), checker for Winn-Dixie Supermarket, 4901 Prytania Street, furnished the following information:

She stated that she recalls waiting on LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife on numerous occasions. She said that OSWALD shopped frequently in the store but that she never observed him purchase any particular item in quantity such as chicken. She stated that the only peculiar thing she observed about OSWALD was the fact that he always spoke to his wife in Russian.

She stated that she could furnish no additional information regarding OSWALD nor could she furnish the names of any individuals either employed at the store or who shop at the store, who ever had any contact with OSWALD.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, La. 96 File # NO 89-69 1

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :dmm Date dictated 11/23/63

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NO 89-69/sab

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR.:

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

On November 23, 1963, the following individuals, who are neighbors of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, were contacted but all advised they did not know this individual:

Mrs. MAIE OAKS
4903½ Magazine Street

Mrs. ELLA DE LAUNG
4901½ Magazine Street

CHARLES O. PARKS, SR.
4901 Magazine Street

RAYMOND AQUILLAR MENCHACA
Oporator of Raymond's Texaco Service Station
5002 Magazine Street

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

JERRY CALLAHAN, 4908 Magazine Street, furnished the following information:

He stated that he did not know the individual who occupied the rear apartment at 4905 Magazine Street, during the summer of 1963, but recognized the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD which appeared in the newspaper on November 22, 1963, as a suspect in the assassination of President KENNEDY and as being identical to the individual who did occupy the rear apartment at 4905 Magazine Street, during the summer of 1963.

He stated that he only observed OSWALD on a few occasions and each time he observed OSWALD with books under his arms as though he was either going to or coming from the library. He stated that he also recalls a blue station wagon bearing Texas plates and that this station wagon was operated by a woman. He stated that he recalls seeing this station wagon during the months of September, 1963, outside 4905 Magazine Street.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE :dmm 92 Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

Mrs. JUDY LA MEW, 4905 Magazine Street (upper rear apartment), furnished the following information:

She advised that she has resided at that address since August, 1963. She said that she is not familiar with many of her neighbors but has spoken to the couple who occupied the rear apartment at 4905 Magazine Street on several occasions. She states she was unaware of their name at the time. She stated that this couple was occupying this apartment when she moved in during August, 1963. She said that the man and woman who occupied this apartment had a son two years old and that the woman was approximately eight months pregnant when this couple moved out of the apartment in late September, 1963. She said that the only thing she recalls about this couple is the fact that they talked in a foreign language, which she believes to be Russian. She said the only thing peculiar she noted about the man was that the frequently walked around in just his bathing suit. She said that she never observed this fellow exhibit any interest in guns or in associating with his neighbors. She said that he never spoke to his neighbors as far as she knew. She said she also recalled observing a station wagon, light colored, which she believes to be a Chevrolet. She said she saw this station wagon only once and that this was sometime during the end of September, 1963. She stated that she never saw OSWALD drive a car so did not believe it was his.

She could offer no further information regarding these people. She advised she was unaware of this couple's name until she saw the man's picture in the paper on November 22, 1963. She stated this man was identified as being a suspect in the assassination of President KENNEDY and that this man, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was identical to the man whom she knew as the occupant of the rear apartment at 4905 Magazine Street.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :sab 93 Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

CATHERINE SCHMITT, 4910 Magazine Street (TW 9-4956) furnished the following information:

She stated that she did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD while he lived at 4905 Magazine Street, but recognized his picture in the paper on November 22, 1963, as a suspect in the assassination of President KENNEDY and as being identical to the man who occupied the rear apartment at 4905 Magazine Street during the summer of 1963. She said that she never saw much of OSWALD and when she did, he was by himself. She said that OSWALD kept to himself and did not speak to anyone. She said that she recalled seeing OSWALD smile only once and this was when he was visited by an individual whom she described as follows:

Age	Unknown
Height	5'7"
Weight	160
Apparel	White shirt, dark trousers
Peculiarities	Appeared to be Spanish

She stated that she could not furnish any additional pertinent information regarding OSWALD although she believed she could identify this individual whom she observed talking to OSWALD sometime during the summer of 1963.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :dmm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

11 ALEXANDER B. EAMES, III, 4903 Magazine Street, (TW 9-4382) furnished the following information:

He stated he has resided at that address for approximately three years and is employed by the United States Engineers. He recalled the couple who occupied the rear apartment at 4905 Magazine Street from June, 1963, until late September, 1963, but did not know their name until he observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the newspaper on November 22, 1963, who was arrested as a suspect in the assassination of President KENNEDY as being identical to the man who occupied the rear apartment at 4905 Magazine Street. He said that this man was not very sociable and did not speak to him or anyone else in the neighborhood. He said that this man generally sat on his lawn or on his porch reading. He said the man frequently wore his bathing suit. He said that he was under the impression that OSWALD was not employed inasmuch as he was around the apartment most of the time. He said that he often wondered what source of income OSWALD had. He stated that OSWALD apparently liked chicken inasmuch as he observed frozen chicken thawing on OSWALD's kitchen window sill several times a week. EAMES further advised that his kitchen window is directly opposit OSWALD's and that he had an unobstructed view of this window and OSWALD's kitchen. EAMES said that an alley of approximately 15 feet in width separated his kitchen window from OSWALD's kitchen window.

EAMES said that he never observed OSWALD exhibit any guns. He said that he did see OSWALD in the main branch of the New Orleans Public Library on one occasion and observed OSWALD frequently reading on his porch and lawn.

He said that the only peculiarity he recalls about OSWALD was the fact that he never spoke to anyone and that when he spoke to his wife he spoke to her in a tone of a command and always in a foreign language, which he believed to be Russian. He said that the OSWALDs never had any visitors as far as he knew. EAMES further

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On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :sab Date dictated 11/23/63

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advised that he recalls that OSWALD always seemed to receive an abundance of mail. He said that he recalls seeing a 1957 blue Plymouth Station Wagon bearing Texas plates appear at OSWALD's apartment during late September, 1963, and observed a woman loading luggage and other articles into the station wagon.

He furnished the following description of this woman:

Height	5' 9"
Weight	140
Hair	Black
Peculiarities	Gave the appearance of being quite tall

He stated that he read in the newspaper that OSWALD lived with his aunt, a Mrs. MURRET of 757 French Street, New Orleans, before coming to this apartment. He further advised that he recalls seeing OSWALD doing his shopping at Winn-Dixie Supermarket, 4901 Prytania, New Orleans.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

1A: L.N.#1

Mrs. LOUIS N. RICO, 4905 Magazine Street, lower rear apartment (899-4244), furnished the following information:

She stated she has resided at that address since October, 1962. She said that she was familiar with the couple who occupied the rear apartment at 4905 Magazine Street but never knew their name. She said that when she saw the picture of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the newspaper on November 22, 1963, as being a suspect in the assassination of President KENNEDY she recognized him as being the man who occupied the rear apartment at 4905 Magazine Street from approximately June, 1963 until late September, 1963.

She said that while OSWALD lived at that address he never spoke to anyone and kept pretty much to himself. She said that OSWALD and his wife talked in a foreign language, which she believed to be Russian. She said that she worked during the day so that she did not see OSWALD very often and that when she did it was in the late afternoon when she returned from work. She said she recalls seeing a short, stocky, dark complected individual, who was wearing a dark business suit and looked to be either Mexican or Cuban extraction, enter OSWALD's home approximately three weeks before OSWALD vacated the apartment. She said that she did not believe she could identify this man inasmuch as she only observed the side of his face but was able to closely observe his appearance.

She stated that she also recalls seeing a woman who drove a station wagon bearing Texas license plates arrive at the Oswald apartment during late September, 1963, and load clothing and other articles into this station wagon. She furnished the following description of this woman:

Age	Late 30's
Height	5' 2"
Weight	115
Hair	Black (short)
Eyes	Unknown
Complexion	Dark (appeared to be of Spanish extraction)

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :sab Date dictated 11/23/63

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She stated that the manager of the apartments, Mrs. LENA GARNER, told her that Mrs. OSWALD had returned to Texas. She said that she assumed that Mrs. OSWALD left with this woman. She further advised that this same woman brought OSWALD and his wife to this apartment in early June, 1963. She said that this woman remained two or three days and then left. She said at the time Mrs. OSWALD left she was approximately eight months pregnant. She said that the OSWALDS had a son approximately two years old.

She further advised that the only thing peculiar she noted about OSWALD was the fact that he was constantly spraying the ants and bugs in the back yard and that he frequently wore his bathing suit. She said that she never saw OSWALD exhibiting any guns but did observe OSWALD reading on his porch quite frequently.

She also advised that she did not believe OSWALD was employed inasmuch as he was around the house most of the time and when he did go out he would return shortly thereafter. She stated that OSWALD and his wife remained around the apartment most of the time.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

Mrs. ISABELLA GREGORY, 414 Emerald Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, and owner of property located 4905-4911 Magazine Street signed a Consent to Search form giving permission to search the premises at 4905 Magazine Street, specifically the apartment and porch formerly occupied by LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

The following described pamphlet was found in the middle row, center shelf of a set of cabinets located on the porch at the rear of 4905 Magazine Street at 10:05 a.m. by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR., on November 23, 1963:

An 8" x 10" cardboard with a paper bearing the words "Hands off Cuba!" "Join the Fair Play for Cuba Committee" "New Orleans Charter Member Branch" "Free Literature, Lectures" "Location: L. H. OSWALD, 4905 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana" "Everyone welcome! " pasted on this cardboard.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :sab Date dictated 11/23/63

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NO 89-69
JWS,RMW:mam/cjo
1 LAC

On November 23, 1963, Confidential Informant NO T-1 furnished the following, pertaining to Post Office Box 30061, New Orleans:

1. Change of Address, POD Form 3575, postmarked 9/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana, signed LEE H. OSWALD, the below right-hand column designations of which were hand printed in ink:

Post Master	New Orleans, Louisiana
Name	OSWALD, LEE H.
Effective Data	September 24, 1963
Old Address	Post Office Box 30061 New Orleans, Louisiana
New Address	2515 West 5th Street Irving, Texas

2. Application for Post Office Box, POD 1093, in two sections, on each section of which the signature "L. H. OSWALD" appears as "signature of applicant". Appearing on this form in longhand are the below right-hand column designations:

Name of Applicant	L. H. OSWALD
Deliver to local box address at	657 French (hand printed in pencil)
Home Address	657 French Street New Orleans
Box Number	30061
Initials of clerk	RT
Names of persons entitled to receive mail through box	A. J. HIDELL MARINA OSWALD
Date of Application	June 3
Date Box Opened	6-3-63
Date Box Closed	9-26-63

With respect to above Number (2), NO T-1 stated that, with the exception of the signatures and the date of application, the possibility was that any or all of the handwriting was in the hand of the postal clerk handling the application.

NO T-1 made inquiry and it was determined that the postal clerk with initials "R. T." was substitute clerk, RICHMOND TANKERSLEY, 5926 Tchoupitoulas.

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NO 89-69
JWS,RMW:mam
2 LAC

NO T-1 stated that it was not possible to search Post Office boxes by reference to name of the person renting the box; that information concerning the boxes could only be located through reference to the box number.

The originals of the above were forwarded to the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963 for comparison with known handwriting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

Mr. and Mrs. JESSE JAMES GARNER, 4911 Magazine Street, advised that OSWALD rented the apartment at 4905 Magazine Street on May 9, 1963 and moved into the apartment either the same day or the following day. His wife and baby came to New Orleans two or three days after OSWALD moved into the apartment in a station wagon bearing Texas license plates driven by a woman who spoke the Russian language. OSWALD paid his rent in cash and there was no written rental agreement which was signed by him. Actually the apartment is owned by Mrs. BLAINE GREGORY, 414 Emerald Street, New Orleans, and Mr. and Mrs. GARNER act as rental agents for the apartments located in the building.

OSWALD advised Mrs. GARNER in September, 1963, that his wife was going to have a baby and that she was going to Texas for her confinement. The OSWALDS packed the wife's and baby's clothing on Sunday, September 22, 1963, and the same station wagon which had brought Mrs. OSWALD to New Orleans and driven by the Russian speaking woman who brought Mrs. OSWALD here was observed in front of the apartment. On this occasion, this woman was accompanied by her two small children. The clothes and play pen and other personal effects were loaded into the station wagon on the morning of September 23, 1963 during the mid-morning. According to Mrs. GARNER, the front seat of the station wagon was occupied by the driver and her two children, together with Mrs. OSWALD and her child. The rear portion of the station wagon was packed full with the OSWALDS' household effects and according to Mrs. GARNER, there was no room for any other passenger. OSWALD was observed by Mrs. GARNER after his wife departed, to board a bus at the corner near his residence. He left some clothes hanging on the line at the rear of his apartment. He was not seen or heard in the apartment on September 24, 1963, however on September 25, 1963, Mr. GARNER entered the OSWALD apartment and found the keys on a table and observed that all of OSWALD's personal effects had been removed, including the clothes on the line.

According to Mr. and Mrs. GARNER, OSWALD did not associate with anyone in the neighborhood and rarely spoke to them. Mr. GARNER recalled that OSWALD did not even bid him the time of day. On one occasion in the evening, an

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On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SAs MILTON R. KAACK and ERNEST C. WALL, JR. /lyc Date dictated 11/25/63

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individual appeared at the GARNER apartment and inquired about the location of OSWALD's apartment. He was directed there by Mrs. GARNER. She described this individual as a white male, approximately the same age as OSWALD, but not quite as tall as OSWALD. He was dark-complexioned and had dark hair, medium build and spoke English with a Spanish accent. Mrs. GARNER observed an elderly couple visiting the OSWALDS in their apartment one evening for a short period of time but Mrs. GARNER was unable to furnish any information or description concerning these two persons. She did recall that they drove up in front of the apartment in an automobile but was unable to furnish any information concerning the make or model of this car.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-28-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

New Orleans, La.

DAVID BENOIT, JR., Customer Contract and Adjustment Section, New Orleans Public Service, Inc., 317 Baronne Street, advised that he could not recall anything concerning the contract which was prepared by him on May 9, 1963, for 4907 Magazine Street. He stated that he does not know whether OSWALD was alone or if he was accompanied by someone when he made the contract and the only thing he does

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

A visual observation was made of the residence at 4907 Magazine Street. It was found to be a one story double, being the house next to the corner house. On the downtown side of the house, is an apartment with the address 4905. There is an unpainted rusty chain fence, of the type typical to older New Orleans dwellings, along the front of the residence in which there are two gates. This fence connects to a chain link fence which runs alongside of the house.

Visual observation was also made at 757 French Street and it was found that there is no fence of any type at this house nor are there any fences in the entire 700 block of French Street.

On 11/24/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA PAUL R. ALKER & SAC H. G. MAYNOR /sw Date dictated 11/25/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

Mrs. GLADYS RODGERS, 4907 Magazine Street, was interviewed in an office in the Psychiatric Ward of Charity Hospital. Her psychiatrist, Dr. KYLE HAMM, was present during the entire interview.

She advised that she remembered LEE OSWALD and his wife who resided in the apartment which was immediately adjacent to her apartment. She said that LEE OSWALD worked at a coffee company for several months and then lost his job. During the time he was working he would leave home at 7 a.m. and return home at about 5 p.m. During the time he was working he spent the weekends at home with his wife and baby. After he lost his job, occasionally he would leave home about 1 p.m. and come back at about 5 o'clock in the evening. Occasionally he would change this routine and leave sometime around 10 or 11 a.m. and return at about 5 p.m. in the afternoon. On these occasions he was casually dressed, usually wearing a dark pair of trousers and a white sports shirt. She said that OSWALD conversed with his wife in a foreign language which she thought was Russian. He was very mean to his wife and beat her up on several occasions. OSWALD was aloof and kept to himself and only had one conversation with her. On this occasion he inquired as to why she would raise her window and leave it in that position for a short period of time and then close the window. She stated that she told him that she was trying to keep the insecticide, which he used to spray for ants and other pests, from coming in her apartment. In this connection she stated that frequently she would observe OSWALD spraying the under portion of the floors of his apartment. She recalled that OSWALD had two male visitors who arrived at about 3 p.m. one afternoon. One was a tall slender individual whose name was BILL STUCKEY. He conversed with OSWALD about a radio program and instructed him to be at 520 South Broad Street at 4:30 p.m. She advised that the companion of BILL STUCKEY was PETE MOLLAR (Phonetic). She heard them mention an individual named HAYDEL (Phonetic), but she does not recall in what connection his name was mentioned.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK and SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :gas (1 c b) Date dictated 11/25/63

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NO 89-69
MRK,JBL:gas

Mrs. RODGERS said that upon one occasion she observed an individual talking to her husband, ERIC RODGERS, and asked for the location of the OSWALD apartment. This was several days before OSWALD moved. She described this person as white male, 5'7", 175 pounds, dark complexion, wearing dark trouser and a white shirt, and had a foreign appearance, probably Spanish. She recalled that OSWALD received a package of books through the mail and said that in his spare time he always sat on his front porch and read. She recalled an elderly couple visited OSWALD on two occasions, both during the day time, once was on a Saturday and once was on a Sunday. This couple drove up in a green, medium sized station wagon and on the last occasion when this couple called, Mrs. OSWALD packed all of her clothes and personal effects and went off in the station wagon. Mrs. RODGERS remembered that prior to the time Mrs. OSWALD left in the station wagon, a young couple in their early 20's stopped in to see the OSWALDs and that they arrived in an automobile but that she did not know the make or model of the car. She said that she did not see any firearms in the possession of either Mr. or Mrs. OSWALD.

She recalled that after OSWALD lost his job a female, who wore a white coat and who was thought by Mrs. RODGERS to be a welfare worker, called at the OSWALD apartment. She stated that several days later OSWALD brought home a large bag of groceries which she assumed he got from either the welfare agency or a relative.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 25, 1963

JOHN E. HEVRON, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer, New Orleans Public Service, Inc., 317 Baronne Street, advised that his records show that LEE H. OSWALD applied for gas and electric services for the lower center apartment at 4907 Magazine Street, on May 9, 1963. He indicated a former address of 757 French Street, and showed his employer as LEON ISRAEL Company, 300 Magazine Street. He said that the service was turned on on the morning of May 10, 1963, and that no one was home at the time the service man made the installation and that the service man had obtained the keys for the apartment from a neighbor. He said the service was ordered disconnected on October 7, 1963, as a result of a telephone call received by GUY HENNESSEY, Service Center Representative and the records indicate that the caretaker of the apartment had called and advised that the apartment had been vacated. A notation in the file showed that it was a possibility that the occupant of the apartment had left the city. Mr. HEVRON stated that OSWALD owed the Public Service a gas and electric bill of $23.17, and that when the service was discontinued, the bill was mailed to the address 4907 Magazine Street.

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR.
SA MILTON R. KAACK /cjo 108 Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

November 25, 1963

Date

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Mr. NORMAN AUCOIN, manager, Senator Hotel, 210 Dauphine Street, was interviewed and advised he did not recall LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his mother, MARGUERITE, ever saying at the hotel. He made available the entire collection of registration cards for the year 1956, which were reviewed under the names of OSWALD and HIDELL, with negative results. The only OSWALDS listed were a JON L. OSWALD, 3396th Student Squadron, Keesler Air Force Base, Mississippi, who stayed at the hotel during the night of February 20, 1956. Mr. AUCOIN further advised he has been manager of the hotel since 1948 and does not recall there ever being a rooming house in the 200 block of Dauphine Street since that time.

He advised these two maids employed at the hotel prior to 1956 were:

LENNIE JOHNSON and ELIZABETH DUMAS, no addresses listed

In addition, his desk clerk, Mr. WILLIAM IRVING BRAYMAN, has also been employed at the hotel prior to 1956.

None of the above personnel were interviewed inasmuch as they had left for the day.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

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by SAs THEODORE R. VIATER and LAWRENCE F. FOLSE /lyc 109 Date dictated 11/25/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 25, 1963

414 Emerald St.

Mrs. BLAINE GREGORY/ telephonically advised that she owned the apartment building located at 4905-11 Magazine Street, and that according to her rent receipt stubs the apartment at 4905 Magazine Street was rented to LEE H. OSWALD by Mrs. GARNER on May 9, 1963. The rent was paid for the month of May 9 through June 9, 1963 at the time the apartment was rented. On June 9, 1963, the rent was paid for the month ending July 9, 1963. On July 9 the rent was paid for the month ending August 9, 1963. On August 9 the rent was paid for the month ending September 9, 1963. All these rent payments were made in cash. Mrs. GREGORY advised they had a rent receipt prepared for the month beginning September 9, 1963, but that OSWALD postponed paying the rent and eventually moved out owing her for the half-month's rent. She stated she never saw OSWALD personally and that all the transactions with him concerning the rental of the apartment were handled by Mrs. GARNER.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK /lyc Date dictated 11/25/63

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NO 89-69 /bda

On November 25, 1963, a review of the New Orleans City Directories for 1956 disclosed that JOSEPH S. SAWYER, wife MILDRED L., Machinist, and MARGUERITE OSWALD resided at 126 Exchange Place. A review of the New Orleans City Directories from 1956 to 1962, the last Directory issued, reflected that JOSEPH S. SAWYER still resided at 126 Exchange Place.

On November 25, 1963, Mrs. MARTHA HOWORTH, 126 Exchange Place, owner of the Society Page Bar 119 Exchange Place, advised Special Agent G. MYRYWIN ALDERSON that there are only two apartments at 126 Exchange Place. Mr. HOWORTH advised that JOSEPH S. SAWYER was deceased, having been dead for about 1½ years, and that his widow, MILDRED SAWYER still lived in the other apartment. She advised that Mrs. SAWYER was not home at that time, that she did not know where she worked or what time she would be home.

Numerous unsuccessfil attempts were made to locate Mrs. SAWYER on November 26, 1963.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

The records of Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company from October 20, 1962, through October 30, 1963, were checked by [redacted], State of Louisiana, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, New Orleans, and he advised no telephone to anyone was listed or recorded as being installed or in operation at 4905 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by ASAC J. T. SYLVESTER, JR. JTS/sam Date dictated 11/26/63

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RUSSELL MOLINERE, 4934½ Constance Street, advised he is employed as a room clerk at the LaSalle Hotel and checked in BEA OSWALD on October 3, 1963. He advised that the guest said he wanted a room with a good view of Canal Street so that he could take pictures. This individual was described by MOLINERE as a white male, age - in 20's, 5'11" tall, 160 pounds, dark brown hair. He examined a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and said he is not identical with BEA OSWALD.

Mr. MOLINERE stated that at about 7:00 P.M. on November 22, 1963, a picture of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was shown on the TV set in the lobby of the hotel. He said that he recognized him as a person whom he had seen before and at first thought it was a former guest. He checked hotel records and discovered the registration of BEA OSWALD on October 3, 1963. He stated that he now is sure that BEA OSWALD is not identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and that he recognized the latter because he lives quite near his former residence on Magazine Street .

Mr. MOLINERE advised that he did not know the whereabouts of OSWALD on September 18, 1963, but did see him walking on Magazine Street sometime after OSWALD was arrested in New Orleans on August 9, 1963. He could not specify the exact date.

According to MOLINERE, elevator operator THERESA DENNIS, 1419 Baronne Street, was on duty at 7:00 P.M., November 22, 1963. He said she had not identified OSWALD as a former guest but may have been present when he located the registration card of BEA OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS/lrs 113 Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1 New Orleans 89-69

ROLAND A. BAHAN, JR., Co-manager, Hotel LaSalle, 1113 Canal Street, made available the registration card of BEA OSWALD, 6581 Elder Street, Los Angeles, California, who checked into Room 218 at 10:14 A.M., and out at 5:15 P.M., on October 3, 1963. The card indicates that the day rate of $5.00 was charged and that the serial number of the card is S7427. According to Mr. BAHAN, JR., BEA OSWALD was registered by Room Clerk RUSSELL MOLINERE but he initialed the registration card for him.

Mr. BAHAN examined a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and advised that insofar as he knew he had never been a guest at the Hotel LaSalle.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS/lrs 114 Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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RAYMOND J. CAIRE, owner of Caire's Shell Service Station, 5400 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but only heard of him through the newspaper accounts in the assassination of President KENNEDY and was not holding any mail for OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's MILTON R. KAACK and JOHN B. LEE, JR. /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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FRANK T. GLOWACKI, owner of Glowacki's Shell Service Station, 5001 Prytania, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he only heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD through the newspaper accounts of the assassination of President KENNEDY and was not holding any mail for OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's MILTON R. KAACK and JOHN B. LEE, JR. /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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RUTH BECK, checker, Winn-Dixie Store, 490 Prytania, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that she did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but said that a man whom she described as tall and slender, passed through her check-out stand and mentioned that he worked for a Shell Service Station and that this Shell Station has been holding mail in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD since August of 1963. She said that she was under the impression that they received this mail erroniously and have been waiting to give it to the mailman. She stated that she had never seen this individual before and did not know where he could be located.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's MILTON R. KAACK and JOHN B. LEE, JR. /jm 117 Date dictated 11/27/63

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R. TEMPLET, Manager, Winn-Dixie Store, 490 Prytania Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he checked every application for a "courtesy card for cashing checks" on a LEE HARVEY OSWALD with negative results. He also stated he checked all applications bearing the name HIDELL and HAYDEL, with variations thereof, with negative results.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's MILTON R. KAACK and JOHN B. LEE, JR. /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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JOHN P. MC NULTY, owner of Jerie's Pharmacy, 4861 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he could not locate any prescription in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any OSWALD; nor could he recall any specific dates that he observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD in his establishment.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's MILTON R. KAACK and JOHN B. LEE, JR. /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

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JOHN P. MC NULTY, owner, Jerie's Pharmacy, 4861 Magazine Street, advised he had reviewed his prescriptions thoroughly but would make them available to SA GIST for further review, which he did. He assisted in the review of these prescriptions for the period of May 1, 1963 to September 30, 1963, inclusive, and, when asked, explained the nature or content of any prescription of question. He said he knew most of the persons for whom he had filled these prescriptions, being in that neighborhood for many years. No prescription was found in the name of OSWALD, HIDELL or O. H. or V. L. LEE, or for any person for the addresses of 4907 Magazine Street or 757 French Street.

MC NULTY stated that he recalled LEE HARVEY OSWALD, upon seeing his photograph in the paper after the assassination of President KENNEDY, as a person who used to come in that pharmacy to purchase a daily paper, this being during the summer of 1963 (dates unrecalled). He knew he had never filled any prescriptions of any nature for OSWALD. He said he did not know Mrs. OSWALD and might possibly have filled a prescription for her, although he does not recall same. He said a prescription could have been filled by him for certain type ear or nose drops, skin cream, or antibiotic ointment, in which instance he would not have retained the prescription and the item purchased by the customer would not have required labeling. To obtain a refill, the patient need only call for the drug by name or return an empty bottle for a refill.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA TROY H. GIST /lyc Date dictated 11/27/63

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HENRY GOGREVE, owner of Henry's Market, 5101 Magazine, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he recalled seeing LEE HARVEY OSWALD in his store several times, but never had any conversation with OSWALD nor could he recall any particular date that OSWALD was in the store.

He further advised that during the early afternoon of November 26, 1963, a man and a woman, who appeared to be husband and wife, and who also appeared to be Cuban inasmuch as they spoke with a Cuban or Spanish accent, came into his store, purchased a soft drink, and began a conversation with him. He said that the man and woman told him that OSWALD was not guilty and should not have been shot. He said that he was of the opinion that they arrived by bus, although he did not actually see what means of transportation they used to get to his store. He said he had never seen these two individuals before and from their conversation, they were apparently friends or sympathizers of OSWALD. They began this conversation by asking him if he was the individual whom they saw on television and who had made statements that he had known OSWALD. He said it was obvious that these two people did not enter his store to conduct business, but primarily to express their opinion regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his death.

He furnished the following description of these two individuals:

MALE	
Age	19
Height	5'
Weight	110
Apparel	Black sweater, white shirt, black pants
Peculiarities	Spoke with Spanish accent
FEMALE	
Age	19
Height	5'
Weight	110
Apparel	Olive-colored suit and blouse
Peculiarities	Spoke with Spanish accent

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA's MILTON R. KAACK
and JOHN B. LEE, JR.

by /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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Mrs. L. N. RICO, lower rear apartment, 4905 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that she could not recall any specific dates that she saw OSWALD while he was living at 4905 Magazine Street. She stated that she can only say that she saw him from time to time but cannot recall any particular date.

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by SA's MILTON R. KAACK and JOHN B. LEE, JR. /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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Mr. ERIC ROGERS, 407 Magazine Street, front apartment, advised that he and his wife moved into this apartment on about July 16, 1963 and that OSWALD and his wife were already living in the adjoining apartment at 4905 Magazine. ROGERS said that he was out of work and that it was not until October 1, 1963 that he, ROGERS obtained a part-time job at the Meal-A-Minute, 1000 Canal Street, as a waiter. He said that up until he went to work he believes that he saw OSWALD at least once every day, up until the time OSWALD left.

He recalls that OSWALD had packed household effects and clothes in a station wagon one afternoon and that OSWALD's wife and child departed with the woman who drove the station wagon on the following morning. He said on the following day he saw OSWALD running to catch a bus on the corner, carrying two suitcases. That was the last time he saw him.

Shortly after ROGERS moved into the neighborhood he observed an individual whom ROGERS thought to be of Spanish descent called to visit OSWALD. The exact time of this visit not recalled by ROGERS, but he is certain that it was before the time OSWALD was arrested by the New Orleans Police Department.

ROGERS never saw any guns or firearms in the OSWALD apartment and never saw OSWALD with anything resembling a firearm. He recalls that although OSWALD spent the majority of his time reading either on the porch or in the front room of his apartment, in the afternoons he would walk to the corner and catch a bus going toward the business section or would walk in that direction. He said occasionally OSWALD would walk up to the confectionary on the corner of Magazine and Dufosset to buy ice cream, since he would see him returning to the apartment with it. He said that OSWALD always spoke Russian to his wife, in fact, Mrs. OSWALD could not speak any English.

He said that it was rumored in the neighborhood that Mrs. OSWALD was pregnant at the time she moved and he believed that on one occasion OSWALD took her to a physician. The date and time of this visit was not recalled by ROGERS, nor was the identity of the physician known to him.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S JOHN B. LEE & MILTON R. KAACK /bal Date dictated 11/27/63

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but cannot be certain that OSWALD made some mention of visiting Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

After OSWALD lost his job at the coffee company she observed him sitting around his apartment reading nearly all of the time. Occasionally, he would leave home in the afternoon and she thought for a while that maybe he had been placed on the evening shift.

Although Mrs. GARNER saw him often, she cannot be sure that she saw him on a daily basis since some days she never leaves her apartment. She repeated that the last time she saw OSWALD was the afternoon following the departure of OSWALD's wife and child, at which time he was standing on the corner between the hours of 4:00 and 5:00 PM, waiting for a bus.

1 Date 11/27/63

JESSE JAMES GARNER, 4911 Magazine Street, advised that on September 16, 1963 he approached OSWALD at the OSWALD apartment and asked OSWALD when he intended to pay his rent for the apartment which was due on September 9, 1963. OSWALD said that he did not have the money to pay the rent because his wife was going to have a baby and that he wanted to keep a few dollars for emergencies. Mr. GARNER agreed to give OSWALD more time to pay his rent. He said that on Wednesday, September 18, 1963 he believes that he saw OSWALD sitting on his front porch reading but that he cannot positively affirm this. On Thursday, September 19, 1963 and Friday, September 20, 1963, GARNER was off from work and stayed at the apartment, cutting grass and doing other chores in the yard. He recalled that the woman who was visiting the OSWALD's and who drove a station wagon with Texas license plates was in the small yard in front of the OSWALD apartment with her two children. He asked her how she liked New Orleans and she replied that she enjoyed it and had visited the New Orleans French Quarter with the OSWALDS on the previous day. GARNER observed OSWALD in the OSWALD apartment on both of these dates, namely September 19 and September 20, 1963.

On September 21, 1963 GARNER went to work and did not observe OSWALD until that evening when he, GARNER returned home from work and he observed that OSWALD was placing some of his personal effects in the station wagon which belonged to the woman from Texas. On Sunday, September 22, 1963, OSWALD completed packing the station wagon and was tying down a baby's stroller on the back of the station wagon when GARNER approached him and again asked him for the rent. OSWALD replied that his wife was going to Texas for her confinement and that he, OSWALD intended to remain in New Orleans. He promised to pay his rent at a later date.

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by SA MILTON R. KAACK /bal Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/27/63

Mrs. ALEXANDER EAMES, 4903 Magazine Street, recalled that OSWALD's wife and child left New Orleans in the morning, riding in the station wagon and that she recalled seeing a light in the OSWALD apartment that night, indicating to her that OSWALD was still in New Orleans, although she did not see him.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA'S MILTON R. KAACK & JOHN B. LEE /bal Date dictated 11/27/63

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Date 11/27/63

Mr. R. T. ROHMER, Royal Toy Store, 124 Exchange Place, New Orleans, Louisiana furnished the following information.

He advised that Mrs. MILDRED SAWYER resided in one of the apartments directly above his store. He advised that he did not know where she worked, or what hours she kept.

Mr. ROHMER stated that he did not recall a Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD and her son residing in one of the apartments at 126 Exchange Place. He advised that there was a rapid turnover in the tenants of the one apartment upstairs, and that it was possible that she and her son did reside there at one time.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA G. MYRYWIN ALDERSON /bda Date dictated 11/27/63

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Date 11/27/63

Mrs. MILDRED SAWYER, 126 Exchange Place, New Orleans, Louisiana furnished the following information:

Mrs. SAWYER advised that she is the widow of JOSEPH S. SAWYER, and that she was residing at 126 Exchange Place in the latter part of 1955, and has continued to reside at that address since that time. She stated that she recalled a Mrs. OSWALD and her young son living there at that time. She stated that the boy was only about 14 or 15 years old and attended school during the day. She did not know of any jobs that he might have had, either after school or on the week ends.

Mrs. SAWYER advised that Mrs. OSWALD was a saleslady and worked for one of the large department stores on Canal Street. The son would always arrive home prior to his mother, and was always very quiet. He seemed to read a lot and was seen on several occasions bringing library books home to read. Mrs. SAWYER stated that at that time the son appeared to be an average, normal teenage boy, dressed neatly, and was not boisterous in any way. As far as she could recall she never heard him being reprimanded by his mother. Both Mrs. OSWALD and her son seemed to have few friends, and very few people visited them in their apartment. She believed that on a few occasions some teenage boys did come home with the OSWALD boy after school, however, they were always very quiet, and did not stay long.

Mrs. SAWYER stated that she never saw the OSWALD boy with any kind of gun, and never heard Mrs. OSWALD mention that he had any gun, or was interested in guns.

Mrs. SAWYER advised that she believed sometime in the Spring of 1956, Mrs. OSWALD told her that she was leaving New Orleans with her son, and that she was going to Fort Worth, Texas where she had another son. Mrs. SAWYER could not recall if Mrs. OSWALD quit her job voluntarily or whether she was terminated by the department store where she was employed

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On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA G. MYRYWIN ALDERSON /bda Date dictated 11/27/63

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NO 89-69/JDV:lrs
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On November 27, 1963, Mrs. JONATHAN PARKER, 1945 Bay Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, advised that on November 22, 1963, she was a guest at Hotel LaSalle, New Orleans. A female Negro elevator operator observed a TV program at about 7:00 P.M. and recognized LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a former guest. The manager supposedly pulled a card showing that LEE HARVEY OSWALD registered on October 3, 1963, for a period of 2 or 3 hours at a cost of $5.00.

The registration card of BEA OSWALD, 6581 Elder Street, Los Angeles, California, #S7427, shows that he registered at the LaSalle at 10:14 A.M., on October 3, 1963, and checked out at 5:15 P.M. on the same date.

The original registration card was obtained from ROLAND A. BAHAN, JR., Co-manager of the LaSalle and is being forwarded to the FBI Laboratory for handwriting comparison.

A teletype was sent to Los Angeles on November 27, 1963, requesting Los Angeles to determine if there is such a person as BEA OSWALD.

Xerox copies of the LaSalle registration card were made for Los Angeles, Dallas and New Orleans.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

11/27/63

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JOSEPH FIDUCCIA, 3935 Bauras Street, Metairie, Louisiana, who is manager of LaSalle Tours advised that he was in the lobby of the LaSalle Hotel on October 3, 1963, when BEA OSWALD checked in. He stated that person was a white male, age 40 - 45, about 5'10", tall and weighed 155 pounds. He wore a brown jacket and carried a brown leather photographic case.

Mr. FIDUCCIA after examining a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD advised that in his opinion, he could not be identical with BEA OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS/lrs Date dictated 11/27/63

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NO 89-69/dmk
1 LAC

Confidential Informant NO T-3 advised on November 29, 1963, that he knows the address 4905 Magazine Street, New Orleans, very well since it is the third stop on his route. He observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated that he does not recall seeing him. He further stated that he does not recall ever seeing OSWALD's wife. He said that the mail received by the OSWALDS consisted of newspapers wrapped in brown paper, origin unknown to him, some third-class printed matter and a very few first-class letters, some of which he recalls came from foreign countries, the identity of which he could not recall.

NO 89-69/dmk
1 LAC

Confidential Informant NO T-4 advised on November 29, 1963, that he worked on a route which includes the address 4905 Magazine Street, each Monday. He recalled that a majority of the mail received by LEE HARVEY OSWALD consisted of newspapers wrapped in such a fashion that the name of the paper was not discernible. NO T-4 advised that whereas the mail addressed to OSWALD was always addressed to 4907 Magazine Street, OSWALD actually lived in an apartment which bore the number 4905. He recalled that some of these newspapers were postmarked some place in Texas and occasionally there would be some postage due.

NO T-4 said he observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and recognized him as the occupant of one of the apartments at 4905 Magazine Street. He said that he saw him on about three occasions and never had any conversation with him.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

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Mr. JOHN E. HEVRON, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer, New Orleans Public Service, Inc., 317 Baronne Street, advised that his company's records show that the electric and gas meters at the apartment rented by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 4907 Magazine Street, were read on May 24, 1963 and a bill was rendered for $2.85 which was due on or before June 17, 1963. The records do not show the date this bill was paid or whether the payment was made by cash or check.

The electric and gas meters were read on June 25, 1963 and a bill of $7.22 was rendered and was paid in cash on July 17, 1963. The electric and gas meters were again read on July 25, 1963 and a bill for $8.54 was rendered, which bill was paid in cash on August 13, 1963.

The meters were again read on August 26, 1963 and a bill for $10.32 was rendered. This bill was not paid on or before September 17, 1963, the due date, and therefore the penalty was added to the bill, which on that date became a total of $11.36.

The meters were read again on September 25, 1963 and a bill of $11.02 was rendered, which was due to be paid on or before October 17, 1963. This bill was not paid and therefore after October 17, the penalty of $.79 was assessed, making the total amount owed to the New Orleans Public Service $23.17. Deducting the deposit of $10 which was made by OSWALD at the time he applied for electric and gas service, plus the interest earned on this deposit of $.20, the net amount owed to the Public Service was $12.97.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK /lyc Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

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Mrs. MARION BOYD, 2707 Mercedes, secretary for the Children's Museum, Fort Worth, Texas, advised that her duplex is located next door to 2703 Mercedes. Mrs. BOYD said that she has lived at this address for approximately four years. Mrs. BOYD explained that the duplexes are of transient type and many people move in and out of them.

Mrs. BOYD said that she cannot recall the LEE H. OSWALDS as having lived at 2703 Mercedes and would have no information whatsoever concerning this person.

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on 11/27/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents EARLE HALEY and ROBLEY D. MADLAND/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Ford Will T...

CHESTER ALLEN RIGGS, JR., Vice President, Orbit Industries, Inc., 250 Carroll, home address 836 Edgefield, advised that he is the owner of a duplex house at 2703 Mercedes Street. Mr. RIGGS said that he owns the duplexes at 2701 through 2715 Mercedes and acquired this property as an investment because the property is located in commercial zoning. He said the duplexes are of a low income type rent property.

Mr. RIGGS said further that he does not keep a record of persons presently residing in the duplexes and has no record of persons by name as having resided in these duplexes as the only record maintained by him is the rental income, which would be for tax purposes only.

Mr. RIGGS said that as a result of the assassination of President KENNEDY in Dallas on November 22, 1963, and the ensuing total television and radio coverage, that it came to his attention, and he recalls that LEE OSWALD did reside in his duplex located at 2703 Mercedes for a period of about three months during the summer and possibly early fall of 1962. Mr. RIGGS said that he has searched his records of rental income during that period of time through his accountant and has found that there is no individual rental shown on each duplex and that the income was all grouped. Therefore, he would say there would be no way of pinpointing the exact dates that OSWALD and his wife resided at 2703 Mercedes.

Mr. RIGGS said further that he could furnish the following information from memory concerning OSWALD. He said he cannot now recall the conditions under which OSWALD and his wife moved from 2703 Mercedes; however, he recalls that there was no adverse condition which prompted OSWALD to move.

Mr. RIGGS said further that the only conversation he would have had with OSWALD would be when he would collect the rent, and he does recall that each time he collected the

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on 11/27/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBLEY D. MADLAND and EARLE HALEY/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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rent that OSWALD would be reading. RIGGS said he recalls one time shortly after OSWALD moved into the duplex that he asked for curtains for the house. RIGGS said that he told OSWALD he would furnish curtains and at a later time went by the house and talked to OSWALD's wife, but upon talking to this person discovered that she could not speak English. RIGGS said he does not know what language she spoke.

RIGGS said further that he recalls during the period OSWALD was living at 2703 Mercedes, he recalls OSWALD telling him he worked for some welding company located nearby. RIGGS said further that his business office is located near the duplexes and that he recalls seeing OSWALD walk to work and knows that he did not have a car during the period of time he lived at this address.

RIGGS said further that he cannot recall any other conversation with OSWALD except that concerning the curtains.

RIGGS advised that after OSWALD and his wife left 2703 Mercedes that he did not know where this family moved. He said he does not know where the OSWALD family resided prior to living at 2703 Mercedes. RIGGS stated that he did not know any background concerning OSWALD.

Mr. RIGGS advised that the duplex owned by him is furnished. He said there is no other person living in his group of duplexes at the present time that would have lived in the duplexes at the time LEE OSWALD resided at 2703 Mercedes with the exception of one person and that is Mrs. MARION BOYD, who resides at 2707 Mercedes, which is next door to 2703 Mercedes. RIGGS explained that the turnover of tenants in his group of duplexes is very great due to the type of housing.

DL 100-10461
JPH:BL
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The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR.:

On October 18, 1963, Dallas Confidential Informant T-1 advised that in March, 1963 ROBERT L. OSWALD of 7313 Davenport Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas, moved from Fort Worth to Box 32-C, Malvern, Arkansas.

On October 18, 1963, Mrs. EDITH SHANNON, 2701 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas, advised that she could not recall LEE OSWALD or his wife when they lived at 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

On October 18, 1963, Mrs. M. M. BOYD, 2705 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas, advised that she could not recall LEE OSWALD when he resided at 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

On October 29, 1963, a pretext interview by a Special Agent of the FBI at 2919 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, reflected that Mrs. RUTH PAINE resided at 2515 West Fifth Street. Mrs. PAINE was separated from her husband, MICHAEL R. PAINE. It was determined that Mrs. PAINE was employed at St. Mark's School, Dallas, Texas, on a part-time basis as a teacher of the Russian language and she had a Russian born woman living with her. This Russian born woman gave birth to a girl about a week ago and Mrs. PAINE was taking care of this woman. It was determined that the husband of the Russian born woman visited his wife at this address periodically but did not reside there.

On October 31, 1963, Mrs. DOROTHY SMITH, Irving, Texas, Credit Bureau, advised that they had a credit record for MICHAEL R. PAINE and his wife RUTH PAINE, who resided at 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas. Mrs. SMITH advised their credit was satisfactory and that Mr. PAINE was employed by Bell Helicopter Company in Fort Worth as a Design Engineer. Mrs. PAINE was employed as a housewife.

On October 31, 1963, Mr. EDWARD T. OVIATT, Assistant Head Master, St. Mark's School of Texas, Dallas, Texas, advised that Mrs. PAINE was a satisfactory employee and was loyal to this country and he considered her to be a stable individual. Mr. OVIATT stated that Mrs. PAINE was employed on a part-time basis as a teacher of Russian language. He also advised that he had recently learned from

a conversation with Mrs. PAINE that she had a Russian born woman living with her and she was assisting this woman in view of the fact that she had recently had a new baby and she, Mrs. PAINE, was improving her Russian speaking ability by having this Russian speaking person in her house.

On October 31, 1963, J. H. KITCHING, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, and LEON POWERS, Irving, Texas, Police Department, advised that they had no record for RUTH PAINE.

On October 31, 1963, Mr. TED SCHURMAN, Security Officer, Bell Helicopter, Fort Worth, Texas, advised that MICHAEL R. PAINE was presently employed by that company as an engineer and he holds a security clearance.

On November 1, 1963, Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, was interviewed at which time she advised that MARINA OSWALD, wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was staying with her following the recent birth of her baby. Mrs. PAINE furnished OSWALD's place of employment as the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, where he was employed as a laborer. Mrs. PAINE stated that she did not know where OSWALD was residing in Dallas at this time but that it was his plan as soon as he had enough money, to get an apartment for his family and take his wife and children to live with him. Mrs. PAINE volunteered that she would be glad to furnish this address to the FBI as soon as she determined where the OSWALDs were residing.

On November 5, 1963, Mrs. RUTH PAINE advised SAs JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. and GARY S. WILSON that she had not been able to obtain the address of LEE OSWALD in Dallas, Texas, but that she would furnish it to the FBI as soon as she was able to obtain it. Mrs. PAINE advised that LEE OSWALD had visited his wife, MARINA OSWALD on November 2 and 3, 1963, at Irving, Texas.

Mrs. PAINE then expressed the opinion that she considered LEE OSWALD to be a very illogical person and recalled that he admitted to her being a "Trotskyite Communist."

DL 100-10461

C. EDUCATION

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/27/63

CATHERINE ANE, Secretary, Warren Easton High School, 3019 Canal Street, New Orleans, advised Special Agent JOHN M. MCCARTHY of the following facts after a review of her records:

She advised that a file from Beauregard Jr. High School revealed LEE OSWALD, 126 Exchange, New Orleans, Louisiana, entered Beauregard Jr. High School on January 1, 1954, and stayed through the 1955 school year. She stated that the record shows OSWALD formerly attended Riglio Elementary School Fort Worth, Texas, as well as Byron Jr. High School (PS 44), New York City, New York. The record further shows that OSWALD's father was ROBERT EDWARD OSWALD while his mother was MARGRET OSWALD. The record showed both of the above individuals resided at 126 Exchange, New Orleans. Both OSWALD's father and mother were employed as store managers but the name and address of the stores were not listed. The file also showed that OSWALD listed no brothers but had two sisters.

The file reflected that OSWALD was born on October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana. He listed his height as 5' 5", weight at 135 pounds. The subjects OSWALD liked best were Civics, Math, and Science while the subjects he liked least were English and Art. OSWALD listed his present vocational choice as Biology and Mechanical Drawing. He said, via the record, that his health was generally good except for an abnormal left ear drum. He listed his recreational activities as reading and outdoor sports with a particular interest in football.

CATHERINE ANE advised that OSWALD showed an address of 809 French Street, New Orleans, where he probably resided during the time he attended Beauregard Jr. High School.

Mrs. ANE stated that OSWALD came to Warren Easton High School on September 8, 1955, and left on approximately October 14, 1955. She stated that the file shows a letter dated October 7, 1955, from MARGRET OSWALD in which it is explained that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was being withdrawn from school due to the fact that she and LEE were moving to San Diego, California. She stated that the file further shows that the school received a request on September 18, 1956, to forward

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On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN M. McCARTHY/bap Date dictated 11/26/63

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OSWALD's records to Arlington Senior High School, Fort Worth, Texas. She stated that the Warren Easton records show OSWALD's name to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 126 Exchange Place, New Orleans, Louisiana. They show OSWALD's mother to be MARGRET OSWALD of the same address and his date of birth as October 18, 1939. ANE said most of OSWALD's grades were in the 70's except that he averaged in the 80's in Civics and Art and Physical Training.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Miss DOROTHY EVERETT, Acting Assistant Principal, Beauregard Junior High School, 4621 Canal Street, advised that she had been designated during the current year as Ranking Teacher to act as an assistant in the absence of the school principal, JOHN G. MARTIN. She stated that presently MARTIN was vacationing in Connecticut and explained that because of a state convention and the Thanksgiving Holiday, classes had been dismissed at this school. She stated that while she had not personally instructed LEE HARVEY OSWALD in classes at this school, she observed that she had seen his face and remembered him possibly during his enrollment as a ninth grade student several years ago. She stated that this student was possibly not different from hundreds of other students who had somehow failed to distinguish themselves academically and had failed to otherwise call attention to himself and for these reasons he had not been remembered.

She stated she could furnish no additional information in this matter, but added possibly a review of his school records would provide additional information.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :dc Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

DANIEL ALLAIN, JR., Assistant Superintendent, Orleans Parish School System, 4211 South Miro Street, advised that from November 25 until November 29, 1963 classes at Orleans Parish Public Schools have been dismissed as a state teachers convention was being held at Baton Rouge, Louisiana on November 26 and November 27, 1963 and added that naturally classes had been dismissed for the Thanksgiving Holiday period. He stated that for this reason possibly no teachers and possibly no personnel would be located at Beauregard Junior High School, 4621 Canal Street, as well as other Orleans Public Schools. Nevertheless, he stated that possibly one Mrs. DORIS D. ACHORD, Secretary, could be contacted at this school for information.

ALLAIN stated that because of his supervisory position he had not been in contact with this school and therefore had no occasion to know a former student of the Beauregard Junior High School, one LEE HARVEY OSWALD who he said attended that school during part of the eighth and all of the ninth grades during the years 1954 to 1955.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :dc Date dictated 11/26/63

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DL 100-10461

D. RELATIVES

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1 Clark Mingel

CHARLES W. MURRET, D.D.S., residence address 636 Norton Avenue, (Carolyn Park) Arabi, Louisiana, dentist's office at 1207 West St. Bernard Highway, Chalmette, Louisiana, furnished the following information:

He is a cousin of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. His mother and OSWALD's mother are sisters. He has not seen LEE OSWALD since LEE was about six years old at which time LEE and his mother moved away from New Orleans. He did not see LEE after LEE and his mother moved back to New Orleans in the early 1950's after which, he now is aware, LEE attended Beauregard Junior High School and Warren Easton High School. He did not see LEE while he was in New Orleans this year. He does not know any of LEE's friends or associates.

Dr. MURRET stated his mother and LEE's mother did not get along very well. LEE's mother had been previously married. He is of the opinion LEE's mother never went to church. His opinion is that LEE's mother was the type of person who would remind LEE of the difficult times she had after the death of LEE's father and how hard she labored to raise her children. He stated LEE probably also felt resentment towards the world because of his inability to provide a good livelihood for his family.

On 11/29/63 at Chalmette, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT/lrs Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1 New Orleans

Mr. NORMAN OSWALD, 706 Division Street, Metairie, Louisiana, advised he has had no association whatsoever with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He advised his only recollection of this person is when his father died in New Orleans about the time of his birth, that his mother, MARGUERITE, thereafter raised LEE in Texas and no one in his family has had any occasion to meet him or in any manner associate with him. He advised he knows of no instance when LEE has returned to New Orleans, that they have never exchanged holiday greetings or in other ways associated with each other and he knows nothing whatsoever about his background. He stated he had never heard of anyone by the name of HIDELL and had no knowledge whether or not LEE had ever used this name.

On 11/23/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's REED W. JENSEN & RAY E. ROCKHOLD/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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WILLIAM STOUT OSWALD, JR., 136 Elmeer Street, Metairie, Louisiana, advised he is the son of WILLIAM STOUT OSWALD, SR., and HAZEL OSWALD and a first cousin of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mr. OSWALD stated the last he had seen or heard of LEE OSWALD was when LEE was in New Orleans with his mother, MARGUERITE, when LEE was about age 14. He did not know how long LEE had stayed in New Orleans and he could provide no further personal information concerning LEE's activities since that time.

OSWALD said the name HIDELL did not mean anything to him.

On 11/23/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's REED W. JENSEN & RAY E. ROCKHOLD/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

LOWELL OSWALD, 132 Elmeer Street, Metairie, Louisiana, advised he is the son of HAZEL OSWALD, who resides at 136 Elmeer Street. He stated he is a first cousin of LEE OSWALD. He recalled LEE OSWALD spent some time in his childhood in the New Orleans area. He said he would not know him if he were to meet him and could provide no information whatsoever concerning LEE's activities since childhood.

OSWALD said the name HIDELL did not mean anything to him.

On 11/23/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's REED W. JENSEN & RAY E. ROCKHOLD/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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Mrs. HAZEL OSWALD, 136 Elmeer Street, Metairie, Louisiana, advised she is the widow of WILLIAM STOUT OSWALD, SR. She stated her husband's brother, LEE OSWALD, SR., and wife, MARGUERITE, nee Claverie, had been residing in New Orleans, in the 1930's. LEE SR. died in 1939 and approximately two months after his death, a son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was born. When LEE was approximately 2½ years of age, MARGUERITE left New Orleans, going to the Fort Worth, Texas, area where she continued to raise LEE and an older brother, ROBERT E. OSWALD and another son by a previous marriage whose name was not known to Mrs. OSWALD. Mrs. OSWALD stated she lost all track of MARGUERITE and LEE until one day she received a telephone call from MARGUERITE. During the conversation, MARGUERITE indicated LEE was then 14 years of age, that she was living in the City of New Orleans with him and employed at the Burt Shoe Store on Canal Street.

According to Mrs. OSWALD, sometime after this call she went by this store and talked with MARGUERITE for a short time. After that she lost all contact with MARGUERITE and apparently MARGUERITE and LEE left New Orleans, date unknown. She said she did not know how long MARGUERITE had actually resided in New Orleans.

Mrs. OSWALD stated the next time she heard from either MARGUERITE or LEE was one day in about April, 1963, when LEE telephoned her saying he was in New Orleans and wanted to visit and obtain some information about his father's relatives, specifically a HARVEY OSWALD, the grandfather, then deceased. LEE came to her residence and arrived alone by bus. They talked about his father's folks and she gave him a photograph of his father. During her conversation with LEE he said he left his wife and child in Texas until he could find some employment in New Orleans and that he wanted to find employment as a photographer. He did not specifically say where he was living but she received the impression that one of his mother's sisters was in New Orleans, address unknown, and that LEE was living with her. Mrs. OSWALD stated sometime prior to LEE's visit she had read in the newspapers that LEE had been in Russia and had indicated a desire to become a Russian citizen. During the conversation they were talking about LEE's wife and LEE exhibited her photograph. Mrs. OSWALD asked him if his wife

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On 11/23/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's REED W. JENSEN & RAY E. ROCKHOLD/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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were Russian and LEE replied "Why do you ask that?". She said that other than this one exchange, all of her conversation was about relatives.

She stated she did not hear from nor see LEE thereafter and to her knowledge he was not in personal contact with any of the other relatives in the OSWALD family. With respect to any contacts or associates in New Orleans, she stated she had no knowledge whatsoever as to what his activities may have been. As to other members of the OSWALD family, she said she had a son, NORMAN A. OSWALD, at 706 Division Street, Metairie. He has a son, WILLIAM STOUT OSWALD, III, who is a school teacher in Metairie, and has some responsible position in one of the military reserve units. WILLIAM OSWALD, III, had talked to Mrs. OSWALD on the morning of November 23, 1963, indicating someone had questioned him about LEE OSWALD and he indicated that he knew nothing whatsoever about him. She said she does not know what school or organizations LEE might have been associated with while he resided in New Orleans and that the name HIDELL meant nothing to her and she was positive it was not an OSWALD family name. She had never heard LEE use this name.

In conclusion, Mrs. OSWALD advised that after the death of LEE's father, the mother had severed relations with the OSWALD family and after moving to Texas, did not maintain any association with any member of the family and she could not furnish any further details concerning his background.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

Mr. and Mrs. CHARLES MURRET advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD is Mrs. MURRET's nephew, Mrs. MURRET's sister being OSWALD's mother. Sometime after Easter, 1963, exact date not recalled, OSWALD called Mrs. MURRET on the telephone and advised that he had just arrived in New Orleans by bus. He asked if he could spend a few nights at her residence while he was seeking employment in New Orleans. They said that he spent from three to five nights at their residence, and that he spent the daytime seeking employment. He would never eat breakfast but would leave early in the morning and return to their residence shortly before dinner and would eat the evening meal with them. OSWALD had but few clothes consisting of a change of pants and shirt although he claimed to have several duffel bags at the bus station. He also had a few cardboard boxes in which he stated were clothes belonging to his wife and baby which he kept in the MURRET garage. OSWALD did not possess any firearms while residing at the MURRET residence to their knowledge. He had no visitors while staying there and only received one letter which he claimed was from his wife. He did receive several telephone calls after he left regarding jobs. OSWALD obtained a job, according to his statement to them, as a mechanic at the Reily Coffee Company which they believe he obtained by answering a newspaper advertisement. He told them he found an apartment on the same day on which he got the job and that he moved to this apartment either the next day or the day following it. OSWALD's wife and baby arrived several days later from Texas in a station wagon which was driven by a woman who spoke the Russian language. Mr. and Mrs. MURRET did not know this woman's name but they did recall the station wagon bore Texas license plates.

Mrs. MURRET advised that she and her sister, OSWALD's mother, did not get along very well and that when OSWALD was about two years of age, her sister and her children moved to Texas. She said she has had no contact with LEE OSWALD over the years until he telephonically contacted her requesting permission to stay at her home while seeking employment.

Mr. and Mrs. MURRET knew of no friends or acquaintances of OSWALD in the New Orleans area. Mr. and Mrs. MURRET had no knowledge of when OSWALD left New Orleans or by what means he may have traveled.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SAs MILTON R. KAACK and ERNEST C. WALL, JR. /lyc Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mrs. ARTHUR A.P. BARRE, nee ALICE OSWALD, 2311 St. Charles Avenue, furnished the following information:

She is an aunt of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The only time she may have seen LEE's mother was at the funeral of his father, ROBERT EDWARD LEE OSWALD, in 1939. She has never met LEE OSWALD and knows nothing concerning him.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /sms Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

New Orleans, L.

Miss ADELE OSWALD, 2018 General Pershing Street, furnished the following information:

She is the daughter of THOMAS and ADELE OSWALD and the cousin of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She has not seen or heard from LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his mother since the death of LEE's father in 1939. She knows nothing concerning him.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /bda Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

MRS. TONY BEVINETTO, nee SHIRLEY OSWALD, 1914 South Carrollton Avenue, furnished the following information:

She is the daughter of HARVEY N. OSWALD, uncle of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Both her mother and father are deceased. She left New Orleans in 1939 and returned in 1942. She has never seen LEE OSWALD or his mother and knows nothing concerning them.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /mrk Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

Mrs. WILLIAM BROWN, nee FLOY OSWALD, 3944 Virgil Boulevard, furnished the following information:

She is a daughter of HARVEY OSWALD, uncle of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Bother her father and mother are dead. She is of the opinion she may have seen LEE's mother twice before LEE's father died in 1939. She has not seen her since and has never seen LEE OSWALD and knows nothing concerning him.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /bda Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

Mrs. ADELE F. OSWALD, 2018 General Pershing Street, furnished the following information:

She is the widow of THOMAS OSWALD, uncle of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She has not seen the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD since the death of LEE's father in 1939 and has never seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD and knows nothing concerning him.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /bda Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mrs. EDMOND C. CARTER, nee ETHEL OSWALD, apartment 1005, Pontchartrain Hotel, 2031 St. Charles Avenue, furnished the following information:

She is the sister of ROBERT EDWARD LEE OSWALD, father of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She has never seen LEE OSWALD, knows nothing concerning him, and has had no communication of any type with LEE's mother subsequent to the death of his father in 1939.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /sms Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

Mrs. JAMES COKER, nee HATTIE OSWALD, Apartment 20, Andrew Jackson Apartments, Second Street and St. Charles Avenue, furnished the following information:

She is a sister of ROBERT EDWARD LEE OSWALD, father of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Her mother had the following children: THOMAS, WILLIAM, ALICE, HARVEY, ETHEL, HATTIE, and ROBERT. THOMAS, WILLIAM, HARVEY, and ROBERT are deceased. THOMAS' widow, Mrs. ADELE F. OSWALD, and her daughter, ADELE, live at 2018 General Pershing Street. WILLIAM's widow, HAZEL, lives at 136 Elmeer Street, Metairie. ALICE is married to ARTHUR A. P. BARRE and lives at 2311 St. Charles Avenue. HARVEY's wife is also deceased. They were the parents of Mrs. WILLIAM BROWN, 3944 Virgil Boulevard and Mrs. TONY BEVINETTO, 1914 South Carrollton Avenue. ETHEL is Mrs. EDMOND C. CARTER, Apartment 1005, Pontchartrain Hotel, 2031 St. Charles Avenue.

Mrs. COKER advised she never saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his mother. LEE's father was divorced from his first wife and this met with disapproval from his family. She knew nothing concerning the woman he then married and who became the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mrs. COKER advised she and her husband left New Orleans in 1924 and lived in New York City. They moved to Washington, D.C. in 1942 and returned to New Orleans in 1958. She could furnish no information whatsoever concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /sms Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-46)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

Mrs. CHARLES F. MURRET, 757 French Street, furnished the following information:

Her nephew, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, never associated with her children and he was not known in their neighborhood.

The following are her children and cousins of LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

Mrs. EMILE (JOYCE) O'BRIEN, 1615 Fairway, Beaumont, Texas;

Dr. CHARLES W. MURRET, a dentist with office at 1207 West St. Bernard Highway, Chalmette, Louisiana;

EUGENE J. MURRET, S. J., who is studying for the priesthood at the Jesuit House of Studies, 3959 Loyola Avenue, Mobile, Alabama;

JOHN MURRET, 6622 Louis XIV Street, New Orleans, Louisiana; and

MARILYN MURRET, who resides with her.

Mrs. MURRET stated her son, CHARLES, may possibly have stopped at her house this past summer on one of the few occasions LEE OSWALD and his family visited her home. Her son, EUGENE, was not in New Orleans at any time during the period LEE OSWALD was here.

Mrs. MURRET stated her daughter, JOYCE, brought her to New Orleans on July 14, 1963, after she visited her in Beaumont, Texas, and stayed in New Orleans at Mrs. MURRET's house for about a month. On August 8, 1963, Mrs. MURRET had an ear operation at the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital. LEE OSWALD visited her at the hospital on August 9, 1963, during regular visiting hours. On August 10, 1963, her daughter, JOYCE, visited her at the hospital and told her she had received a telephone call from LEE OSWALD who stated he was being held by the New Orleans Police Department and requested JOYCE to bring some money to get him released.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT/lrs Date dictated 11/29/63

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JOYCE later told her she stopped at the Police Station two or three times and left without making up her mind whether she should pay the money, which she believed was $25, to get him released. JOYCE asked a police officer to show her the sign or literature OSWALD had been carrying and when she saw it pertained to FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA she said she was not anxious to have him released. The police officer suggested to her that instead of paying the $25 she should contact one of the city or state officials who has the power of parole and OSWALD would be released on parole until his case was heard, without her having to pay the $25. JOYCE then contacted a family friend, EMILE BRUNO, who operates the B & W Package Liquor Store, 2712 Canal Street, and Mr. BRUNO contacted someone else who had OSWALD paroled.

Mrs. MURRET advised OSWALD visited her home about two or three times from the time he arrived in the Spring of 1963 to Labor Day, which is the last day she saw or heard from him.

Several weeks after OSWALD brought his wife and child to New Orleans, MARILYN MURRET took them crabbing. OSWALD told Mrs. MURRET when he first arrived in New Orleans that his wife liked to be near water and he liked to go crabbing, and also liked the water, so he thought he would settle in New Orleans if he could find work.

On another visit to her house, OSWALD and his wife and child spent the entire day and ate dinner with them. She is of the opinion her daughter, JOYCE, was visiting her at the time. On this occasion, Mr. MURRET drove them to their Magazine Street apartment in his green, Mercury, 1956 model.

OSWALD, his wife and child, visited the MURRETs on Labor Day. Mrs. MURRET's son, JOHN, drove them home to their apartment in a Dodge, four door, white color, 1960 model. Mrs. MURRET and daughter, MARILYN, accompanied them.

Mrs. MURRET stated no members of her family went into the apartment at any time, to her knowledge.

OSWALD gave her telephone number, HU 8-4326, as the place where he could be reached while he was seeking employment. He would then telephone her during the day to find out if any prospective employer or employment agency left a message for him. She recalled there were several calls for him and the messages were relayed to him. She could not recall the names of any of the people who telephoned.

OSWALD did not engage in any political talk during the several visits to her home. He did on one occasion say something in praise of President KENNEDY and JACQUELINE KENNEDY but it was during a casual conversation and not in connection with any political discussion.

OSWALD did not smoke or drink. He tried not to inconvenience the MURRET family. He borrowed a few dollars from Mr. MURRET when he rented the apartment and repaid him when he received his first salary.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-28-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

Miss MARILYN MURRET, 757 French Street, a teacher at Junior University of New Orleans, furnished the following information:

She is a cousin of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Her mother and LEE's mother are sisters. She did not see LEE OSWALD during her trip around the world which started in July, 1959 and ended in January, 1963. She did not visit Russia. Her first stop after leaving the United States was Hawaii. She stopped at practically every country between there and England. She taught school in several countries. She went from country to country, spending some time in Japan, New Zealand and Australia. She visited the countries in the Holy Land, Turkey, Greece, countries of Europe and arrived in London in January, 1963.

She advised that this past summer she left New Orleans on July 13, 1963 and traveled through Mexico and the Central American countries to Panama and came back to the United States just before Labor Day.

Miss MURRET stated she could recall nothing concerning LEE OSWALD during his childhood and did not know of any of his friends or acquaintances.

She met OSWALD when he came to New Orleans in the Spring of 1963 and stayed at her mother's house for a few days while he was seeking employment. She met LEE's wife and child and took them crabbing several weeks after they arrived in New Orleans. LEE visited her home several times but she never engaged in any other than ordinary conversation with him. He never discussed politics or his political views. She never visited LEE's apartment on Magazine Street but was in the car when her brother JOHN drove LEE and his family home on Labor Day. This was the last time she saw LEE or heard anything from him.

About the only conversation she could recall that LEE's wife engaged in, was after the time they went crabbing.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT :lav Date dictated 11/30/63

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LEE's wife told him in Russian that it was sort of foolish to spend the money to buy two crab nets and bait when they could have gone to the French Market and purchased a dozen crabs for an amount much less than what the nets and bait cost. Mrs. OSWALD apparently did not realize that LEE enjoyed going crabbing and that is the only reason that she took them.

Miss MURRET stated that the few times LEE OSWALD and his family visited at her home they came by bus. She said OSWALD did not own an automobile and insofar as she knew was incapable of driving one. She stated her brother, JOHN MURRET attempted to teach OSWALD to drive, but JOHN MURRETT told her OSWALD was not interested in learning.

Records, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, (Metairie District Office), New Orleans, Louisiana, which may be obtained only through issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted] Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, Room 535, 1215 Prytania Street, reflect the following information:

Telephone number HU 8-4326 is assigned to DUTZ MURRET, 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, and was connected February 22, 1954. Records reflect that MURRET was self-employed buying and repairing cars and electrical appliances. The date of this employment was not shown. The record also contained the following tolls:

BILL DATED 11/5/63

October 27, 1963	DDD Call to Beaumont, Texas, Area Code (AC) 713, Telephone Number TW 2-9473.

BILL DATED 10/6/63

September 30, 1963	Station to Station call to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone #TW 2-9473

BILL DATED 9/5/63

August 14, 1963	Station to Station Call to Newark, New Jersey, AC 201, Telephone # HU 5-1541.
September 1, 1963	Person to Person call to ALLEN WALLER, Atlanta, Georgia, AC 404, Telephone # TR 2-1765.

BILL DATED 8/5/63

July 6, 1963	Call from "Murrett" in Fayetteville, Arkansas, from a coin phone, HI 2-9591

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN /mh Date dictated 11/30/63

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	to M. HERDOHOFF , New Orleans, Louisiana, telephone #891-2298, billed by the 3rd number billing system to HU 8-4326
July 7,1963	Station to Station call to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone #TE 8-3943
July 7, 1963	Collect call from Barling, Arkansas, station to station from JOHN MURET at coin phone 883-0926
July 11, 1963	Station to Station to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone # TE 8-3943
July 15, 1963	Person to Person to GENE MURRET, Mobile, Alabama, AC 205, telephone #342-6465
July 18, 1963	Person to Person to Miss ELS BETH KULIK, c/o Eastern Airlines, Houston, Texas, Telephone #644-1261. Call made from coin operated phone in New Orleans by JOHN MURRETT billed to Hunter 8-4326 by the 3rd number billing system. Toll ticket contains notation that JOHN MURRETT is son of DUTZ MURRETT.
July 16, 1963	Person to Person from MURRETT to ALAN WALLER, Atlanta, Georgia, AC 404, Telephone #TR 2-1765

NO 89-69/mh
3

BILL DATED 7/5/63

July 1, 1963,	Station to Station to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone # TE 8-3943
June 19, 1963	Person to Person to ELIZABETH KULIK (room 299) at San Antonio, Texas, AC 512, Telephone # DI 4-4581.
June 8, 1963	Station to Station to Tradewinds Motel, Biloxi, Mississippi, AC 601, Telephone #ID 5-2351
June 6, 1963,	Person to Person to Reverend (name not shown) at the Tradewinds Motel, Biloxi, Mississippi, Area Code 601, Telephone #ID 5-2351.

Toll records for HU 8-4326 prior to July, 1963 have been destroyed and current toll records concerning calls made after November 5, 1963, will not be available until the regular billing date December 5, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

Mrs. CHARLES F. (LILLIAN) MURRET, 757 French Street, furnished the following information:

The address 809 French Street which her nephew, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, may have given to the P. G. Beauregard Junior High School or Warren Easton Senior High School is not an address at which he ever lived, but rather is the address by which her own residence was known prior to about ten years ago. The house numbers on the street were changed at that time and her house number was then changed to the current 757 French Street. OSWALD and his mother probably stayed at her home for a few days when they returned to New Orleans around that time or OSWALD may have given that address because he knew it was a more permanent address than the one his mother and he would have. OSWALD and his mother lived on Exchange Place at this time and it may be that he also listed Mrs. MURRET's address in case of an emergency of some kind. OSWALD never actually lived at her home but only stayed for a few days.

Mrs. MURRET advised that a few of her relatives still send her cards addressed to the old address. LEE OSWALD sent her a card while he was in Russia and he addressed it to 809 French Street. She stated the card was destroyed by her nephews while they were playing games. As best she could recall, OSWALD requested on the post card that she write to his mother.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT/lrs Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

Mr. JOHN M. MURRET, residence address 6622 Louis XIV Street, employed by the E. R. Squibb and Sons as a pharmaceutical representative, furnished the following information:

He is a cousin of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. His mother and LEE's mother are sisters. He could not recall anything about LEE OSWALD while LEE was going to Beauregard Junior High School or Warren Easton High School. He did recall that on one occasion LEE's mother telephoned his house several times during an evening when LEE apparently was attending a party of the Civil Air Patrol. LEE's mother was worried and, he understands, LEE did not arrive home until about 2:00 A.M. This is the only incident he could recall pertaining to LEE's stay in New Orleans in the 1950's. LEE never did play with him when they were both children.

In the Spring of this year, he went home at lunchtime and there was a bag on the floor, and his mother told him that he could never guess who was at the house. For some unexplained reason, LEE's name came to his mind and he guessed that was who it was. LEE had on worn clothes and was wearing a heavy wool suit which had apparently been purchased while he had been in Russia. He gave LEE some of his white shirts and ties so that he would look presentable while seeking employment.

LEE apparently contacted a number of employment agencies and left word with them to call the telephone number of MURRET's mother, because JOHN answered quite a number of telephone calls himself. LEE had apparently requested that the number be called even though no job was available because most of them merely told JOHN that there was nothing available for LEE. He recalled receiving a call a few days after LEE started to work for the William B. Reily and Company. The caller, who was a man, said that they had something LEE was interested in and gave a name and telephone number. JOHN tried to call LEE at the Reily company but could not immediately reach him and then tried to look up in the telephone book the name he had been given but could not find it. He did not telephone the number given to him to advise that he could not immediately contact LEE, but later on did give LEE the message. He was of the opinion that it was a blueprint or a photography shop that had called.

JOHN recalled that LEE received a letter from the Unemployment Department of the State of Texas, which apparently

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On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT:ush Date dictated 11/30/63

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contained his unemployment check. He could recall no other mail received by LEE.

LEE and his wife and child visited the MURRET home on about three occasions. There were no political discussions of any kind. LEE had worked in Russia either as a photographer or as an assistant in the photographic laboratory and was interested in painting and draftsman's work.

MURRET recalled that on the day OSWALD had a debate over a New Orleans radio station with another individual, pertaining to his political views, LEE telephoned the house about fifteen or twenty minutes before the debate started and asked them to turn on the radio to listen to it, which he did. He did not question OSWALD subsequently in connection with this debate or regarding his political views.

He never went into LEE's apartment on Magazine Street but he did drive him home on Labor Day after LEE and his family had visited MURRET's home. MURRET's mother and sister accompanied him and he drove his 1960 white four-door Dodge Dart automobile.

MURRET's father drove LEE and his family home the one or two other times in his father's 1956 green four-door Mercury, although the family's 1950 gray Plymouth may possibly have been used.

JOHN MURRET stated LEE HARVEY OSWALD had no co-ordination whatsoever. MURRET tried to teach him to drive an automobile and took him out about two hours one day to let him practice, but it appeared hopeless as OSWALD had no sense of co-ordination. JOHN MURRET stated that he actually pushed OSWALD into even trying to learn how to drive and OSWALD apparently was not in the least interested.

The last time MURRET saw OSWALD, or heard anything concerning him, was on Labor Day when he drove him home. He could furnish no information concerning any friends or acquaintances of OSWALD's.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/1/63

Mrs. OTIS GRAFFORD, Mc Adams Ranch, Crowell, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE CLAVERIE OSWALD of Fort Worth, Texas, had worked for her and her husband for two months during June and July, 1961, as a housekeeper and cook. She added that she had employed Mrs. OSWALD as a result of Mrs. OSWALD answering an ad that she, Mrs. GRAFFORD, had placed in a Fort Worth, Texas newspaper. She added that Mrs. OSWALD was an excellent housekeeper and cook and that her employment was entirely satisfactory and the only reason she left was because she was a little bossy and that Mrs. OSWALD and her mother, LESLIE MC ADAMS, who is elderly, started fussing with each other quite a bit and all of them thought it better if Mrs. OSWALD left.

Mrs. GRAFFORD added that Mrs. OSWALD had advised her that she had a son who had gone to Russia and had married a Russian girl. She added that Mrs. OSWALD had furnished this information prior to the time she agreed to work for them. She further added that Mrs. OSWALD corresponded with her son and talked about him quite frequently during the time she worked for them. She added that Mrs. OSWALD had told them that her son, LEE OSWALD, had been discharged from the U. S. Marines and came to her home in Fort Worth where he stayed for two or three days then left to go to New Orleans, Louisiana, to work. She stated that Mrs. OSWALD further stated that she thought her son LEE was in New Orleans working until she read in a local Fort Worth paper that her son had defected to Russia. She further added that Mrs. OSWALD told them that she had no idea whatsoever as to why her son had left the United States and gone to Russia and could not understand how he could get to Russia unless maybe he might have been working for some Government agency.

Mrs. GRAFFORD stated that when Mrs. OSWALD left their ranch that she moved to Vernon, Texas, where she worked for various families and that on one or two occasions she returned to Crowell and came to the ranch to visit them but only stayed a short time on each visit. She further added that at times Mrs. OSWALD appeared to be very happy and on other occasions she appeared to be very moody

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on 11/25/63 at Crowell, Texas File # 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS - gj Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/1/63

OTIS GRAFFORD, McAdams Ranch, Crowell, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE CLAVERIE OSWALD had worked for him as a housekeeper and cook from June 1, 1961, until August 1, 1961, when she left his employment because she and his mother-in-law, Mrs. LESLIE MC ADAMS, started fussing at each other nearly all of the time. He added he and his wife first became acquainted with Mrs. OSWALD when she answered an ad they had placed in a Fort Worth, Texas, paper. He added she was an excellent housekeeper and an excellent cook and, so far as he knew, she appeared to be a loyal American citizen and never said anything which would in any way indicate otherwise.

Mr. GRAFFORD further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had told them that she had a son who had gone to Russia to live and married a Russian girl. He added she corresponded with her son and told them that when her son, LEE, was discharged from the United States Marines, he came to her home in Fort Worth, Texas, and stayed a few days, then left to go to New Orleans, Louisiana, to work. He added that she had advised that she thought her son was in New Orleans, working, until she read in a local Fort Worth paper that he had defected to Russia. He added Mrs. OSWALD stated to them on several occasions that she did not have any idea why her son had gone to Russia.

Mr. GRAFFORD stated that when she left their ranch, she moved to Vernon, Texas, where she apparently worked for several families.

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on 11/25/63 at Crowell, Texas DL File # 100-10461 89-43

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS :lp Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/1/63

JOE LONG, 318 North First Street, Crowell, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD had worked for him for approximately six weeks during May and June of 1962 as a practical nurse taking care of his invalid mother. He added that Mrs. OSWALD had advised him and had mentioned it on several occasions that her son, LEE OSWALD, had left the United States and gone to Russia to live and had married a Russian woman and had one child. He added that during the time she was working for him, that she had received information that her son was going to return to the United States and bring his Russian wife and child with him and that she expected him to return in the near future. He added that during the time she worked for him, she appeared to be a loyal American citizen but was considerably upset and talked quite a bit. He further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had stated that she resented the fact that people did not have anything to do with her and turned their backs on her because her son had gone to Russia. He added that during the time Mrs. OSWALD worked for him, she received information that her son had landed in New York City with his wife and son and that she immediately proceeded to Fort Worth, Texas, and arrived there the day he arrived from New York. He said that for some reason she had to stay in a motel that night and that a couple of days later she returned to Crowell, Texas, but that she only worked for a few days and then quit her job and moved to Fort Worth so she could be near her son, his wife and child. He added that Mrs. OSWALD during the time he knew her was a very worried and confused person.

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on 11/25/63 at Crowell, Texas File # 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS - gj Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/1/63

BARON PHILLIPS, Route 1, Vernon, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD had worked for him as a housekeeper and practical nurse for approximately six months from about August or September, 1961, until about January or February, 1962. He added that her duties were to take care of his mother and father, who lived nearby. He stated her work was entirely satisfactory, and she never made any statements against the U. S. Government during the time he knew her; and, according to her actions and talk, he never had any reason to doubt her loyalty to the U. S. Government.

Mr. PHILLIPS stated when he hired Mrs. OSWALD, she first told him that she had a son that had gone to Russia to live and had married a Russian girl. He added that while employed by him, Mrs. OSWALD appeared at times to be upset considerably because her son had gone to Russia. He further stated that during the time Mrs. OSWALD worked for him, that she told him her son was trying to secure permission to return to the United States and to bring his wife and child with him. He stated the reason she left his employment was because she talked nearly all the time and that made his father very nervous.

Mr. PHILLIPS stated that sometime during the early part of 1962, either just before or soon after Mrs. OSWALD left his employment, she was having trouble trying to get someone to sign a statement so her son could bring his wife and child with him to the United States, and that he agreed to, and did, sign some kind of a statement for her which was to be submitted to Immigration and Naturalization, stating that her son's wife and child would be adequately supported if they were allowed to come to the United States with their husband and father, LEE OSWALD.

Mr. PHILLIPS stated that so far as he knew, Mrs. OSWALD was a very loyal American citizen when he knew her. He also added that she did communicate with her son in Russia. He further stated that when she left his place he moved her to the home of Mrs. JOHN T. BISHOP, where, he understood, she was going to live.

100-10461
on 11/25/63 at Vernon, Texas DL File # 89-43

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS :lg Date dictated 12/1/63

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and that Mrs. OSWALD definitely was considerably upset because her son had gone to Russia. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had shown her a scrapbook which she kept and in this scrapbook she had all of the articles and letters and anything else which dealt with her son LEE since he was born and also various communications with Governmental agencies concerning his going to Russia. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD during the time she worked for them and lived on the ranch appeared to be a loyal American citizen and had never said anything which would indicate otherwise.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

Mrs. JOHN T. BISHOP, 4000 Circle Drive, Vernon, Texas, advised that sometime in February or March, 1962, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, who had been working for BYRON PHILLIPS, wanted a place to live and that she and Mrs. OSWALD agreed that Mrs. OSWALD could move into her home and the two of them would share expenses. She advised that Mrs. OSWALD lived in her home approximately three or four weeks at which time she secured another job with a Mr. FORBEES in Vernon and moved to his home.

She further advised that before Mrs. OSWALD moved into her home she had advised her that she had a son by the name of LEE who had gone to Russia to live and had married a Russian girl. She added that Mrs. OSWALD mentioned that she told her this so that she would know the full facts concerning her prior to the time she moved in. She added that during the time Mrs. OSWALD lived at her house that she had worked for some rest home in Vernon for approximately two weeks. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had made a trip to Ft. Worth which was her home, and stayed for two or three days before returning.

Mrs. BISHOP stated that during the time Mrs. OSWALD was living in her home, she had advised that her son had secured permission to return to the United States and bring his Russian wife and child with him. She added that after Mrs. OSWALD had returned from her trip to Ft. Worth that she asked Mrs. OSWALD when her son would be home and at this time Mrs. OSWALD told her that she did not desire to discuss the matter with her. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had very few clothes and practically no money and that she apparently had had a very hard life. She further advised that from all indications Mrs. OSWALD was very upset about her boy who had gone to Russia to live and that Mrs. OSWALD apparently had made a trip previously to Washington to secure some type of assistance or information concerning her son. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD showed her gifts that her son had sent to her. She added that during the time Mrs. OSWALD lived at her house, she did not receive any mail and that she also mentioned that she had a boy in the Army in Japan and that she also had another son but from indications left by Mrs. OSWALD, Mrs. OSWALD did not apparently get along with the other son's wife. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had also worked for R. S. LEONARD and that she came to her house from the BYRON PHILLIPS home where she

on 11/24/63 at Vernon, Texas File # DL 100-10461
DL 89-43

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS:jj Date dictated 11/29/63

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had worked for some five or six months.

Mrs. BISHOP advised that during the time Mrs. OSWALD lived in her home she appeared to her to be a loyal American citizen and that she never at any time did anything or said anything which would indicate otherwise. She added that Mrs. OSWALD was bossy and fussy and was hard to get along with.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/1/63

ROBERT S. LEONARD, 2315 Wilbarger Street, Vernon, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD had worked for him as a housekeeper and practical nurse for approximately three or four weeks during the early part of 1962. He added that during the time she worked for him he considered her to be a loyal American citizen inasmuch as she had never said anything which would indicate otherwise. He added that he recalls that she mentioned, during the time she lived at his house and took care of his mother, who was a semi-invalid, that she had a son overseas and from her talk she thought he might be working for the Government. He added that he does not recall her mentioning that her son was in Russia.

He further added that during the time she was there she was expecting some money to be sent to her from her son who was supposedly overseas.

He added that due to the short period of time that she worked for them he did not get to know her very well, but that she appeared to be very nice, and that her employment was entirely satisfactory. He added that she had quit their employment and, he thought, had returned to Fort Worth, Texas, which was her home, but that she might have worked for some other family in the vicinity prior to returning to Fort Worth.

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on 11/26/63 at Vernon, Texas File # DL 89-43
DL 100-10461

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS - LAC Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

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CURTIS RENFRO, District Attorney, Vernon, Texas, advised that Mrs. JOHN T. BISHOP, 4000 Circle Drive, Vernon, Texas, had told him that Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, had formerly worked in Vernon, Texas, and lived for a short time in her home. He added that Mrs. BISHOP had left the impression with him that Mrs. OSWALD might have had communistic leanings when she lived with her.

He advised that Mrs. OSWALD had also worked for DEAN PHILLIPS and ROBERT S. LEONARD while she lived in Vernon. He further advised that he does not personally know or remember Mrs. OSWALD and had no further information concerning her.

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on 11/24/63 at Vernon, Texas File # DL 100-10461
DL 89-43

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS:jj Date dictated 11/29/63

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DL 100-10461

E. ASSOCIATES, ACQUAINTANCES, and PERSONS IN CONTACT WITH SUBJECT IN PAST

FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

New Orleans, La.

1 ED TURNLEY, Security Manager, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, 1215 Prytania Street, furnished the following information:

On November 24, 1963, YVONNE COOPER, nee RUSSELL, Operator Number 19, Covington, Louisiana, notified her supervisor that two or three days previously she had handled a prepaid long distance, person-to-person call to LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the "Texas State Book Depository", Dallas, Texas. Mrs. COOPER recalled that it was necessary for her to contact the Dallas information operator for this information. She specifically remembered the words "Book Depository" in her request to Dallas Information. She stated she obtained this number and was connected without any difficulty.

Mrs. COOPER stated that this call was placed by an adult female who was very polite, had no speech impediment, no accent, and who appeared to be familiar with the proceedings in placing long distance telephone calls. Mrs. COOPER stated that the answering party in Dallas, who was a female, was asked by her for LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The answering party advised she did not know who OSWALD was. At this point, according to Mrs. COOPER, the calling party advised OSWALD is a new employee. Mrs. COOPER thinks the calling party said OSWALD was the janitor. Mrs. COOPER stated that at this point the answering party said "oh" as if she knew who it was, and the call was completed.

Mr. TURNLEY stated that he interviewed Mrs. COOPER at length and was unable to obtain any variations in her story in any way. Mr. TURNLEY described Mrs. COOPER as being 31 years of age, with seven or eight years service with Southern Bell. TURNLEY stated Mrs. COOPER is divorced and lives with her mother and father in rural Covington, Louisiana. TURNLEY said that Mrs. COOPER appeared completely sincere and levelheaded throughout the interview and was not nervous. He stated that Mrs. COOPER told him she worried about this information on Saturday, November 23 and Sunday, November 24 and consulted her parents as to what to do, prior to reporting this information to her supervisor. Mr. TURNLEY stated that Mrs. COOPER's supervisor contacted her parents, Mr. and Mrs. ARCHIE T. RUSSELL, Rural Free Delivery, Covington, Louisiana,

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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and verified that Mrs. COOPER had discussed this matter with them prior to reporting same. TURNLEY stated that Mrs. COOPER recalled that when filling out the card she wrote the words "LEE" and "OSWALD" so close together that she had to write the word "HARVEY" on an angle between them.

TURNLEY stated that he determined Mrs. COOPER worked 7:30 AM to 11:30 AM and 3:30 PM to 7:00 PM on a split shift and was off duty on November 11, 1963. She worked part of a day on November 12 and 13, 1963. She worked her regular shift on November 14 and 15, 1963. She was then off for three days and again worked her regular shift on November 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23, 1963. Mr. TURNLEY stated that the only available toll tickets at Covington were those for November 21 and 22, 1963, which were visibly checked, and no such ticket was located. He stated that tickets for dates previous to November 21, 1963, had been forwarded to the Accounting Department and were mixed in with all of the other toll tickets, including direct-distance dialing tickets for the entire New Orleans area. He stated the Covington Office of Southern Bell handles calls from Covington, Slidell, Mandeville, Madisonville, Pearl River, and LeCombe, Louisiana. He said Mrs. COOPER believes the call originated at Slidell, Louisiana.

Mr. TURNLEY stated that he is attempting to arrange for an IBM run on all toll tickets in New Orleans, which he estimated to be approximately 70,000. He stated that the check would consist of three separate runs of these tickets and would necessitate the entire Accounting Section being shut down.

NO 89-69/mh

The following investigation was conducted by SA EDWARD C. MORGAN, JR.:

AT SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA:

On November 27, 1963, Major ORVILLE RICHARDS, Identification Officer, Shreveport Police Department, made available the arrest record of JOHN DAVID KILGORE, Shreveport Police Department #68059. This reflects an arrest on July 26, 1959, for investigation of "false statement." He was sentenced on August 14, 1959 to a $50 fine or 15 days in jail, and an additional 15 days in jail, for a violation of Paragraph 5, Article 174, Louisiana Code. No other local arrest was shown. He was described as born August 14, 1917, Haskell, Texas, white male, 6'5", 204 pounds, dark brown hair, blue eyes, ruddy complexion, address 1824 Highland Avenue, Employment as driver for Yellow Cab Company.

The investigative report on this arrest shows KILGORE had reported being robbed, but subsequently admitted his report was false and he had not been robbed.

This record contained an FBI Identification Record received August 3, 1959, FBI #250840D, which showed one prior arrest on March 7, 1948, by the Police Department, Wichita Falls, Texas, for investigation of forgery. He was released, date not shown.

The following investigation was conducted by SA DONALD R. BELMONT:

AT BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA:

On November 27, 1963, WILLIAM THORNTON, Identification Officer, Bossier City Police Department, advised his records reflect JOHN DAVID KILGORE, White male, born August 14, 1917, Haskley, Texas, address 2718 2nd Avenue, Shreveport, was arrested on a charge of forgery, December 1, 1961, and was subsequently transferred to the Bossier City Jail, Benton,

Louisiana. Final disposition not shown. THORNTON advised this individual has FBI #250840D.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES A. WOOTEN:

AT BENTON, LOUISIANA:

On November 27, 1963, Deputy W. E. JONES, Bossier Parish Sheriff's Office, advised his records reflect that JOHN DAVID KILGORE, was received from the Bossier City Police Department, date unknown, on a charge of forgery and was sentenced on January 15, 1962, to one year in the Louisiana State Penitentiary, Angola, Louisiana. This record shows his address as Jefferson Motel, Shreveport, Louisiana, occupation bull dozer operator. It reflects birth place as Haskell, Louisiana, but does not indicate birth date.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

Mrs. JOHN D. KILGORE, 2830 Chapman Street, Shreveport, Louisiana, advised her husband, JOHN D. KILGORE, had left the house that morning indicating he was going to contact the FBI and tell that he had known LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Dallas, Texas. She stated her husband is out of work and has been out of work ever since he was discharged from his job at Bilbo Trucking Company in Dallas, Texas, except for a brief period of employment with a trucking company at Shreveport. She stated he stays away from home most of the day and comes in late at night and indicates he is looking for employment.

Mrs. KILGORE stated she had met LEE HARVEY OSWALD, known to her as HARVEY OSWALD, on one occasion this being in 1956 when she and her husband lived at 820 Packard Street, Dallas, Texas. She advised her husband went to work for Wales Trucking Company, Dallas, where OSWALD worked at that time and that her husband brought OSWALD home for dinner on one occasion. She stated she never saw OSWALD again but her husband said later that when he worked at Bilbo Trucking Company, Dallas, OSWALD came in several weeks to get his pay check but did not seem to work there. She stated she recognized the LEE HARVEY OSWALD shown on television in recent days as the HARVEY OSWALD she met once at Dallas.

Mrs. KILGORE advised her husband had received a head injury while working for Bilbo Trucking Company at Dallas and had also been hit on the head several times while working in the oil fields. She stated he also suffers from a bad back condition and has difficulty holding employment. She advised that he is rational most of the time but on occasion appears to have spells when he seems to be "out of his mind". She stated she did not think he would intentionally furnish false information, but that he may be angry with BILBO because BILBO fired him from his job and reportedly told an employment agency at Austin, Texas, that KILGORE stayed drunk. She stated her husband always seems to feel that when he loses a job it is because

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On 11/26/63 Shreveport, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DONALD R. BELMONT :gas Date dictated 11/27/63

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someone has told a story about him to his employer. She verified that her husband had served about one year in the Louisiana State Penitentiary at Angola, Louisiana, for passing a small check, which occurred when he was out of work and needed money.

Mrs. KILGORE stated her husband, JOHN D. KILGORE, was born in 1917, exact date unknown, at Kaufman County, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/27/63

Mr. FRANCES GROSZ, Sr., 2620 Canal, Secretary-Treasurer, Louisiana State Rifle and Pistol Club, after reviewing the membership roster of his organization advised that he has no persons listed as members by the surname of LEE using any initials or first names.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER :dmm 186 Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/27/63

Mr. JOSEPH COLLARA, dba Chalmette Jewelry, St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana, who is the President of the St. Bernard Rifle and Pistol Association, after reviewing the membership roster of his organization advised that he has no persons listed as members by the surname of LEE using any initials or first names.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER :dmm 157 Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

New Orleans, La.

ROBERT LAWRENCE HELLER, 4703 Freret Street, advised he resides in the upstairs apartment at this address and has a telephone number 899-8631. He advised that at this time he is employed part time with television station WYES and also Motion Picture Advertising, 1032 Carondelet Street. HELLER stated that he is not personally acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD as he has never met this individual, however, some time during the month of August, 1963, he was at the location on Canal and Carondelet Streets when he observed OSWALD handing out leaflets for Fair Play for Cuba. At this time he observed that OSWALD was being "pushed around" by several male individuals he identified as Cubans and that these individuals were actually taking the leaflets from OSWALD and destroying same and causing a considerable disturbance. As a result of this disturbance, OSWALD was arrested by the New Orleans Police Department and he believes was taken to jail. HELLER advised that he is unable to give the specific date of OSWALD's arrest at this time but believes this can be checked with the New Orleans Police Department. He is of the opinion that this was some time during the month of August, 1963.

As a result of this arrest he contacted attorney JACK NELSON and advised him of OSWALD's predicament because he felt OSWALD would probably be needing an attorney in this instance. He advised that he is not aware of what action, if any, NELSON may have taken in connection with OSWALD. HELLER advised that this was the only occasion he has ever seen OSWALD and has no further information as far as OSWALD is concerned.

HELLER advised that he is not acquainted with any of the following individuals:

JACK RUBY
O. H. LEE
A. J. HIDELL

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 44-2064
NO 89-69

by SAs JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. and DEAN S. LYTLE :sms 188 Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-28-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mrs. RUTH KLOEPFER, 306 Pine Street furnished the following information:

At some time in July, 1963 she received a long distance call from a Mrs. RUTH PAINE in Irving, Texas. Mrs. PAINE said she had gotten Mrs. KLOEPFER's name from a Mrs. ELEANOR HAMMOND, 1202 Bandera Lane, Garland, Texas. Mrs. KLOEPFER knew Mrs. HAMMOND to be a Quaker and active in the Friends Meeting Group. Mrs. PAINE wanted to ask a favor of Mrs. KLOEPFER, going on to say she would like Mrs. KLOEPFER to visit a Mrs. LEE OSWALD at 4907 Magazine Street. Mrs. PAINE identified Mrs. OSWALD as a friend of Mrs. PAINE who was having domestic trouble and feared her husband might send her back to Russia. Mrs. PAINE wanted Mrs. KLOEPFER to find someone who could speak Russian in case Mrs. OSWALD, who was about to have a baby, needed help. Mrs. KLOEPFER agreed to do this but did not do so as soon as she had anticipated.

About two or three days later she received a second long distance call from Mrs. PAINE. She told Mrs. PAINE she had not been to see Mrs. OSWALD as yet. Mrs. PAINE stated that was fine because in the meantime she had received a letter from Mrs. OSWALD who informed that Mr. OSWALD had returned, that they were not separating, and that Mr. OSWALD was not sending her back to Russia. She promised Mrs. PAINE she would visit Mrs. OSWALD anyway to see if she could help.

She then received a letter from Mrs. PAINE which was dated July 18, 1963 and with which was included a copy of a letter Mrs. PAINE had written to Mrs. PAUL BLANCHARD. Mrs. KLOEPFER furnished these two letters and they read as follows:

"July 18

"Dear Ruth Kloepfer -

"The enclosed speaks for itself. I don't know, of course, whether Mrs. Blanchard is on vacation, or will get this letter promptly. I have only her home address, which might go to her directly on Saturday, but on Monday she would be at the Unitarian Church (I

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S TROY H. GIST & EUGENE E. BJORN :dc Date dictated 11/27/63

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"judge) and not see her home mail until evening.

"As you see, I feel finding a Russian speaker is very important not only to get the present news, but to act as a contact for Marina should she need emergency help. I doubt one year of college Russian would be sufficient, although your daughter would probably find contact with Marina rewarding. What they could say to each other, however, would be severely limited.

"I very much appreciate your taking interest in this matter.

"Sincerely
/S/: Ruth Paine".

"2515 W. 5th Street
Irving, Texas
July 18, 1963

"Mrs. Paul Blanchard
4721 Perrier
New Orleans 15, La.

"Dear Mrs. Blanchard,

"Mrs. Philip Harper, the secretary at the Dallas Unitarian Church suggested I write to you when I told her of the following problem.

"I have a girl friend in New Orleans whom I have not heard from for over a month. She is from the Soviet Union and came to this country over a year ago with her husband, an american whom she met and married there.

"Marina's contact with speakers of English has been small and she still speaks and understands very little in English. (She and I speak and correspond in Russian.) Her last letter stated that she thought

"she might have to go back to the Soviet Union, something she would prefer not to do. But she and her husband have not been getting along, and he has said that he would like her to go back. They have a baby girl 1½ years old, and are expecting a second child in October. Marina's last letter also stated that she has not been able to make contact with any Russian speaking people in N.O.

"Frankly, I'm worried. I have no way of calling them and getting current information directly. I would like to ask you to seek a Russian speaking person there who would be able to go and visit with Marina, thereby making contact for her with someone of the N.O. Russian community. With such a contact she could seek help if she needs it.

"Yesterday evening, in my concern, I telephoned Mrs. Ruth A. Kloepfer (Mrs. Warner) 306 Pine Street, New Orleans 18, UN 6-0389. She is clerk of the N.O. Friends Meeting. (Quakers) I asked her also to look for someone who could speak Russian and go to visit Marina. She could not think of anyone she knew who could speak the language, but said she would go. It is a great kindness on her part to do this. She does not know me any more than you do.

"Marina's full name and address is: Mrs. Lee Oswald, 4907 Magazine, N.O. It is my impression that this address is not far from your church.

"If you would be so kind, please call Mrs. Kloepfer and see if she has any news. I am asking for your help in addition to hers because of her mention that she knew no one in the Russian community. Perhaps between you you can find some Russian speakers. There must be quite a few in N. O. The language barrier is very real; I don't believe Marina would be able to convey much to a person speaking only English. (Russian is her only language.)

"On July 27th I plan to leave here for vacation in the East. If there is any point to my doing so I will plan to drive (to Mass.) via New Orleans. If Marina has already left for the Soviet Union, of course, there would be no point in my coming.

"My address July 31 to 12 will be c/o Young, Naushon Island, Woods Hole, Mass. After that time until Sept. 17 it will be c/o Arthur Young, Paoli, Penna. I am hoping, of course, to know something by the 27th, but add these addresses in case they should prove useful.

"Any help you can give on this whole matter will be greatly appreciated.

"Sincerely,

/S/: Ruth Paine

"Ruth Paine
(Mrs. Michael R. Paine)

"carbon to:
"Ruth A. Kloepfer
306 Pine Street
New Orleans, 18, La. "

One evening, probably during latter July or early August, 1963 she went to visit Mrs. OSWALD at 4907 Magazine Street. LEE OSWALD met her at the door and was not receptive to her visit until she stated Mrs. PAINE had requested she drop by to see Mrs. OSWALD. During this brief visit, LEE OSWALD translated her conversation with Mrs. OSWALD. She asked OSWALD if he was working. He said he was not but was looking for work. She asked him what kind of work he did and he replied that he was a mechanic and had also done dark room and photographic work. She asked OSWALD if he or Mrs. OSWALD had

relatives in the New Orleans area who could assist Mrs. OSWALD in the event he was away. He identified an aunt of his as Mrs. (FNU) MURRETT, telephone HU 84326.

Mrs. KLOEPFER stated she made no attempt to locate any Russian speaking person to visit with Mrs. OSWALD and she had no further contact with Mrs. PAINE or OSWALD until in September, 1963. On Friday, September 20, 1963 she received a call from Mrs. PAINE who stated she was in New Orleans and visiting in the OSWALD residence. Mrs. KLOEPFER told Mrs. PAINE she would visit with them the following Sunday September 22, 1963. On Sunday afternoon about 2:00 P.M., she and her two daughters, KAROL and RUTH ANN, both of whom speak Russian, called upon LEE and Mrs. OSWALD and Mrs. PAINE at 4907 Magazine Street. They visited the above for approximately one hour. Upon entering this residence they noticed the PAINE station wagon was packed and asked OSWALD about this. He stated Mrs. OSWALD was going to Texas with Mrs. PAINE and they were about ready to leave. OSWALD indicated he was staying in New Orleans for a couple of days after which he was going north or to Philadelphia, or to "somewhere in the East". They asked him why he was making this trip and he was very evasive and indefinite about where he was going or why but said something to the effect that his trip pertained to business.

She recalled that in conversation during the above visit, OSWALD expressed a fondness for Russia. They asked him why he left Russia and returned to the United States if he was fond of it there. OSWALD stated living conditions in Russia were not very good and he did not want to raise his children there. They asked him how he was able to stay in Russia for an extended visit. OSWALD said everyone who stays in Russia has to be a citizen, after which he related he had been a tourist in Russia for about a month and then became a citizen. He also made mention on the fact that he had a rather difficult time in getting back into the United States, adding that it usually takes six months to get into Russia and about six months to get out.

NO 89-69/dc

Mrs. KLOEPFER stated she had never known Mrs. PAINE and had never heard of LEE or Mrs. OSWALD prior to the above two contacts. She stated she had not seen Mrs. PAINE or the OSWALDS subsequent to the September 22, 1963 visit. Mrs. KLOEPFER furnished the above two letters in order that copies could be made of them.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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R. M. DAVIS, Investigator for DEAN ANDREWS, attorney-at-law, Audubon Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised upon the instruction of his employer, DEAN ANDREWS, he has made extensive searches of the files of ANDREWS' office, and has been unable to locate any record of CLAY BERTRAND or a record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He advised that he recalls OSWALD visiting ANDREWS' office and ANDREWS had mentioned to him that OSWALD was desirous of obtaining a hearing on his bad conduct discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps.

DAVIS advised that he could not recall or identify any of the individuals with whom OSWALD came to the office.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

RAYMOND COMSTOCK, Investigator, District Attorney's Office, advised that DEAN ANDREWS, attorney-at-law, had contacted him, attempting to identify CLAY BERTRAND. COMSTOCK advised he was familiar with a number of homosexuals in the New Orleans French Quarter but has been unable to identify this individual.

LG

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

JOHN NEUMEYER, Sans Lounge, 801 Jefferson Highway, (residence, 1541 Franklin Avenue, New Orleans) furnished the following information.

NEUMEYER advised that he attended Beauregard Junior High School in New Orleans approximately 10 years ago. He recalls LEE HARVEY OSWALD being a student in that high school at the same time, however, OSWALD was one year ahead of NEUMEYER and NEUMEYER advised that he had no contact whatsoever with OSWALD except on one occasion. NEUMEYER explained that when he was either in the 7th or 8th grade he got into a fight with OSWALD because OSWALD was picking on his, NEUMEYER's, brother, MICHAEL. NEUMEYER recalls that OSWALD struck him a few times and that ended the fight. NEUMEYER advised that he did not know OSWALD personally, could not recall any former students OSWALD may have associated with, and could recall no background information concerning OSWALD. He noted however that OSWALD went by the nickname of "Yankee" and did not seem to get along with other students as he, NEUMEYER, had heard OSWALD often became involved in fights.

NEUMEYER further advised that the last time he saw OSWALD was in Junior High School and he has not seen or heard about OSWALD until reading about him in the newspapers a few days ago.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SAs KEVIN J. HARRIGAN and WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH :sms Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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DEAN ANDREWS, attorney at law, Audubon Building, [illegible] Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, currently confined at Hotel Dieu Hospital, Room 202, was contacted and advised that since last interviewed he had suffered a relapse and at the time of the interview he was under heavy sedation and could recall no information which would assist in the identification of CLAY BERTRAND. ANDREWS advised that BERTRAND had called him Saturday evening, November 23, 1963, and requested him to act as his attorney to defend LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/27/63

DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE was interviewed at his residence, 3330 Louisiana Avenue Parkway and was advised of the identity of interviewing Agents. He was advised he did not have to make a statement, that any statement he did make could be used in a court of law and he had the right to the advice of an attorney.

FERRIE stated that at the time of the Bay of Pigs Invasion of Cuba, he was very embarrassed and concerned over the lack of air cover provided the Cubans who were engaged in the invasion and that he severely criticized President JOHN F. KENNEDY both in public and in private. He stated that he does not recall specifically what he said in making these criticisms and might have used an off-hand or colloquial expression "He ought to be shot" to express his feelings concerning the Cuban situation. He stated that he has never made any statement that President KENNEDY should be killed with the intention that this be done and has never at any time outlined or formulated any plans or made any statement as to how this could be done or who should do it.

FERRIE stated that when it came to serious discussions, when the question of impeachment of President KENNEDY arose he opposed any impeachment proceedings. FERRIE said that within one year prior to the first Russian Sputnik he recalls being quite critical of the U.S. Space Project and the Defense Program. He said he had also been critical of any president riding in an open car and had made the statement that anyone could hide in the bushes and shoot a president. FERRIE also advised that he has been accused of being a worshiper of President KENNEDY because he is a liberal and strongly believes in President KENNEDY's Civil Rights Program and Fiscal Program.

FERRIE stated he has never loaned his library card to LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any other person at any time and that his library card, to the best of his recollection has not been out of his possession since it was issued to him. He exhibited New Orleans Public Library card # M.L. 89437 bearing the stamped lettering N.R. - P.D. in the upper left hand corner. FERRIE said the letters N.R. mean non-resident,

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S ERNEST C. WALL, JR. & THEODORE R. VIATER /bal Date dictated 11/27/63

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and the letters P.D. mean paid. He related that at the time he obtained this library card he was living in Metairie, Louisiana and had to pay for the issuance of the card. The library card shows it was issued in the name of Dr. DAVID FERRIE, 331 Atherton Drive, and expiration date is shown as March 13, 1963.

FERRIE stated he has no recollection of knowing or having met LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Civil Air Patrol or in any business or social capacity.

FERRIE stated he has never owned a telescopic sight, a rifle equipped with a telescopic sight, has never used a weapon equipped with a telescopic sight and does not know how to use one. He also said he has never instructed LEE HARVEY OSWALD or anyone else in the use of American made or foreign made rifles or firearms.

FERRIE said that while in the Civil Air Patrol he assisted in firearms instruction at Civil Air Patrol Bivouacs for range safety only.

FERRIE claimed he has owned a Stinson 150 blue and white, single engine, four passenger monoplane, registration number 8293K and that this plane has not been airworthy since the license expired in the spring of 1962. FERRIE stated he has never flown LEE HARVEY OSWALD to Dallas, Texas or any other town in Texas at any time. He said that the only planes he would have access to would be rental planes.

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Date 11/27/63

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MYRTLE EVANS, 1910 Prytania Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, was interviewed at her residence and supplied the following information:

Mrs. EVANS advised that she is interested in playing Bridge and has been pursuing this card game as a means of recreation for approximately 30 years. She stated that she recalls that in approximately 1933 or 1934, while at a bridge game, she became acquainted with a young girl named MARGUERITE OSWALD, who was living on City Park Avenue. Mrs. EVANS learned that MARGUERITE OSWALD's first husband, name unrecalled, had left her when MARGUERITE OSWALD became pregnant with her first child, JOHN (LNU). Mrs. EVANS quit playing cards around 1934 and lost contact with MARGUERITE OSWALD. Around 1939 or 1940, she met MARGUERITE OSWALD on Canal Street, at which time she was either pregnant with her son LEE HARVEY OSWALD or had just given birth to this boy. MARGUERITE OSWALD told Mrs. EVANS that she also had another son and that she was currently married to a man named OSWALD, first name unknown. She stated that between 1934 and 1939 or 40, she (MARGUERITE OSWALD) had resided with her sister Mrs. MURRET, who at that time lived on City Park Avenue, exact address unknown. Mrs. OSWALD told Mrs. EVANS she had met her second husband while she was residing with her sister, due to the fact that her second husband was in the insurance business.

At a later date, approximate time unknown, Mrs. EVANS again met Mrs. OSWALD, at which time Mrs. EVANS was informed that MARGUERITE OSWALD's second husband had died from a heart attack and that MARGUERITE OSWALD had given birth to LEE HARVEY OSWALD rather than the girl she had hoped for.

In approximately 1947 or 1948, Mrs. EVANS visited MARGUERITE OSWALD in Dallas, Texas, where MARGUERITE OSWALD was married to her third husband, EDWARD EGDEFF. While Mrs. EVANS was in Texas she learned

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On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN M. McCARTHY :sab Date dictated 11/27/63

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that MARGUERITE OSWALD and her husband had travelled to New York because of her husband had a job which required a great deal of travelling on his part. Mrs. EVANS stated that she does not recall when or how long the OSWALD family stayed in New York. To the best of Mrs. EVANS' recollection, MARGUERITE OSWALD and her family came to New Orleans and contacted her around May or June of 1954. Mrs. EVANS recalled that the OSWALD family resided at 1454 St. Mary Street for approximately eight months.

She related that in approximately January or February, 1955, MARGUERITE OSWALD told her that she was going to look for another place to live because she could not afford her present rent. After a brief search for an apartment by MARGUERITE OSWALD, she again contacted Mrs. EVANS and asked for her old apartment. Mrs. EVANS informed Mrs. OSWALD that she had already rented the apartment but that Mrs. OSWALD could occupy another apartment located at 1452 St. Mary, which building Mrs. EVANS also managed. MARGUERITE OSWALD stayed in this apartment at 1452 St. Mary for approximately two months, after which time she moved to an address on Exchange Alley.

Mrs. EVANS said that from her observation of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a relatively young man, she would characterize him as a quiet type of boy who enjoyed reading and motion pictures. She said that OSWALD was a spoiled child who usually got his own way. She said that she did not know what type of books LEE OSWALD liked to read but recalls that he was extremely interested in the radio and television. She said that LEE OSWALD did not go out to dances or parties or social gatherings and that when he did go out he went to see his cousins or to attend motion pictures. She stated that LEE OSWALD was not friendly with the neighbors because at that time there were no children in the area of his own age. She said that she does not know of any organization with which LEE OSWALD was associated. She said that OSWALD was very demanding on his mother and that he liked his mother to give him meals promptly and would holler at

her if she were talking with Mrs. EVANS around meal time. Mrs. EVANS said that LEE OSWALD did not bother with people too much but that he was rather studious. She said that LEE OSWALD also indicated that he liked to travel and do things, but she could not give any specific example that would give her this indication except her general appraisal of OSWALD from what she observed of him. She said that from what she could judge from both actions and background he seemed to be "for the under dog" and he could be characterized as an introvert rather than an extrovert. She said that OSWALD was close to his mother and that his mother seemed to favor him over her other two sons. She recalled that on one occasion MARGUERITE OSWALD told her that while she (MARGUERITE OSWALD) owned a home some place on either Arts or Alvar, exact address unknown, she had to leave LEE HARVEY OSWALD with a couple who lived at her home rent free. She stated that this couple's job was to mind LEE HARVEY OSWALD while she (MARGUERITE OSWALD) worked. Mrs. EVANS said that Mrs. OSWALD told her that she (MARGUERITE OSWALD) came home early from work one day and noticed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had welts on his legs, which he received from the man who was taking care of him. Mrs. EVANS stated that she does not recall who this couple was because she had no contact with MARGUERITE OSWALD at the time she was residing at this house.

Mrs. EVANS stated that from her observations of LEE HARVEY OSWALD during the period of 1954 and 1955 he never gave any indication either by word or by action that he was sympathetic to the Communist cause. As a matter of fact, Mrs. EVANS said, LEE OSWALD seemed to be patriotic because he admired his brother who was then in the Marine Corps and he also was interested in joining the military when he became of age. She stated that LEE OSWALD was basically a student and if he liked the subject he would study it continuously and devote himself to it and absorb as much as he could concerning the subject he was studying.

After the time that MARGUERITE OSWALD and her family moved from the St. Mary Street residences to Exchange Alley, Mrs. EVANS did not have any contact with the OSWALD. About a year and a half later, she ran into a friend of MARGUERITE OSWALD, name unknown, who worked at D. H. Holmes, Canal Street, and inquired as to the whereabouts of MARGUERITE OSWALD. Mrs. EVANS said the friend told her that MARGUERITE OSWALD stayed in New Orleans for about one year after she moved from the St. Mary Street address. The friend informed Mrs. EVANS that during that time LEE HARVEY OSWALD attended Warren Easton High School and Mrs. OSWALD worked as a buyer for Lerner's Department Store on Canal Street, among other stores, names unknown.

Around September, 1962, Mrs. EVANS said she ran into MARGUERITE OSWALD's sister, Mrs. MURRET. Mrs. EVANS again inquired as to the OSWALD family and was informed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had gone to Russia and had given up his United States citizenship. Outside of this fact, stated Mrs. EVANS, Mrs. MURRET knew nothing of her sister.

Mrs. EVANS advised that around the first week in May, 1963, exact date unrecalled, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, whom she did not recognize at first, came to her door and inquired of her about renting an apartment. He told Mrs. EVANS that he was currently living with his aunt and that he had just obtained a job with the Reily Coffee Company. OSWALD told Mrs. EVANS that he had married a girl while he was in Russia and had one child. OSWALD also informed her that he had been living with his wife in Fort Worth, Texas, for the last eight months and that he was anxious to have his wife and child join him in New Orleans. OSWALD told Mrs. EVANS that a friend, whom he had known in Fort Worth, who spoke Russian was going to bring his wife from Texas to New Orleans. OSWALD told Mrs. EVANS that his family was to join him on that weekend. Mrs. EVANS asked OSWALD if he had surrendered his United States citizenship while he was in Russia, at which OSWALD replied in the negative and said, "I just went to Russia."

Mrs. EVANS told OSWALD that she had an apartment available for him but when OSWALD learned how much rent he would be required to pay, he remarked that he could not afford it. Mrs. EVANS advised that she and OSWALD conversed for about an hour and that the conversation centered mainly on the health and location of his mother and brothers. She stated that OSWALD did not have any baggage of any kind with him when he came to her house and that their conversation never centered in the area of politics.

Mrs. EVANS said that she drove LEE OSWALD around town in her car to look at apartments until finally he rented an apartment in approximately the 5300 block of Magazine Street. Mrs. EVANS advised that about ten days to two weeks later LEE OSWALD called her and invited her to his apartment to meet his family. OSWALD told Mrs. EVANS that his wife did not care for the high ceilings in the apartment because she was use to the modern apartment they had in Russia.

Around July, 1963, Mrs. EVANS said she called a neighbor of OSWALD who lived next door (exact name and address unknown) and inquired as to whether or not OSWALD was still living at the Magazine Street address. The woman told Mrs. EVANS that LEE OSWALD was still residing there but he and his family kept mostly to themselves and that LEE OSWALD spoke nothing but Russian to his family. Mrs. EVANS stated that since July, 1963, she has not had any contact in any way with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mrs. EVANS advised that at the present time there are no records of the tenants who resided at 1454 and 1452 St. Mary Street at the time LEE OSWALD lived there. She advised that due to the transient nature of her tenants, she cannot recall any person who lived there during that period. She stated that the above information is all that she remembers concerning her association with MARGUERITE OSWALD and her family.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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JUNIOR O'ROURKE, United Taxi Cab driver, who operates on the corner of Bourbon and Conti Streets, New Orleans, Louisiana, a former New Orleans police officer, retired, who has extensive contacts in the New Orleans French Quarter, particularly among the homosexual element, advised that CLAY BERTRAND was unknown to him and that inquiry among sources known to him familiar with the French Quarter had been negative to identify this person.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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Records of Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, New Orleans, Louisiana, which are available upon issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted] Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, Room 535, 1215 Prytania Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, reflect the following information:

TWinbrook 9-5553 is assigned to JOHN MURAT, 3626 Constance Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. The service was connected October 17, 1946 and is still in operation. Credit information, last verified in 1956, reflected Mr. MURAT employed as a machinist helper for the Sewerage and Water Board. No tolls were located for this number on the August and September bills. The July bill reflects one toll on July 5, 1963 to Slidell, Louisiana, telephone number 884-2304 at 8:10 PM. This ticket contains a notation that the call was for "ERWIN or MICHELET." Under the name "ERWIN" was a notation "JACK." Under the name "MICHELET" was a notation "AUGUSTUS."

UNiversity 6-0389 is assigned to H. WARNER KLOEPFER, 306 Pine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. This service was connected June 22, 1952, and is still in operation. Credit information on this record reflects KLOEPFER is a member of the faculty at Tulane University. The record further reflects that this service was temporarily suspended on August 26, 1963, and was reconnected September 7, 1963. During this period calls were referred to New Orleans telephone number 887-3032, which is assigned to JACK BARINGER, 1409 Airline Park Boulevard, Metairie, Louisiana. Mr. BARINGER is listed as the pastor of St. Matthews Methodist Church, 6017 Camphor Street, Airline Park, and this service was connected July 1, 1963. No tolls were listed for BARINGER's telephone during August and September.

The following tolls were listed for University 6-0389:

September 2nd bill:

8/14/63 . (Two calls) DDD to 892-5400, Covington, Louisiana..

8/22/63 DDD call to 892-5400, Covington, Louisiana.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-63

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN :dmm Date dictated 11/27/63

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8/9/63 Person-to-person call to Miss FREDA MALONE at Citronelle, Alabama, area code 205, telephone number 866-2161.

8/20/63 Collect call from RUTH KLOEPFER, Tacoma, Washington (Calling number not shown)

August 2nd bill:

7/11/63 Credit card call (Card #866-0389-S46) from Covington, Louisiana, 892-(last digits not listed) to Springfield, La., telephone 294-3912. Call placed to J. R. LITTEY (may be LILTEY)

7/11/63 Credit card call (Card #866-0389-S46) from Hammond, La., 345-2812, to French Settlement, La., 698-2673 to Mrs. L. W. MATHON.

7/27/63 Person-to-person call to Hammond, La., 345-2812 to MIKE GIACONE.

7/27/63 Credit card call (Card #866-0389-S46) from coin phone at Hammond, La., to New Orleans number 887-3032.

7/27/63 DDD call to Hammond, 345-2812

7/29/63 DDD call to Baton Rouge, EL 6-1932

7/29/63 Station-to-station call to Baton Rouge, La. 356-1932.

July 2nd bill:

6/14/63 Person-to-person to Baton Rouge, La., DI 8-5661 to HERNANDEZ at Foodtown Store #3, 3455 Florida Blvd.

6/19/63 A credit card call(Card #866-0389-S46) from a coin phone at Columbus, Ohio, to telephone number 697-7104, Roseville, Ohio.

7/1/63 DDD call to Baton Rouge, EL 6-1932.

Bell Telephone Company Credit Card #866-0389-S46 is a valid credit card listed to UNiversity 6-0389 at New Orleans.

Covington, Louisiana, telephone number 892-5400 is listed to the Lemane Studio, Fourth Street, Covington. This service connected May 19, 1960. Bill for this number is sent to Post Office Box 53, Covington. Record indicates this is a photographer, sole owner ART LEMANE. It was also noted that LEMANE's residence telephone number is also 892-5400.

Slidell, Louisiana, telephone number 884-2304 is listed to A. C. MICHELET, Christy Ann Lea Subdivision, Slidell, Louisiana. Service connected February 8, 1963, and was changed to 643-3608 during July, 1963. Record reflects MICHELET is a plumber working out of a local union. The record reflects MICHELET has other service in New Orleans, Louisiana, TWinbrook 9-4748, listed in the name of A. C. MICHELET, 919 Antoine Street, which has been in operation since 1939.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 27, 1963

Mr. JOHN MURAT advised that his telephone number was TW 9-6553, and he resides at 3626 Constance Street, New Orleans. He further advised that he is employed as a machinist by the New Orleans Water and Sewage Board.

After viewing a photograph of LEE H. OSWALD he stated that he is not acquainted with OSWALD either by name or appearance. According to MURAT, he is not acquainted with MICHAEL R. PAINE or anyone else in Irving, Texas. He has received no telephone calls from Texas and rarely receives any long distance calls at any time.

JOHN MURAT inquired of his daughters, FLORENCE MURAT, age 17, and RUTH MURAT, age 11, as to their having received long distance telephone calls in his absence. He stated that his daughter, RUTH, recalled having answered the telephone call late one evening this past summer, exact date unrecalled, and a man asked for her mother or her father. He said that his daughter, FLORENCE, told him that RUTH referred the call to her and she was asked by the caller about an individual whose name was unknown to her and unrecalled.

Mr. MURAT stated that he could furnish no idea as for whom the telephone call was intended.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MERRIMAN D. DIVEN /cjo Date dictated 11/27/63

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Date November 27, 1963

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ALFRED PECORARO, 1205 North Rampart Street, student at Louisiana State University, New Orleans, advised that he is Publicity Chairman of the New Orleans Council for Peaceful Alternatives, and is a member of a Socialist Study Group in New Orleans which meets regularly at various locations throughout the city. He said the last meeting of the New Orleans Council for Peaceful Alternatives was in June of 1963. PECORARO advised among his acquaintances are WILLIAM EDWIN CLARK, LIONEL HAMPTON MITCHELL, JOHN D. BASS, BILL HOGAN, ROBERT HOFFMAN, and DAVE HOFFMAN. PECORARO described DAVE HOFFMAN as "apolitical." He said the others generally travelled in the same circle as does he (PECORARO). He noted that HOFFMAN last year was Editor of "The Reed," at Tulane University. He stated HOFFMAN resides on Decatur Street, New Orleans, in the area of Esplanade Avenue.

PECORARO advised he was certain that he had never attended a meeting of any group contemporarily with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He examined OSWALD's photograph and stated that he could not say that he had ever seen this man in person.

PECORARO advised he most certainly had never attended any gathering where assassination of Presidents was discussed; that any group with which he is associated advocates peace, and that he would not sit through such discussions.

Subsequent to President KENNEDY's death, PECORARO had a discussion with LIONEL HAMPTON MITCHELL about OSWALD, and MITCHELL likewise stated that he had never seen OSWALD on any occasion in New Orleans.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA's JOHN W. SMITH & KEVIN J. HARRIGAN/nhl Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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ROY MC COY, 108 Fourth Street, Chalmette, Louisiana, telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office of the FBI and advised that his wife had received a telephone call from DAVID FERRIE during the afternoon of November 27, 1963.

Mr. MC COY said that he was not at home when FERRIE called but according to his wife, FERRIE was interested in any photographs which MC COY might have in his possession. These photographs were in reference to MC COY's former association with the Civil Air Patrol of which he was a member during the early 1950's. He said the meetings of his group were held at the New Orleans Airport and that for a time, DAVID FERRIE was the head of this unit. FERRIE also asked Mrs. MC COY whether the name of OSWALD was familiar to her.

Mr. MC COY said that he had not returned FERRIE's call but that in conversations with his wife, it was her impression that FERRIE was seeking information about OSWALD and photographs of OSWALD to show that he was not acquainted with OSWALD.

Mr. MC COY said that to the best of his recollection, OSWALD never attended any Civil Air Patrol meeting at the New Orleans Airport nor did he ever meet OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA STEPHEN M. CALLENDER /sam Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 27, 1963

Mrs. ALICE GUIDROZ, Secretary to Attorney G. WRAY GILL, 1705 Pere Marquette Building, was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at which time she stated that she had no recollection of ever having seen this man in person, and that she was certain that OSWALD had never visited DAVID W. FERRIE in her presence while FERRIE was employed by G. WRAY GILL.

Neal Co. Inc. La.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN W. SMITH :gas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-28-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/27/63

JAMES R. LEWALLEN, Apartment 9, 1309 Dauphine Street, was interviewed in a Bureau automobile in the 3300 block of Louisiana Avenue Parkway. LEWALLEN advised that he is employed at the National Car Rentals, 740 Baronne Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

LEWALLEN informed he has known DAVID FERRIE since the end of 1947 having met him in Cleveland, Ohio when he was a member of the Civil Air Patrol where FERRIE served as an instructor. LEWALLEN said that he went on active duty during the Korean War in 1950 and at that time FERRIE was still living in Cleveland, Ohio. He said that he returned to Cleveland, Ohio on leave in September, 1951 and at that time learned from FERRIE's mother that FERRIE had taken a job with Eastern Airlines.

LEWALLEN said that he was discharged from the service on May 28, 1952 but did not see FERRIE again until the Christmas Holidays, 1952 when FERRIE visited his mother in Cleveland, Ohio.

LEWALLEN said that in May, 1953 he telephonically contacted DAVID FERRIE who at that time was living in New Orleans and inquired about the possibilities of getting a job in New Orleans. He said that he moved to Kenner, Louisiana where he roomed with DAVID FERRIE from May, 1953 to May, 1955.

In May, 1955, he re-entered the Air Corps and did not see FERRIE until he returned to New Orleans to live about the end of August, 1955. LEWALLEN stated he graduated from pilot training in October, 1956 and was assigned as a pilot with the Louisiana National Guard at Callender Field. He stated since that time he has lived in the New Orleans area.

LEWALLEN stated that he has seen DAVID FERRIE from time to time and on occasions has visited in FERRIE'S home. He stated he saw DAVID FERRIE at his residence, 3330 Louisiana Avenue Parkway on November 20, 1963 but did not see him or have any contact with him on November 21 and 22, 1963 and did not see him again until the evening of November 26, 1963.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S ERNEST C. WALL, JR. & THEODORE R. VIATER /bal Date dictated 11/27/63

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LEWALLEN stated that during the time DAVID FERRIE was connected with the Civil Air Patrol in New Orleans he had voluntarily assisted him with the squadron; however, he had no official connection with it. He stated that he does not recall anyone by the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD being a member of the Civil Air Patrol Squadron in New Orleans.

LEWALLEN further remarked that he has never seen anyone by the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in FERRIE's company, has never been introduced to anyone by that name and has never heard DAVID FERRIE mention anyone by that name.

A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to LEWALLEN at which time he advised he does not know OSWALD.

LEWALLEN further advised that he has never seen anyone in FERRIE's company or been introduced to anyone by FERRIE with the names A. T. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, ALEC JAMES HIDELL, ROBERT HIDELL, V. T. LEE or O. H. LEE.

LEWALLEN advised that DAVID FERRIE owns a Stinson 150 monoplane which is presently at the Lakefront Airport. He stated to the best of his knowledge this plane has not been in flying condition for at least the past year.

He further informed that he recalls on one occasion FERRIE borrowed a Piper Cub Plane but this was at least two years ago. LEWALLEN said he does not know who this Piper Cub belonged to and does not know whether FERRIE has access to this plane at the present time.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1

W. HARDY DAVIS, 3044 Louisiana Avenue Parkway, advised that early in the evening of Saturday, November 23, 1963, he had had a discussion of DAVID FERRIE with JACK MARTIN at the latter's home, and the discussion speculated on the possibility that FERRIE might have had something to do with killing President KENNEDY, as they both knew that FERRIE was a gun fancier, and MARTIN had recalled seeing a picture of a rifle allegedly used to kill President KENNEDY, which MARTIN thought was similar to the rifle he had seen in FERRIE's possession several years ago. It was also mentioned by MARTIN that FERRIE had once discussed a short story plot which involved the shooting of the United States President.

A short while later, after DAVIS had returned home, MARTIN called him and told him that he heard a television program which had tied FERRIE in as Civil Air Patrol Instructor with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and MARTIN told DAVIS that the television program had reported that the library card of DAVID FERRIE had been found in the possession of OSWALD in Dallas, Texas upon the latter's arrest. DAVIS advised he did not see the television program, but immediately contacted FERRIE's attorney, G. WRAY GILL, and told him what MARTIN had said. When talking to GILL, DAVIS advised he heard that FERRIE had received Cuban literature in GILL's office, and the latter confirmed this in conversation to DAVIS. DAVIS stated he did not know what literature was received or what was the nature of the literature mailed to GILL's office. DAVIS said the information regarding FERRIE's possible ownership of firearms and instruction of OSWALD in the use of firearms and a rifle scope was a matter of pure speculation on the part of JACK MARTIN, and he had no information other than MARTIN's statement to confirm these allegations,

DAVIS said that MARTIN was his source of information as to the linking of FERRIE with OSWALD. He said he himself has no direct knowledge whatever as to any association between the two men. He said he has had little or no association with FERRIE; however, he is closely associated with JACK MARTIN, who reportedly was once closely associated with FERRIE.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA's REGIS L. KENNEDY & JOHN W. SMITH/jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

JACK S. MARTIN, 1311 North Prieur Street, New Orleans, La., advised that he has never heard DAVID FERRIE make a statement that President KENNEDY should be killed, or outline a means by which he could be killed. MARTIN stated he had never made a statement to anyone regarding this allegation.

He advised that over several years association with FERRIE, he has heard him state the Deputy Sheriffs in Jefferson Parish who had charged him (FERRIE) with a Crime Against Nature offense, should be killed. His remarks were made in general conversation several years ago. MARTIN stated he had never repeated these comments to anyone.

MARTIN advised he had several phone discussions with HARDY DAVIS, a bail bondsman and self-confessed homosexual, regarding a television program which mentioned the possibility that DAVID FERRIE was associated with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Civil Air Patrol, and MARTIN and DAVIS may have come to the conclusion that OSWALD had used or carried FERRIE's library card.

He advised he had three telephone conversations with Assistant District Attorney HERMAN KOHLMAN, New Orleans, on Saturday, November 23, 1963, in which he told KOHLMAN that FERRIE had guns similar to the type used to kill President KENNEDY that had appeared on television, and further informed KOHLMAN that HARDY DAVIS had told him FERRIE possessed Cuban propaganda literature that he kept in attorney G. RAY GILL's office in New Orleans, but GILL made FERRIE move it approximately a year ago. MARTIN said DAVIS claimed it was Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature but MARTIN did not believe it, because he knew FERRIE was active with the Cuban Front Group that was anti-CASTRO. MARTIN stated he is acquainted with the leaders of the anti-CASTRO group that were in New Orleans before the Bay of Pigs Invasion, and was aware that FERRIE was also involved with this group. MARTIN advised he talked with JERRY PHILIP STEIN to obtain the phone number of KOHLMAN, who had recently married and obtained a new phone number, and that STEIN was the former roommate of KOHLMAN.

WG XEROX Jan 9, 1964

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SAs L.M. SHEARER, JR. & REGIS L. KENNEDY/nhb Date dictated 11/27/63

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MARTIN admitted he had talked with STEIN about FERRIE, but did not recall specifically what information he furnished STEIN.

MARTIN advised he called television station WWL, New Orleans, and told them they should contact Major PRESLEY J. TROSCLAIR of the New Orleans Police Department, who was investigating FERRIE's connection with the shooting of President KENNEDY. He made this call immediately after he had called Major TROSCLAIR and furnished him with his suspicions regarding FERRIE, based upon his personal knowledge of FERRIE and his observation of WWL-TV programs of the background of OSWALD.

MARTIN advised he received information from HARDY DAVIS that FERRIE was out of town and suspected FERRIE had gone to Texas. MARTIN made this information available to Assistant District Attorney KOHLMAN.

MARTIN further stated he considered FERRIE to be a completely degenerate person and it was his opinion that FERRIE is capable of any crime. It was for this reason MARTIN suspected FERRIE of being involved in the killing of President KENNEDY.

MARTIN advised he is a Private Investigator in New Orleans, but is not employed in this occupation at present.

MARTIN advised that he considered the possibility that FERRIE had taught OSWALD to shoot a rifle and use a telescopic sight, in that he knew FERRIE taught military training to Civil Air Patrol cadets and OSWALD was a Civil Air Patrol member. MARTIN insisted he told no one FERRIE had flown OSWALD to Dallas, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-28-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

L Date November 27, 1963

G. WRAY GILL, 1705 Pere Marquette Building, advised that he has known DAVID W. FERRIE since about 1961, at which time GILL represented FERRIE in a criminal matter in Jefferson Parish, Louisiana, and in a grievance brought by FERRIE against Eastern Air Lines following his dismissal from that company. Following the latter case, FERRIE worked for GILL as an investigator and all round handyman up to the present time at $300 a month.

GILL said that FERRIE is brilliant but erratic. He said FERRIE is outspoken and appears to want to be the center of attraction. He said FERRIE has been affiliated with a local Cuban group operating out of the Balter Building. GILL is reasonably certain the Cubans were anti-Castro and were interested in overthrowing the present Cuban government. GILL believes that FERRIE's interest in this movement were probably to impress a group of young boys who run around with him.

GILL said that he has no direct knowledge whatever of any association between FERRIE and LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He said that last Saturday, November 23, 1963, he, GILL, received a call from BILL REED, WWL-TV inquiring as to the whereabouts of FERRIE. It was learned that the news media had been advised of possible involvement of FERRIE with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. GILL thereupon contacted W. HARDY DAVIS who then informed him that he had learned through hearsay when OSWALD was arrested by the Police Department in Dallas, Texas, he had in his possession a library card of DAVID W. FERRIE. DAVIS also informed him that his source of information, JACK MARTIN, also informed him that MARTIN had told the FBI and the New Orleans Police Department that FERRIE had stated, in MARTIN's presence, that KENNEDY should be killed and had outlined plans to accomplish this; also that MARTIN had tipped off the FBI, Secret Service, New Orleans Police Department and news media that he had tied FERRIE to the assassination of President KENNEDY and that FERRIE knew OSWALD, had trained OSWALD and had flown him to Dallas, Texas; also, possibly, that FERRIE had trained OSWALD in the use of foreign weapons and a rifle scope. GILL said he

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by SA JOHN W. SMITH :gas Date dictated 11/27/63

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is hazy as to the exact details of what he was informed by DAVIS but that the foregoing is the general nature of the information.

GILL noted that FERRIE and MARTIN were once close friends, until they got involved in a "ecclesiastical" deal wherein MARTIN was supposed to represent throughout a large territory the Holy Apostolic Catholic Church of North America. MARTIN blames FERRIE because he did not get the job and reportedly has slandered FERRIE at every opportunity.

GILL said that he went to FERRIE's residence, 3330 Louisiana Avenue Parkway, and found a young man, LAYTON MARTENS there. He informed MARTENS of the allegation against FERRIE and instructed him not to get himself involved, but to cooperate with the authorities in any manner he could as the matter allegedly involving FERRIE was very serious.

Later that evening FERRIE called him from Texas. He informed GILL that he had gone there to make arrangements for construction of a skating rink in New Orleans. FERRIE later returned to New Orleans and was arrested by the New Orleans Police Department for possible implication in the death of the late President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

GILL said that he recalled that FERRIE was in New Orleans the morning of the day President KENNEDY was assassinated. He said he recalls this date well because on that date the Federal Jury in New Orleans returned a verdict in favor of GILL's client, CARLOS MARCELLO. GILL thereupon contacted his secretary, Mrs. ALICE GUIDROZ, who stated that she was positive FERRIE was in the office at 12:15 p.m. on November 22, 1963, because he left at this time stating that he would be back at about 1:30 p.m., which he failed to do. GILL said that FERRIE had done some

investigative work in the MARCELLO case and he recalls that FERRIE and others connected with the case were at the Royal Orleans Hotel on the evening of the day President KENNEDY was slain.

GILL was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at which time he advised that he does not ever recall having seen the man in person.

GILL advised that he has never heard FERRIE make any statement or remark which would indicate that his feelings against any political figure were strong enough to precipitate physical action against that figure.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

LIONEL HAMPTON MITCHELL, rear apartment, Second floor, 1321 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he is a member of the New Orleans Council for Peaceful Alternatives, and that he last attended a meeting of this organization in May, 1963, at Tulane University in New Orleans. He knew everyone at the meeting and also at previous meetings and could not recall seeing LEE HARVEY OSWALD at any of these meetings, or meeting him personally. He has had no association with OSWALD or JACK RUBY and knows nothing concerning their personal conduct or activities other than what he has read in the newspapers and heard through other news media. He further advised that the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was unfamiliar to him as well as that of JACK RUBY.

He had no personal knowledge concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and said he had read of it either in the "Nation" or the "Progressive" and he knew of no organization as the Fair Play for Cuba Committee being active in New Orleans. He said he had read after the assassination of the President that OSWALD had been handing out leaflets in New Orleans for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

He stated that a few nights ago he had been talking with a friend, BRIAN AMPOLSK, about 20 years of age, a senior at LSU, New Orleans, majoring in philosophy and AMPOLSK said he had met OSWALD at a lecture where OSWALD had been the speaker. MITCHELL thought this would have been in April, May or June of 1963. AMPOLSK described OSWALD to MITCHELL as a "crackpot" rather than as a Marxist.

MITCHELL voluntarily furnished the following information concerning himself and stated that he "might as well tell you as you would find out about it anyway":

He said his personal philosophy is that he is opposed to an invasion of Cuba and is for disarmament.

He said at one time he almost duplicated OSWALD's actions, not in the assassination of the President, but rather he had been arrested in about November, 1962, by the New Orleans police for contributing to the delinquency of a

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by SA RONALD A. HOVERSON /jm Date dictated 11/30/63

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minor and he had become very disenchanted with America and himself, and as a result had written a letter to the Russian Embassy in either Washington, D.C., or New York City, making vague allusions that he would consider giving up his American citizenship. MITCHELL said he never wanted to be a Communist or a member of the Communist Party of the USA and said he now regrets this foolish move he had made and that he has since matured.

He received a reply to his letter which suggested to him that he apply for the student exchange program and they furnished the name of a professor at the University of Indiana who was the Administrator of the exchange program as the person to contact.

MITCHELL said he never followed up on this suggestion and did not acknowledge the letter, and as far as he was concerned it was the end of it.

In addition, MITCHELL said his friends have referred to him as a "left winger."

The following description of MITCHELL was obtained through observation and interview:

Race	Negro
Sex	Male
Nationality	American
Age	21
Born	September 7, 1942 New York City
Height	5'5"
Weight	215
Build	Medium

Hair	Black
Eyes	Brown
Complexion	Dark with acne
Occupation	Currently unemployed but is a free-lance writer
Education	Attended LSU, New Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana
Social Security #	438-62-4630

FD-302 (Rev. 1-28-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

1

MELVIN STACEY COFFEY, 618 North Pierce Street, who is employed by Chrysler Corporation, Michoud Plant, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he has lived in New Orleans most of his life. COFFEY said he has known DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE for the past eight or nine years. He related that in 1953 he started hanging around the CAP Squadron at Moisant Airport, but at that time was too young to join the unit. He said that he finally joined the Moisant Squadron of CAP in early 1954 and at that time either JOE LISMAN, an employee of Delta Airlines, or a Captain YOUNG was the Commandant. COFFEY said that later, during the time he was a member of the Moisant Squadron, the Commandant changed, but he does not recall the identity of this individual.

COFFEY said that when he first joined the Moisant Squadron, the entire membership, including cadets and senior members, was small, totaling approximately 15. He said that the membership of the squadron wavered between 15 and 30 members until 1956 when it grew to 50 - 70 members. COFFEY said he left the squadron in August or September, 1957.

COFFEY said that DAVID FERRIE was never directly associated with the Moisant Squadron, but FERRIE was a member of the New Orleans Squadron at the New Orleans Airport. He advised that the only time in his recollection that FERRIE had any direct association with the Moisant Squadron, was on one weekends when FERRIE coordinated a bivouac.

COFFEY stated that he entered the U. S. Army in November, 1958, and was honorably discharged in February, 1962, and that during the time he was in the service he saw DAVID FERRIE only on occasions when he was home on leave.

COFFEY said beginning in February, 1962, he started visiting DAVID FERRIE's home about once a month and during the intervening year it has finally built up to the point where in the past six or seven months he has visited FERRIE's home approximately two or three times each week. COFFEY stated that he does not recall anyone by the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a member of or attending any meetings or activities of the Moisant Squadron of CAP. A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to COFFEY at which time he advised that he does

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On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ERNEST C. WALL, JR. /cjo Date dictated 11/30/63

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now know OSWALD and he is unable to associate the photograph of OSWALD with any individual he knows. COFFEY further stated that he has never met anyone at DAVID FERRIE's home, nor has he been introduced to anyone by DAVID FERRIE by the name of LEE OSWALD and he has no recollection of FERRIE ever having mentioned anyone by that name. COFFEY stated that he has never met anyone at the home of DAVID FERRIE or been introduced to anyone by DAVID FERRIE by the names of V. T. LEE, O. H. LEE, ROBERT HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, or ALEK JAMES HIDELL.

COFFEY informed that DAVID FERRIE owns a Stinson High Wing Monoplane which accommodates four passengers. He said that FERRIE's plane is located at the New Orleans Airport and to the best of his knowledge this plane has not been airworthy for quite some time. He stated that the wings of the plane needed to be re-covered. COFFEY stated that he does not know exactly the period of time FERRIE's plane has been laid up and does not recall the last time FERRIE used his plane. However, he heard ALVIN BEAUBOUEF talking about a flight he and FERRIE made around the New Orleans area either during Mardi Gras, 1963, or a year ago. COFFEY said he has never known FERRIE using his plane to fly to Cuba nor does he have any knowledge of FERRIE using any other plane for a trip to Cuba.

COFFEY stated on November 20, 1963, ALVIN BEAUBOUEF mentioned to him that he and FERRIE planned to take a trip, possibly to Houston, Texas, for the purpose of relaxing and inquired as to whether he would be interested in accompanying them. COFFEY stated that he contacted his supervisor and made necessary arrangements to make the trip with BEAUBOUEF and FERRIE. He stated that at the time they were undecided as to whether they would go to Houston, Texas, or to Florida. However, DAVID FERRIE and BEAUBOUEF were particularly interested in ice skating and for that reason they were in favor of going to Houston, Texas. COFFEY said that to the best of his knowledg DAVID FERRIE placed a call to an ice skating rink in Houston, Texas, on Thursday night, to determine whether there was an ice skating rink in Houston and whether it was open at that time.

COFFEY stated that FERRIE picked both he and BEAUBOUEF up on Friday evening, November 22, 1963, and they left New Orleans in FERRIE's Comet station wagon and droved to John Paul's Restaurant in Kenner where they ate supper. He said they left Kenner between 9:00 and 9:30 PM that night and traveled by way of Baton Rouge, Lafayette, Lake Charles and on to Houston, Texas.

COFFEY stated that they arrived in Houston, Texas, at approximately 4:30 AM, November 23, 1963, and checked into the Altamotel. He stated that they did not leave the motel that morning, but retired shortly after their arrival. He stated that to the best of his recollection, they arose at approximately 2:00 PM and that the three of them went to Sears, Roebuck and Company where they purchased jackets and sweaters. COFFEY stated that they then went to Winterland Skating Rink where they went ice skating for a while and later contacted the owner of the skating rink. COFFEY related that FERRIE was interested in the possibility of opening a skating rink in New Orleans and talked to the owner of the Winterland Skating Rink concerning the cost of installation and operation of a skating rink.

After leaving the skating rink, they returned to the motel where they remained until approximately 7:30 or 8:00 PM, at which time they checked out. They stopped to eat at an unknown restaurant and then proceeded to Galveston, Texas. He stated that they arrived at Galveston, Texas, at approximately 11:00 or 11:30 PM and checked into the Driftwood Motel and retired for the night.

COFFEY stated that they arose early on the morning of November 24, 1963, and after having breakfast, drove to Port Arthur, Texas. He said that they purchased a set of spark plugs for the Comet station wagon at an unknown service station in Port Arthur, Texas. They then drove through Orange, Texas, and after crossing the Louisiana State Line, stopped at a bar and restaurant operated by an individual known only to him by the name of BUSTER. COFFEY said that FERRIE knew BUSTER and that after FERRIE had conversation with BUSTER of approximately one-half hour, they proceeded to Alexandria, Louisiana.

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COFFEY stated that ALVIN BEAUBOUEF had relatives in Alexandria and that they planned to "socialize" while in Alexandria and then return to New Orleans. He said that after arriving in Alexandria, DAVID FERRIE attempted to contact Attorney G. WRAY GILL, but was unsuccessful in contacting him. FERRIE then called his home and learned from LAYTON MARTENS that allegations had been made involving FERRIE in the assassination of President KENNEDY. COFFEY said that after learning this, they immediately returned to New Orleans and that on arrival in New Orleans FERRIE dropped him at his home.

COFFEY stated that he has never heard DAVID FERRIE make any statement that he thought President KENNEDY should be killed and has never heard him outline any plans or make any comments as to how this could be done or how should do it.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1 Reverend ALBERT D'ORLANDO, Unitarian Church, 1800 Jefferson Avenue, who resides at 7700 Nelson Street, advised that in or about the last week in July, 1963, he received a letter from Mrs. PAUL BLANCHARD in Connecticut. She enclosed a letter she had received from a Mrs. RUTH PAINE, Irving, Texas, which asked for assistance to Mrs. LEE OSWALD. The letter also mentioned that Mrs. PAINE had called Mrs. RUTH KLOEPFER about Mrs. OSWALD, so he talked to Mrs. KLOEPFER about the matter. Mrs. KLOEPFER said she had already talked with the OSWALD family once and would do so again, taking along her two daughters who could speak Russian. He pursued the matter no further and never met the OSWALD family. He said he knew of no one in his Church other than Mrs. KLOEPFER, who knew the OSWALD family or ever talked to them.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA TROY H. GIST /jas Date dictated 11/29/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

1

DEAN ANDREWS, Attorney, Room 202, Hotel Dieu Hospital, advised that his physicians will permit him to return home November 29, 1963 and within a few days he hopes to be strong enough to go to his office, where he will attempt to identify this individual whom he believed to be named CLAY BERTRAND. ANDREWS advised he had been unable to identify the individual who called him and asked him to defend LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Dallas, Texas. He stated this individual had called him on Saturday, November 23, 1963.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /lyc Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-28-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

Mrs. PAUL BLANCHARD, 4721 Perrier Street, advised that sometime in July, she was in Connecticut visiting relatives when she received a letter from a Mrs. RUTH PAINE, Irving, Texas, who said she had obtained her name from some person in Texas. Mrs. PAINE was concerned about the welfare of Mrs. LEE OSWALD. She was on an extended visit and knew that she could not visit Mrs. OSWALD, so she forwarded the letter to Reverend ALBERT D'ORLANDO, Unitarian Church, 1800 Jefferson Avenue. She never inquired about the matter further and never met LEE or Mrs. OSWALD.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

BRIAN AMPOLSK, 1418 Haring Road, Metairie, Louisiana, appeared at the New Orleans Office on November 29, 1963 and furnished the following information:

He met LEE HARVEY OSWALD one or two days before OSWALD was arrested for handing out literature of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee on Canal Street, in New Orleans. AMPOLSK described his conversation with OSWALD as one dealing with the situation in Cuba. He said that he and OSWALD merely spoke in a general way concerning this situation. He recalled that he did not agree with OSWALD's views concerning Cuba and described OSWALD as a member of the "fanatic fringe". He advised that he considered all members of the Fair Play for Cuba as members of the "fanatic fringe". While he was conversing with OSWALD, he was aware that there were one or two other persons also handing out literature, but he paid no attention to them and does not recall what they looked like. He said that he had not known OSWALD before this chance meeting and had no contact with him after this meeting. He advised that he would not have remembered OSWALD at all unless the shooting of the President occurred. He said he was not too impressed with OSWALD and felt that OSWALD was not a sincere Marxist. In his opinion, OSWALD only wanted attention, which may have been due to the fact that his father died when he was very young. AMPOLSK stopped to talk with OSWALD while OSWALD was passing out literature on Canal Street. He was not introduced to OSWALD by anyone.

AMPOLSK said that OSWALD was bitter about the U.S. Blockade of Cuba in late 1962 and that he agreed with him, but he was not bitter in his attitude as OSWALD was. He said that he could not recall any more concerning his conversation with OSWALD as the whole conversation only lasted about five minutes.

AMPOLSK defined "fanatic fringe" as those persons who lose sight of definite goals because their thinking becomes warped by hatred.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO-69

by SA JOHN W. WEALEY :lav Date dictated 11/29/63

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AMPOLSK said that he disagreed with the President's policy concerning Cuba but liked KENNEDY's policies concerning the improvement of social and economic conditions and was very much in favor of KENNEDY's strong stand on civil rights.

AMPOLSK said he has never been a member of any organization like Fair Play for Cuba.

AMPOLSK said that he is presently a student at Louisiana State University in New Orleans and works part time at the Bridgedale Branch of the Jefferson Parish Public Library.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 30, 1963

DEAN ANDREWS, Attorney, Audubon Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that the name of CLAY GOULD means nothing to him and he can not associate this name with the person by the name of CLAY BERTRAND that called him on the night of November 23, 1963, and asked him to represent LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a defense lawyer in Dallas, Texas.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /cjo Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

1

BETTY PARENT, 935 Dauphine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised she has numerous acquaintances among sex deviates of the New Orleans French Quarter and she advised that she has been unable to determine any information which would identify an individual by the name of CLAY BERTRAND.

She advised that the only individual she could associate with either name was an individual named CLAY GOULD who associates with the sex deviates in the New Orleans French Quarter. She advised that she had no reason to believe that CLAY GOULD is identical to CLAY BERTRAND other than the similarity of the first name.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /cjo Date dictated 11/30/63

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LA 89-75
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PAUL EDWARD MURPHY, 1706 South Evergreen Street, Apartment C, Santa Ana, California, advised as follows:

MURPHY is employed as a planner by the Hughes Aircraft Corporation, Ground Systems Division, Fullerton, California. MURPHY was in the U.S. Marine Corps from June, 1956, to September, 1959.

While stationed at Atsugi, Japan in mid 1958, MURPHY was assigned to Marine Air Control Squadron-1 (MACS-1). LEE HARVEY OSWALD was also assigned to MACS-1 and was a Private First Class Radar Operator. MURPHY got to know OSWALD casually as a military acquaintance for about two or three months but did not know OSWALD well personally. OSWALD was a very self-contained individual and had no close friends or associates. When he went on liberty he went by himself. At this time, OSWALD was reportedly studying Russian. The reason OSWALD studied Russian is unknown to MURPHY.

OSWALD was exceedingly resentful of any authority and seemed to resent being ordered around by anyone. He followed orders however, and seemed resigned to serving his time in the Marine Corps. MURPHY has no recollection that OSWALD ever made any threats against his superiors or anyone else. OSWALD did not normally expound his political or ideological views; however, on one occasion in a general discussion in the barracks in Japan, OSWALD expressed pro CASTRO views. MURPHY could not now recall any exact expressions of OSWALD. MURPHY, to his recollection, stated that OSWALD seemed very intense in his convictions.

One night in the barracks in Japan, MURPHY heard a shot in an adjoining cubicle. MURPHY rushed into the cubicle to find OSWALD sitting on a foot locker looking at a wound in his left forearm. MURPHY excitingly asked what had happened and OSWALD very unemotionally replied, "I believe I have shot myself". OSWALD at that time was in possession of a small caliber Derringer type pistol which he was not authorized to possess. Some official investigation was made of this incident, the results being unknown to MURPHY.

LA 89-75
JEM:ism

In late 1958, MACS-1 was transferred to Formosa. MURPHY remained behind in the brig serving a 90 day sentence imposed on him by a Court Martial for wrongful appropriation of a camera.

In early, 1959, MURPHY returned to the United States and was assigned to Marine Air Control Squadron - 9 (MACS-9) in the Marine Corps Air Facility, Santa Ana, California. Shortly thereafter, OSWALD joined MACS-9 and again MURPHY knew OSWALD slightly until MURPHY got out of the Marines in August, 1959. While at the Marine Corps Air Facility in Santa Ana, OSWALD again had no close friends or associates. MURPHY said that while at the Marine Corps Air Facility in Santa Ana, OSWALD received a paper believed by MURPHY to be "The Worker". He also received other literature of a Socialist nature, the names of which are unknown to MURPHY. OSWALD's receipt of this literature was well known to personnel in the squadron. It was also common knowledge that OSWALD was interested in the study of the Russian language.

While in the Marine Corps Air Facility in Santa Ana, OSWALD lived in small quonset hut barracks with about four other men in his part of the hut. MURPHY said he believes the men who resided with OSWALD were BOB ALLEN, who was from near Providence, Rhode Island, and NEIL D. TESSEM, who was from Oregon, and a DONALD OSBORNE who was from Lubbock, Texas. MURPHY heard that OSBORNE had gone to Texas Tech in Lubbock, Texas, and intended to return to school there after getting out of the Marine Corps. MURPHY could furnish no further identifying data concerning ALLEN or TESSEM or their present whereabouts.

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LA 89-[illegible]
PPH:JMF

The following investigation was conducted by SAs JEROME E. MEINERT and PHILIP P. HANLON at Santa Ana, California:

BUDDY ALLEN SIMCO was located at 426 Linwood Street, Santa Ana, on November 25, 1963, and advised that in early 1958 he was in the U. S. Marine Corps Air Control Squadron (MACS) #9 at the Marine Corps Air Facility (MCAF), Santa Ana, California, as a radar operator but worked at the Squadron Office in General Administration. He advised there were about 80 men in this unit and that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in S-3 Operations Unit of MACS #9 as a radar operator. He advised he was not a personal friend of OSWALD's and could not recall any conversations with him. He added, however, it was common knowledge in their unit that OSWALD was studying Russian at that time, reason unknown to SIMCO.

He related OSWALD allegedly had a fair knowledge of Russian and at one time he witnessed OSWALD practicing Russian on a tape recorder. He stated he vaguely recalled that OSWALD subscribed to some Russian literature in the Russian language but could not be more specific in this regard.

SIMCO stated OSWALD received this literature which was mailed to him through Squadron S-3 Operations Office and that a Lieutenant MICHAEL DE PADRO of this unit was upset by the literature OSWALD was subscribing to and asked him why he did subscribe to this literature. SIMCO stated it was reported to him that OSWALD told the Lieutenant that it was just to practice Russian and added that DE PADRO's present whereabouts is not known to him, SIMCO.

SIMCO described OSWALD as a self-contained, self-sufficient individual who lived unto himself and appeared to have no close personal associates.

In July, 1959, SIMCO related that he, SIMCO, went to Japan with another Marine KERRY W. THORNLEY and while there SIMCO recalled reading an article in the "Stars and Stripes" Service newspaper, in early 1960 which said something like "L. H. OSWALD, the former Marine, had gone to Russia to defect or to give up his U. S. citizenship." THORNLEY at that time indicated he had known OSWALD in MACS # 9 at the MACF, Santa Ana, but apparently did not know him any better than SIMCO.

THORNLEY appeared very interested at this time as to why OSWALD went to Russia. SIMCO related THORNLEY got out of the Marine Corps in 1960 and resides at 1824 Dauphin Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. SIMCO did not know whether THORNLEY and OSWALD had any contact in New Orleans, [illegible]

SIMCO stated that his friend, LARRY DAWSON, has a brother, JAMES W. PRITCHETT, a patrolman on the Dallas or Grand Prairie, Texas, Police Department. SIMCO stated he called PRITCHETT Saturday, November 23, 1963, and furnished him with his above information of OSWALD.

SIMCO stated another individual who may have known OSWALD in MACS #9 is ERWIN DON LEWIS, 9682 Mystic Lane, Anaheim, California, but he, SIMCO, could furnish no further information.

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LA 89-75
SJS:ML

On November 25, 1963, Mr. ERWIN DONALD LEWIS, 9862 Mystic Lane, Anaheim, California, (774-2503), advised SA SAM J. SHOEMAKER as follows:

During 1958 and 1959, he had been a sergeant assigned to Marine Air Control Squadron 9, Marine Corps Air Facility, Santa Ana, California. In approximately October or November, 1958, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was transferred to this unit from Japan, from then until June, 1959, when he (LEWIS) was discharged, they knew one another casually as working acquaintances.

OSWALD, who was a radar operator, was an introvert. He was very quiet, kept to himself, and did not appear to have any close friends, and very seldom left the base. It was a matter of common knowledge among squadron members that he could read, write, and speak Russian, and that he read the "Daily Worker."

A Lieutenant MICHAEL DE PADRO (ph.), location unknown, assigned to Control Squadron 9, questioned OSWALD about his interest in reading the "Daily Worker." DE PADRO later told him (LEWIS) that OSWALD's answer was that he was interested only because he understood the Russian language, and was therefore interested in Russian affairs and Russian history.

ALLEN D. GRAF, ASSOCIATE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD

AT BUFFALO, NEW YORK

The following investigation was conducted by SA BIRL WILSON:

At 9:45 P.M., November 24, 1963, ALLEN D. GRAF, 31 East Utica Street, Buffalo, telephonically contacted the Buffalo Office and stated he desired to see an agent.

GRAF was interviewed at his residence the evening of November 24, 1963. At the time of Agent WILSON's arrival, GRAF's wife said she was fixing some food for GRAF to "sober him up." GRAF admitted he had been drinking.

GRAF advised that from 1948 to 1961 he served in the United States Marine Corps. At time of discharge he held the rank of Corporal E-4. His service number was 1071533. He is presently unemployed, but formerly worked as a salesman for the Tilo Company, 23 Dick Road, Depew, New York.

GRAF advised that for a period of six to eight months during 1956 and 1957 he was stationed with Marine Air Control Group #3, El Toro, California, as Platoon Sergeant. One of the members of his unit was Private First Class LEE HARVEY OSWALD, then a radio operator of Marine Air Control Group #3. GRAF said that OSWALD talked with him several times about gripes he had about the service and expressed himself as disliking military authority and rank, claiming he could not see any reason for it. He stated OSWALD appeared disorganized in his thoughts, was not rational and, according to GRAF, talking to OSWALD was like "talking to a stone wall." OSWALD always seemed to rebel when given an order, but if the order was given in the form of a request he would cooperate. OSWALD did not have any close friends in the group and stayed by himself most of the time. Whenever the men started discussions in the barracks OSWALD would get up and walk out. GRAF advised that on one occasion he asked OSWALD why he had such a bad attitude toward military service and OSWALD's reply was, "My mother had such a tough time during the depression." He made no further explanation, and did not discuss his home life. In conversations which GRAF had with OSWALD, there was no indication by OSWALD that he favored Communism or disliked the capitalist system. GRAF considered OSWALD's gripes as being similar to those of other men in the service.

GRAF advised that he gave a taped interview to WKBW-TV, Buffalo, concerning the above, and also that an interview with him regarding his observations concerning OSWALD by a reporter of the Courier-Express, a Buffalo daily newspaper, appeared in the November 23, 1963, issue of the paper.

;RMM

GRAF said that in view of newspaper reports that OSWALD spent three years in Russia, he is of the opinion OSWALD was trained by the Russians as an assassin and was given the assignment to return to the United States and assassinate President KENNEDY. As a result of conversations with OSWALD, GRAF does not believe that OSWALD is intelligent enough to have figured out a plan for the assassination of President KENNEDY and that the assassination was planned by some other person or persons. GRAF stated the above is only an assumption on his part and that he does not have any information to substantiate his allegation.

GRAF advised that he had attended firearms training with OSWALD and others when stationed at El Toro and that at that time OSWALD was rated a marksman. GRAF felt that with additional training OSWALD could easily qualify for expert, and therefore, would be capable of carrying out the plan for President KENNEDY's assassination.

GRAF said that if his theory is true he feels that possibly his life or the life of his family is in danger because of observations concerning OSWALD which he furnished TV newspaper reporters. He said he was giving consideration to purchasing a firearm of some type for protection and requested advice as to his taking such a precaution.

He was told that no advice could be given to him concerning any measures he regarded as necessary for his protection, but that should he acquire any firearms he should comply with existing state and local regulations regarding the acquisition and maintenance of personal firearms.

GRAF advised that he has had no contact with OSWALD since leaving El Toro in 1957.

The Buffalo Courier-Express, November 23, 1963, issue carried the following article:

"LOCAL MAN KNEW OSWALD AS 'HATER'
IN MARINES"

"Lee H. Oswald, arrested in Dallas, Tex., in the aftermath of President Kennedy's assassination, was described here Friday as 'a lonely, introverted, aloof boy' by Allen D. Graf, of 31 W. Utica St., who served with Oswald in the Marine Corps.

"'He always said he hated the outfit,' Graf recalled. 'And he said he was bitter about the tough time his mother had during the Depression.'

"'We all thought it was the usual gripes of a man in the service,' Graf added.

"Graf said he and Oswald served in the same Marine unit at El Toro, Calif., in 1954-55.

"'He was somewhat of a problem boy then,' Graf said.

"Recognized His Picture

"Oswald stayed by himself much of the time, seeming reticent and indifferent, Graf said, but never openly spoke against the country or the President at that time.

"Graf said he thought it was the same Oswald when early reports of the arrest were made, 'but I was positive when I saw his picture in The Courpier-Express.'"

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

-1

Mrs. VERNA DEANE BROWN, 2316 Rose Hill Drive, Alexandria, Virginia, advised as follows:

In March, 1960, she traveled to Moscow, Russia, with her husband, G. STANLEY BROWN, who is employed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

After arriving in Russia, in March, 1960, she obtained employment in the Consular's Office of the American Embassy in Moscow as a secretary.

She recalled reading from the files in the Consular's Office of the American Embassy regarding one LEE HARVEY OSWALD having come to Russia from the United States and subsequently denouncing his American citizenship, turning in his American passport and requesting Soviet citizenship.

She further recalled that there followed a number of letters between OSWALD and the U. S. State Department regarding OSWALD desiring to return to the United States.

She recalled that OSWALD visited the American Embassy in Moscow on at least two occasions. She never interviewed OSWALD in an official capacity, but did carry on social conversation with OSWALD on the visits to the American Embassy in Moscow. She recalled that OSWALD was considered "an immature kid" by the employees of the Consular's Office of the American Embassy.

She left Moscow previous to the time that OSWALD was successful in returning to the United States; that it was her understanding that the U. S. State Department had agreed to return OSWALD to the United States under the cheapest mode of transportation.

On 11/23/63 at Alexandria, Virginia File # Richmond 89-34

by SA ROBERT D. COHRS/mw Date dictated 11/26/63

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She was of the opinion that JOHN McVICKAR, State Department, Washington, D. C., address unknown, would be able to furnish some information regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

She had no address for PRICILLA JOHNSTON who had been acquainted with OSWALD in Moscow.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

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Miss VEREEN ALEXANDER, 101 Montrose Drive, advised that while she attended Sophie Newcomb College, Girls' Division, Tulane University, New Orleans, Louisiana, she met JOHN BASS, 2225 Jena Street, Apartment C; ED CLARK; AL PECCARERO (phonetic); and LIONEL HAMPTION (last name not certain).

On an average of once per week during the past year the above group discussed politics at the University Center at Tulane University. On May 23, 1963, the discussion concerned the attempted assassination of President DE GAULLE of France, with the conversation shifting to the question as to how one would go about the assassination of the President. President KENNEDY's name was not mentioned in the discussion.

Miss ALEXANDER advised that the above listed four individuals have strong Marxist and Pro-Cuban feelings.

Miss ALEXANDER said that she, along with ROBERT HOFFMAN, published a newspaper called "The Reed," which she described as "a very liberal paper."

She advised that ROBERT HOFFMAN's brother, DAVE HOFFMAN, held a party during the summer of 1963 in his apartment near Slogan's Bar in New Orleans. At his party BASS, CLARK, PECCARERO and HAMPTION were present, along with PATTY HAHN, BEN HOGAN and others. Miss ALEXANDER had the strong belief that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was also possibly present at this party.

She stated that PECCARERO is a leader or a member of a local Socialist group in New Orleans.

On 11/25/63 Thomasville, Georgia File # Atlanta 89-45

by SA DONALD R. ADAMS /ervg Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/28/63

Norman, Oklahoma

PAUL GREGORY, 1318 1/2 Garfield Street, advised he is a graduate student at the University of Oklahoma, Norman, Oklahoma, and is majoring in the Russian Department. GREGORY stated that in approximately June, 1962, LEE HARVEY OSWALD contacted GREGORY's father, PETER PAUL GREGORY, 3513 Dorothy Lane South, Fort Worth, Texas. GREGORY explained that his father is a native of Russia and teaches Russian classes in the Public Library of Fort Worth, Texas, and OSWALD contacted Mr. GREGORY in order to obtain a letter of proof from Mr. GREGORY that he, OSWALD, was proficient in the Russian language. GREGORY stated that at that time he was studying Russian affairs in college and when he learned of OSWALD's contact with his father and the fact that OSWALD had recently returned from Russia, he made arrangements to meet OSWALD and his wife who were then staying at the home of OSWALD's brother, ROBERT OSWALD, in Fort Worth.

After meeting LEE and MARINA OSWALD, GREGORY suggested to them that the three of them have frequent meetings during the summer school and vacation months in 1962, in order that GREGORY might learn more of the Russian language and further his knowledge in Russian, which he felt would be of assistance to him in school. These informal meetings were set up as lessons and in about August or early September, 1962, GREGORY paid MARINA OSWALD $35 for these lessons.

GREGORY stated on each occasion when he was at OSWALD's residence, both LEE and MARINA OSWALD were present and the three of them engaged in general conversation. The conversation often dealt with political affairs and OSWALD often expressed his feelings of dissatisfaction with both the American system and the Russian system of government. GREGORY stated at that time he felt that OSWALD was most critical of the Russian government. OSWALD also made the statement several times that he did not feel the world situation was due to the people in the world but was caused by the leaders of the various countries. At no time, however, did he specifically indicate any particular dislike for Premier KHRUSHCHEV or President KENNEDY.

On 11/27/63 Norman, Oklahoma File # DL 89-43 OC 89-41

by SA O. JOE FAIRES:jj Date dictated 11/28/63

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GREGORY further advised that during his contacts with OSWALD, OSWALD had at no time made any mention of any organizations and from all information available to GREGORY, OSWALD was strictly a loner, did not associate with other persons, and was not affiliated with any organization of any type. GREGORY stated the only friends OSWALD had ever mentioned, whose names GREGORY did not recall, were persons in Russia with whom OSWALD was then corresponding. GREGORY added however, that at the time, OSWALD had just returned from Russia and the correspondence with the Russian citizens apparently had been some of OSWALD's associates in that country. GREGORY stated he knew of no associates whatsoever of LEE or MARINA OSWALD in the United States.

GREGORY was asked if OSWALD had ever expressed any indication of possible violence and GREGORY advised that he considered OSWALD a quiet individual and one who would never commit an act of violence. He stated he was completely shocked when he learned that OSWALD was involved in the assassination of President KENNEDY.

GREGORY stated that he has never heard OSWALD mention JACK RUBY and to the extent of his knowledge, OSWALD was not associated with any persons who would likewise be associated with RUBY. GREGORY added that OSWALD was not known to drink, spent most of his time at home, and to the extent of his knowledge, did not associate with any other women. GREGORY stated that OSWALD had never mentioned guns to him nor had he, GREGORY, ever observed any guns in OSWALD's possession.

GREGORY stated he was unable to furnish any additional information concerning OSWALD but in the event the FBI had any further questions for him at a later date, he would be glad to cooperate with the FBI in any way possible.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
INTERVIEW REPORT

Date 11/27/63

SPAS THEODORE RAIKIN, Assistant Professor, Social Science Department, Rio Grande College, Rio Grande, Ohio, was interviewed at his residence.

Mr. RAIKIN said that he was a case worker for Travelers Aid in New York City in 1962 and resigned in September of 1963. He worked under the supervision of Mrs. EDNA NORMAN, 204 E. 39th Street, New York City.

On Friday, November 22, 1963, he saw a television program concerning the assassination of the Late President KENNEDY and during the program, observed a picture of LEE OSWALD and recalled that he had talked with OSWALD when he, RAIKIN, worked as a case worker.

As Mr. RAIKIN now recalls, he was assigned by Mrs. NORMAN to meet the Holland-American Ship "Maasdam", which docked at Hoboken, New Jersey. In his capacity as a case worker, he regularly met persons arriving on ships who needed financial assistance and OSWALD was in this category. It is his recollection that OSWALD came to the attention of Travelers Aid from the Health, Education and Welfare Department, who probably learned of OSWALD through the State Department of the United States.

Mr. RAIKIN went to the Holland-American Pier in Hoboken, New Jersey, on June 13, 1962, which date he learned from the television program, where he boarded the above referred to ship, "Maasdam". As was his custom, he immediately went to the Immigration and Naturalization Service to request them to refer OSWALD to him. At that time, he learned that OSWALD had already been cleared since he was a citizen of the United States. He next attempted to contact OSWALD by having him paged some three or four times over a period of approximately one hour over the ship's paging system. He feels confident that OSWALD heard the paging but OSWALD did not respond and he does not know why. . . Being unsuccessful in locating OSWALD through this medium, he next went to the Customs baggage collection point, where the baggage is assembled alphabetically, and located

File #

on 11/27/63 at Rio Grande, Ohio Date dictated 11/27/63

by Special Agent WILFRED GOODWIN:CN

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OSWALD's baggage, where he waited until OSWALD arrived with his wife and child. Mr. RAIKIN said that he spoke to OSWALD's wife in Russian, which language RAIKIN speaks, and that she greeted him, but that she stayed in the background and did not speak further. He then talked with OSWALD and recalls asking him why he returned to the United States and OSWALD replied in general terms something that now Mr. RAIKIN recalls as having to do with OSWALD being disillusioned with life in Russia. This point was not pursued further. Mr. RAIKIN said he was primarily concerned with furnishing OSWALD financial assistance to his destination, which he now recalls to have been Ft. Worth, Texas, where he was to live with his mother or brother. OSWALD told RAIKIN that he had some money, but not sufficient to get to his destination. Mr. RAIKIN did not recall the amount, but said that a reporter from "The New York Times" had suggested to him the amount of $46.00, which he feels is possibly accurate.

He filled out his reports and assisted OSWALD and family to board the Holland-American Boat, which took them from the Pier in Hoboken, New Jersey, to the Port Authority Building in New York City, where they were met by his fellow case worker, Mr. F'PIERRE. He believes that Mr. F'PIERRE would then have either taken or arranged for transportation of the OSWALDS to the New York City Welfare Department.

Mr. RAIKIN said that he made a complete report at that time, he feels certain, and that this report would be on file at the Travelers Aid Office at the above address. As he recalls, the reports are normally destroyed after one year except in special cases and he believes that this was that type of case since it was referred to Travelers Aid by the Health, Education and Welfare Department, and that this report should still be on file.

Mr. RAIKIN never met or heard of OSWALD prior to the date on which he met him at the Hoboken, New Jersey, Pier, never saw him or heard of or from him since that time. He does not know any members of his family or any of his associates, nor does he have any information concerning the political affiliations or philosophy of OSWALD.

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 11

Copy
2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) DERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATI

Date 11/26/63

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Airman Second Class PALMER E. McBRIDE was interviewed at Air Police Headquarters, Patrick Air Force Base, Florida, and furnished the following signed statement:

"Patrick Air Force Base,
Florida
November 23, 1963

"I, PALMER E. McBRIDE hereby furnish the following free and voluntary statement to JOHN R. PALMER who I know to be a Special Agent of the FBI. I have been advised that this statement can be used in a court of law. No threats or promises have been made to me.

"I was born on November 29, 1937, at New Orleans, Louisiana. I enlisted in the United States Air Force on November 25, 1960, and since June 15, 1961, I have been assigned to Patrick Air Force Base, Florida. I am presently an Airman Second Class assigned to the 6550th Maintenance Group with Air Force Serial Number AF 25589222.

"In about June, 1955, I went to work as a dental messenger for the Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company in the 200 block of Dauphine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. In about December, 1957, a young man named LEE OSWALD was employed in the same capacity. Because we both enjoyed classical music I invited him to my home at 1416 Baronne Street, New Orleans, and he did visit my home perhaps two or three times. I was living with my parents at that time, and during his visits we would listen to records in my room.

"During his first visit to my home in late 1957 or early 1958 the discussion turned to politics and to the possibility of war. At this time I made a statement to the effect that President DWIGHT EISENHOWER was doing a pretty good job for a man of his age and background, but that I did feel

On 11/23/63 at Patrick Air Force Base, Florida File # TP 62-455

by SA JOHN R. PALMER : nme Date dictated 11/26/63

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more emphasis should be placed on the space program in view of Russian successes. OSWALD was very anti-Eisenhower, and stated that president EISENHOWER was exploiting the working people. He then made a statement to the effect that he would like to kill president EISENHOWER because he was exploiting the working class. This statement was not made in jest, and OSWALD was in a serious frame of mind when this statement was made.

"LEE OSWALD was very serious about the virtues of Communism, and discussed these virtues at every opportunity. He would say that the capitalists were exploiting the working class and his central theme seemed to be that the workers in the world would one day rise up and throw off their chains. He praised KRUSHCHEV's sincerity in improving the lot of the worker.

"In early 1958 I took OSWALD with me to a meeting of the New Orleans Amateur Astronomy Association at the home of WALTER GEHERKE, 208 Hector Ave., Metairie, Louisiana. This meeting was presided over by the Association president, WILLIAM EUGENE WULF, JR., 2107 Annunciation Street, New Orleans. At this meeting I recall that Mr. WULF told OSWALD that if he liked Russia so damn much why didn't he go over there. I do not know what OSWALD had said to bring forth this remark from WULF.

"On one occasion I took OSWALD to the WULF residence. OSWALD and Mr. WILLIAM EUGENE WULF, SR., a naturalized citizen of German origin, argued because OSWALD was telling him of the glories of the Worker's State and saying that the United States Government was not telling the truth about Soviet Russia.

"In another conversation OSWALD stated to me he was not a member of the Communist Party but he suggested that both of us should join to take

advantage of their social functions. I did not join the Communist Party, but I do not know whether he did or not.

"During the period I knew OSWALD he resided with his mother in the Senator Hotel or a rooming house next door to the Senator Hotel in the 200 block of Dauphine Street, New Orleans. I went with him to his room on one occasion, and he showed me copies of 'Das Capital' and the 'Communist Manifesto'. OSWALD stated he had received these books from the public library, and seemed quite proud to have them.

"In April or May, 1958, OSWALD stated he was moving to Ft. Worth, Texas, with his mother. In about August, 1958, I received a letter from him saying he was employed as a shoe salesman in Ft. Worth. In this letter he also stated he had gotten mixed up in an anti-Negro or anti-Communist riot on a high school grounds in Ft. Worth, Texas. OSWALD did not elaborate on this statement.

"I did not answer this letter, and I have not had further contact or communication with OSWALD.

"On the evening of November 22, 1963, I heard a radio commentator state that LEE OSWALD had been arrested as a suspect in the assination of President J. F. KENNEDY. Upon hearing the name I recalled my association with a LEE OSWALD in New Orleans, and upon seeing a full face photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the November 23, 1963, issue of 'The Miami Herald' newspaper I am now quite certain that they are one and the same individual. I particularly recall the large ears, the mustache, and the receding hairline.

"I also recall that OSWALD made statements favoring Russia and Communism to other employees at the Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company. I do not recall specific statements but his central theme always concerned the workers throwing off their chains.

"I have read and initialled each page and all corrections on this six page statement. I declare that it is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

"/S/ PALMER EDWIN McBRIDE

"Witness:

"/S/ WILLIAM J. SIMS, S/A, OSI, 23 Nov 63

"/S/ JOHN R. PALMER, Special Agent, FBI
Cocoa, Florida, November 23, 1963."

Airman McBRIDE said he made no report of OSWALD's statement concerning President EISENHOWER to any law enforcement agency. McBRIDE now assumes that at the time he felt the statement was made by OSWALD to emphasize his anti-EISENHOWER feelings and not made in the nature of an actual threat on the life of the President.

McBRIDE stated that Mr. LAWRENCE WILLIAMSON, Bookkeeper, and Miss AMELDA (Last Name Unknown), Secretary at Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, would probably recall remarks made by OSWALD favoring Russia and Communism. Other company officials or employees named LEVEQUE, CAGLE, BISCHOFF and KLIEN would probably recall his remarks. He also stated that he was not acquainted with OSWALD's close associates and never attended any type of meeting with him except the one meeting of the Astronomy Association.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

C. N. DHORITY, Dallas Police Department Detective made available the following from seized property of LEE OSWALD:

One verifax copy each of:

An Envelope addressed to "Lee H. Oswald, P.O. Box 30061, New Orleans, La. USA, postmarked at "Minsk --11-963-8", bearing sender's name as "E TITOVJETS, LENINGRADSHAYA 1-11, Minsk, USSR."

An Envelope addressed to: "Lee H. Oswald, P.O. Box 30061, New Orleans, La. USA." and changed for forwarding to "2515 W. 5th St., Irving Tex." The sender was reflected as Ernst T (illegible), Leningradshaya 1-11, Minsk, USSR."

A letter dated "Minsk, Oct. 28, 1963" and addressed: "Dear Aleck," which reads as follows:

"I hope everything is O.K. I mean Marina and you. It seems to me that I must ask you to look for these two books.
1. Szent-Gyorgyi, A..
Introduction to a Submolecular Biology.
Acad. Press, New York, 1960.
2. White A. Handler, Ph. etc.
Principles of Biochemistry.
Mc Graw-Hill, New York, 1959
2nd ed.
I think I'll be able to recompense you anyhow for your efforts.
My best regards to Mrina, and June, and ....? Hope to meet you soon,
yours friend
Erick"

A letter dated "Minsk, September 9, 1963." and directed to "Dear Aleck"

This letter signed by "Erick" mentioned it was a long time since Erick last wrote , and mentioned he had been busy with exams and everything. The writer mentioned he is now a post graduate at "Biochemical Department at the

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WARREN C. de BRUEYS/ss Date dictated 11/26/63

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Medical Institute". He states his professor tells him what to read mostly in English and states he likes the idea of "yours" of sending books but that it will be rare occasions when he needs a scientific book. Ericks inquires about Marina [redacted] and mentions he heard that Oswald was coming to "this country" (Meaning Russia). Ericks refers to his trip to the Crimea, and says he saw "Juna" who is still unmarried. He ends the letters by stating: "Our friends Z-s allways ask me about your letters and give their regards to you."

A letter dated "Minsk, 30 September 63" and addressed "Hello, Lee!" and signed "your friend Parlel (illegible). Letter states writer "was worker in that summer," and "I finish my television set ten months ago." Writer remarks Oswald and writer can see TV when Oswald arrives in Soviet Union. The writer also says: "Dear Lee! I want to warn you. There appears to be a possibility of yours coming here, but one never knows what may happen. You must consider all attentively formerly than again arrive in USSR. You will have to think it over. Socialism- a social system of production for use and not for profit. Apparently, that trans-Atlantic trip will be your last trans-Atlantic trip. It is for you to decide. Is there anything I can do for you? I gave your regards from your friends at the factory."

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

Records of the Southwest Bank and Trust Company, Irving, Texas, reflect that account # 03947-9, a joint savings account, has been maintained in the name of MICHAEL R. or RUTH PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, since November 30, 1960. The balance of this account was $704.43. On November 4, 1963, a check in the amount of $575.00 drawn on the [redacted] Savings Bank, [redacted] Ohio, payable to RUTH PAINE and signed [redacted] was cashed and $500.00 credited to instant account.

No unusual withdrawals were noted.

Checking account # 16-5006-8 was opened in the name of RUTH PAINE on July 8, 1965. The balance of this account was $307.65 with an average balance of $280. No unusual activity was noted with respect to either deposits or withdrawals for this account.

Checking Account # 16-15005-0 in the name of MICHAEL PAINE was opened on July 7, 1961. The account has a balance of $220.03 with an average balance of $160.00. No unusual activity was noted with respect to deposits to this account.

A review of the withdrawals for this account disclosed the following checks were drawn on the account.

1. 2 checks in the amount of $100.00 dated October 28, 1963, payable to GEORGE H. STEPHENSON

2. A check in the amount of $10.00 dated October 30, 1963, payable to CORE. It was noted this check was endorsed by CORE, Congress of Racial Equality.

3. A check in the amount of $10.00 dated October 30, 1963, payable to Near East Foundation.

4. A check in the amount of $5.00 dated October 30, 1963, payable to Wilderness Society

5. A check in the amount of $10.00 dated October 30, 1963, payable to Planned Parenthood - World Population

On 11/26/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOHN V. ALMON and KENNETH B. JACKSON:jj Date dictated 11/26/63

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6. A check in the amount of $10.00 dated October 30, 1963, payable to Committee of 100. This check was endorsed by Committee of 100, payable to the order of Federation Bank and Trust Company, NAACP, Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc.

The above information is confidential and should not be made public except by the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. This subpoena should be directed to [redacted], Cashier, Southwest Bank and Trust Company, Irving, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/29/63

Records of the Hillcrest State Bank reflect that checking account number 2200392, in the name of [redacted] and [redacted] Street, Dallas, Texas, was opened February 8, 1951. [redacted] occupation is listed as [redacted]

A review of the transactions in this account disclosed that on August 9, 1963, a cashier's check, in the amount of $3,000.00, purchased by one MICHAEL R. PAINE at the Irving State Bank, Irving, Texas, was deposited to the [redacted] account.

The balance of this account on November 29, 1963, was $1,214.59.

The above information is confidential and should not be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted] Hillcrest State Bank, Dallas.

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S KENNETH B. JACKSON AND JOHN V. ALMON: mam Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

Dr. KYLE HAMM, Psychiatric Ward, Charity Hospital, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that [redacted] has been a patient in the Psychiatric Ward of Charity Hospital for one month. He stated that her perception was good, that her chief concern was that people were always spraying things on her. He advised that an interview with [redacted] would not in any way do any harm to her condition and suggested that it might be well if he was near [redacted] during the interview since she might feel more at ease with him present. Dr. HAMM stated that [redacted] was aware of the assassination of the president and also knew of the subsequent death of LEE OSWALD.

Upon the close of the interview with [redacted] after she left the office in which the interview took place, Dr. HAMM advised that the interview did not seem to up set [redacted] in any way and that as far as he could tell she was probably telling the truth.

On 11/25/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA MILTON R. KAACK and

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :gas Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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New Orleans L

LILLIAN LANGENSTEIN, 423 State Street, advised that she is bookkeeper at Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, and that while several of the employees of the Reily Coffee Company, next door, come to the garage to get soft drinks and read magazines during their lunch hours, she has no recollection of ever having observed an individual who resembles the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She advised that the name OSWALD and the name HIDELL is not familiar.

She stated that she recalls a young man who patronizes the garage by the name GIBSON, who either works for the Border Patrol or the Harbor Patrol, who has a wife who is blonde and is definitely of German descent. This German woman speaks very little English and has a baby girl and are probably the individuals referred to by her employer as coming to the garage office about two months ago. She advised that she conversed with GIBSON about ten days ago and he at that time stated that the little girl was quite ill. She said GIBSON does not resemble the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's L. M. SHEARER, JR. & MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

Jesse McNeil

JESSE PATRICK McNEIL, 4424 South Rocheblave Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised he is employed at the Crescent City Garage, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, on alternate Saturdays only at which time he relieves the owner, ADRIAN ALBA. He advised a number of magazines are maintained in the lobby of the office for the use of customers. About 9:00 A.M., November 23, 1963, a lone white male in his early 20's, short and of average build, came to the office and told McNEIL, "Im one of ADRIAN's very best friends." and wanted to borrow some sports magazines. McNEIL stated he went back to work at the desk behind the counter which blocks his view of the magazine table, after telling the man to help himself and knows nothing further about what happened. He stated the man did not ask for any particular magazine or any particular type of magazine and only remained in the office at most two minutes and certainly did not have time to search through any number of magazines and asked no questions about them. He stated he did not recognize the man as anyone he has seen in the neighborhood, but emphasized that he is only at the garage every other week and does not know many people in the area.

McNEIL said he had no further conversation with the man and did not detect any accent and could only describe him as wearing a medium gray sports coat and having black hair. He could not recall any further details or description. He said he would not be able to identify this man if he were to see him again.

Mr. McNEIL advised that he knows no one by the name of LEE OSWALD or HIDELL and recalls an FBI Agent making inquiry about OSWALD on November 23, 1963, but the man he had just mentioned above had visited the garage prior to this interview and he did not attach any significance to it until he had had an occasion to discuss it with ADRIAN.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

Special Agents REED W. JENSEN and RAY E. ROCKHOLD/ush

by _____ Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

Mr. ADRIAN T. ALBA, 624 Focis Street, Metairie, Louisiana, owner and operator of the Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephonically advised at 3:45 p.m., November 23, 1963, that he had been told by Mr. JESSE MC NEIL, his relief Manager at the Crescent City Garage, that after SA DAVIS was at the garage on November 23, 1963, an unknown man had gone there and spoken to Mr. MC NEIL. He quoted Mr. MC NEIL as saying the man stated he was a friend of Mr. ALBA and that he would like to borrow Mr. ALBA's gun magazines. He continued that Mr. MC NEIL described the man who made this request as being a white male of heavy build, black hair, who was well dressed wearing a sport coat.

Mr. ALBA stated he could recall no friend of this description who would be interested in borrowing his gun magazines.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS /cv Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

Mr. ADRIAN T. ALBA, residence 624 Focis Street, Metairie, Louisiana, advised that he owns and operates the Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Mr. ALBA advised that he knew LEE OSWALD while OSWALD was employed at the William B. Reily and Company, Inc. next door to his garage. He stated that employees of the latter company would occasionally get cold drinks from the dispensing machine at his place of business and would sit in the waiting room of his office, drink their soft drinks and look at magazines which he maintained there. He explained that he, ALBA, was a gun collector and recalled that OSWALD showed an intense interest in guns and talked freely about guns. He stated OSWALD seemed to have quite a good knowledge of firearms. He recalled that on one occasion, the exact date of which he could not set, he had ordered a carbine from the National Rifle Association at a cost of $30.00. In discussing this, OSWALD wanted to know if ALBA could get one for him also. Mr. ALBA stated he advised OSWALD that he could get this gun at this price as a member of the National Rifle Association and each member was allowed to purchase only one. He continued that OSWALD told him to go ahead and get the carbine and that he, OSWALD, would make an offer on the gun that Mr. ALBA could not afford to turn down.

Mr. ALBA stated he did not sell this or any other gun to OSWALD nor has he ordered a gun of any type for OSWALD.

He further recalled that OSWALD showed an intense interest in a Japanese rifle that Mr. ALBA had had customized as a part of his gun collection. He recalled that OSWALD was interested in the number of inches that had been cut from the barrel of this gun and was interested in the twist of the rifling. Mr. ALBA pointed out that he usually cleaned his guns at his office to avoid any accident to his children at home, and this is why OSWALD knew of his guns and saw some of them. He recalled that OSWALD would "bury himself" in the gun magazines kept on the coffee table in the waiting room of the garage and otherwise seemed very quiet and smug.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS /cv Date dictated 11/23/63

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Mr. ALBA recalled that on one occasion, the exact date of which he could not set, OSWALD asked to borrow one of his gun magazines and took it with him. He could not identify the magazine which OSWALD borrowed recalling that OSWALD was reading it and had it open at the time he asked to borrow it. He therefore did not see the magazine cover and did not ask OSWALD which magazine he was referring to. He further recalled that a few days later OSWALD mentioned to him that he had returned the magazine indicating he had replaced it on the coffee table. Mr. ALBA stated he did not see OSWALD return the magazine or check concerning it. He advised he in fact maintained no check on the magazines which he gets by subscription and by purchase from magazine counters and keeps no track of persons who read them.

In order to determine if he was talking about the right man, Mr. ALBA checked the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the November 23, 1963, issue of the Times-Picayune, New Orleans newspaper. Upon looking at the photograph of OSWALD who was described as being in custody at Dallas, Texas, in connection with the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, Mr. ALBA stated that this was a photograph of the LEE OSWALD he was referring to and the person who borrowed his gun magazine.

Mr. OSWALD made available his supply of gun magazines which were maintained in the waiting room of the Crescent City Garage referred to above. These consist of the following:

June, 1963 issue of "The American Rifleman"

July, 1963 issue of "The American Rifleman"

September, 1963 issue of "The American Rifleman"

October, 1963 issue of "The American Rifleman"

November, 1963 issue of "The American Rifleman"

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January, 1964 issue of "Guns and Hunting"

December, 1958 issue of "Field and Stream"

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

1418 Nerval St. New Orleans La

CHARLES HALL STEELE, JR. appeared at the New Orleans Office November 24, 1963, in the company of his father. He stated he is 20 years of age, having been born November 5, 1943, and is a student at Delgado Trades School, and works part-time at Muller's Shell Service Station, Paris Avenue and Robert E. Lee Boulevard, New Orleans.

Tenn

STEELE stated that on Friday, August 16, 1963, he took his girl friend, CHARLENE STOUFF, 2056 Brutus Street, New Orleans, to the Louisiana State Employment Service, for the purpose of her taking a typing test in connection with her application for employment by the Orleans Parish School Board. He stated he can fix this date specifically because his father was on active duty at Fort Polk, Louisiana, returning August 10, 1963, and he, CHARLES JR., left New Orleans August 21, 1963, for a visit to Gatlinburg, Tennessee. He stated he knows that the date he went to the Louisiana State Employment Service was the Friday between August 10, and August 21, 1963. DPOB: 2/26/45 New Orleans, La

STEELE related that while his girl friend was taking the typing test, he sat in the reception room waiting for her. He noted an individual talking to various people in the waiting room and overheard him asking an unidentified individual sitting next to STEELE if this person would be interested in making about $2 by distributing some literature. The unidentified man told this person the job would require a few minutes at noon and the person sitting next to STEELE replied he had to be someplace at noon.

STEELE stated that this man who he believed gave his name as OSWALD, then approached him, STEELE, and asked if he would be interested in making $2 for about 15 to 20 minutes work distributing leaflets. STEELE stated he agreed and arranged to meet this person at noon in front of the International Trade Mart building located at Camp and Gravier Streets. STEELE stated that he, STEELE, arrived first and OSWALD walked up with the leaflets in his hand and carrying a briefcase. STEELE stated OSWALD was accompanied by another person whom he described as a white male, 19 - 20 years of age, about 6 feet, slender build, dark hair, olive complexion. He could recall no further

On 11/24/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SAs PAUL R. AIKER & STEPHEN M. CALLENDER /sw Date dictated 11/25/63

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descriptive data and stated he would not be able to identify this person should he see him again.

STEELE related that OSWALD gave him some of the leaflets and STEELE started handing them out to passers by. He did not look at the leaflets and at the end of about 15 minutes when he had exhausted his supply, he walked back to OSWALD and OSWALD gave him some more leaflets. STEELE stated at this time he looked at the leaflets and noted that they bore wording similar to "Hands Off of Cuba".

STEELE stated he then threw the leaflets in a waste can, walked back to OSWALD and told him he wanted to talk to him. He stated that they went into the foyer of the International Trade Mart building, where he asked OSWALD if the leaflets were connected with communism. STEELE stated OSWALD repled that they were not, but that it was a group connected with Tulane University. STEELE stated he told OSWALD he did not want to have anything further do so with it, at which time OSWALD took $2 from his pocket, handed it to STEELE and STEELE walked off.

Concerning the individual who arrived at the International Trade Mart with OSWALD, STEELE stated it was his impression that this person had also been hired to hand out the leaflets since OSWALD had no conversation with this individual.

STEELE stated the name HIDELL means nothing to him and he does not recall ever having heard this name. He identified a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as being the individual for whom he distributed the leaflets.

STEELE informed that CHARLENE STOUFF, his girl friend, told him she observed motion pictures of STEELE on television during the evening of August 16, 1963, assisting OSWALD in handing out leaflets. As a result he anonymously contacted the New Orleans Office of the FBI by telephone for assistance in having the motion pictures removed from the television station. He said he was informed that the FBI had no control over the news media and as a result he contacted the television station requesting that the motion pictures not be shown.

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ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 1

Date November 25, 1963

CHARLES HALL STEELE, SR., 1488 Madrid Street, New Orleans, advised he is employed as a Deputy Civil Sheriff for Orleans Parish, is a Major in the 39th Division of the Louisiana National Guard and is presently a candidate for the Democratic State Central Committee in the forthcoming election. He advised that on the night of November 23, 1963, he observed a broadcast on television station WWL-TV at about 10:20 p.m., in which a film strip was shown of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, distributing some literature. He stated the announcer said that the FBI was interested in identifying a person distributing literature with OSWALD and Mr. STEELE recognized this person as being his son, CHARLES HALL STEELE, JR. He stated he had therefore called the FBI and made arrangements to bring his son to the office on the morning of November 24, 1963.

On 11/24/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA PAUL R. ALKER & SA STEPHEN M. CALLENDER /sw Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

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LIONEL ESTOPINAL, New Orleans Police Department, Record Division, advised that the New Orleans Police Department had no record of any person named CLAY BERTRAND.

On 11/25/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY and SA CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER :gas Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

TED GREGSON, New Orleans Police Department, Identification Division, advised that the New Orleans Police Department had no record of any person named CLAY BERTRAND.

On 11/25/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY and SA CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER :gas Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

CHARLENE STOUFF, 2056 Brutus Street, advised she was born on February 26, 1945, at New Orleans, Louisiana, and is presently employed as a comptometer operator, D. H. Holmes Company, Canal Street, New Orleans.

She said that in August, 1963, exact date unknown, but believed to be a Friday, she went to the U. S. Employment Service (USES), Canal Street, New Orleans, with CHARLES HALL STEELE, JR., her boyfriend. She said he drove her there in his automobile and they arrived some time before 10:00 AM. She said her purpose in going there was to take a typing test for employment with the Orleans Parish School Board. She said when she arrived at USES she found out she had been too early and she sat in the waiting room with CHARLES STEELE, for between 30 and 45 minutes. She said she then went in to take her test and STEELE waited for her in the waiting room. She finished the test some time after 11:00 AM and came out into the waiting room and she and STEELE immediately left the building.

STEELE asked her if she had noticed the man sitting next to him in the waiting room. She told STEELE she had noticed the man sitting there but only got a glance at him and could not recognize him if she saw him again. STEELE told her this man had offered him a couple of dollars to pass out some leaflets and STEELE asked her what she thought of this and at this time she asked STEELE if he needed the money that badly, and he said he did as he wanted to go on a vacation. STOUFF said she told STEELE to read the leaflets and make sure they were not Communist inspired or any kind of leaflets that would get him in trouble before giving them out. STEELE told her he would read them before giving them out. STEELE then told her he had to meet this man around the International Trade Mart Building around noon. STEELE told her the man asked him if she would be with him and then remarked that he did not want her anyplace around where the leaflets were going to be distributed.

STEELE drove her to the Orleans Parish School Board, Carondelet Street, and told her he would wait as long as he could but he would have to leave a little before noon. She said she did not come out until some time after

On 11/25/63, New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA's WILLIAM F. MC DONALD
by and W. J. DANIELSON, JR. /jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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noon and STEELE was gone. She said that STEELE had not received the leaflets to distribute in the USES from this man.

Later the same day STEELE told her he had distributed some leaflets at the International Trade Mart Building and then after reading one of the leaflets he realized what he was doing and that the leaflets were in favor of Cuba and against the United States and she said at this point she did not let him tell her any more as she did not want to know about it. STEELE told her that some pictures had been taken of his distributing leaflets and asked her to watch and see if he would appear on TV as he would be working and wouldn't be able to see it. She said she watched TV and saw STEELE on Channel 4 and she then advised STEELE that he had appeared on TV and as far as she knows, he called the FBI to let them know his position and also the TV station to ask them not to show this again.

STOUFF said she has no further information and has furnished all the information she knows regarding this matter.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

SAM MONK ZELDEN, Attorney at Law, National Bank of Commerce Building, advised that he was at the New Orleans Athletic Club at about 11:00 AM, Sunday, November 24, 1963 and he received a call from DEAN ANDREWS who is confined at the Hotel Dieu and ANDREWS told him that he had been approached to represent LEE OSWALD and defend him for the murder of President KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas. ZELDEN advised that he was surprised and not interested in defending OSWALD and he told ANDREWS that he would have to think about it and about this time he heard on television that OSWALD had been shot. He advised he told Mr. ANDREWS this and this was the last he heard of the case.

ZELDEN advised that ANDREWS did not tell him who had contacted him with the request that he represent OSWALD.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S REGIS L. KENNEDY & CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

Mr. KERRY WENDELL THORNLEY, 1824 Dauphine Street New Orleans, Louisiana, was interviewed at his place of employment, Arnaud's Restaurant, 813 Bienville Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

He advised that he knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD for a period of three or four months in 1959 when they were both stationed at the El Toro Marine Base, which is located in California. He advised that OSWALD was a "lone wolf" type of individual who never associated with the other members of the Marine Corps and had very few close friends on the Marine Base. He never heard OSWALD discuss anything about his background or his family and believed that at that time OSWALD was single. He stated that OSWALD did express admiration for the Soviet form of Government and that he spoke Russian. He was of the opinion that OSWALD took Russian lessons in Japan during the time he was stationed there with the Marine Corps. He also said that he never heard OSWALD mention anything about going to Russia.

THORNLEY stated that he believed that OSWALD was a marksman in the use of firearms while stationed at the El Toro Marine Base, which is the lowest of the three firearms designations, they being namely marksman, sharpshooter and expert. He stated that he had heard from an unrecalled source that OSWALD had taken firearms training from a private gun club. He did not know the location of this gun club.

THORNLEY stated that his association with OSWALD was suddenly terminated at the Marine Base when one day he told OSWALD that he was "a Communist and that things would be different when the revolution came." He stated that OSWALD made the statement "not you too," and turned around and left. OSWALD never associated with him or talked to him after this incident.

One BUD A. SIMCO who was in the same outfit at the Marine Base as OSWALD, was stated by THORNLEY as an individual possibly having information regarding OSWALD and his background. He stated that SIMCO lived either on Wayfield Street or Wayfield Avenue in Orange, California, and that

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's G. MYRYWIN ALDERSON and JOHN RICHARD FARRELL /jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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NO 89-69

he is listed in the telephone directory as B. A. SIMCO. THORNLEY stated that he believed that one of OSWALD's favorite books was "1984" which was written by GEORGE ORSWELL.

THORNLEY advised that he left New Orleans, Louisiana, on May 1, 1963, by Trailways Bus, proceeded to Whittier, California, where he visited his parents for a short period of time and then proceeded by bus to TiJuana, Mexico, Mexico City, where he stayed for a short period of time and returned to the United States by bus through Matamoros, Mexico, which is opposite Brownsville, Texas. He returned to New Orleans by bus and arrived in New Orleans on August 1, 1963. He stated that he made this trip by himself and emphatically denied that OSWALD had accompanied him from New Orleans to California or from California to Mexico. He advised he did not know OSWALD was in New Orleans in the early part of 1963 and that OSWALD had never contacted him or attempted to contact him when he was in New Orleans.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Mrs. PEGGY ZIMMERMAN, 832 Avenue G, Marrero, Louisiana, advised that she attended Beauregard Junior High School in New Orleans for three years and recalled that LEE HARVEY OSWALD also attended during the 1954-55 school year. She said she did not know him well enough to even speak to him but seems to recall that he may have been in her home room as the tenth grade was set up alphabetically. She does not recall having any classes with him. She did state, however that he was always alone and did not appear to have any friends. She said she never saw him with ED VOEBEL although she was acquainted with VOEBEL during this time. She said she never heard him make any statements nor saw him do anything, nor did she ever hear anything about him which would indicate that he had any bitter feelings toward the United States or the President nor did she ever hear of him discussing Marxism or Communism. She stated she had no personal contact with him and did not know where he lived. She said the only thing she was able to recall was that he wore an old vest-type sweater all the time and she noted that she could never remember seeing him smile.

Mrs. ZIMMERMAN said he did not appear to be close to any teacher and did not participate in any athletics, clubs or any activities.

She stated that JOHNNY NEWMEYER was also in her room at Beauregard Junior High School. She said that the last she heard NEWMEYER was the operator of the Sands Lounge which is located on Jefferson Highway near the approach to the Huey P. Long Bridge. She said she has had no contact or information concerning OSWALD since she remembered seeing him at Beauregard Junior High School in 1955.

On 11/25/63 at Marrero, Louisiana File # NO 89-89

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN and SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN/jab Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

Mrs. Bennie X Smith

Mrs. BENNIERITA X SMITH, 3522 Delambert Street, Chalmette, Louisiana, advised that she recalled LEE HARVEY OSWALD as attending Beauregard Junior High School during 1954-1955 school year. She said OSWALD was not in her home room and she could not recall if she had any classes with him. She said that he was not a social acquaintance of hers and did not appear to have any friends, except ED VOEBEL. She said there was another boy at the school named BOBBY NEUMANN who may have been an associate of OSWALD but she was not sure. She said OSWALD did not date any girls that she knew of, participated in no sports or other activities at the school and did not have a part time job. She did recall that one day at the school he had a fight. She thought this fight may have been with a boy named ROBIN REILLY who at that time resided in the French Quarter. Mrs. SMITH thought REILLY has a sister JEAN REILLY who paints for a living and who is still possibly living in the French Quarter at the present time.

Mrs. SMITH stated REILLY did not attend Beauregard Junior High School but was seen on various occasions visiting friends at the school. She recalls REILLY moved to Hollywood, California. She recalled she viewed him on the television show "George Montgomery Presents" where he played a small part as an actor. She noticed that he used his true name when the names of all the actors were given at the end of the program. Mrs. SMITH said she saw this program approximately 3 years ago.

Mrs. SMITH described OSWALD as being a rather peculiar type of individual who was a "loner" preferring not to mix with other classmates and who kept to himself. She recalled that his dress was always neat and can recall specifically him wearing a sweater-vest at practically all times, indicating to her that he came from a rather poor family. Mrs. SMITH was under the impression that OSWALD was never accepted by the other students as she can recall him at various occasions being the subject of criticism and at other times being bullied and pushed around by the boys.

Mrs. SMITH stated she could not recall OSWALD ever making any statements regarding his political affiliation nor did she recall him ever making any remarks or discuss Marxism, Communism or any other political philosophy.

On 11/25/63 at Chalmette, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN and SA NATHAN O. BROWN/jab Date dictated 11/25/63

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Mrs. SMITH further advised that since the last time she saw OSWALD at Beauregard Junior High School, which was approximately eight years ago she has not seen nor heard of him since that time prior to reading about him in the newspapers a few days earlier. She further advised she could furnish no further information regarding possible acquaintances, associates, or other pertinent background data regarding OSWALD.

11/25/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mrs. ANNA LANGLOIS, nee Alexander, 2134 Metairie Road, Metairie, Louisiana, advised as follows:

She attended Beauregard Junior High School, 4621 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, and graduated in 1955. She recalls that she could recognize LEE HARVEY OSWALD by sight and that he attended Beauregard for one year, 1954-55, but that she was not personally acquainted with him. She had no contact with him and knew nothing concerning his personal habits and beliefs other than to say that he had no friends that she knew of. He belonged to no organizations and was not a popular individual to the best of her recollection.

Mrs. LANGLOIS could not recall anyone dating OSWALD as he was a person who spent most of his time by himself. He was not active in sports she recalls. She could not recall whether she had attended any classes with him.

Mrs. LANGLOIS said she had not had any contact with him and has heard nothing concerning his movements since 1955 until the present.

On 11/25/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's JAMES M. SCHEFFER & RONALD A. HOVERSON/lrs Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Ed Voebel Date 11/25/63

EDWARD VOEBEL, 4916 Canal Street, (Quality Florist Company), New Orleans, La. furnished the following information:

VOEBEL advised that he knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD around 1954-55 when he and OSWALD attended Beauregard Junior High School in New Orleans. VOEBEL recalled that OSWALD had a fight at the school with two brothers named JOHN and MIKE NEWMEYER. VOEBEL stated that the NEWMEYER brothers arranged for someone from another school to come to Beauregard Junior High School and wait for OSWALD the following day and when OSWALD came out from school this other individual stepped out and hit OSWALD in the mouth. VOEBEL remembered that when OSWALD was struck his tooth pierced his lip. VOEBEL said that OSWALD never told him what the fight was about and VOEBEL does not know the identity of this individual who struck OSWALD on this occasion.

VOEBEL stated he got some ice to put on OSWALD's lip and apparently because of this act OSWALD became friendly toward him.

VOEBEL stated that during the time he and OSWALD attended Beauregard Junior High School there was a pre-high school program being conducted at Easton High School and OSWALD asked VOEBEL if he knew how to play pool. When VOEBEL applied in the affirmative OSWALD invited him to shoot pool at the pool room near OSWALD's home. VOEBEL stated that OSWALD was at this time living in an upstairs apartment at 126 Exchange Place in New Orleans, which was located either above or adjacent to a pool room. VOEBEL stated that he, VOEBEL, was taking music lessons at Werlein's which was in the vicinity of Exchange Place and therefore, he stopped by OSWALD's house on several occasions and visited with him. VOEBEL recalled that he would stop by OSWALD's nearly every time he went for his weekly music lesson and either visit or shoot pool with OSWALD.

VOEBEL stated that OSWALD appeared interested in guns and since VOEBEL was interested in frontier type and military type weapons OSWALD would discuss guns with him.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN and SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN/jab Date dictated 11/25/63

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VOEBEL recalled that on one occasion OSWALD showed him a plastic model of a .45 caliber automatic that was very realistic and could be taken apart. OSWALD told him at this time that he would like to have a real gun and told VOEBEL of a plan he had to steal one. VOEBEL stated OSWALD showed him a box in which he had a piece of silk and a glass cutter and OSWALD actually took him to a store in New Orleans and showed VOEBEL the gun in the window that he intended to steal. OSWALD said his plan was to cut the screen in front of the window and then cut out the glass.

VOEBEL showed OSWALD the metallic decoration around the window and explained that this was part of an ADT Burglary Alarm System and that if he cut the glass the alarm would ring. OSWALD had thought this was just a decoration and after learning it was part of a burglary alarm decided not to steal the gun. VOEBEL said that to the best of his recollection this store was the third establishment from the Walgreen's Drug Store on S. Rampart Street.

VOEBEL said OSWALD never told him why he wanted to steal this particular gun which VOEBEL believes was a small automatic. VOEBEL never knew OSWALD's motivations for having an interest in guns but it did not appear to be the same type interest that VOEBEL had, that is his interest in the mechanical action of different types of weapons. VOEBEL said that OSWALD never discussed politics with him, never made any comments concerning Marxism or Communism and never made any comments detrimental to the United States Government or President KENNEDY. VOEBEL was of the opinion that information he has heard that OSWALD was studying communism when he was fourteen years old is a "lot of baloney". VOEBEL said that OSWALD read quite a lot but that the books he read were paper back trash.

VOEBEL said that in his opinion OSWALD was bitter since his father died when he was very young and OSWALD felt he had a raw deal out of life. He said this bitterness on the part of OSWALD seemed to be that he felt he had been deprived of many things and was not directed toward any one individual or any group. He said OSWALD did not like to be pushed around and therefore got into many fights.

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VOEBEL stated that he and OSWALD were members of the Civil Air Patrol in New Orleans with Captain DAVE FERRIE during the time they were in school. He stated that one ROBERT ESTAV (phonetic) who lived on South Hennessey Street, was in the same class with him and OSWALD at Beauregard and was also in the Civil Air Patrol. VOEBEL stated that OSWALD did not really reveal anything about himself to anyone, not even to his mother unless it was something he specifically wanted to say.

VOEBEL stated that OSWALD did not tell him when he was leaving town. He stated that one day he stopped by OSWALD's apartment on Exchange Place and OSWALD was gone. This was sometime around 1955. VOEBEL stated he has had no contact with him in any way, nor did he receive any information concerning him until a few days ago when OSWALD was arrested in connection with the shooting of the President. VOEBEL explained that he was in Mexico on the Yucatan Peninsula with a group from Louisiana State University during August of this year at the same time OSWALD was in New Orleans and was receiving publicity concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. VOEBEL stated that he did not even know OSWALD had been in New Orleans this summer until he saw it a day or two ago on television. VOEBEL said that while at school OSWALD did not engage in any activities or athletics and had no other friends or associates except himself.

VOEBEL said that the NEWMEYER brothers to the best of his recollection, were recently arrested in New Orleans on narcotics charges outstanding against them. VOEBEL was unable to recall any additional information concerning OSWALD.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

BILL REID, News Director, WWL-TV, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that the following individuals were interviewed by his station as acquaintances of LEE HARVEY OSWALD who knew him when he attended Beauregard Junior High School, New Orleans:

PEGGY ZIMMERMAN, 832 Avenue G, Marrero, Louisiana

ANNA LANGLOIS, 2134 Metairie Road, New Orleans, Louisiana

BENNIE SMITH, 3522 Delambert, Chalmette, Louisiana

EDWARD VOEBEL, employed at Quality Florist Shop, 4916 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Mr. REID stated that his station desired to interview DAVE FERRIE who reportedly was a former Civil Air Patrol pilot and an Eastern Airlines pilot and who lives at 3330 Louisiana Avenue Parkway. Mr. REID stated that FERRIE was in a Civil Air Patrol unit with OSWALD and reportedly knows him well. Mr. REID stated that all attempts by his station to contact FERRIE at the above address have been negative. (Mr. REID said that as far as he can determine FERRIE appears to be a homosexual.)

Mr. REID also stated that the film clip taken by his station of OSWALD distributing leaflets in New Orleans was now back in his possession and he would have a duplicate made of this film to be furnished to the FBI in the next couple of days.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN and SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN /jab:gas Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/26/63

DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE was interviewed at the First District Station, New Orleans Police Department. FERRIE was advised of the identity of interviewing Agents. At the outset of the interview he was advised he did not have to make a statement, that any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law and that he had the right to the advice of an attorney.

FERRIE advised he was born March 22, 1918, at Cleveland, Ohio. His parents JAMES HOWARD and BURDETTE C. FERRIE are both deceased. FERRIE said he received a B.A. Degree from Baldwin-Wallace College, Berea, Ohio, in 1941. He also received a Ph. D. Degree from Phoenix University of Bari, Bari, Italy in 1957. FERRIE stated that his present address is 3330 Louisiana Avenue Parkway, where he has been residing since March, 1962.

FERRIE stated that in 1952 he became a member of the Civil Air Patrol (CAP) in New Orleans, serving in the capacity of an instructor. He stated that in approximately 1953 he became Commandant of the CAP Squadron in New Orleans, continuing in this capacity until he resigned from the CAP in 1955 with the intention of returning to school. FERRIE related that the New Orleans Cadet Squadron of the CAP functioned at the Lakefront Airport. He stated that the squadron was usually made up of approximately 75 boys and the attrition rate in the squadron was approximately 20%. FERRIE stated that the squadron met twice a week. He stated that during the period he was Commandant of the squadron, JERRY C. PARADIS was the recruit instructor and took all of the squadron recruits through their training. FERRIE said that PARADIS presently has offices at 225 Baronne Building and resides at 5704 Prytania Street, New Orleans La.

FERRIE stated that during the period 1952-1955 he does not recall taking any recruit class through their training program. After he became Commandant he is certain he did not instruct the recruits. FERRIE stated that he never at any time instructed either the recruits or the regular squadron members in the use of firearms, or afforded them any type of firearms training for the reason he was

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ERNEST C. WALL, JR. and SA L. M. SHEARER, JR./jab Date dictated 11/26/63

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always able to secure the service of a qualified instructor in this type training. FERRIE related that the cadets in the squadron were instructed in the use of .22 caliber rifles with adjustable rear sights, but these rifles were not equipped with telescopic sights. He stated that the cadets received instruction in the firing of .22 caliber rifles approximately four times each year. In addition, at the annual encampment of the CAP which was held outside of the New Orleans area the cadets were permitted to fire M-1 rifles under the supervision of a qualified instructor.

FERRIE said he has never owned a telescopic sight or a rifle equipped with a telescopic sight, and to the best of his recollection he has never used a weapon equipped with a telescopic sight and would not know how to use one.

FERRIE stated that he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and to the best of his knowledge OSWALD was never a member of the CAP Squadron in New Orleans during the period he was with that group. FERRIE said that if OSWALD was a member of the squadron for only a few weeks, as had been claimed, he would have been considered a recruit and that he (FERRIE) would not have had any contact with him. FERRIE stated, that he was succeeded as Commandant of the New Orleans Squadron of the CAP by a man named KINTON. LA

FERRIE stated that he was again associated with the CAP in New Orleans from 1958 to the end of 1960 or the beginning of 1961, serving in the capacity as instructor and later as executive officer. He said that Major BOB MORRELL was the Commandant. FERRIE stated that his applications with the CAP covering both periods he served with that unit should be on file with the CAP at Ellington Air Force Base, Houston, Texas. FERRIE related that there was a period during 1958, exact dates not recalled, in which he instructed at the CAP Squadron before he submitted his application. La

FERRIE said that to the best of his knowledge he does not know any individual named LEE HARVEY OSWALD nor has he ever known the individual represented by photograph presented to him as that of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the CAP, in any business connection or in any social capacity. He said that he does not recognize the name or the photograph as being anyone he has ever had any contact with at any time.

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A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, New Orleans Police Department Number 112723 taken on August 9, 1963, showing a profile, full face and full length photograph of OSWALD was exhibited to FERRIE. FERRIE upon viewing the photograph stated that the profile view of the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD has a very vague familiarity to him but the full face and full length photographs of OSWALD are not familiar to him.

FERRIE informed that since March, 1962 he has been employed by Attorney G. WRAY GILL in New Orleans as an investigator and law clerk. He said that since the end of August, 1963 and up until November 22, 1963 he has been working on a case involving CARLOS MARCELLO who was charged in Federal Court in connection with a fraudulent birth certificate. FERRIE stated that the trial of MARCELLO began in Federal Court in New Orleans, Louisiana on November 4, 1963 and ended on November 22, 1963 and that he was in New Orleans working with Attorney G. WRAY GILL on the case during this period. He stated that on November 9 and November 16, 1963 he was at Churchill Downs, which is a farm owned by CARLOS MARCELLO, mapping strategy in connection with MARCELLO's trial. He informed that on November 11, 1963 he was in New Orleans, during the entire day and did not leave the city.

FERRIE stated that from October 11 to October 18, 1963 he was in Guatemala and again from October 30, 1963 to November 1, 1963 he was in Guatemala in connection with investigation of the MARCELLO case.

FERRIE said that prior to a very recent trip he was last in the state of Texas in August, 1962 at which time he was in Orange, Texas. FERRIE said that he had planned during the trial of the MARCELLO case that immediately upon the conclusion of that case he would take a trip for the purpose of relaxing.

He said that he left his home at 3330 Louisiana Avenue Parkway, New Orleans, on November 22, 1963, roughly at 6:30 PM in his 1961 light blue Comet four-door station wagon which he purchased from the Delta Mercury Company in New Orleans within the past month. He stated that CHARLES GRAHAM a salesman at Delta Mercury Company sold the Comet station wagon to him.

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FERRIE related that on leaving his home he drove to the homes of ALVIN BEAUBOUEF and MELVIN COFFEY and picked them up in order that they might accompany him on the trip. He stated that at the time he left his home he did not know where he was going. He said that the purpose of the trip was to merely relax and at that time he did not know whether he was going "hunting, drinking or driving". FERRIE stated he did not take any firearms with him when he left his home because he thought he might go out of the state of Louisiana and he did not know what the hunting seasons were in other states and he was also concerned about transporting firearms across the state line.

FERRIE said that he had been considering for some time the feasibility and possibility of opening an ice skating rink in New Orleans. He claimed that he made a telephone call, possibly from MELVIN COFFEY's home to CHUCK ROLLAND at the Winterland Skating Rink in Houston, Texas. He advised that this call to ROLLAND was charged to either telephone number 899-3598 or 486-3127. FERRIE claimed that he had no prior acquaintance with ROLLAND but had knowledge of the fact that the Winterland Skating Rink was located in Houston.

FERRIE related that he left MELVIN COFFEY's home between 6:30 and 7:00 PM accompanied by BEAUBOUEF and COFFEY and drove to John Paul's Restaurant, Kenner, Louisiana, where they stopped to eat. He said that at approximately 9:00 PM or shortly after 9:00 PM, November 22, 1963, he, BEAUBOUEF and COFFEY left John Paul's Restaurant to go to Houston, Texas. He informed that the route traveled was through Baton Rouge to Lafayette, Louisiana and through Lake Charles, Louisiana to Houston, Texas. FERRIE claimed they arrived in Houston between 4:30 and 5:30 AM and went directly to the Alamotel located on South Main Street, six to ten blocks south of the Shamrock Hilton Hotel, where they checked into Room 19. He stated that the three of them registered on the same card at the motel. After registering they retired for the night.

FERRIE claims that he had left a call at the motel office for 8:30 AM and another call for 10:30 AM but has no recollection of receiving a call from the motel office at either time. FERRIE said he had left the calls so that he could call Attorney G. WRAY GILL in New Orleans to tell him

he had left New Orleans and was on a vacation trip. FERRIE stated that he and his companions awakened roughly at noon and after having breakfast he went down Main Street to Sears, Roebuck and Company where he purchased a jacket, a sweater and several other items. After leaving Sears, they drove directly to the Winterland Ice Skating Rink, 2400 Norfolk, which he had learned opened at 3:30 PM and closed at 5:30 PM.

FERRIE said he rented skates and skated at the rink for a while looking the situation over and also taking into consideration the amount of business at the rink. He stated that he then introduced himself to CHUCK ROLLAND and spoke with him at length concerning the cost of installation and operation of the rink. FERRIE exhibited a leaflet of the Winterland Ice Skating Rink, 2400 Norfolk, Houston, Texas, which he had in his possession. FERRIE stated that during the time he was talking to CHUCK ROLLAND other employees of ROLLAND were present at the rink. He recalled specifically there was a young boy who was passing out skates and an older man who was on duty at the rink but he does not recall whether he was introduced to these two individuals or not. FERRIE claimed that he remained at the Winterland Skating Rink for a period of approximately two hours and after leaving there he returned to the motel.

After arriving at the motel he placed a telephone call to Attorney G. WRAY GILL but was unable to complete this call. He placed a second call to the Town and Country Motel in an effort to determine whether Attorney GILL was located at the Town and Country Motel. FERRIE further related that ALVIN BEAUBOUEF may have made a telephone call to his home. He said that later they checked out of the Alamotel and went to the Bellaire Skating Rink on Chimney Rock Road in the Belleview section of Houston, arriving there between 7:30 and 8:00 PM. FERRIE stated that he looked the skating rink over and tried to locate the owner but the owner was unavailable. He said that he remained at the Bellaire Skating Rink for approximately 45 minutes to 1 hour. On leaving the skating rink they drove out Old Spanish Port Trail and stopped at a restaurant near Telephone Road. They left this restaurant at approximately 9:00 or shortly after 9:00 PM and decided to drive to Galveston, Texas. He said that while enroute to Galveston, Texas, they stopped at the Manned Space Craft

Center and looked around for about 20 minutes. They then proceeded to Galveston, Texas, arriving there between 10:30 and 11:30 PM. They immediately checked into Room 117 at the Driftwood Motel, 3128 Seawall Boulevard, Galveston. After checking into the motel they drove around in the vicinity of some old clubs in Galveston, Texas, returning to the motel sometime after midnight and it could possibly have been as late as 1:00 AM.

FERRIE stated that they arose around 8:00 or 8:30 AM on November 24, 1963. After having breakfast they took the ferry across the bay to pick up the road to Port Arthur, Texas that runs along the coast. FERRIE stated the first stop they made after reaching Port Arthur was at the Gulf Service Station on the left hand side of the highway in Port Arthur, Texas where they purchased a new set of spark plugs for the Comet station wagon. He stated that there was a television set in this station and as he walked into the station there was a picture on the television set showing the shooting of LEE OSWALD in the basement of the Dallas City Jail. FERRIE said he presumed he was looking at the original live broadcast of the shooting and that this was in the vicinity of 12:00 Noon on that date. He said that after changing the spark plugs in the station wagon he ran the car up on the rack in order that the attendant could check the transmission and differential. FERRIE estimated that he remained at this service station for approximately 20 to 30 minutes. They then left Port Arthur and drove to Orange, Texas and after crossing the Louisiana state line they stopped at Buster's Bar and Restaurant. He stated that the operator of Buster's Bar and Restaurant is MARION JAMES JOHNSON who is a client of Attorney G. WRAY GILL. He stated that he contacted JOHNSON at the bar and restaurant and talked to JOHNSON for approximately 30 minutes discussing the status of an appeal on a perjury conviction of JOHNSON in connection with an income tax case on Sheriff REID at Lake Charles, Louisiana.

On leaving Buster's Bar and Restaurant they drove to Alexandria, Louisiana, arriving there at approximately [redacted]:00 PM. FERRIE informed that ALVIN BEAUBOUEF has relatives in Alexandria. FERRIE also said that he had tentatively planned to attend a party in Alexandria and that his plans were tentative because he did not know whether or not

he would be needed in New Orleans on November 25, 1963 in connection with the trial of a murder case which was scheduled to begin on that date. He stated that to ascertain whether he would be needed in New Orleans he made several pre-paid long distance telephone calls from a gas station trying to reach Attorney G. WRAY GILL's office, but was unsuccessful. He stated that he then telephonically contacted his home and talked to LAYTON MARTENS who at that time informed him that two WWL-TV representatives had been making inquiries at his home and in the neighborhood and he learned that he was being accused of being implicated in the assassination of President KENNEDY.

FERRIE said that as a result of the information furnished by LAYTON he was very much disturbed over the fact that he was being accused of being implicated in the assassination of the President and that he left Alexandria, Louisiana between 4:00 and 5:00 PM, possibly close to 5:00 PM. He said that he stopped at several service stations along the way to use the telephone in an attempt to reach Attorney G. WRAY GILL. He said that he was finally successful in contacting Attorney GILL by telephone and that Attorney GILL informed him that HARDY DAVIS, a former bondsman in New Orleans, had telephonically contacted GILL stating that DAVIS had been contacted by JACK S. MARTIN who claimed he had tied FERRIE in with the killing of President KENNEDY and had tipped off the Orleans Parish District Attorney's office, the FBI, the Secret Service, newspapers and radio stations. MARTIN claimed that FERRIE knew OSWALD, had trained OSWALD and had flown OSWALD to Dallas, Texas. FERRIE said he asked Attorney GILL if he had made any attempt to verify any of this information and if he thought there was any substance to it. FERRIE said he told Attorney GILL what LAYTON MARTENS had told him about the inquiries of the WWL-TV representatives and asked Attorney GILL for his advice. Attorney GILL advised him to continue with his plans and to return to New Orleans in keeping with his original plans. FERRIE said that he proceeded directly to New Orleans, stopping at a restaurant on the west side of the highway at Baton Rouge, Louisiana, which restaurant is located between the Mississippi River Bridge and the Hammond Circle. He stated that this restaurant has several rooms and that one of the dining rooms is for formal attire and one is for informal attire and that this restaurant

specializes in steaks. He said that after eating they drove on to New Orleans, arriving at about 9:30 PM. He stated that he dropped ALVIN BEAUBOUEF in the vicinity of his (FERRIE's) home in order that BEAUBOUEF could check his home to see if anyone was waiting for him. He then drove to MELVIN COFFEY's home and dropped him off. FERRIE said that he then telephonically contacted Attorney GILL for the purpose of trying to get GILL to obtain more information concerning the accusations made against him. He stated that after talking to Attorney GILL he drove to Hammond, Louisiana by way of Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and upon arriving in Hammond contacted a friend, THOMAS COMPTON at the Holloway-Smith Hall at Southeastern Louisiana College. He said that COMPTON is doing research at this school. FERRIE claimed that he spent the balance of the night at Holloway-Smith Hall and remained in Hammond until 1:00 or 1:30 PM, November 25, 1963.

He stated that he then drove to New Orleans and went directly to his home where he obtained a clean shirt and then proceeded to the office of Attorney GILL. He stated that from there he went to the District Attorney's office accompanied by Mr. GILL where he surrendered to the District Attorney.

FERRIE said that while in Texas he had talked to waitresses, service station people, clerks, and operators of motels, and that during these conversations he had speculated concerning the assassination of the President and had speculated as to whether the police had arrested the right man, whether the press was giving the complete story and had speculated as to the leftist tendencies of LEE OSWALD and his theory of why OSWALD shot President KENNEDY. He said that it was his theory that LEE OSWALD was paranoidal, probably on the psychotic side and that this act was his attempt to redress the imagined wrongs done OSWALD in the service and was accomplished by destroying the very root of the authority he, OSWALD "bucked".

In regard to JACK S. MARTIN, FERRIE said that he also knew MARTIN had used the names of SUGGS and SCROGGS and that MARTIN lives in the 1900 block of North Prieur on the corner of North Prieur and Esplanade and that the house is located on the southwest corner of that intersection. FERRIE claimed that JACK S. MARTIN was a private detective

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who he first met in the Fall of 1961. He said that since that time MARTIN has attempted to insert himself into his, FERRIE's personal affairs. He claimed that at the time he first met MARTIN, MARTIN was working for a woman in the Department of Health, Education and Welfare, named CATHERINE WILKERSON or WILKINSON or some similar name. He stated that MARTIN was endeavoring to expose various frauds in the Diploma Mills and Ecclesiastical Mills and was particularly interested in CARL J. STANLEY of Louisville, Kentucky who called himself CHRISTOPHER MARIA. He stated that MARTIN was desirous of obtaining some of the phony certificates of ordination and consecretion used by STANLEY and to forward them to Washington, D. C. He said that MARTIN asked his assistance in this investigation and that he accompanied MARTIN to Louisville. He stated that he received only part of his fee for the investigation conducted with MARTIN. FERRIE said that he was slow in catching on to MARTIN but determined that MARTIN was dealing in phony certificates. He said that he regarded MARTIN as being an unethical and dangerous person. FERRIE claimed that in 1962 MARTIN disappeared from the scene and after several months suddenly re-appeared. He stated that MARTIN began visiting him at the office of Attorney G. WRAY GILL and that Mr. GILL did not want MARTIN hanging around his office. FERRIE claimed that in June of 1963 he put MARTIN out of Mr. GILL's office in an undiplomatic manner and that since that time MARTIN has bedeviled him in every manner possible.

FERRIE said that he had learned that some time after he put MARTIN out of Mr. GILL's office MARTIN was moving around to various parts of the United States contacting first one clergyman and then another who were connected with the old Catholic Church trying to get ordained and gave FERRIE's name as a character reference. He further determined that MARTIN was making long distance telephone calls charging these calls to Attorney GILL's office and the office of GUY BANISTER, Guy Banister Associates. FERRIE further informed that he determined that MARTIN had previously been admitted to the psychiatric ward at Charity Hospital where he was diagnosed as a paranoid. FERRIE said he had also learned that MARTIN had been a sergeant in the U. S. Army and while in service had been mixed up in obtaining phony degrees in medicine, chiropractic and naturopathy by finding a college that was not in operation but whose charter was not defunct.

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FERRIE informed that he had also determined that MARTIN had been charged with murder in connection with the illegal practice of medicine in Houston, Texas. However, he believes that this charge was later dismissed.

FERRIE said that he had learned through interviews with other officers that one of the allegations made against him was that when OSWALD was arrested he had his (FERRIE's) library card in OSWALD's possession and that it had been alleged that OSWALD had been using FERRIE's library card to get books at the New Orleans Public Library. FERRIE said that in his personal property located in the Property Room at the First District is his library card which expired March 13, 1963. FERRIE said that he has not made application for a new card since the above card expired and that this card has been in his possession at all times.

FERRIE informed that he has owned a Stinson 150 single engine, blue and white four passenger monoplane, registration number 8293K, since 1948. He stated that this aircraft has not been airworthy since the license expired in April, 1962. FERRIE said that this information can be verified through the FAA Department of Airworthiness Certification in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. FERRIE informed that he has never flown this plane to Cuba and that it has been only as far south as Miami, Florida. He claimed that the plane was flown to Dallas, Texas one time since he purchased it, which was during the year 1949.

FERRIE stated that from approximately November, 1960 until August, 1961 he was associated with the Cuban Revolutionary Front in New Orleans, Louisiana. He stated that he had been actively engaged in working for the Cuban Revolutionary Front collecting food, money, medicine and clothing for the organization as well as giving talks before various citizen's groups. He stated that at the time he was associated with the Cuban Revolutionary Front the office of the organization was located in the Balter Building and that SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH was the head of this organization in New Orleans. FERRIE said that he has never known of the Cuban Revolutionary Front maintaining an office at 544 Camp Street, nor does he have any knowledge of SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH maintaining an office at that address during the time he was head of the organization and later after he was replaced.

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FERRIE said that the Cuban Revolutionary Front was definitely an anti-Castro organization and that all persons connected with the organization were violently anti-Castro. FERRIE stated that he has not had any connection with the Cuban Revolutionary Front or any other anti-Castro organization since August, 1961. He stated that after disassociating himself with the Cuban Revolutionary Front he continued to have contact with SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH which was purely social in nature. He stated that some months after he ceased his activities with the organization, SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH gave up the leadership of the organization and was replaced by an individual named RABEL. FERRIE related that SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH then went into the advertising business in New Orleans and that he had assisted SMITH in preparing letters in connection with his advertising business. FERRIE said that in 1962 SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH attempted to organize a fund-raising committee, the name of which he does not recall, but he does not believe this organization ever materialized. He stated that SMITH was interested at that time in issuing a commemoration coin depicting the Bay of Pigs Invasion which was to be sold to a coin company. He stated that SMITH's plan provided that for a certain amount donated by an individual the donor would receive one of the commemorative coins from the coin company. FERRIE related that in connection with this plan SMITH obtained vendor's license from the City of New Orleans. FERRIE said that he does not believe that this plan was ever placed into effect by SMITH and it is his belief that SMITH subsequently abandoned this idea.

FERRIE said that he does not have any recollection of any organization in New Orleans named the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and has never had any connection with any individual representing an organization by that name.

FERRIE recalled that the following individuals were connected with the Civil Air Patrol during the period 1954 to 1955:

LEON GUIDRY, Cadet Commander
BOBBY RADELAT, Cadet Executive Officer
TOMMY McKIBBEN, Flight Leader
GEORGE BOESCH, Flight Leader
ROY CLEMMENS (or CLEMMENTS), Rifle Instructor

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FERRIE further informed that the following individuals could possibly furnish information concerning his activities and whereabouts:

ALICE GUIDROZ, employee of Attorney G. WRAY GILL;
REGINA FRANCOVICH (phonetic), employee of GILL;
MELVIN COFFEY;
ALVIN BEAUBOUEF;
JOHN IRIAN who is employed by Curtis and Davis, Suite 400, 2475 Canal Street; New Orleans La
JIM LEWALLAN, 1309 Dauphine.

FERRIE exhibited U. S. Passport Number B085860 in the name of DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE issued September 18, 1961. This passport reflected that visa number 1236 was issued by the Consulate General of Guatemala of New Orleans, Louisiana, September 25, 1963. The passport shows that FERRIE entered Guatemala in October 11, 1963 and departed October 18, 1963. The passport further shows that visa number 1406 was issued by Consulate General of Guatemala, New Orleans, Louisiana, October 29, 1963. The passport shows that FERRIE entered Guatemala on October 30, 1963 and departed November 1, 1963.

FERRIE advised that he does not know any individual by the name of JACK RUBY or JACK RUBENSTEIN.

FERRIE stated that he is not implicated in the assassination of President KENNEDY in any manner and is willing to cooperate in any manner to prove that he was not implicated in the killing of the President. He stated that he offered to the District Attorney of Orleans Parish to submit to certain examinations to prove his innocence.

The following physical examination was obtained through interview and observation:

Name:	DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE
Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Date of Birth:	March 20, 1918
Place of Birth:	Cleveland, Ohio
Height:	5 feet 11 inches
Weight:	190 pounds
Eyes:	Brown

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Hair:	Bald; wears brownish-red toupee
Complexion:	Medium
Build:	Medium
Scars and Marks:	Rectangular scar, outer right wrist
Marital Status:	Single
Military Status:	Served in Army Reserve, Cleveland, Ohio, dates not recalled

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

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New Orleans, La.

Mr. ALEC GIFFORD, WDSU-TV, New Orleans, informed that on the night of October 24, 1963, Mr. DON MITCHELL of New Orleans, who is connected with Walker-Saucy Advertising Company in New Orleans, informed him that his roommate, JERRY STEIN, also an employee of Walker-Saucy Advertising, had received a telephone call from an individual known to MITCHELL as JACK (last name unknown). He stated this individual JACK provided STEIN with information concerning an individual by the name of DAVE FERRIE who allegedly was formerly connected with one of the airlines in New Orleans and who was presently living in New Orleans at 3330 Louisiana Parkway. GIFFORD stated that he understood from what was told STEIN by JACK that FERRIE had been very friendly with LEE HARVEY OSWALD of Dallas, Texas and who had been charged with the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. JACK related to STEIN that FERRIE was supposedly the individual who had showed OSWALD how to shoot a rifle with a telescopic sight. He also had apparently been with OSWALD in Dallas, Texas sometime within the last ten days or two weeks.

GIFFORD stated that based upon the information from MITCHELL he informed Mr. JOHN RICE of the U. S. Secret Service in New Orleans of this information and at that time told RICE that he intended to personally interview DAVE FERRIE at his residence to find out whether there was any basis, in fact, concerning this information.

He stated he went to 3330 Louisiana Parkway in New Orleans for the purpose of contacting DAVE FERRIE but did not find him at home. He stated as a result of this, he inquired of two different neighbors in the area concerning FERRIE and at that time learned that one of the neighbors thought that FERRIE was a psychiatrist and that the other was sure that he was a psychiatrist. They stated FERRIE was doing private psychiatric work in the neighborhood and was believed to have a clinic or an office in downtown New Orleans, however he could not determine where this office was. He stated FERRIE had been living at this address on Louisiana Parkway for over a year and that FERRIE had allegedly studied psychiatry or psychology in Italy. One of the neighbors told him that most of FERRIE's patients were young men usually

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA FRANK A. SASS, JR. /lyc Date dictated 11/25/63

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between the ages of 18 and 24 and that he had an almost continuous stream of patients coming to his apartment. They stated that FERRIE usually discussed their problems with these young men for an hour or two at a time. They informed also that they believed FERRIE was possibly a hypnotist or practiced hypnotism, which may have some connection with his psychiatric practice.

He stated he learned also that FERRIE owns a motorcycle and that this is apparently his only means of transportation.

GIFFORD stated he has been of the impression since making these inquiries and talking to MITCHELL that FERRIE is apparently a homosexual and has tendencies along this line.

While at the address of FERRIE on Louisiana Parkway he, GIFFORD, met Mr. RICE of the U. S. Secret Service who was also attempting to contact FERRIE and gathered that the Secret Service was interested in this information and would undoubtedly be interviewing FERRIE.

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JERRY PHILLIP STEIN, 1501 General Taylor, advised that Sunday morning, November 24, 1963, at approximately 10:00 AM, he received a telephone call from an individual who identified himself as JACK and gave his last name, although he cannot remember it. JACK asked to speak to HERMAN KOHLMAN, STEIN's former roommate. JACK said he wanted to tell KOHLMAN about an individual, DAVE FERRIE, on whom KOHLMAN had written an article during the time KOHLMAN was employed as a reporter by the New Orleans Times Picayune Newspaper. JACK told him that FERRIE was in Texas at this time and asked STEIN if he knew that FERRIE had taught LEE HARVEY OSWALD to fire foreign weapons and had also been instrumental with OSWALD in the distribution of literature, which he did not identify. STEIN said that JACK implied that FERRIE was a homosexual.

STEIN informed JACK that KOHLMAN no longer was his roommate and gave him KOHLMAN's phone number. He said that in a few minutes JACK called him back and said the number he had given him was the wrong one, but STEIN told him it was the correct number, and JACK hung up. STEIN then called KOHLMAN at his residence and told him that JACK was going to call him and give him some information about a fellow named DAVE FERRIE. STEIN said this is all the information he has regarding these phone calls and can furnish no further information regarding the identity of JACK or the relationship between FERRIE and OSWALD.

STEIN said he did not know OSWALD or FERRIE, and although he may have met JACK in the past, STEIN could not recall him.

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SA's WILLIAM F. MC DONALD

by and W. M. DANIELSON, JR. /jm.mrk Date dictated 11/25/63

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HERMAN KOHLMAN, Assistant District Attorney, Parish of Orleans, advised that he is familiar with DAVID FERRIE from his past experience as a news reporter. KOHLMAN said he prepared a feature story on FERRIE's activities several years ago. He advised that he heard that FERRIE was mentioned in connection with being associated with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and he talked to JACK MARTIN, a private investigator who "refreshed his memory" about FERRIE. Based upon these facts, the District Attorney's Office instituted an investigation involving FERRIE. He advised that FERRIE was interviewed by members of the District Attorney's staff and denied knowing LEE HARVEY OSWALD or having any information about OSWALD's being in the Civil Air Patrol.

KOHLMAN stated that the District Attorney's Office had received information from the Intelligence Unit of the New Orleans Police Department who had previously conducted inquiries regarding FERRIE's connection with Cuba or Cuban activities. An unknown police officer had told the Intelligence Division of the New Orleans Police Department that he was in the Civil Air Patrol with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and that FERRIE knew OSWALD.

KOHLMAN advised that because FERRIE must have known OSWALD and because it appeared he had lied when he denied knowing OSWALD, FERRIE was arrested.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /jab,mrk Date dictated 11/25/63

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Date November 25, 1963

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Layton Martens ... exa ... AFS

LAYTON PATRICK MARTENS, age 20, was interviewed outside the Second District of the New Orleans Police located at the corner of Magazine and Napoleon Streets, New Orleans, Louisiana. La Cuban Revolutionary Front

MARTENS gave his home address as 3330 Louisiana Avenue Parkway New Orleans, and advised that his mother, Mrs. E. C. MARTENS lived at 5516 Camp Street, New Orleans, La. He said he had lived at the 3330 Louisiana address which is the home of DAVID FERRIE since Sunday, November 17, 1963, after having been "kicked out" of his mother's residence. He also stated that ALVIN BEAUBOUEF had stayed at the FERRIE residence on Monday and Tuesday nights, November 18 and 19, 1963.

MARTENS said FERRIE was a family acquaintance and that he had known him for approximately five years and had known BEAUBOUEF about one year. He first became acquainted with FERRIE in 1958 in the Civil Air Patrol where he, MARTENS, was a cadet from August, 1958, to June, 1961, under the leadership of Captain FERRIE.

He said FERRIE is currently employed as a research librarian for G.WRAY GILL, a New Orleans Attorney and that he is also a psychologist.

When he was "kicked out" of his mother's place, FERRIE suggested that he come to live with him until he could find a place to live. MARTENS is currently employed as a Photostat Technician for the New Orleans Blueprint Company, 824 Union Avenue.

Through his association with FERRIE, he became associated with the Cuban Revolutionary Front on about April 17, 1961, until the latter part of August, 1961, when he left to go to college at the University of Southwestern Louisiana, Lafayette, Louisiana. MARTENS' job with the organization was a voluntary one and he visited consulates and local businessmen to secure funds to finance the organization. He said it was run under the leadership of ARCACHA SMITH whom he described as the third ranking delegate in the Provisional Government of Cuba and that the organization was anti-CASTRO.

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by SA RONALD A. HOVERSON /ejo Date dictated 11/25/63

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The office was located on the second floor of the Balter Building located on Carondelet Street.

On August 29, 1961, he, along with FERRIE, MELVIN SEELING, age 24, whose mother lives in Gretna, Louisiana, and who is probably employed as an airport control tower operator in Corpus Christi, Texas, ANDREW BLACKMON, age 22, who was attending Perkinston Junior College in Mississippi, were arrested by the Jefferson Parish, Louisiana, Sheriff's Office and FERRIE was charged with Crime Against Nature and he, MARTENS, was charged with Vagrancy. MARTENS said they were released and does not believe anyone was convicted as a result of the charges made against them. Another member of the Cuban Revolutionary Front was LAWRENCE FOX, about 25 years of age, who had been born in a Latin Country, but lived in New Orleans for most of his life.

About 1:00 PM, November 24, 1963, G. WRAY GILL stopped at 3330 Louisiana Avenue Parkway, the residence of FERRIE and said he was looking for FERRIE, but MARTENS, who was home alone, said he was not in. GILL stated that he had gotten word that LEE OSWALD, when he was picked up, had been carrying a library card with DAVID FERRIE's name on it and that FERRIE should contact him, GILL, and he would represent him as his attorney. In addition, GILL said that JACK MARTIN, an ex-policeman and private detective in New Orleans, who MARTENS knows to be a personal enemy of FERRIE, had gone to the police and the FBI and said that FERRIE had stated in his, MARTENS' presence, that the President should be killed and outlined plans to this effect.

MARTENS said GILL was there approximately five to ten minutes and left.

At about 3:00 PM, on November 24, 1963, he received a call from FERRIE who said, after MARTIN had related the above information to him, that he had talked with GILL and there was nothing to worry about. MARTENS said he did not know if the call was local or long distance and that he made an inquiry concerning this and FERRIE replied something to the effect that it was none of his business. During the conversation, FERRIE stated that the name of OSWALD did not ring a bell with him and that he did not know him.

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MARTENS said during his association with the Civil Air Patrol that, under the supervision of FERRIE, the group had built a telescope to be used for Astronomy, but that to his knowledge, FERRIE did not possess a telescope of his own. He said FERRIE owned a .38 caliber revolver and a short 30.06 caliber Mauser which had "peep" sights and no telescopic sights.

MARTENS said he knows FERRIE to be a great admirer of President KENNEDY and that he would classify him as a desegregationist.

In addition, MARTENS said he graduated in June, 1961, from Fortier High School located at the corner of Nashville and Freret, New Orleans, and had attended McMain Junior High School located at the corner of Nashville and Soth Claiborne, New Orleans.

MARTENS said LEE HARVEY OSWALD was unknown to him until the assassination of the President of the United States and that he has no knowledge which would shed any light concerning the assassination other than what he has read in the newspapers and heard through other news media.

To his knowledge there has been no association between FERRIE and OSWALD.

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[redacted] CLAUDE L. [redacted] 1/24/

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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DEAN ANDREWS, Attorney at Law, Audubon Building, New Orleans, presently confined Hotel Dieu Hospital, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he met LEE OSWALD shortly before July 4, 1963. He estimated the time of this meeting as late in the month of June, 1963. He stated that OSWALD appeared at his office with several individuals who impressed him as being homosexuals. ANDREWS stated that he could not remember the identity of the people who came to his office with OSWALD. He stated that he did not open a file on OSWALD and further that OSWALD did not pay him for any legal service. ANDREWS stated that OSWALD was concerned because he could not obtain employment and inquired of him if it would be possible to reopen his bad conduct discharge with the United States Marines. ANDREWS also stated he was interested in the immigration status of his wife and was concerned with the legal question of his citizenship status and whether he had lost his American citizenship in Russia. ANDREWS stated that he talked to OSWALD two or three times and asked OSWALD to bring his military discharge papers and his wife's passport and any other documents he might have to his office, but OSWALD never produced the papers. ANDREWS stated that it would cost $25 or $30 to obtain the necessary military records of OSWALD and as OSWALD did not produce the money to cover this initial expense, no action was taken by him.

ANDREWS advised that he has searched his mind in an effort to identify the persons who came to the office with OSWALD and he cannot recall them. He stated that he recalled one person whom he described as a Mexican who claimed he was born in Texas. From the appearance and demeanor of this person, ANDREWS stated he thought him to be a homosexual. ANDREWS stated that he never knew this individual's name but that he would sit outside of ANDREWS' office and wait for OSWALD.

He recalled another individual whose name he believes to be CLAY BERTRAND accompanied OSWALD to ANDREWS' office. He remembers this person as a youthful appearing person age 22 - 23, 5'7", 160 pounds, blonde hair and crew cut. ANDREWS stated that although he has associated the name CLAY BERTRAND in his mind with the individual described who appeared at ANDREWS' office with OSWALD, he cannot be sure this individual was in

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S REGIS L. KENNEDY & CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER/lrs Date dictated 11/25/63

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[redacted] ct named CLAY BERTRAND.

[redacted] ANDREWS advised that he was in Hotel Dieu under sedation and asleep sometime Saturday night when the telephone rang and a person who said his name was CLAY BERTRAND asked him if he would be interested in handling the defense of LEE OSWALD in Dallas, Texas, for the murder of President KENNEDY. ANDREWS stated that he told the person that he would have to consider this matter and made no notes regarding the call. He stated that BERTRAND did not leave a telephone number but told him he would call him back.

ANDREWS stated that on Sunday he spoke with SAM "MONK" ZELDEN, a New Orleans attorney and asked him if he would be interested in assisting in the defense and while talking to ZELDEN a news report came in that OSWALD had been shot.

ANDREWS stated that it was his belief that CLAY BERTRAND was one of the individuals that had been in his office with OSWALD and the name seems to be familiar but he has no idea who CLAY BERTRAND is or how he came to contact him. ANDREWS stated that he has no file in his office on either OSWALD or CLAY BERTRAND and he has had his secretary make a thorough search of his records with negative results.

ANDREWS stated that for the past several years he has represented a number of homosexuals that have been involved in minor local violations and he feels that he is well known to most of the homosexuals in the French Quarter. He stated that he had no information that OSWALD was a homosexual. ANDREWS stated that he would continue efforts to recall any additional facts which would enable him to identify CLAY BERTRAND as a possible associate of LEE OSWALD.

ANDREWS stated that it is well known that he has been in Hotel Dieu since Thursday, November 21, 1963. He stated that he has had to continue a number of Municipal Court cases and that anyone with connections among the homosexuals in New Orleans could have known his location. He stated that BERTRAND could not have contacted his wife or [redacted] office and obtained this information.

[redacted]

Date dictated 11/2

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1

Date November 25, 1963

ALVIN ROLAN BEAUBOUEF, 2427 Alvar Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, was contacted at the Second District Police Station, at Napoleon Avenue and Magazine Street. BEAUBOUEF advised that at approximately 1 a.m., November 25, 1963, he had gone to DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE's apartment at 3303 Louisiana Avenue Parkway to obtain a book from him and shortly after his arrival some New Orleans Policemen some how connected with the District Attorney's Office came in and arrested FERRIE, a boy named MARTINS and himself, after which he was taken to the Second District Police Station.

BEAUBOUEF stated that he had met FERRIE approximately three years ago when he used to play hockey. It was his understanding that FERRIE was in some way connected with the Civil Air Patrol in New Orleans, and was a learned individual. BEAUBOUEF stated that he had been attending the John Curtis Christian High School and since he was falling behind in his subjects FERRIE had been tutoring him in his school work. He stated that he guessed since his arrest he would be kicked out of school and appeared to be extremely concerned over this. When asked why he had gone to FERRIE's apartment at 1 a.m. in the morning, he continued to state he had just gone for a book. He was then asked about his whereabouts for the past two or three days and as to whether he knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD at which time he stated that he did not want to answer any more questions until he had consulted with his attorney, G. WRAY GILL, and wanted to know if he was free to leave. BEAUBOUEF stated he had been booked at the Second District on a state vagrancy charge and that they had just released him at about 8 p.m. and wanted to know if there was any charge or reason why he could not now leave.

BEAUBOUEF was advised that he was not being charged or accused of anything but that it was desirous that he submit to further questioning and again he stated

On 11/25/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES M. SCHEFFER :gas Date dictated 11/25/63

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[redacted] advised that he was listening to [redacted] he would answer no further questions until he had contacted his attorney.

The following descriptive information was obtained through observation and interview:

Name	ALVIN ROLAN BEAUBOUEF
Address	2427 Alvar Street New Orleans, Louisiana
Date of Birth	September 6, 1945
Place of Birth	New Orleans, Louisiana
Height	Approximately 5'8"
Weight	Approximately 135 pounds
Hair	Sandy, curley, combed straight back
Complexion	Dark, with bad case of acne
Scars and Marks	None visible
Employment	Presently unemployed, has been attending school
Father	HERMAN A. BEAUBOUEF, Deceased
Mother	EVELYN BEAUBOUEF, 2427 Alvar Street New Orleans, Louisiana
Brother	HERMAN BEAUBOUEF, 2427 Alvar Street New Orleans, Louisiana
Brother	RONALD BEAUBOUEF, unknown address on Willow Street, New Orleans, Louisiana
Sister	GLORIA GONZALES, Friscoville Street Arabi, Louisiana

[redacted]

[redacted] Date dictated 11/26/69

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Date November 25, 1963

JACK S. MARTIN, 1311 North Prieur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he was listening to a TV program on WWL-TV reporting the life of LEE OSWALD and reporting various interviews with people in New Orleans that were acquainted with LEE OSWALD. MARTIN stated that one of the people interviewed whose name he does not know who he described as a white male, age early 20's, wearing horn rimmed glasses, recalled that OSWALD had been active in the Civil Air Patrol with DAVID FERRIE. MARTIN stated that when he heard this he "flipped". MARTIN advised that in his occupation as a private investigator he has had occasion to develop considerable information about FERRIE and reported it to RICHARD E. ROBY, Special Agent, Investigative Division, Office of Compliance and Security, Federal Aviation Agency, Washington, D. C., who must have a big file on FERRIE as they conducted a complete investigation of his activities in New Orleans several years ago. MARTIN advised that he called WWL-TV Station and furnished the station with background information about FERRIE, particularly his homosexual tendencies and the fact that he formerly operated the Civil Air Patrol. He also told them that FERRIE was an amateur hypnotist and that it was his idea that FERRIE may have hypnotized LEE OSWALD and planted a post-hypnotic suggestion that he kill the President. [illegible]

MARTIN stated that he has visited in the home of DAVID FERRIE and he saw a group of photographs of various Civil Air Patrol cadet groups and in this group he is sure he saw several years ago a photograph of LEE OSWALD as a member of one of the classes. He stated he did not recall the group that OSWALD was in or any other details. In addition he stated that FERRIE conducted military type drills with rifles, fatigue clothes and helmet liners of the Civil Air Patrol Cadets and he recalled that FERRIE claimed to have taught these cadets how to shoot. MARTIN stated that he has observed in FERRIE's home a number of foreign made firearms and it is his opinion that FERRIE

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY and SA CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER :gas Date dictated 11/25/63

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WLK,CLS:gas

could have taught OSWALD how to purchase a foreign made firearm or possibly have purchased the gun that was shown on television. He advised that he saw similar type weapons at FERRIE's home when he visited there two years ago.

MARTIN advised that FERRIE discussed with him the charges of crime against nature which resulted in his arrest by Jefferson Parish authorities and he recalled that FERRIE had told him that one of the "kids that was a witness against him" had moved to Mississippi from New Orleans and subsequently joined the United States Marine Corps. He heard on television that OSWALD had been in the Marine Corps therefore he surmised that OSWALD was that "kid", that he was a witness against FERRIE in the crime against nature charge that had joined the Marine Corps. MARTIN explained it might have been the same individual or a very close coincidence.

MARTIN advised that he has reported this matter to Major TROSCLAIR of the New Orleans Police Department, Intelligence Division, and he felt that Major TROSCLAIR was not giving the matter sufficient concern so he called Assistant District Attorney HERMAN KOHLMAN who was a former newspaper reporter and who was very familiar with the FERRIE case as he had written various feature stories about FERRIE. MARTIN stated that he explained all of his ideas and suspicions to KOHLMAN.

MARTIN advised that he was really suspicious of FERRIE's activities when he received a report from W. HARDY DAVIS, a New Orleans Bail Bondsman, who told him that G. WRAY GILL, New Orleans attorney and employer of FERRIE had called him to locate FERRIE who lives down the street from him and at the same time had denied to the TV station that FERRIE was an employee of GILL's Office. DAVIS furnished MARTIN information that FERRIE had left town for Texas on Friday evening, November 22, 1963, which information he

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[redacted]

also made available to Mr. KOHLMAN of the District Attorney's office. MARTIN stated that FERRIE is a completely disreputable person, a notorious sex deviate with a brilliant mind being highly trained in mathematics, sciences, several foreign languages including Latin, modern Greek and ancient Greek. MARTIN advised that FERRIE had been educated in a seminary and subsequently expelled from the Catholic Church and he, MARTIN, suspected him of being capable of committing any type of crime.

MARTIN stated that he felt that FERRIE's possible association with LEE OSWALD should be the subject of close examination as he personally believed that he could be implicated in the killing of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

[redacted]

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 25, 1963

HAROLD N. HENDERSON, residence address 1137 North White Street, employed by Auderer Dental Company, Inc., 500 Hayan Street New Orleans, La. furnished the following information:

He worked as an outside salesman in 1956 for Pfisterer Dental Laboratory Company, 227 Dauphine Street. The name LEE OSWALD seemed to be familiar but that is all. He did not recognize photographs of OSWALD taken while he attended 9th grade at Beauregard School in New Orleans, and when he was arrested on November 22, 1963, for the assassination of President KENNEDY. HENDERSON advised his wife died in March, 1956, and his mother in May, 1956, and he therefore was absent from work a great deal during this period and ordinarily would not have paid much attention to messengers who usually stay for only a short period.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH G. ENGELHARDT /sw Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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New Orleans La

EDWARD VOEBEL, 4916 Canal Street (rear of Quality Flower Shop), was recontacted. VOEBEL stated that he had just been advised by BILL SLATTER of WDSU Television that DAVE FERRIE, who was commander of a Civil Air Patrol (CAP) Unit at New Orleans in which VOEBEL was a member, was a homosexual. VOEBEL stated that now that he thinks about this situation, he recalled that FERRIE seemed to be an "odd ball" who rode a motorcycle and appeared very emotional. VOEBEL recalled that on one occasion FERRIE cried while listening to some music.

VOEBEL stated that during the 1955 school year at Beauregard Junior High School he joined the CAP. He stated that a fellow student, ROBERT ESTAVE (PH), wore a CAP Uniform to school and told VOEBEL about the CAP and invited VOEBEL to join. VOEBEL remembered that he went with ESTAVE to Moisant Airport in Kenner, Louisiana, to a CAP meeting in the Eastern Airlines Hangar. VOEBEL stated that the meetings were held in a room located upstairs in the hangar. He stated that DAVID FERRIE was not commander of this CAP Unit at that time, and he was unable to recall the identity of the commanding officer of this unit. He recalled having to fill out an application and having it signed by his mother but could not remember whether he was given an oath when he joined.

VOEBEL stated that the unit held meetings on Sundays and sometimes on a week night. As best he could recall, the meetings were held about once a week. He said there were two "Wings" which totalled roughly 20 to 25 members, including a section for girls. He said he could not remember what the official designation was for the unit other than being the Moisant Airport Group. VOEBEL said he remained in this group for about one year and quit while he was attending Fortier High School sometime in 1956. He recalled that they attended classes in Meteorology, Engine Mechanics, Flight Instruction, Aerodynamics, Reading of Weather Reports, and Drills. He stated that the group never received any firearms training of any kind while he was a member.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN and SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN :sah Date dictated 11/25/63

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He recalled that after he had been a member for approximately six months Captain DAVE FERRIE took over command of the unit. VOEBEL stated that FERRIE was reportedly very intelligent with several degrees, including a PhD in English, and was either a pilot or co-pilot for Eastern or Delta Airlines. He believed FERRIE resided in Airline Park, Jefferson Parish, Louisiana, at this time. VOEBEL stated that the people giving instructions in this unit prior to FERRIE taking command taught their classes like regular school teachers. He said that under Captain FERRIE the training became more severe and drills were intensified and on occasion Captain FERRIE used strong language. VOEBEL stated that he began to lose interest when FERRIE took command as they began to drill in rifle squad formations using regular wooden drill rifles and he felt that this instruction had no bearing on the activities of the CAP. VOEBEL stated that he persuaded LEE HARVEY OSWALD to join this same CAP Unit and took OSWALD with him one time on the bus to attend the meeting. VOEBEL assumed that OSWALD completed an application for membership at this time but could not say he did so for sure. He stated that OSWALD attended two or three drills and possibly four drills at the most. He stated that it seemed funny, but he could remember OSWALD joining the unit but could not remember him as ever being there. He said OSWALD had a knack for being there and not being noticed. He said that OSWALD told him that the trip to Moisant Airport was too far to go to attend meetings and he had decided to join a CAP Unit which met at New Orleans Municipal Airport on the Lake Front.

C.A.P. Unit Air Patrol

VOEBEL stated that he later had a discussion with DAVID VERRETT, who was a member of the CAP Unit at New Orleans Municipal Airport, and VERRETT told him OSWALD had never attended meetings at that unit. VOEBEL stated that he was acquainted with VERRETT as VERRETT was taking music lessons on the saxaphone and clarinet with the same instructor at Werlein's Music Store that VOEBEL took lessons from. VOEBEL identified this music instructor as HOWARD VORRHIES who is now the band

La.

New Orleans La.

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leader for Post 125 of the American Legion.

VOEBEL stated he believes that OSWALD never intended to remain in the unit at the New Orleans Municipal Airport and used this as an excuse to get out of the CAP. VOEBEL explained he did not believe OSWALD liked authority nor did he like drilling and he did not really want to be a member of the CAP but he, VOEBEL, talked OSWALD into joining. VOEBEL stated that he could not recall if Captain DAVE FERRIE was commander of the unit at the time OSWALD attended meetings or whether OSWALD attended meetings prior to Captain FERRIE taking command.

VOEBEL stated that the only other person he could recall as a member of the CAP Unit at Moisant Airport was (First name unknown) RONDELL (PH), who was a radio man. He recalled that RONDELL's father had a radio license and expected that his son through code training at the CAP would get a license, too. VOEBEL stated he had no contact with FERRIE other than at meetings with the CAP. He stated that FERRIE never indicated to anyone that he was fond of guns and appeared to be a music lover of sorts.

VOEBEL recalled that one time there was a big meeting scheduled for the CAP at Alexandria, Louisiana, and in order to get some training for the unit before going to this meeting, Captain FERRIE arranged for a one night bivouac. As best as VOEBEL can recall, this bivouac was held on a farm in Kenner, Louisiana, near Jefferson Highway, which belonged to a father of a member of the unit. He stated that they set up bunks in a barn. He recalled that Captain FERRIE told them they were going to have some rifle shooting practice and requested each member bring his own gun. VOEBEL stated he took his own personal .22 caliber rifle with him but it rained and they did not shoot. VOEBEL stated that OSWALD was not along on this bivouac as OSWALD had quit the unit sometime before this outing occurred.

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VOEBEL stated that after he quit the CAP in 1956 he learned that the Patrol was meeting in Kenner, Louisiana, near Williams Boulevard and Third Street. He recalled that he attended one meeting and noted there was an old fighter plan nearby which was property of the CAP. He stated that this was also during 1956, exact date unrecalled; and Captain FERRIE was no longer commander of this unit. He stated this was the last time he attended CAP meetings.

During the interview with VOEBEL, he received a crank-type telephone call from an unidentified woman who admonished him for giving information over television which tended to bring a bad reputation to New Orleans and Beauregard Junior High. VOEBEL stated that he had also been frightened by a visit from someone who led him to believe he was from Associated Press but acted very suspicious. VOEBEL was advised of the jurisdiction of the FBI and that the FBI was not in a position to offer him any protection. He was advised that should he feel he needed protection he should contact the New Orleans Police Department.

T. [illegible] 5307 Lemmon, Dallas, Texas, [illegible] Petroleum Corporation. [illegible] individual registered into the motel on four different occasions in the [illegible] 1961 as follows:

[illegible] 10, 1961

June 29, 7:00 PM, checking out June 30, at 8:00 AM

September 10, 1961, 1:11 PM, checking out 9:15, 11:00 at [illegible]

October 10, 1961, 5:30 PM, checking out October 11, 11:00 AM

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

New Orleans La

Mr. FELIX RODRIQUE, Night Manager, Roosevelt Hotel, furnished the following information from 1961 registration cards of the hotel on the following individuals:

JAMES F. RIZZUTO;
YVES LEANDEZ; La
EARL PERRY;
(FNU) REGAN and
LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

No registration records could be located on JAMES F. RIZZUTO, YVES LEANDEZ, or LEE HARVEY OSWALD for the year 1961.

Two separate registrations were located with the last name of PERRY for the year 1961: Earl K Perry

1) EARL H. PERRY, 205 Garden Drive, Monroe, Louisiana, showing employment as Northeast Motors, Inc., registered in on September 6, 1961 at 7:23 PM, checking out on September 8, 1961 at 9:00 AM. La

2) Mr. and Mrs. E. L. PERRY, 2063 Citrus Drive, Ocala, Florida, no employment shown, registering in on April 20, 1961 at 9:35 PM, checking out on April 23, 1961 at 6:30 AM. La

Two separate registration cards were located in the name of REGAN as follows:

1) T. L. REGAN, 5397 Lynbrook, Houston, Texas, employment, Pan Am Petroleum Corporation. This individual registered into the hotel on four different occasions in the year 1961 as follows: La.

March 7 or 9, 7:07 PM, checking out, March 10, 8:07 AM.

June 29, 7:00 PM, checking out June 30, at 8:00 AM.

September 13, 1961, 1:11 PM, checking out 9:15, 1961 at 4:29 PM.

October 16, 1961, 5:30 PM, checking out October 18, 1961 at 11:00 AM.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. :bal Date dictated 11/25/63

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JES:bal

2) M. T. REGAN, 255 Chestnut Street, Brooklyn, New York, employment, Columbia Cable Electrical Corporation, American Express Card number 008 020 924 0 C, checking in March 21, 1961, time not shown, checking out March 24, 1961 at 7:00 AM.

Mr. RODRIQUE advised that at this time these are the only records available; however, it is possible that the hotel does have records which may identify some of the services rendered which would include telephone calls made by the individual in which the FBI may have an interest.

/cjo

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

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Mrs. GLADYS DURR, 204 Shrewsbury Court, Metairie, Louisiana, advised that she is Commander of the Boisant Cadet Squadron, Civil Air Patrol. She said that she joined this unit in October or December, 1955. She said that DAVE FERRIE had been expelled from the squadron at about the time she joined it. She said that she believes JOE LISMAN was Squadron Commander when she joined. She stated that she had no records of membership, nor did recall LEE OSWALD as ever having been associated with the squadron.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Date November 25, 1963

Frederick K O'Sullivan

Officer FRED O'SULLIVAN, 413 Heritage, Gretna, Louisiana, New Orleans Police Department, Vice Squad, advised that he attended Beauregard Junior High School in New Orleans, Louisiana, contemporarily with LEE H. OSWALD. He said that during this time, in 1955, he, O'SULLIVAN, was a cadet in the Civil Air Patrol (CAP) at New Orleans Airport. He stated that he prevailed upon two other schoolmates, JOE THOMPSON and ED VOEBEL, and OSWALD to consider joining the CAP Cadets. He said that he and the others were about 15 years of age at the time. He advised that THOMPSON joined the CAP Cadet Squadron at New Orleans Airport and that VOEBEL and OSWALD came to one or two meetings, but did not join. He thinks they considered the airport location was too remote, and that they then went to the CAP Squadron at Moisant Airport. It was O'SULLIVAN's recollection that VOEBEL joined the CAP Squadron there.

Regarding DAVID W. FERRIE, O'SULLIVAN stated that FERRIE was Squadron Commander at this approximate time at New Orleans Airport, but he could not say for certain that OSWALD ever met FERRIE. He stated that FERRIE left the squadron at this approximate time and started his own squadron at Moisant Airport.

O'SULLIVAN stated that he had furnished this information to the Intelligence Squad of the New Orleans Police Department. He stated that he had but little association with OSWALD at Beauregard Junior High School, and knows nothing about him.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN W. SMITH /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

New Orleans, La.

Mr. HAROLD TOOLE, St. Bernard Parish Sheriff's Office, advised that he is former Executive Officer, New Orleans Cadet Squadron, Civil Air Patrol (CAP). He stated that he was associated with this squadron from about September, 1960, until the Summer of 1963. He stated that DAVE FERRIE left this squadron around March, 1960. TOOLE does not know LEE H. OSWALD to have ever been associated with this organization. He said that most of the records of the squadron were stolen in late 1960, but that he has a few records as has ALVIN MEISTER, squadron commander. He said that he will search his records on November 26, 1963, and advise if he is able to locate a record identifiable with LEE H. OSWALD.

On 11/25/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN W. SMITH /jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

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Mr. ALVIN MEISTER, 6824 Louis 14th Street, Commander, New Orleans Cadet Squadron, Civil Air Patrol (CAP), advised that he joined the CAP Squadron in 1954. He said that he believes he recognized LEE H. OSWALD's photograph, which appeared in the newspaper, but was unable to state under what circumstances, if any, he had associated with the man. He said that he is reasonably certain that he did not know OSWALD from the CAP; that he did not know the latter to be a member of the CAP.

MEISTER stated that cadet files are kept for only one year after the cadet terminates his service. He said that he is reasonably certain that he will be unable to locate a file identifiable with LEE H. OSWALD; however, he will search his records on November 26, 1963, for such a file.

MEISTER stated that DAVE FERRIE was "in and out" of the CAP several times. He said that FERRIE left in 1953, worked for awhile with the cadets at Moisant Airport, returned in 1958, and worked until June, 1960, at which time he was terminated.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN W. SMITH /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

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Mr. Joseph G. EHRLICKER, 111 East Oakridge Parkway, Metairie, Louisiana, Commander, Louisiana Wing, Civil Air Patrol (CAP), advised that he does not recall that LEE H. OSWALD was a member of the CAP. He said that he knows DAVID FERRIE was a CAP squadron commander, and that he was in charge of the New Orleans Cadet Squadron on two separate occasions. He said that CAP is required to keep personnel records for only four years. He stated that squadron records are distributed between HAROLD TOOLE and ALVIN MEISTER, who are Executive Officer and Commander, respectively. He contacted these two individuals, who stated that they would assemble what records they had in their possession, on November 26, 1963. He then stated that he would advise if he is able to locate a record identifiable with LEE H. OSWALD or DAVID FERRIE.

On 11/25/63 Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN W. SMITH :/ejo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/25/63

Mr. ADRIAN ALBA, 624 Focis Street, Metairie, Louisiana, who operates the Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, New Orleans, advised that he now recalls an additional conversation he had with LEE H. OSWALD who was formerly employed at William B. Reily and Company, Inc. Coffee Plant next door to his garage. He explained that being a gun collector, he, ALBA, had one of his rifles at the garage office, cleaning it, and OSWALD saw it. He was interested in the gun and during conversation concerning it spoke about and discussed the merits of small caliber and larger caliber bullets. He recalled that OSWALD mentioned that a smaller caliber bullet was more deadly than a larger one, to which point ALBA agreed.

Mr. ALBA stated that in the several conversations he had with OSWALD concerning firearms, OSWALD was only interested in rifles. He explained that OSWALD never spoke of pistols or other guns but on one occasion commented that the carbine was indeed the finest of all rifles. He believed that OSWALD preferred the carbine over any gun made, although he did show interest in other type rifles such as a Japanese rifle ALBA had at his office on one occasion cleaning it.

Mr. ALBA expressed the opinion that OSWALD would necessarily have had a great deal of practice in firing a rifle with a scope sight to have been able to "get off as many shots" as he did during the assassination of President KENNEDY at Dallas, Texas. He further explained that having had experience in shooting rifles with scope sights he knows that it takes a period of time for one to adjust his eyesight to the image at which he is firing after each shot. He added that this is not as easy as an open sight and that a bolt action rifle would add to the time necessarily consumed in firing such a rifle. He therefore believed that OSWALD had much practice in firing a gun of this type.

Mr. ALBA advised, however that he knew of no rifle practice which OSWALD had engaged in while in New Orleans, adding that from his conversation with OSWALD he did not believe that OSWALD belonged to any of the local gun clubs. He added that it would have been almost impossible for OSWALD to practice with a rifle around New Orleans unless he belonged to a gun club.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S LESTER G. DAVIS & JOHN WILLIAM MILLER /bal Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

Mr. FORD O'NEAL, (NA), Identification Bureau, Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol, Wiggins, Mississippi, a lifelong resident of Wiggins, advised telephonically that he was not acquainted with anyone in the Wiggins or Stone County area identifiable with YVES LEANDEZ. Mr. O'NEAL advised he would make inquiry in an effort to develop background information, if any, concerning this individual.

Mr. O'NEAL subsequently telephonically advised that he had contacted the following officials, all lifelong residents of the Wiggins area, none of whom were personally aware of anyone in the area identifiable with YVES LEANDEZ and none of whom had any reference to this person in their respective records.

H. N. PRESTON, Sheriff of Stone County;

Mrs. ESTELLE BOWDEN, Clerk, Local Draft Board; Wiggins 111.33

Mrs. MYRTLE BAKER, Postmistress;

Mrs. JAMES ALFORD, Credit Bureau of Wiggins.

Mr. O'NEAL advised he felt certain if LEANDEZ had lived for any period of time in the Wiggins area, under this name that one or more of the persons named would have heard of him.

On 11/25/63 at Gulfport, Mississippi File # NO 89-69

by SA WILLIAM F. DUKES /sw Date dictated 11/25/63

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Date 11/26/63

RALPH HARTWELL, 600 North Labarre Road, Metairie, Louisiana, advised he was formerly Vice-President of the New Orleans Astronomy Association. He said that at the present time, however, the association is not active. HARTWELL advised that from June, 1955 to December of 1956, he was an officer of this organization. He advised that during that time he does not recall anyone by the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD being a member of the club. He stated, however, it is possible that OSWALD was a member of the club, that he filled out an application, but that the application was subsequently dropped and OSWALD written off the books if he was not an active member of the association. HARTWELL, after a review of the membership, minutes of the meetings, and treasury records of the association, advised he could find no record identifiable with LEE HARVEY OSWALD as ever having been a member of the association or having attended any meetings. He advised that he has heard that PALMER McBRIDE and WILLIAM WULF, Jr. had dealings with OSWALD. As a matter of fact, stated HARTWELL, he heard that WULF had thrown OSWALD out of his house after the latter had made some inappropriate remark.

On 11/26/63 at Metairie, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN M. McCARTHY :dmm Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

JULIAN EVANS, 1910 Prytania Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, was interviewed at his place of residence, and supplied the following information:

The first time that EVANS met the OSWALD family was one day, exact date and time unknown, while EVANS was in the Covington area. He said that at that time LEE HARVEY OSWALD was approximately seven years old. EVANS and his wife, MYRTLE EVANS, maintained a friendship with the OSWALDs, who, at that time he believed resided in a house on Alvar Street, New Orleans, which was owned by Mrs. OSWALD. Subsequently, Mrs. OSWALD sold her house at Alvar Street he believed, and then moved in with her sister, address unknown. He advised that in approximately May of 1954, Mrs. OSWALD and her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, moved into 1454 St. Mary Street, apartment six, where they resided until approximately November, 1954. He stated that at that time, namely May, 1954, Mrs. OSWALD decided to move from the upstairs apartment because the rent was too high. He advised that she took an apartment next door at 1452 St. Mary Street and resided in that apartment until approximately May, 1955. He advised that at the time OSWALD lived at the above residences, which are owned by him, LEE HARVEY OSWALD appeared to be a head strong, boisterous individual. He stated that on occasions he would holler in a loud tone of voice to his mother. He advised that he could not recall, nor could he make out the exact language he did use when he had arguments with his mother.

He advised generally OSWALD appeared to be a quiet fellow who did not associate much with the neighbors. He said he could not remember any close associates which OSWALD had during the period of time he resided at 1454 and 1452 St. Mary Street. He advised that recently he mentioned to some of the neighbors in that area, as well as the grocery store owners, that OSWALD had resided at the above addresses, but none of these people could recall him. He advised that he never noticed any of the literature which OSWALD did read, nor did he ever hear him make any comments regarding either the Communist or Marxistphilosophy. He advised he never knew of any incident where OSWALD was involved in any fights in the neighborhood, although he recalls one time when OSWALD came home from school apparently suffering from an injury which he assumed OSWALD suffered as a result of a fight.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN M. MC CARTHY /cjo Date dictated 11/26/63

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EVANS advised that he had no indication from any of OSWALD's actions while he was a young boy, that he was in any way disloyal to the United States.

EVANS recalled that his wife had told him that MARGURITE OSWALD was married twice. He recalled that his wife informed him that at the time LEE HARVEY OSWALD's father, who was MARGURITE's second husband, died, MARGURITE OSWALD was about seven months pregnant with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He advised that his wife also had told him that when MARGURITE OSWALD went out for an evening, she would leave LEE with a babysitter (name and address unknown), and when Mrs. OSWALD would return, she would notice that LEE had welts on his body which he apparently received as a result of a beating.

EVANS advised that in approximately May of 1955, the OSWALD family moved from the apartment they occupied at 1452 St. Mary Street, and moved to an apartment on Exchange Place in New Orleans, exact address unknown. He advised he hadn't seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD from the time that he left 1452 St. Mary, until about the Spring of 1963, exact date unknown, when OSWALD returned to New Orleans.

In the spring of 1963, exact date unknown, LEE HARVEY OSWALD came to his home looking for an apartment. He stated that his wife, MYRTLE EVANS, answered the door and asked him if he recalled LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He advised that he did remember the boy and was surprised to see him again. EVANS advised that his wife told OSWALD that she had no apartment currently available, at which time they conversed for about an hour in the house. EVANS advised that during that brief period of time OSWALD mentioned nothing concerning his association or activity with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee or any attachment with any other official organization. He advised that OSWALD had told him that he had married while he was in Russia and when MYRTLE EVANS queried him as to whether OSWALD had given up his United States Citizenship,

OSWALD replied in the negative. EVANS stated that he did not notice at that time whether or not OSWALD had any baggage with him. He advised that to the best of his recollection, OSWALD arrived at his home by public transportation. He advised that in March of 1963, OSWALD was working for the Reily Coffee House in New Orleans, but cannot definitely be sure.

EVANS stated that after this brief conversation, MYRTLE EVANS accompanied OSWALD in his search for an apartment. He advised that it took them approximately one-half day to find the apartment on Magazine Street, exact address unknown. He stated that his wife informed him that OSWALD seemed pleased with the apartment at that time, but said that he did not believe his wife would like it because while OSWALD and his wife were in Russia, they lived in a new apartment. OSWALD, advised EVANS, had also mentioned that he was going to establish an apartment in New Orleans and then send for his wife, who he believed at that time was in Russia.

EVANS advised that during the time he has known LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he cannot recall any mention on the part of OSWALD to assassinate President KENNEDY. He stated that from his association with OSWALD, he did not think that OSWALD would be the type to assassinate President KENNEDY. He based this conclusion on the fact that he felt that OSWALD was an introvert and a a recluse individual, who did not have time to associate generally in social circles. He advised that he could be wrong in his opinion.

JULIAN EVANS advised that he recalls that sometime, exact date unknown, MARGURITE OSWALD worked in a stocking place on Canal Street near the Audubon Building as a manager and buyer.

He stated that he cannot recall the exact name or location of this particular establishment. He further advised that he does not have any records available concerning the occupant of 1454 St. Mary Street and 1452 St. Mary Street, New Orleans, during the period May, 1954, and 1955. He stated that the present occupants of these residences are fairly current and would not have any knowledge concerning OSWALD. He advised that his memory fails him as to the name of the people who occupied the building during the above period.

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JULIAN EVANS stated that his recollection of the OSWALD family and their activities is not too clear and complete. He stated that his wife, MYRTLE EVANS, would be in a better position to know more about the OSWALDs since she had been in closer contact with them than he.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1

KERRY WENDELL THORNLEY, 1824 Dauphine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, voluntarily appeared at the New Orleans office at 12:30 PM, November 26, 1963, and advised that he would like to offer his services in any way to determine the guilt or innocence of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. THORNLEY stated that he was formerly in the U. S. Marine Corps, 9th Marine Air Control Squadron, stationed at El Toro Marine Base, California. He stated for approximately four months he was associated with LEE HARVEY OSWALD during 1959. He advised that his association with OSWALD was terminated when he, THORNLEY, was transferred overseas, being assigned to the First Marine Air Control Squadron, stationed in Japan, the Phillippines, and Formosa area.

THORNLEY stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been assigned overseas in Japan and had returned to the United States prior to the time he had met him and it was his recollection that OSWALD had become interested in Russia and had studied the Russian Language while living in Japan. THORNLEY stated that it was his opinion that OSWALD was not a Communist while he was assigned to the El Toro Marine Base.

THORNLEY stated that through news media he had learned that OSWALD had gone to Russia to live and through the same news media, had learned that he had returned to the United States, disillusioned about Communism. THORNLEY stated that he had not seen or talked to OSWALD since 1959 and his knowledge of OSWALD since that time has been from news media. He stated that he has been interested in OSWALD as a person and is planning to make him the central figure of a fictional book he is writing, using OSWALD's background as a theme for the book. Regarding [illegible] advised that

THORNLEY stated that he was not aware that OSWALD was in New Orleans and had no contact with him. He stated that on May 1, 1963, he took a six day trip to California and approximately July 25, 1963, he took a six day trip into Mexico, to Mexico City, and returned. He advised that this trip was a sight-seeing trip and he returned to New Orleans about August 1, 1963. He stated that upon returning to New Orleans, he did not meet LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had no knowledge that OSWALD was living in New Orleans until he read the news

[illegible] such as Communist [illegible] advised

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-89

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY
SA CLAUDE L. S CHLAGER /cjo Date dictated 11/27/63

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reports after OSWALD was implicated in the murder of President KENNEDY.

THORNLEY furnished the following personal information regarding himself:

He stated that he had made no secret that he was not particularly disturbed over the death of President KENNEDY, although he does not approve of assassination nor does he approve of the subsequent murder of OSWALD. He stated that the time that he was in California in the U. S. Marine Corps, he adopted an extremely liberal point of view attending the Los Angeles Unitarian Church with a girl named SYLVIA BARTIN who was a student at the UCLA. He stated that he understands that she is now married to a man named UNAME (phonetic), who is now residing and studying in Havana, Cuba. He advised that he and SYLVIA BARTIN shared the same general social view. He advised that SYLVIA BARTIN went to Mexico, exact date he does not recall, and when she returned, he heard that she had adopted the Communist philosophy. He stated that while he himself was liberal when he left the United States, his experiences overseas caused him to change his opinion and at the present time he would term himself to be somewhere between the Communist Left and John Birch Right.

THORNLEY advised that OSWALD, as he recalled, rarely left the Marine base and had no close personal friends. He stated that a CHARLES WIER (phonetic) or BUD SIMCO, who were in the 9th Marine Air Control Squadron in 1959, might have some personal information regarding OSWALD. He advised that while OSWALD was in the Marine Corps he subscribed to a Russian Language Newspaper and this fact aroused the suspicion of a lieutenant, whose name he does not recall, and there may have been an investigation regarding this incident.

THORNLEY advised that at no time was he ever aware that there was a Communist Party cell or Communist group within the U. S. Marine Corps. He stated that generally speaking, the opinions of members of the Marine Corps directed to the minor day to day problems of the men rather than any broad political opinion such as Communism. THORNLEY advised

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that in the time he associated with OSWALD, he exhibited no evidence of homosexual tendencies, nor at the same time did he exhibit any interest of social affairs outside of the Marine Corps.

THORNLEY advised that during the time that he was in Mexico City, he was sight-seeing, staying in Mexico City approximately two days and then returning to the United States. He stated that he had no knowledge of any consular offices of any government in Mexico.

THORNLEY advised his Marine Corps Serial Number was 167334.

Photograph of THORNLEY obtained.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Dr. CUTHBERT X BROWN, 1110 Maison Blanche Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he had no personal recollection of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his relatives. Dr. BROWN stated that his records showed that he treated a Mrs. L. OSWALD, 1010 Bartholomew Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, on October 14, 1941. She was 31 years of age at that time. He treated her again on September 10, 1942, at which time she advised him that she resided at 227 Atlantic Avenue, Algiers, Louisiana.

Dr. BROWN stated that the above Mrs. OSWALD brought her 3 year old son, LEE OSWALD, in for treatment of impetigo, a disease of the skin, on August 17, 1942. The records further showed that Dr. BROWN removed a wart from a finger of LEE OSWALD on July 12, 1943. OSWALD's address at the latter date was shown as 2136 Broadway, New Orleans, Louisiana.

The records of Dr. BROWN contain no additional information inasmuch as the treatment was rendered during World War II and the doctor stated that he was extremely busy and was unable to keep detailed records.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MERRIMAN D. DIVEN/lrs Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-62)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Mr. JOSEPH COLLARA, 15 East Chalmette Circle, St. Bernard, advised that he was the President of the St. Bernard Pistol and Rifle Range Association and that he knew of no member by the name of LEE H. OSWALD and/or A. J. HIDELL or other similar phonetic sounding names.

COLLARA advised that the only other rifle associations in the area of which he knew were the Louisiana State Pistol and Rifle Association and the Crescent Gun Club.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER/mh Date dictated 11/26/63

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DERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date ember 26, 1963

Mr. ALFRED A. CLAUDE, JR., 2905 Buffon Street, Chalmette, Louisiana, telephone number 271-3281, was interviewed at his place of employment Chrysler Aerospace Division, National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Michoud, Louisiana.

Mr. CLAUDE stated that he recalled LEE H. OSWALD in that while he was in the personnel department of the William B. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, OSWALD answered an advertisement which was run in the local newspaper for maintenance employees. He stated that he could not recall the exact date but it was exactly four weeks prior to the time that he, CLAUDE, resigned his position with the William B. Reily and Company, Inc. which was on July 2, 1963. He stated that he did not have much contact with OSWALD but that he talked to him at the time he filed his application, checked over his application form, and noted that he had stated thereon that he had just recently been discharged from the U.S. Marine Corps. He stated that he was satisfied with the application filled out by OSWALD and his brief conversation with him and recommended that he be hired as an oiler. He stated that OSWALD's job as an oiler was to see that the machines were kept oiled and that he was also responsible for keeping the machines clean.

He stated that OSWALD did not associate with the other employees but seemed to stay by himself most of the time even during the coffee breaks and during the lunch period. He also advised that the only argument he ever had with OSWALD was when he put OSWALD on a late shift so that the machines could be oiled and cleaned after they had been used during the day and that OSWALD complained that he did not like to work on the late shift and he was advised by Mr. CLAUDE that he would see what arrangements could be made to again place him on a regular shift.

Mr. CLAUDE also advised that the work performed by OSWALD was very poor and that he had been on the verge of firing him on several occasions and the only reason he did not fire OSWALD was in view of the fact that the

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA G. MYRYWIN ALDERSON :sms Date dictated 11/26/63

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maintenance department was short of employees and he decided to keep OSWALD on the job until additional employees could be hired.

He stated he did not know who OSWALD associated with after working hours and also he did not know what his activities were after he left the William B. Reily Company, Inc. each day. He also stated that he had never heard OSWALD discuss owning a gun or contemplating purchasing a gun.

Mr. CLAUDE stated that he never saw OSWALD drive an automobile and believed that he came to work each day on the Magazine bus inasmuch as he resided on Magazine Street and believed that the number was in the 4900 block. He also stated that OSWALD was never visited by his wife and that OSWALD had never made any statements indicating that he had resided in Russia and had married a Russian girl.

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Date 11/26/63

Mrs. JOANNA LOYAKONO, 737 Brockenbraugh, Metairie, phone number 833-8536, was contacted and advised that she attended the ninth grade at Beauregard Junior High School with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the 1955 through 1956 semester. She stated that she was not a close friend of OSWALD, but occasionally said hello to him. She indicated that he appeared to be not outgoing but rather an introverted unfriendly individual. She further advised that OSWALD had no close friends to her knowledge, but was on occasion seen in the company of EDWARD VOGEL, who also attended Beauregard Junior High School.

Mrs. LOYAKONO advised that she had not seen OSWALD since Beauregard Junior High School and knows nothing of his activities. She advised that she does not know anything about JACK RUBY or RUBENSTEIN and that the name HIDELL means nothing to her.

On 11/26/63 at Metairie, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL ;dmm Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

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Mr. FRANCIS B. GROSZ, SR., 3620 Canal Street, Secretary-Treasurer of the Louisiana State Rifle and Pistol Association, advised that LEE H. OSWALD, and/or A. J. HIDELL, or other phonetic sounding names were not members of his organization.

Mr. GROSZ said he would attempt to contact members of the Louisiana State Rifle and Pistol Association to ascertain if OSWALD may have contacted them re advice on rifles.

GROSZ advised that the only other rifle associations in the area of which he knew were the St. Bernard Pistol and Rifle Range Association and the Crescent Gun Club.

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by SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER/mh Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

1 PHILIP C. SPEDALE, dba. the Crescent Gun Store, 2401 South Claiborne Avenue, advised that their range, located off of Ames Boulevard, West Bank, Jefferson Parish, Louisiana, is restricted exclusively to members, and that each member has a key to the gate to gain access to same. He further advised he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and to the best of his knowledge, OSWALD has never been in his place of business in reference to the purchase of a rifle. He further advised that the name A. J. HIDELL or other similar sounding names were not familiar to him either.

SPEDALE stated that he would contact members of the Crescent Gun Club of which he is the Publicity Chairman, to ascertain if OSWALD may have talked with them concerning rifles.

SPEDALE advised that the only other rifle associations in the area of which he knew were the St. Bernard Pistol and Rifle Range Association and the Louisiana State Rifle and Pistol Association.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER/mh Date dictated 11/26/63

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FREDERICK O'SULLIVAN, 413 Heritage, Detective, Vice Squad, New Orleans Police Department, advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in his homeroom when both attended Beauregard Junior High School in either 1954 or 1955. O'SULLIVAN advised that he vaguely recalls OSWALD as he, OSWALD, was a rather strange individual. O'SULLIVAN explained that OSWALD was a loner and not the type of individual who attempted to make friends. About the only classmate that OSWALD seemed friendly with was an EDWARD VOEBEL, who presently works at the Quality Flower Shop on Canal Street. O'SULLIVAN knew nothing regarding OSWALD's habits, part time jobs or even where he was living while attending school. About the only other pertinent fact he could recall regarding OSWALD was that OSWALD was a member of the Civil Air Patrol (CAP).

O'SULLIVAN advised that he had joined the CAP in 1953. In New Orleans, the CAP was divided into two groups, one which met at Moisant Airport and the other held meetings at the New Orleans Airport. A Captain DAVE FERRIE was in charge of the group which met at New Orleans Airport during 1953. FERRIE then transferred and assumed command of the CAP at Moisant Airport at about the same time O'SULLIVAN thought OSWALD might have joined. Assisting FERRIE at that time was a woman by the name of GLADYS DURR, whom O'SULLIVAN believed was still living in New Orleans.

In discussing Captain DAVE FERRIE, O'SULLIVAN advised that he had recently learned that FERRIE was a homosexual. He suggested if the FBI wished additional background information regarding FERRIE they contact MORRIS BROWNLEE, Jefferson Highway, who was a good friend of FERRIE and who was recently arrested on a morals charge.

In further discussing FERRIE, O'SULLIVAN stated that he can recall an incident which occurred approximately eight years ago when FERRIE was in charge of the CAP at Moisant Airport. FERRIE had acquired a reputation for being able to hypnotize people and after one of the CAP meetings, he demonstrated his ability by hypnotizing a ROBERT RADELET (phonetic) currently employed for IBM.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

SA's KEVIN J. HARRIGAN and

by WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH /lav Date dictated 11/26/63

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O'SULLIVAN further advised that in making inquiry regarding Captain FERRIE after learning of FERRIE's possible friendship with OSWALD, he learned that the following individuals also were members of the CAP possibly at the same time OSWALD was a member.

THOMAS M. COMPTON
WILSON A. DUPLANTIS, JR.
HARRY A. ESTEVE, JR.
MELVIN COFFEY
WILLIAM D. HARDEN, JR.
JOSEPH THOMPSON

O'SULLIVAN stated that he did not know the exact address of these individuals or whether they were still living in New Orleans.

O'SULLIVAN advised that if OSWALD remained in the CAP long enough to be eligible for an identification card, he would have been issued one and a record of this could probably be obtained at CAP Headquarters, Masonic Temple Building, New Orleans, Louisiana.

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Date 11/27/63

G.

Mr. JOSEPH W. EHRLICKER, Commander of Louisiana Wing, Civil Air Patrol (CAP) advised that he was unable to find CAP applications identifiable with LEE H. OSWALD; however, he did locate a record reflecting that OSWALD was enrolled as a CAP cadet on July 27, 1955, at which time he was given Serial Number 084965. EHRLICKER stated that OSWALD was enrolled in the cadet squadron at Moisant Field in New Orleans. The file did not reflect OSWALD's termination date, but EHRLICKER noted that his term would have expired on December 31, 1955 if not renewed.

EHRLICKER noted that records ordinarily were not kept beyond four years past termination. In accordance with this policy older records pertaining to DAVID W. FERRIE have been destroyed. EHRLICKER was able to determine that FERRIE's first period as Squadron Commander was terminated December 31, 1954. He was working at Moisant Airport at this time. It was later found out that FERRIE subsequent to this date was working with the squadron at Moisant without official connection with the CAP. As of late 1955 he was no longer with the squadron. In late 1958 FERRIE again became officially connected with the CAP and he was terminated on December 31, 1960. Subsequent to this date FERRIE set up a "spurious" CAP squadron with no connection with, or recognition by, the CAP. EHRLICKER stated that a voluminous file was available pertaining to FERRIE's most recent CAP employment.

EHRLICKER does not know OSWALD.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN W. SMITH /bda Date dictated 11/26/63

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Date 11/26/63

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MICHAEL PATRICK NEUMEYER, 1541 Franklin Avenue, New Orleans, advised that he vaguely recalls LEE HARVEY OSWALD from Beauregard Junior High School. NEUMEYER advised that he is about three years younger than OSWALD and was probably in the sixth grade at the time OSWALD was in the ninth grade at Beauregard Junior High School. NEUMEYER knew nothing regarding OSWALD's friends, interests, or other pertinent background data. The only incident he could recall which ever involved him and OSWALD was a fight between his brother, JOHN NEUMEYER and OSWALD, which occurred while both his brother and OSWALD were in either the eighth or ninth grade. MICHAEL NEUMEYER recalls that one day OSWALD began picking on him at which time his brother JOHN had a fight with OSWALD. MICHAEL could only recall that JOHN won the fight and could not remember any further details.

MICHAEL NEUMEYER stated that his brother JOHN who was in OSWALD's homeroom, might possibly recall OSWALD and be able to furnish more information than he could. He advised that JOHN owned The Sands Motel, 801 Jefferson Highway and resided at 1541 Franklin.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA's KEVIN J. HARRIGAN and WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH :lav Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 27, 1963

Mr. JOHN D. KILGORE, 2830 Chapman Street, Shreveport, Louisiana, advised as follows:

He recognized a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in a Shreveport newspaper as a man known to him as LEE OSWALD who worked for V. C. Bilbo Trucking Company, Dallas, Texas, when KILGORE also worked for that company. KILGORE started working about four and a half months ago as a truck driver and understood that OSWALD had been working about six months as a truck driver at the time he started. KILGORE was laid off about September 1, 1963, and he believed OSWALD may have been laid off prior to that time because he did not see OSWALD for a week prior to his discharge. However, he recalled that on the day of his discharge he saw OSWALD going into BILBO's office.

KILGORE stated OSWALD seldom went out on a driving assignment for BILBO and that he, KILGORE, was usually sent out in his place. He advised that on several occasions he observed three unknown men come to BILBO's office and on two of these occasions he observed these men leave BILBO's office in the company of BILBO and OSWALD. On both occasions the three men and BILBO returned to the office about an hour later but without OSWALD. On other occasions he saw these three men in the office with BILBO only. He described these men, names unknown, as follows:

Number 1

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	45-46
Height	6'2" to 6'3"
Weight	240
Build	Heavy set
Hair	Brown
Dress	Wore cowboy boots and cowboy hat

On 11/26/63 at Shreveport, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DONALD R. BELMONT :gas Date dictated 11/27/63

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DRB:gas

Number 2

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	40
Height	5'8" to 5'9"
Weight	160-170
Hair	Light color
Dress	Wore sport coat

Number 3

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	35-40
Height	5'2" to 5'3"
Weight	200
Hair	Dark
Complexion	Dark
Dress	Sports clothes.

He stated one of these men had a blue 1962 Chevrolet, Texas license plates and another had a black 1960 Ford, Texas license plates. He was unable to state which man owned which car. He stated the Number 1 man seemed to know OSWALD fairly well and seemed to talk to him quite a bit. He advised he never overheard their conversations because he was outside the office and they were inside the office. He stated; however, that on one occasion he overheard a conversation between BILBO and OSWALD when they were in the office and he was standing outside an open window, and he heard BILBO remark "Whenever the time comes-you be there and everything will be ready." He said he did not understand this remark and was unable to hear further conversation because BILBO and OSWALD saw him and closed the window. He stated on

several occasions he saw BILBO give OSWALD money, recalling that he gave him $5 on one occasion and $10 on another occasion, reason unknown.

KILGORE stated he has not seen OSWALD since he, KILGORE, was laid off by BILBO in September, 1963. He stated he has not seen the three men described above since then. He advised that one EARL FRANCIS, telephone number FE 9-9485, Dallas, a mechanic employed by BILBO, may be able to verify the information furnished by him.

KILGORE stated his wife and children have resided in Shreveport for about nine years and did not live with him in Dallas during the above mentioned employment. He stated he has been unemployed since working for BILBO except for two weeks employment with a trucking company in Shreveport. He admitted having been arrested at Bossier City, Louisiana, in 1960 on a worthless check charge and being sentenced to one year in the Louisiana State Penitentiary. He would not admit to any other arrests.

KILGORE was observed to be about 45 years old, 6'5", 225 pounds, brown hair, blue eyes and ruddy complexion.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. JOHN D. BRANYON, 1316½ Short Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, was interviewed at his place of employment, the Boeing Aircraft Division, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Michoud, Louisiana.

Mr. BRANYON stated that he was acquainted with LEE H. OSWALD inasmuch as he was then working for the William B. Reily Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, when OSWALD was hired in the maintenance department around June 1, 1963.

Mr. BRANYON stated that OSWALD was the "lone wolf" type always staying aloof from the other employees and never associating with them during the coffee breaks or lunch period. He stated that he had very little conversation with OSWALD but recalled that OSWALD told him that he was married, that he was an ex-marine, and that he was living with his folks. He stated that he did not recall if OSWALD furnished any address for his residence.

Mr. BRANYON advised that when OSWALD was hired he was turned over to him for instructions as to what he should do in the maintenance department in connection with his work as an oiler. He stated his job was to insure that the machines were kept oiled at all times and that he was also responsible for cleaning the machines after they had been used during the day. He stated that OSWALD was a poor worker and that he had to criticize him several times in view of the poor work he was doing in keeping the machines clean. He stated that OSWALD was still employed by the William B. Reily Company, Inc. when he, BRANYON, resigned on July 3, 1963, but that he was sure in view of the poor work that OSWALD was doing that he was not employed very long after July 3, 1963. He stated that he would not recommend OSWALD for any employment in view of the poor work that he had done while employed by the William B. Reily Company, Inc.

Mr. BRANYON stated he did not know who OSWALD associated with after working hours and he also did not know what his activities were after he left the William

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA G. MYRYWIN ALDERSON :sms Date dictated 11/26/63

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B. Reily Company, Inc. each day. He also stated that he had never heard OSWALD discuss owning a gun or contemplating purchasing a gun.

DL 100-10461

F. ARREST DATA

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

2

Miguel A. Cruz

Date 11/30/63

MIGUEL MARIANO CRUZ, also known as MIGUEL MARIANO CRUZ ENRIQUEZ, was interviewed at his place of residence, Apartment C, 2526 Mazant, home telephone 943-0082. He stated that on August 9, 1963, he was visiting a friend, CARLOS J. BRINGUIER, at a clothing store operated by BRINGUIER. He said that they were joined by a mutual friend, CELSO M. HERNANDEZ, who said that he had observed an individual passing out leaflets on behalf of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee, in the 700 block of Canal Street.

He continued that all three thereafter went in search of this individual, later determined to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

CRUZ said that they found OSWALD in the 700 block of Canal, and that he was wearing a sign fixed to his chest, which stated "Viva Fidel." CRUZ said that he had also taken a sign with him when departing from the store and at this point exhibited it. He said it read "Danger only 90 miles from U.S.." He informed that the sign bore additional statements, now unrecalled.

On arrival, BRINGUIER recognized OSWALD as a person who had come to the clothing store a few days previously to offer his assistance in working in the Anti-Castro movement. At this point, CRUZ advised that BRINGUIER is a member of the Cuban Student Directorate. CRUZ said that BRINGUIER called OSWALD a traitor to his country and there was thereafter an exchange of heated remarks. He said that he did not readily understand all of the comments passed due to his limited knowledge of the English language. He continued that during the arguments, a crowd gathered and someone pushed OSWALD, who dropped leaflets he was carrying. He said OSWALD placed his hands behind his back and told BRINGUIER to hit him. He said BRINGUIER refused and that it was approximately at this point that the New Orleans Police arrived on the scene.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY /mh Date dictated 11/30/63

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CRUZ said that he did not know anyone in the crowd that gathered. He actually never spoke to OSWALD and had never seen him nor had heard of him prior to that date. He said that HERNANDEZ did not know OSWALD and had never conversed with him in that HERNANDEZ does not speak English. CRUZ said that OSWALD was not seen by him after they were booked by the police for Disturbing the Peace by Creating a Scene.

CRUZ described the sign worn by OSWALD as black lettering on a white background, which in turn was mounted on a large piece of cardboard. He informed that at the time BRINGUIER was contacted by OSWALD he was given a Marine textbook on the operation of various weapons by OSWALD.

CRUZ said he is currently 19 years of age and was born September 27, 1944, at Camaguey, Cuba. He furnished an Alien Identification Card containing Immigration Registration #12920831, which indicated MIGUEL MARIANO CRUZ ENRIQUEZ was admitted to the U. S. as an immigrant on December 5, 1962, re-entry being through the Port of San Juan, Puerto Rico.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

Mrs. JOAN JOFFRION, Secretary to Major DOMINIC ALMISANO, current Supervisor, Traffic Division, New Orleans Police Department, stated that she had no recollection of three people coming into the Traffic Division about a year to a year and a half ago, requesting a parade permit which was not approved.

Mrs. JOFFRION reviewed all of the approved and disapproved parade applications for as far back as 1959 and could not locate any one showing the approval or disapproval for anyone connected with Cuban matters.

Mrs. JOFFRION was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken August 9, 1963, by the New Orleans Police Department, their number 122 723. She said that she had never seen this individual in the Traffic Division, as far as she could remember.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY :jas Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-58)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

New Orleans LHM

1 JOHN J. BECKER, 4770 Overton Street, advised that he recalled two Cubans and an American coming into the Traffic Division while he was in charge for the purpose of securing a parade permit. He placed the time that this incident occured as being in March, 1962. He pointed out that he retired shortly after this. He further stated that he remembered discussing this situation with Captain WILFRED A. GRUSICH, SR., who was then his deputy in the Traffic Division, and it was agreed that no permit would be given to this group, since they were controversial in nature. It was his definite recollection that these individuals claimed to represent Cubans in exile in the United States, and they were attempting to raise funds to help Cubans in Cuba fight FIDEL CASTRO.

Mr. BECKER stated that he had seen photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and although he saw the individuals who had applied for the permit, he could not say that one of them had been OSWALD.

Mr. BECKER could not recall if these individuals had actually prepared an application for a permit to parade or had merely come to discuss the possibility of filing an application. He suggested, however, that his secretary at that time, Mrs. JOAN JOFFRION, who is still secretary to the supervisor of the Traffic Division, be contacted, as she had handled the paper work and filing of these permits and in most instances saw the individuals who were requesting parade permits.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY :jas Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

New Orleans 1

1 Captain WILFRED A. GRUSICH, SR., Deputy Commander, Traffic Division, New Orleans Police Department, advised that following the arrest of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by the Dallas, Texas, Police Department on November 22, 1963, and the showing of his picture on television, he recalled that an individual generally fitting the facial characteristics of OSWALD had been in the Traffic Division with some Cubans to apply for a permit to parade.

Captain GRUSICH stated he has been handling all applications for parade permits for some time. Before a parade can march in the streets of the City of New Orleans, a permit must be secured. Approval must come through him first before it is approved by the superintendent of police and the mayor of the City of New Orleans.

Captain GRUSICH stated as best he can recall, sometime in March, 1962, three individuals came to his office to secure a parade permit. Two of these persons were, as he remembers, Cubans who spoke very little English; the third individual was an American who acted as the spokesman. As best he can remember, these people represented the Cubans in exile in the United States, and it was their desire to stage a parade for the purpose of raising funds to aid Cubans in Cuba to resist FIDEL CASTRO and his regime. Captain GRUSICH stated that since this was a controversial sort of a situation, he discussed the situation with the Superintendent of Police JOSEPH I. GIARUSSO, and it was felt that such a parade could possibly create trouble.

Captain GRUSICH could not remember specifically if these individuals submitted an application to parade. Captain GRUSICH reviewed all parade applications for as far back as 1959, and was unable to identify any, either approved or rejected applications, which he could tie in with this incident.

Captain GRUSICH said that he had discussed this incident with Sergeant GEORGE DE DUAL who is assigned to the Traffic Division, and DE DUAL felt that he had also seen either OSWALD or someone who closely resembled him in the Traffic Division, attempting to secure a parade permit.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY :jas Date dictated 11/30/63

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NO 89-69:jas

DU DUAL told him, however, that he could not remember wh this person wanted the parade permit or just when this incident occurred.

Captain GRUSICH was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken August 9, 1963, by the New Orleans Police Department, Number 112 723. Captain GRUSICH stated that although he still felt that OSWALD had been the one he was referring to as having been there with the Cubans, he could not state this to be a fact.

Captain GRUSICH said that inquiry through DENNIS LACEY, Aide to the Mayor of the City of New Orleans, may reveal further information regarding this parade permit, since all permits must be given final approval by the Mayor's Office, and Mr. LACEY is the one who would handle this. He further said that the Bureau of Treasury for the City of New Orleans may have some information with respect to this permit.

It was pointed out by Captain GRUSICH that it would be necessary to secure a permit if one was to distribute literature in the streets of New Orleans. This would not be within his jurisdiction but would be in the City Permit Office, which would be under the Bureau of Treasury.

Captain GRUSICH said that the incident with respect to the three individuals coming to the Traffic Division to secure a parade permit was during the period of time when JOHN J. BECKER was in charge of the Traffic Division. He is now retired and is residing at 4770 Overton Street, New Orleans.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

Patrolman FRANK HAYWARD, currently assigned to the First District, New Orleans Police Department, informed that he resides at 1125 Tennessee Street, New Orleans, La., home telephone number 947-1020.

He continued that on August 9, 1963, he was riding in a patrol car with Patrolman FRANK D. WILSON. He said they received a call that a crowd had gathered in the 700 block of Canal Street. He said that on their arrival, an individual later identified as LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was observed to have been passing out leaflets concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. He said the crowd was in an agitated mood and that OSWALD and three Cubans with whom he appeared to be arguing were arrested. He said there had been no fight but that heated words were being exchanged among OSWALD and the three Cubans. He said numerous leaflets were strewn about on the street and sidewalk.

Patrolman HAYWARD continued that OSWALD appeared calm about his arrest and gave him the impression that he (OSWALD) was almost enthusiastic about going to jail. Patrolman HAYWARD said he was present during a brief period of time following the booking of OSWALD at the First District but that OSWALD had never stated he was a communist. On the contrary, Patrolman HAYWARD said that OSWALD claimed that he was not. He said that OSWALD was noticeably evasive to various questions concerning his political beliefs, the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and various other questions directed at him. He said OSWALD's answers in many respects seemed rehearsed and did not even relate to the questions asked. He said OSWALD gave the impression he wanted to cooperate with the police but was actually noncommittal and of little help. He said that OSWALD advised he was then unemployed and that Patrolman HAYWARD did not have any recollection of any statement made by OSWALD to the effect that he had been paid to distribute the leaflets.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY:lav Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

Frank D. Wilson

Patrolman FRANK D. WILSON, First District, New Orleans Police Department, advised that he currently resides at 5714 St. Claude, home telephone number 944-8025.

He stated that on August 9, 1963, he and a fellow patrolman, FRANK HAYWARD responded to a call about a disturbance in the 700 block of Canal Street. Upon arrival, he observed an individual later identified as LEE HARVEY OSWALD and three Cubans exchanging heated words. He said that OSWALD had been carrying a placard which stated "Viva Fidel". He said OSWALD and the three Cuban individuals were arrested and the spectators disbursed.

He stated that in subsequent conversation with OSWALD, he (OSWALD) commented that communism is a "great rule of government". He said that OSWALD refused to state whether he was or was not a communist. He said OSWALD did acknowledge to the arresting officers that FIDEL CASTRO is a communist and has a cause. OSWALD was said to have stated that he would not bear arms against Cuba on behalf of the United States and that he believes in the communist philosophy. Patrolman WILSON pointed out that, on the contrary, OSWALD later stated that he is an ex-Marine and not a communist.

He said OSWALD was evasive and seldom answered questions in a direct manner and frequently changed the subject.

He said that OSWALD had been distributing leaflets concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and that at the time of his arrest, many leaflets were torn and thrown about on the street and sidewalk by persons present in the crowd that had gathered.

With regards to the leaflets, Patrolman WILSON said that he had no knowledge that OSWALD had made a statement to the effect he had been paid to distribute these leaflets.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY:lav Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-21-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

Warren Roberts

Patrolman WARREN H. ROBERTS, JR., advised that he is currently assigned to the First District, New Orleans Police Department, having been formerly assigned to the Intelligence Unit. He said he resides at 7754 Alabama Street, home telephone number WH 3-6174.

New Orleans La

Patrolman ROBERTS said that he was one of the several officers who attempted to interview OSWALD at the First District Station following the arrest of OSWALD on August 9, 1963 for disturbance. He said OSWALD was not interviewed separately but in the presence of the three Cubans also arrested and the arresting officers. He said he was actually present with OSWALD for approximately 15 minutes and that in his opinion, the interview was highly unsatisfactory due to the numerous individuals present and the confusion of the moment.

Patrolman ROBERTS stated that he did recall OSWALD answering questions in a mechanical manner, much like a machine that could be turned on and off. He said he was frequently evasive and would not answer questions directly. He stated OSWALD refused to furnish information about members of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in the New Orleans area and would not, in the presence of Patrolman ROBERTS, state whether he was or was not a communist. He said he recalled OSWALD stating something to the effect that he (OSWALD) could not understand the attitude of the United States towards Cuba. In this regard, OSWALD was said to have indicated he had joined the Fair Play for Cuba Committee to help foster "good relations", between these two countries. He said OSWALD had informed that he paid a $5.00 membership fee to join the Committee and did have some form of membership card in the Committee which Patrolman ROBERTS vaguely recalls to have borne the name LEE.

He said OSWALD informed he was then unemployed having been laid off from his employment with Luzianne Coffee Company. Patrolman ROBERTS concluded by saying that he did not recall OSWALD to have stated he had been

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On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

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paid to distribute leaflets on behalf of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

NO [illegible]
JLQ:cjo

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY at New Orleans, Louisiana, November 29, 1963:

On August 10, 1963, Lieutenant FRANCIS L. MARTELLO, Platoon Commander, First District, New Orleans Police Department, advised that on August 10, 1963, he interviewed LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the First District Station, New Orleans Police Department, following his arrest on August 9, 1963, for creating a disturbance while distributing Fair Play For Cuba Committee literature on Canal Street, New Orleans.

Lieutenant MARTELLO stated during the questioning of OSWALD, he examined contents of his wallet. Among items found in the wallet was a piece of paper which, upon examination, disclosed handwriting and handprinting in Russian as well as in English. At the conclusion of the interview, this piece of paper became mixed up in his notes and it was never returned to OSWALD since he did not discover it until after OSWALD's release.

Lieutenant MARTELLO stated the original of this piece of paper had been turned over to the Secret Service, New Orleans, Louisiana, however, he had made an exact reproduction of the contents of this piece of paper and which he furnished to Agent.

A review of this document reflected among other notations thereon, the name of ROBERT, 7313 Davenport Street and 757 French Street, Murret.

A review of New Orleans FBI files discloses that the address 7313 Davenport Street was the former address of ROBERT LEE OSWALD, brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, as furnished to FBI New Orleans by FBI, Dallas, on August 14, 1962.

The address 757 French Street, according to FBI, New Orleans files, is that of Mrs. CHARLES MURRET, who is the aunt of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

It should be noted on this document appearing in English was "United Press 72668", behind it the names GOLDBERG and MOSBY, and "Ass. Press 776430", followed by the name "JOHNSON".

NO [illegible]9-69/jab

Lieutenant MARTELLO advised that at no time during his two interrogations of OSWALD did OSWALD tell him that he was being paid $25 for the distribution of Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature, or that he was being paid anything for the distribution of this literature.

NO 9-69
WC:jab

Inquiry through BILL CRYDER, Associated Press, and IRVIN J. VIDACOVICH, JR., United Press International, New Orleans, on November 30, 1963, failed to develop any information as to the identity of these individuals or the significance of the numbers.

The significance of the remainder of the writing on this document is unknown.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

1 New Orleans La.

Lieutenant FRANCIS L. MARTELLO, Platoon Commander First District, New Orleans Police Department, advised that on August 9, 1963 Lieutenant WILLIAM GAILLOT and Patrolmen FRANK HAYWARD and FRANK WILSON arrested LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the 700 block of Canal Street and charged him with violation of the City Ordinance relative to disturbing the peace by creating a scene. Arrested at the same time were CELSO MACARIO HERNANDEZ, CARLOS JOSE BRINGUIER and MIGUEL MARIANO CRUZ. William K. Gaillot

On the following morning about 10 a.m., August 10, 1963, Lieutenant MARTELLO noted a placard and some handbills which pertained to the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. He determined that it was the property of an arrested subject by the name of OSWALD. He asked the doorman to bring OSWALD in for an interview.

Lieutenant MARTELLO stated that as a result of this interview with OSWALD, he had made some detailed notes, which he still has in his possession, although he had not at any time dictated a report as a result of this interview. Lieutenant MARTELLO furnished the following memorandum concerning his interview of OSWALD on August 10, 1963, which he prepared as a result of a refreshment of his recollection from his original notes. Lieutenant MARTELLO remarked that his interview of OSWALD was merely for his general information and not in the nature of an official interrogation since he had been previously interviewed by the Intelligence Unit of the New Orleans Police Department.

Re Interview of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at First District Station, New Orleans Police Department on August 10, 1963:

"About 10 a.m. on Saturday, August 10, 1963, I observed a placard and handbills which had been placed into evidence against an accused person. This placard contained information concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. I determined that a subject by the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was arrested on Friday, August 9, 1963 when he was passing out handbills on Canal Street and was carrying this placard about his person.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY /lyc Date dictated 11/29/63

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"Prior to being assigned to the First District, had worked with the Intelligence Unit for two years and since I was generally familiar with various groups and organizations that demonstrate or picket in the city, I decided I would question this individual to see if I could develop any information which would be of value and to ascertain if all interested parties had been notified.

"I requested the doorman to bring LEE HARVEY OSWALD into the interview room. I then took the material which was to be used as evidence into this room. At the same time I reviewed the arrest record on OSWALD and determined that while he was distributing Fair Play for Cuba literature on the street, he became involved in a disturbance with CELSO MACARIO HERNANDEZ, CARLOS JOSE BRINGUIER and MIGUEL MARIANO CRUZ.

"When OSWALD was brought into the office, I introduced myself to him as Lieutenant FRANCIS L. MARTELLO and I was in uniform at the time.

"I asked OSWALD if he had any identification papers. At this time OSWALD produced his wallet. Upon my request, he removed the papers and I examined them. He had in his wallet a number of miscellaneous papers, cards and identification items. The only ones that I felt were of any significance were the following, which I made note of:

"1. Social Security Card bearing #433-54-3937 in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD;

"2. Selective Service draft card in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD bearing #41-114-395-32, classification - 4A.
(I do not know what draft board was registered with.)

"3. Card bearing name LEE HARVEY OSWALD reflecting he was a member of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee; address listed as 799 Broadway, New York 3, New York; telephone #ORegon 4-8275, headquarters for Fair Play for Cuba Committee. Card was signed by V. T. LEE, Executive Secretary; card issued 5/28/63.

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"4. Card for the New Orleans Chapter of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD signed by A. J. HIDELL, Chapter President, issued June 6, 1963

DRB 9-15-62 Minsk, USSR

"The notes of my interview reflect that OSWALD gave his date of birth as October 18, 1938 at New Orleans, Louisiana; that he served three years in the U. S. Marine Corps and stated he was honorably discharged on July 17, 1959 from Santa Ana, California. His wife's name was MARINO PROSSA, a white female, age 21. OSWALD stated he had one daughter, JUNE LEE OSWALD, white female, 17 months of age, and he had been residing at 4907 Magazine Street with his wife and daughter for the past four months. OSWALD said that since 1959 he resided at 4709 Mercedes Street in Fort Worth, Texas and had also lived in Arlington, Texas. OSWALD said his mother's name was MARGARET OSWALD, his father, ROBERT LEE OSWALD, being deceased. He told me he had two brothers, ROBERT OSWALD, living in Fort Worth, Texas, and JOHN OSWALD, Arlington, Texas. He also stated he lived somewhere on Exchange Place in New Orleans but could not remember the address, and that he had attended Beauregard Junior High School and Warren Easton High School, both in New Orleans, and that he attended Riegeala West Elementary School in Fort Worth, Texas. OSWALD told me he had moved to New Orleans from Fort Worth about four months ago.

Born 1931

"When questioned about the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, OSWALD stated that he had been a member for three months. I asked how he had become affiliated with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and he stated he became interested in that Committee in Los Angeles, California in 1958 while in the U. S. Marine Corps. The facts as to just how he first became interested in the Fair Play for Cuba Committee while in the Marine Corps are vague, however I recall that he said he had obtained some Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature and had gotten into some difficulty in the Marine Corps for having this literature.

"OSWALD was asked how many members of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee were in the New Orleans Chapter and he stated there were 35. I asked him to identify the members of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New

Orleans and he refused to give names of the members or any identifying data regarding them. OSWALD was asked why he refused and he said that this was a minority group holding unpopular views at this time and it would not be beneficial to them if he gave their names. OSWALD was asked approximately how many people attended meetings of the New Orleans Chapter of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and he said approximately five attended the meetings, which were held once a month. He was asked where and he said at various places in the city. He was asked specifically at what addresses or locations were the meetings held and stated the meetings were held on Pine Street. He was asked at whose residence the meetings were held and he refused to give any further information. It should be noted at this time during prior investigation conducted, while I was a member of the Intelligence Unit, information was developed that Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature was found in the 1000 block of Pine Street, New Orleans, which was near the residence of Dr. LEONARD REISSMAN, a professor at Tulane University. This investigation was conducted by me. 1121 Pine St. New Orleans, La.

"As I remember, Dr. REISSMAN was reported to be a member of the New Orleans Council of Peaceful Alternatives which is a 'ban the bomb' group recently established in the city and had conducted meetings and two or three demonstrations in the city. Knowing that Dr. REISSMAN was reportedly a member of the New Orleans Council of Peaceful Alternatives I thought there might be a tie between this organization and the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

"When OSWALD stated that meetings of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee had been held on Pine Street, the name of Dr. REISSMAN came to mind. I asked OSWALD if he knew Dr. REISSMAN or if he held meetings at Dr. REISSMAN's house. OSWALD did not give me a direct answer to this question, however I gathered from the expression on his face and what appeared to be an immediate nervous reactions that there was possibly a connection between Dr. REISSMAN and OSWALD; this, however, is purely an assumption on my own part and I have nothing on which to base this. I also asked OSWALD if he knew a Dr. FORREST E. LA VIOLETTE, a professor at Tulane University. 1307 Pine St. New Orleans La

I asked him this question because I remembered that LA VIOLETTE allegedly had possession of Fair Play for Cuba literature during the year 1962. I cannot remember any further details about this nor do I have any information that he is or was connected with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New Orleans. OSWALD became very evasive in his answers and would not divulge any information concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, where the group met, or the identities of the members.

OSWALD was then asked what religion he practiced and he stated he was a Lutheran and also that he was presently unemployed but had worked at William B. Reily Coffee Company, New Orleans, about three months, working on heavy machinery and earned $60 per week. He worked from May to July 17, 1963 at that company. He further stated that he worked for Jax Brewery approximately 1½ months ago.

"I asked him again about the members of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New Orleans and why the information was such a big secret; that if had nothing to hide, he would give me the information. OSWALD said one of the members of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New Orleans was named 'John' and that this individual went to Tulane University. He refused to give any more information concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New Orleans.

"Since he did not appear to be particularly receptive at this time, the interview was concluded and he was returned to the cell block. Prior to entering the cell block, OSWALD was again allowed to use the telephone.

"Several hours later after OSWALD was interviewed by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, a white female came to the station and identified herself as Mrs. MURAT, who stated she was a relative of OSWALD and lived on France Street. She stated she wanted

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to know the charge against OSWALD and I told her, explaining to her the procedure whereby OSWALD could be released. She became very reluctant to become involved in the release of OSWALD as she stated since he was involved with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, she did not want to get mixed up with it in any way. I spoke to her concerning OSWALD's background and she stated OSWALD had a hard time coming up insofar as his family life was concerned and she felt that this had a direct bearing on his actions and that he had gone to Russia and stayed over there for a few years; he married while in Russia and came back to the United States with his wife. She stated OSWALD did not allow anything but Russian to be spoken in his home. She was asked why he did not allow English to be spoken and she related she had spoken to OSWALD's wife about this and she said this was his desire. She further stated she had asked OSWALD's wife if she liked America and the wife answered 'Yes I do' but said her husband (OSWALD) did not like America. I did not question her any further.

"After Mrs. MURAT left, I decided to further question OSWALD and had him again brought out of the cell to me. I then asked if he had given me all of the needed information about his background and he said he had. I asked him if he lived in Russia and he stated that somebody had told me this. He then admitted he had lived in Russia for 2½ years, going there by "slow boat to Europe." I asked him how he got over there and he related he left Fort Worth, Texas, stayed in New Orleans a few days and then took the "slow boat to Europe." He took a tour of Europe and wound up in Russia. He lived in Moscow and Minsk, Russia and told me he lived there from October, 1959 to July, 1962. I asked him if his wife was Russian and he said yes. He said her true name was MARINO PROSSA and that it was an abreviation of her name, MARINO PROSSAKAYA; he said she was an alien M-1. I then asked him if he was a communist and he said he was not. I asked him if he was a socialist and he said 'guilty.' We then spoke at length concerning the philosophies of communism, socialism and America. He said he was in full accord with the book, Das Kapital,

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which book was written by KARL MARX. I know that this book condemns the American way of government in entirety. I asked him if he thought that the communist way of life was better than the American way of life and he replied there was not true communism in Russia. He said that Marx was a socialist and although communism is attributed to MARX, that MARX was not a communist but a socialist. He stated this was the reason he did not consider himself to be a communist. I asked him what his opinion was of the form of communism in Russia since he had lived there for two years and he replied 'It stunk.' He said they have 'fat stinking politicians over there just like we have over here' and that they do not follow the great concepts of KARL MARX, that the leaders have everything and the people are still poor and depressed. I asked OSWALD why he would not allow members of his family to learn English as this would be required to educate his children and communicate with people. He stated the reason why he did this was because he hated America and he did not want them to become 'Americanized' and that his plans were to go back to Russia. He stated he had already applied to the State Department for a visa to go back by using the excuse that his wife was a Russian. I asked him what he thought about President JOHN F. KENNEDY and NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV. He said he thought they got along very well together. I then asked him if he had to place allegiance or make a decision between Russia or America, which he would choose and he said "I would place my allegiance at the foot of democracy." I then asked him if he would consider himself a VIA 'student of the world', explaining that I meant by this a person who attempts to find a Utopia on earth' and that he said he could be classified as such an individual. I asked him if he had any religious convictions and whether he believed in God since KARL MARX did not believe in God. I was trying to find out if he was an atheist. His answer to me was that he was christened as a Lutheran but that he has not followed any religion since youth. I asked him if he was an agnostic and he said he could be classified as a Marxist in his beliefs. I spoke to him about the Fair Play for Cuba Committee again and

[illegible] which I could [illegible]. Before I left

C C Bartlett
H/a with request to get material from S.A. Det. if same given to Secret.

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asked him if he knew that CASTRO had admitted that he was a Marxist-Leninist and he said he did. He was then asked if he truly believed CASTRO was really interested in the welfare of the Cuban people and he replied that he was not going to discuss the merits and demerits of CASTRO but was primarily concerned with the poor people of Cuba and that if this country would have good relations with the poor people of Cuba and quit worrying about CASTRO, that was his main concern; he stated this was the reason he was interested in the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

"OSWALD was then returned to the cell block.

"I then took my notes, along with several copies of the literature of OSWALD, and placed them in a file folder, in the file cabinet.

New Orleans LA

"The day after the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, Mr. ADRIAN G. VIAL, U. S. Secret Service, who had spoken to me earlier at about 3 a.m. Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, wherein he had obtained information regarding my interview with OSWALD, came to the First District Station on Saturday, November 23, 1963 at about 3 p.m. and told me the Secret Service was conducting an official investigation regarding the assassination of the President of the United States. At the outset of the interview I got out the original file folder on LEE HARVEY OSWALD, opened it and gave Mr. VIAL all of the literature I had obtained from OSWALD, which consisted of some pamphlets, leaflets and booklets put out by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee headquarters. Upon going through these pamphlets I discovered a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD which appeared to be a passport photograph, and a small piece of white paper containing handwritten notes on same. This photograph and paper had inadvertently become misplaced with the literature during the interview I had with OSWALD. This piece of paper, which was folded over twice and was about 2" by 3" in size, contained some English writing and some writing which appeared to me to be in a foreign language which I could not identify. Before I gave

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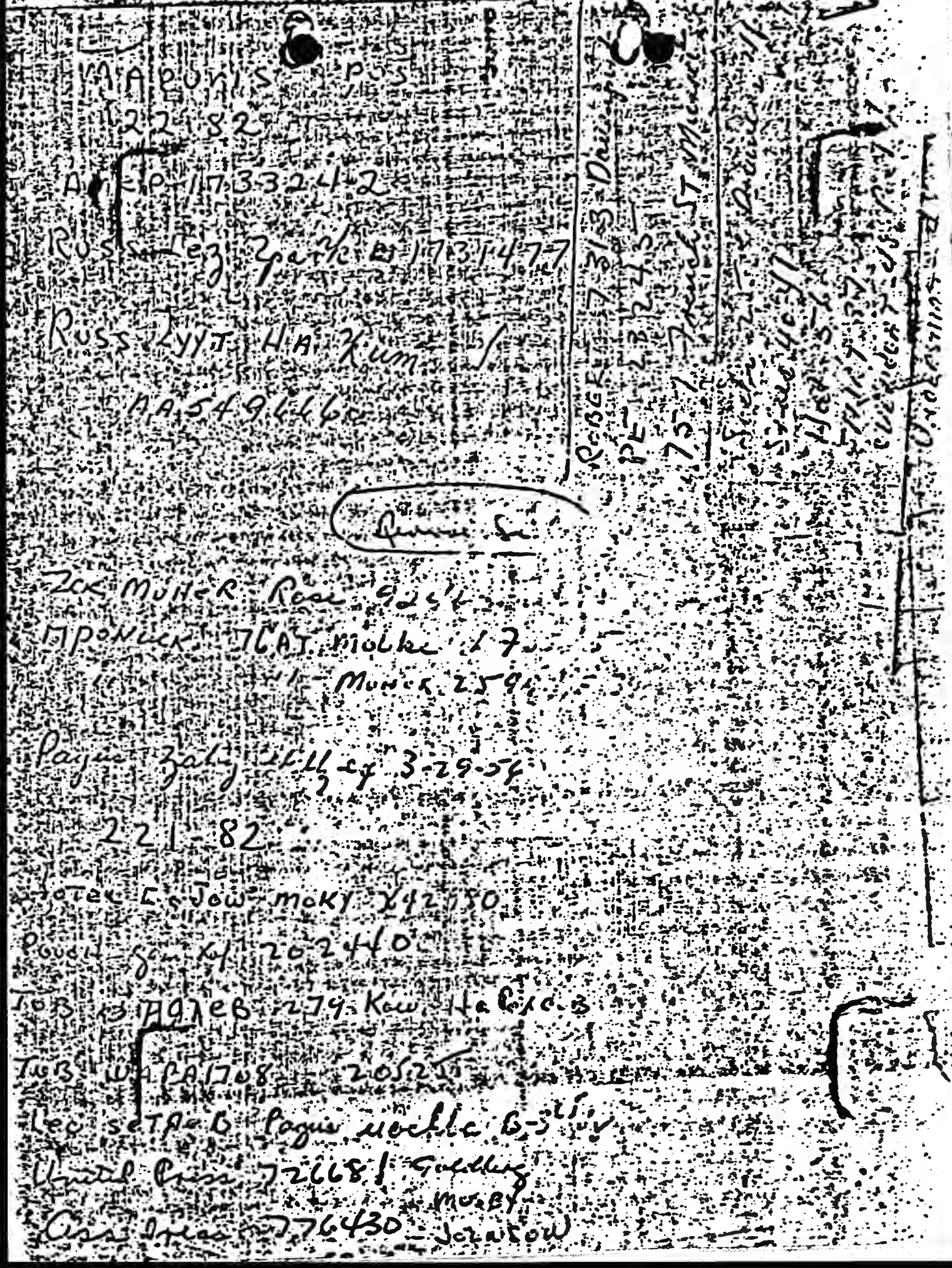
this paper to Mr. VIAL, I made a copy of the information, which is as follows:

Pg. 379 is not to be disseminated. Numbers appearing in blue ink were added by the Soviet Section.



MAPUNIS PUS
22182
AP PX17332442 P7
RUSSIEZ PA 2 BP 1763 1477
RUSSYYTHA KWN
AA549446
LEE MILLER ROCH DL p. 17, p. 45 ADD. BK
POWELL LAT. DL p. 21, 58/59 ADD. BK
MUNCK DL p. 21 58/59 ADD. BK
PAJ ZAL ELL CY 3-29-54 p. 22 DL, p. 61 ADD. BK
22182 p. 28 DL p. 84 ADD. BK (SAME AS AT T. OF PAGE)
HOTEL JOW MOKY X42350 (K41980 p. 23 ADD. BK, p. 13 DL)
POCH SOM XAL 20244.0 (20244 p. 35 ADD. BK, p. 15 DL)
TOB BAIEB 279 KACU 16 p. 16 DS (279 translated material - p. 16 DL, p.
TOB WARAJ708 20521 (20575 p. 45 ADD. BK, p. 16 DL)
LEO SETA O PAGIA MOCHLA B-5 (p. 63 ADD. BK, p. 23 DL)
UNIT PRES 2668 GOLDING (p. 61 ADD. BK p. 22 DL)
CSE ONES 76430 JOHNSON (p. 61 ADD. BK p. 22 DL)

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

November 30, 1963

1 — Hoover

Date

On August 9, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was interviewed at the First District Station, New Orleans Police Department by Sergeant HORACE A. AUSTIN and Patrolman WARREN ROBERTS, Intelligence Unit, following his arrest on that date for creating a disturbance on Canal Street, New Orleans, while distributing Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature. The results of this interview were placed in a memorandum from these officers to Major PRESLEY J. TROSCLAIR, JR., Commander, Intelligence Unit, dated August 12, 1963.

During the questioning of OSWALD, the memorandum stated he had commented that he had talked to Major TROSCLAIR about getting a permit for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee to hold a parade in the City of New Orleans and that the Major had advised him to consult his, OSWALD's, attorney. OSWALD was reported to have said that he never did go and see about getting a permit at the City Hall.

Major PRESLEY J. TROSCLAIR, JR., advised that it was his recollection that some time prior to the arrest of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on August 9, 1963, specific date unrecalled, he did receive a telephone call from OSWALD who asked him concerning the securing of a permit to parade in the City of New Orlans, which parade would be sponsored by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. As best he can remember, he informed OSWALD, who had identified himself as such, on the telephone to get in touch with his attorney with reference to this matter.

Major TROSCLAIR said that he had no additional information regarding this matter and did not pursue it further. However, he was under the impression, source not recalled, that OSWALD did apply for a parade permit through the Traffic Division of the New Orleans Police Department, adding that if any group desired to secure a parade permit for the City of New Orleans, it would be necessary to obtain such a permit through the Traffic Division of the New Orleans Police Department.

Major TROSCLAIR said that his file on OSWALD did not contain any data with respect to this telephone call from OSWALD, however, it is a possibility that he may have made such a memorandum which would be retained in his personal confidential files which are at this time voluminous. He said he would make

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY /cjo Date dictated 11/30/63

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in effort to see if he did prepare such a memorandum.

Major TROSCLAIR was aware of the fact that Sergeant HORACE J. AUSTIN had provided an Autostat of the above described memorandum. He remarked this memorandum contained all of the information his files reflected with respect to LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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Date November 30, 1963

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Captain JAMES ARNOLD, Commander, First District Station, New Orleans Police Department, advised that on August 9, 1963, he was aware of the fact that Lieutenant WILLIAM GILLIOT, Patrolmen FRANK HAYWARD and FRANK WILSON, had arrested LEE HARVEY OSWALD on Canal Street because he became involved in a disturbance with three Cubans while he, OSWALD, was distributing Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature. Shortly after OSWALD was booked at the district, he stated that Sergeant HORACE J. AUSTIN and Patrolman WARREN ROBERTS of the Intelligence Unit of the New Orleans Police Department came to the district and interviewed OSWALD as well as the other three Cubans who were arrested with OSWALD.

At the outset of this interview with OSWALD, Captain ARNOLD advised he was present and since he was merely there as an observer, he made no notations and did not submit any report or results of the interview since this was the responsibility of AUSTIN and ROBERTS.

As best he can remember, Captain ARNOLD said that the beginning of the interview dealt with general background of OSWALD, such as place of birth, where he lived, who his family was, his employment, etc.

Captain ARNOLD remembered that he asked OSWALD if he knew CARLOS LAMONT, who, according to information he, ARNOLD, possessed was considered to be a Communist. OSWALD responded by saying that CARLOS LAMONT was not a he but was a she and that he had read some of the material written by this female and he did not consider LAMONT to be a Communist. He further commented that he, himself, OSWALD, was not a Communist.

Captain ARNOLD said that he remembered from past knowledge that the name of Professor LEONARD REISSMAN of the New Orleans Council for Peaceful Alternatives, who resided at 1121 Pine Street, New Orleans, had been mentioned as being possibly affiliated with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, although he did not have any first hand information to the effect that REISSMAN was so connected and when he, OSWALD, mentioned during the interview that some of the meetings of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee had been held on Pine Street,

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he immediately recalled the name of REISSMAN. He said that he asked OSWALD if REISSMAN was a member of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. OSWALD did not give a verbal answer to this question, but Captain ARNOLD said he gathered from the expressions appearing on OSWALD's face and from words he uttered at that time, which he could not recall at this time, that OSWALD knew or was acquainted with REISSMAN. He said that he attempted to pursue this further, but OSWALD refused to admit any knowledge of REISSMAN or ever having been at REISSMAN's home. Captain ARNOLD said previous to this OSWALD had admitted to him that he was a member of the local chapter of the Fair Play forCuba Committee and he was trying to tie OSWALD and REISSMAN together, but was unsuccessful.

At no time during the period when he was present during the interrogation of OSWALD, did OSWALD mention being paid any amount of money for the distribution of Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature.

Captain ARNOLD said that he could not remember any additional details with respect to questioning of OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-61-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Sergeant HORACE J. AUSTIN, Intelligence Unit, New Orleans Police Department, advised that on August 9, 1963, he was advised by Major PRESLEY J. TROSCLAIR, JR., Intelligence Unit Commander, that he had received a telephone call from Lieutenant WILLIAM GAILLOT of the First District Police Station, that they had in custody one LEE HARVEY OSWALD who had been picked up that day for distributing Fair Play for Cuba Committee leaflets. Major TROSCLAIR instructed that AUSTIN and Patrolman WARREN ROBERTS, assigned to the same unit, interview OSWALD at the First District.

AUSTIN related that he and ROBERTS went to the First District and determined that three Cubans had been arrested with OSWALD as they were involved in a disturbance on Canal Street. These Cubans were CELSO MACARIO HERNANDEZ, CARLOS JOSE BRINGUIER, and MIGUEL MARIANO CRUZ. AUSTIN said that he conducted the interviews of BRINGUIER and CRUZ, and ROBERTS conducted the detailed interviews of OSWALD and HERNANDEZ. At the completion of these interviews AUSTIN related that he and ROBERTS got together and prepared a memorandum setting forth the details of these interviews. This memorandum was dated August 12, 1963, and is set forth in its entirety hereinafter.

"DEPARTMENT OF POLICE

"INTEROFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

"TO : Major Presly J.Trosclair Jr. DATE August 12,1963

"FROM : Sgt. Horace J. Austin & Patn. Warren Roberts

"SUBJECT: Interview of four male subjects at the First District Police Station, on Friday, August 9, 1963, after their arrest from Canal Street.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY :smb Date dictated 11/30/63

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"Sir:

"The following information is respectfully reported relative to the interview of four arrested subjects in the First District Police Station, beginning at about 4:45 P.M., Friday, August 9, 1963. One of the four subjects, identified as Lee Harvey Oswald, WM, age 23, residing 4907 Magazine Street, had allegedly been distributing communist literature on Canal Street, and three Cubans, the other three arrested subjects, had become involved in an altercation with Oswald, which resulted in the arrest of the four subjects.

"Lee Harvey Oswald furnished the following information when interviewed.

"He is a member of The Fair Play for Cuba Committee, whose address is 799 Broadway, New York 3, N. Y., telephone OR4-8295. Oswald had in his possession a National Membership card issuon on 5/28/63, and the presidents name on this card was "V. T. Lee." Oswald had also a local membership card dated 6/6/63 (N.O. Chapter of the FPFCC), and the president of the local chapter, whose name was on the card was "A. Hidell."
Oswald presented his Social Security Card, which did not bear his signature, and the number of this card was 433-54-3937.
Oswald presented his U. S. Marine Corp. discharge card (Honorable) bearing service number 1653230, and date of active duty from 24 Oct 1956 to 11 Sept. 1959.

"Oswald stated he was born in New Orleans on October 18, 1939, that he is about 5'9" tall, about 140 lbs., and is a mechanic by trade. He stated he did mechanic work in the Marine Corps, and that he is presently unemployed and has been so about three weeks. Before he was laid-off,

Oswald stated, he worked at the Louisiana Coffee Company for about three months, and before that he had worked at Fort Worth, Texas, at a sheetmetal place. Oswald stated he worked in Fort Worth at the sheetmetal place for several months, but was very evasive in answering any further questions of employment prior to that time.

"Oswald stated that he lives with his wife, whose maiden name was Marina Pross, WF, age 21. They were married in Fort Worth, have one child seventeen months of age, and reside presently at 4907 Magazine Street, lower center, New Orleans.

"Oswald stated that he has two brothers, who reside, like his mother, in Fort Worth, Texas. He stated that his father, John Lee Oswald, is deceased.
Oswald's mother: Margarette Oswald, resides by herself in Fort Worth, Texas.
Oswald's brothers: Robert Oswald, WM, age 27,
John Oswald, WM, age 32,

"Oswald stated he had talked to Major Trosclair about getting a permit for F.P.F.C.C. and the Major advised him to consult his attorney. Oswald said he never did go and see about a permit at city hall.

"Oswald further stated the Cubans came up to him where he was giving out the leaflets and began to tear them up and throw them in the street. Oswald stated that they started to yell that he was a communist and about that time the officers from the First Distoict came up and a crowd had gathered. Oswald stated he joined the Fair Play for Cuba Committee when he found a leaflet on the street one day and read what was on it, and sent $5.00 to the address which was in New York city and after

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a brief period of time he was sent material through the mail and contacted locally, and he started to attend the meetings, which he stated were held in each others homes. Oswald stated they, the members, get together and talk about how it would be to visit Cuba, life in Cuba, etc..

"Oswald denied the organization was communist, or a communist front, when asked by Captain James Arnold, Commanding Officer of the First Police District, who came in during the interview, but Oswald had in his possession and was carrying a piece of cardboard with "VIVA VIVA Fidel" painted on it and the paraphernalia he was handing out was pasted on this cardboard also. Oswald stated he has never been to Cuba, and it appeared as though he is being used by these people and is very uniformed and knows very little about this organization that he belongs to and its ultimate purpose or goal. Oswald stated that the people that attend these informal meetings are working class people, such as clerical, trades, etc..

"The three Cubans were interviewed and furnished the following information:

Celso M Hernandez

"#1. Colso Macario Hernandez, WM, age 47, D.O.B. 1/8/16, Social Security Number 265-76-8756.

Celso Alejandro Hernandez

"Hernandez stated he came to the United States via Miami, Florida, on October 9, 1962, with his family and he was a traveling book salesman in Cuba. He came to New Orleans on January 8, 1963 and resides at 519 Adele Street, New Orleans with his family. He has not had

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519 Fidel St. New Orleans La

any employment except for a few days of manual labor in Miami, Florida, and is presently on relief or welfare. Fla. Cuba

"The names of the family of Colso M. Hernandez are as follows:
Wife: Maria De La Caridad Valero, WF, age 41 (Maiden name)
Daughter: Maria De Los Angles, WF, age 14
Son: Nicholas Pablo, WM, 11
Daughter: Terosita, WF, age 6

"Hernandez stated he saw Oswald at approximately 1:30 P.M., August 9, 1963, passing out communist literature and he went and got his friends at 107 Decatur Street and at first they were unable to locate this subject Oswald when they got on the Canal Street streetcar, and they rode to Jefferson Davis Avenue and not being able to locate Oswald they returned to 107 Decatur Street, the Casa Roca retail clothing store. They remained there until someone came in and told them where Oswald was and they then proceeded to that location, where the three of them were carrying the sign described in formation relative to Carlos Bringuier in this memo. They then began to argue with Oswald and a crowd gathered and they were all (four) arrested by the police.

"#2. Carlos Jose Bringuier, age 29; D.O.B. 6/22/34; 5'8", 150 lbs., residing 501 Adele Street, residing this address about three months, born in Havana, Cuba. AFI FI Cub

"Bringuier stated he is manager of the Casa Roca retail clothing store, located 107 Decatur Street, New Orleans. He began his

Cuban student Directorate

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employment about October 1, 1962.

"Bringuier previously residing at 2046 Pelopidas Street. He lives with his wife and four children.

Wife: Maria Del Carmen (Bearce), WF, age 25
Born in Argentina, Buenos Aires
Married in Buenos Aires, April 14, 1956
Entered U. S. February 8, 1961, at Miami, Florida, by plane.
Wife entered U. S. in Miami in May, 1961.
Ages of children are 6, 5, 3 and 2.

Julio and Vicenta Bringuier, mother and father, reside at 1769 S. W. 17th. Street, Miamai, Florida, Bringuier stated.
Julio was born in 1895 in Remedios, Cuba, entered the U. S. after invasion, believed by Bringuier to be in May of 1961.
Vicenta was born in 1894 in Moron, Cuba, and entered the U. S. with Julio.

Carlos Bringuier gave the following names of his brothers and sisters:

"Julio Enrique Bringuier (brother), age 41, born Moron, Cuba, now residing 1769 SW. 17th, Street, Miami, entered the U. S. at end of 1961.

"Maria Gertrudis (Pelaez) age 42, (sister), resides 2224 Mendez Street, married to Rolando Pelaez, who also works at the Casa Roca clothing store, 107 Decatur Street, New Orleans.

"Juan Felipe Bringuier, age 35, (brother), born in Cuba, entered the U. S. December 24, 1962, resides in New York City, is unmarried.

"Maria Del Carmen (Medina), age 39, (sister) married to Jorge Medina, age 41, who is in Cuba. Maria Del Carmen lives in Iberville project in New Orleans, believed to be on Iberville Street. Jorge Medina was working in Criminal Court in Havana, went crazy.

"Carlos Jose Bringuier also gave the following information relating to himself.

His social security number 435-64-3717,

His selective service number 16 42 34 462, classified 5-A, local board #42, New Orleans, dated August 24, 1961

Possesses Louisiana drivers license number 1585883, date of issue 2/26/62, address on license 4525 Duplessis Street.

Possesses Immigrant Resident card #A 12 546 223, dated 2/8/61

"Bringuier further stated that he is a local delegate of the CUBAN STUDENT DIRECTORATE, in City of New Orleans, appointed by one Jose Antonio Lanuza, Secretary, American Affairs, Cuban Student Directorate, P.O. Box 805, Main Post Office, Miami, Florida, telephone Franklin 3-1476.

"Bringuier stated that his first job in New Orleans was with the California Redwood Produce Co., on S. Peters Street, owned by Mr. L. C. Levy. Bringuier stated he worked here two days.

"Bringuier then worked at Mac's Discount House, located at 714 Canal Street, for about one year, beginning April 1, 1961.

"Bringuier then became a self employed pedler in April of 1962 with his brother-in-law, Rolando Pelaez. They bought clothing and radios wholesale and went aboard ships to sell same. Bringuier stated that he had a Port Security Card.

"Bringuier then stated that on October 1, 1962, he opened the Casa Roca clothing store, 107 Decatur Street, and has been working here until this date.

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"Bringuier stated that he keeps the sign, in the Cuban's possession at the time of arrest this date, in his store. This sign measures about 3 feet by 4 feet, with a picture of the Statue of Liberty, hand with dagger on end of long chain, and Cuba ringed by two links of the chain. The sign reads "Danger! Only 90 miles from U.S.A., Cuba lies in chains!"

"Bringuier stated that the sign was given to him by Arnesto Rodriguez, age in his 30's, who resided at 1208 St. Charles Street in New Orleans, at the time Arturo Frondizi came to New Orleans in January or February of 1962. Bringuier believes Frondizi is a communist, and he has two brothers in Argentina who are Communists.

"Bringuier further stated that he came to New Orleans right from Miami, Florida, by Greyhound bus, arriving in New Orleans on February 18, 1961.

"#3. Miguel Mariano Cruz, age 18, D.O.B. 9/27/44, residing 2526 Nazant Street, New Orleans, unmarried, lives with mother, father and three sisters.

Mother: Victoriana (Enriquez) Cruz, age 56
Father: Claudio Cruz, age 64, unemployed, on Welfare.
Sisters: Hordensia Maria Cruz, age 26, a student at Capolle Beauty Schoold, 1509 St. Charles Avenue.
Ina Josefa Cruz, age 25, stays at home.
Maria Teresa Cruz, age 19, works at a petroleum company at night.

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"Miguel Mariano Cruz stated that he is unemployed and is a student Nichols High School, 11th. grade, in New Orleans.

"Miguel Cruz presented his Selective Service Card, #16 145 44 483, classified 1-A, dated 5/27/61, Local Board #145, Orleans Parish., also his Immigrant resident card #A 12 920 831, bearing name "Miguel Mariano Cruz Enriquez".

"Miguel Cruz stated that he entered the U.S. in San Juan, Puerto Rico, on December 5, 1962, went to Miami, Florida, right away, stayed for two days, in Plaza Hotel, and left Miami and came right to New Orleans, arriving December 12, 1962. He stated that his parents and three sisters entered the U. S. on the same date.

"When asked about other relations, Miguel Cruz named the following brothers.
Paul Cruz, age 32, address unknown, in New Orleans, married, wife's name "Olga". Has two children, and is employed as a waiter at the Royal Orleans Hotel.

Claudio Cruz, age 33, residing 2569 Congress-Street, wife's name "Angela" no children, employed as Bus Boy at the Royal Orleans Hotel.

Enrique Cruz, age 23, residing 2601 Bartholomew Street, wife's name "Olga", no children, is unemployed and on Welfare.

"The interview of the above four arrested subjects by Sgt. Austin and Patn. Roberts was

concluded at approximately 6:00 P.M., same date, August 9, 1963."

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

Sergeant AUSTIN commonted that after all the interviews were completed, he and ROBERTS again spoke to OSWALD briefly about whether or not OSWALD considered himself to be a communist. OSWALD insisted that he was not. At no time to his knowledge did OSWALD state that he was being paid $25.00 for the distribution of Fair Play for Cuba literature nor was he being paid by anyone any amount of money for the passing out of this material.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

New Orleans, La.

Mrs. MARCELLE MADDEN, Identification Division, New Orleans Police Department stated that her files did reflect a record on LEE HARVEY OSWALD, New Orleans Police Department Number 112-723. She stated that arrest report, number 645, prepared by First District under Item H-4843-63, showed that OSWALD was arrested on August 9, 1963 at 4:15 PM at the 700 block of Canal Street. He was arrested by Lieutenant W. GAILLOT and Patrolmen F. HAYWARD and F. WILSON of the First District and charged with violation of City Ordinance 828MCS 42-22, relative to disturbing the peace by creating a scene.

Mrs. MADDEN said that OSWALD's residence at that time was indicated as 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

He was described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	23
Date of Birth	October 18, 1939
Place of Birth	New Orleans, Louisiana
Height	5'9"
Weight	140 pounds
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Brown
Complexion	Medium
Occupation	None

She said the report showed he was arrested with CARLOS BRINGUIER, CELSO M. HERNANDEZ and MIGUEL M. CRUZ.

Under remarks in this report, Mrs. MADDEN stated was the following:

"This subject is a member of the Fair Play for Cuba, which upholds Fidel Castro. This subject was passing circulars in the 700 block of Canal Street when he became involved in a disturbance with three Cuban immigrants."

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 58-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY / dmk Date dictated 11/26/63

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Mrs. MADDEN stated this report had been prepared by Desk Sergeant PAUL DUPRE.

Mrs. MADDEN commented that contained in OSWALD's jacket was a copy of a FBI Identification Record, Number 327 925 D, dated August 14, 1963. This record reflected that on October 24, 1956, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, number 1653230 was fingerprinted by the Marines.

Second entry on this record showed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was arrested by the New Orleans Police Department on August 9, 1963 and charged with 828MCS 42-22, disturbing the peace by creating a scene.

Mrs. MADDEN advised that the disposition of the August 9, 1963 arrest was that OSWALD in Municipal Court had been found guilty and had been sentenced to ten days in jail or paying a fine of $10.00. Further details regarding this, she did not have.

Mrs. MADDEN stated her file did not reveal any identification record for A. T. HIDELL, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, ALEX J. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL or O. H. LEE.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-61-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 30, 1963

Lieutenant WILLIAM GAILLOT, 5th District, New Orleans Police Department, advised as follows:

On August 9, 1963, he participated in the arrests of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and some Cubans who were involved in a peace disturbance involving the distribution of leaflets. He does not recall much of the details concerning the arrests and the conversations which took place thereafter but did have some conversation with OSWALD at the 1st District before other police officers took over the questioning.

He asked OSWALD as to how he supported his family and OSWALD replied that he was not working but was drawing unemployment compensation. He indicated he had no other source of income. OSWALD said specifically that he was not being paid to distribute the leaflets and that he was doing it only because he "enjoyed doing it." Concerning the source of the leaflets OSWALD said that everything he was passing out was sent to him from New York City. Since there was a New York City address on the leaflets it was assumed by the arresting officers that it was from this location that OSWALD received all of his material.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-89

by SA DONALD L. HUGHES :sms Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

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Captain WILLIAM STEVENS, New Orleans Police Department, Juvenile Bureau, advised that his police agency had no record on LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his mother, MARGARET C. OSWALD.

New Orleans, La

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /lyc Date dictated 11/29/63

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DL 100-10461

H. MILITARY SERVICE

WFO 89-75
ECP:elw

WILLIAM EARLE ODOM, Director, Office of News Service, Department of Defense, Room 2E757, Pentagon, made available to Special Agent (SA) EDWARD C. PALMER the service personnel record for LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Marine Serial Number 1653230, for review and it reflected the following information:

Date of Birth:	10/18/39
Place of Birth:	New Orleans, Louisiana
Address:	4936 Collinwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas
Parents:	
Mother:	MARGUERITA (CLAVERIE) OSWALD, same address
Father:	ROBERT E. LEE OSWALD, deceased, date of death 8/19/39 at New Orleans, Louisiana
Stepbrother:	JOHN EDWARD PIC, 1959 - Staff Sergeant, Air Force Serial Number 11313239, Box 321, U.S. Air Force Hospital, APO 323, San Francisco, California
Date of Enlistment:	10/24/56, Dallas, Texas
FBI Number:	327925D
Religion:	Lutheran

Released from active duty September 11, 1959, and transferred to the Marine Corps Reserve by reason of hardship receiving an honorable discharge.

The file reflected that based on recommendation of the board at the Headquarters, Marine Air Reserve Training Command, U.S. Naval Air Station, Glenview, Illinois, on August 17, 1960, he was discharged by reason of unfitness with an undesirable discharge. The effective date of this discharge was December 13, 1960, and OSWALD's address was listed as Kalinina Street, 4-24, Minsk, Russia, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR). The basis for this recommendation was that OSWALD had requested that he be given citizenship in Soviet Russia.

During the period that OSWALD was in the U.S. Marine Corps he received training in the use of M-1, Browning Automatic, pistol, riot gun and .45 caliber pistol.

Assignments:

10/26/56 - 1/20/57	Marine Corps Recruit Depot, San Diego, California
1/20/57 - 2/26/57	Marine Corps Base, Camp Pendleton, California
3/18/57 - 5/3/57	MAD, MATTC, Jacksonville, Florida
5/4/57 - 6/19/57	Detached Duty, Kessler Air Force Base, Mississippi
7/9/57 -	Marine Corps Air Station, El Toro, California
9/12/57 - 12/22/58	Fleet Marines, Pacific Area
12/22/58 - 9/11/59	Marine Corps Air Station, El Toro, California
9/12/59 - 12/13/60	Marine Corps Reserve, Naval Air Station, Glenview, Illinois

Disciplinary Action

The record reflected that OSWALD was tried before a Summary Court-Martial on April 11, 1958, for having in his possession a privately owned weapon which was not registered.

On April 29, 1958, he was sentenced to be confined at hard labor for 20 days, to forfeit $25 per month for a period of two months and to be reduced to the grade of Private. The sentence was approved and ordered executed.

however, the confinement at hard labor for 30 days was suspended for a period of six months, at which time, unless the suspension was sooner vacated, sentence to hard labor for 20 days was to be remitted without further action.

On June 27, 1958, the confinement at hard labor for 28 days was vacated.

OSWALD was also tried before a Summary Court-Martial on June 27, 1958, for wrongfully using provoking words to a non-commissioned officer and for committing assault on a non-commissioned officer by pouring a drink on him in Yamato, Japan. He was sentenced to be confined at hard labor for 28 days and to forfeit $55 per month for a period of one month.

On June 27, 1958, the sentence was approved and ordered executed.

DL 100-10461

G. MILITARY ACQUAINTENCES OF SUBJECT

NH 100-18158
TRM, GDBR:mfr

MILITARY ACQUAINTANCE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The following investigation was conducted by SAs THOMAS R. MADIGAN and GENE D.B. ROBERTS at West Haven, Connecticut, on November 25, 1963:

PETER FRANCIS CONNOR, 27 Flaum Drive, West Haven, was interviewed in relation to his knowledge of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. CONNOR said he was a member of Marine Air Control Squadron One, Marine Air Group 11, First Marine Air Wing, at the Naval Air Station at Atsugi, Japan, during 1957-1958. He said OSWALD was also stationed there and lived in his barracks. CONNOR, whose service number is 1595596, said OSWALD was not a friend of his and he did not have a close knowledge of him. He said he was a trouble-maker and was engaged in "a few fights". One of these fights, CONNOR said, was with a ROBERT DEMURS, whom CONNOR believes resides in Lewiston, Maine.

CONNOR reported OSWALD had a privately owned Derringer in the barracks at Atsugi, which discharged at one time; and according to CONNOR, OSWALD was grazed with the bullet. CONNOR said he thinks OSWALD was later courtmartialed for having the unauthorized pistol.

CONNOR described OSWALD as a "real sloppy Marine...but he had the reputation of being a pretty good worker". He said he remembered OSWALD wearing an expert rifleman's medal.

CONNOR said the commander of his outfit was Lieutenant Colonel N. D. GLENN.

CONNOR stated that there were over 100 Marines quartered in this barracks, where he and OSWALD were located. He did not know of any close personal friends of OSWALD. He said he never heard anyone state that OSWALD had any anti-American or pro-Communist sentiments or that he ever made any statements indicating this tendency.

He advised OSWALD was still in Japan when he left there, and he has never been contacted since that time by OSWALD or anyone else inquiring about OSWALD until a close friend of his, JERRY E. PITTS, Memphis, Tennessee, apparently furnished his name to the press in Memphis. Since then, he has been contacted by the press and the local television station regarding his knowledge and association with OSWALD.

NH 100-18158
TRM, GDBR:mfr
2

CONNOR was discharged from the Marine Corps, Parris Island, on April 1, 1959. He is presently employed as an apprentice iron worker with Connecticut Valley Contractors, East Berlin, Connecticut.

DL 100-10461

I. CREDIT AND RECORD CHECKS

NO 89-69
1

Records of the following banks contained no information relative to an account in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or HIDELL:

Whitney National Bank - [redacted]

National Bank of Commerce - [redacted]

Hibernia National Bank - [redacted]

National American Bank of New Orleans - [redacted]

Bank of Louisiana in New Orleans - [redacted]

The Bank of New Orleans and Trust Company - [redacted]

National Bank of Commerce in Jefferson Parish - [redacted]

Metairie Savings Bank and Trust Company - [redacted]

First National Bank of Jefferson Parish - [redacted]

Guaranty Bank and Trust Company - [redacted]

Merchants Trust and Savings Bank - [redacted]

The above information is confidential and cannot be obtained except through the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to the individuals listed opposite the banks set forth above.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

LANCE A. GARCIA, Assistant Manager, Retailers' Commercial Company, Room 212 Delta Building, 348 Baronne Street, advised that this credit agency was a subsidiary of the Retail Credit Company of New Orleans, Louisiana, and further advised that his agency handled credit investigations only and explained that they dealt with nationally affiliated companies as well as some local companies in New Orleans LA on credit matters.

GARCIA examined his files for the following listed names and explained that he thoroughly checked on conceivable variations in spellings, as well as in pronunciation of these names and stated that he could find no listings identifiable with these persons contained within the files:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

A. J. HIDELL

ALEX HIDELL

ANA HIDELL 11-Lee

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK: mam Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

PATRICIA LA CAZE, 4909 Danneel Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that she has been engaged to ROGER J. HAYDEL, JR., 1935 Upperline Street, for the past two years. She said that she met HAYDEL in November, 1961, just after his release from Angola or the Orleans Parish Prison, where he had served eight months for bad checks. She said that they had been steady companions since that time. She said that she was residing at 311 Lopez Street at the time she met HAYDEL and moved to 5003 Magazine Street a month later. She said she stayed there a short time and them moved to her present address. She stated that HAYDEL operates his business, R. J. Electrical Service, from her residence (telephone 891-5365) for approximately two years.

She said that she has an invoice, Number 18643, from the Lee Rubber and Tire Corporation, 1530 Carondelet Street, showing that R. J. Electrical Service purchased four ultra nylon white tires, .800 x 14, amounting to $101.60 on November 21, 1962. She said that HAYDEL went to the Lee Rubber and Tire Corporation personally to purchase these tires and had to open up a charge account in order to pay for them. She said that she knows all of HAYDEL's friends and is sure that LEE HARVEY OSWALD is not one of them. She said that she believes HAYDEL had never seen OSWALD until his picture appeared in the newspapers and on television during the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

She said HAYDEL signed several forms at the Lee Rubber and Tire Corporation at the time he opened this account and was sure that his handwriting could be verified in order to definitely establish that it was he who bought the tires at that establishment and not anyone else.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN B. LEE, JR. :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1 JOHN E. HEVRON, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer, New Orleans Public Service Company, 317 Baronne Street, advised that it would be impossible to check listings for names of persons only without addresses, as records of hundreds of thousands of New Orleans residents would have to be searched. He advised, however, that it was possible for him to check records of a deposit ledger kept by this Company in name only and added that the following names had been searched through this file, and no listing identifiable with the following-named persons had been located therein:

A. J. HIDELL

ALEX HIDELL

ANA HIDELL

JACK RUBENSTEIN

JACK RUBY

HEVRON stated that during the search he noted that all variations in spelling of the above names were searched.

HEVRON stated for information of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that during the afternoon of November 25, 1963, a Secret Service Agent by the name of ROBERT VIAL had contacted him and requested a record check through his files for one R. J. HAYDEL, JR., at an address listed as 1935 Upperline Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. HEVRON advised that a check of his records revealed that one ROGER J. HAYDEL, SR., lived at this address and not only held an account with the utility company but was employed as a bus driver with this Company. HEVRON stated to his knowledge ROGER J. HAYDEL, SR., had been employed in the 1920's with this Company and terminated his employment at that time to be re-employed as a bus driver on June 5, 1945, and continues to be employed in this capacity at the present time. He stated this employee's date of birth was listed as June 5, 1945 and a previous address for HAYDEL, SR., was listed as 331 Octavia Street, New Orleans.. He explained that he was

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :jas Date dictated 11/26/63

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not in a position to furnish any more identifying data concerning this employee without examining his file.

HEVRON stated that to the best of his knowledge, Secret Service Agent VIAL informed him that supposedly R. J. HAYDEL, JR., was connected with the R. J. Electric Company at 4909 Daneel Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, and requested that this address and name be searched through Public Service files to determine if any record might be found of service at this location. HEVRON stated that a check revealed that no service had been installed at 4909 Daneel Street, however, application for installation of such service had been made on March 22, 1962, by a person who listed his name as J. LACAZE, 4909 Daneel Street, who identified his former residence as 5306 Magazine Street, Apartment 7, and furnished the following telephone numbers:

895-7874
TW. 9-0334

HEVRON stated that the subject of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY had such a profound effect upon him that he had followed very carefully all newscasts and newspaper accounts and added that if he was not mistaken, he recalled hearing a report somewhere that circulars bearing the words "Hands Off Cuba" had been passed out at New Orleans, Louisiana, by OSWALD sometime in August, 1963, and some of these circulars bore the name ~~HYDEL or~~ HAYDEL with a Post Office Box at New Orleans, Louisiana, of 30016.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

Mrs. ERNA L. DEIGLMAYR, Traveler's Aid Society, 211 Camp Street, advised that a review of her records under the names LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, ALEX J. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, A. T. HIDELL, O. H. LEE and V. T. LEE, failed to locate any reference in her records to such names.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. BASSELL, JR. / dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

New Orleans LA

Mrs. KATHERINE M. JUBIN, Director of Community Information Service, Social Welfare Planning Council, 211 Camp Street, advised that a review of her records under the names LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, ALEX J. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, A. T. HIDELL, O. H. LEE and V. T. LEE, failed to locate any reference in her records to such names.

Mrs. JUBIN advised many times that people not eligible for benefits from the Louisiana Department of Welfare were referred to her to determine what, if any, agency such people could receive aid from. Mrs. JUBIN pointed out that OSWALD would not have qualified for benefits from the Louisiana Department of Public Welfare and she was of the opinion that the Traveler's Aid Society would have been the most likely agency that she would have referred OSWALD to had he come to her for counsel. Mrs. JUBIN advised she generally makes a record of all individuals coming to her service but on occasion when her only connection was simply to refer a person to another agency that no record would be kept.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. HASSELL, JR. /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

Mrs. ORA HIGGINS, Welfare Information Adviser, Louisiana Department of Public Welfare, State Office Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that a review of her records under the names LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, ALEX J. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, A. T. HIDELL, O. H. LEE and V. T. LEE, failed to locate any reference in her records to such names.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. HASSELL, JR. /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

Pertinent to LP

Mrs. MARIE WALLACE, Country Mail Circulation, New Orleans States-Item and Times Picayune Newspapers, 615 North Street, advised a review of her records showed no current subscription or expired subscription for approximately a one year period for any individual under the following names:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ALEK JAMES HIDELL
ALEX J. HIDELL
A. J. HIDELL
A. T. HIDELL
O. H. LEE
V. T. LEE

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. HASSELL, JR. /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

Mr. J. E. NICKOLAUS, City Circulation Manager, New Orleans States-Item and Times Picayune Newspapers, 615 North Street, advised he was unable to locate a current or past subscription for any individual under the following names:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ALEK JAMES HIDELL
ALEX J. HIDELL
A. J. HIDELL
A. T. HIDELL
O. H. LEE
V. T. LEE

Neworleans La.

Mr. NICKOLAUS advised his records contain only the individuals who subscribe to the papers directly with the main office and pay advance subscription. Mr. NICKOLAUS pointed out the vast majority of all New Orleans area subscribers handle their subscriptions on a direct basis with the route boys and generally they maintain a record of such on a month to month basis only to insure collection of the outstanding monthly or weekly amounts.

Mr. NICKOLAUS advised, in any event, prior knowledge of the address for the individual would be needed to determine the route applicable and he did not have any records where he could check a name to determine various addresses for an individual.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. HASSELL, JR. /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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New Orleans, La.

MRS. SUSAN ALLEN, Secretary to the Registrar, Veterans Administration Hospital, 1601 Perdido Street, telephonically advised that the hospital would not admit the dependent of a serviceman. She checked the names of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, MARINA OSWALD, and advised there is no record of anyone by this name ever making an application for treatment or being admitted as a patient.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by DONALD L. HUGHES/cay Date dictated 11/27/63

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Date 11/29/63

1

New Orleans, La

Dr. JOHN TRAUTMAN, Director, U. S. Public Health Service Hospital, 210 State Street, advised the wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD would not be eligible for treatment at that hospital. He stated OSWALD would have to be retired and on a good conduct basis to obtain service at that hospital. He stated he had already checked their records and found nothing on anyone named OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by TROY H. GIST/cay Date dictated 11/27/63

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Date November 27, 1963

ANNETTE SPENCE, Clerk-Typist, Office of the Registrar, Tulane University, St. Charles Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that she could find no record identifiable with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in any of the files of any undergraduate, graduate, or professional school, both day and night at Tulane University.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN M. MC CARTHY :dc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

FRANCIS BERRY, Supervisor, Department of Sanitation and Water Board of New Orleans, City Hall, advised that a review of his files for listings in names only without addresses would be nearly impossible to check. However, he added that as far as it was possible to check such names, he would do so for the following-listed names:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

A. J. HIDELL

ALEX HIDELL

ANA HIDELL

JACK RUBENSTEIN

JACK RUBY

BERRY stated that after searching his records through every conceivable variation of the above names, he was unable to locate any listings contained within his file identifiable with any of these names.

BERRY caused a search to be made through Civil Service records listing the employments of persons within Orleans Parish, Louisiana, and employments by the City of New Orleans to be made through the Civil Service Office located at City Hall and advised that a thorough search of the above-listed names, including variations in spelling, revealed that no identifiable listings were located.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :jas Date dictated 11/26/63

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4-13

NO 58-69
JLQ/dmk

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY on November 26, 1963:

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Mrs. MARGARET HUCK, Supervisor, New Orleans Exchange of Consumers Financial Companies, 323 Chartres Street, informed that her exchange is a clearing house for loan companies who are licensed to do business in the City of New Orleans, Louisiana and the immediate surrounding communities. Most of the major loan companies in this area are a member of the exchange.

Mrs. HUCK stated her records failed to reflect that any loans had been secured by individuals using the names of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, A. T. HIDELL, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, ALEX J. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL or O. H. LEE.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1

Mr. A. O. FONVILLE, Inspector in Charge, Inspection Service, Internal Revenue Bureau, U. S. Treasury Department, 337 Federal Building, South Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that at the request of the Assistant Regional Inspector in Charge of Internal Security, Internal Revenue Bureau, Dallas, Texas, he had caused a check to be made of persons filing income tax returns with the Internal Revenue Bureau at New Orleans, Louisiana, having the following surnames:

HIDELL
HYDELL
HYDEL
HIADELL
HEDELL

His request was to determine whether persons of any of the above surnames having any combination of the following initials or first names had filed a return for the calendar years 1961 or 1962:

A. J.
A. T.
ALEK
ALEK J.
ALEX J.
ALEX JAMES
JAMES

Mr. FONVILLE stated he caused a check to be made and determined that no one having the last name HIDELL had filed an income tax return at New Orleans for either calendar year. He also determined that no one with the other surnames having any variation of the above initials or first names had filed an income tax return at New Orleans for the calendar years 1961 or 1962.

Upon request, Mr. FONVILLE caused a check to be made and advised that no income tax return was filed for 1961 or 1962 by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, by anyone with the last name HAYDELL or by anyone with the name O. H. LEE. Mr. FONVILLE furnished the following information concerning returns filed by persons with last name HYDELL and HAYDEL:

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS /lyc Date dictated 11/27/63

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1040A return filed for 1960 by DOROTHY M. HAYDELL, Social Security Number (SSN) 441-22-071, reflecting address General Delivery, New Orleans, Louisiana. Income from Van Rees Book Binding, New York, New York and from Covey Laundry Service, Portland, state illegible.

ALBERT J. HAYDEL, Vacherie, Louisiana, filed 1040A return for 1961 income from Lafourche Basin Level District, Donaldsonville, Louisiana, SSN 438-40-3974.

ROGER J. HAYDEL, 108 Cris Laur, Harahan, Louisiana, filed 1040A return for 1961 income from Jahncke Service, Inc. and National American Bank, New Orleans, SSN 438-62-3124.

ROGER J. HAYDEL with same address and SSN filed 1040A return for 1962 income derived from National American Bank, New Orleans.

Mr. & Mrs. ALBERIC A. and ELVERA HAYDEL filed 1040 return for 1961 income reflecting address 1006 Monroe St., Gretna, Louisiana. Return reflects husband to be carpenter's helper with income from St. Anthony Catholic Church, Gretna, Louisiana, and wife to be a cook at Touro Infirmary, New Orleans.

Mr. & Mrs. ABNER J. and RAZEL T. HAYDEL, 116 Monroe Street, Lafayette, Louisiana filed 1040 return for 1961 income. Return reflects husband a restaurant operator derived income from restaurant and has SSN 437-30-0183, and wife has SSN 437-46-7511. Son listed as DOUGLAS C. HAYDEL.

Mr. & Mrs. ALBERT J., JR. and RHONDA D. HAYDEL, 729 Rupp Street, Gretna, Louisiana, filed 1040 return for 1962 income reflecting income for husband from radio and television service (operates Gretna Electronic Service, Gretna, Louisiana), SSN 434-10-8447 and wife deriving income as teacher, SSN 439-07-2254. Return reflects they have daughter, JUDITH A. HAYDEL.

Mr. & Mrs. ABNER J. and RITA HAYDEL, 2721 Hero Drive, Gretna, Louisiana filed 1040 return for 1962 income reflecting husband to be foreman of the Celotex Corporation with SSN 434-36-1575, and wife to derive income as operator of Raydel's Beauty Salon, Gretna, Louisiana with SSN 438-40-8979.

ANTOINE J. and LOUELLA C. HAYDEL, 516 Gordon Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, filed 1040 return for 1962 income. Husband derived income as printer for the Times Picayune newspaper with SSN 434-01-0692, and wife listed as housewife with SSN 434-01-3148.

ALFRED and AMENAIDE HAYDEL, 325 S. Pierce, New Orleans 19, Louisiana, filed 1040 return for 1961 income. Return reflects husband retired having income from land lease and retirement from Charity Hospital of Louisiana with SSN 434-28-6435, wife's occupation and SSN not shown.

1

NO 89-69
RLB:gas

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

The following investigation was conducted by SA RAYMOND L. BECK:

On November 26, 1963, Mrs. MARCELA MOLGORA, Assistant to the Delegate, Mexican Government Tourist Delegation, Tourist Department, 205 St. Charles Street, advised that this agency issues tourist cards to persons desiring to visit Mexico as follows:

Tourist Card FM-8	Good for 15 days.
Tourist Card FM-5	Good for 180 days.
Tourist Card FM-14	Good for 180 days (multiple entrance).

She stated that Tourist Card FM-14 permits a tourist to go in and out of Mexico an unlimited number of times during the six months period for which the card is issued. She advised further that the Mexican Government Tourist Delegation issues tourist cards independent of other Mexican Agencies which also issue tourist cards.

Mrs. MOLGORA stated that September 15, 1963, was Mexican Independence Day which was celebrated on Monday, September 16, 1963, and therefore no tourist cards were issued on the latter date. She advised that four tourist cards were issued on September 18, 1963, and eleven tourist cards were issued on September 17, 1963, all of which were the FM-8 type. She stated that no tourist cards were issued for LEE HARVEY OSWALD, JACK RUBY, JACK RUBENSTEIN or A. J. HIDELL on September 17 or 18, 1963, or in fact during the entire month of September, 1963.

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The following investigation was conducted by SA RAYMOND L. BECK at New Orleans, Louisiana:

On November 26, 1963, the following individuals were contacted at the Universities indicated to determine whether University records reflected attendance there of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or HIDELL, using the given names ALEK JAMES, ALEX J., or initials A. T., or A. J. Each advised that they could locate no record of the attendance of OSWALD or HIDELL:

Mrs. GRETCHEN CLUNE, Typist, Registrar's Office, Loyola University, 6363 St. Charles Avenue, advised her record check included both the day and night school records as well as the graduate divisions of Arts and Science, Business Administration, Music and Pre-Pharmacy. She stated the only other departments were the departments of Law, Pharmacy and Dentistry and these departments could be checked through the office of the treasurer.

Mrs. LYDIA K. MC AULAY, Assistant Treasurer, advised she could locate no record of the attendance of OSWALD or HIDELL in the Law, Pharmacy or Dentistry departments or any of the other schools or departments of the University.

Miss MARY C. HOGAN, Clerk-Typist, Registrar's Office, Louisiana State University, New Orleans (LSUNO), Lakefront advised her record check included the day school as well as the evening division, the latter of which was instituted in September, 1963.

Mr. CARL DEGEL, Admissions Counselor, LSUNO, Lakefront, advised he could locate no record of application for admission for OSWALD or HIDELL.

Mrs. MARGIE PROVENSAL, Transcript Clerk, Office of Student Records and Registration, Tulane University, 6823 St. Charles Avenue, advised that her record check included day school and that the night school records would

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be maintained at University College, which is a part of Tulane University.

CAROLYN CHAMPON, Secretary, University College, Tulane University, advised she could locate no record of the attendance of OSWALD or HIDELL at University College.

On November 26, 1963, Mr. LEONARD ISAIH KRIMERMAN, advised he is an instructor of philosophy at LSUNO, resides at 830 Audubon Street, Apartment 5, and has been teaching at LSUNO since September, 1961. He advised that he did not instruct any classes at LSUNO during the summer months of 1962 or 1963, in fact, he was out of the City of New Orleans from early June to early September during the summers of 1962 and 1963. He stated he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD nor is he acquainted with any individual by the name of HIDELL.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

New Orleans, La.

GEORGE MANNING, Manager, American Express Co., 143 Baronne Street, advised that he had made a check of his records for the months of August and September, 1963 but found no record of a sale of checks to anyone named OSWALD or HIDELL. He said he had called their New York Office about the matter, thinking New York might check their records of cash sales in the above names. His New York Office advised him they could not make such a search, that they could not make a search by name, adding their records are kept by money order number, and they would need a money order number to assist in this matter.

He added that money orders were also sold at bus stations, railway stations, banks, and by Western Union Offices. These places keep their own records and the records are not sent to American Express here or in New York.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA TROY H. GIST /dc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

STOUGHTON RICHMOND, U. S. Department of State, Passport Agency, 5th Floor, Federal Building, 701 Loyola Avenue, observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, New Orleans Police Department no. 112723 and advised that he could not remember OSWALD applying for a passport at his office. New Orleans LA

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK /sw Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

GEORGE MADDOCKS, Department of State, Passport Agency, 5th Floor, Federal Building, 701 Loyola Avenue, advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, P. O. Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana, applied on June 21, 1963 or June 24, 1963, for a passport. He gave his date of birth as October 18, 1939, 5'11" tall, brown hair, grey eyes. Passport number D092526 was issued to OSWALD on June 25, 1963. Mr. MADDOCKS said that the original application for the passport, which would necessarily have been completed by OSWALD, would be at the Washington Headquarters of the U. S. Passport Agency. MADDOCKS stated that the month of June is an exceptionally busy time for the Passport Agency. He observed a photograph New Orleans Police Department no. 112723, and advised that he could not remember OSWALD.

Mr. MADDOCKS advised that he could find no record of a passport being issued to the following names:

A. T. HIDELL

ALEX JAMES HIDELL

ALEX J. HIDELL

A. J. HIDELL.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK /sw Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1 Files of the Louisiana State Department of Revenue, Income Tax Division, failed to reveal a record of submission of income tax return by any individual using the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any of the following aliases:

O. H. LEE

ALEK HIDELL

ALEX J. HIDELL

A. J. HIDELL

ROBERT HIDELL

The above information can be made available only through issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to WILLIAM E. TUTTLE, Director, Income Tax Division, Louisiana Department of Revenue.

On 11/26/63 at Baton Rouge, Louisiana File # NO 44-2164

by SA EARL R. PETERSEN :jas Date dictated 11/26/63

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NO 44-2064:jas

On November 26, 1963, Miss POLLY COPELLO, Clerk, Motor Vehicle Division, Louisiana Department of Revenue, and Mrs. LINDA HAYDEL, Driver's License Division, Louisiana Department of Public Safety, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, advised SA EARL R. PETERSEN that they were unable to locate a record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD under that name of any of the following aliases:

O. H. LEE

ALEK HIDELL

ALEX J. HIDELL

A. J. HIDELL

ROBERT HIDELL

New Orleans La.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/27/63

[redacted]

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, 1215 Prytania Street, New Orleans, Louisiana advised that after making a complete check of his records he could furnish the following information without qualification:

1) There was no telephone of any kind installed at 4905 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana from January 1, 1963 to October 30, 1963.

2) There was no telephone listed to anyone using the name OSWALD on Magazine Street from January 1, 1963 to November 27, 1963.

3) There has been no listing for LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the New Orleans Metropolitan area in the period January 1, 1963 to November 27, 1963.

4) There has been no listing in the New Orleans Metropolitan area for A. J. HIDELL between January 1, 1963 and November 27, 1963.

5) There has been no listing in the New Orleans Metropolitan area for a "Fair Play for Cuba" between January 1, 1963 and November 27, 1963.

[redacted] stated that in addition to the above, checks were made of all records for logical variations of the names LEE HARVEY OSWALD, A. J. HIDELL and Fair Play for Cuba without locating any pertinent records.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69
NO 44-2064

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN/jab Date dictated 11/27/63

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1 [redacted] Louisiana, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, 1215 Prytania Street, advised that a check of the daily addendums from October 26, 1963, to the current date failed to reflect an OSWALD listed. Mr. JOSEY stated it would have been impossible for a New Orleans information operator to have furnished a number for LEE HARVEY OSWALD during this period.

[redacted] said a check of his records is continuing, and final results will be available November 27, 1963.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 44-2064
NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/26/63

New Orleans, La.

HARRIET J. MUNTZ, Supervisor of Census and Child Accounting, Orleans Parish School Board, 703 Carondelet Street, advised that her records extend back to the 1944-1945 school year and include information concerning students born in 1926 or thereafter. After checking she stated that there is no record of anyone by the name of HIDELL.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS /dmm Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/26/63

Miss ANNA MAY McCURDY, Head of Circulation, New Orleans Public Library, 219 Loyola Avenue, advised that it is impossible to check library card holders by name as cards are filed only by number. She stated that there is a record kept of delinquent card holders at the main library and for all branches. She reviewed this file and found no one listed by the name of HIDELL.

New Orleans, La.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS /dmm Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/26/63

Mrs. RITA L. McDONOUGH, Clerk, Voters Registration Office, New Orleans City Hall, checked the master file of registered voters as well as files of cancelled registered voters going back to 1949. These records include no one named HIDELL.

New Orleans 44

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by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS /dmm Date dictated 11/26/63

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NO [illegible]-69
MFC:dmm

On November 26, 1963, Mrs. M. BOTTIGLIA, Clerk, Louisiana State Headquarters, Selective Service System, Jackson Barracks, St. Claude Avenue and Delery Street, New Orleans, was contacted and the records were checked whereby it was determined that there was no record of anyone registered in the name of HIDELL in the State of Louisiana.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

Mrs. GLORIA WATSON, Record Room, New Orleans Police Department, advised her records did reflect an index card for the August 9, 1963 arrest of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by the New Orleans Police Department. This index card merely showed that he had been found guilty, fined $10.00 or ten days in jail. She related that her records did not disclose any information with respect to A. T. HIDELL, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, ALEX J. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL or O. H. LEE.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 58-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY /dmk Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

The appropriate records of the following banks were checked with regard to the names of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, A. T. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, ALEX J. HIDELL, and ALEK JAMES HIDELL. No record was found showing that a checking, savings, or loan account or a safe deposit box was ever held at these banks in the above names:

Whitney National Bank, 228 St. Charles Avenue;

National Bank of Commerce, 210 Baronne Street;

Hibernia National Bank, 313 Carondelet Street;

National American Bank of New Orleans, 200 Carondelet Street;

Bank of Louisiana in New Orleans, 246 Common Street;

The Bank of New Orleans and Trust Company, 935 Common Street;

National Bank of Commerce in Jefferson Parish, 2400 Jefferson Highway;

Metairie Savings Bank and Trust Company, 3338 Metairie Road, Metairie, Louisiana;

First National Bank of Jefferson Parish, 203 Huey P. Long Avenue, Gretna, Louisiana;

Guaranty Bank and Trust Company, 905 - 4th Street, Gretna, Louisiana;

Merchants Trust and Savings Bank, 2102 Airline Highway, Kenner, Louisiana.

The records of the above banks are confidential and can be obtained only after the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to the following:

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA TROY H. GIST/lrs Date dictated 11/26/63

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O.K. DA 433

NO 82-[redacted]
2

Whitney National Bank - [redacted]

National Bank of Commerce - [redacted]

Hibernia National Bank - [redacted]

National American Bank of New Orleans - [redacted]

Bank of Louisiana in New Orleans - [redacted]

The Bank of New Orleans and Trust Company - [redacted]

National Bank of Commerce in Jefferson Parish - [redacted]

Metairie Savings Bank and Trust Company - [redacted];

First National Bank of Jefferson Parish - [redacted]

Guaranty Bank and Trust Company - [redacted]

Merchants Trust and Savings Bank - [redacted]

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1 New Orleans 44

Miss CECILE GARDNER, supervisor in charge of File Department, New Orleans Retailers Credit Bureau, Maison Blanche Building, advised her records failed to reflect any record for LEE HARVEY OSWALD or A. J. HIDELL.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY /lyc Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

LANCE A. GARCIA, Assistant Manager, Retailers Commercial Company, Room 212, Delta Building, 348 Baronne Street, was recontacted and advised that a thorough search of his files had failed to reveal any listings identifiable with any individual named JACK RUBENSTEIN, or JACK RUBY.

GARCIA stated that there were three separate listings of credit reports contained in his files for the following listed persons at the addresses indicated:

R. J. ELECTRIC COMPANY
4909 Danieel Street
New Orleans, Louisiana
(Report bears date of March 15, 1963, according to GARCIA).

R. J. HAYDEL, JR.
1935 Upperline Street
New Orleans, Louisiana
(Report bears date of July 12, 1963, according to GARCIA).

ROGER HAYDEL, SR.
331 Octavia Street
New Orleans, Louisiana
(Report bears date of November 11, 1962, according to GARCIA).

GARCIA stated that the above named files were no longer in his possession as he had temporarily furnished them to a Special Agent of the U. S. Secret Service named VIAL and added that he had made them available to this Special Agent on a short term basis and explained that he would not hesitate to furnish any files to the FBI when they were made available to him. He stated for information that one R. J. HAYDEL, JR. referred to above had "skipped" and was generally considered a very bad risk credit wise as approximately thirty claims had been made against him for non-payment.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /dc Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mr. H. D. SCHNOOR, District Sales Manager, Retail Credit Company, Room 302, 2515 Canal Street, advised that he would authorize copies to be made for the use of the FBI of a Retail Credit Company form number 1630 dated May 16, 1963, and bearing the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD. New Orleans L.

Mr. SCHNOOR stated that his credit agency does employment work, claims investigations and handles general field insurance matters and added that this company was a national affiliated organization. He stated that a subsidiary of this national company, one Retailers Commercial Agency located in the Delta Building on Baronne Street, New Orleans, handled strictly credit investigations for the New Orleans office, and suggested that possibly the assistant manager of this company, LANCE A. GARCIA, could be contacted through the Retailers Commercial Agency, telephone 524-7666, or through his residence at 3931 North Johnson Street, New Orleans, residence telephone 949-4828.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK/lrs 437 Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

HENRY COE DESMARE, 2635 Ursuline Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised as follows:

He is the investigator for the Retail Credit Company, New Orleans.

After viewing a copy of a report dated May 16, 1963, concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 757 French Street, New Orleans, he said he had conducted the investigation concerning OSWALD under Account No. 6605, which is the number for Standard Coffee Company, New Orleans. He stated that the notation at the top of the report "intv Aunt and two personal associate of subject" made reference to the fact that he had interviewed OSWALD's aunt in addition to two personal associates.

Under Item No. 1 "informants", the notation "1½ yrs-2y" meant the two associates he interviewed knew OSWALD for 1½ years and two years respectively.

He said he had no recollection concerning the identities of the associates but that the aunt's name was something like MUREL and lived on French Street, New Orleans.

DESMARE said the requesting company, in this case Standard Coffee Company, sends a card listing the names of references and associates which he assumed were taken from application forms. It was his opinion that the names of the associates he interviewed were probably on the application in the files of Standard Coffee Company.

It was later brought to his attention that the two associates listed on the application were Sgt. ROBERT HIDELL, on active duty with the U. S. Marines and Lt. J. EVANS, on active duty with the U. S. Marines, in addition to JOHN MURRETT, 757 French Street, New Orleans.

DESMARE said the names of the Marines were not familiar, and he could not recall whether he interviewed them or someone else in the neighborhood of 757 French Street. DESMARE was reminded that OSWALD had not lived

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On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA THEODORE R. VIATER
SA RONALD A. HOVERSON /cv

by _____ Date dictated 11/23/63

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at that address but used it as a mailing address and had used it beginning in May, 1963. DESMARE was of the opinion he may have contacted the personal associates of OSWALD in the neighborhood, but it was pointed out to him that they were supposed to have known OSWALD for 1½ and two years respectively and that he had not lived in the neighborhood.

DESMARE said he was unable to explain this other than to say that he must have interviewed someone at some place or he would not have reported it.

He said if he had interviewed the Marines he could not recall where it might have been other than possibly the Custom House in New Orleans.

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Date 11/25/63

1

Mr. VINCENT IMBORNONE, Clerk, Retail Credit Company, Room 302, 2515 Canal Street, furnished a carbon copy of a Retail Credit Company report, form 1630 dated May 16, 1963, and authorized that duplicate copies of this form could be made by the FBI but requested that the form furnished be returned to his office. New Orleans, La

He stated that at the top of this form the notation "intv Aunt and two personal associate of subject" apparently meant that the individual who conducted the investigation relative to this report and wrote this report had interviewed an aunt of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as well as two personal associates of OSWALD in New Orleans.

He advised that the report furnished bore the initials "HCD" and explained that the person writing this report for his company was HENRY COE DESMARE, residence 2635 Ursuline Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, residence telephone HUnter 8-7576. He added that this individual was a supervisor for the Retail Credit Company.

Mr. IMBORNONE stated that a search of the files of this company for the following listed names was made and no records identifiable with these persons were located: A. J. HIDELL, ANA HIDELL, ALEX HIDELL.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

Miss CECILE GARDNER, Supervisor of File Unit, New Orleans Retailers' Credit Bureau, Masonic Temple Building, advised her records reflect a file on a Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD.

Miss GARDNER related that on May 17, 1954, Maison Blanche Department Store, New Orleans, requested a credit clearance on Mrs. OSWALD. At this time the credit bureau's file failed to reveal any previous record for this individual.

A telephonic inquiry was made by Operator 32 which developed the following information:

Mrs. OSWALD was described as a white female, 40-45 years of age, and a widow. Her dependent at that time was shown as one son "not further identified". Her employer was listed as Burt's Shoe Store; 1117 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, which business was a shoe store. Mrs. OSWALD was reported to have been a saleslady at that store and had been employed in that capacity for a two month period. The report showed that Mrs. OSWALD had a record of steady employment. Further that her character, habits and morals were well regarded. In addition to this, no information was developed indicating any illegal practice on the part of Mrs. OSWALD at any time. Her income was shown as $40.00 per week and that she rented.

Miss GARDNER further stated that the following comments were made with reference to Mrs. OSWALD at this time:

"Subject came to this city years ago and has resided at the above address for two months. She was formerly employed by Lady Oris Hosiery Shop, NY Co. for 9 months as a saleslady but for the past 2 months has been employed as above. Subject also has 2 sons in the service".

Miss GARDNER advised her records failed to reveal

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 58-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY /dmk Date dictated 11/26/63

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any credit experience with individuals having the names of A. T. HIDELL or O. H. LEE.

Miss GARDNER said that her records did indicate a credit file on a LEE OSWALD, whose wife was MARGUERITE OSWALD. This individual was identified on January 25, 1934 as having been an Agent for the previous seven years with the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. She stated that this account has not been active since 1939.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

New Orleans, La

Mrs. EARLINE DOBRONICH, Credit Manager, Bennett's Photographic Store, 320 Baronne Street, advised that when picture of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was shown on television she said to herself she had seen that individual before. She related that it was her recollection that either two or three months ago, date unrecalled, and no way to pinpoint the date, this individual had come to her department and submitted a credit application. She said that the reason she remembered it so well was that the person who had applied for credit had the last name of OSWALD. What this person's first name was she could not say. Why the person was applying for credit, she could not recall, but added it must have been for supplies since it was her recollection that the credit card which was partially filled out was yellow in color. This is the type of card that would be used for supplies rather than credit for equipment. Mrs. DOBRONICH said this person left, but did not return. She kept the partially completed application on her desk for sometime. When she decided that the person apparently was not coming back she did something with the application, but could not recall what. She said that she had looked through all of her records but was unable to locate the application. She said there was a possibility that she had destroyed this application.

Mrs. DOBRONICH could not recall any of the details that were on the application and since she could not find the application, she now questioned in her own mind whether the person's name was actually OSWALD.

Since she could not locate this application she said that she called the New Orleans Retailers Credit Bureau and inquired as to whether or not BENNETT's even made an inquiry concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD and was informed that they had no record whatsoever of OSWALD. Mrs. DOBRONICH said that it is a normal procedure when she makes an inquiry with reference to someone in the Credit Bureau that even though a record is not found, the Credit Bureau does prepare a card on the individual indicating that an inquiry had been received by BENNETT. She added that if she had been able to locate any record on OSWALD it was her plan to call the FBI, but since she could locate nothing in her files, she did not contact the FBI since the question in her mind now was whether or not the individual she had in mind was actually named OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY :dc Date dictated 11/28/63

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Mrs. DOBRONICH examined all the applications for employment in BENNETT's and could find no application for OSWALD.

A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken August 9, 1963 by New Orleans Police Department, New Orleans, Louisiana, their number 112723 was displayed to Mrs. DOBRONICH. After seeing the photograph she could not associate this face with the individual that she thought was OSWALD. She related that a further effort would be made to locate the application she had in mind and if it was located she would immediately advise the FBI Office.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. [illegible] New Orleans Retail

Miss CECILE GARDENER, in charge of file department, New Orleans Retailers Credit Bureau, Masonic Temple Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that file clerk MARGARET BUDENICH had informed her that on November 25, 1963 she had received an inquiry from the Credit Office of Bennett's Photographic Store, 320 Baronne Street as to whether or not they had made any previous inquiry on LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Miss GARDENER said that BUDENICH informed the caller that they had not.

Miss GARDENER said she inquired of BUDENICH the identity of the caller from Bennett's. BUDENICH was not able to tell her the individual's name, but said that she recognized the voice as being the person who always called Bennett's from their Credit Department.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY :dc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1

Mr. JOSEPH B. TONER, manager, New Orleans Retailers' Credit Bureau, Inc., Masonic Temple Building, advised that Mr. J. D. VINSON of the Isaac Detective Agency, Room 608 Richards Building, New Orleans, had come to the credit bureau on November 27, 1963 and requested that the following names be checked through the files: New Orleans La.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, wife MARINA
ROBERT LEE OSWALD
A. J. HIDELL, Post Office Box 30016
FORREST E. LA VIOLETTE
LEONARD REISSMAN
CARLOS BRINGUIER, 501 Adell Street

Mr. TONER stated he told Mr. VINSON that his inquiry regarding OSWALD would be reported to the New Orleans FBI Office.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY /lyc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

WILLIS G. SHORT, Secretary-Treasurer, Merchants Retail Credit Association, advised he is unable to locate any record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or ALEK JAMES HIDELL, or O. H. LEE, New Orleans, La

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
DL 89-43

by Special Agents PAUL E. WULFF and JAMES W. SWINFORD pm Date dictated 11/24/63

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DL 100-10461

J. MISCELLANEOUS

1. Handwriting Samples

NO 89-69 [illegible]/lyc [illegible] Laboratory, main office, New Orleans Public Library, made available the original.

The original application for electric and gas service bearing the signature of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was forwarded to the FBI Laboratory on November 25, 1963 for handwriting examination. [illegible] with examination dated May 27, 1964. The date of the application is not shown.

[illegible] New Orleans [illegible]

SAs HILTON E. FRICK
& ROBERT C. [illegible] JR. /cjc

Date dictated 11/2/

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

New Orleans La

Miss THERESA MILITELLO, Acting Librarian, main office, New Orleans Public Library, made available the original application for a library card in the name of LEE H. OSWALD, 2907 Magazine, occupation - mechanic, employer Wm. B. Reily Company, 640 Magazine, and signed LEE H. OSWALD. This application indicated that library card N8640 was issued to OSWALD with the expiration date May 27, 1966. The date of the application is not shown.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana 450 File # NO 89-69

by SAs MILTON R. KAACK & ERNEST C. WALL, JR. /cjo,lyc Date dictated 11/25/63

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NO 89-69 /lyc

The original application for a library card was forwarded to the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963 for handwriting examination.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

Mr. JAMES L. GRIBBLE, Investigator, Immigration and Naturalization Service and Mr. RONALD WELLER, Border Patrol Inspector, made available four letters written by LEE H. OSWALD, one of which appears to be an affidavit of Support. These documents were taken from Immigration and Naturalization file # A 12530645 for MARINA NIKOLAEVA OSWALD. The documents are identified as:

1. Affidavit in Support dated January 17, 1962 / New Orleans LA.
2. Undated letter, date stamped July 2, 1962.
3. Undated letter, date stamped July 6, 1962.
4. Undated letter, date stamped July 10, 1962.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK
SA ERNEST C. WALL, JR. /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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NO 89-69

The above four documents were forwarded to the FBI Laboratory for handwriting examination on November 23, 1963.

DL 100-10461

2.3 Laboratory Results of Fingerprint Examination

NO 89-69
LGD:sab

The seven gun magazines furnished by Mr. AARON T. ALBA, Operator of the Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, as being the magazine possibly read by LEE H. OSWALD, were forwarded to the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963. These were forwarded with other material to be examined for any latent fingerprints of OSWALD and for examination as to indented writing. The Laboratory was also requested to compare the portion of page 59 where an order blank had been torn from an advertisement of "Klein's", a sporting goods company in Chicago, Illinois, an order blank believed to have been mailed by suspect OSWALD to this company. [illegible] City [illegible] OSWALD.

NO 89-69/dc

On November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised that an examination of "The American Rifleman" Magazines previously submitted by the New Orleans Office have been conducted.

The Laboratory advised that one latent fingerprint had been developed on page 37 of "The American Rifleman" Magazine for June, 1963 and has been identified as a right thumb impression of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, FBI Number 327925 D.

It is noted that the above magazine had previously been obtained by the New Orleans Office from the Crescent City Garage which was frequented by OSWALD.

DL 100-10461

3. False Vaccination Certificate

Dr. WILSON concluded by stating there is not
[redacted] has ever been a doctor in the Public Health
at New Orleans by the name of [redacted] HERLE.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

Dr. FRANCIS T. FLOOD, Acting Deputy Medical Officer In Charge, Public Health Service Hospital, 210 State Street, New Orleans, advised the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD does not appear in the files of that institution, including the clinic vaccination book for June 8, 1963.

He likewise advised Public Health Service Form 731 (Revised January 1, 1957) was again revised on June 1, 1961, and that all copies of the old form have been destroyed. He continued by saying primary vaccinations are given for smallpox but that only legal beneficiaries are entitled to receive them at the Public Health Service Hospital. He pointed out, however, that anyone can obtain a blank Form 731 through the following sources: Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.; various quarantine stations maintained by Public Health Service, The State Department and various travel agencies.

Dr. FLOOD concluded by stating that there is not now nor has there ever been a doctor in the Public Health Service at New Orleans by the name of A. J. HIDEEL or HIDELL.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY /bda 458 Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

Dr. CHARLES A. STERN, Public Health Service Hospital, New Orleans, reported that to his knowledge there has been no doctor previously employed nor is there a doctor currently employed at that institution named A. J. or ART HIDEEL. He informed appropriate administrative personnel were not available at instant hospital at the time of interview to substantiate information relating to the vaccination of LEE H. OSWALD on June 8, 1963.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY /jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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DL 100-10461

4. General Data

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

MR. HAROLD J. STAFFORD, Regional Attorney, Room 901, 1114 Commerce Street, Department of Health, Education and Welfare (HEW), Dallas, Texas, advised that one of the programs of the Social Security Administration is the arranging for providing temporary assistance to United States citizens and their dependents who have returned from a foreign country and are without available resources. The program is financed with Federal funds.

MR. STAFFORD informed that the Dallas files reflect several pieces of correspondence under the caption "RE-PATRIATION - OSWALD, LEE and family." On June 13, 1962, OSWALD, the repatriate, his wife MARINA, age 20, and baby named JANE, four months old, arrived in New York City aboard the S/S MAASDAM from Moscow. The passport was issued at Los Angeles September 10, 1959. A letter states that on arrival the family had only $63.00, which was not sufficient for transportation to Texas. His brother, ROBERT OSWALD, living at 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas, forwarded $200.00, thereby providing sufficient money for transportation for the family to Fort Worth, Texas.

MR. STAFFORD advised correspondence from the New York Office indicates that OSWALD served in the U. S. Marine Corps and went to Russia with the State Department's approval to accept employment as a radar specialist. Specifically, he was there for 2 1/2 years and married a Russian girl.

MR. STAFFORD advised that a letter dated June 22, 1962, from MARCELLE CLARK, Assistant Chief, Division of Program Operations, to the Dallas Regional Office of HEW, instructed that arrangements be made by the Dallas representatives of HEW for the family following arrival in Texas. It was not known whether an expenditure by HEW would be necessary but that HEW should be on a "standby basis" for the purpose of assistance in event of need. This letter reflects that OSWALD apparently went directly overseas following his discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps and eventually studied as a veteran under the GI Bill in Switzerland. Subsequently he lived in Russia and married a Russian woman. No dates or further information is contained in the Dallas HEW files.

On 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by SA JOSEPH J. LOEFFLER Date dictated 11/27/63

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MR. STAFFORD informed that no request for assistance was requested by OSWALD and consequently no further action was taken in this matter. He did state, however, that undoubtedly the New York and Washington Headquarters' files would reflect considerably more information in detail and that he was providing the above information with a view to the the FBI's interest in LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

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Detective R. D. LEWIS, polygraph operator, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, stated that he ran a polygraph of BUREL WESLEY FRAZIER, and while he was running the polygraph, FRAZIER was shown what appeared to be a home made brown, heavy paper gun case. He stated that FRAZIER said that it was possible that this was the case, but he did not think that it resembled it. He stated that the crinkly brown paper sack that OSWALD had when he rode to work with him that morning was about two feet long. (LEWIS refers to the brown, heavy paper gun case. LEWIS refers to the paper in this manner because of the fact that the Dallas Police Department is of the opinion the brown, heavy paper was used by OSWALD to carry the rifle into the building where he was working. The paper referred to by LEWIS is not a gun case at all).

Detective LEWIS stated that if this was not identical with the sack that was turned over to the Bureau, it is possible that OSWALD may have thrown it away. The police have turned over everything that they have in the Crime Laboratory to SA DRAIN. This has been stated by Captain GEORGE DOUGHTY, Head of the Crime Laboratory, Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory, and R. D. LEWIS, polygraph operator in the Crime Laboratory. These individuals state that as far as they know, the paper sack of the type described by FRAZIER was not recovered by the Police Department. It is possible, but improbable, that it was recovered by the Homicide Bureau. If so, they do not know anything about it in the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department.

Texas

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas. File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:BL Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Captain WILL FRITZ, Dallas, Texas Police Department, Dallas Texas advised that he talked with BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER and FRAZIER described the sack as about two feet in length, and of brown paper. He advised that FRAZIER stated it was long enough to have contained curtain rods. FRITZ asked FRAZIER if the curtain rods could have been heavy enough to have the same weight as the rifle. FRAZIER stated the sack was large enough that it could have contained enough curtain rods to weigh the same as a rifle.

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:BL Date dictated 12/1/63

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DL 89-43
RPG:LAC

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At 9:15 AM, November 27, 1963, switchboard operator EVALYN MIDDLETON received an anonymous telephone call, at which time the caller stated substantially, "Why don't you check at 7613 Sycene Road - JOHN HERMICK (phonetic), can probably give you some information regarding OSWALD's action."

The following investigation was conducted by SA RONALD E. BRINKLEY:

On November 28, 1963, it was determined that there is no such address as 7613 Sycene Road. A neighborhood check revealed that no one by the name of JOHN HERMICK was known in that area. A check of the Dallas City Directory revealed no such address and no name such as JOHN HERMICK appeared therein.

12/[illegible]/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

[illegible]

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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[redacted], Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, 1215 Prytania Street, advised that he had run all of the toll tickets for the Metropolitan New Orleans area that were located in the Accounting Office, through an IBM machine and no toll tickets were located for a call to Dallas, Texas, from the Covington, Louisiana area, as described by Covington telephone operator, YVONNE COOPER.

[redacted] stated that this check included all tolls from Mandeville, Louisiana, November 8, 1963 to present; Madisonville, Louisiana, November 16, 1963 to present; LaComb, Louisiana, November 20, 1963 to present; Covington, Louisiana, October 28, 1963 to present, and Slidell, Louisiana, October 28, 1963, to present.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN/lrs Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1 New Orleans, La

ROLAND J. MARTIN, 701 Tchoupitoulas Street, after viewing a photo of LEE H. OSWALD, advised that he could not recall ever seeing this person in his place of business, Martin's Restaurant and Cafe, same address. He further stated that he could have cashed the payroll checks for LEE H. OSWALD and not recall the individual as he does not require identification for payroll type checks of firms located in the neighborhood of his restaurant which would include William B. Reily and Company, Inc., employees.

Mr. MARTIN, after viewing the endorsements on the payroll checks of LEE H. OSWALD, advised that the second endorsement of seven of his checks bore his restaurant stamp endorsement, two, personal signature endorsement and one bears an endorsement causing him to assume that he received it from OSWALD and then used it to pay a bill to the Foltz Tea & Coffee Company, Inc., without adding his own personal endorsement. He did not believe that he had received one of the payroll checks, which is dated July 22, 1963, as it bears nothing in the way of endorsement that is familiar to him. Mr. MARTIN further stated that he could not recall the name HIDELL or any other phonetic sounding name as being a patron in his place of business.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's LESTER G. DAVIS and JOHN WILLIAM MILLER /jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

A. D. CLOUD, General Manager, WYES-TV, 916 Navarro Avenue, advised that his station did not have any photographs or movies concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that WYES-TV is an educational station and has no news department or active photographic staff who covers current events.

New Orleans, La

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY /jlq 468 Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

New Orleans, La.

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ROSALIE M. MARTIN, 701 Tchoupitoulas, who operates Martin's Restaurant and Bar with her husband, after viewing the photograph of LEE H. OSWALD, advised that although the person in the photograph looks familiar, she could not state positively if she had ever seen this individual before. She said that she or her husband may possibly have cashed checks for OSWALD and not have recalled the incident as they cash checks for all neighborhood firm employees and require no identification on payroll checks.

Mrs. MARTIN further stated that this included cashing checks for employees of William B. Reily and Company, Inc.

Mrs. MARTIN advised that she seemed to recall that a customer with the last name HYDELL had cashed checks there in the past but she could not be sure. She stated it seemed that a man by this name, whose first name she did not recall, had cashed checks and had possibly worked at Foster Awning Company on Notre Dame Street around the corner from their restaurant. She stated the names ALEX HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, ROBERT HIDELL and ANA HIDELL did not mean anything to her. She could not say whether the HIDELL she seemed to recall might have had one of the above first names.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's LESTER G. DAVIS & JOHN WILLIAM MILLER/jm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

Mr. RICHARD R. FOSTER, Foster Awning Company, 430 Notre Dame, advised that employment records of his company revealed that there had never been anyone by the name of HIDELL, HYDELL, or HADEL employed by his company.

Mr. FOSTER stated that he did find that one LEAH ANN HEIDEL was employed by his company as a telephone solicitor in selling metal awnings from March 29, 1961 until April 18, 1961. He continued that his records revealed that Miss HEIDEL's residence address was 1322 Spain Street, New Orleans, and her telephone number was WHitehall 4-3628. She was described in his file as being a white female, born April 11, 1935, 5'2", 100 pounds. Her Social Security Number was listed as 437-44-4904 and her next of kin was listed as her mother, Mrs. LUCIEN C. TRISHE.

He stated these employment records revealed that she was formerly employed by Russo Real Estate, 1240 Dumaine Street doing telephone work, the nature of which he did not know, with Arthur Murray, 842 Gravier Street as a telephone sales lady and at Charity Hospital from 1953 to 1955 as a clerk.

Mr. FOSTER did not recall Miss HEIDEL and stated there was nothing in her file that indicated she was related or associated with LEE H. OSWALD.

Mr. FOSTER advised that he did not know LEE H. OSWALD and could not recognize OSWALD's photograph as anyone he had ever seen.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S LESTER G. DAVIS & JOHN WILLIAM MILLER /bal Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

MANUEL GIL, employee, Information Council of the Americas, Inc., 620 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD personally and could not say that he had ever personally conversed either in person or by telephone with OSWALD. GIL stated he had become aware of OSWALD in approximately August, 1963 at which time OSWALD had been arrested by the New Orleans Police Department in connection with the passing out of leaflets by OSWALD and a fight which had developed between OSWALD and other individuals at that time. GIL stated subsequent to the arrest of OSWALD the Information Council of the Americas, Inc., had prepared a tape of a debate or interview between OSWALD, EDWARD BUTLER, Staff Director of the Information Council of the Americas, Inc., and other individuals. GIL stated the tape which they had prepared was for dissemination use in Central American countries and the debate or interview had actually occurred on a radio program, New Orleans radio station WDSU. Edward Scannell Butler

GIL stated there was a time when he thought an individual who had made numerous telephone calls to him was OSWALD and at that time he had related his suspicions that the person who had made the telephone calls to him was OSWALD to Mr. EDWARD BUTLER. GIL explained that the reason he had felt that the person making the telephone calls was OSWALD was simply on the basis that the voice of OSWALD which he had heard at the time of the interview, sounded very similar to the voice of the individual who had made the telephone calls to him previously.

GIL stated the person making the telephone calls to him had a first name of STEVE, but he could not recall what the last name had been. GIL advised that STEVE had first started making telephone calls to him in approximately November or December, 1961 and continued to make telephone calls until approximately January, 1962. GIL stated he had considered STEVE a "crack pot" but STEVE had called him so many times requesting that he, STEVE, be put in touch with the head of the "Cuban Resistance Group" that he, GIL, had finally referred STEVE to SERGIO ARCACHA, who was "head of an anti-Castro Cuban organization" in New Orleans, Louisiana. USA

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. HASSELL /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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GIL stated he had referred STEVE to ARCACHA merely as a means of getting rid of STEVE's nuisance calls.

GIL advised that STEVE had related his, STEVE's, plan to free Cuba was simply that STEVE wanted an organization to drop him into Cuba and he, STEVE, would kill Castro by means of a rifle with a telescopic site.

GIL pointed out that since seeing the recent newspaper publicity concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD which indicated OSWALD had been in Russia during the period of the telephone calls from STEVE, he, GIL, had changed his mind as to the source of the calls but prior to that time had been of the opinion that they were probably from LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

GIL stated he was sure that SERGIO ARCACHA, who he, GIL, understood was presently in Houston, Texas had interviewed STEVE and ARCACHA would probably have additional information on STEVE.

GIL stated he seemed to recall that STEVE had furnished him a telephone number which was at the New Orleans Greyhound Lines Terminal and he recalled having reached STEVE through this number on at least one occasion. GIL advised that he did not necessary believe that STEVE was an employee at the New Orleans Greyhound Terminal but STEVE just seemed to hang around the area of the telephone number he furnished.

GIL advised it was possible that he had STEVE's telephone number and last name among numerous papers which he, GIL, had at his home and on completion of his appointments for the day would check the papers at his home and advise the New Orleans Office of any additional information he could determind.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

MANUEL GIL, employee, Information Council of the Americas, Inc., 620 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised, after checking personal papers at his home, that he had determined that the "Steve" concerning whom he had previously furnished information, was STEVE NAISHALL, of 150 Mehle Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, home telephone RD 1-2789, telephone where he could be reached at the New Orleans Greyhound Bus Terminal RD 1-9198.

GIL stated, after giving due thought as to possible logical contacts for LEE HARVEY OSWALD, that LUIS CERVIGON was a "pro-Castro" individual who is currently teaching high school Spanish in the St. Claude area of New Orleans and in his, GIL's, opinion would have been a logical contact for OSWALD.

GIL stated he knew that LUIS CERVIGON had contacts in Cuba because prior to engaging CERVIGON in an argument after a public address which he, GIL, had made, all of his mail going into Cuba had been opened prior to delivery and this had not happened prior to the time of the argument. GIL stated the only other information he knew concerning LUIS CERVIGON was that CERVIGON had a brother named CARLOS CERVIGON.

Cuba

La.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. HASSELL, JR. /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date September 30, 1963

JOSEPH LEROY DONNELS, Superintendent, "Union Printing, the Federationists", 3200 Burgundy, New Orleans, Louisiana, phone number 943-1345, residing at 63 Old Hickory Avenue, Chalmette, Louisiana, phone number 271-4255, advised that although to his knowledge OSWALD never applied for employment with Union Printing, formerly located at 426 Chartres Street, he feels sure that he has seen the man pictured in photograph displayed to him. DONNELS stated "This person or someone who looks just like him was in the Austin Inn at 416 Chartres Street during the first few months of this year". This person was only seen once at this time, "He was acting strange and seemed like he didn't want anyone near him". DONNELS advised this person gave an outwardly hostile appearance to someone looking at him. DONNELS advised that he recalls this incident because the individual involved resembled his brother-in-law.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DALLAS 89-43

by SA MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL :dc Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

89-69/mh

A person, who identified herself as Miss ARDEN F. GIBBS, 1119 Chartres, Apartment 3, New Orleans, advised that she had a friend who was presently out on parole from the Louisiana State Penitentiary, Angola, Louisiana, who had imparted information to her over the past weekend, concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD, the suspected assassin of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. She said this individual in providing this information, had swore Miss GIBBS to secrecy, as he apparently did not want to become involved with any law enforcement officials because of his parole status and the possible stigma of his association with OSWALD. Miss GIBBS said she was providing this information, as she considered it her patriotic duty to do so, however, did not wish to divulge the name of her friend.

She advised as follows:

On or about November 23, 1963, Miss GIBBS was talking with her friend, who commented he had been watching television and newspapers concerning the President's assassination and on observing LEE HARVEY OSWALD on this news media, kept trying to recall where he had seen this individual before, and finally realized that he had seen this individual in the Exchange Alley area of the New Orleans French Quarter in the Spring of 1963.

Miss GIBBS' friend indicated that OSWALD was a homosexual and had recalled a specific conversation with OSWALD during which OSWALD wanted to know where he could obtain some weapons to ship to Cuba, remarking that the Cubans paid good money for weapons.

Miss GIBBS stated her friend had apparently received the impression from OSWALD that OSWALD was greedy and would do anything for money.

According to Miss GIBBS, she believes that her friend had only a limited association with OSWALD and supposedly OSWALD was known to hang around the area of

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SAs REED W. JENSEN & CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER /mh Date dictated 11/26/63

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Wanda Stumps and the Society Page Bars in New Orleans.

Miss GIBBS stated she had never seen OSWALD nor had she heard of any of his activities prior to the time of his notoriety in connection with the president's assassination.

At this point in the interview, the importance of obtaining all information possibly relating to the assassination of the President was explained to Miss GIBBS and she said she would provide the name of her friend, provided he be contacted in such a manner as not to disclose her as the source of information and in such a way not to injure his reputation. She said this person's name was ROBERT SANTOINE, who she described as a "ne'er-do-well" nephew of Mrs. ELVA SANTOINE, a socially prominent woman in New Orleans, who resided at 3023 Esplanade, telephone HU 2-4451. New Orleans, La.

She said ROBERT SANTOINE resided in an apartment in the rear of Mrs. SANTOINE's residence which would face on Grand Route St. John.

According to Miss GIBBS, ROBERT SANTOINE has previously had trouble with the New Orleans Police Department for homosexual practices.

NO 89-69/mh

Robert Santoine

Records of the New Orleans Police Department, Bureau of Identification Division, as made available by MARCELLA MADDEN, Clerk, to SA REED W. JENSEN, November 26, 1963, showed that a ROBERT MILTON SANTOINE, New Orleans Police Department #77121, FBI #515097-C, had been arrested by the New Orleans Police on August 8, 1955, charged with the crime of Crime Against Nature - Sodomy. He was again fingerprinted February 27, 1957, by the U. S. Coast Guard. He was again arrested by the New Orleans Police Department, January 24, 1963, on a charge of simple burglary and contributing to the delinquency of juveniles.

Sexual offender

As of January 24, 1963, SANTOINE had an address of 3206 Orleans Street, his occupation was listed as a painter and he was described as follows:

Sex	Male
Race	White
Birth	May 20, 1926, New Orleans, Louisiana
Height	5' 2½"
Weight	135
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Scars & marks	Heart and dagger, left forearm.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

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Mr. CLIFTON BINGHAM, Newsman, Radio Station WJDX and TV station WLBT, Jackson, Mississippi, advised that on the afternoon of November 28, 1963, he had received an anonymous telephone call at his home and based upon the voice of the person calling, he determined that the caller was a woman. The caller told him that on the night of November 21, 1963, a Thursday, a meeting had been held at the "Vickers Plant", in Jackson, and at this meeting it was said that JOHNSON would be President of the United States by December 1, 1963.

Mr. BINGHAM said the caller did not state at what kind of meeting the above was said and furnished no more information. He said that he did not know the significance of this, if any, but desired to pass this information along for whatever value it might be.

On 11/29/63 at Jackson, Mississippi File # 89-69

by SA SAMUEL E. VIRDEN, II:lav Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

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Jackson, Miss

Mr. G. W. SMITH, Plant Manager, Vickers, Inc., 5353 Highland Drive, was advised of the identities of the interviewing Agents. He was informed that information had been received to the effect that a meeting had been held at this plant the night of Thursday, November 21, 1963 at which time a statement was made to the effect that JOHNSON would be President of the United States by December 1, 1963. Mr. SMITH was requested to advise if any meeting had been held on that date.

Mr. SMITH, after checking, stated that no meeting had been held the night of Thursday, November 21, 1963 or any other time on that date. SMITH said that on each Thursday there is a conference of all Production Supervisors of the plant, held at 3:30 PM, which is attended by about 20 to 25 Production Supervisors. He said that this conference is held for the purpose of reviewing labor efficiency charts concerning the plant production. He said that charts are displayed for the supervisors to see and that the conference usually lasts about ten minutes. He said this is usually held in the plant cafeteria. Mr. SMITH said that Comptroller PAUL MC KERCHER and Budget Supervisor LEONARD LOCKLEY were present at this conference on November 21, 1963. SMITH contacted Mr. MC KERCHER and MC KERCHER said that no such remark was made while the November 21, 1963 conference was in progress or had been made to his knowledge. Mr. SMITH stated that this plant operates three shifts and was not open for any outside clubs to hold meetings there. He said that various personnel at the plant had a 30 minute lunch break on each shift and it would of course be possible for several of the employees to stand around and talk at various times, however he said there was no meeting held on the above date of which management had any knowledge.

SMITH stated that this plant produced hydraulic pumps, motors and valves for missles and aircraft. He said most of the work was military but there was some civilian aircraft work carried on there.

On 11/29/63 at Jackson, Mississippi File # 89-69

by SA SAMUEL E. VIRDEN, II and SA CHARLES WILLIAM BONE :lav Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

1

Mrs. WINONA MC KENNON, 731 Dumaine Street, New Orleans, advised she had not contacted the FBI to furnish information regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She stated she had heard comments around the Bourbon House, which was frequented by the "artist group" which indicated that OSWALD was a sex deviate. She stated she did not know who made the remark and recalled it was merely "loose talk" among the clientele of the Bourbon House.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /lyc Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

The information set forth hereinafter was furnished by Mr. EVEN WAINWRIGHT HOLLOWAY, 3135 Pershing Street:

About 1:00 AM, approximately four to eight weeks ago an individual approached Alexandria Continental Bus Company Ticket Agent J. C. GALLUP and purchased a ticket from Alexandria to Dallas, Texas. As Mr. HOLLOWAY understands it, he got his information from Mr. J. C. GALLUP, this individual was carrying a rifle and GALLUP told him he must dismantle the rifle before boarding the bus. This individual borrowed a screwdriver from Porter SAMMY DORSAY to dismantle the rifle and he then put the rifle in a suitcase.

Mr. HOLLOWAY never saw the rifle and since this passenger was "one out of a million passengers", he could not give an accurate description. He believed the individual had recently been in a fight and that the individual commented that he had either been in a fight or an automobile accident. This individual was about 26 years old, about 5'8", about 180 pounds and had a round face. He was wearing a light colored jacket and became a little upset when after arriving at Shreveport, Louisiana, he was told that he would have to transfer to another Continental Bus to continue the trip to Dallas, Texas.

HOLLOWAY did not know the date of the above incident but was positive that it was not on a Tuesday, Wednesday or Friday, because of those days one or another of the aforesaid employees are off.

HOLLOWAY did not know if the individual in question was LEE HARVEY OSWALD and what brought this whole incident back to mind was a conversation a few days ago with Ticket Agent GALLUP.

The following description of HOLLOWAY was obtained through personal observation and interview:

Name	MR & MRS EVEN WAINWRIGHT HOLLOWAY
Date of Birth	April 27, 1922
Place of Birth	Oakdale, Louisiana
Sex	Male

3135 Pershing St.

On 11/29/63 at Alexandria, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA PAUL R. LANCASTER /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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The information set forth [illegible] epnomically furnished by [illegible]

Race	White
Height	6'1"
Weight	218 pounds
Hair	Salt and pepper color
Eyes	Gray
Complexion	Ruddy
Characteristics	Talkative
Marital Status	Married
Wife	Mrs. VELMA LA BURE HOLLOWAY
Children	Four
Occupation	Bus Driver
Employer	Continental Southern Bus Company, for the past 17 years
Military Service	U. S. Air Force, 1940-1945

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 29, 1963

The information set forth hereinafter was telephonically furnished by Mr. J. C. GALLUP, 5227 Sallie Street, Alexandria, Louisiana, telephone number Hillcrest 33301 (unlisted). Mr. GALLUP explained that he has a heart condition and that he had received word from his wife that the FBI was trying to locate him to obtain some information. Mr. GALLUP asked that the interview be conducted over the telephone.

The squirrel hunting season opened on October 5, 1963, and about two weeks after this date a young man came to Mr. GALLUP's ticket window at around 1:00 a.m. at the Continental Trailways Bus Depot, Alexandria, Louisiana. This young man whom Mr. GALLUP was unable to describe except to state that he had two black eyes and other cuts about his face which appeared to be two or three days old, purchased a bus ticket from Alexandria to Dallas, Texas. This young man was carrying some kind of a rifle and he asked if he could carry the rifle on the bus. Mr. GALLUP answered no and that it would be necessary to take the rifle apart and wrap it up. This young man borrowed a screwdriver from SAMMY DORSEY, a porter at the bus station, and thereafter proceeded to dismantle the rifle. Mr. GALLUP is not positive but he believes the young man took the stock off the rifle and put it in a suitcase and Mr. GALLUP understands that SAMMY DORSEY saw a telescopic sight in this suitcase. Mr. GALLUP thinks the barrel of the rifle was wrapped in some sort of old clothing.

Mr. GALLUP stated he is quite sure of the approximate date of the above incident and that just the other night he recalled this incident and mentioned it to bus driver, E. W. HOLLOWAY, who in turn said something to the effect that wouldn't it be strange if this man turned out to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/29/63 at Alexandria, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA PAUL R. LANCASTER :sms Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/30/63

The information set forth hereinafter was furnished by Mr. SAMMY DORSAY, Temporary Address of 4517 Futrell Street, Alexandria, Louisiana. DORSAY is a porter at the Continental Trailways Bus Depot at Alexandria.

Sometime between 10 and 11 PM on a Sunday, about three weeks ago, a white male approached the ticket counter and asked ticket agent GALLUP what time the next bus left for Dallas, Texas. This individual was carrying a rifle and he asked GALLUP if it was all right to board the bus with the rifle. GALLUP said it was not, so then this individual tried to break the rifle down by using a nickel and then a dime; he was unsuccessful, so he borrowed a screw driver from DORSAY. The rifle was broken down into three pieces and the stock and the middle section were placed in a small brown suit case. DORSAY did not know how this individual carried the barrel of the rifle.

DORSAY did not know the make or caliber of the rifle but said it looked something like a BB Gun, because it had a handle underneath that you push down and and pull back to cock the rifle. DORSAY is not sure but he thinks there might have been a telescopic sight on the rifle in the suitcase. DORSAY described this individual as a young white male, between 20 to 25 years of age, about 5'8", 165 pounds, small build, wearing white looking jacket. This individual had numerous bandages and cuts about his face and when DORSAY questioned him as to what had happened, the individual ignored his questions.

The following description of DORSAY was obtained by observation and interview:

Sex Male
Race Negro
Date of birth 3/1/39
Place of birth Alexandria, Louisiana
Height 5'6"

On 11/29/63 at Alexandria, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA PAUL R. LANCASTER /mh Date dictated 11/29/63

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Weight 140 pounds
Build Medium
Marital status Married, One child.

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/27/63

New Orleans La.

ROLAND BROUILLETTE, 4328 North Rampart Street, advised that sometime during the period July 22, to about August 2, 1963, he was standing at the side door of Waterbury Drug Store, Canal and Camp Streets at approximately 8:00 a.m. waiting for a bus when a group of four, possibly five, white males emerged from the side door of the drug store, the first individual backing out and at the time addressing the remainder of the group not yet through the door. This individual described as average height, about 5'9", heavy build, medium brown hair, fair complexion said, "How are you going to kill the President?". The second individual who emerged was approximately 5'9", 140 lbs., brown hair, fair complexion, and bore the general appearance of photographs in newspapers and television of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

BROUILLETTE stated that the second individual apparently sensed that he had overheard the statement and no further comment was made. The second individual walked with the group on Camp Street four or five steps and turned and looked at BROUILLETTE, and continued walking with the group on Camp Street in a direction away from Canal Street.

BROUILLETTE could not describe any of the other individuals. He advised that he placed the group in the ages of from 25 to 35 years of age, fair complexion with brown hair, and all were wearing work-clothing, his impression being that the clothing was blue denim pants and blue denim shirts for the most part.

BROUILLETTE advised that two or three days later at the same location and at the same time he observed this group recalling in particular the heavy individual and the individual who bears the general appearance of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

He advised that he is not positive that OSWALD was one of this group. He said he cannot be certain that he would recognize the heavy individual should he again observe him. He said he would not be able to recognize any of the remainder of the group should he again observe them.

He stated that he is basing the period of time when he observed this group as being the time he used this particular route going to work.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA L. M. SHEARER, JR. and

by SA JOHN W. WHALEY /bda Date dictated 11/27/63

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0 89-69 /bda

He stated he worked during the period from July 22, 1963 to September 30, 1963 at the United States Internal Revenue Service, 600 South Street, and during the first week or ten days during this period caught the bus at Canal and Camp Streets; thereafter he utilized the St. Charles Avenue street car.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/27/63

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Mrs. CAROLYN CROSS, Apartment N, 1921 St. Thomas, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised she formerly resided at 1215 St. Andrews, Apartment F, New Orleans, in January and February of 1963. During this time, three young Cuban males resided in an apartment directly across from her. She did not know these individuals and could only describe one and she described him as a white male, in his late 20's or early 30's, 5'6", 130-140 pounds, and dark complexion.

Sometime in January, or February, 1963, she was departing her apartment on the second floor and a young white male who she described as being in his early 20's "tall", with dark hair, had aided her in descending the stairs as she was on crutches at the time. She said apparently this young man had been conversing with the young Cuban she had just described. She had not seen the young boy who had helped her down the stairs thereafter, but on viewing television concerning LEE OSWALD, the suspected assassin of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, she was reasonably certain OSWALD was identical to the young man who had helped her down the stairs.

Mrs. CROSS was exhibited photographs of WILLIAM JOSEPH DICKERSON, Mobile Police Department #91410; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, New Orleans Police Department #112-723, and a photograph of CAROL GATES, New Orleans Police Department, #109345.

Mrs. CROSS stated that neither of these photographs appeared identical to the young man she mentioned but that the photograph of CAROL GATES was the closest resemblance to this young man. She pointed to the picture of OSWALD and said this individual was definitely not the young man who helped her down the stairs.

CAROL GATES, New Orleans Police Department # 109345 is described as being a white male, born September 17, 1919, 5'9", 200 pounds, dark brown hair, dark swarthy complexion.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SAs REED W. JENSEN & CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER Date dictated 11/26/63

/mh

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NO 89-69/mh
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Mrs. CROSS stated that the only other person she knew who might have known the three Cuban boys would be an unknown Cuban lady, who lived in a nearby apartment on St. Andrews Street, and who Mrs. CROSS understands presently occupies Mrs. CROSS' old apartment, Apartment F.

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1

Date 11/26/63

EARL H. PERRY, 207 Garden Drive, advised that he was formerly employed at Northeast Motors, Inc., 319 North 3rd Street, in Monroe, in September, 1961, stayed at the Roosevelt Hotel in New Orleans, for two days while he was on business for that firm. He presently owns and manages the Standard Motor Company, 100 Louisville, Monroe.

He advised that he had never been acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had never heard of him until the recent publicity given OSWALD's name. PERRY served in the U. S. Navy from June, 1945 to August, 1946, and never served in the U. S. Marine Corps. He is not acquainted with a person named YVES LEANDEZ.

On 11/26/63 at Monroe, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA WILLIAM E. DENT /mb Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

FREDERICK O'SULLIVAN, Detective, Intelligence Unit, Vice Squad, New Orleans Police Department, furnished the following information: LA

O'SULLIVAN advised that in connection with the LEE HARVEY OSWALD investigation being conducted by the FBI, he had obtained information that ROBERT (Last Name Unknown), 1012 Dauphine Street, had recently moved here to New Orleans from Dallas, Texas. ROBERT allegedly had made statements to the effect that he was glad President KENNEDY had been shot, and that either prior to or at the time of the President's assassination, he allegedly had made a short visit back to Dallas. O'SULLIVAN advised that ROBERT is an admitted homosexual and is presently employed in an unknown bank in New Orleans. He is described as a white male, 29, 5'10", 140 pounds, blond crew cut, and driving a 1962 silver blue Oldsmobile.

FRANK CARACI

O'SULLIVAN further advised that about six or eight weeks ago he saw an individual in the French Quarter strongly resembling RUBY, the murderer of President KENNEDY's assassin. O'SULLIVAN advised that from pictures of RUBY he had seen in the newspapers, he felt fairly certain that he had seen RUBY in the French Quarter in the company of FRANK CARACCI, Owner of the 500 Club, Bourbon Street. Also present was NICK KORANO, LA. Partner of FRANK CARACCI.

New Orleans LA. NICK CARNO

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN

by SA WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

New Orleans La

1 IRIS SHIMM, Clerk at Sackett Studios, 1102 Canal Street, was interviewed at her place of employment and advised that on either September 16, 18, 19, or 20, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD appeared at Sackett Studios. She stated that when he entered the store, he looked at the frames and the pictures which were displayed on the wall. She advised that she approached OSWALD and asked if she could help him. She stated that he replied, "I just want to look." She stated that he again went to the section where the frames were displayed and began to look at the 8" by 10" frames. She stated that she again approached him and asked, "Are you interested in 8" by 10" frames"? She stated that he replied, "I just want to look." She stated that he then left the store. She advised that OSWALD seemed to her to be a rather irritable man who impressed her as being a little obnoxious. She advised that OSWALD did not at that time ask her if any positions were available at the studios. She stated that she cannot state definitely that OSWALD was or was not in the store on September 13, 1963, because she did not commence her own employment in the store until September 14, 1963. She stated that she is absolutely sure that OSWALD appeared in the store after September 14, 1963.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN M. MC CARTHY :jas Date dictated 11/30/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

New Orleans, La.

FRANK CARACI, Co-owner, Club 500, 500 Bourbon Street, advised that he never met JACK LEON RUBY, but was aware of the fact that RUBY was in New Orleans looking for dancers in about June, 1963 at about the time JEANETTE CONFORTO was completing her engagement at the Sho-Bar Club on Bourbon Street.

CARACI recalled that one night, probably in June, he and NICK CARNO, his partner, were in his office when his night manager, CLEEVE DUGAS, came into the office and said there was a man who ran the Carousel Club in Dallas out in front who wanted to talk to CARACI about hiring some dancers. He told DUGAS to tell this man that he knew of no dancers available other than CONFORTO. He told DUGAS to tell this person to go to the Sho-Bar and talk to CONFORTO. CARACI stated that neither he nor CARNO met this individual and he had concluded thatthis individual actually was RUBY since he has read in the newspapers and heard on television that RUBY operated the Carousel Club. CARACI said he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had never heard of him before the assassination of the President.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA FURMAN G. BOGGAN :dc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

[redacted]

WILLIAM WULF, SR., 2107 Annunciation Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he is a retired merchant seaman. Mr. WULF recalled that sometime in the mid 1950's, exact year, month, season, day or time unrecalled, he remembered an incident in which his son, WILLIAM EUGENE WULF, JR., was apparently arguing with another boy at the rear of the house. Mr. WULF said he overheard this boy make some comment which Mr. WULF considered "Communistic". WULF said that he could not now recall exactly what the boy said, but remembers he cautioned the boy about making such comments in the WULF household. He recalls that the boy replied "What is wrong with Communism?" On hearing this, Mr. WULF said that he ordered the boy to leave the house.

Mr. WULF said that he could not recall any descriptive data regarding this boy and when shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, New Orleans Police Department Number 112723, failed to identify this individual as anyone known to him. He said the name HIDELL meant nothing to him.

On 11/24/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REED W. JENSEN and SA JOHN M. MCCARTHY :gas Date dictated 11/25/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

Metairie, LA

(APPROX 1941)

WILLIAM B. SEARCY, III, 1821 North Turnbull Drive, advised that he is 22 years of age. He stated that while attending Fortier High School, he joined the New Orleans Amateur Astronomy Association and was active in this group from about 1956 until 1961 when the association disbanded because of lack of interest.

SEARCY stated that there were only about eight or ten active members in the group, two of these being PALMER E. MC BRIDE and WILLIAM EUGENE WULF, the latter residing at 2107 Annunciation Street, New Orleans. SEARCY stated that MC BRIDE is in the Air Force assigned at Patrick Air Force Base, Cocoa Beach, Florida.

SEARCY stated that MC BRIDE brought guests to practically every meeting of the Astronomy Association and believed that MC BRIDE had either brought to one of the meetings a person whose first name was LEE or he had heard MC BRIDE speak of a friend whose first name was LEE.

SEARCY stated that he had seen photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the newspapers and had observed OSWALD on television in the last two or three days and he was aware of the fact that OSWALD had been charged with the assassination of the President.

He said that he did not recognize OSWALD as a person who had ever attended any meetings of the Astronomy Association and did not connect OSWALD's name with the LEE he believed he had heard MC BRIDE mention.

On 11/24/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA FRANK A. SASS, JR.
SA FURMAN G. BOGGAN /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

B Apt. 5 of 3 Metairie, LA.

JOSEPH B. EUSTIS, 230 Vincent Avenue, advised that he is 20 years of age and attended high school at Jesuit High School. He stated that while at Jesuit he became interested in astronomy and joined the New Orleans Amateur Astronomy Association in about 1956. EUSTIS said that the group held its meetings at De La Salle High School, then later in the Norman Mayer Library on St. Charles Avenue and still later the meetings were held at the residence of WALTER ALVIN GEHRKE. EUSTIS said that he has never seen or heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD before seeing television and reading in the newspapers about OSWALD being charged with the assassination of President KENNEDY.

EUSTIS stated that PALMER MC BRIDE frequently brought guests to meetings of the Astronomy Association, but he could not recall ever having seen OSWALD at these meetings as a guest of MC BRIDE. He said that WILLIAM EUGENE WULF, another active member of the Astronomy Association liked to get discussions started and would frequently argue with MC BRIDE, but he could not recall WULF being in an argument with OSWALD. According to EUSTIS, the Astronomy Association became defunct in about 1960 or 1961 and members quit attending sessions because of lack of interest. He recalled that one of the active members of the group was HARRISON VANCE, La a good friend of WULF, but EUSTIS did not know VANCE's residence. EUSTIS pointed out that there were only about eight to ten members of the Astronomy Association.

On 11/24/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA FRANK A. SASS, JR.
SA FURMAN G. BOGGAN /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

WILLIAM EUGENE WULF, JR., 2107 Annunciation Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that in 1955 he was president of the New Orleans Amateur Astronomy Association, a high school group that usually met at De La Salle High School, New Orleans.

Sometime in 1955, the date, month or season unrecalled, WULF received a telephone call from a person who became known to him as LEE (LNU). At that time, LEE was about 16 years of age, worked at Pfister's Dental Laboratory along with a PALMER E. MC BRIDE who was also known to WULF at that time.

WULF said he was not sure what caused LEE to contact him, but it was either because of their common friend, MC BRIDE, or because of an advertisement that LEE had seen concerning the Astronomy Association in a magazine called Sky and Telescope published by Harvard University. At any rate, LEE during the conversation inquired about joining the Astronomy Association and it is his recollection that he invited LEE to attend a coming meeting. At a subsequent meeting of the Astronomy Association, date in 1955 unrecalled, held at WULF's residence, 2107 Annunciation Street, New Orleans, LEE was in attendance. After the meeting, and after the others departed, WULF and LEE conversed for about three hours in the back of the house. According to WULF, he does not recall the specifics of this conversation but remembers that LEE's comments concerning politics and economics were "left of Socialism" and that LEE was apparently sympathetic with the Red Chinese as he favored Red China's admission to the United Nations. Their conversation resulted in a long argument toward the end of which LEE had commented "if he could find a Communist organization in town, he would join it but he had not been able to find one."

According to WULF, he told LEE to leave the house on LEE's remarks that he wanted to join a Communist organization. LEE left the house and WULF has neither seen nor heard of LEE (LNU) since. WULF said that the only persons

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On 11/24/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REED W. JENSEN and SA JOHN M. MCCARTHY :gas Date dictated 11/25/63

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NO 89-69
RWJ,JMM:gas

who might have overheard this conversation with LEE would be PALMER MC BRIDE, who is presently in the United States Air Force at Cape Canaveral, Florida, and the other person would be WULF's father, WILLIAM WULF, Sr. He said, however, that he was not sure that MC BRIDE was even at the meeting that night. As to his father, WULF, Sr., he said WULF, Sr., is recovering from a heart attack and further his father's mind tends to wander because of his advanced years. Because of this, WULF felt that information provided by his father might be inaccurate. During the interview WULF selected a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, New Orleans Police Department Number 112723, taken August 9, 1963, as being a person who strongly resembled the individual LEE mentioned above.

Mr. WULF said that the name HIDELL meant nothing to him and he could not connect it in any way with the person LEE.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

WALTER ALVIN GEHRKE, II, 228 Hector Avenue, advised that he is 20 years of age and attended De La Salle High School and in about 1956 became interested in astronomy and joined the New Orleans Amateur Astronomy Association. GEHRKE stated that he had never heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD before seeing him on television and reading in the newspapers about OSWALD being charged with the assassination of the President. He stated that he could not recall OSWALD ever having attended any meetings of the New Orleans Amateur Astronomy Association.

GEHRKE stated that none of the meetings of this group were held at his residence until about 1958. Prior to that year all meetings were held at De La Salle High School and the Norman Mayer Library on St. Charles Avenue. He said there were only eight to ten active members of the group who regularly attended meetings.

According to GEHRKE, PALMER E. MC BRIDE was one of the more active members of the group and PALMER would frequently bring guests to meetings of the Astronomy Association; however, GEHRKE could not recall that MC BRIDE ever brought OSWALD to one of these meetings. GEHRKE stated that JOSEPH B. EUSTIS, 230 Vincent Avenue, Metairie, and WILLIAM P. SEARCY, III, 1821 North Turnbull Drive, Metairie, were active in the Astronomy Association from about 1956 to about 1961, when the group disbanded. GEHRKE stated RALPH HARTWELL, 600 North LaBarre Road, Metairie, was secretary of the club and should have membership records as well as minutes of the meeting.

On 10/24/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA FRANK A. SASS, JR.
by SA FURMAN G. BOGGAN /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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NO 89-69 /sam

SA H. T. BURKE, of the Austin, Texas, Resident Agency, telephonically furnished the following information, which had been confidentially obtained from Mr. JACK BURCHAM, of the Texas Employment Commission, Austin, Texas, on November 27, 1963:

A copy of an interoffice memorandum prepared by the Chief of Employment Insurance Section of the Texas Employment Commission (TEC), addressed to Assistant Administrator of the TEC, Austin, Texas, dated November 26, 1963, entitled "Unemployment Insurance Claims of LEE H. OSWALD, Social Security Number 433-54-3937.

"Set out below is the history of our claim records pertaining to this individual:

On April 11, 1963, OSWALD filed claim in our Dallas, Texas, office listing Jagger-Chiles-Stoval, 522 Browder, Dallas, Texas, as his last employer. He showed that he was separated on April 5, 1963, because "I was layed off by JOHN GRAVES, head of the Photography and Art Department, due to lack of work". He showed his occupation to be a photographer and his age to be 23. He listed his address as 214 W. Neely, Dallas 8, Texas.

On April 16, 1963, he was mailed a determination disapproving his initial claim because of insufficient wage credits. The only wage credits which were shown were from Louv-R-Pac Division, which is Leslie Welding, Inc., 200 East N. Vacek Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

On April 29, 1963, he filed a disagreement from New Orleans, La., showing he should also have wage credits from Jagger-Chiles-Stoval. These wages were found (they had been reported by the company under an incorrect Social Security Number) and a new determination approving his claim was issued on May 8, 1963. This determination approved his claim for maximum benefits of $369, payable at the rate of $33 per week. Thereafter, he filed claims as indicated below:

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 12

copy
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MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

NO 89-69 /sam

Date and type of claim	Where filed	Amount of payment	Date warrant mailed
4/12/63 IC (initial claim)	Dallas	--	--
4/29/63 (disagreement)	Dallas	--	--
5/7/63 CC (continuing claim)	Dallas	waiting period	--
5/15/63 CC	New Orleans	$33	5/21/63
7/22/63 RC (recurring claim)	New Orleans	Excess earnings *	--
7/30/63 CC	New Orleans	$33	8/7/63
8/6/63 CC	New Orleans	$33	8/9/63
8/13/63 CC	New Orleans	$66 (paid W.P.)	8/16/63
8/20/63 CC	New Orleans	$33	8/26/63
8/27/63 CC	New Orleans	$33	9/3/63
9/3/63 CC	New Orleans	$33	9/6/63
9/10/63 CC	New Orleans	$33	9/13/63
9/17/63 CC	New Orleans	$33	9/23/63
9/24/63 CC	New Orleans	$33	10/1/63
10/3/63 CC	Dallas	$6 (paid out)	10/8/63
10/10/63 CC	Dallas	0	--

* William B. Reily, 640 Magazine, New Orleans, Louisiana

NO 89-69 /sam

TEC records show that on April 12, 1963, he listed his address as 214 W. Neely, Dallas 8, Texas.

On the claim of 5/7/63, he showed an address of 757 French, New Orleans, Louisiana.

On 7/22/63, he showed a change of address to P.O. Box 30061, New Orleans, La., and on claim of 10/3/63, he showed his address as 2515 W. 5th Street, Irving, Texas.

There is no indication that TEC had any correspondence with OSWALD other than through routine claim actions. TEC checked unemployment records back to 1957 and found no prior claim actions by this individual. TEC is requesting photographs of the cancelled warrants.

The following initial and/or continued claims by date filed by OSWALD lists the following firms which he contacted in Dallas, Texas, and/or New Orleans, Louisiana, during the period of his unemployment. These lists are contained on "continued interstate claim forms ID-2, La. - 19, and list firms where he was unsuccessful in seeking employment:

April 29, 1963, disagreement form filed New Orleans, La., indicates that he had been employed by Jaggers-Chiles-Stoval, Inc., 7522 Browder Street, Dallas, Texas, and this firm evidently had reported wages paid to OSWALD under an incorrect Social Security Number, namely 433-54-3739.

Claim filed 5/7/63 indicates contact on 4/29/63 with Movie Distributing Center;

4/30/63, Upton Printing Company;

4/29/63, American Sheet Metal Works;

5/3/63, Electrolux Vaccum Cleaner;

5/6/63, Ad Shop;

5/6/63, Rachael Photo Studio;

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Claim filed 5/15/63 reflects contacts as follows:

5/8/63, Leon Price, photographer;

5/9/63, Apex Company;

5/11/63, Double-Ad Shop;

5/12/63, Art Studios.

(A note appearing on this form reads as follows: Claimant stated that he was unable to report on regular day 5/14/63 as he was in Covington, Louisiana, seeking work; was there from 5/14/63 afternoon, returned to New Orleans 5/15/63, 1:15 p.m.)

Claim filed 7/22/63 reflects the following:

Had been working for W. B. Reily, 640 Magazine, New Orleans, as photographer, and he had worked for them on July 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, 1963; and earned $11.60 per day. Unemployed July 20 and 21, 1963.

Claim filed 7/30/63 reflects contacts as follows:

7/23/63, Stone Center;

7/24/63, Rex Photography;

7/26/63, O'Donnell Brothers Printing;

7/26/63, Offset Production and Design;

7/29/63, Southern Printing;

7/29/63, Krause-Bon Studio.

Claim filed 8/6/63 reflects contacts as follows:

7/30/63, Godchaux's, Canal Street Store;

7/30/63, Coca-Cola Bottling Company;

NO 89-69 /sam

8/2/63, Winston Printing Company;

8/3/63, United Fruit Company;

8/3/63, Kitty Printing Company;

8/13/63, Union Printing Company.

Claim filed 8/13/63 reflects contacts as follows:

8/6/63, Cosmos Shipping;

8/7/63, Katz & Bestoff;

8/9/63, Ables Commercial Photography;

8/12/63, Bernadas-Weiss Photography;

8/12/63, Hartman Studios.

Claim filed 8/20/63 reflects contacts as follows:

8/14/63, Esso Company;

8/15/63, Print Rollers, Inc.;

8/16/63, Times-Picayune;

8/16/63, States-Item;

8/18/63, Bestoff Drugstore (darkroom);

8/19/63, Krains Shoes.

Claim filed 8/27/63 reflects contacts as follows:

8/19/63, Pedro Art Studio;

8/19/63, Thomas Barberito;

8/20/63, Schultz Bookkeeping;

8/22/63, Jean Guccione or Buccione;

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8/23/63, Lee Tilton;

8/26/63, Bill Coran Studio.

Claim filed 9/3/63 reflects contacts as follows:

8/28/63, Francks Studio;

8/29/63, Prosen, 839 South Front Street, clerk;

8/30/63, Reif or Ceif Studios;

9/2/63 or 9/3/63, South Central Studios.

Claim filed 9/10/63 reflects contacts as follows:

9/4/63, Lincoln Photo Studios;

9/5/63, Primary Color Lab;

9/6/63, Dumas-Milner Leasing;

9/9/63, McKenzie Shoppe;

9/9/63, Marine (?) and Industrial, clerk.

Claim filed 9/17/63 reflects contacts as follows:

9/11/63, Jasimer Company, clerk;

9/12/63, Rathborne Land and Lumber Company;

9/13/63, Sackett Studios;

9/14/63, Ansco Photo Supplies.

Claim filed 9/24/63 reflects contacts as follows:

9/18/63, Ajax, Inc., photographers;

9/19/63, W. B. Simson, Shipping;

9/20/63, 532 Magazine, B.O. or B.D. Company, clerk

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Warrant date	Date bank clearance	Place where cashed
5/21/63	Whitney National Bank 5/27/63	Winn-Dixie Store #89 (?)
8/7/63	Whitney National Bank 8/12/63	Winn-Dixie Store #1439
8/9/63	8/26/63(?)	Winn-Dixie Store #1425
8/16/63	8/22/63 or 8/25/63	Brown's Velvet Dairy
8/26/63		Winn-Dixie Store #1425
9/3/63		Winn-Dixie Store #1425
9/6/63	9/10/63	Winn-Dixie Store #1404
9/13/63	National Bank of Commerce, New Orleans 9/17/63	Winn-Dixie Store #1425
9/23/63	National Bank of Commerce, 9/29/63	Winn-Dixie Store #1425
10/1/63	Irving Bank & Trust Company, Irving, Texas, deposited 11/4/63 (endorsed L. H. OSWALD, telephone BL 3-162(?)	Drexel A & P For. Company 2515 W. 5th Street,
10/8/63	First National Bank of Dallas, 10/16/63	Deposited 10/15/63, Great Atlantic and Pacific Store #8

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 25, 1963

JACOB LEICHNER, residence, 918 City Park Avenue, part time library assistant, advised he remembered LEE OSWALD when he recognized his photograph on television on the evening of November 22, 1963. On the following morning, November 23, he telephonically contacted an assistant librarian at the Napoleon Avenue Branch of the Library and requested that she check her applications under the name LEE OSWALD, after which the assistant librarian advised him that OSWALD had a library card at that branch. Mr. LEICHNER identified the original application executed by OSWALD for a library card and advised that he furnished the application to OSWALD at the Napoleon Avenue Branch and observed that OSWALD completed the application in his own handwriting with the exception of the number N 8640 and the word Orleans which appear at the top of the application and the inked notation on the lower right hand corner of the card. Mr. LEICHNER stated that he himself wrote the number N 8640 and the word Orleans and that the inked notation at the bottom "Public Service Receipt R. J." were noted by a page named RAYMOND JACOBS who observed that OSWALD had exhibited a New Orleans Public Service receipt as identification.

He said JACOBS was a student at Louisiana State University, New Orleans, and that he no longer is employed at the library.

LEICHNER further recalled observing OSWALD in the Napoleon Avenue Branch of the library on several occasions. He was unable to recall any specific books in which OSWALD was interested, but did remember that OSWALD appeared to be interested in books in the sociological and political fields and was definitely not interested in fiction. Mr. LEICHNER recalled that on one occasion his, LEICHNER's mother, who was born in Russia, was in the Napoleon Avenue Branch of the library. She overheard OSWALD and his wife in a conversation and mentioned to him, LEICHNER, that the couple was speaking in the Russian Language. LEICHNER also recalled that on several occasions OSWALD did come to the Napoleon Avenue Branch with his young baby.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK
SA ERNEST C. WALL, JR. /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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-- He said that it appeared odd to him that a person who listed his occupation as a mechanic would choose the type of books which OSWALD read, and said the books were difinitely of a higher type than thosewhich the ordinary mechanic would read. Mr. LEICHNER stated that there are no books in the Napoleon Avenue Branch dealing with fire-arms or ballistics.

BU 62-1827

ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD,
also known as
Anthony William Oswald

AT BUFFALO, NEW YORK

By teletype dated November 25, 1963, the San Antonio Office advised Dallas and Buffalo that on that same date Mr. DAN SANBORN, Sanborn Travel Agency, McAllen, Texas, advised his records on Mexican automobile insurance policies reflected that ANTHONY WM. OSWALD, 66 Inter Park Avenue, Buffalo, New York, purchased a three-day policy at 4:00 p.m. September 27, 1963, for a 1962 Pontiac two-door automobile, Vehicle Identification No. 162P51856. The policy would have expired 4:00 p.m. September 30, 1963. No license number was available.

The following investigation was conducted on November 26 and 27, 1963, by SA LAWRENCE F. MUNLEY:

Background

The 1963 Buffalo City Directory contains a listing for ANTHONY I. OSSWALD (wife FLORENCE), 66 Inter Park Avenue, Buffalo, New York, an engineering technician with the Department of Public Works, Buffalo, New York. It also contained a listing for ANTHONY W. OSSWALD, 66 Inter Park Avenue, Buffalo, employed as an engineering technician with the New York State Department of Public Works at Buffalo, New York.

Birth

The records of the Bureau of Vital Statistics were checked on November 27, 1963, and it was ascertained that in Volume 1176, Certificate No. 3169, there is contained

a record of the birth of ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD at Sisters Hospital in Buffalo, New York, on April 25, 1933. His parents were listed as ANTHONY I. OSSWALD, age 32, a stationary engineer with the City of Buffalo, and FLORENCE GLEASER, age 28, a housewife. Their residence was listed as 456 Dodge Street and this was the first child born to this couple.

Citizenship

ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD is a native born citizen.

Credit

On November 26, 1963, Miss HONOR MC DONOUGH, Buffalo Retail Merchants Credit Association, furnished records which reflected that ANTHONY OSSWALD, SR., 66 Inter Park Avenue, Buffalo, New York, wife, FLORENCE, has been known to the Credit Agency since 1948. The records reflect that this individual was age 60 on August 1, 1959, and employed by the Buffalo Sewer Authority. The files also disclose information on an ANTHONY W. OSSWALD, age 24 in 1958, who resided at 66 Inter Park, Buffalo, New York, and was single. This individual in 1958 was employed as a splicer helper by the New York Telephone Company working out of the Eggert Station. Previous employment was shown as the Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation, Buffalo. He had been employed by the Telephone Company since February 4, 1957. In April, 1958, the record reflected that ANTHONY W. OSSWALD was employed as an engineer with the New York State Public Works Department. He had an account with the Marine Trust Company, Fillmore and Glenwood Branch, in the name of his mother, FLORENCE, as trustee for ANTHONY. This account in January, 1960, was changed to a joint savings account with his mother, FLORENCE.

On June 17, 1959, an inquiry was received from the Greater New York City Credit Agency for current information only. On January 11, 1960, an inquiry was received from the Esso Company, Pelham, New York. In October, 1960, a current inquiry was received on ANTHONY W. OSSWALD from the Texaco Company in connection with a credit card application.

The records contained information that on March 5, 1962, there was recorded a conditional sales contract executed in favor of Bill Miller Pontiac Dealer, 290 Lake Avenue, Hamburg, New York, in the amount of $1,654.56 for purchase by OSSWALD of a 1962 Pontiac. He executed a contract to pay $45.96 a payment for 36 payments.

Miss MC DONOUGH advised that there was no derogatory information in the file concerning ANTHONY W. OSSWALD and that his credit rating was good.

Identification Record

On November 26, 1963, EDWIN SCHULTZ, Patrolman, Identification Bureau, Buffalo Police Department, advised that his records contain several arrests for an individual by the name of ANTHONY OSSWALD, 66 Inter Park Avenue, Buffalo, New York, who was born December 17, 1900, for traffic violations. On each of these occasions, the individual paid a nominal fine. In addition, on June 14, 1946, ANTHONY OSSWALD, SR., born December 17, 1900, residing 66 Inter Park Avenue, Buffalo, New York, was arrested for allowing a dog to run unmuzzled (dog bite case) and was fined $15.00. Further, this same individual on September 24, 1943, was arrested on the complaint of one ARTHUR W. MOELLER, 23 Mount Clair Avenue, Buffalo, New York, on an Assault 3rd Degree charge. The warrant for his arrest was issued on September 21, 1943. The record reflected that OSSWALD was discharged in this case. Further, one ANTHONY OSSWALD, 66 Inter Park Avenue, whose date of birth was shown as December 17, 1906 and whose occupation was listed as engineer was arrested for possession of policy slips on April 22, 1939, but was discharged.

Patrolman SCHULTZ could locate no record in the Identification Bureau files on any other ANTHONY OSWALD or OSSWALD possibly identical with ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD.

BU 62-1827

On November 26, 1963, NORMAN FETZER, Assistant Personnel Supervisor, New York State Department of Public Works, Buffalo, New York, advised that ANTHONY W. OSSWALD, born April 25, 1933, has been employed in the Department of Public Works since August 15, 1957, and that as of the present he is employed as a senior engineering technician in the Traffic Control Department. Mr. FETZER said that OSSWALD has Social Security No. 086-26-0637 and that he received four years education at Bishop Fallon High School, Buffalo, one and a half years in business administration at the University of Buffalo, and one year pre-law education at Canisius College, Buffalo, New York. Further, Mr. FETZER said that ANTHONY W. OSSWALD is a member of the United States Naval Reserve and has been for several years.

His record reflected that OSSWALD was on leave from September 20, 1963, to October 2, 1963, for a vacation period. Mr. FETZER advised further that he personally is acquainted with OSSWALD and that he had used his vacation period for a honeymoon and that part of his honeymoon was spent in Mexico. However, he did not know the details of OSSWALD's trip, nor the dates he spent in Mexico. He said that OSSWALD is a reliable and conscientious employee and that he had never heard anything of a derogatory nature concerning his reputation, character, or loyalty to the United States.

Mr. FETZER checked the records of parking permits issued to employees and ascertained that ANTHONY W. OSSWALD has a 1962 Pontiac with 1962-1963 New York Registration BL5525.

Mr. E. J. LEIBOLD, principal engineering technician in the Traffic Control Section of the New York State Department of Public Works, advised that ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD is employed in his section and that he is a conscientious and reliable employee. He said he could not think of anything which could be considered derogatory concerning his reputation and character and that he is quite certain that OSSWALD is a loyal and patriotic individual. He said that OSSWALD has never been

known to him to be interested in politics of one nature or another and that he does not belong to any organizations to his knowledge.

Mr. LEIBOLD advised OSSWALD was married at the beginning of his vacation period in September, 1963, and that during his honeymoon which consisted of a leisure drive to Texas, he visited Mexico for several days before starting his return trip to Buffalo. After his return to Buffalo he mentioned on one or two occasions to Mr. LEIBOLD that it was necessary for him to obtain special insurance for his trip to Mexico because his regular car insurance did not cover him while he was in Mexico. However, he had no information concerning the time spent in Mexico nor localities visited there by OSSWALD.

On November 26, 1963, HENRY WUNDERLICH, Buffalo Police Department Auto Bureau, advised that 1962-1963 New York Registration BL5525 is listed to ANTHONY W. OSSWALD, 66 Inter Park Avenue, Buffalo, New York, an employee of the New York State Department of Public Works. Mr. WUNDERLICH stated that the registration information on this card was not in the file as of the time of inquiry.

Interview with
ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD

On November 26, 1963, ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD was interviewed in a Bureau car in the parking lot of the Town of Tonawanda Police Department, Tonawanda, New York, where he was engaged in a traffic survey in connection with his employment. He advised that he is presently residing at 41 Warren Street, Buffalo 12, New York, and that he was married on September 21, 1963, to IRENE RESZKA. He advised that in the late evening of September 21, 1963, he and his bride started on a honeymoon trip in his personally owned automobile, a 1962 two-door Pontiac, red with cream top, 1962-1963 New York Registration BL5525. He pointed out this car which was parked nearby.

He said that he and his wife drove leisurely, stopping at various motels along the route until they

arrived at Roma, Texas, where they crossed into Mexico. He said that in connection with this trip into Mexico he obtained insurance to cover him while he was there from the Sanborn Insurance Agency which he said was located in a small town near Roma. He said it was necessary to obtain this insurance because his regular car insurance would not cover his car if he penetrated into Mexico for a greater distance than 15 miles. He said he believes he obtained a three-day policy on about September 27, 1963, and that he left Mexico approximately one hour before the policy expired.

He said that he and his wife drove to Monterey, Mexico, where they stayed for the three days at the Anfa Motel which he said was located near a bull ring. He returned to the United States at Roma, Texas, and then he and his bride returned to Buffalo, New York. The period he spent in Mexico was spent entirely in sightseeing and visiting places of interest and that he did not visit any particular persons nor was acquainted with any individuals in that area.

Mr. OSSWALD advised that he was aware of the identity of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a result of the publicity attendant on the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY and for the first time in his life he was ashamed of his name.

He said that he had talked to his father, ANTHONY I. OSSWALD, of 66 Inter Park Avenue, and that his father had told him he was not aware of any relationship however distant to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. OSSWALD said that all of his father's relatives are residing in the greater Buffalo area with the exception of his father's sister, Mrs. LEE WILLIAMS, nee Mary Osswald, who resides at 1410 Northwest, Oklahoma City.

With regard to the spelling of his last name with two s's, he said that this is a matter of preference on the part of the OSSWALD family and that most of his

relatives residing in Buffalo spell their last name as OSWALD. However, his father and a few other members of the family have always spelled it OSSWALD.

OSSWALD said that he has one brother, CONRAD J. OSSWALD, who is two years younger than he and that he resides at 91 Spruce Street, Eggertsville, New York, and is employed as a printer by Rauch and Stoeckl Printing Company, 124 Elmwood Avenue, Buffalo, New York.

OSSWALD further advised that his father, ANTHONY I. OSSWALD, has served in the United States Naval Reserve at Buffalo, New York, since before World War II and that he had active service in the Navy during World War II and in the Korean War. In addition, he said that he himself has been a member of the United States Naval Reserve Fleet Division for the past 14 years and was on temporary active duty during the Korean War. Likewise, his brother, CONRAD, is also a member of the United States Naval Reserve at Buffalo, New York.

OSSWALD advised that he is a great admirer of the late President JOHN F. KENNEDY and that he, like many thousands of other individuals, felt a strong sense of loss as a result of his untimely death. He was unable to furnish any information whatsoever concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

With regard to his marriage, OSSWALD advised that he received a marriage license on September 21, 1963, in the Town of Niagara, New York, and was married in Buffalo on the same date. He said that he and his wife applied for the license in the Town of Niagara because she is employed at City Hall in Buffalo and did not want to obtain the license there because she is acquainted with the employees of the Marriage License Bureau and did not want the information to become public.

Marriage License Records

On November 27, 1963, Mrs. MAUD FORSYTHE, Town Clerk, Town of Niagara, New York, advised telephonically

that an application was made and license issued on September 21, 1963, to ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD and IRENE ESTHER RESZKA. The license was returned on September 23, 1963, with certification that this couple were married September 21, 1963, at Buffalo, New York, by the Rev. GREGORY GRABKA, a Roman Catholic priest. The information contained on the application as reflected on Certificate No. 72 of the 1963 Book for the Town of Niagara was as follows:

ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD, born Buffalo, New York, April 25, 1933; father - ANTHONY OSSWALD; mother - FLORENCE GLEASER, both born in the United States. IRENE ESTHER RESZKA, born August 13, 1934, Buffalo, New York; parents - ANTHONY RESZKA and CECILIA TWAROZEK, both born in the United States.

Description

A description of ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD as obtained for interrogation and observation is as follows:

Name	ANTHONY WILLIAM OSSWALD
Residence	41 Warren Street Buffalo, New York
Height	5'9"
Weight	165 pounds
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Brown
Scars and Marks	Dog bite scar upper right arm, outer, approximately size of silver dollar
Relatives	Wife - IRENE RESZKA OSSWALD 41 Warren Street Buffalo, New York
	Father - ANTHONY I. OSSWALD 66 Inter Park Avenue Buffalo, New York
	Mother - FLORENCE OSSWALD 66 Inter Park Avenue Buffalo, New York
	Brother - CONRAD J. OSSWALD 91 Spruce Street Eggertsville, N.Y.

A. APPROX.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1

Mr. J. D. VINSON, Isaac Detective Agency, Room 608 Richards Building, informed that a client of his had called him on November 22, 1963 and advised he had heard over the television that the assassin of President JOHN F. KENNEDY was LEE HARVEY OSWALD. His client requested that he check his files and furnish him with any information with respect to OSWALD.

Mr. VINSON reluctantly advised that his client was JACK N. ROGERS, legal counsel for the Joint Legislative Committee on Un-American Activities for the State of Louisiana at Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

VINSON stated his files contain nothing concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD or anything with reference to the assassination of the President. He stated that since his files did not contain any information, he decided to go to the New Orleans Retailers' Credit Bureau to check their records. He said in addition to checking the name of OSWALD, he also requested a check on ROBERT LEE OSWALD, brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and the name A. J. HIDELL, Post Office Box 30016, which individual was allegedly affiliated with OSWALD, according to news releases.

VINSON said he also checked the name of CARLOS BRINGUIER, 501 Adell Street, to see if the credit bureau had anything on him since he recalled that in August, 1963, OSWALD had been involved in a fight with this individual, who was a Cuban, while OSWALD was distributing Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature on Canal Street. Mr. VINSON said he also checked the names of FORREST E. LA VIOLETTE and LEONARD REISSMAN since he had a dim recollection that sometime in 1962, date not recalled, some Fair Play for Cuba literature had been found in the street in the 1200 or 1300 block of Pine Street in New Orleans. He said he had, in the past, checked the New Orleans City Directory and found that LA VIOLETTE lived at 1307 Pine and REISSMAN resided at 1121 Pine and were professors at Tulane University. Whether these individuals were connected with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee he could not state and had no basis for belief that they were so associated; however, he felt that a credit check on them may reveal something which would be of interest to himself as well as his client, ROGERS. He maintained he had no

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On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY /lyc Date dictated 11/27/63

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information on any of these people in his file but was attempting to develop information with regard to them.

Mr. VINSON said he did not intend to make any further inquiry on OSWALD or any of the other individuals mentioned above and as yet had not been in contact with his client, ROGERS, to inform him that he had developed no information on OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/30/63

ED TURNLEY, Security Manager, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, 1215 Prytania Street, advised that he determined at approximately 4:55 PM, November 29, 1963, that the current month's toll tickets for the LaCombe, Louisiana, area had been separated by IBM equipment and had been mailed to the Slidell, Louisiana, office of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company to be forwarded to the respective subscribers. He stated he attempted to locate these bills and found that they were still enroute by mail.

Mr. TURNLEY stated that at 10:11 AM, this date, he located these bills at the Slidell, Louisiana, Office. He stated that there were between 400 and 500 subscribers and each bill would have to be checked individually to determine if there were any tolls to Dallas from the latter part of October through November 19, 1963.

Mr. TURNLEY subsequently advised that a check of all toll tickets for LaCombe, Louisiana, from October 20 to November 19, failed to reveal any toll ticket to Dallas, Texas, such as the one described by Covington, Louisiana, operator YVONNE COOPER.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN /mh Date dictated 11/30/63

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NO 89-69

On November 29, 1963, the Washington Field Office (WFO) advised that CARL ALBERT WILSON, of Washington, D. C., telephonically advised he received a letter from an uncle, WILLIAM L. CHACE, 1442 Lee Road, Shreveport 6, Louisiana, in which his uncle stated the assassination of President KENNEDY was the best news he ever heard and if he had a suitable weapon he would have helped OSWALD, RUBY and (First Name Unknown) LEACHMAN, possibly WALTER LEACHMAN, in the assassination.

WFO advised that SA MICHAEL J. MCARDLE attempted to contact WILSON on November 29, 1963, to secure the letter from his uncle and to verify the information furnished. It was determined that WILSON was unknown at 2409 Good Hope Road, S.E., Washington, D.C., and that this address is occupied by Mrs. MARGARET FITZGERALD.

WILSON furnished his home telephone number as 582-3309, which was determined to be listed to ROBERT S. MCGOVERN, 3107 W. Pl. S.E., and inquiry at that address determined that WILSON was unknown.

Attempts to contact WILSON at Room 216, General Accounting Office Building, Washington, D.C., telephone 961-2554, met with negative results.

The following investigation was conducted by SA DONALD R. BELMONT:

AT SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA:

On November 30, 1963, a review of the current Shreveport City Directory and Telephone Directory reflected no listing for WILLIAM L. CHACE, WILLIAM L. CHASE or WALTER LEACHMAN. The city directory showed no Lee Road. It reflected a Lee Avenue, showing the street numbers running from 2205 to 2308 and none of the above listings reflected anyone named CHACE, CHASE or LEACHMAN residing there. This directory also showed a Lee Street in Bossier City, Louisiana (adjacent to Shreveport) with street numbers running from 1800 to 1920. This street also contained no listing for the above names. The Shreveport Kriss Kross Telephone Directory shows a Lee Street with numbers running from 4502 to 4511 with none of the above names reflected as residents.

On November 30, 1963, Mr. R. L. RISINGER, 4502 Lee Drive, advised this street which is only about one block long, is out of the Shreveport, Louisiana, city limits and is sometimes

referred to as Lee Road. However, he stated he had developed houses on this street in 1952 and was acquainted with every resident on the street and was not familiar with anyone named WILLIAM L. CHACE, WILLIAM L. CHASE or WALTER LEACHMAN.

Inquiry was made of the information operator of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, Shreveport, who advised there was no listing for WILLIAM L. CHACE, or a WILLIAM L. CHASE.

On November 30, 1963, Mrs. MYRTIS DYER, Shreveport Credit Bureau, advised she found no credit record identifiable with WILLIAM L. CHACE, WILLIAM L. CHASE, WALTER LEACHMAN or CARL ALBERT WILSON.

On November 30, 1963, Lt. CARL JARRED, Identification Officer, Shreveport Police Department and Major WILLIAM LANIGAN, Identification Officer, Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office, advised they found no arrest record identifiable with any of the above named individuals.

NO 89-69/lav

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA:

The following investigation was conducted by by SA WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH:

On November 30, 1963, a check of the phone and city directory of the New Orleans area revealed no address as 412 Pine Street, nor could the name RUTH KOLPHER be identified as a resident of Pine Street.

On November 30, 1963, JOSEPH ~~J.~~ CHAPATELL, 2905 Magazine Street, advised that he is a cabinet maker and has maintained his antique restoration shop at this address for 15 years. He stated that the name CHARLES LA BLACE was unfamiliar to him and that he had never observed anyone fitting the description of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the area of 2905 Magazine Street.

FD-302 (Rev 1-21-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

Mrs. RUTH LUCAS, Branch Librarian, New Orleans Public Library, Napoleon Avenue Branch, 913 Napoleon Avenue, advised that the Napoleon Avenue Branch had approximately 7,500 books and in order to determine if any specific individual had ever charged out any of the books it would be necessary first to know the library card number assigned to this individual and then remove each individual book and examine that specific book's charge out card, maintained in the envelope at the rear of the book and determine if the individual's library card number was noted on this charge out card.

Mrs. LUCAS explained that in the event this library card number was located on the charge out card it would have beside it a date which was the date the book was due to be returned to the library. Mrs. LUCAS stated the date the book was obtained could be determined in that books were loaned for a period of two weeks and the only exception to this would be if the date that the book was to be returned fell on a holiday which was observed by the library.

Mrs. LUCAS after observing a picture of LEE HARVEY OSWALD advised she could not specifically recall having seen or waited on this individual but understood that a prior employee of the Napoleon Branch Library, Mr. JACOB LEICHNER, had waited on OSWALD and in fact, had specifically recalled OSWALD due to hearing OSWALD converse with his wife in Russian during one of the times when OSWALD was in the library and the fact that OSWALD and his wife were conversing in Russian had been pointed out to Mr. LEICHNER by Mr. LEICHNER's mother who had been present at the library and also overheard the conversation of OSWALD and his wife. Mrs. LUCAS states she understood that Mr. LEICHNER's mother spoke and understood Russian.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. HASSELL, JR. /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/27/63

Mr. PHILIP SPEDALE, dba Crescent Gun Shop, who is Publicity Director of Crescent Gun Club, after checking the membership roster of his club, advised that he has no persons listed as members by the surname of LEE using any initials or first names.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER :dmm Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

Mrs. GERALDINE VAUCRESSON, Assistant Branch Librarian, New Orleans Public Library, Napoleon Avenue Branch, 913 Napoleon Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that in addition to the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD exhibited to her, she had observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television and in numerous pictures printed in the newspaper and although he appeared vaguely familiar to her she could not definitely state that she recalled having waited on or observing LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Napoleon Avenue Branch Library.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. HASSELL, JR. /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/30/63

ROBERT TEMPLET, Manager, Winn-Dixie Store, #39, 4901 Prytania, advised that he recalled having refused to cash a personal check for LEE HARVEY OSWALD because OSWALD had no check cashing courtesy card of that store. He could not recall the date of the refusal or if it was a salary check or otherwise. OSWALD at that time filled out an application for a courtesy card, which was issued on June 8, 1963, however, OSWALD never returned for the card, so it, along with others for that same period, has been destroyed.

Since the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY and the appearance of the photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the newspapers and on television, TEMPLET said he recognized this man as being the person who applied for the above-mentioned courtesy card. He also recalled that he had cashed at least one check for OSWALD and seemed to think it was a salary check but he was unable to recall the employer's name, adding that it might possibly have been an unemployment check instead that he cashed for OSWALD.

Mr. TEMPLET said he did not know OSWALD personally and his only contact with OSWALD was as stated above. He said he had questioned his employees and none of them knew OSWALD or his wife personally.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA TROY H. GIST /mh Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. J. S. GUILLOT, Assistant Store Manager, Winn-Dixie Louisiana, Inc., Grocery Store Number 1425, 4303 Magazine Street, examined the payroll check of WM. B. REILY and Company, Inc. payable to LEE H. OSWALD dated July 22, 1963 in the amount of $10.84. He advised that the autographic initials under the endorsement of LEE H. OSWALD on the back of this check were his initials and indicated that he had okayed this check to be cashed by one of the check-out cashiers in the store.

Mr. GUILLOT stated that he would have had the person presenting the check to endorse it in his presence and would have had him list the street address and phone number which are shown as part of OSWALD's endorsement. He advised that inasmuch as this was a payroll check he would only have required the person presenting it to satisfy him that he was the person to whom the check was payable by means of some identification. He added that this could have been a drivers license or similar card identification. He could not specifically recall how OSWALD had identified himself.

Mr. GUILLOT also stated that since the initials of a check-out cashier are not reflected on the zerox copy of this check it is possible that he, GUILLOT, cashed the check for the person presenting it but cannot be positive of this. He explained that usually checks are cashed when customers buy grocery products and then the check cashed in connection with payment for the groceries whereupon the check-out cashier would also initial the check. He explained also that sometimes the cashier neglects to do this.

Mr. GUILLOT was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and he advised that OSWALD's picture seemed familiar to him although he could not state that he specifically recalled OSWALD as a person or a customer. He felt sure, however, that OSWALD was the person for whom he okayed the cashing of this check.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS :dc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. JOSEPH D. FUCHS, Store Manager, Winn-Dixie Louisiana, Inc., Grocery Store Number 1425, 4303 Magazine Street, advised that the endorsement on the back of the payroll check of H. B. REILY and Company, Inc. payable to LEE H. OSWALD dated July 22, 1963 indicated that this check was cashed at his store by "Check-out cashier", Number 4. He stated that the autographic initials which are in fact illegible, located beneath the endorsement of LEE H. OSWALD are the initials of Mr. J. S. GUILLOT, Assistant Store Manager. This autographic initial indicates that Mr. GUILLOT had okayed the check to be cashed by the check-out cashier in the grocery department.

Mr. FUCHS stated that he had no way to determine the date this check was cashed at his store or determine exactly which date it was deposited to the account of his company with the National Bank of Commerce in New Orleans. He advised that dates checks are taken in or deposited are not shown on the checks themselves. He explained that his deposit slips do not list checks individually and he therefore could not tell by checking these. He explained that he has five check-out cashiers in his store and that at the end of each day the checks taken in are gathered up from each cashier. He stated the total amount of the checks taken in by each cashier is entered on the deposit slip without any breakdown as to the number or amounts of each check. He continued that the deposits are then picked up the following morning during weekdays Monday through Thursday at approximately 8:00 A.M. by Armored Car, Inc. who transports the deposit to the main office of the National Bank of Commerce in New Orleans for deposit. He continued that on Fridays and Saturdays the Armored Car Service picks up deposits at 6:30 P.M. in addition to the 8:00 A.M. pickup. He explained that checks therefore taken in on Monday through Thursday would be deposited on the day following. Checks taken in by the store on Friday and Saturday would be sent for deposit the same day.

Mr. FUCHS advised that the paid stamp on the front of this check indicated it was deposited on Friday, July 26, and he is therefore of the opinion that it would have been cashed at his store on Thursday, July 25, 1963. He pointed out that it would not have been stamped July 26 if it had been cashed by his store on that date even though it would have been sent for

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS :dc Date dictated 11/27/63

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deposit on Friday evening, July 26 since the bank is not open after deposit is sent at 6:00 P.M.

Mr. FUCHS, after viewing a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, advised that OSWALD was not known to him either as a person or customer of his store.

Mr. FUCHS also advised that cashier number 4 in July, 1963 was Mrs. VERDIE HARRIS.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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Mrs. VERDIE HARRIS, 403 Octavia Street, cashier at Winn-Dixie Louisiana, Inc., Store #1425, 4303 Magazine Street, advised that she was working at this store as Cashier #4 in July, 1963. Mrs. HARRIS was shown a Xerox copy of a payroll check of Wm. B. Reily and Company, Inc., payable to LEE H. OSWALD dated July 22, 1963, in the amount $10.84. She identified the rubber stamp endorsement on the back of this check as being the endorsement stamp of Cashier #4, which was her register during July, 1963. She stated that she cashs checks for customers only after they have been okayed by either the store manager or assistant manager. She pointed out that the endorsement on this check reflected that it had been okayed for payment by the assistant store manager, Mr. J. S. GUILLOT. She continued that when she cashs a check for a customer or takes it in in connection with payment for merchandise purchased, she first stamps an endorsement "For Deposit" with the rubber stamp, showing it to be Cashier #4 and then initials the check with a pen or pencil. She stated seldom, if ever, she neglects to initial a check cashed. She stated that she, therefore, could not say that she had cashed this check inasmuch as her initials are not on the back of the check along side the rubber stamp endorsement. She admitted that it was possible but felt that perhaps what actually happened was that the assistant store manager cashed the check with funds from her register and had her place the rubber stamp endorsement on the check and included it in the deposits from her register.

A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to Mrs. HARRIS. She stated she could not recognize him as anyone she knew as a customer of that store. She further stated she could not connect OSWALD with the cashing of this particular check.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS :sab Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 27, 1963

Mr. T. A. MASILLA, Assistant Vice President, Bookkeeping Department, National Bank of Commerce in New Orleans, 210 Baronne Street, examined the endorsement stamp on the back of the following payroll check:

Check payable to LEE H. OSWALD by Wm. B. Reily and Company, Inc., New Orleans, dated July 22, 1963 in the amount of $10.84.

He advised that although part of the endorsement stamp is illegible, he is able to determine that this is the stamp of the Winn-Dixie Company Store, #1425, located at 4303 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, a customer of his bank.

Mr. MASILLA stated the stamp on the front of the check -- "7/26/63 paid 14-2" indicated date his bank had paid the amount of the check to their customer, namely Winn-Dixie stores. He stated he had no way, however, of telling the date this check had been cashed at the Winn-Dixie store on Magazine Street.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-89

by SA LESTER G. DAVIS /lyc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

VANCE BLALOCK, 5708 Boutall Street, Metairie, Louisiana, furnished the following information:

BLALOCK viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, after which he stated he was certain OSWALD was identical to the individual whom he conversed with briefly at the Cuban Student Directorate (CSD), 107 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. BLALOCK advised that he and a friend, PHILIP GERACI, went to the CSD to inquire about its activities as he had heard it was an anti-CASTRO Cuban student organization. BLALOCK advised that when he and GERACI arrived at the CSD, located at the Casa Roca Store, 107 Decatur Street, they talked with a CARLOS BRINGIUS (phonetic) who seemed to be the leader of the CSD. While discussing the purposes and activities of the CSD, an individual whom BLALOCK identified as being OSWALD arrived at the store. BLALOCK recalls OSWALD inquiring about the CSD and expressing an interest to become a member and to learn all he could about the organization.

BLALOCK advised that he and his friend, GERACI, had a brief conversation with OSWALD, regarding guerrilla operations. OSWALD informed BLALOCK that he was a former Marine; that he had a Marine Guide Book which he had read and in which he learned all about guerrilla operations and tactics. BLALOCK recalls OSWALD describing to him how easy it would be to derail a train. OSWALD told him that this could be accomplished by securing a chain with a lock and wrapping it around railroad tracks. BLALOCK also recalls OSWALD mentioning that he knew how to blow up bridges and also he knew how to make gun powder and a "ZIP" gun. In addition, OSWALD mentioned that he knew all about guns but BLALOCK could not recall the exact details of what was discussed on the subject of guns.

BLALOCK advised that his conversation with OSWALD lasted probably about fifteen minutes, and that OSWALD never discussed Communism, Marxism or any other political philosophy. OSWALD appeared to him as being well educated and well read. Just prior to OSWALD leaving, he promised BLALOCK and GERACI that in the near future he would let them borrow his Guide Book for Marines in which

On 11/29/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN /jm Date dictated 11/29/63

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they could obtain all the information they wanted regarding guerrilla warfare. The last thing BLALOCK could recall regarding his conversation with OSWALD was OSWALD mentioning the new M-14 rifle which OSWLAD described to BLALOCK and informing BLALOCK that most of the Armed Services had this gun at the present time. Finally, BLALOCK stated he recalls OSWALD making some reference to Florida, but could furnish no details regarding comments OSWALD made in this regard. BLALOCK seemed to remember OSWALD mentioning something about him recently visiting the Casa Nostra (phonetic) a Cuban organization in Florida, but his recollection was vague regarding further details in this matter.

BLALOCK stated that he has not seen OSWALD since his brief meeting with OSWALD in the latter part of July, 1963, and could furnish no additional information of any kind regarding OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-61)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

PHILIP GERACI, 2201 Green Acres Road, furnished the following information:

GERACI viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated OSWALD was identical to an individual with whom he had a brief conversation lasting about ten minutes, which took place at the Cuban Student Directorate (CSD), 107 Decatur Street, New Orleans, in the latter part of July, 1963. GERACI, age 15, a sophomore at East Jefferson High School, Metairie, Louisiana, advised that at the time he met OSWALD at the CSD he, GERACI, was visiting that place for the first time for the purpose of obtaining information regarding the CSD, which he had heard was an anti-CASTRO Cuban organization. GERACI stated that he discussed anti-CASTRO activities with a CARLOS BRINGIUS (phonetic), who owned the Casa Roca Store, 107 Decatur Street, which was the headquarters for the anti-CASTRO organization, known as the CSD. Accompanying GERACI at that time was a friend of his, VANCE BLALOCK, 5708 Boutall Street, Metairie, Louisiana.

While talking with CARLOS BRINGIUS, an individual whose photograph GERACI advised was identical to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, came into the store and made inquiry of BRINGIUS regarding anti-CASTRO literature. OSWALD expressed an interest in learning all about the CSD and indicated a desire to join the organization. Following a brief discussion of the CSD, its purposes and objectives, OSWALD became engaged in another conversation with GERACI and his friend, BLALOCK. GERACI recalls OSWALD mentioning that he had in his possession a Marine Guide Book which contained information regarding guerrilla tactics, firearms and other subjects. GERACI recalls mentioning to OSWALD that he, GERACI, had done a little reading regarding guerrilla warfare, after which OSWALD informed him that he was familiar with various types of guerrilla tactics. OSWALD informed GERACI that he knew enough about explosives to be able to blow up the new bridge which crossed the Mississippi River from New Orleans to Algiers, Louisiana. OSWALD also mentioned that he knew how to derail a train which could easily be accomplished by placing a chain around the railroad tracks and securing it with a lock.

On 11/29/63 at Metairie, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN /jm Date dictated 11/29/63

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GERACI advised that the brief conversation with OSWALD lasted about ten or fifteen minutes, and that in addition to discussing the CSD and a brief discussion regarding guerrilla tactics, nothing else was discussed. He cannot recall OSWALD discussing Marxism, Communism or any other political philosophy at the time. GERACI recalls OSWALD mentioning that he was living on Magazine Street, exact address unrecalled, and also that he was looking for a job. In addition, GERACI advised that other than the brief conversation he had with OSWALD in July, 1963, he had no further contact with OSWALD and had not seen him since that time.

NO 89-69
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On November 30, 1963, Mr. GEORGE LONGE, 1625 Milton, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephone # WH 4-4909, advised SA RONALD A. HOVERSON that he is a retired principal of the public school system in New Orleans and active in the Scottish Rite Masons, 201 Decatur Street, New Orleans.

LONGE stated that to his recollection he has never been acquainted with or known anybody who has been acquainted with or known anybody who has been acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY and that the photographs of both of them are unfamiliar to him. He did not believe that either had had any connection or association with any organization with which he, himself, had been associated.

Mr. LONGE said he was eager to be of any assistance he could in this matter, but that he knew nothing other than what he had read in the newspapers and heard through other news media.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 12/2/63

Miss PAULINE VIRGINIA BATES, nee Bond, (dicorcee, Apartment 6, 1422 College, Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas, stated she is a public stenographer with offices in the Burkburnett Building.

BATES advised that on June 18, 1962, LEE OSWALD came to her office. She stated he got her name out of the phone book. OSWALD stated he had just returned from a 3-year stay in Russia and had kept a diary on his experiences and statements of people he met while in Russia. His diary consisted of hand-written and typed notes on all sorts of paper. He requested her to type his notes so he could use the material to compile a book. He told her a Fort Worth engineer, name not recalled, had read his notes and was interested in helping him compile the book. He told her he had $10 and when she typed $10 worth of material, to stop. Most of the material was in English but some of it was in Russian and he interpreted it for her. He remained in her office at all times while she was typing and was very careful to insure that she did not take or lose any of his notes. He came to her office on June 18 and 20, 1962. She typed 10 pages, single spaced, on letter-sized paper, making an original and one copy. She estimated there were 500 words to a page for a total of 5,000 words. He had his notes in a manilla envelop about 10"x11" in size. She estimated that she typed about one third of his notes. Most of the material was about his day to day experiences and people he met and statements made by them. All of it was critical of Russia and set out such statements as long work day, poor food, and no vacations.

OSWALD talked very little while in her office and confined it mostly to interpreting his notes. He did mention while working in a factory in Minsk, he met and married his wife. After about two years he decided to return to the United States and it was a year before the Russian government would agree for him to take his wife with him to the United States. He was bitter toward Russia for this delay. She asked him why he went to Russia. He stated he took an elementary course in the Russian language and became interested in going to Russia to see what the actual living conditions were like in that country. He also stated he had been in the United States Marines for two years.

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on 11/30/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agents JOSEPH L. SCHOTT & R. TOM CARTER/cah Date dictated 11/30/63

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After typing the 10 pages, she told him she had typed $10 worth of material and would be glad to type the remainder of his notes on credit. He was not agreeable to this and picked up his notes and typed pages, paid her with a $10 bill and left. He never returned.

After typing the notes, she mentioned this to her friend, CAROLINE HAMILTON, who is a reporter for The Fort Worth Press. Later, CAROLINE HAMILTON told her her people had tried unsuccessfully to contact LEE OSWALD regarding his diary.

After President KENNEDY was assassinated, she was contacted by CAROLINE HAMILTON. This was the first time she had tied up LEE OSWALD with the assassination.

On the afternoon of November 29, 1963, she had a recorded interview with the television network in her office. She pointed out the story by CAROLINE HAMILTON which appeared in the Fort Worth Press on November 29, 1963 is currect in every detail with the one exception that LEE OSWALD never stated he was working for the United States State Department. She explained LEE OSWALD stated the State Department was reluctant to give him a visa and told him he would be on his own while in Russia. From this statement she at first assumed he was working with the State Department but later realized her assumption was false.

About 3:30 PM, November 29, 1963, she received a phone call at her office from a woman who stated she was Mrs. OSWALD, mother of LEE OSWALD. Mrs. OSWALD stated "I cannot tell you where I am because I am under tight security. I heard an interview of your on the radio regarding typing LEE's diary. I remember him saying he had a public stenographer type some of his notes. I wish you wouldn't talk with anyone about this until I can talk with you. Otherwise you may hurt his widow and the children."

BATES stated she explained to Mrs. OSWALD she had originally been interviewed by a television network and had received almost 100 telephone calls from the news media from all over the United States. She also pointed out there was nothing of a derogatory nature in any of her statements to the press and television people. Mrs. OSWALD never mentioned if she knew where

the diary might be located.

BATES stated LEE OSWALD was a very nervous individual and paced up and down in her office. He moved very quickly in all his actions and he walked at a very fast pace. He impressed BATES as being very alert in his mental processes. BATES stated she did not keep any notes on the material she typed and everything is from memory except the dates on which she typed the material.

DL 100-10461

K. MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, nee PRUSAKOVA, aka Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERVIEWS OF AND DATA CONCERNING

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

HOWARD J. HERBERT, Director of Admissions, Charity Hospital, 1532 Tulane Avenue advised that a review of hospital admittance records indicate the following in regards to MARINA PROASAKAVA OSWALD:

Date of Application	June 8, 1963
Name	MARINA PROASAKAVA OSWALD
Address	4907 Magazine Street
Age	22
Sex	Female
Race	White
Marital Status	Married 2 years
Date of Birth	July 17, 1941
Place of Birth	Arxanglesh, Russia
Husband came to New Orleans	April, 1963
Wife came to New Orleans	May, 1963
Requested obstetrical treatment	4½ months pregnant
Husband	LEE OSWALD
Age	23
Occupation	Unemployed photographer
Wife	MARINA OSWALD
Occupation	Pharmacist in Russia, (Not a citizen of United States)
Daughter	JUNE OSWALD
Age	16 months
Place of Birth	Minsk, Russia
Wage Earner	Husband receiving $30 weekly unemployment benefits from Texas UBI
Employment	October, 1962 to January 1963, Typographical Co. Fort Worth, Texas $50 weekly.

Husband dishonorably dishcarged from United States Marines
Service Number 1653230

Social Security Number	433-54-3937
No present debts and presently paying	$60 per month for rent
Application signed LEE W. OSWALD	Applicant ineligible due to non-residence.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN and SA WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH /bda Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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Mr. EUGENE URBAN, Immigration Inspector, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 701 Loyola Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, made available their file on MARINA N. OSWALD, A12 530 645, which reflects the following information:

(1) Document written in Russian and appearing to be birth certificate for MARINA N. OSWALD, dated April 30, 1961.

(2) Petition to classify status of alien for issuance of immigrant visa for spouse, filed by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, United States address 7313 Davanport Street. Fort Worth, Texas, Russian address Kalinina Street 4, Apt. 24, Minsk, U.S.S.R., dated July 11, 1961, at Moscow, U.S.S.R.

(3) Report from American Embassy, Moscow, to State Department, Washington, D. C., dated July 11, 1961. Report stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD appeared at Embassy on July 8, 1961, on own initiative in connection with his desire to return to the United States with his wife. He was questioned concerning his activities since entering the Soviet Union. No evidence revealed of any act on his part that might cause loss of American citizenship. OSWALD stated he had been employed since January 13, 1960, in the Belo Russian Radio and TV Factory, Minsk, working as metal worker in research shop. He stated not a member of factory trade union organization, and was never asked to join. He stated that never called on to make any statements for radio or press, nor to address audiences. He indicated some anxiety should he return to the United States whether he would be prosecuted for his act of remaining in the Soviet Union. He indicated he would apply for exit visa immediately.

(4) Document written in Russian and appearing to be marriage license for OSWALD and wife, dated July 19, 1961.

(5) Letter from L. H. OSWALD dated January 17, 1962, return address Kalinina Street 4, Apartment 24. Minsk, U.S.S.R. to American Embassy, Moscow, U.S.S.R., affirming his ability and desire to support his wife, MARINA N. OSWALD, should she become a resident of the United States.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans. Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS/lrs Date dictated 11/27/63

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(6) Notice of approval of visa petition dated February 28, 1962, Dallas, Texas, from Immigration and Naturalization Service, to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Kalinina Street 4, Apartment 24, Minsk, U.S.S.R.

(7) Letter dated February 28, 1962, appearing to be from Immigration and Naturalization Service, Dallas, Texas, to American Embassy, Moscow, U.S.S.R., enclosing approved visa petition submitted by LEE HARVEY OSWALD in behalf of his wife, MARINA N. OSWALD.

(8) Letter dated February 28, 1962, from Immigration and Naturalization Service, San Antonio, Texas, to American Embassy, Moscow, U.S.S.R. enclosing approved visa petition submitted by LEE HARVEY OSWALD in behalf of his wife, MARINA N. OSWALD.

(9) Affidavit submitted by BYRON PHILLIPS, Wilbarger, Texas, stating he is owner of real and personal property and guaranteeing that if MARINA NIKOLILAVA OSWALD enters the United States, that she will not become a ward of any State.

(10) Letter dated March 27, 1963, from Department of State, Washington, D. C., to Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization stating that if Mrs. OSWALD not issued a visa by the Embassy, the Soviet Union might claim that it had done all it can to prevent the separation of the family by issuing her the required exit permission, but that the United States has refused to issue her a visa. This could weaken efforts by the Embassy to encourage positive action by Soviet authorities in other cases involving Soviet relatives of United States citizens.

(11) Certificate of acknowledgement of execution of an instrument dated May 24, 1962, executed by United States Embassy, Moscow, U.S.S.R., stating that LEE HARVEY OSWALD personally appeared and executed a certification of birth for JUNE LEE OSWALD, born February 15, 1962, at Minsk, U.S.S.R.

(12) Application for immigrant visa and alien registration dated May 24, 1962, signed by MARINA N. OSWALD.

(13) Immigration visa and alien registration form containing stamped notation that MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD arrived at New York, New York, on June 13, 1962, via the Maasdam.

(14) Immigration and Naturalization Service form received at New Orleans, Louisiana, June 25, 1962, from MARINA N. OSWALD stating she lost her alien registration receipt document at Dallas, Texas, on or about April 1, 1962. Return address given as 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, mailing address, P. O. Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana.

(15) Letter written by L. H. OSWALD to Immigration and Naturalization Service, San Antonio, Texas, received June 25, 1962. OSWALD asked that birth certificate of his daughter, JUNE LEE OSWALD, be returned to him.

(16) Letter written by L. H. OSWALD to Immigration and Naturalization Service, Dallas, Texas, undated and asking for return of birth certificate of his five month old daughter.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

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Mr. CLARENCE JOHNSON, District Director, Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), reviewed the INS file on MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, INS file A12530645 for handwriting specimens of Mrs. OSWALD. He furnished the following original documents:

Application for Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration signed by MARINA N. OSWALD on November 24, 1962;

Fingerprint card dated May 24, 1962 of MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD signed by MARINA N. OSWALD;

Application for New Alien Registration Receipt Card signed by MARINA N. OSWALD, received at INS June 25, 1963.

Mr. JOHNSON advised that the Application for Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration form and the fingerprint card would necessarily have been signed by Mrs. OSWALD in the presence of a witness. He said the signature on the application for New Alien Registration Receipt Card did not require her signature before a witness.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK /lyc Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

Mrs. MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, nee PRUSAKOVA, was interviewed at the Inn of the Six Flags, Dallas - Fort Worth Turnpike, in the Russian language. SA BOGUSLAV did the actual conversing with Mrs. OSWALD.

Mrs. OSWALD appeared rather tired, her face was drawn, and there was a look of fatigue in her eyes. She expressed great concern for her babies, and at the outset of the interview said that if it would be all right she would like to leave the interview for whatever time it might take to take care of her babies if they needed her. It was agreed that she would be allowed to leave for this purpose at any time.

She said that due to the events of the past few days, she had become extremely tired and on the day before, particularly November 27, 1963, she had been very irritable, but now on reflection felt that she would like to talk to the FBI and be of any assistance that she could be in this regard.

From the outset of the interview, Mrs. OSWALD appeared to be friendly and cooperative and she answered each of the questions asked her freely. If she did not understand the question, she was not hesitant in asking for a clarification. She expressed concern at one point that the interviewing agents did not like her. She was assured, however, that there was no personal animosity toward her by the interviewing agents or the FBI, and she seemed satisfied with this explanation.

She was interviewed from approximately 9:20 p.m. until 11:30 p.m.

She advised she had married LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Russia, and they had returned from Russia to the United States on June 13, 1962, and had thereafter arrived in Fort Worth, Texas, on June 14, 1962. She said that following their return to Fort Worth, they had resided in Fort Worth, where OSWALD had been employed for awhile and then they had resided at Dallas, Texas. They lived in Dallas, Texas, until sometime in May, 1963. In early May, 1963, OSWALD left Dallas and went to New Orleans, Louisiana, to find work. He said he

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on 11/28/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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would send for his wife and child upon finding work. After he had been in New Orleans for a few days, Mrs. OSWALD and her child were taken to New Orleans by Mrs. OSWALD's friend, Mrs. RUTH PAINE, in PAINE's station wagon. She does not recall the exact date they arrived in New Orleans but believes it was during the latter part of May, 1963. She said OSWALD had a job upon their arrival with the Louisiana Coffee Company on Magazine Street. She said OSWALD had rented an apartment at 4907 Magazine Street and that is the address where they lived during this period of time in New Orleans. They lived at no other address.

At this point, Mrs. OSWALD said that she did not like New Orleans and did not want to return there. She said that it was a good place for tourists to go as there were a lot of bars where nude women danced, but that she did not like the town and would rather have the baby born in Texas.

She said Mrs. PAINE had written a Quaker friend who lived in New Orleans, and this friend, whose name Mrs. OSWALD does not remember, dropped by their apartment shortly after Mrs. OSWALD arrived to pay her respects, but she did not return.

Mrs. OSWALD said she did not speak English and understood very little English and for that reason she did not make any friends herself in New Orleans. She said her husband was very retiring, quiet, and secretive and did not make friends, and for that reason they had no friends at New Orleans, and she does not recall anyone dropping by their apartment. She said that she had told OSWALD on occasion that she would appreciate it if he would become acquainted with any Russians in New Orleans in order that she could have friends and someone with whom to converse. She said that OSWALD had not done this, however.

Mrs. OSWALD said OSWALD had worked at the coffee company until about the middle or latter part of August, 1963, at which time he had lost his job. He had been earning about $1.35 or $1.50 per hour at the job. After he lost this job, he made application for unemployment compensation with the unemployment office in New Orleans and had thereafter begun to receive regular weekly unemployment checks in the amount of $33.00 each until she left New Orleans.

She said that her husband had always handled the family finances and that she was not allowed to handle money.

She said they had talked of saving money for the coming baby which was due in October, 1963, but she does not know how much money OSWALD had saved. She said OSWALD had a wallet which he kept in the apartment in New Orleans with this money that he was saving. She said the money that was saved came from his pay check from the coffee company and from the unemployment check. When asked how much this money amounted to, she replied that it might be $100.00 or $200.00, or maybe less, but that it was not very much. She said they had no bank account or safe-deposit box in New Orleans or any other place that they had lived. She said that she does not know of any other moneys OSWALD ever had besides that which he had earned from his jobs or unemployment compensation and that he had no other sources of income. She said that OSWALD felt it was a shameful thing for him because he could not support his wife and family. She said she realized that OSWALD felt shame about this, and as a consequence she very seldom spoke to him about finances or money or finding a job.

After he lost his job at the coffee company in August, 1963, they talked about what they should do because Mrs. OSWALD was due to give birth to a baby in October. It was decided that they would see if Mrs. PAINE would keep Mrs. OSWALD during the time the baby was due. Mrs. PAINE agreed to do this and wrote them a letter that she would be in New Orleans to pick up Mrs. OSWALD and the older child and take them back to Dallas.

Mrs. PAINE arrived in New Orleans on about September 20, 1963, although Mrs. OSWALD does not remember the exact date. She said Mrs. PAINE keeps a meticulous diary, and she undoubtedly would know the date she had arrived in New Orleans. Mrs. OSWALD recalls that on the date Mrs. PAINE arrived, she and OSWALD had waited at the house for Mrs. PAINE because they knew this was the day Mrs. PAINE was to arrive. She said that on the previous night she and OSWALD had gone to the grocery store to pick up some groceries, and having realized on the day of Mrs. PAINE's arrival she had forgotten something, she went back to the grocery store and upon her return to the apartment, Mrs. PAINE had arrived. Mrs. PAINE's arrival time on that date, believed to be September 20, 1963, was about 2:30 or 3:00 in the afternoon.

Mrs. PAINE stayed in New Orleans at the OSWALDS' house for about four or five days, and then she left with

Mrs. PAINE and her older child on about September 24 or 25, 1963, in the PAINES' station wagon.

Mrs. OSWALD said that on the day immediately prior to Mrs. PAINE's arrival that she had stayed in the house all day with her child and that she does not exactly recall what OSWALD did but knows that he was in the house at least part of the time and certainly spent the night at the house. It was on that evening (the day before Mrs. PAINE's arrival) that they went to the grocery store together. She said that OSWALD generally would go to town during the day, and when he did, he was gone about two hours as it took one-half hour to ride on the bus each way.

She said that two days before Mrs. PAINE's arrival, OSWALD was also at the house and it was the usual day. She said she could not recall exactly what he had done but knows he was there at least part of the day and spent the night at the apartment.

She said OSWALD had been at the apartment each day during Mrs. PAINE's stay with them at this time and had spent each night at the apartment.

Mrs. OSWALD advised that upon her departure from New Orleans with Mrs. PAINE, it was agreed by her and her husband that OSWALD would remain in New Orleans to find work and if he could not find work, he would return to Dallas. OSWALD also made a statement that he had a friend in another city and that he might contact this friend to see if he could find work. Mrs. OSWALD said she did not think that this was true -- she did not believe OSWALD had a friend anywhere. She said that it is possible that Mrs. PAINE would know who this friend was and what the name of the city was. She said she could not remember.

When asked what the arrangements were at the time she left New Orleans, Mrs. OSWALD said that her husband was to remain there in New Orleans or return to Dallas, but no arrangements were made for him to go to Mexico City. Inasmuch as Mexico City had not been mentioned, she was asked why she had said no arrangements had been made for OSWALD to go to Mexico City. She replied she had been looking

at television the past few days and had seen or heard that OSWALD had been in Mexico City. She said she was only trying to be helpful and that is the reason she had mentioned Mexico City as she did.

Mrs. OSWALD said that she did not know anything about any trip that OSWALD may have made to Mexico City. She said that upon OSWALD's return to Dallas, which was in early October, 1963, that she had not asked him where he had been or what he had done since she had left him in New Orleans because she knew that he had not found work and that it would only embarrass him to ask. She said that OSWALD had not volunteered any information about where he had been or what he had done.

Mrs. OSWALD was asked what OSWALD did during the time he was unemployed. She said he sat around the house all day reading. She said he read so much she often wondered why he did not get sores from sitting down so much. She said OSWALD visited the library regularly at New Orleans, where he checked out mostly books on history, but he also read books by HEMINGWAY, JACK LONDON, and REMARQUE. She said that she cannot accurately recall, but she believes that OSWALD went to the library and checked out books the day before Mrs. PAINE arrived. She said OSWALD went every Tuesday to pick up his unemployment check.

She said they did not make plans very far ahead at the time she left New Orleans to have the baby in Texas because it was not known whether or not OSWALD would find a job, and if he did where it would be.

She advised OSWALD had come to Dallas early in October, 1963. She could not remember the exact date and again said that Mrs. PAINE would probably know the exact date because she kept a meticulous diary. She advised OSWALD had called her at Mrs. PAINE's residence and told her that he had arrived in Dallas the day before and had rented a room. He left a telephone number where he could be contacted. Mrs. OSWALD said she did not have this number but felt sure Mrs. PAINE had it in her diary.

Mrs. OSWALD was asked if OSWALD had used any other names, and she replied that he had not to her knowledge. She was then asked if he had not used a different name in

Dallas when he had rented a room upon his return to Dallas on October 3, 1963, and she said that she now recalled OSWALD had used another name. She said that on one occasion Mrs. PAINE had telephoned the place where OSWALD was staying and had asked to speak to Mr. OSWALD, and the man who answered the phone said there was no one by the name of OSWALD at the place. Mrs. OSWALD said she herself called this number and talked to OSWALD, at which time he said he had been there the day before when someone had called and asked for Mr. OSWALD, but that he was using another name at the house and had not answered to the name OSWALD. He told Mrs. OSWALD he was using another name because he did not want any questions asked about himself.

Mrs. OSWALD was asked if OSWALD could drive a car, and she replied that he did not have a driver's license. She said Mrs. PAINE had taught him something about driving a car after he returned to Dallas in October, 1963. She said also that OSWALD's cousin who lived on French Street in New Orleans had taught him something about driving. She said she believes OSWALD could have passed a driver's test.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone DAvis 7-6569.

She advised that after OSWALD returned to Dallas in early October, 1963, and found a room in Oak Cliff, he had called her an average of twice a day to inquire about her condition as her second child was due on about October 8, 1963. She said OSWALD found a job at the Texas School Book Depository on October 15, 1963. She said Mrs. PAINE had talked to one of her neighbors about OSWALD needing a job and a woman neighbor said there was a vacancy where her brother was employed, and suggested that OSWALD contact this place. Mrs. OSWALD does not recall the name of the neighbor, except that she is called LENNIE. Texas Mrs. PAINE found that the place of employment of this neighbor's brother was the Texas School Book Depository and she called that place several times asking for the person it had been recommended that she call, but she could not locate this person. She finally was able to locate this person by telephone, and upon inquiring about possible employment for OSWALD was told that OSWALD should call about the job. MARINA said that the date of contact by Mrs. PAINE of this person at the Texas School Book Depository must have been on Monday, October 14, 1963, as she knows OSWALD went to the Texas School Book Depository on the following day, which was October 15, 1963, and got a job.

The second weekend following his return to Dallas, which was the weekend of October 11-13, 1963, OSWALD had no job. He spent that weekend at the PAINE residence and MARINA believes it was during that weekend sometime that Mrs. PAINE talked to her neighbor, LENNIE, about the job for OSWALD.

She recalls he came to the PAINEs for the weekend on October 18, 1963, as this is OSWALD's birthday. He spent the night of October 18th at the PAINE house, spent all day Saturday and Saturday night, and then on October 20, a Sunday, Mrs. PAINE took MARINA to the Parkland Hospital as her baby was due. OSWALD stayed with the children at the PAINE house. She was released from the hospital on Tuesday morning, October 22, and PAINE brought her back to her house. When she returned to the PAINE home, OSWALD was at work.

CIA Liaison

on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43
DL 100-10461

by Special Agent ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEITMAN:bam Date dictated 12/1/63

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DL 89-43

While she was in the hospital, OSWALD visited her on Monday night, October 21, with Mrs. PAINE and the children, but only OSWALD was allowed to see her and the newborn baby. She believes that he came about 7 or so in the evening and stayed for about 1½ hours. She said that after his visit OSWALD returned with Mrs. PAINE and the children to the PAINE residence where he stayed overnight.

Following her return from the hospital to the PAINE home, OSWALD visited her each weekend, with two exceptions, and would usually call her at least once a day. He usually came on Friday, after work, with the neighbor who worked at the School Book Depository and would return to work on Monday morning with this same neighbor. On the two exceptions noted, one occurred when OSWALD called her from work on a Friday, exact date not remembered, to inform her that he had an appointment to see about another job the next day, Saturday, and therefore would not be at the PAINE residence that night, Friday. He said that he did not like the work at the Texas School Book Depository and wanted to try to find another job, but did not want Mrs. PAINE to know it as she had helped him get the job at the School Book Depository. He said he had seen an ad in the newspaper and was going to answer that ad. MARINA advised that the ad was by some photographic concern. She said OSWALD had appeared at the PAINE residence on that Saturday, and said that he had applied for the job but had been unsuccessful. He arrived at the PAINE residence on that day before lunch.

Concerning his job at the School Book Depository, OSWALD told MARINA that his job was to fill out orders and pack them in boxes. He said he did not like his work and it was for that reason that he was looking for other work.

MARINA asked OSWALD about the people at the School Book Depository and each time she would try to engage him in conversation about his fellow employees, he would turn her questions aside and say that he was not interested in any of them. She asked him about his boss and he said the boss was a nice man. She said she told OSWALD that he should make friends at the School Book Depository but she knew that he was not interested in making friends. OSWALD mentioned to her that they had coffee breaks at the Depository and that the atmosphere down there was very congenial. He did not tell MARINA on which floor he worked.

The other weekend on which OSWALD did not visit the PAINE residence occurred on November 15-17, 1963. On this Friday, November 15, 1963, OSWALD called MARINA and she told him not to come that weekend because one of the PAINE children

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(3)

was having a birthday and Mr. PAINE would be over and it was not convenient for OSWALD to spend the weekend. He did not come to the PAINE house that weekend. MARINA advised she became lonesome that weekend and on Sunday, November 17, 1963, had Mrs. PAINE call the telephone number where OSWALD was staying as she wanted to talk to him. Mrs. PAINE called the number and asked the person who answered the telephone for LEE OSWALD, but could not locate OSWALD at that number. She advised the next day, Monday, November 18, 1963, OSWALD called her about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. She told him that she had tried to locate him the day before and had Mrs. PAINE call the number he had left. OSWALD then became angry and told MARINA that Mrs. PAINE should not have called for him under his right name, LEE OSWALD, because he was staying there under another name. MARINA asked him why he was staying there under another name and he replied that he did not want people asking questions. MARINA became mad at OSWALD because he was staying at this house under another name. OSWALD also was mad. He told MARINA to tear his telephone number out of Mrs. PAINE's book and MARINA refused to do this. She then hung up the telephone on OSWALD.

On Thursday, November 21, 1963, OSWALD appeared unannounced at the PAINE residence, at about 5:45 p.m., with the neighbor boy who worked at the School Book Depository and with whom he usually caught a ride. She asked him why he had come and he replied that he had gotten lonesome. He wanted to make up with MARINA. She said that she was still mad at him because he was staying at his rooming house under a false name. Even though OSWALD wanted to make up, she did not make up, and as a consequence did not talk to him much during that evening of November 21. She said that OSWALD had played with the children outside for a while and then had gone to bed about 8:30 in the evening. She said that she retired about midnight. She advised that she did not know if OSWALD went to the PAINE garage that night, but advised he could have easily done so because he was outside with the children a good deal. She said that generally OSWALD would go to the garage on the weekends because many of their things were stored there and she would ask him to get something for her from these things. She said she did not pay any particular attention to when he went or what he did if he went to the garage.

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(4)

On the morning of November 22, 1963, the alarm rang at 6:40 a.m. and she awoke and OSWALD remained asleep. She began feeding the baby and at about 7 o'clock she awoke OSWALD and told him he had better get up or he would be late for work. He got up and as he finished dressing, said he would take care of his own breakfast. He then went into the kitchen, but she does not believe he fixed anything because the coffee pot was not warm when she went in later, about 7:20, and she saw no signs of breakfast preparations. She said the last time she saw OSWALD was when he left her bedroom to go to the kitchen.

On November 21, 1963, the previous evening, OSWALD told her that he would not be able to come to the PAINE residence on the coming weekend, November 22-24, 1963. She asked him why and he said it was not convenient to disturb people so often. She also remembers that on Thursday, November 21, she came running from the kitchen to see OSWALD in another part of the house, and asked him how it would be to see a real live President. She was referring to the visit of President KENNEDY, scheduled for the next day. OSWALD was extremely short in his answer, said something like "I don't know," and abruptly terminated the conversation. Mrs. OSWALD said she liked President KENNEDY and JACKIE KENNEDY because both of them appeared, in their photographs, to be very sympathetic people. She said that she would often have OSWALD read the captions under photographs of President KENNEDY and JACKIE. She said she admired them both. She stated she has asked OSWALD on one occasion what kind of a President Mr. KENNEDY was and he had replied that KENNEDY was a good President. She said OSWALD never gave any indication whatsoever that he intended any harm to the President.

She said she feels intuitively that if OSWALD was trying to kill the President, that one shot would have been enough, and that she feels, therefore, that he might have been aiming at the other person (Governor CONNALLY). She said OSWALD never mentioned any possible plans that he might have about assassinating the President. She said she cannot understand this thing.

She recalled on one occasion, quite a while ago, she made the remark to OSWALD that she couldn't imagine one person

killing another. She asked him if he could kill another person and he replied "HITLER needed killing," and implied that by killing HITLER, others could be saved.

The rifle that was owned by OSWALD she had seen many times. She recalled specifically seeing it when they lived on Neeley Street, and she knows that OSWALD had the rifle in the garage at the PAINE residence. She advised she did not know that the rifle had a scope on it. She recalls that she had asked OSWALD why he had the rifle and he told her that it was for hunting purposes. She replied that he could not expect to go hunting if he did not have a car. He assured her that one day they would have a car.

MARINA advised that the only sources of income that OSWALD had, to her knowledge, were his pay for his employment and previously his unemployment compensation. She said that he was paid each 2 weeks when he worked at the School Book Depository and she believes he received about $100 each pay day. She also said OSWALD got one $33 unemployment check after he began work at the School Book Depository.

She said that when she was at the police station in Dallas, following the assassination of the President, she talked to Mrs. PAINE and asked her to bring some things to her at the police chief's residence where she spent the night. She told Mrs. PAINE that OSWALD had been saving money in a wallet which was in one of the drawers of a chest in the PAINE house and asked Mrs. PAINE to bring that to her also. She said the wallet and the other things were brought to her at the police station and she extracted the money from the wallet, counted it, and found it to be $170. A Life reporter who was standing nearby threw in $10 and that made $180. She said this is the money that OSWALD had saved, beginning in New Orleans.

Mrs. OSWALD advised she had been thinking about how OSWALD had come to the PAINE residence on the first occasion following his return to Dallas in early October, 1963. She said upon reflection she believed that OSWALD had called from the bus station, stating that he was already in Irving and asked Mrs. PAINE to pick him up. She said Mrs. PAINE was busy at the time and could not go. OSWALD later appeared at the house and said that he had hitchhiked a ride with a Negro on a truck.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Ferrar Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone DAvis 7-6569.

MARINA OSWALD furnished the following background information concerning herself. She was born July 17, 1941, at Severodvinsk (formerly called Molotovsk), Arkhangel Oblast, USSR. She does not know who her father was. Her stepfather is ALEXANDER IVANOVICH MEDVEDEV. Her mother is KLAVDIA VASILEVNA MEDVEDEV. She moved from Severodvinsk while she was an infant and went to live in Arkhangelsk, Arkhangel Oblast, where she lived with her maternal grandmother, TATIANA YAKOVLEVNA PRUSAKOVA, now deceased, and her grandfather, VASILI PRUSAKOV (sometimes spelled PROOSAKOV). She remembers her grandfather wore a uniform and her mother always told her that he was a Captain First Class. Her grandfather died when she was about 4 or 4½ years old and she continued to live with her grandmother until she was about 7 years old. When she was 7, she went back to live with her stepfather and mother at Zguritza, Moldavian, SSR (formerly called Besarabia). A half-brother, PIOTR ALEXANDROVICH MEDVEDEV, was born at Arkhangelsk in 1945 or 1946, and a half-sister, TATIANA ALEXANDROVNA MEDVEDEVA, was born in 1949.

At Zguritza she went to school for 4 years. Then the entire family moved to Leningrad in 1952 where she entered the 5th grade. It was in this town that her stepfather was born and he had now returned home. Her stepfather was by training and profession an electrical worker. He was skilled, and in Leningrad at this time had a job maintaining equipment in a gas producing plant. He had, before the war, been employed in the Moldavian SSR at an electrical station. During the war he was mobilized and had spent the war at the front. She believes he was some sort of an Army Officer. Meanwhile, her mother worked in a hospital. She does not know where.

She attended the fifth, sixth, and seventh grades of a ten-year school called the 374th Woman's School at Leningrad. At the conclusion of her seventh grade she wanted to go to a specialized school because her mother was quite ill and she felt that she might need a specialty in order that she

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43
DL 100-10461

by Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEITMAN:bmk 557 Date dictated 12/1/63

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might be independent. She was allowed to enter a specialty school, which she did following the conclusion of her seventh grade work. She entered the Pharmacy Technicum at Leningrad in 1955 and graduated with a diploma as a pharmacist in June, 1959.-- During her last year in pharmacy school she had also worked in a drug store in Leningrad. This drug store was a central drug store located on Nevsky Prospect (a main street in Leningrad). Her mother died when she was in the second year of pharmacy school. She continued to reside with her stepfather although she felt like a stranger in the house. She explained that she and her stepfather did not get along well together and that this had been a situation of long standing. She explained that this situation was probably more due to her actions than to those of her stepfather. She said she had been "fresh" with her mother, particularly, and the stepfather had not liked this. She said she was not amenable to discipline and was generally a source of concern to her stepfather.

She advised that during this time while she was attending pharmacy school after her mother died she took meals away from the stepfather's home although she slept there. She explained that upon the death of her mother the children had come into a pension, and that this was divided three ways.

MARINA said she did not feel that her childhood was a happy one because of the friction between herself and her stepfather.

Upon graduation from pharmaceutical school in June, 1959, she was assigned work in a pharmaceutical warehouse in Leningrad. This work consisted of packing and preparing pharmaceutical orders. She did not like the work and quit after one day. She explained that generally a person had 3 days in which to decide whether or not to retain a professional type job and that it was not a black mark to quit a job during this first three days. After quitting this job, she took a two months' vacation, and just enjoyed herself. She was residing in her stepfather's house in Leningrad.

Toward the end of August, 1959, she bought a railroad ticket to Minsk, Belorussia, SSR, as she had decided to go live with her aunt and uncle who reside in Minsk. Minsk is a 24-hour railroad ride from Leningrad. This uncle is ILIA VASILIEVICH PRUSAKOV, who is now about 52 years of age, and the aunt is VALENTINA GURIEVNA PRUSAKOVA, who is now about 37 years of age. This aunt and uncle had lived in Arkhangelsk when she lived there. Her grandmother had lived with this aunt and uncle for a while prior to her death. There was a mutual liking between this aunt and uncle and MARINA. This uncle had graduated from college as an engineer, specializing in lumber. He had been in the Armed Forces in World War II and after the war was assigned to the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Belorussia, in Minsk, and is presently in charge of the department which deals with lumber. Although he works as an engineer, he has the rank of a Colonel or Lieutenant Colonel and always wears a military uniform. Everybody in this ministry wears a uniform. For example, a medical doctor who lives in the same apartment house as does her uncle and who works in this ministry also wears a military uniform.

Her aunt, VALENTINA, had no children, and she spent her time at the apartment.

When she arrived at the apartment of her aunt and uncle, they had a general discussion about her, MARINA's, future, and it was agreed that she could remain at the apartment if she wanted to do so. MARINA said that she was going to look for a job. The aunt said that MARINA would probably get married soon, but the uncle was opposed to an early marriage by MARINA. MARINA was 18 at this time. MARINA said she herself was opposed to marriage at this time and desired only to get a job and go to work.

She had previously had male admirers in Leningrad and had only recently broken up with one particular boy. This boy's mother was very interested in her son marrying MARINA, but neither the boy nor MARINA felt that their relationship was close enough for marriage. MARINA refused to give the name of this boy at this time.

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(4)

Concerning the uncle's apartment, MARINA said it was one of the best in the apartment house, which was for the employees of the Ministry of Internal Affairs. It was located on the 4th floor and had a kitchen, one bath, a foyer, a study, one bedroom, and a combination living room and dining room. The rooms were large although the kitchen was rather small.

In October, 1959, MARINA went to work in the drug section of the Third Clinical Hospital in Minsk, which is located on Lenin Street, in the central section of Minsk. She worked there for one year, until October, 1960, at which time she had earned a month's vacation. She took this vacation in a rest home near Leningrad. This rest home had several cottages in forest-like surroundings. The sexes were separated. The persons at the rest home ate, slept, relaxed, and had fun.

Concerning her social life, MARINA said, as stated before, that she had had several male admirers in Leningrad but had not been interested in matrimony. She pointed out, parenthetically, that at that time her teeth were in good condition and she took pains with her appearance and she believed that she was attractive to men. She said that at the present time she has lost several of her teeth as a result of her two pregnancies and does not feel that she is as attractive as she once was.

She advised that while living in Leningrad she had visited Minsk on vacation on several occasions. On one of these occasions her uncle had introduced her to a young man who lived in the same apartment as did her uncle. This young man, in turn, introduced her to another young man. Then this last young man introduced her to many young men and women with whom he associated socially. These young people were for the most part students in the schools of architecture, medicine, and engineering . Their social life was taken up, in good part, by getting together in cafes where they would sip coffee, exchange gossip, and read newspapers. Also, very heated discussions were carried on among the students about different architectural designs or other professional topics. Also, on occasion various young people would get together at someone's house and listen to records. She said that the crowd more or

less ran together and that she, MARINA, did not desire to pair up with any particular boy friend. This was an enjoyable period of her life and she found her social associations very pleasant.

Concerning the two young men to whom she was first introduced, MARINA advised that she did not care to divulge their names. She said that the first young man to whom she had been introduced by her uncle and who resided in the same apartment house as her uncle spent his vacations in Minsk although he studied in Leningrad. The second young man to whom she was introduced by the first young man is a student at Minsk at some technical institute. The first boy's father is an engineer in the Ministry of Internal Affairs and the father of the second boy is a professor of Science in a technical institute in Minsk.

She advised that she once was invited by some medical student friends to attend an affair which was a combination social and cultural event to be held at the Palace of Culture. She stated that the Palace had been evidently rented by the medical institute for this purpose. She said she decided to go to this affair and spent a good deal of time dressing and preparing for it. When she finally was ready to go she decided not to go. Then her uncle said that as long as she was already dressed and ready that she should go, so she went. She said that she arrived at about 10 o'clock, which was three hours after the affair had started. MARINA pointed out that the first part of the evening had been devoted primarily to a lecture by a Russian woman who had visited the United States as a tourist. Her lecture had dealt with her impressions of the United States. MARINA arrived too late to hear this lecture. The woman lecturer had a son who was a medical student in Minsk and this son was in attendance at this affair on this occasion. This son was an acquaintance of LEE OSWALD.

When MARINA arrived at the affair, as she described it, well dressed and pretty, LEE OSWALD almost immediately saw her and told his medical student acquaintance that he would like to meet her. She was introduced to OSWALD by this medical

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student and OSWALD immediately asked her to dance. She accepted OSWALD's invitation and they spent much time together that evening.

-- She said that OSWALD's Russian, although good, bore a definite accent. She thought that he probably had come from one of the Russian speaking Baltic countries.

At this point MARINA interposed that she had attended this affair about the middle of March, 1961, and she had married LEE OSWALD on April 30, 1961.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar.

She took employment at Minsk, at the Third Clinical Hospital on Lenin Street, in October, 1959, and her last day of work at this place was in December, 1961. She explained that she married OSWALD on April 30, 1961, and beginning in late December, 1961, went on maternity leave, which would normally end two months after the birth of the child. Her first child, JUNE, was born on February 15, 1962, (which was two weeks earlier than scheduled) which would mean that she would normally be entitled to maternity leave which would end approximately April 15, 1962. She, however, did not return to work after the birth of her child.

Her duties at the Third Clinical Hospital consisted of filling prescriptions. She explained that the work would vary. One week she would work on liquid prescriptions, the next week on powder prescriptions, and next on medicines for external use. She said a woman was in charge of her section. When asked for this woman's name, MARINA refused to give it. She explained her pay was 45 rubles per month. She was paid every two weeks. She was allowed to use all of her money for her own purposes, as her uncle and aunt refused to take any money from her.

She met OSWALD in the middle of March, 1961, as she has previously explained, at a social function at the Palace of Culture for Professional Unions. At this first meeting, OSWALD evidently took a fancy to her and asked if he could see her again. She stated that she was evasive at this point, and then OSWALD asked if she would be coming again to the Palace the following weekend. She replied that she perhaps would return the following weekend. However, no definite date was made. She explained that each Saturday and Sunday dances and other events were held at the Palace, and that one could buy tickets to attend these events.

She said a week later, on either Saturday or Sunday, she does not remember which, she and a girl friend, whose name she declined to give, went to the Palace to attend the

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on 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas DL File # 89-43 100-10461

by Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEITMAN :lp Date dictated 12/1/63

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dance. Upon entering the hall, she saw OSWALD waiting for her. She and OSWALD joined company and spent the evening dancing at the Palace and following that, she allowed OSWALD to take her home. He took her to the apartment house of her uncle, but did not enter the house, leaving her at the entrance. She pointed out that the girl who had accompanied her to the dance had had a boy friend in the orchestra. This girl friend and her boy friend kept company and were not with OSWALD and MARINA during the evening.

Upon questioning, MARINA said she felt that OSWALD would be at the Palace that evening, and that was the purpose in her returning. She said she did not tell her girl friend who accompanied her about OSWALD because she did not want to feel silly if OSWALD were not there.

She said that she had introduced OSWALD to the girl friend that accompanied her.

She advised she had made arrangements with OSWALD to meet the following Friday on a certain street corner in Minsk, although no definite arrangements were made concerning what they would do.

During that week, on about Tuesday or Wednesday, her aunt told her that a boy named ALIK (ALECK) had called her on the telephone and said that he could not keep the appointment for Friday; although he did not leave his last name, MARINA knew to whom her aunt referred. MARINA pointed out that ALIK in Russian is a nickname for ALEXEI, which the Russians called OSWALD in preference to LEE. The pronunciation of the name LEE is foreign to the Russian ear. The aunt advised that ALIK had said he was in the Fourth Clinical Hospital, at the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Department. This hospital was located on the outskirts of town. ALIK told the aunt that he could be visited Sundays. By way of explanation, MARINA said that she had not been at the apartment to receive the telephone call as she had dates with two different young men that week, and it had also been necessary to spend some time with other friends.

She visited OSWALD at the Fourth Clinical Hospital on Sunday at 3:00 PM. He was in the hospital for ear trouble, which later developed into glandular trouble. OSWALD was in

the hospital for ten days. She visited him every day, although visiting hours were only on Sunday. She explained that because she wore a white uniform in her work, she was able to pass right through into his room and see him.

On her first visit to the hospital to see OSWALD, she asked him some questions about America. OSWALD said he preferred America to Russia because he could not take hard winters. OSWALD said he did not think he could live through another hard Russian winter. MARINA said that later when OSWALD left the hospital, they would take walks and OSWALD would get so cold that he would dodge into door entrances to warm up.

She asked him why he had come to Russia, and he replied that as Russia was considered the leader of the Socialist world, he wanted to see it. He did not say how long he was going to stay in Russia. She asked him on this first visit to the hospital if he could return to the United States, and he said no, he could not return. He said he had given up his American documents to the American Embassy, and told the American officials that he would never return to America. She asked him if he was an American or a Soviet citizen. It was in answer to that question that he told her he could not return to the United States. She said that later, after they were married, he said he had been offered Soviet citizenship prior to their marriage, but he had refused it.

She said she had found out that OSWALD was an American, at their first meeting at the Palace, through a third party.

She said that OSWALD never definitely told her that he had lost his United States citizenship. He gave no other reasons for coming to Russia other than that mentioned above. She believes that he was sorry that he had come to Russia.

MARINA advised that she was interested in the United States while she lived in Russia as she was interested in all foreign countries. She said that she knew that OSWALD could not return to the United States because he had said he could not return. At this point, she volunteered the statement that she had married OSWALD because she loved him, not because he was an American or for the purpose of going to the United States.

She stated on one of her visits to the hospital, OSWALD had asked her if she would be his fiance, and not go around with other boys. She said she would consider this.

Following his release from the hospital, OSWALD began visiting MARINA at her uncle's apartment. She introduced him to her uncle and aunt. She said at this time she still saw on occasion another boy, but this was without the knowledge of OSWALD. She said this other boy objected to her becoming serious about OSWALD. When asked for the name of this young man, she replied that his first name was ANATOLI. ANATOLI was finishing medical school, and he probably is a physician by now. She said she could not remember his last name. RUSSIA

MARINA advised her uncle and aunt did not disapprove of OSWALD and, in fact, were glad that she had reduced the number of her boy friends to almost one. They offered no objections to OSWALD and told her it was her decision to make. The fact that OSWALD was an American made no difference to them. They did ask her if OSWALD could return to the United States, and she replied to the negative. Following his release from the hospital and during his courtship, he continued to ask her to be his wife and she continued to occasionally see ANATOLI up until April 20, 1962. On that date, she agreed to marry OSWALD, and together they went to the registrar to file their intent to marry. They were told that it would take her seven days to obtain permission to marry a foreigner. Permission was granted for the marriage in seven days, and it was thereafter necessary to only wait three more days to fulfill the required ten-day waiting period. They were certified as married by the registrar on April 30, 1962.

On the date that they were certified as married, her aunt and uncle had a reception for them in their apartment. Their mutual friends were invited.

She advised she was not interviewed by any official and that the only documentation necessary for this marriage was registration of intent and the certification of the marriage ten days later.

Concerning OSWALD's work in Minsk, MARINA said he had worked as a metal worker in a radio factory. He was an unskilled worker and earned between 80 and 90 rubles a month.

The discrepancy in her pay as a skilled professional of approximately 45 rubles a month, and his pay as a non-skilled worker of 80 to 90 rubles per month was discussed with MARINA. She said she could not explain this discrepancy. She volunteered the information that she knew licensed, medical doctors who earned not more than 65 rubels a month.

She was asked why OSWALD was employed in Minsk. Her reply was that he had been sent from Moscow to work in Minsk.

With regard to her earlier comment that ALIK had called her aunt to say he could not keep the Friday appointment, she was asked if it was the usual thing to have a telephone in Minsk. She said that only high officials had telephones, as they were rather hard to get. She said that having an important position certainly helped. She said that bribery was also used to obtain telephones.

During the questioning concerning her first visit with OSWALD in the hospital, MARINA made the remark that OSWALD in Russia did not smoke or drink or discuss politics with her, or, to her knowledge, with other persons with whom he associated.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIG.

1 Date 11/29/63

Mrs. MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD was interviewed at the Inn of Six Flags. She advised that OSWALD had arrived in Dallas, Texas, in early October, 1963. She cannot remember the exact date but knows it was prior to October 8, 1963, which was the date that she was expecting her second baby to arrive. She also pinpoints the date by the fact that OSWALD found work in Dallas on October 15, 1963, and she knows he had arrived in Dallas over a week before that. She said her husband called her on the phone at the PAINE residence sometime during the day after he had arrived and mentioned that he had arrived the evening before. She asked him why he had not called when he arrived, and he said he did not want to disturb her.

Mrs. OSWALD was asked where OSWALD had stayed the night of his arrival, and she replied that she did not know, but she presumed that he had stayed at the YMCA or some room. On this first telephone call to her, OSWALD said he was already in Irving, Texas, and asked that Mrs. PAINE come to pick him up at the bus stop. This bus stop is about a twenty minute walk from the house. Mrs. PAINE left immediately and picked OSWALD up at the bus stop and brought him back to her house.

OSWALD stayed at the PAINE residence that afternoon and night and then the next morning Mrs. PAINE and Mrs. OSWALD took him to downtown Dallas where he was let out of Mrs. PAINE's station wagon with his valise as he was to look for a place to stay and to start looking for work.

OSWALD had a medium-size valise when he arrived at the PAINE house containing both clean and dirty clothing. He gave Mrs. OSWALD his washing and extracted from his valise his shaving equipment. Mrs. OSWALD said that she did not notice anything in the valise that was out of the ordinary. She did not notice any weapons nor any money.

She said that OSWALD had some money in a wallet, and that he left this wallet at the PAINE house on the day that Mrs. PAINE took him to Dallas after extracting some

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S WALLACE R. HEITMAN & ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV Date dictated 11/29/63

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money for his own use. She said she does not know how much money was in the wallet or how much money OSWALD took but knows that it was not very much.

She stated that on the day he came to the PAINE residence, OSWALD fooled around with a typewriter with a Russian keyboard belonging to Mrs. PAINE because one of the keys was broken.

Mrs. OSWALD was asked what she and OSWALD had talked about on this afternoon and night that OSWALD had spent with her at the PAINE house. She replied that OSWALD was the type that could sit in front of a television set all day and not say a word. She said they had talked about family matters such as how she was feeling and how the child was feeling, but they did not talk too much because she, Mrs. OSWALD, was not feeling well. They also talked about a wedding in the MURRETT family that was supposed to take place on or about October 5, 1963. Mrs. MURRETT is OSWALD's aunt.

On the following day when Mrs. PAINE accompanied by Mrs. OSWALD dropped OSWALD off in downtown Dallas, OSWALD stated he was going to find a place to live, and he would then call Mrs. OSWALD. She said he called about 5 p.m. that day and said he had found a place to live in the Oak Cliff section near a lake. He furnished the telephone number where he could be reached, and Mrs. PAINE made a note of this telephone number in her diary or on some paper. Mrs. OSWALD does not remember this number. She said that thereafter OSWALD did call her about twice a day to ask her about her condition and how their child was. It was agreed that Mrs. PAINE would contact OSWALD on the telephone because the place OSWALD was staying had other people using this telephone, and Mrs. OSWALD would not be able to make herself understood.

DL 100-10461

II. INVESTIGATION RELATIVE TO SUBJECT'S TRAVEL

NO 89-69
RLB/FAS/sab/bal
1 LAC

NO T-2 informed that Mexican Tourist Card No. 24085, good for fifteen days' travel in Mexico from the date of issuance, was issued on September 17, 1963, to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, of 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. This application reflected OSWALD was 23 years of age, married, a photographer by profession, and allegedly employed at 640 Rampart Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. He showed proof of American citizenship by presenting a birth certificate and claimed to be taking $300.00 to Mexico as an in transit tourist for a period of fifteen days and that his travel would be via bus.

NO T-2 stated that the "in transit tourist travel" means that the traveler, namely OSWALD, intended to travel out of Mexico to some other country; however, his records did not reflect to what locale OSWALD would travel.

He stated two copies of the tourist card are issued, one would be picked up by Mexican Immigration authorities at OSWALD's point of entry into Mexico and the second copy would be picked up at the time he left Mexico. He suggested that if OSWALD traveled by bus, as indicated in his application, he would have entered Mexico most probably at Laredo or Roma on the Mexican border.

He stated there is no return made to the New Orleans Mexican Consulate concerning this issued tourist card but that the tourist card is returned finally to Mexican Immigration Authorities, namely Secretaria De Governacion, Calle Bucareli # 99, Mexico D.F., Mexico. He stated these records would show if OSWALD traveled to some other country after arriving in Mexico.

In addition to the fifteen day tourist cards issued by the Mexican Consulate, there are six-month tourist cards issued, which cards would be used within ninety days from the date of issuance but which are valid for a period of six months in Mexico from the date of entry. These tourist cards are issued for $3.00.

Both the fifteen-day tourist card applications and the six-month tourist card applications were reviewed and they failed to show any references to HIDELL, RUBY, or RUBENSTEIN.

In addition to the tourist card issued to OSWALD on September 17, 1963, there were nine additional fifteen-day tourist cards issued and there were nine additional six-month tourist cards issued.

57

NO 89-69/sab
2 LAC

NO T-2 informed that the following listed tourist cards of six months' duration were issued by his office on September 17, 1963:

RICHARD LAWRENCE PHILION, Tourist Card # 4363765
215 North 16st Street
Edinburg, Texas; no phone listed
Travel to Mexico for study purposes.

HENRY EDWARD LINAM, Tourist Card #4366764
640 Oakhill, Shreveport, Louisiana
Telephone No. UN 1-3848
Going to Matamoras, Mexico, for the duration of three days on hunting trip

HENRY EDWARD LINAM, JR., Tourist Card #4366763
Route 1, Box 395K
Shreveport, Louisiana, Telephone No. 868-4707
Going to Matamoras, Mexico for the duration of three days on hunting trip

KEN DEAS, Tourist Card #4363762
816 Rutherford Street
Shreveport, Louisiana; Telephone No. 868-1177
Going to Matamoras, Mexico for the duration of three days on hunting trip

GORDON EDWARD MAY, Tourist Card #4363761
451 Fern Avenue, Shreveport, Louisiana
Telephone No. UN 1-2320
Going to Matamoras, Mexico, for the duration of three days on hunting trip

ARTHUR CRANDALL HAZARD MASON, Tourist Card #4363760
U. S. Passport #2443041
216 Eaton Road, Hamilton, Ohio
Telephone No. TW 3-4694
Going to Mexico three weeks as tourist

CHRISTINE STEELE EATMAN, Tourist Card #4363759
Peacock Heights, Eutaw, Alabama
Telephone No. 372-2461
Going to Mexico for vacation of one month duration

ROBERT HOWARD PEAVY, Tourist Card #4363758
312 Blackland Road, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia; Telephone No. 231-1702
Going to Acapulco, Mexico, for pleasure
approximately 15 days

MALLINE CARTER PEAVY, Tourist Card #436375F
312 Blackland Road N.W., Atlanta, Georgia
Telephone No. 231-1702
Going to Acapulco, Mexico, for pleasure
approximately 15 days

NO T-2 said that the following listed individuals were issued tourist cards of the 15-day duration on September 17, 1963:

BAGOLINI LUIGI, Tourist Card #24079, Italian
Passport #937378/P
Bolognia, Italy
Travel to Mexico for 15 days to attend Congress of Philosophy

Mrs. MILLIE CRAFT FARRINGTON, Tourist Card #24080
1514 Jefferson Avenue, New Orleans
Telephone TW 9-9649
Travel to Mexico for ten days to pick up car

Mrs. LILLIAN STANTON MERILL, Tourist Card #24081
1314 Jackson Avenue, New Orleans
Telephone JAckson 2-5286
Travel to Mexico 10 days for pleasure

SAMUEL THOMAS NORTH, JR., Tourist Card #24082
508 Madison Street, Apartment 2, New Orleans,
Louisiana; Business phone 529-4311, extension 625
Travel to Monterrey, Mexico, 4 days for pleasure

Mrs. JUDITH MARIE NORTH, Tourist Card #24083
508 Madison Street, Apartment 2, New Orleans,
Louisiana; telephone - same as husband above.
Travel to Monterrey, Mexico, 4 days for pleasure

GAUDET WILLIAM GEORGE, Tourist Card #24084
U. S. Passport #1744987
406 Beach Street, Waveland, Mississippi
Travel to Mexico 1 day as tourist

FLORENCE PARSON DE MEN, Tourist Card #24086
7209 Friscoville, Arabi, Louisiana
Telephone 271-6725
Travel to Monterrey, Mexico, 6 or 7 days for pleasure

GEORGE HENRY DE MEN, Tourist Card #24087
7209 Friscoville, Arabi, Louisiana
Telephone 271-6725
Travel to Monterrey, Mexico, 6 or 7 days for pleasure

NO 89-69/sab
4 LAC

DAVID PEARCE MAGYAR, Tourist Card #24088
5911 Dwyer Road, Apartment 35, New Orleans,
Louisiana; Telephone 943-9880
Travel to Mexico 7 to 10 days pleasure.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

IGNACIO PESQUEIRA, Mexican Consul, San Diego, California, advised today that a search of his records and the records of the tourist offices at San Diego, California, contained no record of the following individuals:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
O. H. LEE
ALEK JAMES HIDELL
MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD
MARINA NIKOLAEVNA PRUSAKOV
MRS. LEE HARVEY OSWALD
MARGUERITE CLAVIRE OSWALD

On 11/26/63 at San Diego, California File # SD 62-1529

by SA LOUIS A. MUNOZ/Mm Date dictated 11/26/63

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HO 62-2115
GWK/mem

On November 25, 1963, LAYMON L. STEWART, General Manager and Vice President of radio station KOPY, Alice, Texas, advised that he recognized the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as being identical to an individual who stopped at the radio station located on Highway 281 in Dallas, Texas, at about 2:00 or 3:00 p.m. on either Friday, September 28, 1963, or Friday, October 4, 1963. This individual was driving an old model 1953 or 1954 car possibly a Chevrolet sedan. He mentioned he had just come from Mexico.

This individual made no previous appointment and had no previous communication with the radio station. He inquired as to a job as radio announcer but no such job was available and no background information was taken from him.

STEWART stated that this individual was unshaven, wore blue jeans, and possibly a sweat shirt. He mentioned that his wife, who remained in the automobile, could speak no English. It was noted that there was a two year old child in the front seat of the car with him.

This individual's conversation was normal and he indicated he saw the radio station sign from the highway while proceeding north in his car on Highway 281. He asked concerning the possibility of an announcer's job at Pleasanton, Texas, and appeared interested in applying for work there. He was advised that the station in Pleasanton, Texas, was station KEOP and was operated by a lady whose name was unknown.

This individual gave no indication of where he was living, but stated he was unemployed. He left the radio station driving north on Highway 281.

Also present during this interview and also recognizing the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as identical with the individual was ROBERT JANCA, Traffic Manager for radio station KOPY

FD-302 (Rev. 11-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/30/63

ROGER RAPP, Relief Office Manager, Union Passenger Terminal, advised that the only direct route by train from New Orleans to Mexico City is as follows:

Leave New Orleans 10:00 PM on Southern Pacific, traveling overnight to San Antonio, Texas. Change trains to Missouri Pacific, leaving San Antonio at 1:45 PM. Missouri Pacific arrives Laredo, Texas, 5:20 PM, continue on Mexican National Railways, leaving Mexican side at 6:15 PM, and arrives in Mexico City 8:10 PM the following night. He advised that another train schedule from the Mexican side of Laredo to Mexico City leaves at 4:00 AM and arrives in Mexico City at 8:50 AM the next morning.

He advised that the name of the passenger on such a trip would be unknown unless advance reservation were made. Records of reservation for the period August and September, 1963, were checked and no reservation was made in the name OSWALD, LEE or variations of the name HIDELL. These records are maintained in book designated as "YW Reservations". Outgoing telegrams requesting reservations at other points were checked for the period September 16, through September 26, 1963, and none were noted requesting reservation from San Antonio, Texas, to Mexico City, or any other continental station to Mexico City.

Mr. RAPP advised that concerning reservations made telephonically, once passenger has left New Orleans the record will not reflect the name of the passenger.

He advised that the portion of the ticket given by the passenger to the conductor on the Southern Pacific train after leaving New Orleans and before arriving at San Antonio, is air mailed by the conductor to Auditor of Revenue Accounts, Southern Pacific Company, 65 Market Street, San Francisco, California.

Mr. RAPP stated that the portion of the ticket given by the passenger to the conductor of the Missouri-Pacific Train from San Antonio to Laredo, Texas, would be forwarded to Auditor Passenger Traffic, Missouri Pacific Railroad Company, St. Louis 3, Missouri.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA L. M. SHEARER, JR./lrs/bap Date dictated 11/30/63

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He said that the portion of the ticket given to the conductor enroute from Laredo to Mexico City should be in the possession of National Railways, Auditor of Passenger Accounts, Treasury Department, Gran Espacion Central de Buenavista, Mexico 3, D. F.

Tickets issued at New Orleans for travel to Mexico City do not reflect name of passenger; however, ticket office copy reflects ticket number and individual issuing same can be determined as well as date issued.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/30/63

EDWARD VOEBEL, 4916 Canal Street, after being advised as to the identity of the interviewing Agents, furnished the following information:

Sometime in August, 1963, he took a trip to Merida, Mexico, for about one week. He was not sure of the exact dates but he thought it was in the first week of August. He flew from New Orleans International Airport to Merida, Mexico, via Pan American Airlines and returned the same way.

He made this trip with an art group from Louisiana State University, New Orleans (LSU, NO). The group consisted of approximately 15 people and most of them were students or members of the faculty at LSU, NO. The only names that he could recall were DAVID DIAZ, 1516 Arabella, New Orleans, Louisiana, student at LSU, NO; Mrs. DIAZ, same address, mother of DAVID DIAZ and GLEN ISIMINGER. DAVID DIAZ was the person who asked him to go on this trip. He stated the Dean of Women at LSU, NO and her daughter; a Spanish teacher at LSU, NO; and a Professor of Art at LSU, NO, accompanied the group on this trip. While in Mexico, the group took a trip to Progresso, Mexico, for about three hours. He stated all the time they were in Mexico, he traveled with the group. He could not recall any other information with respect to this trip.

VOEBEL advised he knew OSWALD for about a year and a half while OSWALD and he were students at Beauregard Junior High, New Orleans. He has not seen nor heard from OSWALD since this time.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's WILLIAM F. McDONALD and EMIL HENRY BECKER/bap Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Mr. DAVID DIAZ, 1516 Arabella, after being advised of the identity of the interviewing Agents, furnished the following information.

He is a student at Louisiana State University at New Orleans, and a member of a party of 16 persons who traveled to Merida, Mexico, on August 20, 1963. He stated the group left New Orleans at 12 noon, August 20, 1963, via Pan American Airways Flight No. 205 to Merida, Mexico, and returned to New Orleans on Pan American Airways Flight No. 206 which left Merida, Mexico, on August 26, 1963, at 6:15 p.m.

DIAZ furnished the names of the following persons as individuals who traveled in the aforementioned group:

JOHN P. SMITH, Professor at Louisiana State University at New Orleans (LSUNO).

Mrs. JOHN P. SMITH

Mrs. CARLEE H. DIAZ, mother of DAVID DIAZ

MIMI BYRNES, Student, LSUNO

GLEN ISIMINGER, Insurance Adjuster, Employers Underwriters Insurance

MARIE LE GARDE, Professor, LSUNO

MARTHA WICKETT, Dean of Women, LSUNO

RONNIE WICKETT, daughter of Dean WICKETT

EVELYN KEENE, employee at U.S. Customs House, New Orleans

ED VOEBEL, student, LSUNO

ANABEL CAIRE, student, LSUNO

DIAZ stated there were an additional four students

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA EMIL HENRY BECKER and WILLIAM F. MC DONALD /sms Date dictated 11/30/63

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in the group, however, he did not recall their names. He stated JOHN P. SMITH could probably provide this information.

DIAZ stated that the entire party traveled as a group, and that to the best of his knowledge no one person absented himself from the party for any period of time.

DIAZ advised he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/30/63

JOHN P. SMITH, 1900 Wildair Drive, and a Professor of Art at Louisiana State University at New Orleans, furnished the following information:

He was a member of a group of 16 persons who made a trip to Merida, Mexico, on August 20, 1963. He advised that in addition to the persons furnished by DAVID DIAZ, the following individuals were present on the trip:

LOUISE ARNOULT, Student, Louisiana State University in New Orleans (LSUNO)

NORA LAKE, Student, LSUNO

Mrs. (FNU) LAKE

DIANE MERSE, Student, LSUNO

SMITH advised he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA EMIL HENRY BECKER /mh Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 27, 1963

GORDON A. MAY, President, Mid-South Press, 315 Lake Street, Shreveport, residence 5812 Fern Avenue, Shreveport, Louisiana, advised as follows:

He was one of a party of ten Shreveport men who went on a three day hunting trip to Matamoros, Mexico, from Friday, September 20, 1963, to Sunday, September 22, 1963. Others in this group consisted of:

WINSTON B. LINAM, Station KSLA - TV, Shreveport

HENRY LINAM, JR., Shreveport

KEN DEAS, Vice President and Plant Superintendent, Mid-South Press, Shreveport

CHARLIE WHITESIDES, Southland Advertising Agency, Shreveport

BOB DRESHER, Jet Advertising Agency, Shreveport

FRED FORD, Bozell and Jacobs Advertising Agency, Shreveport

P. J. MILLS, Pioneer Bank and Trust Company, Shreveport

CHARLIE PHILLIPS, "Shreveport Journal", Shreveport

HERB JENNINGS, Purchasing Agent, Southwestern Electric Power Company, Shreveport.

MAY stated he rented a plane from Campbell Air Service, Shreveport, and that he, DEAS, DRESHER and JENNINGS flew from Shreveport to Houston, Texas, where they picked up FRED FORD who had driven his car from Shreveport to Houston, Texas. They then flew to Brownsville, Texas, where they left the plane and drove to Matamoros, Mexico. He stated CHARLIE PHILLIPS drove a station wagon containing their hunting

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On 11/27/63 at Shreveport, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DONALD R. BELMONT :gas Date dictated 11/27/63

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NO 89-69
DRB:gas

equipment from Shreveport to Matamoros and that the two LINAM brothers, WHITESIDES and MILLS flew from Shreveport to Brownsville, Texas in a plane belonging to HENRY LINAM, JR.

MAY stated the entire group stayed at the Ritz Hotel in Matamoros and hunted in the vicinity of Matamoros. They returned to Shreveport by the same means of transportation. He stated WINSTON LINAM arranged the hunting trip through one VINCE STEPHENSON of Brownsville, Texas.

MAY stated he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD, did not travel to Mexico with him or have any contact with him in Mexico and has no knowledge of his activities.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. KEN DEAS, Vice President and Plant Superintendent, Mid-South Press, 315 Lake Street, residence 205 Brenda Street, Shreveport, Louisiana, verified that he went on a hunting trip from Shreveport, Louisiana, to Matamoros, Mexico, about the middle of September, 1963, exact dates unknown, in a party of ten, all from Shreveport. They traveled by private plane from Shreveport and none went by commercial plane. He stated he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD, did not travel with him or meet him in Mexico and has no knowledge of his activities.

On 11/27/63 at Shreveport, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DONALD R. BELMONT :gas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-30. (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/27/63

Mrs. LILLIAN STANTON MERILH, 1314 Jackson Avenue, New Orleans, phone JA 2-5286, was contacted and advised that she had obtained a Mexican Travel Visa from the Mexican Consulate, New Orleans, September 17, 1963.

She advised at the time she was present at the Mexican Consulate there was only one other person present, also there for the purpose of obtaining a travel visa and this person definitely was not LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mrs. MERILH stated that she and her cousin FENELLA FARRINGTON, 1514 Jefferson Avenue, New Orleans, flew to Mexico City via Eastern Airlines on Thursday evening, September 19, 1963, at approximately 7:45 PM, for the purpose of picking up Mrs. FARRINGTON's car. She stated that they remained in Mexico City from the evening of September 19, through the morning of September 23, 1963, at which time, together they drove Mrs. FARRINGTON's car back to New Orleans.

Mrs. MERILH said further, after having examined a photograph exhibited to her of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, that this picture was not familiar to her and that she had no knowledge of OSWALD prior to news casts over the weekend of November 22-25, 1963.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL /mh Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

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SAMUEL THOMAS NORTH, JR., Department of Utilities, City of New Orleans, Room 2W17, City Hall, advised he resided at 508 Madison Street, Apartment 2, New Orleans, Louisiana, and in September, 1963, took a trip to Mexico with his wife, JUDITH MARIE NORTH, nee Muth. Mr. NORTH stated he obtained the tourist permits for his wife and himself at the Mexican Consulate in New Orleans, and she did not accompany him to the Consulate. He did not recall the exact date he obtained the permits, but it was a few days before he went to Mexico and the day following a Mexican holiday as he had attempted to get them the day before and the Consulate was closed. To the best of his recollection, he went to the Consulate in the morning, possibly about 9:45 a.m. When he arrived there were two women in the Consulate, one standing at the counter and the other sitting down reading a book, and was apparently waiting for the one at the counter. While he was there an elderly man, who spoke Spanish and apparently was acquainted with the employees of the Consulate, entered the Consulate. He did not recall anyone else present during the time he was there except the Consular employees.

NORTH stated he was not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and he does not recall ever having seen him. When he read about him and saw pictures of him on television and in the paper, he tried to recall if he had ever seen him anywhere, but feels confident that he had never seen him previously.

NORTH explained he was married on September 21, 1963 and went to Houston, Texas on that date. The following day, September 22, 1963, he and his wife entered Mexico via personal automobile at Roma, Texas and proceeded to Monterey, Mexico, where they stayed in the Ambassador Hotel for two days. They left Mexico, September 24, 1963, at Reynosa, Mexico. They stayed there less than an hour, as he recalled.

Mr. NORTH reiterated that he did not ever recall seeing OSWALD and felt sure he did not see him during this period.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA EUGENE E. BJORN /lyc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

WILLIAM GEORGE GAUDET, Waveland, Mississippi, P.O. Box 365 advised that to the best of his recollection in the early afternoon of September 17, 1963 he picked up his travel permit from the Mexican Counsellor's Office at the Whitney Bank Building in New Orleans. He stated that at the time he entered the Mexican Counsellor's Office, there were six or seven persons waiting to pick up permits and to the best of his recollection, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was not one of them. GAUDET further stated that he left New Orleans, September 19, 1963 via Pan American Airlines at 12:00 noon. He stated that he could not recall the flight number, but is positive that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was not one of the flight passengers in the First Class Section. He further stated that he did not observe OSWALD in the Tourist Section, although he may have been there. He stated this Pan American flight landed in Merida, Mexico and then continued on to other Central and South American countries. GAUDET stated that he did not actually enter Mexico as he was continuing on to the South and Central American countries. GAUDET further stated that he could not recall the exact date he returned, but that it was approximately three or four weeks later. He stated OSWALD was not a passenger on the return flight to the United States.

GAUDET stated in his opinion that if OSWALD was a Marxist, that he would not have gone to Merida in Mexico as this is, in his opinion, a strictly anti-communist area. GAUDET also indicated that he has in the past been an employee of CIA.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JOHN WILLIAM MILLER :lav Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD 302 (Rev. 1-25-50)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

DAVID PEARCE MAGYAR, Chief Pilot, Trans Gulf Seaplane Service, Inc., New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he obtained a visitors visa to travel to Mexico about September 17, 1963.

He advised he departed New Orleans by seaplane on September 24, 1963, and returned September 30, 1963. He was hired by the Williams - McWilliams Dredging Company of New Orleans to fly two employees to a point about 60 to 70 air miles south of Tampico, Mexico. He advised that these employees of the Williams - McWilliams firm were CARL HACKENJOS and CARL SHEARRER (Phonetic). He stated that they passed through American Customs at Brownsville, Texas, on going to and returning from Mexico. He stated that the Williams - McWilliams firm was hired by the Mexican Government to conduct an aerial survey in regards to dredging a canal in Mexico.

MAGYAR viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and advised that he does not personally know OSWALD and other than viewing him on television and reading about him in the newspapers, he does not know anything else about him.

MAGYAR advised that he was personally acquainted with Captain DAVE FERRIE but that this relationship was very casual as he did not consider FERRIE to be a close personal friend. He advised that FERRIE was a former Eastern Airlines pilot who about 10 years ago was in charge of the Civil Air Patrol Unit which held meetings at Moisant Airport. He recalls that FERRIE seemed to be able to handle young boys very well but does not know whether LEE HARVEY OSWALD was a member of the Civil Air Patrol at that time. He advised that GEORGE PIAZZA, 539 Henry Clay Avenue, was one of Captain DAVE FERRIE's best friends and would probably be able to furnish any pertinent information regarding FERRIE that was needed. MAGYAR was under the impression that PIAZZA was a former member of the Civil Air Patrol and probably a member at the same time LEE HARVEY OSWALD allegedly was a member.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SAs WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH and
by KEVIN J. HARRIGAN :sms Date dictated 11/27/63

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He also advised that a LEON GUIDRY (Phonetic) presently residing in New Orleans, exact address unknown, was in the Civil Air Patrol at the same time as Captain DAVE FERRIE. From what he could recall, GUIDRY was the Cadet Captain in the Civil Air Patrol in charge of all Cadets and would probably recall other members of the Civil Air Patrol.

MAGYAR stated that in regards to his applying for his tourist visa at the Mexican Consul in New Orleans that he personally contacted the consul office in September of 1963 but could not recall the exact date. He stated that no one was in the consul office during the time that he was there except the white female clerk who issued the tourist visa to him. He stated that it was about 2:30 p.m. when he was in the consul's office to apply for his visa and that no one entered the office while he was there.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

HENRY EDWARD LINAM, SR., Suite 1401 Petroleum Tower, who resides at Route 1, Box 395 K, advised that he did not make a trip to Mexico in September, 1963, but his sons made a trip with several other men and that his son, WINSTON B. LINAM, apparently went to New Orleans and made the necessary applications with the Mexican Consulate.

On 11/27/63 at Shreveport, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DELANE CHRISTIANSON :gas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

HENRY EDWARD LINAM, JR., Oil Operator, Suite 1401, Petroleum Tower, advised that in September, 1963, he went to Matamoros, Mexico, with a hunting party of ten persons which had been arranged by his brother, WINSTON B. LINAM. He stated his brother had arranged the trip and had obtained their permits to go to Mexico when he was in New Orleans attending a convention. LINAM stated they traveled to Mexico by private airplane and automobile from Shreveport and hunted ducks for one weekend.

LINAM said he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and to his knowledge none of the other members of this hunting party knew him either.

On 11/27/63 at Shreveport, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DELANE CHRISTIANSON :gas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

WINSTON B. LINAM, Vice President and General Manager, KSLA-TV, Shreveport, advised that on September 17, 1963, he was in New Orleans, Louisiana, attending the Louisiana Broadcasters Association Convention. At that time he was planning a duck hunting trip to Mexico for some of his clients and in connection with this trip on September 17, 1963, he went to the Mexican Consulate in New Orleans and obtained Mexican Tourist Cards for himself, his brother HENRY EDWARD LINAM, JR., KEN DEAS and GORDON MAY. He stated the purpose of obtaining the permits at that time was to list the guns which would be taken by the party of ten on the trip. He stated the permits to enter Mexico are simple to obtain and the remaining members of the party obtained theirs at the Mexican Border at the time the trip was made.

LINAM stated they departed Shreveport, Louisiana, September 20, 1963, in two private airplanes and flew to Brownsville, Texas, where they were met by CHARLIE PHILLIPS, an employee of the "Shreveport Journal". PHILLIPS had taken a station wagon to Brownsville which contained all their equipment. From Brownsville they traveled by automobile to Matamoros, Mexico, where they stayed at the Ritz Hotel. On September 21 and 22, 1963, they hunted ducks near Matamoros and on September 23, 1963, they returned to Shreveport by the same mode of transportation by which they had come.

LINAM stated the other members of the party were CHARLIE WHITESIDES, P. J. MILLS, and BOB DRESHER. He said he could not recall the names of the other two men; however, GORDON MAY would know their names.

LINAM concluded by saying he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and could not recall ever having seen him. He said to his knowledge none of the other members of the hunting party knew OSWALD either.

LINAM said it is possible that he made a mistake and put his father's name, HENRY E. LINAM, SR., on the tourist application.

On 11/27/63 at Shreveport, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DELANE CHRISTIANSON :gas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 30, 1963

FLORENCE PARSON DEMEN, housewife, 7221 Friscoville Avenue, Arabi, Louisiana, advised that she and her husband, GEORGE HENRY DEMEN, obtained permits to visit Mexico as tourists at the Mexican Consulate in New Orleans, Louisiana, on September 17, 1963.

They left the New Orleans area on September 22, 1963, in their personally owned automobile and arrived at Monterrey, Mexico, on the evening of September 23, 1963. They traveled on sight seeing trips in a 60 mile radius of Monterrey. After several days they returned to Louisiana.

Mrs. DEMEN stated at no time on their trip or at the Mexican Consulate did the name OSWALD or HIDELL come to her attention. After viewing a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Mrs. DEMEN advised that she had never personally observed OSWALD and had no contact with him at any time.

On 11/27/63 at Arabi, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MERRIMAN D. DIVEN :gas Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 30, 1963

GEORGE HENRY DEMEN, sandblaster, Kaiser Aluminum and Chemical Corp., Chalmette, Louisiana, and resident at 7221 Friscoville Avenue, Arabi, Louisiana, advised that he and his wife, FLORENCE PARSON DEMEN, went to the Mexican Consulate, New Orleans, Louisiana, on September 17, 1963, and obtained permits to visit Mexico as tourists. They left the New Orleans area on September 22, 1963, in their personally owned automobile and arrived at Monterrey, Mexico on the evening of September 23, 1963.

They traveled on sight seeing trips in a 60 mile radius of Monterrey. After several days they returned to Louisiana.

Mr. DEMEN stated that he is not acquainted with anyone by the name of OSWALD or HIDELL and neither of the names came to his attention while in the Mexican Consulate in New Orleans or on his trip to Mexico. After viewing a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Mr. DEMEN advised that he had never personally observed OSWALD and had no contact with him at any time.

On 11/27/63 at Arabi, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MERRIMAN D. DIVEN :gas Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mrs. PAUL REISS, 83 years of age, 1514 Jefferson Avenue, advised that her neice, Mrs. FENELLA (not MILLIE) CRAFT FARRINGTON, resided with her along with Mrs. FARRINGTON's 13 year old son, WILLIAM PRENTIS FARRINGTON.

Mrs. REISS stated that Mrs. FARRINGTON did on or about September 17, 1963 go to the Mexican Consul in New Orleans and secure a tourist permit to go to Mexico City, her purpose being to pick up her, Mrs. FARRINGTON's automobile in Mexico City. She related that a cousin of Mrs. FARRINGTON, a Mrs. LILLIAN MERILH, 1314 Jackson Avenue, New Orleans, had also gone down to the Mexican Consul the same time and also had secured a tourist card as she was going to make the trip with Mrs. FARRINGTON. Mrs. REISS said that she was not certain, but possibly Mrs. FARRINGTON's 13 year old son, WILLIAM PRENTIS FARRINGTON, also made the trip to Mexico City.

Mrs. REISS said that as best she can recollect Mrs. FARRINGTON left New Orleans for Mexico City on September 19, 1963 via an airline, identity of which she did not know.

Mrs. REISS stated that Mrs. FARRINGTON and her son WILLIAM departed from New Orleans at 3:15 P.M. via Delta Airline November 26, 1963, to go to Washington, D. C. to visit with her family up there. She intends to remain in Washington until after the Thanksgiving Holiday at which time she should return to New Orleans.

Mrs. REISS stated that it was Mrs. FARRINGTON's plan to stay with her sister, Mrs. AUSTIN ROBERTS, 5904 Seart Terrace, Washington, D. C., telephone Oliver 4-7320. While there she would also visit with her mother Mrs. FENELLA WAHL who lives in Washington D. C. and whose telephone is COL.5-0065. Address of Mrs. WAHL not known.

Mrs. REISS stated further that it was Mrs. FARRINGTON's plans to leave by automobile November 27, 1963 to drive to Lititz, Pennsylvania to pick up her daughter, Miss FENELLA LOUISE FARRINGTON, and return her to Washington for Thanksgiving. Miss FARRINGTON attends the Linden Hall School For Girls in Lititz, Pennsylvania and can be reached at that school through telephone 626-2108.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY :dc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

1

Mr. REBUEN M. GAXIOLA, Mexican Consul, Mexican Consulate Room 534, Whitney Bank Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, informed that the Mexican Government has no restrictions whatsoever concerning the transportation into or out of Mexico of cameras of any type up until the size reaches 35 mm movie cameras which is a commercial size.

He stated that it is not uncommon to receive numerous inquiries, either telephonically at his office, or through personal contact with individuals, concerning Mexican Government requirements for registering cameras and other items.

He stated that it is a requirement that anyone taking a firearm into Mexico for hunting purposes obtain in conjunction with their tourist card a "good conduct certificate" which would list the type of hunting weapons by make, model and serial number going into Mexico.

He stated that this good conduct certificate would go with the particular tourist or hunter along with the tourist card to the Mexican border where Mexican Customs Officials and a representative of the National Defense Department would again check these weapons by make, model and serial number against the same weapons listed on the "good conduct certificate". He stated that after the hunter finished his hunting trip in Mexico and returned to the Mexican border, these weapons would again be appropriately checked through Mexican Customs and Defense Department in order that the serial number, make and model would tally with those listed on entry into the country.

He emphasized that in addition to LEE HARVEY OSWALD and 18 otherindividuals documented by tourist cards on September 17, 1963, there were dozens of other people in and out of the office for various reasons and it was very possible that one of those who obtained tourist cards on that date could have taken a camera or could have inquiried about taking a camera into Mexico. He stated emphatically, however, that there would be no record made of this either in his office or at the point of entry into Mexico.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA FRANK A. SASS, JR. /cjo Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1 25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

WINSTON B. LINAM, 640 Oak Hill Drive, advised he did not have a camera with him when he visited the Mexican Consulate in New Orleans. He did not register a camera and to his knowledge, no camera was taken on the hunting trip to Mexico. He said he did not talk to anyone while at the Consulate other than the man who assisted him.

He explained there were some other people at the Consulate at the time he was there and he believed there was a woman waiting there behind him. He said she may have had some children with her; however, he could not recall this clearly.

LINAM explained that his Production Manager, JAMES B. HOBBS, had gone to the Mexican Consulate for him earlier the same day to deliver some papers and to consult with them concerning the procedures to be followed.

HOBBS also accompanied him in the afternoon when he went to the Consulate to fill out the necessary papers.

On 11/28/63 at Shreveport, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA DELANE CHRISTIANSON:lav Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

JAMES B. HOBBS, JR., Production Manager, KSLA-TV, 231 Carrollton, advised that on the late morning of September 17, 1963, he went to the Mexican Consulate in New Orleans, Louisiana to deliver some papers for WINSTON LINAM. He stayed there 20 to 30 minutes, most of which time was spent waiting to see the man who later assisted him. There were no other persons waiting in the Consulate during his first visit.

After lunch he and LINAM returned to the Consulate and the same man assisted them. LINAM filled out the necessary papers, while he stood at the counter with him. While he waited, he looked through some of the tourist literature, which was available to the public.

At this time there were some other people waiting in the room but he could recall nothing about their identity. He did not engage anyone in conversation.

He concluded by saying that neither he nor LINAM had a camera and to his knowledge, LINAM did not register a camera with the Consulate.

On 11/28/63 at Shreveport, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA DELANE CHRISTIANSON :lav Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

VERNON HOOD, Station Agent for Taca International Airlines, advised that Taca Airlines has a flight to Central America and Panama City, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. He advised that on September 18, 1963, their flight departed New Orleans at 8:00 AM, destined for Central America.

Mr. HOOD made available the passenger manifest, which failed to reflect a record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mr. HOOD advised that identification is required of all passengers traveling in foreign commerce.

The following is a list of the passengers departing on Taca Flight 701 on September 18, 1963:

BOUOVALT, Roy

DAYS, Dorothy

DAYS, Andrew

UCHIDA, Akeo

ALVARADO, Rafael

FUSEYA, Tetsuro

WADELL, George

DELGADO, Delia

RIVERA, Cornelio

RIVERA, Lucila

NUNEZ, Adolfo

NUNEZ, Cristina

ZAPATA, Celina

KRIETE, Ricardo

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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6 C C

MARTINEZ, Luis

MARTINEZ, Margarita

MOLINA, Raul

SUADI, Susan - deceased

SUADI, Miguel

SUADI, Emilia INFANT

ZEDAN, Antonio

SNYDER, Christopher

SNYDER, Helen

KNIDINGER, Ewald

KELLER, Issabel

VITTINGEL, Richard

JONES, Laura

REIMER, William

JONES, Emma

GIBBS, Louis

DWYER, Edward

MCHUGH, George

COON, Reagan

Mr. HOOD advised that this was the only flight of Taca on September 17, 18 or 19, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1

HARRY FAASCH, Station Agent, Empresa Guatemalteca DeAviacion "Aviateca", Moisant International Airport, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that Aviateca Airlines has a flight to Guatemala every Monday, Wednesday and Friday. He advised on Wednesday, September 18, 1963, the airplane departed from New Orleans at 7:00 AM enroute to Guatemala City, Central America. He made available the following passenger list which did not reflect a passenger named LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

The following is a list of the passengers:

VALDEZ, CARLOS H.

GONZALEZ, ROSEMARY

TRES, MARY DE

SIMONS, ALLAN

SIMONS, RUTH PERALTE DE

SIMONS, PABLO

REYES, FRANCISCO

REYES, ILEANA DE

REYES, MARIA ELENE

GALVEZ, ROSALIA

DE RUANO, MARIA

DE VALLADARES, CHRISTINA

CORDOVA CERNA, MARTHA

DE RODAS, MARIA

GUNTER, HERMAN (not on board)

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /cjc Date dictated 11/27/63

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6 L

HERMAN (not on board)

HERMAN (not on board)

HERMAN (not on board)

AGUIRRE, ENRIQUE (not on board)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1

RAYMOND COMBS, Agent, Eastern Airlines, Moisant International Airport, advised that Eastern Airlines has a direct flight leaving daily at 7:55 PM for Mexico City, Mexico. Mr. COMBS made available the following records reflecting the names of the passengers traveling by Eastern Airlines to Mexico City on September 17, 18, and 19, 1963. This passenger list does not reflect the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mr. COMBS advised that identification and travel documents are required before a passenger can depart on Eastern Airlines.

Following are the names of the passengers reflected on the passenger manifest:
September 17, 1963:

DEGRUY, GILBERT D.

FOWLER, THEODOREF

FOWLER, ALICE D.

SAUCEDO, MIGUEL H.

JACKSON, ARTHUR J.

JACKSON, FLORENCE S.

PORAMBO, ROBERT J.

WOODS, GOERGE E.

SASSOON, SAM

MAYAUD, PIERRE N.

SERVIN, LEOPOLDO F.

HOLT, PERCY K.

SVAREZ, RAQUEL

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /cjo Date dictated 11/27/63

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NELSON, EARL L.

ESPINOSA, DEFERANDEZ B.

CASTELLA, SANTOYO R.

FERNANDEZ, SALVADOR

ESTREDA, HENRY F.

PINEDA, ROBERTO G.

SCIMECA, ANTHONY A.

SCIMECA, MARY C.

MCPHILLIPS, ELINOR E.

MC PHILLIPS, JULIAN L.

WEISS, MARY ANN S.

WEISS, EDWIN I.

LEVY, MARIAC

LEVY, BERNARD H.

FILIP, HAMDEN H.

MORALES, MARIA

MASON, ARTHUR C.

BILLSON, WALTER F.

BILLSON, KATHLEEN M.

ERNEST, WALTER C.

ERNEST, MARY J.

MARTIN, ADDA M.

MARTIN, JULIO C.

SIMMONS, WILLIAM J.

SIMMONS, MARIA H.

BELOTE, JULIAN F.

BELOTE, JEWEL M.

DE ESPONDA, SUSINA M.

VALDES, ISIDRO

MAGNUS, GILLERMO G.

WEILMEIER, HESTER V.

WEILMEIER, JOSEPH B.

HUGHES, HAROLD H.

HUGHES, LORS M.

SANCHEZ, JAVIER

BEUCHOT, ALBERTO

DUBERNAUD, YVETTE L.

LAGO, LIGEIA S.

CANTO, CARLOS

September 18, 1963:

DOUGHERTY, JAMES E. JR.

MURIZ, SERGIO D.

WORRALL, RICHARD

BLACK, NANCY K.

BOWEN, MARVIN L.

SPENCER, DAVID E.

MARTON, MARY J.

NO 89-69 /cjo

ZORN, RALPH M.

HASSMAN, SAMUEL

LUNDBERG, CHARLES J.

BARBERY, CARLOS

ALCARAZ, CONSUELO

DAVENPORT, BEVERLY A.

HENRY HYMEL J.

KLEIN, PHILLIP C.

LETTGE, WILLIAM R.

LETTGE, ANNA P.

BROOKS, ANNETTE H.

BROOKS, DANIEL J. JR.

KELLEY, DONALD D.

SABIA, DONALD M.

TANNER, RAYMON F.

BAGOLINI, LUIGI

SALGADO, HAZEL Y.

DEZAMARROMI, JOSEFINA F.

AZNAR, CRISTINA

ADNAR, PILAR

MORENO, ABEL F.

MURAWETZ, RICHAR V.

WACHENHEIM, MAXINE

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NO 89-69 /cjo

GILL, GEORGE M.

KENNEDY, CORINNE M.

KENNEDY, ROBERT R.

WEBBER, EARL T.

September 19, 1963:

MABRY, RICHARD E.

JAQUET, ISABELLE L.

BOWER, ANNIE D.

GEISLER, HARS F.

SUMMERS, ERNEST T.

BUTT, MOHAMMADM

JONAS, ROBERT L.

PETERSON, GEORGE RET

LEWIS, EDITH E.

LEWIS, JACK E.

TODD, VIRGINIA S.

HURSTON, BERTRAM N.

POLK, JOHN B.

MERILH, LILLIAN S.

FARRINGTON, FENELLA C.

QUINTANILLA, RICHARD MARA

RICHARDO, MARIO

LARRAGUIVEL DE NAVA JOSEFINA

NO 89-69 /cjo

NAVA VASQUEZ JOSE

STEWART, LILLIAN E.

ZINNER, JOAD

WEBER, WILHELM

RICHARDSON, ROBERT E.

LUQUE SANCHEZ RAFEAL

LUQUE PEREZ MARISELA

LUQUE PEREZ MARIA E.

COSTA DE GONZALEZ CONSUELO

GONZALEZ GARCIA FILIBERTO J.

MONTALVO, GONZALO H.

JIMENEZ, NOEMI

DELA PENA, MARTIN O.

GILL, AVIS PEARL

WHALEN, KATHLEEN M.

WHALEN, STEPHANIA SICKD

ROBINSON, ALBERTO R.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

JOSE SALMERON, Traffic Agent for Pan American World Airways, Inc., Moisant International Airport, made available the records of Pan American Airways which reflected that Pan American Flight Number 505 departed on September 17 and September 19, 1963, for Central America. This plane departs from New Orleans at 12:00 noon on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

A review of the passenger manifest failed to reflect the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mr. SALMERON advised that identification is required for all passengers.

The following are the names reflected on the passenger manifest of Pan American World Airways for September 17, 1963:

SYLER, Ross

HAMMOND, Joseph W.

LOELIGER, Geroge R.

LEOLIGER, Martha W.

PEJON, Jorge A.

GUTIERREZ, Jetta H.

LWYER, Paul

MENENDEZ, Mario

MENENDEZ, Maria P.

BUENFIL, Maria G.

FITZMAURICE, Patricia

Early, J. E.

GABER, William

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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EIC

MARTIN, Alfonso

MARTIN, Ligia B.

MARTIN, Lourdes C.

MARTIN, Alicia M.

HAERTIG, M. M.

WIDER, Tibor

FISHAMAN, C.

BOONE, R. C.

BOONE, C. S.

SMITH, M. M.

GREINER, H. L.

CAPUANO, H. F.

CAPUANO, L. I.

CAPUANO, F. H.

CAPUANO, L. S.

CAPUANO, A.

MYRESSIOTIS, C. C.

SCHEDER, R.

SCHEDER, M. INFANTE

MCLIN, J. O.

RECHT, E.

MALARA, C. B. SUB LO III

KELLY, J. F.

BOWLER, R. D.

VALDECASA, R.

MALLEGG, D. R.

RICHMAN, R.

ARAGON, Z.

ANDERSON, R. E.

ANDERSON, H. B.

ALLEN, G.

OWEN, F. L.

DEL CASTILLO, E.

DEL CASTILLO, R.

The following is a list of passengers for Pan American World Airways for September 19, 1963:

RILLERA, T. E.

BUCKENS, F.

BUCKENS, J. F.

PARDO, J. J.

CIENFUEGOS, J.

PFEIFER, A. E.

SANCHEZ, A. L.

HERMAN, G.

HERMAN, D.

HERMAN, A. M.

HERMAN, A. I. INFANTE

ORR, J. C.

MUNOZ, J.

MUNOZ, L. A.

MUNOZ, E. G.

MARTINEZ, T. V.

MARTINEZ, Jorge G.

CARLSON, Wilbur A.

LOPEZ, Andres SUBLO III

DIESELDORF, Arturo

GAUDET, William G.

Mr. JOSE SALMERON advised that the Pan American World Airways handles the passenger traffic for the Venezolana Internacional De Aviacion "Viasa." He advised that Viasa had a flight on Wednesday, September 18, 1963, departing at 3:30 PM and arriving at Maracaibo, Venezuela at 7:00 PM, Maracaibo time. He made avaialble a copy of the passenger manifest for this flight, which did not reflect a record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The list of passengers on this flight is as follows:

ADAMS, Guymon E.

TAYLOR, Henry S.

TAYLOR, William S.

TAYLOR, Virginia S.
SIEGELE, Harold L.
SIEGELE, Mary S.
SIEGELE, Nancy C.
SIEGELE, Susan L.
SIEGLE, Linda A.
SIEGELE, Steven M. INFANTE
BORDERS, George F.
ARNALL, Jack
ARNALL, Doris R.
ROBBINS, Helen S.
ROBBINS, Nancy
CONNER, Joe M.
LANTRIP, Charles W.
OLIVER, Charlie H.
ROBERTSON, Robert S.
POWERS, Carol B.
LAWHORN, Tot
CASTRO, Ricardo
ROCHELLE, Sammie V.
HEER, Ralph W.

KELLY, Frank J.

MOONEYHAM, Oleta M.

FLORES, Juluis

LOPEZ, Eduardo R.

IRAGORRI, Ramon E.

VEHRS, Mary T.

VEHRS, Arnie L.

VEHRS, Pat R.

JOHNSON, VOYD, R.

ABREU, Venancio

ABREU, Ana E.

ABREU, Martha E.

ALLIS, Evelyn

ALLIS, John

MICHELSON, Charles J.

PETERS, Bernhard

CORREA, Maria

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

PARHAM RAYMOND, Assistant Manager, Pan American Airways ticket office, 709 Common Street, advised that a check of reservation records for the month of September, 1963, contained no listing in name OSWALD, LEE, or HIDELL, HYDELL, or HAYDELL or similar name.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA L. M. SHEARER, JR. /sms Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1 Mr. JAMES D. HEADRICK, 809 Olga Street, New Orleans, employed as ticket agent, Greyhound Bus Lines, 1710 Tulane Avenue, advised he is assigned ticket agent's code #02, and that whenever a ticket is issued he uses this code number. Mr. HEADRICK identified from this code number that he issued Greyhound ticket #253714, dated September 25, 1963; however, he is unable to state the person to whom this ticket was issued. Mr. HEADRICK upon reviewing a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, advised that he could not recall whether or not this ticket was issued to this individual.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's JAMES E. SCHMIDT & DEAN S. LYTLE/nhb Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1 — Mr. E. L. GAY, Assistant Terminal Manager, Greyhound Bus Lines, 1710 Tulane Avenue, furnished the following identification as to the various ticket agents who issued tickets to Mexico City in instant matter:

AGENT'S CODE NO.	NAME AND ADDRESS	TIME OF EMPLOYMENT
01	E. A. PHILLIPS 6212 Wadsworth Drive New Orleans, Louisiana	2:30 PM to 10:30 PM (Off duty Tuesdays and Wednesdays)
02	JAMES D. HEADRICK 809 Olga Street New Orleans, Louisiana	Evening shift
04	DOMINIC HENRY LO CASCIO 1900 Coronation Avenue Metairie, Louisiana	7 AM (Off duty Saturday and Sunday)
05	HAMILTON DREBER 405 South Main Street Petal, Mississippi	7 AM to 3:30 PM (Off duty Friday and Saturday)
08	S. C. LADNER 915 Robinson Street Pass Christian, Mississippi	2:30 PM to 10:30 PM (Off duty Tuesdays and Wednesdays)
11	N. J. OTIS 516 Rosewood Drive Metairie, Louisiana	(On vacation until December 4, 1963)

Mr. GAY advised that to the best of his knowledge, the tickets issued in New Orleans did not contain any pencilled numbers on the reverse side of the tickets, and that if such numbers now appear they probably represent a number assigned by the General Accounting Office of Greyhound at Lexington, Kentucky, which office is located at 801 North Limestone Street, Lexington, Kentucky.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA'S JAMES E. SCHMIDT & DEAN S. LYTLE/nhb Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. EMILE REIMHERR, Terminal Manager, Greyhound Bus Lines, 1710 Tulane Avenue, business telephone 525-9371, home telephone VErnon 5-4677, informed there are two buses daily from New Orleans to Mexico City, Mexico, departing 2:15 a.m. and 5:45 p.m. Passengers on both buses change at Laredo, Texas.

He also informed there are seven buses daily from New Orleans to Dallas, Texas, departing 12:45 a.m., 7 a.m., 10:30 a.m. 1:45 p.m., 5:45 p.m., 8:15 p.m. and 10:45 p.m. There are no through buses in that all change at Waco, Texas, with the exceptions of the 5:45 and 10:45 buses which change at Houston, Texas.

Mr. REIMHERR estimated there are about two tickets daily sold to persons for travel to Mexico City, but there are numerous sold for travel to Dallas.

He stated each ticket agent has an identifying number stamped on the tickets sold and could be identified by this number. He noted all agent stubs are sent to the auditing office at 801 North Limestone Street, Lexington, Kentucky, on the first of each month, and that those tickets sold during September for Mexico City and Dallas would now be at the auditing office.

On 11/26/63 New Orleans, Lousiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY gas Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

Mr. EUGENE PHILLIPS, 6212 Wadsworth Drive, New Orleans, Louisiana, a ticket agent at the Greyhound Bus Terminal, New Orleans, advised that he has no recollection of having sold a bus ticket or furnishing travel information to LEE H. OSWALD at any time. He stated that he can not recall the two persons to whom he sold tickets to Mexico on September 16, 1963. PHILLIPS stated that unless something unusual happens, he pays little attention to the purchasers of tickets, and it would have been possible for him to have sold a ticket to OSWALD, and he would not be able to recall the incident.

PHILLIPS was shown a photograph of OSWALD which was taken August 9, 1963. He stated that he had no recollection of having personally observed OSWALD at any time.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by MERRIMAN D. DIVEN/cay Date dictated 11/29/63

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1 NO 89-69:jas

On November 29, 1963, Mr. E. H. REIMHERR, Terminal Manager, Southern Greyhound Terminal, 1710 Tulane Avenue, furnished to SA (A) JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR., the names, addresses, and agent numbers of the following persons. He advised that these individuals are ticket agents working various hours and could have issued tickets to LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

JEANIE GORDON, 1530 Bordeaux Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephone TW 5-9858, Ticket Agent Number 7; works 6:30 AM to 3:00 PM; off duty on Thursday and Friday.

Mr. ERNEST J. LIZANA, Route 1, Box 42, Pass Christian, Mississippi, no home phone, Ticket Agent Number 3; works 10:30 PM to 7:00 AM; off duty on Monday and Tuesday.

EDGAR H. LEE, 4304 South Carrollton Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephone 488-6035, Ticket Agent Number 9; works 5:30 AM to 2:00 PM; off duty on Saturday and Sunday.

THOMAS N. TREGRE, 424-08 Carnation Avenue, Metairie, Louisiana, telephone 834-3053, Ticket Agent Number 12; works 6:00 AM to 6:00 PM.

Mrs. ALLEN MALONE, 4900 Werner Drive, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephone CH 2-2024, Ticket Agent Number 6; works 4:15 PM to 12:45 AM; off duty on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. MILLARD J. ROBICHAUX, 811 Rousselle Street, Houma, Louisiana, telephone Uptown 2-5637 (Houma), Ticket Agent Number 10; works 6:30 AM to 2:30 PM; off duty on Sunday and Monday.

On November 29, 1963, SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS contacted DOMINIC HENRY LOCASCIO, Ticket Agent, Southern Greyhound Terminal, 1710 Tulane Avenue, who advised that a

list called the will call list is maintained of individuals who request, by telephone, tickets be prepared in advance. This list for September, 1963, was reviewed, and no one using the names OSWALD, HIDELL, LEE, RUBY, or RUBENSTEIN was listed thereon.

1 NO 89-69:jas

On November 29, 1963, the following individuals were contacted regarding the travel of LEE HARVEY OSWALD from the City of New Orleans by way of Southern Greyhound. The persons interviewed in this instance represented the ticket agents selling tickets for this transportation and are identified as follows:

DOMINIC HENRY LOCASCIO, 1900 Carnation Avenue, Metairie, Louisiana, Ticket Agent Number 04;

EDGAR H. LEE, 4304 South Carrollton Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, Ticket Agent Number 9;

M. J. ROBICHAUX, 811 Rouselle Street, Houma, Louisiana, Ticket Agent Number 10;

THOMAS N. TREGRE, 424-08 Carnation Avenue, Metairie, Louisiana, Ticket Agent Number 12;

Mrs. ALLEN MALONE, 4900 Werner Drive, New Orleans, Louisiana, Ticket Agent Number 6;

N. J. OTIS, 516 Rosewood Drive, New Orleans, Louisiana, Ticket Agent Number 11.

STEPHEN C. LABNER, 915 Robinson Street, Pass Christian, Mississippi, Ticket Agent Number 8.

Miss JEANNIE GORDON, 1530 Bordeaux Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, Ticket Agent Number 7.

Mr. ERNEST J. LIZANA, Route 1, Box 42, Pass Christian, Mississippi, Ticket Agent Number 3.

As a result of these interviews, no information could be obtained regarding the fact that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had purchased a ticket from these individuals. Each of the above individuals viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD but were unable to identify the picture as that of a person purchasing a ticket for transportation to Mexico City.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

HAMILTON D. REDER, 405 South Main Street, advised that he is employed by the Greyhound Bus Company, New Orleans, Louisiana, as a Ticket Agent. He recalls selling two tickets to Mexico City sometime ago, date not recalled. He said that to the best of his knowledge and recollection the person buying the tickets spoke broken English, possibly Spanish. He vaguely recalls this person was in his middle 30's, 5'6" to 5'7", dumpy build, with a round face.

Mr. REDER stated he is not sure that the above person is in any way connected with the purchase of the tickets to Mexico City. He said that he sells a large number of tickets each day and has no special reason for associating the individual with the purchase of tickets other than the fact that he was speaking broken English. He said that Wednesday before Thanksgiving he sold over 400 tickets during his tour of duty.

He does not recall selling tickets to any one resembling LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/30/63 at Petal, Mississippi File # 89-69

by SA ROBERT EDWARD LEE/dmk Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD 302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Miss JEANNIE GORDON, Ticket Agent, Greyhound Bus Terminal, New Orleans, Louisiana, resides at 1530 Bordeaux Street, New Orleans.

Miss GORDON stated that with regard to ticket number 185 273 which ticket was sold by her at New Orleans, Louisiana on August 31, 1963 with destination Mexico City, Mexico, and used for transportation on September 24, 1963 enroute to Mexico as follows:

She has no personal recollection of the purchaser of that ticket. The ballpoint pen entry in the endorsement block of the number 4 or letter H was not made by her and she had no idea who would make such a notation inasmuch as the number 4 or letter H do not have any significance known to her. Her reply was the same with reference to the number 9418 noted on the back of the duplicate ticket by ballpoint pen.

Miss GORDON stated that she could not recall if that ticket called for routing through Laredo, Texas, but she assumed that it did not, that all Greyhound passengers are routed through Laredo enroute to Mexico City unless Brownsville, Texas is specifically requested by the ticket purchaser. Miss GORDON furnished the following general information:

The total cost of a one-way ticket from New Orleans, Louisiana to Mexico City, Mexico is $30.25; a round-trip ticket costs a total of $54.45. There were three buses leaving New Orleans daily during September, 1963 which made connections at Laredo, Texas with the Mexican Busline, Transportes Del Norte. The bus on which ticket number 185273 was used can be determined by the examination of the ticket which will indicate the driver by his destinctive punch mark.

Miss GORDON stated that she has given considerable thought to all her ticket sales involving trips to Mexico during 1963 but she could not remember selling a ticket or giving information to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She stated that it is possible for her to have had contact with OSWALD during the course of her duties and still not be able to recall the incident because of the brevity of the individual contacts and

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On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DALLAS 89-43

by SA MERRIMAN D. DIVEN /dc Date dictated 11/30/63

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the great number of such contacts during her tour of duty. A recent photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to Miss GORDON but she was unable to state that she had or had not sold a ticket or furnished information to him.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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JOHN CALVIN BROOKS, 4451 Seminary Place, Apartment "D", advised that since September, 1962, he has held a full time job as ticket agent with the Continental Trailways Bus Company, 1314 Tulane Avenue, and added that he regularly worked from 11:00 PM until 7:00 AM at this station. He stated that in addition to this employment, he was a full time seminary student at the Baptist Theological Seminary, New Orleans, Louisiana, and added that he had little time for anything else except his work and his studies. He stated that even the circumstances associated with the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963, were not known to him as he had not read any newspapers nor viewed any telecasts concerning that matter; however, he had viewed a portion of a television film wherein one JACK RUBY was shown in the act of shooting LEE HARVEY OSWALD. For background information, BROOKS stated that he has always been somewhat apprehensive as night clerk at the Trailways bus station, since he senses his responsibility keenly and naturally does not want to lose his job and his opportunity of continuing his theological studies. He stated that for the above reason he has made a habit of noting persons at this bus station who might possibly cause him difficulty and explained that on occasion he has contacted the New Orleans Police Department concerning persons in this station and likewise has been contacted himself by law enforcement agencies. He stated further that a private security patrol regularly inspects this station and he has had occasion to turn suspicious persons over to security officers.

BROOKS was asked if he might possibly recall the purchase of a ticket made at New Orleans, Louisiana, in the station where he is employed for passage of one person one way to Brownsville, Texas, on September 15, 1963. BROOKS stated that to recollect his thoughts he remembered being off work during summer session at Baptist Theological Seminary and returning to work at this station on September 4, 1963. BROOKS telephoned an employee at the Continental Trailways Bus Station and requested this employee to inform him of the number of ticket purchases that were listed on his report for the date September 15, 1963, in an effort to further assist in pinpointing this particular purchase, and stated that he was informed by an employee of this

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /jm Date dictated 11/27/63

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station that the purchase of Trailways ticket # 376416 on September, 1963, for one way passage to Brownsville, Texas, was the third sale listed from the top of this page. BROOKS stated that he would interpret this information as signifying that the purchase of this ticket was made some time in the middle of the night on September 15, 1963.

BROOKS was furnished a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as well as photographs of additional persons and BROOKS selected a photograph of OSWALD, bearing New Orleans Police Department Number 112723, as bearing a definite resemblance to an individual who entered this station on or about September 15, 1963.

BROOKS stated that as he has attempted to recall the occasion in question he has also attempted to report only information which can be reasonably substantiated in his memory; and further explained that for all of the following information furnished he would vouch for the reasonable and considerable certainty that the information set out below is precisely as the happenings occurred which are described:

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BROOKS stated that approximately 3:30 AM on September 15, 1963, two persons entered the Continental Trailways Bus Station from the Tulane Avenue entrance and one of these persons stopped at his sales window while the other stood about the station. For the sake of identification, BROOKS named the purchaser of ticket as #1 and the non purchaser as #2, and described these persons as follows:

#1.

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	Early 40's
Height	5'8" to 5"10
Weight	Unknown
Build	Stocky (well built)
Hair	Dark, cut medium long and unruly.
Complexion	Dark and "swarthy" looking
Dress	Wearing sports shirt and possibly pullover knit type shirt with short sleeves
Characteristics	Accent detected, but unidentified
Marks	Tattoos on forearms

#2.

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	25-26
Weight	Approximately 150 pounds
Build	Slender
Characteristics	Restless appearing and nervous
Dress	Wearing shirt without tie, open at the neck

BROOKS stated, for information, that on an average only about three people purchase tickets from him for travel to Brownsville, Texas, approximately one year and he associated

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JRP/cjo

the individual identified as #1 because of the arrival point for the ticket purchase. He stated that as he assumes responsibility for the entire station for midnight hours, he takes note of anyone moving about the station and added that the individual described as #2 attracted his attention primarily because he had come in with individual #1 and appeared to be standing about the station. He stated that the individual listed as #1 purchased this ticket using cash since he explained that he does not accept checks on his working shift and added that he is certain that this person did not furnish him with travelers checks. He explained that he noted that neither the person identified as #1 or as #2 was carrying any baggage and stated that no baggage was checked at this station to the best of his knowledge.

He advised that a short time after the ticket had been purchased, possibly twenty minutes in time, either the person referred to as #1 or #2 went upstairs to the men's room located slightly to the rear of the station and a very short time later the other individual walked to this men's room. He stated that he happened to take note of this fact since he is always on the alert to avoid any "characters" as well as any "incidents" at this station. He stated that he did not recall seeing the individual referred to as #1 about the station after this incident, but he did have ample occasion to observe the individual referred to as #2 during the following approximate two hour period. He stated that his attention had been called to the pair possibly for the reason that he had not observed the individual listed as #1 waiting about the station for the bus which was scheduled to leave New Orleans, Louisiana, at six o'clock AM, but he did observe the individual listed as #2 remain about the station until bus departure time, although he added that he did not personally observe individual #2 board the bus. He explained that it was difficult to observe anyone board a bus at this station since a partition obstructed his vision of the buses parked at the parking lot, but added that he had observed the #2 individual walking about the station and appearing to be nervous and restless. He further stated that he had not seen individual #1 in conversation with individual #2 and had not observed individual #1 give a bus ticket to individual #2, but explained that he somehow deduced in his mind that as both of these persons

entered the station together and afterwards had met in the men's room and he had observed individual #1 no longer than a period of approximately twenty minutes at the station, but had observed individual #2 for morethan a two hour period at the station, that individual #1 had very likely purchased this bus ticket for individual #2.

BROOKS reiterated that he was "reasonably sure" that all of the above information was accurately delivered and was as close an approximation to the facts as it was possible to make. He stated in his honest opinion he had not added to nor taken away from the situation which he had observed at this station.

He stated that he had not seen either of these persons before the incident referred to and has not seen them since the time referred to.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 27, 1963

CRAIG TAMPLAIN, 317 Northwest Third Street, employed as Ticket Agent at Continental Trailways Bus Station, 1314 Tulane Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that from among photographs furnished him including a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD bearing New Orleans Police Department number 112 723, that the only face familiar to him was that of OSWALD which he said he had recognized as it was displayed on television and in newspapers. He stated that if OSWALD purchased a ticket or tickets from him at the Continental Trailways Bus Station on September 24, 1963, that he was not aware of this fact and at least he would not be in a position to indicate the identity of a person who purchased a ticket on this date for passage to Dallas, Texas. He emphasized the fact that each day he saw so many persons that he would almost be unable to identify any person who purchased a ticket from him on any occasion.

On 11/27/63 at Reserve, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :sms Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 27, 1963

GREGORY MC DONALD, Room 204, Gravier Apartments, 1315 Gravier Street, employed as Ticket Agent, Continental Trailways Bus Station, 1314 Tulane Avenue, advised that he was unable to pick out a picture from among those furnished as being identifiable with any person seen recently at this station. It is noted that one of the photographs furnished MC DONALD was a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD bearing New Orleans Police Department number 112 723. MC DONALD stated that as a ticket agent he regularly saw so many persons each day that he would be unable to state whether or not he ever saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any of the other persons whose photographs were furnished him at the station referred to.

He stated that if someone appeared at this station on September 25, 1963, and purchased a ticket from him for either Dallas, Texas, or Brownsville, Texas, he could not identify this person from among the photographs furnished him and added that in his opinion he would not be able to identify the person or persons who purchased these tickets at all.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NC 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :sms Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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MAJOR J. GREEN, Manager, Continental Trailways Bus Depot, 1314 Tulane Avenue, examined several bus schedules operating between New Orleans, Louisiana, and Dallas, Texas and between New Orleans, Louisiana and Brownsville and Laredo, Texas, as well as between New Orleans, Louisiana and Mexico City, Mexico and listed the following departure and arrival dates which pertained to each schedule:

Schedule between New Orleans, Louisiana and Dallas, Texas

(Six busses daily operate from New Orleans and Dallas)

Departure Time	Arrival Time
12:30 AM	2:20 PM
4:30 AM	7:20 PM
6:00 AM	10:45 PM
10:30 AM	12:45 AM (following day)
2:20 PM	4:30 AM (following day)
8:15 PM	10:15 AM (following day)

Schedule between New Orleans, Louisiana and Brownsville, Texas

(Three busses operate on this schedule daily)

Departure Time	Arrival Time
6:00 AM	6:15 AM (following day)
4:40 PM	12:55 PM (following day)
8:15 PM	6:55 PM (following day)

Schedule between New Orleans, Louisiana and Laredo, Texas

(Two busses operate daily between these locations)

Departure Time	Arrival Time
4:40 PM	1:20 PM (following day)

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :lav Date dictated 11/27/63

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Departure Time	Arrival Time
8:15 PM	7:35 PM (following day)

GREEN stated that the Continental Trailways Depot at New Orleans, Louisiana, was prepared to offer a traveler a ticket for passage from New Orleans, Louisiana to Mexico City, Mexico and added that for bus passage inside the country of Mexico, he issued tickets on either the Transportes Del Norte or the Autobuss Blancos Flecha Roja Lines. He stated further that it was possible to purchase a ticket at New Orleans, Louisiana for passage to Brownsville or Laredo, Texas at either of which points it was possible to purchase a separate ticket for bus passage within Mexico aboard one of the above named bus lines. He added that naturally no United States bus system operated busses which traveled directly to Mexico City, Mexico without changing to a Mexican carrier. He stated the shortest possible bus passage time between New Orleans, Louisiana and Mexico City, Mexico was approximately 30 hours.

GREEN examined his records made of ticket sales between New Orleans, Louisiana and Dallas, Texas for a period beginning September 24, 1963 and ending September 28, 1963 and listed such ticket sales as they appear below:

Date	Tickets Sold	Passage	Ticket Number
9/24/63	One	One way	377005
9/25/63	One	One way	377041
9/26/63	One	One way	377084

GREEN stated that a review of his records revealed that the tickets sold on September 24 and September 26, 1963 were sold by Ticket Agent CRAIG TAMPLAIN, residing at an unknown address in Reserve, Louisiana, who could be reached by telephone KE 6-5543 and who happened to be off from work

on November 27, 1963 but regularly worked on the day shift from 1:30 PM until 10:00 PM. He stated that the ticket sold on September 25, 1963 was sold by Ticket Agent GREGORY MC DONALD, who resides in an apartment located in the Warwick Apartments, 1315 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana and added that MC DONALD started work at 3:30 PM each day and ended his work day at midnight.

GREEN further examined his records of ticket sales made for the period of September 14, 1963 through October 1, 1963 and stated that no sales had been made by any ticket agent at New Orleans, Louisiana to Mexico City, Mexico. He stated in addition that no tickets had been purchased during this period from New Orleans, Louisiana to Laredo, Texas. He added that the following listed information represented ticket sales made for passage from New Orleans, Louisiana and Brownsville, Texas on the dates indicated:

Date	Tickets Sold	Passage	Ticket Number
9/15/63	One	One way	376416
9/25/63	One	One way	377025

GREEN stated that the ticket sold on September 15, 1963, was sold by Ticket Agent JOHN BROOKS, who resides somewhere in the 4100 block of Seminary Place, New Orleans, and could be reached through telephone 282-6051. GREEN stated that BROOKS was regularly employed from the midnight shift starting at 11:00 PM and ending at 7:00 AM. GREEN stated that the ticket sold on September 25, 1963 was sold by GREGORY MC DONALD, whose address appears above.

GREEN advised that the Trailways Bus people at New Orleans, Louisiana do not utilize the service of any dispatcher, but explained that the ticket agents named

above act as dispatchers. He stated that records would be available of Continental Trailways Drivers who operated busses between New Orleans and Dallas and between New Orleans and Brownsville, Texas on the dates indicated above, but explained that this information was not available to him as it was maintained within the permanent files of the Continental Trailways Bus System located at P.O. Box 4407 Alexandria, Louisiana. GREEN stated that this office was a main office of the Continental Trailways System and covered a nine state divisional area.

GREEN emphasized the fact that there was no way possible to determine the names of the individuals who had purchased the tickets identified above by number and added that the information above constituted all of the information available to him, except all Trailways passengers are furnished a "stub" of a ticket bearing numbers obtained by the office making the transportation sale and GREEN further explained that in the case of the above described tickets for passage between New Orleans, Louisiana and Dallas, Texas as well as between New Orleans, Louisiana and Brownsville, Texas, that the stubs placed in the passenger's possession would eventually have been turned in to the ticket office of the passenger's destination and after a short delay, would find their way into the office of Revenue and Accounting, 315 Continental Boulevard, Dallas, Texas. He added that these ticket stubs were permanently retained at this office in Dallas, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

On November 29,1963, SA NICKOLAS A. SHUMANSKY, while at the Continental Trailways Bus Main Office, 425 Bolton Avenue, Alexandria, Louisiana, searched the records for ticket stubs utilized in transportation from New Orleans, Louisiana, to Dallas, Texas, on September 24, 25, and 26, and located the following ticket stubs: S 377005 dated September 24, 1963; S 377041 dated September 25, 1963, and S 377084 dated September 26, 1963.

On 11/29/63 at Alexandria, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NICKOLAS A. SHUMANSKY /mh Date dictated 11/30/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29 1963

MAJOR J. GREEN, Manager, Continental Trailways Bus Depot, 1314 Tulane Avenue, was recontacted and stated for information that there was no way to determine through checks of his records at New Orleans, Louisiana when a given bus ticket was used. He stated that his records only revealed the date a bus ticket was purchased and validated. He explained, however, that the date that a bus ticket was used should appear on the ticket stub retained by the passenger and added that all ticket stubs used by passengers of the Continental Trailways Bus System were forwarded to the Revenue and Accounting Office, 315 Continental Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

For additional information GREEN stated that at the time a bus ticket was sold it was also validated by the ticket agent and GREEN added that the following employees of his bus station were identified with the following listed code letters representing die casts:

CRAIG TAMPLAIN
Code Letter C

JOHN BROOKS
Code Letter B

GREGORY MC DONALD
Code Letter E

GREEN was requested to search his records of ticket sales made between New Orleans, Louisiana and Mexico City, Mexico, Brownsville, Texas and Laredo, Texas for the period September 1 to September 14 and advised that he could find no listings of ticket sales made during this period for passage from New Orleans, Louisiana to Mexico City, Mexico or for passage from New Orleans, Louisiana to Laredo, Texas. He stated that a review of his records revealed that on September 6, 1963 a single ticket for one-way passage between New Orleans, Louisiana and Brownsville, Texas was sold by ticket agent LEONARD HOLLAND, JR. bearing the code letter F and added that this ticket was identified with the numbers 355 787. He further examined his records of ticket sales made and advised that on September 10, 1963 one ticket was sold for one-way passage between New Orleans, Louisiana and Brownsville, Texas by Mrs. OPAL HYMEL, bearing a code letter H and added that this ticket was identified by the letters 355 604.

GREEN stated that HOLLAND was out of the City of New

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /dc Date dictated 11/29/63

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Orleans on November 29, 1963 at an unknown location but explained that this agent would appear on the job for his regular 3:30 to midnight shift on Saturday, November 30, 1963 or could be reached at his residence, 4440 Chef Menteur Highway, New Orleans, Louisiana or by contacting him through telephone number 945-5350. He stated that Mrs. HYMEL was no longer employed at this bus station and he believed her to be residing at an unknown location in Monroe, Louisiana. He stated that when employed Mrs. HYMEL regularly worked the 7:30 A.M. to 4:00 P.M. shift.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

LEONARD R. HOLLAND, JR., Ticket Agent, Continental Trailways Bus System, 1314 Tulane Avenue, residence 4440 Chef Menteur Highway, advised that he was regularly employed as a ticket agent with this bus system and has worked a 3:30 PM to midnight shift during the last year.

-- He was furnished photographs, among which appeared a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, bearing New Orleans Police Department #112723 and picked out a photograph of OSWALD from having seen a picture recently displayed on television and newspapers. He explained that he did not recall seeing this person at any time in the Continental Trailways Bus Station and added that if a one way ticket was purchased from him on September 6, 1963, for passage from New Orleans, Louisiana, to Brownsville, Texas, that he would not be able to identify the person who purchased this ticket as he saw so many persons each day and could not remember making this sale.

HOLLAND stated he could furnish no additional information relative to LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /mh Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-3[illegible] (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1 The information set forth hereinafter was furnished by Mr. ELMER E. BILBRAY, Supervisor of Revenue Accounting, Continental Trailways Bus System, General Office, 425 Bolton Avenue, Alexandria.

By way of illustration as to the procedure followed when a Continental Trailways (Continental) ticket is issued from New Orleans, Louisiana, to Dallas, Texas, the following illustration is set out:

The selling agent in New Orleans issues a ticket showing "from" and "to" and the fare. One part of this ticket goes to the purchaser who must exhibit the ticket at various points along the travel route to the bus driver, who punches a numbered circle on the bottom of the ticket and then gives this ticket back to the passenger. The final-destination bus driver picks up the ticket from the passenger and punches it three times across the face and then he puts the collected tickets in a yellow envelope, known as a trip report and time slip. This report shows the ticket stubs picked up from the passengers, the number of passengers on the bus, and the number of passengers getting on and off at any given point along the route traveled.

This trip report and time slip is turned over by the final-destination bus driver to the Dallas Office of Continental, and this office at the end of the month sends to Alexandria, Louisiana, these passenger tickets. Alexandria Continental takes a representative sample of these passenger tickets and checks them against the New Orleans, Louisiana, agents ticket report, which is made up each day.

This agent's ticket report shows the ticket number, the cost of the ticket, and the ultimate destination. With this agent's ticket report there is enclosed the various ticket stubs sold by the selling agent in New Orleans. It is this agent's ticket report which is checked against the purchaser's ticket that was picked up by the final-destination bus driver. The selling agent's stub in most instances does not contain any additional information beyond that shown on the agent's ticket report. On occasion, the selling agent on this ticket stub might show the routing; that

On 11/29/63 at Alexandria, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA PAUL R. LANCASTER :jas Date dictated 11/29/63

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is, one traveling to Dallas via Continental could go one of two ways. One could travel from New Orleans to Houston to Dallas, or from New Orleans to Shreveport, Louisiana, to Dallas.

-- The third portion of the ticket is kept by the passenger for identification, should he need it when he gets off the bus at various rest points and then has to identify himself before getting on the bus again.

The normal Continental route to Mexico City from New Orleans is through Houston and not Dallas, Texas, although it is possible to pay a little extra money and be routed through Dallas, Texas.

The route to Mexico City is through Laredo, Texas, and if the final destination is Mexico City, the final-destination bus driver picks up the passengers' tickets and punches them as described before, and these passenger tickets are sent to Dallas on a Reclaim Form to Dallas Continental General Office, 315 Continental Avenue. Dallas Continental keeps these passenger tickets on file at 2805 Logan, Dallas, Texas, under the supervision of Mr. C. WALTERS.

As stated above, the New Orleans Office of Continental makes up a daily agent's ticket report because volume is such to warrant a daily report; however, there are four travel bureaus in New Orleans which sell Continental tickets and who make up an agent's ticket report, but this report is not made on a day-to-day basis because volume does not warrant a day-to-day report. The four travel bureaus in New Orleans which sell Continental tickets are:

Travel Consultant, Inc.,
Mr. L. F. HOPKINS, Manager;

McCall and Worden Travel Agency,
Mr. W. H. WORDEN, Manager;

Godcheaux Travel Service,
Mr. JOHN D. KOUSSA, Manager

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All Travel Agency,
H. H. BINGHAM, Manager

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FD-36; (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Mr. E. A. REIMHERR, Terminal Manager, Greyhound Bus Terminal, 1710 Tulane Avenue, furnished the following information regarding transportation from New Orleans to Mexico City via Greyhound lines.

The one-way fare is $30.25 using ticket form #3, and the round-trip fare is $54.45 using ticket form #6. The route to Mexico City consists of leaving New Orleans with stops at Lake Charles, Louisiana; San Antonio, Texas; Laredo, Texas; ending in Mexico City. This trip takes a total of about 44 hours, however, a bus rider has "stop-over" privileges at any point.

A trip to Mexico City involves three separate bus lines, Southern Greyhound, from New Orleans to Lake Charles; Central Greyhound from Lake Charles to Laredo, Texas; Transport Del Norte, the Mexican bus line from Laredo, Texas, to Mexico City. The time element for a valid ticket is six months on a one-way ticket and one year on a round-trip per tariff regulations, however, the Greyhound very seldom questions the date of issue on a ticket.

To make a trip to Mexico City it is necessary for a purchaser of a ticket to obtain a tourist card and vaccination certificate. The purchaser must present his birth certificate on obtaining this tourist card or vaccination certificate. The tourist card and vaccination certificate may be obtained in New Orleans from the Mexican Consul or the Mexican Government Tourist Office, which office is located on St. Charles Avenue in the Sheraton Charles Hotel Building.

The following are the times for the two Greyhound buses leaving New Orleans for Mexico City each day which times were in effect during the month of September, 1963.

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by SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. :sms Date dictated 11/30/63

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Location	1st Departure	2nd Departure
New Orleans (leave)	12:45 a.m.	5:45 p.m.
Lake Charles (arrive)	7:00 a.m.	12:50 a.m.
Lake Charles (leave)	7:30 a.m.	1:00 a.m.
San Antonio (arrive)	5:55 p.m.	11:20 a.m.
San Antonio (leave)	6:30 p.m.	12:05 p.m.
Laredo (arrive)	10:10 p.m.	3:45 p.m.
Laredo (leave)	10:45 p.m.	4:30 p.m.
Mexico City (arrive)	7:30 p.m.	11:30 a.m.

Each of the above schedules takes approximately 44 hours with the first departure leaving at 12:45 a.m. ending the next day 7:30 p.m. and the second departure leaving 5:45 p.m. ending on the second day 11:30 a.m.

Mr. REIMHERR advised that the original ticket does have a space for "endorsement" in the lower right hand corner. This endorsement should only be used by the issuing ticket agent when reason for issuance of ticket is not normal such as if a Government Transportation Request is used or a special fare is given such as in charity cases. This endorsement space is not for use by the purchaser and should not be used except by the original issuing ticket agent, however, he pointed out that this does not preclude the purchaser, other ticket agents, or bus drivers from writing in this endorsement space. He was of the opinion if such a writing is noted after ticket has been returned to the accounting department and it is determined that the issuing ticket agent did not make such a notation that any such writing was probably made by the accounting department.

With regard to the above buses going to Mexico City, Mexico, Mr. REIMHERR added that during September, 1963, there was an additional bus departing New Orleans, Louisiana, at 2:15 a.m., an express bus, which overtook the 12:45 a.m. bus at Houston, Texas, and thereafter the schedules of the two buses coincided.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Mr. RUBEN M. GAXIOLA, Mexican Consulate, 534 Whitney Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, made available the application for tourist card to visit Mexico of the below listed persons which show the following information:

DOROTHY ANN GREENBERG
Permit Number, FM 8-24010
Home Address, 3rd Avenue 13-48, Zone 10, Guatemala, Rep. De. Guatemala
Telephone Number, 68692
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of Trip, in transit for Guatemala
Passport Number, 106-893
Visa Number, 669
Date of Application, September 3, 1963

LAZARUS SIMMONS GREENBERG
Permit Number, FM 8-24011
Home Address, 3A Avenue 13-48, Zone 10, Guatemala Rep. De. Guatemala
Telephone Number, 68692
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of Trip, in transit for Guatemala
Passport Number, 117-718
Visa Number, 5479
Date of Application, September 3, 1963

MARIALUISA COSMAN DE GREENBERG
Permit Number, FM 8-24012
Home Address, 3A Avenue 13-48, Zone 10, Guatemala Rep. De. Guatemala
Telephone Number, 68692
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of trip, in transit for Guatemala
Passport Number, 250
Visa Number 5480
Date of Application, September 3, 1963

KAY WILHELM LUDEKE RUMP
Permit Number, FM 8-24015
Address, 4A Holztweite, Hamburg, Germany
Telephone Number, 829-593
Method of Transportation, bus

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DL 89-43

by SA's JOHN WILLIAM MILLER & ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY /dc/lil Date dictated 11/30/63

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Purpose of trip, vacation
Passport Number, 964-2341
Date of Application, September 3, 1963

BESTA GLORIA MIRANDA D'VALLARDARES
Permit Number FM8-24042
Home Address, 17 Calle, 1453, Zone 13, Guatemala City, Guatemala
Telephone Number, 63873
Method of Transportation, auto
Travel to Guatemala
Passport Number 51352
Visa Number, 683
Date of Application, September 7, 1963.

MARTHA SALAZAR GONZALEZ
Permit Number, FM 8-24071
Home Address, Post Office Box 103, Las Vegas, Nevada
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of trip, vacation
Passport Number, 078256
Visa Number, 700; Date of Application - September 13, 1963

FRANCISCO ANTONIO GAVARRETE CORDOVA
Permit Number, FM8-24072
Home address, Post Office Box 103, Las Vegas, Nevada
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of trip, vacation
Passport Number, 109682
Visa Number, 701
Date of Application, September 13, 1963.

AVIS BOVARD FAURE
FM8-24073
Address, Post Office Box 162, Houma, Louisiana
Phone number UP 26105
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of trip, vacation
Date of Application, September 13, 1963

FLORENCE PARSON DE MEN
FM8-24086
7209 Friscoville Ave., Arabi, Louisiana
Telephone number, 271-6725
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of Trip, pleasure
Date of Application, September 17, 1963

GEORGE HENRY DE MEN
FM8-24087
Address, 7209 Friscoville Ave., Arabi, Louisiana
Telephone Number, 271-6725
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of trip, pleasure
Date of Application, September 17, 1963

SAMUEL THOMAS NORTH, JR.
FM8-24082
Address, 508 Madison St., Apt. 2,
New Orleans, Louisiana
Telephone Number, 529-4311 Ext. 625 (Business)
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of Trip, vacation
Date of Application, September 17, 1963

JUDITH MARIE SMITH NORTH
FM8-24083
Address, 508 Madison St., Apt. 2
New Orleans, Louisiana
Telephone Number, 529-4311 Ext. 625 (Business)
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of Trip, vacation
Date of Application, September 17, 1963

NO 89-69
DALLAS 89-43/dc
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WILLIAM GEORGE GAUDET
FM8-24084
Home address, 406 Beach, Waveland, Mississippi
Telephone Number, 526-1660
Method of Transportation, plane
Purpose of Trip, tourist
Passport Number, 1744987
Date of Application, September 17, 1963

MELVIN LENUS PLUCHE
FM8-24102
Address, 7221 Friscoville Avenue, Arabi, Louisiana
Phone Number, 279-7554
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of Trip, vacation
Date of Application, September 20, 1963

MARIE GRACE MISURACA PLUCHE
FM8-24103
Address, 7221 Friscoville, Avenue, Arabi, Louisiana
Telephone Number, 279-7554
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of trip, vacation
Date of Application, September 20, 1963

JACK CLINTON RODRIGUEZ
FM8-24150
Home address, 2416 Agriculture
New Orleans, Louisiana
Phone Number 949-4688
Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of trip, vacation
Date of Application, October 1, 1963

KATERI THERESA ANN LUNA RODRIGUEZ
FM 8-24151
Home address, 2416 Agriculture
New Orleans, Louisiana
Phone Number 949-4688

NO 89-69
DL 89-43/dc/lil
5

Method of Transportation, auto
Purpose of trip, vacation
Date of application, October 1, 1963

Mr. GAXIOLA made available for copying the application for permit for travel into Mexico of persons making this application during the months of September and October, 1963.

He stated that although the application for tourist card to visit Mexico has a notice in the lower left-hand corner stating the card must be used within 90 days and is valid for a period of six-months stay in Mexico from date of entry, that this does not mean this application is only for a six-months permit. He stated that persons requesting permission to travel in Mexico execute this form regardless of whether their intended stay in Mexico is for one day or six months.

He further stated that although the prefix FM8, which denotes a 15-day permit, and FM6, which denotes a 6-months permit, does not appear on the application for tourist card to visit Mexico, he is able to differentiate between the 15-day permit and 6-months permit by the sequence of numbers, the cost of the permit, and the filing of FM8 permits and FM6 permits in two different files.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

LENUS MELVIN PLUCHE, 7221 Friscoville Avenue, advised as follows:

He is employed as a steam power operator at Kaiser Aluminum Company. In September, 1963, he and his wife decided to take a vacation trip to Mexico with their neighbors, GEORGE and FLORENCE DE MEN. The trip had first been planned by the DE MENs and when GEORGE DE MEN agreed to postpone his vacation one week it was possible for the two couples to travel together.

On a Thursday, September 19, 1963, he and his wife went to the Mexican Consulate in the Whitney Building to apply for their tourist cards. They were at the Consulate for about ten minutes at about 11:00 a.m. Among the persons being served in this office at this time were a woman and her son who spoke Spanish and another woman who apparently had a visa from some other Central or South American country and was arranging some type of travel.

They departed from New Orleans on Sunday, September 22, 1963, about 9:00 a.m. in DE MEN's car. They stayed overnight at Victoria, Texas, and on Monday, September 23, 1963, attempted to cross the border at Laredo, Texas, however, at this point they learned of road repairs ahead and detoured to Roma, Texas, and crossed the Mexican border at this place at about 7:30 p.m. After a short check with customs they proceeded to Monterey, Mexico, where they stayed in a motel. Thereafter they made daily sightseeing trips within a radius of about 50 miles from Monterey. They saw few American tourists but he recalls that at Garcia's Cave they saw two young couples from somewhere in Texas who were on a honeymoon trip.

They started their return trip on Thursday, September 26, 1963, leaving Monterey about 9:00 a.m. They crossed the border at Laredo about 3:00 p.m. and had only a short wait at the customs station. They drove past Victoria spending the night at a small town some miles beyond and eventually arrived home on

On 11/30/63 at Chalmette, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DONALD L. HUGHES :sms Date dictated 11/30/63

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Friday, September 27, 1963, about 8:00 p.m.

He stated that to his knowledge he has never seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD prior to seeing his photograph on November 22, 1963, and thereafter. He is particularly certain he did not see any individual resembling OSWALD at any time in connection with their trip to Mexico.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 30, 1963

Mrs. MARIE GRACE PLUCHE nee MISURACA, 7221 Friscoville Avenue, advised as follows:

In September, 1963, upon learning that their neighbors GEORGE and FLORENCE DE MEN of 7209 Friscoville Avenue, were planning a trip to Mexico, she and her husband arranged to join them. On about September 19 or 20, 1963, she and her husband went to the Mexican Consulate on St. Charles Avenue, New Orleans, and applied for their tourist card. During this visit to this office she noticed other persons waiting which included a blond woman as well as a person she took to be Mexican who was carrying on a conversation in Spanish with the office personnel.

On Sunday, September 22, 1963, they departed with the DE MENs in DE MEN's automobile and traveled by way of Victoria, Texas. They entered Mexico on September 23, 1963, about 7:30 p.m., the name of the entry point being unknown to her other than the fact that they were required to detour from Laredo, Texas. They stayed in Monterey, Mexico, at the Super Motel. They made daily sightseeing trips in the area of Monterey and had no recalled contacts with other American tourists.

They started on their return trip September 26, 1963, leaving Monterey about 9:00 a.m.; they crossed the border at Laredo at about 3:00 p.m. and stayed overnight at someplace in Texas beyond Victoria. They continued to travel on September 27 arriving home about 8:00 p.m. Throughout their travels no one in their group was in conversation with other American tourists and she recalls seeing very few persons that she though might be from the United States. She stated that she is positive she has never seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD at any time and is certain she did not see him while they were preparing for the trip or at any point during their travels.

On 11/30/63 at Chalmette, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DONALD L. HUGHES :sms Date dictated 11/30/63

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HQ 62-2115
JJD/lc

TRAVELS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOSEPH J. DOOLING:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS:

On November 27, 1963, HAL L. KENDIG, District Sales Manager, Pan American Airways, 1219 Main Street, made available all records, including manifests and alphabetical listings of reservations, for flights from Houston, Texas, to Mexico City, Mexico, from September 17, 1963, through October 14, 1963. These records were checked for name LEE HARVEY OSWALD and aliases, Alek J. Hidell and O. H. Lee, with negative results.

Manifest records of Pan American include all passengers on flights from Houston to Mexico. Alphabetical listing of passengers includes names of all passengers who made reservations at Houston for flight from Houston to Mexico.

1

HO 26-2115
JWR:ms

RE: MOVEMENT OF OSWALD

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES W. RUSSELL:

On November 25, 1963, ROBERT ROGGAN, phone HO 7-[illegible] telephonically advised that about three weeks ago he was work[illegible] at the Stop and Go # 4 Market at 3800 Link Valley, with GEORGE RYAN. He said a man who could have been OSWALD attempted to cash a check at this market.

GEORGE RYAN, who resides at 1839 Lynnview Drive, phone HO 5-9047, advised that on October 15, 16 and 17, 1963, a man who meets LEE HARVEY OSWALD's physical description attempted to cash a check drawn on an out of state bank at the Stop and Go # 4. He stated this man claimed he was with some book company and the check had been drawn on the account of a book company which was believed to have the name Book of America in the name of the company. He advised that the man had appeared at this drive-in on three seperate evenings attempting to cash the $60.00 check which was drawn on an out of town bank. RYAN stated that he could not recall specifically that the check was drawn on a Dallas bank, but it could have been. He said he is not certain he could identify this man in the future but recalls he did look like OSWALD. He said the man was driving some kind of automobile which he could not recall. He said after the man was refused for the third time, he did not return to that store.

DL 100-10461

III. PURCHASE OF ITALIAN CARCANO T-36 6.5 IT CALIBER RIFLE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

Mr. MERRILL BROWN, Lifschultz Fast Freight, 28 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois, furnished the following items from his records:

1) Consignee's Memo, Pro No. A 394857, of North Penn Transfer, Inc., Lansdale, Pennsylvania, dated February 12, 1963, reflecting shipment of "10 CR or Case Guns or Rifles" from Crescent Firearms, Inc., Pottsville, Pennsylvania, Shipper's No. 3178, consigned to "Kelins Sporting Gds," 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

2) Lifschultz Fast Freight Delivery Receipt No. 3-041342 dated February 15, 1963, reflecting receipt of above referenced shipment by Kleins Sporting Goods on February 21, 1963.

3) Lifschultz Fast Freight Chicago Run Sheet, Run No. 48969, reflecting delivery of above referenced shipment to Kleins by Lifschultz Driver JONES, Employee No. 293.

On 11/25/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # Chicago 62-6115

by SAs ROBERT T. PIPER and ROBERT C. CRATTY/MCW Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

MITCHELL SCIBOR, Office Manager, Klein's, 4540 West Madison, provided what he described as a copy of a record which he had made upon opening gun cases on February 22, 1963, and at the same time gave an explanation as to certain notations found on this record. In the upper lefthand corner on each page of this record is a notation "RR #1243" indicating "Receiving Report" number which details the method of travel and so forth of the guns. The date immediately below this number is the date of the opening of the gun cases. The bold face numbers found upon this record are company control numbers which are assigned as the guns are taken from the case. SCIBOR stated that the serial number for each gun is visually checked and noted on the record following the appropriate company control number. A tag is also made for each weapon showing both the serial number and the company control number.

SCIBOR advised that the notations in the upper righthand corner are for his own use in filing his copy of this record. He stated that the original of this report is directed to the company recording and booking department, where it is entered into a master booking system and the original of this record is then destroyed. The copy retained by SCIBOR is used by him as an aid in handling the merchandise.

The record furnished by SCIBOR contains company control numbers 770 through 869, and company control number 836 shows a weapon serial number C2766.

The record also contains a notation on page 1, which reads as follows:

"Crescent Firearms
Italian Carcano T 38
6.5 it. Cal Rifle"

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SA GERALD H. KEDDINGTON:ljf Date dictated 11/26/63

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CG 62-6115

"Name: A. Hidell"

"Address: P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas"

Upon location of these records, described reel of microfilm was placed by Mr. WALDMAN in a sealed envelope in a safe in his control. He advised that same would be maintained in his control only as long as desired.

Mr. WALDMAN advised that he is the proper individual of Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., to be subpoenaed in the event this reel of microfilm is necessary as evidence.

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Form No. 1-25 (Rev. 1-25-61)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1.

WILLIAM WALDMAN, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, furnished the following information:

The records of that company reflect that a rifle purchased by A. HIDELL, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, was paid for with a money order received by the company on March 13, 1963.

The records of the company reflected that this money order in the amount of $21.45 was deposited at the First National Bank of Chicago on March 15, 1963. The total amount of the deposit was $13,827.98 which included two items of $21.45, one of which was a Postal Money Order (PMO) and the other an American Express Company Money Order. The number of the company account at the First National Bank of Chicago is 50-91144.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SAs GALE T. JOHNSON, JAMES E. HANLON and PHILIP R. WANERUS:kmh Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

1

WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, Vice President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, advised that a search of his records reflect that the Italian carbine in question, serial number C2766, was shipped from Crescent Firearms, Incorporated, 2 West 37th Street, New York 18, New York, their invoice number 3178 dated February 7, 1963 to Klein's. The shipment was handled by North Penn Transfer - Lifschultz, probably a New York concern. The date received by Klein's is not certain at this time; however, Klein's opened the carton on February 22, 1963. He advised that North Penn would have the starting waybill.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SA H. SIDNEY NEEL, Jr./rms Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

1

WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, Vice President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, advised that the Italian carbine 6.5 with W4X scope, per his records, was shipped to Dallas, Texas on March 20, 1963 by parcel post not broken down with the bolt and scope intact. The scope would have been wrapped in corrugated paper and then brown wrapping paper or newspaper would be used in wrapping to prevent shifting within the carton. It would have been shipped in a cardboard carton approximately 5' long marked "Fragile Handle With Care No. 48" made by Rudd Container Corporation, Chicago. He furnished and initialed 6 samples of brown wrapping paper, 5 samples of paper gummed tapes, 1 sample of corrugated paper and 1 sample cardboard carton.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SAs H. SIDNEY WEEL, Jr. and CLAY M. BRADY/rms Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, Vice President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, made available for review records of his firm regarding the purchase, sale, and inventory control of merchandise handled by that concern.

Microfilm consisting of photographs of various business documents were reviewed including a reel of microfilm identified as:

"Filmfill number 83
269688-270596
General Files"

Among other business documents contained on this mocrofilm was a photograph of one Klein's Sporting Goods "ORDER BLANK" bearing a stamped date of March 13, 1963, on transaction number 270502 showing the purchase of one Italian carbine, 6.5, W/4X scope, Klein's control number VC 836, serial number C 2766 which was shipped to the purchaser on March 20, 1963.

This "ORDER BLANK" identified the purchaser as one A. HIDELL, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

This reel also contained a photograph of one envelope postmarked Dallas, Texas, dated March 12 (year indistinguishable). The envelope is addressed to "Klein's-Dept. 358, Washington Street, Chicago 6, Illinois". The upper left hand corner contains a return address of "A. Hidell, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas." Covering the lower left hand portion of the envelope is a small advertisement of Klein's Sporting Goods apparently clipped from a publication. This advertisement contains the following information inserted in the spaces provided thereon:

"Bulk Item Nos.: C20-J 750"

"Enclosed is: $19.95 (portion indistinguishable)"

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SAs ROBERT J. DOLAN, JOHN W. TOEDT, and JAMES L. MAHAN /jmn/dcc Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, Vice-President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, made available from a safe in his control one reel of microfilm contained in a cardboard box bearing the following identifying information:

"Filmfill number 83
269688-270596
General Files"

This microfilm contains photographs of numerous business documents including one Klein's Sporting Goods "ORDER BLANK" bearing a stamped date of March 13, 1963, on transaction number 270502 showing the purchase of one Italian carbine, 6.5 with a four power scope, control number VC 836, and serial number C 2766 which was shipped to the purchaser on March 20, 1963.

The purchaser on the "ORDER BLANK" was identified as "A. HIDELL, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas".

This reel also contains a photograph of one envelope postmarked Dallas, Texas, dated March 12, (year indistinguishable), bearing the address "Klein's-Dept. 358, Washington Street, Chicago 6, Illinois." A return address of "A. Hidell, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas," is shown in the upper left hand corner of the envelope.

Mr. WALDMAN was furnished a receipt for the above identified microfilm, which receipt was dated November 23, 1963, at Chicago, Illinois. The described cardboard container containing the microfilm reel was sealed in the presence of Mr. WALDMAN, dated, and initialed. Mr. WALDMAN also at this time affixed his initials thereon.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SA ROBERT J. DOLAN /jmn/dcc Date dictated 11/26/63

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11/26/63

1.

ROBERT E. [illegible], Vice-President, Operations Department, the First National Bank of Chicago, Clark and Monroe Streets, furnished the following information:

The bank does not microfilm either Postal Money Orders or American Express Company Money Orders. Postal Money Orders are sent to the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, which in turn sends them to a central processing center located in Kansas City, Missouri.

American Express Company Money Orders are returned directly to American Express Company in New York City.

A deposit made with the bank on March 15, 1963, by Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, in the amount of $33,827.98, included two items in the amount of $21.45 and was processed by the bank on March 18, 1963. One of the $21.45 items was an American Express Company Money Order which was mailed to the Classification Division, Central Unit, American Express Company, 770 Broadway, New York City, on March 18, 1963. The $21.45 item appeared on a tape between an item of $15.03 and an item of $14.76 and was included in a package total of $1,016.11 which in turn was included in a group total of $6,178.

The other item of $21.45 was a Postal Money Order which was sent to the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago on March 15, 1963, which was a Saturday and, therefore, would have been received at the Federal Reserve Bank on March 18, 1963.

FITZPATRICK is of the opinion that the Federal Reserve Bank will be able to identify by number this Postal Money Order.

On 11/21/63 Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

SAs GALE T. JOHNSON, JAMES E. HANLON and PHILIP R. WANERUS:kvh

by _____ Date dictated 11/26/63

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CS

Date 11/23/63

1.

LESTER GOHR, Assistant Cashier, Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (FRB), LaSalle and Jackson Streets, Chicago, Illinois, furnished the following information:

Records are maintained regarding Postal Money Orders for only six months. Mr. GOHR was accompanied to the storage area where a physical search disclosed no records regarding Postal Money Orders present prior to May 29, 1963.

GOHR stated that the FRB handles approximately 130,000 Postal Money Orders daily and as of March 18, 1963, when the Postal Money Order in question would have been received, approximately three fourths of the money orders were being sent to Washington, D.C. and the balance to Kansas City, Missouri. As of March 18, 1963, FRB had a backlog of work amounting to two or three days; therefore the money order in question probably would have been transmitted to one of the above mentioned locations on about March 21, 1963.

Postal Money Orders transmitted to Washington, D.C. are sent to the Money Order Audit Division, Post Office Department, G.A.O. Building, Stop 334.

GOHR advised that money orders transmitted to Kansas City, Missouri, are sent to Accounting and Control Section, Money Order Center, 601 Hardesty Street.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SAs GALE T. JOHNSON, JAMES E. HANLON and PHILIP R. WANERUS:kmb Date dictated 11/26/63

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DL 100-10461

IV. CONNECTIONS WITH AND/OR CONTACTS WITH BASIC REVOLUTIONARY AND/OR FRONT ORGANIZATIONS

DL 100-10461

A. FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE (FPCC)

1
DL 100-10461
RPG/jj

Under date of October 27, 1963, New York Confidential Informant T-1 made available the contents of a letter directed to Mr. HENRY LEE of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, New York City by LEE H. OSWALD. This letter is quoted herein below.

"Dear Mr. Lee

"I was glad to receive your advice concerning my try at starting a NO FPCC Chapter. I hope you won't be too disapproving at my innovation but I do think they are necessary for this area.

"As per your advice, I have taken a PO Box (Number 50061).

"Against your advice, I have decided to take an office from the very beginning.

"I you will see from the circular I had jumped the gun with charter business but I don't think it's too important. You may think the circular is too provocative, but I want it to attract attention, even if it's the attention of the lunatic fringe. I had 2,000 of them run off.

"The major change in tactics you can see from the small membership branch is that I will charge $1 a month dues for the NO chapter only, and I intend to issue a NO FPCC membership card also.

"This is without recourse to the $5 annual national FPCC membership fee.

"However you will lose nothing in the long run because I will forward $5 to the National FPCC for every New Orleans Chapter member who remains a dues paying member for five months in any year.

"It's just that the people I am approaching will not pay $5 all at once to a committee in New York which they cannot see with their own eyes.

"But they may pay a dollar a month to their own chapter after having received their membership card from my hand to theirs. Also I think such a dues system binds the members closer to the FPCC.

"I will promise only a membership card and a chapter vote to future members, that is, I don't expect you to send them national FPCC mailing for their $1 a month.

"As you will notice on the membership blank there is a place for those who do wish to subscribe to the national mailings for the fee of $5, that fee will go directly to you in New York.

"As soon as any member has paid dues adding up to $5 in any year I will forward that fee to you and then you may handle it as if it was a usual application for membership in the National FPCC.

"In any event I will keep you posted and even if the office stays open for only one month more people will find out about the FPCC than if there had never been any office at all, don't you agree?

"Please feel free to give advice and any other help.

"Yours truly

"Lee H. Oswald

"4907 L/C Magazine
"New Orleans, Louisiana"

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mr. WILLIAM CODY REEVES, 6144 Louis XIV Street, was interviewed at his office, The Enochs Sales Company, Inc., 705 Camp Street, at which time he furnished the following information:

Although he does not recall the exact date, he believes that about the middle of August, 1963, he was walking on Canal Street near Grant's Store. There was a man standing on the sidewalk at this location who was passing out some literature. Mr. REEVES said that after seeing all the television and newspaper photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, the person accused of assissinating President KENNEDY, he is positive that the individual who was passing out the literature was OSWALD.

Mr. REEVES furnished the following described documents which he received from a man he believes to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

(1) A yellow colored throwaway with black printing, approximately 6" X 9" which reads as follows: "Hands off Cuba! Join the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, New Orleans Charter Member Branch, Free Literature, Lectures, Location: F P C C-A J. HIDELL, P. O. Box 30016, New Orleans, La., Everyone Welcome!"

(2) A white colored throwaway with black printing which reads as follows:

"The Truth about Cuba

IS IN CUBA!

"On January 16, 1961, the United States Government imposed a ban on travel by U. S. citizens to Cuba. Failure to abide by the ban is punishable by a fine of $5,000 or 5 years in jail or both. (8 USC 1185, 22 USC 225.)

"This is in clear contradiction to remarks made by President Kennedy before the United Nations on September 22, 1961, when he deplored action by any nation which 'builds a wall to keep truth a stranger and its own citizens prisoners'. It seems also to violate the spirit of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights adopted by the United Nations in 1948 which states 'Everyone has the right to leave any country, including his own and return to his country'.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOSEPH L. FLEMING/lrs Date dictated 11/25/63

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"What mysterious features exist on this tiny island of 6½ million people to become so taboo for American eyes? Although the policy of the Castro government is to promote tourism everywhere in Cuba, our government innocently explains that the travel ban is to safeguard our welfare.

"Why then does it allow American citizens to travel in such trouble spots as Somoza's Nicaragua?

"Why then does it exempt Americans such as 'certain' businessmen and 'certain' reporters from the ban when they are the very ones most likely to become involved in international incidents?

"Why then do other Western countries such as Canada, Mexico, England, France, West Germany, etc., find that the safety of their nationals does not require restrictions on travel to Cuba?

"Our government states that another reason for the ban on travel is that it is in the national interest to combat Communism by preventing travel to Cuba.

"Why then is travel allowed and even encouraged to admittedly Communist countries such as Poland, Yugoslavia and even the Soviet Union?

"In short, WHAT IS THE GOVERNMENT HIDING?

"As a result of the Cuban Revolution stopping the flow of Cuban wealth to the United States, Cuban soil, industry and manpower has been put at the disposal of the Cuban nation.

"Can it be that the new schools, homes and hospitals of revolutionary Cuba might contrast severely with the Cuba that served as a U. S. plantation and might weigh heavily on the American conscience?

"Can it be that we would also see the effects of the recent invasion which was supported by 43,000,000 dollars of our tax money?

"WE MAINTAIN THAT THE TRUTH ABOUT CUBA IS IN CUBA AND THAT WE HAVE THE RIGHT TO OBSERVE AND JUDGE FOR OURSELVES WHAT IS HAPPENING THERE!

"If you agree:

"Seek permission from the Passport Office to go there. When it is denied, ask why.

"Write to the U. S. State Department and President Kennedy asking that our government adhere to concepts of justice and international law and expressing your opinion on the travel ban.

"Read books which present the side of the story you haven't been told such as
90 MILES FROM HOME by Warren Miller and
LISTEN YANKEE by C. Wright Mills.

"Both of these books are in pocketbook editions and can be purchased at the bookstands.

"FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, 799 Broadway, New York 3, N.Y."

Mr. REEVES advised that he wanted these two documents returned to him.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

OSCAR W. DESLATTE, Assistant Manager, Truck Sales, Bolton Ford Company, 1483 North Claiborne Avenue, advised that he recalled two men coming to Bolton Ford on January 20, 1961. He remembered the date and following information as he had in his possession a bid for purchase form made out to Friends of Democratic Cuba, 402 St. Charles Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, (Telephone Number JA 5-0763).

He said a Mr. JOSEPH MOORE, whose description he cannot remember, nor can he furnish any other identifying data regarding him, advised him that he and his friend, were representing the above organization and wished to purchase ten Ford Econoline Trucks. DESLATTE said MOORE listed the equipment he desired on the trucks, but he did not state whether they were for use here in the United States or were to be sent to Cuba. DESLATTE quoted him the price and advised that he would make a $75 profit on each truck. MOORE said that he thought they should get the trucks for no profit for his organization. MOORE then told him that he should change the name on the bid form from MOORE to OSWALD, no first name given. The individual with MOORE then said that was his name and it should go on the form as he was the man with the money and would pay for the trucks, if they were purchased.

DESLATTE was exhibited a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and he said he cannot recall ever having seen him before nor could he say this was the individual who had come in with MOORE. DESLATTE said he could neither describe nor identify either of the men who came in as it was almost three years ago that they were there and only spent a short time with him. He said he remembered this incident, not by the name OSWALD, but because of the name of the organization represented.

DESLATTE said that he, himself, filled out the above mentioned bid form completely and neither individual either handled it or signed it. He said that he made the original of this form available to them and retained a carbon copy of this form for his use, which he said he made available to the interviewing Agents.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's WILLIAM F. MC DONALD & W. J. DANIELSON, JR./lrs Date dictated 11/25/63

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NO 89-69

The bid to purchase a truck furnished by OSCAR W. DESLATTE, Bolton Ford Company, New Orleans, is being retained as an exhibit to the file in the New Orleans Office.

NO 89-69

There appeared in the evening edition of the "Fort Worth Star Telegram" on June 8, 1962 a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and a headline "Ex-Marine Reported on Way Back from Russia."

This article states in part that OSWALD had turned in his American passport on October 31, 1959 at the U. S. Embassy in Moscow and had denounced his American citizenship and was reported on June 8, 1962 to be enroute back home.

The Fort Worth Star Telegram is a daily newspaper published at Fort Worth, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev 1 25-58)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

SAM MIKE NEWMAN, owner of the office building located at 544 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, residence address 1337 Mithra Street, New Orleans, advised that approximately eight to nine months ago he rented office space at 544 Camp Street, which he believed was office number 6 or 7 to several Cubans, names unknown, who were with the Cuban Revolutionary Association. Mr. NEWMAN said he had seen these Cubans previously around the office of GUY BANISTER, Guy Banister Associates, but he did not know their names. Mr. NEWMAN stated he believes one of these individuals was SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH who at that time appeared to be the head of the organization but was later replaced by LUIS RABEL. He said that SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH after being replaced as head of the organization was engaged in selling life insurance in New Orleans. NEWMAN stated that LUIS RABEL could be contacted at telephone numbers WH 7-5544 and 288-7905.

Mr. NEWMAN stated the Cuban Revolutionary Association did not have any money to pay rental on the office space at the time they obtained this space but were to pay rental to him from proceeds derived from a city wide fund collecting campaign they were conducting to raise money for the Cuban people.

Mr. NEWMAN related that the Cuban Revolutionary Association occupied office space at 544 Camp Street for approximately three or four months during which time they did not pay him any rental on the office space they occupied. He said that approximately 1½ months after they moved from the premises he received a check for $100 from a Mr. GRIMALDI located in the Audubon Building, who was a volunteer bookkeeper for the organization.

A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to Mr. NEWMAN at which time he advised that to the best of his knowledge he has no recollection of seeing OSWALD in or around the building located at 544 Camp Street and does not have any recollection of any individual by that name contacting him in regard to the rental of office space in his building.

Mr. NEWMAN further informed that he has never rented office space to the Fair Play for Cuba Committee or

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On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ERNEST C. WALL, JR. and SA LAWRENCE F. FOLSE/jab Date dictated 11/25/63

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anyone representing that organization. He further stated that he has not been contacted by or rented office space to anyone by the names of V. T. LEE, A. J. HIDELL, A. T. HIDELL, ALEK JAMES HIDELL or O. H. LEE.

Mr. NEWMAN recalled that not over two months ago a man telephonically contacted him wanting to rent an office in the building and at that time furnished his name and the name of the organization he represented but Mr. NEWMAN was unable to recall either name. Mr. NEWMAN stated he is certain the name of the organization had nothing to do with Cuba. The individual who telephonically contacted him wanted the office open at night for meetings of the organization and informed him all he needed was a desk and about fifteen chairs. Mr. NEWMAN stated he had no further contact with this unknown individual who had telephonically contacted him. However, he stated that he believes his janitor, JAMES ARTHUS saw this individual at the building at 544 Camp Street, and talked to him.

Mr. NEWMAN further recalled that about nine or ten months ago a tall, thin man, about 38 years of age, with dark hair contacted him and arranged for the rental of office space at the building at 544 Camp Street. This man told him that he worked as an electrician during the day and desired to teach Spanish at night. This unknown man paid one month's rent of $30 or $40 in advance. Mr. NEWMAN said this individual came back the following week and informed him that he had been unable to get enough students to enroll in the Spanish course to "justify fooling with the class" and that he had changed his mind and no longer wanted the office space. The man told NEWMAN to keep the money he had paid in advance rent. Mr. NEWMAN said that he would endeavor to locate a record of this individual's name and if successful he would furnish the name of this individual to the FBI.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 25, 1963

FRANK BARTES, 1608 Mason Smith Avenue, Metairie, Louisiana, delegate to the Cuban Revolutionary Council in New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that SERGO ARCACHA SMITH was formerly the delegate for the Cuban Revolutionary Council in New Orleans, Louisiana. BARTES stated that the Cuban Revolutionary Council is an anti-Castro organization.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 88-69

by SA ERNEST C. WALL, JR. /sw Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-[illegible] (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

GUY BANISTER, Guy Banister Associates, Inc., 531 Lafayette Street, New Orleans, was telephonically contacted on November 25, 1963 and advised that SERGO ARCACHA SMITH of the Cuban Revolutionary Council, who was the head of that organization in New Orleans, Louisiana, some time ago, had told him on one occasion that he, SMITH, had an office in the building located at 544 Camp Street. Mr. BANISTER stated that he had seen a young Cuban man with SMITH on a number of occasions in the vicinity of 544 Camp Street, but could not recall the name of this young man.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ERNEST C. WALL, JR. /sw Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

BOB JONES, WWL - TV, 1028 Burgundy Street, furnished a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mr. JONES said that this photograph of OSWALD was taken on August 16, 1963, in front of International Trade Mart located at 124 Camp Street, New Orleans, passing out handbills.

Mr. JONES also furnished another photograph of a second individual whom he said was assisting OSWALD in the passing out of these handbills. Mr. JONES said he did not know who this second individual was.

On 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA's J. T. REYNOLDS & STEPHEN M. CALLENDER/lrs Date dictated 11/24/63

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NO 89-69

The two photographs furnished by BOB JONES of WWL-TV, New Orleans, which were furnished by him on November 23, 1963, are being forwarded to the FBI at Washington, D.C.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

CARLOS BRINGUIER, operator of Casa Roca Store, 107 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he is active in anti-CASTRO Cuban groups in New Orleans, Louisiana. He stated that on August 5, 1963, he met LEE OSWALD when he came in the Cosa Roca Store and volunteered to assist in anti-CASTRO Cuban matters. The next day he returned and left a U. S. Marine Manual at the store, but he did not meet him.

-- On August 9, 1963, BRINGUIER stated he observed OSWALD passing out pro-CASTRO leaflets on Canal Street and he attempted to talk to him and this conversation subsequently resulted in a fist fight which resulted in his arrest and two other anti-CASTRO Cuban friends of his as well as LEE OSWALD. He advised that OSWALD appeared at Municipal Court and entered a plea of guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10.00. He stated that when he appeared in Municipal Court, he took a seat among the Negroe people who were present in court and was not represented by an attorney and offered no defense. Subsequent to this arrest, BRINGUIER stated that he arranged for a debate on local radio station WDSU in which they debated the effects of CASTRO's activities in Cuba.

BRINGUIER advised that he knew of no associates of OSWALD with the possible exception of a PHILIP GERACI, III, who resides in Metairie, Louisiana. He described this person as a youth about 16 years of age who came to his store a few minutes before OSWALD appeared for the first time on August 5, 1963, and offered his services to the Cubans who were anti-CASTRO, and during the time he was in the store, he gained an impression that he might be an associate of OSWALD. The only reasons he says he is possibly an associate is because they were both in the store at the same time.

Another individual that might be an associate of OSWALD because he is connected with the New Orleans Committee for Peaceful Alternatives is a DONALD SAVERY, who lives on Alta Street in Metairie. He stated he met this individual when pro-Castros were having a rally in Jackson Square, but he did not see OSWALD at this rally.

On 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA REGIS L. KENNEDY

by SA CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER /cjo Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-36 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

CHARLES HALL STEELE, JR., 1488 Madrid Street, was contacted at his residence. Six photographs furnished by JOHNANN RUSH, WDSU-TV, of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and other individuals passing out handbills in front of the International Trade Mart at the corner of Camp and Common Streets, New Orleans, Louisiana, on August 16, 1963 were exhibited to STEELE. STEELE stated that he was assiting OSWALD in passing out handbills at the International Trade Mart on August 16, 1963 and recognized OSWALD and himself in the photographs.

STEELE stated that there was another white male helping them pass out handbills but did not recognize this individual in any of the photographs.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JAMES M. SCHEFFER /lav Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

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HAROLD GORDON ALDERMAN, 6232 Delord Street, Tulane University Graduate Student, advised that in the past he has participated in Fair Play for Cuba activities in New York City, Washington, D. C., and Seattle, Washington. He said he has never been a member of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee but that during the approximate time of the Bay of Pigs Invasion he picked up literature from the Fair Play for Cuba Committee Office in New York City, and a lapel button with the words "Hands Off Cuba." Also, at the approximate time he participated in a picket line sponsored by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in the area of of Central Intelligence Agency Office Building in Washington, D.C. Later, he was in a Fair Play for Cuba Committee picket line which picketed former President JOHN F. KENNEDY in Seattle, Washington.

ALDERMAN said that he has engaged in no activity in New Orleans in furtherance of the aims of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, with the possible exception of the stand he took in a debate at Tulane University with writer ALEXANDER KORKE in October, 1962. He said that he is in sympathy with the aims of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee but was disappointed with the people who constituted the membership. He said that in the main, in his opinion, they are motivated emotionally rather than politically. He said he knows of no Fair Play for Cuba Committee organized activity in the New Orleans area, now or in the past.

ALDERMAN said that in the summer of 1963, possibly in July, 1963, a graduate student at Tulane, HUGH MURRAY, mentioned to him that he had picked up a Fair Play for Cuba Committee handbill being handed out on the Tulane campus, possibly in the library. ALDERMAN informed MURRAY that he would like to see the literature and later shortly thereafter, MURRAY gave it to him.

ALDERMAN said that he tacked the handbill on a door in his apartment and was surprised when the name A. J. HIDELL figured in the assassination of the late President KENNEDY. He said that this name, which he learned from the newspapers was an alias of LEE H. OSWALD, was stamped on the Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature which he had in his possession. Also, the address " P. O. Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana",

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 44-2064
NO 89-69

SA JOHN W. SMITH
by SA DEAN S. LYTLE :jas Date dictated 11/26/63

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appeared on the handbill. He said that when he read about this in the New Orleans newspaper, he called the local FBI Office and volunteered to furnish the handbill but was advised that the FBI Office already had this handbill and did not want his copy.

ALDERMAN said that he did not follow up receipt of the literature with the contact of OSWALD and he knows no one who did. He said that he doubts that there is any organized Fair Play for Cuba Committee activity in New Orleans at this particular time He does not know JACK RUBY, LEE H. OSWALD, or O. H. LEE.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

JESSE R. CORE, III, 3022 St. Charles Avenue, stated that he was presently Director of the Jesse R. Core Public Relations Firm located in Room 211 International Trade Mart, 134 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, and added that he was also presently doing public relations political work for his client ROBERT F. KENNON, Candidate for Governor, State of Louisiana.

He stated that sometime during the middle of the month in September, 1963 when he was conferring with political associates at the Roosevelt Hotel, New Orleans, Louisiana, he heard a rumor that someone was picketing the International Trade Mart and telephoned radio station WDSU to inquire if the Trade Mart was being picketed. He stated that he was informed that it had been reported that pickets were located at this mart and CORE added that he was aware that this mart had previously been picketed by extremist groups, the names of which groups he had never been made aware but explained that to his knowledge they were small groups of males but predominately females who picketed both City Hall and International House at New Orleans, as these buildings had displayed the United Nations Flag.

CORE stated that he immediately went over to this mart to "see what was going on" and noted at this location two persons who appeared to be handing out leaflets bearing the notation "Hands Off Cuba" and a name stamped "L. H. OSWALD , 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana ".

He stated that at this location he immediately conferred with a friend of his and Trade Mart Associate named JOHN ALICE, owner of John Alice & Company, Import Export Firm, International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. He stated that ALICE showed him a handbill similar to the one described above and CORE added that he was so angered with the entire idea of someone passing out such handbills, that he immediately wadded the handbill up and threw it in the face of one person passing out such handbills. CORE stated in addition he cursed this individual and called him a Communist.

CORE explained that the person at whom he threw this handbill moved his head slightly and did not speak to him but gave him a "cold and icy" stare.

On 11-29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DALLAS 89-43

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /dc Date dictated 11/29/63

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CORE stated that on this occasion he did not know the name of this individual but explained that without any doubt this individual was directing the activities on this occasion at the Trade Mart and further explained that it was not until November 22, 1963 when LEE HARVEY OSWALD's picture appeared on television that he was aware that the individual who was passing out these handbills on this occasion was identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He advised that neither prior to this occasion nor subsequent to it had he seen this individual with the obvious exception of seeing OSWALD's picture on television in connection with the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He described OSWALD as approximately under 30, 5'8" tall, 150 pounds, appearing frail with his hair thinning in front and appearing dark but not black.

Shortly after the above described incident CORE stated he went to his office in the Trade Mart and while there received a telephone call from someone located at Radio Station WDSU who inquired of CORE if a cameraman had arrived at the Trade Mart and if pictures were being taken of the activity at this location. He stated that he informed the person who called from this station that while he was observing the activity at this location a photographer from this radio station was observed to be taking pictures.

CORE was furnished copies of approximately six photographs taken by Radio Station WDSU on this occasion and picked out an individual from among persons represented in these photographs as identical with the individual he saw at the Trade Mart during September, 1963 and added that this same individual was, in his opinion, identical with OSWALD.

CORE continued to examine the photographs referred to and picked out a white male described by CORE below as being an associate of OSWALD's on this occasion but added that he did not know the name of this individual.

White
Male
6'1"
175 pounds

NO 89-69/dc
DALLAS 89-43

20 - 21
Hair - brown
Pecularities - suntan

CORE added that as he recalled only the two persons described were observed by him to pass out handbills on this occasion and he stated he saw no other person handing out these pamphlets.

From among the persons pictured in the photographs which CORE observed he identified the following named persons and added that these individuals were present on that occasion as spectators of the activity at the Trade Mart:

J. EHARA, identified by CORE as Japanese who operates an Import Export Firm named Kasuga & Co., Ltd. on the third floor of the International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana (telephone number 525-7841).

JOHN ALICE, Owner, John Alice & Co., Import Export Firm, International Trade Mart.

Mrs. ISAAC DELORES NEELEY named by CORE as his former secretary and presently associated with the New Orleans Press Group, New Orleans, Louisiana.

CORE stated that he possibly observed the activity at this mart for approximately 20 or 25 minutes at the time in question and added that since he thought this information might be useful to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, he then telephoned that organization and reported the nature of the activity described above.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

JOHN ALICE, John Alice Export Company, Room 308, International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised he had observed a photograph showing LEE HARVEY OSWALD passing out handbills or leaflets on August 16, 1963 in front of the International Trade Mart. ALICE stated he recognized his own picture in the photograph and also recognized J. EHARA, Kasuga & Company Ltd., whose office was also located in the International Trade Mart. ALICE stated on August 16, 1963, he had walked out in front of the International Trade Mart sometime around the noon lunch hour and at that time noticed either four or five men walking toward the front entrance of the International Trade Mart. ALICE stated once the men reached an area immediately in front of the International Trade Mart entrance they had started handing out handbills or leaflets to people coming out of the International Trade Mart as well as pedestrians walking on the sidewalk. ALICE stated one of the handbills had been handed to him and he noted it was captioned "Hands Off Cuba" and had additional verbiage to the effect that the United States should be more fair to Cuba and that additional trading should be done with Cuba.

ALICE stated the entire thought as expressed by the handbill was opposed to everything he believed and in no uncertain terms he had advised the individual who he now knows was LEE HARVEY OSWALD of his thoughts and in fact had balled up the handbill and thrown it into OSWALD's face.

ALICE stated he recalled that either two or three men who were with OSWALD were wearing short trousers and he recalled that one of them who was a tall slender man had a small goatee and looked like a beatnik. ALICE stated he had no recollection of having seen any of the members of the group including OSWALD at any time prior or subsequent to the time when they were in front of the International Trade Mart.

ALICE stated JESSE CORE, another tenant of the International Trade Mart had been with him, ALICE, during

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA EARL L. HASSELL, JR. /dmk Date dictated 11/29/63

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the time the handbills were being handed out in front of the International Trade Mart and it was possible that if photographs taken of the group at that time were exhibited to CORE that CORE might possibly know additional individuals shown in the photograph.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-57)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

WILLIAM K. STUCKEY, The Ross Agency, Inc., 525 Gravier Street, residence address 2317 State Street, furnished the following information:

He called at the OSWALD apartment alone, 4905 Magazine Street, at about 8:00 a.m. on August 17, 1963, to invite him to appear on his radio program. OSWALD agreed and STUCKEY told OSWALD to meet him at WDSU Radio Studios, 520 Royal Street, between 4:30 and 5:00 p.m. He stated that his conversation with OSWALD took place on the front porch of OSWALD's apartment and that during the conversation, OSWALD showed him his membership card in the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, which was signed by A. J. HIDELL. He did not know anyone named PETE MOLLAR. Mr. STUCKEY advised that he had never met A. J. HIDELL and from his conversation with OSWALD, came to the conclusion that HIDELL is a fictitious name or an alias used by OSWALD.

STUCKEY stated that an unpublished and unreleased interview with OSWALD was then recorded on tape. The interview lasted for about 37 minutes. He said that officials of the radio station thought that the interview was too long for an interesting program and that he used excerpts from this taped interview on a program known as Latin Listening Post that night. He stated that he then arranged a question and answer program with OSWALD for the evening of August 21, 1963 over Radio Station WDSU. On this program, he invited EDWARD SCANNELL BUTLER, Staff Director for the Information Council of the Americas, CARLOS BRINGUIER, Director of the Student Cuba Directorate for the New Orleans area. This program was broadcasted at 6:05 p.m. on August 21, 1963, in a program entitled , "Conversation Carte Blanche". It was during the latter program that OSWALD stated that the Fair Play for Cuba Committee was not communist controlled and that he, OSWALD, was a Marxist.

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. KAACK /sw Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

CARLOS BRINGUIER, Cuban Student Directorate, Operator of the Casa Roca Clothing Store, 107 Decatur Street, advised that on August 5, 1963, OSWALD came into his store and gave him a Marine guide book, stating he was an ex-Marine who could fight against CASTRO and if needed, could help train guerrillas. He put his hand in his pocket as if to contribute money to the Cuban Student Directorate, but BRINGUIER stopped him and told him he could not accept contributions and that he was the only member of the Directorate in New Orleans. OSWALD told him not to lie about it, that "we" can infiltrate you, at which time BRINGUIER became suspicious of OSWALD and would talk no more with him.

He stated he again saw OSWALD on August 9, 1963, when OSWALD was arrested after OSWALD tried to distribute Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) handbills on Canal Street. BRINGUIER again saw OSWALD at OSWALD's trial in Municipal Court August 12, 1963, and then saw him at 6:00 PM, August 21, 1963, at the debate in which OSWALD participated over radio station WDSU in New Orleans.

BRINGUIER claims he has no information regarding anyone named HIDELL, JACK RUBY, JACK RUBENSTEIN, nor any other information regarding FPCC, New Orleans. He stated that the two anti-CASTRO Cubans arrested on August 9, 1963, in the altercation with OSWALD had only that contact with OSWALD.

BRINGUIER stated that he had learned from talking with ORESTES PENA, Proprietor of the Habana Bar, 117 Decatur Street, that OSWALD was apparently in the Bar some time between the 15th and 30th of August, 1963, with a Mexican individual, name not known. This Mexican was later seen in the Bar with another Mexican. He also said that from talking with PENA, OSWALD may have frequented the restaurant on the corner of Iberville and Decatur Streets.

/

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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LOREN L. BUTLER, II, 4900 Lurline Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised on November 27, 1963, that he observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD passing out handbills on August 8, 1963, at the corner of Canal and Bourbon Streets, New Orleans, Louisiana. BUTLER advised that these handbills expressed pro-Castro statements and demanded a "hands off Cuba Policy".

BUTLER stated that he was not acquainted with OSWALD but attempted to strike up a conversation with him by saying, "How's business?" OSWALD's response was unintelligible and he appeared irritated. BUTLER stated that he did not pursue his effort to strike up a conversation and left thinking that OSWALD was a "nut". On the following day, August 9, 1963, BUTLER read in the newspaper that the same person had been arrested by the New Orleans Police Department.

BUTLER advised that he has no other information concerning OSWALD, his associates, or his activities.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MERRIMAN D. DIVEN/lrs Date dictated 11/27/63

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NO 89-69
RLK:CLS: cjo

Records of the New Orleans Police Department, First Precinct, Arrest Book, reflects that LEE OSWALD was arrested on August 5, 1963, on charges of disturbing the peace and was paroled by A. HICKMAN who is a member of the New Orleans Jury Commission, Tulane and Broad Streets, New Orleans, Louisiana. The record reflects that he received a $10.00 fine on August 12, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

HUGH T. MURRAY, 8928 Dixon Street, advised that in about May, 1963, he was a graduate student at Tulane University in New Orleans. At that time, a pile of handbills were found to have been left in the foyer of the Tulane Library at Tulane University. MURRAY picked up one of the handbills and noted that it was captioned "Hands Off Cuba", and that the handbill was under the sponsorship of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. He said he recalled that the handbill had a name and post office box stamped on it. He does not remember the name of the individual or the box number.

MURRAY stated that he never saw the individual who left the handbills at the Library, and knows no one who saw this person. He said he did not follow up by correspondence with the individual at the box number. He knows no one who did follow up receipt of the literature.

MURRAY stated he does not know LEE H. OSWALD, JACK RUBY, A. J. HIDELL, or O. H. LEE.

NO 44-2064

On 11/26/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN W. SMITH
SA DEAN S. LYTLE :jas Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-1-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

On November 25, 1963, the contents of a blue suitcase taken from 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, was reviewed. The suitcase was obtained by a search warrant issued by Judge JOE B. BROWN of Dallas County on November 23, 1963, property of LEE HARVEY OSWALD of 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, and was seized as evidence in an investigation of murder. Officers seizing this property were J. F. ROSE, H. M. MOORE, R. S. STOVALL and J. P. ADAMCIT. This suitcase contained approximately 175 yellow circulars approximately 4"x6" with black printing which read as follows: "Hands Off Cuba! Join the Fair Play For Cuba Committee." Also, approximately 125 applications approximately 2"x3", which read as follows: "Fair Play for Cuba Committee, New Orleans Chapter, Name _____, Signature _____, Issued _____, Chapter President _____." Also contained in the suitcase were approximately 200 circulars which read as follows, "To the Fair Play For Cuba Committee, New Orleans, -- I wish to join the committee. Enclosed is my initial fee of $1.00 and dues are $1 a month. -- I cannot participate as an active member of the Committee. I wish to become a subscriber to mailings. Enclosed find $5 for one year. -- I would like to have a more active part in stating the cause of FPCC. Enclosed is my contribution. -- Name _____, Address _____, City _____, Zone ___, State _____."

Also contained in this suitcase were three pamphlets, "The Crime Against Cuba, by Corliss Lamont, Basic Pamphlets -14". A carbon copy of a receipt from the "Second Municipal Court, A No. 21902, City of New Orleans, Louisiana, August 12, 1963", received from LEE H. OSWALD, the sum of $10 (illegible), 10 days being the fine imposed by the court as shown by the docket under date of August 12, 1963, for Ill OC #1702, Edwin A. Babylor, Judge", and one copy of "The Worker, Volume XXVIII, New Orleans, 187, 10/20/63", a 12-page newspaper, one copy of "The Militant, Volume 27 No. 35 Monday, 10/7/63. 8 page newspaper."

Also contained in this suitcase were four 3"x5" cards which read as follows:

"Hall G
Hon.
2
Jun 1, 1963."

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES P. HOSTY, JR./cah Date dictated 11/25/63

7C-C

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"B. Davis
Hon.
4
Jun 1, 1963."

"Lee, VT
1 Hon.
Jun 1, 1963 N-D."

"Hidell, A.J.
1
6-6-63."

This suitcase also contained an envelope bearing the return address of JOHN CONNALLY For Governor, State Headquarters, Fort Worth, Texas. The letter was postmarked February 23, 1962, at 4:30 PM, Fort Worth 2, Texas, bearing four 4¢ stamps, addressed personally to"Mr. LEE H. OSWALD, USMCR 1653230, Kalenina St., 4-24 Minst, USSR." Inside this envelope was a letter under the letterhead of the JOHN CONNALLY for Governor, State Headquarters, Fort Worth, Texas, dated February 23, 1962, addressed to"Mr. LEE H. OSWALD, USMCR, 1653230, Kalenina St. 4-24, Minsk, USSR," which read as follows:

"Dear Mr. Oswald:

"Your letter of January 30 has just been called to my attention.

"As I am no longer connected with the Navy, I have referred your letter to the office of the Secretary of the Navy in Washington, D. C.

"Sincerely,

"/s/ John Connally
"John Connally."

This suitcase also contained Dallas County Birth Certificate #19133 for AUDREY MARINA RACHEL OSWALD which showed birth on October 20, 1963, at Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, Texas. Name of father, LEE H. OSWALD, maiden name of mother, MARINA NICHOLAEVA PAROSKOVA, Obstetrician, W. M. MIDGETT, Medical Doctor, MAURINE LAMM, Acting Registrar, J. W. BASS, Director of Public Health.

This suitcase also contained numerous postcards of scenes in Russia and letters written in the Russian language, which correspondence was photographed on November 25, 1963.

NO 89-69: jas/dmm/kch
DL 100-10461

CARLOS BRINGUIER, Casa Roca, 107 Decatur Street, displayed the copy of the booklet which bore the name at the top, Basic Pamphlets (14) "The Crime Against Cuba" by CORLISS LAMONT. This pamphlet was printed by Basic Pamphlets, Box 42, Cathedral Street, New York 25, New York.

BRINGUIER made available a copy of the application to the FPCC, New Orleans, Louisiana, which reads as follows:

"TO: The Fair Play for Cuba Committee
New Orleans, La.

NO 89-69:jas

☐ I wish to join the Committee. Enclosed is my Initiation Fee of $1.00 and dues are $1.00 a month..

☐ I cannot participate as an active member of the Committee, but wish to become a subscriber to mailings. Enclosed find $5.00 for one year.

☐ I would like to have a more active part in supporting the cause of FPCC. Enclosed is my contribution for . . . . . _____

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ Zone ___

State _____"

BRINGUIER advised that the original of this form cannot be released and that is is locked in a safe place.

NO 89-69:jas
1 LAC

Confidential Informant NO T-5 furnished the following on November 27, 1963:

He is acquainted with CARLOS BRINGUIER, Cuban Student Directorate, New Orleans, and was aware of the arrest of BRINGUIER and two other Cubans along with LEE HARVEY OSWALD on August 9, 1963, when OSWALD passed out Fair Play for Cuba (FPCC) handbills on Canal Street. Approximately a week later (August 16, 1963), he was seated in Thompson's Restaurant when the Representative of Puerto Rico, who has his office in the International Trade Mart, showed him an FPCC handbill, telling him these handbills were being passed out in front of the International Trade Mart. NO T-5 notified the police, but the police arrived too late, and the persons passing out the handbills had gone.

In order to obtain information regarding the FPCC to turn over to authorities, he drove to the address listed on the handbill for OSWALD and located the residence 4907 Magazine Street. In order to locate the actual apartment of OSWALD, he had to make inquiry at 4907 Magazine Street and learned the apartment location of 4905 Magazine. As he started to enter the yard, OSWALD stood some distance from him and said, "Don't hit me. If you're coming as a friend, come in." OSWALD had been sitting on his front porch and was talking in another language to someone inside. He told OSWALD he had picked up a leaflet at the International Trade Mart, that he was a Cuban who had been in the country for a long time, and was interested in learning about the FPCC. NO T-5 told OSWALD that he knew about the Cubans being arrested with OSWALD, and that he did not think it was right that those persons should have been freed when OSWALD was held.

OSWALD informed him that the Cubans in the United States were all criminals and sarcastically said, "We have fine laws here." He said that FIDEL CASTRO was not a dictator, and that if the United States would invade Cuba, he would fight with CASTRO against the United States. He stated further that the press in the United States is against them (not identifying "them"), that they were in the minority today but one day would be the majority, and then all of the press would be with them. OSWALD claimed to be a student of languages at Tulane University and to be the delegate for the FPCC in New Orleans.

NO T-5 informed him that he was interested in the organization but would like to read some literature before deciding. NO T-5 was given by OSWALD a booklet on Cuba and a blank application to join the FPCC in New Orleans. These are in the possession of CARLOS BRINGUIER.

NO 89-69:jas/dmm
2 LAC

OSWALD, in speaking about Latin American countries, said there was one government that should be gotten rid of, and that was the Government of Somoza.

NO T-5, on conclusion of his talk with OSWALD, informed Lieutenant FRANCIS MARTELLO, First District, New Orleans Police Department, regarding his contact with OSWALD and told him he would be willing to fill out the application and report any information obtained to MARTELLO in an effort to do away with the FPCC in New Orleans. He said he received no encouragement from MARTELLO and took no further action.

NO T-5 had no further contact with OSWALD and does not know of anyone named HIDELL, JACK LEON RUBY, or JACK RUBENSTEIN, and knows nothing further about any FPCC in New Orleans.

NO T-5 advised that when he went to see OSWALD he drove his 1958 red and white Chevrolet sedan and parked it in front of 4907 Magazine Street.

FD-[illegible] (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

A brown manila envelope found among material believed to be property of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and voluntarily turned over to Dallas Police Department officers on November 22, 1963 by Mrs. RUTH PAINE and Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 2215 West 5th, Irving, Texas, was noted to contain the following:

-- 1. A large number of membership cards "Fair Play For Cuba Committee, New Orleans Chapter."

2. A large number of blank application forms to "The Fair Play For Cuba Committee, New Orleans, Louisiana."

3. A large number of "The Crime Against Cuba," by CORLISS LAMONT.

4. A large number of handbills with the following information:

"Hands Off Cuba
Join The Fair Play For Cuba Committee
New Orleans Chapter
Member Branch
Free Literature, Lectures
Location

Everyone Welcome"

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent GEORGE W. H. CARLSON (HM)/rms Date dictated 11/25/63

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DL 100-10461
TP 62-455
HKR:vb;lp

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Tampa T1 advised November 22, 1963, that LILLIAN MC FARLAND, Secretary of the Tampa Bay Chapter of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC-TP), and HAROLD WILSON, a member of FPCC-TP, were at the home of MANUEL and CRISTINA AMOR, 8407 39th Street, Tampa, on the afternoon of November 22, 1963, when news of the President's assassination was received on television. MANUEL and CRISTINA AMOR were formerly Chairman and Secretary, respectively, of FPCC-TP, and monthly meetings of that organization are held in their home. Tampa T1 said all four of the above persons appeared shocked at the news of the assassination and CRISTINA AMOR, whom he knows to be extremely nervous and excitable by nature, went all to pieces at the news.

On November 22, 1963, Tampa T2 advised that a JOHN SIDER (phonetic) was in contact with MANUEL AMOR. SIDER identified himself as a representative of "Time" magazine and said that "Time" magazine in Miami had said something to the effect that OSWALD had been attached to the FPCC in Tampa. SIDER wanted to know if this were true. AMOR stated that he did not know what SIDER was talking about. SIDER again mentioned LEE OSWALD and said he had been connected with the FPCC in New Orleans and wanted to know if OSWALD had ever been attached to the Tampa group. AMOR again stated that he did not know. SIDER then asked if Mrs. AMOR was there, to which Mr. AMOR replied she was sleeping. SIDER then asked AMOR if he was still affiliated with the FPCC, and AMOR said no.

On November 23, 1963, Tampa T2 advised that CRISTINA AMOR was in contact with LILLIAN MC FARLAND, at which time she was heard to state that she thought they should make a statement to the press. LILLIAN stated that she had made a statement to the press that the "St. Petersburg Times" had called her at 12:00 last night. CRISTINA stated that they had been contacted by someone who had talked to MANUEL, but MANUEL had thought it was only a prank. LILLIAN then said that the reporter asked her if she knew OSWALD, and she told them that she did not recognize him from the picture, and that she had never heard of him before. CRISTINA then told LILLIAN that she had drafted a letter for release to the press and wanted LILLIAN's opinion on this letter. This letter stated, in effect, that the FPCC does not condone such dastardly acts as the assassination of the President. It outlines what the FPCC is and what it stands for,

and that the FPCC resents implications by the press that the FPCC is responsible or connected with the assassination. This letter also stated that those people responsible for the President's death are sick people, just like the sick people who serve as CIA Agents in Cuba.

LILLIAN then informed CRISTINA that the reporter who called her the previous evening was named SIDER. LILLIAN stated that SIDER asked her for names of other members and she mentioned MARVIN BROWN, currently President of the FPCC-TP, but could not give other names because she did not have the list. CRISTINA then said she was very sorry over the death of President KENNEDY; that it was a very horrible thing; and LILLIAN indicates that everyone is very sorry.

DL 100-10461

B. 1. Communist Party, USA (CPUSA)

2. Socialist Workers Party (SWP)

3. Other Revolutionary-Type Groups

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

Material in possession of the Homicide Detail, Police Department, Dallas, Texas, that was voluntarily furnished by MRS. RUTH PAINE and MRS. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, on November 22, 1963, which came from their residence, contained among other items the following:

Booklet "FIDEL CASTRO DENOUNCES BUREAUCRACY AND SECTARIANISM - Speech Of March 26, 1962," printed May, 1962. Pioneer Publishers, 116 University Place, New York 3, New York. On back page appeared rubber stamp impression "FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COM., 799 Broadway, New York 3, New York."

Three-ring blue notebook cover, containing among other things, the following:

Several yellow one-page leaflets containing printed matter "HANDS OFF CUBA! JOIN THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, NEW ORLEANS CHARTER MEMBER BRANCH, FREE LITERATURE, LECTURES, LOCATION: (space) EVERYONE WELCOME!" One of the leaflets following the word "LOCATION:" had rubber stamp impression "L. H. OSWALD, 4907 Magazine, New Orleans, La."

Seventeen typewritten pages with interlineated handwritten additions, the first page of which began "Part 1, The Collective," which stated among other things that lives of Russian workers were governed by the "collective," the smallest unit of authority in any given factory. It stated sectional and shop cells form a highly organized and well supported political organization, and the shop committees are in turn governed by the shop and section party chiefs who are directed by the factory or plant party secretary. It said the party secretary is responsible for political indoctrination of the workers, the discipline of members of the Communist Party working at the plant and general conduct and appearance of all members. It

on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent SA EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL (HM) Date dictated 11/25/63

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mentioned MINSK Radio and Television Plant as being a major producer of electronic parts and stated "I worked 23 months at this plant." The writer of that treatise further stated on page four that he had worked in the experimental shop of that plant, where 58 workers, including the "Party Shop Secretary, who is a communist worker assigned into the shop by the factory Party Secretary." Part 2 of that treatise entitled "The Experimental Shop," which heading was on page six, contained among other things, a reference to "our shop head, STEPHEN TARASAVICH VELCHOK." Page 8, among other things, stated "The life of the 'KOLLECTIVE" or rather inter-life, since it often touches on more than just the work, is the most reflective side of the complex working of the Communist Party of the USSR."

Thirty-two typewritten pages containing hand-printed interlineations containing no heading, which appeared to be a treatise on Russia. Some of the pages had attached thereto small photographs of public Russian buildings.

Manila envelope containing the following:

Approximately 18 pamphlets entitled "THE CRIME AGAINST CUBA," by CORLISS LAMONT. About one inch stack of yellow leaflets entitled "HANDS OFF CUBA! JOIN THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, NEW ORLEANS CHARTER MEMBER BRANCH ..... (space following word 'location:' left blank.)"

Stack about one inch high of application forms addressed to the FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, NEW ORLEANS, LA., which provided place for an applicant to furnish name and address and whether applicant enclosed $1.00 initiation fee and $1.00 a month dues; place for designation that applicant desired to become a subscriber to mailings only, enclosing $5.00 a year; and a third place for indication whether the applicant would like to have a more active part in supporting the cause of that organization.

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DL89-43

Stack about one-half inch high of sheets of paper approximately 2½" x 3½" entitled "FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, NEW ORLEANS," bearing blank spaces for an individual's name, signature, date issued, and chapter president.

Blank Manila envelope containing pamphlets and booklets described as follows:

Letter dated April 26, 1963, addressed to L. H. OSWALD, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, from MRS. V. HALSTEAD, Pioneer Publishers, 116 University Place, New York 3, New York, which furnished OSWALD the words of the "INTERNATIONALE," which consisted of three paragraphs, including the chorus. The letter stated it was being furnished at the addressee's request.

Booklet "THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY - WHAT IT IS, WHAT IT STANDS FOR," by JOSEPH HANSEN, published by Pioneer Publishers, 116 University Place, New York 3, New York, May, 1958. Page one identified JOSEPH HANSEN as a candidate of the Socialist Workers Party for U. S. Senator in New York State, in 1946, a former editor of "THE MILITANT" and then editor of the theoretical Marxist magazine "INTERNATIONALE SOCIALIST REVIEW," published at 116 University Place, New York, New York.

Pamphlet consisting of reprint of an article "CUBA - A DISSENTING REPORT," from September 12, 1960 issue of "THE NEW REPUBLIC." This pamphlet contains rubber stamp impression "FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COM., 799 Broadway, New York 3, New York."

Three blank forms to be used in requesting introductory four month subscription for $1.00 to "THE MILITANT," address of which was shown as 116 University Place, New York 3, New York.

Pamphlet "THE ROAD TO SOCIALISM" by BLAS ROCA, national leader of the Integrated Revolutionary Organization (ORI), reprinted from "Cuba", November, 1961. Pamphlet reflected it was issued by the FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE. Pamphlet "THE REVOLUTION MUST BE A SCHOOL OF UNFETTERED THOUGHT - FIDEL CASTRO - SPEECH AT UNIVERSITY OF HAVANA." It was printed by Pioneer Publishers, 116 University Place, New York 3, April, 1962. The inside cover stated this translation of FIDEL CASTRO's speech originally appeared in the April 2, 1962 issue of "THE MILITANT."

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Pamphlet "THE MC CARRAN ACT AND THE RIGHT TO TRAVEL," issued by the GUS HALL-BENJAMIN DAVIS DEFENSE COMMITTEE, 22 East 17th Street, Room 1225, New York 3, New York.

Pamphlet "IDEOLOGY AND REVOLUTION" by JEAN-PAUL SARTRE, issued by FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, 799 Broadway, New York 3, New York.

Pamphlet "CUBAN COUNTER-REVOLUTIONAIRES IN THE THE UNITED STATES," by V. T. LEE, past president, Tampa Bay Chapter, FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE. This pamphlet further identified as an abridged version of a lecture delivered at a forum of the New York Chapter of the FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE on March 12, 1962, and reflected it was issued by that organization of 799 Broadway, New York.

Pamphlet "THE COMING AMERICAN REVOLUTION" by JAMES P. CANNON. Page two of that pamphlet reflects it was published for the Socialist Workers Party by the Pioneer Publishers, 116 University Place, New York 3, New York, April, 1947. Page three of that pamphlet identified it as "Theses on the American Revolution - adopted by the 12th National Convention of the Socialist Workers Party."

Pamphlet "CONTINENTIAL CONGRESS OF SOLIDARITY WITH CUBA - COMPLETE RESOLUTIONS, BRAZIL, March 28-31, 1963," issued by FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, 799 Broadway, New York, New York.

Pamphlet "SPEECH AT THE UNITED NATIONS" by FIDEL CASTRO, General Assembly Session, September 26, 1960, issued by FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, 799 Broadway, New York.

Pamphlet "THE END OF THE COMINTERN BY JAMES P. CANNON WITH THE MANIFESTO OF THE 4TH INTERNATIONAL," which reflects it was printed for the Socialist Workers Party by Pioneer Publishers, 116 University Place, New York, September, 1943. Page three reflects this was a speech delivered in New York on May 30, 1943.

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DL 89-43

Leaflet "SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY ELECTION PLATFORM," urging persons to vote on November 8, year not stated, for FARRELL DOBBS for president and MIRA TANNER WEISS for vice-president.

Catalog of NEW CENTURY PUBLISHERS, 832 Broadway, New York, which lists books and pamphlets available(1961)

Literature list and price list of FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, 799 Broadway, New York 3, New York, undated.

Literature catalog, Spring 1963, of FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE.

Photographic film negative, approximately 2½" x 4½", which reflects "JOIN THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY. FIGHT FOR A BETTER WORLD - WRITE BOX 2915, DALLAS, TEXAS."

Unused business reply mailing envelope bearing printed address as PUBLISHERS NEW PRESS, INC., P.O. Box 28, Madison Square Station, New York 10, New York, which contained three blank subscription order forms addressed to "THE WORKER, 23 West 26th Street, New York 10, New York."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

Material in possession of the Dallas Police Department which had been seized by search warrant by that department on November 22, 1963, from 1026 North Beckley Street, Dallas, Texas, where LEE HARVEY OSWALD was residing, was reviewed and the following pertinent items relative to OSWALD's possible connection with subversive organizations were noted:

Letter by FARRELL DOBBS written on a letterhead of the Socialist Workers Party, 116 University Place, New York 3, New York, addressed to Mr. LEE H. OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas. This letter reflected that JAMES P. CANNON was the National Chairman and FARRELL DOBBS was the National Secretary. This letter replied to OSWALD's request for membership in the Socialist Workers Party (SWP). DOBBS advised OSWALD in this letter that there must be a minimum of five members before a branch of the SWP can be formed and added that it is not the practice to take individual members where no branch yet exists. DOBBS also mentioned that there are no branches as yet in Texas. The letter suggests that OSWALD signed subscribers to the Militant and promoted the sale of socialist literature. A characterization of the Militant is set forth on the Appendix pages of this report. This letter is dated November 5, 1962.

A letter on plain paper dated December 9, 1962, written by BOB CHESTER with the address set forth in the upper right-hand corner as "116 University Place, New York 3, New York", and directed to LEE H. OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas. This letter acknowledges receipt of OSWALD's letter as well as his reproductions. The letter states that OSWALD is apparently skilled at blow-ups, reversals and reproduction work generally. Mentioned in the letter was the fact that "We have access to a small offset shop here in New York." However, it was mentioned in the letter that in connection with long-term work that OSWALD's skills may be used. The writer inquired as to the size of OSWALD's camera and concludes by stating that if OSWALD has any questions he should feel free to contact BOB CHESTER.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WARREN C. de BRUEYS/esh Date dictated 11/25/63

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A letter written on the letterhead of the Communist Party, U. S. A., 23 West 26th Street, New York 10, New York, and addressed to LEE H. OSWALD, July 31, 1963, Post Office Box 30061, New Orleans, Louisiana. This letter acknowledged receipt of OSWALD's letter to the Worker, a characterization of which is set forth in the appendix section hereof. The letter states "It's good to know that movements in support of fair play for Cuba has developed in New Orleans as well as other cities. We do not have any organizational ties with the Committee, and yet there is much material that we issue from time to time that is important for anybody who is concerned about developments in Cuba." The letter concludes by stating that the writer was sending some literature to OSWALD under separate cover and is signed "ARNOLD JOHNSON, Director, Information and Lecture Bureau."

A letter from ARNOLD JOHNSON, dated September 19, 1963, and directed to LEE H. OSWALD, New Orleans, Louisiana, which sets out that his letter of August 28 to ELIZABETH G. FLYNN was turned over to him for reply. It was also mentioned that OSWALD's letter of September 1 indicated OSWALD was moving to Baltimore and suggested that OSWALD get in touch "with us" here when OSWALD moves. Reference in this letter is made to a point OSWALD made about his residence in the Soviet Union and the letter continues by stating that as an American citizen in this country he, OSWALD, has a right to participate in any organization he wants. It was stated that there are some organizations, including "Fair Play" which are of a very broad character and suggests that it is advisable for some people to remain in the background "in underground." It is suggested the matter be discussed at a later date.

A letter by JAMES J. TORMEY on a letterhead of the "GUS HALL - BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, Defense Committee, Room 1225, 22 E. 17th Street, New York 3, New York, which also reflects ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN as Chairman and JAMES J. TORMEY, Executive Secretary, characterizations of which are set forth in the appendix hereof. This letter is directed to "Mr. LEE H. OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas."

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The letter acknowledges receipt of samples of photographic work submitted by OSWALD and transmits appreciation for OSWALD's offer to perform "this type of work" as his contribution to the activities of that organization. The letter states the material is being placed on file for ready reference when need arises. The letter is dated December 13, 1962.

A characterization of the GUS HALL - BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, Defense Committee, is set forth in the appendix pages hereof.

A letter written by [redacted] FINSTOCK, General Manager of the Worker, written on the letterhead of The Worker, 23 W. 26th Street, New York 11, New York, dated December 19, 1962, and directed to "LEE H OSWALD, P O Box 2915 Dallas Texas". The letter states that OSWALD's kind offer is most welcome and said that from time to time "We shall call on you." It was mentioned that the poster like blow ups are most useful at news stands and other public places to call the attention of newspaper readers that the 'Worker' is available. The letter is dated December 19, 1962.

A letter written by V. T. LEE, National Director, Fair Play for Cuba written on the letterhead of that organization with address at 799 Broadway, New York, New York, dated May 29, 1963, and directed to LEE H. OSWALD, 4907 L/C Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, is quoted below:

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"Dear Friend:

"Thank you for your prompt reply. Enclosed are your card and receipt, along with our thanks and welcome.

"Your interest in helping to form an FPCC Chapter in New Orleans is gratefully received. I shall try to give you some basic information now so that you may have a better picture of what this entails.

"For one thing, I am enclosing a copy of our Constitution and By-laws for all Chapters and Student Councils. You will note that there is considerable autonomy for an organization of any size. We try and let all Chapters operate according to the local requirements. Naturally, there are minimal regulations which must be met.

"All Chapters can receive literature in bulk at a discounted rate and resell at the retail price and use the proceeds for further Chapter activities. Credit is extended and payment is not required with the order. We do expect payment within a reasonable period so that we may continue our end of the operation.

"It would be hard to conceive of a chapter with as few members as seem to exist in the New Orleans area. I have just gone through our files and find that Louisiana seems somewhat restricted for Fair Play activities. However, with what is there perhaps you could build a larger group if a few people would undertake the disciplined responsibility of concrete organizational work.

"We certainly are not at all adverse to a very small Chapter but certainly would expect that there would be at least twice the amount needed to conduct a legal executive board for the Chapter. Should this be reasonable we could readily issue a charter for a New Orleans Chapter of FPCC. In fact, we would be very, very pleased to see this take place and would like to do everything possible to assist in bringing it about. We feel that the south-east is a very difficult area to work because of our lack of contacts. Our only southeastern Chapter

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right now is that in Tampa, Florida which I originally organized before coming up to work in the National Office.

"I for one am convinced of the possibility of such an enterprise but know from experience that it is quite a problem and requires some sacrifice on the part of those involved.

"You must realize that you will come under tremendous pressures with any attempt to do FPCC work in that area and that you will not be able to operate in the manner which is conventional here in the north-east. Even most of our big city Chapters have been forced to abandon the idea of operating an office in public. The national office here in New York is the only one in the country today and the New York City Chapter uses our office too so it is the only Chapter with an office. Most Chapters have discovered that it is easier to operate semi-privately out of a home and maintain a P. O. Box for all mailings and public notices. (A P.O. Box is a must for any Chapter in the organization to guarantee the continued contact with the national even if an individual should move or drop out.) We do have a serious and often violent opposition and this procedure helps prevent many unnecessary incidents which frighten away prospective supporters. I definitely would not recommend an office, at least not one that will be easily identifyable to the lunatic fringe in your community. Certainly, I would not recommend that you engage in one at the very beginning but wait and see how you can operate in the community through several public experiences.

"We will be able to give you some assistence from here, but not much. It is up to the local Chapters to handle their own affairs. You should have at least access to a mimeo machine to prepare public material if you are going to operate. A good typewriter is essential and above all people that will carry out the million and one mechanical functions necessary to make it a going operation.

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"Note: when you contact people by mail we recommend that only first class be used and that no full name go on the return address on the outside of the envelope. You will notice how we work our's here on the national level. Many people will respond better with this type of protection against nutty neighbors and over curious postmen. These may sound like small things to you, but I can assure you that we have gone through this a thousand and more time the length and breadth of the country and have learned a great deal over the last three years through some bitter experience.

"Naturally, I would like to communicate with you a great deal more concerning yourself so that we can get to know you and possibly be of some assistence to you as we get more information.

"We hope to hear from you very soon in this regard and are looking forward to a good working relationship for the future. Please fell free to discuss this matter quite thoroughly with me.

"Fraternally,

/s/ V. T. Lee

V. T. Lee
National Director"

A characterization of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee (FPCC) appears on the appendix pages.

DL 89-43

A letter by V. T. LEE, National Director of the Fair Play for Cuba dated May 22, 1963, and directed to LEE H. OSWALD, 4907 1/c Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, on the letterhead of that organization. This letter acknowledges receipt of notice of change of address and advises OSWALD that there is being enclosed a renewal form and a copy of FPCC current literature catalog for him to catch up with and states that they hope to hear from him soon so that they may have his name amongst those who continue to support the efforts of the Committee.

An invoice of the Jones Printery Company catalog and Commercial Printers, New Orleans 12, Louisiana, whose address is 422 Girod Street. This invoice is directed to Mr. OSBORNE. The billing is for 1000 Cuban Fair Play circulars, $9.60, dropped down, 3 per cent sales tax, $.29, total: $9.89, deposited $4.00, balance: $5.89. It appears a paid in full stamp dated June 4, 1963, was placed thereon.

V. REVOLUTIONARY-TYPE STATEMENTS AND READING MATERIALS REFLECTING SUBJECT'S MARXIST LEANINGS

NO 89-69
1

The following information which was obtained by SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS on November 27, 1963, from the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) file, New Orleans, Louisiana, from EUGENE URBAN, Immigration Inspector, was classified as "CONFIDENTIAL":

1. Memorandum dated January 16, 1962, to Assistant District Director for Investigations, Washington, D. C., from SAMUEL M. REICHMAN, Investigator, Washington, D. C., regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Visa Petitioner for wife, MARINA N. OSWALD. It was stated that OSWALD attempted to renounce United States citizenship, but that investigation determined that he did not expatriate himself and remains a United States citizen. That OSWALD appeared at Embassy in Moscow on October 31, 1959, to renounce his citizenship, stating he applied for Soviet citizenship following entry into U.S.S.R. from Helsinki on October 15, 1959. Action was contemplated for two years, gave reason as "I am a Marxist". OSWALD's attitude reported as arrogant, aggressive. Stated that he informed Soviet officials he would make known to them information concerning his work as radar operator while in U. S. Marine Corps.

2. Report of investigation by INS, Dallas, Texas, dated January 25, 1962. R. L. OSWALD, brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, stated to his knowledge his brother was never a member of Communist Party. He did not know if he had studied the works of Marx, Lenin, Stalin, or other Communist propaganda.

3. Memorandum dated January 26, 1962, from District Director, San Antonio, Texas, to Officer in Charge, Dallas, Texas, regarding Visa petition filed by LEE HARVEY OSWALD in behalf of MARINA N. OSWALD. It stated that it had been determined that the beneficiary is not ineligible to receive a visa.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1 1 11 14 Krystinik

1 1/ RAYMOND FRANKLIN KRYSTINIK, Research Engineer, Bell Helicopter Research Laboratory, 3006 Avenue E East, stated that he had been employed by Bell Helicopter since 1960 and presently resides at 2121 Greenway, Arlington, Texas. He stated that he had been born August 31, 1932, at Caldwell, Texas, and graduated from Texas A & M University with a Bachelor of Science Degree in aeronautical engineering in June, 1960. He gave the following information:

Since 1960 at Bell Helicopter, KRYSTINIK has worked in the same office with MICHAEL PAINE, also a research engineer. In addition to working together, KRYSTINIK stated he and PAINE are good friends. He stated that in conversation with PAINE, he heard that PAINE's estranged wife has taken into her home a Russian girl, the wife of a man named LEE OSWALD.

Approximately one month ago, exact date now unrecalled to KRYSTINIK other than it was the day after ADLAI STEVENSON, Ambassador to the United Nations, spoke in Dallas, KRYSTINIK and his wife accompanied MICHAEL PAINE to Southern Methodist University in Dallas, where they attended a meeting of the American Civil Liberties Union in one of the campus buildings, the name of which is unknown to KRYSTINIK. This meeting began at approximately 8:00 p.m., and there were approximately forty people present. KRYSTINIK cannot remember exactly the name of the presiding officer but believes the individual presiding was a man named PEMBERTON. When KRYSTINIK and his wife and PAINE entered the room, they sat down next to an individual whom PAINE introduced as LEE OSWALD. KRYSTINIK said that OSWALD was dressed in a beige colored windbreaker type jacket and did not wear a necktie. KRYSTINIK stated that this was the same man whom he has seen during the last two days on television who was accused of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

The meeting lasted approximately two hours and most of the time was taken up by the showing of a documentary film which portrayed a "smear" campaign reportedly waged against a political candidate in a recent election in the Pacific Northwest. KRYSTINIK does not recall the name of

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on 11/25/63 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH L. SCHOTT and ARNOLD J. BROWN/gm 225 Date dictated 11/25/63

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this candidate nor the exact office he was seeking. The theme of the film was that the political candidate's wife was an ex-Communist and this fact was used against him personally by political opponents, and this resulted in his being defeated for the office he was seeking. After the film, there was a question and answer period, and the presiding officer made reference to the fact that Ambassador STEVENSON had been struck on the head by a sign poster at a meeting in Dallas the day before. LEE OSWALD jumped to his feet and interjected himself into the discussion by stating that General EDWIN WALKER was responsible for the trouble at the STEVENSON meeting and stated emphatically that General WALKER was both anti-Semitic and anti-Catholic.

KRYSTINIK, a member of the Roman Catholic faith, followed OSWALD from the room when the meeting adjourned at approximately 10:00 p.m. and began questioning him in general about the anti-Catholic allegation against General WALKER. The discussion between them became rather heated, and OSWALD told KRYSTINIK that KRYSTINIK was a "petty capitalist." This apparently arose because OSWALD had learned that KRYSTINIK had a home wood-working workshop where he manufactures birdhouses and occasionally employs three men in the manufacture of these birdhouses. OSWALD told KRYSTINIK that he was exploiting his workers. KRYSTINIK asked OSWALD about his political belief, and OSWALD stated that he was a "Marxist." KRYSTINIK then asked, "Does that mean you are a Communist?" OSWALD then said, "All right, if you want to call me that, that is what I am, I am a Communist."

KRYSTINIK then asked what OSWALD thought of the administration of President KENNEDY, and OSWALD said, "They are doing a good job as far as civil rights are concerned."

Shortly after this statement, KRYSTINIK and his wife, CHARLOTTE EMILY, left the campus of Southern Methodist University and drove to the downtown business district of Dallas. KRYSTINIK stated that he and his wife have been married ten years and that neither of them drink alcohol or smoke and they had never during their married lives been to a nightclub. He stated, however, that night he and his wife went to the Carousel Night Club in Dallas to see the floor show and at that time he saw an individual, apparently the club manager, whom he saw later on television identified as JACK RUBY, the man who shot LEE OSWALD. KRYSTINIK and his wife had no

conversation with RUBY or any other club employee while in the club. KRYSTINIK said that he did not see LEE OSWALD in the club, and as far as he knew, OSWALD had stayed behind in the vicinity of the campus of Southern Methodist University after the meeting adjourned.

KRYSTINIK said that he is not a member of the American Civil Liberties Union, and this is the first meeting he has ever attended. He stated that MICHAEL PAINE might possibly be a member of this group and might be able to identify other individuals who attended the meeting.

After the meeting, KRYSTINIK discussed LEE OSWALD on several occasions with PAINE, and in all conversations expressed to PAINE his strong dislike for OSWALD. PAINE told KRYSTINIK that OSWALD was generally considered by his associates to be obnoxious and that nine out of ten people would dislike him personally. KRYSTINIK said that PAINE comes from a Quaker background in Pennsylvania, presently attends a Unitarian Church, and KRYSTINIK received the definite impression that PAINE felt sorry for OSWALD and was trying to convert him.

During one of these conversations, PAINE told KRYSTINIK that things might be looking up for LEE OSWALD because he had been able to get a job at the Texas School Book Depository in Dallas, and it looked like he might be able to contribute to the support of his wife.

On November 22, 1963, the day of the Presidential assassination, KRYSTINIK and PAINE were in the office of the Bell Helicopter Company laboratory when they heard the news that the President had been shot. There was some discussion about the exact location of where the shooting had occurred, so they looked it up on the Dallas city map. PAINE said with surprise, "That is right next to the Texas School Book Depository building." KRYSTINIK then said, "Well, isn't that where LEE OSWALD works?" PAINE said, "Yes, but he does not even own a gun."

Later on in another broadcast, KRYSTINIK and PAINE heard that OSWALD had been arrested after shooting a Dallas police officer.

KRYSTINIK said he had not had any further discussion with PAINE for the past day or so other than the fact that he told PAINE that PAINE could bring his estranged wife to live at the KRYSTINIK residence in the event she received any threats of violence.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

A review of the New Orleans Public Library, Napoleon Branch, 913 Napoleon, New Orleans, Louisiana, books, which consisted of a review of approximately 7,500 books, was performed on November 27, 1963, and resulted in the location of 34 books, charged to library card #N8640, which New Orleans Public Library records indicated was the library card number assigned exclusively to LEE HARVEY OSWALD as of May 27, 1963. The title, author, date library card showed charged-out book was to be returned and indicated date book was obtained, as determined through New Orleans Public Library employees, is being set forth as follows:

CARD SHOWS RETURN DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR	DATE WOULD HAVE BEEN CHECKED OUT
7/1/63	"Soviet Potentials"	GEORGE B. CRESSEY	6/17/63
7/1/63	"What We Must Know About Communism"	HARRY BONERO OVERSTREET	6/17/63
7/24/63	"Russia Under Khrushchev"	ALEXANDER WERTH	7/10/63
7/15/63	"Portrait of A President"	JOHN F. KENNEDY	7/1/63
6/15/63	"The Huey Long Murder Case"	HERMANN B. DEUTSCH	6/1/63
6/5/63	"Portrait of A Revolutionary: Mae Tse-Tung"	ROBERT PAYNE	5/22/63
6/15/63	"The Berlin Wall"	DEAN and DAVID HELLER	6/1/63
7/1/63	"This Is My Philosophy"	Edited by WHIT BURNETT	6/17/63
9/23/63	"The Bridge Over the River Kwai"	PIERRE BOULLE	9/9/63
8/13/63	"The Hittite"	NOEL B. GERSON	7/30/63

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent EARL HASSELL, JR.:ush Date dictated 11/27/63

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CARD SHOWS RETURN DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR	DATE WOULD HAVE BEEN CHECKED OUT
10/3/63	"Goldfinger"	IAN FLEMING	9/19/63
7/8/63	"Thunderball"	"	6/24/63
10/3/63	"Moonraker"	"	9/19/63
9/5/63	"From Russia With Love"	"	8/22/63
10/3/63	"Ape And Essence"	ALDOUS HUXLEY	9/19/63
10/3/63	"Brave New World"	"	9/19/63
9/5/63	"The Sixth Galaxy Reader"	H. L. GOLD	8/22/63
9/5/63	"Portals of Tomorrow"	AUGUST DERLETH	8/22/63
8/13/63	"Mind Partner"	Edited by H. L. GOLD	7/30/63
8/1/63	"Five Spy Novels"	Selected by HOWARD HAYCRAFT	7/18/63
9/23/63	"Big Book of Science Fiction"	GROFT CONKLIN	9/9/63
7/24/63	"The Hugo Winners"	Edited by ISAAC ASIMOV	7/10/63
8/22/63	"The Worlds of Clifford Simak"	CLIFFORD SIMAK	8/8/63
8/19/63	"The Expert Dreamers"	Edited by FREDERIK POHL	8/5/63
8/14/63	"Nine Tomorrows"	ISAAC ASIMOV	7/31/63
8/26/63	"The Treasury of Science Fiction Classics"	Edited by HAROLD KUEBLER	8/12/63
8/14/63	"Everyday Life in Ancient Rome"	F. R. COWELL	7/31/63

In addition to the above books, which were available for review on November 27, 1963, the following books were noted to have been charged out to OSWALD, as indicated, but were currently charged out to other individuals and were not available at this time:

CARD SHOWS	TITLE	AUTHOR	DATE CHECKED OUT
7/29/63	"The Blue Nile"	ALAN MOOREHEAD	7/15/63
7/20/63	"One Day In The Life of Ivan Denisovich"	ALEXANDER SOLZHENITSYN	7/5/63
9/23/63	"Ben-Hur"	LEWIS WALLACE	9/9/63
7/29/63	"Profiles In Courage"	JOHN F. KENNEDY	7/15/63
7/12/63	"A Fall of Moondust"	A. C. CLARKE	6/28/63
7/20/63	"Hornblower and The Hotspur"	C. S. FORESTER	7/6/63
6/26/63	"Conflict"	ROBERT LECKIE	6/12/63

* * *

The 27 books, as herein listed, which were available at the Napoleon Branch of the New Orleans Public Library, were obtained and are being retained in the files of the New Orleans Office.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1 Mr. FRED POWLEDGE, Reporter, New York Times, advised telephonically that he had been checking the Napoleon Branch Library, New Orleans, Louisiana, for books that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had read. As a result of this search he advised that OSWALD had checked out the following books:

Soviet Potentials

What We Must Know About Communism

Russia Under Khrushchev

Portrait of a President

The Huey Long Murder Case

Portrait of a Revolutionary: Mao Tes-Tung

The Berlin Wall

Mr. POWLEDGE advised that he was furnishing this information, as he thought it might be of interest to the FBI.

On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

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VI. APPENDIX

APPENDIX

GUS HALL - BENJAMIN J. DAVIS
DEFENSE COMMITTEE

A source advised on March 27, 1963, that GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, United States of America, (CP, USA) stated on March 26, 1962, that the Party will form a new committee known as the GUS HALL - BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, Defense Committee, (H-DDC). The purpose of this committee is to raise $100,000 for the cause of HALL and DAVIS.

GUS HALL
BENJAMIN J. DAVIS

HALL and DAVIS were indicted by a Federal Grand Jury, Washington, D. C., on March 15, 1963, charging them with violation of Section 786(h) and 794, Title 50. U. S. Code, in that they, as General Secretary and National Secretary, Communist Party, USA, respectively and as groups of its National Board, wilfully and unlawfully failed to register for and on behalf of the Communist Party, USA, with the Attorney General.

A second source furnished information on February 12, 1963, that the H-DDC had received a total of $41,799.18 in contributions for defense as of February 12, 1963.

THE MILITANT

A source advised on April 29, 1955, that "The Militant" is staffed, controlled and published as a weekly newspaper of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP).

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY

The Socialist Workers Party has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN

A source reported on May 7, 1962, that ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN is National Chairman of the Communist Party, USA.

JAMES TORMEY

A source advised on February 11, 1963, that as of February, 1962, JAMES TORMEY was the labor organizer of the New York District of the Communist Party.

LOUIS WEINSTOCK

A source advised on December 13, 1959, that on December 13, 1959, LOUIS WEINSTOCK elected to the National Committee of the Communist Party, USA, at its 17th National Convention held December 10 -- 13, 1959.

Masthead of The Worker dated October 18, 1963, lists LOUIS WEINSTOCK as its business manager.

APPENDIX

PUBLISHER'S NEW PRESS, INCORPORATED

It was announced in "The Worker", October 7, 1951, Section 1, page 3, that Publisher's New Press, Inc., 35 E. 12th Street, New York City, was assuming from Freedom of the Press, Inc. publication of the newspaper "Daily Worker" and its Sunday edition "The Worker".

"DAILY WORKER"

The "Daily Worker" was an east coast communist newspaper which suspended publication on January 13, 1958.

"THE WORKER"

"The Worker" is an east coast communist newspaper.

NEW CENTURY PUBLISHERS

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published, December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U. S. House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains, concerning New Century Publishers, as follows:

"An official Communist Party publishing house, which has published the works of William Z. Foster and Eugene Dennis, Communist Party chairman and executive secretary, respectively, as well as the theoretical magazine of the party known as Political Affairs and the Constitution of the Communist Party, U.S.A."

CORLISS LAMONT

On September 26, 1963, LOUIS F. BUDENZ testified before the United States Senate Permanent Investigations Subcommittee that EARL BROWDER, as head of the Communist Party (CP) in the United States, had referred to CORLISS LAMONT as one of the "four prides" of the CP because CORLISS LAMONT was ready to cooperate with any Communist front or any Communist case. BROWDER made this reference at a National Committee meeting of the CP in the early 1940's. BUDENZ also recalled that LAMONT was a member of the CP when he, BUDENZ, was a member.

"Rights", self-identified as a publication of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC), April, May, 1962 issue, reveals CORLISS LAMONT is Vice-Chairman of the ECLC.

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE [redacted]

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening in Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

--"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 30, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the Fall of 1962 and was filled by VINCENT "Ted" LEE, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed LEE has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, LEE has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. LEE feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[redacted]

737*

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

[redacted]

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

In Reply,
Please Refer to
File No. 100-10461

Dallas, Texas
December 2, 1963

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka.

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA

Reference Report of SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS, December 2, 1963, Dallas, Texas, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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[redacted]

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In addition, Mr. MONAGHAN made available a group insurance enrollment and record card which bears the signature of OSWALD.

Data on this card reflects that LEE H. OSWALD resided at 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana; that he was born October 18, 1939 and employed May 10, 1963. Death benefits were designated to be paid to MARINA N. OSWALD, his wife, who resided at 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. This card is dated May 10, 1963.

MONAGHAN further advised he could not determine if OSWALD completed the information on this card other than the signature of employee.

Mr. MONAGHAN also furnished data taken from time punch cards of employee, LEE H. OSWALD. The following is a compulation reflecting the time OSWALD arrived at his place of employment and the time he left each day while employed by the William B. Reily and Company, Inc.

WILLIAM B. REILY & COMPANY, INC., TIME CARDS FOR LEE H. OSWALD
(Work weekends on Fridays)

Week ending May 17, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	8:24 AM	5:00 PM
Tuesday	8:18 AM	5:00 PM
Wednesday	8:23 AM	5:00 PM
Thursday	8:29 AM	5:00 PM
Friday	7:59 AM	4:30 PM

Week ending May 24, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	8:25 AM	5:00 PM
Tuesday	8:22 AM	5:00 PM
Wednesday	8:20 AM	5:00 PM
Thursday	8:24 AM	5:01 PM
Friday (stamped twice)	8:2o & 9:57 AM	5:00 PM

NO 89-69
3

Week ending May 31, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	9:53 AM	6:35 PM
Tuesday	8:50 AM	5:31 PM
Wednesday	9:45 AM	6:30 PM
Thursday	9:00 AM	5:30 PM
Friday	9:58 AM	6:30 PM

Week ending June 7, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	9:47 AM	6:30 PM
Tuesday	9:50 AM	6:30 PM
Wednesday	9:58 AM	6:30 PM
Thursday	10:05 AM	6:30 PM
Friday	9:53 AM	7:32 PM

Week ending June 14, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	8:52 AM	5:30 PM
Tuesday	8:44 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday	8:56 AM	5:31 PM
Thursday	8:50 AM	5:30 PM
Friday	8:57 AM	5:30 PM

Week ending June 21, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	8:53 AM	5:31 PM
Tuesday	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Thursday	8:52 AM	5:30 PM
Friday	8:29 AM	5:30 PM

NO 89-69
4

Week ending June 28, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	8:57 AM	5:30 PM
Tuesday	8:58 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday	8:54 AM	5:30 PM
Thursday	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Friday	8:53 AM	5:30 PM

Week ending July 5, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	8:59 AM	5:30 PM
Tuesday	8:49 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday	8:53 AM	5:30 PM
Thursday	---	---
Friday	9:01 AM	5:30 PM

Week ending July12, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	8:47 AM	5:30 PM
Tuesday	8:49 AM	5:30 PM
Wednesday	8:54 AM	5:30 PM
Thursday	8:58 AM	5:30 PM
Friday	8:53 AM	5:30 PM

Week ending July 19, 1963:

DAY	TIME IN	TIME OUT
Monday	8:19 AM	5:00 PM
Tuesday	8:26 AM	5:00 PM
Wednesday	9:37 AM	6:00 PM
Thursday	8:26 AM	5:00 PM
Friday	8:27 AM	5:01 PM

NO 89-69
5

Week ending July 26, 1963:

DAY --	TIME IN	TIME OUT (terminated)
Monday	---	---
Tuesday	---	---
Wednesday	---	---
Thursday	---	---
Friday	8:22 AM	4:30 PM

OSWALD

105-82555

SECTION 13

COPY

2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

Report Form
FD-263 (5-12-58)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
DALLAS	DALLAS	12/6/63	11/22/63 - 12/6/63

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed by
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. L. H. Oswald, Lee Oswald, Lee H. Oswald, Leslie Oswald, A. Hidell, A. J. Hidell, Alek J. Hidell, Alek James Hidell, O. H. Lee	SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS	JJ
	CHARACTER OF CASE: IS - R - CUBA	

Synopsis:

REFERENCE: Report of SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS dated 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas.

- P -

INFORMATION COPY

One copy of this report is being furnished to New Orleans for information in view of the extensive investigation being conducted and previously conducted at New Orleans in this matter as a result of OSWALD's recently past residence there.

LEADS

All leads in this case are being set out by teletype for immediate handling and reporting by individual offices within a three-day period. To expedite reporting of instant matter in view of the large volume of leads set forth in this case, they are not being restated here.

Copies noted as destroyed PTB 12/16/76

3 COPIES DESTROYED

Approved	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below
Copies made: 44 FEB 0 1973		10

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1 - New Orleans (100-16601) (RM)
2 - Dallas (100-10461)

REC 48 ST-104 87 DEC 9 1963 REC 6 SC-103

ICC to 5722 10/10

State to 4584 to 10-67 ICC-CIA Cover letter 2/5/64 ENCLOSURE

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SOUTH CORRECTION

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DL 100-10461
WCD:cv

INFORMANTS

IDENTITY OF SOURCE	FILE WHERE LOCATED
Dallas T-1 [redacted] Louisiana Division of Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 17, 18
Dallas T-2 [redacted] Division of Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 18, 21
Dallas T-3 [redacted] Louisiana Division of Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 20, 21, 18
Dallas T-4 [redacted] Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 248
Dallas T-5 [redacted] Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, Bogalusa, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 248

DL 100-10461
WCD:cv

IDENTITY OF SOURCE	FILE WHERE LOCATED
Dallas T-6 [redacted] Louisiana Division of Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 18, 20
Dallas T-7 [redacted] Louisiana Division of Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 22, 23, 26
Dallas T-8 [redacted], Louisiana Division Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 24
Dallas T-9 [redacted], Louisiana Division Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 25
Dallas T-10 [redacted] Supervisor, Louisiana Division Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana (request)	Instant report, Page 25, 26
Dallas T-11 [redacted] United States Post Office Branch, Arlington Heights, Texas (request)	Instant report, Page 45

DL 100-10461
WCD:cv

IDENTITY OF SOURCE	FILE WHERE LOCATED
Dallas T-12 [redacted] Kilgore District, Conally Act Compliance Board, Kilgore, Texas (request)	Instant report, Page 46
Dallas T-13 [redacted] Associated Press, Jackson, Mississippi (request)	Instant report, Page 237
Dallas T-14 [redacted] Western Union, Jackson, Mississippi (request)	Instant report, Page 237
Dallas T-15 [redacted]	Instant report, Page 247
Dallas T-16 [redacted] ocal Board 111-114, Fort Worth, Texas (request)	Instant report, Page 239
Dallas T-17 [redacted]	Instant report, Page 451

Cuban sources mentioned in this report who were contacted on November 25, 1963, are as follows:

INFORMANT	CONTACTED BY
[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana	SA's REED W. JENSEN and WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH

DL 100-10461
WCD:cv

INFORMANT	CONTACTED BY
[redacted] Metairie, Louisiana	SA's L. M. SHEARER, JR. and MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL
[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana	SA's REED W. JENSEN and WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH
[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana	SA J. WOODROW GILMORE
[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana	SA J. WOODROW GILMORE
[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana	SA's EARL L. HASSELL, JR. and LAWRENCE F. FOLSE
[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana	SA's L. M. SHEARER, JR. and MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL
[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana	SA's EARL L. HASSELL, JR. and LAWRENCE F. FOLSE
[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana	SA's EARL L. HASSELL, JR. and LAWRENCE F. FOLSE
[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana	SA's L. M. SHEARER, JR. and MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL

DL 100-10461
WCD:cv

INFORMANT

[redacted]
New Orleans, Louisiana

CONTACTED BY

SA J. WOODROW GILMORE

The Cuban source mentioned in this report who was contacted on November 26, 1963, is as follows:

[redacted]
New Orleans, Louisiana

SA EARL L. HASSELL, JR.

DL 100-10461
WCD:cv

Information furnished on December 2, 1963, by [redacted] Louisiana Division of Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana, under symbol number Dallas T-1, was received by SA RICHARD BUCARO as well as information from Dallas T-2, Dallas T-3, Dallas T-7, Dallas T-8 and Dallas T-10, whose identities are set forth on the Informant Page of this report, some of which information was received on December 3, 1963.

Information received from Dallas T-4 [redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana) by SA NATHAN O. BROWN on December 2, 1963.

Information received on December 2, 1963, from Dallas T-15 [redacted] Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company) by SA FRANK A. SASS, JR.

Information received on December 4, 1963, from Dallas T-8 [redacted] Louisiana Division of Employment Security, New Orleans, Louisiana) by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK.

Information received December 2, 1963, from Dallas T-11 [redacted] United States Post Office Branch, Arlington Heights, Fort Worth, Texas) by SA's JOSEPH L. SCHOTT and B. TOM CARTER.

Information received December 2, 1963, from Confidential Informant Dallas T-13 [redacted] Associated Press, Jackson, Mississippi) by SA HUNTER E. HELGESON.

Information received December 2, 1963, from Dallas T-14 [redacted] Western Union, Jackson, Mississippi) by SA HUNTER E. HELGESON.

DL 100-10461
RPG:mvs

Information received from Dallas T-15 [redacted] on November 23, 1963, by SA WILLIAM F. OGLESBY, Del Rio, Texas.

Information received from Dallas T-17, on December 2, 1963, [redacted] by SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Confidential Informants referred to in the body of this report as being cognizant of some phases of Communist Party activity in the New Orleans area are:

[redacted] contacted December 2, 1963, by SA MILTON R. KAACK.

Information from the records of Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, New Orleans, Louisiana, concerning toll records from December, 1962, through June, 1963, for HUnter 8-4326 was furnished on December 2, 1963, to SA NATHAN O. BROWN by [redacted] Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, New Orleans, Louisiana. [redacted] stated that the previous check of the records for this number indicated that there were no tolls available prior to the July 5, 1963 bill. [redacted] stated that additional toll records which go back through the December, 1962 bill were located this date in a storage bin in one of the rooms of the Metairie District Office.

The information regarding the check of the Western Union records at New Orleans, was supplied by [redacted] Western Union, New Orleans, Louisiana. He advised that Western Union records are available only through a subpoena duces tecum.

From past experience it is known that you cannot check records of the New Orleans Sewerage and Water Board by name.

The information from the records of the Western Union Office at Del Rio, Texas was made available on November 23, 1963 by [redacted]

- H* -

COVER PAGE

1
DL 100-10461
WCD:mvs

Information concerning telephone number HUnter 8-4326 was furnished November 29, 1963 to SA NATHAN O. BROWN by [redacted] Metairie District Office, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, New Orleans, Louisiana.

FD-204 (Rev. 9-8-62)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:	WARREN C. DE BRUEYS	Office:	Dallas, Texas
Date:	December 8, 1963		
Field Office File No.:	Dallas file 100-10461	Bureau File No.:	105-82555
Title:	LEE HARVEY OSWALD		
Character:	INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA		

Synopsis:

Employment - OSWALD briefly employed Dolly Shoe Co., New Orleans, 1955; Jaggar-Chiles-Stovall, Dallas, 10/12/62 to 4/6/63, when discharged as not competent, allegedly had Russian language paper and/or "Daily Worker" at employment. OSWALD subsequently went to New Orleans and received unemployment insurance. Residence - Investigation in former neighborhood residences of 214 West Neeley Street, Dallas, Texas; 4911 Magazine Street, New Orleans; and 1026 N. Beckley, Dallas (under name O. H. LEE) set forth. Education - OSWALD (DOB 10/18/39, New Orleans, La.) attended first grade St. Tammany Parish School, Covington, La., 1946-1947; Beauregard Jr. High School and Warren Easton High School, New Orleans. Also attended Arlington Heights Elementary and High School to 1956 and attended typing classes Crosier Tech High School, Dallas, from January to April, 1963. No record attendance Tulane University, New Orleans, La. Relatives - OSWALD's relations in New Orleans aided him when arrested there but described him as being "against everything" and "staying to himself". Associates and Contacts - Former U. S. Marine Corps associate described OSWALD as "loner" who read a lot. OSWALD was member of squad at Cubi Point, Philippines, in January, 1958, where another Marine was shot and killed under mysterious circumstances. OSWALD shot himself in leg with .22 at Atsugi, Japan, in May, 1958, and it was rumored he did so in effort to get out Marine Corps; also rumored OSWALD had been examined at psychiatric ward and returned to USA May, 1958. Associates state OSWALD studied Russian language in Japan while in service but never expressed sympathy regarding CP or communism. OSWALD reportedly antagonistic toward

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Synopsis: (Continued)

discipline and resented authority. Among acquaintances of OSWALD was GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT who allegedly prefers Russian government over U. S. government and who last known to be in Haiti. GEORGE BOUHE, a friend of DE MOHRENSCHILDT, attempted to get OSWALD a job in Dallas, Texas. Also stated OSWALD allegedly would do anything DE MOHRENSCHILDT told OSWALD. Undated letter left at residence of RUTH PAINE, Irving, Texas, advised that "information and newspaper clippings as to what has happened to me be sent to the embassy, etc....." Arrest Data - Among items found by detectives of Dallas Police Department in garage of Mrs. RUTH PAINE, Irving, Texas, where OSWALD's wife was residing, were 46 photos, one of which portrayed OSWALD holding a rifle and wearing a side arm; two magazine ads of Klein's Sporting Goods, Chicago, Illinois, also located. OSWALD reportedly contacted New Orleans, Police Department, for a permit to picket; no record located indicating obtained same or that he obtained permit to distribute FPCC handbills. No record located indicating receipt of Western Union money orders by OSWALD under any known aliases from April, 1963 to September, 1963. MARINA OSWALD - Among material furnished by Russian Embassy was letter from OSWALD re his wife's registration wherein he sought data concerning a method of receiving Russian publications. MARINA wrote Soviet Embassy, 2/17/63 seeking assistance to return USSR. In subsequent letter 3/17/63 outlined reasons for desiring to return as: (1) Family problems (2) Homesickness. Travel - Subject purchased ticket from Travel Consultants, Inc., New Orleans, September, 1959, for passage via Likes Lines to LeHavre, France, and departed New Orleans 9/20/59 using U. S. Passport 1733242, valid until 9/10/61. Subject was issued Passport #2092526, New Orleans, Louisiana, 6/25/63 and subject applied on 9/17/63 for tourist card to visit Mexico. Entered Mexico at Nuevo Laredo between 6:00 A.M. and 2:00 P.M., 9/26/63. Method of travel unknown. Departed Mexico at Nuevo Laredo 10/3/63 via automobile. Efforts to identify subject through other travelers to Mexico and other agency set forth with negative results. Miscellaneous - Health information and data relative to Selective Service and

Synopsis: (Continued) alleged receipt of funds by subject set forth. Information From Russian Embassy - One letter furnished by Russian Embassy reflects subject wrote to USSR Embassy, Washington, D. C., 11/9/63, referring to a visit to Soviet Embassy, Mexico, and stated was unable to remain in Mexico indefinitely as he had only a 5-day permit. He said he could not take a chance at requesting a new visa unless he used his real name. Hence, returned to the U.S.A. Stated he had not planned to enter Soviet Embassy in Mexico so they were not prepared and adds that had he been able to enter Soviet Embassy in Havana as planned, the Embassy there would have been time to complete "our business".

DETAILS:

DL 100-10461

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VII. APPENDIX Page 478

DETAILS

I. BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION

DL 100-10461

A. EMPLOYMENT, INVESTIGATION RELATIVE TO SUBJECT'S PAST EMPLOYMENT.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

Mr. MOSES BRENER, CPA, 809 Audubon Building, New Orleans, La., after being advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent, furnished the following information:

A review of his records for the Dolly Shoe Company, La., an organization no longer in business, produced a W-4 Form, Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate for LEE HARVEY OSWALD, dated February 5, 1955. He also provided a similar form for MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, dated February 5, 1955.

He advised that in addition to the foregoing information, his records revealed OSWALD was employed the first quarter of 1955, earning a total wage of $42.00.

BRENER advised he did not know OSWALD, and the only connection he ever had with the Dolly Shoe Company, was that of a private accountant.

BRENER furnished the following items:

Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate, dated February 5, 1955, signed LEE HARVEY OSWALD;

Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate, dated February 5, 1955, signed MARGUERITE C. OWSALD.

2515 W 5th St. Irving, Texas

Oswald Marina

Oswald Mrs Lee Harvey

Russia La

Prusakova Marina Nikolaevna

Prusakova Marina Nikolaevna

Oswald, Marina Nikolaevna Prusakova

Oswald Marina Nikolaevna

Oswald Marina Nikolaevna

Oswald Marina Nikolaevna Prusakova

On 12/2/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-96
DL 89-43

By SA EMIL HENRY BECKER/bap Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

Mr. ROBERT L. STOVALL, President, Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, 522 Browder, advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed with this company from October 12, 1962, to April 6, 1963, according to his recollection. He stated his company hired OSWALD as a trainee through the Texas Employment Commission (TEC) and that he never did show adequate improvement as a trainee and therefore was terminated. He said he was unaware that anyone in the company had come to know OSWALD very well or had developed a liking for him. He said he had heard from other employees that OSWALD was inclined at times to either talk about Russia or had a "Daily Worker" paper in his hand. He stated based upon what he had heard of OSWALD he himself had remarked to someone at one time during OSWALD's employment with the company that OSWALD might be a Communist. He said that when OSWALD came to work he gave an address in Irving which he later changed to a Post Office Box number presumably in Dallas. He said OSWALD claimed to have had an honorable discharge and a good conduct medal from the U. S. Marine Corps but these had not been exhibited to anyone at this company at the time of his application for employment or during employment.

Mr. STOVALL advised that as far as he knew no one connected with his company had any information regarding OSWALD after OSWALD terminated in April, 1963. He advised he later learned that OSWALD had sought employment with Padgett Printing Corporation, 1313 N. Industrial Blvd.; that TED GANGL, Superintendent of Padgett, had talked to him on the telephone and apparently based upon information regarding OSWALD which STOVALL relayed to GANGL at that time OSWALD was not hired by Padgett. He said he believed it was October 4, 1963, when OSWALD sought this employment with Padgett. STOVALL noted that his company acts in the capacity of suppliers to the Graphic Arts and that Padgett Printing Corporation is occasionally a customer of his company in this connection. He advised that on November 24, 1963, he turned over to two U. S. Secret Service Agents the application for employment pertaining to OSWALD which OSWALD had filed with his company. He stated on November 25, 1963, Mr. GANGL of Padgett Printing Corporation had turned over to him an application for employment with Padgett Printing Corporation which he himself turned over to the Secret Service Agents at the same time he gave them the other application for employment.

---

on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALDEN:vm Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

Texas

ROBERT L. STOVALL, President, Jaggars - Chiles - Stovall, 522 Browder Street, advised that his pay records reflect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD's last day of work for that company was Saturday, April 6, 1963, on which day he worked from 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas 6 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING:mab Date dictated 12/5/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-6-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

Mr. JOHN GRAEF, Director of the Photographic Department, Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, 822 Browder, advised his company had an opening for a new employee in about October, 1962. He said he telephonically contacted the Texas Employment Commission and talked to a lady whom through telephonic contact he had learned was familiar with the different abilities needed for employees at Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall. He said LEE HARVEY OSWALD was one of two or three individuals referred to Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall at that time and he talked to OSWALD at that time. He said the lady at Texas Employment Commission who referred OSWALD to Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall had told him that OSWALD had recently been discharged from the U. S. Marine Corps and had received a good conduct medal. He stated OSWALD indicated to him that his last occupation was words to the effect "recently discharged from the U. S. Marine Corps." He said he himself chose OSWALD for the job opening at Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall. He said that inasmuch as OSWALD was a trainee it was not expected of him that he should make any great showing at the start but that when it came time for him to show ability to produce in about the fourth month of his employment OSWALD was not making a good showing. He said his company gives trainees an opportunity to prove themselves which OSWALD did not do. He pointed out that it was entirely possible OSWALD lacked a special knack for the particular work to which he was assigned. GRAEF said he gained the impression OSWALD was trying to do his work right but just could not seem to improve.

Mr. GRAEF recalled there was no great problem with OSWALD but that he had heard of one minor misunderstanding that had arisen between OSWALD and a fellow employee wherein the fellow employee of OSWALD was using a developing tray and OSWALD appeared upset that that individual would not turn the developing tray over to OSWALD immediately. He said he had heard rumors of other disagreements but he could not recall details of these. He recalled OSWALD was apparently anxious to earn any extra money possible inasmuch as he sought Saturday work at the plant when it was available. He said he saw OSWALD reading a paper at one time during the last weeks of OSWALD's employment which OSWALD told him was in Russian language. He said OSWALD gave some plausible reason for reading this paper; that he was studying Russian and possibly had mentioned that he had become interested in Russian language in the U. S. Marine Corps.

GRAEF advised that inasmuch as the work of his company is sometimes heavier at some times of the year than others a lull came in their work at about the time he felt OSWALD could not measure up to

on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas 9 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALSOP:vm Date dictated 12/2/63

the job that was expected of him. He said he told OSWALD that his work was not as good as could be expected and that in view of that plus the fact he had had some friction with other employees it was best he did not continue with the company. He stated OSWALD took this calmly and made no objections.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

Mr. LEONARD CALVERLEY, Foreman, Camera Department, Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, 522 Browder, advised he was the immediate supervisor of LEE HARVEY OSWALD during OSWALD's employment with this company. He stated OSWALD came as a trainee and his work consisted of making camera enlargements and reductions. He said it was obvious after a few weeks that OSWALD was not turning out good work although he was regular in his attendance at work. He said OSWALD did not seem to like to be shown how to do his work and in this respect impressed him as being rather rebellious. He said he never heard any actual statements made by OSWALD which would have shown that he was inclined to favor Russia or Communism but that he did recall OSWALD had in his possession some sort of literature pertaining to Russia on one or more occasions. He described OSWALD as a quiet type of individual who never talked of his family or what his past activities had been. He said he gained no knowledge of OSWALD's personal life but had heard that OSWALD had a Russian wife and one child. He said he believed OSWALD had no automobile and that there was no indication he had any income except from his employment with this company.

He stated he could not recall that OSWALD had ever indicated he had been in Russia. CALVERLEY said OSWALD "fouled up" the work which was assigned him constantly and that led to his termination. He said OSWALD did not seem angry about being terminated and had no cross words with him, CALVERLEY, as a result of it.

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALMON:vm Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

Mr. WALLACE A. POPE, JR., Printer, Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Incorporated, 522 Browder Street, Texas, advised that he recalls, after seeing photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the newspapers and on television, that OSWALD worked for this company for several months. He stated he does not recall the period of employment.

POPE advised that during the entire period that OSWALD was employed at this company, he, POPE, did not say 20 words to OSWALD.

POPE advised that he could furnish no information whatsoever concerning OSWALD. He advised that he knows of no one at this company who was personally acquainted with OSWALD. He stated that OSWALD was extremely aloof and everyone left him alone.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KENNETH R. ALBERT and WILLIAM O. JOHNSON/rms/gmf Date dictated 12/2/63

1

DL 89-43
REB:BJD/rms

The following investigation was conducted by SA RONALD E. BRINKLEY at Dallas, Texas:

Previous investigation has reflected that one of the payroll checks payable to LEE OSWALD while employed by Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Incorporated, Dallas, Texas, bore the address underneath the endorsement on the back of the check of 3519 Fairmount, no city shown. It appeared this check was cashed on or before October 13, 1962.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. LENNIE CRAIG, Manager, Burdick's Apartments, at 3517 or 3519 Fairmount Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised she has been manager here only since October 15, 1963. She advised she does not have records beyond this point. She stated RICHARD S. BURDICK, 3929 Normandy Street, Highland Park, Texas, would have these records. She further advised she has no recollection of LEE HARVEY OSWALD living there or has heard no rumors to that effect.

On November 29, 1963, Mr. PAUL LAWTHER, Apartment 10, Burdick Apartments, 3519 Fairmount Avenue, advised he is a long time resident of these apartments and does not remember anyone fitting the description of LEE HARVEY OSWALD living there. He stated the names HIDELL, LEE or OSWALD do not sound familiar to him. Upon observation of pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY, LAWTHER stated he has never seen either before.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. JIM CROSS, Apartment 16, Burdick Apartments, 3519 Fairmount Avenue, advised she has lived here for eight months, during which time she has heard

rumors from other tenants that OSWALD lived in one of their apartments for a short time approximately one year ago. She stated that all tenants except PAUL LAWTHER have moved into the apartments since October of 1962. She advised she does not recognize the pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY that were displayed to her.

On November 29, 1963, E. Y. ASHCROFT, Manager, Fairmount Apartments, Dallas, Texas, advised he knows most of the tenants in the Burdick Apartments. He stated that the residents of the Fairmount Apartments are mostly aged and senile people. He further advised that none of these residents have made any reference as to knowing LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that Mrs. JIM CROSS is well known for her ability to fabricate rumors of an exciting nature. He further advised he did not know OSWALD or RUBY.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. ELIZABETH RANDALL, 3211 Beverly Drive, Highland Park, Texas, advised she was formerly manager of the Burdick Apartments for 8½ years. She stated she had a good memory of names and faces and does not recall LEE OSWALD as being one of the tenants. She advised also the names LEE and HIDELL are not familiar to her. Upon being displayed photographs of OSWALD and RUBY, she advised they were not familiar to her.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. RICHARD S. BURDICK, 3929 Normandy Street, Highland Park, Texas, made available her book and ledgers reflecting rental payments by tenants during pertinent periods. She stated her books reflect no rent paid by OSWALD or known aliases.

It is noted on the map of the city and surrounding areas that there is a Fairmont or Fairmount Street located in Irving, Texas and Duncanville, Texas, which are suburbs of Dallas.

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89-43
RKH:vm

The following investigation was conducted by SAs RICHARD K. HARRISON and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:

At Dallas, Texas

On November 28, 1963, Mr. MAX FACTOR, owner Mart Liquor Store, 401 S. Ervay, was contacted regarding Subject LEE HARVEY OSWALD possibly cashing his pay checks at that store received by OSWALD from the Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall Company, Dallas. FACTOR advised he cashes many payroll checks in his store on Friday evenings from various firms in that general area one of which is the Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall Company, however, he did not specifically recall cashing any checks for LEE HARVEY OSWALD and advised OSWALD was unknown to him.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

Mrs. BARBARA GUILD, Office Manager, Harrell and Hamilton Architects, 809 Republic National Bank Building, Dallas, Texas, examined the application files for the period 1960 to December of 1963 for that company and was unable to locate any indication that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had applied for a position with that firm. She stated since she interviews all applicants, she feels that had he applied for a position, she would have recalled it.

She stated she did not know an architect in Dallas by the name of HARRINGTON and that she knew of no other person in Dallas by the name of HARRELL who is an architect other than the Mr. HARRELL of Harrell and Hamilton.

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On 12-3-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

By Special Agent LOUIS M. KELLEY Date dictated 12-3-63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-67) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

CECIL M. BURDEN, Executive Secretary, Printing Industries Association of Dallas, 334 Fidelity Union Tower, RI 7-5707, advised he received a local telephone call from GEORGE BOUHE, 401 Meadows Building, Dallas, EM 8-3538, on September 20, 1962, regarding LEE OSWALD, Fort Worth, Texas, age 22.

BOUHE said he was attempting to find a job for OSWALD doing anything that could be found in the way of work and thought Mr. BURDEN could help. Mr. BURDEN said he did not know BOUHE and has never met this individual.

In the conversation BOUHE stated OSWALD had lived in Russia several years and returned to the United States because he became "disenchanted with their way of life."

BOUHE said OSWALD was having trouble finding employment because "he was a confused young man" and he, BOUHE would like to help OSWALD get straightened out.

BURDEN explained from time to time some of the members of his association would have need for a trainee, but at the time of the above call, there was no opening of which he had any awareness, however, BURDEN informed BOUHE he call call back in case he learned of an opening for OSWALD.

Mr. BURDEN said under the circumstances, he knows he did not refer OSWALD to any printing company and concluded that he had never had any personal contact with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and has no further information to provide.

on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas 75 File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH /cir Date dictated 12/5/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

BETH ANDERSON, Personnel Department, Sanger-Harris Department Store, Lamar and Main Street, Dallas, Texas, advised she could not locate an application for employment of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She advised all applications for employment, where the persons are not accepted for employment, are destroyed after six months.

on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas 16 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JAMES C. KENNEDY and WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN /jeg Date dictated 12/2/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

DL 100-10461
WCD:cjr
(1)

Confidential Informant Dallas T-1 furnished the following on December 2, 1963:

Dallas T-1 advised that on April 29, 1963, LEE H. OSWALD had, on April 12, 1963, initiated a claim for unemployment insurance at the Commerce Street Office of the Texas Employment Commission in Dallas, Texas, and the IB-1 Form filed on April 29, 1963, was a renewal of the claim filed in Texas.

Dallas T-1 stated that inasmuch as this case was an interstate case, an Interstate Supplementary Form, IB-10, was sent to Texas for the purpose of classifying OSWALD as to his classification assignment. He was classified in Group C, which means that it was questionable as to whether or not he would be employed soon because his work history indicated the likelihood of a continuing question as to his availability, his attachment to a particular area in the labor market, that he moved around a lot, had irregular employment.

Dallas T-1 stated that the monetary eligibility determination date was set as April 16, 1963, at which time, according to the Texas Employment Commission, he was ineligible for unemployment insurance which was later resolved by the submission of a Form IB-1, submitted to Texas dated April 29, 1963, and Form IB-14, which is a request for a re-determination of his eligibility. In Texas it was found that the question of eligibility arose because of an error in the transposition of numerals in OSWALD'S Social Security Number and he was then found to be eligible to receive $33.00 weekly as unemployment insurance compensation.

The Form IB-1 is a card on which is recorded the weekly submission of claim for unemployment insurance by the claimant which indicates the date of the claim, the type of form executed, and the claim taker's initials which is as follows:

April 29, 1963	IB-14, handled by Confidential Informant, Dallas T-6.
May 7, 1963	IB-2 and IB-10, handled by Confidential Informant, Dallas T-6.

DL 100-10461
(2)

May 15, 1963 — IB-2 handled by Confidential Informant, Dallas T-6.

A notation on the card shows that the file was inactivated on June 25, 1963, to date as of May 15, 1963. When the claim was re-activated on July 22, 1963, with the submission of an IB-1 and an Interstate Claim Supplementary IB-10 dated July 21, 1963, it was determined that the inactivated period was accounted for as a period when OSWALD worked for the William R. Reily and Company, Inc., 640 Magazine Street, from May 20, 1963, to July 19, 1963, and was laid off for lack of work at which time the claims file was re-activated. Dallas, Texas

Dallas T-1 continued, stating that the weekly visits of OSWALD after the reinstatement as shown on July 30, 1963, when a Form IB-2 was handled by Dallas T-6.

On August 6, 1963, Form IB-2 was handled by Dallas T-2.

On August 13, 1963, IB-2 was handled by Dallas T-3.

On August 20, 1963, IB-2 also was handled by Dallas T-3.

On August 27 and September 3, 1963, IB-2's handled by Dallas T-3

According to the card, the claim was inactivated on October 16, 1963, when a purge of their files made every 30 days reflected no claim form had been submitted by OSWALD since September 24, 1963.

Dallas T-6 stated that the procedure usually followed in the handling of the weekly visits by the claimant is as follows:

Claimant submits a Form IB-2 which he has executed prior to coming in with the exception of the signature. When the form is submitted to the Claims Interviewer the claimant then signs his signature to the form at which time the Claims Interviewer checks this

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(3)

signature against the Form IB-1 which contains the claimant's known signature. A date and the form executed is entered onto the IB-1 Form as well as the claimant identification booklet and the information contained on the Form IB-2, then questions five through ten inclusive is executed by the Claims Interviewer and forwarded to the libel state which, in OSWALD'S case, was Texas. The claimant then obtains a blank IB-2 Form which he executes before appearing the following week.

DL 100-10461
WCD:sah

Confidential informant Dallas T-6 on December 2, 1963 furnished the following:

T-6 could identify his initials on Form IB-1, for LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and Forms IB-14 and IB-2. He stated that according to these records, OSWALD came to his office personally on April 29, 1963; May 7, 1963; May 15, 1963; July 30, 1963; August 27, 1963; and September 3, 1963, to execute these forms. He stated that when the claimant appears at the office he is required to sign the form he is presenting in the presence of the claims interviewer, at which time the claims interviewer checks the signature against the original known signature of the claimant appearing on Form IB-1. He stated that in the weekly submission of Form IB-2 the claimant usually presents this form executed with the exception of his signature, which he also signs in the presence of the claims interviewer and is checked as described above. Dallas T-6 stated that he could identify the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as the same individual whose claims he handled in New Orleans on the dates indicated above. He stated that he recognized OSWALD from television appearances in latter November, 1963, as the same person he had waited on prevbusly.

On December 2, 1963, Dallas confidential informant T-3 furnished the following information:

According to the Form IB-1 in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, which is a claim record card, he had personally waited on OSWALD on August 13, 1963; August 20, 1963; September 10, 1963; September 17, 1963; and September 24, 1963, on which dates OSWALD presented to him a Form IB-2 which is a continued interstate claim. He stated that the usual procedure, and he is certain this was followed in this case, was for the claimant to furnish the executed form with the exception of the signature and at the time the form is presented the claimant would sign it in the presence of the claims interviewer who would then check the signature against the known signature of the claimant as appearing on Form IB-1.

Dallas T-3 stated that when he saw OSWALD's picture on television and in the newspapers in connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY, he did not recognize him as being the same individual he had come in contact with as noted above. He did state, however, that he could identify the photograph of OSWALD shown to him on December 2, 1963, as being identical with the person he contacted on business as shown above.

On December 2, 1963, confidential informant Dallas T-2 advised as follows:

According to the Form IB-1, a claim record card in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he did on August 6, 1963, handle a Form IB-2 furnished by OSWALD on his weekly personal appearances at the office for his unemployment insurance claim. Dallas T-2 stated that on each occasion the claimant submits the executed form, which he signs in the presence of the claims interviewer to verify the signature from the IB-1 card. He stated that at the time this form is presented by the claimant, the claims interviewer notes the date and type of form submitted on the IB-1 card, as well as on the claimant's identification booklet. The claimant usually obtains a blank IB-2 form, which he executes for the next appearance the following week.

Dallas T-2 stated that he did not recognize the pictures of OSWALD on television and in the newspapers in connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY as the same person he had waited on; nor could he identify a photograph of OSWALD displayed to him on December 2, 1963, as this person.

NL 100-10461
WCD:mam

Confidential Informant Dallas T-7 furnished the following on December 2, 1963:

He advised that any claimant registering in his office would have had to identify himself with some document showing his name, date of birth, and Social Security number; however, he could not recall specifically what documents LEE H. OSWALD presented on April 26, 1963, at which time he executed Form LSES-511.

He stated that he did recall that while OSWALD was in his office Dallas, Texas and upon learning that he was a photographer, he telephonically contacted the George Keppel Studio, 5220 Elysian Fields, to determine if they needed the services of a photographer. Upon learning that they needed a photographer, he directed OSWALD to report to that company for possible employment. A few days later he re-contacted the studio and learned that OSWALD had never appeared there.

Dallas T-7 stated that the handprinting contained on LSES-511 Form is entirely in OSWALD's hand printing, with the exception of three lines which Dallas T-7 wrote in the block entitled, Skills, Knowledge, Abilities, and except for the notations written by Dallas T-7 on the reverse side of the card in the block entitled, Special Information and Employment Counciling Statement. Dallas T-7 stated also that in the upper right hand corner of the reverse side of the card, he personally wrote the letters, R. I. F., which was his way of flagging the reason for OSWALD's leaving his last employment as a reduction in force.

He stated that this form further reflected that on April 29, 1963, OSWALD reported to their office on Camp Street, and that on July 22, 1963, he reported to their office on Canal Street, at which time he apparently gave a change of address as was noted in block #2 and re-activated his claim.

DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

He stated that he could not identify OSWALD from a photograph displayed to him, but did recall that when he first saw OSWALD's photograph on television in late November, 1963, he recognized him as being the same person he had dealt with previously.

Dallas T-7 stated that when OSWALD reported to their Camp Street Office, his identification booklet furnished to him on April 26, 1963, should have been taken up and a new booklet called Claimant's Identification Booklet should have been issued to him in which his weekly appearances are noted. He stated that inasmuch as OSWALD was an interstate claimant and the libel state was Texas, then his weekly appearances would be furnished to the Texas Employment Commission, Austin, Texas, who would then issue an unemployment check and which would be mailed directly to OSWALD. The weekly appearances of OSWALD were recorded by Form IB-2.

DL 100-10461
WCD:dc/sl

On December 3, 1963, Confidential Informant Dallas T-3 advised he could identify his handwriting on an Initial Interstate Claim Form IB-1 dated July 22, 1963 in the name of LEE H. OSWALD. He stated he executed this form on July 22, 1963 while he was employed in the same capacity in the New Orleans Office of the Louisiana Division of Employment Security and is certain that the claimant in this case, LEE H. OSWALD, signed the form on the reverse side in his presence as is the usual procedure. He stated also that usually the signature of the claimant is checked against his signature on the original IB-1 form and he had no reason to believe he did not compare the signature on that date.

He said he did not recognize pictures of OSWALD he had seen on television in late November, 1963, in connection with the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY as the same person he had contact with on July 22, 1963, and was unable on December 3, 1963, to identify a photograph of LEE H. OSWALD as the same person.

NL 100-10461
WCD:sl
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On December 4, 1963, Confidential Informant Dallas T-10 examined his official records and advised that a registration listing of an application for employment with this division was filed on August 16, 1963 by Miss CHARLENE STOUT, 2056 Brutus Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, for the purpose of taking a typing test requested by the New Orleans School Board. He stated the records further revealed that this test was administered by Mrs. MARY MELVILLE, Test Administrator with this divisbn. Dallas T-10 stated that the official records searched for the above information consisted of registration listings for applications for employment within the three employment services of industry, service, and commercial with this division and added that a thorough search was made through this indexing system with negative results in an effort to locate a listing for one CHARLES HALL STEELE, JR.

Texas

No Loc.

On December 4, 1963, Confidential Informant Dallas T-9 checked her official records and advised that a check of her office attendance record for August 16, 1963, revealed that the only clerical staff employee who worked as receptionist on that date was Mrs. MARGARET P. HONER.

Texas

DL 100-10461
WCD:sl
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Confidential Informant Dallas T-10 on December 3, 1963, furnished the following information:

He advised that according to the records kept by his office, LEE H. OSWALD executed application card form LSES-511 on April 26, 1963, with the aid of Dallas T-7. The card was executed in OSWALD's own handprinting and an additional card was typed by Dallas T-7 only for the purpose of filing a different job classification. He stated that if an applicant shows several different occupations of a different type, a card is prepared for each to be filed under the particular classification. He stated that at the time an identification booklet was issued to OSWALD, which he was to have presented each week when making a claim.

After the initial interview, OSWALD was sent to their office on Camp Street for further processing of his unemployment insurance claim. At that office an IB-1 Claim Card was prepared on April 29, 1963, showing OSWALD's claim was an interstate claim.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-61-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

Mr. E. M. WILLIAMS, Regional Director, Region #7, AFL-CIO, 908 Gladstone Boulevard, Shreveport, Louisiana, whose office is located at Room 1015, Carondelet Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, furnished the following information:

He recalls LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in his office in New Orleans, Louisiana in about May, 1963. He does not recall the exact date and it may have been earlier than May, 1963 when OSWALD was in his office. The first contact he had with OSWALD was when he received a letter from OSWALD which letter was mailed from another state. He does not recall from where the letter was mailed but it may have been mailed in Ohio or possibly the east coast of the United States. In the letter OSWALD stated he had been raised in New Orleans but had been away for many years. OSWALD said he was returning to New Orleans shortly and would come into the AFL-CIO office to try to obtain a job. This letter was not addressed to WILLIAMS personally but was addressed to the AFL-CIO office.

Sometime, possibly two or three weeks after receiving the letter, OSWALD appeared in WILLIAMS' office and inquired as to the possibility of obtaining a job. WILLIAMS did not know OSWALD but recalls his appearance and now recognizes him as the man whose photograph has been in the newspapers recently. He recalls OSWALD was not a skilled laborer and he discouraged OSWALD's efforts to obtain a job through the AFL-CIO. He thinks he told OSWALD that OSWALD would have to join a union in order to secure a job and OSWALD said he would do so if he could get a job. WILLIAMS does not recall any other details as to his conversation with OSWALD but he believes OSWALD was alone at the time he was in the AFL-CIO office. He did not refer OSWALD to any local office of the AFL-CIO that he can recall. WILLIAMS recalls OSWALD was in his office only a short time but again returned to his office some week or two after the first visit. OSWALD was told that WILLIAMS could not help him secure a job.

There are five other employees in WILLIAMS' office and WILLIAMS does not know whether or not these employees

On 12/1/63 at Shreveport, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JAMES A. WOOTEN /dmk 27 Date dictated 12/3/63

recall OSWALD. WILLIAMS has made a thorough search of his office in an effort to locate the letter he received from OSWALD and can not find this letter. It is his opinion he destroyed the letter at the time he received it. He thinks this letter was signed LEE OSWALD or LEE H. OSWALD. He can furnish no further information as to LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

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E. [redacted] WILLIAMS, Regional Director, Region #7, AFL-CIO, 226 Carondelet Street, advised that during April or May, 1963, his office received a handwritten letter addressed to the Regional Office of AFL-CIO, from an individual named (first name not recalled) OSWALD who said in the letter that he wanted an opportunity to come to that office and talk to someone about getting a job. WILLIAMS cannot remember the contents of the letter and said he believes it mentioned in the letter that the writer, OSWALD, said he was born and raised in New Orleans. WILLIAMS said he thinks the letter was postmarked New Orleans. He said he has thoroughly searched his papers and the entire file in his office and has not been able to locate this letter. He said this is not unusual inasmuch as his usual procedure in letters not pertaining to his business is to throw them away after reading them.

WILLIAMS was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken by the New Orleans Police Department on August 9, 1963, and positively identified OSWALD as the individual who came to his office a few days after the letter signed OSWALD was received. WILLIAMS said OSWALD came into the office, spoke to his secretary, and she immediately referred him to WILLIAMS. WILLIAMS said OSWALD told him he was looking for a job and thought that maybe WILLIAMS or his organization could help him find one. WILLIAMS asked him if he was a member of the union and OSWALD told him he had never belonged to a union. WILLIAMS asked him if he had any type of skill but from his conversation with OSWALD, OSWALD indicated that he did not have any particular skill. WILLIAMS told him that he could not help him nor could he send him to anyone in the union inasmuch as he did not have a skill in any particular field.

WILLIAMS asked OSWALD if he had gone to the U. S. Employment Service (USES) and OSWALD replied that he had not. WILLIAMS said as he recalls, he did call the USES and contacted a JIMMY [redacted]SSINA and told him OSWALD was in his office and he would appreciate it if he would speak to him at the employment service and get him a job if possible. WILLIAMS said young fellows frequently come to his office for work and if they do not belong to the union or have a particular skill it is his usual procedure to refer them to the USES.

On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA W. J. DANIELSON, JR. /jm Date dictated 12/2/63

WILLIAMS said OSWALD came in alone and remained in his office for approximately 20 minutes. He said as he recalls, OSWALD impressed him as an odd sort of person who complained that nobody wanted to help him but thought that everyone should help him to make his way in life. OSWALD had mentioned to him that he had a family but gave no further background regarding himself. He said OSWALD also left the impression that he did not want just an ordinary job, but some type of a very good job. WILLIAMS said OSWALD impressed him as having a sharp mind and certainly was sane at the time he spoke to him.

WILLIAMS said that two or three days later OSWALD again came to his office before 9:00 A.M. in the morning and no one was there but him, WILLIAMS, and OSWALD asked him if he had done anything for him. WILLIAMS advised that he believes he told him that he had not done anything for him because he had not promised to do anything for him and that his call to the USES was the best he could do for OSWALD. He said OSWALD left with this and he has not seen him since that time.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

12/3/63
Date

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Mrs. ANNA X LA TSON, secretary, Region #7, AFL-CIO, 226 Carondelet Street, was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken by the New Orleans Police Department on August 9, 1963, and she said this individual was familiar to her as the person who had come into the office at one time but she could not remember when he had come in, nor does she recall any conversation with him except to refer him to Mr. E. M. WILLIAMS, the Regional Director of AFL-CIO, Region #7.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA W. J. HANKLAUCH, JR. /jm Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-62)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

Mrs. LILLIAN LEE DESLATTES, Manager, A-1 Employment Service, 1409 National Bank of Commerce Building, after being advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent provided the following items:

Application for employment of A-1 Employment Service, dated May 6, 1963 for LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Card entitled A-1 Employment Service, dated May 6, 1963 for LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Western Union Sending Blank, with date May 13, 1963.

Mrs. DESLATTES stated she was unable to furnish any additional information.

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On	12/2/63	File #	NO 89-69 DL 89-43

by SA EMIL HENRY BECKER/bap Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/1/63

re: William Lee Deslattes

Mrs. LILLIAN DESLATTES, Manager, A-1 Employment Agency, National Bank of Commerce Building, furnished the following information:

A review of her records revealed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD made application for employment placement on May 3, 1963, giving his address as 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. In this application, OSWALD provided the information he was a graduate of Arlington Heights Senior High School and held Social Security Number 433-54-3937. OSWALD listed a previous employer as Dagger-Chiles-Stoval, 622 Browder Street, Dallas, Texas, and references as DUTZ MURRETT, 757 French Street, and W. E. OSWALD, 136 Elmcer Street, Metairie, Louisiana.

Mrs. DESLATTES advised OSWALD was referred to the WEBER Photographers, 220 Camp Street on May 15, 1963 and to the Pelican Printing Company, 7819 Green Street on May 6, 1963. These records did not indicate whether the appointments were kept.

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On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NEIL HENRY BECKER /bal Date dictated 11/29/63

FD-36 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/3/63

1

New Orleans

Mr. WILLIAM KORNHAUS, Manager Pelican Printing Company, 7819 Green Street, advised he was not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and to the best of his knowledge OSWALD never made application for employment at his place of employment. KORNHAUS further stated he did not keep any employment applications on file.

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on 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent EARL KENT BECKER /ealfm Date dictated 11/29/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-03-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/1/63

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Mrs. CHARLES WEBER, Manager Weber Photographers, 320 Camp Street, advised a review of their employment files failed to ipdicate a listing for LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She further stated that she did the interviewing of prospective employees, and does not recall ever interviewing OSWALD.

New Orleans La..

3

11/29/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NEIL BERRY BECKER Date Dictated 11/30/63

NO 89-69
MPC/mrk

The files of the following concerns were checked regarding possible application for employment by LEE HARVEY OSWALD with negative results:

1 - O'DONNELL BROTHERS PRINTING, 951 Lafayette Street, New Orleans, HAROLD J. O'DONNELL, JR., President

2 - UNITED FRUIT COMPANY, 321 St. Charles Avenue, New Orleans, ROLAND HAROLD SCHROEDER, Personnel Manager

3 - SOUTHERN PRINTING COMPANY, INC., 411 Tchoupitoulas, New Orleans, JAMES B. SIROO, Secretary-Treasurer

Through inquiries at the New Orleans Retailers Credit Bureau and other appropriate sources and by review of the city and telephone directories, no address was found for the following individuals or companies:

Offset Production and Design
Rex Photography
Movie Distributing Center

NO 89-69 /bda

LUIS M. ZERVIGON, 714 Fern Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, was contacted at his place of employment, Michoud Operations, and advised that he has never been contacted, nor has he contacted LEE HARVEY OSWALD at any time.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Mr. NOEL BLAKLEY, Owner of Blakley Noel Photography, 726 North Broad Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he did not know of any Jax, Inc., Photographers in the New Orleans, Louisiana, area.

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On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA CLAUDE B. SCHLAGER /bas Date dictated 11/27/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-62) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1 Miss DE SYLVA, Owner of De Sylva-Dyer Photography, 541 Royal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that she did not know a Ajax Incorporated Photographers in the New Orleans, Louisiana, area.

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On 11/27/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA CLAUDE E. SCHLAGER :jas Date dictated 11/27/63

NO 89-69
TKV:sab

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

The following investigation was conducted by SA THEODORE R. VIATER:

On December 2, 1963, files of the following employment agencies were reviewed and disclosed no record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD ever having been registered:

Shelling and Snelling Employment Agency
226 Carondelet New Orleans, La
Mr. F. P. Clark, Manager
La

Metairie Employment Company
108 Severn Street
Metairie, Louisiana
Mrs. Dorothy Ewing, Owner
La

LO

NO 89-69:jas

At New Orleans, Louisiana

The following investigation was conducted by SA THEODORE R. VIATER:

On November 29, 1963, the following establishments were contacted and disclosed no record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD's ever having been employed or registered:

Falstaff Brewing Corporation
2601 Gravier Street, New Orleans, La.
Miss EARLINE BENSON, La
Personnel Clerk

Regal Brewing Company,
233 St. Maurice Street, New Orleans La
Mr. PAUL R. SPELLMAN, La
Assistant Comptroller.

Nationwide Employment Bureau, Inc.,
1414 National Bank of Commerce Building, New Orleans La
Mr. PAUL MILES, Manager.
La

Nunes Employment Service, Inc.,
231 Carondelet Street, New Orleans La
Mrs. SARA NUNES, Owner.
La

The following investigation was conducted by SA EMIL HENRY BECKER:

On November 29, 1963, the following employment agencies were contacted with regard to LEE HARVEY OSWALD with negative results:

Dot Romer Employment Service
234 Loyola Avenue, New Orleans, La.
Mrs. DOROTHY ROMER, Owner La

Accredited Personnel Service, Inc.,
no longer in business.

Accurate Placement Service;
no longer in business.

Louisiana

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

Mrs. LUCILLE LAGUILLON, U. S. Customs, Export Control Section, 300 Customhouse, advised she and other employees of that section had recently read that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, while in New Orleans, had been employed as a delivery boy for the J. R. Michels Company, in which capacity he would have made visits to the Customs office. She stated OSWALD would have come to that office with Export Declarations to be authenticated to return to the J. R. Michels Company. She said she also read that OSWALD was employed by that company approximately two weeks in 1955 or 1956.

Mrs. LAGUILLON said she and the other employees of the Export Control Section had discussed this and all stated they had seen OSWALD's picture in the newspaper and on television recently, but none recognized him and none stated they recall having seen him at any time. She stated she positively did not know OSWALD or recognize him as anyone she had ever seen.

Mrs. LAGUILLON stated that OSWALD would have had an identification photograph at the Export Control Section along with a brief file concerning him and the name of the firm he represented. She said she felt certain this file would have been destroyed after it was five years old, or about 1960 or 1961. She said that the person who would know the disposition of this file would be Mrs. DORIS M. MACCARI.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA TROY H. GIST /lyc Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-62)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

Mrs. DORIS M. MACCARI, U. S. Customs, Export Control Section, 300 Customhouse, advised that as Supervisor in Charge of the Export Control Section she would have had custody of their file on LEE HARVEY OSWALD during the time he was in the employ of the J. R. Nichols Company or any other company which did business with the Customs Office. She stated she did not recall the name of OSWALD in this connection but has seen his photograph very prominently in the recent newspaper issues, as well as on television. The name of OSWALD and his photograph "does not ring a bell" with her at all.

Mrs. MACCARI added that the customs file, which would have contained OSWALD's identification photograph and information card, would have been destroyed two years after his employment had terminated with the J. R. Nichols Company or any other company which would have employed him and which company would have done business with the Export Control Section of U. S. Customs.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA TROY R. GIST:lms Date dictated 12/3/63

B. RESIDENCE, INQUIRIES IN NEIGHBORHOODS OF SUBJECT'S PAST RESIDENCES

DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

On December 2, 1963, Confidential Informant Dallas T-11 displayed the Verifax copy of the change of address order postmarked Dallas, Texas, October 10, 1962, and signed LEE H. OSWALD, directing that mail for 2703 Mercedes, Fort Worth, Texas, OSWALD's former address, be re-directed to Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas. This order was shown to be made effective on October 12, 1962.

Address

DL 100-10461
WCD:mmm

Mrs Oral F. Denman

On November 27, 1963, Confidential Informant Dallas T-12 advised that Mrs. ORAL R. DENMAN, 620 Thompson Street, Kilgore, Texas, either knew or lived near the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and might have information of value.

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DL 89-43
JHA/pm

The following investigation was conducted by SA ROSLEY D. MADLAND:

On November 23, 1963, M. L. CONWAY, of the Leslie Welding Company, Fort Worth, Texas, advised LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed there from July 17, 1962, to October 8, 1962. OSWALD furnished his address as 1301 Seventh Street, Fort Worth, Texas, telephone number FE 4-5245.

On November 27, 1963, Mrs. ROBERT (CHRISTINE) YARBRO, Manager of Rotary Apartments, 1501 West Seventh Street, Fort Worth, advised that she has been the manager of these apartments since October 9, 1963. She said further that the prior managers were Mr. and Mrs. L. R. HUFFMAN, who presently reside at 1516 South Harris, San Angelo, Texas.

Mrs. YARBRO said that all records prior to October 9, 1963, of persons residing at the Rotary apparently were taken by the HUFFMANs as she has no records concerning the operation of this apartment prior to October 9, 1963.

Mrs. YARBRO said that telephone number EDison 5-0755 is a pay telephone located in the basement of this apartment house and is located near the Seventh Street entrance. She said that she understands that this telephone has been installed in this apartment for several years.

Mrs. YARBRO said that she does not know a LEE HARVEY OSWALD and never saw or heard of this person prior to seeing him on television during the past week concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

The following investigation was conducted by SA EDWIN C. DORRIS at San Angelo, Texas:

On December 3, 1963, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. HUFFMAN, 1316 South Harrison Street, advised they formerly managed the Rotary Apartments, Fort Worth, Texas. They both recalled Mrs. OSWALD, mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. They had no records to furnish dates from but recalled that probably in early fall

of 1962, Mrs. OSWALD moved into Apartment 101. She was a nurse, seemed to work regularly, and was gone most of the time. When she had been in this apartment about three weeks, she contacted the RUFFMANs and told of her son, his wife, and their small child and the fact the boy was out of work. She asked for permission permitting the son and his family to move into the apartment with her on a temporary basis. RUFFMAN told Mrs. OSWALD it would be all right and OSWALD, his Russian wife, and small baby moved in, perhaps in October or November, 1962.

RUFFMAN states he only saw OSWALD at a distance and never talked with him. He did recall that OSWALD reportedly secured a job at a tin shop which was located back of Montgomery Ward in Fort Worth, and as soon as he got a pay check, he, his wife and baby moved out. The RUFFMANs saw the wife once or twice, but their conversations were strictly limited as she could speak but little English. The elder Mrs. OSWALD then moved, stating she had a patient who desired Mrs. OSWALD live in the house of such patient. Probably a month or so later, Mrs. OSWALT, the mother, returned and rented a cheaper apartment numbered 301. She was there on this occasion about one month and moved when she stated she had to find a cheaper place, and they did not have a room for rent. RUFFMAN believed that LEE OSWALD moved some place on Fifth Street and near the new "Bone Clinic," but he did not know the address. Mrs. OSWALD, the mother, returned once afterwards and inquired for any mail, this being about January, 1963, but there was none and they have not seen her since. They did not see LEE OSWALD after he moved from his mother's apartment, and they knew nothing of his friends, associates, or otherwise.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

Mrs. Bennie Commenge

Mrs. BENNIE COMMENGE, 111 West 28th Street, Covington La. informed that a Mrs. OSWALD had previously lived in a residence belonging to her at 600 West 24th Street in Covington. She stated that when she first met this woman that Mrs. OSWALD had only three sons and that her husband, (First Name Unknown) OSWALD was still alive. She learned sometime during this period that Mr. OSWALD had died, however, she could not recall the date of death. Mrs. COMMENGE could not recall specifically when these people resided at this location because they lived with her on several occasions over a period of years, usually just during the summer months.

Mrs. COMMENGE stated that they no longer had any specific records available and in view of the lapse of time could not be specific as to dates nor could she recall anything in particular about the OSWALD family.

She stated that she knew only that Mrs. OSWALD had a very young son, possibly four or five years of age by the name of LEE. She remembered the other two boys as being slightly older.

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On 12/2/63 at Covington, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA FRANK A. BASS, JR. /mk Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

Mrs. A. LOGAN MAGRUDER, 321 N. Vermont Street, Covington La. formerly 311 Vermont Street, advised that for many years she has rented apartments at this residence and as such, recalled renting an apartment about 17 years ago to a MARGUERITE OSWALD of New Orleans, Louisiana, and her young son, LEE OSWALD, whom she stated was about six or seven years old at the time. She stated that the OSWALD's rented this apartment for about a year, during which time Mrs. OSWALD was a seamstress and apparently supported her sons, of which there were three, in this fashion. She stated that the other two boys whose names she did not recall, were a little older and went to some type of military school in Mississippi, and only came home to the mother periodically.

She stated that she believed that the OSWALD's had previously lived in an apartment or house belonging to Mrs. BENNY COMMENGE of Covington, Louisiana, but that this apartment was, as she recalled, too small for her and the boy, and for that reason she, Mrs. OSWALD, moved to her apartment.

She stated that she recalled nothing about these people, other than the fact that Mrs. OSWALD seemed to be a respectable woman, and LEE OSWALD seemed to be a nice young boy.

She informed that she had seen MARGUERITE OSWALD only once since they moved from Covington 16 years ago, and this was about three years ago when she saw her in Kriegers Department Store in New Orleans, where she was working in the Ladies Lingerie Department. They spoke only briefly, she stated.

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12/2/63 Covington, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent FRANK A. SASS, JR. & SA EUGENE R. Date dictated 12/2/63

BJORK/jas

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-62)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

Mr. ODELL NICHOLS, Manager, Liberty Hotel, 137 South Liberty Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that the former owner of the hotel, a Mrs. SIMMONS, operated the hotel in 1959, but is now deceased. He said he took over the management of the Liberty Hotel on December 15, 1962 and has no records prior to this latter date.

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On 12/4/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DL 89-43

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS /lyc Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

GEORGE E. ADAMS, 4921 East Lorraine, Hulton City, Texas stated that while at work on November 30, 1963, in the Arlington Heights section of Fort Worth, Texas, he was approached by an individual who told him his name was CHARLES MURPHY and that he, MURPHY, was employed as a news reporter for WBAP-TV, Fort Worth, Texas. MURPHY asked ADAMS how long ADAMS had been employed as a postman on that route. ADAMS told MURPHY he had been on the route ten years. MURPHY then asked ADAMS if he had delivered mail to LEE H. OSWALD when he resided at 2703 Mercedes, Fort Worth. ADAMS said that since he had already told MURPHY he had been on the route ten years and since 2703 Mercedes is a residence serviced on his route, he admitted to MURPHY that he had delivered mail to that address. MURPHY then asked ADAMS if he had ever noticed any "subversive" literature in OSWALD's mail when he resided at 2703 Mercedes. ADAMS then told MURPHY that he could not give any information about his official duties unless he was authorized to do so by the Post Office Inspector.

After telling MURPHY that, ADAMS continued on his route and did not have further conversation with MURPHY.

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on 12/2/63 at Hulton City, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH L. SCHOTT & B. TOM CARTER /ev Date dictated 12/2/63

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DO 62-2115
RWH:djw

RE: GEORGE B. BRAY

The following investigation was conducted by SA ROBERT E. WYATT:

GEORGE B. BRAY, Route 1, Box 144, Collinson Texas telephone number EX 8-2736, Corrigan, Texas, advised on November 30, 1963 that he and his wife, CLYDIE, resided in the downstairs apartment at an unrecalled address on West Neeley Street, Dallas, Texas from February to May, 1963. The upstairs apartment was occupied in March, 1963 by LEE HARVEY OSWALD and wife. The OSWALDS were moved into this apartment by a woman who was driving a white station wagon. This woman transported them and their personal belongings.

Mr. BRAY stated he and his wife both worked full time and had little cobtact with OSWALD. Mrs. OSWALD spoke no English and no contact was had with her. OSWALD appeared to be unfriendly and the BRAYS made no attempt to become better acquainted.

While the OSWALDS resided upstairs, they were visited occasionally by one or two young couples. No further information is known concerning these couples. OSWALD and his wife often quarreled loudly and on occasions these quarrels occurred in the presence of an unknown male visitor who utilized the back stairs to visit the OSWALDS. This man is described only as a white male having a chunky build. The OSWALDS moved out in early May, 1963 and no further information is known of them by BRAY.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-6-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

Dallas, Texas

M. WALDO GEORGE, 6769 Inverness Street, upon interview at 5651 North Expressway, where he is office Manager of Tucker-Manning Insurance Company, advised he was the owner of the premises located at 214 West Neeley Street. The upstairs apartment became vacant during the latter part of January and he placed a "for rent" sign in the front yard. GEORGE was on route to these premises on March 2, 1963 and on arrival his wife phoned him that an individual by the name of OSWALD called the GEORGE home inquiring about apartments and she had informed him that her husband, the owner, was at the premises. GEORGE stated on the same date, March 2, 1963, the individual who had rented the apartment, under the name of L. H. OSWALD, had met him at the premises and paid him $60.00 in cash for one month's rent in advance.

GEORGE stated that on March 4, 1963, OSWALD had called his wife and "raised cain" because the utilities were not connected at this address. In this conversation OSWALD informed Mrs. GEORGE that he had a young child and that it was necessary that the utilities be connected immediately.

GEORGE said he did nothing concerning this call, and when he next saw OSWALD on April 1, 1963 when he collected $60.00 in cash again for one month's rent, that OSWALD had made no mention of the utilities. GEORGE issued Receipt No. 9234 for this $60.00, reflecting OSWALD had paid rent in advance from April 1, 1963 to May 2, 1963. Shortly after collecting this rent, the downstairs tenants, the GEORGE B. GRAYs at this same address, called the GEORGEs and informed them that OSWALD who resided upstairs was beating his wife.

Two or three days later, Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE called on the OSWALDs at 214 West Neeley and invited the OSWALDs to attend the Gaston Avenue Baptist Church with the GEORGEs.

OSWALD informed the GEORGEs that he and his wife attended the Orthodox Russian Church but were not regular in attendance because they had to depend on their friends to take them there.

on 12-5-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN Date dictated 12-5-63

JAMES C. KENNEDY

mvs

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FD-36 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

Texas

BARBARA DAUGHERTY, Clerk, Customer Service - Personal, Main Office, Lone Star Gas Company, Service Records, 301 Harwood Street, advised gas service was turned on at 214 West Neeley on receipt of a request made by LEE H. OSWALD. Miss DAUGHERTY advised that from the records she was unable to determine if this had been by phone or had been in person inasmuch as their records did not reflect the manner in which the request had been received, but stated it was the policy of the Lone Star Gas Company to connect service and then request a deposit by mail.

On the date service was connected, March 4, 1963, a letter was addressed to LEE H. OSWALD, 214 West Neeley, requesting a deposit of $10.00. This $10.00 deposit was received by the Lone Star Gas Company on March 8, 1963 and credited under Deposit No. B 91453.

No payments were ever made by OSWALD following his posting of this $10.00 deposit.

Miss DAUGHERTY advised their records reflected the following bills had been mailed to this address from the date service was connected until it was disconnected on October 11, 1963:

March	$14.15
April	2.03
May	1.53
June	1.53
July	1.53
August	1.53
September	1.53
Total	$13.83

Since no payment had been received and the unpaid bills exceeded the original $10.00 deposit, on October 11, 1963 service was disconnected and the original $10.00 deposit plus 35¢ interest which had accrued, was applied toward this $13.83 bill, leaving a balance of $3.48.

12-5-63 Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN Date dictated 12-5-63

JAMES C. KENNEDY

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FD-36 (Rev. 2-8-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

M. J. FISH, Clerk, Commercial and Industrial Accounts, Dallas Power and Light Company, 1506 Commerce, after examining the occupant slip for 214 West Neeley Street, advised that service at this address on their records had been furnished to occupant C. P. CORNETT under Account No. 700-1-40470, Meter No. 109556, until January 16, 1963, when C. P. CORNETT by phone advised the Power and Light Company that he was moving.

Service was not discontinued at this address since the policy of the company is to continue service and contact the next tenant who moves in to the premises.

On February 19, 1963, when the meter at 214 West Neeley was read, the meter reader reported the premises as vacant.

On March 20, 1963, when the meter was again read, it reflected 36 kilowatt hours had been used, however, the meter reader reported the premises vacant.

This meter was again read on April 19, 1963 reflecting 66 kilowatt hours had been used and the meter reader reported the premises as occupied.

On April 24, 1963, a letter addressed to the occupant of 214 West Neeley was sent by the Power and Light Company as a user of electricity and requesting this person to make a deposit. No response was received.

On May 1, 1963, a personal representative of the Power and Light Company was sent to the address of 214 West Neeley, at which time the letter mailed by the Power and Light Company on April 24, 1963 was observed still in the mail box. As a result, a cut off order was issued for electrical services on May 1, 1963 and service was disconnected on May 2, 1963.

FISH stated that there was a handwritten note in the Power and Light Company's file in his handwriting which reflected that on March 29, 1963, 214 West Neeley was occupied by LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 12-5-63 at Dallas, Texas 56 File # 89-43

by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN /s/ Date dictated 12-5-63

/s/ JAMES C. KEMMERLY

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FISH did not know the basis for his having placed this notice in the file, stating it could have come from checking with other utility companies or by someone calling neighbors in the vicinity, but he had not recorded the identity of the person who furnished him the information on which his handwritten note was based.

FISH stated, however, that no payment for electrical services at 214 West Neeley had been received by the Power and Light Company from January 16, 1963 when CORBETT advised he was moving out, to May 2, 1963 when service had been disconnected at this address.

DL 89-43
JTM:BJD

Mrs. WAYNE SMITH, 2638 Alaska, Dallas, Texas, telephone number FR 6-4101, advised on December 3, 1963, as follows:

She and her husband had formerly resided at 220 West Neeley, having moved from there approximately four months ago. During their approximate six month residence there she and her husband had no knowledge of LEE HARVEY OSWALD based on name and description. Further, she and her husband had seen his picture on TV many times and they had discussed him and his activities and had agreed they had never known him. She did not know that OSWALD had lived next door to them at any time. Neither she nor her husband knew JACK RUBY.

FD-36 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/27/63

1

Mrs. JESSE JAMES GARNER, 4911 Magazine St., advised that OSWALD's rent for his apartment was due on the ninth of each month; however, with the exception of the payment made by him on May 9, 1963 when he rented the apartment, he was always late in paying his rent. She said OSWALD never voluntarily came to her apartment to pay his rent and that she always had to go collect the money from him. Normally she would wait one or two days after the month's rent was due, and then either she or her husband would ask OSWALD for his rent.

She recalled that one month, exact date not recalled, she went to the OSWALD apartment to collect the rent and OSWALD's wife indicated that he was not at home. Later that afternoon, she recalled that OSWALD came around

NO 89-69
[illegible]:bal:hm

but cannot be certain that OSWALD made some mention of visiting Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

After OSWALD lost his job at the coffee company she observed him sitting around his apartment reading nearly all of the time. Occasionally, he would leave home in the afternoon and she thought for a while that maybe he had been placed on the evening shift.

Although Mrs. GARNER saw him often, she cannot be sure that she saw him on a daily basis since some days she never leaves her apartment. She repeated that the last time she saw OSWALD was the afternoon following the departure of OSWALD's wife and child, at which time he was standing on the corner between the hours of 4:00 and 5:00 PM, waiting for a bus.

60

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

Mrs. A. C. JOHNSON, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, the residence wherein LEE HARVEY OSWALD had rented a room under the name O. H. LEE, was interviewed concerning a report of a long distance telephone call originating at Oshkosh, Wisconsin to HARVEY LEE OSWALD at the Beckley address sometime between 7:30 P.M. and 10:00 P.M. on November 15, 1963.

Interview of Mrs. JOHNSON failed to disclose receipt of such call based on the following information which was established:

1. OSWALD was in residence during the pertinent period, available for such call should it have been received.

a. Mrs. JOHNSON stated that in OSWALD's usual practice, he would not return to the Beckley address after work on Fridays; that he would not return until after work on the Monday following.

b. On the weekend in question, beginning Friday evening, November 15, 1963, OSWALD was in residence throughout the weekend to Monday morning when he left for work. Mrs. JOHNSON said she has a distinct recollection of this as she had checked OSWALD's room at about 6:30 P.M., Friday, November 15, 1963, to see whether the room might be available for use of her grandchildren on that weekend. She was astonished to find OSWALD there, and in her astonishment commented: "Oh! You're not going to Irving this weekend!" OSWALD did not say a word. Mrs. JOHNSON quickly withdrew from his room.

c. OSWALD's room is located on the first floor with entry from the living room, an entry which he must use, located adjacent to a room occupied by Mrs. EARLINE ROBERTS, the housekeeper. Neither saw him leave during the pertinent period, according to Mrs. JOHNSON; nor did he leave at any time later during the weekend except briefly when he was seen carrying clothing to the Washeteria or when she presumed he had gone to the Quick Service Grocery nearby for provisions.

12-3-63 Dallas, Texas 6[illegible] File # Bo-3

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY DHB Date dictated 12-3-63

DHB

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2. Mrs. JOHNSON advised that neither she nor Mrs. ROBERTS had taken such a long distance call for OSWALD; neither had summoned him to the telephone during the pertinent period.

a. In this respect, it had been reported that the woman answering the telephone had done so by stating: "A. M. JOHNSON residence." Mrs. JOHNSON advised that she always answers by saying only "Hello," not identifying the residence; that her name is Mrs. A. C. JOHNSON, not A. M. JOHNSON. She had determined from Mrs. ROBERTS who usually answers the phone, as her room is adjacent to the hall where the telephone is located, that Mrs. ROBERTS answers in the same manner; that occasionally she will answer with "JOHNSON residence" -- never as A. C. JOHNSON residence.

b. It is noted that the telephone number in question was a person to person call to LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the Beckley address. Mrs. JOHNSON advised that OSWALD was known at the JOHNSON residence only as O. H. LEE. Mrs. JOHNSON said that she had not associated OSWALD with her guest O. H. LEE until she had seen OSWALD on television following his arrest -- this after local officers had checked the guest register for about 30 minutes trying to identify someone among the tenants as OSWALD, and, failing to do so until his appearance on television when Mrs. JOHNSON identified him as her guest, O. H. LEE.

Based on these above circumstances, the manner in which the telephone is answered, the fact that OSWALD was only known as O. H. LEE at the residence, and the distinct recollection of Mrs. JOHNSON that no call had been received for OSWALD during the pertinent period, Mrs. JOHNSON stated that she felt she could say without question that no such call as had been described was received for OSWALD at the Beckley address.

FD-36 (Rev. 8-16-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

Mrs. EARLINE ROBERTS, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, housekeeper at the residence wherein LEE HARVEY OSWALD had rented a room under the name O. H. LEE, was interviewed concerning a report of a long distance telephone call originating at Oshkosh, Wisconsin to a HARVEY LEE OSWALD at the Beckley address sometime between 7:30 P.M. and 10:00 P.M. on Friday, November 15, 1963.

Mrs. ROBERTS advised that her room is located adjacent to that of OSWALD at the Beckley address and within about six feet of the telephone located in the hallway next to her room. She stated it is her recollection that OSWALD was in residence during the period pertinent to this inquiry; that no calls such as the one described had been received for OSWALD. She stated that she answers the phone usually by saying only "Hello," occasionally as "JOHNSON residence," and never as "A. C. JOHNSON residence." In this respect, it was noted that the woman who was said to have answered the telephone in this instance identified the number as "A. H. JOHNSON residence."

Mrs. ROBERTS stated that at this time OSWALD was known at the Beckley address only as O. H. LEE and that a call for LEE HARVEY OSWALD would have been refused under the circumstances, there having been no such person with that name known to have been in residence at that time.

12-3-63 at Dallas, Texas 63 File # 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY DHB Date dictated 12-3-63

FD-302 Rev. 3-6-63 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

LEONARD EDWIN HUTCHINSON, Scandia Apartments, Apartment 505 (RL 4-5193), 601 West Sixth Street, owner Irving Tex. and manager of Hutch's Super Market, (RL 3-5544), 2333 West Shady Grove, Irving, Texas, advised of the following concerning the report that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had attempted to cash a check in the amount of $189.00 at the store; that he frequented this store.

Since the assassination of President KENNEDY, Mr. HUTCHINSON stated that he had learned that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had resided for a time less than a mile from his grocery at 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas. He said he had identified him as a frequent customer through the appearances of OSWALD on television.

The first time Mr. HUTCHINSON could recall OSWALD's coming into the store was on a Friday afternoon between 5:30 and 6 p.m. three weeks ago. Mr. HUTCHINSON placed the date as November 8, 1963. OSWALD, he said, came to the window at the small office enclosure at the front of the store, stating "I would like to get this check cashed" and presenting the check. Mr. HUTCHINSON said he noted that the check was a two-party check in the amount of $189.00; that it was payable to "HARVEY OSWALD" written in ink and drawn on a counter check form. He did not recall the maker of the check, the bank on which it was drawn or anything by which the source of the counter check could be established. He said he did remember OSWALD's name because he considered it odd and in that having been in the grocery business forty-one years he had become accustomed to remembering the names of those tendering large checks.

HUTCHINSON said he promptly refused to cash the check for OSWALD informing him that he did not cash two-party checks. OSWALD walked out.

Thereafter, OSWALD came into the store once or

twice a week until the assassination, always he came alone apparently on foot as no car was observed, usually about 7:15 to 7:20 a.m. The store opens at 7 a.m.

There is little store traffic at 7 a.m., and usually Mr. HUTCHINSON and OSWALD were alone in this store at this time. For this reason, Mr. HUTCHINSON watched OSWALD closely and said he had attempted to make conversation with OSWALD without success. OSWALD was very tight-lipped. Mr. HUTCHINSON does not recall OSWALD's having said a word. He was not responsive even to "good day".

Mr. HUTCHINSON said he did not recall whether OSWALD had come to the store on weekends or during the course of the week.

Purchases by OSWALD always were the same--a small loaf of bread, brand not recalled, at 21¢; a package of "Mrs. BARD's Cinnamon Rolls," eight in a package at 39¢--never did he take other than cinnamon rolls; a one gallon carton of Oak Farm milk at 79¢. The total in the amount of $1.39 always was paid in cash and nearly always in change--no bills of large denomination; no checks.

On one occasion only OSWALD came to the store in the company of a woman whom Mr. HUTCHINSON presumed to have been OSWALD's wife. This was on Wednesday evening, November 13, 1963, between 6:30 and 7 p.m. Mr. HUTCHINSON said he recalled the date as he had worked that evening stocking shelves. He first noticed the two when he heard them in an adjacent aisle conversing in a foreign tongue which he could not identify. Later he took occasion to

observe them, though they were checked through the register by one of two checkers - HELEN MEASE or KAREN HOBSON - neither of whom have any recollection of this.

Mr. HUTCHISON supplied the following physical descriptions of OSWALD and of the woman whom HUTCHISON presumed to have been his wife:

Name	HARVEY OSWALD
Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	24 to 30
Height	5'10"
Weight	155 to 160
Hair	Dark, shabby, unkempt; always in need of a haircut
Eyes	Dark
Complexion	Dark
Dress	Dress very poorly; khaki -trousers; colored sports shirt, usually brown, no hat; character of shoes not noted

Name	Mrs. HARVEY OSWALD
Race	White
Sex	Female
Age	20 to 21 (very young in (appearance)
Height	5'3"
Build	Medium
Hair	Light, combed back
Dress	Cotton house dress, pattern and color not noted

DL 44-1639
DL 89-43
DEB:cv:mja

Mr. HUTCHISON said he could supply no other pertinent information.

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FD-36 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

Mrs. FANNIE PACK, 912 South Town (BL 3-5401), Irving, Texas, operator of the Airwell Cleaners, 1319 South Story, Irving, Texas, an establishment located across the street from Hutch's Grocery, where it had been established that OSWALD purchased groceries, advised that she had searched her records from the date of the assassination back to mid-September under the name OSWALD, as well as PAINE, a family with whom OSWALD's wife was reported to have resided, without finding any record. She stated that as a name is required for the purpose of having cleaning done by her firm she feels that OSWALD had not left cleaning at her establishment. She stated that she had failed to recognize OSWALD as a customer when she had seen him on television.

DL 44-1639

on 11/30/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY /cw Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/3/63

CHARLES WILLIAM CALDWELL, 2924 South Edgefield, Oak Cliff, Dallas, Texas, operator of the Irving, Texas, Television Survey, 1325 South Story, Irving, Texas, located across the street from Hutch's Grocery where it had been established that OSWALD purchased groceries, advised that he had done no business with OSWALD to his knowledge. He had no recollection of ever having seen OSWALD or his wife in the vicinity.

DL 44-1639

on 11/30/63 at Irving, Texas 69 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID E. BARRY 2/8 /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

Mrs. LEON (CORA) KAY of 1403 Mosely Drive, Irving, Texas, operator of Leon's Beauty Salon, 1323 South Story, Irving, Texas, located across the street from Hutch's Grocery, where it had been established that OSWALD purchased groceries, advised that she has been unable to identify OSWALD or his wife as having been in the area. She said that she had failed to identify Mrs. OSWALD as having been a customer at the Leon Beauty Salon.

DL 44-1639

11/30/63 Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

Mrs. HERBERT H. TYLER, 1244 Mistletoe Drive, Irving, Texas, operator of the ABC Washateria, 1320 South Story, Irving, Texas, located next door to Hutch's Grocery where it had been established that OSWALD had purchased groceries, advised that she had no recollection of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his wife having patronized the washateria which is open from 6 a.m. to 11 p.m. daily. She stated that the OSWALDs had been the topic of conversation at the washateria since the assassination, and she had learned of no customers at the washateria that had ever seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his wife at the washateria.

On 11/30/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

DL 44-1639

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY/cv Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

Mr. LLOYD CAMES, 1017 Overwood, Irving, Texas, employed at the Parkit Market, 3320 West Shady Grove, Irving, Texas, located across the street from Hutch's Grocery where it had been established that OSWALD purchased groceries, advised that to his knowledge neither OSWALD nor his wife had ever made purchases at this market.

On 11/30/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

DL 44-1639

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

Mr. RAY RAMSEY, 375 Edwards, Louisville, Texas, employed at the Parkit Market, 2320 West Shady Grove, Irving, Texas, located across the street from Hutch's Grocery where it had been established that OSWALD purchased groceries, advised that to his knowledge neither OSWALD nor his wife had ever made purchases at this market.

On 11/30/63	Irving, Texas	File #	DL 44-1639
			DL 89-43
by Special Agent DAVID E. BARRY DEB/lcv		Date dictated	12/2/63

C. EDUCATION, DATA RELATIVE TO SUBJECT'S ATTENDANCE AT VARIOUS SCHOOLS

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Mrs. MARIE BLACKWELL, St. Tammany Parish School Board, advised that she was in a discussion with some friends and one of her friends had stated that she had heard a family by the name of OSWALD had lived in Covington many years ago but did not know if it was the family of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or not..

Mrs. BLACKWELL stated that she was interested in OSWALD in view of his possible involvement in the assassination of President KENNEDY and consequently checked the record to see if by chance he had ever attended school in Covington, Louisiana. She stated that she did locate a record indicating that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had attended one semester in the Fall of 1946 when he was in the first grade.

She stated that she did not recall OSWALD or any members of his family and the only information she had regarding them was that contained in the records of the St. Tammany Parish School Board.

On 12/2/63 at Covington, Louisiana File # NO 89-89

SA EUGENE E. BJORK /ejo 12/2/63

by Date dictated

FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

Mrs. BEVERLY RICHARDSON, St. Tammany Parish School Board, advised that one of their employees, Mrs. MARIE BLACKWELL, had heard that at one time there was an OSWALD family living in Covington and consequently they checked the school board records to determine if LEE HARVEY OSWALD attended school in Covington.

She stated they located a record for OSWALD which indicated he attended the first grade at the Old Covington Grammar School in the Fall Semester of 1946. She added that the Old Covington Grammar School had recently been changed to a junior high school. She furnished the school board records concerning OSWALD which reflected the following information:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD was born on October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana, and entered the Covington Grammar School on September 19, 1946, as a first grade student. His mother was listed as Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD whose maiden name was MARGUERITE CLAVERIE and their address in Covington was 311 Vermont Street. His mother's occupation was listed as a housewife.

The file indicated that OSWALD's father was deceased and he was identified only by his last name, OSWALD. There was a space for the listing of brothers and sisters which was not filled in. The name of his teacher was not listed on the record.

The grade record indicated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD received B's including a B in conduct. He was absent eight days. The record indicated that he dropped out of school on January 23, 1947, and the notation on the card indicated "moving to Texas".

Mrs. RICHARDSON stated that there were only three first grade teachers at the time OSWALD attended the first grade and they were Miss HESTER BURNS, Miss MYRTLE MORGAN, and the late Mrs. VIOLA GALIGHER. She added that Miss MORGAN and Miss BURNS stated that they did not remember teaching OSWALD.

On 12/2/63 at Covington, Louisiana File # NO 89-89

SA EUGENE E. BJORK /ejo Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-61-62) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1 Mr. J. D. FOSTER, 511 South Vermont Street, Acting Principal, Covington Grammar School, Covington, La. advised that the only record they had for 1946 was the School Register or Record Book, which listed the students under the class registers of the teachers.

The Class Register of First Grade Teacher, Miss HESTER BURNS, reflects that LEE OSWALD attended the first grade at that School from September 19, 1946 until January 23, 1947, when he was dropped. The file did not indicate the reason for his termination, but since he had missed several days just prior to the time he was "dropped", Mr. FOSTER presumed that this was the reason for the action. He stated the records of the St. Tammany Parish School Board would be more complete in this regard.

Mr. FOSTER stated that Miss HESTER BURNS had retired from teaching several years ago but had stated that she did not recall LEE OSWALD as a student.

On 12/2/63 at Covington, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA EUGENE H. BJORN /jas Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1 Mrs. A. LOGAN MAGRUDER, 321 N. Vermont Street, formerly 311 Vermont Street, advised that for many years she has rented apartments at this residence and as such, recalled renting an apartment about 17 years ago to a MARGUERITE OSWALD of New Orleans, Louisiana, and her young son, LEE OSWALD, whom she stated was about six or seven years old at the time. She stated that the OSWALD's rented this apartment for about a year, during which time Mrs. OSWALD was a seamstress and apparently supported her sons, of which there were three, in this fashion. She stated that the other two boys whose names she did not recall, were a little older and went to some type of military school in Mississippi, and only came home to the mother periodically.

She stated that she believed that the OSWALD's had previously lived in an apartment or house belonging to Mrs. BENNY COMMENGE of Covington, Louisiana, but that this apartment was, as she recalled, too small for her and the boy, and for that reason she, Mrs. OSWALD, moved to her apartment.

She stated that she recalled nothing about these people, other than the fact that Mrs. OSWALD seemed to be a respectable woman, and LEE OSWALD seemed to be a nice young boy.

She informed that she had seen MARGUERITE OSWALD only once since they moved from Covington 16 years ago, and this was about three years ago when she saw her in Kriegers Department Store in New Orleans, where she was working in the Ladies Lingerie Department. They spoke only briefly, she stated.

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On 12/2/63 at Covington, Louisiana File # NO 89-89

by SA FRANK A. HASS, JR.
SA EUGENE E. BJORK /jas Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-13-62) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

PERRY O. WALKER, Superintendent, Board of Education, New Orleans Public Schools, 703 Carondelet Street, furnished the following information:

WALKER advised that a review of their files reflected that the only information therein regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD was contained on a Louisiana Census Form which is made out for each student attending public schools. WALKER stated that this form contained basic background information regarding OSWALD. This form indicated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was born October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana, OSWALD's father was listed as ROBERT OSWALD and his mother given as MARGUERITE CLAVERIE, and their address was listed as 809 French Street. This form also reflected that OSWALD attended Beauregard Junior High School in 1954 and then transferred to Warren Easton High School in the Fall of 1955. No dates of attendance at these schools was shown.

WALKER further advised that no other information appeared on OSWALD's record. He stated that additional information regarding OSWALD such as grades achieved and any special tests he may have taken would have to be obtained at either Beauregard Junior High School or Warren Easton High School.

On 12/3/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA KEVIN J. HERRIGAN /ejo Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

EDWARD VOEBEL, 4916 Canal Street, telephonically advised that while he was attending Beauregard Junior High School at New Orleans he was requested to take pictures at the school to be used in the year book. Mr. VOEBEL was unable to recall the exact year that he took these pictures but believes that it was in his last year at Beauregard. He remembered taking a photograph in English 202 in which all of the individuals in the classroom were facing away from the camera with the exception of LEE HARVEY OSWALD who turned and faced the camera in a clown-like attitude.

Mr. VOEBEL stated that he, VOEBEL, as best he can recall, was not a member of this particular class, but had been going from room to room, stopping unannounced, and taking photographs of the classes in session. He stated that he believes OSWALD may have taken the attitude he did in this photograph because he knew VOEBEL and happened to see him come into the room. Mr. VOEBEL stated that this action on the part of OSWALD appeared spontaneous and was not posed at the suggestion of VOEBEL. Mr. VOEBEL stated that he made this photograph available to the WDSU-TV News Service, New Orleans, Louisiana.

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SA NATHAN O. BROWN :gas Date dictated 12/3/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

Mr. JOHN MARTIN, Principal, Beauregard Junior High School, New Orleans, Louisiana, made available a school copy of the 1955 annual yearbook. In the lower left hand corner of page twenty-two of this book appears a photograph of LEE OSWALD.

Photographs were made of LEE OSWALD's picture by SA DONALD C. STEINMEYER on 2¼ by 3¼ Tri-X with a Graflex fingerprint camera.

During contact with Mr. MARTIN he exhibited a class record [illegible] card for the 1954-1955 school year at Beauregard which reflects that LEE HARVEY OSWALD attended English 202 under the instruction of Mrs. H. Dufour DUFOUR. Mr. MARTIN stated that Mrs. HELEN DUFOUR who taught this class was still a member of the faculty at Beauregard Junior High but does not remember OSWALD at all.

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On 12/4/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA DONALD C. STEINMEYER and /dck Date dictated 12/4/63
SA NATHAN O. BROWN

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

Mrs. MARY MILLER, School Social Worker, assigned to the Visiting Teacher Department, New Orleans School Board, was contacted at Beauregard Junior High School, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Mrs. MILLER stated that her office at 1116 Jefferson Avenue, New Orleans, is the location of McDonogh School #14. She stated that she has been regularly assigned to handle work at Beauregard Junior High School since 1953.

Mrs. MILLER stated that she could not recall having occasion to handle a case concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She stated that she does recall that she handled a case in Exchange Alley at New Orleans and as best as she can remember this was concerning an attendance problem. She said that the student whom she visited must have been attending Beauregard Junior High on a permit since Exchange Alley is located nearly four miles from Beauregard School. Mrs. MILLER said she could not recall any of the details pertaining to this visit and could not associate the visit with OSWALD other than that she remembered an Exchange Alley address. Mrs. MILLER stated that she makes a temporary record concerning minor attendance problems rather than a permanent record file. She stated that after hearing about OSWALD's involvement in the shooting of President KENNEDY she searched her records and was unable to locate anything pertaining to OSWALD or this visit to Exchange Alley.

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On 12/4/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA DONALD C. STRIDMEYER and jdmk Date dictated 12/4/63
SA NATHAN G. BROWN

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

Louisiana

Mrs. KATHRYN AME, Secretary, Warren Easton High School, 3019 Canal Street furnished the following information:

New Orleans LA.

AME advised that at the time LEE HARVEY OSWALD attended Warren Easton High School she was teaching classes but she stated she could not recall anything concerning this individual. She advised that after reading about OSWALD in the newspaper she checked his school file in an effort to determine if it would help her recall OSWALD. She stated his school file reflected he attended there from September 8 until October 5, 1953.

AME advised that the former principal of Warren Easton High School was AMY HINDRICKS, who retired in 1956. She stated that the present principal HARRY GARLAND would not recall OSWALD since GARLAND came to the school after OSWALD had withdrawn. She further advised that the only teacher still there who would have been teaching at the time OSWALD attended, would be WILFRED HEAD, assistant LA vice-principal. She further advised that due to OSWALD's brief attendance she doubted if any of the former teachers would recall him. She noted that OSWALD did not attend long enough to receive a report card or have his picture taken for the yearbook.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN /dmk Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

AMY HINDRICKS, 7924 South Claiborne, New Orleans, La. furnished the following information:

HINDRICKS advised that she was the former principal of Warren Easton High School but that she retired in June, 1956. She advised that she vaguely recalls an individual by the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as having attended her school for about four or five weeks in the fall of 1955, however, she stated that due to the brief period OSWALD attended the school she does not recall ever having met him or having any dealings with him. She advised that due to OSWALD's attending for such a brief period she doubted if any of the former teachers would recall him. She further advised that at the time she was principal there were over 1,200 students attending Warren Easton High School and that even though it would be difficult recalling OSWALD from among so many students, had he had any type of disciplinary problem she would have certainly recalled this. She advised that he did not attend there long enough to have received a report card or have his picture taken for the yearbook. She stated she could recall nothing regarding his associates, habits or any other background information regarding him.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN /dmk Date Dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

WILFRED HEAD, Assistant Vice-Principal, Warren Easton High School, 3019 Canal Street, furnished the following information:

HEAD advised that at the time LEE HARVEY OSWALD attended Warren Easton High School briefly for about five weeks in the fall of 1955, he, HEAD, was teaching there but he could recall absolutely nothing regarding OSWALD. He advised that he had observed numerous pictures of OSWALD, including one from a yearbook at Beauregard Junior High School in an attempt to refresh his recollection of OSWALD but stated that even after these attempts he was still unable to recall OSWALD.

On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

SA KEVIN J. HARRIGAN /dmk Date dictated 12/2/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

Mrs. WILLARD S. LOCKETT, Secretary, Biloxi High School, advised that she personally checked the index of the school with respect to students receiving diplomas at the high school for the period 1956 - 1959 and found no reference to one having been issued to LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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On 12/3/63 at Biloxi, Mississippi File # NO 89-69

by SA H. WARREN TOOL, JR. /jm Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-01-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

2

Date December 4, 1963

Mrs. CORA KELLY, Educational Specialist, Education Department, advised that she and her staff have searched the available records of the department for a possible reference to LEE HARVEY OSWALD ever having taken any examinations for a high school diploma or the equivalent, which search was negative; the search of records covering the period 1956 through 1959.

On 12/4/63 at Keesler Air Force Base, Miss. File # MO 89-89

by SA H. WARREN TOOL, JR. :rjs Date dictated 12/4/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

Mrs. CORA KELLY, Education Specialist, Education Department, advised that if an individual receives a GED examination on Keesler Air Force Base while assigned there, the results thereof are forwarded to the State Department of Education of the state of his residence or home of record.

She advised that she would endeavor by searching records which will take several hours, to determine if there is a reference to LEE HARVEY OSWALD ever having received such an examination on Keesler Air Force Base between the dates of 1956 and 1959.

On 12/3/63 at Keesler Air Force Base, Mississippi File # MO 89-69

by SA R. WARREN TOOL, JR. /jm Date dictated 12/3/63

1

HO 62-2115
TDD/mem

RE: JOSEPH ALLEN SKILES

The following investigation was conducted by SA TERENCE D. DINAN, on December 4, 1963:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS

JOSEPH ALLEN SKILES, 2530 Briar Ridge, Apartment 20, Houston, Texas, advised that he is presently in his Sophomore year of dental school at the University of Texas. SKILES advised that he attended grade school at Arlington Heights Elementary in Fort Worth, Texas, and recalls that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in the third through the sixth grades with him at that school. SKILES stated that to the best of his recollection, OSWALD always laughed a lot and was frequently laughed at by the other children in the class. He stated that the reason for this was that OSWALD was frequently summoned to the Principal's office because of arguments between himself and his teachers. He stated that most of these arguments arose during Social Studies class when the theory of Democracy was being discussed. OSWALD always questioned this theory and seemed to disagree with it. He described OSWALD as a well liked boy and also stated that he was the "toughest guy" in physical education class.

SKILES stated that he saw OSWALD on only one other occasion and that was in the tenth grade of high school when they were together for practice on the football field. SKILES stated that his football coach had a rule that whenever the players were not actually on the field they had to stand on the sidelines and were not allowed to lie down. OSWALD was visibly upset over this rule and stated that such a rule violated his constitutional rights and that this is a free country. He said that he had a pistol and, if necessary, would use it to defend his rights. Shortly thereafter, OSWALD argued with the football coach over his practice rules and again stated that he knew his rights and could lie down on the sidelines if he desired. SKILES stated that the coach then kicked OSWALD off the team. He further advised that this was the last time he saw OSWALD and had heard nothing of him since

that time until his name appeared in the newspapers in connection with the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

SKILES stated that shortly after the assassination of the President, he was informed by his mother, ALLENE SKILES 4105 Southwest Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas, that his uncle, HOWARD RAY PARKER, who is a social worker in Dallas, Texas, actually heard the shots fired which killed the President. He advised that PARKER supposedly remarked that he was in the building across the street from the Texas Book Depository when the President was killed.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

Mr. JOHN SHARP, Principal, Arlington Heights High School, Fort Worth, Texas, stated his records revealed LEE HARVEY OSWALD entered Arlington Heights High School on September 5, 1956. He withdrew from school on September 28, 1956, stating he was withdrawing in order to enlist in the U. S. Marine Corps. Mr. SHARP stated the record reflects OSWALD had attended Beauregard School, New Orleans, Louisiana, from September, 1954, to June, 1955. He attended Warren Eastern High School, New Orleans, Louisiana, from September 8, 1955, to October 10, 1955. The record shows he moved to Fort Worth from New Orleans, Louisiana, on July 1, 1956.

The file also reflected that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was born October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana. His mother was listed as MARGARET C. OSWALD, 4936 Collinswood, Fort Worth, Texas, telephone number PErshing 8-7259.

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on 12/3/63 at Fort Worth, Texas 91 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER/gm Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

TROY C. BOND, principal, public evening school located at Crozier Tech High School, 2218 Bryan, Dallas Texas advised their records indicated LEE H. OSWALD, 602 Elsbeth, a commercial photographer for Jagger's Printing Company, 532 Browder, enrolled at their school on January 14, 1963. He advised that his age was 23 years and he had gone to high school but did not wish high school credits for this course. He enrolled in a beginner's typing course from January 28, 1963 until he stopped on April 8, 1963. He said he took the course each evening from 6:15 P.M. to 7:15 P.M., and Mrs. YOAKUM was his teacher. He said the course primarily dealt with the general knowledge of the keyboard. He said he paid a $9.00 tuition fee on January 28, 1963 under Receipt No. 24817.

Mr. BOND advised that Mr. SEALE of the Secret Service talked to them this morning about OSWALD's record and they also interviewed Mrs. YOAKUM, OSWALD's teacher, who recalled she kept a little black book on all of her class pupils, but could not recall whether or not she had commented about OSWALD. He advised that the Secret Service intended to get in touch with Mrs. YOAKUM at a latter date when she had a chance to review her little black diary.

12-5-63 at Dallas, Texas 92 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT E. BASHAM Date dictated 12-5-63
JAMES T. WARD

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 5, 1963

GLADYS YOAKUM, 3234 Carnes, Dallas, Texas, WHitehall 3-7673, teacher at Public Evening School, Crozier Tech High School, 2218 Ryan, advised that LEE H. OSWALD attended her typing class from January 28, 1963, until she dropped him from the rolls on April 8, 1963. She said that the class was an hour in length, from 6:15 P. M. to 7:15 P. M., on Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays, and they have a policy of four absences before they drop an individual from the rolls. She advised that this being the case, the last day OSWALD would have attended her class would have been March 28, 1963. She advised that Secret Service Agents had interviewed her this morning in an effort to find attendance records for OSWALD but evidently the school had thrown all the previous records away.

Miss YOAKUM advised that OSWALD was not outstanding or unusual in any way but his clothing and appearance was that of an unkempt person. She particularly noticed he always came to class with dirty fingernails. She remarked that a typing teacher would notice this. She recalled that he did not attend class regularly and he had no associates in the class of twenty-five (25) or thirty (30).

Miss YOAKUM further advised she searched her records at home but could not locate anything connected with the typing class that OSWALD attended.

On 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas 93 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JAMES J. WARD and ROBERT E. BASHAM/gmf Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-28-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

Mr. FORREST R. LA VIOLETTE, Head of the Department of Sociology, Tulane University, residence address 1307 Pine Street, observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and advised he did not know OSWALD and that he had never seen him. New Orleans, La.

12/2/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

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SA MILTON R. KAACK
& SA L. M. SHEARER, JR. /lyc Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 3, 1963

Dr. MAX LAPHAM, Provost, Tulane University, at 6823 St. Charles Avenue, advised that he had checked the records of students, faculty members, and employees of the University and could find no one with the name of HIDELL. Dr. LAPHAM stated he made inquiries and could not find that any faculty members of the University were involved with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON B. KAACK /mw Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

Miss MARJORIE PROVENSAL, Registrar's Office, Tulane University, advised she had no record of CHARLES HARRISON being a student at Tulane University.

On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SAs MILTON B. KAACK and L. M. SHEARER, JR. /lyo Date dictated 12/2/63

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D. RELATIVES, INTERVIEWS WITH AND DATA CONCERNING SUBJECT'S RELATIVES

FD-302 (Rev. 3-21-60)

1.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Staff Sergeant JOHN EDWARD PIC, Air Force Serial Number AF 133 132 39, assigned to Wilford Hall Hospital, Medical Squadron, Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, who informed that he is a half brother to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, accused assassin of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, was interviewed at the Security and Law Enforcement Division, Lackland Air Force Base.

Sergeant PIC said he was born January 17, 1932 at New Orleans, Louisiana. He said he joined the U. S. Coast Guard at age 18, in Dallas, Texas. He thereafter entered the U. S. Air Force and from February 1, 1956 until 1958 was stationed at Mitchell Air Force Base, Hempstead, New York. In 1958, he was transferred to Japan and from November 10, 1958 until July 17, 1962, was stationed with the U. S. Air Force at Tachikawa, Japan. From there he was transferred to Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, arriving at Lackland in August, 1962, since which time he has been assigned to the Medical Squadron, Wilford Hall Hospital, Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, as indicated above. Sergeant PIC lives at 7306 Westville, San Antonio, Texas, with his wife and three small children.

Sergeant PIC stated his father was EDWARD JOHN PIC but that he does not know where or when his father was born nor whether he is living or not. He stated he does not remember his father at all, it having been his understanding from his mother that they were separated when Sergeant PIC was an infant. He also believed his mother had mentioned that his father was a stevedore.

Sergeant PIC stated his mother's maiden name was MARGUERITE CLAVERY and she was born in New Orleans, Louisiana, on July 19, year of birth unknown. He stated her first marriage was to his (Sergeant PIC's) father, EDWARD JOHN PIC, and that he was the only child born of this marriage. Sergeant PIC stated that, according to what he understood from his mother, she married, while Sergeant PIC was an infant, one ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, who died in August, 1939, and is buried someplace in New Orleans, Louisiana. To this marriage was born ROBERT

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On 11/29/63 at Lackland Air Force Base, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SAs THOMAS W. BERGE and JOHN RUSSELL GRAHAM/jmb Date dictated 11/30/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., on April 7, 1934, in New Orleans, Louisiana, whose current address, according to Sergeant PIC's latest information, is 1006 Sierra Drive, Denton, Texas, and LEE HARVEY OSWALD, born October 18, 1939, in New Orleans, Louisiana.

Sergeant PIC stated that in the summer of 1944 his mother married EDWIN EKDAHL in the vicinity of Dallas, Texas, and they were divorced during the summer of 1948 in Fort Worth, Texas. He said the last time he saw his mother was in November, 1956, in Fort Worth, Texas, where he, Sergeant PIC, and his wife and children spent a few days while en route from Mitchell Air Force Base, Hempstead, New York, under transfer to Japan. He said at this time, the personal relationship between his wife and his mother became so unpleasant that he and his family severed contact with his mother, stayed a few days at the residence of his brother, ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., in Fort Worth, Texas, and then proceeded on to Japan. Sergeant PIC stated he has had no contact or communication with his mother since that time and does not know where she is living nor even whether she has again remarried.

Sergeant PIC stated the last time he had seen or had any contact with LEE HARVEY OSWALD was on Thanksgiving Day of 1962 at the residence of ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR. in the 7000 block of Davenport Street, Fort Worth, Texas, as discussed in further detail hereinafter. Prior to that occasion, the last time Sergeant PIC had seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in February, 1953. Sergeant PIC explained that in July or August, 1952, he and his wife were living at 325 East 92nd Street, New York, New York, and Sergeant PIC was at that time in the U. S. Coast Guard. He said his mother and LEE HARVEY OSWALD, then age 13, lived with him at the latter address for about six weeks. During this time, LEE HARVEY OSWALD's disrespectful attitude toward his mother was such that Sergeant PIC, at his wife's request, attempted to talk to LEE HARVEY OSWALD into adopting a better attitude toward his mother. However, LEE HARVEY OSWALD apparently had no intention of changing his attitude and shortly thereafter LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his mother moved out to an apartment somewhere in the Bronx in New York City, address unrecalled. Sergeant PIC stated he visited his mother and LEE HARVEY OSWALD once thereafter, in February, 1953. in their Bronx apartment and on this occasion LEE HARVEY OSWALD would not speak to Sergeant PIC and walked out of the apartment without even glancing at him.

From February, 1953 until Thanksgiving Day, 1962, Sergeant PIC did not see LEE HARVEY OSWALD nor have any direct communication from him. He mentioned that he was aware, from newspaper accounts and from a letter received from ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had gone to Russia in 1959, and had returned to the United States with a Russian wife in 1962. Sergeant PIC stated he never had any details as to what caused LEE HARVEY OSWALD to go to Russia or as to the experiences he had while in Russia, except for comments contained in a letter from ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., received by Sergeant PIC while in Japan to the effect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD's action in going to Russia was not a "spur-of-the-moment" decision but rather was something which LEE HARVEY OSWALD had carefully thought out. Sergeant PIC stated he no longer has this letter of ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, and can recall nothing further as to its contents but observed that apparently LEE HARVEY OSWALD had discussed the matter of going to Russia with ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR.

Sergeant PIC stated that he and his wife and children went to Fort Worth, Texas, in November 1962, to spend the Thanksgiving holidays with ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD and his family. At that time, ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR. was living in the 7000 block of Davenport Street in Fort Worth. Sergeant PIC said he and his family visited there from Thanksgiving Day, 1962 until the following Sunday when they returned to San Antonio, Texas.

Sergeant PIC stated that on the morning of Thanksgiving Day, 1962, ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR. informed him that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and wife and infant daughter were also coming over and at about 1:00 or 2:00 p.m. that day Sergeant PIC and ROBERT went to the Greyhound Bus Station in Fort Worth, Texas, met LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family as they came out of the station, and took them to ROBERT's house. Sergeant PIC said he did not know where LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family had come from, but presumed they had come over from Dallas, Texas, as he believed they were living in Dallas at that time.

Sergeant PIC stated LEE HARVEY OSWALD, his

wife, MARINA, and their young daughter stayed at ROBERT's house until about 6:00 or 7:00 p.m. Thanksgiving Day, 1962, at which time they left in company of a man, name unknown, who came by for them. PIC said he was told this man, whom he was able to describe only as white, rather tall, dark haired, dark complexion, possibly 25 to 28 years old, was studying Russian at some school in the State of Oklahoma, possibly the University of Oklahoma. PIC said this man was at ROBERT's house for only a few minutes and, while he was introduced to him, he could not recall his name. Sergeant PIC said he understood ROBERT had met this man previously and he believed ROBERT would know his name and possibly have additional information about him.

Sergeant PIC said that during the visit of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and family to ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, ...'s residence in Fort Worth, Texas, on Thanksgiving Day, 1962, LEE HARVEY OSWALD had nothing to say about his experience in Russia nor what impelled him to go there, other than to mention that he had worked in some kind of factory and had "a hard time". He said LEE HARVEY OSWALD had nothing to say regarding any kind of politics, nor did he express his feelings about Communism. Neither did he mention that he had any membership in any Communist or any other kind of organization, according to Sergeant PIC, and, specifically, Sergeant PIC said LEE HARVEY OSWALD mentioned nothing about the " Fair Play for Cuba Committee". Sergeant PIC said he was told LEE HARVEY OSWALD's wife, MARINA, had been a pharmacist in Russia but he stated she did not speak English and he accordingly learned nothing further from or about her. Sergeant PIC said LEE HARVEY OSWALD did advise that he had a Post Office Box in Dallas, Texas, where letters could be sent to him and he said LEE HARVEY wrote the number of this Post Office Box down in a little book which Sergeant PIC had. The Sergeant said he could not remember the number of the box and that he had given the little book to the U. S. Secret Service representative in San Antonio, Texas.

Sergeant PIC advised that his mother, in the years up to 1946, was quite close to her sister, Mrs. CHARLES MURRETT, who, as of 1946, was living at an address on Sherwood Forrest Drive in New Orleans, Louisiana. He

said that from something said to him when he was quite young, it is his impression CHARLES MURRETT was a gambler and bookmaker. He stated Mr. and Mrs. MURRETT had several children, recalled by him as follows:

MARILYN MURRETT, Australia, a single woman who is a school teacher. Sergeant PIC stated MARILYN MURRETT was teaching school in Japan in 1959 and he talked with her several times. He stated she mentioned being aware of LEE HARVEY OSWALD's being in the U. S. Marine Corps, apparently doing well in that service, from which Sergeant PIC assumed MARILYN MURRETT had kept informed at least in some way as to LEE HARVEY OSWALD's activities. He stated he does not know where MARILYN MURRETT now is, but is of the belief she may be teaching school in Australia.

CHARLES MURRETT, JR., a dentist and graduate of Louisiana State University, location unknown.

JOYCE MURRETT, believed to have married a Texas physician, location unknown.

GENE MURRETT, a Roman Catholic priest of the Jesuit Order, location unknown.

"BOOGIE" MURRETT, believed to be playing professional baseball with some farm league in Texas.

Sergeant PIC mentioned the MURRETTs because he supposed that, due to his mother's past close connection with them, they or at least some of them may have maintained contact in some way with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or the latter's mother over the years.

Sergeant PIC said he believed his mother's deceased husband, ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, SR., had a brother, HARVEY OSWALD, who years ago lived in New Orleans, Louisiana, but that he really did not know whether HARVEY OSWALD is still alive.

Sergeant PIC advised he was unable to recall any other relatives of his mother.

Sergeant PIC expressed the opinion that

ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., believed now living at 1006 Sierra Drive, Denton, Texas, would know considerably more about LEE HARVEY OSWALD than he (Sergeant PIC) knows. He stated he had no other information whatever as to the location or activities of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in September, October or November, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Joyce Murret

Mrs. Charles Murret

Mrs. JOYCE O'BRIEN, nee Murret, born February 23, 1927 at New Orleans, Louisiana, residence 1615 Fairway Street, Beaumont, Texas, advised that when visiting her mother, Mrs. CHARLES MURRET, 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, in August, 1963, she received a telephone call from LEE HARVEY OSWALD in jail in New Orleans, requesting that she post $25.00 bond to permit him to get out of jail. She went to the New Orleans Police Department and was informed by a police officer that OSWALD was charged with disturbing the peace for carrying a poster. She was shown a homemade cardboard on a stick with the words "VIVA CASTRO" and pamphlets attached, which she did not read. She thereupon decided against the bond and went to a hospital where her mother had an eye operation that morning.

Later, because of the circumstances of OSWALD's wife, she decided to return to the police department and she talked to an officer who advised her against providing the bond because OSWALD might not appear for trial. He also advised that OSWALD could be released without bond upon the request of a politician or elected official.

Mrs. O'BRIEN returned to her mother's home where she received another call from OSWALD inquiring about the delay in his release. She told him she did not have the money and that possibly he could be released upon request of an elected official. OSWALD rejected the proposal and asked her to contact his wife, who had the money.

Texas

Mrs. O'BRIEN then telephoned a Mr. EMILE BRUNEAUX, who had been a friend of her father, and advised him of OSWALD's situation and he agreed to help. Mr. BRUNEAUX later called and advised he had contacted a politician or official, name not recalled, and that OSWALD had been released. Soon afterwards, OSWALD called thanking her for obtaining his release. He was not told who secured his release but was aware that it was a special favor. OSWALD promised to appear in court.

On 11-30-63 at Beaumont, Texas 107 File # HO 62-2115

by SA JOSEPH B. KILLGORE:djw Date dictated 11-30-63

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Mrs. O'BRIEN left New Orleans for Beaumont the following day, a Sunday, and heard nothing from OSWALD or concerning the disposition of the charges against him. She had been in New Orleans several days but never actually saw OSWALD on that trip.

Mrs. O'BRIEN advised that she has known her cousin, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, since he was a very small child, noting that she was several years older than he. Mrs. O'BRIEN vaguely recalled that her mother met her sister, Mrs. MARGUERITT OSWALD, in New Orleans when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was two or three years old and because of Mrs. OSWALD's poor circumstances, LEE resided with Mrs. MURRET for some time, perhaps a year or two. Later, Mrs. OSWALD married a man, name unknown, who is now deceased, and moved to some place in Texas, taking LEE HARVEY OSWALD with her. At that time, OSWALD was still pre-school age. Thereafter, Mrs. O'BRIEN had little contact with the OSWALD family. She recalled that on an occasion when his brother, ROBERT OSWALD, was hospitalized in Texas for surgery, LEE HARVEY OSWALD visited the MURRET family in New Orleans for about a week. OSWALD was then a young boy of about junior high school age.

Mrs. O'BRIEN advised that after LEE HARVEY OSWALD left school she knew very little about his activities. She and her husband learned through news media that he had gone to Russia but did not know of his return until the summer of 1963. About July, 1963 Mrs. O'BRIEN was visiting her mother in New Orleans when OSWALD called Mrs. MURRET and he brought his Russian wife, who was pregnant and their small child, to Mrs. MURRET's home for a visit of a few hours. At that time, OSWALD did little talking and volunteered no information concerning his past activities or associations. He left the impression that he was pleased to be back in the United States. When Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD was asked how she liked America, she stated "Me like America. Lee no like Russia. Lee no like America. Lee like moon."

Mrs. O'BRIEN advised that as a small child OSWALD was outgoing and friendly. It was her understanding that after moving to Texas, his mother was employed and required him to stay home alone. She recalled that during his visit to New Orleans as a young boy of junior high school age, he stayed inside and watched television and read, which was not considered normal for a boy of that age. Mrs. O'BRIEN expressed the belief that OSWALD lived completely within himself and had built up strong personal beliefs within himself and was "against everything". She was unable to furnish any information or explanation concerning OSWALD's involvement with the Cuban groups, either pro-Castro or anti-Castro.

Mrs. O'BRIEN advised that her husband, EMILE O'BRIEN, is employed as a high school coach and teacher and that they are active in the Catholic church. Friends and associates in Beaumont are not aware of her relationship to OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

1

New Orleans La.

CHARLES P. MURRET, residence address 757 French Street, employed as a clerk on the Mississippi River front, working under a Permit issued by the Clerks' & Checkers' Union Local 1497, furnished the following information:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD is his nephew, by virtue of the fact OSWALD's mother, MARGUERITE, is a sister to MURRET's wife. He first met MARGUERITE in about 1925. She married EDDIE PIC. A son, JOHN EDWARD PIC, was born of this marriage. She apparently then divorced PIC because she subsequently married LEE OSWALD and had two sons by this marriage, namely ROBERT and LEE. MARGUERITE's husband died before LEE was born. MURRET could not recall any years in which these events took place. LEE lived in the MURRET home for some months, which may have been almost a year, when he was a baby. MURRET does not recall when MARGUERITE and her children left New Orleans. He remembers being told by his wife that MARGUERITE had married a third time, but he does not know what her third husband's name was.

MURRET does not know when MARGUERITE and LEE returned to New Orleans and does not know where they lived before they returned. He does recall LEE attended Beauregard Junior High School in New Orleans while he and his mother lived in Exchange Alley, but he does not know for how long. He has no idea when LEE and his mother left New Orleans at that period of time. He does not know any friends or associates of LEE.

MURRET did not see LEE when he visited Mrs. MURRET at the time LEE was in the U. S. Marine Corps.

MURRET recalled that he heard somewhere, but he did not recall where that there was an item in the newspaper that LEE OSWALD was in Russia and wanted to give up his U. S. citizenship. He did not recall what year that occurred. He did recall that his wife received a Christmas card from LEE while LEE was in Russia and this card apparently was torn up by the grandsons because when his wife wanted to send the card to their son, EUGENE, it could not be found.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

ENGELHARDT/cay

by SA's EUGENE F. BLOCH & JOSEPH G. Date dictated 12/4/63

The next time he knows anything about LEE OSWALD was when he arrived home from work one day in the spring of 1963, and LEE was there. He gave LEE permission to give the MURRET telephone number to employment agencies or prospective employers. MURRET, personally never received any calls because he was at work.

LEE borrowed $50 from MURRET at the time he went to look for an apartment. He returned it before he received his first pay from the Reily Coffee Co., where he started to work after being in New Orleans about a week. MURRET is of the opinion he merely wanted to have the money on hand in the event it was needed for a deposit on an apartment, and apparently he did not need it.

He never had any discussions with LEE concerning LEE's views on anything and in fact had very little conversation of any kind.

MURRET did not talk to the woman who brought LEE's wife and child from Texas. He arrived at his home and everyone was in the station wagon ready to leave. He did not know if anyone other than the woman driver and LEE's wife and child were brought to New Orleans. He offered to drive his car and lead the way to the apartment LEE had rented on Magazine Street and did so. He did not go into the apartment but merely guided them there.

LEE and his family visited the MURRET home on about three occasions. At no time was there any discussions of political views. He probably picked up LEE and his family one time at their apartment, the address of which he does not know, but does know the location. He probably took them home several times. He used either his 1950 Plymouth, grey color, two-door, or his 1956 Mercury, green color, four-door.

MURRET drove his wife, his daughter JOYCE, and LEE's family to Mobile, Alabama, where MURRET's son, EUGENE, is studying at the Jesuit House of Studies, Springhill College. EUGENE had invited LEE to give a talk to the students on conditions in Russia.

MURRET did not recall the exact week end that this trip was taken; but it was subsequent to the return from Beaumont, Texas, of his wife with his daughter JOYCE, in July, 1963, and before August 8, on which date his wife went into the hospital for an ear operation. MURRET did not listen to the talk LEE gave, and did not ask LEE anything about the talk. He asked EUGENE, and EUGENE told him that the students seemed interested in what LEE had told them.

MURRET was out of New Orleans, Louisiana, from August 8, to 11, 1963. When he returned, his family told him that LEE had been arrested by the New Orleans Police Department for distributing leaflets pertaining to the Fair Play For Cuba Committee and that he had been released from jail at the request of a friend of MURRET's, who was called by his daughter JOYCE. He wanted to impress upon LEE the necessity of appearing in court on the following day; and, therefore, went to LEE's apartment on the late evening of August 11. He asked LEE if anybody was going to represent him in court. LEE did not give a direct answer to this question, nor to any of the other questions, which MURRET asked him; and MURRET received the impression that LEE felt it was none of MURRET's business. LEE was alone with him in the room, and MURRET was trying to find out if LEE belonged to any Fair Play For Cuba Committee, if there was any such committee in New Orleans, and if there was, why nobody had appeared to parole him after he was arrested. LEE did not give a direct answer to any of these questions; and MURRET therefore assumed that there was no such organization in New Orleans, and asked LEE, "What are you trying to do, start an organization of your own around here." LEE did not answer.

LEE did not make any statement one way or another as to whether there was a Fair Play For Cuba Committee in New Orleans, whether he was an officer or not, or whether even a member. Because of the manner in which LEE acted and the fact no one came to his assistance when he was arrested, Mr. MURRET was of the opinion that LEE was acting on his own in whatever he was doing. He was at LEE's apartment not more than ten minutes.

NO 89-69/cay

There was a picture of FIDEL CASTRO, not framed, on the mantle. MURRET did not know if it was a photograph cut out of a magazine and pasted on some cardboard, or whether it was a drawing or painting of CASTRO.

MURRET recalled that LEE telephoned the house prior to a radio debate and suggested the family listen to the debate. MURRET heard very little of the debate and never questioned LEE subsequently about it. MURRET stated that one time he asked LEE why he did not teach his wife English, and he did not receive any answer from LEE. MURRET recalled that once or twice, he asked LEE's wife how she liked America, and she smiled and said, "Like America." The last time MURRET saw LEE and his family was on Labor Day, 1963. He did not know when LEE and his family left New Orleans, and he received no communication of any type from LEE after Labor Day.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

ROBERT LEE OSWALD, 1009 Sierra, employed Sales Coordinator, Acme Brick Company, Denton, Texas, advised that he recalled the occasion, Thanksgiving, 1962, believed to be November 22, 1962, when he and his brother, JOHN EDWARD PIC, went to the Greyhound Bus Station in Fort Worth and picked up his brother, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, his wife and children, and that they returned to his, ROBERT LEE OSWALD's, home, 713 Davenport Street, where they had Thanksgiving dinner. He advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family arrived at the Greyhound Bus Station at approximately ten a.m. and that they remained at his home until approximately four p.m. He stated that at this time either Mr. PAUL GREGORY or his son, PAUL GREGORY, JR., came by and picked up LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife and children and they left presumably to return to their Dallas address.

Yes

Texas

*Oswald Robert Lee Jr.

*Oswald, Robert

*Oswald, Robert L.

*Oswald Robert Lee Edward Jr.

1009 Sierra St
Denton, Texas

Born 4/7/34 New Orleans, LA

LF

on 12/2/63 at Denton, Texas 111 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ALFRED D. NEELY & ROBERT P. BUTLER RPB/ADN Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 12/2/63

ROBERT LEE OSWALD, 1009 Sierra Street, employed Sales Coordinator, Acme Brick Company, Denton, Texas, in reinterview advised that in 1945 he would have been only eleven years of age but that he did recall he and his family lived at 4801 Victor Street, Dallas, in 1945. He stated that his mother remarried in either April or May, 1945, to EDWIN E. EKDAL, in Dallas, and as he remembered moved shortly thereafter to Boston, Massachusetts. He stated Mr. EKDAL was an electrical engineer and is now employed by the Texas Electrical Company, Fort Worth, Texas.

OSWALD advised that in September, 1945, he and his brother, JOHN EDWARD PIC, were sent to the Chamberlain-Hunt Military Academy, Port Gibson, Mississippi, and advised that they attended this school until June, 1948. He stated that in June, 1946, at the end of the 1945-46 school year he returned to his mother's home which was then located in Benbrook, Texas. He advised that he could not furnish an address in Benbrook stating that all he remembered about this address was that his mother lived in a house with rock siding. He stated that during the summer of 1946 his mother moved to either 1508 or 1805 Eighth Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas, and advised that in 1953 his mother moved from Fort Worth, Texas, to New York and stated that this was while he was in the Marine Corps. He stated that in February, 1954, he was sent overseas and that his mother and brother, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, were then living in New Orleans, Louisiana.

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on 12/2/63 at Denton, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALFRED D. WEELEY & ROBERT P. BUTLER Date dictated 12/2/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Mrs. CHARLES F. (LILLIAN) MURRET, 757 French Street, New Orleans La. advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD's mother, whose maiden name was MARGUERITE CLAVERIE, first married ED JOHN PIC and had one son born of this marriage named JOHN EDWARD PIC. Mrs. MURRET related that ED. JOHN PIC did not want to have any children and that when her sister became pregnant, PIC refused to support her sister and the child and left her. Her sister obtained a divorce from PIC and when JOHN EDWARD PIC was approximately two years of age, married LEE OSWALD, father of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mrs. MURRET explained that she did not know OSWALD's full name and he had always been referred to as LEE. Mrs. MURRET further informed that her sister's husband worked for the Metropolitan Insurance Company for years and years. She said the first child born to her sister of this marriage was ROBERT OSWALD and that when ROBERT was approximately five years of age, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was born of this marriage. Mrs. MURRET stated her sister's husband died when she was pregnant, approximately two months before LEE HARVEY OSWALD's birth. While her sister was married to OSWALD, they purchased a home on Alvar Street, where they were living at the time of Mr. OSWALD's death and her sister continued to live at that address. Her sister lived in New Orleans until LEE HARVEY OSWALD was approximately two years of age and during this time the older boys were placed in a boarding home, name not recalled, and she (Mrs. MURRET) took care of LEE HARVEY OSWALD for an unrecalled period of time which, to the best of her recollection, was less than one year.

MARGUERITE then moved to Fort Worth, Texas, taking LEE HARVEY OSWALD and her two other sons. Mrs. MURRET said that MARGUERITE married for the third time to ED ECKDAHL (phonetic), who was a research man and whom she believes was employed by the Texas Electric Company, but does not know whether they were married in New Orleans or in Texas. She has never met ECKDAHL and knows nothing about him other than the fact that he was making a fabulous salary reported to be $1,000 per month and that her sister traveled to various towns with him in connection with his business, taking LEE HARVEY OSWALD with her. She related that the two older boys, JOHN EDWARD PIC and ROBERT OSWALD, were attending Chamberlin Hunt Academy near Natchez, Mississippi during that period.

On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SAs ERNEST C. WALL, JR. and JOSEPH G. ENGLEHARDT /lrc Date dictated 12/2/63

Mrs. MURRET said that she met her sister, MARGUERITE, on the streets of New Orleans, date not recalled, but sometime after she had moved to Texas, and that MARGUERITE told her at that time that she was living in Covington, Louisiana.

Mrs. MURRET said that to the best of her knowledge, her sister did not own any property at Covington, Louisiana and in all probability, rented a house for the summer, which carried into the school year and it is possible that LEE HARVEY OSWALD entered school at Covington because he was approximately of school age at that time.

Mrs. MURRET related that her sister, upon leaving Covington, went back to Fort Worth, Texas and moved into a duplex she had purchased in that city. Upon arriving in Fort Worth, her sister introduced herself to another tenant in the building and that this woman informed her sister she was not the Mrs. ECKDAHL she knew. Her sister conducted a check based on the information furnished by this woman and discovered ECKDAHL in the apartment of another woman and subsequently obtained a divorce from him. A short time after this divorce ECKDAHL died, leaving her sister without any funds whatsoever.

Mrs. MURRET said that when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was about 12 to 13 years of age, her sister returned to New Orleans to live. She claimed she had no knowledge of where her sister had lived during the intervening years. Mrs. MURRET said she has no recollection of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his mother living in her home during this period while they were attempting to locate a place to live or while they were getting settled. However, there is a possibility they may have stayed at her home for a day or two during this period. OSWALD and his mother lived on Exchange Place at this time and may have given Mrs. MURRET's address because he knew it was a more permanent address than the one he and his mother would have.

Mrs. MURRET stated she knew that JOHN EDWARD PIC had lived in New York and while there, joined a branch of the service which she believes was the U. S. Coast Guard. JOHN EDWARD PIC has made the service his career and the last she knew he was still in service and she believes he was stationed

somewhere in Texas. She recalls that her sister, MARGUERITE, has said that JOHN EDWARD PIC is a pharmacist. ROBERT OSWALD joined the U. S. Marine Corps and it is her recollection he was discharged from the Marine Corps while her sister was living on Exchange Place in New Orleans.

Mrs. MURRET informed that during the time her sister was living on Exchange Place, she and LEE HARVEY OSWALD visited her (Mrs. MURRET's) home very seldom. She stated she did not know when her sister and her family left New Orleans. According to Mrs. MURRET, her sister thought that ROBERT OSWALD would want to settle in New Orleans, but ROBERT said all of his friends were in Texas and he wanted to settle in Fort Worth, Texas.

Mrs. MURRET stated they did not hear from her sister MARGUERITE for quite some time and that sometime later, exact date unknown, her son-in-law, EMILE O'BRIEN, was attending a coaching school in Dallas, Texas. While there, he contacted MARGUERITE by telephone and she informed EMILE she had had an accident at the place where she was working and that as a result of this accident, it was necessary for her to sell everything she had and she was in a destitute condition at that time. Mrs. MURRET said she and her daughter sent a package to her sister around Christmas and that she later received a letter from MARGUERITE saying she had not written to her because all she knew was trouble.

Mrs. MURRET related that on a Saturday, date not recalled, LEE HARVEY OSWALD came to her home dressed in a Marine Corps uniform and advised her that he was stationed at Biloxi, Mississippi. She said that she and MARILYN took LEE HARVEY OSWALD to either Morrison's Cafeteria or Gluck's Restaurant for lunch and then took him to the bus station for him to return to Biloxi, Mississippi. She said this was the first time she knew he had joined the Marine Corps. She invited LEE HARVEY OSWALD to visit her home on weekends because he was stationed so close to her but he did not visit her at any later time.

Mrs. MURRET did not hear from LEE again until she received a Christmas card from him which was mailed in Russia. LEE had his address on the card and asked her to write his mother, furnishing his mother's box number.

wife and spoke with her in Russian. Mrs. MURRET said that in all probability, the woman with whom OSWALD's wife had been living in Texas placed the call for her because MARINA OSWALD spoke very little English. LEE also received a letter from his wife, MARINA, while at her home.

Mrs. MURRET stated that on the Saturday after LEE OSWALD rented the apartment on Magazine Street, he came to her home to await the arrival of his wife and daughter. She said that around or between 2 and 3 p.m., on that date, MARINA OSWALD and her daughter came to her home with a woman driving a station wagon accompanied by the woman's two young daughters. Mrs. MURRET said this woman was introduced to her by name but she does not recall what her name was, however, she was told that this is the woman with whom MARINA and her daughter had been living in Texas. Mrs. MURRET advised that she did not have any lengthy conversation with this woman and that they remained at her home only a short period of time because the children were restless and they immediately departed to go to the apartment on Magazine Street. Mrs. MURRET said she did not have any discussion with this woman concerning Doctor LEONARD REISSMAN and that she (Mrs. MURRET) does not know Doctor REISSMAN. She recalled that while LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family were living on Magazine Street, OSWALD called her on the telephone occasionally and during one of these calls, told her that this woman from Texas knew a party who was teaching at Tulane University but she does not recall whether LEE mentioned the name of this person. LEE informed her they had visited this person or that this person had visited LEE's apartment and they had looked at slides or film of Russia. LEE told her this person who taught at Tulane University had a daughter who was attending a university in Russia.

Mrs. MURRET said that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family visited her home on three or four occasions while living in New Orleans. She recalled that the first visit occurred on Saturday morning, approximately two or three weeks after his family came to New Orleans. They came to her apartment by bus and upon arriving there, LEE expressed a desire to go crabbing. Her daughter, MARILYN, took LEE

and MARINA crabbing along the lakefront for at least a couple of hours.

Mrs. MURRET said that she visited her daughter, JOYCE O'BRIEN, in Texas during the early part of July, 1963 and returned to her home with JOYCE on July 14, 1963. She stated that a week or two after she and JOYCE returned from Texas, LEE OSWALD telephonically contacted her one morning and wanted to come over. She said that LEE, MARINA and their daughter came by bus and remained at her home until 9 p.m. Mrs. MURRET said they drove LEE and his family back to their apartment on Magazine Street.

Mrs. MURRET said she planned to have an operation on August 8, 1963 and that between the time of the preceding visit and the time she went into the hospital, LEE OSWALD and his family again visited her home. She said they came to her home between 5 and 6 p.m. and stayed until approximately 9 p.m.

She said that on a Saturday, between July 14, 1963 and the Saturday before her operation on August 8, 1963, she and her husband, JOYCE O'BRIEN and her two children and LEE and MARINA OSWALD and their child drove to Mobile, Alabama in the MURRET family car. She said the purpose of the trip was to see her son, EUGENE MURRET, who is at the Jesuit House of Studies, Springhill College, Mobile, Alabama, and for LEE OSWALD to make a talk to the students at the Jesuit House of Studies on "Conditions in Russia", which he was to make at the request of her son, EUGENE. She said they arrived in Mobile, Alabama about 2 p.m. and checked into a motel, name not recalled, which is located on Azalea Road. Mr. MURRET paid the room rent for LEE OSWALD and his family as well as his own at the motel and financed the entire trip. Mrs. MURRET said she and MARINA OSWALD were not permitted to attend the talk LEE OSWALD made to the students as females are not allowed on the premises so they walked to the chapel located in the vicinity of the school. At the chapel they met a young man who was a student at the school who was studying Russian. This young man talked to MARINA in Russian and determined she had been of the Russian Orthodox religion during her early years but later on had not attended any type of church service.

This young man showed them the chapel and during this time the young man had conversation with MARINA in Russian. Mrs. MURRET said before returning to the motel, they asked MARINA to attend church with them on the following morning and that MARINA expressed a desire to do so but said she would have to talk to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. MARINA did attend mass with JOYCE and Mrs. MURRET the following morning. Mrs. MURRET said they checked out of the motel after lunch and returned to New Orleans.

Mrs. MURRET said that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family again visited her home on Labor Day, 1963. She said he telephonically contacted her on that morning advising that MARINA wanted to come over to her home that morning. She informed LEE they should come over around 4 p.m. and they arrived at approximately that time. She related that Mr. MURRET, who was on his way home, picked LEE OSWALD and his family up at the end of the street car line on Canal Street and gave them a ride to her home. She said they remained at her home until about 9 p.m. and that her son, JOHN MURRET, drove them to their apartment and enroute showed them the church where he was to be married as well as the place where the reception was to be held.

Mrs. MURRET advised LEE OSWALD visited her while she was in the hospital recuperating from an operation on August 9, 1963. She said she learned through her daughter, JOYCE O'BRIEN, that LEE OSWALD had apparently been arrested on that same date for disturbing the peace and was lodged in the city jail. JOYCE O'BRIEN was instrumental in securing his release on parole through a friend of the family. Mrs. MURRET said that Mr. MURRET was on a retreat over that weekend and upon his return to New Orleans on Sunday, August 11, 1963, he was informed of OSWALD's arrest and release on parole. On the late evening of August 11, 1963, Mr. MURRET visited LEE OSWALD at his apartment to impress upon him the necessity of appearing in court the following day. During this contact Mr. MURRET asked LEE OSWALD if he was an officer in the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and at that time LEE denied that he was.

Mrs. MURRET said that sometime after LEE OSWALD's arrest, she commented to him that he was "stupid" to be used as a "dupe." LEE OSWALD at that time told her he knew too much to be a "dupe."

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Mrs. MURRET further said that subsequent to the arrest of LEE OSWALD, on the day he had a debate on the radio with other individuals, he telephonically contacted her home and told them to turn the radio on and listen to the debate. Mrs. MURRET said she listened to part of this debate. Mrs. MURRET said there was nothing said to LEE OSWALD subsequently concerning this debate or anything concerning the ideas he expressed at that time.

Mrs. MURRET said that the time LEE OSWALD stayed at her home and while living in New Orleans, he did not appear to have very much money. She said when he first arrived in New Orleans, he told her he had been working for a printing company in Texas and had a very good job but that the company had discharged him because they did not need three operators on that particular job. He informed Mrs. MURRET he had borrowed $435 from the American Embassy in Russia for his passage back to the United States and that he had been able to repay the money he had borrowed and had a few dollars saved up.

Mrs. MURRET said that OSWALD did not mention at any time how he went to Russia, did not discuss his life in Russia to any extent or how he returned to the United States or when he returned to the United States. She said the only thing he told her was that he had been employed in a factory at Minsk, Russia.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

Records [redacted], New Orleans, Louisiana, which may be obtained only through issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted], reflect the following information:

Telephone number HU 8-4326 is assigned to [redacted], New Orleans, Louisiana, and was connected February 2, 1954. Records reflect that [redacted] was self-employed buying and repairing cars and electrical appliances. The date of this employment was not shown. The record also contained the following tolls:

BILL DATED 11/5/63

October 27, 1963 — DDD Call to Beaumont, Texas, Area Code (AC) 713, Telephone Number TW 2-9473.

BILL DATED 10/5/63

September 30, 1963 — Station to Station call to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone #TW 2-9473.

BILL DATED 9/5/63

August 14, 1963 — Station to Station Call to Newark, New Jersey, AC 201, Telephone # HU 5-1541.

September 1, 1963 — Person to Person call to [redacted], Atlanta, Georgia, AC 404, Telephone # TR 2-1765.

BILL DATED 8/5/63

July 6, 1963 — Call from [redacted] in Fayetteville, Arkansas, from a coin phone, HI 2-9591

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11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent NATHAN G. BROWN /mb/vm Date dictated 11/30/63

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WO 89-69/mh

	To [redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana, telephone #891-2295, billed by the 3rd number billing system to MU 8-4326
July 7, 1963	Station to Station call to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone #TE 8-3943
July 7, 1963	Collect call from Barling, Arkansas, station to station from [redacted] at coin phone 883-0926
July 11, 1963	Station to Station to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone # TE 8-3943
July 15, 1963	Person to Person to [redacted] Mobile, Alabama, AC 205, telephone #342-6465
July 18, 1963	Person to Person to [redacted] c/o Eastern Airlines, Houston, Texas, Telephone #644-1261, Call made from coin operated phone in New Orleans by [redacted] billed to Hunter 8-4326 by the 3rd number billing system. Toll ticket contains notation that [redacted] is son of [redacted]
July 16, 1963	Person to Person from [redacted] to [redacted], Atlanta, Georgia, AC 404, Telephone #TE 2-1765

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NO 89-69/mh

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BILL DATED 7/5/63

July 1, 1963	Station to Station to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone # TE 8-3943
June 19, 1963	Person to Person to [redacted] (room 299) at San Antonio, Texas, AC 512, Telephone # DI 4-4581.
June 8, 1963	Station to Station to Tradewinds Motel, Biloxi, Mississippi, AC 601, Telephone #ID 5-2351
June 6, 1963	Person to Person to Reverend (name not shown) at the Tradewinds Motel, Biloxi, Mississippi, Area Code 601, Telephone #ID 5-2351.

Toll records for HU 8-4326 prior to July, 1963 have been destroyed and current toll records concerning calls made after November 5, 1963, will not be available until the regular billing date December 5, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

Records [redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana, which may be obtained only through issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted] reflect the following information:

The following additional tolls were located for HU 8-4326, which is assigned to DUTZ MURRET, 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. These toll records were located in a storage area:

BILL DATED 6/5/63

5/15/63 To Bon Ton, New Jersey, Area Code 201, Telephone #DE 4-1034, to [redacted] from [redacted]

5/10/63 To [redacted] from [redacted] (Same as above - Telephone #DE 4-0607). No toc

5/8/63 Station to Station, Irving, Texas, Area Code 214, Telephone # BL 3-1628.

BILL DATED 5/5/63

(Unknown date) To Beaumont, Texas, Area Code 713, Telephone #TE 2-7646.

4/20/63 To Beaumont, Texas, Area Code 713, Telephone #TE 8-3943.

4/24/63 To Bon Ton, New Jersey, Area code 201, Telephone #DE 4-1034.

BILL DATED 4/5/63

(Unknown date) To Mobile, Alabama, Area code 205, Telephone #342-6465.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN/nah Date dictated 12/2/63

NO 89-69
NOB/cah

BILL DATED 3/5/63

2/22/63 To Mobile, Alabama, Area Code 205, Telephone #342-6465.

2/14/63 To Beaumont, Texas, Area Code 713, Telephone #TE 8-3943.

2/17/63 Person to Person to Houston, Texas, to [redacted] Area Code 713, Telephone #544-1261, from [redacted] at a coin phone in New Orleans.

BILL DATED 2/5/63

BILL DATED 1/5/63

12/25/62 To Mobile, Alabama, Area Code 205, Telephone #342-6465.

BILL DATED 12/5/62

11/9/62 Telegram to Santa Monica, California.

11/16/62 To Houma, Louisiana, telephone # UP 2-2014.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

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Records of [redacted] Irving, Texas, reflected the following long distance telephone calls were charged to telephone BL 3-1628, listed in the name, [redacted] 2515 West Fifth, Irving, Texas

DATE	PLACE	NO. CALLED	NAME OF PERSON CALLED
9-24-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
10-2-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
3-28-63	Ennis, Texas	TR 5-2749	[redacted]
4-15-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
4-15-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
4-12-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
4-13-63	Fort Worth, Texas	ED 2-1452	Veterans Auction Magnolia Street
4-16-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 4-3311	
4-16-63	Fort Worth, Texas	ED 2-1452	
4-18-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
4-8-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 4-3311	
5-29-63	Paoli, Pennsylvania	MI 4-4255	
5-22-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-22-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-21-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
6-5-63	Columbus, Ohio	CA 8-4711	[redacted] Ohio
6-5-63	Columbus, Ohio	AM 7-2450	Ohio
6-20-63	Bethesda, Maryland	OL 6-1990	
7-17-63	New Orleans, Louisiana	UN 6-0389	[redacted] La
7-16-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 4-3311	
7-19-63	New Orleans, Louisiana	UN 6-0389	
7-8-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-4444	
7-11-63	New Orleans, Louisiana	TW 9-5553	
7-10-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-4444	
7-10-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	

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on 12-6-63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH:mja Date dictated 12-7-63

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SL 89-43

DATE	PLACE	NO. CALLED	NAME OF PERSON CALLED
7-6-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-4444	
6-29-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-1517	
6-21-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
4-25-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-?	
4-19-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
4-24-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-9-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-16-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-25-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-4444	
4-23-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
4-24-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
7-24-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	

The above information will be made available upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to [redacted] Irving, Texas.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/7/63

Dr. DONALD CAMPBELL advised he is the Dean of Studies, Dallas Theological Seminary, 3909 Swiss Street, Dallas, Texas.

He advised that the records in the registrar's office of the Dallas Theological Seminary do not reflect the name TOM GWATLEY. He advised there is a student named THOMAS GWALTNEY who is in his fourth year of studies at the seminary. Dr. CAMPBELL advised that THOMAS GWALTNEY has a good record at the seminary and he knows of no unfavorable information connected with him.

on 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent SA MAURICE J. WHITE/BJD Date dictated 12/7/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

JERRY ABBOTT OSWALD, 423 Hughes, Irving, Texas, telephone number BL 5-1383, was interviewed at his place of employment, J. C. Penney, Irving, Texas.

OSWALD, when questioned concerning his relation to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, advised to the best of his knowledge, he, JERRY OSWALD, was in no way related to LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

JERRY OSWALD advised his wife called the Club Chalet, in Dallas, Texas, about one month ago and made reservations for from eight to ten persons. JERRY OSWALD advised he, his wife, JOY, Mr. and Mrs. GARY SIMMONS, Mr. and Mrs. STEVE PUSHCARRIAGE, and Mr. and Mrs. SAM VAUGHTER actually attended the Chalet nightclub.

While at the Chalet Club, JERRY OSWALD advised that he and STEVE PUSHCARRIAGE had talked to RAY WRAY, the bandleader at the Chalet. RAY WRAY and STEVE PUSHCARRIAGE were both from the State of Pennsylvania and were discussing various aspects relative to the State of Pennsylvania. JERRY OSWALD advised he identified himself to RAY WRAY.

JERRY OSWALD advised he had never heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY until after the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

JERRY OSWALD advised that due to telephone calls being made to his residence from all parts of the United States from various individuals, it was necessary that he have his telephone number changed from BL 5-1397 to BL 5-1383.

The following description of JERRY ABBOTT OSWALD was obtained from observation and interrogation:

Name:	JERRY ABBOTT OSWALD
Address:	423 Hughes, Irving, Texas
Born:	April 19, 1938, at Waco, Texas

Jana K Sokl born 1963

On 12/3/63 at Irving, Texas 129 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOHN T. KESLER and VERNON HITCHEN:mla/gmf Date dictated 12/3/63

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Height:	5' 1"
Weight:	140 pounds
Hair:	Brown
Eyes:	Hazel
Education:	High school graduate
Military Service:	U. S. Navy, December, 1956 to September, 1959
Relatives:	Wife: JOY JACQUELINE OSWALD nee JARVIS, age 25, same address
Children:	2; 2, JASON OSWALD, 9 months, daughter, JANA, 2½ years
Brother:	JACK ROSS OSWALD, 3917 Cumberland, Waco, Texas
Sister:	Mrs. W. C. HURST, 3712 Lasker, Waco, Texas
Father:	JACOB ROSS OSWALD (deceased)
Mother:	Mrs. VERA OSWALD, 3514 Parrott, Waco, Texas

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

Mr. PHILO B. WATERS, Branch Manager, The National Life and Accident Insurance Company, 504 Bailey Street, Fort Worth, Texas, advised that this date the home office of the National Life and Accident Insurance Company had made the following press release:

"In April, 1945, the National Life and Accident Insurance Company issued a $1,000 Twenty-Payment Life Juvenile Policy through our Dallas, Texas, office on the life of LEE OSWALD, who at that time was six years old. The policy was bought by his mother, Mrs. MARGURITE C. OSWALD, who was the owner and beneficiary. In April, 1957, a small loan was made on the policy. The policy stayed in force until April, 1959, when it lapsed for failure to pay premiums. The Non-Forfeiture values under the policy, however, were sufficient to provide Expended Term Insurance amounting to $863.00, (the face amount less the loan) which did not expire until September, 1957".

Mr. WATERS stated that he had no knowledge of this policy until December 2, 1963, and there was no inquiry or claim made by Mrs. OSWALD. He stated that the number of the policy is 942157.

Mr. WATERS stated that on December 3, 1963, he had gone to Mrs. OSWALD's home at 2220 Thomas Place, Fort Worth, Texas, with the check in the amount of $863.00. He stated that Mrs. OSWALD had declined to accept the check stating that she was entitled to double indemnity under the policy provisions.

WATERS stated that Mrs. OSWALD also claimed that only one payment had been missed.

WATERS stated that Mrs. OSWALD indicated that she was going to contact the home office of the National Life and Accident Insurance Company in an effort to obtain double indemnity under the policy.

on 12/3/63 at Fort Worth, Texas 131 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARNOLD J. BROWN /cv Date dictated 12/3/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

WATERS stated he is referring this matter back to his home office as he has no information regarding the payment, no copy of the policy, no insurance application and no information regarding the loan obtained on the policy.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

Mrs. ORVAL E. DENMAN, 620 Thompson Street, advised that during the year of 1961, exact dates not recalled, she was employed as an outside sales agent for the Kibler Office Supply Company in Denton, Texas.

She stated in the course of her business she met a woman named OSWALD, first name believed to be MARGUERITE, and that Mrs. OSWALD had a fabric or sewing shop in Boyd, Texas. She stated she believes this Mrs. OSWALD is the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mrs. DENMAN stated Mrs. OSWALD was contacted by her during a period of about four months about once a week.

Mrs. OSWALD told her she had a son in Russia and that on one occasion Mrs. OSWALD showed her a letter written by her son. She stated she cannot now remember the contents of the letter and stated it was a very short note.

On another occasion Mrs. OSWALD was gone from her shop for over a week and when she returned she said she had gone to Washington, D. C., to trace her son through U. S. Government Officials as she had not heard from him for a considerable period of time.

She stated she has not seen Mrs. OSWALD since 1961 and that she never did know LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at Kilgore, Texas 133 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALAN L. MANNING:vm Date dictated 12/1/63

E. ASSOCIATES, ACQUAINTANCES AND PERSONS ALLEGEDLY IN CONTACT WITH SUBJECT IN THE PAST

FD-36 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1 39

ROY TELL, JR., 304 Zinnia Street, Metairie, Louisiana, appeared at the New Orleans Office of the FBI and advised that he had been in the Civil Air Patrol (CAP) at Moisant Airport from approximately September, 1955 to January, 1958. He said the name OSWALD is vaguely familiar to him but he could not place him from the recent photo of OSWALD in the newspapers.

TELL was shown a photograph appearing in the New Orleans States-Item on November 23, 1963, Page 1, which was a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken in approximately 1954. TELL, upon looking at this photograph, said he believes OSWALD was in the CAP at the same time he was, but he cannot be sure of this. TELL said that he, TELL, was a drill sergeant in 1956 and 1957 and it was during this time that he might have seen OSWALD. He said if his memory is correct and the individual he is thinking of is identical to OSWALD, he remembers seeing him only three to five times at any of their meetings. TELL could furnish no information regarding the background of OSWALD, nor could he say who his friends might have been while in the CAP. TELL said the following individuals were in the CAP at the same time he was, and that they may possibly know something more regarding OSWALD:

ANTHONY ATZENHOFER, 2820 Cleveland Avenue; New Orleans, La.

LC JOHN CERAVOLO, address unknown, a friend of ATZENHOFER;

LA JOE LISBON, employed at Delta Air Lines as a ticket agent;

LARRY ANDERSON, Texas LA also employed at Delta Air Lines;

LA OLIVER ST. PE', whose mother owns The Lucy Clothing Shop on Jefferson Highway;

LA RICHARD MARSHALL, who he believes is in the Army in Germany;

LA GENE MARSHALL, RICHARD MARSHALL's brother, who he believes lives on Suave Road in Jefferson Parish.

(3)

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA V. J. DANIELSON, JR. Vjd Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

1

DANIEL PATRICK POWERS, Marine Serial Number 1497089 and who resides at 401-12th Avenue, West, Menomonie, Wisconsin, advised that he entered the Reserves in the Marine Corps on December 18, 1954 and served on active duty in the Marine Corps from November 1, 1956 to October 31, 1958.

POWERS advised as follows:

He first met LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the Midway Barracks in the Marine Aviation Detachment, Naval Air Technical Center, Jacksonville, Florida, sometime in June, 1956. It was in June, 1956 that POWERS as senior marine was assigned the following individuals, including himself, on transfer from Jacksonville, Florida to Biloxi, Mississippi: EDWARD J. BANDONI, Number 1551427, residence believed Boston; JAMES M. BRERETON, Marine Serial Number 1644586, residence believed Brooklyn; DONALD P. CAMARATA, Number 1652220, residence believed Cedar Rapids, Iowa; MARTIN E. CROUD, Number 1639694, residence unknown; LEE H. OSWALD, Number 1653230, residence believed Texas.

He informed that this group remained in Biloxi, Mississippi until about June 4, 1957. While at Biloxi, OSWALD remained "the loner". He never went out on Liberty with the rest of the group and it was believed, however, that he spent some time on leave at home in New Orleans just prior to the time that this group left Biloxi en route to El Toro, California.

On June 4, 1957, the same group left Biloxi via a plane for the Marine Corps Air Station at El Toro, California. Leave was granted this group which had left Jacksonville,

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on 11/29/63 at Menomonie, Wisconsin File # MI 62-1178 DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOHN W. SCHALLER/lmp/rms Date dictated 11/29/63

Florida and it was not necessary for the group to report at El Toro until July 12, 1957. It was at this time that it was believed by POWERS that OSWALD took his leave to spend the time in New Orleans.

The group remained at El Toro, California until August 15, 1957 when they went by ship, the name of which was unknown, to Japan, arriving in Japan at either Yokohoma or Youkoska (phonetic). This group then, which included OSWALD, were transferred to the Marine Air Control Squadron Number 1 (MAX) at Atsugi, Japan.

While on ship en route to Japan, OSWALD and POWERS played chess and POWERS got to know OSWALD quite well. He recalls that OSWALD read a lot on board ship including such books as "The Leaves of Grass" by WALT WHITMAN and another book entitled "Age of Reasoning". He recalls further that OSWALD stated on board ship that the Marine Corps teaches only to kill and that one could be a good gangster later on in life. On board ship OSWALD played cards occasionally, believed poker, gambling for small stakes, but POWERS recalls that OSWALD was not particularly interested in this type of activity preferring to remain alone and reading.

After their arrival at Atsugi, POWERS played football while the rest of the squadron including OSWALD went to the Phillippines on maneuvers.

In January, 1958, POWERS rejoined the squadron which included OSWALD at Cubi Point in the Phillippines and according to POWERS, it was here that MARTIN E. SHROUD was shot while on guard duty. POWERS stated that actually from

firsthand information, he knows nothing of this but was advised from other individuals that there was some question concerning the shooting of SHROUD. He recalls that Marines assigned guard duty utilized a pump shotgun and were given three slugs for the gun. The instructions were that the chamber of the gun was to be kept empty until necessary. He stated that it was his understanding that Marine SHROUD was shot through the left side of the chest, the bullet piercing the body and coming out on the opposite side. He also recalled that the squadron's gear was kept in an airplane hangar which housed the plane, the nature of which he did not know at that time, but which he now knows to be a U-2. He stated that he does not know whether Marine SHROUD was assigned the specific duty of guarding the hangar which housed the U-2, and he is not aware as to the circumstances surrounding SHROUD's death, learning this only from hearsay the following day.

POWERS recalled that OSWALD and the squad were then put aboard a Phillippine LST en route to Corrigidor where they remained for two or three months during which time OSWALD was on mess duty.

He recalled that OSWALD, POWERS and the group, in March, 1958, returned via the LST to Cubi Point in the Phillippines. POWERS remained at Cubi Point while OSWALD continued on to Japan. In May, 1958, POWERS left by plane from Cubi Point to Atsugi where he rejoined the squad and again saw OSWALD. It was at Atsugi that OSWALD shot himself in the leg. POWERS states that from hearsay, OSWALD shot himself with a .22 which is not a GI issue and there was some

rumor to the effect that OSWALD tried to get out of the Marine service by wounding himself. POWERS also stated that by rumor, it was reported that OSWALD was tried at a court martial hearing for malingering. He also stated that he had heard that OSWALD was examined at a psychiatric ward, exact place unknown. He informed that the last time he saw OSWALD was in May, 1958 when OSWALD was returned to the United States.

POWERS states that he believes OSWALD had a Japanese girl friend while at Atsugi, possibly a Japanese prostitute. He stated that he recalls that liberty was given to the group from 5:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. each night and that the group was also given liberty two out of every three weekends. He stated that he cannot recall that OSWALD spent his time in the barracks while on duty, but he is of the opinion that OSWALD took all the liberty he could get.

He stated that he also vaguely recalls that while at Atsugi in Japan, OSWALD was studying Russian and he vaguely recalled that OSWALD carried with him a dark blue or a black book which POWERS believed to be a Russian language book.

POWERS also recalled that OSWALD was believed to have received a court martial for striking a non-commissioned officer, this possibly occurring in Biloxi, Mississippi.

POWERS concluded by informing that OSWALD was a "loner". He stated that OSWALD never expressed sympathy toward the Communist Party, Communist principles or Marxist doctrines. He was antagonistic toward discipline, was not in complete sympathy with the esprit de corps of the Marine

Corps. POWERS informed that he cannot recall that OSWALD ever mentioned being in Chicago or Milwaukee or ever mentioning the name RUBY or RUBENSTEIN. He informed that from his observation, OSWALD was not particularly interested in gambling but would prefer remaining to himself.

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DL 89-43
RHE:rmb

The following investigation was conducted by SA RICHARD E. HARRISON:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

On November 23, 1963, Detective ~~X~~ SIMS, Homicide and Robbery Division, Dallas Police Department, advised he had received information from one J. C. MURDOCK, Grand Prairie, Texas, police officer, that one LARRY THORNLEY, white male, age 24, address 1824 Dauphine, New Orleans, Louisiana, was a close friend of OSWALD and served with him in the U. S. Marines at the El Toro, California, Marine Base. MURDOCK alleged that THORNLEY is presently a waiter in New Orleans and has recently been in Old Mexico and California with OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

2

Date 12/1/63

Mrs. HERSCHEL THOMAS, 5301 Windomere Street, advised that she recently read an article in the Hobbs, New Mexico newspaper. She stated the material was taken from a report out of a Lubbock, Texas newspaper and concerning an interview with one MACK OSBORNE, who resides in Lubbock and is a real estate operatory in Lubbock.

Mrs. THOMAS advised that according to the article OSBORNE stated he served in the U.S. Marine Corps with LEE OSWALD and was in the next bunk to OSWALD. She indicated that the article described OSWALD's characteristics and his unusual demeanor while in the service.

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on 11/27/63 at Fort Worth, Texas 142 File # 89-43

by Special Agent B, TOM CARTER/BJD Date dictated 12/1/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

MACK OSBORNE, 2816 43rd Street, Lubbock, Texas was interviewed by SAs ELLIOTT and JOSEPH H. PFIESTER on November 27, 1963.

He related that he was in the Marine Corps at El Toro Marine Corps Air Station, Marine Air Control Squadron 9, during 1959. He stated the men lived in 6-man quonset huts and he shared a room with OSWALD for a period of not more than six months prior to OSWALD's discharge in 1959. He said he cannot recall who the other men in the building were, as there were numerous changes at various times. He reported that OSWALD had returned from overseas and OSWALD revealed he had been in trouble with Marine authorities, and as he recalls, OSWALD had hit a man with a bottle and then had fought with a brig guard.

He said he never got to know OSWALD intimately, although they shared a room and a double-deck bunk. He stated OSWALD never associated with him and his friends socially or engaged in any activity which brought them close together. He advised he never met anyone through OSWALD, never went out with OSWALD, and never had any serious discussions with OSWALD. He pointed out that he was only 20 years old and OSWALD was younger, and he was not interested in anything OSWALD showed an interest in.

He advised OSWALD was interested in learning Russian and spent a great amount of his free time reading papers, printed in Russian, with the aid of a Russian-English dictionary. He reported that he asked OSWALD one evening why he did not go out like the other men, and he replied he had big future plans and implied that he would become well-known for some unspecified reason. He said he never learned anything of OSWALD's philosophy.

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on 11/27/63 at Lubbock, Texas 143 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent AUBREY ELLIOTT, Jr. and JOSEPH H. PFIESTER/rms Date dictated 12/2/63

political or other.

He advised he believed OSWALD resented authority and was irritated when he received an order from anyone with rank in the Marine Corps.

He recalled that he learned from newspaper accounts, after OSWALD's discharge, that he had gone to Russia and had made comments that he did not like the United States and did not like the Marine Corps. He said he and other men living in the same building were interviewed, but they had no information at the time of OSWALD's beliefs and intentions. He could not recall who interviewed him and said it could have been the Base Executive Officer or an Intelligence Agent.

OSBORNE advised that due to their different natures, different activities, and their youth, he actually never learned anything of OSWALD's background, real interests, beliefs, or intentions.

He stated the following men resided in the same building at some time when he was there, but he cannot state whether they were among the ones who were there at the time OSWALD was his roommate and is certain that none of them had the opportunity to know OSWALD even as well as OSBORNE:

HENRY JOSEPH ROUSSEL, III
Baton Rouge, Louisiana;

ROBERT ALLEN Texas
Warwick, Rhode Island;

NEAL R. TESSON Texas
Seattle, Washington;

PAUL C. MICHEY Texas
From near Boston, Massachusetts.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

Texas

Mrs. HELEN HARWELL, Executive Secretary, American Red Cross, Wilbarger County Chapter, Vernon, Texas, advised her records reflect that Mrs. OSWALD was in her office on January 5, 1962 regarding her son in Russia and was in her office again on January 13, 1962 to have her copy a letter.

Mrs. HARWELL added that she recalls that when Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD came to her office on January 5, 1962, she wanted to secure a $450.00 loan from the Red Cross so her son who was in Russia could come back to the United States and bring his Russian wife with him. She added she advised Mrs. OSWALD that the American Red Cross could not make such a loan.

Mrs. HARWELL mentioned that she questioned Mrs. OSWALD at this time as to why her son was in Russia, and Mrs. OSWALD had told her that she did not know but that her son had just gone to Russia. She added that she then made the comment to Mrs. OSWALD that to just let him stay there and Mrs. OSWALD got extremely mad.

Mrs. HARWELL further advised that on Saturday, January 13, 1962, Mrs. OSWALD called her at home and wanted her to meet her at the Red Cross office and make a true copy of a letter she had in her possession. She added that she told Mrs. OSWALD that the office was closed on Saturday and she would do it for her on Monday, but stated Mrs. OSWALD advised she had to mail a copy of the letter that day and she thought it was the duty of the Red Cross to help her. She added that she then agreed to go to the office and make the copy of the letter for Mrs. OSWALD.

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on 12/6/63 at Vernon, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS/rms Date dictated 12/6/63

Mrs. HARWELL advised that she made a typewritten copy of the letter Mrs. OSWALD gave her, but that she cannot recall the contents of the letter, that she did not make a copy of same for her records, and that she cannot recall the name of the addressee or addressor on the instant letter. She further added that after she made a typewritten copy of this letter, she typed her name, position and address at the bottom of the copy and stated it was a true copy. She added Mrs. OSWALD told her she was sending this copy of the letter to some rescue service in New York City, New York, but she does not recall the exact name of the service.

Mrs. HARWELL further mentioned that a short time after the last visit, she met Mrs. OSWALD in a grocery store in Vernon, and Mrs. OSWALD told her that the Government was paying her son and his wife's way back home and commented "Isn't that sweet of them." She added she does not have any further information concerning Mrs. OSWALD and has never seen or known Mrs. OSWALD's son and daughter-in-law.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

EDWARD FITCH ABBOTT, 1509 West Randle Mill Road, Arlington, Texas, presently employed Texas Instrument Company, North Central Expressway, Dallas, Texas, denied ever having been associated with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any member of his, OSWALD's, family.

ABBOTT advised he first heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD when OSWALD was attempting to return to the United States from Russia. ABBOTT advised he was quite upset by the fact OSWALD planned to reside in Fort Worth, Texas.

ABBOTT advised he became acquainted with LESTER STROTHER, who at that time was employed by United Press International. STROTHER interviewed OSWALD shortly after OSWALD returned to the United States. ABBOTT advised STROTHER reportedly maintains a file concerning his interviews with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and family.

ABBOTT denied ever having any association with, or personally knowing JACK RUBY.

12/2/63 Dallas, Texas 147 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JOHN T. KESLER and VERNON MITCHELL/mj Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

CECIL M. BURDEN, Executive Secretary, Printing Industries Association of Dallas, 334 Fidelity Union Tower, RI 7-6707, advised he received a local telephone call from GEORGE BOUHE, 401 Meadows Building, Dallas, EM 8-3538 on September 20, 1962 regarding LEE OSWALD, Fort Worth, Texas, age 22.

BOUHE said he was attempting to find a job for OSWALD doing anything that could be found in the way of work and thought Mr. BURDEN could help. Mr. BURDEN said he did not know BOUHE and has never met this individual.

In the conversation BOUHE stated OSWALD had lived in Russia several years and returned to the United States because he became "disenchanted with their way of life".

BOUHE said OSWALD was having trouble finding employment because "he was a confused young man" and he, BOUHE would like to help OSWALD get straightened out.

BURDEN explained from time to time some of the members of his association would have need for a trainee, but at the time of the above call, there was no opening of which he had any awareness, however, BURDEN informed BOUHE he would call back in case he learned of an opening for OSWALD.

Mr. BURDEN said under the circumstances, he knows he did not refer OSWALD to any printing company and concluded that he had never had any personal contact with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and has no further information to provide.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas 148 File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LIEB /ejr Date dictated 12/5/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/3/63

ALEXANDER KLEINLERER, 3542 Kent, Fort Worth Texas was interviewed at Loma Industries, Inc., Highway 81 South, where he is employed as a foreign representative for that company. KLEINLERER is a naturalized U. S. citizen, coming to the United States on May 7, 1956, from France.

KLEINLERER met LEE HARVEY OSWALD through ELENA HALL, Trail Lake Drive, Fort Worth, approximately 14 months ago. ELENA HALL was at that time divorced from her husband, JOHN HALL, and KLEINLERER was dating her at that time. ELENA HALL subsequently re-married JOHN HALL in the fall of 1962. At the time KLEINLERER met OSWALD and his wife, MARINA OSWALD, approximately September, 1962, KLEINLERER was dating ELENA HALL. The circumstances of the meeting were that a GEORGE BOUHE of Dallas brought OSWALD and his wife to Miss HALL in Fort Worth to possibly get Miss HALL to help or find some aid for Mrs. OSWALD in connection with her teeth. Miss HALL was a dental lab technician.

KLEINLERER stated that it is his recollection that Miss HALL proposed to Mrs. OSWALD that she, Mrs. OSWALD, and the baby live with her at her home on Trail Lake Drive. KLEINLERER said that OSWALD did not stay there, and it is his belief that OSWALD worked in Dallas during this time. In late October or early November, KLEINLERER received notification from OSWALD's wife that she was moving out of Miss HALL's home. Miss HALL was in New York at the time, and KLEINLERER had the key to her home and was looking after it in Miss HALL's absence. KLEINLERER went over to Miss HALL's residence to lock the doors and see that everything was all right when OSWALD came to move his wife. KLEINLERER stated that at this time when OSWALD came to move his wife, he slapped her in the face and cauhed her to go into another room crying. KLEINLERER stated that from others he got the impression that OSWALD mistreated his wife terribly. He also stated that in his opinion Mrs. OSWALD was lazy and very dirty in her housekeeping. He gained this impression from going to the HALL house ocassionally to check and see that everything was all right. On many occasions he found that Mrs. OSWALD would sleep until noon every day.

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on 12/3/63 at Fort Worth, Texas 149 File # DL 89-43

MALON L. JENNINGS

by Special Agent _____ Date dictated _____

DL 89-43
MLJ:man
2

KLEINLERER stated that he met OSWALD at Miss HALL's home possibly on two occasions when he came to her house while dating Miss HALL. He said that he and OSWALD never engaged in any conversation politically, and the only conversation they had was to pass the greetings of the day, or he would talk to Mrs. OSWALD about the baby. KLEINLERER stated that he really wanted to stay away from OSWALD and no have anything to do with him. KLEINLERER said that the only other time that he met OSWALD was when he was dating Miss HALL, and it was desired to help the OSWALDs financially. He and Miss HALL took a baby bed and mattress to their home when they were living behind Montgomery Wards in Fort Worth. At that time the baby was sleeping on the floor between several suitcases. KLEINLERER pointed out that when OSWALD visited his wife at Miss HALL's, he never left her any money then or at any other time as far as he can find out. Miss HALL furnished the food for Mrs. OSWALD and other necessities.

KLEINLERER stated that he is a very good friend of MAX CLARK and his wife, who live in Fort Worth. When he saw in the paper that OSWALD was returning to the United States with his Russian wife, he spoke to MAX CLARK and his wife at that time, and he was against having anything to do with OSWALD because he said he did not trust him. He stated that at that time, MAX CLARK seemed to feel the same way but later OSWALD and his wife were brought to Fort Worth by some of the Dallas acquaintances of MAX CLARK.

KLEINLERER stated that since Miss HALL re-married and other than the above aforementioned incidents, he has had no contact whatsoever with OSWALD or his wife.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Alexandra Taylor Dallas, Texas Date 12/3/63

GARY E. TAYLOR, 4115 Falls Drive, telephone FE 7-8130, advised that in the Fall of 1962 when he was living at 3519 Fairmont Street, Apartment 12, Dallas, with his wife, ALEXANDRA TAYLOR, they received a telephone call from GEORGE or JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT who asked ALEXANDRA if they wanted to meet a nice couple. He said he believed at the time the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs furnished background information concerning a Russian girl and a U. S. citizen who had married the girl in Russia and who eventually brought her to the United States. He said shortly afterwards he drove to Fort Worth and met LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, MARINA. Present in this meeting were GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, GEORGE BOUHE, OSWALD's mother, one JOHN HALL from Midland, Texas, and a woman who intended to marry HALL. He said this meeting occurred shortly after VAN CLIBURN had a recital in the area. He said GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT asked him and his wife to take MARINA into their home and that he subsequently moved MARINA from Fort Worth, Texas, to Dallas. He said he did not care for LEE HARVEY OSWALD because of his poor personal habits and his unkempt condition so LEE stayed at the YMCA which arrangements were handled by GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT. He said he believed that MARINA OSWALD had stayed with them prior to the time she lived with a PAINE woman in Fort Worth. He said he had a difficult time understanding MARINA but that his wife although she could not speak Russian fluently had a knowledge of same through her parents, GEORGE and JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT.

TAYLOR advised that the first discussion he had with LEE HARVEY OSWALD was the first day MARINA moved into their apartment. He stated LEE visited them that night and stayed quite late at which time they discussed philosophies of government. He said that OSWALD appeared to be looking for a Utopia and what OSWALD thought was a good government was impractical. He said no matter how much he tore down OSWALD's logic he doggedly held on to same and was quite hard-headed in his convictions. OSWALD also professed that the Russian type Government was not his ideal either because the people were suppressed by the rulers. TAYLOR advised OSWALD stated he believed people should have as much power as Presidents and Heads of State. People should live on an equal basis and receive the same amount of money for wages and live in the same size houses. Most of these discussions were quite long and drawn out and usually ended up exactly where they started.

TAYLOR advised that DE MOHRENSCHILDT and GEORGE BOUHE as mentioned previously were instrumental in getting OSWALD in at the YMCA in Dallas and DE MOHRENSCHILDT called the YMCA from the apartment.

12/2/63	Dallas, Texas	File #	DL 89-43 DL 100-10461
by Special Agent	ROBERT E. BARRAN and JAMES J. HANDLEY	Date dictated	12/3/63

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DL 100-10461

He said that either DE MOHRENSCHILDT or DOUBE paid OSWALD's bill at the YMCA because OSWALD was in a destitute situation. He said OSWALD had very poor clothing and was making a minimum wage where he was employed. He said MARINA moved back to Fort Worth when the PAINE woman had a serious automobile accident. He said about three or four days later he picked OSWALD up at the YMCA and they drove to Fort Worth where they met MARINA, obtained OSWALD's furnishings, and he drove them back to Dallas. He said he believed they then moved into an apartment near Zangs and Davis Streets and he did not see very much of them after this move except for an occasional phone call and a visit. He believed this was some time in October, 1962. He thought that ALEXANDRA, his wife, did not see the OSWALDs after this time. He said he saw LEE OSWALD in November, 1962, for the last time but bumped into MARINA on the street in November, 1962, and he learned they were living in another apartment near the first one he had moved them into. He said he talked to MARINA with the use of the Russian-English dictionary. He said during this brief conversation MARINA mentioned LEE was studying at Crosier Tech and going to night school. He said he believed GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT later mentioned OSWALD was studying photography at Crosier Tech. He said during this brief talk with MARINA he promised to visit the OSWALDs but he never saw LEE again.

TAYLOR advised he last saw MARINA in June, 1963, when they had a brief talk on the street and afterwards he left town in July, 1963, touring Texas taking films for a travelogue concern for a two month period. He said he was shocked when the President was shot and that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been implicated in the shooting. He said in his opinion OSWALD did not appear to be the vicious type and was more of a milk toast, mild-mannered individual with the only indication of his violence being in the treatment he had given MARINA. He said in this regard he had observed MARINA with black and blue marks on her person and had learned that OSWALD had beaten her up.

TAYLOR said OSWALD did not appear to be too educated but did read a lot and he had never heard OSWALD mention the KENNEDYs or CONNALLYs or their administrations or policies. He said he never heard OSWALD say he intended to or had given up his U. S. citizenship or that the Russians wanted him to do so. He advised OSWALD had mentioned he had trouble getting out of Russia with MARINA and had mentioned he had worked as a sheet metal worker in an electronics

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factory in Minsk. He advised OSWALD never mentioned JACK RUBY or JACK RUBENSTEIN in his presence.

TAYLOR advised he had read in the newspaper that LEE OSWALD had traveled to New Orleans and to Mexico. He said he had no knowledge of these trips personally but was wondering where OSWALD obtained money to make these journeys. He said OSWALD was not paid very well when he worked and as he previously mentioned, OSWALD received a minimum wage and OSWALD did not remain on any one job or position very long. He said he worked for the welding company in Fort Worth a few months and later worked for a printing company which he believed to be Jaggars in Dallas for about five or six months. He said his clothing when he transported them from Fort Worth to Dallas was very poor, in a run down condition, and OSWALD often went four or five days wearing the same clothes without bathing. He added however that when photographed in New Orleans which photograph was in the paper, OSWALD was wearing a white shirt, tie, and what appeared to be form fitting trousers giving the appearance he had obtained some money. He said he had never seen OSWALD dressed up before or in decent wearing apparel until he saw him in this photograph. He said the only person he knew of that would have provided OSWALD with money would have been GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT who took a great interest in OSWALD. He said that from his relationship with the two he thought OSWALD would do anything that DE MOHRENSCHILDT told him. He said if DE MOHRENSCHILDT had told OSWALD to move to Houston OSWALD would have gone. He said he knew of no other person who had more influence over OSWALD than DE MOHRENSCHILDT.

He said in regard to his former father-in-law, GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, that DE MOHRENSCHILDT preferred the Russian form of Government over the United States and stated so in his presence on a number of occasions. He also had indicated a desire to return to Russia but not because it was his home land. He said he did not believe DE MOHRENSCHILDT had any living relatives in Russia. He said the financial status of GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT also varied. He said by this he meant at times DE MOHRENSCHILDT appeared to be scrimping and scraping to make ends meet and then all of a sudden DE MOHRENSCHILDT and his wife would have enough money to do as they pleased. He said he could not understand how they could travel throughout Mexico, the Caribbean, and Guatemala for fourteen months if they had been in such dire need financially. He advised that although JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, also known

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Arizona
Mexico
Guatemala

as Jon Le Gon, Jean Le Gon, had worked for IKE CLARK as a fashion designer in the late 1950's and for Sanger-Harris more recently. He did not believe she made enough money to finance any trip to Mexico, Caribbean, and Guatemala. He said it was while JEANNE was working for the CLARKs that they went to Guatemala and Mexico. He said they stayed on the plantation of an acquaintance of theirs whom they had met in Tubac, Arizona. He said they met these people through ALEXANDRA's cousin, NANCY HILTON. He said he did not know how long they stayed in Guatemala on this plantation before they went to the Caribbean and eventually to Haiti but it was about 14 months before they returned to Dallas. He said when they returned DE MOHRENSCHILDT bought a new car from Ben Griffins Ford Agency. He said he thought DE MOHRENSCHILDT paid cash for the car and he felt this was certainly more money than DE MOHRENSCHILDT had when he left town on the trip.

In regard to the last trip or permanent trip, he said that JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT was working for Sanger-Harris when they decided to leave for Port-au-Prince, Haiti. He said they had been scrimping and saving allegedly for this trip but he could not understand how they could manage to outfit themselves so well prior to departing for Haiti. He said they went to Haiti via Miami, Florida, some time in May or June, 1963. He said he did not get along too well with his former father-in-law so his former father-in-law corresponds with his mother and in this regard his mother received a letter from JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT in care of the American Embassy, Port-au-Prince which he thought was some time in June, 1963. He advised that three weeks ago his mother received a letter from GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT with a return address Box 575-1, Port-au-Prince, Haiti. He said he believes that DE MOHRENSCHILDT was arranging to operate a plantation of some kind in Haiti, for a group of financiers. He said the last letter received by his parents was within the week and it was from JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT with a return address in care of American Embassy, Port-au-Prince.

TAYLOR advised that for background information concerning GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT he advised he married his last wife, JEANNE, also known as Jon Le Gon, in May or June, 1959, in Dallas. He was born in Russia in the Georgian section; claimed that if the feudal system were still in effect he would have the title of Baron. He claimed he studied in Prague and taught geology at the University of Texas in 1939. He had an office in the Republic National Bank building

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at one time in the last five years although he did not know him to have worked very much. He said he traveled a bit and had made numerous trips to Houston, Texas, allegedly to promote work for himself and supposedly had seen GUS BROWN on these trips prior to BROWN's death. He said GUS BROWN was a partner in Brown and Root Construction Company. He said that DE MOHRENSCHILDT claimed to have worked as a consulting geologist for JAMES P. NEIL about four years ago. He said NEIL has offices in the Exchange Bank Building, Dallas. DE MOHRENSCHILDT also claimed he had a brother who is a professor at the University of Princeton and his name is believed to be VON MOHRENSCHILDT. He advised in this regard he understood GEORGE to say that his brother and he changed their name. He stated that DE MOHRENSCHILDT claimed he had worked for the State Department in the mid 1950's and in this regard DE MOHRENSCHILDT exhibited to TAYLOR photographs of the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs which photographs the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs stated were taken in Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia.

He advised that one LOUIS McILHENY, Jr., a younger individual, more so than DE MOHRENSCHILDT, was an associate of DE MOHRENSCHILDT and a constant guest in the DE MOHRENSCHILDT residence. He stated he thought possibly DE MOHRENSCHILDT had worked for BEN GRIFFIN, a Ford dealer, where DE MOHRENSCHILDT had obtained his car. He said DE MOHRENSCHILDT claims he can speak sixteen foreign languages and can write thirteen of this sixteen. Included in this group are Chinese and Russian fluently. He said he believed DE MOHRENSCHILDT's first wife who may live in Boston had DE MOHRENSCHILDT followed by a detective agency during a custody case of one of his daughters by their first marriage. He said the woman won the suit. He advised that JEANNE was DE MOHRENSCHILDT's third wife. He advised he first met GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT in the fall of 1958 when DE MOHRENSCHILDT [illegible] lived in the Maple Terrace Apartments. He said afterward they moved to a house within a block of the apartment building believed on Dickens Street and that after their return from their fourteen month trip mentioned previously they moved back to another area on Dickens Street.

He described DE MOHRENSCHILDT as a white male, 50-54 years old, 6'-6'2", 190 pounds, brown hair, dark olive complexion, robust, and athletic build, very intelligent who loves to play tennis. He stated DE MOHRENSCHILDT also had a 1962 white Ford convertible, two tone blue interior with a blue stripe inside the chrome molding on the outside of the car. He said as previously mentioned

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DE MOHRENSCHILDT obtained this car from Ben Griffin Ford dealer which is now defunct.

TAYLOR advised he had dated CHRISTIANA BOGOVALLENSKIA, who is the step-sister of ALEXANDRA DE MOHRENSCHILDT. He said at the time he was dating CHRISTIANA, ALEXANDRA, his former wife, was living in Paris with her mother. He said that when he met ALEXANDRA he fell in love and married her in Oklahoma in November, 1959. He said that JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, also known as Jon Le Gon, insofar as background information is concerned, was born in China, is a white female, athletic in nature, 5'2-3", 130 pounds, light brown hair, dark olive complexion, spoke with a decided French accent, and speaks and writes Russian fluently, and also is believed to speak Chinese as well. He said he does not know where she was educated but she appears to be very literate. He said she was a fashion designer for IKE CLARK in Dallas at which time she used the name, JON LE GON and also was a fashion designer for Sanger-Harris. He believed she used the name DE MOHRENSCHILDT at the time. He stated her daughter, CHRISTIANA BOGOVALLENSKIA, attended UCLA and he thought CHRISTIANA's real father, first name unknown BOGOVALLENSKIA, had been in California in a state mental hospital where CHRISTIANA used to visit him quite frequently while attending UCLA. He thought the mental hospital might be near Los Angeles in view of the above information. He stated CHRISTIANA's presently is married to an individual called RAGNAR, last name unknown, who he believes is a Russian and that at present CHRISTIANA and her husband are en route to Port-au-Prince to visit the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Grand Prairie, Texas

Bonnie Diamond

Mrs. EMMETT DIAMOND, 309 S.W. 5th Street, Apartment 13, advised that she is acquainted with RUTH PAINE of Irving, Texas.

Mrs. DIAMOND, also known as BONNIE DIAMOND, stated she has known RUTH PAINE and her family for many years. She said that RUTH's maiden name was RUTH HYDE, and that the HYDE family formerly rented a house of hers in Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. DIAMOND stated that RUTH's brother, CARL HYDE, Ohio is a doctor in Yellow Springs, Ohio. She stated that he was a conscientious objector during World War II.

Mrs John Hoke

She advised that RUTH PAINE has a sister, SYLVIA HOKE who is married to JOHN HOKE, and they reside at 5421 Wanetor Road, Glen Echo Heights, Washington, D.C. She stated that SYLVIA was formerly employed by the Department of Defense, and that JOHN HOKE is currently employed by a government agency called National Aid for Undeveloped Countries.

She advised that RUTH's parents are separated and that RUTH's mother, CAROL HYDE, is currently taking a course at Oberlin College and resides at 4400 Glenmore, Columbus, Ohio. Mrs. C. Hyde

Mrs. DIAMOND advised that RUTH's father, BILL HYDE, resides at 580 North Park Street, Apartment 105, Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. DIAMOND advised that the last time she saw RUTH PAINE was approximately one month ago at which time RUTH visited her for an hour or so. When RUTH left, she indicated

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on 11/29/63 at Grand Prairie, Texas 157 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KENNETH R. ALBERT and WILLIAM O. JOHNSON/rms Date dictated 12/2/63

she had to leave because a Russian girl, who was living with her, was expecting and she did not want to leave her for any length of time. RUTH indicated to her that this woman had been living with her for several months and was separated from her husband.

Mrs. DIAMOND advised that RUTH PAINE was very much interested in the Russian language and took this other woman in to live with her so that she could help teach her the Russian language.

Mrs. DIAMOND advised that she has no information which would indicate that RUTH PAINE had communistic leanings, and that RUTH had never revealed her political convictions to her. Mrs. DIAMOND advised that she was not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or with OSWALD's wife, MARINA.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

*Ashby Same Address Irving Texas

PAULA ASHBY, 2423 West Fifth Street, advised she and her sister PAULETTE have been babysitters for Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Street, from 1961 until the early part of 1963. She stated she babysat for Mrs. PAINE until such time Mrs. PAINE took a Russian woman into her home who was pregnant and was going to have a baby. She advised that during the time she babysat for the PAINEs, she took care of their two children. She advised she observed numerous Russian booklets, pamphlets and other literature in the PAINEs' home, some of which she believed had to do with Communism. She advised that Mrs. PAINE was studying the Russian language which might account for the Russian material. She stated the PAINEs had two tape recorders in their home and would at times take them to square dances. She stated on several occasions the PAINEs told her they were going to a meeting but would not say where and would not leave a telephone number through which they could be reached in the event of trouble with their children. She stated they also had a radio on top of their TV which she thought had a short wave band on it. She stated it had ear phones and believed it was only a receiver. She stated she did not know the OSWALDs and had never met them. She stated she could furnish no information concerning LEE HARVEY or MARINA OSWALD.

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on 11/29/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KENNETH R. ALBERT and WILLIAM O. JOHNSON/BJD/rms Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

Captain PAUL M. BARGER, Police Department, Irving, Texas, advised that Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, came to the Irving Police Department between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m. on Saturday, November 30, 1963. He said Mrs. PAINE had her two children with her. He added she left with him two foreign language books and a brown envelope, five by eight with copper brads which contained one envelope about eleven inches long containing three or four pages of handwriting on notebook paper and also that there were two or three smaller envelopes in the five by eight brown envelope. He added that Mrs. PAINE put these articles on the desk and requested him to give them to Mrs. OSWALD.

Captain BARGER further stated that a lady whose name he does not recall was in the department at the time talking to him about her son and observed Mrs. PAINE give him the articles. He added that after he returned to Irving he could locate this lady's name in their files if it was necessary. He further advised that when he was relieved by LEON POWERS, Assistant Chief of Police, about 3 p.m. on November 30, 1963, he showed the books and brown envelope to Assistant Chief POWERS and told POWERS that Mrs. PAINE had left them with him to be delivered to Mrs. OSWALD.

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on 12/4/63 at Electra, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS /ov Date dictated 12/4/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, furnished the following information:

She advised that after reflecting on the time and date she had delivered two Russian language books to the Irving, Texas, Police Department, she feels she may be confusing two trips. She stated that she was in the Irving Police Station on two dates delivering letters for MARINA OSWALD. She stated that these dates, she is sure, were Friday and Saturday, November 29 and 30, 1963. On the second occasion, she delivered, in addition to the letters, the two books and a note written by Mrs. PAINE to MARINA. The note and several letters received by Mrs. PAINE for MARINA were in a brown 5" x 7" envelope.

Mrs. PAINE stated that after thinking the matter over again, she feels that the time she delivered the letters and the books to the Irving Police Station was a few minutes after 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, November 30, 1963.

12/4/63 at Irving, Texas 167 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM 800 Date dictated 12/5/63

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SL 89-36
AJR:gmr/jj

Personnel at the Military Personnel Records Center, St. Louis, Missouri, advised IC LEONARD LEWIS on November 24, 1963, that they were unable to locate a Marine Corps record on file there for any person named HIDELL.

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DL 89-43
PEW/jj

On November 27, 1963, ROCKE RHODES, Manager, Cattlemen's Steak House, Ft. Worth, Texas, advised SA MALON LUCAS JENNINGS he had been furnished information by one of his waitresses, APOLLONIA CHRISTINE GRAVES, which may be of interest. GRAVES claimed she had been introduced to FRITZ DIETER JAEGER in the Stork Club of Camp Bowie Boulevard in Ft. Worth, Texas, as a fellow countryman. Since that time JAEGER has tried to date her and more recently in a telephone conversation with her JAEGER mentioned he knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1605 S. Birch Santa Ana Calif

Date November 29, 1963

Personnel at the Military Personnel Records Center, St. Louis, Missouri, made available the record for MICHAEL ANTHONY DEPADRO, JR., reflecting that he enlisted in the United States Marine Corps on August 9, 1955, was assigned Serial Number 1532531, and entered active duty on January 9, 1956, at Quantico, Virginia. He was honorably discharged on March 23, 1956, at Quantico, Virginia, to accept a commission in the United States Marine Corps Reserve.

He was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the United States Marine Corps Reserve, Serial Number 070349, on March 24, 1956, and entered active duty the same date at Quantico, Virginia. He was honorably released from active duty on March 9, 1959, as a First Lieutenant at Marine Corps Base, El Toro, Santa Ana, California, on expiration of active duty commitment, and was transferred to the United States Marine Corps Reserve. He served in the United States Marine Corps Reserve on inactive status from March 10, 1959, to October 1, 1962, when he was transferred to the retired list by reason of being physically disqualified for active duty. The disability was shown as rheumatic heart disease. The military record reflected DEPADRO's address at the time of release from active duty on March 9, 1959, as 1512 S.E. Tenth Street, Fort Lauderdale, Broward; Florida. An additional address was shown in the record as 6923 Riverside Drive, Berwyn, Illinois, in 1955.

Mrs Michael Anthony Depadro Jr

The military record reflected DEPADRO's wife as ANNE CARROLL DEPADRO, 1605 S. Birch, Santa Ana, California, and reflected his parents as MICHAEL A. DEPADRO, SR., and VERONICA MARIAN DEPADRO of 1512 S.E. Tenth Street, Fort Lauderdale, Florida.

Mr Mrs

DEPADRO's date of birth was shown as May 12, 1933, at Chicago, Illinois.

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11/28/63 St. Louis, Missouri File # SL 89-36
DL 89-43

IC LEONARD LEWIS/mrf Date dictated 11/29/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

LOLA WESTON, Oklahoma, Aircraft Registration Branch, Federal Aviation Agency (FAA), Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, reviewed her files under registration number 8293K and advised this registration number is issued to a Stinson 150 aircraft with serial number 108-1293. This aircraft was registered to DAVE W. FERRIE, 1302 Clay Street, Kenner, Louisiana, on May 8, 1947. The latest registration records in file list FERRIE as the registered owner. His last address recorded in the file is 704 Airline Park Boulevard, Kenner, Louisiana.

WESTON advised that an application for airworthiness certificate dated April 7, 1961, is contained in the file and this certificate, according to regulations, would be valid as long as the aircraft is operated in accordance with operating regulations. There was no particular expiration date listed on this certificate and there is no information available in FAA files which would indicate that this aircraft is no longer airworthy. WESTON added, however, that in the event FERRIE had not complied with FAA regulations his aircraft would not be airworthy but it is not necessary that this information be recorded in the FAA files.

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On 11/29/63 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma File # OC 89-41

by SA O. JOE FAIRES/plm Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-21-68) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

Mrs. SHARON ROSMAN, Personnel Office, Tulane University, advised she had no record of CHARLES HARRISON [illegible] being a member of the faculty at Tulane University.

On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-88

by SAs MILTON R. KAACK and L. G. SELARIS, JR. /ys Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

DAVID AUGUST ELSILA, 2616 Garland, Sylvan Lake Michigan advised he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had never heard of him prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY. He did not know anyone who would be acquainted with OSWALD and is positive OSWALD was never present at any affair attended by ELSILA. He said that based upon pictures of OSWALD, he is positive he had never seen him.

ELSILA stated he had no knowledge of any kind concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY and could offer no information concerning the matter.

He advised OSWALD had not, to his knowledge, been in either Havana, Cuba or Helsinki, Finland, when ELSILA had been there.

ELSILA was advised of the purpose of the interview at the outset and he informed he would answer any questions about OSWALD or the assassination but would not answer any other questions.

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On 11/30/63 at Sylvan Lake, Michigan File # DL 62-3550

by Special Agent ROBERT M. SMITH and LAWRENCE M. COOPER, JR. jjj Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Indiath Wisconsin

Date December 5, 1963

PHILIP HEMSTOCK, 3007 Wylie Drive, Dallas, Texas, advised he departed Dallas, Texas, Saturday, November 23, 1963, with his wife and children. They travelled by car to Indiana and on to Sparta, Wisconsin.

While in Sparta, Wisconsin, he took his son to the barbershop operated by JOHN ABBOTT. While there, he discussed the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY with ABBOTT. ABBOTT never mentioned anything about a friend of his, HEMSTOCK, being in Sparta in March of 1963.

HEMSTOCK denied knowing LEE HARVEY OSWALD, or JACK RUBY. He stated he had never heard of OSWALD or RUBY until after the assassination of President KENNEDY.

HEMSTOCK denied having any knowledge of anyone he knows making a trip to Sparta, Wisconsin, during 1963.

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12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

JOHN T. KESLER and

by Special Agents VERNON E. MITCHEM:mja Date dictated 12/4/63

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OSWALD
105-82555
SECTION 14

COPY
2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/7/63

THOMAS GWALTNEY advised he resides at 1203 A Apple Street, Dallas, Texas, and is a student at the Dallas Theological Seminary, 3909 Swiss Street, Dallas, Texas. He stated he is 28 years of age and was born in Peoria, Illinois, is married and is in his fourth year of studies at the seminary. He advised he is a graduate of John Brown University and upon completing this year of studies will be eligible to take over a pastorate or teach in one of the seminaries.

GWALTNEY stated he never heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY until reading of them in the newspapers and hearing of them on television. He has never seen either man to his knowledge.

GWALTNEY stated that he does not know any man employed in the Dallas Produce Market, Dallas, Texas, to his knowledge although quite conceivably may have met someone so employed and not known it. Regarding a possible individual described as a Latin American type, age approximately 40 who may be so employed, he stated that he cannot identify this individual and may certainly have met a similar person, however, does not know it to his knowledge. He stated he associates with other students at the seminary as well as teaches Bible in the Garland Bible School. In view of this it is quite possible he may have met any number of individuals.

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on 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent MAURICE J. WHITE/BJD Date dictated 12/7/63

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DL 100-10461

F. ARREST DATA

NO 89-69/mh

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY, at New Orleans on December 2, 1963:

Lieutenant FRANCIS L. MARTELLO, Platoon Commander, First District, New Orleans Police Department, informed that on August 10, 1963, he interviewed LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the First District Police Department after his arrest in New Orleans for distributing Fair Play for Cuba Committee literature.

During interrogation of OSWALD, Lt. MARTELLO stated he obtained from OSWALD's wallet, a piece of paper which contained handwriting and handprinting in Russian and English. One of the items appearing on this piece of paper in English was the notation: "MA PAA", followed by the numbers "33853."

Mr. PARHAM RAYMOND, Supervisor, Pan American Airways System (PAA), 709 Common Street, advised that the initials "MA PAA" meant nothing to him. Further, that the initials "MA" did not designate any Pan American flights. He could not suggest what these initials stood for.

Mr. RAYMOND further advised that the number "33853", which could possibly be a telephone number, was not the number for the New Orleans Office of PAA.

A review was made of the directory of all district sales offices for PAA, for the US, Europe, Pacific, and Latin America, which included the telephone numbers for the various sales offices, as well as the home telephone number of the ranking official of each office. There was no such number as 33853 recorded.

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DL 100-10461

G. DATA RECEIVED FROM DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT, NEW ORLEANS POLICE DEPARTMENT AND OTHERS

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

Major PRESLEY L. TROSCLAIR, JR., Commanding Officer, Intelligence Unit, New Orleans Police Department, advised that he had on November 29, 1963, indicated that it was his recollection that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had telephonically contacted him and requested a parade permit. He said that he informed OSWALD that he should consult his attorney with reference to obtaining such a permit.

Major TROSCLAIR stated that it was now his recollection that this telephone call from OSWALD did not relate to the obtaining of a parade permit, but concerned the obtaining of a permit to picket. It was his recollection that he had discussed this matter with Captain WILFRED A. GRUSICH, SR., Deputy Commander, Traffic Division, New Orleans Police Department, where such permits are issued and GRUSICH had some months ago told him that OSWALD had obtained a permit to picket.

TROSCLAIR stated he thought possibly he may have made a memorandum of the telephone call with OSWALD, but he was not certain, adding that he had not as yet been able to locate any such memorandum.

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on 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent JOHN L. QUIGLEY /mh:hm Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

1

I observed three publications Dallas Texas which were obtained from DENNIS HYMAN OFSTEIN, 6015 Bryan Parkway, which OFSTEIN claimed to have received from LEE HARVEY OSWALD when he knew OSWALD as a fellow employee working at Jaggers-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., 522 Browder.

The first of these, which OFSTEIN translated as "Soviet White Russia", can be more accurately translated as "Sovietskaya Belorussia". The other two are correctly translated as "The Agitator" and "The Crocodile". These are Russian publications in the Russian language. Publication

Publication

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DL 100-10461

on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ANATOLE A. ROGUSLAVSKY Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIG.

1

Date December 5, 1963

The text of an undated letter written in the Russian language which had been left at the PAINE residence and subsequently turned over to the FBI Office in Dallas through the U. S. Secret Service at Dallas, was translated into the English language by SA BOGUSLAV. This English translation is as follows:

"1. This is the key to the mail box which is located in the main post office in the city on Ervay Street. This is the same street where the drug store, in which you always waited, is located. You will find the mail box in the post office which is located 4 blocks from the drug store on that street. I paid for the box last month so don't worry about it.

"2. Send the information as to what has happened to me to the Embassy and include newspaper clippings (should there be anything about me in the newspapers). I believe that the Embassy will come quickly to your assistance on learning everything.

"3. I paid the house rent on the 2nd so don't worry about it.

"4. Recently I also paid for water and gas.

"5. The money from work will possibly be coming. The money will be sent to our post office box. Go to the bank and cash the check.

"6. You can either throw out or give my clothing etc. away. Do not keep these. However, I prefer that you hold on to my personal papers (military, civil etc.).

"7. Certain of my documents are in the small blue valise.

"8. The address book can be found on my table in the study should you need same.

"9. We have friends here. The Red Cross also will help you. (Red Cross in English)

On 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas 175 File # DL 100-10461 DL 89-43

by Special Agent ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV/jj/pm Date dictated 12/5/63

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"10. I left you as much money as I could, $60.00 on the second of the month. You and the baby (apparently) can live for another 2 months using $10.00 per week.

"11. If I am alive and taken prisoner, the city jail is located at the end of the bridge through which we always passed on going to the city (right in the beginning of the city after crossing the bridge)."

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/3/63

Captain J. W. FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised that the original photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD holding a gun and papers and wearing a sidearm was found during the search of property of LEE HARVEY OSWALD that was located in a box in the garage of Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, search being made by Homicide and Robbery Detectives, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, D. F. ROSE; H. M. MOORE, R. S. STOVALL and J. P. ADAMCIK. The search was conducted November 23, 1963, under search warrant from JOE B. BROWN, Justice of Peace, Dallas, Texas.

Captain FRITZ stated that an enlargement of the above photograph had previously been furnished to the FBI and Secret Service.

Captain FRITZ furnished the following evidence which was a part of the evidence previously obtained in the above mentioned search:

1. Personal photographs numbered on the back 1 through 47 and bearing initials J.P.A. (Detective J. P. ADAMCIK) November 23, 1963. Captain FRITZ noted that photograph number 47 is the original photo depicting OSWALD holding the gun and papers and wearing a sidearm. Photo number 46 also depicts OSWALD with rifle, sidearm and papers.

2. Two magazine ads of "Klein's Sporting Goods, 227 West Washington Street, Chicago 6, Illinois" bearing initials of G.F.R. (Detective G. F. ROSE) and initials R.S.S. (Detective R. S. STOVALL) dated November 23, 1963.

3. Seven pages handwritten in pencil (some pages bearing handwriting on both sides) setting forth qualifications, apparently of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Each page bears initials of H.M.M. (Detective H. M. MOORE), J.P.A. (Detective J. P. ADAMCIK, R.S.S. (Detective R. S. STOVALL),

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 100-10461 89-43

by Special Agent GEORGE W. H. CARLSON and JAMES W. BOOKHOUT/BJD Date dictated 12/3/63

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G.F.R. (Detective G. F. ROSE), dated November 23, 1963.

Captain FRITZ requested that receipt for above be furnished to B. J. SMITH, Property Clerk, Dallas Police Department, Property Room, inasmuch as same were recorded on Property Clerk's Invoice Number 114136.

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DL 100-10461

H. DATA RELATIVE TO MISCELLANEOUS ALLEGED ACTIVITIES OF SUBJECT

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

FRITZ DIETER JAEGER, 1316 Belle Place, Fort Worth, Texas, was interviewed at the Shady Oaks County Club where he has been employed since July 30, 1963, in the kitchen Texas

JAEGER came to the United States on July 13, 1963, from Cologne, Germany.

His purpose in coming to the United States was to visit an aunt and uncle, R. R. CRUMP, 1316 Belle Place, Fort Worth Texas. He does not stay with his relatives but in a room nearby at the corner of Camp Bowie and Clover Lane. JAEGER said he liked it here in Fort Worth and recently applied for a resident visa with Immigration and Naturalization Service, Dallas, Texas.

JAEGER was in the German Merchant Marine from approximately 1960 to 1963. After getting out of the Merchant Marine, he then worked in Cologne, Germany, at the Opra Restaurant as a kitchen butcher until he came to the United States in July, 1963.

While JAEGER was in the German Merchant Marine, his ship docked in many Russian ports including Leningrad, Russia. He said that he had been to Leningrad two or three different times. To the best of his recollection, while in Leningrad during 1961, he and his shipmates visited the Inter Club. This club is known as the International Club and is set up by Russia only for foreigners. No Russian nationals were allowed at the club except for the workers. JAEGER described the club as an information center for the Russians. It consisted of a large room which has microphones throughout the club to overhear any conversations throughout the building. The drinks are free and there are Russians there to entertain, and elicit any information from foreigners by eavesdropping and questioning.

JAEGER said that on this visit to Leningrad and while at the Inter Club, he went to a cinema with someone he believed was OSWALD and identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. JAEGER said he was

on 11/29/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

ARNOLD J. BROWN and

by Special Agent MALON LUCAS JENNINGS:jj Date dictated 12/3/63

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brought together with this OSWALD because OSWALD and JAEGER were in a group speaking English. During the cinema, JAEGER sat alongside OSWALD and asked him many questions about the film which was in English, and JAEGER did not understand everything that was said.

JAEGER said he did not talk to OSWALD very much, and OSWALD never talked much with him because of microphones placed around the building. JAEGER said he did not ask if OSWALD was there as a foreigner or a Russian. JAEGER said that he did not have to ask OSWALD this because in his own mind he knew that OSWALD was a communist and working there. Further, OSWALD did not leave the Inter Club when it closed at midnight to him and his shipmates. JAEGER admitted that the possibility existed that OSWALD could have been a tourist and could have had a different type pass from what he had.

JAEGER said the Secret Service in Dallas, Texas, exhibited him a photograph of a woman which he identified as being known to him, JAEGER, as LOBUJIBXMARREKA (phonetic) and which woman he had seen in the Inter Club as an entertainer. JAEGER said he saw her talk to other people. JAEGER said that he cannot remember whether he ever talked to her, danced with her or that he saw her more than once during his visits to the Inter Club. He said this woman could have handed him a magazine, but JAEGER was not specific in any contacts with this woman whom he identified for the Secret Service.

With regard to any conversations JAEGER had with OSWALD, he said that OSWALD only asked him if he ever docked on the Gulf Coast of the United States. Before JAEGER answered, OSWALD said he knew the Gulf Coast very well.

JAEGER said that the first time that he knew that OSWALD was an American was approximately a week ago when he was accused of the assassination of former President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He related that the Secret Service had shown him a picture of a marine in a uniform, allegedly OSWALD, and he has seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD's picture on television. With regard to identifying OSWALD,

JAEGER said that he cannot say for sure that the OSWALD he met in the Inter Club is the same as LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but he is 90% sure.

JAEGER mentioned that he might have OSWALD's name in a book which he has in Cologne, Germany. He stated it was his practice to write names of people that he met at the Inter Club in this book, and he has written to Cologne for the book and will supply it to the Secret Service when he receives it.

JAEGER stated that he has been to Dallas, Texas, only to talk with the Secret Service and the other time to the Immigration and Naturalization Service Office for a resident visa.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

FRITZ DIETER JAEGER was re-interviewed at the Shady Oaks Country Club, where he is employed as a Cook. He advised that on Saturday, night, November 30, 1963, he visited the High top Club, a tavern on the Jacksboro Highway. JAEGER was driving a 1956 Ford, Victoria, which he is buying from WOLFGANG H. SCHMITZ, a Chef at the Club. JAEGER admitted taking a copy of a signed statement which he had previously given the Secret Service when interviewed by them. He said that he did not read, or understand, English well and wanted someone to help him read it. Further, it was not his intention to divulge any information in discussing the statement with RONNIE (LAST NAME UNKNOWN), owner or manager of the Hightop Club, but to determine if he had done the right thing because RONNIE was his friend. He stated that he had furnished all the information he knows about OSWALD when previously interviewed and he again reiterated that he is ninety per cent sure that it was OSWALD and his wife that he saw in the Inter Club in Leningrad, Russia, when he visited the Club while in the German Merchant Marine. JAEGER again denied knowing RUBY. He says he had talked about this at the Hightop Club, but he was misquoted or misunderstood by the people there.

JAEGER indicated that he had talked to CHRISTENE GRAVES, a waitress at the Cattlemen's Restaurant in Fort Worth. It was his impression that she was going to Cologne, Germany, where she is from, and it was she who had called him asking if he had any information she could carry to his folks there in the way of greetings. JAEGER stated that he and Miss GRAVES only discussed things of common interest, namely the fact that they were both born in Cologne, Germany.

JAEGER was requested to refrain from making statements concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY, and to furnish such information as he may have to the appropriate authorities. JAEGER agreed to furnish any additional information coming to his attention, or any recollections that he may have of his possible contacts with OSWALD to the FBI.

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on 12-3-63 at Fort Worth, Texas 183 File # 89-43

by Special Agent MALON L. JENNINGS and ARNOLD J. BROWN:mja Date dictated 12-3-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

JOSEPH LEROY DORNEL, Superintendent, "Union Printing, the Federationist", advised that he believes he saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Austin Inn, 416 Chartres Street, New Orleans, Louisiana during the first few months of 1963.

On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL :lav Date dictated 12/2/63

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NO 89-69/lav

JAMES J. HAND, JR., owner, Austin Inn, 416 Chartres Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised SA JOHN M. MC CARTHY that he works at the Austin Inn from 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM. He stated to the best of his recollection, he does not recall seeing LEE HARVEY OSWALD at his place of business during the first few months of 1963. He advised that his men who work at night have not mentioned seeing OSWALD at the Austin Inn at any time. He advised that the night men would have mentioned such a fact if they had seen OSWALD.

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1 NO 89-69
LGD:bal

FREDERICK B. MYERS, Post Office Box 1126, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, telephonically furnished the following information to Night Clerk J. LEROY TONEY at 8:50 PM, November 26, 1963:

Mr. MYERS stated that he had been talking to "CHARLIE" of Charlie's Place, 620 Carondelet Street, New Orleans, and that Charlie said that he believed he saw LEE OSWALD come into his place with a girl who works at a stationery shop at 600 Baronne Street, New Orleans. Mr. MYERS did not know the name of the girl.

CHARLIE VILLAS, owner and operator of Charlie's Restaurant and Bar, also known as Charlie's Place, 640 Carondelet Street, advised SA LESTER G. DAVIS on December 2, 1963 that he recalls mentioning that he had believed he had seen LEE OSWALD come into his place with a girl. Mr. VILLAS stated that he had made this statement shortly after the assassination of President KENNEDY and before he had read very much concerning LEE OSWALD. He continued that the person he had in mind was a man older than OSWALD was at the time of the assassination of President KENNEDY and that the incidents he had in mind occurred three years ago. He continued that this man would meet a girl who worked in an office supply store on Baronne Street at the bar. He did not know the name of either person or where the man lived or worked. He continued that he has since seen photographs of OSWALD in the newspaper and on television and has read about OSWALD's age and background and now realizes that the man he had in mind was much older than OSWALD.

A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to Mr. VILLAS and he advised definitely that the man he had in mind was not OSWALD, adding that it could not have been, since OSWALD did not live here three years ago.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

Mr. E. L. CARTER, JR., Credit Manager, Montgomery Wards, Fort Worth, Texas, residence 1912 Martel, Fort Worth Texas stated that his records reflect LEE OSWALD purchased a television set from his company on September 22, 1962. At the time of the purchase, he listed his address as 2703 Mercedes, Fort Worth, Texas. Sometime later, he changed his address to Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas. At the time of the purchase, he bought it on credit, and as he had no previous credit record with Montgomery Wards, and was unable to furnish any credit references, a co-signer on his credit purchase was required. His brother, ROBERT L. OSWALD, signed the note guaranteeing payment. ROBERT OSWALD listed his residence as 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas.

On his application, LEE OSWALD listed his age as 22, married, wife's name, MARINA, one dependent. He stated he had been employed for four months as a Welder at the Leslie Welding Company, on White Settlement Road, in Fort Worth, where he made $250 per month. Prior to his employment with Leslie, he stated he had been in the U. S. Marine Corps for four years and was assigned to the base at El Toro Base, California.

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on 12-4-63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent B. TOM CARTER:mja Date dictated 12-4-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-6-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

RAYMOND FRANKLIN KRYSTINIK, Research Engineer, Bell Helicopter Research Laboratory, 3006 Avenue E East, stated that he had been employed by Bell Helicopter since 1960 and presently resides at 2121 Greenway, Arlington, Texas. He stated that he had been born August 21, 1922, at Caldwell, Texas, and graduated from Texas A & M University with a Bachelor of Science Degree in aeronautical engineering in June, 1960. He gave the following information:

Since 1960 at Bell Helicopter, KRYSTINIK has worked in the same office with MICHAEL PAINE, also a research engineer. In addition to working together, KRYSTINIK stated he and PAINE are good friends. He stated that in conversation with PAINE, he heard that PAINE's estranged wife has taken into her home a Russian girl, the wife of a man named LEE OSWALD.

Approximately one month ago, exact date now unrecalled to KRYSTINIK other than it was the day after ADLAI STEVENSON, Ambassador to the United Nations, spoke in Dallas, KRYSTINIK and his wife accompanied MICHAEL PAINE to Southern Methodist University in Dallas, where they attended a meeting of the American Civil Liberties Union in one of the campus buildings, the name of which is unknown to KRYSTINIK. This meeting began at approximately 8:00 p.m., and there were approximately forty people present. KRYSTINIK cannot remember exactly the name of the presiding officer but believes the individual presiding was a man named PEMBERTON. When KRYSTINIK and his wife and PAINE entered the room, they sat down next to an individual whom PAINE introduced as LEE OSWALD. KRYSTINIK said that OSWALD was dressed in a beige colored windbreaker type jacket and did not wear a necktie. KRYSTINIK stated that this was the same man whom he has seen during the last two days on television who was accused of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

The meeting lasted approximately two hours and most of the time was taken up by the showing of a documentary film which portrayed a "smear" campaign reportedly waged against a political candidate in a recent election in the Pacific Northwest. KRYSTINIK does not recall the name of

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on 11/25/63 at Arlington, Texas 185 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH L. SCHOTT and ARNOLD J. BROWN, JR. Date dictated 11/25/63

this candidate nor the exact office he was seeking. The theme of the film was that the political candidate's wife was an ex-Communist and this fact was used against him personally by political opponents, and this resulted in his being defeated for the office he was seeking. After the film, there was a question and answer period, and the presiding officer made reference to the fact that Ambassador STEVENSON had been struck on the head by a sign poster at a meeting in Dallas the day before. LEE OSWALD jumped to his feet and interjected himself into the discussion by stating that General EDWIN WALKER was responsible for the trouble at the STEVENSON meeting and stated emphatically that General WALKER was both anti-Semitic and anti-Catholic.

KRYSTINIK, a member of the Roman Catholic faith, followed OSWALD from the room when the meeting adjourned at approximately 10:00 p.m. and began questioning him in general about the anti-Catholic allegation against General WALKER. The discussion between them became rather heated, and OSWALD told KRYSTINIK that KRYSTINIK was a "petty capitalist." This apparently arose because OSWALD had learned that KRYSTINIK had a home wood-working workshop where he manufactures birdhouses and occasionally employs three men in the manufacture of these birdhouses. OSWALD told KRYSTINIK that he was exploiting his workers. KRYSTINIK asked OSWALD about his political belief, and OSWALD stated that he was a "Marxist." KRYSTINIK then asked, "Does that mean you are a Communist?" OSWALD then said, "All right, if you want to call me that, that is what I am, I am a Communist."

KRYSTINIK then asked what OSWALD thought of the administration of President KENNEDY, and OSWALD said, "They are doing a good job as far as civil rights are concerned."

Shortly after this statement KRYSTINIK and his wife, CHARLOTTE EMILY, left the campus of Southern Methodist University and drove to the downtown business district of Dallas. KRYSTINIK stated that he and his wife have been married ten years and that neither of them drink alcohol or smoke and they had never during their married lives been to a nightclub. He stated, however, that night he and his wife went to the Carousel Night Club in Dallas to see the floor show and at that time he saw an individual, apparently the club manager, whom he saw later on television identified as JACK RUBY, the man who shot LEE OSWALD. KRYSTINIK and his wife had no

conversation with REY or any other club employee while in the club. KRYSTINIK said that he did not see LEE OSWALD in the club, and as far as he knew, OSWALD had stayed behind in the vicinity of the campus of Southern Methodist University after the meeting adjourned.

KRYSTINIK said that he is not a member of the American Civil Liberties Union, and this is the first meeting he has ever attended. He stated that MICHAEL PAINE might possibly be a member of this group and might be able to identify other individuals who attended the meeting.

After the meeting, KRYSTINIK discussed LEE OSWALD on several occasions with PAINE, and in all conversations expressed to PAINE his strong dislike for OSWALD. PAINE told KRYSTINIK that OSWALD was generally considered by his associates to be obnoxious and that nine out of ten people would dislike him personally. KRYSTINIK said that PAINE comes from a Quaker background in Pennsylvania, presently attends a Unitarian Church, and KRYSTINIK received the definite impression that PAINE felt sorry for OSWALD and was trying to convert him.

During one of these conversations, PAINE told KRYSTINIK that things might be looking up for LEE OSWALD because he had been able to get a job at the Texas School Book Depository in Dallas, and it looked like he might be able to contribute to the support of his wife.

On November 22, 1963, the day of the Presidential assassination, KRYSTINIK and PAINE were in the office of the Bell Helicopter Company laboratory when they heard the news that the President had been shot. There was some discussion about the exact location of where the shooting had occurred, so they looked it up on the Dallas city map. PAINE said with surprise, "That is right next to the Texas School Book Depository building." KRYSTINIK then said, "Well, isn't that where LEE OSWALD works?" PAINE said, "Yes, but he does not even own a gun."

Later on in another broadcast, KRYSTINIK and PAINE heard that OSWALD had been arrested after shooting a Dallas police officer.

NY 89-43

KRYSTINIK said he had not had any further discussion with PAIKE for the past day or so other than the fact that he told PAIKE that PAIKE could bring his estranged wife to live at the KRYSTINIK residence in the event she received any threats of violence.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

Texas

Mrs. T. J. JEFFERIES, Owner, Chalet Restaurant, 5403 Gaston Avenue, Dallas, Texas, checked her reservation book concerning an OSWALD, first name unlisted, who had made a reservation for twelve for November 2, 1963. She said that she was unable to recall the identity of this individual. She was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and was unable to identify him as being identical with the OSWALD shown in the reservation book.

on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas 192 File # 89-43

by Special Agent BEN H. HARRISON/BJD Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 8-8-61) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

T. J. JEFFERIES, Owner, Chalet Restaurant, 6400 Gaston Avenue, Dallas, Texas, made a check of his reservation list and determined that an OSWALD, first name not given, had made a reservation for ten for the night of November 2, 1963. He gave a phone number as EL 8-1397. It is indicated on the reservation that this was for dinner and was to include setups.

Mr. JEFFERIES stated that only eight showed up in this party and they occupied table B-1210 paying cash. He stated that waitress JACKIE TURNER had served this table. He had no address for TURNER but stated that she had telephone number LA 6-5009. He added that she was presently out of town, location unknown, but was scheduled to return in the next few days.

Mr. JEFFERIES was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and could not identify him as being identical with the OSWALD who made the above reservation. He added that the OSWALD making the reservation was not a regular customer of the Chalet and could not recall his description. He further stated that he is acquainted with JACK RUBY and that RUBY was not in the party of the above reservation.

Mr. JEFFERIES made a complete check of his reservation book from November 1 to November 22 and this was the only OSWALD listed and there were no listings under the known aliases of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent BEN S. HARRISON/BJB Date dictated 12/2/63

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DL 89-43
CEU:rmb/BJD

On November 28, 1963, W. T. TOGNER, 3205 Keistwood, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised SA CARL E. UNDERHILL that he had received information that one RAY HILAL, who utilizes the professional name of RAY WRAY, who performs at the Chalet Restaurant, in Dallas, had stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in a party of 12 at the Chalet about two weeks ago and that the reservations had been made in the name of OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 2, 1963

EDWARD A. BRAND telephonically contacted the Dallas Office, on December 2, 1963. At this time, he advised that approximately two weeks before President JOHN F. KENNEDY was assassinated in Dallas, Texas, an individual entered his insurance office, which is located at 1045 North Zangs, in Dallas. His insurance company is known as the Tower Insurance Agency. This individual identified himself as O. H. LEE and stated he resided directly across the street in a rooming house owned by A. C. JOHNSON. LEE further stated he had just moved to Dallas from San Antonio, Texas, and was inquiring regarding automobile liability insurance. BRAND inquired of LEE what type of car he owned, to which LEE replied he did not own a car, but intended to buy one in the near future. For this reason, BRAND was unable to quote any exact insurance rates, but suggested LEE return after purchasing a car.

BRAND also was of the opinion the only identification he saw of LEE's was a Texas drivers license, but did not notice if the initials were O. H., but believed the last name was LEE on this drivers license.

BRAND concluded by saying he did not immediately recognize LEE HARVEY OSWALD's photograph in the Dallas newspapers, or on television, until after reading OSWALD had in the past used the name LEE, at which time he did recognize OSWALD's photograph as being the individual who contacted him regarding insurance under the name of O. H. LEE.

on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas 195 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES R. GRAHAM, JR.: mam Date dictated 12/2/63

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DL 100-10461

I. RECORD CHECKS

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

Captain ED B. MARTIN, District Intelligence Officer, Office of Naval Intelligence, Eighth Naval District, Algiers Navy Base, advised that available Navy records reflect that within the last three years there has been no Dr. A. J. HIDEEL employed by the U.S. Navy within the Eighth Naval District.

The Eighth Naval District comprises the area of Louisiana, Oklahoma, Arkansas, New Mexico, and Texas.

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On 12/3/63 at Algiers, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY/ush Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

LOUIS ADAMS, Personnel Director, Veterans Administration (VA) Hospital, 1601 Perdido Street, New Orleans, Louisiana advised that the VA has no record of a Dr. A. J. KIDDEL ever being employed by the VA at either the hospital or the former Out-Patient Department of the VA at 333 St. Charles Avenue.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEDY:jew Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-1-62)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

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10

Sergeant PETE MC WINNIE, 99th Criminal Investigation Detachment, Camp Leroy Johnson, New Orleans, advised that the military hospital at Camp Leroy Johnson is the only Army Hospital in the New Orleans area. He advised that the records available from the period of January, 1962, to date, do not reflect a Dr. A. J. EIDEL being assigned to the Camp Leroy Johnson Army Hospital.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA REGIS L. KENNEY /sw Date dictated 12/3/63

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NO 89-69
JDVE/ush

The following were contacted by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS on December 2, 1963, and advised that their records include no information concerning Dr. A. J. HIDEEL:

LA
Miss GERTRUDE BARBIER
Doctors Exchange
2337 Bruxella
New Orleans, Louisiana

LA
Miss HILMA McAULIFFE, Secretary,
Orleans Parish Medical Society
1430 Tulane Avenue
New Orleans, Louisiana

La
Mrs. ROBERT WILSON, Clerk
Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners
521 Hibernia Bank Building
New Orleans, Louisiana

Mrs. WILSON said that all private practitioners in the State of Louisiana are listed with the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners and have been since 1894.

She also advised that the 22nd edition of the American Medical Directory, published in 1963 does not include a listing for a Dr. A. J. HIDEEL.

2 OC

FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/3/63

Major PRESLEY J. TROSCLAIR, JR., Commander, Intelligence Unit, New Orleans Police Department, advised that sometime prior to the arrest of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by the New Orleans Police Department on August 9, 1963, OSWALD had contacted him telephonically and requested through his office a permit to picket. Major Trosclair stated he told OSWALD that he should consult his attorney with respect to this and this was the end of the conversation.

Major TROSCLAIR said that he thought possibly he had made a memoran[illegible] of this call which he had kept in his personal, confidential files but he had been unable to locate such a memorandum; therefore, he assumes he had not recorded this conversation.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

By SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY :bal Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-1-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

HENRY A. DIEBOLD, Tax Administrator, Bureau of Treasury, City Of New Orleans, Room 1W09, City Hall, Loyola Avenue, advised that all permits for parades are under his personal jurisdiction and he has been personally issuing such permits since 1955. In addition, he has issued over the same period of time, mayoralty permits, meaning permits issued to individuals and/or groups for the distribution of handbills and/or literature in the city.

With regards to the issuing of parade permits, he advised his records would only reflect those permits which were actually issued, but he would have no record of those permits which were denied. He said that he issued the permits after they were approved by the Superintendent of Police and the Mayor's Office in New Orleans. He commented further that frequently persons came to his office to secure applications for parade permits, however, such applications could also be secured from the Traffic Division of the New Orleans Police Department.

A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was shown to Mr. DIEBOLD, which was taken August 9, 1963 by New Orleans Police Department, their number 112 723. He said that he had never seen this individual in his office at all.

Mr. DIEBOLD reviewed his ledger reflecting the issuing of permits for the distribution of handbills and literature, which covered a period of from January 2, 1962 to date. It failed to reflect the issuing of a permit to anyone by the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, A. J. HIDELL, ALEX or ALEK JAMES HIDELL or O. H. LEE. He further stated that there was nothing in his records which would indicate that any permit to distribute handbills had been issued to any organization or individual having political affiliations with Cuba or any other foreign country.

Mr. DIEBOLD also reviewed approved parade permits as far back as 1961 and could locate none that had been issued to any person with the above names or any organization or individual having political affiliations with Cuba or any other foreign country.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY jlav Date dictated 12/2/63

This Document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Sergeant GEORGE B. DE DUAL, SR., advised he is Assistant to Captain WILFRED A. GRUSICH, SR., Deputy Commander Traffic Division, New Orleans, Louisiana Police Department. Sergeant DE DUAL stated in the absence of Captain GRUSICH he has the authority to approve parade permits.

As best he can remember sometime prior to April of 1962 three individuals came into the Traffic Division and informed him that they were interested in staging a parade on the streets of the City of New Orleans for the purpose of raising funds which funds would be sent to Cubans in Cuba to fight FIDEL CASTRO and his Regime. Two of these individuals who he can only describe as being of Spanish extraction, dark, and who spoke very little English were merely present, the third person in the group was an American who spoke good English. When it was determined the purpose of the parade DE DUAL stated he consulted with Captain GRUSICH and it was decided that this group would be stalled and not authorized a permit since what they wanted to do would be controversal in nature. He remembered that he helped these individuals fill out part of the parade application but at this time the individuals did not have the information with respect to the time of the parade or the route. He recalled that they wanted to have a band included in the parade which was to go into the commercial area of New Orleans. Since the having of a band in a parade in the commercial district is not permitted and would technically prevent an issuing of a permit DE DUAL said that he told the individuals that a permit could not be issued to them. It was his recollection that these individuals returned to see him on two or three different occasions thereafter still endeavoring to secure the parade permit but which was continually denied to them. After this the group never came back.

DE DUAL could not remember what happened to the partially completed parade application but it was his thought that the individuals had taken it with them. He said that he had checked the approved and disapproved parade permits as far back as 1960 and could not identify any of these permits with the one that he had in mind.

Following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963 and the showing on television of

On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DALLAS 89-43

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY :dc Date dictated 12/2/63

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NO 89-89
DALLAS 89-43/dc

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, DE DUAL said that he mentioned to Captain GRUBICH that he thought possibly this person could have been the same individual who had sought the parade permit as related above.

DE DUAL was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken August 9, 1963 by New Orleans Police Department Number 112 723. After studying this photograph he said that he was not in a position to say that the American that he had referred to was OSWALD although it was his thought that he generally looked similar to OSWALD. He added, however, since it has been publicized that OSWALD was not in the U. S. at this time, it obviously could not have been him.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

Captain WILFRED A. GRUSICH, SR., Deputy Commander, Traffic Division, New Orleans Police Department, advised that he recalled that on or about March, 1962, he had informed Major PRESLEY J. TROSCLAIR, JR., that some individuals had wanted to secure a parade permit, which permit was denied.

He said he told him there had been three people in his office, who claimed to be representing some Cuban exiles who wanted to secure a parade permit so that funds could be raised and sent to Cuba to fight the Castro Regime. He stated he did not tell Major TROSCLAIR that a parade permit had been issued, on the contrary that it was not going to be approved. He stated further that he did not tell TROSCLAIR that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been issued a permit to picket in New Orleans. He said there is no requirement to secure a permit to picket in the City of New Orleans.

Captain GRUSICH said that as best he can recall, he did not tell Major TROSCLAIR that one of these individuals who wanted the parade permit was OSWALD, but merely identified them as three individuals who wanted to get a parade permit.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY:mk Date dictated 12/2/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/3/63

Mr. ALVIN ~~J.~~ LIBKA advised he is the City Attorney for the City of New Orleans. He advised that any action taken against any group of citizens enjoining them in any manner would have to clear through his office. He advised that he himself has no authority to enjoin anyone, that the action would have to be initiated through the City Council, who in turn would either authorize or refuse such restraining action. He advised that he could recall no instance whatsoever of his office having become involved with any of the various Cuban groups active in New Orleans. He stated he had no recollection or knowledge of the Cuban Students Directorate and is certain beyond any doubt he would recall any contact with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He advised that in the normal course of events these groups would become involved with the police department and handled in court there, Municipal or otherwise, and his office would not be involved, as was the case of OSWALD but he is certain OSWALD did not seek any injunctive procedure through his office.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA RAY E. ROCKHOLD/pap Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

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JOSEPH M. ORLESH, Secretary to Director of Finance, City of New Orleans, City Hall, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he has, for a number of years, personally handled the issuing of permits to anyone or any organization whose aim is to solicit funds in the City of New Orleans for any purpose.

Mr. ORLESH related that he has checked his records as far back as 1960 and could find no record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD ever securing a permit. He said he made a further check of his records and was unable to locate any permit or request for a permit for A. J. HIDELL or any person with the last name of HIDELL or O. H. LEE.

Mr. ORLESH was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken August 9, 1963 by New Orleans Police Department, number 112 723. He stated he had no recollection of this person ever coming to his office for any purpose.

1a

A. J. *Hidell

Alex James *Hidell

Alek James *Hidell

A. *Hidell

Alek J. *Hidell

Alex *Hidell

Alex J. *Hidell

James *Hidell

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY :lav Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

DENNIS LACEY, Aide to the Mayor, City of New Orleans, City Hall, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that he had no recollection of LEE HARVEY OSWALD ever coming to his office to secure a permit for parade application or for any other purpose.

Mr. LACEY said that he had discussed this matter with other members of his staff and had had all pertinent records in his office revieved and was unable to determine that anyone had any recollection of seeing OSWALD come to the Mayor's Office.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY :lav Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

Mrs. H. B. DILLARD, Adjustment Clerk, Dallas City Water and Sewage Department, City Hall, Room 103, advised the Dallas City Water and Sewage Department had a signed contract bearing the name L. H. OSWALD, Account No. 15-08-5675, reflecting a $5.00 deposit had been made on March 4, 1963 for services on Meter No. 42616 located 214 West Neeley, Dallas, Texas.

On March 28, 1963, a gross bill of $3.27 was mailed to L. H. OSWALD at 214 West Neeley Street, reflecting service from March 4, 1963 to March 20, 1963 when the water meter had been read. This bill bore a notice that the discount date extended to April 9, 1963 and payment before that time would be $2.97.

Mrs. DILLARD stated that the $2.97 which went through their bookkeeping system on April 4, 1963, would indicate that it was probably paid that day. She did state, however, that bills actually paid late in the afternoon of one day would be run through the bookkeeping department on the following day. Mrs. DILLARD stated there was no method whereby they could definitely ascertain whether or not this $2.97 had been paid late in the afternoon of April 3, 1963 or paid on April 4, 1963.

The next bill mailed by the Water Department to L. H. OSWALD, 214 West Neeley Street, was in the amount of $4.00 net. This bill was not paid by OSWALD. Service continued until May 20, 1963, when service was disconnected and at that time an additional $2.51 bill had accumulated for service, making a total of $6.51. At the time service was disconnected on May 20, 1963 and the $5.00 deposit was applied to this amount, the records of the Water and Sewage Department reflected $1.51 still owing unpaid.

At the time service was discontinued, the apartment was vacant, and, having received no forwarding notice, the original $5.00 deposit was applied toward the accrued water bill.

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On 12-5-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN Date dictated 12-5-63

JAMES C. KENNEDY

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

[redacted] Louisiana, from April, 1963, through September, 1963, and was unable to locate a record of any [redacted] Money Orders being received by LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any person by the name of HIDELL or LEE. A check was also made of the suburban [redacted] which would handle any deliveries made in the 4900 block of Magazine Street which is the neighborhood in which LEE HARVEY OSWALD resided while in New Orleans and this check was also negative.

The above information is available only through issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana.

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on 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent SA REGIS L. KENNEDY and SA REED W. JENSEN :gas Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-16-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 2, 1963

Records of [redacted] Del Rio, Texas, reflect that by night letter dated November 4, 1963, message number DFWA009, from Fort Worth, Texas, $2.25, was sent by Western Union money order to ECO News, Box 811, Del Rio, Texas, by [redacted]. The money order was picked up on November 6, 1963.

[redacted]

On 11/23/63 at Del Rio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA WILLIAM E. OGLESBY/dte 11/30/63

211 Date dictated

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the

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DL 89-43
RPC/gm

On November 29, 1963, Lieutenant General STOKE, U. S. Air Force, Pentagon, Washington, D.C., made available JACK RUBY's military record.

The record was reviewed by SA RICHARD W. KAISER and contained no medical history showing that RUBY has a steel plate in his head or that he has service connected injuries or disability.

On November 27, 1963, Miss E. B. AMBROSE, Veterans Administration, Central Office, Washington, D.C., advised SA ROBERT F. MILNE that Master Index shows no VA record on LEE HARVEY OSWALD under his true name or known aliases.

AMBROSE advised JACK LEON RUBENSTEIN, born March 25, 1911, has no VA claim number. RUBENSTEIN's insurance number is 11-146-651. World War II insurance lapsed. It was noted that RUBENSTEIN's correct Army Serial Number is 36 666 107.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

The files of the Red Cross Chapter, 6640 Camp Bowie Blvd., Fort Worth, Texas, were examined on December 2, 1963. Their file number 56-986 on LEE HARVEY OSWALD was dated November 9, 1956. It reflected his residence as 3124 W. 6th Street. He was born October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana. The file reflected he resided at the above address with his mother, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, and also reflected his father died in 1939. He had a half brother, JOHN PIC, who is a Sergeant in the Air Force with Serial Number AF 11313239, and a full brother, ROBERT L. OSWALD, who resided at 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth.

The file reflected that LEE OSWALD enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps in October, 1956, and was given Serial Number 1653230. He was due to receive his discharge December 7, 1959, but requested a hardship discharge and the file indicated he received such a discharge about September 8, 1959. The hardship discharge was based on the fact that his mother while employed as a saleswoman at the King Candy Company booth at the Fair Ridglea Store in Fort Worth was injured when a bottle fell from a shelf on to her face. The file reflected Mrs. OSWALD, the mother, had requested the Red Cross to assist her in obtaining a hardship discharge for her son, LEE OSWALD. She submitted affidavits from her doctor and also two affidavits from people who said they had known her from four to eight months. The first person who furnished the affidavit was Mrs. MARGUERITE CHILDS, 3240 Sondra Drive, Fort Worth, who had known her four months, and was listed as an employee of the Continental Oil Company, telephone EDison 6-4061. The second one was Mrs. JOHN B. KNIGHT, residing at 6470 Greenway, Fort Worth, with telephone PErshing 7-7097, who had known Mrs. OSWALD for eight months. The file indicated the Red Cross Office on November 3, 1959, received a telephone call from the mother, Mrs. OSWALD. She stated after LEE got his hardship discharge he remained at her home only three days and left. He told her he was going to New Orleans to get in the import-export business. The mother explained that she had just read stories in the newspapers that her son had gone to Russia and was turning in his U. S. citizenship to become a Russian citizen.

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on 12/2/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JOSEPH L. SCHOTT and B. TOM CARTER: wm Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/3/63

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on 12/2/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JOSEPH L. SCHOTT and R. TOM CARTER:vm Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-36 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

[redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana, which may be obtained only through issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted] reflect the following information:

Telephone number HU 8-4326 is assigned to [redacted] 757 French Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, and was connected February 22, 1954. Records reflect that [redacted] was self-employed buying and repairing cars and electrical appliances. The date of this employment was not shown. The record also contained the following tolls:

BILL DATED 11/5/63

October 27, 1963	DDD Call to Beaumont, Texas, Area Code (AC) 713, Telephone Number TW 2-9473.

BILL DATED 10/6/63

September 30, 1963	Station to Station call to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone #TW 2-9473

BILL DATED 9/5/63

August 14, 1963	Station to Station Call to Newark, New Jersey, AC 201, Telephone # HU 5-1541.
September 1, 1963	Person to Person call to [redacted] Atlanta, Georgia, AC 404, Telephone # TR 2-1765.

BILL DATED 8/5/63

July 6, 1963	Call from [redacted] in Fayetteville, Arkansas, from a coin phone, HI 2-9591

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On 11/29/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN Q. BROWN /mh Date dictated 11/30/63

	to [redacted], New Orleans, Louisiana, telephone #891-2298, billed by the 3rd number billing system to HU 8-4326
July 7,1963	Station to Station call to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone #TE 8-3943
July 7, 1963	Collect call from Barling, Arkansas, station to station from [redacted] at coin phone 883-0926
July 11, 1963	Station to Station to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone # TE 8-3943
July 15, 1963	Person to Person to [redacted] Mobile, Alabama, AC 205, telephone #342-6465
July 18, 1963 N.J. Texas	Person to Person to Miss [redacted] c/o Eastern Airlines, Houston, Texas, Telephone #644-1261. Call made from coin operated phone in New Orleans by [redacted] billed to Hunter 8-4326 by the 3rd number billing system. Toll ticket contains notation that [redacted] is son of [redacted]
July 16, 1963	Person to Person from [redacted] to [redacted] Atlanta, Georgia, AC 404, Telephone #TR 2-1765

NO 89-69/mh
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BILL DATED 7/5/63

July 1, 1963, — Station to Station to Beaumont, Texas, AC 713, Telephone # TX 8-3943

June 19, 1963 — Person to Person to [redacted] (room 299) at San Antonio, Texas, AC 512, Telephone # DI 4-4581.

June 8, 1963 — Station to Station to Tradewinds Motel, Biloxi, Mississippi, AC 601, Telephone #ID 5-2351

June 6, 1963, — Person to Person to Reverend (name not shown) at the Tradewinds Motel, Biloxi, Mississippi, Area Code 601, Telephone #ID 5-2351.

Toll records for HU 8-4326 prior to July, 1963 have been destroyed and current toll records concerning calls made after November 5, 1963, will not be available until the regular billing date December 5, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

The records of the [redacted] reflect the following long distance calls have been made from telephone pay station, located at 1030 North Lamar Boulevard, Dallas, Texas, such being telephone number WHitehall 3-0062.

DATE	TO
9/4/63	OX 4-3934, Midland, Texas, [redacted]
9/4/63	FR 9-4752, Seguin, Texas
9/6/63	628-6095, Uniontown, Alabama, [redacted]
9/6/63	LA 6-5092, Morgantown, Kentucky
9/8/63	875-2398, Chattanooga, Tennessee
9/13/63	LA 6-5092, Morgantown, Kentucky
9/13/63	PE 8-3511, Fort Worth, Texas, [redacted]
9/13/63	CH 1-6992, Indianapolis, Indiana
9/16/63	635-1591, Colorado Springs, Colorado, [redacted]
9/16/63	[redacted] LA 6-5092, Morgantown, Kentucky
9/17/63	221-4415, Lancaster, Texas
9/18/63	FI 5-7006, Kalamazoo, Michigan
9/19/63	AX 1-4959, Indianapolis, Indiana
9/19/63	ED 6-6378, Bloomington, Indiana, [redacted]
9/22/63	FI 5-7006, Kalamazoo, Michigan
9/23/63	WA 7-8879, Fort Worth, Texas, [redacted]
9/23/63	PR 8-1381, Temple, Texas, [redacted]
9/23/63	MI 5-8479, Brownwood, Texas
9/23/63	TU 3-0368, Corpus Christi, Texas, [redacted]
9/24/63	[redacted] LA 6-1592, Marshall, Texas

Tickets during the period October 1, 1963 to October 30, 1963, are going through an accounting process within the telephone company and presently are not available.

Following are available during period October 30 through November 11, 1963:

DATE	TO
10/30/63	Wichita, Kansas, 682-4442
10/27/63	Spur, Texas, CR 2-4590

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On 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/mc Date dictated 11/29/63

NO 89-69
1

The following investigation was conducted by IC CHARLES L. MURRAY at New Orleans, Louisiana, on December 3, 1963:

Mr. LOUIS LAGARDE, Clerk, Identification Bureau, and Mrs. GLORIA WATSON, Clerk, Record Room, both New Orleans Louisiana Police Department, advised that a check of their records failed to reflect any information identifiable with ROBERT LEE OSWALD.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

Mr. LOUIS LAGARDE, Clerk, Identification Bureau, New Orleans Police Department, advised their records reflect that OSWALD ROGER ~~X~~ ALPH, white male, DOB June 12, 1931, place of birth, Hammond, Louisiana, was arrested November 29, 1952, with charge of crime against nature. Disposition was shown as two years probation.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by IC CHARLES L. MURRAY /mrk Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 4, 1963

Mrs. BILLIE GILMORE, Docket Clerk, Second Municipal Court, Section B, 501 North Rampart Street, advised that her records reflected that on August 12, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD appeared before Municipal Court Judge EDWIN A. BABYLON and pleaded guilty to a charge of violation of Ordinance 828 of Mayor Council Series, Section 42-22, relative to disturbing the peace by creating a scene. Mrs. GILMORE stated Judge BABYLON sentenced OSWALD to pay a $10 fine or serve 10 days in jail. Mrs. GILMORE said that her records revealed OSWALD paid a $10 cash fine.

Mrs. GILMORE stated the Municipal Court record on OSWALD disclosed that on August 9, 1963, he was arrested and charged as indicated above, and at 5:20 p.m., August 10, 1963, he was paroled for a Mr. A. HECKMAN, a Jury Commissioner, State of Louisiana, Orleans Parish, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Mrs. GILMORE advised that the Municipal Court records further disclosed that CARLOS J. BRINGUIER, CELSO M. HERNANDEZ and MIGUEL E. CRUZ had also been arrested on August 9, 1963 with OSWALD and charged with violation of the same Ordinance and Section. On August 12, 1963, these individuals appeared in court at the same time as OSWALD, however, they pled not guilty. The record shows that the charge against these three individuals was dismissed.

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On 12/4/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN L. QUIGLEY /jw Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

The records of the New Orleans Police Department, First District Precinct Station, reflect in the Desk Book for the period July 5, 1963 to August 10, 1963 on Page 298, Item 4843, arrest #645, the following record on LEE H. OSWALD:

LEE H. OSWALD, 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, a white male, age 23, born at New Orleans, Louisiana on October 8, 1939, 5'9", 140 pounds, Cuban nationality, no occupation, was arrested on August 9, 1963 at 4:15 p.m. in the 700 block of Canal Street. He was charged with violation of Municipal Ordinance 828, MSC 42:22, disturbing the peace by creating a scene. The arresting officers were Lieutenant G. GAILLOT, P. WILSON and P. HAYWOOD. There was a notation that OSWALD was paroled by A. HECKMAN on August 10, 1963 at 5:20 p.m. Disposition was $10 and/or 10 days, Municipal Court, August 12, 1963.

Under the same Item number, 4843, was arrest #646 for CARLOS JOSE BRINGUIER, white male, age 29, Cuban nationality, residence 501 Adele Street; arrest #647 for CELOS M. HERNANDEZ, white male, age 47, Cuban nationality, 519 Adele Street; and arrest #648 for MIGUEL CRUZ, white male, age 18, Cuban nationality, 2526 Mazant Street. The arrest records reflect the above three defendants posted a $25 bond on August 9, 1963 at 7:10 p.m. The above three were also charged with violation of MSC 42:22, disturbing the peace by creating a scene, and the final disposition was reflected as "discharged by Municipal Court on August 12, 1963."

Celos M. Hernandez
519 Adele St.
New Orleans, La.
B. Appears 9/16 Cuba

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On 12/4/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69
DL 89-43

SA REGIS L. KENNEDY /lyc Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1 Identification Officer JAMES C. ROBINSON, Police Department, advised there was no reference to LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his known aliases of reference in the police identification files.

On 12/2/63 at Biloxi, Miss. File # NO 89-69 DL 89-43

by SA H. WARREN TOOL, JR. /lyc Date dictated 12/3/63

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NO 89-69
WAS: cjo

AT COVINGTON, LOUISIANA

The following investigation was conducted by SA FRANK A. SASS, JR., on December 2, 1963:

Chief Criminal Deputy Sheriff CHARLES DUVISION, St. Tammany Parish Sheriff's Office, informed that his records and the records of the Clerk of Court of St. Tammany Parish failed to show any information reflecting an arrest in the ... of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any member of his family.

Chief of Police PETE REVERE, Covington, Louisiana Police Department, informed that his records showed no information to indicate an arrest record in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any member of his family.

St. Tammany Parish Juvenile Officer, NORMAN HYDE, advised that he was not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mrs. JOYCE KIEFER, Office Deputy, St. Tammany Parish Sheriff's Office, a former resident of Vermont Street, informed that she did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD nor any member of his family as previously having resided on Vermont Street.

Deputy Sheriff DUVISION, mentioned above, has been associated with the St. Tammany Parish Sheriff's Office for 33 years; however, did not have any knowledge of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mr. BILL KIEFER, Vermont and Rutland Streets, Covington LA advised that he has lived approximately 40 years at this particular location; however, has never known of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any member of his family.

There is no credit bureau in the Covington area, this being covered by the New Orleans Retailers Credit Bureau of New Orleans.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES J. O'CONNOR, at Miami, Florida:

Check of records of the following agencies was made on November 22, 1963, in the name of LEE H. OSWALD, with negative results:

Dade County Department of Public Safety;
Miami, Florida, Police Department;
Miami Beach, Florida, Police Department;
Miami Municipal Court.

On November 29, 1963, a check of records of the same law enforcement agencies resulted negatively in locating records under the aliases of OSWALD, that is, ALEX JAMES HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, O. H. LEE, and O. FRED LEE.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

Airman First Class JOHN C. ~~X~~ BERLE, Air Police Records Section, advised that air police incident and arrest records are not retained prior to the year 1962.

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On 12/3/63 at Keesler Air Force Base, Mississippi File # NO 89-69

by SA H. WARREN TOOL, JR. /ja Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

Colonel JOHN C. EVERS, Commandant, Technical School, advised that records of military personnel and/or students attending formal technical training courses at Keesler Air Force Base, Mississippi, for the period 1953 to November, 1960, are not available at Keesler Air Force Base, their having been retired to the Military Personnel Records Center, 9700 Page Boulevard, St. Louis, Missouri. Colonel EVERS said that for the period 1956 to 1959 the Technical School was known as the 3380th Technical Training Group, Keesler Air Force Base, Mississippi.

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On 12/4/63 at Keesler Air Force Base, Miss File # NO 89-69

by SA H. WARREN TOOL, JR. :gas Date dictated 12/4/63

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NO 89-69
JES:jam

The following investigation was conducted by SA(A) JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR:

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Mr. JOSEPH B. TONER, Manager, New Orleans Retailers Credit Bureau, Inc., Masonic Temple Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised on December 2, 1963 that his files failed to contain a record for A. J. HIDELL.

Mr. ANTHONY GIARDINA, Identification Bureau, New Orleans Police Department, advised on December 2, 1963 that his files failed to contain a record for A. J. HIDELL.

Mr. JOHN B. HEVRON, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer, New Orleans Public Service, Inc., 317 Baronne Street, advised on December 2, 1963 that the identity of persons obtaining gas and electric service in New Orleans cannot be checked by name alone and can only be checked by address where such service is allegedly rendered. HEVRON stated New Orleans Public Service, Inc. maintains a deposit ledger containing names of persons who have made deposits for gas and/or electric service. He stated this ledger does not contain the name of A. J. HIDELL.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

Mr. E. L. CARTER, JR., Credit Manager, Montgomery Wards, Fort Worth, Texas, residence 1912 Martel, stated that his records reflect LEE OSWALD purchased a television set from his company on September 22, 1962. At the time of the purchase, he listed his address as 2703 Mercedes, Fort Worth, Texas. Sometime later, he changed his address to Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas. At the time of the purchase, he bought it on credit, and as he had no previous credit record with Montgomery Wards, and was unable to furnish any credit references, a co-signer on his credit purchase was required. His brother, ROBERT L. OSWALD, signed the note guaranteeing payment. ROBERT OSWALD listed his residence as 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas.

On his application, LEE OSWALD listed his age as 22, married, wife's name, MARINA, one dependent. He stated he had been employed for four months as a Welder at the Leslie Welding Company, on White Settlement Road, in Fort Worth, where he made $250 per month. Prior to his employment with Leslie, he stated he had been in the U. S. Marine Corps for four years and was assigned to the base at El Toro Base, California.

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On 12-4-63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent B. TOM CARTER:mja Date dictated 12-4-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

Miss

Mrs. RITA GAY LEE, Assistant Manager, Harrison County Credit Bureau, which agency collects credit information along the entire Mississippi Gulf Coast, including Keesler Air Force Base, advised there was no reference to LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the credit bureau files.

2/

On 12/2/63 at Gulfport, Mississippi File # NO 89-69
DL 89-43

by SA H. WARREN TOOL, JR. /lyc Date dictated 12/3/63

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J. MISCELLANEOUS

DL 100-10461

J. Miscellaneous

(a) Health Data

FD-302 Rev. 3-4-63 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

MARY LOU LAUTENSLAGER, Assistant Medical Records Librarian, Harris Hospital, 1300 W. Cannon Street, Fort Worth, Texas, stated her records, No. G1375, identified by the name LEE OSWALD, Grandbury Road, Route No. 45, Benbrook, Texas; birth place Louisiana; religion Lutheran, reflects the following information: Admitted: February 8, 1946, Discharged: February 12, 1946.

Relatives	Mother - Mrs. MARGUERITE EKDAHL (address same as above)
	Stepfather - Mr. E. A. EKDAHL Grandbury Rd Route #45 Benbrook, Texas (address same as above)
Diagnosis	Acute Mastoiditis - Left
Operation	Simple Mastoidectomy
Attending Physician	Dr. C. F. BALL, Texas
Intern	J. C. RILEY, Texas

Page headed "History and Physical Examination" dated February 8, 1946, and signed RILEY, bears the following notation: "6 year old admitted with acute mastoiditis, left. Simple mastoidectomy performed, no complications."

Page entitled "Operative Record" bears the following notation: "A simple mastoidectomy was done. The wound was closed with dermal. A rubber dam drain was used."

Miss LAUTENSLAGER further stated her records contain Outpatient file No. 8554, identified as Master LEE OSWALD, Benbrook, Texas; Mother Mrs. MARGARET OSWALD, Benbrook, Texas; appeared in Outpatient Clinic July 19, 1948, was treated "Puncture Wound, Right Heel," and discharged same date. The record indicates OSWALD was brought to Harris Hospital by a Mr. (first name unknown) ALLEN, in private automobile. Attending physicial was G. O. HUTCHESON, Jr., Texas

on 12/3/63 at Fort Worth, Texas 234 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER:vm Date dictated 12/3/63

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DL 100-10461

J. Miscellaneous

(b) Funds

*Oswald, Marguerite *Cleaverie
*Oswald, Marguerite *Laverie (Nee)
*Oswald, Marguerite *Lavery
*Oswald, Margaret
*Oswald, Marguerite
*Oswald, Marguerite C.
*Oswald, Marguerite C.
*Pic, Edward John Mrs.
*Eckdahl, Ed Mrs.

La
Texas

been July 11 Nov yes
Covington, LA

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1 Texas

ED HERBERT, News Director, KTVT-TV, 4800 West Lancaster, stated he noticed in the Sunday, Fort Worth Star Telegram a news story alledging that LEE H. OSWALD had reportedly received Western Union Money Orders in the denominations of $10 and $20 from an individual in the State of Mississippi, who was described as being a "right winger", a "former Marine", and "may have served with OSWALD in the U. S. Marine Corps".

HERBERT said it occurred to him that BYRON de la BECKWITH, the individual charged with the murder of National Association for the Advancement of Colored People official, MEDGAR EVERS, was both a right winger and a former member of the Marine Corps. HERBERT said that he sent a query to the Associated Press in Jackson, Mississippi, asking that agency to determine whether possibly DE LA BECKWITH had sent Western Union Money Orders to OSWALD. HERBERT said apparently the Associated Press man at Jackson had misunderstood the query and had checked only at the Western Union office to find if money orders had been sent, because HERBERT's reply from the Associated Press in Jackson had said only that there was no record of money orders sent to OSWALD in the Western Union office at Jackson, and no information was set forth about DE LA BECKWITH.

HERBERT stated that the basis for his query was the newspaper story and he had done no further checking into any possible connection between OSWALD and DE LA BECKWITH.

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on 12-3-63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

JOSEPH L. SCHOTT and

by Special Agent B. TOM CARTER:mja Date dictated 12-3-63

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DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

On December 2, 1963, Confidential Informant Dallas T-13 advised that he had received a teletype message from Associated Press, Dallas, Texas, December 2, 1963, requesting that he check [redacted] at [redacted] Mississippi, to determine if any money had been wired from Jackson to LEE HARVEY OSWALD at Dallas, Texas. He stated that the teletype message did not set forth the basis for this request, and that he had checked with the [redacted] of [redacted] at [redacted] and informed him he had no recollection of any such money orders.

Confidential Informant Dallas T-14 advised on December 2, 1963, that while he does not see all money orders he does not recall recently seeing any money orders being sent to OSWALD from [redacted] and has heard no comments of other clerks that they have seen such money orders. Dallas T-14 stated that records of [redacted] Dallas, Texas, could be checked for this information as money order records are filed alphabetically by the name of the recipient at the receiving office.

Records are confidential and can be obtained only through issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

J. Miscellaneous

(c) Selective Service data

DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

Confidential Informant Dallas T-16 advised that Selective Service records reflect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD registered on September 14, 1959, with Local Board 114, Fort Worth, Texas, and he has SSN 41-114-39-532. OSWALD was born October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana, and resided at 3124 W. 5th Street, Fort Worth, when he registered. He listed as his nearest relative, a brother, ROBERT OSWALD, 7313 Davenport Street, Fort Worth. OSWALD served in the U. S. Marine Corps from October 24, 1959, to November 7, 1959, when he was honorably discharged. In the military service he was an electronics operator, and his civil occupation was that of a radio operator. On February 2, 1960, OSWALD was classified IV-A.

A newspaper clipping reflected that OSWALD attended Arlington High School one year before he entered the U. S. Marine Corps, and he went to Moscow five weeks after his discharge from the Marine Corps.

With regard to Selective Service card bearing the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD, SSN 43-354-39-37, Mrs. WILSON advised that the numeral 43 is a prefix for the State of Vermont and 354 is the indicated Local Board. The State of Vermont has only 14 local boards; therefore, this appears to be an altered card.

With regard to Selective Service card bearing the name ALEK JAMES HIDELL, SSN 42-224-39-5321, Local Board No. 4, Fort Worth, Texas, Dallas T-16 advised there is no Local Board No. 4 in Fort Worth. She stated the numeral 42 is a prefix for the State of Utah and 224 is the indicated Local Board. The State of Utah has only 39 local boards; therefore, this appears to be a fictitious registration card.

DL 100-10461

J. Miscellaneous

(d) General Miscellaneous

MO 89-69
EMB/bap
1

Items furnished by Mrs. LILLIAN DESLATTES on December 2, 1963, to Special Agent EMIL HENRY BECKER being furnished to the FBI Laboratory for identification purposes, except for Western Union Sending Blank which contained no handwriting specimen.

Items furnished by Mr. MOSES BRENER on December 2, 1963, to Special Agent EMIL HENRY BECKER being furnished to the FBI Laboratory for identification purposes.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

-1-

Date 12/2/63

Mr. ARTHUR WESSELER, 760 Morningside Road, Ridgewood, New Jersey, telephonically advised that news releases in connection with the assassin of President J. F. KENNEDY have indicated th that the rifle used in the assassination was purchased from a Chicago mail order house under the name HEIDEL.

WESSELER stated that an auto mechanic employed at a Texaco station owned and operated by one W. C. KNAPP, Route 2, vicinity of White Plains Road, Westchester County, New York, was named GEORGE HEIDEL. WESSELER advised that GEORGE HEIDEL was known as a "screwball" and as a Communist. He stated that Texas he was not able to identify GEORGE HEIDEL as being identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but when he heard that GEORGE HEIDEL had left the Westchester area in about October, 1963, to reside in Texas, he thought the incident may have a connection with instant case.

WESSELER stated he was not able to furnish more specific information.

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On 11/28/63 at Swoope, Virginia File # Richmond 89-34

Dallas 89-43

by SA E. THEODORE WEBB /mbd Date dictated 12/2/63

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1 NO 89-69
LGD:bal

An individual who identified herself as WANDA LORMAN, Texas, owner of Wanda's Seven Seas Bar, 608 Iberville Street, telephonically furnished the following information to Supervisor LEON M. GASKILL at 12:25 PM, November 26, 1963:

Miss LORMAN stated she overheard a conversation in her bar to the effect that LEE OSWALD hung out at Jenkins Book Store, 600 Magazine Street, and that the Jenkins Book Store was known as a communist hangout. Miss LORMAN would not further explain the information she furnished. She could not or would not state from whom she had received this information. She requested that she not be contacted at her place of business concerning this, adding that if she obtained any further information she would contact the FBI.

Miss ANN MORGENSEN, Texas, Assistant Manager, The Jenkins Book Company, Inc., 600 Magazine Street, furnished the following information to SA LESTER G. DAVIS on November 29, 1963:

The Jenkins Book Company sells books on a wholesale basis only. She advised that the majority of the books were books for children, but that books for adults were carried in stock. She explained that these were in the category of library books. She continued that her company sells mostly to elementary schools, public libraries and universities.

Miss MORGENSEN stated that they have no reading room at this book company and that if anyone came in requesting to read any of the books in stock, they would be turned away as books are for sale only and in wholesale lots at that.

Miss MORGENSEN advised that her office is adjacent to the entrance to the book company and she sees practically everyone who comes into this store. She viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and advised that she did not recognize OSWALD as anyone who had ever been in the book store. She stated that it was possible that he might have at some time made inquiry regarding their books, but that books would not have been sold or loaned him since the company does not do business with individuals.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

At about 1:00 p.m., December 5, 1963, I received from THOMAS J. KELLEY, Inspector, U. S. Secret Service, Texas the following material:

An opened letter typewritten commencing "Friend Lee" and signed typewritten "Pedro Charles" and signed in ink "Peter," Together with the above typewritten letter was received an envelope postmarked "La Habana Cuba, 9:30 a.m., November 28, 1963." This letter is addressed to "Lee Harvey Oswald, Mail Office, Dallas, Texas, U.S.A." This letter was sent air mail.

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On 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/gm Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/4/63

Texas

LYNN PARKER stated he is the manager of the Community Blood and Plasma Service, 2109 Commerce, Dallas, Texas. According to PARKER, his records indicate a JOE R. FRANKLIN, who resided at Box 349, Vernon, Texas, gave blood at the blood bank on August 18, 1960, October 19, 1962, and December 14, 1962. He further stated their records indicate FRANKLIN was born April 24, 1926, six feet tall, 163 pounds, and had United States Army Serial Number US 54150836, and Social Security Number 448-16-4272. FRANKLIN also is listed on their records as being a professional donor.

According to PARKER he carefully reviewed all their records but was unable to locate any record for a LEE HARVEY OSWALD, L. H. OSWALD, LEE OSWALD, LESLIE OSWALD, A. HIDELL, A. J. HIDELL, ALEK J. HIDELL, ALEK JAMES HIDELL or O. H. LEE.

PARKER concluded by saying that if someone appears at the blood bank for the purpose of donating blood but is unable to pass the hemoglobin test which is administered immediately upon the donor's arrival, no record of the donor is maintained.

A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to Mr. PARKER and by him to other employees who were working there during October, 1962, with the result that no one was able to recall that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had ever appeared at the Community Blood and Plasma Service.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES R. GRAHAM, JR. & Date dictated 12/4/63
HAROLD R. DOBSON /gv

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 4, 1963

DELBERT WILLIS, City Editor, "Fort Worth Press" Texas stated that a review of his newspaper files reflects only three articles recording LEE OSWALD during the 1959 to 1960 period. One of those is marked in pencil, November 16, 1959, entitled "Turncoat Hangs Up on Mother", which was written by KENT BIFFLE, a "Fort Worth Press" writer. A second one is marked in ink, June 10, 1960, and is entitled "Ex-Fort Worth Marine Quits Russia to Return Home" which was written by the United Press International. The third bears the date January 6, 1960, entitled "Fort Worth Turncoat in Moscow Writes Mother He's O.K." MR. WILLIS stated he believes the last article was also written by KENT BIFFLE, Texas

MR. WILLIS stated that he believes the two articles written by KENT biffle were based on information furnished BISSEL by MRS. MARGUERITE OSWALD, mother of LEE OSWALD. He explained that MRS. OSWALD was continually calling KENT BIFFLE during this period and kept him advised of all developments concerning her son. He stated that BIFFLE is now employed as a writer for the "Dallas Morning News", Dallas, Texas.

MR. WILLIS furnished five photostatic copies each of three above described news stories.

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On 12/3/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent B. TOM CARTER and JOSEPH L. SCHOTT/mc Date dictated 12/4/63

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DL 100-10461
WCD:mem

Confidential Informant Dallas T-15, at Del Rio, Texas, on November 23, 1963, advised as follows:

Dallas T-15 advised that JERRY F. CULBERTSON, description not known, placed an English language advertisement in a Spanish-language newspaper, El Eco, Ciudad Acuna, Mexico, November 3, 1963, which was paid for by Western Union money order November 4, 1963, in the amount of $2.25 sent from Fort Worth, Texas, and signed JERRY F. CULBERTSON.

The advertisement reads as follows:

"Breeding Jerry or Odell collect important."

This source did not know the significance of the above message nor the identity of CULBERTSON.

DL 100-10461
WCD:sah

Confidential informant Dallas T-4 advised that [redacted] records reflect no PE-2 exchange in the New Orleans Metropolitan area. [redacted] stated that there was no TE-2 or VE-2 exchanges in this area. [redacted] advised that additional checks of [redacted] records reflected there was no PE-2 or 732 exchange under Area Code 318, which is northern Louisiana. [redacted] stated that in Area Code 504 there was one 732 exchange, that being REpublic 2, which serves Bogalusa, Louisiana. Dallas T-4 stated that in Area Code 601 (southern Mississippi) there is a 732 exchange which serves Morton, Mississippi out of the business office in Meridian, Mississippi.

On December 2, 1963, confidential informant Dallas T-5 advised that REpublic 2-3245 is assigned to [redacted] at the [redacted] Louisiana, and has been connected since 1960.

La

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

WILLIAM D. HOGAN, 217½ Bourbon Street, New Orleans, La., a graduate in the Department of Sociology, presently working in the Division of Biostatistics, Tulane University Medical School, advised that he knew ROBERT HOFFMAN and had attended parties held at HOFFMAN's apartment, which was located on Robert Street, about four blocks toward the river from St. Charles Avenue. He said that HOFFMAN is presently in the University of North Carolina. He observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated that OSWALD definitely was not at any party held at HOFFMAN's apartment in which he, HOGAN, attended. He stated he is certain that if OSWALD had attended a party at HOFFMAN's apartment, that some of the other guests would have remembered him and most certainly would have called this to his attention after all the publicity which OSWALD has received.

HOGAN stated that he left New Orleans about June 11 or 12, 1963, to attend a six-week summer school session at the University of North Carolina. The summer school began on June 17 and ended on July 26, 1963. He said that on his way back to New Orleans he spent several days in Florida and actually returned to New Orleans about August 1, 1963. He said the parties he attended at HOFFMAN's apartment would have been prior to his attendance at summer school since he has been very busy at the university since his return to New Orleans and has not attended any social functions.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA MILTON R. WACK /ir Date dictated 12/2/63

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K. INTERVIEWS WITH MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, NEE PRUSUKOVA, AKA, MRS. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AND DATA CONCERNING

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-47)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

A Verifax copy of a page of notes handwritten in partly Russian and partly English, original of which had been found in the wallet of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at New Orleans, Louisiana, by the Police Department at the time of his arrest on August 9, 1963, was examined and discussed with MARINA OSWALD. The writing on this piece of paper is fragmentary and much of it is not understandable. The following notes are what can be made out by Mrs. OSWALD.

1. Hotel Minsk (Russia) ROSE 92463
2. _____ 76 AT Moscow X 78545
3. _____ 76 AT Minsk 25994 EX 39
4. Radio Factory experimental depart., 3-29-56
5. 221-82
6. Hotel _____ _____ X 42220
7. _____ 202440
8. Comrade (Price) ZIADEV 279 Com. SOVNARKHOZ (Council of Peoples Economy)
9. Comrade SHARAPOV (No Loc) 20525
10. LEO (Russia) BETIAEV (No Loc) Radio Moscow B-36588
11. United Press 776681 GOLDBERG (No Loc) ROSEY
12. Associated Press (No Loc) 776430 JOHNSON
13. MARIA (No Loc) 33853

12/6/63 Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE E. HEITMAN Date dictated 12/7/63

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14. GEORGE 7-14-53.

The items appearing on this page of paper have been numbered by Special Agent BOGUSLAV and correspond to the position of the notes on the original page of notes beginning about the middle of the page with what appear to be the words, "Zoe Muher", although this purports to be Cyrillic writing, and ending at the bottom of the page. The original page of these notes has been forwarded to the FBI Laboratory for examination.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

1

Photographs numbered on the back 1 through 47 were exhibited to MARINA OSWALD at her place of residence, 11611 Farrar Street. These photographs were made available to SA JAMES R. BOOKHOUT of the FBI Office at Dallas by Captain J. W. FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department. These photographs were among the effects of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in possession of the Dallas Police Department.

MARINA OSWALD identified these photographs by number as follows:

D-33

1. MARINA OSWALD
2. PAVEL GOLACHEV, a friend of OSWALDs who worked in the same factory in Minsk, Russia
3. The opera house in Minsk
4. OSWALD in 1952
5. OSWALD in Minsk
6. Picnic scene near Minsk with two girls from Argentina who reside in Minsk — girl from Argentina
7. Minsk scene
8. PAVEL GOLACHEV
9. LEE HARVEY OSWALD
10. Minsk scene
11. PAVEL GOLACHEV
12. LEE HARVEY OSWALD and the ZIEGER family, a family from the Argentina that lives in Minsk — Russia
13. PAVEL GOLACHEV, girls names unknown — dark girl Anita Zieger
14. LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Minsk, Russia
15. OSWALD
16. LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JUKE
17. OSWALD and PAVEL GOLACHEV
18. OSWALD and his half-brother named JOHN EDWARD PIC in the United States
19. Russian rural scene
20. Picture believed to have been taken in Japan by OSWALD

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On 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAVSKI Date dictated 12/6/63

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21. Russian beach scene
22. The great Buddha of India
23. Minsk railroad station
24. Minsk Palace of Culture
25. OSWALD and friends at a work break at the factory in which he worked in Minsk, other names unknown
26. PAVEL GOLACHEV
27. MARINA OSWALD and LIALIA (LEE) Larissa Petrovich
28. A view of Minsk from OSWALD apartment
29. Minsk scene
30. OSWALD's apartment scene
31. Palace of Culture in Minsk
32. Apartment house in which the OSWALDs lived in Minsk
33. Street scene in Minsk nearby OSWALD apartment
34. A Minsk river scene
35. Scene in Minsk
36. OSWALD and an unknown friend, taken before MARINA knew OSWALD
37. MARINA and JUNE and Mrs. ZIEGER, resident of Minsk
38. An Argentine family mentioned above who live in Minsk that came to Russia from Poland. Girl with a big smile is ELEANOR ZIEGER. Man's name is believed to be ALEXANDER ZIEGER Russia Poland
39. MARINA OSWALD
40. OSWALD, MARINA and an acquaintance, name not recalled
41. OSWALD and person MARINA does not know
42. ANITA ZIEGER, Minsk resident Russia
43. OSWALD and wife MARINA
44. PAVEL GOLACHEV
45. LEE HARVEY OSWALD standing in front of apartment house similar to theirs.
46. LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Photo taken by MARINA OSWALD
47. OSWALD with rifle.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

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Mr. JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, who resides at 11611 Farrar Street, and in whose house MARINA OSWALD is residing, advised MARINA OSWALD had retained the services of an attorney on his recommendation. This attorney is JOHN M. THORPE of the firm of Thorpe & Leech, Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law, 302 W. College Street, Grand Prairie, Texas, telephone numbers AM 2-2606 - office, and AM 4-1898 - residence.

Mr. MARTIN advised that MARINA OSWALD continued to receive a number of letters containing checks and money orders for cash and that he had been handling this money for MARINA. He said that to date $5,926.15 has been received and these amounts have been deposited in a savings and a checking account in the First National Bank of Dallas. In addition, $1,000 has been collected by a Rev. Allen of the First Methodist Church in Houston for MARINA and $600 has been collected for MARINA by a group in Ft. Worth, Texas.

He stated he has a tentative appointment with a reporter representing the Huntley-Brinkley Report for December 5, 1963, concerning the appearance of MARINA in an interview on this program. He said that if arrangements can be worked out an interview with MARINA will probably be filmed at the Inn of the Six Flags, Ft. Worth-Dallas, where Mr. MARTIN is Resident Manager, sometime around December 6 or 7, 1963.

Mr. MARTIN made the statement that he had heard that Mrs. PAINE had received $5,000 for giving an article to Look magazine and that he felt MARINA should also get whatever money she could on behalf of her children. He said that he believes that MARINA should give only a copyrighted interview and for that reason he felt the services of an attorney were needed.

MARTIN said that he considers himself as the agent of MARINA.

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DL 100-10461

On 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ALEX B. BOUSHAR:jjj Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone DAvis 7-6569.

MARINA OSWALD furnished the following background information concerning herself. She was born July 17, 1941, at Severodvinsk (formerly called Molotovsk), Arkhangel Oblast, USSR. She does not know who her father was. Her stepfather is ALEXANDER IVANOVICH MEDVEDEV. Her mother is KLAVDIA VASILEVNA MEDVEDEV. She moved from Severodvinsk while she was an infant and went to live in Arkhangelsk, Arkhangel Oblast, where she lived with her maternal grandmother, TATIANA YAKOVLEVNA PRUSAKOVA, now deceased, and her grandfather, VASILI PRUSAKOV (sometimes spelled PROOSAKOV). Russ She remembers her grandfather wore a uniform and her mother always told her that he was a Captain First Class. Her grandfather died when she was about 4 or 4½ years old and she continued to live with her grandmother until she was about 7 years old. When she was 7, she went back to live with her stepfather and mother at Zguritza, Moldavian, SSR (formerly called Besarabia). A half-brother, PIOTR ALEXANDROVICH MEDVEDEV, was born at Arkhangelsk in 1945 or 1946, and a half-sister, TATIANA ALEXANDROVNA MEDVEDEVA, was born in 1948. Russia Tatyana Aleksandrovna Medvedyeva

At Zguritza she went to school for 4 years. Then the entire family moved to Leningrad in 1952 where she entered the 5th grade. It was in this town that her stepfather was born and he had now returned home. Her stepfather was by training and profession an electrical worker. He was skilled, and in Leningrad at this time had a job maintaining equipment in a gas producing plant. He had, before the war, been employed in the Moldavian SSR at an electrical station. During the war he was mobilized and had spent the war at the front. She believes he was some sort of an Army Officer. Meanwhile, her mother worked in a hospital. She does not know where.

She attended the fifth, sixth, and seventh grades of a ten-year school called the 374th Woman's School at Leningrad. At the conclusion of her seventh grade she wanted to go to a specialized school because her mother was quite ill and she felt that she might need a specialty in order that she

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On 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43
DL 100-10461

by Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and MAX E. KLITMAN:pmk Date dictated 12/1/63

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might be independent. She was allowed to enter a specialty school, which she did following the conclusion of her seventh grade work. She entered the Pharmacy Technicum at Leningrad in 1955 and graduated with a diploma as a pharmacist in June, 1959. During her last year in pharmacy school she had also worked in a drug store in Leningrad. This drug store was a central drug store located on Nevsky Prospect (a main street in Leningrad). Her mother died when she was in the second year of pharmacy school. She continued to reside with her stepfather although she felt like a stranger in the house. She explained that she and her stepfather did not get along well together and that this had been a situation of long standing. She explained that this situation was probably more due to her actions than to those of her stepfather. She said she had been "fresh" with her mother, particularly, and the stepfather had not liked this. She said she was not amenable to discipline and was generally a source of concern to her stepfather.

She advised that during this time while she was attending pharmacy school after her mother died she took meals away from the stepfather's home although she slept there. She explained that upon the death of her mother the children had come into a pension, and that this was divided three ways.

MARIKA said she did not feel that her childhood was a happy one because of the friction between herself and her stepfather.

Upon graduation from pharmaceutical school in June, 1959, she was assigned work in a pharmaceutical warehouse in Leningrad. This work consisted of packing and preparing pharmaceutical orders. She did not like the work and quit after one day. She explained that generally a person had 3 days in which to decide whether or not to retain a professional type job and that it was not a black mark to quit a job during this first three days. After quitting this job, she took a two months' vacation, and just enjoyed herself. She was residing in her stepfather's house in Leningrad.

Toward the end of August, 1959, she bought a railroad ticket to Minsk, Belorussia, SSR, as she had decided to go live with her aunt and uncle who reside in Minsk. Minsk is a 24-hour railroad ride from Leningrad. This uncle is ILIA VASILIEVICH PRUSAKOV, who is now about 52 years of age, and the aunt is VALENTINA GURIEVKA PRUSAKOVA, who is now about 37 years of age. This aunt and uncle had lived in Arkhangelsk when she lived there. Her grandmother had lived with this aunt and uncle for a while prior to her death. There was a mutual liking between this aunt and uncle and MARINA. This uncle had graduated from college as an engineer, specializing in lumber. He had been in the Armed Forces in World War II and after the war was assigned to the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Belorussia, in Minsk, and is presently in charge of the department which deals with lumber. Although he works as an engineer, he has the rank of a Colonel or Lieutenant Colonel and always wears a military uniform. Everybody in this ministry wears a uniform. For example, a medical doctor who lives in the same apartment house as does her uncle and who works in this ministry also wears a military uniform.

Her aunt, VALENTINA, had no children, and she spent her time at the apartment.

When she arrived at the apartment of her aunt and uncle, they had a general discussion about her, MARINA's, future, and it was agreed that she could remain at the apartment if she wanted to do so. MARINA said that she was going to look for a job. The aunt said that MARINA would probably get married soon, but the uncle was opposed to an early marriage by MARINA. MARINA was 18 at this time. MARINA said she herself was opposed to marriage at this time and desired only to get a job and go to work.

She had previously had male admirers in Leningrad and had only recently broken up with one particular boy. This boy's mother was very interested in her son marrying MARINA, but neither the boy nor MARINA felt that their relationship was close enough for marriage. MARINA refused to give the name of this boy at this time.

Concerning the uncle's apartment, MARINA said it was one of the best in the apartment house, which was for the employees of the Ministry of Internal Affairs. It was located on the 4th floor and had a kitchen, one bath, a foyer, a study, one bedroom, and a combination living room and dining room. The rooms were large although the kitchen was rather small.

In October, 1959, MARINA went to work in the drug section of the Third Clinical Hospital in Minsk, which is located on Lenin Street, in the central section of Minsk. She worked there for one year, until October, 1960, at which time she had earned a month's vacation. She took this vacation in a rest home near Leningrad. This rest home had several cottages in forest-like surroundings. The sexes were separated. The persons at the rest home ate, slept, relaxed, and had fun.

Concerning her social life, MARINA said, as stated before, that she had had several male admirers in Leningrad but had not been interested in matrimony. She pointed out, parenthetically, that at that time her teeth were in good condition and she took pains with her appearance and she believed that she was attractive to men. She said that at the present time she has lost several of her teeth as a result of her two pregnancies and does not feel that she is as attractive as she once was.

She advised that while living in Leningrad she had visited Minsk on vacation on several occasions. On one of these occasions her uncle had introduced her to a young man who lived in the same apartment as did her uncle. This young man, in turn, introduced her to another young man. Then this last young man introduced her to many young men and women with whom he associated socially. These young people were for the most part students in the schools of architecture, medicine, and engineering. Their social life was taken up, in good part, by getting together in cafes where they would sip coffee, exchange gossip, and read newspapers. Also, very heated discussions were carried on among the students about different architectural designs or other professional topics. Also, on occasion various young people would get together at someone's house and listen to records. She said that the crowd more or

less ran together and that she, MARINA, did not desire to pair up with any particular boy friend. This was an enjoyable period of her life and she found her social associations very pleasant.

Concerning the two young men to whom she was first introduced, MARINA advised that she did not care to divulge their names. She said that the first young man to whom she had been introduced by her uncle and who resided in the same apartment house as her uncle spent his vacations in Minsk although he studied in Leningrad. The second young man to whom she was introduced by the first young man is a student at Minsk at some technical institute. The first boy's father is an engineer in the Ministry of Internal Affairs and the father of the second boy is a professor of Science in a technical institute in Minsk.

She advised that she once was invited by some medical student friends to attend an affair which was a combination social and cultural event to be held at the Palace of Culture. She stated that the Palace had been evidently rented by the medical institute for this purpose. She said she decided to go to this affair and spent a good deal of time dressing and preparing for it. When she finally was ready to go she decided not to go. Then her uncle said that as long as she was already dressed and ready that she should go, so she went. She said that she arrived at about 10 o'clock, which was three hours after the affair had started. MARINA pointed out that the first part of the evening had been devoted primarily to a lecture by a Russian woman who had visited the United States as a tourist. Her lecture had dealt with her impressions of the United States. MARINA arrived too late to hear this lecture. The woman lecturer had a son who was a medical student in Minsk and this son was in attendance at this affair on this occasion. This son was an acquaintance of LEE OSWALD.

When MARINA arrived at the affair, as she described it, well dressed and pretty, LEE OSWALD almost immediately saw her and told his medical student acquaintance that he would like to meet her. She was introduced to OSWALD by this medical

student and OSWALD immediately asked her to dance. She accepted OSWALD's invitation and they spent much time together that evening.

She said that OSWALD's Russian, although good, bore a definite accent. She thought that he probably had come from one of the Russian speaking Baltic countries.

At this point MARINA interposed that she had attended this affair about the middle of March, 1961, and she had married LEE OSWALD on April 30, 1961.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone DAvis 7-6569.

She advised that after OSWALD returned to Dallas in early October, 1963, and found a room in Oak Cliff, he had called her an average of twice a day to inquire about her condition as her second child was due on about October 8, 1963. She said OSWALD found a job at the ~~Texas~~ School Book Depository on Texas October 15, 1963. She said Mrs. PAINE had talked to one of her neighbors about OSWALD needing a job and a woman neighbor said there was a vacancy where her brother was employed, and suggested that OSWALD contact this place. Mrs. OSWALD does not recall the name of the neighbor, except that she is called ~~LENNIE~~. Texas Mrs. PAINE found that the place of employment of this neighbor's brother was the Texas School Book Depository and she called that place several times asking for the person it had been recommended that she call, but she could not locate this person. She finally was able to locate this person by telephone, and upon inquiring about possible employment for OSWALD was told that OSWALD should call about the job. MARINA said that the date of contact by Mrs. PAINE of this person at the Texas School Book Depository must have been on Monday, October 14, 1963, as she knows OSWALD went to the Texas School Book Depository on the following day, which was October 15, 1963, and got a job.

The second weekend following his return to Dallas, which was the weekend of October 11-13, 1963, OSWALD had no job. He spent that weekend at the PAINE residence and MARINA believes it was during that weekend sometime that Mrs. PAINE talked to her neighbor, LENNIE, about the job for OSWALD.

She recalls he came to the PAINEs for the weekend on October 18, 1963, as this is OSWALD's birthday. He spent the night of October 18th at the PAINE house, spent all day Saturday and Saturday night, and then on October 20, a Sunday, Mrs. PAINE took MARINA to the Parkland Hospital as her baby was due. OSWALD stayed with the children at the PAINE house. She was released from the hospital on Tuesday morning, October 22, and PAINE brought her back to her house. When she returned to the PAINE home, OSWALD was at work.

On 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas 212 File # DL 89-43
DL 100-10461

by Special Agent ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and Date dictated 12/1/63
WALLACE R. HEITMAN:bam

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While she was in the hospital, OSWALD visited her on Monday night, October 21, with Mrs. PAINE and the children, but only OSWALD was allowed to see her and the newborn baby. She believes that he came about 7 or so in the evening and stayed for about 1½ hours. She said that after his visit OSWALD returned with Mrs. PAINE and the children to the PAINE residence where he stayed overnight.

Following her return from the hospital to the PAINE home, OSWALD visited her each weekend, with two exceptions, and would usually call her at least once a day. He usually came on Friday, after work, with the neighbor who worked at the School Book Depository, and would return to work on Monday morning with this same neighbor. On the two exceptions noted, one occurred when OSWALD called her from work on a Friday, exact date not remembered, to inform her that he had an appointment to see about another job the next day, Saturday, and therefore would not be at the PAINE residence that night, Friday. He said that he did not like the work at the Texas School Book Depository and wanted to try to find another job, but did not want Mrs. PAINE to know it as she had helped him get the job at the School Book Depository. He said he had seen an ad in the newspaper and was going to answer that ad. MARINA advised that the ad was by some photographic concern. She said OSWALD had appeared at the PAINE residence on that Saturday, and said that he had applied for the job but had been unsuccessful. He arrived at the PAINE residence on that day before lunch.

Concerning his job at the School Book Depository, OSWALD told MARINA that his job was to fill out orders and pack them in boxes. He said he did not like his work and it was for that reason that he was looking for other work.

MARINA asked OSWALD about the people at the School Book Depository and each time she would try to engage him in conversation about his fellow employees, he would turn her questions aside and say that he was not interested in any of them. She asked him about his boss and he said the boss was a nice man. She said she told OSWALD that he should make friends at the School Book Depository but she knew that he was not interested in making friends. OSWALD mentioned to her that they had coffee breaks at the Depository and that the atmosphere down there was very congenial. He did not tell MARINA on which floor he worked.

The other weekend on which OSWALD did not visit the PAINE residence occurred on November 15-17, 1963. On this Friday, November 8, 1963, OSWALD called MARINA and she told him not to come that weekend because one of the PAINE children

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was having a birthday and Mr. PAINE would be over and it was not convenient for OSWALD to spend the weekend. He did not come to the PAINE house that weekend. MARINA advised she became lonesome that weekend and on Sunday, November 17, 1963, had Mrs. PAINE call the telephone number where OSWALD was staying as she wanted to talk to him. Mrs. PAINE called the number and asked the person who answered the telephone for LEE OSWALD, but could not locate OSWALD at that number. She advised the next day, Monday, November 18, 1963, OSWALD called her about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. She told him that she had tried to locate him the day before and had Mrs. PAINE call the number he had left. OSWALD then became angry and told MARINA that Mrs. PAINE should not have called for him under his right name, LEE OSWALD, because he was staying there under another name. MARINA asked him why he was staying there under another name and he replied that he did not want people asking questions. MARINA became mad at OSWALD because he was staying at this house under another name. OSWALD also was mad. He told MARINA to tear his telephone number out of Mrs. PAINE's book and MARINA refused to do this. She then hung up the telephone on OSWALD.

On Thursday, November 21, 1963, OSWALD appeared unannounced at the PAINE residence, at about 5:45 p.m., with the neighbor boy who worked at the School Book Depository and with whom he usually caught a ride. She asked him why he had come and he replied that he had gotten lonesome. He wanted to make up with MARINA. She said that she was still mad at him because he was staying at his rooming house under a false name. Even though OSWALD wanted to make up, she did not make up, and as a consequence did not talk to him much during that evening of November 21. She said that OSWALD had played with the children outside for a while and then had gone to bed about 8:30 in the evening. She said that she retired about midnight. She advised that she did not know if OSWALD went to the PAINE garage that night, but advised he could have easily done so because he was outside with the children a good deal. She said that generally OSWALD would go to the garage on the weekends because many of their things were stored there and she would ask him to get something for her from these things. She said she did not pay any particular attention to when he went or what he did if he went to the garage.

DL 89-43
(4)

On the morning of November 22, 1963, the alarm rang at 6:40 a.m. and she awoke and OSWALD remained asleep. She began feeding the baby and at about 7 o'clock she awoke OSWALD and told him he had better get up or he would be late for work. He got up and as he finished dressing, said he would take care of his own breakfast. He then went into the kitchen, but she does not believe he fixed anything because the coffee pot was not warm when she went in later, about 7:20, and she saw no signs of breakfast preparations. She said the last time she saw OSWALD was when he left her bedroom to go to the kitchen.

On November 21, 1963, the previous evening, OSWALD told her that he would not be able to come to the PAINE residence on the coming weekend, November 22-24, 1963. She asked him why and he said it was not convenient to disturb people so often. She also remembers that on Thursday, November 21, she came running from the kitchen to see OSWALD in another part of the house, and asked him how it would be to see a real live President. She was referring to the visit of President KENNEDY, scheduled for the next day. OSWALD was extremely short in his answer, said something like "I don't know," and abruptly terminated the conversation. Mrs. OSWALD said she liked President KENNEDY and JACKIE KENNEDY because both of them appeared, in their photographs, to be very sympathetic people. She said that she would often have OSWALD read the captions under photographs of President KENNEDY and JACKIE. She said she admired them both. She stated she has asked OSWALD on one occasion what kind of a President Mr. KENNEDY was and he had replied that KENNEDY was a good President. She said OSWALD never gave any indication whatsoever that he intended any harm to the President.

She said she feels intuitively that if OSWALD was trying to kill the President, that one shot would have been enough, and that she feels, therefore, that he might have been aiming at the other person (Governor CONNALLY). She said OSWALD never mentioned any possible plans that he might have about assassinating the President. She said she cannot understand this thing.

She recalled on one occasion, quite a while ago, she made the remark to OSWALD that she couldn't imagine one person

killing another. She asked him if he could kill another person and he replied "HITLER needed killing," and implied that by killing HITLER, others could be saved.

The rifle that was owned by OSWALD she had seen many times. She recalled specifically seeing it when they lived on Neeley Street, and she knows that OSWALD had the rifle in the garage at the PAINE residence. She advised she did not know that the rifle had a scope on it. She recalls that she had asked OSWALD why he had the rifle and he told her that it was for hunting purposes. She replied that he could not expect to go hunting if he did not have a car. He assured her that one day they would have a car.

MARINA advised that the only sources of income that OSWALD had, to her knowledge, were his pay for his employment and previously his unemployment compensation. She said that he was paid each 2 weeks when he worked at the School Book Depository and she believes he received about $100 each pay day. She also said OSWALD got one $33 unemployment check after he began work at the School Book Depository.

She said that when she was at the police station in Dallas, following the assassination of the President, she talked to Mrs. PAINE and asked her to bring some things to her at the police chief's residence where she spent the night. She told Mrs. PAINE that OSWALD had been saving money in a wallet which was in one of the drawers of a chest in the PAINE house and asked Mrs. PAINE to bring that to her also. She said the wallet and the other things were brought to her at the police station and she extracted the money from the wallet, counted it, and found it to be $170. A Life reporter who was standing nearby threw in $10 and that made $180. She said this is the money that OSWALD had saved, beginning in New Orleans.

Mrs. OSWALD advised she had been thinking about how OSWALD had come to the PAINE residence on the first occasion following his return to Dallas in early October, 1963. She said upon reflection she believed that OSWALD had called from the bus station, stating that he was already in Irving and asked Mrs. PAINE to pick him up. She said Mrs. PAINE was busy at the time and could not go. OSWALD later appeared at the house and said that he had hitchhiked a ride with a Negro on a truck.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar. 2515 W. 5th St. Irving, Texas

She took employment at Minsk, at the Third Clinical Hospital on Lenin Street, in October, 1959, and her last day of work at this place was in December, 1961. She explained that she married OSWALD on April 30, 1961, and beginning in late December, 1961, went on maternity leave, which would normally end two months after the birth of the child. Her first child, JUNE, was born on February 15, 1962, (which was two weeks earlier than scheduled) which would mean that she would normally be entitled to maternity leave which would end approximately April 15, 1962. She, however, did not return to work after the birth of her child. Texas Minsk, Russia

Her duties at the Third Clinical Hospital consisted of filling prescriptions. She explained that the work would vary. One week she would work on liquid prescriptions, the next week on powder prescriptions, and next on medicines for external use. She said a woman was in charge of her section. When asked for this woman's name, MARINA refused to give it. She explained her pay was 45 rubles per month. She was paid every two weeks. She was allowed to use all of her money for her own purposes, as her uncle and aunt refused to take any money from her.

She met OSWALD in the middle of March, 1961, as she has previously explained, at a social function at the Palace of Culture for Professional Unions. At this first meeting, OSWALD evidently took a fancy to her and asked if he could see her again. She stated that she was evasive at this point, and then OSWALD asked if she would be coming again to the Palace the following weekend. She replied that she perhaps would return the following weekend. However, no definite date was made. She explained that each Saturday and Sunday dances and other events were held at the Palace, and that one could buy tickets to attend these events. Texas

She said a week later, on either Saturday or Sunday, she does not remember which, she and a girl friend, whose name she declined to give, went to the Palace to attend the

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On 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas FL File # 100-10461

By Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEITMAN :lp Date dictated 12/1/63

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dance. Upon entering the hall, she saw OSWALD waiting for her. She and OSWALD joined company and spent the evening dancing at the Palace and following that, she allowed OSWALD to take her home. He took her to the apartment house of her uncle, but did not enter the house, leaving her at the entrance. She pointed out that the girl who had accompanied her to the dance had had a boy friend in the orchestra. This girl friend and her boy friend kept company and were not with OSWALD and MARINA during the evening.

Upon questioning, MARINA said she felt that OSWALD would be at the Palace that evening, and that was the purpose in her returning. She said she did not tell her girl friend who accompanied her about OSWALD because she did not want to feel silly if OSWALD were not there.

She said that she had introduced OSWALD to the girl friend that accompanied her.

She advised she had made arrangements with OSWALD to meet the following Friday on a certain street corner in Minsk, although no definite arrangements were made concerning what they would do.

During that week, on about Tuesday or Wednesday, her aunt told her that a boy named ALIK (ALECK) had called her on the telephone and said that he could not keep the appointment for Friday; although he did not leave his last name, MARINA knew to whom her aunt referred. MARINA pointed out that ALIK in Russian is a nickname for ALEXEI, which the Russians called OSWALD in preference to LEE. The pronunciation of the name LEE is foreign to the Russian ear. The aunt advised that ALIK had said he was in the Fourth Clinical Hospital, at the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Department. This hospital was located on the outskirts of town. ALIK told the aunt that he could be visited Sundays. By way of explanation, MARINA said that she had not been at the apartment to receive the telephone call as she had dates with two different young men that week, and it had also been necessary to spend some time with other friends.

She visited OSWALD at the ~~Fourth Clinical Hospital~~ Russia on Sunday at 3:00 PM. He was in the hospital for ear trouble, which later developed into glandular trouble. OSWALD was in

the hospital for ten days. She visited him every day, although visiting hours were only on Sunday. She explained that because she wore a white uniform in her work, she was able to pass right through into his room and see him.

On her first visit to the hospital to see OSWALD, she asked him some questions about America. OSWALD said he preferred America to Russia because he could not take hard winters. OSWALD said he did not think he could live through another hard Russian winter. MARINA said that later when OSWALD left the hospital, they would take walks and OSWALD would get so cold that he would dodge into door entrances to warm up.

She asked him why he had come to Russia, and he replied that as Russia was considered the leader of the Socialist world, he wanted to see it. He did not say how long he was going to stay in Russia. She asked him on this first visit to the hospital if he could return to the United States, and he said no, he could not return. He said he had given up his American documents to the American Embassy, and told the American officials that he would never return to America. She asked him if he was an American or a Soviet citizen. It was in answer to that question that he told her he could not return to the United States. She said that later, after they were married, he ~~ex~~ he had been offered Soviet citizenship prior to their marriage, but he had refused it.

She said she had found out that OSWALD was an American, at their first meeting at the Palace, through a third party.

She said that OSWALD never definitely told her that he had lost his United States citizenship. He gave no other reasons for coming to Russia other than that mentioned above. She believes that he was sorry that he had come to Russia.

MARINA advised that she was interested in the United States while she lived in Russia as she was interested in all foreign countries. She said that she knew that OSWALD could not return to the United States because he had said he could not return. At this point, she volunteered the statement that she had married OSWALD because she loved him, not because he was an American or for the purpose of going to the United States.

She stated on one of her visits to the hospital, OSWALD had asked her if she would be his fiance, and not go around with other boys. She said she would consider this.

Following his release from the hospital, OSWALD began visiting MARINA at her uncle's apartment. She introduced him to her uncle and aunt. She said at this time she still saw on occasion another boy, but this was without the knowledge of OSWALD. She said this other boy objected to her becoming serious about OSWALD. When asked for the name of this young man, she replied that his first name was ANATOLI. ANATOLI was finishing medical school, and he probably is a physician by now. She said she could not remember his last name. Russia

MARINA advised her uncle and aunt did not disapprove of OSWALD and, in fact, were glad that she had reduced the number of her boy friends to almost one. They offered no objections to OSWALD and told her it was her decision to make. The fact that OSWALD was an American made no difference to them. They did ask her if OSWALD could return to the United States, and she replied to the negative. Following his release from the hospital and during his courtship, he continued to ask her to be his wife and she continued to occasionally see ANATOLI up until April 20, 1962. On that date, she agreed to marry OSWALD, and together they went to the registrar to file their intent to marry. They were told that it would take her seven days to obtain permission to marry a foreigner. Permission was granted for the marriage in seven days, and it was thereafter necessary to only wait three more days to fulfill the required ten-day waiting period. They were certified as married by the registrar on April 30, 1962.

On the date that they were certified as married, her aunt and uncle had a reception for them in their apartment. Their mutual friends were invited.

She advised she was not interviewed by any official and that the only documentation necessary for this marriage was registration of intent and the certification of the marriage ten days later.

Concerning OSWALD's work in Minsk, MARINA said he had worked as a metal worker in a radio factory. He was an unskilled worker and earned between 80 and 90 rubles a month.

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The discrepancy in her pay as a skilled professional of approximately 45 rubles a month, and his pay as a non-skilled worker of 80 to 90 rubles per month was discussed with MARINA. She said she could not explain this discrepancy. She volunteered the information that she knew licensed, medical doctors who earned not more than 65 rubels a month.

She was asked why OSWALD was employed in Minsk. Her reply was that he had been sent from Moscow to work in Minsk.

With regard to her earlier comment that ALIK had called her aunt to say he could not keep the Friday appointment, she was asked if it was the usual thing to have a telephone in Minsk. She said that only high officials had telephones, as they were rather hard to get. She said that having an important position certainly helped. She said that bribery was also used to obtain telephones.

During the questioning concerning her first visit with OSWALD in the hospital, MARINA made the remark that OSWALD in Russia did not smoke or drink or discuss politics with her, or, to her knowledge, with other persons with whom he associated.

FD-36 (Rev. 8-6-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Ferrar Street.

MARINA stated that when OSWALD visited the PAINE house on Thursday evening, November 21, 1963, he did not bring anything with him when he arrived at the house. She said he had departed from his work at the Texas School Book Depository and had been driven to the PAINE house by the young neighbor of the PAINE's who also worked at the Texas School Book Depository.

She advised further that she does not know of anything that OSWALD took with him from the PAINE house to work the next morning, November 22, 1963.

SA McNEELY exhibited to MARINA the replica of the sack found at the window from which the assassination shots were fired. She examined this sack and said she had never seen anything like it and that she had not seen such a sack or such paper in the possession of OSWALD on November 21, 1963, or at any time prior thereto. She was asked if such wrapping paper or paper tape which had been used to seal sections of the sack were used around the PAINE house. She said that she had not seen any paper like this around the PAINE house. She advised she had seen paper tape like this around the house. She said that about the time of New Year's last year, OSWALD had purchased some wrapping tape at some store in Irving or Dallas. She said they had used torn-up grocery sacks for wrapping paper for any packages they mailed at that time.

MARINA reiterated that she had not seen OSWALD again after he left her bedroom on the morning of November 22, 1963, to enter the kitchen at the PAINE home.

MARINA was also shown the original paper sack found near the window from which the assassination shots were fired and she stated she had, to her knowledge, never seen this sack or one like it.

On 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN, JR. and GIBBON E. BOGUSH, and JAMES P. McNEELY/gm Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

She said she knew OSWALD owned a rifle. She was not aware of where he had bought it or obtained it. She said she recalled that he had it when they lived on Neeley Street in Dallas in the spring of 1963. She said that following his return from New Orleans, OSWALD kept this rifle in the PAINE garage, along with other OSWALD belongings and that the rifle was wrapped in a blanket. She described the blanket as brown with green squares. The blanket was made in Germany and purchased in Russia. She knew that the blanket with the rifle was in the garage as late as about three weeks following OSWALD's return from New Orleans in early October. This would be about October 25, 1963.

She advised she had snapped the photograph of OSWALD, showing him in a pose with a rifle in his hands and holding a paper on which the word "militant" appears and with a pistol at his waist. She said OSWALD had struck his pose and asked her to take his picture with the camera. She was hanging up diapers at the time and recalled she was real busy. She took the picture. Later, she saw it developed and saw that OSWALD had a pistol at his belt. She did not observe that when she took the picture. She recalled she asked him why he struck such a silly pose and he said he just wanted the photograph for remembrance sake. She said that they had two cameras, one Russian and one American, but she does not recall with which camera she took the photograph. The photograph was taken in the yard at their Neeley Street address toward the end of February or in early March, 1963.

DID SHE HAVE THE BELT AT THAT TIME?

MARINA said she did not recall any male individuals visiting them with any degree of regularity when they lived on Neeley Street. She said any visitors they may have had would have used the front door and not the back steps.

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File # DL 100-10461

on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 2, 1963

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

Prior to her marriage, MARINA did not discuss possible domicile with OSWALD, assuming they would move into his apartment. Following marriage, they did this.

Prior to marriage, OSWALD told her he would like her to know he would not be able to provide for her as well as he would like to provide and that he would never be a rich man. He wanted her to know this and know that she was marrying him on this basis. She said that inasmuch as OSWALD did not make much money, she continued working, although OSWALD did not approve of wives working if they did heavy work. MARINA described her work as being painstaking as she had to fill each prescription accurately but it was not heavy work.

They did not take a honeymoon after their marriage and spent the three days each of them had been given as vacation in Minsk. The weather was nice. They ate in cafes and generally enjoyed themselves.

She said she had not, in fact, ever cooked meals in Russia after their marriage, as both she and OSWALD ate out nearly every meal in nearby cafes or at work.

After her marriage, she moved into OSWALD's apartment which was located at Communist Street #4, Apartment 24, in Minsk. It was in the center of the town. The apartment house was occupied by workers of the plant where OSWALD was employed. OSWALD had obtained the apartment sometime prior to their marriage. He lived there at the time they met.

In this connection, she related a coincidence, the first part which had occurred two years prior to their marriage when she had visited Minsk on a vacation. She said she was walking along the river and noticed an attractive apartment house with little balconies overlooking the river. It was discovered that this same apartment house was the one in which she lived after their marriage and she had one of the little balconies which she had admired at that time.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEITMAN Date dictated 12/2/63

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The apartment was on the fourth floor of the five story building. There was no elevator. The rent was 7.50 rubles per month, which included electricity, gas and water. There was no telephone. By way of comparison, she said her uncle's apartment, which was much more spacious, had rented for 30 rubles per month, which was a considerable amount to pay. The OSWALD apartment consisted of (1) a combination living, dining and bedroom, (2) a kitchen, (3) a bath and (4) a foyer. The kitchen contained a table with a space for utensils underneath, a gas stove, a sink and two chairs. They usually ate in the kitchen if they ate at home. The bathroom had a sink, a toilet and a bath tub. The big room had a sofa which opened to make a bed, a cocktail table on which they kept the record player, a combination book shelf - closet, which they used to store linens and a table and chair. The apartment was very suitable for one person, perhaps a little crowded for two, and was unsuitable when the baby came. They had a balcony which was partitioned from other apartments, entered from the living room, and was of ample size and overlooked the river. When they entertained, they did so on the balcony when possible.

The apartment house was occupied mostly by younger people up to the age of about 40. It was five stories high and was about ½ block by ½ block in size.

MARINA advised OSWALD's salary was adequate in comparison with people his age and in his line of work. She said that as an unskilled laborer working in the radio factory, he was paid by piecework and as a consequence, made more than persons paid by salary or certain professional people. She said the government had promised that such inequities were being studied and would be corrected. MARINA said OSWALD was a little bit lazy and did not have his heart in his work. She said he had been offered a transfer to another department in the factory where he could make more money but by the time he received this offer, he was thinking of returning to the United States, and there was no stimulus to him to make the change.

MARINA said that in contrast to this, OSWALD had been anxious for work in the United States and anxious for overtime.

She advised OSWALD had not been paid more because he was an American. She stated that the fact he was an American played no part in the amount of compensation he received. He was paid by what he produced.

She said OSWALD was the only American she knew to reside in

Minsk. She understood another American had resided in Leningrad. She recalled that while she was in the American Embassy in Moscow, she was told that this American had been repatriated. She said she had not heard of OSWALD before she had met him and had not heard that an American was living in Minsk.

Concerning their social friends, MARINA stated that she had girl friends visit them in their apartment and OSWALD objected to her male friends visiting there. She said there was one couple who visited on occasion a girl friend of hers and her husband. Their guests came generally after working hours or on Saturday or Sunday. Many times on Saturday or Sunday, they would gather at their apartment or one of their friend's apartment and prepare a co-operative meal. They had no friends in their apartment house. OSWALD had two friends who, on occasion, visited at the apartment. One was a medical student who was interested in learning the English language and found their association to be beneficial. A second worked in the same plant as OSWALD and attended a technical school. She declined to give the names of these two friends of OSWALD's. She said OSWALD was hospitable but was not a good conversationalist.

For entertainment, there was the opera, concerts, the circus and the films. They had no automobile and were transported by bus or taxi or walked to their destination.

MARINA stated that she was a member of the Medical Workers Union (MWU). She was considered a member of the KOMSOMOL for one year when she worked in the Drug Section of the Third Clinical Hospital but was thrown out when she failed to pick up her membership card. She attended no meetings of the KOMSOMOL and had no interest in it. She belonged to no other organization.

OSWALD may have been a member of the union at his plant. She is not sure. He belonged to no other organizations. Her uncle is a member of the Communist Party. His wife is not. Neither her stepfather nor her mother were members of the Communist Party.

OSWALD did not go out of the apartment by himself. Occasionally, a friend would visit him and MARINA would urge that they go to a concert or a film without her. This was while she was pregnant.

OSWALD's health, while not robust, was not bad. He frequently had the sniffles. She said that on one occasion, he had a heavy cold with temperature and she was afraid it might develop

into pneumonia. It did not.

She said OSWALD did not have a particularly lively personality and was on the pessimistic side rather than the optimistic. She said he was short tempered and difficult to get along with. He knew that he had a difficulty in getting along with people and he did not care. He preferred to be by himself or with MARINA. He did not care for his mother and had no son-like feelings for her. This surprised MARINA. She told him he should respect her as a mother.

She advised she loved OSWALD as a husband but did not share his political views or even understand them. Digressing, she said she recalled that OSWALD had brought home with him in New Orleans some throw-aways about Cuba. He told MARINA he wanted to help Cuba. MARINA said Cuba did not need his help. A copy of the pamphlet labeled "Hands Off Cuba" bearing the rubber stamped name and address, "HIDELL, P. O. Box 30016, New Orleans, La.", was exhibited to her. She said this was one of the throw-aways he had brought home to New Orleans. She said she did not know anybody by the name, HIDELL. She advised she thought this was a fictitious name made up by OSWALD. She ventured the thought that the name, HIDELL, was phonetic with FIDEL (meaning FIDEL CASTRO). She said OSWALD was a great admirer of FIDEL CASTRO.

After their marriage, OSWALD's proficiency in the Russian language improved. He, however, never lost his accent, nor did he always speak grammatically; she classed his Russian as good. She added he knew how to curse in Russian. His written Russian was poor.

MARINA said she never knew OSWALD to speak of or attempt suicide. She does not think that he was capable of suicide and she did not believe he had ever attempted suicide.

MARINA said she recalls seeing a scar on the inner left wrist of OSWALD after they were married. This scar was completely healed. She asked him about this and he evaded answering her.

About three months after their marriage, he spoke of his desire to return to the United States. MARINA agreed to this; thereupon, he advised the American Embassy at Moscow of his marriage and expressed his desire to return to the United States and requested permission for approval for MARINA to accompany him. She, meanwhile, wrote a government department in Minsk, requesting Russian documentation to depart for the United States. Her request was forwarded to

the Foreign Office in Moscow. She received papers from Minsk and also from Moscow to complete. She completed the papers and forwarded them as directed. She then wrote to the American Embassy, requesting permission to depart for the United States with her husband. She believed that they had written the U. S. Embassy in July, 1961, but she is not sure of the date.

Sometime after writing the American Embassy in Moscow, she and OSWALD were requested to appear for interview in Moscow. She believes it was in late summer, 1961, she and OSWALD flew to Moscow. OSWALD was interviewed by an American official at the Embassy while she waited outside. Later, she was interviewed by an American official. She advised the American official that she desired to depart for the United States with her husband.

MARINA advised she had never been contacted by any Russian Intelligence employee in Russia prior to or subsequent to her marriage in Russia, nor has she been so contacted in the United States. She advised that she has not been contacted by any other Russian officials in Russia or the United States. She said she made application with the appropriate Russian officials to obtain documentation to leave the country. She advised that she has nothing against Russia or against the United States. She said she would not carry out an espionage or intelligence assignment for either country if she were asked because she wants to lead a simple, plain life. She said she had seen a Russian official at the time of her departure from Russia and he had given her her passport. She had signed it and a Russian official wished her a pleasant trip and that was all.

She advised that she had not discussed with anyone the possible presence of an American in Minsk prior to the time she met OSWALD. She advised that after meeting OSWALD and discovering that he was an American, she was surprised. She asked him which of his parents was Russian. She did not believe he would be allowed to enter Russia otherwise. She said that she knew of no contacts of OSWALD by Russian Intelligence agencies or other Russian governmental officials and that his contacts had been known to her. She said none of OSWALD's activities in Russia or the United States would indicate that he was in contact with Russian officials, particularly, those of intelligence agencies, and she did not believe he had been given any assignments to perform, either in Russia or the United States.

She said she had not known OSWALD was an American until so informed by a friend in Minsk.

She said that following their return from Moscow where they had been interviewed by officials of the American Embassy, they had waited for their permission to depart from both governments and in due course, they received such permission. They received Russian documentation to depart sometime shortly after the birth of their first child. She said they had saved a little bit of money. The money saved was enough to purchase train tickets and visas. The American Embassy in Russia loaned OSWALD money for the boat trip to New York.

FD-302 (Rev. 2-8-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 1611 Farrar Street.

MARINA advised she and OSWALD had left Minsk in July of 1961 and gone to Moscow and visited the American Embassy where OSWALD spoke to officials at the American Embassy concerning his desire to return to the U. S. She advised that she also had been interviewed by some American official at the American Embassy concerning her application for visa to go to the U. S. with her husband.

She advised she had applied in May of 1961 to the Russian officials at Minsk and Moscow for official papers which would allow her to leave Russia and depart for the U. S. They received permission from the U. S. officials first, and then they waited in Minsk for the Russian papers to arrive. The Russian permit for MARINA to depart for the U. S. arrived about New Year's of 1962. OSWALD had been granted permission by the Russian officials earlier and had been advised by the American Embassy that he could depart for the U. S. She said the American authorities had suggested to OSWALD he could depart without MARINA, but he had refused to do so as he desired to tak his wife with him when he departed. MARINA received her exit permit from the Russian government about the middle of May. They shortly thereafter left Minsk with the baby and arrived in Moscow about May 20, 1962. They spent about ten days in Moscow. While there, she stayed in the hotel and tended to the baby while OSWALD tended to the formalities which were necessary to facilitate their departure to the U. S. While in Moscow, they stayed first at the Hotel Ostankino which was quite removed from the center of Moscow. They later stayed at the Hotel Berlin which was closer to the center of town. While in Moscow, they exchanged sufficient rubles to obtain one hundred and eighty U. S. dollars. OSWALD used this money to buy rail tickets from Moscow to Amsterdam. They departed from Moscow by train about May 30, 1962 and traveled through Poland, Germany and Holland. In Holland, they boarded the ship for the U. S. They arrived in New York on June 13, 1962.

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on 12-3-63 at Dallas, Texas 280 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV/ajc Date dictated 12-3-63
WALLACE R. HEITMAN/rrh

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In speaking of her trip to the U. S., MARINA said she was impressed in her journey through Holland by the cleanliness of the people and of the land in general. She also furnished information that the American women appeared to be women who, if they did not have a button to push, appeared to be lost. She said that many times it was easier to do work with the hands than it was to have a machine to do it with.

She stated that both Russia and the U. S. had advantages. She said a good thing about Russia was that a man who needed a job could always have a job, but that in the U. S. it had been her experience that a man who needed a job could not always have a job. She said that her husband had been out of a job for a good part of the time that they had been in the U. S. MARINA advised that there were health benefits also in Russia, such as hospitalization and dental and medical care. She stated higher education was free in the Soviet Union.

MARINA had previously noted that she had made request to the Soviet Embassy in February and March of 1963 for permission to return to the Soviet Union. She said that since November 22, 1963 she has not given much thought to the future. She said she may stay in the U. S. because OSWALD is buried here and because the children are here.

Concerning the address of herself and OSWALD in Minsk, MARINA stated that they had lived at No. 4 Communist Street, Apartment 24 Minsk Russia She said the name of this street had been changed from Kalinin. She said that the present name of the street written in Russian would be this -- Communisticheskaya, St. Minsk Russia

*Address

*Address

#4

FD-302 (Rev. 3-4-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street. The English translation of a letter originally written in Russian was read to her. The letter was re-translated into the Russian language as it was read by SA BOGUSLAV. This English translation had been furnished to the FBI Office at Dallas by the U. S. Secret Service. Upon the reading of the letter, MARINA stated immediately it was a letter written in the original by LEE OSWALD in the Russian language. She stated she had found the original letter in a room the former OSWALD address on Neeley Street in Dallas. She related the incident concerning this letter as follows:

One night during the spring while she and OSWALD were in residence at the Neeley Street address, she became worried about OSWALD because he had not returned to their home very late in the evening. She said OSWALD had informed her that he was going to a typewriting class at the Dallas Evening School that evening. When he had not returned by 10:00 o'clock, she went into a room in which he kept his personal things and in this room she noticed a letter hand-written in the Russian language. This is the letter which is referred to above. She stated the letter gave her certain instructions concerning a Post Office box and other family matters and appeared to be a farewell letter.

She advised that about midnight that night, OSWALD came rushing into the house in a very agitated and excited state and his face was very pale. As soon as he entered the house, he turned on the radio. Later, he laid down on the bed and MARINA again noticed how very pale he was. She asked him what was wrong and he confessed to her that he had tried to kill General WALKER by shooting at him with a rifle but didn't know whether he had hit him or not. He said he wanted to find out on the radio whether or not he had hit him. MARINA said she became angry with OSWALD for shooting at General WALKER and he replied to her that General WALKER was the leader of the fascist organization here and it was

12-3-63 Dallas, Texas 282 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEIMAN Date dictated 12-3-63

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best to remove him. MARINA said she was quite relieved when she found out that OSWALD had missed General WALKER with the rifle bullet. She said she and OSWALD were listening to the radio reports about the rifle shot at General WALKER and OSWALD was translating the reports for her.

She stated OSWALD did not have the rifle with him when he returned to the house. She also advised that OSWALD to her knowledge did not take the rifle with him when he left the house that evening. She stated she thought OSWALD had used the same rifle he had at the house on Neeley Street and at the PAINE house.

She said that the following evening she talked to OSWALD about the attempted assassination of General WALKER again. OSWALD told her that he had hidden the rifle which he used to shoot at General WALKER in some bushes or in the ground, she did not remember which.

MARINA advised that she told OSWALD she was going to keep the letter written in Russian by OSWALD, which was evidently a farewell letter, in order that she could use it against him if he ever had another "crazy" scheme. She said that if OSWALD started to do anything like this, that she would go to the police with the letter. She also made OSWALD promise that he would never do anything like this again.

She advised that for a period of about a month before this attempt on WALKER's life, OSWALD had been very agitated and had closed himself in his room for long periods of time while he wrote and read. She said that it was evident that he had been thinking about the assassination attempt for some period of time. She said OSWALD did not mention General WALKER in her presence before the night of the attempted assassination. She said they did not speak of the incident again after the second night following the assassination attempt.

She said that she had insisted that they move from Dallas to another city because she felt that if they moved OSWALD would be less likely to repeat such a deed.

MARINA asked OSWALD how he had arrived at the WALKER house on the night of the attempted assassination.

He said he had gone there on foot. He said that after he fired the rifle, he ran away and that he could run very fast. He said the police thought the would-be assassin had an automobile. He came home on the bus.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

She stated OSWALD at the time he confessed to the attempted assassination of General WALKER was employed at a printing type company in Dallas. She does not remember the name of the company. OSWALD was also attending a typewriting class at the Dallas evening school for either two or three nights a week. On the nights that he went to typewriting class, MARINA recalls she had supper about 6:00 following which OSWALD would leave the house about 7:00 in the evening and go to class. He would generally return to the house about 9:00. During this period they were living at the Beeley Street address. Texas

On the evening that OSWALD attempted to assassinate Edwin A. Walker / Edwin A. Walker General WALKER, OSWALD came home at the usual time as best as she can remember, and on that evening he said that he was going to his typewriting class. OSWALD left at the usual time as best as she can remember. OSWALD when he came home from work that evening did not bring anything home with him. When he left supposedly for his typewriting class, he did not have a rifle or anything else with him.

She recalls he was wearing when he left the house that evening a white shirt and black or gray business type suit. She is not sure whether or not he wore a tie.

She stated OSWALD had not mentioned anything to her about General WALKER before his confession that he had tried to kill General WALKER. She said that she did not even know of General WALKER's existence before this confession.

MARINA was asked if she could now state when the photograph she had taken of OSWALD showing him in a pose with a rifle in his hand, a newspaper in his hand and a pistol at his

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belt was taken in relation to the time of the attempt on General WALKER's life. She said that she can recall that she took the picture about the same general time as the attempt on General WALKER's life, that is withing a few weeks. She cannot recall whether or not the photograph was taken before the attempt on General WALKER's life or after.

She recalled that she asked OSWALD the evening following the attempt on General WALKER's life if General WALKER had a family. She was very pleased to find out that he had neither a wife nor children.

MARINA said she believes the rifle used by OSWALD in his attempt to kill General WALKER is the same rifle she had seen at the Neeley house and the rifle he had wrapped in the blanket at the garage at the Paine house. She cannot recall ever hearing OSWALD state that he was going to fire the rifle in practice or that he had fired it in practice. She said that the only time she knows that he fired the rifle was the time he confessed that he had tried to kill General WALKER by shooting at him with a rifle. She said the only time that she believes he could have practiced firing the rifle would have been when he was supposed to have been attending evening typewriting class.

FD-302 (Rev. 2-8-61)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

MARINA said she can recall only one occasion when she and OSWALD spent the night away from their residence in New Orleans. This was an occasion when Mr. CHARLES MURRET, the uncle of OSWALD, came to their house on Magazine Street one Saturday and took them to Mobile, Alabama. They stayed at a motel in Mobile on Saturday night and returned to New Orleans with Mr. MURRET in his car on the next day, Sunday. The reason they went to Mobile was in order that OSWALD could speak before the students of the seminary in Mobile which "GENE" (believed to be the cousin of OSWALD) attended. She cannot recall that they spent any other nights away from their residence while they lived in New Orleans.

She said the MURRETs took them out on several occasions. She can recall going crabbing with the MURRETs. She said that on one crabbing trip particularly there were a lot of mosquitoes and had bothered them while they were crabbing.

Concerning long distance telephone calls, MARINA advised she can recall only one that she received while she lived at the PAINE residence. This call was from a man in Ft. Worth. This man called MARINA at the PAINE residence and said he had been told by a friend of Mr. PAINE's, named FRANK, that a real Russian lived with Mrs. PAINE. This man said he had spent about 20 months in Russia during the war and had learned to speak some Russian and would like to become acquainted with MARINA. He asked if he could come over to see her. This man identified himself as some kind of a colonel. MARINA agreed for him to come and a date was set for a week later. MARINA is able to fix the date of this call because she recalls that the date the man was supposed to come to the PAINE house was on the Tuesday before

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and CAJ Date dictated 12/5/63

ANATOLE A. DOGUSLAVSKY

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the President's assassination. The man had called the previous Tuesday to make the appointment.

She does not recall any other long distance calls received by her at the PAINE house.

2 YY

FD-36 (Rev. 2-8-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

Mr. JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, who resides at 11611 Farrar Street, and in whose house MARINA OSWALD is residing, advised MARINA OSWALD had retained the services of an attorney on his recommendation. This attorney is JOHN M. THORNE of the firm of Thorne & Leech, Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law, 302 W. College Street, Grand Prairie, Texas, telephone numbers AN 2-2608 - office, and AN 4-1898 - residence.

Mr. MARTIN advised that MARINA OSWALD continued to receive a number of letters containing checks and money orders for cash and that he had been handling this money for MARINA. He said that to date $5,926.15 has been received and these amounts have been deposited in a savings and a checking account in the First National Bank of Dallas. In addition, $1,000 has been collected by a Rev. Allen of the First Methodist Church in Houston for MARINA and $600 has been collected for MARINA by a group in Ft. Worth.

He stated he has a tentative appointment with a reporter representing the Huntley-Brinkley Report for December 8, 1963, concerning the appearance of MARINA in an interview on this program. He said that if arrangements can be worked out an interview with MARINA will probably be filmed at the Inn of the Six Flags, Ft. Worth-Dallas, where Mr. MARTIN is Resident Manager, sometime around December 6 or 7, 1963.

Mr. MARTIN made the statement that he had heard that Mrs. PAINE had received $5,000 for giving an article to Look magazine and that he felt MARINA should also get whatever money she could on behalf of her children. He said that he believed that MARINA should give only a copyrighted interview and for that reason he felt the services of an attorney were needed.

MARTIN said that he considers himself as the agent of MARINA.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE L. BOGUSLAVSKY Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

MARINA stated OSWALD had never spoken much of his trip to Moscow when he first arrived in Russia. She said she recalls that when she and OSWALD and JUNE went to Moscow before departing for the United States they stayed at the Hotel Berlin. OSWALD remarked that he had stayed in the same hotel when he first came to Moscow. MARINA believes the Hotel Berlin is now called by another name. Russia

She does not know how long OSWALD stayed in Moscow when he first arrived in Russia. She said she, of course, cannot say why he was sent to Minsk to work. She pointed out that Minsk had the television-radio factory where OSWALD was assigned to work. She also said that Minsk has a considerable foreign population, particularly immigrants from Argentina.

MARINA furnished further information concerning the hospital stay of OSWALD in Minsk, details of which she has previously given. She recalled that OSWALD stayed in a room with two other persons. He was receiving specialized attention from an ear, eye and nose specialist, but to her knowledge received no preferred attention because he was an American.

MARINA said she and OSWALD had discussed the Cuban situation while in Russia and both had agreed that FIDEL CASTRO was a good man because he was trying to do something for the common people. She said OSWALD and she had no argument about Cuba because they were both in favor of the Cuban Government under CASTRO. MARINA pointed out that she is not interested in politics. She said she likes CASTRO and KHRUSHCHEV and that she liked KENNEDY. She likes any kind of a government as long as the common people are benefited.

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On 12/4/63	at Dallas, Texas	File #	DL 100-10461
by SA WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. DOGUSLAVSKY		Date dictated	12/5/63

MARINA advised she had told OSWALD once she would like to go to Cuba. OSWALD told her this was impossible as travel to Cuba was forbidden. Later when they were living in the United States she recalls OSWALD stating that he would like to go to live in Cuba. MARINA at this point made the parenthetical remark that she knew that OSWALD would not like Cuba and in fact the only place he would like would be the moon where there are no people.

OSWALD never stated that he was making plans to go to Cuba. He did not mention that he had made application for a visa to go to Cuba. He did not state in September when MARINA left New Orleans that he intended to go to Mexico or to go to Cuba.

She recalls that shortly after OSWALD was arrested in New Orleans for passing out throwaways dealing with the Cuban situation, that a man came to their house and asked for OSWALD. OSWALD spoke to him but she does not know what they talked about. MARINA asked OSWALD who this man was. OSWALD said the man had identified himself as a sympathizer of the Cuban Government and wanted to know about the organization that OSWALD was trying to form in New Orleans. He wanted to know how to join this organization. OSWALD told MARINA he did not believe that this man had a sincere interest in his organization. He thought the man was an FBI Agent or a man from some anti-CASTRO organization.

MARINA said this person looked like an American and not like a Cuban.

MARINA said she does not know of any Cuban friends or other connections with Cuban organizations that OSWALD had either in New Orleans, Dallas, or Ft. Worth. She said she really doesn't know anything about the organization that OSWALD was trying to form in New Orleans. She said that she knew that it was a pro-FIDEL CASTRO organization but believed that he was the only one in the organization.

She said that the "Hands Off Cuba" throwaways had been sent to OSWALD through the mail and he had received them at the mail box in New Orleans. She believes they came from New York.

She was asked if she had any suspicion whatsoever whether OSWALD was in contact with any person from Cuba or was acting on the behalf of the Cuban Government. She said she did not think so. She said his only contact with affairs of this sort was his attempt to form the pro-CASTRO organization in New Orleans.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at her place of residence, 11611 Farrar.

She was questioned in an effort to obtain a more accurate date for her previous statements concerning the weekend on which OSWALD did not visit her at the PAINE house until a Saturday instead of his usual Friday. She advised that she believes that this Friday on which OSWALD did not appear at the PAINE house was on November 8, 1963. She places the date of this Friday as a week before the weekend on which OSWALD was asked not to come to the PAINE house, as the PAINE children were having a birthday party, which was the weekend of November 15-17, 1963. She said that she could not recall any specific detail that would place the above-mentioned Friday on November 8, 1963, but seems to remember that it occurred the weekend before the PAINE children's birthday party.

MARINA was asked if she or OSWALD knew JACK LEON RUBY, and she said that neither she nor OSWALD knew RUBY or had ever seen him to her knowledge. She was exhibited a photograph of RUBY which was taken by the Dallas Police Department on December 5, 1954, Number 36398. She said she could not identify this person as anyone that she or OSWALD knew.

MARINA stated OSWALD did not believe in God, and as a matter of fact spoke in a very sarcastic vein of his cousin, EUGENE MURRET, from New Orleans, Louisiana, who is attending a seminary at Mobile, Alabama.

Gene Murret Gene Kinnaett

MARINA was exhibited a photograph of JOE R. FRANKLIN, photograph being taken September 26, 1960, by the Sheriff's Office, Dallas, Texas, Number 106892. She said this photograph is not of any person known to her or of any person who was known to her former husband. She did not recall this name. She specifically stated that she does not recall FRANKLIN accompanying her husband to visit her on October 19, 1962.

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On 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN AND ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV: mam Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar Street.

She was exhibited the handwritten letter, written in the Russian language, which was furnished to the FBI Office at Dallas by the United States Secret Service at Dallas on December 3, 1963. This letter has been forwarded to the FBI Laboratory for examination.

Upon viewing the letter, MARINA stated that the letter was in the handwriting of OSWALD and she knew that it had been written by him. She stated that she had found this letter in the room in which OSWALD kept his belongings in the house on Neeley Street in Dallas. She said she found the letter in this room on the night that OSWALD confessed to her that he had tried to assassinate General WALKER by firing a shot at him with a rifle.

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12/4/63 Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV/bsp Date dictated 12/4/63

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

MARINA advised that on the evening of November 21, 1963 which was the evening that OSWALD had spent at the Paine house with her, he did not seem to be particularly excited or agitated like he was for the long period of time before he had attempted to assassinate General WALKER.

She said OSWALD had calmed down considerably after the attempt at WALKER's life and she thought that he would not be involved in any political activity again until he became involved in passing out throw-aways in New Orleans on the Cuban situation. She said, however, that she was glad that he was merely passing out pamphlets because this was like play compared to trying to assassinate General WALKER.

She stated that on November 22, 1963, which was the day of the President KENNEDY motorcade in Dallas, she and Mrs. PAINE were looking at the motorcade on television at the PAINE residence. She said while they were looking at the motorcade, it was announced on television that the President had been shot. She said that Mrs. PAINE was translating the announcements for her. She asked Mrs. PAINE who had shot the President. Mrs. PAINE said that she did not know, that it had not been announced. When Mrs. PAINE said that an announcement had been made on television that the shots at the President had supposedly come from the Texas School Book Depository building, the thought immediately entered her mind: "Did my crazy one do it?", referring to OSWALD. When this thought entered her mind she immediately went into the garage at the PAINE house, as she remembered that that was where OSWALD kept his rifle wrapped up in the blanket. She went to where the rifle was kept and saw that the blanket was in its usual place and it appeared that the rifle was in it as the blanket had the same shape as before. Then she thought to herself that maybe there was another "crazy one" in Dallas. She said that when the police came to the PAINE house to take her, MARINA, to the police station, she was

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12-3-63 Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEITMAN Date dictated 12-3-63

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almost in a state of collapse and hoped that OSWALD was merely a suspect in the matter.

She said it was amazing how one man could leave so many unhappy people and that it had all been caused through foolishness. MARINA mentioned the President's widow and the Dallas policeman's widow.

She said that there had been many quarrels and scenes between her and OSWALD which developed because she would scream at him to try to convince him to try to amount to something. She said that she had tried for a long time to convince OSWALD that he was not a stupid man and that if he turned his attention to other things, he could amount to something.

She admitted that OSWALD had on several occasions struck her during these arguments.

She said that she had thought of going back to Russia but was afraid that if she went back to Russia, that somehow OSWALD would get her child. She said OSWALD loved the child. MARINA told OSWALD that if there was to be a divorce, that she would take the child. OSWALD told her that he would not let her take the child. MARINA said it was amazing the contrast shown here between his love for his child and his foolishness in other ways. She said that he had the potential to be a good man, but probably because of poor environment and inattention on the part of his mother, he had turned out bad.

Concerning the rifle, MARINA said that she thought that the rifle used by OSWALD in the attempt to assassinate General WALKER was the same that he had on Neeley Street and in the garage at the PAINE residence, where it was wrapped up in the blanket which she has previously described.

MARINA was asked if she could recall quarreling with OSWALD on occasion at the Neeley Street residence in the presence of another male individual. She said she could recall no such incident. She said, in fact, she could not recall any male visitors that they had when they lived on Neeley Street. She said the only man who came to see them when they lived on Neeley Street was GEORGE DeMOHRENSCHIELDT who came with his wife on JUNE's birthday and brought her a big toy. She said also that the owner of the house on Neeley Street and the owner's wife visited them once to see how they were getting along.

Texas

George DeMohrenschildt

MARINA advised she recalls OSWALD had a street map on which he marked previous places of residence, where certain acquaintances resided, and their present residence. She stated he had this map when they lived on Neeley Street and also when they lived on Elsbeth Street. She said the map had been torn by JUNE when she played with it. She stated the map had subsequently been pasted together. MARINA advised that she could not recall whether OSWALD had taken this map with him to New Orleans and had brought it back to Dallas. She said she could not recall seeing it when she lived with Mrs. PAINE.

MARINA advised that she could not recall OSWALD making application for employment at the Trans-Texas Company.

MARINA stated OSWALD did not talk much about his past military service. She said that on occasion he would talk about his service in Japan and would mention the Japanese girls. He never told her that he was a good shot with a rifle. She said that when they came to the U. S. from Russia, OSWALD's mother showed her OSWALD's medals which he had earned as a Marine and there was one for good marksmanship.

MARINA said OSWALD was right-handed and his brother, ROBERT, was left-handed. MARINA said she had never seen OSWALD practice with his rifle or any other firearm and he had never told her that he was going to practice with his rifle or any other firearm. She said that she had never seen any ammunition around the houses in which they had lived.

She said OSWALD had attended the Dallas Evening School in the spring of 1963. He had taken typewriting classes at the school. She said he did not complete his course.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar Street.

MARINA stated that on the night of November 21, 1963, OSWALD had come unexpectedly to spend the night with her at the PAINE home. She said he had spent the night and had left the next morning as previously related by her.

She said she remembered that OSWALD had on his marriage ring on the evening of November 21, 1963. MARINA advised that on November 22, 1963, when the police came to the PAINE house and searched it, they had found OSWALD's marriage ring on a dresser in the room which she, MARINA, used. She said she had not seen his ring on the dresser before that. She advised the last time she had seen the ring was on the hand of OSWALD the evening before.

MARINA advised that Mrs. PAINE has the ring and is keeping it for her.

MARINA advised she thought it was strange that OSWALD should take the ring off his finger and leave it on the dresser as he evidently did. She said she does not know why he did it. She was asked if his leaving of the ring had any special significance or was of a symbolic nature, and she answered in the negative.

MARINA said that it may have been that OSWALD left the ring at the house because he thought that he was not coming back.

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12/4/63 /s/ Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE M. BOGUSLAV/mm Date dictated 12/4/63

DL 100-10461

II. INVESTIGATION RELATIVE TO SUBJECT'S TRAVEL AND INFORMATION RECEIVED RELATIVE THERETO:

DL 100-10461

(a) France

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-65)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

CHARLES P. DAVIS, President, Travel Consultants, Inc., International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, advised that his records show that LEE HARVEY OSWALD booked passage on a Lykes vessel scheduled to sail from New Orleans on September 18, 1958 for Le Havre, France. He paid $215.00 plus $5.75 tax, making a total of $220.75.

Mr. DAVIS advised that a reservation card was completed by LEVIS E. ECKLINE but gives no information as to a New Orleans address for OSWALD.

Mr. DAVIS stated that he was not personally acquainted with OSWALD.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

SA J. DAVSON VAN KPS /dak Date dictated 12/3/63

FD-302 (Rev. 10-6-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

11

LEWIS B. HOPKINS, Manager, Travel Consultants, Inc., International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, advised that his sales report for September 17, 1959 shows that OSWALD paid $220.75 for passage on a Lykes Steamship Company vessel to Le Havre, France. He stated that he completed a reservation card in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD but did not fill in any address inasmuch as apparently OSWALD came in the day before sailing and did not have to be contacted by the Steamship Company. He explained that OSWALD did not give a personal check in payment inasmuch as no record of this was made and therefore, he had to assume that the payment was in cash.

Mr. HOPKINS stated that he did not recall the transaction and had no personal knowledge of OSWALD.

DAF 302

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS /dmk Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

LEWIS E. HOPKINS, Manager, Travel Consultants, Inc., International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, examined the Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, Inc. "Passenger Immigration Questionnaire -- Leaving United States" dated September 16, 1959, which was received from Mr. CHARLES G. STOKES, Passenger Traffic Manager of Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, New Orleans, on December 4, 1963.

Mr. HOPKINS stated he completed the form in his hand printing after asking OSWALD the necessary questions.

According to Mr. HOPKINS, it is his custom to make an "X" mark in the space provided for a customer's signature on the Lykes form and the customer then signs in his presence. For this reason, he advised he believed OSWALD signed the form in his presence.

Mr. HOPKINS, after examining a photograph of OSWALD, advised he did not remember him as a former customer and could recall no details of any conversation which might have occurred when OSWALD booked passage to Le Havre, France.

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On 12/4/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 DL 89-43

by SA J. DAWSON VAN HPS /lyc Date dictated 12/4/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

1

1a

W. E. JOHNSON, Assistant Passenger Traffic Manager, Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, Room 1300, Commerce Building, 821 Gravier Street, made available a copy of the Lykes Brothers Steamship Company Passenger Revenue Manifest for the SS Marion Lykes, Voyage 110.

This manifest shows that four passengers embarked the SS Marion Lykes at New Orleans, Louisiana, on September 18, 1959, and that the vessel sailed from New Orleans on September 19, 1959, for Le Havre, France.

The passengers are as follows:

Mr. BILLY J. LORD, age 18, a male U. S. citizen. His address is given as Midland, Texas, and traveled on Passport #1607221 and held ticket #6759.

Mr. GEORGE B. CHURCH, age 47, a male U. S. citizen, permanent address given as Tampa, Florida, who traveled on Passport #1605283, and held ticket #6761.

Mrs. BEAUFORD T. CHURCH, age 42, a female U. S. citizen, permanent address is given as Tampa, Florida, and who also traveled on Passport #1605283, and ticket #6761.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, age 19, a male U. S. citizen, whose permanent address is listed as Fort Worth, Texas, and who traveled on Passport #1733242, and ticket #6762.

Each of the passengers listed, including OSWALD, paid $215 for their passage, plus $5.75 tax.

The manifest indicates that OSWALD received Passenger Receipt #6418.

Mr. JOHNSON advised that Passenger Receipt #6418 indicates that OSWALD purchased his ticket from Travel Consultants, Inc., at New Orleans, Louisiana.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA J. DAVSON VAN RPS /jm Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

Mr. CHARLES G. STOKES, Passenger Traffic Manager, Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, Inc., Room 1300, Commerce Building, 821 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised he had located what was formerly called "Passenger Immigration Questionnaire -- Leaving the United States", which was executed by LEE H. OSWALD prior to leaving New Orleans on the SS MARION LYKES, which was originally scheduled to sail from New Orleans, Louisiana on September 18, 1959.

Mr. STOKES made available the original of the aforementioned form, which is dated September 16, 1959. This form shows that OSWALD, aged 19, born October 18, 1939 at New Orleans, Louisiana, was traveling on Passport Number 1733242 issued September 10, 1959 at New Orleans, Louisiana. The form indicates the passport was valid until September 10, 1961 and OSWALD's occupation was listed as Shipping Export Agent. He indicated he planned to remain abroad for two months and gave his most recent address in the United States as 3124 West Fifth Street, Fort Worth, Texas. His temporary address was shown as Liberty Hotel, New Orleans, Louisiana. No room number for this hotel was shown. The form shows OSWALD had one suitcase and was on a pleasure trip.

Mr. STOKES did not know if all of the entries in ink were or were not filled in on the aforementioned form by OSWALD. It is noted this form bears the signature "Lee H. Oswald" in the lower right-hand corner.

Mr. STOKES also advised that often the sailing date of a freighter is postponed and in the case of the SS MARION LYKES, Voyage #110, this occurred. He advised that a notation on the passenger department's ship file for the MARION LYKES shows that the vessel actually sailed from New Orleans at 6:35 a.m. on September 20, 1959.

According to Mr. STOKES, four passengers were carried on the SS MARION LYKES, Voyage #110, on the eastbound trip. He stated after checking the steward's report that one passenger boarded at New Orleans on September 19, 1959 and disembarked at La Rochelle-Pallice, France on October 5, 1959. The steward's report also shows that three additional passengers boarded the vessel at New Orleans

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On 12/4/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-82 DL 89-43

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS /lyc Date dictated 12/4/63

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on September 19, 1959 and disembarked at Le Havre, France on October 8, 1959. The steward's records do not show the identity of the one passenger who got off at La Rochelle or the identities of the three passengers who left the ship at Le Havre.

Mr. STOKES made available additional information concerning the other passengers on the SS MARION LYKES, Voyage #110, eastbound, showing their names and addresses as of September, 1959, as follows:

BILLY JOE LORD
701 East New York
Midland, Texas
b. [illegible] 1945
France

LORD gave his occupation as student and stated he expected to stay abroad for one year.

Mrs. BEAUFORD THROWER CHURCH
2427 Sunset Drive
Tampa, Florida
France
Bo Approx 1912

Mrs. CHURCH advised her foreign address would be in care of American Express at London and Paris and that she expected to remain abroad for three months. She gave her occupation as housewife.

GEORGE BOWMAN CHURCH, JR.
2427 Sunset Drive
Tampa, Florida
France
Bo Approx 1917

Mr. CHURCH furnished information regarding his stay in Europe similar to that of Mrs. CHURCH and gave his occupation as U. S. Army, Retired.

NO 89-69
DL 89-43
JDVE:lyc

The "Passenger Immigration Questionnaire — Leaving the United States" form which was furnished by Mr. CHARLES G. STOKES of the Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, New Orleans, Louisiana, which form is dated September 16, 1959, and in the lower right-hand corner bears the signature "Lee H. Oswald", has been forwarded to the FBI Laboratory.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

RAYMOND F. CRELLIN, Traffic Manager, Inbound Department, Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, Inc., 1300 Commerce Building, 821 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, after viewing the "Passenger Immigration Questionnaire - Leaving the United States" form signed "Lee H. Oswald", advised he recalls from looking at this form that he reviewed the form with the person who signed same. He states the small check marks after various questions appearing on this form were made by him and he recalls asking the passenger for the room number in which he temporarily resided in New Orleans. Mr. CRELLIN stated he apparently received no response since no room number is indicated although the letters "Rm" are entered on the form. He stated the letters "Rm" were written by him.

Mr. CRELLIN said that the other writing on this form is not his writing, that he cannot state who prepared the writing other than the "Rm" and that this form was not signed in his presence.

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On 12/4/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69 BL 89-43

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS /lyc Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

1a

ROBERT E. PALMER, General Vice President, Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, 1770 Tchoppitoulas Street, made available information furnished by Captain WILLIAM E. ALLEY, concerning voyage 110 of the SS MARION LYKES, in a voyage letter to Captain C. E. BIGGERS, Manager - Marine Division, Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, New Orleans, Louisiana. This letter is dated at Galveston, Texas, November 12, 1959. It sets out information including the following:

Voyage 110 S/S "MARION LYKES" under my command commenced at 12:01 a.m., September 10, 1959. Vessel at Pier 14, Galveston, Texas loading Bulk Sulphur in all hatches.

During the course of Voyage 110, vessel loaded at Galveston, Houston, Brownsville, Corpus Christi, Beaumont, New Orleans, and discharged at La Pallice, LeHavre, Dunkirk, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Bremerhaven and Bremen. Homeward cargo was loaded at Le Harve, Bremen and Southhampton.

Voyage was routine, uneventful and was accomplished without difficulty or excessive delay.

Crew paid off for coastwise voyage at Galveston September 10, 1959 and new articles opened for foreign voyage at 2 pm, effective September 11, 1959.

We made arrival at SW Pass pilot at 6:24 PM, September 17, got a pilot right away and proceeded in, docking at Celeste Street Wharf, New Orleans, Louisiana, at 3:42 am, Sept. 18. Cargo operations commenced at 8 am., Sept. 18, and ceased at 12 mignite same date.

The vessel sailed from the Army Base, New Orleans at 6:34 am., Sept., 20, departing South Pass at 8:18 pm., same date, bound for La Pallice, France.

Shortly before dark on Sept. 20 we ran into heavy rain squalls and freshening SE winds and due to impaired visibility, we were forced to proceed on reduced speed. By the time visibility improved sufficiently to allow resumption of full speed, a heavy head sea had built up and it was necessary to proceed on reduced rpms during the nite in order to avoid shipping heavy seas forward. Wind and seas moderated sufficiently by 7:40 am., Sept. 21 to permit normal full speed. The weather continued squally and threatening thruout passage across the Gulf and thru the Florida Straits.

During the nite of Sept. 22, Hurricane "GRACIE" developed in the lower Bahamas. However, by the time we received a warning on it, we were pretty well along in the Straits, and due to a large high pressure system known to exist along the Atlantic seaboard, I felt that GRACIE's progress ahead would be rather slow, allowing us ample time to pass well ahead of it and into the open Atlantic. This proved to be correct. At about 8:30 am., Sept. 23 in the vicinity of Lat 28-20 N., Long. 79-40 W., we shaped a GC (Great Circle) to Lat 42 N., Long 50 W., along which course we proceeded for the next few days, enjoying good weather and keeping well clear of the effects of Hurricane "GRACIE". In the vicinity of Lat 40-44 N., Lo. 55-19 W., we began encountering heavy swells from the NE, and it was decided to shape a Rhumb Line Course to Lat 40-55 N., Lo. 50 W., and on arrival at this point a new RL course was shaped direct to La Pallice, France.

We made arrival at La Pallice pilot at 5:54 am., Oct. 5, having logged a distance of 4613 miles from PS

to PZ at an average speed of 13.38 knots per hour. Our distance logged was 28 miles more that the GC distance for the same passage.

The vessel left dock at 5:06 pm, Oct 6, locked thru and proceeded seaward departing for Le Havre at 6:18 pm.

The vessel arrived at Le Havre pilot station at 3:48 am., Oct 8, got a pilot on at once and proceeded in, locking thru at 5:19 am, and docking at Quai Garonde #3 at 6:30 am. Cargo operations commenced at 8 am, continued until 11 pm., resuming again at 8 am., Oct 9 and completing at Noon with Vessel sailing at 2 pm, on the tide and departing for Dunkirk at 4:06 pm.

According to the letter, the vessel arrived at Galveston pilot at 8:18 am., November 10, docked at Pier 36 S. at 10:24 am, and at 9:30 am, November 12, notice was received to end Voyage 110 as of 12 midnight, November 10. The crew was paid off for Voyage 110 at 6 pm., November 10, and new articles opened for Voyage 111, effective November 11, 1959.

The letter includes information concerning passengers as follows:

PASSENGERS: Nine (9) passengers were carried this time, four (4) eastbound and five (5) Westbound. Mr. & Mrs. Geo. B. Church, Tampa, Fla., Mr. Billy J. Lord, Midland, Texas and Mr. Lee H. Oswald, Fort Worth, Texas made the eastbound passage with us. Westbound, we had Mr. & Mrs. Armando Acosta, Houston, Texas, Miss Renate Fischer, Heidelberg, Germany and Mrs. June Martenthaler, St. Petersburg, Fla., and Mr. Adrian Borden of Houston, Texas. All appeared to enjoy the trip.

Fla

NO 88-69/mh

Mr. RADER advised that Captain WILLIAM R. ALLEY, 3830 Durhill, Houston, Texas, is at home on vacation. He also stated that CHARLES B. PARKHILL, the brother of Mrs. J. M. LYKES (served as purser aboard the MARION LYKES' Voyage 110, and presently resides at 5815 San Jacinto, Apartment 1B, Houston, Texas.

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HO 62-2115
JPP:ms

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S BOAT TRIP TO FRANCE, SEPTEMBER, 1959.

The following investigation was conducted by SAS JOE P. PATTY and JAMES L. WILLIAMSON on December 4, 1963, AT HOUSTON, TEXAS

Mrs. RUTH CROGGIN, Passenger Agent, Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, Incorporated, Cotton Exchange Building, made available the passenger manifest for the "SS MARION LYKES" Voyage 110, which sailed from New Orleans, Louisiana, for Le Harre, France, on September 20, 1959. A review of this manifest reflects the following passengers for Le Harre:

BILLY J. LORD, Midland, Texas, male 18, Passport #1607221, Ticket # 6759;
GEORGE B. CHURCH, Tampa, Florida, male 47, Passport # 1605283, Ticket # 6761;
Mrs. BEAUFORD T. CHURCH, Tampa, Florida, female 42, Passport # 1605283, Ticket # 6761;
LEE H. OSWALD, Fort Worth, Texas, male 19, Passport # 1733242, Ticket # 6762.

Fare for above passage was $215.00 plus $5.75 tax, each.

Captain WILLIAM E. ALLEY, 3230 Durhill, advised, after reviewing voyage records for Voyage 110 of the "SS MARION LYKES", that he can recall nothing regarding OSWALD and the other passengers on this voyage. He stated that the voyage was uneventful and that there was nothing unusual noted regarding the passengers. All passengers debarked at Le Harre. He said that he cannot recall the crew members on this voyage; however, all officers, steward, and waiters would have become acquainted with the passengers.

Mr. CHARLES B. PARKHILL, Apartment 1B, 5615 San Jacinto Houston Te advised that he was the Purser on Voyage 110 of the "SS MARION LY He said, after reviewing his records of this voyage, that he can recall nothing regarding OSWALD or the other passengers.

3/3

The following investigation was conducted by SA CARLOS L. KIRBY, JR. on December 4, 1963:

AT GALVESTON, TEXAS

J. R. TORRES, Clerk, Shipping Commissioner, U. S. Coast Guard, U. S. Customs House, made available the official log book for the "SS MARION LYKES" Voyage Number 110, which originated Galveston, Texas on September 11, 1959 and ended November 10, 1959 at Galveston, Texas.

This log reflected that instant ship departed from New Orleans, Louisiana on September 20, 1959. The log did not reflect the time the ship arrived at Le Harve, France but did reflect that the ship departed from Le Harve, France on October 9, 1959.

Mr. TORRES stated that he had no records as to the identity of any passengers of this ship.

Mr. BERNARD BARNARD, Passenger Agent, Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, Inc., Galveston, advised that the official ship's log would reflect the exact times and dates the ship arrived and departed from a port and it would also reflect the dates and times that the passengers departed from the ship.

He stated that this official ship's log of the "SS MARION LYKES" Voyage Number 110, is maintained at the Lykes Brothers Steamship Company, Inc., 1770 Tchoupitoulas, New Orleans, Louisiana, and the person to contact there is Captain E. C. DENYS, Manager, Marine Division.

DL 100-10461

(b) Mexico

2
DL 100-10461
DL 89-43
MLB:BJD

OSWALD applied for a United States Passport at New Orleans either June 21 or June 24, 1963, giving residence address as Post Office Box 30061, New Orleans, Passport #D092526 issued to him June 24, 1963. He applied for a Tourists Card to visit Mexico on September 17, 1963, #987 Series 24085. Mexican Immigration Service records, Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, indicate he entered Mexico there between 6:00 AM and 2:00 PM on September 26, 1963, under Tourist Permit #24085, method of travel not shown, and thereafter departed from Mexico at Nuevo Laredo on October 3, 1963, method of travel automobile, destination New Orleans, Louisiana.

Persons interviewed who also traveled to Mexico during this period, either singly or in groups, did not see OSWALD there or know him.

Checks of airline, bus, railroad and travel agency records New Orleans, failed to indicate OSWALD utilized those facilities under true name or known aliases. He was not recalled by ticket agents. Common Carrier and Mexican Consul checks San Diego and Miami negative.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-16-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

An application for tourist card to visit Mexico, number 987 Serie 24085 in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD dated September 17, 1963 was photographed at the New Orleans Office of the FBI by SA BROWN. Six exposures were made at 1/50 second with a 4 x 5 speedgraphic camera and tri-x film. Exposures one and two were made at f. 5.6, exposures three and four were made at f. 8 and exposures five and six were made at f. 11.

This application was furnished to SA's JOHN WILLIAM MILLER and ROBERT N. WHOMBLEY by Mr. RUBEN ~~M.~~ GARCIA, Mexican Consul, New Orleans, Louisiana on November 30, 1963.

3/7

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN:lav Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 29, 1963

HARVEY CASH, American Consul, Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, advised that the records of the Mexican Immigration Service, Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, disclosed that one LEE HARVEY OSWALD entered Mexico at Nuevo Laredo on September 26, 1963, between the hours of 6:00 A.M. and 2:00 P.M. OSWALD was checked into Mexico by Immigration Inspector HELIO MUÑOZ MAYDON and had tourist permit number 24085. The method of travel being used by OSWALD was not indicated.

OSWALD was described as being 23 years of age, married and occupation was listed as photographer. OSWALD gave his residence as New Orleans and destination as Mexico.

Mexican Immigration records further disclosed that OSWALD departed Mexico at Nuevo Laredo on October 3, 1963. At time of departure OSWALD was checked by Mexican Immigration Inspector ALBERTO ARZAMENDI CHAPA who indicated OSWALD's method of travel was by automobile and his destination as New Orleans.

On 11/24/63 at Laredo, Texas 318 File # SA 89-67

by SA ROBERT L. CHAPMAN/dte Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

1

HARVEY CASH, American Consul, Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, advised that he had interviewed HELIO TUXXI MAYDON, Mexican Immigration Inspector who had checked LEE HARVEY OSWALD into Mexico on September 26, 1963.

MAYDON stated that he was not sure but it seemed that OSWALD was with a young couple when he entered Mexico.

B. Approx 1938

CASH advised that a complete check of Mexican Immigration records disclosed that only one young couple entered Mexico on September 26, 1963 during period OSWALD is alleged to have entered. CASH stated that this couple was BILL STEVE ALLEN, age 25, Engineer, Miami, Florida, and his wife, ELAINE ESTERMAN ALLEN, age 24, Teacher, Miami, Florida.

Mrs. Bill Steve Allen

B. Approx 1939

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On 11/25/63 at Laredo, Texas File # SA 89-61

SA ROBERT L. CHAPMAN/dte Date dictated 11/27/63

This report is loaned to

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

Date November 28, 1963

Alberto Kiezamendi Chapa

ALBERTO ARCAMENDI CHAPA, Inspector, Mexican Immigration Service, advised he was stationed in Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas, Mexico, on October 3, 1963, and could very well have been the one who checked LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the time OSWALD was leaving Mexico, however, he has absolutely no recollection of OSWALD.

He stated he has viewed photographs of OSWALD but still cannot recall him and can recall nothing pertaining to the mode of travel used by OSWALD.

ARCAMENDI CHAPA pointed out that each Immigration Inspector checks hundreds of persons entering and leaving Mexico each day and unless some incident occurred which would impress the matter upon his mind, he would probably not remember any of them for more than a few minutes.

He stated that should he recall anything pertaining to OSWALD, he will immediately advise the FBI.

On 11/25/63 at Nuevo Progresso, Tamaulipas, Mexico File # SA 89-67

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by SA HAROLD H. CROSSETT/jmb Date dictated 11/25/63

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DL 89-43
WKB/rms

Re: DUDLEY LEE FERRELL;

On December 2, 1963, WALTER FELLERS, Sheriff, Comal County, New Braunfels, Texas, advised SA E. CLEON GLAZE that W. C. JOHNSON, New Braunfels, on November 23, 1963, came to the Sheriff's Office with newspapers containing photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. JOHNSON advised that about a week before that, he believed he had seen OSWALD at the Bock Ford Motor Company at New Braunfels having his car serviced.

WALTER C. JOHNSON, 265 North Walnut, New Braunfels Texas advised SA GLAZE that he believed he saw OSWALD in New Braunfels on November 14, 1963. At the time, JOHNSON was having his car inspected at the Bock Ford Motor Company and a young man came in to have his car serviced. JOHNSON believed the car was a white 1962 Dodge or Plymouth. After leaving the motor company, JOHNSON again met this man on the street in New Braunfels, and the man asked if there was a good place to eat in town and JOHNSON pointed out two cafes. The man told JOHNSON he was en route to Dallas from someplace near New Orleans, Louisiana. Employees at the two cafes pointed out by JOHNSON were unable to recall anyone resembling OSWALD ever being there.

CHESTER PEHL, Service Manager at Bock Ford Motor Company could recall no one resembling the photograph of OSWALD having a car serviced there and after checking records for November 14, 1963, stated all customers were personally known to him except one D. L. FARRELL, Dallas, Texas, no street address. PEHL explained that there were two men in

a 1959 white Ford, one young and one old, one of whom was FARRELL who had a valve cover gasket replaced on the car. He had no license in the car and no further information regarding FARRELL.

DUDLEY D. FERRELL, 10150 San Lorenzo, Dallas, Texas, on December 3, 1963, advised SAs WILLIAM K. BOCK and JAMES R. GRAHAM, Jr., on interview at the Main Post Office, Dallas, that he was employed as a supervisor in the Superintendent of Mails Office in Dallas. On November 14, 1963, he went from Dallas to Palestine, Texas and picked up his father-in-law, one JAMES GROVER GILLIAM, Rural Route 5, Palestine, age Born Approx 1893 about 70, and they went deer hunting. He noticed his car, a 1959 white Ford four-door sedan, was losing oil and stopped at the Bock Ford Motor Company garage in New Braunfels to have it repaired. He displayed a copy of the repair ticket showing a valve cover gasket was replaced on November 14, 1963.

FERRELL advised that he recalls a white Plymouth or Dodge station wagon being serviced at the garage when the car was being repaired, but knows nothing of the owner of the car. While in New Braunfels, he had no conversation with anyone concerning the location of a restaurant, nor did he comment to anyone that he was en route to Dallas from the vicinity of New Orleans, Louisiana.

FERRELL advised he does not know OSWALD or JACK RUBY and to his knowledge has never seen them. He has no information concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November [illegible], 1963.

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DL 89-43
WEB/rms

During the interview, it was noted that FERRELL bears a marked resemblance to OSWALD.

FERRELL described himself as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	5/25/25
Place of Birth	Shreveport, Louisiana
Height	5'8½"
Weight	160 pounds
Hair	Dark, receeding
Eyes	Brown.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOHN C. PHELPS at Miami, Florida, on November 30, 1963:

PATRICK J. HEALY, 7929 Abbott Avenue, Miami Beach, Florida, claims to have seen a man, who could be identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, at about 10:00 PM, November 18 or 19, 1963, at Parhams Restaurant, 73rd Street and Collins Avenue, Miami Beach, Florida. HEALY heard the man make the statement that a President died in office every 20 years. Another Miami Beach cab driver, IRVING SAKOW, was also present in the restaurant and heard the man make the same statement. The suspect was described by HEALY as being 5 feet, 10 or 11 inches tall, weight approximately 160 pounds, black hair, parted low on the left side of the head, left eyebrow swollen, apparently permanent and appeared to be about 30.

IRVING SAKOW, 150 Ocean Drive, Apartment 16, Miami Beach, Florida advised that he was in Parhams Restaurant with PATRICK J. HEALY and heard the statement made to the effect that a President died in office every 20 years. He described the man making the statement as being about sixty years old, six feet tall, 200 pounds or more. He advised that this man could not possibly be identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

FD-36 (Rev. 3-4-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

INTERVIEW REPORT

Date 11/29/63

Mr. JEROME DOERNBERG, 1235 Westminster Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, advised that during the latter part of November, 1963, he and CARL RUBEN, a Cincinnati attorney residing at 1231 Westminster Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, participated in the American Contract Bridge National Tournament at Miami, Florida.

DOERNBERG stated that at about 8:00 p.m., on November 26, 1963, he and CARL RUBEN finished eating dinner at a Chinese restaurant, the name of which he could not recall. DOERNBERG stated he and RUBEN left the restaurant and walked one block to the corner of 79th Street and Collins Street, Miami. At this point they hailed a Yellow Taxicab Number 497.

They were taken by taxi to the Bess Rivage Lodge, Bal Harbor, Florida, where they were staying. During this trip, the driver of Yellow Cab Number 497 stated he could positively identify LEE HARVEY OSWALD as being in Miami, Florida, when President KENNEDY was last there for a visit. The cab driver stated he observed OSWALD on this occasion with two other men.

DOERNBERG stated he and RUBEN felt at first that the cab driver was probably not telling the truth concerning OSWALD, but upon later reflection, decided this information should be furnished to the FBI because of the importance of this situation.

DOERNBERG stated neither he nor RUBEN knew the name of the cab driver of Yellow Cab Number 497, and never saw him after the one trip on November 26, 1963.

File # 62-2758

on 11/29/63 at Cincinnati, Ohio Date dictated 11/29/63

by SA THOMAS P. SCOLLARD:gmb

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

HUEY P. NEWMAN, Night Porter, Continental Trailways Bus System, 1314 Tulane Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana (residence 2013 North Rampart Street, New Orleans) stated he has been employed in this capacity with this company for more than two years.

NEWMAN was furnished several photographs, among which was included a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD bearing New Orleans Police Department No. 112 723, and NEWMAN picked out a photograph of OSWALD as familiar to him, possibly from television and newspaper coverage of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

NEWMAN stated that he could not be sure but he believed he possibly had seen the person represented in the photograph, which he picked out and which was identical with OSWALD, somewhere around the Continental Trailways Bus Station during the morning hours of September 15, 1963. He stated that he recalled that his wife had given birth to a baby boy on September 16, 1963, and for this reason had remembered the previous day, which he said was a Sunday.

NEWMAN stated for information his duties consisted of carrying luggage and suitcases, transferring shipments from one bus to another, and doing general porter-duties, and advised that he regularly worked at the rear of the Continental Trailways Bus Station where buses were parked between trips. He stated as best he could recall he saw a person who resembled OSWALD for approximately a three-hour period in the early morning hours of September 15, 1963, and added that this person appeared to be passing time waiting for a bus and was "walking about quite a bit." NEWMAN stated that he recalled asking this individual if he was waiting for a particular bus and stated the individual described below appeared to be deep in thought and was not listening. He stated he believed this person eventually gave a very short answer and cut him off in conversation. He described the individual observed as follows:

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On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :sab Date dictated 12/2/63

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Sex	Male
Race	White
Age	24 to 25
Height	5' 9" to 5' 10"
Weight	150 pounds

NEWMAN stated that on November 22, 1963, when he first saw a picture of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television he told his wife that he had "seen him somewhere before" and added that approximately November 24, 1963 "it just came to him" that he had seen this individual around the Continental Trailways Bus Station on the day indicated.

NEWMAN was asked why he had not furnished this information on November 24, 1963, to the FBI and he advised that he was unable to offer any explanation for not reporting this information earlier except that he "just didn't do it."

FD-36 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

LEONARD R. HOLLAND, JR., residence 4440 Chef Menteur Highway, New Orleans, Louisiana, a ticket agent at Continental Trailways Bus System, was contacted at 1314 Tulane Avenue, and requested to search the Continental Trailways Bus System records for travel between New Orleans, Louisiana, and the following-listed destinations for the entire month of September, 1963: Mexico City, Mexico; Laredo, Texas; and Brownsville, Texas.

HOLLAND stated that his records revealed no ticket sales at New Orleans, Louisiana for transportation from New Orleans to the destinations Mexico City, Mexico or Laredo, Texas, but added that the following-listed ticket sales were verified for travel between New Orleans, Louisiana and Brownsville, Texas:

September 6, 1963 - Ticket No. 355767

September 10, 1963 - Ticket No. 355604

September 15, 1963 - Ticket No. 376416

September 25, 1963 - Ticket No. 377025

HOLLAND added that the above-listed records of ticket sales were for one-way passage and stated that a thorough review of his files had failed to reveal any two-way passages between New Orleans, Louisiana and the destinations appearing above.

For additional information, HOLLAND stated that on September 25, 1963, his records revealed two separate sales of tickets from New Orleans, Louisiana to Brownsville, Texas, and explained that in his opinion his superior, MAJOR J. GREEN, possibly had failed to furnish one of these ticket sales as there was no pencil check notation by the side as there had been in all previous instances checked. He stated this one checked record showed that Ticket No. 377012 had been sold on September 25, 1963, and said this was a one-way passage from New Orleans, Louisiana to Brownsville, Texas.

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On 11/30/63 New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :aab Date dictated 12/2/63

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For additional verification, HOLLAND checked his records of ticket sales made at New Orleans, Louisiana for travel from New Orleans, Louisiana to Dallas, Texas from September 24, 1963 through October 1, 1963, and listed the following one-way tickets as sold at New Orleans, Louisiana and explained that no round-trip tickets had been sold:

September 24, 1963 - Ticket No. 377005

September 25, 1963 - Ticket No. 377041,

September 26, 1963 - Ticket No. 377084

HOLLAND explained that it possibly might seem unusual that the Continental Trailways Bus System only sold three tickets from New Orleans, Louisiana to Dallas, Texas, during the period indicated, but added that while this bus system operated five buses daily from New Orleans to Dallas, very few ticket sales were made strictly from New Orleans, Louisiana to Dallas, Texas. He stated a number of tickets were sold each day for destination points beyond the location of Dallas, Texas, such as Houston, Texas, for example, but advised that his bus system could not compete with the extensive advertising and long period of service of which the Greyhound Bus Lines boast. He also stated that the Continental Trailways Bus System was a relatively new company at New Orleans, Louisiana, and had operated only approximately 15 years. He listed the fare with his bus lines for one-way passage between New Orleans, Louisiana and Dallas, Texas as $13.85 and cost of passage between New Orleans, Louisiana and Brownsville, Texas as $21.35, and added that no Federal or State Taxes were added to these amounts.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-21-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

JACK CLINTON RODRIGUEZ, 2416 Agriculture Street, New Orleans, La. advised that he traveled to Mexico on October 7, 1963, and entered through the Laredo, Texas, border station just before noon.

Mr. RODRIGUEZ stated that he traveled with his wife, KATERI, and that they planned to vacation in Mexico, however, they drove only to Monterrey, Mexico, when their car broke down.

Consequently, they stayed only overnight at the Favorita Hotel and returned to the United States through the Laredo station between 2:00 and 3:00 p.m. on October 8, 1963.

He added that the roads were under construction and there were very few cars on the road as this is not regarded as the tourist season in Mexico.

Mr. RODRIGUEZ stated that he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had never seen or heard of him before the recent publicity he received in connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY.

He advised that he saw very few white people on his trip to Monterrey and did not recall seeing anyone who resembled OSWALD.

On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

330

by SA EUGENE E. BJORK:EMB Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

1

Mrs. KATERI RODRIGUEZ, 2416 Agriculture Street, New Orleans, advised that she and her husband, JACK CLINTON RODRIGUEZ, planned a vacation trip to Mexico in early October, 1963.

She stated that they traveled in their personal automobile and entered Mexico via the Laredo, Texas, border station just before noon on October 7, 1963. They traveled directly to Monterrey, Mexico. She explained that they had planned to go to Mexico City but that their car broke down enroute to Monterrey and consequently they stayed there overnight and returned to the United States the following day, October 8, 1963, re-entering the Laredo station between 2:00 and 3:00 p.m.

Mrs. RODRIGUEZ advised that there were very few cars on the road and she saw very few Americans while in Mexico. She explained that she did not speak Spanish and consequently did not enjoy being in Mexico which was one of the reasons they returned the following day.

She advised that she did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and felt sure that she did not see him while in Mexico. She did not recall ever seeing him or hearing about him prior to the publicity in connection with the recent assassination of President KENNEDY.

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On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA EUGENE E. BJORK:ems Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

Mrs. AVIS BOVARD FAURE, West Main Street, P. O. Box 162, Houma, Louisiana, was interviewed and advised that she and her husband, Mr. EDWARD WILLIAM BERTHE FAURE, with her brother-in-law and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE T. FAURE, 3910 Desoto Street, New Orleans, traveled to Mexico for a vacation. She advised that their travel was accomplished by means of her brother-in-law's automobile and that they crossed the border into Mexico on October 7, 1963, through Roma, Texas. She stated that they traveled only as far as Monterrey, Mexico, because of her brother-in-law's heart condition and advice of his doctor that high altitudes were not recommended due to his condition. Mrs. FAURE stated that they returned by car to the United States on October 11, 1963, crossing the border at Mc Allen, Texas.

Mrs. FAURE examined the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated that his face was not familiar to her and that to the best of her knowledge she had not seen OSWALD at any time during her vacation trip to Mexico. Mrs. FAURE further advised that she had no information regarding OSWALD and that the first time she heard of him was during a T, V. newscast of the weekend of November 22-25, 1963.

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On 11/30/63 at Houma, Louisiana File # NO 89-69
DL 89-43

by SA MICHAEL R. CAMPBELL /111 Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

Mr. EDWARD WILLIAM BERTUS FAURE, West Main Street, P. O. Box 162, Houma, Louisiana, was interviewed and advised that he and his wife, Mrs. AVIS BOVARD FAURE, with his brother and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE T. FAURE, 3910 Desoto Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, traveled to Mexico on vacation. FAURE advised that they traveled by his brother's automobile and entered Mexico on October 7, 1963, through Roma, Texas. FAURE advised although their travel visas were made out indicating travel to Mexico City due to his brother's doctor's recommendation regarding brother's heart condition high altitude was not suitable they therefore only traveled as far as Monterrey, Mexico. FAURE indicated that they returned to the United States on October 11, 1963, through Mc Allen, Texas.

Mr. FAURE advised upon examining the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD that he did not see OSWALD during time he obtained travel visa from Mexican Consulate in New Orleans, during trip to, through, or on return from Mexico and further indicated that he had no information concerning OSWALD.

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On 11/30/63 at Houma, Louisiana File # NO 89-69
DL 89-43

by SA MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL /111 Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

1

JOSE ALFARO, 2204 Olive, Dallas, Texas, Manager of the Flower of Mexico Cafe at the same address, advised that he had entered Mexico at Laredo on or about September 29, 1963 and had returned to the same Port of Entry on or about October 4, 1963.

ALFARO said that he had gone to Mexico for the purpose of visiting relatives at San Felipe in the company of JUANITA PEREZ, owner of the Flower of Mexico Cafe; her children, JUANITA A. PEREZ, age five, and RICHIE PEREZ, age three; and a sister of JUANITA PEREZ, FRANCESCA PEREZ, all of 2204 Olive, Dallas, Texas. The party had travelled in a 1958 Buick station wagon.

ALFARO viewed photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY without making an identification. He stated that he had seen no one of the description of either one on his trip to Mexico.

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On 12-7-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY
HENRY J. OLIVER

Date dictated 12-7-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

1

JUANITA ~~A.~~ PEREZ, 2204 Olive, Dallas, Texas, owner of the Flower of Mexico Cafe at the same address, advised that she had entered Mexico at Laredo, Texas on or about September 29, 1963 and had returned to the same Port of Entry on or about October 3 or 4, 1963.

She stated that she had travelled there in a 1958 Buick station wagon in the company of her children, JUANITA A. PEREZ, age five, and RICHIE PEREZ, age three; a sister, FRANCESCA PEREZ; and the manager of the Flower of Mexico Cafe, JOSE ALFARO, all of 2204 Olive, Dallas, Texas. She stated that they had not visited Mexico City on this trip as they have done in previous years.

Mrs. PEREZ stated that no one else had ridden in or out of Mexico with the party and she had seen no one who might be identified as LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 12-7-63 at Dallas, Texas 385 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY and HENRY J. OLIVER Date dictated 12-7-63

HJO:ryb

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

MRS. CHRISTINE STEELE RATMAN
Peacock Heights, Eutaw, Alabama

Tourist to Mexico City

Mrs. CHRISTINE STEELE RATMAN, Peacock Heights, Eutaw, Alabama, telephone number 372-2461, reported as holding tourist card 4363759, advised that she had gone to Mexico City on September 29, 1963, leaving Meridian, Mississippi, by Southern Airways flying to New Orleans. She stated that she changed planes in New Orleans to an Eastern Airlines jet and arrived in Mexico City on the night of September 29, 1963. Mrs. RATMAN advised that she did not know HARVEY LEE OSWALD and stated that she had no information that he was on the plane at the time that she was en route. She advised that she was not in a group but had gone alone to visit a friend, Mrs. BETTA DELANZ, who resides at Calle, Salto Chico, 111, Tlaltenango, Cuernavaca, Morelos, Mexico, a small town which she stated was located approximately 45 minutes out of Mexico City. She advised she had no knowledge of any travel by OSWALD and stated that she had no recollection of ever having seen this individual. She advised that she was seated in the rear of this plane and had not closely observed any of the passengers aboard this plane en route to Mexico City. She stated that she was on Southern Airways Flight 193 to New Orleans from Meridian, Mississippi, and was on Eastern Airlines jet Flight 305 to Mexico City on September 29, 1963.

Mrs. RATMAN stated that she left Mexico City on October 8, 1963, returning to New Orleans via Eastern Airlines jet, and that she then traveled via Southern Airways from New Orleans to Meridian, Mississippi. She stated that she made no friends while on board the plane, either going to Mexico City or returning from Mexico City, and added that Mrs. DELANZ had met her at the plane at Mexico City when she deplaned there. She advised also that Mrs. DELANZ brought her to the airport in Mexico City when she returned to Eutaw, Alabama.

On 11/27/63 at Eutaw, Alabama 396 File # BH 89-45

SA PIERCE A. PRATT:mas Date dictated 11/27/63

...of the FBI and is loaned

DL 89-43
LHK:mja

By communication, dated November 28, 1963, the New Orleans Office advised that a representative of the Greyhound Bus Terminal stated the records concerning tickets issued for travel from New Orleans, Louisiana, to Mexico City, and from Dallas, Texas, to Mexico City, are forwarded to the Greyhound Company, at Lexington, Kentucky, and also that some of this information was located at San Francisco, California. This communication further stated the San Francisco Division furnished information to New Orleans on November 27, 1963, concerning tickets located in the San Francisco area for the period September 15, 1963, to September 26, 1963, for Greyhound Bus tickets from Dallas and Fort Worth to Mexico City.

The following investigation was conducted at Dallas, Texas, by SAS JOHN T. MC KURRER AND LOUIS M. KELLEY:

RICHARD DRAKE and BOB NEILL, Agents, Greyhound Bus Terminal, Dallas, Texas, advised that all information concerning tickets sold at Dallas, Texas, is forwarded to H. T. DOTSON, Auditor of Revenues, Western Greyhound Lines, 371 Market Street, San Francisco, California, at the end of each month and no information is maintained at Dallas. They stated they knew of no way at Dallas to identify a person using a ticket unless the Agent who sold the ticket remembered the person, nor anyway to identify a ticket with a particular bus route. They advised the code number set forth on the ticket was the number of the selling Agent of Greyhound Bus Lines, and furnished the following names for the code numbers at Dallas, Texas:

CODE NUMBER	GREYHOUND AGENT	
01	M. C. BLACKBURN	Texas
02	EDGAR ALLEN LOVING Edgar A Loving	Texas
03	O. J. ACCORD	Texas

DL 89-43

CODE NUMBER	GREYHOUND AGENT
07	ANN BANKS Texas
08	GEORGE SHAWVER
09	BUDDY IRVIN HEELER Texas

Regarding the Greyhound Bus tickets sold at Dallas, Texas, for passage from Dallas, or Fort Worth, Texas, to Mexico City, the following were interviewed:

1) RE: Ticket number 4445783, dated September 15, 1963, sold at Dallas, code 08, bearing the number pencilled on the back, 10862. GEORGE SHAWVER advised on December 2, 1963, that he is an Agent, number 08, and that he could not recall the sale of this ticket. He was exhibited photos of JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated that he could not identify either person as having ever purchased a ticket from him.

2) RE: Ticket number 4444462, dated September 15, 1963, sold at Dallas, Texas, code 07, pencilled notation on the back, 10683. ANN BANKS advised on December 3, 1963, that she cannot recall the sale of this ticket and that she could not recall either LEE HARVEY OSWALD or anyone person purchasing a ticket to Mexico City. She stated that she has seen JACK RUBY in the Greyhound Bus Terminal, and in fact, several months ago, sold him a ticket for a Negro girl entertainer from Dallas to Miami, Florida. She stated that the numbers pencilled on the back of the ticket sold by her did not mean anything to her, and felt that they must be something put on by the accounting office, located at San Francisco.

3) RE: Ticket number 4441802, dated September 11, 1963, sold at Dallas, Texas, code number 02, pencilled on the back 10634; and ticket number 4445833, dated September 15, 1963, sold at Dallas, Texas, code 02, pencilled on the back, 10684. EDGAR A. LOVING advised that his code number was 02 and that he was an Agent for the Greyhound Bus Lines, at Dallas, Texas. He stated he was unable to recall the sale of the above tickets, or the sale of any other ticket to a person going to Mexico City. He was exhibited a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY. He advised he was unable to identify either person. LOVING further stated that the numbers pencilled on the back of the tickets meant nothing to him.

4) RE: Ticket number 0957165, dated September 6, 1963, sold at Dallas, Texas, with a return trip, code number 03, pencilled on the back 9100; and ticket number 4446355, dated September 25, 1963, sold at Dallas, Texas, bearing on the face, written in ink under the endorsement, the number 13, code 03, and pencilled on the back 10759. O. J. ACCORD advised that he did not recall selling either ticket and that he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD, although, he had seen his photograph on television. He stated he knew JACK RUBY because RUBY occasionally comes into the bus depot to pick up advertising material for his Carousel Club, which generally comes in by bus. He stated that he knew nothing further concerning JACK RUBY. ACCORD further advised he does not have any idea what the number 13 on the ticket meant, as he did not put it there.

5) RE: Ticket number 4446333, dated September 23, 1963, sold at Dallas, Texas, code 09, bearing pencilled on the back 0762. BUDDY IRVIN WHEELER, Agent, Greyhound Lines, advised his code number is 09, and that he does not recall selling this ticket, nor any other specific ticket to Mexico City. He stated he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and

so far as he knew, had never seen him. He has met JACK RUBY because RUBY did come in occasionally either to see someone off on a bus, or to pick up advertising material which came in by bus. He knew nothing concerning RUBY.

6) RX: Ticket number 4443093, dated September 13, 1963, sold at Dallas, Texas, bearing in pencil the number 18 under the endorsement, code 01, and pencilled on the back 10651. M. C. BLACKBURN, Agent, Greyhound Lines, advised on December 2, 1963, he was unable to recall selling a ticket to Mexico City, although, he did not sell many to Mexico City, and that he did not recall seeing either LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY at the Greyhound Bus Terminal.

RICHARD DRAKE advised that ticket number 213935, dated September 16, 1963, was sold at Fort Worth, Texas, and that it would be necessary to obtain the information on this ticket from Greyhound Lines, at Fort Worth.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-16-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

On December 3, 1963 a search of the Continental Trailways Accounting Office Records was conducted by Special Agent NICKOLAS A. SHUMANSKY. The following ticket stubs were located for transportation from New Orleans, Louisiana to Brownsville, Texas:

S-355787, dated September 6, 1963;
S-356004, dated September 10, 1963;
S-376416, dated September 15, 1963;
S-377025, dated September 25, 1963.

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On 12/3/63 at Alexandria, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NICKOLAS A. SHUMANSKY:dmf Date dictated 12/3/63

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its Document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES J. O'CONNOR, at Miami, Florida:

On November 26, 1963, Mrs. WALKIRIA CORTES, of the Mexican Government Tourist Bureau, Miami, Florida, checked the records of that office covering the period June 26, 1963, through September 26, 1963, and advised that no Mexican tourist card had been issued to OSWALD or family under his true name or aliases.

On November 26, 1963, J. REYES ESPINDOLA, Mexican Consul at Miami, Fla., advised that records of his office fail to reflect issuance of a Mexican tourist card to OSWALD under true name or aliases during the period June, 1963, through September, 1963.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES J. O'CONNOR, at Miami, Florida:

On November 27, 1963, a check of passenger manifests for Guest Airways and Pan American World Airways, Miami, Florida, International Airport, covering the two-day period of September 17 and September 18, 1963, resulted negatively in locating the name or aliases of subject as a passenger on flights during September 17 and September 18, 1963, to Mexico City from Miami. It was ascertained that Guest Airways and Pan American World Airways are the only airlines flying to Mexico City from Miami.

DL 89-43
EK:BJD

Mr. EVERETT V. PRUETT, 3236 Meadow Oaks Drive, Fort Worth, furnished following information on December 5, 1963, to SA EARLE HALEY:

PRUETT is employed as a ticket agent for the Greyhound Bus Lines in Fort Worth, Texas. His number is Code 05. PRUETT stated he would have sold any ticket with this number appearing on it. He could not recall selling any particular ticket in September, 1963, to Mexico City. PRUETT stated he did not write 37 on the back of the ticket and did not write number 9555 on the front of the ticket. He recalled selling several tickets during the summer and early fall to Mexico City. He was unable to identify photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY as being the purchaser of the above ticket.

345

FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/1/63

Mrs. OPAL HYMEL, 805 N. Sixth Street, Monroe, Louisiana, furnished the following information:

Mrs. HYMEL was employed with Continental Trailways Bus Station as a Ticket Agent in New Orleans in September, 1963 and she was so employed for about ten years. After careful thought she was unable to remember anything whatever regarding selling a bus ticket for travel from New Orleans, Louisiana to Brownsville, Texas on September 10, 1963, and she has no recollection of ever seeing anyone who might have been identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She dealt with so many people in her job as a Ticket Agent for Continental Trailways at New Orleans that she does not consider it likely that she could recall any particular ticket sale. She has seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD's photograph on television and in newspapers many times in recent days but she is unable to remember seeing or dealing with anyone who might have been identical with him. She does not consider it likely that she could remember it if she had sold him a ticket while employed as a Ticket Agent at Continental Trailways Bus Station at New Orleans. She could furnish no information regarding Continental Trailways Ticket Number 355604 sold on September 10, 1963 for travel from New Orleans, Louisiana to Brownsville, Texas, except information from the record which might show that she sold such a ticket.

345

On 12/1/63 at Monroe, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent EARL COX :bal Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 10-6-65)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

Mr. LEWIS K. HOPKINS, Manager, Travel Consultants, Inc., Suite 100, International Trade Mart, checked the records of his agency concerning Continental Trailways Bus tickets sold to Mexico City during the month of September, 1963, and to Dallas, Texas, on September 24, 25 and 26, 1963, and advised that none were sold.

He examined a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated that he had no knowledge of OSWALD ever having done business with his agency.

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On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA J. DAVSON VAN EPS /jm Date dictated 11/30/63

OSWALD

105-82555

SECTION 15

COPY 2

MARY FERRELL FOUNDATION

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

Date November 30, 1963

Mr. A. F. SHADROCK, Trans-Texas Airways, made available passenger records for flights from San Antonio to Dallas for October 3, 1963. A check of these records failed to reflect any passenger identifiable with MARINA OSWALD. The following flights were checked:

Flight No.	Leave San Antonio	Arrive Dallas
290	8:25 a.m.	10:25 a.m.
294	1:44 p.m.	3:45 p.m.
292	7:50 p.m.	9:50 p.m.

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On 11/30/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA TOM E. NEAL?als Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

Date November 30, 1963

Tkt3

BETTY MC CORMICK, Supervisor, Reservations, Braniff International Airways, International Airport, San Antonio, Texas, made available flight records for flights from San Antonio to Dallas, Texas, for October 3, 1963. A check of these records failed to reflect any person identifiable with MARINA OSWALD. The following flights were checked:

Flight No.	Leave San Antonio	Arrive Dallas
160	6:45 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
110	1:15 p.m.	2:45 p.m.
232	10:10 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
328	3:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
8	7:00 a.m.	7:45 a.m.
362	4:15 p.m.	6:02 p.m.
392	8:30 a.m.	10:39 a.m.
154	4:00 p.m.	4:56 p.m.
40	5:00 p.m.	5:47 p.m.

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On 11/30/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA TOM R. NEAL/als Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1 LA

GERARD A. McGILL, co-owner, Godchaux's Travel Service, 828 Canal Street, checked the records of his agency concerning Continental Trailways Bus tickets sold during the month of September, 1963, from New Orleans to Mexico City and to Dallas, Texas on September 24, 25 and 26, 1963. He stated that none had been sold.

He examined a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated that to his knowledge OSWALD had never done business with Godchaux's Travel Service.

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On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA J. DAWSON VAN ERT /jm Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

WILLIAM GOODMAN, Agent, D. H. Holmes Travel Bureau, also known as the McCall and Worden Travel Agency, 819 Canal Street, checked the records of his agency concerning Continental Trailways Bus tickets sold during the month of September, 1963, from New Orleans to Mexico City and to Dallas, Texas, on September 24, 25 and 26, 1963. He stated that none were sold.

Mr. GOODMAN examined a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated that to his knowledge OSWALD had never done business with D. H. Holmes Travel Bureau.

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On 11/30/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS /jm Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

Miss JEANNIE GORDON, Ticket Agent #7, Greyhound Bus Terminal, New Orleans, Louisiana, was interviewed at her residence, 1530 Bordeaux Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Miss GORDON reviewed two photographs of ticket #185273 and identified her ticket agent #7 thereon indicating that she issued this ticket. She advised that these two photographs represent only a part of the ticket as there were six separate parts to this ticket. The first portion of the ticket which showed travel from New Orleans to Lake Charles;and the second portion from Lake Charles to Laredo, Texas; and the third portion from Laredo to Mexico City; the fourth portion from Mexico City to Laredo; the fifth from Laredo to Lake Charles; and the sixth from Lake Charles to New Orleans. She pointed out that the copy of the photograph with the figure "4" or "H" represents the third portion of the ticket, however, she advised that she difinitely did not write this figure in the endorsement space. She further pointed out that the encircled number "9418" on the reverse side of the fourth portion of this ticket representing travel from Mexico City to Laredo, Texas, was not written by her. She advised that these tickets are all machine issued and very seldom does she have any particular reason to make any written notations thereon. She was of the opinion that perhaps the figure "4" or "H" on the face side of the ticket for travel from Laredo to Mexico City was probably made by agent of the Del Norte lines and that the encircled number on the back side of the ticket showing travel from Mexico City to Laredo, Texas, is probably an accounting number.

Miss GORDON advised that she does not handle any of the luggage and this handling would be done at the luggage counter in the bus station. If such luggage is checked through, the luggage department would punch the original copies of ticket #185273 and this luggage would probably be checked through directly to Laredo, Texas. If then checked further from Laredo to Mexico City, this fact would be shown on the Del Norte line ticket due to the fact that no luggage can be checked straigh through to a foreign city.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. :sms Date dictated 12/3/63

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Miss GORDON further pointed out from a review of the third and fourth parts of ticket 185273 that these parts of the ticket were taken up by the Del Norte ticket agent in Laredo at which time this ticket agent prepared a new round-trip ticket from Laredo to Mexico City, and return. She pointed out that this would probably account for the fact that no bus drivers punches were noted on either portion of this ticket.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

Mr. E. A. REIMHERR, Terminal Manager, Greyhound Bus Terminal, 1710 Tulane Avenue, furnished the following information in regard to Greyhound tickets issued from New Orleans to Mexico City particularly Greyhound ticket number 185273, dated as issued August 31, 1963, from New Orleans to Mexico City, at a total fare of $54.45.

Upon reviewing photographs of ticket #185273, Mr. REIMHERR advised that this ticket was issued on form #6 which represents there were six separate parts to this ticket. The first part representing travel from New Orleans to Lake Charles; the second part from Lake Charles to Laredo, Texas; the third part from Laredo, Texas, to Mexico City; the fourth part from Mexico City to Laredo, Texas; the fifth part from Laredo, Texas, to Lake Charles, Louisiana; and the sixth part from Lake Charles to New Orleans. He pointed out that the two photographs reviewed by him of ticket #185273 represents the third and fourth part of this ticket which represented the travel from Laredo, Texas, to Mexico City and return. He explained that each bus driver will punch that part of the ticket representing the travel under his control. The punch used by the driver is so designed that a particular driver can be identified. Further, that the driver leaving New Orleans would punch #1 space on the right side of the ticket and the #2 driver the #2 space and so on. The New Orleans Southern Greyhound driver would use #1 space on the first part of ticket #185273 and this would be the only Southern driver to punch this ticket since the Central Greyhound driver took over at Lake Charles, Louisiana. He is of the opinion that several bus drivers would be involved between Lake Charles, Louisiana, and Laredo, Texas, and that these drivers could probably be identified by reviewing the second portion of ticket #185273 since each driver upon taking over the bus would have to punch each ticket for passengers thereon.

The first part of this ticket would probably be located at the Accounting Office in Lexington, Kentucky; the second, fifth, and sixth parts of this ticket probably would be located at the office of Central Greyhound in either San Francisco or Kansas City, however, he is not

3-3

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR. :sms Date dictated 12/3/63

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acquainted with the accounting phase of the Central Greyhound Bus Company. Mr. REIMHERR believes that all parts of this ticket, as any other ticket issued in the city of New Orleans, will eventually find its way to the Lexington, Kentucky, Southern Greyhound Accounting Office and at this late date, he is of the opinion the other parts of this ticket #185273 should be located at the Southern Greyhound Office in Lexington, Kentucky. Mr. REIMHERR advised that from a review of these photographs of the third and fourth parts of ticket #185273, it was not possible to identify any of the bus drivers nor was it possible to determine if any luggage was checked through to Laredo, Texas. He pointed out that if luggage was carried on the bus by the ticket purchaser, there would be no way to identify this fact as the tickets are not so marked. He further was of the opinion that the third and fourth parts of this ticket, which are the photographs he reviewed, were probably taken up by the Transport Del Norte Mexican bus agent in Laredo, Texas, at which time a Del Norte round-trip bus ticket was issued from Laredo, Texas, to Mexico City and return which probably accounts for the fact that none of the figures have been punched out on the right side of these tickets which would ordinarily show ticket handled by a bus driver.

Upon further reviewing photographs of the third and fourth portion of ticket #185273, Mr. REIMHERR advised he is unable to identify the "H" or "4" on the ticket listing travel from Laredo to Mexico City nor is he able to identify the circled number "9418" on the back of ticket to Laredo from Mexico City. He was of the opinion that these writings were put there by someone other than the ticket agent in New Orleans, suggesting that the "H" or "4" could probably have been placed there by the agent for Del Norte lines when a round-trip ticket was issued for the travel from Laredo to Mexico City and return.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

HARVEY ~~B.~~ BINGMAN, Manager, All Travel Agency, Room 736 Audubon Building, checked the records of his agency concerning Continental Trailways bus tickets sold to Mexico City during September, 1963 and to Dallas, Texas, on September 24, 25 and 26, 1963. He stated that none were sold.

Mr. BINGMAN examined a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated that he, so far as he knew, had never done business with his agency.

On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # 89-69

by SA J. DAWSON VAN EPS :lav Date dictated 12/2/63

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NO 89-69/dmk

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

On December 4, 1963, individuals, at locations shown, were contacted by the designated Special Agents of the New Orleans Office and asked if LEE HARVEY OSWALD had contacted their consulate in person, by telephone, or through the mails. These individuals were further requested to determine if any inquiry had been made to the consulate by anyone in the name of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee or if anyone using the name of HIDELL, HIDDELL or LEE had contacted the consulate during the year 1963. A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was exhibited to all individuals contacted. All individuals contacted advised they had no recollection or information in their files of OSWALD having contacted the consulate in person, telephonically, or through the mails, they had no record or recollection of any contact with individuals in the name of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and they did not have any record or recollection of contact at the consulate by an individual using the last name of HIDELL, HIDDELL, or LEE. Where appropriate the individuals contacted by the Special Agents advised they had inquired of the other members of the consulate and they did not have any further information:

Individuals and Consulate Contacted	Identity of Special Agents
MARTIN CARRILLO MENDEZ - Consul General HUMBERTO ANZOLA MILLAN - Vice Consul Venezuela Consulate, 344 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA (A) EARL L. HASSELL, JR.
CARLOS E. A. GUIDO - Consul General Argentina Consulate, 304-7 Pan American Building, Camp and Poydras Streets, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA (A) EARL L. HASSELL, JR.

NO 89-69 /dmk

2

Individuals and Consulate Contacted	Identity of Special Agents
LILIAN A. DE CASTILHO MALA - Chancery Officer Brazil Consulate, 314 Pan American Building, Camp and Poydras Streets, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA (A) EARL L. HASSELL, JR.
RAUL CHAVEZ S. - Consul General Nicaragua Consulate, 203 Pan American Building, Camp and Poydras Streets, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA (A) EARL L. HASSELL, JR.
Col. CARLOS A. ARREGUI VITERI -, Consul General Ecuador Consulate, 802 International Building, 611 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA (A) JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR.
GUILLERMO VALNERDE - Consul General ALEX MAYR - Chancery Officer Honduras Consulate, 907 International Building, 611 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA (A) JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR.
Dr. ALBERTO D. FAJARDO - Consul General Mr. BERNARD S. SHIELDS - Chancery Officer Uruguay Consulate, 409 International Building, 611 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA (A) JAMES E. SCHMIDT, JR.
Senor MIGUEL A. MENDEZ CHACON - Consul General El Salvador Consulate, 226 Carondelet Street, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA JOHN B. LEE, JR.

Individuals and Consulate Contacted	Identity of Special Agents
Senor RAUL RINA ROSAL - Consul General Guatemala Consulate, 1119 Maritime Building, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA JOHN B. LEE, JR.
Miss AMY L SCHOLZ - Vice Consul Haiti Consulate, 325 Baronne Street, New Orleans, Louisiana	SA JOHN B. LEE, JR.
LUTGARDO BELEVAN - Consul General Republic of Peru, 309 International Trade Mart Building New Orleans, Louisiana	SA FURMAN G. BOGGAN
LUIS ENRIQUE BELLO - Consul General Republic of Colombia 311 International Trade Mart Building New Orleans, Louisiana	SA FURMAN G. BOGGAN

Dr. SALVADOR GARCIA VARGAS Chancellor, Mexican Consulate, 534 Whitney Bank Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, was contacted on December 4, 1963 by SAC M. G. MAYNOR. Dr. VARGAS advised LEE HARVEY OSWALD on September 17, 1963 contacted the consulate to obtain a tourist permit for travel to Mexico. Dr. VARGAS stated other than this contact, he had no recollection and no information in the files of the Mexican Consulate showing contact by OSWALD in person, by telephone or through the mails. Dr. VARGAS stated further he was unable to locate any contact to the consulate by anyone in the name of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee or contact at the consulate by an individual using the last name of HIDELL, HIDDELL, or LEE.

DL 100-10461

III. INFORMATION RECEIVED RE SUBJECT FROM RUSSIAN EMBASSY, WASHINGTON, D. C.

100-10461
WCD:sah

Set forth on the following pages are translations of material received from the Soviet Embassy at Washington, D.C., relative to that Embassy's file on LEE HARVEY OSWALD and the latter's wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD:

In view of the fact that I am unable to appear at the Embassy in person, please inform me regarding any other way I may register my Residence Permit, should the instant letter not be a valid document for this purpose.

My present address:

7313 Davanport st.
Fort Worth, TEXAS
Oswald, M. N.

P. S. Date of arrival in the U. S.:

June 13, 1962

/s/ M. Oswald

July 1, 1962

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DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of a two-page handwritten letter

(Writing in the upper left-hand corner):

"vx1497
7/6/62"

"To Comrade Gerasimov
AM (?)

7/6"

To the Embassy of the USSR
in the City of Washington,
from citizen of the USSR

Oswald, Marina Nikolaevna

APPLICATION

Please register my Residence Permit No. KY-37790, issued January 11, 1962, by the MID (Ministry of Internal Affairs) of the USSR, in the city of Moscow.

I wish to state the following data regarding myself:

1. Date of birth: July 17, 1941.
2. Place of birth: Molotovsk,
   Arkhangelskaya Oblast.
3. Family status: married to a citizen of the U.S.A.
   Lee Harvey Oswald.

TRANSLATED BY:

TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

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DL 100-10461

4. Profession and type of work:

Pharmacist.

5. Last place of residence in the USSR:

City of Minsk, ul. Kommunisticheskaya, house 4, apt. 25.

6. Description: Height: 150 (?)cm. (5 feet)

Eyes: grey

Hair: Brown

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DL 100-10461

RUSSIAN EMBASSY
Washington,
D.C.

Attention Marina Nikoliyevna Oswald
(New St. Addr.) 2703 Mercedes St.
FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Dear Sirs,

In regard to my wifes Russian passport, N.KU 37790, which we sent to your embassy on July 20th for registration as is required by your law.

We have not received this passport back as yet, please look into this.

Also, please give me information as to how I can subscribe to "Prova" or "Iavestia" Russian Lanuage newspapers or som_ other Russian Lanuage magizines such as "Igonyok".

I assume you have received my wifes passport, and will return it after the registration of her address.

I would like for the Embassy to send us any periodicals or bulletins which you may put out for the beneifit of your citizens living, for a time, in the U.S.A..

Thank you
Sincerly
Lee H. Oswald

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DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of a one-page typewritten letter

July 9, 1962

Mrs. M. Oswald
7313 Davanport str.
Fort Worth, Texas

Dear Marina Nikolaevna

Please send to (illegible) your residence (illegible) for registration.

At the same time please (illegible) No. 118.

Respectfully,

(illegible) Reznichenko
Chief of the Consular Section

(Wirting in longhand
in the left lower corner
V. Gran (?)

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:
November 30, 1963

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DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

(Writing in the upper

left corner):

"Comrade ~~Shapkin~~ No LoC

22802 VO

vx1863
23862"

To the Soviet Embassy
in the City of Washington,
Consular Section,
Comrade Reznichenko,

from citizen Oswald, M. M.

Dear Comrade Reznichenko!

Approximately on July 22, I sent to your address on your request my "Residence Permit" and the form card No. 118. So far I have not received back either my "Residence Permit" nor any other communication from you.

I am worried not knowing, whether or not you received my documents. If you received them, how long are you going to keep them? Please let me know.

Respectfully,

/s/ M. Oswald

August 15, 1962
Fort Worth, Texas
2703 Mercedes Av.

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

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DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of a one-page typewritten letter

August 28, 1962

Mrs. Marina N. Oswald
2703 Mercedes Ave.
Fort Worth, Texas

Dear Marina Nikolaevna!

This is to let you know that we received your documents. We are going to send you your passport in the near future. Wishing you all of the best,

Respectfully,

/s/ (typewritten signature)
I. (?) Shap(kin?)
N. Reznichenko
Chief of the Consular Section

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of a one-page typewritten letter

September 6, 1962

Mrs. Marina N. Oswald
2703 Mercedes Ave.
Fort Worth, Texas

Dear Marina Nikolaevna!

We are returning your Soviet passport.
Please send it to us again at the proper time for extension.

Respectfully,

/s/ Shap(kin?)

N. Reznichenko
(Typewritten signature): Chief of the Consular Section

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

A copy of a post card

To: All Russian employees of the Soviet Embassy

* * *

Dear Comrade Reznichenko!

We wish you and through you, to all employees of the Soviet Embassy, a happy New Year. We wish you much health, success and all of the best. Best wishes to all your family.

Sincerely,

/s/ Marina
and Lee Oswald.

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of a three-page handwritten letter

(Writing on top of the letter between the date and the salutation)

"Comrade Gerasimov,
O. N. (?)
ZIG (?) vx36 (*)
1/3763

December 31, 1962

Dear Comrade Reznichenko!

I wish to let you know that at present we, i. e., Oswald, Marina Nikolaevna, and the family are living in Dallas, and not in Fort Worth, as formerly. I believe that my former Fort Worth address should remain in the passport, or, rather, in the Residence Permit, because my husband's brother lives there permanently, while we change our address often because my husband changes

Translator's Note:

Abbreviation "vx" probably stands for "incoming."

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

work and for other reasons. Because of this, my Soviet passport would only be travelling back and forth all the time, from me to you. Here is my post office address, in case you need to send me any correspondence:

Mrs. M. Oswald
Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

I wish you a happy New Year once more and send you my sincerest wishes, not strictly officially, but in a simple, informal manner. Excuse me for being somewhat familiar, but I do not mean any offense by this.

I wish you health and success.

Sincerely,

/s/ Marina Oswald

December 31, 1962

DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

(Written on top):

"Comrade Gerasimov

--- (illegible initials)

2(?)/25" vx639
1/26/63"

February 17, 1963

Dallas

Dear Comrade Reznichenko!

I beg your assistance to help me to return to the Homeland in the USSR where I will again feel myself a full-fledged citizen. Please let me know what I should do for this, i. e., perhaps it will be necessary to fill out a special application form. Since I am not working at present (because of my lack of knowledge of the English language and a small child), I am requesting you to extend to me a possible material aid for the trip. My husband remains here, since he is an American by nationality. I beg you once more not to refuse my request.

Respectfully,

/s/ Marina Oswald.

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

DL 100-10[illegible]
WCD:cjr

EMBASSY OF THE
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALISTS REPUBLICS
Consular Division
1609 Decatur Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

T R A N S L A T I O N

Mrs. Marina Oswald
Box 2915 Dallas
Texas, USA

March 8, 1963

Dear Marina Nicolaevna!

In reply to your letter we inform you that for purpose of examining your request concerning your return to the homeland it is necessary for you:

To fill out an application in 3 copies,

Furnish 3 copies of your detailed biography,

Write a request in the name of our Ambassador to USSR in 3 copies.

About your voluntary wishes to return to your homeland with indication of your profession in which you would wish to work and also of the place of residence:

Furnish 3 photos of passport size signed on the face of the photograph and also photographs of your child. Furnish one or two letters from your realtives residing in the USSR who are inviting you to live with them.

After receiving from you above-mentioned documents we will forward your request for processing to the local Soviet authorities. Time of processing requires 5 to 6 months.

In event of any questions or difficulties please write to us or call us on the telephone. Our address is

DL 100-10461

Decatur Street, 1609, N. W., Washington, D. C.,

telephone TU 2-58-29.

Respectfully yours,

/s/ ~~V.~~ Gerasimov USSR

N. Reznichenko
In Charge of the Consulate
Section of the Soviet
Embassy in United States

DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of one-page handwritten letter

City of Washington
Embassy of the Soviet
Union in the U. S. A.
To the Ambassador of the
USSR in the United States

APPLICATION

I request your permission for granting me a visa for entry in the USSR.

/s/ Marina Oswald

March 17, 1963

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

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DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of a two-page Questionnaire for persons desiring a visa for entry into the USSR

Translator's Note: Since printed "Questions" are given both in Russian and in English translation, only the "Answers" portion of the document is being translated.

* * *

1. Oswald, Marina Nikolaevna
   Prusakova, " "
   - maiden name.

2. July 17, 1941, in Severo-Dvinsk (Molotovsk), Arkhangelskaya Oblast.

3. Russian

4. Soviet citizenship,
   had no others.

5. Housewife at present, in view of a small child and the lack of knowledge of the English language.

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

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6. For a permanent stay.

7. Daughter June Lee Oswald - 13 months

8. Up to June, 1962, lived in the USSR, in Leningrad and Minsk. Worked as a pharmacist.

9. Prusakov, Ilya Vasilevich - maternal uncle, residing in Minsk, ul. Kommunisticheskaya, house 39, apt. 20
Aleksander Ivanovich Medvedev
Medvedev, Aleksandr Ivanovich, stepfather, residing in Leningrad, Obvodny Canal, house 86, apt. 43.
Aleksandr Ivanovich Medvedev

10. Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.
Aleksandr Ivanovich Medvedev

Date of filing: /s/ M. Oswald

March 17, 1963

DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of one-page handwritten document

V(sic) AUTOBIOGRAPHY

I, Oswald, Marina Nikolaevna, born Prusakova, M. N., was born July 17, 1941, in Severo-Dvinsk (former Molotovsk), Arkhangelskaya Oblast. I lived with my mother and stepfather in Leningrad, where I graduated from the secondary school and entered the Leningrad Pharmaceutical School. My mother died in 1957. On graduation from school, I was retained for work in Leningrad. Due to family circumstances, I worked for the last 2 years (up to 1962) as an assistant at the pharmacy of the 3rd Clinical Hospital in Minsk, residing at the home of my maternal uncle (Prusakov, Ilya Vasilevich), and subsequently was married. In February, 1962, a daughter, June Lee Oswald, was born to us. My husband is an American by nationality, and so we found ourselves in America. But a year later, I am applying for a visa for entry into the USSR and beg you not to deny my request. My husband remains in the U. S. A.

Prusakov, Ilya Vasilievich

/s/ Marina Oswald.

March 17, 1963

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

DL 100-10461

EMBASSY OF THE
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS
Consular Division
1609 Decatur Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

TRANSLATION

Mrs. M. Oswald
Box 2915 Dallas
Texas

April 13, 1963

Dear Marina Nicolaevna!

In connection with your request it would be desirable for you to come to Washington in order to visit the Consulate Section of our Embassy. The Consulate Section is open daily except Sundays from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. and on Saturdays from 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

If it is difficult for you to come to us to Washington at the present time we request you to give us reasons which made you start proceeding for permission to enter the Soviet Union for permanent residence.

Respectfully yours,

(signature illegible)

N. Reznichenko
In Charge of the Consulate
Section of the Soviet
Embassy in United States

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DL 100-10461

EMBASSY OF THE
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS
Consular Division
1609 Decatur Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

TRANSLATION

Mr. (sic) M. Oswald — June 4, 1963
4907 Magazine Str.
New Orleans, La.

Dear Marina Nicolaevna,

In connection with your request for entrance to the Soviet Union for permanent residence, in our letter of April 18th we requested you if possible to come to Washington and visit the Consulate Section of our Embassy.

If it is difficult for you to visit us we request you to advise us by letter concerning reasons which made you request this permission for entering the USSR for permanent residence.

Respectfully yours,

/s/ V. Gerasimov

N. Reznichenko
In Charge of the Consulate
Section of the Soviet Embassy
in United States

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DL 100-1046

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of a three-page handwritten letter

To the Embassy of the USSR
in the U. S. A., Washington,
Consular Section,
Comrade Reznichenko

from Oswald, Marina Nikolaevna

Dear Comrade Reznichenko!

I received two letters from you in which you requested me to indicate the reason for my wish to return to the USSR.

But first of all, permit me to apologize for such a long silence on my part and to thank you for a considerate attitude toward me on the part of the Embassy. The reasons for my silence were certain family "problems" (if one can express it this way) which stood in the way. That is also one of the reaons why I wish to return to the Homeland. The main reason, "of course" (sic), is homesickness, regarding which much is written and spoken, but one learns it only in a foreign land.

I count among family "problems" the fact that in the middle or the end of October, I expect the birth of my second child. This would have probably complicated matters for me, because I would not be able to work during the first few months. And yet, I have no one from whom I could expect help, for I have no parents. My relatives were against my going to America and, therefore, I would be ashamed to appeal to them. That is why I had to weigh everything once more before replying to your letter.

But things are improving due to the face that my husband expresses a sincere wish

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

to return together with me to the USSR. I earnestly beg you to help him in this. There is not much that is encouraging for us here and nothing to hold us. I would not be able to work for time being, even if I did find work. And my husband is often unemployed. It is very difficult for us to live here. We have no money to enable me to come to the Embassy, not even to pay for hospital and other expenses connected with the birth of a child. We both urgently solicit your assistance to enable us to return and work in the USSR.

In my application I did not specify the place in which I would like to live in the Soviet Union. I earnestly beg you to help us to obtain permission to live in Leningrad where I grew up and went to school. I have a sister and a brother of my mother's second marriage there. I know that I do not have to explain to you the reason for my whish to live precisely in that city. It speaks for itself. I permit myself to write this without any desire to belittle the merits of our other cities. Moreover, it would be easier for me to find employment in Leningrad, since there are more pharmacies there and additional personnel are needed. For instance, where I came to Minsk from Leningrad, I could not find work in my specialty for quite a long time, because they had sufficient personnel

These are the basic reasons why I and my husband wish to return to the USSR. Please do not deny our request. Make us happy again, help us to return that which we lost because of our foolishness. I would like to have my second child, too, to be born in the USSR.

Sincerely and respectfully,

/s/ M. Oswald

P. S. I enclose with this letter an application of my husband for permission to enter into the USSR.

/s/ M. Oswald

DL 100-10461

Lee H. Oswald
P. O. Box 30081
New Orleans, La.
July 1, 1963

Embassy of the
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
1607 Decatur St. N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Please rush the entrance visa for the return of Soviet citizen, Marina Oswald.

She is going to have a baby in October, therefore you must grant the entrance visa and make the transportation arrangements before then.

As for my return entrance visa please consider it separtaly.

Thank you

Lee H. Oswald
(Husband of Marina Nicholeyev)

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DL 100-10461

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

Copy of one-page handwritten letter

V (sic)

To the Embassy of the USSR
in the U. S. A., Washington
Consular Section
Comrade Reznichenko

from Oswald, M. N.

Dear Comrade Reznichenko!

You should understand our impatience and therefore, by this letter, I beg you to inform us of the result of replies (sic) to my appeals with regard to the departure of our family to the USSR and residence in Leningrad. I urgently beg you to facilitate the expediting of this matter for the reason stated in a previous letter.

Respectfully,

/s/ M. Oswald

July 8, 1963
New Orleans

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

DL 100-10461
WCD:sl

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

COPY

CERTIFICATE OF MARRIAGE No. 11-PYa 333281

Citizen Oswald, Lee Harvey

Year of birth 1939, 10/18

Place of birth New Orleans

and citizen Prusakova, Marina Nokolaevna

Year of birth 1941, 7/17

Place of birth Molotovsk, Arkhangelskaya Oblast

contracted a marriage on April 30, 1961, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty One

regarding which an appropriate entry was made, under the Number 416, in the record book of the Civil Registrar's Office, on April 30, 1961.

Upon registering, the following surnames were given:

to the husband: Oswald to the wife: Oswald

which is witnessed by a signature and a seal.

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:drv
November 30, 1963

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Place of registration Minsk, Civil Registrar's Office,
of Leninsky District

Date issued April 30, 1961

Chief of the Civil Registrar's Office _____
(signature)

(Stamp on the lower left): SEE THE REVERSE

"The stamp of the office issuing the document"

DL 100-10461

On August 7, 1961, I, Nikiforenko, P. A., Notary of the First Minsk State Notary Office, witness the fidelity of this copy to its original. No corrections, additions, crossed out words or any other peculiarities were found in comparing of the copy with the original.

State duty collected 20 kopecks

On register No. 16-24360

Senior Notary /s/ Nikiforenko

(Partially obliterated seal):

"Notary Office of the Belorussian SSR*
First ....." (the rest is unreadable).

DL 100-10461

EMBASSY OF THE

UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALISTS REPUBLICS

Consular Division

1609 Decatur Street, N. W.

Washington, D. C.

TRANSLATION

Mrs. M. Oswald
4907 Magazine St.
New Orleans, La.

August 5, 1963

Dear Marina Nicolaevna!

In reply to your letters we are informing you that your request for entering the Soviet Union for permanent residence has been forwarded to Moscow for processing.

As soon as we receive the answer we will at once advise you.

Respectfully yours,

/s/ V. Gerasimov

Russia

N. Reznichenko
In Charge of the Consulate
Section of the Soviet
Embassy in United States

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DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

"FROM: LEE H. OSWALD, P.O. BOX 6225, DALLAS, TEXAS
MARINA NICHILAYEVA OSWALD, SOVIET CITIZEN

"TO: CONSULAR DIVISION
EMBASSY U.S.S.R.
WASHINGTON, D.C.
NOV. 9, 1963

"This is to inform you of recent events meetings with comrado Kostin (preceding words not legible) in the Embassy of the Soviet Union, Mexico City, Mexico.

"I was unable to remain in Mexico indefinily because of my mexican visa restrictions which was for 15 days only. I could not take a chance on requesting a new visa unless I used my real name, so I retured to the United States.

"I had not planned to contact the Soviet embassy in Mexico so they were unprepared, had I been able to reach the Soviet Embassy in Havana as planned, the embassy there would have had time to complete our business.

"Of corse the Soviet embassy was not at fault, they were, as I say unprepared, the Cuban consulate was guilty of a gross breach of regulations, I am glad he has since been replced.

"The Federal Bureu of Investigation is not now interested in my activities in the progressive organization 'Fair Play For Cuba Committee', of which I was secretary in New Orleans (state Louisiana) since I no longer reside in that state. However, the F.B.I. has visited us here in Dallas, Texas, on November 1st. Agent James P. Hasty warned me that if I engaged in F.P.C.C. activities in Texas the F.B.I. will again take an 'interrest' in me.

"This agent also 'suggested' to Marina Nichilayeva that she could remain in the United States under F.B.I. 'protection', that is, she could defect from the Soviet Uion, of course, I and my wife strongly protested these tactics by the notorious F.B.I.

DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

"Please inform us of the arrival of our Soviet entrance visa's as soon as they come.

"Also, this is to inform you of the birth, on October 20, 1963 of a DAUGHTER, AUDREY MARINA OSWALD in DALLAS, TEXAS, to my wife.

"Respecfully

"/s/ Lee H. Oswald"

IV. CONNECTIONS WITH AND/OR CONTACTS WITH BASIC REVOLUTIONARY AND/OR FRONT ORGANIZATIONS

DL 100-10461

A. FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE (FPCC)

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 4, 1963

MYRA SILVER, secretary, Jones Printing Company, 422 Girod Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, was interviewed at her place of employment and advised that her records reflect the following information:

She stated that on May 29, 1963, a person who she understood gave his name as OSBORNE appeared at the Jones Printing Company and placed an order for 1,000 copies of a handbill, a rough draft of which he submitted on a 8 x 10 looseleaf paper. She stated that the handbill read as follows:

"HANDS
OFF
CUBA!

"Join the Fair Play for
Cuba Committee

"NEW ORLEANS CHARTER
MEMBER BRANCH

"Free Literature, Lectures

"LOCATION:

"EVERYONE WELCOME!"

She advised that the order was placed on job ticket # D-7548 and promised the completed product on June 4, 1963. She advised that the business relationship was strictly cash, due to the fact that her company had never done business with OSBORNE before.

She advised that her records show that OSBORNE appeared on May 31, 1963, and placed a $4.00 down payment on his order. She stated that the handbills were made up on June 1, and locked up on June 3, 1963. She advised that

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN M. McCARTHY /dmm Date dictated 12/4/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

OSBORNE probably appeared on June 4, 1963, picked up his handbills and paid the balance of $5.89 in cash. The total cost for the handbills was $9.89.

Mrs. SILVER was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, at which time she stated she could not recognize the person represented in the picture as the person who placed the order for the handbills.

MYRA SILVER furnished the following items to SA McCARTHY:

1) Original rough draft layout for the above mentioned handbills.

2) Jones Printing Company job ticket # D-7548.

3) Three copies of finished handbill beginning, "Hands Off Cuba," which handbills were being retained as file copies by the Jones Printing Company.

NO 89-69/dmm

The above mentioned original rough draft layout, job ticket # D-7548 and three copies of the finished handbill have been furnished to the FBI Laboratory, Washington, D. C., for appropriate examination.

It is noted that the Jones Printing Company, 422 Girod Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, is opposite the side entrance of the William B. Reily Coffee Company, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Reproductions of the documents supplied by Mrs. SILVER are set out on the following pages:

HANDS OFF CUBA!

JOIN The FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA committee

NEW ORLEANS. CHAPTER

MEMBER BRANCH,

FREE LITERATURE, LECTURES.

LOCATION:

1½"

2"

EVERYONE WELCOME!

6

10cc

391 B

8 8

JOB TICKET

D 2548

Date [illegible]

For Cash

Description

1-h Cube Fair Play Circulars

JOB PROMISED June 4 PROOF

Composition

Size 6 inches wide x 9 inches high

Size ____ inches wide x ____ inches high

Hand Comp. ____ Mch. Comp. ____

Press

INK: Black Blue Red Purple Green Orange

Pressman ____

Bindery

Rule ____ Fold ____

Pad ____ Pads ____ in Pad ____

Bind ____ Books ____ Sheets ____ to Book

Number from ____ to ____ inclusive

Perforate ____ Punch 1-2-3-4 ____ in. ____ in. centers

STOCK

125 sh 10 x 24 [illegible]

JONES PRINTING COMPANY

394-C

HANDS OFF CUBA!

Join the Fair Play for Cuba Committee

NEW ORLEANS CHAPTER
MEMBERSHIP

Free Literature, Lectures

LOCATION:

EVERYONE WELCOME!

394-D

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/3/63

DOUGLAS JONES, Jones Printing Company, 422 Girod, New Orleans, LA advised after viewing the photograph of LEE OSWALD, that although he could not positively be sure, he said he did not believe the person ordering the printing of the handbills relating to Cuba last May 29th was OSWALD. He said to the best of his recollection the man ordering the handbills was a husky type person, on the order of a laborer. He said he remembered the person ordering the handbills did not have a Cuban accent and did not look like a Cuban to him and he therefore wondered why this person would be involved with the Cubans. He again stated that he could not positively say the person ordering the handbills was not OSWALD but he did not think it was. JONES said he could not furnish any other identifying data concerning the person ordering the handbills.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DONALD C. STEINMEYER/bap Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/4/63

ARTHUR B. NUESSLY, LA Printer, Jones Printing Company, New Orleans, Louisiana, was interviewed at his place of business, and advised that he recalls printing an order for 1,000 copies of a handbill, commencing with the words "Hands Off Cuba" and ending with the words "Everyone Welcome."

He stated that he recalls the order came in several months ago, exact date not recalled, and was completed within a few days. He stated that the printing used on the handbill could be described as Wood Gothic, Chilton Hand Extended, Chilton Hand Bold, Parson's Italic, and Gothic Bold. He advised that he had no contact at all with the person who placed the order. At this point NUESSLY, was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD which he failed to recognize.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN M. MCCARTHY /mh Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

GLYNN A. YOUNG, President, Direct Mail Enterprises, Inc., 424 Gravier Street, New Orleans, LA. was shown a photograph of LEE H. OSWALD taken by the New Orleans Police Department, on August 9, 1963, and he identified OSWALD as an individual who came alone to his shop and asked for an estimate on the price of printing 1,000 copies of a 4" x 9" form.

YOUNG said he gave OSWALD a price of approximately $9.00 and OSWALD said the price was too high and he wanted something cheaper. Mr. YOUNG said he referred OSWALD to a competitor, the Mailers Service Company, at 225 Magazine Street, and told OSWALD they could possibly print it at a cheaper rate.

YOUNG said JOHN I. ANDERSON, Mailers Service Company, brought the layout of the form to his shop to be typed. YOUNG said ANDERSON's mother and father were on vacation at the time, and there was no one to type it up at Mailers Service. YOUNG said he gave the layout to his typist, VALERIE PICOU, to be typed. LA

YOUNG said he recalls when OSWALD asked for the estimate he had a handwritten copy on a piece of paper. YOUNG said all he can recall of the contents on the paper was that it had something to do with "donations for Cuba."

YOUNG said he does not know what happened to the handwritten layout given to him by ANDERSON other than that he gave it to Miss PICOU.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA W. J. DANIELSON, JR. and SA DONALD J. STEINMEYER /dmm Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

VALERIE PICOU, typist, Direct Mail Enterprises, Inc., 424 Gravier Street, advised that she does not recall typing the application form for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 89-69

by SA W. J. DANIELSON, JR. :dmm Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

LA. New Orleans LA

JOHN I. ANDERSON, son of the owner, Mailers Service Company, 225 Magazine Street, was shown a photograph of LEE H. OSWALD taken by the New Orleans Police Department on August 9, 1963, and identified OSWALD as the individual who came to ANDERSON's company on June 3, 1963, and ordered 500 offset printed copies of an application form.

ANDERSON does not remember whether the original layout was printed, typed or handwritten. ANDERSON said he has not retained the original layout which OSWALD brought in and does not know what happened to it.

ANDERSON said the name he wrote on the bill for OSWALD was LEE OSBORNE. He said he could not remember whether this was the name given to him by OSWALD or whether when given the name he misunderstood and wrote OSBORNE instead of OSWALD.

ANDERSON said OSWALD had been sent to him by Mr. GLYNN A. YOUNG of Direct Mail Enterprises, Inc., 424 Gravier Street. He said that apparently YOUNG sent OSWALD to him as his company was too busy at the time to handle the order.

ANDERSON said that at the time OSWALD came into his shop, ANDERSON's mother and father were on vacation in Miami, Florida, and he had no one to type up the paper master copy for this printing job so he took it to Mr. GLYNN A. YOUNG of Direct Mail Enterprises, Inc., who had one of his girls type it up and then the printing job was done at Mailers Service Company.

ANDERSON said the job order for the above order showed that OSWALD received the printed matter on June 5, 1963. He said he recalled OSWALD returned and picked up the package which he gave to OSWALD and OSWALD paid $9.34 cash for the order.

ANDERSON said sometime later, date unknown, OSWALD again came to his company and ordered 300 copies of a 2½" x 3½" card which appeared to be some type of membership card.

ANDERSON had retained the original printed layout for this card given to him by OSWALD. ANDERSON said that this order was typed and run off in his shop and OSWALD returned a couple of days later to pick this order up. At the time he picked the order

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

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up, he remembers OSWALD was not satisfied with the job as he had wanted it on card type paper rather than the thick paper used. ANDERSON said, however, that OSWALD accepted the 300 copies and paid $3.50 cash at this time. He said OSWALD had not returned to his shop since that time.

ANDERSON said a complete search of the records of the business turned up no record for this sale and because of this he could not determine the date OSWALD brought in the original printed layout for this "membership card," nor could he determine the date OSWALD picked up the completed order. ANDERSON said he is fairly certain OSWALD must have come in either the latter part of June or during July or early August.

ANDERSON said OSWALD did not reorder any more copies of the application form or the membership card, nor did OSWALD place any other job orders at his shop.

ANDERSON furnished a printed copy of the application form entitled, "The Fair Play for Cuba Committee, New Orleans, La." ANDERSON also furnished the original layout of the "membership card" and also furnished a printed copy of this card.

NO 89-69

A printed copy of the application for membership form for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee has been forwarded to the FBI Laboratory for examination.

The original handprinted layout of the membership card in the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, New Orleans Chapter, and one printed copy of this card has been sent to the FBI Laboratory for examination.

The following pages contain exact reproductions of the application for membership form, the handwritten layout of the membership card and the printed copy of the membership card.

To: The Fair Play for Cuba Committee
New Orleans, La.

☐ I wish to join the Committee. Enclosed is my Initiation Fee of $1.00 and dues are $1.00 a month.

☐ I cannot participate as an active member of the Committee, but wish to become a subscriber to mailings. Enclosed find $5.00 for one year.

☐ I would like to have a more active part in supporting the cause of FPCC. Enclosed is my contribution for . . . . . .

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ Zone ___ State _____

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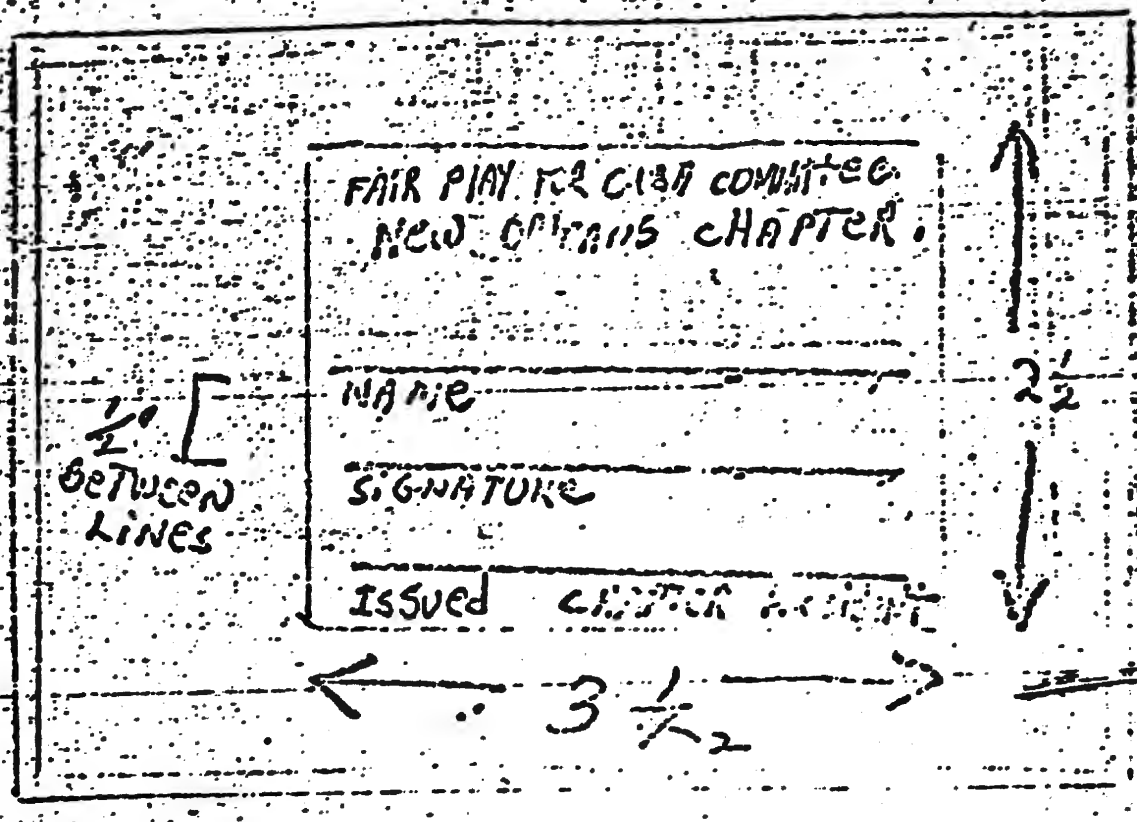

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
NEW ORLEANS CHAPTER

Name

Signature

Issued **Chapter President**

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Orleans, La.

Date 12/3/63

1 Mr. JOSEPH J JOHNSON, employed by James W Trout Printing, 417 Natchez, advised he currently resides at 4855 Feliciana Drive, New Orleans, La.

He said that LEE HARVEY OSWALD came into the shop in the late part of July, 1963, and requested 3,000 copies of a handbill at a special price. Mr. JOHNSON said they did not discuss price after OSWALD showed him a hand-written sample of the handbill he desired. Mr. JOHNSON continued that the sample furnished was written in pencil on cheap paper, which appeared to be brown wrapping paper. He said he recalls that a portion read, "Hands Off Cuba." He said OSWALD wanted delivery of the order on the following day. Mr. JOHNSON said he informed OSWALD at that point that he did not desire to do the job, whereupon OSWALD asked JOHNSON to recommend a shop. Mr. JOHNSON said he refused to make such a recommendation, and that OSWALD became annoyed and left. Mr. JOHNSON said he did not know where OSWALD went or even in what direction he traveled after leaving the shop.

He continued that OSWALD had not identified himself, but that he (JOHNSON) recalled OSWALD as the man with whom he spoke following the appearance of the photographs of OSWALD in the newspapers after the assassination of President KENNEDY. Mr. JOHNSON concluded by stating that he recalled OSWALD to have been dressed in a dirty brown khaki jacket and trousers. He said from all appearance, OSWALD was traveling on foot.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY :jas Date dictated 12/3/63

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NO 89-69/bap
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Copies of a handbill exhorting citizens of New Orleans to join the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, the original handbill having been found at the former home of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, were shown to those persons noted below. These individuals all advised printing of the handbill had not been done in their respective shops and that OSWALD was not known to them.

The following persons were contacted by Special Agent ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY on December 2 - 3, 1963:

ROY L. WILSON, SR. LA
Roy L. Wilson Printing
4518 Magazine New Orleans LA.

EUGENE L. COLLEY LA
Winston's Printing Shop
5019 Tchoupitoulas New Orleans LA.

WILLIAM B. BROWN LA
Royal Press
5930 Tchoupitoulas New Orleans LA.

ROLLA S. SCHWARTZ LA
Commercial Printing Company
1132 Tchoupitoulas New Orleans LA.

CHARLES M. IVES LA
Ives Business Forms
1009 Camp New Orleans LA.

GEORGE W. TELL LA
William Tell Printing
1500 Baronne New Orleans, LA.

MARTIN C. HORCHLER LA.
Acme Press
1841 Erato New Orleans LA.

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JULIA E COFFEY LA.
Edinburgh Printing Press
1813 Dryades New Orleans, LA.

JAMES B SIRGO LA
Southern Printing Co., Inc.
411 Tchoupitoulas New Orleans LA.

W. W HOCHSTEIN LA
Walle and Co., Inc.
401 Tchoupitoulas New Orleans LA.

JULIUS FORBES LA
Ben M. Wolf Printing Co., Inc.
609 Constance New Orleans LA

The following persons were contacted by Special Agent DONALD C. STEINMEYER on December 3, 1963:

Mr. V. A BROOME LA
American Printing Company
424 Camp Street New Orleans, LA.

Miss VERNA PURSELL LA
Rolfrey-Rodd-Pursell Company
332 Camp Street New Orleans LA.

ED SMITH LA.
Ed Smith's Stencil Works
426 Camp Street New Orleans, LA.

Mrs. NORMAN CALI LA
Clem Bernard Printing Company
500 Camp Street New Orleans, LA

LOUIS MAZANOLI LA
Display Printer
702 Camp Street

LAWRENCE BRIGHT
New Orleans Printing Company
811 Camp New Orleans LA.

The following persons were contacted by Special Agent JOHN M. McCARTHY on December 3, 1963:

HERBERT COLOMB LA
Colomb Printing and Stationery
524 Natchez New Orleans LA.

STANLEY HARRIS LA
Guide Publishing Company
516 Natchez New Orleans LA.

LESLIE WENDEL LA
Weidel Litographing
509 Poydras New Orleans, LA.

FRANK VICARI LA
Busy Printing Company
621 Poydras New Orleans LA.

LARRY LOGAN LA
Standard Printing
424 Poydras New Orleans, LA.

JOHN NEWMANN LA
Franklin Printing Company
631 Poydras New Orleans LA.

A. J. THIBERG LA
H. A. Thiberg
711 Poydras New Orleans, LA.

W. H. HAUSER LA
Houser Printing Company, Inc.
720 Poydras New Orleans, LA.

PHILIP D. HORIO, JR. LA.
Perry and Buckley Company
729 Poydras New Orleans LA.

LOUIS A. BREAUX LA
O'Donnell Brothers, Inc.
921 Lafayette New Orleans LA

J. F. DEVENPORT LA.
Devenport Brothers.
515 Lafayette New Orleans LA

GEORGE L. MAYER LA.
Peerless Printing Company
515 Lafayette New Orleans La.

JOSEPH A. PALERMO LA.
Advertising Sales Lab
513 Lafayette New Orleans Louisiana

The following persons were contacted by Special Agent W. M. DANIELSON, JR., on December 3, 1963:

SIDNEY CONSANS LA.
Gem Printing Company
122 St. Charles New Orleans LA.

J. E. JOLY LA
Joly Printing Company
309 Magazine Street New Orleans, LA

L. L. MARTIN L.
L. L. Martin, Inc.
439 Poydras Street New Orleans, LA

CARL MARTIN LA
L. L. Martin, Inc.
439 Poydras Street

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E. D. HOMES LA
Homes Printing Company
307 Magazine Street New Orleans, La.

JOHN FISCHER LA
Hyatt, Inc.,
407 Camp Street New Orleans LA

ALFRED GUERIN LA.
Cameron - Pierson Company
400 Camp Street New Orleans, LA

EDWIN BAYER LA
Bayer Printing Company
324 Picayune Place New Orleans, LA.

CHARLES BAGNETTO LA
Litho Service, Inc.
441½ Camp Street New Orleans, LA.

The following persons were contacted by Special Agent MERRIMAN D. DIVEN on December 3, 1963:

ROY LEONARD LA
Montgomery and Company
430 Chartres Street New Orleans, LA

GORDON RENTON LA
Printing Press, Inc.
518 Conti Street New Orleans LA.

BURT CARY LA
The Cary Press
329 Decatur Street New Orleans, LA.

CHARLES LOETZERICH LA.
Grad Printing Company
115 Decatur Street New Orleans LA.

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MIKE RIVAS LA
E. P. Rivas, Inc.
615 Bienville Street New Orleans, LA.

Miss ROSE HORNET LA.
Renton, Inc.,
617 Bienville Street New Orleans LA

Mrs. SIDNEY GOLDMAN LA
Goldman Label Company
441 Decatur Street New Orleans, LA.

FLORENT RATZ LA
Vieux Carre Printing Company
629 Toulouse Street New Orleans LA.

KEN DE RENNE LA
Mendola Brothers, Inc.
1305 Decatur Street New Orleans LA.

GEORGE JENNY LA
American Engraving Company
1307 Decatur Street New Orleans LA.

ARTHUR LABORDE LA
A. F. Laborde and Sons
516 Frenchman Street New Orleans LA.

ROBERT CROCKETT LA
Press Craft Printing Company
2210 Royal Street New Orleans LA

ROBERT E. STIEGLER LA
Gulf Printing Company
321 Exchange Place New Orleans, La

The following persons were contacted by Special Agent EUGENE E. BJORN on December 3, 1963:

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ANGUS ARD LA
B and B Printing
533 South Rampart New Orleans LA.

EDWARD W. RAPPOLD LA
Baudean, Inc.
531 Grovier New Orleans LA.

R. BRAUN LA
Braun Printers
608 O'Keefe New Orleans, LA.

JAMES CARNEY, JR. LA
Jack Carney and Son
828 South Rampart New Orleans LA.

AMOS G. PACKARD LA.
Coleman-Packard Printing Company
737 Baronne New Orleans LA.

HENRY GOLDMAN LA
Goldman Printing
827 Baronne New Orleans, LA.

Mrs. T. P. KENNEDY LA.
Monohan Brothers, Inc.
535 Gravier New Orleans LA.

Mrs. M. OSBORNE LA.
PAUL PIRCUIT, JR LA
Osborne Letter Service
513 Gravier New Orleans LA.

PAUL DORMINGNEZ LA.
Henri - Petetin, Inc.
123 Carondelet New Orleans LA.

LAURENCE A. SMITH LA
E. S. Upton Printing Company
746 Carondelet New Orleans LA.

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CHARLES ~~Y~~ SCHULTZ LA
~~Y~~ Victory Printing Company
533 Carondelet New Orleans, LA.

C. ~~Y~~ BERMUDEZ LA
Paul E. ~~S~~eiffert and Sons
624 Carondelet New Orleans LA.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

New Orleans LA.

FRANK GRIGO, Representative, E. S. Binning LA. Steamship Company, Inc., Room 724, Whitney National Bank Building, office telephone 529-5561, residence - 3705 Green Acres Road, Metairie, Louisiana, was interviewed at the New Orleans Press Club, International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, and advised that he is of Cuban origin and is familiar with many Cubans working and living in New Orleans, Louisiana, but added that he was not present at the Trade Mart during August, 1963, when LEE HARVEY OSWALD and possibly additional persons passed out handbills bearing the heading "Hands Off Cuba," although he stated he had followed coverage of this incident on television.

He was furnished photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and other individuals taken by a WDSU photographer on August 16, 1963, and made available for the use of the FBI and he stated that the only persons he would be able to identify from these photographs was OSWALD as well as a friend of his, Mrs. DELORES NEELEY, who he said worked in the New Orleans Export-Import Exchange Office in the International Trade Mart. He stated that possibly one white male, pictured in these photographs as apparently holding a stack of handbills similar to those being held in these photographs by OSWALD, might bear some resemblance to an individual who worked for the Waterman Steamship Company with main offices located at Puerto Rico and employed possibly on the 11th or 14th Floor of the American National Bank Building. He added that the indiviual referred to was from Nicaragua and added he believed this person was present at the Trade Mart on this occasion.

GRIGO also stated that he believed another individual who was of Cuban origin named (FNU) GUITEREZ, employed in the Columbian Invoice Section of the United Fruit Company located at 325 St. Charles Avenue (telephone 523-2351) had been present when handbills had been passed out at the International Trade Mart. He further added it was his understanding GUITEREZ had appeared on television in Channel 4, WWL-TV, films of this incident.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :sab Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

1

MR. LAWRENCE BRIGHT, LA-, Owner, New Orleans Printing Company, 811 Camp Street, advised that he knew of LEE OSWALD. He said that three or four months ago two Cuban acquaintances of his came into his shop and were highly incensed in view of the fact that they had just come from in front of the International Trade Mart and had seen OSWALD passing out pro-Castro handbills. BRIGHT said both these men were Cuban refugees and neigher of them spoke English, but had become very angry with OSWALD and with what he was doing because they had both lost everything as a result of CASTRO coming into power.

BRIGHT said he and his two Cuban acquaintances headed toward the International Trade Mart to see what was going on. BRIGHT said OSWALD was gone when they got to the Trade Mart. BRIGHT said he saw OSWALD on the street in New Orleans on one other occasion but he could not remember exactly when.

BRIGHT said he did not know the full names of the two Cuban refugees who had come into his shop, but said one of them was named RAFAEL, who was a sailor and whom he thought sailed out of Mobile, Alabama. BRIGHT said a Father ANTHONY, at Ozanam Inn, 829 Camp Street, is acquainted with RAFAEL and could identify him. BRIGHT said the second Cuban is a tall blonde, who is employed by the REISS Candy Company, 419 Decatur Street. BRIGHT said he could not recall this man's name.

BRIGHT went on to say that he had spent considerable time in Cuba and was fluent in Spanish. He stated these two Cubans who had come to him were friends of his even though he did not know their names.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA DONALD C. STEINMEYER/cay Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/3/63

GILBERTO J. GUITEREZ, home address 3902 Kansas Avenue, Kenner, Louisiana was contacted at his place of employment, United Fruit Company, 325 St. Charles Avenue, and after being advised of agent's identity furnished the following voluntary information:

He stated that he recalls being given a hand bill at the International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, sometime in August of 1963 but after glancing at the contents of the hand bill immediately discarded it. He stated that he does not recall who gave him the hand bill nor does he recall how many persons were passing out hand bills at this time.

GUITEREZ stated that he did not remain in the area of the International Trade Mart after being given the hand bill and does not recall seeing anyone that he recognized in the area of the Trade Mart during the period of time that he passed by it.

GUITEREZ was shown photographs which were taken at the International Trade Mart during the period of time that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was passing out hand bills in this area. He stated that he did not recognize any of the individuals appearing in these photographs other than LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that he was able to recognize OSWALD only because of the wide coverage on television being given to OSWALD regarding the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH /bda Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

JUNICHI (NMN) EHARA, LA Representative, Kasuga and Company, Ltd., Import-export firm, Room 325, International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, advised that sometime during the middle of August, 1963, he happened to be leaving the Trade Mart during the noon hour in the company of JOHN ALICE, owner of John Alice Export Company, Room 308, International Trade Mart, when he observed at least two persons outside of this building passing out handbills. He stated that a young man handed ALICE one of these bills with the wording, "Hands Off Cuba" printed thereon, and immediately ALICE began arguing with this person.

He stated he possibly observed this activity at the location of the International Trade Mart for approximately five minutes and observed, in particular, one white male, approximately 25-30, height 5'7", weight 150 lbs., whom he afterwards recognized from television and newspaper coverage concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, as LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He described the other individual passing out circulars as a white male younger than OSWALD in his early 20's, 6' tall, weighing about 200 lbs.

EHARA was furnished photographs made available to the FBI by radio station WDSU, New Orleans, representing the activity of persons passing out handbills at the International Trade Mart on August 16, 1963, and EHARA identified himself among several of the photographs and picked out the individual who was passing out handbills on this occasion, and whom he had identified as OSWALD from television photographs.

EHARA also identified JOHN ALICE from among these photographs, but added that he was unable to identify any other individuals represented in these photographs. He stated that he had not seen any of the individuals passing out handbills on any previous occasion, nor has he seen them on occasion subsequent to the one described above.

After the above incident, he stated that he went to lunch, and when he returned from lunch, no persons were seen passing out handbills at 124 Camp Street.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /mrk Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

THOMAS J. KENNAIR, LA, owner, KENNAIR, PUBLIC RELATIONS FIRM, 3 Flamingo Street, stated that while he operates his public relations firm from an office at his residence, he nevertheless has numerous occasions during the day to meet with friends and associates at the International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street.

He stated that he recalled an incident sometime during August, 1963, when he possibly was in the company of MRS. DOLORES NEELEY, connected with Bloomfield Enterprises with offices in the International Trade Mart, and recalled seeing two or three individuals passing out handbills around the noon hour at the Trade Mart Building.

He advised that he was aware that radio station, WDSU, as well as television station WWL, had sent photographers to this location and stated he would not be surprised to see himself represented in some of the photographs taken by these stations. He stated it was not until November 22, 1963, when he observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television, that he recalled that one individual passing out handbills on this occasion was identical with OSWALD. He stated he recognized another white male with OSWALD when he passed out handbills at this Mart and stated he would be unable to describe this individual except to say he was a tall, "husky" type of individual.

KENNAIR was furnished several photographs taken by radio station, WDSU, on this occasion and made available for the use of the FBI, but he stated that he neither saw himself represented in any of these photographs, nor would he be able to identify any of the persons except OSWALD and his friend, MRS. DOLORES NEELEY, whom he said he identified among these photographs.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /mrk Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

LA.

ROBERT ~~X~~ POSTLETHWAIT, Bartender, Mart Cocktail Lounge, Room 115, International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, advised that he has worked as bartender at this lounge for more than 13 years. He stated that he regularly works from 9 AM until 6 PM and added that seldom does he leave the International Trade Mart during his working day. He stated that he recalled an incident involving several persons who supposedly were passing out handbills in front of the International Trade Mart sometime during August, 1963, but he explained that he had not observed any of these activities, and the only basis for all information in his possession was a report that a customer had given him on this occasion.

POSTLETHWAIT was furnished several photographs made available to the FBI by radio station WDSU which depicted persons passing out handbills at 124 Camp Street on August 16, 1963. He advised that he was unable to pick out any of the individuals represented in these photographs with the exception of JOHN ALICE, who he said operated an Import-export firm at the Trade Mart, and likewise picked out a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD whom he said he recognized from television and newspaper coverage of the assassination of the President.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /mrk Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

Mrs. DELORES NEELEY, secretary, Bloomfield Enterprises, connected with New Orleans Export-Import Exchange, Room 101 International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, advised that she recalled an occasion sometime during August, 1963, when she was leaving the International Trade Mart during the noon hour when she happened to observe a friend of hers, JOHANN RUSH employed as a photographer for WDSU Television Station standing outside the entrance to 124 Camp Street and asked him what he was doing there. She stated that she also observed that RUSH was taking photographs of two or possibly three persons who were passing out hand bills and also observed that one of these persons was subsequently arrested in connection with the assassination of JOHN F. KENNEDY and that this person's picture was widely displayed on television. She stated that she also observed a person taller than OSWALD on this occasion assisting him in passing out hand bills but explained that she would be unable to furnish any additional identiying data relative to this person. She advised that she stood with RUSH and observed the activity possibly for almost five minutes before she and RUSH entered the Trade Mart where they had lunch together. She stated that after finishing lunch she and RUSH walked outside and observed that no one was then passing out hand bills at this location.

She also examined several photographs made available to the FBI by television station WDSU as representing photographs taken of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and others on October 16, 1963 and Mrs. NEELEY picked out photographs of herself, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, JOHN ALICE, and a person whose first name she did not know but whose last name was EHARA. In addition, Mrs. NEELEY stated that she identified one person from among these photographs as JAMES LAWRENCE associated with Cross Country Development Company, 3355 Poplar Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee as a spectator of the activity on this occasion and explained that the company just named was a subsidiary of Bloomfield Enterprises, a company for which she was employed, and also connected with the New Orleans Export-Import Exchange. She added for information that LAWRENCE would be visiting New Orleans, Louisiana within a two week period and stated that he could be contacted through her office at the International Trade Mart.

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On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK /bda Date dictated 12/2/63

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For additional information Mrs. NEELEY stated that while she was personally unable to pick out any additional persons represented in the photographs presented her, she stated that a friend of hers WILLIAM CUSPERT ~~BRADY~~, one time director of the Pan American Center at New Orleans, Louisiana, and a Cuban who taught at the New Orleans Academy was very familiar with Cuban persons living in the New Orleans area and possibly would be able to furnish information relative to this matter. She stated she knew of no address for BRADY but believes that he lives somewhere on Dauphine Street.

NO 89-69/sms

JOHN A. ROLFES, JR., Office Manager, Waterman of Puerto Rico Steamship Lines, Room 818, National Bank of Commerce Building, advised that he did have in his employ one individual from Nicaragua. He stated that this individual's name was ALEXIS GUILLEN who was just married and currently is on his honeymoon (whereabouts unknown) until December 16, 1963. Mr. ROLFES further stated that GUILLEN is an office employee who works in the main office and the only time he could be around the International Building would be on his lunch hour. Mr. ROLFES stated that he often goes to the International Building and after viewing photos of those persons who were photographed with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in front of the International Trade Mart passing out the Fair Play for Cuba Committee leaflets, stated that he recognized no one.

4/18

NO 89-69/gas

The following persons were contacted by SA's JAMES ROYCE PECK, WILLIAM L. NEWBROUGH and JOHN WILLIAM MILLER on December 4, 1963, and after being shown photographs taken from the WDSU TV newsreel of individuals in the vicinity of the International Trade Mart Building on August 16, 1963, at the time LEE HARVEY OSWALD was passing out the Fair Play for Cuba leaflets. All of the individuals advised that they did not recognize any of the persons in the photographs other than OSWALD. They stated they recognized OSWALD due to the nationwide television and newspaper coverage of the assassination:

Mrs. HOPE KRISTOFFERSEN, Placement Unit Supervisor, Louisiana State Employment Service

Mr. JOHN R. RACHAL, Placement Interviewer, Louisiana State Employment Service

Mrs. MARGARET HOWER, Receptionist, Louisiana State Employment Service

WILLIAM A. FAHEY, Counselor, Louisiana State Employment Service

D. E. WILSON, Supervisor of Technical Services, Louisiana State Employment Service

GERMINAL MESSINA, District Supervisor, Louisiana State Employment Service

JOHN B. DUARTE, Employment Security Technician, Louisiana State Employment Service

ROBERT DONOVAN, Employee Service Representative, Louisiana State Employment Service

CHAMP VINETE, Division Supervisor, Louisiana State Employment Service

NO 89-69/gas

Mrs. MARY ~~S.~~ MELVILLE, Test Administrator, Louisiana State Employment Service

JOHN KELLEHER, Unit Four Supervisor, Louisiana State Employment Service

CLEMENCIA ~~ALMEIDA~~, Spanish Secretary, M. L. Queen Company, Spraying Systems Company.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

Mr. JOHN CORPORAN, WDSU-TV News Room, advised that his station made three films concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that one is a silent film taken on August 16, 1963, at New Orleans when OSWALD was distributing leaflets. Mr. CORPORAN stated the second was a silent film taken on the date of OSWALD's court appearance which was made outside of Municipal Court at New Orleans. The third is a sound film interview which was made August 21, 1963, at the WDSU Studios a few minutes after an audio tape had been made of a debate in which OSWALD participated.

Mr. CORPORAN stated that single-frame prints were made of parts of the silent film when OSWALD was distributing leaflets and these prints have already been furnished to the FBI and to the Secret Service. He stated that a duplicate print of the silent film of OSWALD distributing leaflets has been furnished to the Secret Service. He stated that he was arranging through his film staff to have a copy of all three film clips made today for the FBI. He stated these duplicates would be prepared by Pan American Films, 822 North Rampart Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, and could be picked up between 5 and 5:30 p.m. today.

Mr. CORPORAN furnished an 8" by 10" enlargement of a photograph of a school classroom in which OSWALD was facing the camera. Mr. CORPORAN stated that this print was made from a shapshot furnished to him by EDWARD VOEBEL, who was as associate of OSWALD during the time OSWALD was attending junior high school at New Orleans. Mr. CORPORAN stated that he did not know the year this photograph was made, but stated it was made at Beauregard Junior High School, New Orleans, Louisiana, and the class was English 202. Mr. CORPORAN pointed out that this photograph has never been published and that he had forwarded the negative to Life Magazine in New York to determine if they desired to use it and that the negative would be returned to WDSU-TV.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN :gms Date dictated 12/3/63

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Mr. CORPORAN stated that the two silent films and one sound film described above were the only films of OSWALD made by his station. He stated that the 25 minute audio tape which was made August 21, 1963, has already been made available to the FBI.

(Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

CARLOS BRINGUIER, Director, Cuban Exiles Student Revolutionary Group, employed Casa Roca Clothing Store, 107 Decatur Street, advised that as Director of the above-named Cuban organization, he was in a position to be acquainted with persons of Cuban nationality living in New Orleans, Louisiana.

He stated that he was not himself present in the area of the International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, on August 16, 1963, when LEE HARVEY OSWALD and possibly others passed out handbills marked, "Hands Off Cuba", but added that he had viewed television coverage of this activity on New Orleans television station Channel 6 on the evening of August 16, 1963. BRINGUIER was furnished photographs taken at the International Trade Mart on this occasion by a photographer of WDSU Television Station, and he advised that he was not familiar with any person represented in these photographs, with the exception of OSWALD, whom he said was known to him through television and newspaper coverage of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JAMES ROYCE PECK :jas Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

EDWARD VOEBEL, 4916 Canal Street, New Orleans, La. telephonically advised that while he was attending Beauregard Junior High School at New Orleans he was requested to take pictures at the school to be used in the year book. Mr. VOEBEL was unable to recall the exact year that he took these pictures but believes that it was in his last year at Beauregard. He remembered taking a photograph in English 202 in which all of the individuals in the classroom were facing away from the camera with the exception of LEE HARVEY OSWALD who turned and faced the camera in a clown-like attitude.

Mr. VOEBEL stated that he, VOEBEL, as best he can recall, was not a member of this particular class, but had been going from room to room, stopping unannounced, and taking photographs of the classes in session. He stated that he believes OSWALD may have taken the attitude he did in this photograph because he knew VOEBEL and happened to see him come into the room. Mr. VOEBEL stated that this action on the part of OSWALD appeared spontaneous and was not posed at the suggestion of VOEBEL. Mr. VOEBEL stated that he made this photograph available to the WDSU-TV News Service, New Orleans, Louisiana.

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on 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent NATHAN O. BROWN :gaa (cjr) Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

RUFUS ~~RIVERS~~ LA, News Staff, WWL-TV, advised that his station made films of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on August 16, 1963, when OSWALD was passing out leaflets at New Orleans. Mr. RIVERS stated that he had arranged for a duplicate print to be made of this film and the duplicate is presently in possession of Mr. MILTON LE BLANC, Pan American Films, 822 North Rampart Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Mr. RIVERS stated that this is the only film of OSWALD that was made by WWL-TV.

4/21

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN :gas Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

Mr. MILTON LE BLANC, Pan American Films, 822 North Rampart Street, made available a duplicate copy of a 16 mm motion picture film which he stated he had been holding for the FBI at the request of WWL-TV, New Orleans, Louisiana.

426

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN :gas Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 3, 1963

FRANK RICHARD, Pan American Films, 822 North Rampart Street, made available a duplicate copy of a 16 mm motion picture film which he stated he had been holding for the FBI at the request of WDSU-TV, New Orleans, Louisiana.

427

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA NATHAN O. BROWN :gas Date dictated 12/3/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/4/63

Mr. JOHN LA MARTIN, Principal, Beauregard Junior High School, New Orleans, Louisiana, made available a school copy of the 1955 annual yearbook. In the lower left hand corner of page twenty-two of this book appears a photograph of LEE OSWALD.

Photographs were made of LEE OSWALD's picture by SA DONALD C. STEINMEYER on 2¼ by 3¼ Tri-X with a Graflex fingerprint camera.

During contact with Mr. MARTIN he exhibited a class record card for the 1954-55 school year at Beauregard which reflects that LEE HARVEY OSWALD attended English 202 under the instruction of Mrs. H. DUFOUR. Mr. MARTIN stated that Mrs. HELEN DUFOUR who taught this class was still a member of the faculty at Beauregard Junior High but does not remember OSWALD at all.

428

on 12/4/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent SA DONALD C. STEINMEYER and SA NATHAN O. BROWN /dmk Date dictated 12/4/63

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NO 89-69
JLQ:sab

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY at New Orleans, Louisiana, on December 3, 1963:

Major PRESLEY J. TROSCLAIR, JR., Commander, Intelligence Unit, New Orleans Police Department, advised that he was familiar with the Cuban Student Directorate and its director, CARLOS BRINGUIER; however, he had no information regarding PHILLIP GERACI. He stated further his files did not reflect any information with respect to anyone being stopped and told they could not sell bonds for the Cuban Student Directorate without a permit.

Mr. HENRY A. DIEBOLD, Tax Administrator, Bureau of Treasury, City of New Orleans, City Hall, informed that his department normally handles the granting of permits in connection with parades and solicitation of handbills and products in the city of New Orleans; however, occasionally persons come to his office to obtain permits to solicit funds or make complaints with reference to individuals soliciting without a permit. Mr. DIEBOLD said that his files did not reflect any information with respect to anyone being stopped from soliciting funds for the Cuban Student Directorate in New Orleans. He further said the names of CARLOS BRINGUIER and PHILLIP GERACI did not appear in his files.

LA

Mr. DIEBOLD stated if such a complaint had been received in his department he would have known about it.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

1

JOSEPH M. ORLESH, Secretary to Director of Finance, City of New Orleans, City Hall, advised that his files reflected a notation to the effect that in August (exact date not noted) he received an anonymous telephonic tip to the effect that the Cuban Student Directorate and CARLOS BRINGUIER, whose place of business is at Casa Rocca, 107 Decatur Street, were soliciting or selling bonds for the purpose of raising funds to help people in Cuba free themselves from the FIDEL CASTRO Regime.

Mr. ORLESH stated the notation in his file showed that on August 15, 1963, he personally went to 107 Decatur Street and saw CARLOS BRINGUIER and told BRINGUIER he had received a complaint to the effect that the Cuban Student Directorate, of which BRINGUIER was understood to be the head of, had been either soliciting or selling bonds in order to raise money for Cubans to fight CASTRO. Mr. ORLESH stated that BRINGUIER told him this was not correct, and neither BRINGUIER nor the Cuban Student Directorate were selling or soliciting bonds for any purpose. Mr. ORLESH stated that he cautioned BRINGUIER about any solicitation or selling bonds without securing a permit and as he left he gave BRINGUIER an application for a permit to solicit funds.

Although he does not have any further notations with reference to this, Mr. ORLESH recalled that several days later BRINGUIER came to his office in City Hall and told him that he was not planning to file an application for the purpose of soliciting in New Orleans at that time but was going to discuss the securing of a permit with the officials of the Cuban Student Directorate in Miami, Florida, for the purpose of ascertaining if such a permit should be secured. Mr. ORLESH said that since that time he has had no contact with BRINGUIER nor has BRINGUIER or anyone representing the Cuban Student Directorate filed an application for a permit to solicit funds.

L/80

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN LESTER QUIGLEY :sab Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

Mr. CARLOS BRINGUIER, Cuban Student Directorate, operator of Casa Rocca, 107 Decatur Street, advised that he is the head of the Cuban Student Directorate in New Orleans and is aware of its activities. Around the first part of August an American boy, age about 15, PHILLIP GERACI, came to him and asked what he could do to help. He gave GERACI some ten dollar bonds which are put out by the Directorate to raise money to help Cuban refugees. GERACI sold these bonds and came back for more. He then gave him some twenty dollar bonds. Just before LEE HARVEY OSWALD came into the store on August 5, 1963, GERACI came in and told him that he was stopped by an officer who told him that he could not sell the bonds without a permit. As a result the bond selling was then discontinued. GERACI was present when OSWALD came in the store and at the time GERACI had mentioned that he had not told his father about the work he was doing for the Directorate whereupon BRINGUIER lectured GERACI like a "Father Confessor" and told GERACI he should abide by his parent's wishes.

Mr. BRINGUIER advised that he was not served nor was the Directorate served with any papers in connection with the bond selling. He did go to the permit office and obtained a permit form but never submitted it. He said that he suspected that someone might have made a complaint to the permit office about the selling of the bonds but had nothing to substantiate this. He said they were not selling any such things as invasion bonds.

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On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by SA JOHN T. REYNOLDS/bap/bja Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

CARLOS ZERVIGON, teacher, St. Martin's Episcopal School, 5309 Airline Highway, Jefferson Parish, Louisiana, advised that he was formerly a Spanish teacher at F. T. Nichols High School, stated that he was in favor of CASTRO's policy when he (ZERVIGON) arrived in the United States from Cuba. He advised that he became interested in the Fair Play for Cuba committee and attempted to find a New Orleans chapter of this committee. He advised that his attempts were unsuccessful and that prior to August, 1963, that he had become disenchanted with CASTRO and made no further attempts to find a New Orleans chapter of the Fair Play for Cuba committee. He advised that he has never heard of the Fair Play for Cuba being established in New Orleans and has not attempted to contact or has never been contacted by LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 12/2/63 at Jefferson Parish, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent JOHN M. McCARTHY /bda:BJD Date dictated 12/2/63

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NO 89-69 /dba

LUIS M. ZERVIGON, 714 Fern Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, was contacted at his place of employment, Michoud Operations, and advised that he has never been contacted, nor has he contacted LEE HARVEY OSWALD at any time.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

Mr. CHARLES BAUGH, 677 Fielding Avenue (Terrytown), Gretna, Louisiana, a graduate student in the Department of Biochemistry, Tulane University Medical School, observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and advised he did not know OSWALD and had never seen him. Mr. BAUGH volunteered the information that approximately two years ago he began receiving unsolicited literature mailed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) at the address 6440 South Claiborne Avenue. He stated he continued to receive this literature up until the time that he moved to his new address. He stated he had never belonged to the FPCC and often wondered how the FPCC obtained his name and address.

4134

On 12/2/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

SAs MILTON R. KAACK

by & L. M. SHEARER, JR. /lyc Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/29/63

M. G. LOWMAN, Executive Secretary, Circuit Riders, Inc., 110 Government Place, Cincinnati, Ohio, advised on November 29, 1963, that on Tuesday, November 26, 1963, he had occasion to be in New Orleans, Louisiana, on personal business and entered into conversation with JOSEPH D. VINSON, a private detective who resides at Metairie, Louisiana. LOWMAN advised he has known VINSON several years and has had many conversations with him during this period. LOWMAN advised during the conversation with VINSON on November 26, 1963, he inquired if VINSON knew of any possible connection between LEE HARVEY OSWALD and the Southern Conference Educational Fund. VINSON replied he had no evidence of any such connection. VINSON added he had recently received information that sometime during the period when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was arrested at New Orleans, Louisiana, after passing out circulars concerning the Fair Play For Cuba Committee (FPCC) it was reported to VINSON that a number of FPCC circulars were found on the street in the 1100 block of Pine Street, New Orleans. VINSON advised LOWMAN that in connection with these FPCC circulars, he learned that the night before the circulars were found, a person believed to be a lady living in the 1100 block of Pine Street, New Orleans, became suspicious of a Ford automobile parked on this street near her home. This person reportedly took the license number of the Ford automobile. The following morning this person noted the Ford automobile had been removed from the space it occupied and that there was found on the street in this place a small pile of FPCC circulars.

VINSON speculated that the FPCC circulars had either fallen out of or been thrown out of the Ford automobile that occupied this space. VINSON also speculated that one LEONARD REISSMAN described by VINSON as a "liberal", resides at 1121 Pine Street, New Orleans, and that FORREST E. LA VIOLETTE resides at 1307 Pine Street, New Orleans. LOWMAN and VINSON discussed the fact that LA VIOLETTE is listed on Page 532 of the book entitled "6000 Educators" published by M. G. LOWMAN as having public record affiliation with the Southern Conference Educational Fund. LOWMAN stated neither he nor VINSON knew of any association or connection between OSWALD and REISSMAN or LA VIOLETTE, but speculated on the possibility that OSWALD may have been using the Ford automobile which was parked in the 1100 block on Pine Street for transportation in the distribution of FPCC circulars. LOWMAN stated he and VINSON discussed the coincidence that REISSMAN and LA VIOLETTE reside in this

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on 11/29/63 at Cincinnati, Ohio File # 62-2758

by Special Agent THOMAS P. SCOLLARD/mjf (cjr) Date dictated 11/29/63

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neighborhood where the small pile of FPCC circulars were found during the period when OSWALD was arrested at New Orleans for circulating FPCC leaflets.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES J. O'CONNOR, at Miami, Florida:

B. [illegible] 1939

Cuban political exile, JOSE ANTONIO GONZALEZ LANUSA, age 24, Intelligence Officer for the DRE at Miami, and resident at 8530 S. W. 27th Lane, Miami, Florida, stated on November 23, 1963, that on the evening of November 22, 1963, he had been in telephonic conversation with PAUL BETHEL and DIANA GONZALEZ, an officer and secretary, respectively, for the Citizens Committee for a Free Cuba, located in Washington, D. C. LANUSA said he told BETHEL that during the first week of September, 1963, FIDEL CASTRO, at a reception in the Brazilian Embassy in Havana, Cuba, had allegedly remarked to unknown diplomats that the leaders of the United States would be killed if they planned or engaged in aggression against Cuba.

USA

LANUSA denied that he had told the representatives of the Citizens Committee for a Free Cuba that "if the United States causes him (CASTRO) difficulty, he (CASTRO) has facilities to 'knock off' the United States leaders". LANUSA declined to name his source of information, claiming it was a friend who had contact with some diplomat.

On November 24, 1963, a representative of another Government agency which conducts intelligence investigations at Miami, advised that the sources of LANUSA's information regarding the alleged threat by CASTRO against leaders of the United States were the "Miami Herald", published at Miami, Florida, edition of September 9, 1963, and a weekly bulletin put out by Cuban exiles at Miami under the name "Voice of Cuba", in its edition of September 13, 1963. The representative stated that no diplomat was involved as source of the information, and the threat by CASTRO was covered by the press in the United States.

MM
DL 100-10461

The weekly bulletin report on Cuba in its issue of September 13, 1963, contained an item which translated from the Spanish, stated as follows:

"CASTRO took advantage of a reception in the Brazilian Embassy, Havana, to berate the leaders of American governments...Specifically the Red leader announced reprisals against Democratic leaders should any of his (CASTRO's) accomplices suffer personal aggressions."

EVELIO LEY, an officer in the Directorio Revolucionario Estudiantil (DRE) (Students Revolutionary Directorate), an anti-CASTRO organization with offices at 1705 S. W. 3rd Avenue, Miami, Florida, advised on November 22, 1963, that LEE H. OSWALD in August, 1963, at New Orleans, Louisiana, had offered his services to the DRE delegate at New Orleans, Louisiana, in the capacity of military instructor, based on OSWALD's former United States Marine Corps experience.

According to LEY, CARLOS BRINGUIER, DRE delegate at New Orleans, discovered OSWALD's association with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC), and OSWALD was rejected for affiliation with the DRE. LEY stated OSWALD reportedly spoke both Spanish and Russian. Also, according to LEY, following the discovery by the DRE at New Orleans that OSWALD was a CASTRO sympathizer, he, OSWALD, engaged in a debate with CARLOS BRINGUIER over New Orleans radio station WDSU during August, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 29, 1963

MATT WILSON, 14714 NE Hancock, Portland, Oregon, operator of the Wilson Construction Company, at the same address, advised that he attended an electrical contractors' convention in New Orleans, Louisiana, in August, 1963. He was accompanied by J. PAT DOYLE of Portland, who also is in the electrical construction business.

Both men were accompanied by their wives and children. Mr. WILSON's family consisted of his wife and two children, a daughter, MARSHA, age 13, and a son, DONALD, 11. The DOYLE family was made up of Mr. and Mrs. DOYLE and their two young children, JIM, age 14, and SHARON, 11.

In the afternoon of Friday, August 9, 1963, at about four o'clock, the two families were walking along Canal Street in New Orleans. Mrs. WILSON and Mrs. DOYLE and their two daughters were walking approximately a quarter of a block ahead of their husbands and two sons. The location of the entire group was some five blocks toward the Mississippi River from the Jung Hotel.

As Mr. WILSON and his companions reached a point about the middle of the block, they noted a young man who was wearing a yellow-colored sign on his front and carrying leaflets in his hand. The sign bore pro-Cuban wording, including the words, "Viva la Castro" or something similar. There were other words which favored Cuba, but which Mr. WILSON could not remember.

About the time that this young man was observed, a group of individuals who appeared to be Cubans approached and took issue with him. Police officers soon arrived on the scene and prevented further trouble, but not before the leaflets were torn from the man's hand and scattered on the sidewalk.

Mr. WILSON seemed to recall that during the difficulty, a placard on a stick was leaning against a light post nearby.

440

on 11/27/63 at Portland, Oregon File # PD 44-225 DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM S. BROWN & JULIUS A. BERNARD:msg:mam Date dictated 11/29/63

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He could not recall any of the wording thereon.

The young demonstrator eventually was placed in a police patrol car and taken from the scene.

During the incident, motion pictures were taken by young JIM ~~DOYLE~~. LO.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 29, 1963

Mrs. MATT WILSON, 14714 NE Hancock, Portland, said that she accompanied her husband to New Orleans, Louisiana, in August, 1963. Mr. WILSON attended an electrical contractors' convention, and Mrs. WILSON and their two children, MARSHA, age 13, and DONALD, 11, made the trip with him. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. J. PAT DOYLE of Portland and their two children, JIM, age 14, and SHARON, 11, since Mr. DOYLE attended the convention with Mr. WILSON.

At about four o'clock in the afternoon of Friday, August 9, 1963, the two families were walking along Canal Street in New Orleans, the two women and the two young girls preceding their husbands and the boys by about a quarter of a block. The location was approximately five blocks toward the Mississippi River from the Jung Hotel.

As the women reached a point about the middle of the block, they noticed a young man who was wearing some kind of a sign. At about the same time, a group of individuals on the sidewalk who apparently disagreed with the young man, approached him and started to argue. Since trouble appeared imminent, Mrs. WILSON and Mrs. DOYLE hurried with their young daughters on along the sidewalk, away from the immediate trouble zone. Police officers arrived almost immediately, however, and prevented further difficulty. They took the young demonstrator from the scene in a patrol car.

Mrs. WILSON said that she did not note any of the wording on the sign worn by the demonstrator.

During the incident, young JIM DOYLE took motion pictures of the difficulty.

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on 11/27/63 at Portland, Oregon 4/42 File # Portland 44-225 DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM S. BROWN & JULIUS A. BERNARD:msg·mam Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1

Mrs. J. PAT (CHARLEEN) DOYLE, 1107 SE 123rd Ave., Portland, Oregon, advised that she accompanied her husband to New Orleans, Louisiana, in August 1963, where Mr. DOYLE attended an electrical contractors' convention. Making the trip with them were their two young children, JIM, age 14, and SHARON, age 11.

Accompanying the DOYLES to New Orleans were Mr. and Mrs. MATT WILSON of Portland and their two children, MARSHA, age 13, and DONALD, age 11. Mr. WILSON attended the convention with Mr. DOYLE.

On the afternoon of Friday, August 9, 1963, at about four o'clock, the two families were walking along Canal Street in New Orleans, some five blocks toward the Mississippi River from the Jung Hotel. Mrs. DOYLE and Mrs. WILSON, with their daughters, were walking approximately a quarter of a block in front of Mr. DOYLE, Mr. WILSON and the boys. About the middle of the block, they passed two young men who were carrying signs, which bore pro-Cuban wording. One of the men was carrying a placard on a stick and the other wore on his front, a yellow or orange colored sign which, as part of its wording, said, "Viva la Fidel." The two men also were carrying leaflets in their hands.

Shortly after the women passed these men, a disturbance started when other individuals, who had the appearance of Cubans, started arguing with the demonstrators. The placard was smashed, and the leaflets scattered on the sidewalk. Police officers soon appeared, however, and prevented further trouble. They also placed the two young men in a patrol car, along with the pieces of the placard, and took them from the scene.

During the difficulty, motion pictures were taken of the incident by young JIM DOYLE.

Since the assassination of President KENNEDY, Mrs. DOYLE and her family viewed the pictures taken by her son and had agreed that the demonstrator who wore the yellow-colored sign strongly resembled photos they had seen of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 11/26/63 at Portland, Oregon File # Portland 44-25

by Special Agent JULIUS A. BERNARD and WILLIAM S. BROWN:rcn: mja Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1 Charles T Doyle

On 11/26/63 at Portland, Oregon, JAMES PAT DOYLE, 1107 SE 123rd Avenue, Portland, Oregon, advised that he is employed in electrical construction work for the Charles T. Parker Construction Co. in Portland. In August, 1963, he attended an electrical contractors' conventin in New Orleans, Louisiana. He was accompanied by MATT WILSON, who also is in the electrical construction business in Portland. Both men were accompanied to New Orleans by their wives and two children.

At about 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Friday, August 9, 1963, Mr. DOYLE, Mr. WILSON and the young son of each were walking on Canal Street in New Orleans, approximatdy a quarter of a block behind Mrs. DOYLE, Mrs. WILSON and their two daughters. As they reached a point approximately in the middle of a block, some five blocks toward the Mississippi River from the Jung Hotel, they observed two young men who were carrying signs which bore pro-Cuban inscriptions. They had leaflets in their hands. One of the men wore on his front a yellow or orange-colored sign which bore as part of its inscription, the words, "Viva la Fidel."

As Mr. DOYLE, Mr. WILSON and their two sons reached the scene, a group of persons who appeared to be Cubans took issue with the two demonstrators and almost immediately, police officers arrived and prevented trouble. After a short discussion, the demonstrators were placed in a patrol car by the officers and taken from the scene. During the argument, a placard carried by the demonstrator not wearing the sign was smashed and the leaflets were torn from the hands of the men and scattered on the sidewalk. The pieces of the placard were placed in the patrol car when the men were taken away.

Motion pictures of the incident were taken by JIM DOYLE, 14-year-old son of Mr. DOYLE.

Following the assassination of President KENNEDY, Mr. DOYLE and other members of his family viewed the film taken in New Orleans and were agreed that the pictures of the young man who wore the yellow-colored sign strongly resembled photographs they had seen of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 11/26/63 at Portland, Oregon 44 File # Portland 44-225

by Special Agents JULIUS A. BERNARD & WILLIAM S. BROWN/djl: mja Date dictated 11/27/63

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LA 89-75
WJM:mjg
1

JOSE M. DEETJEN, 2968 Sussex Lane, Los Angeles, California, self-identified as the Delegate of the anti-Castro Cuban organization "Cuban Student Directorate" (Directorio Revolucionario Estudiantil, Headquarters address: P. O. B. #805, Miami 1, Florida)(DRE) in Los Angeles, advised SAs ROBERT H. KARL and WILLIAM J. MC CAULEY on November 27, 1963 that according to Page 3 of "The Cuban Report", English language publication, dated November 25, 1963 at Miami:

"The Cuban Student Directorate submits the following data on the background and activities of the prime suspect of the assassination of the President of the United States, JOHN F. KENNEDY. LEE HARVEY OSWALD... stayed in Russia until 1962, when he requested and obtained permission from the United States Embassy to return to the United States. Back in the United States, he lived in Fort Worth, Texas, and from there went to New Orleans to organize a delegation of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. On August 21, 1963, OSWALD and the Cuban Student Directorate delegate in New Orleans, CARLOS BRINGUIER, held a debate through the WDSU Radio Station of that city on account of a public disturbance acurred in Canal Street a few days before. On August 9, the delegate of the Cuban Student Directorate was walking through the streets when he saw an American spreading CASTRO's propaganda and holding a sign that read, 'Hands off Cuba' and 'Send food and medicines to Cuba, not comandos'. Three days before, the same man had visited the store where the offices of the Cuban Student Directorate are located. He asked for propaganda and offered his cooperation as a trainer in military tactics, as he had once been in the Marine Corps. Because our delegate, CARLOS BRINGUIER, found him suspicious, he did not give OSWALD a definite answer. Days after, he again visited our offices where this time he left a book entitled, 'Guide Book for Marines', with his name and army serial number written inside. When our delegate found OSWALD spreading on the streets Marxist propaganda published by the Fair Play for

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Cuba Committee, they started an argument that ended up with the arrest of OSWALD, CARLOS BRINGUIER, and his two companions MIGUEL CRUS and CELSO HERNANDEZ. They were taken to the police headquarters and released on a bail bond of $25 cash. The trial was held on August 12.

"When evidence on OSWALD's attempt to infiltrate in our organization was presented, the judge charged him with a $10 fine for public disturbance and for attempting against the dignity of the City of New Orleans. CARLOS BRINGUIER was declared innocent.

"On account of this event, a debate on WDSU Radio Station was scheduled. The debators were LEE H. OSWALD, CARLOS BRINGUIER and ED BUTLER, from the Information Council of the Americas. BILL STURKEY, acting as moderator, introduced OSWALD as the Chairman of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New Orleans and explained that the main offices of said organization were in New York. We have tape recording of the debate and other information that we will furnish to those who request it..."

DEETJEN pointed out that on Pages 1 and 2 of "The Cuban Report", FIDEL CASTRO is quoted as having announced on "Sunday" that: "We are prepared to fight them and answer in kind. U. S. leaders should think that if they are aiding terrorist plans to eliminate Cuban leaders, they themselves will not be safe".

DEETJEN added that a Spanish version of the above information is going to be read by himself to an expected audience of 100 Cuban refugees at a DRE-sponsored meeting in the Parish Hall of Our Lady Help of Christians, 512 South 20th Avenue, Los Angeles, on November 27, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

(1)

HARRY NIER, Attorney, 515 Denver U. S. National Bank Building, 1700 Broadway, Denver, Colorado, was advised that we desired to ask him certain questions in connection with his possible knowledge of LEE OSWALD, that he did not have to make any statement, that any statement made by him could be used against him in a court of law, and that if he desired to consult an attorney prior to answering any questions, he could do so.

NIER stated that he would cooperate with the FBI in the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

NIER advised that he recalls having a heated discussion with approximately four men at a party sponsored by the Cliff Dwellers Organization at the Petroleum Club in early 1962. NIER stated that he recalls that the discussion centered around Cuba. NIER stated that he does not know the identity of the four other men involved in this discussion. NIER stated that he did not make any statements to the effect that he was going to Mexico and/or Cuba and would see a man named OSWALD. NIER stated that he has observed photographs of LEE OSWALD appearing in the local press and that he does not know this individual, nor does he know any person named LEE OSWALD.

At this point HARRY NIER advised he did not wish to furnish Agents any further information without a witness on his behalf being present or without the services of having the remainder of the conversation placed on a tape recorder. NIER was advised the only information desired by the FBI at this time was concerning his alleged acquaintance with OSWALD and that no further information was needed at this time. The interview was thereupon terminated.

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On 11/29/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by SA J. HALE MC MENAMIN & SA JOSEPH C. LEARNED/bhb Date dictated 11/29/63

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DN 89-41
JCL/bhb
(1)

HARRY KIER, Denver Attorney, is publicly known as the Chairman, Denver Chapter, Fairplay For Cuba Committee.

A characterization of the Denver Chapter, Fairplay For Cuba Committee is contained in the appendix hereto.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

Tapes

HARRY HOLMES, United States Post Office Inspector, Room 500, Terminal Annex, advised this date he had received from one of the supervisors in the Terminal Annex Station, an anonymous letter consisting of three sheets of handwritten pages which were folded and taped together with a small piece of masking tape and had been recovered from a mail box and turned into the supervisor. This letter was not contained in an envelope, but on the outside of one of the pages was written the printed letters "FBI" and on the reverse side was written the words "Please get this to F.B.I." This letter reflects the following information:

"F.B.I.

"Dallas, Texas

"Dear Sir:

"Several months ago I told a policeman about a Cuban underground movement here and it involved two characters Tom Gwatley of the Dallas Theological Seminary and a Latin American man about 40 of the Dallas Produce Co.-he is a wiry little guy about 5'6" and a very nervous and loud talking person.

"Tom has been seen by me with Oswald several times in the past 3 wks. at different locations. I have seen him with a man resembling Ruby but not positive-they were at a coffee bar on Gaston and I was across the street. Tom has been seen coming out of a 2 story house on Swiss by the Seminary with the same seven persons on 3 occasions. Oswald was with them. Oswald left and the others went to the Seminary.

"Tom has been seen with this Latin American person near the Seminary also. I have heard both these men praising Castro and telling fellow workers about freedom under Castro_

"Damage, Shame and sorrow has resulted when I was told nothing can be done. I didn't want to come

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas 449 File # DL 89-43 44-1639 100-10461

by Special Agent ALFRED C. ELLINGTON /cah Date dictated 12/2/63

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"forward sooner for fear of my life and my family. I still am afraid after writing this letter to you.

"If you check out these two-you will have a few prize plums and more than you bargained for. Good luck and God Bless You."

Mr. HOLMES advised he is unable at this time to state the location of the box from which this letter was recovered, however, he is presently attempting to do this.

DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

Relative to the location of WILLIAM CUTHBERT BRADY, named on December 2, 1963, by Mrs. DOLORES NEELEY, Secretary, Room 101, International Trade Mart, New Orleans, Louisiana, as possibly in a position to identify individuals represented in photographs taken on August 16, 1963, at the International Trade Mart, 124 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, and furnished for the use of the FBI by television station WDSU, Confidential Informant Dallas T-17 advised that approximately the first week in August, 1963, BRADY moved to the Philippine Islands and was residing in the city of Manila.

DL 100-10461

V. REVOLUTIONARY TYPE STATEMENTS AND READING MATERIALS REFLECTING SUBJECT'S MARXIST LEANINGS

DL 100-10461

A. SUBJECT'S NOTEBOOK RECEIVED FROM DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

Captain WILL FRITZ, Texas Dallas Police Department, made available seven pencilled pages handwritten on notebook paper, setting forth background information concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD. This apparently prepared by OSWALD. The following writing was found by the Dallas Police Department at 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas.

"Organizer.

"On May 29, 1963, I requested permission from the FPCC Headquarters at 299 Broiway, New York 3, New York, to try to form a local branch in New Orleans. I recived a cautionet but enthusiastic go-ahead from V. T. LEE National Director of FPCC. I than make layouts and had printed public literature for the setting up of a local FPCC. I hired persons to distrube literature. I than organized persons who display receptive attitudes toward Cuba to distrube pamphlets. I sough responise from Latin American Consuls of which their are many here in New Orleans, I infiltrated the Cuban student directorate and than harressed them with information I gained including having the N. O. city Attorney General call them in an put a restraining order pending a hearing on some so-called bonds for invasion they were selling in the New Orleans area. I caused the formation of a small, active, FPCC organization of members and sympathizers, where before there was none.

"c"

(End of page one)

"Resident of USSR

"I lived in Moscow from Oct. 16, 1959, to Jan 4, 1960 during which time I stayed at the Berlin and Metropoles Hotel. I then lived in Minsk from Jan 5, 1960 to July 1962. I visited Moscow durning June 1961 and June 1962 for a few weeks in Minsk I was granted a small apartment at Kalinnin St. later

USSR

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461 DL 89-43

by Special Agent GEORGE W. H. CARLSON and JAMES W. BOOKHOUT:jj Date dictated 12/4/63

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"re-named Komunist St. I worked at the ~~Belorussian~~ Radio and T.V. plant as a metal worker. Russia

"A. Clippings"

(End of page two)

"Photographer

"I have worked in the Jaggers-Chiles-Stoval Typographical Co. 522 Browder St. Dallas, Texas. I worker from Oct 1, 1962 to April 1, 1962. I am profisncet in the photographic arts known as reverse, transparecied, line, modification, squats blowups, and minaturazation. I have submitted and been commended for photo work for the party. I am familiar with layout and art work and am aquianted with cold medel and hot medal process's in printing.

"A. Tax returns of JCS

"B. Letters commending photo work by the party"

(End of page three)

"Military and Far East

"I served in the USMC from Oct 1956 - Sept 1959 during which time I served in San Diego, Cailf Oct 56 April 60 Camp Pendleton April-May 1957, Jacksonville Fla. May-June 1957, Santa Anna Calif June-August 1957, and in Japan August 1957 - Nov. 1958, Santa Anna, El Toro Air Base Dec 1958 - Sept 1959, one month on leave during Dec. 1958.

"My stay in the Far East included eight months in Japan from Sept. 1957 to Nov. 1957 and from May-Oct 1958. During Dec 57 to May 58 I was stationed at Subic Bay near Maibia, Philipine Islands.

4/5-5

"I served in electronics school Jacksonville Fla., and advanced radar school Biloxi Mississippi. I also recived my high school level diploma at the same time as my schooling in Biloxi Miss.

"A. Discharge DD 214

"B. Diploma - Jacksonville Fiar school

"C. Diploma Biloxie Miss School

"D. Certificate of High School Completion"

(End of page four)

"A-B-C

"Street Agitation

"I am experianced in street agitation having done it in New Orleans in connection with the F. P. C. C. On Aug. 9 1963 I was accousted by three anti-Castro Cubans and was arrested for 'causing a disturbance'. I was interrogated by Intelligence Section of New Orleans Police Dept. and held over-night being bailed out the next morning by relatives. I' subsenly was fined 10.$ charges against the three Cubans were droped by the judge.

"On Aug 16 I orgainzed a four man FPCC demonstration in front of the International trade mart in New Orleans. This demonstration was filmed by WDSU-TV and shown on the 6:00 news.

"On August 17 I was invited by WDSU-Radio to appear on the August 17 radio program Latin American Focus at 7:30 PM. The moderator was Bill Stucky who put questions to me for half an hour about FPCC attitudes and opions.

"B After this program I was invited to take part in a radio debate between John Buttler of 'INCA' anti communist proganda organization representive and Carlos Bringer Cuban exile student revotulionary directoret delegate in New Orleans. This debate was broadcast at 6:05 to 6:30 August 21, 1963 after this program I made a three minute T.V. newsreel which was shown the next day (August 22)

"C I recived adive, direction and literature from V. T. Lee National Director of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee of which I am a member. At my own expense I had printed 'Hands Off Cuba' handbills and New Orleans branch membership blanks for the F.P.C.C. local.

"A. Letter from V. T. Lee

"B. FPCC Membership card"

(End of page five)

"Marxist

"I frist read the Communist Manifesto and first volume of Capital in 1954 when I was 15. I have study 18th century plosipecs works by Lein after 1959 and attended numerouse Marxist reading circles and groups at the factory where I worked some of which were complusory and other which were not.. Also in Russian through newspapers, radio and T.V. I leared much of Marx Engles and Lenins works. Such articles are given very good coverage daliy in the USSR.

"After my stay in the Soviet Union upon my return to the USA I contined to recive by subsicbtion from Komkri Inc. Soviet ideological and information literature: 'Agitator' newspaper Soviet 'Belorussia' 'Krockill' satrical polical magizine and the CPUSA newspaper 'Worker' aslo I recive the well known Soviet journal 'Ogonxok'. I also have recived literature from the Soviet Embassy, Washington DC.

"A. Proof of subsriptions to Soviet journals

"B. Subsriptions from 1962 of Worker.

"Russian

"I leared the Russian language during my almost three years residence in Moscow and Minsk USSR October 1959 -July 1962. I study_ Russian elemontry and advanced grammar from text books with a English specking Russian intourist teacher by the name of Rosa Agafonava, Minsk Jan-May 1960. I am totaly profincte in speaking conversational Russian. I can read non-technical Russian text without difficulty and can to a less extant write in the Russian language.

"A. Letter of proficiency." Russian

(End of page six)

"B Radio specker and lecturer

"On August 22 I was invited by Gene Murrett, who is studing for Catholic priesthood, to give a leture on Russia. Gene Murret is the son of my mothers sister, Mrs. D. Murrett 757 French St. N.O. La. This lecture took place July 27, 1963 6:00 PM at the University Jesuit House of Studies Spring Hill Station Mobile Alabama over 50 sudentpriest all of whom were college gruates taking the four year subsiquiate course for the pristhood attened serval of the college's professors also were present. This leture lasted for one hr. 10 min after which there was twenty minutes of questions from the audience. This leture took place in the autorium where women are not allowed so an all-male audience attened. The moderator of this leture was Paul Piozza, Jesuiet.

Russia

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DL 100-10461

"Leture

"A. Invitation letter

"B. Comments letter

"Radio

"No records"

DL 100-10461

B. OTHER

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

Mrs. HETTIE V. ARLETH, Reference Room, Fort Worth Star Telegram" newspaper, Texas furnished five Xerox copies of each of the following articles which appeared in the different editions of the "Star Telegram":

"My Values Different", Defector Told Mother by LES STROTHER, Sunday, November 15, 1959;
"Fort Worth Defector Confirms Red Beliefs", by ALINE MOSBY, byline Moscow, November 14, 1959, (UPI), and appearing on Sunday, November 15, 1959;
"Attempt to Halt Defection Made", Morning Edition, November 2, 1959.

Mrs. ARLETH stated that MOSBY is a syndicated writer, and LES STROTHER was a reporter for the "Star Telegram", however, is now employed by the Fort Worth Chamber of Commerce.

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on 12/3/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH M. MYERS/pm Date dictated 12/3/63

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DL 100-10461

VI. SOURCES, INFORMANTS AND TRANSLATION OF MATERIAL, PROPERTY OF SUBJECT OR SUBJECT'S WIFE

WCD:vm:mam
DL 100-10461

Confidential informants cognizant of some phases of Communist Party (CP) activity in the New Orleans area were contacted December 2, 1963, and they advised they do not know anyone named LEE HARVEY OSWALD or anyone using the aliases of OSWALD including A. J. HIDELL nor were they aware of the existence of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC).

Denver Chapter Colorado

Sources acquainted with some phases of Cuban activities in the New Orleans area advised on November 25 and November 26, 1963, that they have no information regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD, JACK LEON RUBY, JACK RUBENSTEIN, O. H. LEE, A. J. HIDELL, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, ALEX J. HIDELL, ANA HIDELL, or any variations of the HIDELL name. No sources advised they knew anyone whose last name was HIDELL.

White NC Acc

On November 26, 1963, material obtained by search warrant November 23, 1963, by Dallas police officers from the residence of Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 W. 5th Street, Irving, Texas, as well as materials voluntarily given by Mrs. RUTH PAINE and Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD to Dallas Police Department, all of which was allegedly the property of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was turned over by Dallas Police Department to SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS at Dallas, Texas, on November 26, 1963, and this material was in turn taken by SA DE BRUEYS to the FBI Laboratory, Washington, D. C., on November 27, 1963.

Ohio

The New York Times
New York, N.Y.

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WCD:vm
DL 100-10461

Set forth on the following pages are translations from the Russian language of some of the material contained in the above-described property of LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

WCD:vm
DL 100-10461

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN"

"Items #156-167

"Letter dated Oct. 14th is written to MARINA by ALEK. He tells her he is glad to get her letter and was pleased to learn that all is well with her. He further tells her that he is lonesome while she is in KHARKOV. ALEK mentioned that he often sees ERIC (PH) and attends movies frequently. Recently he had seen a German film "YAKORMA" (PH). ALEK writes that he eats in the automatic and after work at the factory dining room. He finishes his letter by telling MARINA of receiving her telegram on Tuesday.

"/s/ ALEK

"SUMMARIZED BY:
M. G. LEONARD:bad
December 1, 1963"

DL 100-10461

"TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN"

"Items 156-167

"Letter dated Oct. 18, 1961

"Dear Marina,

"Today I received presents from you. Thanks a lot. They are very, very, nice and I shall always remember this day.

"Well, are you returning soon? I will be glad to see you again - I will love you so!!

"Well, again thanks for the presents. You selected so well the records and books and frames which I will always hold.

"So long,

"Your husband
"Alek

"TRANSLATED BY:
M. G. LEONARD:hea
December 1, 1963"

"Items #156-167

"Oct. 22, 1961

"My dearest girl!

"Today I received your post card, thank you dear, only I do not like your talk that you have a feeling that you will lose me. You will never lose me and thats all!

"Today also I received a letter from mother. She sent me several books. She also tells me that you should learn to speak English.

"I wrote back and told her that you do not want and (unintelligible). I sent her regards from you.

DL 100-10461

"You can't tell when you will return. Tell me as early as you can. The weather is here cold and rainy.

"And our personal affairs: I went, but they say, 'no answer yet'.

"But that's alright. You will be home soon again. It will be so good to be with you.

"I am glad that the baby is so active, that's good.

"Well, so long, write,
"Your husband.

"Alek.

"TRANSLATED BY:
M. G. LEONARD:bad
December 1, 1963"

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN"

"Items #127-155

"One-page note dated February 20 and signed "Aleck."

"The note is addressed to 'Dear Marina.' The writer tells the addressee that the workers at the factory collected 20 rubles today for a present for the addressee. He inquires about ~~June.~~ N. Loc The writer saw Enisa and ~~Olga~~ on Saturday. A letter came from Robert in which he invited them to live with him when they come to the U.S.A. NC LFC

"The writer states that he probably will not come tomorrow.

"SUMMARIZED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:del
December 1, 1963

DL 100-10461

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN"

"Items #127-155

"Photograph of a handwritten note addressed to "Marina Oswald, 3rd Floor, 51st Ward."

"The note is dated 2/17/62 and is signed "Aleck." The writer, apparently, Lee Harvey Oswald, tells Marina in a broken Russian that he has already sent a letter to 'mama' and 'Robert' and told them everything. He states that he is no longer mad that Marina gave birth to a girl. He states further that he has 'already told Enis and Erik' and so Marina can expect them. He also told 'Ziger' at the factory and everybody congratulated the writer at work.

"He sent some photos with 'Aunt Valya.' ~~X~~ Pavel' is sending his regards.

No Loc

"SUMMARIZED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:del
December 1, 1963"

"Items #127-155

"Photograph of a long scrap of paper with some writing.

"The note is dated 0. 9, 61 (sic) and is signed 'Aleck."

"The writer, apparently, is sending a letter to 'dear Marina' which arrived on Monday. He asks her to write.

"SUMMARIZED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:del
December 1, 1963"

OL 100-10461

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN"

"Items #127-155

"Photograph of a scrap of paper with some writing.

"The writer, 'Aleck,' beginning this note with the word 'Dear,' asks the addressee if she needs anything and who called her today.

"The note is signed, 'I love you, Aleck.'

"SUMMARIZED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:del
December 1, 1963"

"Items #127-155

"Photograph of one-page note dated February 18.

"The note is addressed to 'Dear Marina,' and signed 'Your husband Aleck.' The writer tells the addressee that 'Aunt Valya' and 'Uncle Ilya' will come to see the addressee tomorrow. The writer and 'Eric' visited 'Ziger' yesterday. He asks the addressee if 'Enisa' visited her. Aunt Lyuba is coming to see the addressee today.

"The writer says that he will not come tomorrow.

"SUMMARIZED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:del
December 1, 1963"

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DL 100-10461

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN"

"Items #127-155

"A short note dated February 15, 1962, from 'Aleck' to 'Dear Marina.'

"The writer expresses happiness on the birth of their daughter regardless of the fact that they did not expect a girl. He asks her if she wants anything and calls her a 'stout fellow.'

"SUMMARIZED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:del
December 1, 1963"

"Items #127-155

"Photograph of a one-page note dated February 21.

"The note is from 'Aleck' addressed to 'Dear Marina.' Aleck tells her that the workers at the factory bought a very nice present for June, costing 27 rubles. The writer knows that Eric and ~~Anita~~ visited Marina yesterday and asks her how she liked Anita. Nr Loc

"The writer states that he probably will not come tomorrow.

"SUMMARIZED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:del
December 1, 1963"

DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN

"Items #127-155

"Photograph of a short note, undated.

"The note is addressed to 'Marina Oswald, Ward 37.' It is unsigned but appears to be written by 'Aleck.' The writer discusses a blanket, probably, for the baby purchased by 'Aunt Valya.'

"SUMMARIZED BY:
N. Lee
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:del
December 1, 1963"

"TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

"Items # 220-224

"Oct. 31

"Dear Marina,

"Here is a photograph I made at work.

"I don't know why we (will not do) so well when I come to Fort Worth.

"I hope that we soon finish living there and we may come here to Dallas.

"I write thus to you to congratulate you on the holiday 'Halloween' (Oct. 31st).

"Alek

"TRANSLATED BY:
JOHN F. BURNS:hea
December 1, 1963"

DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN

"Item A

"3 x 5 card with message to 'Dearest,' written 'Friday' stating that all is well, that he is living with Aunt ~~Lilia~~ and that as soon as he finds work he will write to her about it. Signed Lee.

No Loc

~~Loc~~

"2nd 3 x 5 card, Russian Summary dated May 3.

"He still had not found work but he is drawing unemployment compensation of about $15-$20. He mentions that if needed he can get a loan of $200.

"Signed Alek

"Both cards appear to have been written by same person although signed in two different names.

"SUMMARIZED BY:
EDWARD R. KEBLUSEK:eb
December 1, 1963"

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN

"Items #250-260

"Document from the ~~consular~~ No Loc office of the American Embassy in Moscow to Mr. ~~McVickars~~ from a citizen of the U. S. A. living in ~~Minsk~~, Lee Harvey Oswald.

"This is a statement by Lee Harvey Oswald that he will assume full support of his wife Marina Nikolaevna Oswald during the time of her residence in the U. S. A. It is signed 'Lee H. Oswald' and dated 12/1/62.

DL 100-10461
WCD:mam

"Below appears a notarization done in type.

"SUMMARIZED BY:
JOHN F. BURNS:del
December 1, 1963"

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN

"Item #361

"Letter from Pavel Golovachov, 11 Zahorova Street, Apt. 72, Minsk, USSR, to Marina Oswald, c/o Mrs. Ruth Paine, 2515 W. 5th St., Irving, Texas. Letter is dated September 29, 1963 at Minsk.

"Sender sends greetings to Marina and family, and wishes she has a son. He then writes of his own examinations and studies.

"Sender states he learned it is difficult to a degree to obtain work in the U. S. Sender does not think Oswald's request to return to the Soviet Union will be denied if he appeals to the Embassy. However, Oswald will be reminded he cannot easily change continents (countries). Sender suggests Marina select Minsk if she has a choice.

"Sender tells Marina not to worry and to encourage Lee. Sender after quoting from Soviet literature a quotation indicating that Lee is not as important as he made out, tells her not to be angry with sender. He tells her to return to the Soviet Union with the family as there is work for everyone. Sender will meet the Oswalds when they arrive in the Soviet Union.

"SUMMARIZED BY:
ALEKSO POPTANICH:del
December 1, 1963"

DL 100-10461
WCD:sl
1

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN

"Items #127-155

"Note written by Marina Oswald to her husband congratulating him on being a father. She relates the arrival of daughter June and the fact that all is well.

"SUMMARIZED BY:

"EDWARD R. KEBLUSEK:bad
"December 1, 1963"

DL 100-10461
WCD:sl
1

"Items # 109-114

"Diploma number 732648 issued to Marina Nikolayevna Prusakova upon her completion of a course in pharmacology in 1959 at the Leningrad Institute of Pharmacy. Russia.

"SUMMARIZED BY:
"JAMES F. BONNER:hea
"December 1, 1963"

425

DL 100-10461
WCD:sl
1

"TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

"Items #127-155

"Photograph of one-page document.

"AUTOBIOGRAPHY

"I, Oswald, Marina Nikolaevna, born Prusakova, Marina Nikolaevna, was born July 17, 1941, in Molotovsk, Arkhangelskaya Oblast. I entered the Russian Secondary School at Zguritsa, Moldavian SSR, in 1948. In 1952 I moved to Leningrad with my parents, where I finished seven classes of the 374th Secondary School for Girls. In 1955, I entered the Leningrad Pharmaceutical School from which I graduated in 1959. Up to 1957, I was supported by my parents, but from 1957 to 1959 I received a pension for my deceased mother and a scholarship at the school. On graduating from the school, I came to work in Minsk and at present I am working as an assistant at the pharmacy of the 3rd Clinical Hospital of the City of Minsk. fuss.o

"I have relatives in the USSR:

"Husband: Oswald, Lee Harvey, born 1939, in New Orleans, the State of Texas (sic), U. S. A.; he is employed at the Minsk Radio Factory as fitter.

"Foster Father: Medvedev, Aleksandr Ivanovich, born 1915, in Leningrad. He is employed at the Leningrad Coke Gas Factory. fuss.o

"TRANSLATED BY:
"TATIANA NIKONISHIN:del
"December 1, 1963"

DL 100-10461
WCD:sl
1

"SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN

"Items 127-155

"Autobiographical data of Marina Nikolaevna Oswald, nee Pruskova, born 7/17/41. She indicates that in 1955 she entered the Leningrad Institute of Pharmacy and completed her education at that institute in 1959. Thereafter she took up residence and secured employment as a pharmacist in the city of Minsk.

"She lists her relatives in the USSR as follows:

"Husband: Lee Harvey Oswald, born 1939 in New Orleans, Texas (sic), U. S. A., and employed at the Minsk radio factory.

"Stepfather: Aleksandr Ivanovich Medvedyev, born 1915 at Leningrad and employed at the Leningrad Kokso gas works.

"Mother: Klovdiya Vasilliyevna Medvedyeva, born 1917 and died 1957.

"Brother: Petr Aleksandrovich Medvedyev, exact date of birth unknown, but born sometime after 1943 in Archangel.

"Sister: Tatyana Aleksandrovna Medvedyeva, born around 1949 and resident in the Moldovian SSR.

"Aunt - Maria Vasilievna Berlova, date of birth unknown.

"Aunt's husband - Ivan Akimovich Berlov, date and place of birth unknown, employed at radio factory in Minsk.

"SUMMARIZED BY:
"JAMES F. BONNER:del
"December 1, 1963"

Harold Wallace Colorado
Member Denver Branch Socialist Workers Party

T.E. "Ouke" Roberts on Jr
Colorado
Member of Fair Play for Cuba committee

Norman Hodge
Member of Fair Play for Cuba Committee
Colorado

VII. APPENDIX

APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE (FPCC)
DENVER CHAPTER

A source advised on December 15, 1960, that a meeting was held at the headquarters of the Denver Branch, Socialist Workers Party (SWP), on December 10, 1960, for the purpose of establishing a Denver chapter of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. HOWARD WALLACE acted as chairman and an organizing committee was appointed.

HOWARD WALLACE has been identified by a source as a member of the Denver Branch SWP.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A source, on May 9, 1961, advised that on May 5, 1961, the Denver Chapter, FPCC, was formed with the following elected officers:

HARRY KAUFMAN NIER, Jr., Chairman
T. E. "DUKE" ROBERTSON, Jr., Secretary
NORMAN HODGETT, Treasurer

NORMAN HODGETT has been identified by a source as a member of the Denver Branch, SWP.

The Denver Chapter, FPCC, has publicly announced as its purpose to help bring to light the truth about Cuba. It has indicated the FPCC is virtually the sole organized source of critical dissent from American-Cuban policy in the United States. Announced aims of FPCC are to end the ban imposed by the U. S. Government on travel to Cuba, to present those aspects of events in Cuba which the press in this country ignores, and to work toward re-establishment of diplomatic relations and travel between the United States and Cuba.

A source advised in April, 1962, that the Denver Chapter, FPCC, had almost ceased to exist at that time, but in June, 1962, stated that at a meeting of the Denver Branch,

SWP, HOWARD WALLACE proposed to reactivate the Denver Chapter, FPCC. Source advised that thereafter the Denver Chapter, FPCC, placed an advertisement in a Denver daily newspaper on June 21, 1962, concerning the travel ban to Cuba, sponsored several open meetings concerning the travel ban to Cuba, and sponsored the appearance of VINCENT TED LEE, National Director, FPCC, in Boulder and Denver, Colorado, during April, 1963.

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening in Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby, influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 30, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the Fall of 1962 and was filled by VINCENT "Ted" LEE, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed LEE has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, LEE has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. LEE feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC.

"The Southern Patriot", a monthly publication, shows that it is published by the SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC. (SCEF).

"The Southern Patriot" was cited as an "organ" of the SOUTHERN CONFERENCE FOR HUMAN WELFARE (SCHW) by the Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 592, on the SCHW, June 12, 1947.

The SCHW was cited as a communist front by the Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 592, June 16, 1947.

An amendment to the charter of the SCHW changed the name of that organization to the SCEF, and listed its purpose as being to improve the educational and cultural standards of the Southern people in accordance with the highest American democratic institutions, traditions, and ideals. The amendment was dated April 26, 1946.

A source advised on March 2, 1961, that CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, a Communist Party functionary, stated at a meeting of the Communist Party in Baltimore, Maryland, on February 25, 1961, that the Communist Party is not connected with any progressive movement but indirectly they do have some influence in the SCEF.

A second source, who is familiar with some phases of Communist Party activity in the New Orleans area, advised on May 27, 1963, that during the time the SCHW was in existence, Communist Party (CP) members were members of and worked actively in the SCHW. However, since the formation of the SCEF, rank and file CP members have not been encouraged to work in the SCEF. The source stated that the SCEF is a progressive, liberal organization, which he considers a CP front organization because it has gone along with the Communist Party on certain issues, particularly

on the racial question.

On May 27, 1963, the second source advised that in the past he has considered JAMES DOMBROWSKI, the Executive Director of the SCEF, to be a communist, if not an actual Communist Party member, because he followed communist principles.

The second source also advised on May 27, 1963, that many people who are officials and members of the SCEF, while liberal in their views, are by no means communists.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
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File No. 100-10461

Dallas, Texas
December 8, 1963

Title	LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA
Reference	Report of SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS, December 8, 1963, Dallas, Texas, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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Report Form
FD-263 (6-19-62)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
DALLAS	DALLAS	12/8/63	11/22/63 - 12/6/63

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed by
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. L. H. Oswald, Lee Oswald, Lee H. Oswald, Leslie Oswald, A. Hidell, A. J. Hidell, Alek J. Hidell, Alek James Hidell, O. H. Lee	SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS	JJ
	CHARACTER OF CASE: IS - R - CUBA	

Synopsis:

REFERENCE: Report of SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS dated 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas.

- P -

INFORMATION COPY

One copy of this report is being furnished to New Orleans for information in view of the extensive investigation being conducted and previously conducted at New Orleans in this matter as a result of OSWALD's recently past residence there.

LEADS

All leads in this case are being set out by teletype for immediate handling and reporting by individual offices within a three-day period. To expedite reporting of instant matter in view of the large volume of leads set forth in this case, they are not being restated here.

Approved	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below			
Copies made:		105	82555	455	
10 - Bureau (105-82555) (RM)					
1 - New Orleans (100-16601) (RM)					
2 - Dallas (100-10461)					

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OSWALD
105-82555
Section 16

COPY
2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Period for Report
DALLAS	DALLAS	12/10/63	11/22/63 - 12/10/63

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed by:
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.	SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING	mam;etc
	CHARACTER OF CASE	
	IS - R - CUBA	

REFERENCE

REFERENCES

Report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, 11/30/63, at Dallas, captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.; ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO".

Reports of SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS, 12/2/63 and 12/8/63, at Dallas, captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka., IS - R - CUBA".

- P -

LEADS

All leads in this case have been set forth by teletype or airtel and are not being re-stated herein.

Treat as original 12-12-63

Approved	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below
Copies made: (7) - Bureau (105-82555) (RM); 1 - New Orleans (Info) (RM); 4 - Dallas (100-10461)	File # Dl 105-82555	105-82555-4456 REC 48; 5 DEC 13 1963; REC-6 EX-103; ST-10

ICC-645RB

ICC began 663-667 to O.U.I. by Eastman 12/20/63. L.M.L./RA.

1 - Conference 5-809 to Secret Service

Remarked to SOVEL 1-31-64 RA

UNIT 556

74 JAN 30 1964 L.M.L./R.A.

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NEW ORLEANS - INFORMATION

One copy of this report is being furnished the New Orleans Division in accordance with their request in view of considerable investigation being conducted that division.

ADMINISTRATIVE

THIS REPORT WILL SUPPLEMENT THE PREVIOUS REPORT OF SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, DATED NOVEMBER 30, 1963, AT DALLAS, WITH RESPECT TO INVESTIGATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

All Agents of the Dallas Office participated in this investigation, as well as numerous Agents from other surrounding offices, and their identities are reflected in this report.

The security aspects concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD have previously been reported in separate reports of SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS, dated December 2 and 8, 1963.

All subsequent reports pertaining to the investigation in connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY and the security aspects with respect to OSWALD will be included in the same reports under instant caption.

It is recognized that only seven copies of this report are designated for the Bureau, although it carries an IS - R - CUBA caption, but this is due to the fact that at

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100-8[illegible]-456

the time of the preparation of the various pages of this report, it was anticipated that the report would be submitted under the AFO caption. This also accounts for the fact that the majority of FD-302's bear the file number 89-43 instead of 100-10461.

In connection with this report, it should be borne in mind that the Dallas Office has a separate case in connection with the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, captioned "JACK L. RUBY, aka.; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (DECEASED) - VICTIM, CR", Dallas file 44-1639.

The overlap of the period of this report with that of referenced report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING was occasioned by the fact that material from other offices was not included in the initial report.

In certain instances this report may contain information from sources, the identity of whom would ordinarily be concealed and identified in the administrative section of the report. However, due to the gravity of this matter and the fact that President LYNDON B. JOHNSON requested the FBI conduct investigation and the Governor of the State of Texas was also wounded at the time the President was assassinated, it is felt that the sources can be revealed without embarrassment in anticipation of possible dissemination of this report.

The possibility of any employee at the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) Building seeing LEE HARVEY OSWALD with wrapping paper in the shape of a large bag on November 22, 1963, as he came to work or thereafter was fully explored

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during the course of the interviews with employees at the TSBD Building.

No local dissemination of this report is being made to the United States Attorney or to the local United States Secret Service in Dallas. Extra copies of this report have been made by the Dallas Office in the event the Bureau directs that a copy of this report should be disseminated to both the local Secret Service and the United States Attorney's Office at Dallas. It is suggested that in view of the fact that considerable information is set forth in this report with respect to allegations regarding other persons (Section VIII), that the Bureau may desire to disseminate a copy of this report on a national level to the United States Secret Service Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

On page 172, certain data obtained from records of the Selective Service is set forth, and the identity of the source of such information is identified. However, in view of the fact that OSWALD had in his possession altered or fictitious Selective Service cards, it is felt that the source of such information can be revealed without embarrassment.

The source abroad referred to as having requested an examination by the FBI Laboratory, under date of December 3, 1963, is the Legat at Mexico City.

The information concerning the account of JACK and GERTRUDE ARNOLD, Hillcrest State Bank, Dallas, Texas, was furnished by Mr. DON R. PORTER, Executive Vice President, on November 29, 1963.

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The information from the records of the Southwestern States Telephone Company, Irving, Texas, obtained on December 6, 1963, was made available to SA ROBERT C. LISH by Mr. CHARLES B. SKINNER, District Manager.

The information from the records of Western Union Telegraph Company, Cheyenne, Wyoming, on November 30, 1963, was made available by Mr. JAMES O. CARSKADDON, Manager.

The information from the records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Fort Worth, Texas, was obtained on November 26, 1963, from Mr. RONALD MAPLES, Supervisor.

The information from the records of the General Telephone Company, Del Rio, Texas, was made available on November 22, 1963 by [redacted]

On December 2, 1963, Superintendent J. M. REDDING, U. S. Post Office Branch, Arlington Heights, Fort Worth, Texas, displayed to SA's JOSEPH L. SCHOTT and B. TOM CARTER the Verifax copy of the change of address order postmarked Dallas, Texas, October 10, 1962, and signed LEE H. OSWALD, directing that mail for 2703 Mercedes, Fort Worth, Texas, OSWALD's former address, be redirected to Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas. This order was shown to have been made effective on October 12, 1962.

Mr. HARRY HOLMES, Postal Inspector, Terminal Annex Building, Dallas, Texas, advised that Post Office Box 1792, Dallas, had been rented on November 19, 1963, by BERNARD WEISSMAN, American Fact Finding Committee. The business was listed as "political" and the address given was 4618 Reiger Street. Mr. HOLMES stated that the rent was paid for at least a quarter of a year and that would mean that the box would expire on the last day of December, 1963.

DL 89-43
44-1639

The following investigation was conducted by SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS:

On November 25, 1963, JAMES M. COONER, Chief, Intelligence Division, Internal Revenue Service, stated he had made a search of his files for information relative to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He exhibited the return of LEE H. OSWALD, SS 433-54-3739, 607 Elsbeth, Apartment 2, Dallas. (This address lined through with P. O. Box 2915 inserted, Dallas). OSWALD showed total income for the year 1962 as $1,354.06, his employers as Jaggers-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., 522 Browder (Dallas) and Leslie Welding Company, Fort Worth. In a communication attached to such return OSWALD wrote: "Internal Revenue Bureau, Dear Sirs, I arrived in the U. S. from an extended trip abroad on 13/6/62 with wife and child, from ie., two dependents. My total wages for 1962 therefore was $1,356.06 with three examtons.

"I believe if you check your records to substantiate these figures you will find I should get a substantial refund from the taxes taken from my wages for fiscal 1962. Signed L. H. OSWALD, s/s 433-54-3739, P. O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas."

Mr. COONER furnished copy of payroll checks made out to LEE OSWALD in varying sums from Leslie Welding Company, Inc. (Home office 11241 West Melrose Street, Franklin Park, Illinois). The following endorsements are identifying information of possible interest and appear on such checks:

(1) LEE H. OSWALD, 3519 Fairmont (city not indicated) % Jaggers-Childs.

(2) Checks showing a passport which was exhibited for identification, no. 1733242.

(3) The name WINNIE MEDWICK on several checks along with the passport number.

(4) R. THOMPSON, along with the passport number.

(5) One check endorsed by LEE H. OSWALD and R. L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport (Fort Worth).

Also furnished was an "Employees Withholding Exemption Certificate", showing the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 1501 West 7th Street, Fort Worth, Texas. An item of "Payroll Information Record" shows LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed July 17, 1962 at the Fort Worth plant (presumably Leslie Welding Company, Inc.), as a sheet metal helper at $1.25 per hour. Mr. COONER furnished also "Application for Employment", identity of prospective employer not indicated, dated October 4, 1963, signed by OSWALD, showing his address as 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, telephone BL 3-1628. He was applying for the job of typesetter. He represented his education as

Arlington Heights High School, graduation Fort Worth and Rigealea West Junior High School; showed his previous employment record as Jaggers-Chiles-Stovall, October, 1962 to May, 1963; Photo Art Department, $1.50 per hour, reason for leaving-cut in work crew; Pour (?)-R-Pak, May, 1963 to September, 1963, Clerk, $1.35 per hour, reason for leaving - seasonal work. He listed references as follows:

ANNA MILLER, 59305 La Vista, La Vista, telephone TA 3-2219, Dallas;

GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, 6628 Dickens, telephone EM (?) 3-1365, Dallas; and

GEORGE BOUHE, 4740 Homer Street telephone TA 7-2288, Dallas.

Mr. COONER attached possible significance to the fact that JACK L. RUBY had in his 1959 tax return, filed in 1960, showed his residence address as 4749 Homer, noting the address of GEORGE BOUHE, 4740 Homer Street, as reference of OSWALD. Mr. COONER indicated this individual's name might be spelled BOUCHE, bookkeeper for DeGolyer-McNaughton and termed him a "Russian".

COONER exhibited the 1961 tax return of RUBY'S, showing his address as 3508 Oak Lawn, Dallas, return filed on behalf of RUBY by BOB WEAVER, 1706½ Forest Avenue. In a communication dated May 19, 1962, RUBY represented his income from the Carousel Club as $900.00, from the Vegas Club as $6,255.29.

He exhibited correspondence dated June 11, 1963 concerning excise tax problems of RUBY, who showed his business address as 3508 Oaklawn, telephone LA 8-4775, residence as 3929 Rawlins, telephone LA 6-6285. COONER said GRAHAM R. E. KOCH was shown as attorney and noted this individual is a former Government employee, now associated in law practice with BILL HAMILTON, former Assistant U. S. Attorney, Northern District of Texas. RUBY represented as of June 19, 1963, he was doing business with Merchants State Bank, Dallas. A document had been filed in the nature of a financial statement showing assets of $4,663.92 and liabilities as $2,794.46. He represented he was indebted to RALPH PAUL on a personal loan. RUBY furnished information concerning the Sovereign Club (Carousel) as RALPH PAUL shown as President; Vice-Presidents JOHN CHAMBLESS and SAMUEL RUBY, and JACK RUBY, Secretary-Treasurer.

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DL 44-1639
89-43

On the reverse side of the application for employment form of OSWALD above, appears the writing "BOB STOVALL does not recommend this man. He was released because of his record as a trouble maker -- has communist tendencies."

TP 62-455
HKR:db

[redacted] Orlando, Florida, employee of the Orange Company Welfare Department, Orlando, who requested that her name not be divulged, advised as follows:

About ten days ago (roughly November 10, 1963) one of the employees of the Orange County Welfare Department, one VIRGINIA WALDRON, stated, "Soon there will be a great tragedy that will rock the nation". No explanation was offered by Mrs. WALDRON of this remark because about that time someone interrupted the conversation.

[redacted] stated that Mrs. WALDRON is not an admirer of the late President JOHN F. KENNEDY, but, by the same token, is not known to have threatened to do him bodily harm.

She was unable to explain just what Mrs. WALDRON meant by her remark. Mrs. WALDRON is not known to belong to any subversive organizations, but is known to discuss the fact that she enjoys a social drink.

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Information set forth on FD-302 dated 12/5/63 pertaining to records of the Republic National Bank concerning WILLIAM M. BURLEY as checked by SAs EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL and W. HARLAN BROWN on 12/3/63 was furnished to SAs KUYKENDALL and BROWN by RICHARD K. MARKS, Assistant Cashier, Republic National Bank.

Dallas Office indices reflect no information identifiable with WILLIAM M. BURLEY, BERNARD WEISSMAN, LARRIE HENRY SCHMIDT, The American Fact Finding Committee, WARREN H. CARROLL, or JOSEPH P. GRINNAN.

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AEC/gm

Mr. KELLMAN identified his source concerning Col. MAYO as REUBEN M. GINSBERG, an attorney in the Kirby Building, who is a former law partner of U. S. Attorney BAREFOOT SANDERS. Mr. KELLMAN advised that Mr. GINSBERG might be contacted if his assistance for clarification of the information furnished by him is necessary.

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AEC/gm

The source of the information in FD 302s reflecting interviews with GUSTAVE FALK, Director, Southwest Region, American Jewish Committee, 1809 Tower Petroleum Building, Dallas, Texas, and GEORGE KELLMAN, American Jewish Committee, Institute of Human Relations, 165 East 56th Street, New York 22, New York, was [redacted], owner of the Carpet Engineering Company of Texas, 2006 South Beckley, Oak Cliff, Dallas, Texas, telephone WH 3-7371. They noted that the background information concerning BURLEY and WEISSMAN was also furnished by [redacted] and requested that his name not be disclosed. Each of them advised they are aware that [redacted] was interviewed by an Agent of the Dallas Office on Saturday, November 23, 1963.

It is also noted that GEORGE KELLMAN has indicated he is well acquainted with Assistant Director ROSEN at the Bureau.

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Under date of December 4, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information to the New York Office in their case captioned "LOCFAB, ESP - R", New York file 65-22483:

"Bureau request 11/25/63

"Request comparison of Minox film recovered from possessions of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas, case with specimen Q5

"Result of examination:

"It has been determined that the questioned Minox film designated as specimen Q5 in this case was not exposed in the same camera as Minox film recovered from the possessions of LEE HARVEY OSWALD (Item 377) in the assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas, case."

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FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING
Date: December 10, 1963

Office: DALLAS

Field Office File No.: 100-10461

Bureau File No.: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

Synopsis: Additional assassination witnesses interviewed. OSWALD's wife recalls seeing OSWALD's rifle wrapped in blanket in garage at residence of Mrs. PAINE, Irving, Texas, with whom Mrs. OSWALD was residing at time of assassination. Wife states OSWALD told her he had tried to kill General WALKER with rifle. Wife states she took photograph of OSWALD holding rifle with pistol on his belt toward end of February or early March, 1963, when they resided on Neeley Street, Dallas. Neighborhood inquiries at Fort Worth and Dallas, Texas, conducted. Details concerning tracing of purchase in March, 1963, of 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, Serial Number C2766 by OSWALD as A. HIDELL from Klein's Sporting Goods, Incorporated, Chicago, Illinois, developed. Smith and Wesson .38 revolver, Serial Number V510210, obtained in March, 1963, by OSWALD as A. HIDELL from George Rose and Company, Incorporated, Los Angeles, California. Investigation concerning alleged target practice with rifle by OSWALD in Dallas vicinity conducted. Autopsy performed of body of President KENNEDY. Bullet found on stretcher at Parkland Hospital, Dallas, obtained and furnished FBI Laboratory. No positive identification obtained concerning wrapping paper in shape of a large bag found at scene of assassination as being identical to that being carried by OSWALD to work on morning

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of 11/22/63. Shirt of OSWALD identified by officers making arrest as shirt worn by him at time of arrest also identified by former landlady as shirt he was wearing when he boarded bus shortly after assassination. FBI Laboratory has identified handwriting and handprinting on application for P. O. Boxes 6225 and 2915, Dallas, Texas, as that of OSWALD. Actual firing tests with assassination weapon determined that skilled person could fire three accurately aimed shots in five seconds. OSWALD's signature also identified on Application for Tourist Card to Visit Mexico dated September 17, 1963. Latent Fingerprint Section, Identification Division, FBI, identified latent palm print off underside gun barrel near end of foregrip on rifle as right palm print of OSWALD. Investigation conducted in effort to locate film or photographs depicting assassin in act. Investigation to date has not established any association or acquaintanceship between JACK L. RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Numerous allegations received concerning remarks made by other persons both prior to and after assassination and investigation conducted to identify such persons.

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On November 22, 1963, Special Agents FRANCIS X. O'NEILL, Jr. and JAMES W. SIBERT witnessed the arrival of the President's body on Air Force #1 at Andrews Air Force Base. They accompanied the body in the White House motorcade to the Bethesda Naval Hospital, Bethesda, Maryland. During the course of the subsequent autopsy of the President's body, which was witnessed by aforementioned Agents, they spoke to Mr. ROY KELLERMAN, Assistant to the Agent in Charge of the White House Detail of the Secret Service, and Mr. WILLIAM GREER, a Secret Service Agent who was the chauffeur of the President's vehicle at the time of the assination. Mr. KELLERMAN was also present in the presidential vehicle, riding next to the driver at the time of the assassination.

Mr. KELLERMAN advised that as the ranking Secret Service Agent with the President's party, he was responsible for the presidential security in Dallas. He stated the advanced security arrangements made for this specific trip were the most stringent and thorough ever employed by the Secret Service for the visit of a President to an American city.

He advised the presidential vehicle had just completed traversing through a throng of people of approximately 250,000, and he had just breathed a sigh of relief as they were approaching an underpass.

He advised he heard a shot and immediately turned around, looking past Governor CONNALLY, who was seated directly in back of him, to the President. He observed the President slump forward and heard him say, "Get me to a hospital." Mr. KELLERMAN then heard Mrs. KENNEDY say, "Oh, no!", as the President leaned towards her. He immediately advised the driver to take the President to the nearest hospital. He said that from the time of the shooting to the time they got to the hospital took approximately eight minutes.

He stated he distinctly heard three shots. He advised he did not see the Governor get hit, nor did he observe the second bullet hit the President.

Mr. KELLERMAN said that the President was breathing and gasping for breath on arrival at the hospital, but did not appear to be conscious.

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Special Agent GREER advised that he was at the wheel of the presidential limousine which was carrying President KENNEDY and his wife and Governor CONNALLY and his wife as well as Special Agent KELLERMAN. He advised that the throngs of people were great and that he had just emerged from the congested area of people and was proceeding into an open area of the highway, which a short distance away passed beneath an overpass.

GREER stated that he first heard what he thought was possibly a motorcycle backfire and glanced around and noticed that the President had evidently been hit. He thereafter got on the radio and communicated with the other vehicles, stating that they desired to get the President to the hospital immediately.

GREER stated that at the time that this incident occurred, he was traveling at the rate of 12 miles per hour and following this incident he "floored" the limousine, following the police escort to the hospital. He estimated that it took him approximately eight minutes to arrive at that location. GREER stated that they have always been instructed to keep the motorcade moving at a considerable speed inasmuch as a moving car offers a much more difficult target than a vehicle traveling at a very slow speed. He pointed out in this connection that on numerous occasions he has attempted to keep the car moving at a rather fast rate, but in view of the President's popularity and desire to maintain close liaison with the people, he has, on occasion, been instructed by the President to "slow down."

GREER stated that he has been asking himself if there was anything he could have done to have avoided this incident, but stated that things happened so fast that he could not account for full developments in this matter.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

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Mr. ROY H. KELLERMAN advised that he is the Assistant Special Agent in Charge of the White House detail, United States Secret Service. He stated he has been an agent with that organization since December 19, 1941.

On November 22, 1963, he was the senior Secret Service agent assigned to President KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas. D.C.

He advised that Air Force Plane Number One arrived at Love Field, Dallas, Texas, on the morning of November 22, 1963. Upon departing from the plane, the President was met by Vice President JOHNSON.

Prior to getting into the White House Limousine which was waiting for the President, the President and the First Lady went to the fence separating the apron from the taxi area. He shook hands with many of the people there.

He then came to his limousine. Protocol dictates that the President be seated in the right rear of the vehicle. The President seated himself in this position and the First Lady sat next to him. Governor JOHN CONNALLY and his wife then entered the vehicle. Mrs. CONNALLY seated herself in the jump seat of the vehicle in front of Mrs. KENNEDY and the Governor was seated in the jump seat in front of the President.

Special Agent WILLIAM GREER of the United States Secret Service was the driver of the Presidential vehicle. Mr. KELLERMAN advised that he sat in the front of Governor CONNALLY, next to Agent GREER.

He advised that the President's Car can be covered with a bullet proof bubble, however, it is not used on too many occasions. It was not used on this occasion.

On 11/27/63 at White House, W.D.C. File # 89-30

by SAs JAMES W. SIBERT and FRANCIS X. O'NEILL/dgr Date dictated 11/29/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

The President's seat can be adjusted to a height of approximately ten inches. The only person who can adjust this seat is the President himself. This seat was not elevated on November 22.

KELLERMAN advised that preceding the Presidential vehicle out of Love Field, there was what is known as a lead car. This car belonged to the Dallas City Police Department, in which were Special Agent WINSTON LAWSON, United States Secret Service who was in charge of the Advanced Security in Dallas for the Presidential visit. This car is equipped with a portable radio connected with the Presidential car. The vehicle also had contact with the Dallas City Police Department. In addition to the lead vehicle, there was a motor cycle escort in front of the lead vehicle, along side the lead vehicle and along side the Presidential car. In the rear of the Presidential car was another White House Limousine containing Secret Service Agents. These agents walked along side the Presidential vehicle until the vehicle left the area of the apron. The agents then got into their car and followed immediately in back of the President.

KELLERMAN went on to say that the vehicle passed through the center of town doing the normal speed which was adjusted by the number of people in the crowd and on the streets through which the Presidentical vehicle passed. The vehicle went through the center of town on a street, which name KELLERMAN did not recall. Towards the end of town, the vehicle came to a sharp right turn in the street. Few people were on either side at this time. In a matter of a block, the road veered to the left. There were extremely few people on either side of the road at this point. The vehicle was still going at the normal speed which KELLERMAN estimated to be approximately 15 miles per hour. The Secret Service car following the Presidential vehicle was "tight close at hand ".

KELLERMAN advised he does not recall passing the Texas State Book Repository Building. He advised the vehicle appeared to be going down a small decline at which time everybody in the car was seated.

KELLERMAN said he heard a noise like a firecracker

At this point, KELLERMAN advised he had been in almost daily contact for the past three years, with the President, and said he could pick his voice out from any group of people.

Upon hearing a noise like a firecracker, he distinctly and positively heard the President say "My God, I've been hit". KELLERMAN advised he immediately turned his head to the left rear and almost instantaneously heard two additional shots.

Upon turning his head to the left, he observed President KENNEDY with his left hand in back of him appearing to be reaching to a point on his right shoulder. The President fell on Mrs. KENNEDY's lap. She stated "My God, what are they doing to you?" Governor CONNALLY never said a word. Through the corner of his eye, he noticed that Governor CONNALLY appeared to be falling back face up in the lap of his wife. KELLERMAN stated he immediately turned around and advised Mr. GREER, "Get going, we've been hit". KELLERMAN had the microphone in his hand and radioed to LAWSON stating "we've been hit, lead us to a hospital immediately. Tell the police to escort us as fast as they can." He turned back again to the rear of the vehicle and saw Special Agent CLINTON HILL of the Secret Service climbing up on the back of the vehicle. HILL had been one of the agents in the follow-up vehicle immediately in back of the Presidential car. KELLERMAN stated that at this time, to the best of his recollection, the President was lying in the lap of Mrs. KENNEDY. He observed that Governor CONNALLY was now lying with his head up in the lap of Mrs. CONNALLY. KELLERMAN advised he asked agent HILL if he was all right and told him to hang on.

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JWS:FXO/dgr
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The Presidential vehicle arrived at the Parkland Memorial Hospital in a matter of minutes. KELLERMAN stated he immediately jumped out of the vehicle and told hospital personnel to bring two stretchers. As the stretchers came out, KELLERMAN and GREER opened the back door of the Presidential car. Governor CONNALLY's eyes were open. He was told by KELLERMAN "Governor CONNALLY, everything is going to be all right". The Governor nodded his head in the affirmative. Three persons got into the vehicle at this time and lifted the Governor onto the first stretcher. They then got back in the Presidential car and with the assistance of KELLERMAN and GREER lifted the President from the lap of Mrs. KENNEDY and put him on the second stretcher. He described the President's head as lying partially on the lap of Mrs. KENNEDY and back against the rear cushion of the back seat. According to KELLERMAN, the President at this time was alive because he noticed that he was breathing. KELLERMAN advised he did not notice the extent of the injury to the President although he noticed a wound in the back of his head. The President's eyes were shut.

KELLERMAN advised the President was immediately taken into the Emergency Ward where several doctors began working with a feverish activity on Mr. KENNEDY to save his life. Several monents late, KELLERMAN stated the President died.

Mr. KELLERMAN said that from the time of this incident he has been going over in his mind the entire activity concerning the assassination of the President. The information that he has furnished to interviewing agents is factual and to the best of his knowledge is everything that occurred on November 22, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/29/63

Mr. WILLIAM ROBERT GREER, Special Agent, U.S. Secret Service, assigned to the White House detail, who resides at 9513 Sheridan, Seabrook Acres, Maryland, was interviewed at The Secret Service Office in the White House and furnished the following information:

GREER serves in the capacity of Senior Agent assigned to driving the President's vehicle in motorcades. Two of the White House vehicles to be used in the Dallas Presidential visit had been flown into Love Field, Dallas, Texas in a C-130 type aircraft on the morning of November 22, 1963. GREER was in company with the Presidential party which arrived at Love Field in Air Force I, a jet used by President KENNEDY. On the President's arrival, all of the vehicles to be used in the motorcade were in position on the ramp and soon after the party had landed, they took their positions in the awaiting cars and the motorcade departed for downtown Dallas.

It is normal procedure for the vehicle bearing the President to be the second car in the motorcade, which follows the lead car generally occupied by local police and the Secret Service Agent who had conducted the advance survey of the route prior to the date of the President's visit. In the Dallas parade GREER was driving the seven-passenger Lincoln Continental "bubble-top" and as customary, President KENNEDY was sitting on the right of the rear seat. Mrs. KENNEDY was seated to his left, Governor CONNALLY was seated directly in front of the President on the "jump-seat" which folds down on the floor between the front and rear seats. Mrs. CONNALLY was seated to the left of her husband on the "jump-seat" and Special Agent ROY H. KELLERMAN, of the Secret Service, was seated to the right of GREER. As this vehicle departed from the ramp at Love Field, additional Secret Service Agents were on foot surrounding the vehicle until it emerged from the crowded area.

The lead car, which was directly in front of the Presidential vehicle, was a police vehicle occupied by members of the City of Dallas Police Department and Secret Service Agent LAWSON, who had conducted the advanced survey of the Dallas route. GREER estimated that the motorcade was traveling at a speed of 15 to 20 miles per hour down the main thoroughfare, which was lined on both sides by vast crowds of people and many additional

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On 11/27/63 at Washington, D.C. File # BA 89-30

by SAs JAMES W. SIBERT & FRANCIS X. O'NEILL, JR.:mk Date dictated 11/27/63

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persons were observing the motorcade through open windows in office buildings along both sides of the route. The weather was balmy and clear and many of the people were without coats.

The procession made a right turn, facing in the direction of the Book Depository Building and then a left turn, bringing the motorcade in front of this building which was then on the right. The same speed was maintained as the motorcade passed in front of this building and GREER estimates that he had crossed the center line of the building when he heard a noise which sounded like a motorcycle backfire. On hearing this noise he glanced to his right toward KELLERMAN and out of the corner of his eye noticed that the Governor appeared to be falling toward his wife. He thereafter recalls hearing some type of outcry after which KELLERMAN said, "Let's get out of here." He further related that at the time of hearing the sound he was starting down an incline which passes beneath a railroad crossing and after passing under this viaduct, he closed in on the lead car and yelled to the occupants and a nearby police motorcyclist, "Hospital, Hospital!" The lead car sped in the direction of Parkland Hospital closely followed by GREER, who at times floored the accelerator.

On arrival at the hospital, GREER and KELLERMAN jumped out of the vehicle and first removed Governor CONNALLY, who was placed on a stretcher. CONNALLY was removed first in order to push the "jump seat" forward thus permitting removal of the President. GREER recalls helping take the President's stretcher into the emergency operating room. It is his recollection that the President was breathing when removed from the vehicle and transported into this room.

GREER stated that since he was occupied with driving the vehicle, he did not have much opportunity to observe the activity occurring in the rear of the vehicle after the President and Governor were shot.

The following description of Agent GREER was obtained through observation and interview:

Name	WILLIAM ROBERT GREER
Address	9513 Sheridan Street, Seabrook Acres, Maryland
Nationality	American
Race	White
Sex	Male
DOB	9/22/09
Place of Birth	Northern Ireland
Height	5'10"

BA 89-30
JWS;FXO:mk
3

Weight	175 lbs.
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Brown, greying
Marital Status	Married - one son
Occupation	Secret Service Agent since November, 1950, after previously serving with uniform force, Secret Service, since 10/1/45.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 4, 1963

ABRAHAM ZAPRUDER, 3909 Marquette Street, Dallas, Texas, advised that on November 22, 1963, he was standing in the park area north of Elm Street and just west of the intersection of Elm and Houston Streets. He had taken this position in order to take 8 millimeter movie film of the President and the Presidential motorcade as it passed by him. He stated he had with him a Bell and Howell 8 millimeter zoom-lens camera, which was either a 1962 or 1963 model. He advised he had loaded this camera previously with a 25-foot roll of 16 millimeter film, which in effect affords 50 feet of 8 millimeter film. He had shot the first 25 feet earlier and had reversed the roll and shot a few feet on November 22, 1963, at the park area of some girls who work in his office, prior to the arrival of the Presidential motorcade. He stated his camera was fully wound, was set, manually, on maximum zoom-lens. The camera was set to take normal speed movie film or 24 frames per second. The control buttons for the zoom-lens were not touched once he started taking photographs of the Presidential motorcade.

ZAPRUDER stated that he first picked up the motorcade as it made the turn on to Elm Street from Houston Street. The motorcade then passed behind a street directional sign and from that point on until it disappeared from sight to his right, or the west, he was taking moving pictures of the President's car. He stated he had started taking pictures prior to the first shot being fired and continued taking pictures until the motorcade disappeared to his right. ZAPRUDER advised he could not recall but having heard only two shots and, also, stated that he knew that from watching through the viewfinder that the President had been hit. He stated he took the exposed film immediately to the Jamieson Film Company on Bryan Street, Dallas, and stayed with the film through its entire processing. He had the original print and three copies made. The film was in color. The original is on 16 millimeter film, and according to Mr. ZAPRUDER is much clearer than those appearing on 8 millimeter film. He subsequently turned over two copies to the United States Secret Service and sold the original and one copy to Life Magazine.

Mr. ZAPRUDER turned over to Special Agent ROBERT M.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT M. BARRETT /gmf Date dictated 12/4/63

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BARRETT his Bell and Howell 8 millimeter zoom-lens camera described above. He requested that the camera be returned to him after it had served its use to the FBI. He advised this camera had been in the hands of the United States Secret Service Agents on December 3, 1963, as they claimed they wanted to do some checking of it. He, also, stated he had received a call from the Bell and Howell Company who stated they wanted to place the camera in their archives and would replace the camera with a new one.

DL 89-43
CTB:man

1

On December 3, 1963, SA CHARLES T. BROWN, JR., telephonically contacted Mr. JOHN MARTIN, Superintendent of Safety, Room 517, Houston Street Annex Post Office, telephone RI 9-3181. Mr. MARTIN was contacted at his home telephone DI 8-3546. MARTIN advised on November 22, 1963, he took some 8 mm color movies of the Presidential Motorcade. The movies were made while MARTIN was standing on Houston Street, adjacent to the Dallas County Sheriff's Office Building. MARTIN said there is a possibility he obtained movies of the Texas School Book Depository Building.

MARTIN was contacted by representatives of Life Magazine, and the film was turned over to Mrs. PAT SWANK, Life Magazine representative in Dallas, telephone LA 6-1398. The film was eventually placed in the hands of a Mr. BILLINGSLEY, representative of Life Magazine, Room 1106, Adolphus Hotel. MARTIN believes the films have been forwarded to Life Magazine Headquarters, New York City.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Mr. JOE R. MOLINA, 4306 Brown Street, telephone LA 6-3956, who is employed as credit manager for the Texas School Book depository, Houston and Elm Streets, Dallas, Texas, stated that on the day of the assassination he was standing on the steps of the building housing the Texas School Book Depository and that shortly thereafter he was questioned briefly by the Dallas Police. He said that about 1:00 a.m., on the morning of November 23, 1963, the Dallas Police came to his home with a search warrant and searched his premises but did not find anything. They claimed that he had been associated with the Communist and subversive element and indicated that he was a friend of OSWALD. He was requested to appear at the Police Department at 11:00 a.m., on November 23, 1963, which he did. He was questioned by the police concerning his association with OSWALD and told them that he had a limited association with him. As a matter of fact, Mr. MOLINA stated he knew OSWALD very casually since OSWALD had worked for the Texas School Book Depository for only a short time.

When he was questioned by the Dallas Police, a Secret Service man was present, and he was asked questions concerning his membership in the American GI Forum. He stated that there was no reason to believe that the American GI Forum was not a legitimate organization because the Attorney General of the United States had delivered a speech at the Chicago convention of that organization. He said the radio, television, and news media referred to him as "Mr. X" but did not mention his name, nor did they mention the American GI Forum. He said the newspapers exaggerated the facts because they pictured him as being a "buddy" of OSWALD when, in fact, he hardly knew him since he, MOLINA, worked on the second floor and OSWALD worked on another floor in the building. He said that even though his name was not mentioned in the newspapers, many of his friends identified him as being the person referred to in the papers. MOLINA stated he wanted to clear up the matter and had talked with his attorney as well as WILLIAM J. LOWREY, who is also a member of the American GI Forum. He said the news media did not directly accuse him of being a subversive but

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent W. HARLAN BROWN/gm Date dictated 11/30/63

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insinuated in their writeups and speech that he was a subversive individual. He could recall actually never having spoken to OSWALD but saw him in the Texas School Book Depository building.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

1

MARY ELIZABETH WOODWARD, 4812 Alcott, employee, Women's News, "Dallas Morning News," Dallas, Texas, advised that she, AURELIA ALONZO, MARGARET BROWN and ANNE DONALDSON, on November 22, 1963 left the office of the "Dallas Morning News" just about 12:00 noon to observe the Presidential Motorcade.

They walked to Elm Street and stopped in front of the Texas School Book Depository building, but were located a short distance down the street near the second light post. They were standing in this spot when the Presidential Motorcade came by. She stated she was watching President and Mrs. KENNEDY closely, and all of her group cheered loudly as they went by. Just as President and Mrs. KENNEDY went by, they turned and waved at them. Just a second or two later, she heard a loud noise. At this point, it appeared to her that President and Mrs. KENNEDY probably were about one hundred feet from her. There seemed to be a pause of a few seconds, and then there were two more loud noises which she suddenly realized were shots, and she saw President KENNEDY fall over and Mrs. KENNEDY jumped up and started crawling over the back of the car. She stated that her first reaction was that the shots had been fired from above her head and from possibly behind her. Her next reaction was that the shots might have come from the overpass which was to her right. She stated, however, because of the loud echo, she could not say where the shots had come from, other than they had come from above her head. She stated that she had seen about five or six persons standing on top of the overpass, and possibly this is why her first reaction was to look at the top of this overpass. She never at any time saw anything in the hands of the people on the overpass. She never looked at any time toward the Texas School Book Depository building, and stated she could not furnish any information regarding anyone who appeared to be leaving the area, as there was a lot of confusion and everyone was running around.

She and her friends stayed for a few minutes under a tree on the grounds of the Texas School Book Depository building, as she thought that she was going to be sick. After

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on 12-6-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent HENRY J. OLIVER/mvs DAVID H. BARRY Date dictated 12-6-63

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standing under this tree for a few minutes, they returned to their office. She stated she does not know RUBY or OSWALD and stated to her knowledge she did not see either RUBY or OSWALD at the scene of the assassination.

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DL 89-43
HJO:mja

ANN DONALDSON, 4812 Alcott, Society Editor; MARGARET BROWN, 9334 Peninsula Drive, Copy Editor; and Miss AURELIA ALONZO, 4011 Travis, Reporter, all employees of Women's News Department, Dallas Morning News, Dallas, Texas, were interviewed December 6, 1963, by SAS HENRY J. OLIVER and LOUIS M. KELLEY. All furnished the same information as that previously furnished by MARY ELIZABETH WOODWARD.

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DL 89-43
NAP:gmf

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agents NAT A. PINKSTON and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:

SARAH STANTON, 227 North Ewing, Apartment A-4, on November 23, 1963, advised that she is employed in the second floor office of the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, and at about 12:30 P. M., on November 22, 1963, she was standing on the front steps of the building as the President passed and shortly thereafter she heard three explosions, however, she did not know where they came from and immediately went into the building, caught the elevator and went to the second floor offices and into the office of the Southwestern Publishing Company, located there, to try to look out the window and see what was happening. She then went to the restroom and later returned to her desk. She knows LEE HARVEY OSWALD by sight, being employed by the same concern, but is not personally acquainted with him and did not see OSWALD on November 22, 1963, and has never seen him with a gun.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/4/63

Mrs. ALVIN HOPSON, residence 4717 Waverly, Dallas, Texas, employed by Scott Foresman Book Company, Fourth Floor of Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) Building furnished the following information:

On November 22, 1963, she was looking out a window on the south side of the fourth floor of the TSBD Building when the motorcade of President JOHN F. KENNEDY passed in front of the building going west on Elm Street toward the Triple Underpass. She stated that she was standing at a window which could not be opened and thus was looking through the glass rather than through an open window. She stated that she was standing at this window from about 12 o clock noon until President KENNEDY's car passed in front of the building. Immediately after he passed, she heard two or more loud sounds which she thought were firecrackers. She stated that she thought they had been set off on the street below, and she saw people on the street running toward the underpass and the railroad track.

She stated at the time she heard these sounds she could not see the Presidential car since there were some trees along the edge of the street which blocked her view.

She and the other people on the fourth floor milled around in the office, and for a few minutes could not determine what was going on.

She stated that from where she was she did not see anyone going downstairs. She pointed out that the fourth floor is partitioned off into office space, and the elevator she normally uses does not run higher than the fourth floor and is located on the east end of the building.

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on 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 8943

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM: mcm Date dictated 12/3/63

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DL 89-43
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Mrs. NORTON stated that she did not see the Presidential car at the time of the shooting and thus did not see the President shot. She stated that it did not sound to her like the sounds were coming from her building, and that she was not alert to the possibility of someone fleeing that building after the shots. She advised that she does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and does not recall ever having seen him, and she specifically does not recall seeing him or anyone resembling him on the day of the shooting, November 22, 1963.

1
DL 89-43
NAP:gmf

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agents NAT A. PINKSTON and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:

On November 23, 1963, Mrs. CHARLES T. DAVIS, aka AVERY DAVIS, 902 Westmount, Dallas, advised that she is employed by Scott Forsman and Company on the fourth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building. She is not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and does not recall having seen him until she saw him on television.

On November 22, 1963, she was standing on the front steps of the building when the President passed and she then heard three explosions. She did not realize they were shots and did not see anyone with a gun and immediately returned to the building and to the elevator to her fourth floor offices. She does not recall ever having seen OSWALD before.

She stated that MARY HOLLIS, with whom she is employed, told her that she was watching the President go by from the fourth floor office windows and immediately after the shots were fired, she thought she heard footsteps running across the floor directly above her, however, she did not see anyone fire any shots or anyone with a gun in his possession.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

Mrs. ERIC (CAROLYN) WALTHER, 4118 Shelley, Dallas, Texas, stated she is employed in the cutting room for Miller and Randazzo, a dress factory, on the third floor of the Del-Tex Mart Building, 501 Elm Street, Dallas.

On November 22, 1963, she and another employee, Mrs. PEARL SPRINGER, ate lunch at 12:00 noon and left the lunch room at about 12:20 PM to go down on the street to see President KENNEDY ride by. They walked out of the front door of the building, crossed the street, and stopped at a point on the east side of Houston Street, about fifty or sixty feet south of the south curb of Elm Street. They stopped next to the curb to await the passing of the President. While standing there, she started looking around, and looked over toward the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) Building. She noticed a man wearing a brown suit and a very dark red shirt leaning out a window of the third floor, somewhere about the middle window of the third floor. Shortly after this, a man in the crowd across the street to the west of where she was standing apparently had an epileptic seizure, and an ambulance came by and took the man away. Shortly after the ambulance left, she looked back toward the TSBD Building and saw a man standing on either the fourth or fifth floor in the southeast corner window. This would be the most easterly window of either the fourth or fifth floors, of the windows on the south side of the building, which faces toward Elm Street. This man had the window open and was standing up leaning out the window with both his hands extended outside the window ledge. In his hands, this man was holding a rifle with the barrel pointed downward, and the man was looking south on Houston Street. The man was wearing a white shirt and had blond or light brown hair. She recalled at the time that she had not noticed the man there a few moments previously when she looked toward the building and thought that apparently there were guards everywhere. The rifle had a short barrel and seemed large around the stock or end of the rifle. Her impression was that the gun was a machine gun. She noticed nothing like a telescopic sight on the rifle or a leather strap or sling on the rifle. She said she knows nothing about rifles or guns of any type, but

on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents C. RAY HALL AND MAURICE J. WHITE: mam Date dictated 12/5/63

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thought that the rifle was different from any she had ever seen. This man was standing in about the middle of the window. In the same window, to the left of this man, she could see a portion of another man standing by the side of this man with a rifle. This other man was standing erect, and his head was above the opened portion of the window. As the window was very dirty, she could not see the head of this second man. She is positive this window was not as high as the sixth floor. This second man was apparently wearing a brown suit coat, and the only thing she could see was the right side of the man, from about the waist to the shoulders.

Almost immediately after noticing this man with the rifle and the other man standing beside him, someone in the crowd said "Here they come," and she looked to her left, looking south on Houston Street, to see the Presidential Party. As soon as President KENNEDY's car passed where she was standing, she and Mrs. SPRINGER turned away and started walking north toward Elm Street. At about the time they reached the curb at Elm Street, she heard a loud report and thought it was fireworks. There was a pause after this first report, then a second and third report almost at the same time, and then a pause followed by at least one and possibly more reports. The noise seemed to come from up in the air, but she never looked up in any direction. When the second report sounded, she decided it was gunfire, so she and Mrs. SPRINGER started diagonally across the street toward the TSBD Building. About the time she got across the street, she heard someone yell that the President had been hit. She stopped a moment and listened to the police radio on a motorcycle, then returned to the building across the street where she works. She returned to her job at about 12:45 PM.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

Mrs. PEARL SPRINGER, 8218 Elkton Circle, Dallas, Texas, telephone EX 1-1803, advised she is employed in the cutting room for Miller and Randazzo on the third floor of the Dal-Tex Mart Building, 501 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas.

On November 22, 1963, she and another employee, Mrs. CAROLYN WALTHER, left the building where they work after they hrrriedly ate lunch at about 12:15 p.m., to see the Presidential parade. They walked out of the building, crossed Elm Street and walked south on Houston Street on the east side of Houston Street, stopping just south of a sign post. (This sign post is seventeen steps south of the Elm Street Curb.) They stood there for about fifteen minutes waiting for the parade. During that time, she looked around at the crowd but never looked up above the ground floor of the Texas School Book Depository building located diagonally across the street from where she was standing. She recalled some commotion across the street from her, and an ambulance came and carried a man away. She heard a police officer say that the man carried away in the ambulance had an epileptic seizure. After the Presidential party passed her and turned the corner going west on Elm Street, she heard what she thought was a shot. At first she thought it was some kind of salute, but this shot was followed by two more. She recalled that after the first shot there was a pause, then two more shots were fired close together. She and Mrs. WALTHER ran across the street for a moment toward the Texas School Book Depository building to see if they could see anything down toward the Elm Street underpass, but they could not, so they returned to the building where they work.

Mrs. SPRINGER said that she noticed no one standing in the windows on the upper floors of the Texas School Book Depository building, and Mrs. WALTER did not mention to her anything about seeing a man standing in a window of that building holding a rifle.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent C. RAY HALL and MAURICE J. WHITE/gm Date dictated 12/5/63

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DL 89-43
KRA/gm/cv
1

The following investigation was conducted by SA KENNETH R. ALBERT:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

On November 27, 1963, T. A. VINES, Constable, Precinct 7, 410 South Beckley, advised he received information from an individual who desired his name remain confidential that a white female named LISA, who is employed at the Youngblood Restaurant on Colorado Street, was at the corner of Houston and Elm Streets at approximately 11:40 a.m., November 22, 1963. This unknown individual stated LISA was a quiet girl but enjoyed talking very much. He stated when he observed LISA standing on the corner she appeared to be looking up at the building from which the shots were fired that killed President KENNEDY. This unknown individual invited LISA into his automobile and drove her to work. He stated she appeared in a very nervous state and hardly said a word during the trip. He stated when he let her off at work, she was visibly shaken, and he inquired as to what she was doing at Elm and Houston, and she said she went there to see the President. Mr. VINES stated this unknown individual reported this information to him, and he thought it should be brought to the attention of the FBI.

On November 27, 1963, LISA KITCHEN, 2233 Annilles, Stevens Park Apartments, advised she is employed as a cashier at Youngblood's Restaurant on Colorado near Zangs Boulevard. She stated that every morning when she comes to work, she has to catch a bus at the corner of Houston and Commerce at approximately 11:30 a.m. She advised that on Friday, November 22, 1963, she was at the corner of Commerce and Houston at approximately 11:25 and walked over to Elm at Houston for the purpose of seeing persons gathering in the area and seeing the decorations in the preparation for President KENNEDY's appearance. She stated she heard the President would not arrive for another hour and remained only a few minutes. She stated at approximately 11:35 or 11:40, ROBERT KENNEDY, employee of an air conditioning company who does work for Youngblood's Restaurant, stopped his truck and asked her if she was going to work. She stated she was and he stated he would be glad to drive her. She stated he drove her to work and let her off at the restaurant at approximately 11:55 a.m. She stated she had no particular reason for being at Houston and Elm except she was inquisitive as to what

preparations were being made. She stated she did not look up at the Texas School Book Depository building and saw nothing unusual in the area. She stated she only saw numerous people with cameras and children awaiting the arrival of the President.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

JAMES DARNELL, Reporter, WBAP-TV, 1900 N. Akard, home address 3518 Edgewater, Dallas, Texas, informed that he was in the motorcade however he was at such a distance that he could not see the car in which the President was riding. He stated he heard the first shot and thought that it was a backfire from an automobile. The second shot he thought was a firecracker. He stated however after the second shot he realized from the confusion something had happened and he jumped out of the car and ran toward the President's car however he was unable to see anything and did not get photographs. He said he noticed parents were throwing children to the ground and covering them with their bodies and that he took photographs of this activity. He stated he never looked at the Texas School Book Depository building and did not see anyone in any of the windows.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents RICHARD E. HARRISON and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:vm Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

Mrs. CHARLES HESTER, 2619 Keyhold Street, Irving, Texas, advised that sometime around 12:30 p.m., on November 22, 1963, she and her husband were standing along the street at a place immediately preceding the underpass on Elm Street, where President KENNEDY was shot. Mrs. HESTER advised she heard two loud noises which sounded like gunshots, and she saw President KENNEDY slump in the seat of the car he was riding in. Her husband then grabbed her and shoved her to the ground. Shortly thereafter they then went across to the north side of the street on an embankment in an attempt to gain shelter. She stated that she believes she and her husband actually had been in the direct line of fire. She did not see anyone with a gun when the shots were fired and stated she could not furnish any information as to exactly where the shots came from. After the President's car had pulled away from the scene, she and her husband proceeded to their car and left the area as she was very upset.

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on 11/24/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent # J. DOYLE WILLIAMS and HENRY J. OLIVER/gm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

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Mrs. MARIE MUCHMORE, 2980 Randy Lane, Farmers Branch, Dallas, Texas, who is employed by Justin McCarty Dress Manufacturers, 707 Young Street, Dallas, advised that on November 22, 1963, she and five other employees from the company, including one WILMA BOND, went to observe the Presidential parade. She advised that they stood on Main and Houston Streets. As the parade passed by there she heard the first shot but from where they were standing could not observe where the shot came from. She said she panicked after this shot and ran back to the office, later becoming deathly sick over the incident when learning of the President's death. She said she had a movie camera with her at the time and WILMA BOND had a box type camera but she advised that she did not obtain any photographs of the assassination scene. She said that WILMA BOND had some of her photographs developed but they were just of the crowd and the caravan and from where they were standing, as previously mentioned, did not get any pictures of the assassination.

Mrs. MUCHMORE advised she returned to Ardmore, Oklahoma, for the holidays and told her family, who reported it to the FBI. She said she did not think she could be of any further assistance because she did not even know the building where the shots came from and friends of hers had to point it out to her.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT E. BASHAM, JR. Date dictated 12/4/63

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DL 89-43
MLJ:rmb

The following investigation was conducted by SA MALON L. JENNINGS, SA B. TOM CARTER and SA ROBLEY D. MADLAND:

AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS

On November 23, 1963, JAMES A. BYRON, News Director, WBAP-TV, made available for review TV movie film shot by his employees and NBC photographers on or about the time of the KENNEDY assassination in Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963.

A review of the film did not disclose any pictures of the building where President KENNEDY was allegedly shot from until this particular act had been committed. After President KENNEDY was shot, the film did contain several frames of the building which are of no particular significance at this time. With regard to people running from the building or people possibly seen in the building as alleged by persons viewing this film on television when first shown by NBC, Mr. BYRON pointed out that this film was first run without being edited and, of course, the sequence might indicate to viewers that the building scene was taken at the time of the assassination, which is not true.

Mr. BYRON advised that NBC photographers' film and the station's own photographers' films were run together as one since this is an NBC station. He pointed out that the NBC photographer shooting film shortly after the shooting of the President was DAVE WEIGMAN. WEIGMAN was riding in a car approximately five cars back of the President. He apparently heard the shooting, jumped out of his car, and with his movie camera shooting film, ran up to the vicinity of the President's car. During this period there are shown what appear to be people running from buildings, but the building in question here was one block away and not included on this film which was taken by WEIGMAN. Further, people are shown running or lying on the ground because of the shooting, and some of this is shown on the film taken by WEIGMAN.

Mr. BYRON advised that should any film come to his attention which would possibly aid the FBI in this case, he would immediately notify the FBI, extend his fullest cooperation, and make any film available for FBI use.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

Mr. SETH KANTOR, a member of the Washington Press Corps, Scripps-Howard Alliance, 1013 13th Street Northwest, Washington, D.C., stated that he was assigned by his paper to cover the trip to Texas of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He stated he was riding in the special bus which carried the White House correspondents on November 22, 1963. KANTOR related that this bus was several car lengths behind the President's car, but as they were nearing the corner of Elm and Houston Streets in Dallas, he heard three shots. He thought these were shots, but some of the press men thought the first shot was only a backfire of an automobile.

He advised they were then taken in the bus to Market Hall, where originally President KENNEDY had intended to address a meeting there at a luncheon on November 22, 1963. Upon arrival at this Hall, he obtained the service of someone, whom he does not recall, to take him to Parkland Hospital.

Upon arriving at Parkland Hospital, KANTOR went to the emrgency area of the hospital and remained with other newsmen. Shortly before 1:30 p.m., November 22, 1963, the newsmen were notified that MALCOLM KILDUFF, the White House Press Aide, was to make a historical announcement. The newsmen followed KILDUFF out of the emergency area which leads to the west side of Parkland Hospital and to the southwest corner of Parkland Hospital. Upon arrival at the southwest corner of Parkland Hospital, KILDUFF entered the door, went in a small area, and then upstairs to a room where the announcement of the President's assassination was made at 1:30 p.m., November 22, 1963.

Upon entering the southwest corner of the building, he felt someone tug at his coat, and it was JACK RUBY, whom KANTOR had known in Dallas, Texas, when KANTOR was on the staff of the Dallas Times Herald newspaper. KANTOR related

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 ~~DL 44-1639~~

by Special Agent VINCENT E. J. DRAIN/gm Date dictated 12/3/63

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that he filed a story for his paper following this, but he did remember the time that RUBY tugged his coat because it was about two minutes before KILDUFF made the announcement of the President's death. KANTOR states he would place the time at about 1:28 p.m. when RUBY tugged the back of his coat and talked with him.

KANTOR filed a story which he says is fairly complete about the events that afternoon for his paper back in Washington. KANTOR does not know whether or not this has been used, and it is being set forth verbatim:

"Dallas. Nov. 25 - To my utter amazement I watched the man charged with killing President KENNEDY gunned to death by a friend of mine, JACK RUBY.

"It happened less than ten feet from where I was standing in the basement of the Dallas Police Station. LEE HARVEY OSWALD was being led to an armored car in the basement driveway. He was to be transferred to the Dallas County Jail.

"There was heavy police protection for OSWALD. Each of us newsmen had been carefully checked -- we showed our credentials -- before being allowed into the basement driveway area to watch OSWALD get into the transfer van.

"OSWALD was near where I stood. I was looking into his face. He had a scant smile. He was freshly shaved, and his face appeared to beam with cleanliness.

"At this point I heard Vice Squad Detective B. H. COMBEST shout, 'JACK -- you son of a bitch.'

"COMBEST was standing in front of OSWALD. RUBY was lunging past COMBEST like a stocky, five foot - nine inch porpoise, his arms extended, a pistol at the end of it. As the muzzle came to OSWALD's stomach, the gun went off.

"I watched OSWALD's face contort from cleanliness to horror. As his body crumpled, he let out the last sound of his life, a spine-chilling moan.

"The last time I had seen OSWALD's killer, RUBY, was two days earlier. It was at Parkland Memorial Hospital, moments before the news was official that President KENNEDY was dead. I had come to Texas covering the President's trip.

"I felt a tugging at the back of my coat. I turned. RUBY put out his hand. He shook hands numbly, having minutes earlier witnessed the tragic events of the President's assassination.

"'This is horrible,' RUBY said. 'I think I ought to close my place for three days because of this tragedy. What do you think?' His places are downtown strip joint and saloon.

"I agreed that he should shut them temporarily, but I spent no more time talking to him because I was hurrying behind the pale and shaken MALCOLM KILDUFF, the White House press aide, who was on his way to make the historical announcement that the President was dead.

"Before Friday, I had not seen the 52 year old RUBY for nearly two years since leaving Texas to be a reporter in Washington, D. C.

"I saw much of RUBY, whose real last name is RUBENSTEIN, when I lived in Dallas. He was a fellow who usually wore a diamond stickpin and who came to me frequently with an idea for a newspaper story.

"These were weird things, these stories, but unmarried RUBY always has been attracted to unusual people.

"There was a snake charmer he knew -- a suburban Dallas housewife who kept large snakes in crates in her house. Her husband was an accountant. At night, she performed in RUBY's night club stripping off her clothes while a snake coiled around her arms and legs.

"I did another story about the male West Indies limbo dancer whom RUBY brought here as a performer, had taken a liking to and was sponsoring for U. S. citizenship.

"That is the way he was. When he liked you, he wanted to do anything and everything he could to help you. If he didn't like somebody, he would curse them and fight them. He has had a few arrests here because of the passionate ways in which he had expressed his feelings of dislike for people.

"'I came up the hard, tough way in Chicago,' he once told me. 'I have been around real thugs. I can handle myself.'

"But one time I remember him bringing his nephew here 'to educate the kid. A man needs an education to get anywhere decent. I don't like the way I have wound up -- in the girlie-show business. What kind of a life is that for a man?'

"Friday I saw tears brimming in JACK RUBY's eyes when he searched my face for news of the President's condition.

"Yesterday, I spoke to GEORGE SENATOR, who has known RUBY eight years. SENATOR and RUBY have been sharing a four-room house for $125.00 a month since September. SENATOR said that RUBY 'had been grieving' since the President's death.

"RUBY was a non-political man as I knew him, but he was always emotional. How was the emotional man able

to walk into the police station basement yesterday morning and murder the un-emotional man charged with killing the President? I couldn't believe my eyes. The precautions taken by the Dallas Police were thorough. They even searched the Tristine elevator shaft leading from OSWALD's upstairs cell to the basement to make sure no assassin had found a hiding place.

"RUBY knew and was known by many Dallas police. He was allowed in, somehow. He was JACK RUBY the kibitzer in the jail basement, just as he had been JACK RUBY the kibitzer at the hospital where President KENNEDY died. He was a familiar face at all kinds of strange events in this city. But yesterday he stopped being the kibitzer."

KANTOR related that he did not actually see RUBY, but he saw RUBY's arm extending forth with a gun toward OSWALD, and the reason he did not see RUBY was in view of the fact that his attention was focused on OSWALD's face at the time of the shooting. When he heard gunfire, he turned his eyes and there were the police grabbing RUBY. In the excitement KANTOR stated he does not remember just who was down in the basement of the building as he was concentrating on his own story.

KANTOR stated that the reason he was at the police station on November 24, 1963, was the fact that the night before, someone with the Press Corps, asked Chief of Police JESSE CURRY, Dallas Police Department, what time the transfer would be made of LEE HARVEY OSWALD to the Dallas County Jail. Chief CURRY replied that if the press was back the next morning, November 24, 1963, by 10:00 AM, it would be early enough. KANTOR stated that he slept late and walked over to the Dallas police station, arriving there about 10:40 AM, November 24, 1963, thinking the transfer had already been made. Upon arrival he went immediately to the basement of the building prior to the time OSWALD was brought down to the basement, and was there, as had been set forth, at the time JACK RUBY shot LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

DL 100-10461/mam

II. INTERVIEWS WITH RELATIVES OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD
A. MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD - WIFE
B. ROBERT LEE OSWALD - BROTHER
C. JOHN EDWARD PIC - HALF-BROTHER

A. MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD - WIFE

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date December 1, 1963

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Parrar Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone DAvis 7-6569.

MARINA OSWALD furnished the following background information concerning herself. She was born July 17, 1941, at Severodvinsk (formerly called Molotovsk), Arkhangel Oblast, USSR. She does not know who her father was. Her stepfather is ALEXANDER IVANOVICH MEDVEDEV. Her mother is [illegible] VASILEVNA MEDVEDEV. She moved from Severodvinsk while she was an infant and went to live in Arkhangelsk, Arkhangel Oblast, where she lived with her maternal grandmother, TATIANA YAKOVLEVNA PRUSAKOVA, now deceased, and her grandfather, VASILI PRUSAKOV (sometimes spelled PROSSAKOV). She remembers her grandfather wore a uniform and her mother always told her that he was a Captain First Class. Her grandfather died when she was about 4 or 4½ years old and she continued to live with her grandmother until she was about 7 years old. When she was 7, she went back to live with her stepfather and mother at Zguritza, Moldavian, SSR (formerly called Bessarabia). A half-brother, PIOTR ALEXANDROVICH MEDVEDEV, was born at Arkhangelsk in 1945 or 1946, and a half-sister, TATIANA ALEXANDROVNA MEDVEDEVA, was born in 1949.

At Zguritza she went to school for 4 years. Then the entire family moved to Leningrad in 1952 where she entered the 5th grade. It was in this town that her stepfather was born and he had now returned home. Her stepfather was by training and profession an electrical worker. He was skilled, and in Leningrad at this time had a job maintaining equipment in a gas producing plant. He had, before the war, been employed in the Moldavian SSR at an electrical station. During the war he was mobilized and had spent the war at the front. She believes he was some sort of an Army officer. Meanwhile, her mother worked in a hospital. She does not know where.

She attended the fifth, sixth and seventh grades of a ten-year school called the 374th Woman's School at Leningrad. At the conclusion of her seventh grade she wanted to go to a specialized school because her mother was quite ill and she felt that she might need a specialty in order that she

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEITMAN:bmm/gmf Date dictated 12/1/63

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might be independent. She was allowed to enter a specialty school, which she did following the conclusion of her seventh grade work. She entered the Pharmacy Technicum at Leningrad in 1955 and graduated with a diploma as a pharmacist in June, 1959. During her last year in pharmacy school she had also worked in a drug store in Leningrad. This drug store was a central drug store located on Nevsky Prospect (a main street in Leningrad). Her mother died when she was in the second year of pharmacy school. She continued to reside with her stepfather although she felt like a stranger in the house. She explained that she and her stepfather did not get along well together and that this had been a situation of long standing. She explained that this situation was probably more due to her actions than to those of her stepfather. She said she had been "fresh" with her mother, particularly, and the stepfather had not liked this. She said she was not amenable to discipline and was generally a source of concern to her stepfather.

She advised that during this time while she was attending pharmacy school after her mother died she took meals away from the stepfather's home although she slept there. She explained that upon the death of her mother the children had come into a pension, and that this was divided three ways.

MARINA said she did not feel that her childhood was a happy one because of the friction between herself and her stepfather.

Upon graduation from pharmaceutical school in June, 1959, she was assigned work in a pharmaceutical warehouse in Leningrad. This work consisted of packing and preparing pharmaceutical orders. She did not like the work and quit after one day. She explained that generally a person had 3 days in which to decide whether or not to retain a professional-type job and that it was not a black mark to quit a job during this first three days. After quitting this job, she took a two months' vacation, and just enjoyed herself. She was residing in her stepfather's house in Leningrad.

Toward the end of August, 1959, she bought a railroad ticket to Minsk, Belorussia, SSR, as she had decided to go live with her aunt and uncle who reside in Minsk. Minsk is a 24-hour railroad ride from Leningrad. This uncle is ILIA VASILIEVICH PRUSAKOV, who is now about 52 years of age, and the aunt is VALENTINA GURIEVNA PRUSAKOVA, who is now about 37 years of age. This aunt and uncle had lived in Arkhangelsk when she lived there. Her grandmother had lived with this aunt and uncle for a while prior to her death. This was a mutual liking between this aunt and uncle and MARINA. This uncle had graduated from college as an engineer, specializing in lumber. He had been in the Armed Forces in World War II and after the war was assigned to the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Belorussia, in Minsk, and is presently in charge of the department which deals with lumber. Although he works as an engineer, he has the rank of a Colonel or Lieutenant Colonel and always wears a military uniform. Everybody in this ministry wears a uniform. For example, a medical doctor who lives in the same apartment house as does her uncle and who works in this ministry also wears a military uniform.

Her aunt, VALENTINA, had no children, and she spent her time at the apartment.

When she arrived at the apartment of her aunt and uncle, they had a general discussion about her, MARINA's future, and it was agreed that she could remain at the apartment if she wanted to do so. MARINA said that she was going to look for a job. The aunt said that MARINA would probably get married soon, but the uncle was opposed to an early marriage by MARINA. MARINA was 18 at this time. MARINA said she herself was opposed to marriage at this time and desired only to get a job and go to work.

She had previously had male admirers in Leningrad and had only recently broken up with one particular boy. This boy's mother was very interested in her son marrying MARINA, but neither the boy nor MARINA felt that their relationship was close enough for marriage. MARINA refused to give the name of this boy at this time.

Concerning the uncle's apartment, MARINA said it was one of the best in the apartment house, which was for the employees of the Ministry of Internal Affairs. It was located on the 4th floor and had a kitchen, one bath, a foyer, a study, one bedroom, and a combination living room and dining room. The rooms were large although the kitchen was rather small.

In October, 1959, MARINA went to work in the drug section of the Third Clinical Hospital in Minsk, which is located on Lenin Street, in the central section of Minsk. She worked there for one year, until October, 1960, at which time she had earned a month's vacation. She took this vacation in a rest home near Leningrad. This rest home had several cottages in forest-like surroundings. The sexes were separated. The persons at the rest home ate, slept, relaxed, and had fun.

Concerning her social life, MARINA said, as stated before, that she had had several male admirers in Leningrad but had not been interested in matrimony. She pointed out, parenthetically, that at that time her teeth were in good condition and she took pains with her appearance and she believed that she was attractive to men. She said that at the present time she has lost several of her teeth as a result of her two pregnancies and does not feel that she is as attractive as she once was.

She advised that while living in Leningrad she had visited Minsk on vacation on several occasions. On one of these occasions her uncle had introduced her to a young man who lived in the same apartment as did her uncle. This young man, in turn, introduced her to another young man. Then this last young man introduced her to many young men and women with whom he associated socially. These young people were for the most part students in the schools of architecture, medicine, and engineering. Their social life was taken up, in good part, by getting together in cafes where they would sip coffee, exchange gossip, and read newspapers. Also, very heated discussions were carried on among the students about different architectural designs or other professional topics. Also, on occasion various young people would get together at someone's house and listen to records. She said that the crowd more or

less ran together and that she, MARINA, did not desire to pair up with any particular boy friend. This was an enjoyable period of her life and she found her social associations very pleasant.

Concerning the two young men to whom she was first introduced, MARINA advised that she did not care to divulge their names. She said that the first young man to whom she had been introduced by her uncle and who resided in the same apartment house as her uncle spent his vacations in Minsk although he studied in Leningrad. The second young man to whom she was introduced by the first young man is a student at Minsk at some technical institute. The first boy's father is an engineer in the Ministry of Internal Affairs and the father of the second boy is a professor of Science in a technical institute in Minsk.

She advised that she once was invited by some medical student friends to attend an affair which was a combination social and cultural event to be held at the Palace of Culture. She stated that the Palace had been evidently rented by the medical institute for this purpose. She said she decided to go to this affair and spent a good deal of time dressing and preparing for it. When she finally was ready to go she decided not to go. Then her uncle said that as long as she was already dressed and ready that she should go, so she went. She said that she arrived at about 10 o'clock, which was three hours after the affair had started. MARINA pointed out that the first part of the evening had been devoted primarily to a lecture by a Russian woman who had visited the United States as a tourist. Her lecture had dealt with her impressions of the United States. MARINA arrived too late to hear this lecture. The woman lecturer had a son who was a medical student in Minsk and this son was in attendance at this affair on this occasion. This son was an acquaintance of LEE OSWALD.

When MARINA arrived at the affair, as she described it, well dressed and pretty, LEE OSWALD almost immediately saw her and told his medical student acquaintance that he would like to meet her. She was introduced to OSWALD by this medical

student and OSWALD immediately asked her to dance. She accepted OSWALD's invitation and they spent much time together that evening.

She said that OSWALD's Russian, although good, bore a definite accent. She thought that he probably had come from one of the Russian speaking Baltic countries.

At this point MARINA interposed that she had attended this affair about the middle of March, 1961, and she had married LEE OSWALD on April 30, 1961.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 1611 Farrar Street.

MARINA advised she and OSWALD had left Minsk in July of 1961 and gone to Moscow and visited the American Embassy where OSWALD spoke to officials at the American Embassy concerning his desire to return to the U. S. She advised that she also had been interviewed by some American official at the American Embassy concerning her application for visa to go to the U. S. with her husband.

She advised she had applied in May of 1961 to the Russian officials at Minsk and Moscow for official papers which would allow her to leave Russia and depart for the U. S. They received permission from the U. S. officials first, and then they waited in Minsk for the Russian papers to arrive. The Russian permit for MARINA to depart for the U. S. arrived about New Year's of 1962. OSWALD had been granted permission by the Russian officials earlier and had been advised by the American Embassy that he could depart for the U. S. She said the American authorities had suggested to OSWALD he could depart without MARINA, but he had refused to do so as he desired to take his wife with him when he departed. MARINA received her exit permit from the Russian government about the middle of May. They shortly thereafter left Minsk with the baby and arrived in Moscow about May 20, 1962. They spent about ten days in Moscow. While there, she stayed in the hotel and tended to the baby while OSWALD tended to the formalities which were necessary to facilitate their departure to the U. S. While in Moscow, they stayed first at the Hotel Ostankino which was quite removed from the center of Moscow. They later stayed at the Hotel Berlin which was closer to the center of town. While in Moscow, they exchanged sufficient rubles to obtain one hundred and eighty U. S. dollars. OSWALD used this money to buy rail tickets from Moscow to Amsterdam. They departed from Moscow by train about May 30, 1962 and traveled through Poland, Germany and Holland. In Holland, they boarded the ship for the U. S. They arrived in New York on June 13, 1962.

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on 12-3-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent s ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV/gjo Date dictated 12-3-63
WALLACE R. HEITMAN/gjh

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In speaking of her trip to the U. S., MARINA said she was impressed in her journey through Holland by the cleanliness of the people and of the land in general. She also furnished information that the American women appeared to be women who, if they did not have a button to push, appeared to be lost. She said that many times it was easier to do work with the hands than it was to have a machine to do it with.

She stated that both Russia and the U. S. had advantages. She said a good thing about Russia was that a man who needed a job could always have a job, but that in the U. S. it had been her experience that a man who needed a job could not always have a job. She said that her husband had been out of a job for a good part of the time that they had been in the U. S. MARINA advised that there were health benefits also in Russia, such as hospitalization and dental and medical care. She stated higher education was free in the Soviet Union.

MARINA had previously noted that she had made requsts to the Soviet Embassy in February and March of 1963 for permission to return to the Soviet Union. She said that since November 22, 1963 she has not given much thought to the future. She said she may stay in the U. S. because OSWALD is buried here and because the children are here.

Concerning the address of herself and OSWALD in Minsk, MARINA stated that they had lived at No. 4 Communist Street, Apartment 24. She said the name of this street had been changed from Kalinin. She said that the present name of the street written in Russian would be this -- Communisticheskaya.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar.

She took employment at Minsk, at the Third Clinical Hospital on Lenin Street, in October, 1959, and her last day of work at this place was in December, 1961. She explained that she married OSWALD on April 30, 1961, and beginning in late December, 1961, went on maternity leave, which would normally end two months after the birth of the child. Her first child, JUNE, was born on February 15, 1962, (which was two weeks earlier than scheduled) which would mean that she would normally be entitled to maternity leave which would end approximately April 15, 1962. She, however, did not return to work after the birth of her child.

Her duties at the Third Clinical Hospital consisted of filling prescriptions. She explained that the work would vary. One week she would work on liquid prescriptions, the next week on powder prescriptions, and next on medicines for external use. She said a woman was in charge of her section. When asked for this woman's name, MARINA refused to give it. She explained her pay was 45 rubles per month. She was paid every two weeks. She was allowed to use all of her money for her own purposes, as her uncle and aunt refused to take any money from her.

She met OSWALD in the middle of March, 1961, as she has previously explained, at a social function at the Palace of Culture for Professional Unions. At this first meeting, OSWALD evidently took a fancy to her and asked if he could see her again. She stated that she was evasive at this point, and then OSWALD asked if she would be coming again to the Palace the following weekend. She replied that she perhaps would return the following weekend. However, no definite date was made. She explained that each Saturday and Sunday dances and other events were held at the Palace, and that one could buy tickets to attend these events.

She said a week later, on either Saturday on Sunday, she does not remember which, she and a girl friend, whose name she declined to give, went to the Palace to attend the

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89-43

on 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas 4[illegible] DL File # 100-10461

by Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEITMAN :lp/nc Date dictated 12/1/63

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dance. Upon entering the hall, she saw OSWALD waiting for her. She and OSWALD joined company and spent the evening dancing at the Palace and following that, she allowed OSWALD to take her home. He took her to the apartment house of her uncle, but did not enter the house, leaving her at the entrance. She pointed out that the girl who had accompanied her to the dance had had a boy friend in the orchestra. This girl friend and her boy friend kept company and were not with OSWALD and MARINA during the evening.

Upon questioning, MARINA said she felt that OSWALD would be at the Palace that evening, and that was the purpose in her returning. She said she did not tell her girl friend who accompanied her about OSWALD because she did not want to feel silly if OSWALD were not there.

She said that she had introduced OSWALD to the girl friend that accompanied her.

She advised she had made arrangements with OSWALD to meet the following Friday on a certain street corner in Minsk, although no definite arangements were made concerning what they would do.

During that week, on about Tuesday or Wednesday, her annt told her that a boy named ALIK (ALECK) had called her on the telephone and said that he could not keep the appointment for Friday; although he did not leave his last name, MARINA knew to whom her aunt referred. MARINA pointed out that ALIK in Russian is a nickname for ALEXEI, which the Russians called OSWALD in preference to LEE. The pronunciation of the name LEE is foreign to the Russian ear. The aunt advised that ALIK had said he was in the Fourth Clinical Hospital, at the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Department. This hospital was located on the outskirts of town. ALIK told the aunt that he could be visited Sundays. By way of explanation, MARINA said that she had not been at the apartment to receive the telephone call as she had dates with two different young men that week, and it had also been necessary to spend some time with other friends.

She visited OSWALD at the Fourth Clinical Hospital on Sunday at 3:00 PM. He was in the hospital for ear trouble, which later developed into glandular trouble. OSWALD was in

the hospital for ten days. She visited him every day, although visiting hours were only on Sunday. She explained that because she wore a white uniform in her work, she was able to pass right through into his room and see him.

On her first visit to the hospital to see OSWALD, she asked him some questions about America. OSWALD said he preferred America to Russia because he could not take hard winters. OSWALD said he did not think he could live through another hard Russian winter. MARINA said that later when OSWALD left the hospital, they would take walks and OSWALD would get so cold that he would dodge into door entrances to warm up.

She asked him why he had come to Russia, and he replied that as Russia was considered the leader of the Socialist world, he wanted to see it. He did not say how long he was going to stay in Russia. She asked him on this first visit to the hospital if he could return to the United States, and he said no, he could not return. He said he had given up his American documents to the American Embassy, and told the American officials that he would never return to America. She asked him if he was an American or a Soviet citizen. It was in answer to that question that he told her he could not return to the United States. She said that later, after they were married, he said he had been offered Soviet citizenship prior to their marriage, but he had refused it.

She said she had found out that OSWALD was an American, at their first meeting at the Palace, through a third party.

She said that OSWALD never definitely told her that he had lost his United States citizenship. He gave no other reasons for coming to Russia other than that mentioned above. She believes that he was sorry that he had come to Russia.

MARINA advised that she was interested in the United States while she lived in Russia as she was interested in all foreign countries. She said that she knew that OSWALD could not return to the United States because he had said he could not return. At this point, she volunteered the statement that she had married OSWALD because she loved him, not because he was an American or for the purpose of going to the United States.

She stated on one of her visits to the hospital, OSWALD had asked her if she would be his fiancee, and not go around with other boys. She said she would consider this.

Following his release from the hospital, OSWALD began visiting MARINA at her uncle's apartment. She introduced him to her uncle and aunt. She said at this time she still saw on occasion another boy, but this was without the knowledge of OSWALD. She said this other boy objected to her becoming serious about OSWALD. When asked for the name of this young man, she replied that his first name was ANATOLI. ANATOLI was finishing medical school, and he probably is a physician by now. She said she could not remember his last name.

MARINA advised her uncle and aunt did not disapprove of OSWALD and, in fact, were glad that she had reduced the number of her boy friends to almost one. They offered no objections to OSWALD and told her it was her decision to make. The fact that OSWALD was an American made no difference to them. They did ask her if OSWALD could return to the United States, and she replied to the negative. Following his release from the hospital and during his courtship, he continued to ask her to be his wife and she continued to occasionally see ANATOLI up until April 20, 1962. On that date, she agreed to marry OSWALD, and together they went to the registrar to file their intent to marry. They were told that it would take her seven days to obtain permission to marry a foreigner. Permission was granted for the marriage in seven days, and it was thereafter necessary to only wait three more days to fulfill the required ten-day waiting period. They were certified as married by the registrar on April 30, ~~1962~~ 1961.

On the date that they were certified as married, her aunt and uncle had a reception for them in their apartment. Their mutual friends were invited.

She advised she was not interviewed by any official and that the only documentation necessary for this marriage was registration of intent and the certification of the marriage ten days later.

Concerning OSWALD's work in Minsk, MARINA said he had worked as a metal worker in a radio factory. He was an unskilled worker and earned between 80 and 90 rubles a month.

The discrepancy in her pay as a skilled professional of approximately 45 rubles a month, and his pay as a non-skilled worker of 80 to 90 rubles per month was discussed with MARINA. She said she could not explain this discrepancy. She volunteered the information that she knew licensed, medical doctors who earned not more than 65 rubles a month.

She was asked why OSWALD was employed in Minsk. Her reply was that he had been sent from Moscow to work in Minsk.

With regard to her earlier comment that ALIK had called her aunt to say he could not keep the Friday appointment, she was asked if it was the usual thing to have a telephone in Minsk. She said that only high officials had telephones, as they were rather hard to get. She said that having an important position certainly helped. She said that bribery was also used to obtain telephones.

During the questioning concerning her first visit with OSWALD in the hospital, MARINA made the remark that OSWALD in Russia did not smoke or drink or discuss politics with her, or, to her knowledge, with other persons with whom he associated.

December 3, 1963

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

Prior to her marriage, MARINA did not discuss possible domicile with OSWALD, assuming they would move into his apartment. Following marriage, they did this.

Prior to marriage, OSWALD told her he would like her to know he would not be able to provide for her as well as he would like to provide and that he would never be a rich man. He wanted her to know this and know that she was marrying him on this basis. She said that inasmuch as OSWALD did not make much money, she continued working, although OSWALD did not approve of wives working if they did heavy work. MARINA described her work as being painstaking as she had to fill each prescription accurately but it was not heavy work.

They did not take a honeymoon after their marriage and spent the three days each of them had been given as vacation in Minsk. The weather was nice. They ate in cafes and generally enjoyed themselves.

She said she had not, in fact, ever cooked meals in Russia after their marriage, as both she and OSWALD ate out nearly every meal in nearby cafes or at work.

After her marriage, she moved into OSWALD's apartment which was located at Communist Street #4, Apartment 24, in Minsk. It was in the center of the town. The apartment house was occupied by workers of the plant where OSWALD was employed. OSWALD had obtained the apartment sometime prior to their marriage. He lived there at the time they met.

In this connection, she related a coincidence, the first part which had occurred two years prior to their marriage when she had visited Minsk on a vacation. She said she was walking along the river and noticed an attractive apartment house with little balconies overlooking the river. It was discovered that this same apartment house was the one in which she lived after their marriage and she had one of the little balconies which she had admired at that time.

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The apartment was on the fourth floor of the five story building. There was no elevator. The rent was 7.50 rubles per month, which included electricity, gas and water. There was no telephone. By way of comparison, she said her uncle's apartment, which was much more spacious, had rented for 30 rubles per month, which was a considerable amount to pay. The OSWALD apartment consisted of (1) a combination living, dining and bedroom, (2) a kitchen, (3) a bath and (4) a foyer. The kitchen contained a table with a space for utensils underneath, a gas stove, a sink and two chairs. They usually ate in the kitchen if they ate at home. The bathroom had a sink, a toilet and a bath tub. The big room had a sofa which opened to make a bed, a cocktail table on which they kept the record player, a combination book shelf - closet, which they used to store linens and a table and chair. The apartment was very suitable for one person, perhaps a little crowded for two, and was unsuitable when the baby came. They had a balcony which was partitioned from other apartments, entered from the living room, and was of ample size and overlooked the river. When they entertained, they did so on the balcony when possible.

The apartment house was occupied mostly by younger people up to the age of about 40. It was five stories high and was about ½ block by ½ block in size.

MARINA advised OSWALD's salary was adequate in comparison with people his age and in his line of work. She said that as an unskilled laborer working in the radio factory, he was paid by piecework and as a consequence, made more than persons paid by salary or certain professional people. She said the government had promised that such inequities were being studied and would be corrected. MARINA said OSWALD was a little bit lazy and did not have his heart in his work. She said he had been offered a transfer to another department in the factory where he could make more money but by the time he received this offer, he was thinking of returning to the United States, and there was no stimulus to him to make the change.

MARINA said that in contrast to this, OSWALD had been anxious for work in the United States and anxious for overtime.

She advised OSWALD had not been paid more because he was an American. She stated that the fact he was an American played no part in the amount of compensation he received. He was paid by what he produced.

She said OSWALD was the only American she knew to reside in

Minsk. She understood another American had resided in Leningrad. She recalled that while she was in the American Embassy in Moscow, she was told that this American had been repatriated. She said she had not heard of OSWALD before she had met him and had not heard that an American was living in Minsk.

Concerning their social friends, MARINA stated that she had girl friends visit them in their apartment and OSWALD objected to her male friends visiting there. She said there was one couple who visited on occasion, a girl friend of hers and her husband. Their guests came generally after working hours or on Saturday or Sunday. Many times on Saturday or Sunday, they would gather at their apartment or one of their friend's apartment and prepare a co-operative meal. They had no friends in their apartment house. OSWALD had two friends who, on occasion, visited at the apartment. One was a medical student who was interested in learning the English language and found their association to be beneficial. A second worked in the same plant as OSWALD and attended a technical school. She declined to give the names of these two friends of OSWALD's. She said OSWALD was hospitable but was not a good conversationalist.

For entertainment, there was the opera, concerts, the circus and the films. They had no automobile and were transported by bus or taxi or walked to their destination.

MARINA stated that she was a member of the Medical Workers Union (MWU). She was considered a member of the KOMSOMOL for one year when she worked in the Drug Section of the Third Clinical Hospital but was thrown out when she failed to pick up her membership card. She attended no meetings of the KOMSOMOL and had no interest in it. She belonged to no other organization.

OSWALD may have been a member of the union at his plant. She is not sure. He belonged to no other organizations. Her uncle is a member of the Communist Party. His wife is not. Neither her stepfather nor her mother were members of the Communist Party.

OSWALD did not go out of the apartment by himself. Occasionally, a friend would visit him and MARINA would urge that they go to a concert or a film without her. This was while she was pregnant.

OSWALD's health, while not robust, was not bad. He frequently had the sniffles. She said that on one occasion, he had a heavy cold with temperature and she was afraid it might develop

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into pneumonia. It did not.

She said OSWALD did not have a particularly lively personality and was on the pessimistic side rather than the optimistic. She said he was short tempered and difficult to get along with. He knew that he had a difficulty in getting along with people and he did not care. He preferred to be by himself or with MARINA. He did not care for his mother and had no son-like feelings for her. This surprised MARINA. She told him he should respect her as a mother.

She advised she loved OSWALD as a husband but did not share his political views or even understand them. Digressing, she said she recalled that OSWALD had brought home with him in New Orleans some throw-aways about Cuba. He told MARINA he wanted to help Cuba. MARINA said Cuba did not need his help. A copy of the pamphlet labeled "Hands Off Cuba" bearing the rubber stamped name and address, "HIDELL, P. O. Box 30016, New Orleans, La.", was exhibited to her. She said this was one of the throw-aways he had brought home to New Orleans. She said she did not know anybody by the name, HIDELL. She advised she thought this was a fictitious name made up by OSWALD. She ventured the thought that the name, HIDELL, was phonetic with FIDEL (meaning FIDEL CASTRO). She said OSWALD was a great admirer of FIDEL CASTRO.

After their marriage, OSWALD's proficiency in the Russian language improved. He, however, never lost his accent, nor did he always speak grammatically; she classed his Russian as good. She added he knew how to curse in Russian. His written Russian was poor.

MARINA said she never knew OSWALD to speak of or attempt suicide. She does not think that he was capable of suicide and she did not believe he had ever attempted suicide.

MARINA said she recalls seeing a scar on the inner left wrist of OSWALD after they were married. This scar was completely healed. She asked him about this and he evaded answering her.

About three months after their marriage, he spoke of his desire to return to the United States. MARINA agreed to this; thereupon, he advised the American Embassy at Moscow of his marriage and expressed his desire to return to the United States and requested permission for approval for MARINA to accompany him. She, meanwhile, wrote a government department in Minsk, requesting Russian documentation to depart for the United States. Her request was forwarded to

the Foreign Office in Moscow. She received papers from Minsk and also from Moscow to complete. She completed the papers and forwarded them as directed. She then wrote to the American Embassy, requesting permission to depart for the United States with her husband. She believed that they had written the U. S. Embassy in July, 1961, but she is not sure of the date.

Sometime after writing the American Embassy in Moscow, she and OSWALD were requested to appear for interview in Moscow. She believes it was in late summer, 1961, she and OSWALD flew to Moscow. OSWALD was interviewed by an American official at the Embassy while she waited outside. Later, she was interviewed by an American official. She advised the American official that she desired to depart for the United States with her husband.

MARINA advised she had never been contacted by any Russian Intelligence employee in Russia prior to or subsequent to her marriage in Russia, nor has she been so contacted in the United States. She advised that she has not been contacted by any other Russian officials in Russia or the United States. She said she made application with the appropriate Russian officials to obtain documentation to leave the country. She advised that she has nothing against Russia or against the United States. She said she would not carry out an espionage or intelligence assignment for either country if she were asked because she wants to lead a simple, plain life. She said she had seen a Russian official at the time of her departure from Russia and he had given her her passport. She had signed it and a Russian official wished her a pleasant trip and that was all.

She advised that she had not discussed with anyone the possible presence of an American in Minsk prior to the time she met OSWALD. She advised that after meeting OSWALD and discovering that he was an American, she was surprised. She asked him which of his parents was Russian. She did not believe he would be allowed to enter Russia otherwise. She said that she knew of no contacts of OSWALD by Russian Intelligence agencies or other Russian governmental officials and that his contacts had been known to her. She said none of OSWALD's activities in Russia or the United States would indicate that he was in contact with Russian officials, particularly, those of intelligence agencies, and she did not believe he had been given any assignments to perform, either in Russia or the United States.

She said she had not known OSWALD was an American until so informed by a friend in Minsk.

She said that following their return from Moscow where they had been interviewed by officials of the American Embassy, they had waited for their permission to depart from both governments and in due course, they received such permission. They received Russian documentation to depart sometime shortly after the birth of their first child. She said they had saved a little bit of money. The money saved was enough to purchase train tickets and visas. The American Embassy in Russia loaned OSWALD money for the boat trip to New York.

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Date 12/5/63

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MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

MARINA stated OSWALD had never spoken much of his trip to Moscow when he first arrived in Russia. She said she recalls that when she and OSWALD and JUNE went to Moscow before departing for the United States they stayed at the Hotel Berlin. OSWALD remarked that he had stayed in the same hotel when he first came to Moscow. MARINA believes the Hotel Berlin is now called by another name.

She does not know how long OSWALD stayed in Moscow when he first arrived in Russia. She said she, of course, cannot say why he was sent to Minsk to work. She pointed out that Minsk had the television-radio factory where OSWALD was assigned to work. She also said that Minsk has a considerable foreign population, particularly immigrants from Argentina.

MARINA furnished further information concerning the hospital stay of OSWALD in Minsk, details of which she has previously given. She recalled that OSWALD stayed in a room with two other persons. He was receiving specialized attention from an ear, eye and nose specialist, but to her knowledge received no preferred attention because he was an American.

MARINA said she and OSWALD had discussed the Cuban situation while in Russia and both had agreed that FIDEL CASTRO was a good man because he was trying to do something for the common people. She said OSWALD and she had no argument about Cuba because they were both in favor of the Cuban Government under CASTRO. MARINA pointed out that she is not interested in politics. She said she likes CASTRO and KHRUSHCHEV and that she liked KENNEDY. She likes any kind of a government as long as the common people are benefited.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461 DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ~~ANATOLE A. DOGUSLAV:jj~~ Date dictated 12/5/63

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MARINA advised she had told OSWALD once she would like to go to Cuba. OSWALD told her this was impossible as travel to Cuba was forbidden. Later when they were living in the United States she recalls OSWALD stating that he would like to go to live in Cuba. MARINA at this point made the parenthetical remark that she knew that OSWALD would not like Cuba and in fact the only place he would like would be the moon where there are no people.

OSWALD never stated that he was making plans to go to Cuba. He did not mention that he had made application for a visa to go to Cuba. He did not state in September when MARINA left New Orleans that he intended to go to Mexico or to go to Cuba.

She recalls that shortly after OSWALD was arrested in New Orleans for passing out throwaways dealing with the Cuban situation, that a man came to their house and asked for OSWALD. OSWALD spoke to him but she does not know what they talked about. MARINA asked OSWALD who this man was. OSWALD said the man had identified himself as a sympathizer of the Cuban Government and wanted to know about the organization that OSWALD was trying to form in New Orleans. He wanted to know how to join this organization. OSWALD told MARINA he did not believe that this man had a sincere interest in his organization. He thought the man was an FBI Agent or a man from some anti-CASTRO organization.

MARINA said this person looked like an American and not like a Cuban.

MARINA said she does not know of any Cuban friends or other connections with Cuban organizations that OSWALD had either in New Orleans, Dallas, or Ft. Worth. She said she really doesn't know anything about the organization that OSWALD was trying to form in New Orleans. She said that she knew that it was a pro-FIDEL CASTRO organization but believed that he was the only one in the organization.

She said that the "Hands Off Cuba" throwaways had been sent to OSWALD through the mail and he had received them at the mail box in New Orleans. She believes they came from New York.

She was asked if she had any suspicion whatsoever whether OSWALD was in contact with any person from Cuba or was acting on the behalf of the Cuban Government. She said she did not think so. She said his only contact with affairs of this sort was his attempt to form the pro-CASTRO organization in New Orleans.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

MARINA said she can recall only one occasion when she and OSWALD spent the night away from their residence in New Orleans. This was an occasion when Mr. CHARLES MURRET, the uncle of OSWALD, came to their house on Magazine Street one Saturday and took them to Mobile, Alabama. They stayed La. at a motel in Mobile on Saturday night and returned to New Orleans with Mr. MURRET in his car on the next day, Sunday. The reason they went to Mobile was in order that OSWALD could speak before the students of the seminary in Mobile which "GENE" (believed to be the cousin of OSWALD) attended. She cannot recall that they spent any other nights away from their residence while they lived in New Orleans.

She said the MURRETs took them out on several occasions. She can recall going crabbing with the MURRETs. She said that on one crabbing trip particularly there were a lot of mosquitoes and had bothered them while they were crabbing.

Concerning long distance telephone calls, MARINA advised she can recall only one that she received while she lived at the PAINE residence. This call was from a man in Ft. Worth. This man called MARINA at the PAINE residence and said he had been told by a friend of Mr. PAINE's, named FRANK, that a real Russian lived with Mrs. PAINE. This man said he had spent about 20 months in Russia during the war and had learned to speak some Russian and would like to become acquainted with MARINA. He asked if he could come over to see her. This man identified himself as some kind of a colonel. MARINA agreed for him to come and a date was set for a week later. MARINA is able to fix the date of this call because she recalls that the date the man was supposed to come to the PAINE house was on the Tuesday before

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DL 100-10461

on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ~~ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV:jj~~ Date dictated 12/5/63

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the President's assassination. The man had called the previous Tuesday to make the appointment.

She does not recall any other long distance calls received by her at the PAINE house.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone DAvis 7-6569.

She advised that after OSWALD returned to Dallas in early October, 1963, and found a room in Oak Cliff, he had called her an average of twice a day to inquire about her condition as her second child was due on about October 8, 1963. She said OSWALD found a job at the Texas School Book Depository on October 15, 1963. She said Mrs. PAINE had talked to one of her neighbors about OSWALD needing a job and a woman neighbor said there was a vacancy where her brother was employed, and suggested that OSWALD contact this place. Mrs. OSWALD does not recall the name of the neighbor, except that she is called LENNIE. Mrs. PAINE found that the place of employment of this neighbor's brother was the Texas School Book Depository and she called that place several times asking for the person it had been recommended that she call, but she could not locate this person. She finally was able to locate this person by telephone, and upon inquiring about possible employment for OSWALD was told that OSWALD should call about the job. MARINA said that the date of contact by Mrs. PAINE of this person at the Texas School Book Depository must have been on Monday, October 14, 1963, as she knows OSWALD went to the Texas School Book Depository on the following day, which was October 15, 1963, and got a job.

The second weekend following his return to Dallas, which was the weekend of October 11-13, 1963, OSWALD had no job. He spent that weekend at the PAINE residence and MARINA believes it was during that weekend sometime that Mrs. PAINE talked to her neighbor, LENNIE, about the job for OSWALD.

She recalls he came to the PAINEs for the weekend on October 18, 1963, as this is OSWALD's birthday. He spent the night of October 18th at the PAINE house, spent all day Saturday

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43
DL 100-10461

by Special Agent S ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and Date dictated 12/1/63
WALLACE R. HEITMAN:bnm/jj

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and Saturday night, and then on October 20, a Sunday, Mrs. PAINE took MARINA to the Parkland Hospital as her baby was due. OSWALD stayed with the children at the PAINE house. She was released from the hospital on Tuesday morning, October 22, and PAINE brought her back to her house. When she returned to the PAINE home, OSWALD was at work.

While she was in the hospital, OSWALD visited her on Monday night, October 21, with Mrs. PAINE and the children, but only OSWALD was allowed to see her and the newborn baby. She believes that he came about 7 or so in the evening and stayed for about 1½ hours. She said that after his visit OSWALD returned with Mrs. PAINE and the children to the PAINE residence where he stayed overnight.

Following her return from the hospital to the PAINE home, OSWALD visited her each weekend, with two exceptions, and would usually call her at least once a day. He usually came on Friday, after work, with the neighbor who worked at the School Book Depository and would return to work on Monday morning with this same neighbor. On the two exceptions noted, one occurred when OSWALD called her from work on a Friday, exact date not remembered, to inform her that he had an appointment to see about another job the next day, Saturday, and therefore would not be at the PAINE residence that night, Friday. He said that he did not like the work at the Texas School Book Depository and wanted to try to find another job, but did not want Mrs. PAINE to know it as she had helped him get the job at the School Book Depository. He said he had seen an ad in the newspaper and was going to answer that ad. MARINA advised that the ad was by some photographic concern. She said OSWALD had appeared at the PAINE residence on that Saturday, and said that he had applied for the job but had been unsuccessful. He arrived at the PAINE residence on that day before lunch.

Concerning his job at the School Book Depository, OSWALD told MARINA that his job was to fill out orders and pack them in boxes. He said he did not like his work and it was for that reason that he was looking for other work.

MARINA asked OSWALD about the people at the School Book Depository and each time she would try to engage him in conversation about his fellow employees, he would turn her questions aside and say that he was not interested in any of them. She asked him about his boss and he said the boss was a nice man. She said she told OSWALD that he should make friends at the School Book Depository but she knew that he was not interested in making friends. OSWALD mentioned to her that they had coffee breaks at the Depository and that the atmosphere down there was very congenial. He did not tell MARINA on which floor he worked.

The other weekend on which OSWALD did not visit the PAINE residence occurred on November 15-17, 1963. On this Friday, November 15, 1963, OSWALD called MARINA and she told him not to come that weekend because one of the PAINE children was having a birthday and Mr. PAINE would be over and it was not convenient for OSWALD to spend the weekend. He did not come to the PAINE house that weekend. MARINA advised she became lonesome that weekend and on Sunday, November 17, 1963, had Mrs. PAINE call the telephone number where OSWALD was staying as she wanted to talk to him. Mrs. PAINE called the number and asked the person who answered the telephone for LEE OSWALD, but could not locate OSWALD at that number. She advised the next day, Monday, November 18, 1963, OSWALD called her about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. She told him that she had tried to locate him the day before and had Mrs. PAINE call the number he had left. OSWALD then became angry and told MARINA that Mrs. PAINE should not have called for him under his right name, LEE OSWALD, because he was staying there under another name. MARINA asked him why he was staying there under another name and he replied that he did not want people asking questions. MARINA became mad at OSWALD because he was staying at this house under another name. OSWALD also was mad. He told MARINA to tear his telephone number out of Mrs. PAINE's book and MARINA refused to do this. She then hung up the telephone on OSWALD.

On Thursday, November 21, 1963, OSWALD appeared unannounced at the PAINE residence, at about 5:45 p.m., with

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/6/63

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at her place of residence, 11611 Farrar.

She was questioned in an effort to obtain a more accurate date for her previous statements concerning the weekend on which OSWALD did not visit her at the PAINE house until a Saturday instead of his usual Friday. She advised that she believes that this Friday on which OSWALD did not appear at the PAINE house was on November 8, 1963. She places the date of this Friday as a week before the weekend on which OSWALD was asked not to come to the PAINE house, as the PAINE children were having a birthday party, which was the weekend of November 15-17, 1963. She said that she could not recall any specific detail that would place the above-mentioned Friday on November 8, 1963, but seems to remember that it occurred the weekend before the PAINE children's birthday party.

MARINA was asked if she or OSWALD knew JACK LEON RUBY, and she said that neither she nor OSWALD knew RUBY or had ever seen him to her knowledge. She was exhibited a photograph of RUBY which was taken by the Dallas Police Department on December 5, 1954, Number 36398. She said she could not identify this person as anyone that she or OSWALD knew.

MARINA stated OSWALD did not believe in God, and as a matter of fact spoke in a very sarcastic vein of his cousin, EUGENE MURRET, from New Orleans, Louisiana, who is attending a seminary at Mobile, Alabama.

MARINA was exhibited a photograph of JOE R. FRANKLIN, photograph being taken September 26, 1960, by the Sheriff's Office, Dallas, Texas, Number 106892. She said this photograph is not of any person known to her or of any person who was known to her former husband. She did not recall this name. She specifically stated that she does not recall FRANKLIN accompanying her husband to visit her on October 19, 1962.

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on 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN AND ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV: mam Date dictated 12/6/63

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Date December 5, 1963

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MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

The English translation of a letter originally written in Russian was read to her. The letter was re-translated into the Russian language as it was read by SA BOGUSLAV. This English translation had been furnished to the FBI Office at Dallas by the U. S. Secret Service. Upon the reading of the letter, MARINA stated immediately it was a letter written in the original by LEE OSWALD in the Russian language. She stated she had found the original letter in a room at the former OSWALD address on Neeley Street in Dallas. She related the incident concerning this letter as follows:

One night during the spring while she and OSWALD were in residence at the Neeley Street address, she became worried about OSWALD because he had not returned to their home very late in the evening. She said OSWALD had informed her that he was going to a typewriting class at the Dallas Evening School that evening. When he had not returned by 10:00 o'clock, she went into a room in which he kept his personal things and in this room she noticed a letter hand-written in the Russian language. This is the letter which is referred to above. She stated the letter gave her certain instructions concerning a Post Office box and other family matters and appeared to be a farewell letter.

She advised that about midnight that night, OSWALD came rushing into the house in a very agitated and excited state and his face was very pale. As soon as he entered the house, he turned on the radio. Later, he laid down on the bed and MARINA again noticed how very pale he was. She asked him what was wrong and he confessed to her that he had tried to kill General WALKER by shooting at him with a rifle but didn't know whether he had hit him or not. He said he wanted to find out on the radio whether or not he had hit him. MARINA said she became angry with OSWALD for shooting at General WALKER and he replied to her that General WALKER was the leader of the fascist organization here and it was

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on 12-3-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV
WALLACE R. HEITMAN
MVS Date dictated 12-3-63

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best to remove him. MARINA said she was quite relieved when she found out that OSWALD had missed General WALKER with the rifle bullet. She said she and OSWALD were listening to the radio reports about the rifle shot at General WALKER and OSWALD was translating the reports for her.

She stated OSWALD did not have the rifle with him when he returned to the house. She also advised that OSWALD to her knowledge did not take the rifle with him when he left the house that evening. She stated she thought OSWALD had used the same rifle he had at the house on Neeley Street and at the PAINE house.

She said that the following evening she talked to OSWALD about the attempted assassination of General WALKER again. OSWALD told her that he had hidden the rifle which he used to shoot at General WALKER in some bushes or in the ground, she did not remember which.

MARINA advised that she told OSWALD she was going to keep the letter written in Russian by OSWALD, which was evidently a farewell letter, in order that she could use it against him if he ever had another "crazy" scheme. She said that if OSWALD started to do anything like this, that she would go to the police with the letter. She also made OSWALD promise that he would never do anything like this again.

She advised that for a period of about a month before this attempt on WALKER's life, OSWALD had been very agitated and had closed himself in his room for long periods of time while he wrote and read. She said that it was evident that he had been thinking about the assassination attempt for some period of time. She said OSWALD did not mention General WALKER in her presence before the night of the attempted assassination. She said they did not speak of the incident again after the second night following the assassination attempt.

She said that she had insisted that they move from Dallas to another city because she felt that if they moved OSWALD would be less likely to repeat such a deed.

MARINA asked OSWALD how he had arrived at the WALKER house on the night of the attempted assassination.

He said he had gone there on foot. He said that after he fired the rifle, he ran away and that he could run very fast. He said the police thought the would-be assassin had an automobile. He came home on the bus.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar Street.

She was exhibited the handwritten letter, written in the Russian language, which was furnished to the FBI Office at Dallas by the United States Secret Service at Dallas on December 3, 1963. This letter has been forwarded to the FBI Laboratory for examination.

Upon viewing the letter, MARINA stated that the letter was in the handwriting of OSWALD and she knew that it had been written by him. She stated that she had found this letter in the room in which OSWALD kept his belongings in the house on Neeley Street in Dallas. She said she found the letter in this room on the night that OSWALD confessed to her that he had tried to assassinate General WALKER by firing a shot at him with a rifle.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV/rmg Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

She stated OSWALD at the time he confessed to the attempted assassination of General WALKER was employed at a printing type company in Dallas. She does not remember the name of the company. OSWALD was also attending a typewriting class at the Dallas evening school for either two or three nights a week. On the nights that he went to typewriting class, MARINA recalls she had supper about 6:00 following which OSWALD would leave the house about 7:00 in the evening and go to class. He would generally return to the house about 9:00. During this period they were living at the Neeley Street address.

On the evening that OSWALD attempted to assassinate General WALKER, OSWALD came home at the usual time as best as she can remember, and on that evening he said that he was going to his typewriting class. OSWALD left at the usual time as best as she can remember. OSWALD when he came home fromwork that evening did not bring anything home with him. When he left supposedly for his typewriting class, he did not have a rifle or anything else with him.

She recalls he was wearing when he left the house that evening a white shirt and black or gray business type suit. She is not sure whether or not he wore a tie.

She stated OSWALD had not mentioned anything to her about General WALKER before his confession that he had tried to kill General WALKER. She said that she did not even know of General WALKER's existence before this confession.

MARINA was asked if she could now state when the photograph she had taken of OSWALD showing him in a pose with a rifle in his hand, a newspaper in his hand and a pistol at his

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DL 89-43

on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV:jj Date dictated 12/5/63

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belt was taken in relation to the time of the attempt on General WALKER's life. She said that she can recall that she took the picture about the same general time as the attempt on General WALKER's life, that is within a few weeks. She cannot recall whether or not the photograph was taken before the attempt on General WALKER's life or after.

She recalled that she asked OSWALD the evening following the attempt on General WALKER's life if General WALKER had a family. She was very pleased to find out that he had neither a wife nor children.

MARINA said she believes the rifle used by OSWALD in his attempt to kill General WALKER is the same rifle she had seen at the Neeley house and the rifle he had wrapped in the blanket at the garage at the Paine house. She cannot recall ever hearing OSWALD state that he was going to fire the rifle in practice or that he had fired it in practice. She said that the only time she knows that he fired the rifle was the time he confessed that he had tried to kill General WALKER by shooting at him with a rifle. She said the only time that she believes he could have practiced firing the rifle would have been when he was supposed to have been attending evening typewriting class.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

Date December 3, 1963

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

She said she knew OSWALD owned a rifle. She was not aware of where he had bought it or obtained it. She said she recalled that he had it when they lived on Neeley Street in Dallas in the spring of 1963. She said that following his return from New Orleans, OSWALD kept this rifle in the PAINE garage, along with other OSWALD belongings and that the rifle was wrapped in a blanket. She described the blanket as brown with green squares. The blanket was made in Germany and purchased in Russia. She knew that the blanket with the rifle was in the garage as late as about three weeks following OSWALD's return from New Orleans in early October. This would be about October 25, 1963.

She advised she had snapped the photograph of OSWALD, showing him in a pose with a rifle in his hands and holding a paper on which the word "Militant" appears and with a pistol at his waist. She said OSWALD had struck his pose and asked her to take his picture with the camera. She was hanging up diapers at the time and recalled she was real busy. She took the picture. Later, she saw it developed and saw that OSWALD had a pistol at his belt. She did not observe that when she took the picture. She recalled she asked him why he struck such a silly pose and he said he just wanted the photograph for remembrance sake. She said that they had two cameras, one Russian and one American, but she does not recall with which camera she took the photograph. The photograph was taken in the yard at their Neeley Street address toward the end of February or in early March, 1963.

MARINA said she did not recall any male individuals visiting them with any degree of regularity when they lived on Neeley Street. She said any visitors they may have had would have used the front door and not the back steps.

DL 89-43

on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agents ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV and WALLACE R. HEITMAN /ej Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at the home of JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, 11611 Farrar Street.

MARINA stated that on the night of November 21, 1963, OSWALD had come unexpectedly to spend the night with her at the PAINE home. She said he had spent the night and had left the next morning as previously related by her.

She said she remembered that OSWALD had on his marriage ring on the evening of November 21, 1963. MARINA advised that on November 22, 1963, when the police came to the PAINE house and searched it, they had found OSWALD's marriage ring on a dresser in the room which she, MARINA, used. She said she had not seen his ring on the dresser before that. She advised the last time she had seen the ring was on the hand of OSWALD the evening before.

MARINA advised that Mrs. PAINE has the ring and is keeping it for her.

MARINA advised she thought it was strange that OSWALD should take the ring off his finger and leave it on the dresser as he evidently did. She said she does not know why he did it. She was asked if his leaving of the ring had any special significance or was of a symbolic nature, and she answered in the negative.

MARINA said that it may have been that OSWALD left the ring at the house because he thought that he was not coming back.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Di 89-43

by Special Agents WALLACE F. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV/rms Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

MARINA stated that when OSWALD visited the PAINE house on Thursday evening, November 21, 1963, he did not bring anything with him when he arrived at the house. She said he had departed from his work at the Texas School Book Depository and had been driven to the PAINE house by the young neighbor of the PAINE's who also worked at the Texas School Book Depository.

She advised further that she does not know of anything that OSWALD took with him from the PAINE house to work the next morning, November 22, 1963.

SA McNEELY exhibited to MARINA the replica of the sack found at the window from which the assassination shots were fired. She examined this sack and said she had never seen anything like it and that she had not seen such a sack or such paper in the possession of OSWALD on November 21, 1963, or at any time prior thereto. She was asked if such wrapping paper or paper tape which had been used to seal sections of the sack were used around the PAINE house. She said that she had not seen any paper like this around the PAINE house. She advised she had seen paper tape like this around the house. She said that about the time of New Year's last year, OSWALD had purchased some wrapping tape at some store in Irving or Dallas. She said they had used torn-up grocery sacks for wrapping paper for any packages they mailed at that time.

MARINA reiterated that she had not seen OSWALD again after he left her bedroom on the morning of November 22, 1963, to enter the kitchen at the PAINE home.

MARINA was also shown the original paper sack found near the window from which the assassination shots were fired and she stated she had, to her knowledge, never seen this sack or one like it.

On 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 44-1639

by Special Agents WALLACE R. HEITMAN, ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV, and GIBBON E. McNEELY/gm Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

Date November 4, 1963

1

MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street.

MARINA advised that on the evening of November 21, 1963 which was the evening that OSWALD had spent at the Paine house with her, he did not seem to be particularly excited or agitated like he was for the long period of time before he had attempted to assassinate General WALKER.

She said OSWALD had calmed down considerably after the attempt at WALKER's life and she thought that he would not be involved in any political activity again until he became involved in passing out throw-aways in New Orleans on the Cuban situation. She said, however, that she was glad that he was merely passing out pamphlets because this was like play compared to trying to assassinate General WALKER.

She stated that on November 22, 1963, which was the day of the President KENNEDY motorcade in Dallas, she and Mrs. PAINE were looking at the motorcade on television at the PAINE residence. She said while they were looking at the motorcade, it was announced on television that the President had been shot. She said that Mrs. PAINE was translating the announcements for her. She asked Mrs. PAINE who had shot the President. Mrs. PAINE said that she did not know, that it had not been announced. When Mrs. PAINE said that an announcement had been made on television that the shots at the President had supposedly come from the Texas School Book Depository building, the thought immediately entered her mind: "Did my crazy one do it?", referring to OSWALD. When this thought entered her mind she immediately went into the garage at the PAINE house, as she remembered that that was where OSWALD kept his rifle wrapped up in the blanket. She went to where the rifle was kept and saw that the blanket was in its usual place and it appeared that the rifle was in it as the blanket had the same shape as before. Then she thought to herself that maybe there was another "crazy one" in Dallas. She said that when the police came to the PAINE house to take her, MARINA, to the police station, she was

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on 12-3-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent s ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV Date dictated 12-3-63
WALLACE R. HEITMAN
mvg

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almost in a state of collapse and hoped that OSWALD was merely a suspect in the matter.

She said it was amazing how one man could leave so many unhappy people and that it had all been caused through foolishness. MARINA mentioned the President's widow and the Dallas policeman's widow.

She said that there had been many quarrels and scenes between her and OSWALD which developed because she would scream at him to try to convince him to try to amount to something. She said that she had tried for a long time to convince OSWALD that he was not a stupid man and that if he turned his attention to other things, he could amount to something.

She admitted that OSWALD had on several occasions struck her during these arguments.

She said that she had thought of going back to Russia but was afraid that if she went back to Russia, that somehow OSWALD would get her child. She said OSWALD loved the child. MARINA told OSWALD that if there was to be a divorce, that she would take the child. OSWALD told her that he would not let her take the child. MARINA said it was amazing the contrast shown here between his love for his child and his foolishness in other ways. She said that he had the potential to be a good man, but probably because of poor environment and inattention on the part of his mother, he had turned out bad.

Concerning the rifle, MARINA said that she thought that the rifle used by OSWALD in the attempt to assassinate General WALKER was the same that he had on Neeley Street and in the garage at the PAINE residence, where it was wrapped up in the blanket which she has previously described.

MARINA was asked if she could recall quarreling with OSWALD on occasion at the Neeley Street residence in the presence of another male individual. She said she could recall no such incident. She said, in fact, she could not recall any male visitors that they had when they lived on Neeley Street. She said the only man who came to see them when they lived on Neeley Street was GEORGE DeMOHRENSCHILDT who came with his wife on JUNE's birthday and brought her a big toy. She said also that the owner of the house on Neeley Street and the owner's wife visited them once to see how they were getting along.

MARINA advised she recalls OSWALD had a street map on which he marked previous places of residence, where certain acquaintances resided, and their present residence. She stated he had this map when they lived on Neeley Street and also when they lived on Elsbeth Street. She said the map had been torn by JUNE when she played with it. She stated the map had subsequently been pasted together. MARINA advised that she could not recall whether OSWALD had taken this map with him to New Orleans and had brought it back to Dallas. She said she could not recall seeing it when she lived with Mrs. PAINE.

MARINA advised that she could not recall OSWALD making application for employment at the Trans-Texas Company.

MARINA stated OSWALD did not talk much about his past military service. She said that on occasion he would talk about his service in Japan and would mention the Japanese girls. He never told her that he was a good shot with a rifle. She said that when they came to the U. S. from Russia, OSWALD's mother showed her OSWALD's medals which he had earned as a Marine and there was one for good marksmanship.

MARINA said OSWALD was right-handed and his brother, ROBERT, was left-handed. MARINA said she had never seen OSWALD practice with his rifle or any other firearm and he had never told her that he was going to practice with his rifle or any other firearm. She said that she had never seen any ammunition around the houses in which they had lived.

She said OSWALD had attended the Dallas Evening School in the spring of 1963. He had taken typewriting classes at the school. She said he did not complete his course.

the neighbor boy who worked at the School Book Depository and with whom he usually caught a ride. She asked him why he had come and he replied that he had gotten lonesome. He wanted to make up with MARINA. She said that she was still mad at him because he was staying at his rooming house under a false name. Even though OSWALD wanted to make up, she did not make up, and as a consequence did not talk to him much during that evening of November 21. She said that OSWALD had played with the children outside for a while and then had gone to bed about 8:30 in the evening. She said that she retired about midnight. She advised that she did not know if OSWALD went to the PAINE garage that night, but advised he could have easily done so because he was outside with the children a good deal. She said that generally OSWALD would go to the garage on the weekends because many of their things were stored there and she would ask him to get something for her from these things. She said she did not pay any particular attention to when he went or what he did if he went to the garage.

On the morning of November 22, 1963, the alarm rang at 6:40 a.m. and she awoke and OSWALD remained asleep. She began feeding the baby and at about 7 o'clock she awoke OSWALD and told him he had better get up or he would be late for work. He got up and as he finished dressing, said he would take care of his own breakfast. He then went into the kitchen, but she does not believe he fixed anything because the coffee pot was not warm when she went in later, about 7:20, and she saw no signs of breakfast preparations. She said the last time she saw OSWALD was when he left her bedroom to go to the kitchen.

On November 21, 1963, the previous evening, OSWALD told her that he would not be able to come to the PAINE residence on the coming weekend, November 22-24, 1963. She asked him why and he said it was not convenient to disturb people so often. She also remembers that on Thursday, November 21, she came running from the kitchen to see OSWALD in another part of the house, and asked him how it would be to see a real live President. She was referring to the visit of President KENNEDY, scheduled for the next day. OSWALD was extremely short in his answer, said

something like "I don't know," and abruptly terminated the conversation. Mrs. OSWALD said she liked President KENNEDY and JACKIE KENNEDY because both of them appeared, in their photographs, to be very sympathetic people. She said that she would often have OSWALD read the captions under photographs of President KENNEDY and JACKIE. She said she admired them both. She stated she has asked OSWALD on one occasion what kind of a President Mr. KENNEDY was and he had replied that KENNEDY was a good President. She said OSWALD never gave any indication whatsoever that he intended any harm to the President.

She said she feels intuitively that if OSWALD was trying to kill the President, that one shot would have been enough, and that she feels, therefore, that he might have been aiming at the other person (Governor CONNALLY). She said OSWALD never mentioned any possible plans that he might have about assassinating the President. She said she cannot understand this thing.

She recalled on one occasion, quite a while ago, she made the remark to OSWALD that she couldn't imagine one person killing another. She asked him if he could kill another person and he replied "HITLER needed killing," and implied that by killing HITLER, others could be saved.

The rifle that was owned by OSWALD she had seen many times. She recalled specifically seeing it when they lived on Neeley Street, and she knows that OSWALD had the rifle in the garage at the PAINE residence. She advised she did not know that the rifle had a scope on it. She recalls that she had asked OSWALD why he had the rifle and he told her that it was for hunting purposes. She replied that he could not expect to go hunting if he did not have a car. He assured her that one day they would have a car.

MARINA advised that the only sources of income that OSWALD had, to her knowledge, were his pay for his employment and previously his unemployment compensation. She said that he was paid each 2 weeks when he worked at the School Book Depository and she believes he received about $100 each pay day. She also said OSWALD got one $33 unemployment check after he began work at the School Book Depository.

She said that when she was at the police station in Dallas, following the assassination of the President, she talked to Mrs. PAINE and asked her to bring some things to her at the police chief's residence where she spent the night. She told Mrs. PAINE that OSWALD had been saving money in a wallet which was in one of the drawers of a chest in the PAINE house and asked Mrs. PAINE to bring that to her also. She said the wallet and the other things were brought to her at the police station and she extracted the money from the wallet, counted it, and found it to be $170. A Life reporter who was standing nearby threw in $10 and that made $180. She said this is the money that OSWALD had saved, beginning in New Orleans.

Mrs. OSWALD advised she had been thinking about how OSWALD had come to the PAINE residence on the first occasion following his return to Dallas in early October, 1963. She said upon reflection she believed that OSWALD had called from the bus station, stating that he was already in Irving and asked Mrs. PAINE to pick him up. She said Mrs. PAINE was busy at the time and could not go. OSWALD later appeared at the house and said that he had hitchhiked a ride with a Negro on a truck.

B. ROBERT LEE OSWALD - BROTHER

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

ROBERT LEE OSWALD, 1009 Sierra Street, employed Sales Coordinator, Acme Brick Company, Denton, Texas, in reinterview advised that in 1945 he would have been only eleven years of age but that he did recall he and his family lived at 4801 Victor Street, Dallas, in 1945. He stated that his mother remarried in either April or May, 1945, to EDWIN H. ~~EKDRAL~~, in Dallas, and as he remembered moved shortly thereafter to Boston, Massachusetts. He stated Mr. ~~EKDRAB~~ was an electrical engineer and is now employed by the Texas Electrical Company, Fort Worth, Texas.

OSWALD advised that in September, 1945, he and his brother, JOHN EDWARD PIC, were sent to the Chamberlain-Hunt Military Academy, Port Gibson, Mississippi, and advised that they attended this school until June, 1948. He stated that in June, 1946, at the end of the 1945-46 school year he returned to his mother's home which was then located in Benbrook, Texas. He advised that he could not furnish an address in Benbrook stating that all he remembered about this address was that his mother lived in a house with rock siding. He stated that during the summer of 1946 his mother moved to either 1508 or 1805 Eighth Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas, and advised that in 1953 his mother moved from Fort Worth, Texas, to New York and stated that this was while he was in the Marine Corps. He stated that in February, 1954, he was sent overseas and that his mother and brother, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, were then living in New Orleans, Louisiana.

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on 12/2/63 at Denton, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ALFRED D. NEELEY & ROBERT P. BUTLER /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

Date 12/2/63

ROBERT LEE OSWALD, 1009 Sierra, employed Sales Coordinator, Acme Brick Company, Denton, Texas, advised that he recalled the occasion, Thanksgiving, 1962, believed to be November 22, 1962, when he and his brother, JOHN EDWARD PIC, went to the Greyhound Bus Station in Fort Worth and picked up his brother, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, his wife and children, and that they returned to his, ROBERT LEE OSWALD's, home, 713 Davenport Street, where they had Thanksgiving dinner. He advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family arrived at the Greyhound Bus Station at approximately ten a.m. and that they remained at his home until approximately four p.m. He stated that at this time either Mr. PAUL GREGORY or his son, PAUL GREGORY, JR., came by and picked up LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife and children and they left presumably to return to their Dallas address.

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on 12/2/63 at Denton, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ALFRED D. NEELEY & ROBERT P. BUTLER /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

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C. JOHN EDWARD PIC - HALF-BROTHER

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

1.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Staff Sergeant JOHN EDWARD PIC, Air Force Serial Number AF [illegible] 132 39, assigned to Wilford Hall Hospital, Medical Squadron, Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, who informed that he is a half brother to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, accused assassin of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, was interviewed at the Security and Law Enforcement Division, Lackland Air Force Base.

Sergeant PIC said he was born January 17, 1932 at New Orleans, Louisiana. He said he joined the U. S. Coast Guard at age 18, in Dallas, Texas. He thereafter entered the U. S. Air Force and from February 1, 1956 until 1958 was stationed at Mitchell Air Force Base, Hempstead, New York. In 1958, he was transferred to Japan and from November 10, 1958 until July 17, 1962, was stationed with the U. S. Air Force at Tachikawa, Japan. From there he was transferred to Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, arriving at Lackland in August, 1962, since which time he has been assigned to the Medical Squadron, Wilford Hall Hospital, Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, as indicated above. Sergeant PIC lives at 7306 Westville, San Antonio, Texas, with his wife and three small children.

Sergeant PIC stated his father was EDWARD JOHN PIC but that he does not know where or when his father was born nor whether he is living or not. He stated he does not remember his father at all, it having been his understanding from his mother that they were separated when Sergeant PIC was an infant. He also believed his mother had mentioned that his father was a stevedore.

Sergeant PIC stated his mother's maiden name was MARGUERITE CLAVERIE and she was born in New Orleans, Louisiana, on July 19, year of birth unknown. He stated her first marriage was to his (Sergeant PIC's) father, EDWARD JOHN PIC, and that he was the only child born of this marriage. Sergeant PIC stated that, according to what he understood from his mother, she married, while Sergeant PIC was an infant, one ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, who died in August, 1939, and is buried someplace in New Orleans, Louisiana. To this marriage was born ROBERT

On 11/29/63 at Lackland Air Force Base, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SAs THOMAS W. BERGE and JOHN RUSSELL GRAHAM/jmb Date dictated 11/30/63

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LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., on April 7, 1934, in New Orleans, Louisiana, whose current address, according to Sergeant PIC's latest information, is 1006 Sierra Drive, Denton, Texas, and LEE HARVEY OSWALD, born October 18, 1939, in New Orleans, Louisiana.

Sergeant PIC stated that in the summer of 1944 his mother married EDDIE EKDAHL in the vicinity of Dallas, Texas, and they were divorced during the summer of 1948 in Fort Worth, Texas. He said the last time he saw his mother was in November, 1958, in Fort Worth, Texas, where he, Sergeant PIC, and his wife and children spent a few days while en route from his duty station at Brookley Air Force Base, Hempstead, New York, under transfer to Japan. He said at this time, the personal relationship between his wife and his mother became so unpleasant that he and his family severed contact with his mother, stayed a few days at the residence of his brother, ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., in Fort Worth, Texas, and then proceeded on to Japan. Sergeant PIC stated he has had no contact or communication with his mother since that time and does not know where she is living nor even whether she has again remarried.

Sergeant PIC stated the last time he had seen or had any contact with LEE HARVEY OSWALD was on Thanksgiving Day of 1962 at the residence of ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR. in the 7000 block of Davenport Street, Fort Worth, Texas, as discussed in further detail hereinafter. Prior to that occasion, the last time Sergeant PIC had seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in February, 1953. Sergeant PIC explained that in July or August, 1952, he and his wife were living at 325 East 92nd Street, New York, New York, and Sergeant PIC was at that time in the U. S. Coast Guard. He said his mother and LEE HARVEY OSWALD, then age 13, lived with him at the latter address for about six weeks. During this time, LEE HARVEY OSWALD's disrespectful attitude toward his mother was such that Sergeant PIC, at his wife's request, attempted to talk to LEE HARVEY OSWALD into adopting a better attitude toward his mother. However, LEE HARVEY OSWALD apparently had no intention of changing his attitude and shortly thereafter LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his mother moved out to an apartment somewhere in the Bronx in New York City, address unrecalled. Sergeant PIC stated he visited his mother and LEE HARVEY OSWALD once thereafter, in February, 1953, in their Bronx apartment and on this occasion LEE HARVEY OSWALD would not speak to Sergeant PIC and walked out of the apartment without even glancing at him.

From February, 1953 until Thanksgiving Day, 1962, Sergeant PIC did not see LEE HARVEY OSWALD nor have any direct communication from him. He mentioned that he was aware, from newspaper accounts and from a letter received from ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had gone to Russia in 1959, and had returned to the United States with a Russian wife in 1962. Sergeant PIC stated he never had any details as to what caused LEE HARVEY OSWALD to go to Russia or as to the experiences he had while in Russia, except for comments contained in a letter from ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., received by Sergeant PIC while in Japan to the effect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD's action in going to Russia was not a "spur-of-the-moment" decision but rather was something which LEE HARVEY OSWALD had carefully thought out. Sergeant PIC stated he no longer has this letter of ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., and can recall nothing further as to its contents but observed that apparently LEE HARVEY OSWALD had discussed the matter of going to Russia with ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR.

Sergeant PIC stated that he and his wife and children went to Fort Worth, Texas, in November 1962, to spend the Thanksgiving holidays with ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD and his family. At that time, ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR. was living in the 7000 block of Davenport Street in Fort Worth. Sergeant PIC said he and his family visited there from Thanksgiving Day, 1962 until the following Sunday when they returned to San Antonio, Texas.

Sergeant PIC stated that on the morning of Thanksgiving Day, 1962, ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR. informed him that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and wife and infant daughter were also coming over and at about 1:00 or 2:00 p.m. that day Sergeant PIC and ROBERT went to the Greyhound Bus Station in Fort Worth, Texas, met LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family as they came out of the station, and took them to ROBERT's house. Sergeant PIC said he did not know where LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family had come from, but presumed they had come over from Dallas, Texas, as he believed they were living in Dallas at that time.

Sergeant PIC stated LEE HARVEY OSWALD, his

wife, MARINA, and their young daughter stayed at ROBERT's house until about 6:00 or 7:00 p.m. Thanksgiving Day, 1962, at which time they left in company of a man, name unknown, who came by for them. PIC said he was told this man, whom he was able to describe only as white, rather tall, dark haired, dark complexion, possibly 25 to 28 years old, was studying Russian at some school in the State of Oklahoma, possibly the University of Oklahoma. PIC said this man was at ROBERT's house for only a few minutes and, while he was introduced to him, he could not recall his name. Sergeant PIC said he understood ROBERT had met this man previously and he believed ROBERT would know his name and possibly have additional information about him.

Sergeant PIC said that during the visit of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and family to ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR.'s residence in Fort Worth, Texas, on Thanksgiving Day, 1962, LEE HARVEY OSWALD had nothing to say about his experience in Russia nor what impelled him to go there, other than to mention that he had worked in some kind of factory and had "a hard time". He said LEE HARVEY OSWALD had nothing to say regarding any kind of politics, nor did he express his feelings about Communism. Neither did he mention that he had any membership in any Communist or any other kind of organization, according to Sergeant PIC, and, specifically, Sergeant PIC said LEE HARVEY OSWALD mentioned nothing about the " Fair Play for Cuba Committee". Sergeant PIC said he was told LEE HARVEY OSWALD's wife, MARINA, had been a pharmacist in Russia but he stated she did not speak English and he accordingly learned nothing further from or about her. Sergeant PIC said LEE HARVEY OSWALD did advise that he had a Post Office Box in Dallas, Texas, where letters could be sent to him and he said LEE HARVEY wrote the number of this Post Office Box down in a little book which Sergeant PIC had. The Sergeant said he could not remember the number of the box and that he had given the little book to the U. S. Secret Service representative in San Antonio, Texas.

Sergeant PIC advised that his mother, in the years up to 1946, was quite close to her sister, Mrs. CHARLES MURRETZ, who, as of 1946, was living at an address on Sherwood Forrest Drive in New Orleans, Louisiana. He

ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, JR., believed now living at 1006 Sierra Drive, Denton, Texas, would know considerably more about LEE HARVEY OSWALD than he (Sergeant PIC) knows. He stated he had no other information whatever as to the location or activities of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in September, October or November, 1963.

said that [illegible] said to him when he was quite young, it is his impression that CHARLES HURRETT was a gambler and bookmaker. He stated he and Mrs. HURRETT had several children, recalled by name as follows. LA

MARILYN HURRETT, a single woman who is a school teacher. Sergeant PIC stated MARILYN HURRETT was teaching school in Japan in 1959 and he talked with her several times. He stated she mentioned being aware of LEE HARVEY OSWALD's being in the U. S. Marine Corps, apparently doing well in that service, from which Sergeant PIC assumed MARILYN HURRETT had kept informed at least in some way as to LEE HARVEY OSWALD's activities. He stated he does not know where MARILYN HURRETT now is, but is of the belief she may be teaching school in Australia.

CHARLES HURRETT, JR., a dentist and graduate of Louisiana State University, location unknown.

JOYCE HURRETT, believed to have married a Texas physician, location unknown.

GENE HURRETT, a Roman Catholic priest of the Jesuit Order, location unknown.

"BOOGIE" HURRETT, believed to be playing professional baseball with some farm league in Texas.

Sergeant PIC mentioned the HURRETTS because he supposed that, due to his mother's past close connection with them, they or at least some of them may have maintained contact in some way with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or the latter's mother over the years.

Sergeant PIC said he believed his mother's deceased husband, ROBERT LEE EDWARD OSWALD, SR., had a brother, HARVEY OSWALD, who years ago lived in New Orleans, Louisiana, but that he really did not know whether HARVEY OSWALD is still alive.

Sergeant PIC advised he was unable to recall any other relatives of his mother.

Sergeant PIC expressed the opinion that

III. BACKGROUND ON LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND RELATIVES
- A. RESIDENCES
- B. NEIGHBORHOODS
- C. EMPLOYMENTS
- D. BACKGROUND - RELATIVES
- E. MISCELLANEOUS

A. RESIDENCES

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

CHESTER ALLEN RIGGS, JR., Vice President, Orbit Industries, Inc., 250 Carroll, home address 836 Edgefield, advised that he is the owner of a duplex house at 2703 Mercedes Street. Mr. RIGGS said that he owns the duplexes at 2701 through 2715 Mercedes and acquired this property as an investment because the property is located in commercial zoning. He said the duplexes are of a low income type rent property.

Mr. RIGGS said further that he does not keep a record of persons presently residing in the duplexes and has no record of persons by name as having resided in these duplexes as the only record maintained by him is the rental income, which would be for tax purposes only.

Mr. RIGGS said that as a result of the assassination of President KENNEDY in Dallas on November 22, 1963, and the ensuing total television and radio coverage, that it came to his attention, and he recalls that LEE OSWALD did reside in his duplex located at 2703 Mercedes for a period of about three months during the summer and possibly early fall of 1962. Mr. RIGGS said that he has searched his records of rental income during that period of time through his accountant and has found that there is no individual rental shown on each duplex and that the income was all grouped. Therefore, he would say there would be no way of pinpointing the exact dates that OSWALD and his wife resided at 2703 Mercedes.

Mr. RIGGS said further that he could furnish the following information from memory concerning OSWALD. He said he cannot now recall the conditions under which OSWALD and his wife moved from 2703 Mercedes; however, he recalls that there was no adverse condition which prompted OSWALD to move.

Mr. RIGGS said further that the only conversation he would have had with OSWALD would be when he would collect the rent, and he does recall that each time he collected the

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on 11/27/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBLEY D. MADLAND and EARLE HALEY/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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rent that OSWALD would be reading. RIGGS said he recalls one time shortly after OSWALD moved into the duplex that he asked for curtains for the house. RIGGS said that he told OSWALD he would furnish curtains and at a later time went by the house and talked to OSWALD's wife, but upon talking to this person discovered that she could not speak English. RIGGS said he does not know what language she spoke.

RIGGS said further that he recalls during the period OSWALD was living at 2703 Mercedes, he recalls OSWALD telling him he worked for some welding company located nearby. RIGGS said further that his business office is located near the duplexes and that he recalls seeing OSWALD walk to work and knows that he did not have a car during the period of time he lived at this address.

RIGGS said further that he cannot recall any other conversation with OSWALD except that concerning the curtains.

RIGGS advised that after OSWALD and his wife left 2703 Mercedes that he did not know where this family moved. He said he does not know where the OSWALD family resided prior to living at 2703 Mercedes. RIGGS stated that he did not know any background concerning OSWALD.

Mr. RIGGS advised that the duplex owned by him is furnished. He said there is no other person living in his group of duplexes at the present time that would have lived in the duplexes at the time LEE OSWALD resided at 2703 Mercedes with the exception of one person and that is Mrs. MARION BOYD, who resides at 2707 Mercedes, which is next door to 2703 Mercedes. RIGGS explained that the turnover of tenants in his group of duplexes is very great due to the type of housing.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

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Mrs. MARION BOYD, 2707 Mercedes, secretary for the Children's Museum, Fort Worth, Texas, advised that her duplex is located next door to 2703 Mercedes. Mrs. BOYD said that she has lived at this address for approximately four years. Mrs. BOYD explained that the duplexes are of transient type and many people move in and out of them.

Mrs. BOYD said that she cannot recall the LEE H. OSWALDS as having lived at 2703 Mercedes and would have no information whatsoever concerning this person.

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on 11/27/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent EARLE BAILEY and ROBLEY D. MADLAND/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

GEORGE E. ADAMS, 4921 East Lorraine, stated that while at work on November 30, 1963, in the Arlington Heights section of Fort Worth, Texas, he was approached by an individual who told him his name was CHARLES MURPHY and that he, MURPHY, was employed as a news reporter for WBAP-TV, Fort Worth, Texas. MURPHY asked ADAMS how long ADAMS had been employed as a postman on that route. ADAMS told MURPHY he had been on the route ten years. MURPHY then asked ADAMS if he had delivered mail to LEE H. OSWALD when he resided at 2703 Mercedes, Fort Worth. ADAMS said that since he had already told MURPHY he had been on the route ten years and since 2703 Mercedes is a residence serviced on his route, he admitted to MURPHY that he had delivered mail to that address. MURPHY then asked ADAMS if he had ever noticed any "subversive" literature in OSWALD's mail when he resided at 2703 Mercedes. ADAMS then told MURPHY that he could not give any information about his official duties unless he was authorized to do so by the Post Office Inspector.

After telling MURPHY that, ADAMS continued on his route and did not have further conversation with MURPHY.

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on 12/2/63 at Haltom City, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S JOSEPH L. SCHOTT & B. TOM CARTER /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

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DL 89-43
BDO:pm

AT IRVING, TEXAS

On December 1, 1963, the following persons in the neighborhood of Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth, and of BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, 2439 West Fifth, were contacted by SA BARDWELL D. ODUM and SA GIBBON E. McNEELY. Each advised that he or she had not observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD on the morning of November 22, 1963, and specifically had not seen OSWALD proceeding with a package from PAINE's residence to FRAZIER's residence on that morning.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. SCHNEIDER, 2507 West Fifth;
Mrs. MARY PONDER, 2502 West Fifth;
Mr. and Mrs. VICTOR EMBRY, 2438 West Fifth;
Mrs. JAMES A. GOODWIN, 2506 West Fifth;
Mr. and Mrs. H. L. WILLIAMS, 2510 West Fifth;
Mr. and Mrs. ED ROBERTS, 2519 West Fifth.

The following persons in this neighborhood were contacted by SA BARDWELL D. ODUM on the dates indicated, with the same results as the interviews set forth above:

CLARENCE PONDER, 2502 West Fifth, December 3, 1963;
Mr. and Mrs. ALLEN A. LEWIS, 2514 West Fifth, December 7, 1963;
Mr. and Mrs. ROY BENTON, 2518 West Fifth, December 9, 1963.

The above persons are all residents who would logically might have a view of LEE HARVEY OSWALD from the time he left Mrs. PAINE's house until he reached FRAZIER's residence, a distance about three city lot widths.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

Mrs. ANNIE PACE, 912 South Iowa, (BL 3-5401), Irving, Texas, operator of the Harwell Cleaners, 1319 South Story, Irving, Texas, an establishment located across the street from Hutch's Grocery, where it had been established that OSWALD purchased groceries advised that she had searched her records from the date of the assassination back to mid-September under the name OSWALD, as well as PAINE, a family with whom OSWALD's wife was reported to have resided, without finding any record. She stated that as a name is required for the purpose of having cleaning done by her firm she feels that OSWALD had not left cleaning at her establishment. She stated that she had failed to recognize OSWALD as a customer when she had seen him on television.

DL 44-1639

on 11/30/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H BARRY DHB Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/3/63

Mrs. LEON (CORA) RAY of 1403 Mosely Drive, Irving, Texas, operator of Leon's Beauty Salon, 1323 South Story, Irving, Texas, located across the street from Hutch's Grocery, where it had been established that OSWALD purchased groceries, advised that she has been unable to identify OSWALD or his wife as having been in the area. She said that she had failed to identify Mrs. OSWALD as having been a customer at the Leon Beauty Salon.

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on 11/30/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 44-1639
DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY DHB/cv 100 Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/3/63

Mrs. HERBERT H. TYLER, 1244 Mistletoe Drive, Irving, Texas, operator of the ABC Washateria, 1320 South Story, Irving, Texas, located next door to Hutch's Grocery where it had been established that OSWALD had purchased groceries, advised that she had no recollection of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his wife having patronized the washateria which is open from 6 a.m. to 11 p.m. daily. She stated that the OSWALDs had been the topic of conversation at the washateria since the assassination, and she had learned of no customers at the washateria that had ever seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his wife at the washateria.

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on 11/30/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 44-1639 DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY DHB /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/3/63

Mr. LLOYD CALMES, 1017 Owenwood, Irving, Texas, employed at the Parkit Market, 2320 West Shady Grove, Irving, Texas, located across the street from Hutch's Grocery where it had been established that OSWALD purchased groceries, advised that to his knowledge neither OSWALD nor his wife had ever made purchases at this market.

DL 44-1639

on 11/30/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY DHB /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/3/63

Mr. RAY RAMSEY, 375 Edwards, Louisville, Texas, employed at the Parkit Market, 2320 West Shady Grove, Irving, Texas, located across the street from Hutch's Grocery where it had been established that OSWALD purchased groceries, advised that to his knowledge neither OSWALD nor his wife had ever made purchases at this market.

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on 11/30/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 44-1639 DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY DHB /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/3/63

Dallas 100-

ALEXANDER KLEINLERER, 3542 Kent, was interviewed at Loma Industries, Inc., Highway 81 South, where he is employed as a foreign representative for that company. KLEINLERER is a naturalized U. S. citizen, coming to the United States on May 7, 1956, from France.

KLEINLERER met LEE HARVEY OSWALD through ELENA HALL, Trail Lake Drive, Fort Worth, approximately 14 months ago. ELENA HALL was at that time divorced from her husband, JOHN HALL, and KLEINLERER was dating her at that time. ELENA HALL subsequently re-married JOHN HALL in the fall of 1962. At the time KLEINLERER met OSWALD and his wife, MARINA OSWALD, approximately September, 1962, KLEINLERER was dating ELENA HALL. The circumstances of the meeting were that a GEORGE BOUHE of Dallas brought OSWALD and his wife to Miss HALL in Fort Worth to possibly get Miss HALL to help or find some aid for Mrs. OSWALD in connection with her teeth. Miss HALL was a dental lab technician.

KLEINLERER stated that it is his recollection that Miss HALL proposed to Mrs. OSWALD that she, Mrs. OSWALD, and the baby live with her at her home on Trail Lake Drive. KLEINLERER said that OSWALD did not stay there, and it is his belief that OSWALD worked in Dallas during this time. In late October or early November, KLEINLERER received notification from OSWALD's wife that she was moving out of Miss HALL's home. Miss HALL was in New York at the time, and KLEINLERER had the key to her home and was looking after it in Miss HALL's absence. KLEINLERER went over to Miss HALL's residence to lock the doors and see that everything was all right when OSWALD came to move his wife. KLEINLERER stated that at this time when OSWALD came to move his wife, he slapped her in the face and caused her to go into another room crying. KLEINLERER stated that from others he got the impression that OSWALD mistreated his wife terribly. He also stated that in his opinion Mrs. OSWALD was lazy and very dirty in her housekeeping. He gained this impression from going to the HALL house ocassionally to check and see that everything was all right. On many occasions he found that Mrs. OSWALD would sleep until noon every day.

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on 12/3/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MALON L. JENNINGS Date dictated

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KLEINLERER stated that he met OSWALD at Miss HALL's home possibly on two occasions when he came to her house while dating Miss HALL. He said that he and OSWALD never engaged in any conversation politically, and the only conversation they had was to pass the greetings of the day, or he would talk to Mrs. OSWALD about the baby. KLEINLERER stated that he really wanted to stay away from OSWALD and no have anything to do with him. KLEINLERER said that the only other time that he met OSWALD was when he was dating Miss HALL, and it was desired to help the OSWALDs financially. He and Miss HALL took a baby bed and mattress to their home when they were living behind Montgomery Wards in Fort Worth. At that time the baby was sleeping on the floor between several suitcases. KLEINLERER pointed out that when OSWALD visited his wife at Miss HALL's, he never left her any money then or at any other time as far as he can find out. Miss HALL furnished the food for Mrs. OSWALD and other necessities.

KLEINLERER stated that he is a very good friend of MAX CLARK and his wife, who live in Fort Worth. When he saw in the paper that OSWALD was returning to the United States with his Russian wife, he spoke to MAX CLARK and his wife at that time, and he was against having anything to do with OSWALD because he said he did not trust him. He stated that at that time, MAX CLARK seemed to feel the same way but later OSWALD and his wife were brought to Fort Worth by some of the Dallas acquaintances of MAX CLARK.

KLEINLERER stated that since Miss HALL re-married and other than the above aforementioned incidents, he has had no contact whatsoever with OSWALD or his wife.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA

Date December 5, 1963

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Mr. & Mrs. Dallas, Texas

M. WALDO GEORGE, 6769 Inverness Street, upon interview at 5651 North Expressway, where he is office manager of Tucker-Manning Insurance Company, advised he was the owner of the premises located at 214 West Neeley Street. The upstairs apartment became vacant during the latter part of January and he placed a "for rent" sign in the front yard. GEORGE was en route to these premises on March 2, 1963 and on arrival his wife phoned him that an individual by the name of OSWALD called the GEORGE home inquiring about apartments and she had informed him that her husband, the owner, was at the premises. GEORGE stated on the same date, March 2, 1963, the individual who had rented the apartment under the name of L. H. OSWALD, had met him at the premises and paid him $60.00 in cash for one month's rent in advance.

GEORGE stated that on March 4, 1963, OSWALD had called his wife and "raised cain" because the utilities were not connected at this address. In this conversation OSWALD informed Mrs. GEORGE that he had a young child and that it was necessary that the utilities be connected immediately.

GEORGE said he did nothing concerning this call, and when he next saw OSWALD on April 1, 1963 when he collected $60.00 in cash again for one month's rent, that OSWALD had made no mention of the utilities. GEORGE issued Receipt No. 9234 for this $60.00, reflecting OSWALD had paid rent in advance from April 1, 1963 to May 2, 1963. Shortly after collecting this rent, the downstairs tenants, the GEORGE B. GRAYs at this same address, called the GEORGEs and informed them that OSWALD who resided upstairs was beating his wife.

Two or three days later, Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE called on the OSWALDs at 214 West Neeley and invited the OSWALDs to attend the Gaston Avenue Baptist Church with the GEORGEs.

OSWALD informed the GEORGEs that he and his wife attended the Orthodox Russian Church but were not regular in attendance because they had to depend on their friends to take them there.

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on 12-5-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent S WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN
JAMES C. KENNEDY
mvs Date dictated 12-5-63

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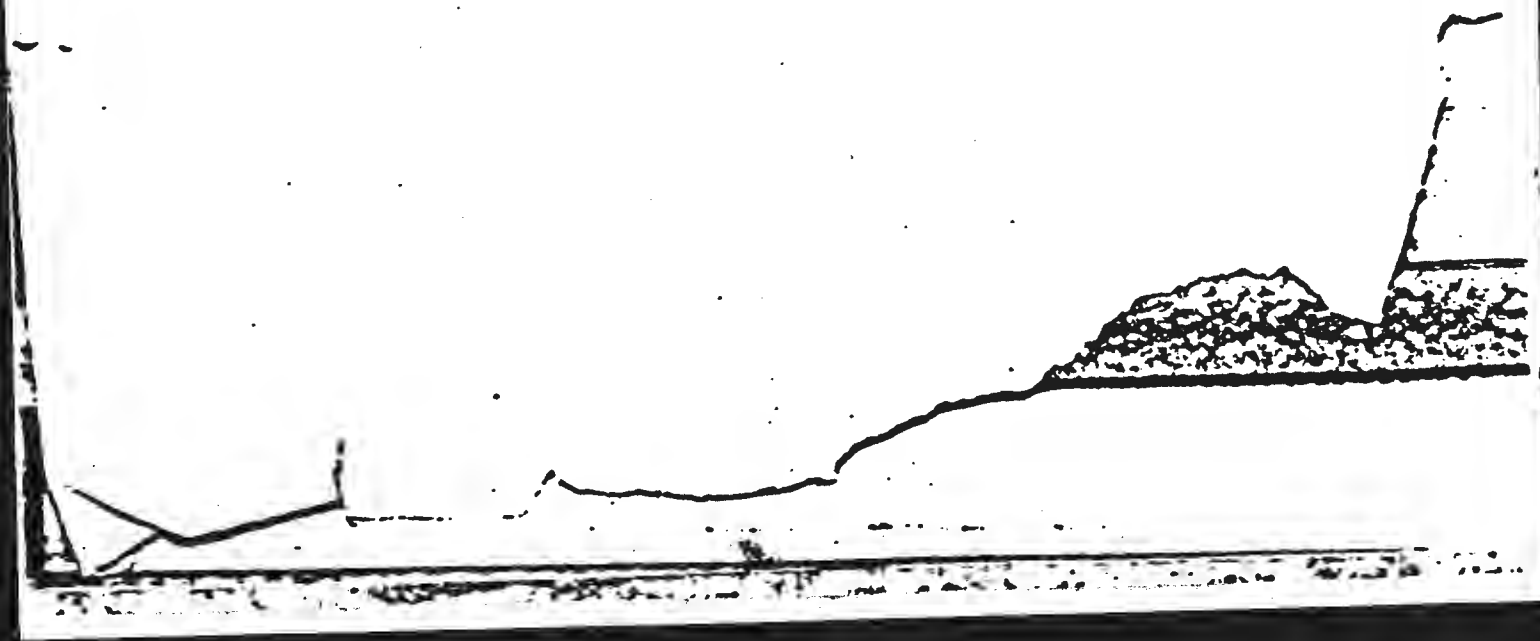
During this visit, in conversation with OSWALD, he informed GEORGE that he had met his wife in Russia while he was serving in the U. S. Marines as a guard at the U. S. Embassy in Russia, and had married his wife in Russia. In answer to a direct question as to any difficulty he had in getting out of Russia, OSWALD told them that he had no difficulty whatever in getting out of Russia.

GEORGE stated that he did not again see OSWALD, and that no notice had been given to him when OSWALD moved out, but shortly after May 2, 1963 when GEORGE had gone by this apartment, he had found it vacant.

The only damage to the premises, according to GEORGE, had been a broken lamp, but no deposit for breakage had been required.



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DL 89-43
JTM:BJD

Mrs. WAYNE SMITH, [illegible] Alaska, Dallas, Texas, telephone number FR 6-4101, advised on December 3, 1963, as follows:

She and her husband had formerly resided at 220 West Neeley, having moved from there approximately four months ago. During their approximate six month residence there she and her husband had no knowledge of LEE HARVEY OSWALD based on name and description. Further, she and her husband had seen his picture on TV many times and they had discussed him and his activities and had agreed they had never known him. She did not know that OSWALD had lived next door to them at any time. Neither she nor her husband knew JACK RUBY.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

BARBARA DAUGHERTY, Clerk, Customer Service - Personal, Main Office, Lone Star Gas Company, Service Records, 301 Harwood Street, advised gas service was turned on at 214 West Neeley on receipt of a request made by LEE H. OSWALD. Miss DAUGHERTY advised that from the records she was unable to determine if this had been by phone or had been in person inasmuch as their records did not reflect the manner in which the request had been received, but stated it was the policy of the Lone Star Gas Company to connect service and then request a deposit by mail.

On the date service was connected, March 4, 1963, a letter was addressed to LEE H. OSWALD, 214 West Neeley, requesting a deposit of $10.00. This $10.00 deposit was received by the Lone Star Gas Company on March 8, 1963 and credited under Deposit No. B 91453.

No payments were ever made by OSWALD following his posting of this $10.00 deposit.

Miss DAUGHERTY advised their records reflected the following bills had been mailed to this address from the date service was connected until it was disconnected on October 11, 1963:

March	$4.15
April	2.03
May	1.53
June	1.53
July	1.53
August	1.53
September	1.53
Total	$13.83

Since no payment had been received and the unpaid bills exceeded the original $10.00 deposit, on October 11, 1963 service was disconnected and the original $10.00 deposit plus 35¢ interest which had accrued, was applied toward this $13.83 bill, leaving a balance of $3.48.

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on 12-5-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN WHG jck JAMES C. KENNEDY JCK Date dictated 12-5-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

M. J. FISH, Clerk, Commercial and Industrial Accounts, Dallas Power and Light Company, 1506 Commerce, after examining the occupant slip for 214 West Neeley Street, advised that service at this address on their records had been furnished to occupant C. P. CORNETT under Account No. 700-1-40470, Meter No. 109556, until January 16, 1963, when C. P. CORNETT by phone advised the Power and Light Company that he was moving.

Service was not discontinued at this address since the policy of the company is to continue service and contact the next tenant who moves in to the premises.

On February 19, 1963, when the meter at 214 West Neeley was read, the meter reader reported the premises as vacant.

On March 20, 1963, when the meter was again read, it reflected 36 kilowatt hours had been used, however, the meter reader reported the premises vacant.

This meter was again read on April 19, 1963 reflecting 66 kilowatt hours had been used and the meter reader reported the premises as occupied.

On April 24, 1963, a letter addressed to the occupant of 214 West Neeley was sent by the Power and Light Company as a user of electricity and requesting this person to make a deposit. No response was received.

On May 1, 1963, a personal representative of the Power and Light Company was sent to the address of 214 West Neeley, at which time the letter mailed by the Power and Light Company on April 24, 1963 was observed still in the mail box. As a result, a cut off order was issued for electrical services on May 1, 1963 and service was disconnected on May 2, 1963.

FISH stated that there was a handwritten note in the Power and Light Company's file in his handwriting which reflected that on March 29, 1963, 214 West Neeley was occupied by LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 12-5-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN WHG Date dictated 12-5-63

JCK JAMES C. KENNEDY

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FISH did not know the basis for his having placed this notice in the file, stating it could have come from checking with other utility companies or by someone calling neighbors in the vicinity, but he had not recorded the identity of the person who furnished him the information on which his handwritten note was based.

FISH stated, however, that no payment for electrical services at 214 West Neeley had been received by the Power and Light Company from January 16, 1963 when CORNETT advised he was moving out, to May 2, 1963 when service had been disconnected at this address.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

Mrs. H. B. DILLARD, Adjustment Clerk, Dallas City Water and Sewage Department, City Hall, Room 103, advised the Dallas City Water and Sewage Department had a signed contract bearing the name L. H. OSWALD, Account No. 15-08-5675, reflecting a $5.00 deposit had been made on March 4, 1963 for services on Meter No. 42616 located 214 West Neeley, Dallas, Texas.

On March 28, 1963, a gross bill of $3.27 was mailed to L. H. OSWALD at 214 West Neeley Street, reflecting service from March 4, 1963 to March 20, 1963 when the water meter had been read. This bill bore a notice that the discount date extended to April 9, 1963 and payment before that time would be $2.97.

Mrs. DILLARD stated that the $2.97 which went through their bookkeeping system on April 4, 1963, would indicate that it was probably paid that day. She did state, however, that bills actually paid late in the afternoon of one day would be run through the bookkeeping department on the following day. Mrs. DILLARD stated there was no method whereby they could definitely ascertain whether or not this $2.97 had been paid late in the afternoon of April 3, 1963 or paid on April 4, 1963.

The next bill mailed by the Water Department to L. H. OSWALD, 214 West Neeley Street, was in the amount of $4.00 net. This bill was not paid by OSWALD. Service continued until May 20, 1963, when service was disconnected and at that time an additional $2.51 bill had accumulated for service, making a total of $6.51. At the time service was disconnected on May 20, 1963 and the $5.00 deposit was applied to this amount, the records of the Water and Sewage Department reflected $1.51 still owing unpaid.

At the time service was discontinued, the apartment was vacant, and, having received no forwarding notice, the original $5.00 deposit was applied toward the accrued water bill.

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on 12-5-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agents WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN
JAMES C. KENNEDY
mvs

Date dictated 12-5-63

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B. NEIGHBORHOODS

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

Mrs. A. C. JOHNSON, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, the residence wherein LEE HARVEY OSWALD had rented a room under the name O. H. LEE, was interviewed concerning a report of a long distance telephone call originating at Oshkosh, Wisconsin to HARVEY LEE OSWALD at the Beckley address sometime between 7:30 P.M. and 10:00 P.M. on November 15, 1963.

Interview of Mrs. JOHNSON failed to disclose receipt of such call based on the following information which was established:

1. OSWALD was in residence during the pertinent period, available for such call should it have been received.

a. Mrs. JOHNSON stated that in OSWALD's usual practice, he would not return to the Beckley address after work on Fridays; that he would not return until after work on the Monday following.

b. On the weekend in question, beginning Friday evening, November 15, 1963, OSWALD was in residence throughout the weekend to Monday morning when he left for work. Mrs. JOHNSON said she has a distinct recollection of this as she had checked OSWALD's room at about 6:30 P.M., Friday, November 15, 1963, to see whether the room might be available for use of her grandchildren on that weekend. She was astonished to find OSWALD there, and in her astonishment commented: "Oh! You're not going to Irving this weekend!" OSWALD did not say a word. Mrs. JOHNSON quickly withdrew from his room.

c. OSWALD's room is located on the first floor with entry from the living room, an entry which he must use; located adjacent to a room occupied by Mrs. EARLENE ROBERTS, the housekeeper. Neither saw him leave during the pertinent period, according to Mrs. JOHNSON; nor did he leave at any time later during the weekend except briefly when he was seen carrying clothing to the Washeteria or when she presumed he had gone to the Quick Service Grocery nearby for provisions.

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on 12-3-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARUCH DHB Date dictated 12-3-63
mvs

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2. Mrs. JOHNSON advised that neither she nor Mrs. ROBERTS had taken such a long distance call for OSWALD; neither had summoned him to the telephone during the pertinent period.

a. In this respect, it had been reported that the woman answering the telephone had done so by stating: "A. H. JOHNSON residence." Mrs. JOHNSON advised that she always answers by saying only "Hello," not identifying the residence; that her name is Mrs. A. C. JOHNSON, not A. H. JOHNSON. She had determined from Mrs. ROBERTS who usually answers the phone, as her room is adjacent to the hall where the telephone is located, that Mrs. ROBERTS answers in the same manner; that occasionally she will answer with "JOHNSON residence" -- never as A. C. JOHNSON residence.

b. It is noted that the telephone number in question was a person to person call to LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the Beckley address. Mrs. JOHNSON advised that OSWALD was known at the JOHNSON residence only as O. H. LEE. Mrs. JOHNSON said that she had not associated OSWALD with her guest O. H. LEE until she had seen OSWALD on television following his arrest -- this after local officers had checked the guest register for about 30 minutes trying to identify someone among the tenants as OSWALD, and, failing to do so until his appearance on television when Mrs. JOHNSON identified him as her guest, O. H. LEE.

Based on these above circumstances, the manner in which the telephone is answered, the fact that OSWALD was only known as O. H. LEE at the residence, and the distinct recollection of Mrs. JOHNSON that no call had been received for OSWALD during the pertinent period, Mrs. JOHNSON stated that she felt she could say without question that no such call as had been described was received for OSWALD at the Beckley address.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

Mrs. [redacted], 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, housekeeper at the residence wherein LEE HARVEY OSWALD had rented a room under the name O. H. LEE, was interviewed concerning a report of a long distance telephone call originating at Oshkosh, Wisconsin to a HARVEY LEE OSWALD at the Beckley address sometime between 7:30 P.M. and 10:00 P.M. on Friday, November 15, 1963.

Mrs. [redacted] advised that her room is located adjacent to that of OSWALD at the Beckley address and within about six feet of the telephone located in the hallway next to her room. She stated it is her recollection that OSWALD was in residence during the period pertinent to this inquiry; that no calls such as the one described had been received for OSWALD. She stated that she answers the phone usually by saying only "Hello," occasionally as "JOHNSON residence," and never as "A. C. JOHNSON residence." In this respect, it was noted that the woman who was said to have answered the telephone in this instance identified the number as "A. H. JOHNSON residence."

Mrs. [redacted] stated that at this time OSWALD was known at the Beckley address only as O. H. LEE and that a call for LEE HARVEY OSWALD would have been refused under the circumstances, there having been no such person with that name known to have been in residence at that time.

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on 12-3-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BAILEY mvg Date dictated 12-3-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

Mrs. EARLENE ROBERTS, 1026 North Beckley Street, advised that she is employed as housekeeper at this address and due to this employment and to the fact she resides on the premises, she has had occasion to be acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, a roomer who has been there since October 14, 1963. She was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and she stated this is a photograph of the individual residing at that address in a room to himself since October 14, 1963, under the name of O. H. LEE.

Mrs. ROBERTS stated that OSWALD kept to himself all the time and never had any company while living at that address. She stated his habits were usually to leave the house early in the morning to go to work and would return about 6:00 p.m. each day during the week. He practically always made a telephone call right after returning from work but would always speak in a foreign language which she believed to be possibly German or Russian; however, she recalls that on a few occasions he ended his conversations with the word "Adios." During the weekends, he would leave, according to OSWALD, to go to Irving, Texas. He would leave the house Friday morning to go to work as usual and would not return until the following Monday evening after work.

While living at that address, OSWALD did not talk to other people living there and did not have any visitors to her knowledge. She added that it would, in her opinion, have been impossible for him to have had a visitor in his room without her knowledge inasmuch as her room is adjacent to the one occupied by OSWALD, and she could have not only seen any visitor but could have been aware of same by hearing footsteps and conversations and also she is a very light sleeper.

Mrs. ROBERTS stated that when OSWALD first arrived and registered, she requested him to furnish a name of someone, preferably a relative, who could be notified in case of an emergency but he refused to do so and only stated "It doesn't matter."

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43 DL 44-1639

by Special Agents EDMOND C. HARDIN & RALPH E. RAWLINGS/csh EC4 RER Date dictated 11/25/63

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Mrs. ROBERTS was shown a photograph of JACK RUBY whereupon she advised she has never seen this individual and is sure he did not ever appear at her residence during the time OSWALD was living there.

Mrs. ROBERTS advised she never saw a gun of any type in OSWALD's room nor does she recall seeing any books. She recalls seeing a map of the City of Dallas, which map is a common type and did not appear to be anything to attract her attention.

In connection with OSWALD's telephone calls, she stated she had no way of knowing whether the individual to whom he talked was a man or a woman and also that she knows he did not make any long distance calls he may have made from this telephone. She added that OSWALD never at any time received a telephone call, visitors or any mail while residing at that address.

C. EMPLOYMENTS

DL 89-43
JBA/gm

The following investigation was conducted by SA ROBLEY D. MADLAND:

On November 23, 1963, H. L. CONWAY, of the Leslie Welding Company, Fort Worth, Texas, advised LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed there from July 17, 1962, to October 8, 1962. OSWALD furnished his address as 1501 Seventh Street, Fort Worth, Texas, telephone number PE 2-3245.

On November 27, 1963, Mrs. ROBERT (CHRISTINE) YARBRO, Manager of Rotary Apartments, 1501 West Seventh Street, Fort Worth, advised that she has been the manager of these apartments since October 9, 1963. She said further that the prior managers were Mr. and Mrs. L. R. HUFFMAN, who presently reside at 1516 South Harris, San Angelo, Texas.

Mrs. YARBRO said that all records prior to October 9, 1963, of persons residing at the Rotary apparently were taken by the HUFFMANs as she has no records concerning the operation of this apartment prior to October 9, 1963.

Mrs. YARBRO said that telephone number EDison 5-0755 is a pay telephone located in the basement of this apartment house and is located near the Seventh Street entrance. She said that she understands that this telephone has been installed in this apartment for several years.

Mrs. YARBRO said that she does not know a LEE HARVEY OSWALD and never saw or heard of this person prior to seeing him on television during the past week concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

The following investigation was conducted by SA EDWIN C. DORRIS at San Angelo, Texas:

On December 3, 1963, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. HUFFMAN, 1516 South Harrison Street, advised they formerly managed the Rotary Apartments, Fort Worth, Texas. They both recalled Mrs. OSWALD, mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. They had no records to furnish dates from but recalled that probably in early fall

of 1962, Mrs. OSWALD moved into Apartment 101. She was a nurse, seemed to work regularly, and was gone most of the time. When she had been in this apartment about three weeks, she contacted the HUFFMANs and told of her son, his wife, and their small child and the fact the boy was out of work. She asked for permission permitting the son and his family to move into the apartment with her on a temporary basis. HUFFMAN told Mrs. OSWALD it would be all right and OSWALD, his Russian wife, and small baby moved in, perhaps in October or November, 1962.

HUFFMAN states he only saw OSWALD at a distance and never talked with him. He did recall that OSWALD reportedly secured a job at a tin shop which was located back of Montgomery Ward in Fort Worth, and as soon as he got a pay check, he, his wife and baby moved out. The HUFFMANs saw the wife once or twice, but their conversations were strictly limited as she could speak but little English. The elder Mrs. OSWALD then moved, stating she had a patient who desired Mrs. OSWALD live in the house of such patient. Probably a month or so later, Mrs. OSWALD, the mother, returned and rented a cheaper apartment numbered 301. She was there on this occasion about one month and moved when she stated she had to find a cheaper place, and they did not have a room for rent. HUFFMAN believed that LEE OSWALD moved some place on Fifth Street and near the new "Bone Clinic," but he did not know the address. Mrs. OSWALD, the mother, returned once afterwards and inquired for any mail, this being about January, 1963, but there was none and they have not seen her since. They did not see LEE OSWALD after he moved from his mother's apartment, and they knew nothing of his friends, associates, or otherwise.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

Mr. ROBERT L. STOVALL, President, Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, 522 Browder, advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed with this company from October 12, 1962, to April 6, 1963, according to his recollection. He stated his company hired OSWALD as a trainee through the Texas Employment Commission (TEC) and that he never did show adequate improvement as a trainee and therefore was terminated. He said he was unaware that anyone in the company had come to know OSWALD very well or had developed a liking for him. He said he had heard from other employees that OSWALD was inclined at times to either talk about Russia or had a "Daily Worker" paper in his hand. He stated based upon what he had heard of OSWALD he himself had remarked to someone at one time during OSWALD's employment with the company that OSWALD might be a Communist. He said that when OSWALD came to work he gave an address in Irving which he later changed to a Post Office Box number presumably in Dallas. He said OSWALD claimed to have had an honorable discharge and a good conduct medal from the U. S. Marine Corps but these had not been exhibited to anyone at this company at the time of his application for employment or during employment.

Mr. STOVALL advised that as far as he knew no one connected with his company had any information regarding OSWALD after OSWALD terminated in April, 1963. He advised he later learned that OSWALD had sought employment with Padgett Printing Corporation, 1313 N. Industrial Blvd.; that TED GANGL, Superintendent of Padgett, had talked to him on the telephone and apparently based upon information regarding OSWALD which STOVALL relayed to GANGL at that time OSWALD was not hired by Padgett. He said he believed it was October 4, 1963, when OSWALD sought this employment with Padgett. STOVALL noted that his company acts in the capacity of suppliers to the Graphic Arts and that Padgett Printing Corporation is occasionally a customer of his company in this connection. He advised that on November 24, 1963, he turned over to two U. S. Secret Service Agents the application for employment pertaining to OSWALD which OSWALD had filed with his company. He stated on November 25, 1963, Mr. GANGL of Padgett Printing Corporation had turned over to him an application for employment with Padgett Printing Corporation which he himself turned over to the Secret Service Agents at the same time he gave them the other application for employment.

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALMON:vm Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

Mr. JOHN GRAEF, Director of the Photographic Department, Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, 522 Browder, advised his company had an opening for a new employee in about October, 1962. He said he telephonically contacted the Texas Employment Commission and talked to a lady whom through telephonic contact he had learned was familiar with the different abilities needed for employees at Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall. He said LEE HARVEY OSWALD was one of two or three individuals referred to Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall at that time and he talked to OSWALD at that time. He said the lady at Texas Employment Commission who referred OSWALD to Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall had told him that OSWALD had recently been discharged from the U. S. Marine Corps and had received a good conduct medal. He stated OSWALD indicated to him that his last occupation was words to the effect "recently discharged from the U. S. Marine Corps." He said he himself chose OSWALD for the job opening at Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall. He said that inasmuch as OSWALD was a trainee it was not expected of him that he should make any great showing at the start but that when it came time for him to show ability to produce in about the fourth month of his employment OSWALD was not making a good showing. He said his company gives trainees an opportunity to prove themselves which OSWALD did not do. He pointed out that it was entirely possible OSWALD lacked a special knack for the particular work to which he was assigned. GRAEF said he gained the impression OSWALD was trying to do his work right but just could not seem to improve.

Mr. GRAEF recalled there was no great problem with OSWALD but that he had heard of one minor misunderstanding that had arisen between OSWALD and a fellow employee wherein the fellow employee of OSWALD was using a developing tray and OSWALD appeared upset that that individual would not turn the developing tray over to OSWALD immediately. He said he had heard rumors of other disagreements but he could not recall details of these. He recalled OSWALD was apparently anxious to earn any extra money possible inasmuch as he sought Saturday work at the plant when it was available. He said he saw OSWALD reading a paper at one time during the last weeks of OSWALD's employment which OSWALD told him was in Russian language. He said OSWALD gave some plausible reason for reading this paper; that he was studying Russian and possibly had mentioned that he had become interested in Russian language in the U. S. Marine Corps.

GRAEF advised that inasmuch as the work of his company is sometimes heavier at some times of the year than others a lull came in their work at about the time he felt OSWALD could not measure up to

on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALMON:ym Date dictated 12/2/63

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the job that was expected of him. He said he told OSWALD that his work was not as good as could be expected and that in view of that plus the fact he had had some friction with other employees it was best he did not continue with the company. He stated OSWALD took this calmly and made no objections.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

Mr. LEONARD CALVERLEY, Foreman, Camera Department, Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, 522 Browder, advised he was the immediate supervisor of LEE HARVEY OSWALD during OSWALD's employment with this company. He stated OSWALD came as a trainee and his work consisted of making camera enlargements and reductions. He said it was obvious after a few weeks that OSWALD was not turning out good work although he was regular in his attendance at work. He said OSWALD did not seem to like to be shown how to do his work and in this respect impressed him as being rather rebellious. He said he never heard any actual statements made by OSWALD which would have shown that he was inclined to favor Russia or Communism but that he did recall OSWALD had in his possession some sort of literature pertaining to Russia on one or more occasions. He described OSWALD as a quiet type of individual who never talked of his family or what his past activities had been. He said he gained no knowledge of OSWALD's personal life but had heard that OSWALD had a Russian wife and one child. He said he believed OSWALD had no automobile and that there was no indication he had any income except from his employment with this company.

He stated he could not recall that OSWALD had ever indicated he had been in Russia. CALVERLEY said OSWALD "fouled up" the work which was assigned him constantly and that led to his termination. He said OSWALD did not seem angry about being terminated and had no cross words with him, CALVERLEY, as a result of it.

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALMON:vm Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

Mr. WALLACE A. POPE, JR., Printer, Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Incorporated, 522 Browder Street, advised that he recalls, after seeing photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the newspapers and on television, that OSWALD worked for this company for several months. He stated he does not recall the period of employment.

POPE advised that during the entire period that OSWALD was employed at this company, he, POPE, did not say 20 words to OSWALD.

POPE advised that he could furnish no information whatsoever concerning OSWALD. He advised that he knows of no one at this company who was personally acquainted with OSWALD. He stated that OSWALD was extremely aloof and everyone left him alone.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KENNETH R. ALBERT and WILLIAM O. JOHNSON/rms/gmf Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 2-8-59)

1

Date 12/5/63

ROBERT L. STOVALL, President, Jaggars - Chiles - Stovall, 522 Browder Street, advised that his pay records reflect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD's last day of work for that company was Saturday, April 6, 1963, on which day he worked from 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING:mam Date dictated 12/5/63

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DL 89-43
REB:BJD/rms

The following investigation was conducted by SA RONALD E. BRINKLEY at Dallas, Texas:

Previous investigation has reflected that one of the payroll checks payable to LEE OSWALD while employed by Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Incorporated, Dallas, Texas, bore the address underneath the endorsement on the back of the check of 3519 Fairmount, no city shown. It appeared this check was cashed on or before October 13, 1962.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. LENNIE CRAIG, Manager, Burdick's Apartments, at 3517 or 3519 Fairmount Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised she has been manager here only since October 15, 1963. She advised she does not have records beyond this point. She stated RICHARD S. BURDICK, 3929 Normandy Street, Highland Park, Texas, would have these records. She further advised she has no recollection of LEE HARVEY OSWALD living there or has heard no rumors to that effect.

On November 29, 1963, Mr. PAUL W. LAWTHER, Apartment 10, Burdick Apartments, 3519 Fairmount Avenue, advised he is a long time resident of these apartments and does not remember anyone fitting the description of LEE HARVEY OSWALD living there. He stated the names HIDELL, LEE or OSWALD do not sound familiar to him. Upon observation of pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY, LAWTHER stated he has never seen either before.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. JIM CROSS, Apartment 16, Burdick Apartments, 3519 Fairmount Avenue, advised she has lived here for eight months, during which time she has heard

rumors from other tenants that OSWALD lived in one of their apartments for a short time approximately one year ago. She stated that all tenants except PAUL LAWTHER have moved into the apartments since October of 1962. She advised she does not recognize the pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY that were displayed to her.

On November 29, 1963, E. Y. ASHCRAFT, Manager, Fairmount Apartments, Dallas, Texas, advised he knows most of the tenants in the Burdick Apartments. He stated that the residents of the Fairmount Apartments are mostly aged and senile people. He further advised that none of these residents have made any reference as to knowing LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that Mrs. JIM CROSS is well known for her ability to fabricate rumors of an exciting nature. He further advised he did not know OSWALD or RUBY.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. ELIZABETH RANDALL, 3211 Beverly Drive, Highland Park, Texas, advised she was formerly manager of the Burdick Apartments for 8½ years. She stated she had a good memory of names and faces and does not recall LEE OSWALD as being one of the tenants. She advised also the names LEE and HIDELL are not familiar to her. Upon being displayed photographs of OSWALD and RUBY, she advised they were not familiar to her.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. RICHARD S. BURDICK, 3929 Normandy Street, Highland Park, Texas, made available her book and ledgers reflecting rental payments by tenants during pertinent periods. She stated her books reflect no rent paid by OSWALD or known aliases.

It is noted on the map of the city and surrounding areas that there is a Fairmont or Fairmount Street located in Irving, Texas and Duncanville, Texas, which are suburbs of Dalla

1

89-43
REH:vm

The following investigation was conducted by SAs RICHARD E. HARRISON and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:

At Dallas, Texas

On November 28, 1963, Mr. MAX PACTOR, owner, Mart Liquor Store, 401 S. Ervay, was contacted regarding Subject LEE HARVEY OSWALD possibly cashing his pay checks at that store received by OSWALD from the Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall Company, Dallas. PACTOR advised he cashes many payroll checks in his store on Friday evenings from various firms in that general area one of which is the Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall Company, however, he did not specifically recall cashing any checks for LEE HARVEY OSWALD and advised OSWALD was unknown to him.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

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MR. & MRS. GARY E. TAYLOR, 4115 Palis Drive, telephone FE 7-8130, advised that in the fall of 1962 when he was living at 3619 Fairmont Street, Apartment 12, Dallas, with his wife, ALEXANDRA TAYLOR, they received a telephone call from GEORGE or JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT who asked ALEXANDRA if they wanted to meet a nice couple. He said he believed at the time the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs furnished background information concerning a Russian girl and a U. S. citizen who had married the girl in Russia and who eventually brought her to the United States. He said shortly afterwards he drove to Fort Worth and met LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, MARINA. Present in this meeting were GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, GEORGE BOUHE, OSWALD's mother, one JOHN HALL from Midland, Texas, and a woman who intended to marry HALL. He said this meeting occurred shortly after VAN CLIBURN had a recital in the area. He said GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT asked him and his wife to take MARINA into their home and that he subsequently moved MARINA from Fort Worth, Texas, to Dallas. He said he did not care for LEE HARVEY OSWALD because of his poor personal habits and his unkempt condition so LEE stayed at the YMCA which arrangements were handled by GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT. He said he believed that MARINA OSWALD had stayed with them prior to the time she lived with a PAINE woman in Fort Worth. He said he had a difficult time understanding MARINA but that his wife although she could not speak Russian fluently had a knowledge of same through her parents, GEORGE and JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT.

TAYLOR advised that the first discussion he had with LEE HARVEY OSWALD was the first day MARINA moved into their apartment. He stated LEE visited them that night and stayed quite late at which time they discussed philosophies of government. He said that OSWALD appeared to be looking for a Utopia and what OSWALD thought of as a good government was impractical. He said no matter how much he tore down OSWALD's logic he doggedly held on to same and was quite hard-headed in his convictions. OSWALD also professed that the Russian type Government was not his ideal either because the people were suppressed by the rulers. TAYLOR advised OSWALD stated he believed people should have as much power as Presidents and Heads of State. People should live on an equal basis and receive the same amount of money for wages and live in the same size houses. Most of these discussions were quite long and drawn out and usually ended up exactly where they started.

TAYLOR advised that DE MOHRENSCHILDT and GEORGE BOUHE as mentioned previously were instrumental in getting OSWALD in at the YMCA in Dallas and DE MOHRENSCHILDT called the YMCA from the apartment

on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agents ROBERT E. BASHAM and JAMES J. WARD:vm Date dictated 12/3/63

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He said that either DE MOHRENSCHILDT or BOUHE paid OSWALD's bill at the YMCA because OSWALD was in a destitute situation. He said OSWALD had very poor clothing and was making a minimum wage where he was employed. He said MARINA moved back to Fort Worth when the PAINE woman had a serious automobile accident. He said about three or four days later he picked OSWALD up at the YMCA and they drove to Fort Worth where they met MARINA, obtained OSWALD's furnishings, and he drove them back to Dallas. He said he believed they then moved into an apartment near Zangs and Davis Streets and he did not see very much of them after this move except for an occasional phone call and a visit. He believed this was some time in October, 1962. He thought that ALEXANDRA, his wife, did not see the OSWALDs after this time. He said he saw LEE OSWALD in November, 1962, for the last time but bumped into MARINA on the street in November, 1962, and he learned they were living in another apartment near the first one he had moved them into. He said he talked to MARINA with the use of the Russian-English dictionary. He said during this brief conversation MARINA mentioned LEE was studying at Crosier Tech and going to night school. He said he believed GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT later mentioned OSWALD was studying photography at Crosier Tech. He said during this brief talk with MARINA he promised to visit the OSWALDs but he never saw LEE again.

TAYLOR advised he last saw MARINA in June, 1963, when they had a brief talk on the street and afterwards he left town in July, 1963, touring Texas taking films for a travelogue concern for a two month period. He said he was shocked when the President was shot and that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been implicated in the shooting. He said in his opinion OSWALD did not appear to be the vicious type and was more of a milk toast, mild-mannered individual with the only indication of his violence being in the treatment he had given MARINA. He said in this regard he had observed MARINA with black and blue marks on her person and had learned that OSWALD had beaten her up.

TAYLOR said OSWALD did not appear to be too educated but did read a lot and he had never heard OSWALD mention the KENNEDYs or CONNALLYs or their administrations or policies. He said he never heard OSWALD say he intended to or had given up his U. S. citizenship or that the Russians wanted him to do so. He advised OSWALD had mentioned he had trouble getting out of Russia with MARINA and had mentioned he had worked as a sheet metal worker in an electronics

factory in Minsk. He advised OSWALD never mentioned JACK RUBY or JACK RUBENSTEIN in his presence.

TAILOR advised he had read in the newspaper that LEE OSWALD had traveled to New Orleans and to Mexico. He said he had no knowledge of these trips personally but was wondering where OSWALD obtained money to make these journeys. He said OSWALD was not paid very well when he worked and as he previously mentioned, OSWALD received a minimum wage and OSWALD did not remain on any one job or position very long. He said he worked for the welding company in Fort Worth a few months and later worked for a printing company which he believed to be Jaggars in Dallas for about five or six months. He said his clothing when he transported them from Fort Worth to Dallas was very poor, in a run down condition, and OSWALD often went four or five days wearing the same clothes without bathing. He added however that when photographed in New Orleans which photograph was in the paper, OSWALD was wearing a white shirt, tie, and what appeared to be form fitting trousers giving the appearance he had obtained some money. He said he had never seen OSWALD dressed up before or in decent wearing apparel until he saw him in this photograph. He said the only person he knew of that would have provided OSWALD with money would have been GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT who took a great interest in OSWALD. He said that from his relationship with the two he thought OSWALD would do anything that DE MOHRENSCHILDT told him. He said if DE MOHRENSCHILDT had told OSWALD to move to Houston OSWALD would have gone. He said he knew of no other person who had more influence over OSWALD than DE MOHRENSCHILDT.

He said in regard to his former father-in-law, GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, that DE MOHRENSCHILDT preferred the Russian form of Government over the United States and stated so in his presence on a number of occasions. He also had indicated a desire to return to Russia but not because it was his home land. He said he did not believe DE MOHRENSCHILDT had any living relatives in Russia. He said the financial status of GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT also varied. He said by this he meant at times DE MOHRENSCHILDT appeared to be scrimping and scraping to make ends meet and then all of a sudden DE MOHRENSCHILDT and his wife would have enough money to do as they pleased. He said he could not understand how they could travel throughout Mexico, the Caribbean, and Guatemala for fourteen months if they had been in such dire need financially. He advised that although JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, also known

as Jon Le Gon, Jean Le Gon, had worked for IKE CLARK as a fashion designer in the late 1950's and for Sanger-Harris more recently. He did not believe she made enough money to finance any trip to Mexico, Caribbean, and Guatemala. He said it was while JEANNE was working for the CLARKs that they went to Guatemala and Mexico. He said they stayed on the plantation of an acquaintance of theirs whom they had met in Tubac, Arizona. He said they met these people through ALEXANDRA's cousin, NANCY TILTON. He said he did not know how long they stayed in Guatemala on this plantation before they went to the Caribbean and eventually to Haiti but it was about 14 months before they returned to Dallas. He said when they returned DE MOHRENSCHILDT bought a new car from Ben Griffins Ford Agency. He said he thought DE MOHRENSCHILDT paid cash for the car and he felt this was certainly more money than DE MOHRENSCHILDT had when he left town on the trip.

In regard to the last trip or permanent trip, he said that JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT was working for Sanger-Harris when they decided to leave for Port-au-Prince, Haiti. He said they had been scrimping and saving allegedly for this trip but he could not understand how they could manage to outfit themselves so well prior to departing for Haiti. He said they went to Haiti via Miami, Florida, some time in May or June, 1963. He said he did not get along too well with his former father-in-law so his former father-in-law corresponds with his mother and in this regard his mother received a letter from JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT in care of the American Embassy, Port-au-Prince which he thought was some time in June, 1963. He advised that three weeks ago his mother received a letter from GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT with a return address Box 575-1, Port-au-Prince, Haiti. He said he believes that DE MOHRENSCHILDT was arranging to operate a plantation of some kind in Haiti, for a group of financiers. He said the last letter received by his parents was within the week and it was from JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT with a return address in care of American Embassy, Port-au-Prince.

TAYLOR advised that for background information concerning GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT he advised he married his last wife, JEANNE, also known as Jon Le Gon, in May or June, 1959, in Dallas. He was born in Russia in the Georgian section; claimed that if the feudal system were still in effect he would have the title of Baron. He claimed he studied in Prague and taught geology at the University of Texas in 1939. He had an office in the Republic National Bank building

at one time in the last five years although he did not know him to have worked very much. He said he traveled a bit and had made numerous trips to Houston, Texas, allegedly to promote work for himself and supposedly had seen GUS BROWN on these trips prior to BROWN's death. He said GUS BROWN was a partner in Brown and Root Construction Company. He said that DE MOHRENSCHILDT claimed to have worked as a consulting geologist for JAMES P. NEIL about four years ago. He said NEIL has offices in the Exchange Bank Building, Dallas. DE MOHRENSCHILDT also claimed he had a brother who is a professor at the University of Princeton and his name is believed to be VON MOHRENSCHILDT. He advised in this regard he understood GEORGE to say that his brother and he changed their name. He stated that DE MOHRENSCHILDT claimed he had worked for the State Department in the mid 1950's and in this regard DE MOHRENSCHILDT exhibited to TAYLOR photographs of the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs which photographs the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs stated were taken in Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia.

He advised that one LOUIS McNULTON, Jr., a younger individual, more so than DE MOHRENSCHILDT, was an associate of DE MOHRENSCHILDT and a constant guest in the DE MOHRENSCHILDT residence. He stated he thought possibly DE MOHRENSCHILDT had worked for BEN GRIFFIN, a Ford dealer, where DE MOHRENSCHILDT had obtained his car. He said DE MOHRENSCHILDT claims he can speak sixteen foreign languages and can write thirteen of this sixteen. Included in this group are Chinese and Russian fluently. He said he believed DE MOHRENSCHILDT's first wife who may live in Boston had DE MOHRENSCHILDT followed by a detective agency during a custody case of one of his daughters by their first marriage. He said the woman won the suit. He advised that JEANNE was DE MOHRENSCHILDT's third wife. He advised he first met GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT in the fall of 1958 when DE MOHRENSCHILDT [illegible] lived in the Maple Terrace Apartments. He said afterward they moved to a house within a block of the apartment building believed on Dickens Street and that after their return from their fourteen month trip mentioned previously they moved back to another area on Dickens Street.

He described DE MOHRENSCHILDT as a white male, 50-54 years old, 6'-6'2", 190 pounds, brown hair, dark olive complexion, robust, and athletic build, very intelligent who loves to play tennis. He stated DE MOHRENSCHILDT also had a 1962 white Ford convertible, two tone blue interior with a blue stripe inside the chrome molding on the outside of the car. He said as previously mentioned

DE MOHRENSCHILDT obtained this car from Ben Griffin Ford dealer which is now defunct.

TAYLOR advised he had dated CHRISTIANA BOGOVALLENSKIA, who is the step-sister of ALEXANDRA DE MOHRENSCHILDT. He said at the time he was dating CHRISTIANA, ALEXANDRA, his former wife, was living in Paris with her mother. He said that when he met ALEXANDRA he fell in love and married her in Oklahoma in November, 1959. He said that JEANNE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, also known as Jon Le Gon, insofar as background information is concerned, was born in China, is a white female, athletic in nature, 5'2-3", 130 pounds, light brown hair, dark olive complexion, spoke with a decided French accent, and speaks and writes Russian fluently, and also is believed to speak Chinese as well. He said he does not know where she was educated but she appears to be very literate. He said she was a fashion designer for IKE CLARK in Dallas at which time she used the name, JON LE GON and also was a fashion designer for Sanger-Harris. He believed she used the name DE MOHRENSCHILDT at the time. He stated her daughter, CHRISTIANA BOGOVALLENSKIA, attended UCLA and he thought CHRISTIANA's real father, first name unknown BOGOVALLENSKIA, had been in California in a state mental hospital where CHRISTIANA used to visit him quite frequently while attending UCLA. He thought the mental hospital might be near Los Angeles in view of the above information. He stated CHRISTIANA's presently is married to an individual called RAGNAR, last name unknown, who he believes is a Russian and that at present CHRISTIANA and her husband are en route to Port-au-Prince to visit the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 26, 1963

Dr. BEN PARKER, owner of radio station KBOP, Pleasanton, Texas, stated that one day between early and mid afternoon sometime between about October 8, 1963, and October 15, 1963, to his best recollection, a white man name not recalled, age about mid 20s, with sandy hair, 5'7-8", of rather dirty appearance, came into radio station KBOP stating that he was driving through Pleasanton and would like to obtain employment with this station. Doctor PARKER had no employment to offer this individual and therefore did not [illegible] any further information about him. He said he did not [illegible] that this man may have had nor did he [illegible] whether he was accompanied by anyone else. Doctor PARKER mentioned that he had seen television photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and that he believed it was possible this individual who contacted him for employment may have been OSWALD. However, he said he had actually paid very little attention to the individual seeking employment and was not at all sure that they were the same and also that it was possible his own imagination has become overly active due to publicity concerning the assassination of the President.

On 11/26/63 at Pleasanton, Texas 137 File # SA 89-67

by SA JOHN RUSSELL GRAHAM/dte Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-48) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

November 26, 1963
Date

Mrs. BEN PARKER, wife of Dr. BEN PARKER, owner of radio station KBUP, Pleasanton, Texas, said that one day about either right after noon or sometime before mid afternoon between the period October 8, 1963, to October 15, 1963, to her best recollection, she received a telephone call from a man, name not recalled, who told her he was passing through Pleasanton and wanted immediate employment while with KBUP. Mrs. PARKER had no employment to offer this man. She said she did not ever see this man but she observed no further information regarding him.

On 11/26/63 at Pleasanton, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA JOHN RUSSELL GRAHAM/dla Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

Mrs. BARBARA GUILD, Office Manager, Harrell and Hamilton Architects, 809 Republic National Bank Building, Dallas, Texas, examined the application files for the period 1960 to December of 1963 for that company and was unable to locate any indication that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had applied for a position with that firm. She stated since she interviews all applicants, she feels that had he applied for a position, she would have recalled it.

She stated she did not know an architect in Dallas by the name of HARRINGTON and that she knew of no other person in Dallas by the name of HARRELL who is an architect other than the Mr. HARRELL of Harrell and Hamilton.

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on 12-3-63 at Dallas, Texas 139 File # 89-43

by Special Agent s LOUIS M. KELLEY
JOHN T. McMURRER
EVS Date dictated 12-3-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

BETH ANDERSON, Personnel Department, Sanger-Harris Department Store, Lamar and Main Street, Dallas, Texas, advised she could not locate an application for employment of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She advised all applications for employment, where the persons are not accepted for employment, are destroyed after six months.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES C. KENNEDY and WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN /jeg Date dictated 12/2/63

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D. BACKGROUND - RELATIVES

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1 Dallas, Texas

Mr. JAMES HERBERT MARTIN, who resides at 11611 Farrar Street, and in whose house MARINA OSWALD is residing, advised MARINA OSWALD had retained the services of an attorney on his recommendation. This attorney is JOHN M. THORNE of the firm of Thorne & Leech, Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law, 302 W. College Street, Grand Prairie, Texas, telephone numbers AN 2-2608 - office, and AN 4-1898 - residence.

Mr. MARTIN advised that MARINA OSWALD continued to receive a number of letters containing checks and money orders for cash and that he had been handling this money for MARINA. He said that to date $5,926.15 has been received and these amounts have been deposited in a savings and a checking account in the First National Bank of Dallas. In addition, $1,000 has been collected by a Rev. Allen of the First Methodist Church in Houston for MARINA and $600 has been collected for MARINA by a group in Ft. Worth.

He stated he has a tentative appointment with a reporter representing the Huntley-Brinkley Report for December 5, 1963, concerning the appearance of MARINA in an interview on this program. He said that if arrangements can be worked out an interview with MARINA will probably be filmed at the Inn of the Six Flags, Ft. Worth-Dallas, where Mr. MARTIN is Resident Manager, sometime around December 6 or 7, 1963.

Mr. MARTIN made the statement that he had heard that Mrs. PAINE had received $5,000 for giving an article to Look magazine and that he felt MARINA should also get whatever money she could on behalf of her children. He said that he believes that MARINA should give only a copyrighted interview and for that reason he felt the services of an attorney were needed.

MARTIN said that he considers himself as the agent of MARINA.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas 162 File # DL 100-10461 DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ~~ANATOLE A. DOGUSLAV:jj~~ Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-28-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1 Phila, Pa.

Mrs. ARTHUR M. YOUNG, 1810 Delancey Street, advised that she is the mother-in-law of RUTH PAINE. She said that RUTH PAINE with her two children met her at the YOUNG summer rental home at Naushon Island, which is approximately fifty miles from Hyannis Port, Mass., in the first week of August 1963. The YOUNGs and Mrs. PAINE with her two children spent two weeks at the YOUNG home during that period. All of them, she said, returned to the Philadelphia area and Mrs. PAINE with the two children stayed with the YOUNG family at their summer home in Paoli, Pa., which is a suburb of Philadelphia.

Mrs. YOUNG said that RUTH told her that she visited her parents in Ohio prior to coming north from Dallas, Texas, and also visited them again on her return to Dallas. Mrs. PAINE traveled in her station wagon, accompanied only by her two children on her trip north, but Mrs. YOUNG could not describe this auto further. She said that during the time that Mrs. PAINE was the guest of the YOUNG family in the north the only visitors that RUTH had were acquaintances of the YOUNG family. She knew of no friends of RUTH that LEE HARVEY OSWALD could have contacted in Philadelphia because Mrs. PAINE had no friends in Philadelphia that she maintained contact with as of now, as far as Mrs. YOUNG knew. Mrs. PAINE has been living in the south for the past four years, according to Mrs. YOUNG. Mrs. YOUNG also said that although she is not a Quaker or a member of the Friends herself, she believes that if any of RUTH's friends in these groups had been contacted by LEE HARVEY OSWALD that they would have contacted her (Mrs. YOUNG).

Mrs. YOUNG has a warm regard and close relationship with her daughter-in-law, RUTH PAINE, even though Mrs. YOUNG's son and RUTH are separated and the possibility of divorce exists. She said that she has been in daily contact with her daughter-in-law since the week end of November 22-24, 1963.

On 11/30/63 at Philadelphia, Pa. 143 File # Philadelphia 157-916

by SAs JOHN R. WINEBERG and OTIS L. BURTON/JGR Date dictated 12/2/63

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Mrs. YOUNG said that she first learned of RUTH PAINE's interest in LEE HARVEY OSWALD's wife in the spring of 1963 when RUTH PAINE told her that she was interested in learning Russian from OSWALD's wife. She also felt sorry for Mrs. OSWALD and wanted to help her since she was a stranger in the country who needed help. This would work out to the mutual advantage of both. In the summer of 1963, RUTH PAINE told Mrs. YOUNG that OSWALD's wife was expecting a child and that Mrs. PAINE intended taking Mrs. OSWALD into her home. Mrs. YOUNG said she believed RUTH to be altruistic in this motive and was also interested in learning Russian for herself so that she could teach. Mrs. YOUNG also got the impression from RUTH PAINE that OSWALD wanted his wife to return to Russia alone, and that he did not want her to learn English. Mrs. OSWALD did not want to return to Russia.

Mrs. YOUNG said that RUTH PAINE had a low opinion of OSWALD and considered him unreliable; however, she had in some manner helped him to obtain employment, which in reality was an attempt to help Mrs. OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Mrs. EMMETT DIAMOND, 309 S.W. 5th Street, Apartment 13, advised that she is acquainted with RUTH PAINE of Irving, Texas.

Mrs. DIAMOND, also known as BONNIE DIAMOND, stated she has known RUTH PAINE and her family for many years. She said that RUTH's maiden name was RUTH HYDE, and that the HYDE family formerly rented a house of hers in Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. DIAMOND stated that RUTH's brother, CARL HYDE, is a doctor in Yellow Springs, Ohio. She stated that he was a conscientious objector during World War II.

She advised that RUTH PAINE has a sister, SYLVIA HOKE, who is married to JOHN HOKE, and they reside at 5421 Wanetor Road, Glen Echo Heights, Washington, D.C. She stated that SYLVIA was formerly employed by the Department of Defense, and that JOHN HOKE is currently employed by a government agency called National Aid for Undeveloped Countries.

She advised that RUTH's parents are separated and that RUTH's mother, CAROL HYDE, is currently taking a course at Oberlin College and resides at 4400 Glenmore, Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. DIAMOND advised that RUTH's father, BILL HYDE, resides at 580 North Park Street, Apartment 105, Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. DIAMOND advised that the last time she saw RUTH PAINE was approximately one month ago at which time RUTH visited her for an hour or so. When RUTH left, she indicated

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on 11/29/63 at Grand Prairie, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KENNETH R. ALBERT and WILLIAM O. JOHNSON/rms Date dictated 12/2/63

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she had to leave because a Russian girl, who was living with her, was expecting and she did not want to have her for any length of time. RUTH indicated to her that this woman had been living with her for several months and was separated from her husband.

Mrs. DIAMOND advised that RUTH PAINE was very much interested in the Russian language and took this other woman in to live with her so that she could help teach her the Russian language.

Mrs. DIAMOND advised that she has no information which would indicate that RUTH PAINE had communistic leanings, and that RUTH had never revealed her political convictions to her. Mrs. DIAMOND advised that she was not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or with OSWALD's wife, MARINA.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

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PAULA ASHBY, 2423 West Fifth Street, advised she and her sister PAULETTE, have been babysitters for Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Street, from 1961 until the early part of 1963. She stated she babysat for Mrs. PAINE until such time Mrs. PAINE took a Russian woman into her home who was pregnant and was going to have a baby. She advised that during the time she babysat for the PAINEs, she took care of their two children. She advised she observed numerous Russian booklets, pamphlets and other literature in the PAINEs' home, some of which she believed had to do with Communism. She advised that Mrs. PAINE was studying the Russian language which might account for the Russian material. She stated the PAINEs had two tape recorders in their home and would at times take them to square dances. She stated on several occasions the PAINEs told her they were going to a meeting but would not say where and would not leave a telephone number through which they could be reached in the event of trouble with their children. She stated they also had a radio on top of their TV which she thought had a short wave band on it. She stated it had ear phones and believed it was only a receiver. She stated she did not know the OSWALDs and had never met them. She stated she could furnish no information concerning LEE HARVEY or MARINA OSWALD.

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on 11/29/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KENNETH R. ALBERT and WILLIAM O. JOHNSON/BJD/rms 47 Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

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Date 12/4/63

Captain PAUL H. PARGER, Police Department, Irving, Texas, advised that Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, came to the Irving Police Department between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m. on Saturday, November 30, 1963. He said Mrs. PAINE had her two children with her. He added she left with him two foreign language books and a brown envelope, five by eight with copper brads which contained one envelope about eleven inches long containing three or four pages of handwriting on notebook paper and also that there were two or three smaller envelopes in the five by eight brown envelope. He added that Mrs. PAINE put these articles on the desk and requested him to give them to Mrs. OSWALD.

Captain BARGER further stated that a lady whose name he does not recall was in the department at the time talking to him about her son and observed Mrs. PAINE give him the articles. He added that after he returned to Irving he could locate this lady's name in their files if it was necessary. He further advised that when he was relieved by LEON POWERS, Assistant Chief of Police, about 3 p.m. on November 30, 1963, he showed the books and brown envelope to Assistant Chief POWERS and told POWERS that Mrs. PAINE had left them with him to be delivered to Mrs. OSWALD.

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on 12/4/63 at Electra, Texas 158 File # DL 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS /cv Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

A brown manila envelope found among material believed to be property of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and voluntarily turned over to Dallas Police Department officers on November 22, 1963 by Mrs. RUTH PAINE and Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 2215 West 5th, Irving, Texas, was noted to contain the following:

1. A large number of membership cards "Fair Play For Cuba Committee, New Orleans Chapter."

2. A large number of blank application forms to "The Fair Play for Cuba Committee, New Orleans, Louisiana."

3. A large number of "The Crime Against Cuba," by CORLISS LAMONT.

4. A large number of handbills with the following information:

"Hands Off Cuba
Join The Fair Play For Cuba Committee
New Orleans Chapter
Member Branch
Free Literature, Lectures
Location

Everyone Welcome"

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent GEORGE W. H. CARLSON (HM)/rms Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

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Mrs.
Special Agent A. C. SULLIVAN, Office of Naval Intelligence, advised EDWARD JOHN PIC, half-brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve, however, he did not actually serve on active duty. He subsequently served two tours in the U. S. Coast Guard, dates not available. PIC enlisted in the U. S. Air Force in 1956, and gave his address % M. OSWALD, 3006 Bristol Road (not sure of original spelling), Ft. Worth, Texas. He listed his wife as MARGARET DOROTHY FUHRMAN, 104 Ave. C., East Meadow, New York, New York (apparently her current address). Captain ROBERT JACKSON, Deputy Director, Naval Intelligence, Washington, D. C., advised Mr. SULLIVAN that this information was furnished FBI, Washington, D. C. on November 23, 1963.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas 50 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING:jj Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

Mrs. ORVAL E. DENMAN, 620 Thompson Street, advised that during the year of 1961, exact dates not recalled, she was employed as an outside sales agent for the Kibler Office Supply Company in Denton, Texas.

She stated in the course of her business she met a woman named OSWALD, first name believed to be MARGUERITE, and that Mrs. OSWALD had a fabric or sewing shop in Boyd, Texas. She stated she believes this Mrs. OSWALD is the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mrs. DENMAN stated Mrs. OSWALD was contacted by her during a period of about four months about once a week.

Mrs. OSWALD told her she had a son in Russia and that on one occasion Mrs. OSWALD showed her a letter written by her son. She stated she cannot now remember the contents of the letter and stated it was a very short note.

On another occasion Mrs. OSWALD was gone from her shop for over a week and when she returned she said she had gone to Washington, D. C., to trace her son through U. S. Government Officials as she had not heard from him for a considerable period of time.

She stated she has not seen Mrs. OSWALD since 1961 and that she never didknow LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 11/27/63 at Kilgore, Texas 151 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALAN L. MANNING:vm Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

CURTIS RENFRO, District Attorney, Vernon, Texas, advised that Mrs. JOHN T. BISHOP, 4000 Circle Drive, Vernon, Texas, had told him that Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, had formerly worked in Vernon, Texas, and lived for a short time in her home. He added that Mrs. BISHOP had left the impression with him that Mrs. OSWALD might have had communistic leanings when she lived with her.

He advised that Mrs. OSWALD had also worked for [illegible] PHILLIPS and ROBERT S. LEONARD while she lived in Vernon. He further advised that he does not personally know or remember Mrs. OSWALD and had no further information concerning her.

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on 11/24/63 at Vernon, Texas 52 File # DL 100-10461 DL 89-43

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS:jj Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

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Mrs. JOHN T. BISHOP, 4000 Circle Drive, Vernon, Texas, advised that sometime in February or March, 1962, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, who had been working for BYRON PHILLIPS, wanted a place to live and that she and Mrs. OSWALD agreed that Mrs. OSWALD could move into her home and the two of them would share expenses. She advised that Mrs. OSWALD lived in her home approximately three or four weeks at which time she secured another job with a Mr. FORBEES in Vernon and moved to his home.

She further advised that before Mrs. OSWALD moved into her home she had advised her that she had a son by the name of LEE who had gone to Russia to live and had married a Russian girl. She added that Mrs. OSWALD mentioned that she told her this so that she would know the full facts concerning her prior to the time she moved in. She added that during the time Mrs. OSWALD lived at her house that she had worked for some rest home in Vernon for approximately two weeks. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had made a trip to Ft. Worth which was her home, and stayed for two or three days before returning.

Mrs. BISHOP stated that during the time Mrs. OSWALD was living in her home, she had advised that her son had secured permission to return to the United States and bring his Russian wife and child with him. She added that after Mrs. OSWALD had returned from her trip to Ft. Worth that she asked Mrs. OSWALD when her son would be home and at this time Mrs. OSWALD told her that she did not desire to discuss the matter with her. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had very few clothes and practically no money and that she apparently had had a very hard life. She further advised that from all indications Mrs. OSWALD was very upset about her boy who had gone to Russia to live and that Mrs. OSWALD apparently had made a trip previously to Washington to secure some type of assistance or information concerning her son. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD showed her gifts that her son had sent to her. She added that during the time Mrs. OSWALD lived at her house, she did not receive any mail and that she also mentioned that she had a boy in the Army in Japan and that she also had another son but from indications left by Mrs. OSWALD, Mrs. OSWALD did not apparently get along with the other son's wife. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had also worked for R. S. LEONARD and that she came to her house from the BYRON PHILLIPS home where she

on 11/24/63 at Vernon, Texas 153 File # DL 100-10461
DL 89-43

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS:jj Date dictated 11/29/63

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had worked for some five or six months.

Mrs. BISHOP advised that during the time Mrs. OSWALD lived in her home she appeared to her to be a loyal American citizen and that she never at any time did anything or said anything which would indicate otherwise. She added that Mrs. OSWALD was bossy and fussy and was hard to get along with.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/1/63

BIRON PHILLIPS, Route 1, Vernon, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD had worked for him as a housekeeper and practical nurse for approximately six months from about August or September, 1961, until about January or February, 1962. He added that her duties were to take care of his mother and father, who lived nearby. He added her work was entirely satisfactory, and she never made any statements against the U. S. Government during the time he knew her; and, according to her actions and talk, he never had any reason to doubt her loyalty to the U. S. Government.

Mr. PHILLIPS stated when he hired Mrs. OSWALD, she first told him that she had a son that had gone to Russia to live and had married a Russian girl. He added that while employed by him, Mrs. OSWALD appeared at times to be upset considerably because her son had gone to Russia. He further stated that during the time Mrs. OSWALD worked for him, that she told him her son was trying to secure permission to return to the United States and to bring his wife and child with him. He stated the reason she left his employment was because she talked nearly all the time and that made his father very nervous.

Mr. PHILLIPS stated that sometime during the early part of 1962, either just before or soon after Mrs. OSWALD left his employment, she was having trouble trying to get someone to sign a statement so her son could bring his wife and child with him to the United States, and that he agreed to, and did, sign some kind of a statement for her which was to be submitted to Immigration and Naturalization, stating that her son's wife and child would be adequately supported if they were allowed to come to the United States with their husband and father, LEE OSWALD.

Mr. PHILLIPS stated that so far as he knew, Mrs. OSWALD was a very loyal American citizen when he knew her. He also added that she did communicate with her son in Russia. He further stated that when she left his place he moved her to the home of Mrs. JOHN T. BISHOP, where, he understood, she was going to live.

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100-10461

on 11/25/63 at Vernon, Texas DL File # 89-43

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS :lp Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/1/63

ROBERT S. LEONARD, 2315 Wilbarger Street, Vernon, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD had worked for him as a housekeeper and practical nurse for approximately three or four weeks during the early part of 1962. He added that during the time she worked for him he considered her to be a loyal American citizen inasmuch as she had never said anything which would indicate otherwise. He added that he recalls that she mentioned, during the time she lived at his house and took care of his mother, who was a semi-invalid, that she had a son overseas and from her talk she thought he might be working for the Government. He added that he does not recall her mentioning that her son was in Russia.

He further added that during the time she was there she was expecting some money to be sent to her from her son who was supposedly overseas.

He added that due to the short period of time that she worked for them he did not get to know her very well, but that she appeared to be very nice, and that her employment was entirely satisfactory. He added that she had quit their employment and, he thought, had returned to Fort Worth, Texas, which was her home, but that she might have worked for some other family in the vicinity prior to returning to Fort Worth.

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on 11/26/63 at Vernon, Texas 56 File # DL 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS - LAC Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/1/63

Mrs. OTIS CRAFFORD, Mc Adams Ranch, Crowell, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE CLAYERIE OSWALD of Fort Worth, Texas, had worked for her and her husband for two months during June and July, 1961, as a housekeeper and cook. She added that she had employed Mrs. OSWALD as a result of Mrs. OSWALD answering an ad that she, Mrs. CRAFFORD, had placed in a Fort Worth, Texas newspaper. She added that Mrs. OSWALD was an excellent housekeeper and cook and that her employment was entirely satisfactory and the only reason she left was because she was a little bossy and that Mrs. OSWALD and her mother, LESLIE MC ADAMS, who is elderly, started fussing with each other quite a bit and all of them thought it better if Mrs. OSWALD left.

Mrs. CRAFFORD added that Mrs. OSWALD had advised her that she had a son who had gone to Russia and had married a Russian girl. She added that Mrs. OSWALD had furnished this information prior to the time she agreed to work for them. She further added that Mrs. OSWALD corresponded with her son and talked about him quite frequently during the time she worked for them. She added that Mrs. OSWALD had told them that her son, LEE OSWALD, had been discharged from the U. S. Marines and came to her home in Fort Worth where he stayed for two or three days then left to go to New Orleans, Louisiana, to work. She stated that Mrs. OSWALD further stated that she thought her son LEE was in New Orleans working until she read in a local Fort Worth paper that her son had defected to Russia. She further added that Mrs. OSWALD told them that she had no idea whatsoever as to why her son had left the United States and gone to Russia and could not understand how he could get to Russia unless maybe he might have been working for some Government agency.

Mrs. CRAFFORD stated that when Mrs. OSWALD left their ranch that she moved to Vernon, Texas, where she worked for various families and that on one or two occasions she returned to Crowell and came to the ranch to visit them but only stayed a short time on each visit. She further added that at times Mrs. OSWALD appeared to be very happy and on other occasions she appeared to be very moody

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on 11/25/63 at Crowell, Texas 157 File # 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS - gj Date dictated 12/1/63

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and that Mrs. OSWALD definitely was considerably upset because her son had gone to Russia. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had shown her a scrapbook which she kept and in this scrapbook she had all of the articles and letters and anything else which dealt with her son LEE since he was born and also various communications with Governmental agencies concerning his going to Russia. She further advised that Mrs. OSWALD during the time she worked for them and lived on the ranch appeared to be a loyal American citizen and had never said anything which would indicate otherwise.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/1/63

OTIS GRAFFORD, McAdams Ranch, Crowell, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE CLAVERIE OSWALD had worked for him as a housekeeper and cook from June 1, 1961, until August 1, 1961, when she left his employment because she and his mother-in-law, Mrs. LESLIE MC ADAMS, started fussing at each other nearly all of the time. He added he and his wife first became acquainted with Mrs. OSWALD when she answered an ad they had placed in a Fort Worth, Texas, paper. He added she was an excellent housekeeper and an excellent cook and, so far as he knew, she appeared to be a loyal American citizen and never said anything which would in any way indicate otherwise.

Mr. GRAFFORD further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had told them that she had a son who had gone to Russia to live and married a Russian girl. He added she corresponded with her son and told them that when her son, LEE, was discharged from the United States Marines, he came to her home in Fort Worth, Texas, and stayed a few days, then left to go to New Orleans, Louisiana, to work. He added that she had advised that she thought her son was in New Orleans, working, until she read in a local Fort Worth paper that he had defected to Russia. He added Mrs. OSWALD stated to them on several occasions that she did not have any idea why her son had gone to Russia.

Mr. GRAFFORD stated that when she left their ranch, she moved to Vernon, Texas, where she apparently worked for several families.

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on 11/25/63 at Crowell, Texas 159 DL File # 100-10461 89-43

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS :lp Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/1/63

JOE LONG, 318 North First Street, Crowell, Texas, advised that Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD had worked for him for approximately six weeks during May and June of 1962 as a practical nurse taking care of his invalid mother. He added that Mrs. OSWALD had advised him and had mentioned it on several occasions that her son, LEE OSWALD, had left the United States and gone to Russia to live and had married a Russian woman and had one child. He added that during the time she was working for him, that she had received information that her son was going to return to the United States and bring his Russian wife and child with him and that she expected him to return in the near future. He added that during the time she worked for him, she appeared to be a loyal American citizen but was considerably upset and talked quite a bit. He further advised that Mrs. OSWALD had stated that she resented the fact that people did not have anything to do with her and turned their backs on her because her son had gone to Russia. He added that during the time Mrs. OSWALD worked for him, she received information that her son had landed in New York City with his wife and son and that she immediately proceeded to Fort Worth, Texas, and arrived there the day he arrived from New York. He said that for some reason she had to stay in a motel that night and that a couple of days later she returned to Crowell, Texas, but that she only worked for a few days and then quit her job and moved to Fort Worth so she could be near her son, his wife and child. He added that Mrs. OSWALD during the time he knew her was a very worried and confused person.

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on 11/25/63 at Crowell, Texas File # 89-43 DL 100-10461

by Special Agent JARRELL H. DAVIS - SJ Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/3/63

Mr. PHILO W. WATERS, Branch Manager, The National Life and Accident Insurance Company, 504 Bailey Street, advised that this date the home office of the National Life and Accident Insurance Company had made the following press release:

"In April, 1945 the National Life and Accident Insurance Company issued a $1,000 Twenty-Payment Life Juvenile Policy through our Dallas, Texas, office on the life of LEE OSWALD, who at that time was six years old. The policy was bought by his mother, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, who was the owner and beneficiary. In April, 1957, a small loan was made on the policy. The policy stayed in force until April, 1959 when it lapsed for failure to pay premiums. The Non-Forfeiture values under the policy, however, were sufficient to provide Expended Term Insurance amounting to $863.00, (the face amount less the loan), which did not expire until September, 1957".

Mr. WATERS stated that he had no knowledge of this policy until December 2, 1963, and there was no inquiry or claim made by Mrs. OSWALD. He stated that the number of the policy is 942157.

Mr. WATERS stated that on December 3, 1963, he had gone to Mrs. OSWALD's home at 2220 Thomas Place, Fort Worth, Texas, with the check in the amount of $163.00. He stated that Mrs. OSWALD had declined to accept the check stating that she was entitled to double indemnity under the policy provisions.

WATERS stated that Mrs. OSWALD also claimed that only one payment had been missed.

WATERS stated that Mrs. OSWALD indicated that she was going to contact the home office of the National Life and Accident Insurance Company in an effort to obtain double indemnity under the policy.

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on 12/3/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARNOLD J BROWN /cv Date dictated 12/3/63

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WATERS stated he is referring this matter back to his home office as he has no information regarding the payment, no copy of the policy, no insurance application and no information regarding the loan obtained on the policy.

E. MISCELLANEOUS

DL 89-43
HRD/gm

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA
(FPCC)
NEW ORLEANS

No record was found in New Orleans of the issuance of a parade permit to LEE HARVEY OSWALD during April, 1962.

New Orleans Police Department records indicate he was arrested August 5, 1963, for disturbance of the peace for which he was fined $10.00 on August 12, 1963.

Under the name OSBORNE, OSWALD ordered 1,000 copies printed of "Hands Off Cuba" FPCC handbills from Jones Printing Company, 422 Girod Street, New Orleans, May 29, 1963, which he probably received on June 4, 1963. As LEE OSBORNE he ordered 500 copies printed of an FPCC membership application from the Mailers Service Company, 225 Magazine Street, New Orleans, on June 3, 1963, receiving same on June 5, 1963. Shortly thereafter he ordered 300 copies printed of an FPCC membership card by the same firm.

OSWALD was arrested by the New Orleans Police Department on August 9, 1963, in the 700 block of Canal Street and charged with disturbance of the peace by creating a scene following an altercation with CARLOS JOSE BRINGUIER, CELSO MACARIO HERNANDEZ, and MIGUEL MARIANO CRUZ (members of the anti-Castro Cuba Students Directorate (Directorio Revolucionario Estudiantil)(D.R.E.) while he was distributing FPCC handbills. At the time of arrest, he was in possession of a National FPCC membership card issued May 28, 1963, signed by V. T. LEE, Executive Secretary; New Orleans Chapter FPCC membership card issued June 6, 1963, signed by A. HIDELL, President; and a cardboard sign reading "Viva, Viva FIDEL." During police interrogation, OSWALD stated he had first become interested in the FPCC while a Marine at Los Angeles, California, in 1958; that the New Orleans Chapter of FPCC consisted of 35 persons, five of whom regularly attended monthly meetings on Pine Street; denied being a Communist but stated he was a socialist and embraced the teachings of KARL MARX in "Das Kapital"; and that he would not allow members of his family to learn English as he hated America and did not want them to become Americanized; and that there

were "fat stinking politicians in Russia just like over here."

DRE members indicated OSWALD had offered that organization his services as a trainer of guerrilla fighters on August 5, 1963, which offer was refused.

No connection was established between OSWALD and the New Orleans Council for Peaceful Alternatives or the Southern Conference Educational Fund. Copies of the FPCC handbillwere found on the campus of Tulane University during the summer of 1963.

OSWALD distributed FPCC handbills in front of the International Trade Mart, Camp and Commerce Streets, New Orleans, on August 16, 1963. A portion of this distribution was televised locally.

OSWALD was interviewed by WILLIAM K. STUCKEY on August 17, 1963, and a portion of the interview was utilized by STUCKEY in his "Latin Listening Post" radio program on Station WDSU, New Orleans, on that date. He also appeared on STUCKEY's "Carte Blanche" radio program on the same station on August 21, 1963, with representatives of DRE and the Information Council of the Americas. During this broadcast, he stated that the FPCC was not a Communist controlled organization and that he was a Marxist.

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DL 100-10461
DL 89-43
WKB:BJD

OSWALD applied for a United States Passport at New Orleans either June 21 or June 24, 1963, giving residence address as Post Office Box 30061, New Orleans. Passport #D092526 issued to him June 25, 1963. He applied for a Tourists Card to visit Mexico on September 17, 1963, #987 Series 24085. Mexican Immigration Service records, Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, indicate he entered Mexico there between 6:00 AM and 2:00 PM on September 26, 1963, under Tourist Permit #24085, method of travel not shown, and thereafter departed from Mexico at Nuevo Laredo on October 3, 1963, method of travel automobile, destination New Orleans, Louisiana.

Persons interviewed who also traveled to Mexico during this period, either singly or in groups, did not see OSWALD there or know him.

Checks of airline, bus, railroad and travel agency records, New Orleans, failed to indicate OSWALD utilized those facilities under true name or known aliases. He was not recalled by ticket agents. Common Carrier and Mexican Consul checks San Diego and Miami negative.

1

Date 12/3/63

Mr JOHNNY TACKETT, Reporter, Fort Worth Press, Fifth and Jones Street, advised that in June, 1962, he attempted to interview LEE HARVEY OSWALD regarding OSWALD's trip to Russia.

TACKETT stated that he made two or three trips to OSWALD's brother's (ROBERT OSWALD's) house at 7313 Davenport, and ROBERT was reluctant to have TACKETT interview LEE OSWALD.

TACKETT stated he also talked to the sister-in-law of LEE OSWALD but was unable to contact LEE OSWALD.

TACKETT stated he has some recollection that LEE OSWALD called the Fort Worth Press on one occasion, but TACKETT did not talk to him.

TACKETT stated he thereafter contacted Mr. PETER GREGORY who had been in contact with LEE OSWALD.

TACKETT stated that he asked Mr. GREGORY if GREGORY would contact OSWALD and have OSWALD come to GREGORY's office. GREGORY declined to do this as he felt it would be a trick and did not want any part of it.

TACKETT stated that GREGORY did agree to be a go-between for TACKETT to send a message to OSWALD.

TACKETT stated that he then wrote a letter addressed to LEE OSWALD stating that TACKETT heard that OSWALD had some notes regarding his trip to Russia.

TACKETT stated he pointed out, he believed, in the letter to OSWALD that some information had appeared in the Fort Worth Press, and TACKETT desired to do a story on OSWALD.

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on 12/3/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARNOLD J. BROWN /cv Date dictated 12/3/63

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TACKETT stated also in the letter that he pointed out to OSWALD that TACKETT was approximately the same age as OSWALD, was a writer and did not desire to cause OSWALD any harm.

TACKETT stated that the letter he wrote was quite lengthy, and he gave it to Mr. GREGORY to give to LEE OSWALD.

TACKETT stated that about a week after he gave Mr. GREGORY the letter that he had telephonically contacted GREGORY, and GREGORY stated that OSWALD had picked up the letter.

TACKETT stated that he had been very interested in doing a story on LEE OSWALD, but he never did hear from OSWALD and never made any contact with OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 2, 1963

EDWARD A. BRAND telephonically contacted the Dallas Office, on December 2, 1963. At this time, he advised that approximately two weeks before President JOHN F. KENNEDY was assassinated in Dallas, Texas, an individual entered his insurance office, which is located at 1045 North Zangs, in Dallas. His insurance company is known as the Tower Insurance Agency. This individual identified himself as O. H. LEE and stated he resided directly across the street in a rooming house owned by A. C. JOHNSON. LEE further stated he had just moved to Dallas from San Antonio, Texas, and was inquiring regarding automobile liability insurance. BRAND inquired of LEE what type of car he owned, to which LEE replied he did not own a car, but intended to buy one in the near future. For this reason, BRAND was unable to quote any exact insurance rates, but suggested LEE return after purchasing a car.

BRAND also was of the opinion the only identification he saw of LEE's was a Texas drivers license, but did not notice if the initials were O. H., but believed the last name was LEE on this drivers license.

BRAND concluded by saying he did not immediately recognize LEE HARVEY OSWALD's photograph in the Dallas newspapers, or on television, until after reading OSWALD had in the past used the name LEE, at which time he did recognize OSWALD's photograph as being the individual who contacted him regarding insurance under the name of O. H. LEE.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES R. GRAHAM, JR.: mam Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

TROY C. BOND, principal, public evening school located at Crozier Tech High School, 2218 Bryan, advised their records indicated LEE H. OSWALD, 602 Elsbeth, a commercial photographer for Jaggers Printing Company, 532 Browder, enrolled at their school on January 14, 1963. He advised that his age was 23 years and he had gone to high school but did not wish high school credits for this course. He enrolled in a beginner's typing course from January 28, 1963 until he stopped on April 8, 1963. He said he took the course each evening from 6:15 P.M. to 7:15 P.M., and Mrs. YOAKUM was his teacher. He said the course primarily dealt with the general knowledge of the keyboard. He said he paid a $9.00 tuition fee on January 28, 1963 under Receipt No. 24817.

Mr. BOND advised that Mr. SEALE of the Secret Service talked to them this morning about OSWALD's record and they also interviewed Mrs. YOAKUM, OSWALD's teacher, who recalled she kept a little black book on all of her class pupils, but could not recall whether or not she had commented about OSWALD. He advised that the Secret Service intended to get in touch with Mrs. YOAKUM at a latter date when she had a chance to review her little black diary.

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on 12-5-63 at Dallas, Texas 70 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT E. BASHAM JAMES J. WARD mvs Date dictated 12-5-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 5, 1963

Dallas, Texas

GLADYS YOAKUM, 2234 Carnes, WHitehall 8-9822, teacher at Public Evening School, Crozier Tech High School, 2218 Bryan, advised that LEE H. OSWALD attended her typing class from January 28, 1963, until she dropped him from the rolls on April 8, 1963. She said that the class was an hour in length, from 6:15 P. M. to 7:15 P. M., on Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays, and they have a policy of four absences before they drop an individual from the rolls. She advised that this being the case, the last day OSWALD would have attended her class would have been March 28, 1963. She advised that Secret Service Agents had interviewed her this morning in an effort to find attendance records for OSWALD but evidently the school had thrown all the previous records away.

Miss YOAKUM advised that OSWALD was not outstanding or unusual in any way but his clothing and appearance was that of an unkempt person. She particularly noticed he always came to class with dirty fingernails. She remarked that a typing teacher would notice this. She recalled that he did not attend class regularly and he had no associates in the class of twenty-five (25) or thirty (30).

Miss YOAKUM further advised she searched her records at home but could not locate anything connected with the typing class that OSWALD attended.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JAMES J. WARD and ROBERT E. BASHAM/gmf Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mrs. DIXIE L. WILSON, Principal Clerk, Selective Service Local Boards 111-114, Meacham Building, advised that Selective Service records reflect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD registered on September 14, 1959, with Local Board 114, Ft. Worth, and he has SSN 41-114-39-532. OSWALD was born October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana, and resided at 3124 W. 5th Street, Ft. Worth, when he registered. He listed as his nearest relative, a brother, ROBERT OSWALD, 7313 Davenport Street, Ft. Worth. OSWALD served in the U. S. Marine Corps from October 24, 1956, to November 7, 1959, when he was honorably discharged. In the military service he was an electronics operator and his civil occupation was that of a radio operator. On February 2, 1960, OSWALD was classified IV-A.

A newspaper clipping reflected that OSWALD attended Arlington High School one year before he entered the U. S. Marine Corps and he went to Moscow five weeks after his discharge from the Marine Corps.

With regard to Selective Service card bearing the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD, SSN 43-354-39-37, Mrs. WILSON advised that the numeral 43 is a prefix for the state of Vermont and 354 is the indicated Local Board. The state of Vermont has only 14 Local Boards therefore this appears to be an altered card.

With regard to Selective Service card bearing the name ALEK JAMES HIDELL, SSN 42-224-39-5321, Local Board No. 4, Ft. Worth, Texas, Mrs. WILSON advised there is no Local Board No. 4 in Ft. Worth. She stated the numeral 42 is a prefix for the state of Utah and 224 is the indicated Local Board. The state of Utah has only 39 Local Boards therefore this appears to be a fictitious registration card.

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on 11/22/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MALON L. JENNINGS:vm Date dictated 11/22/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

WILLIS G. SHORT, Secretary-Treasurer, Merchants Retail Credit Association, advised he is unable to locate any record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or ALEK JAMES HIDELL, or O. H. LEE.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
DL 89-43

by Special Agents PAUL E. WULFF and JAMES W. SWINFORD pm Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/6/63

Mr. M. W. STEVENSON, Deputy Chief, Criminal Investigative Division, Dallas Police Department, advised that a review of their records failed to reflect that they had ever had LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a suspect in any case in the Dallas Police Department and that OSWALD was unknown to them prior to November 22, 1963, at the time he was arrested in connection with the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

on 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/mfr Date dictated 12/6/63

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DL 89-43
JDW:mvs

On November 29, 1963 and December 2, 1963, files of Dallas banks listed hereinafter contained no record of business transactions with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, LEE H. OSWALD, L. H. OSWALD, A. J. HIDELL, ALEK J. HIDELL, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, O. H. LEE, MARINA OSWALD:

Name of Bank	Bank Employee Furnishing Info	Date	Contacting Agent
Republic National Bank	W. K. THURMAN Assistant Auditor	12-2-63	GASTON C. THOMPSON
Wynnewood State Bank	MAURICE A. THARP Vice President	12-2-63	"
Northwest National Bank of Dallas	ROY MITCHELL President	12-2-63	"
Grove State Bank	JOE LOWE Vice President	12-2-63	"
Buckner State Bank	EDWARD L. VINT President	12-2-63	"
Park Cities Bank and Trust Company	C. M. CHAPMAN President	11-29-63	ROBERT C. LISH
Preston State Bank	HARRY YEAGER Vice President and Cashier	11-29-63	"
Hillcrest State Bank of University Park	D. R. PORTER Executive Vice President	11-29-63	"
Mercantile National Bank at Dallas	CHARLES NOWLIN Vice President	11-29-63	J. DOYLE WILLIAMS
Industrial Bank and Trust Company	BILLY WALLACE Cashier	11-29-63	"

Name of Bank	Bank Employee Furnishing Info	Date	Contacting Agent
National Bank of Commerce	LELAND E. STENTON Auditor	11-29-63	J. DOYLE WILLIAMS
First National Bank in Dallas	ROY B. DAMBERT Auditor	11-29-63	ALFRED C. ELLINGTON
Bank of Services and Trust	J. B. LINDQUIST Cashier	11-29-63	"
First Citizens Bank	JAMES WEST Cashier	11-29-63	"
Fair Park National Bank	PAUL JESTER, Jr. Cashier	11-29-63	"
Empire State Bank	GASTON WOOD Vice President	12-2-63	RAYMOND C. ECKENRODE
Texas Bank and Trust Company	BILL LYDAY Vice President	12-2-63	"
Lakewood State Bank	ALEX BURR Vice President and Cashier	12-2-63	"
American Bank and Trust Company	CARL COREY Head Teller	11-29-63	EMORY E. HORTON
Exchange Bank and Trust Company	BOBBY WILLIAMS Cashier	11-29-63	"
Greenville Avenue State Bank	JACK MAYS Vice President	11-29-63	"
Merchants State Bank	V. P. SCHUMACHER President	11-29-63	"
South Oak Cliff State Bank	CLIFFORD THYFAULT Vice President	11-29-63	"

1
SL 89-36
AJR:gmr/jj

Personnel at the Military Personnel Records Center, St. Louis, Missouri, advised IC LEONARD LEWIS on November 24, 1963, that they were unable to locate a Marine Corps record on file there for any person named HIDELL.

IV. TRACING OF WEAPONS CONNECTED WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD
- A ASSASSINATION WEAPON
- B WEAPON USED IN KILLING OF OFFICER J D TIPPIT
- C ALLEGED TARGET PRACTICE BY LEE HARVEY OSWALD ETC.

A. ASSASSINATION WEAPON

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/26/63

Mr. FRED W. RUPP, RFD 2, Mink Road, Perkasie, Pa., advised that he has a subcontract with ~~Crescent~~ Firearms, Inc., 2 West 37th Street, New York City 18, N.Y., to clean various types of Italian made rifles.

He advised that periodically he picks up a load of these guns from Harborside Warehouse Terminal, Jersey City, N.J., and brings them to his shop where he cleans and test fires them.

He advised these guns are packed in sealed cardboard cartons containing ten rifles in each carton, which are individually packed in smaller cardboard cartons. Each carton of ten rifles has a carton number and a packing slip on the inside and outside of the carton which lists the serial number of each rifle contained therein.

He advised he keeps no record of the number of the carton or the serial numbers of the rifles when he picks them up from Harborside Warehouse Terminal. He advised, however, he feels sure that Harborside Warehouse Terminal must keep a record at least of the number of the carton when they release these cartons to him. He stated these cartons are brought to his shop at RFD 2, Mink Road, Perkasie, Pa. He then unpacks the cartons, cleans each gun, and then repacks them into the same carton, unless this particular carton is mutilated and torn, in which case he repacks them in a new carton. He advised that when he repacks them in a new carton, these cartons are numbered the same as the carton was numbered when he received it from Harborside. He further advised that in the event one of the guns does not properly function, he will replace it with another gun and the packing slip will reveal that the serial number of the gun replaced has been replaced with another gun and this serial number is listed on the packing slip.

He advised that one packing slip is then placed inside the carton and one is pasted on the outside of the carton. He advised that the remaining packing slips are sent by mail

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On 11/25/63 at Perkasie, Pa. File # Philadelphia

by SA NOAH R. BASS &
SA JAMES J. FINLEY/mab/ELS Date dictated 11/25/63

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to ~~Cresent~~ Crescent Firearms, Inc., New York City.

He said his records in no way show the serial number of any individual gun handled by him. He stated the only record he has is the carton number record of the cartons he ships from his place to various customers which are designated to him by ~~Cresent~~ Crescent Firearms, Inc., in New York City.

He stated that his shipping book reflects that on February 12, 1963, on ~~Cresent~~ Crescent Firearms, Inc., order number 3178, he turned over carton number 3376 to North Penn Transfer Company, Lansdale, Pa., for shipment. He advised that his records do not reflect to whom this particular carton of guns was shipped because the bill of lading furnished to him by North Penn Transfer Company is sent to ~~Cresent~~ Crescent Firearms, Inc., New York City.

He stated that this bill of lading probably would not designate this carton of guns by number; however, the possibility existed that North Penn Transfer Company may add this carton number on the bill of lading after they had accepted shipment.

He further advised that he is a federally licensed gun dealer and produced a license which revealed the federal license number as being 23-3072, dated August 30, 1963, and signed by KENNETH O. HOOK, U. S. Treasury Department, Philadelphia District.

Mr. RUFF advised that the only record he could produce was his shipping book which would reflect that on February 12, 1963, on ~~Cresent~~ Crescent Firearms, Inc., order number 3178, he turned over carton number 3376 to North Penn Transfer Company for transportation to the customer.

Mr. RUFF further advised that the particular rifle in question is known internationally as a "38-E"; however, ~~Cresent~~ Crescent Firearms, Inc., designates this gun as "T-38"; therefore, his records would indicate that this particular rifle was a "T-38" rather than a "38-E."

Mr. RUFF advised that he would be the proper person to be subpoenaed to testify to the above facts at a court trial in this matter.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

Mr. ARTHUR N. ANDERS, president and general manager, North Penn Transfer, Inc., Route 202 and 63, Lansdale, Pa., advised records of his company reflect an undated bill of lading, number 3178, indicates a shipment consisting of 10 cartons of guns or rifles where shipped from Cresent Firearms, Inc., Ottsville, Pa., (near Perkasie, Pa.) consigned to Klein's Sporting Goods, 5440 W. Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

This shipment was routed via North Penn Transfer Company in care of Lifschultz Fast Freight, 1815 North Front Street, Philadelphia, Pa. The shipment was received from ~~Cresent~~ Crescent Firearms, Inc., Ottsville, by IRVIN MOORE, a driver for North Penn Transfer Company, on February 12, 1963; and subsequently on the same date the shipment was transferred at the Lansdale Terminal of North Penn Transfer Company to a truck operated by HENRY TYSON, North Penn Transfer Company, who delivered the shipment to Lifschultz Fast Freight, Philadelphia, on February 13, 1963.

Mr. ANDERS advised that his company maintained no record of the carton numbers in this shipment, nor did he have a record of the numbers of the individual guns or rifles in this shipment.

Mr. ANDERS would be the proper person to subpoena to testify to the above facts.

On 11/25/63 at Lansdale, Pa. 182 File # Philadelphia

by SA R. W. CHRISTENSEN / mab Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

Mr. JOHN CARIS, Terminal Manager, Lifschultz Fast Freight Company, 1815 North Front Street, Philadelphia, Pa., advised that a shipment of ten cases of firearms was received on February 13, 1963, from the North Penn Transfer Company, Lansdale, Pa., consigned to Klein's in Chicago. It was sent on Flag 4, Pro No. 725, and was to arrive in Chicago on February 15, 1963.

He advised his records do not show the numbers of the various cartons. This information would be on the bill of lading held by their Chicago Office, which is Lifschultz Fast Freight, 28 North Franklin Street, Chicago. That information can be determined in Chicago.

Mr. CARIS stated his records did not reflect any other information.

Mr. CARIS is the proper person to whom a subpoena should be directed to testify to the above facts in a court of law.

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On 11/25/63 at Philadelphia, Pa. File # Philadelphia

by SA BRUCE G. ERICKSON/mab:mjf Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/26/63

Mr. MERRILL BROWN, Lifschultz Fast Freight, 28 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois, furnished the following items from his records:

1) Consignee's Memo, Pro No. A 394857, of North Penn Transfer, Inc., Lansdale, Pennsylvania, dated February 12, 1963, reflecting shipment of "10 CR or Case Guns or Rifles" from Crescent Firearms, Inc., Pottsville, Pennsylvania, Shipper's No. 3178, consigned to "Kelins Sporting Gds," 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

2) Lifschultz Fast Freight Delivery Receipt No. 3-041342 dated February 15, 1963, reflecting receipt of above referenced shipment by Kleins Sporting Goods on February 21, 1963.

3) Lifschultz Fast Freight Chicago Run Sheet, Run No. 48969, reflecting delivery of above referenced shipment to Kleins by Lifschultz Driver JONES, Employee No. 293.

On 11/25/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # Chicago 62-6115

by SAs ROBERT T. PIPER and ROBERT C. CRATTY/MDW Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

1

WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, Vice President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, advised that the Italian carbine 6.5 with W4X scope, per his records, was shipped to Dallas, Texas on March 20, 1963 by parcel post not broken down with the bolt and scope intact. The scope would have been wrapped in corrugated paper and then brown wrapping paper or newspaper would be used in wrapping to prevent shifting within the carton. It would have been shipped in a cardboard carton approximately 5' long marked "Fragile Handle With Care No. 48" made by Rudd Container Corporation, Chicago. He furnished and initialed 6 samples of brown wrapping paper, 5 samples of paper gummed tapes, 1 sample of corrugated paper and 1 sample cardboard carton.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SAs H. SIDNEY NEEL, Jr. and CLAY M. BRADY/rms Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

1

WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, Vice President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, advised that a search of his records reflect that the Italian carbine in question, serial number C2766, was shipped from Crescent Firearms, Incorporated, 2 West 37th Street, New York 18, New York, their invoice number 3178 dated February 7, 1963 to Klein's. The shipment was handled by North Penn Transfer - Lifschultz, probably a New York concern. The date received by Klein's is not certain at this time; however, Klein's opened the carton on February 22, 1963. He advised that North Penn would have the starting waybill.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SA H. SIDNEY NEEL, Jr./rms Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, Vice President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, made available for review records of his firm regarding the purchase, sale, and inventory control of merchandise handled by that concern.

Microfilm consisting of photographs of various business documents were reviewed including a reel of microfilm identified as:

"Filmfill number 83
269688-270596
General Files"

Among other business documents contained on this mocrofilm was a photograph of one Klein's Sporting Goods "ORDER BLANK" bearing a stamped date of March 13, 1963, on transaction number 270502 showing the purchase of one Italian carbine, 6.5, W/4X scope, Klein's control number VC 836, serial number C 2766 which was shipped to the purchaser on March 20, 1963.

This "ORDER BLANK" identified the purchaser as one A. HIDELL, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

This reel also contained a photograph of one envelope postmarked Dallas, Texas, dated March 12 (year indistinguishable). The envelope is addressed to "Klein's-Dept. 358, Washington Street, Chicago 6, Illinois". The upper left hand corner contains a return address of "A. Hidell, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas." Covering the lower left hand portion of the envelope is a small advertisement of Klein's Sporting Goods apparently clipped from a publication. This advertisement contains the following information inserted in the spaces provided thereon:

"Bulk Item Nos.: C20-J 750"

"Enclosed is: $19.95 (portion indistinguishable)"

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SAs ROBERT J. DOLAN, JOHN W. TOEDT, and JAMES L. MAHAN /jmn/dcc Date dictated 11/26/63

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CG 62-6115

"Name: A. Hidell"

"Address: P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas"

Upon location of these records, described reel of microfilm was placed by Mr. WALDMAN in a sealed envelope in a safe in his control. He advised that same would be maintained in his control only as long as desired.

Mr. WALDMAN advised that he is the proper individual of Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., to be subpoenaed in the event this reel of microfilm is necessary as evidence.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, Vice-President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, made available from a safe in his control one reel of microfilm contained in a cardboard box bearing the following identifying information:

"Filmfill number 83
269688-270596
General Files"

This microfilm contains photographs of numerous business documents including one Klein's Sporting Goods "ORDER BLANK" bearing a stamped date of March 13, 1963, on transaction number 270502 showing the purchase of one Italian carbine, 6.5 with a four power scope, control number VC 836, and serial number C 2766 which was shipped to the purchaser on March 20, 1963.

The purchaser on the "ORDER BLANK" was identified as "A. HIDELL, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas".

This reel also contains a photograph of one envelope postmarked Dallas, Texas, dated March 12, (year indistinguishable), bearing the address "Klein's-Dept. 358, Washington Street, Chicago 6, Illinois." A return address of "A. Hidell, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas," is shown in the upper left hand corner of the envelope.

Mr. WALDMAN was furnished a receipt for the above identified microfilm, which receipt was dated November 23, 1963, at Chicago, Illinois. The described cardboard container containing the microfilm reel was sealed in the presence of Mr. WALDMAN, dated, and initialed. Mr. WALDMAN also at this time affixed his initials thereon.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois 39 File # CG 62-6115

by SA ROBERT J. DOLAN /jmn/dcc Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

1

MITCHELL SCIBOR, Office Manager, Klein's, 4540 West Madison, provided what he described as a copy of a record which he had made upon opening gun cases on February 22, 1963, and at the same time gave an explanation as to certain notations found on this record. In the upper lefthand corner on each page of this record is a notation "RR #1243" indicating "Receiving Report" number which details the method of travel and so forth of the guns. The date immediately below this number is the date of the opening of the gun cases. The bold face numbers found upon this record are company control numbers which are assigned as the guns are taken from the case. SCIBOR stated that the serial number for each gun is visually checked and noted on the record following the appropriate company control number. A tag is also made for each weapon showing both the serial number and the company control number.

SCIBOR advised that the notations in the upper righthand corner are for his own use in filing his copy of this record. He stated that the original of this report is directed to the company recording and booking department, where it is entered into a master booking system and the original of this record is then destroyed. The copy retained by SCIBOR is used by him as an aid in handling the merchandise.

The record furnished by SCIBOR contains company control numbers 770 through 869, and company control number 836 shows a weapon serial number C2766.

The record also contains a notation on page 1, which reads as follows:

"Crescent Firearms
Italian Carcano T 38
6.5 it. Cal Rifle"

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois 196 File # CG 62-6115

by SA GERALD H. KEDDINGTON:ljf Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1.

WILLIAM WALDMAN, Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, furnished the following information:

The records of that company reflect that a rifle purchased by A. HIDELL, ~~Mail~~ Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, was paid for with a money order received by the company on March 13, 1963.

The records of the company reflected that this money order in the amount of $21.45 was deposited at the First National Bank of Chicago on March 15, 1963. The total amount of the deposit was $13,827.98 which included two items of $21.45, one of which was a Postal Money Order (PMO) and the other an American Express Company Money Order. The number of the company account at the First National Bank of Chicago is 50-91144.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois 191 File # CG 62-6115

by SAs GALE T. JOHNSON, JAMES E. HANLON and PHILIP R. WANKRUG:kmh Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) :RAL BURLAU C INVESTIGA:

Date 11/23/63

1.

ROBERT K. WILMOUTH, Vice-President, Operations Department, the First National Bank of Chicago, Clark and Monroe Streets, furnished the following information:

The bank does not microfilm either Postal Money Orders or American Express Company Money Orders. Postal Money Orders are sent to the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, which in turn sends them to a central processing center located in Kansas City, Missouri.

American Express Company Money Orders are returned directly to American Express Company in New York City.

A deposit made with the bank on March 15, 1963, by Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, in the amount of $13,827.98, included two items in the amount of $21.45 and was processed by the bank on March 16, 1963. One of the $21.45 items was an American Express Company Money Order which was mailed to the Classification Division, Special Unit, American Express Company, 770 Broadway, New York City, on March 18, 1963. The $21.45 item appeared on a tape between an item of $15.03 and an item of $14.36 and was included in a package total of $1,536.11 which in turn was included in a group total of $6,178.

The other item of $21.45 was a Postal Money Order which was sent to the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago on March 16, 1963, which was a Saturday and, therefore, would have been received at the Federal Reserve Bank on March 18, 1963.

WILMOUTH is of the opinion that the Federal Reserve Bank will be able to identify by number this Postal Money Order.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SAs GALE T. JOHNSON, JAMES E. HANLON and PHILIP R. WANERUS:kmh Date dictated 11/26/63

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OSWALD

105-82555

SECTION 17

COPY

2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION
created by THE AARC

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

1.

LESTER GOHR, Assistant Cashier, Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (FRB), La Salle and Jackson Streets, Chicago, Illinois, furnished the following information:

Records are maintained regarding Postal Money Orders for only six months. Mr. GOHR was accompanied to the storage area where a physical search disclosed no records regarding Postal Money Orders present prior to May 29, 1963.

GOHR stated that the FRB handles approximately 130,000 Postal Money Orders daily and as of March 18, 1963, when the Postal Money Order in question would have been received, approximately three fourths of the money orders were being sent to Washington, D.C. and the balance to Kansas City, Missouri. As of March 18, 1963, FRB had a backlog of work amounting to two or three days, therefore the money order in question probably would have been transmitted to one of the above mentioned locations on about March 21, 1963.

Postal Money Orders transmitted to Washington, D.C. are sent to the Money Order Audit Division, Post Office Department, G.A.O. Building, Stop 334.

GOHR advised that money orders transmitted to Kansas City, Missouri, are sent to Accounting and Control Section, Money Order Center, 601 Hardesty Street.

On 11/23/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6116

SAs GALE T. JOHNSON, JAMES E. HANLON and PHILIP R. WANERUS:hmh

by _____ Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Special Agent JOHN H. GRIMES, U. S. Secret Service, made available U. S. Postal Money Order Number 2202130462, in the amount of $21.45, payable to Klein's Sporting Goods, signed A. HIDELL, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, issued March 12, 1963, at Dallas, Texas, and endorsed in favor of First National Bank of Chicago by Klein's. This postal money order bears Klein's stamp Number 5091144. The initials of the employee issuing this postal money order are not discernible but appear to be "A.L."

This money order was hand carried to the FBI Laboratory where it was turned over to Special Agent JAMES T. FREEMAN.

It is noted this money order had been handled by various Post Office Department and Secret Service personnel.

On 11/24/63 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 89-75

by SA LESLIE B. CHISHOLM, JR.:ddt Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

At 11:00 A.M., an anonymous telephone call was received at the Dayton Resident Agency, FBI, from a male who advised that on the night of November 22, 1963, he had been watching television and upon viewing the rifle allegedly used in the assassination of President KENNEDY, believed that he had seen a similar weapon advertised. Upon searching back issues of "The American Rifleman" magazine, he discovered an advertisement for a rifle of the same description in the September, 1963, issue. This was advertised as being available for sale at Kline's Sporting Goods, 227 West Washington Street, Chicago, Illinois.

The caller advised that he could furnish no further information in this matter.

File # CI 62-2758

on 11/23/63 at Dayton, Ohio Date dictated 11/26/63

by Special Agent KENT C. HAUVER/bae

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

A telephone call was received at the Dayton Resident Agency, FBI, at 12:11 P.M., from an individual who stated that he was DUANE CREVISTON, 6918 Rushleigh Road, Dayton, Ohio. He advised he was the same party who had telephonically contacted this Resident Agency on the previous day and furnished the information concerning the advertisement appearing in "The American Rifleman" magazine.

Mr. CREVISTON advised that the reason for his call on this date was to suggest the possibility of checking to see if the rifle used in the assassination of President KENNEDY had been "zeroed in" near Dallas and also the possibility of checking to see if reloaded ammunition had been used, as he felt both these things, if established, would show pre-meditation.

Mr. CREVISTON's voice was recognized as being identical to the party who had called on the previous day.

File # CI 62-2758

on 11/24/63 at Dayton, Ohio Date dictated 11/26/63

by Special Agent KENT C. HAUVER/bae

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

LILLIAN LANGENSTEIN, 423 State Street, advised that she is bookkeeper at Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, and that while several of the employees of the Reily Coffee Company, next door, come to the garage to get soft drinks and read magazines during their lunch hours, she has no recollection of ever having observed an individual who resembles the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She advised that the name OSWALD and the name HIDELL is not familiar.

She stated that she recalls a young man who patronizes the garage by the name GIBSON, who either works for the Border Patrol or the Harbor Patrol, who has a wife who is blonde and is definitely of German descent. This German woman speaks very little English and has a baby girl and are probably the individuals referred to by her employer as coming to the garage office about two months ago. She advised that she conversed with GIBSON about ten days ago and he at that time stated that the little girl was quite ill. She said GIBSON does not resemble the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent L. M. SHEARER, JR. & MICHAEL F. CAMPBELL/lrs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/23/63

Mr. ADRIAN T. ALBA, 624 Focis Street, Metairie, Louisiana, owner and operator of the Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephonically advised at 3:45 p.m., November 23, 1963, that he had been told by MR. JESSE MC NEIL, his relief Manager at the Crescent City Garage, that after SA DAVIS was at the garage on November 23, 1963, an unknown man had gone there and spoken to MR. MC NEIL. He quoted MR. MC NEIL as saying the man stated he was a friend of MR. ALBA and that he would like to borrow MR. ALBA's gun magazines. He continued that MR. MC NEIL described the man who made this request as being a white male of heavy build, black hair, who was well dressed wearing a sport coat.

MR. ALBA stated he could recall no friend of this description who would be interested in borrowing his gun magazines.

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on 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent LESTER G. DAVIS/cv/nc Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

JESSE PATRICK MC NEIL, 4424 South Rocheblave Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised he is employed at the Crescent City Garage, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, on alternate Saturdays only at which time he relieves the owner, ADRIAN ALBA. He advised a number of magazines are maintained in the lobby of the office for the use of customers. About 9:00 A.M., November 23, 1963, a lone white male in his early 20's, short and of average build, came to the office and told MC NEIL, "I'm one of ADRIAN's very best friends." and wanted to borrow some sports magazines. MC NEIL stated he went back to work at the desk behind the counter which blocks his view of the magazine table, after telling the man to help himself and knows nothing further about what happened. He stated the man did not ask for any particular magazine or any particular type of magazine and only remained in the office at most two minutes and certainly did not have time to search through any number of magazines and asked no questions about them. He stated he did not recognize the man as anyone he has seen in the neighborhood, but emphasized that he is only at the garage every other week and does not know many people in the area.

MC NEIL said he had no further conversation with the man and did not detect any accent and could only describe him as wearing a medium gray sports coat and having black hair. He could not recall any further details or description. He said he would not be able to identify this man if he were to see him again.

MR. MC NEIL advised that he knows no one by the name of LEE OSWALD or HIDELL and recalls an FBI Agent making inquiry about OSWALD on November 23, 1963, but the man he had just mentioned above had visited the garage prior to this interview and he did not attach any significance to it until he had had an occasion to discuss it with ADRIAN.

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on 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agents REED W. JENSEN & RAY E. ROCKHOLD/ush/nc Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

Mr. ADRIAN T. ALBA, residence 624 Focis Street, Metairie, Louisiana, advised that he owns and operates the Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Mr. ALBA advised that he knew LEE OSWALD while OSWALD was employed at the William B. Reily and Company, Inc. next door to his garage. He stated that employees of the latter company would occasionally get cold drinks from the dispensing machine at his place of business and would sit in the waiting room of his office, drink their soft drinks and look at magazines which he maintained there. He explained that he, ALBA, was a gun collector and recalled that OSWALD showed an intense interest in guns and talked freely about guns. He stated OSWALD seemed to have quite a good knowledge of firearms. He recalled that on one occasion, the exact date of which he could not set, he had ordered a carbine from the National Rifle Association at a cost of $30.00. In discussing this, OSWALD wanted to know if ALBA could get one for him also. Mr. ALBA stated he advised OSWALD that he could get this gun at this price as a member of the National Rifle Association and each member was allowed to purchase only one. He continued that OSWALD told him to go ahead and get the carbine and that he, OSWALD, would make an offer on the gun that Mr. ALBA could not afford to turn down.

Mr. ALBA stated he did not sell this or any other gun to OSWALD nor has he ordered a gun of any type for OSWALD.

He further recalled that OSWALD showed an intense interest in a Japanese rifle that Mr. ALBA had had customized as a part of his gun collection. He recalled that OSWALD was interested in the number of inches that had been cut from the

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on 11/23/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agent LESTER G. DAVIS/cv Date dictated 11/23/63

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barrel of this gun and was interested in the twist of the rifling. Mr. ALBA pointed out that he usually cleaned his guns at his office to avoid any accident to his children at home, and this is why OSWALD knew of his guns and saw some of them. He recalled that OSWALD would "bury himself" in the gun magazines kept on the coffee table in the waiting room of the garage and otherwise seemed very quiet and smug.

Mr. ALBA recalled that on one occasion, the exact date of which he could not set, OSWALD asked to borrow one of his gun magazines and took it with him. He could not identify the magazine which OSWALD borrowed recalling that OSWALD was reading it and had it open at the time he asked to borrow it. He therefore did not see the magazine cover and did not ask OSWALD which magazine he was referring to. He further recalled that a few days later OSWALD mentioned to him that he had returned the magazine indicating he had replaced it on the coffee table. Mr. ALBA stated he did not see OSWALD return the magazine or check concerning it. He advised he in fact maintained no check on the magazines which he gets by subscription and by purchase from magazine counters and keeps no track of persons who read them.

In order to determine if he was talking about the right man, Mr. ALBA checked the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the November 23, 1963, issue of the Times-Picayune, New Orleans newspaper. Upon looking at the photograph of OSWALD who was described as being in custody at Dallas, Texas, in connection with the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, Mr. ALBA stated that this was a photograph of the LEE OSWALD he was referring to and the person who borrowed his gun magazine.

Mr. OSWALD made available his supply of gun magazines which were maintained in the waiting room of the Crescent City Garage referred to above. These consist of the following:

June, 1963, issue of "The American Rifleman"

July, 1963, issue of "The American Rifleman"

NO 89-69

September, 1963, issue of "The American Rifleman"

October, 1963, issue of "The American Rifleman"

November, 1963, issue of "The American Rifleman"

January, 1964, issue of "Guns and Hunting"

December, 1958, issue of "Field and Stream"

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

MR. ADRJAN ALBA, 624 Focis Street, Metairie, Louisiana, who operates the Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, New Orleans, advised that he now recalls an additional conversation he had with LEE H. OSWALD who was formerly employed at William B. Reily and Company, Inc. Coffee Plant next door to his garage. He explained that being a gun collector, he, ALBA, had one of his rifles at the garage office, cleaning it, and OSWALD saw it. He was interested in the gun and during conversation concerning it spoke about and discussed the merits of small caliber and larger caliber bullets. He recalled that OSWALD mentioned that a smaller caliber bullet was more deadly than a larger one, to which point ALBA agreed.

MR. ALBA stated that in the several conversations he had with OSWALD concerning firearms, OSWALD was only interested in rifles. He explained that OSWALD never spoke of pistols or other guns but on one occasion commented that the carbine was indeed the finest of all rifles. He believed that OSWALD preferred the carbine over any gun made, although he did show interest in other type rifles such as a Japanese rifle ALBA had at his office on one occasion cleaning it.

MR. ALBA expressed the opinion that OSWALD would necessarily have had a great deal of practice in firing a rifle with a scope sight to have been able to "get off as many shots" as he did during the assassination of President KENNEDY at Dallas, Texas. He further explained that having had experience in shooting rifles with scope sights he knows that it takes a period of time for one to adjust his eyesight to the image at which he is firing after each shot. He added that this is not as easy as an open sight and that a bolt action rifle would add to the time necessarily consumed in firing such a rifle. He therefore believed that OSWALD had much practice in firing a gun of this type.

MR. ALBA advised, however, that he knew of no rifle practice which OSWALD had engaged in while in New Orleans, adding that from his conversation with OSWALD he did not believe that OSWALD belonged to any of the local gun clubs. He added that it would have been almost impossible for OSWALD to practice with a rifle around New Orleans unless he belonged to a gun club.

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on 11/25/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

by Special Agents LESTER G. DAVIS & JOHN WILLIAM MILLER/bal/nc Date dictated 11/25/63

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NO 89-69
LGD:sab

The seven gun magazines furnished by Mr. ADRIAN T. ALBA, Operator of the Crescent City Garage, 618 Magazine Street, as being the magazine possibly read by LEE H. OSWALD, were forwarded to the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963. These were forwarded with other material to be examined for any latent fingerprints of OSWALD and for examination as to indented writing. The Laboratory was also requested to compare the portion of page 59 where an order blank had been torn from an advertisement of "Klein's", a sporting goods company in Chicago, Illinois, an order blank believed to have been mailed by suspect OSWALD to this company.

1
WLJ:rmb
DL 89-43

The following investigation was conducted by SA MALON L. JENNINGS:

AT RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS

AUGUST E. FULTON, 6809 Hardisty, telephone AT 4-7390, advised that he is an independent manufacturer's agent for Crescent Firearms, Inc., and others.

He advised he does not have any local customers in the Dallas or Fort Worth, Texas, area to whom he has sold a 6.5 Italian military weapon. He pointed out several thousand of these guns were imported into the United States by several importers and sold during 1961 and 1962. He stated that basically there are five different models of the Italian 6.5 military gun.

He advised he saw on television the gun allegedlyused in the assassination of President KENNEDY. This gun is an Italian military gun, probably a T-38 Carcano and it could be a Terni. He pointed out this gun when imported normally has a straight bolt and usually before sale to the public it is altered in some cases for telescope mounting. The gun is normally furnished with no sling. The gun is a 5 shot clip-fed weapon and normally a throw-away military clip is used.

Mr. FULTON advised that the 6.5 Italian military weapon can be purchased from numerous sources by mail.

Mr. FULTON advised that the customers that he sells being nearest to the Dallas-Fort Worth area are as follows:

Kinlon Distributing Company, Corpus Christi, Texas;
Harlingen Hardware, Harlingen, Texas
Academy Super Sales Company, Austin, Texas
Higginbottom Brothers, Comanche, Texas
B & S Sales (now defunct), San Angelo, Texas

Mr. FULTON advised that without examining the gun he could not furnish more positive information regarding the proof marks on the end of the bolt and barrel or make, or be more positive as to the distributors of this weapon. He stated that the scope bearing the printing "Ordnance Optics, Inc., Hollywood, California", was probably made in Japan and an import to this country.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

JAMES ~~QUINET~~ QUIMET stated he is the owner of Centry Arms, Incorporated, St. Albans, Vermont.

He stated his records disclose that Italian-made 6.5 mm carbines and rifles have been sold under the name Terni, which name probably means Mannlicher-Terni. He said 6.5 mm Italian rifles designated Mannlicher-Terni or Mannlicher-Carcano are similar in outward appearance. His records further disclose several thousand Italian-made 6.5 mm carbines and rifles had been shipped by his company to various points and all shipments were recorded by serial numbers of the weapons.

These records disclose his company sent a shipment of 6.5 mm Italian carbine rifles to Aldens of Chicago, 5000 West Roosevelt Road, Chicago, Illinois on July 5, 1962. This shipment consisted of 700 rifles and included one such rifle bearing the serial number 2766. This shipment was sent in response to Aldens Order Number 82803.

Records of Century Arms, Incorporated further disclose that the rifle bearing the serial number 2766 was received by Centry Arms, Incorporated from Empire Sporting Goods, Montreal, Quebec, Canada. This serial number, 2766, is contained on the invoice prepared by Empire Sporting Goods and this invoice reflects these rifles were known by the trade name Carcano.

On 11/23/63 at St. Albans, Vermont File # AL 62-1646

by SA JOHN W. FOWKES, JR. gez Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

JAMES L. ~~OIMET~~ OUIMET, President, Century Arms, Inc., 54 Lake Street, St. Albans, Vermont, made available the invoices covering shipment of 6.5 mm. ammunition manufactured by Western Cartridge Corporation, which Century Arms handled in 1962 and 1963. Mr. ~~OIMET~~ OUIMET stated Century Arms has disposed of all such ammunition and has not shipped any orders since about August 1963.

All of the invoices were examined for the names of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, O. H. LEE, A. G. HIDELL and A. J. HIDELL. None of the invoices examined bore any of these names. It was noted that the invoices for 1962 showed approximately 200 individual orders were filled by Century Arms. The following shipments were noted as being sent to purchasers in Texas:

Name and Address	Amount	Date of Invoice
CARL COLLINS 5801 Broadway Galveston	100 rounds	5/2/62
JERRY M. WORSHAM, JR. P.O. Box 825 Laredo	100 rounds	5/11/62
G. E. TALIAFERRO 611 West Callahan Fort Stockton	100 rounds	5/10/62
HERBERT A. NICHOLSON 2801 Caribbean Mesquite	300 rounds	5/8/62

On 12/5/63 at St. Albans, Vermont File # Albany 62-1646

by SA JOHN W. FOWKES, JR.: bal Date dictated 12/5/63

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Name and Address	Amount	Date of Invoice
TERRY KIRKENDALL 2202 Woodard Abilene	20 rounds	5/8/62
CHARLES H. LEWIS 852 South Rife Street Aransas Pass	500 rounds	5/3/62
PATRICK J. HILDEBRAND 516 East Common Street New Braunfels	100 rounds	5/3/62
KARL WOMACK 2009 Whites Avenue Austin	100 rounds	5/12/62
B. K. PERIMAN 3523 Hardman Fort Worth	100 rounds	5/8/62
JAMES O'NEIL 314 West Leona Port Lavaca	100 rounds	5/8/62
ROBERT A. PICKETT Route 11, Box 170A San Antonio	100 rounds	5/8/62
B. A. POLK 225 Patterson Bowie	300 rounds	5/8/62
GERALD HAVERMAN 419 Trenton Street San Antonio	200 rounds	5/3/62

Name and Address	Amount	Date of Invoice
J. E. HYDE Route 2, Box 322 Warren	100 rounds	9/5/62
P. GREENLEY Route 2, Box 115D Bryan	100 rounds	9/25/62
Victoria Army Sales 410 East Rio Grande Boulevard Victoria	400 rounds	2/25/63
W. D. BEATY, JR. 3421 Cherry Lane Bay City	25 rounds	6/6/62

The only other possibly significant shipment during 1963 was for 3000 rounds, invoice dated 1/19/63, sent to Skeets Gun Shop, 827 South Muskogee Avenue, Tahlequah, Oklahoma.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

WILLIAM SUCHER, Director, International Firearms Company, 1011 Bleury Street, Montreal, Canada, stated that his concern sold 6.5 Mannlicher-Cargano ammunition, manufactured by Western Cartridge Corporation, to dealers in the United States until 1961. It has not sold any of this ammunition to anyone in the United States since that time. The company has never sold this type ammunition to any individuals in the United States.

He stated his company has no record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD under his name or aliases.

Mr. SUCHER stated that before any guns or ammunition can be shipped to the United States from Canada, the purchaser must file a United States Customs declaration in the city of his residence and a copy of this must be sent to the Canadian dealer. The shipment would then be sent to the United States Customs at that city under bond. He said this is so complicated a procedure that no individual would utilize it on a small order.

Mr. SUCHER stated that having formerly operated in the firearms business in the United States he is aware that this type ammunition is available through dealers in many cities in the United States and it would be unreasonable for anyone to attempt to buy it in Canada for shipment to the United States.

On 12/5/63 at Montreal, Canada File # Albany 62-1646

by SA EDWARD A. MC SHANE, JR.: bal Date dictated 12/5/63

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HO 62-2115
TDD/mem

RE: Six point five mm Mannlicher-Carcano Cartridges, Southern Trading Company, Houston, Texas

The following investigation was conducted by SA TERENCE D. DINAN, on December 5, 1963:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS

JOSEPH SMITH, Secretary, Southern Trading Company, 4012 Griggs, advised that Southern Trading is strictly a wholesale business, which distributes surplus goods to six Southern Sales Company stores in the Houston, Texas, area. He added that in addition to its retail outlets, Southern Trading distributes goods to eight G. I. Surplus Stores in Texas. The location of these stores is as follows:

(3) Corpus Christi, Texas
(2) Beaumont, Texas
(1) Nederland, Texas
(1) Port Arthur, Texas
(1) Orange, Texas

SMITH further advised that Southern Trading has in excess of one hundred other wholesale accounts located in smaller towns around Texas, such as Silsby, Kountze, and Dayton. He stated that sales are also made to FRANK GREEN of Dallas, Texas, who has in that city two Army-Navy Stores. GREEN was formerly a partner in the ownership of Southern Trading Company.

SMITH advised that, if necessary, shipping orders could be located to reflect the exact distribution of six point five mm Mannlicher-Carcano cartridges purchased in December, 1962. He advised, however, that these shipping orders would reflect only the names of retail outlets, such as Southern Sales Stores and G. I. Surplus Stores, and would not reflect the names of any individuals purchasing Southern Trading Company ammunition.

SMITH also advised that, as Director of all retail sales for Southern Trading affiliated companys in the Houston, Texas, area, he personally knows of no retail outlet which keeps individual records of persons purchasing ammunition. He stated that such records are required only when the purchaser has bought a gun.

BEATRICE FURIA, Manager, Southern Sales Store Number Four, 3615 Washington, advised that this store, as a retail outlet for Southern Trading Company, keeps no record on those persons purchasing ammunition of any type. She stated that a person's name and address is taken only when they have purchased a gun from the store.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

WILLIAM ANDREW SCHRODER, 312 Ellen Street, advised that he is the owner and operator of Andy's Gun Shop, 137 East Hurst Boulevard, Hurst, Texas. He stated that sometime in mid-November, exact date unrecalled, he ordered a drilling jig from a firm in Chicago through his jobber, Granes Enterprises, Dallas, Texas.

SCHRODER stated that he instructed his jobber to have the Chicago firm forward the drilling jig airmail because he was behind in his work at the shop with hunting season approaching. SCHRODER explained that the purpose of a drilling jig is to drive holes in the barrel and/or receiver of the rifle in order to properly line up scope and sights.

SCHRODER stated that he had opened his shop in March of 1963 and since then does not recall ever working on an Italian 6.5 rifle nor has he ever heard or seen a scope manufactured by Ord Optic Incorporated of California.

SCHRODER advised that approximately two weeks ago, a young man came into his gun shop with a box of Winchester 6.5 shells. This box contained approximately six or seven live rounds and the remainder empty casing 6.5 caliber shells. SCHRODER stated the man requested him to reload the empty casings and that a friend of his would pick them up in a few days. Photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD were displayed to SCHRODER and he stated he was quite certain that neither of the men were identical with OSWALD.

SCHRODER was shown two empty 6.5 caliber Winchester casings which the Dallas Police recovered from the Texas Book Depository Warehouse and upon examination of them he stated that the shells were definitely not "reloads". SCHRODER was also shown a live round of a Winchester 6.5 shell and stated that it was exactly similiar to the live rounds in the box of ammunition which had been presented to him for reloading about two weeks ago. He advised that, however, that it would be impossible for him to determine if this shell came from that referenced box.

SCHRODER provided the following description of the man who brought the shells to his gun shop:

on 11/22/63 at Hurst, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JACK A. FRENCH & ROBLEY B. MADLAND/jp Date dictated 11/27/63

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White male, approximately 25, 5'10", 175 pounds, medium brown hair, dark complexion, wearing gray or blue work uniform. SCHRODER described the second man (that picked up the reloaded shells at his gun shop as) white male, age 25 to 30, 6', 170 pounds, rough looking, dark brown hair. SCHRODER further advised that he would not definitely be able to identify both of these two men in the event he saw them again.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. BUD MOORE, owner, Bud's Gun Shop, 203 North Eighth Street, Killeen, Texas, advised after being furnished a description of an individual who allegedly had purchased a scope mounted rifle from his store, that he recalled a customer being in his store at approximately 9:00 a.m. on November 15, 1963, who answered the general description as furnished and that this individual was one WALKER BOREN, a rancher who lived in Kempner, Texas, and a regular customer of the gun shop. Mr. MOORE stated that BOREN was a white male in his middle or late forties, approximately 5'7" to 5'8", 170 pounds, who wore glasses, and generally presented a rough appearance with old outdoor ranch wear.

Mr. MOORE stated that it was his recollection that WALKER BOREN on November 15, 1963, traded a Japanese 6.5 milimeter rifle mounted with a scope for a Springfield M1903 30.06 rifle, Serial Number 3097818. Mr. MOORE stated that BOREN was allowed $33.95 on the trade-in of his Japanese rifle, Serial Number 19472 against the purchase price of the Springfield M1903 30.06 rifle of $39.95. MOORE related further that he recalled some conversation with BOREN concerning the scope mounted on a Japanese rifle but no longer recalls specifically what was stated. Mr. MOORE stated that the rifle obtained by BOREN in trade definitely did not contain a scope.

On 11/23/63 at Killeen, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA CHARLES E. SMITH / njs Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. WALKER BOREN, Route 1, Kempner, Texas, advised that he had possessed a Japanese rifle mounted with a K-4 weaver scope which he traded to BUD MOORE of Bud's Gun Shop, 203 North Eighth Street, Killeen, Texas, on November 15, 1963. Mr. BOREN stated that he recalled that he had been in Moore's Gun Shop at about 9:00 a.m. on November 15, 1963, and that he further entered into a discussion with MOORE concerning the mounted scope on the Japanese rifle which he contended was off center and as a result had been ineffective for accurate shooting.

Mr. BOREN exhibited the Springfield M1903 30.06 rifle bearing serial number 3097818 and maintains that the weapon had been unused since its purchase but that he had purchased the weapon on a trade of his Japanese rifle for the express purpose of deer hunting this season.

Mr. BOREN further advised that he had been into Killeen, Texas, on November 22, 1963, to visit briefly with MOORE at MOORE's gun shop, but had returned to his home shortly before noon and had spent the balance of the day in and around his home and ranch property doing work. He stated he initially heard the information concerning President JOHN F. KENNEDY's assassination at Dallas, by radio and that much of the day was spent at his home following the progress reports of the investigation and the events surrounding the President's assassination.

Mr. BOREN advised that he was born March 4, 1915, in Copperas Cove, Texas, and is described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Height	5'6"
Weight	165 pounds
Hair	Brown, receding
Eyes	Brown, wears corrective glasses

On 11/23/63 at Kempner, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA CHARLES E. SMITH /njs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. ERBIE ERSKIN GREEN, owner, Arrow Loan Company, 309 North Eighth Street, Killeen, Texas, residence 2303 Zypher Road, advised that only Mr. JESSE RAY SMITH and himself possess keys to the Arrow Loan Company at the 309 North Eighth Street address and that he rarely opens the downtown store location, which is operated by Mr. SMITH, but confines his interest in the Western Pawn Shop Store on West Highway 190, which he also owns. Mr. GREEN stated that, as a matter of policy, the Arrow Loan Company generally is not open prior to 10:00 a.m. in the morning. Mr. GREEN further stated that he did not work in the Arrow Loan Company Pawn Shop on November 15, 1963. GREEN continued that the Arrow Loan Company Store has not carried any 30.06 rifles during the current year and to his understanding has possessed no scopes, either mounted or unmounted for over a period of a year. He stated the only 30.06 rifle with a scope was a Remington 30.06 mounted with an eight power scope that was sold through his Western Pawn Shop Store on West Highway 190 and that the individual who purchased the weapon was a part-time employee of his Western Pawn Shop Store and was currently in Killeen, Texas. Mr. GREEN stated the 30.06 Remington rifle has never left the store premises although Mr. GREEN had sold the weapon some months ago.

On 11/23/63 at Killeen, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA CHARLES E. SMITH / njs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

Mr. JESSE RAY SMITH, Manager, Arrow Loan Company, 309 North Eighth Street, Killeen, Texas, residence 407 Patton Drive, Killeen, advised that he has been manager of the Arrow Loan Company for approximately three years and during that period of time, with an exception of a brief vacation, he has opened the shop himself at 10:00 a.m. each morning. Mr. SMITH stated that rare exception does he open the shop earlier than 10:00 a.m. and this would be occasionally on a Military payday to handle the additional sales and the redemption of items pawned by the Military personnel.

Mr. SMITH advised that he had no specific recollection of any business transactions on November 15, 1963, however he stated that he can definitely state that their pawn shop has carried no rifle scope, either mounted or unmounted, for a period of over one year and that they have carried no 30.06 or Winchester rifles at that store this year. Mr. SMITH continued that their store did carry a 30.40 Craig Springfield rifle and a German made 765 millimeter Mauser rifle, but both of these rifles were not sold and are currently in the store stock.

A check of the sales receipts and record of firearm sales of the Arrow Loan Company for a period from November 1, 1963, through November 22, 1963, as made available by Mr. SMITH, failed to reflect any record of a rifle sale through that store during this period of time. Mr. SMITH reiterated the fact that their store definitely carried no scope, either mounted or unmounted on a rifle for over a period of a year and that he had no recollection of any individual answering the description furnished.

On 11/23/63 at Killeen, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA CHARLES E. SMITH / njs Date dictated 11/23/63

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DL 89-43
JHD/rms

The following investigation was conducted by SA JARRELL H. DAVIS at Wichita Falls, Texas:

W. M. FARRAR, 4728 Alamo, on December 4, 1963, advised he was in the Bailey Gun Chop, 2511 Avenue G, during the latter part of October or the early part of November, 1963 and observed an Italian 6.5 x 54 rifle on a rack and asked Mr. BAILEY where he got that bunch of junk, and BAILEY said a man brought it in to have it repaired. He added this rifle had approximately a 21" barrel and a brown laced leather boot on the stock. He mentioned the rifle had a leather sling and a 7/8" tube diameter scope which was so marked on the scope. He mentioned this scope was mounted slightly off center to the left.

Mr. FARRAR further advised that on the following Saturday, which was either November 2 or November 9, 1963, he was again in BAILEY's shop during the noon hour when a man in his 20's, about 5'11½" tall, weighing about 160 pounds, with straight semi-cropped hair and in shirt sleeves with no hat, came in and asked BAILEY if his gun was ready. BAILEY asked the man what kind of gun and the man pointed to an Italian 6.5 x 54 rifle and said "There it is on the counter." The man asked BAILEY if the trigger was fixed and BAILEY told him it was as good as he could fix it and told the man to try it which he did. He added the man then asked BAILEY if you could hit a man at 100 yards with this rifle with the scope sitting at an angle on top of the barrel, and BAILEY told him the fact the scope was sitting slightly off to the side did not effect it and you could hit a 6" circle at 100 yards with the rifle.

DL 89-43
JHD/rms

Mr. FARRAR further advised the man then asked BAILEY if he had any hunting ammunition for the rifle, and BAILEY said he did not but that Holt's Sporting Goods Store might have some of this type ammunition. He added that he then left BAILEY's and about an hour later, while he was in Holt's Sporting Goods Store, this man came in and asked if they had any 6.5 hunting ammunition and the clerk asked the man if it was for a 6.5 x 54 or 6.5 x 55, and the man did not appear to know the difference between the two guns but said it was for an Italian gun. The clerk then told the man that he did not have any ammunition at that time, but he would have some in about ten days and if he would leave his name, he would let him know when the ammunition arrived. He added the man told the clerk that this would be too long, and he then left the store.

Mr. W. M. FARRAR, on December 6, 1963, was shown a photograph of the gun in instant case and at this time, he advised that a part of the scope on the gun in the photograph did not look like the scope he saw on the gun at BAILEY's shop, and the gun in the photograph did not have a brown laced leather boot like the one did that he saw at BAILEY's. He further added that if the gun in the photograph had a 26½" barrel, it could not be the one he saw at BAILEY's shop because he knows the gun he saw there did not have a 26½" barrel but the barrel was no longer than 21" on the gun at BAILEY's. After viewing a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Mr. FARRAR advised he does not recall having ever seen OSWALD prior to the time he saw his picture in the paper and saw him on television. He added, however, the man he saw at BAILEY's Gun Shop was of the general size and appearance as OSWALD.

DL 89-43
JHD/rms

WAYNE BAILEY, Bailey's Gun Shop, 2511 Avenue G, on December 5, 1963, advised he does not maintain any records on guns he repairs after they have been repaired and returned to the owner. He stated he does not recall having ever repaired the trigger mechanism on a 6.5 x 54 Italian-made rifle with a scope and had only seen one gun of this type with a scope and that was more than a year ago. After viewing a photograph of the rifle in instant case and a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Mr. BAILEY advised he had never seen this rifle so far as he could recall, and that he had never seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD until he saw him on television and observed his picture in the paper. He added OSWALD had never been in his shop, and he had never repaired a gun for him.

Mr. BAILEY further advised that sometime about August, 1963, a 15 year old boy, whose name he does not remember, brought an Italian 6.5 x 54 rifle to his shop and wanted him to buff off some initials on the barrel and reblue the rifle. He added that the young boy told him he did not have the money and would not be able to get the rifle for a month or two until he made enough money to pay him. He added, however, that this rifle did not have a scope on it but did have an oiled leather boot or pad and a leather sling. He mentioned this boy came to the shop numerous times to look at his rifle and see if it was finished and that sometime about the latter part of October or the first part of November, 1963, the boy came in the shop one day and paid him for the work he had done on the rifle and took his rifle and left. He added that W. M. FARRAR had observed this rifle at some time when he was in the shop, but he does not

DL 89-43
JHD/rms

recall if Mr. FARRAR was in the shop when the boy came for the rifle or what discussion he himself had with the boy when the boy paid him for repairing the rifle. He further mentioned that this rifle might have been the one that FARRAR recalls, but that it did not have a scope and the front end of the rifle was slightly different from the front end of the rifle in the photograph.

B. SMITH AND WESSON .38 CALIBER WEAPON, SERIAL NUMBER V510210

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

Lieutenant PAUL BENTLEY, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, furnished the following information:

On the afternoon of November 22, 1963, he was at the Texas Theater on Jefferson Avenue, Dallas, and assisted in the apprehension of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

At that time, OSWALD had in his hand a pistol which he attempted to fire. This gun was taken from OSWALD by BENTLEY and other officers, and BENTLEY examined the non-fired shells in the gun and found that one had a slight dent caused by the firing pen striking it. He stated this shell apparently did not fire since one of the officers had his hand on the gun and kept the hammer from falling with sufficient force to fire the shell.

BENTLEY stated that as he recalled, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was wearing a brown long sleeved sport shirt, a pair of dark trousers and no jacket.

He stated that he and others took OSWALD to the Dallas Police Department where he was taken to an interview room in the Homicide and Robbery Division on the third floor of City Hall, at which time Lieutenant BAKER took charge of OSWALD.

BENTLEY stated that the other officers in the car taking OSWALD to the police station were C. E. WALKER, BOB ~~CARRELL~~ CARROLL, J. HILL, and LYONS, a special officer.

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM: mam Date dictated 12/5/63

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HO 62-2115
CLK:djw
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RE: Smith and Wesson .38
Caliber Weapon, Serial
Number V510210

The following investigation was conducted by SA CARLOS L. KIRBY, JR. on November 30, 1963:

AT GALVESTON, TEXAS

MEYER REISWERG, Vic's Jewelry and Loans, 2413 Market Street, advised that they handle purchase and sale of firearms and ammunition.

He stated that in regard to a 2½" barrel Smith and Wesson type weapon, his company handles very few of this type of firearms. He advised that in all probability, in the event that he had ever purchased a 2½" barrel Smith and Wesson .38 caliber weapon, that it would probably have been purchased from Dave's House of Guns, 2544 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas. He stated that Dave's House of Guns is a large dealer in firearms and that this company has also converted Smith and Wesson .33 caliber weapons.

He made available his sales records for the years 1960, 1961, 1962 and 1963, and no record was located for a Smith and Wesson .38 caliber weapon, serial number V510210. He advised that his sales records go back to 1946 but all records prior to 1960 are located in a warehouse and it would take one or two days to obtain these records from the warehouse to be made available for review.

He further advised that in event a Smith and Wesson .38 caliber weapon was sent from this country to England and converted, it would in all probability have been converted by Cogswell and Harrison, London, England. He stated this company is the Government proved testing house for this type of weapon.

He further stated that the main import companies of weapons in the United States are as follows:

Interarmco, Limited,
10 Prince Street,
Alexandria, Virginia

Golden State Arms,
286 West Green Street,
Pasadena, California

Dave's House of Guns,
2544 Elm Street,
Dallas, Texas

Martin Retting,
11029 Washington Street,
Culver City, California

He further advised that the International Firearms Corporation, which has offices in Montreal, Canada and St. Albans, Vermont, are large importers of weapons.

He also advised that Cogswell and Harrison is a subsidiary of Interarmco, Ltd.

REISWERG advised that he handles 6.5 millimeter ammunition but could locate no record of having sold any of this type of ammunition to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He advised that he only maintains the names of the purchasers of ammunition that are shipped by mail.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

JAMES L. OUIMET, President, Century Arms, Inc., made available his records and invoices regarding his company's handling of approximately three thousand Smith and Wesson .38/200 British Service Revolvers. Invoices indicate that 2,850 of these revolvers had been shipped to Dav's House of Guns, 2544 Elm St., Dallas, Texas, in orders ranging from 150 to 1,000 guns per order. Total of six shipments had been sent to Dav's House of Guns. Serial numbers of all instant revolvers were double checked with negative results. Mr. OUIMET advised he did not know the names of any wholesale distributors who handled instant type revolvers nor did he know if Dav's House of Guns purchased instant type revolvers exclusively from Century Arms, Inc.

On 12/2/63 at St. Albans, Vermont File # Albany 62-1646 ~~Dallas 89-43~~

by SA JOHN W. FOWLES ad Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

DAVID GOLDSTEIN, owner, Dave's House of Guns, 2544 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, checked his records and could locate no record of handling a Smith and Wesson .38/200 British Service Revolver, Serial Number V510210 and assembly number 65248.

Mr. GOLDSTEIN was shown photographs of the above gun, which was taken from LEE HARVEY OSWALD and was the revolver that killed Dallas Police officer J. D. TIPPIT. He said that he felt that this gun was probably handled by GEORGE ROSE & COMPANY, INC., 1225 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, California. He said that a number of the above described revolvers had come into the United States on surplus from Canada and were handled by Century Arms, St. Albans, Vermont.

He was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and could not recall ever seeing this individual. He added that his company did not sell 6.5 mm ammunition.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BEN S. HARRISON:jj Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

H. W. MICHAELIS, Office Manager, George Rose and Company, Inc., 1225 South Grand AVenue, advised that Smith and Wesson .38 revolver, Victory model, with Parkerized finish, bearing serial number V 510210, and assembly number 65248, had been a part of a shipment in one of five cases of similar guns purchased by his company from Empire Wholesale Sporting Goods, Limited, 360 Craig Street West, Montreal, Canada. It was shipped by the latter company to Rose on December 18, 1962, and received by Rose on January 3, 1963, via Acme Fast Freight. This gun originally had a five-inch barrel, but it had been shortened to two and one-half inches, and the original sight then was replaced on the gun by Gunsmith M. L. JOHNSON, 13440 Burbank Boulevard, Van Nuys, California, exact date unknown. This gun was originally ~~received~~ shipped by Rose as a .38 Special with no re-chambering done locally, and no alterations made by Rose's gunsmith, other than to shorten the barrel and reset the sight. MICHAELIS located and furnished a printed mail order form clipped from a publication, which he could not identify, which had been received by his company ordering one ".38 ST. W. 2" BBL." for $29.95. This order transmitted $10 cash, bore an illegible name, which appears to be A. G. or A. J. HIDELL, age 28, date of order, January 27 (no year shown), Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas. The order was filled out in ink and witnessing the statement thereon that the person ordering the gun was a U. S. citizen, not convicted of a felony, was a name which appeared to be D. E. DRITTAL. Also written in ink on the order form was an order for one box of ammunition and one holster, but a line was drawn through these items, cancelling that portion of the order.

The above order was mailed to, and shipped out under the name of Seaport Traders, Inc., 1221 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, which MICHAELIS stated is the name under which his company does mail order business.

MICHAELIS also furnished Seaport Traders invoice number A 5371, prepared under date of March 13, 1963, to ship "S & W .38 Special 2" Commando" to A. J. HIDELL, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas Texas, balance c.o.d. $19.95.

On 11/30/63 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 89-75

by SA JAMES W. WOOD:jab Date dictated 11/30/63

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The order was actually shipped March 20, 1963, via Railway Express, which collected the remaining $19.95, which Railway Express then sent to Seaport Traders, Inc., also collecting $1.27 c.o.d. service charge.

MICHAELIS also furnished the shipping copy of the above invoice, the Railway Express Agency receipt completed at the time the gun was furnished Railway Express, and a Railway Express form showing that $19.95 had been collected from HIDELL, and paid to Seaport Traders, Inc.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

H. W. MICHAELIS, Office Manager, George Rose and Company, Inc., 1225 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif., furnished a loose-leaf notebook page maintained by that company in which is entered the Serial No. V 510210, for a .38 Smith and Wesson 2" revolver shipped by that company, under the mail order name of the company, Seaport Traders, Inc., 1221 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, on Invoice No. 5371. He said this gun was shipped via Railway Express to A. J. HIDELL, P. O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, under date of March 20, 1963, in response to a mail order sent to the company by HIDELL under date of January 27 (year not shown on mail order form).

Mr. MICHAELIS pointed out that although the notebook page indicates the shipment was made on March 21, 1963, the actual date of shipment, as shown on invoice forms maintained by the company, was March 20, 1963.

On 12/2/63 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 89-75

by SA W. JAMES WOOD:mjg Date dictated 12/2/63

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C. ALLEGED TARGET PRACTICE BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ETC.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Floyd

1 Date 12/2/63

FLOYD GUY DAVIS was interviewed at 2825 By Way, Dallas, Texas. Mr. DAVIS said he is the owner of the Sports Dome Gun Range located at 8000 W. Davis near Grand Prairie, Texas, in Dallas, Texas. He said a man whom he knows as "Bear" SLACK, a customer at his range, swears he saw a person identical with OSWALD on the range during recent weeks.

He said the range has been in operation for five weeks and that it was opened about the end of October, 1963. He said he had never seen anyone resembling OSWALD at the range but the following persons have been there on occasions when Mr. SLACK was there and they may have witnessed this person whom SLACK believed to be identical with OSWALD:

CHARLES CAMPLEN and an unknown friend. CAMPLEN is manager of the Great Southwest Warehouses, Heavy Haul Department, which is located at 3191 Commonwealth.

JAMES "JIM" THOMSON, who lives in the 1100 block of Gilpin who operated the range about a week before the President was assassinated and Mr. B. G. MOSES of 2826 By Way who had assisted in handling the range on occasion and HOWARD PRICE of Grand Prairie, Texas. He noted that Mr. PRICE was the man who assisted customers adjusting their scopes and sighting in their guns.

Mr. DAVIS said he had saved all of the brass cartridge cases which had been left at the range by customers and he had ten 6.5 caliber shell cases that he had set aside out of the accumulated shell cases and he furnished all of these cases to SAs BROWN and CARTER for any purposes they might serve in the instant investigation.

He said his wife, Mrs. VIRGINIA PASH DAVIS, has also assisted in running the range however he said he did not believe she had ever witnessed anyone resembling OSWALD at the range. He said he had not contacted the FBI or any other agency concerning SLACK's story because he felt it might bring on a lot of investigation and it might be detrimental to his business however he said he was pleased to cooperate in any way that might assist in the investigation of the assassination of the President. He advised there are other gun clubs in the area which are well known to residents of Dallas and they are the Grand Prairie Gun Club located on Highway 183 and Beltline Road in Irving, Texas, and the Sportsman's Gun Club in Irving, exact address not known. He furnished a list of members who have registered

on 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ARTHUR E. CARTER and CHARLES T. BROWN, Jr. :wm CTB Date dictated 12/2/63

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to shoot at his range and he noted that the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any of his known aliases did not appear on this list. He furnished this list for any possible use it might serve in this investigation. Mr. DAVIS said if any other information came to his attention which he believed might be helpful in this investigation he would immediately notify the Dallas Office of the FBI.

Mr. DAVIS added that after talking with Mr. SLACK about the incident at the range on November 10, 1963, although he could not recall seeing OSWALD at the range he does recall a man between 35 and 40 years of age, 6'1-2" tall, weighing between 220 and 240 pounds, having a black beard, black thick hair, fat appearance, beady eyes, and a sullen disposition as being a customer at the range on that particular afternoon. He said on that particular afternoon the man was wearing a red sweat shirt, color of pants unrecalled, and he noted the man had on a pair of factory made earmuffs further described by Mr. DAVIS as a device to stop concussion and loud noise experienced by persons frequenting a firearms range. DAVIS said although he knew this was the purpose of the "muffs" the man was wearing he, DAVIS, had never seen a similar pair of "muffs" before. DAVIS recalled speaking to this unidentified man in a friendly greeting however the man did not acknowledge DAVIS' greeting and DAVIS formed the opinion the man did not desire to be associated with anyone else on the range. DAVIS recalled on the afternoon of November 10, 1963, this man occupied Position 7 on the firing line. The man believed to be OSWALD occupied Position 8 and Mr. SLACK occupied Position 9.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

VIRGINIA PASH DAVIS, 2825 By Way, Dallas, Texas advised that she assists her husband in the operation of the Sports Dome Rifle Range at 8,000 West Davis, Dallas, Texas. She said that an employee, MALCOM HOWARD PRICE had advised her that he believed he sighted in a scope for a man whom he believed resembled LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mrs. DAVIS observed Dallas Police Department Photo No. 54018 of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and said it did not resemble any person she had ever seen at the range which had only been open for five weeks.

Mrs. DAVIS said she did recall a man known as "Bear" SLACK who had remarked that he had seen an individual whom he believed to be OSWALD at the range on October 10, 1963. She said that Mr. SLACK related this person was shooting by him and a large dark complexion, bushy headed, full bearded, big footed man.

She said she did not know the identity of the man described by Mr. SLACK and she did not know any of the people who were practicing on that date as no written register had been maintained when she and her husband operated the range.

Mrs. DAVIS said she had not called the FBI because she felt Mr. SLACK would furnish any information he had to them. She said that in the event any of the individuals who shot on October, 1963 were identified, she would furnish the names to the Dallas FBI Office.

Mrs. DAVIS said although she is unable to recall anyone resembling OSWALD as being present at the range on the Sunday afternoon when SLACK stated he observed OSWALD at the range, she did vividly recall the large dark haired man as being present on the range. She stated he was a very cold and unfriendly person and was not observed to talk to or be friendly with anyone else present. She stated he was wearing a red sweatshirt, appeared to be approximately 25 years old, 225 pounds, 6'1" or 2" tall. She did not observe him to enter or leave an automobile while he was at the range.

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on 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ARTHUR E. CARTER & CHARLES T. BROWN, JR./ss Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

GARLAND C. SLACK advised he resides at 4130 DeLee Street, Dallas. He advised he is recently retired from a heating contracting business in Dallas.

He advised that on the morning of November 22, 1963, he had been downtown in the Dallas County Records Building, and shortly before the Presidential parade passed the corner of Houston and Elm he got a vantage point at the automobile entrance to the Dallas County Sheriff's Office which is located on Houston Street near the Elm Street intersection. He said as the parade passed the crowds pushed him and he was unable to see the car bearing the President as it proceeded west in front of the book store building. However he said he had been a hunter and had been closely associated with firearms for many years and he heard two shots in rapid succession and realized from the sound that they must have been fired from the interior of a building. He said he did not realize which building because actually the sound as he first heard it seemed to come from the direction of the overpass but its particular characteristics made him feel it had to come from a building instead of from an open area. He said when he heard the third shot he believed it came from the Texas School Book Depository Building. He said immediately after hearing the first two shots the crowds which were tremendously heavy went into a complete panic and a state of shock. He said he observed the police when they took a young airman into custody and Police Officer H. B. RANDAL picked up a frightened young colored boy who was hiding under a monument which boy was supposed to have actually witnessed the shooting of the President. He noted that Mrs. ALLEN in the Sheriff's Office took a statement from this young colored boy. Mr. SLACK also said he made a full and complete statement to a person he believed to be Mrs. ALLEN.

Mr. SLACK said he did not actually witness the shots when they hit the President and the reason he made a telephone call to the Dallas Office was the fact that he had observed a young man at the Sports Dome Rifle Range in the 8000 block of W. Davis Street in Dallas, Texas, on several occasions during the past five or six weeks whom he believed to be identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He also said that he had in his possession a target which he, SLACK, had fired at on the range and which he believed to have been handled by this person whom he believed to be OSWALD.

Mr. SLACK continued he was at the Sports Dome Rifle Range on November 9, 10, and 17, 1963. He pointed out this range is managed

on 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ARTHUR E. CARTER and CHARLES T. BROWN, Jr.:vm Date dictated 12/2/63

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by a friend of his, Mr. FLOYD DAVIS. On November 9, 1963, he was at the range from approximately 3:30 p.m. until about 7:00 p.m. On November 10, 1963, he visited the range from about 2:00 p.m. until approximately 5:00 p.m. On November 11, 1963, he was there from around noon until about 5:00 p.m. On November 10, 1963, he saw a man believed to be identical with OSWALD at which time the man was accompanied by another man described as tall, as having a lot of dark hair, dark complexion, and a full beard. He further stated the man was about 24 years of age, 6' tall, as having very large feet, and his hair was worn in a "beatnik" style. He was wearing green pants similar to those he has observed being worn by Texaco Service Station employees. On November 10, 1963, SLACK observed the person he believed to be OSWALD and the second man get into an old "jalopy" which SLACK could not further describe. On this particular date, SLACK did note the two men had three rifles which he observed them putting into the back seat of this old "jalopy." He said all the rifles appeared to be of the same make. On November 10, 1963, SLACK estimated OSWALD fired between 50 to 70 rounds of ammunition while practicing. SLACK said on this occasion he became upset because the man he believes to be identical with OSWALD had fired on SLACK's target. SLACK said he was further upset because the man was firing so rapidly on occasions and he recalled the man as firing in bursts of three shots at a time in rapid succession. SLACK said he noted the man believed to be OSWALD and the large man accompanying him had a cap about one half filled with rifle ammunition which they were using.

SLACK said he observed the photograph of the rifle used by OSWALD to kill the President which photograph he observed in one of the Dallas newspapers and the rifle he observed at the Sports Dome Range in possession of the man he believed to be OSWALD was a rifle like the one he has seen in a Dallas newspaper. He observed the man believed to be OSWALD was an expert shot.

Mr. SLACK said that on the afternoon of November 10, 1963, he had fired a target which was exceptionally good and when he brought it back to examine it the man he believed to be OSWALD handled this target along with a number of other people whom he could not identify.

Mr. SLACK made this target available for any use it might serve in the investigation and said he would like to have it returned

if possible after necessary examination had been made. It is noted that this was a bullseye target manufactured by Hi-Vue Target Company, Box 17088, Dallas, Texas.

SLACK said he felt certain several people noticed the man he believed to be OSWALD at the range however SLACK did not know the names of these people even though he has seen most of these people at the range on numerous occasions.

On December 1, 1963, SLACK accompanied SAs ARTHUR E. CARTER and CHARLES T. BROWN to the Sports Dome Rifle Range where SLACK remained for approximately two hours. At the end of the two hour period SLACK advised Agents CARTER and BROWN he had not observed anyone at the range on Decmeber 1, 1963, who had been present at the range on prior occasions when he believed OSWALD was present and he was unable to determine the true identity of any of those persons who might have seen OSWALD. He said he did not know whether OSWALD shot right handed or left handed.

SLACK said he noticed the scope on OSWALD's rifle while OSWALD was shooting and he also noted the magazine on the rifle was finished out to the trigger and that this gun OSWALD was practicing with was definitely a military type rifle. He said the only thing that bothered him in connection with the incident is his impression that the man he observed at the range whom he thought was OSWALD had blond hair whereas he is positive photographs he has seen of OSWALD on television are identical to the man he observed on the Sports Dome Rifle Range.

On December 1, 1963, SLACK observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD made November 23, 1963, Dallas Police Department No. 54018. SLACK stated upon observing this photograph he feels positive the individual he observed at the Sports Dome Rifle Range is identical with OSWALD except the photograph shows dark hair and as stated above the individual at the range had blond hair. SLACK could not give a positive description of OSWALD but he described him as a young man of medium build and about the same height as he, which is 5'10", smooth shaven, and clothing not recalled.

Mr. SLACK advised if he determined the identity of any other persons who were present on the days when he thought he had observed a man believed to be identical with OSWALD on the range he would immediately notify the Dallas FBI Office.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

MALCOM HOWARD PRICE, 1127 Rice, Grand Prairie, Texas, said he is on sick leave from Ling-Temco-Vought and he recalled that he spent some time at the Sports Dome Rifle Range, 8,000 West Davis, Dallas, Texas, adjusting sites and siting in scopes on rifles of customers at the gun range. He said the range was opened on October 26, 1963 and he believed that he sited in a scope for LEE HARVEY OSWALD on Saturday, October 26, 1963.

Mr. PRICE observed Dallas Police Department photo number 54018 dated November 23, 1963 of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and said he was sure that this was the same person for whom he sited in the scope. He said this man had a 7.6 rifle that had been sportorized by being put in a lathe and being turned down. The rifle had a 4X Jap scope and Red Field Mount. PRICE said he was unable to recall the serial number, but did recall this individual telling him a gun smith in Cedar Hill owed him $25 and gave him the gun and scope.

PRICE stated the customer told him the gun had been bore sighted and he asked that it be zeroed in at 100 yards.

Mr. PRICE said this gun did not shoot a 6.5 shell. He recalled that this gun did not have a sling on it and that the customer was right handed. He said he had no recollection of anyone shooting with this customer and the only persons whom he knew that were present on the date in question was Mrs. VIRGINIA DAVIS, wife of the owner of the range and a deaf mute named LARRY LYNN CLARK who lives at 514 Royal Avenue, Grand Prairie, Texas.

Mr. PRICE said this customer told him he drove by and saw the sign. He said he did not observe the customers car and recalled the picture in the paper showing OSWALD with the gun, definitely not the same gun that he sited in on October 26, 1963. He said he could not recall any doctor who might have been there on that date with his son.

He said he recalled seeing this customer on four or five occasions and on each occasion he wore a "bulldogger, Texas style" hat and had bubble gum or chewing tobacco in

on 12/1/63 at Grand Prairie, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ARTHUR E. CARTER & CHARLES T. BROWN, JR./ss Date dictated 12/3/63

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his cheek. He said he was very well dressed, clean and neat, 5'8" tall, 140 - 150 pounds, hair dark blond or light brown.

Mr. PRICE said this man shot quite a bit and used two targets on first occasion with eight or ten shots on each target, however, he said he did not observe whether this man shot deliberately or rapidly. He said that he believed a customer whom he knew as "Bear" SLACK was there, together with a large man, who had a heavy beard and hair, but he did not observe OSWALD conversing with this large man; in fact, he did not appear to converse with anybody or have anything to do with anyone. He said that the person whom he believed to be OSWALD visited the range four or five days in succession, arriving about 4 PM and staying until dark. He said he had not been back to the range since the President was assassinated except the Friday following the President's death.

Mr. PRICE said the serial number on the gun he sighted in was on the left and to the rear of the scope mount on the right, and he recalled that the customer told him he was from Cedar Hill. He was questioned again as to whether or not he had observed this man to shoot rapid fire and he said he had not and he did not recall any customers complaining about this man shooting on their target. He said this man used the center stand in a group of nine and described the shooting stalls as being about 40" wide and each of them separated from the others by a 2 x 4 separator on the flat edge, which would make them only 4" apart. He said he was unable to recall whether or not this man picked up his empty shells after he finished shooting, but said he did recall that Mr. and Mrs. DAVIS picked up all the brass that was left there by customers, with an exception of a few empty shell cases they sold to customers for reloading purposes, and all the brass that had been accumulated since they opened the range would still be there.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

B. G. MOSES, 2826 By Way, Dallas, Texas, advised he worked occasionally at the Sports Dome Rifle Range, 8,000 West Davis, Dallas, but he had not observed any customers who resembled LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

He said that he had a friend who owns a farm who ran some hunters off recently and these hunters were checking in their rifles and he believed this man ought to be contacted to see if he had any information that would be of value in the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Mr. MOSES identified his friend as ALVEY MC GAFFEY, who lives in a big brick home just outside of Hutchins on the left hand side of the Lancaster Road.

He examined the Dallas Police Department photograph No. 54018 of OSWALD and advised it did not resemble any person he had ever known and seen at the Sports Dome Rifle Range.

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on 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ARTHUR E. CARTER & CHARLES T. BROWN, JR./ss dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 4, 1963

Dr. HOMER WOOD, D.D.S., residence 1326 Alaska, Dallas, Texas was interviewed at his office, 220 West Tenth Street, Dallas, and furnished the following information:

Dr. WOOD took his son, STERLING, age 13, to a rifle range in approximately the 8000 block of Davis, Dallas, on the afternoon of November 16, 1963, so that his son might obtain some practice with a rifle owned by the son. He said they were at the range from approximately 3:00 PM to 4:30 PM. Dr. WOOD advised his son occupied booth number four and that he (Dr. WOOD), observed the head and shoulders of a man shooting in booth five. His view of this man was a profile view. This man was firing a rifle with a telescopic sight and a sling. He observed his son talking to this man on one occasion and later saw this man's target, noting that there was only one bullet which had missed the bullseye from a distance of 100 yards. The person observed by Dr. WOOD was described as a white male; 25-30 years of age; 5'9"-5'10"; dark hair, thin; with a large nose and sharp chin. Dr. WOOD advised this man came to the range while STERLING WOOD was shooting and left before STERLING WOOD finished. He advised he was not there more than 30 minutes. Dr. WOOD advised he was not aware of anyone who came with this man or left with him and observed no concersation that he had with anyone else at the range.

Subsequent to the assassination of President KENNEDY, Dr. WOOD saw pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television and in the newspapers. He stated that the profile view of OSWALD closely resembles that of this man he saw at the range and in his own mind he is satisfied that it was OSWALD he observed shooting in the booth next to his son at the range.

Dr. WOOD stated that while there were a number of people at the range, the only person known to him who might have observed this man was one KENNETH LONGLEY, a student at Sam Houston State Teachers College, Huntsville, Texas.

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents WILLIAM K. BOCK & JAMES R. GRAHAM, JR./cab Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

STERLING WOOD, age 13, was interviewed at his residence, 1326 Alaska, in the presence of his mother. STERLING WOOD is the son of Doctor HOMER WOOD, also residing at that address.

STERLING WOOD advised that on November 16, 1963, he was taken by his father to a rifle range in about the 8000 block of Davis, in West Dallas, and described it as being located just west of the 'yellow belly dragstrip' and the Sunset Golf Club. He stated he was at the range firing a rifle, which he owned, from approximately 3 P.M. to 4:30 P.M. on November 16. He was shooting from booth 4 or 5-he is not sure which-and did at that time notice a man shooting from an adjoining booth whom he believed is identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He explained this identification by the fact that upon seeing OSWALD's picture on television and in the newspapers on November 22, and 23, 1963, he immediately believed that OSWALD was the man using the booth next to him. He has never seen OSWALD, except on the one occassion at the range.

STERLING WOOD stated that when he arrived at the range and began shooting, there was another person occupying the booth next to him. This person left shortly thereafter and OSWALD then came to the booth and fired eight to ten shots. When the range master called for a halt in the firing, so that the shooters could examine their targets, he, along with the others, went down and examined not only his target but the targets of other shooters, including that used by OSWALD. He noted that all but two of the shots fired by OSWALD were in three- or four-inch bullseyes on the target. He noted that these shots were fired from a distance of 100 yards, and he was impressed by the marksmanship of OSWALD.

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents WILLIAM K. BOCK and JAMES R. GRAHAM, JR.jmja Date dictated 12/4/63

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He described this man whom he believes is OSWALD as a white male, 25 to 30, 5'7"-5'8', slender build, sharp facial features, black hair, and wearing dark pants with a blue shirt having white stripes. He was wearing no hat.

Since he is interested in guns, during the firing, STERLING WOOD observed the gun used by the person next to him and noted that it was a rifle that he believed was of Italian make. He described the gun as a bolt action carbine with a shoulder strap and barrel extending beyond the stock only three or four inches. He asked this person whether the gun was a 6.5 Italian carbine and was advised that it was. He then asked whether the telescopic sight was a four-power scope and was advised that that was correct. This was the only conversation he had with this man. During the firing, he observed flame coming from the muzzle of the gun when it was fired. He was unable to explain the reason for this flame.

He stated that after the range master stopped the firing for examination of the targets, the man next to him, whom he thinks was OSWALD, went down to the targets, checked his target, and started back to the firing line. WOOD examined other targets in addition to his own and OSWALDS, and when he turned around to return to the firing point, he noticed this person had picked up his gun and was beginning to leave. While he paid no particular attention to him after that, he believed he went over to a car parked nearby and left in that automobile. He was unable to furnish any description of the car, either as to make or color and could describe only as probably a sedan, in that he was sure it was not a stationwagon or a convertible.

With reference to the weapon being used by the man next to him, whom he believes was OSWALD, he stated that he believes it was a re-conditioned Army gun, in that the stock and metal parts were shiny. It had on it a sling made of some black or very dark material. This sling was hooked to the gun underneath the stock, near the muzzle, and at the rear of the stock. He could furnish no information concerning the telescopic sight and was unable to advise whether the scope was round on the top or side of the gun. He commented also that to him it appeared that the trigger guard, which was of a light or silver color, had been scratched, but subsequently polished, in that it was shiny. He expressed the opinion that even though he saw the gun only briefly, he believed he could identify it if he saw it again.

With reference to his identification of the man shooting in the booth next to him, STERLING WOOD advised that he was not positive the man was LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but after seeing OSWALD's photograph in the news, he is satisfied in his own mind that the person in the booth next to him, referred to above, was actually LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 5, 1963

An unidentified photograph of the 6.5 millimeter Italian rifle used in the assassination of President KENNEDY, was exhibited to STERLING WOOD, age 13, 1326 Alaska, Dallas, at which time he stated the weapon in the photograph was not the one he had observed being fired at the firearms range on November 16, 1963, inasmuch as the sling strap and swivel on the gun he had observed were attached to the bottom of both the butt and fore end of the rifle, rather than on the side of the butt and fore end, as on the rifle in the photograph. He stated further that there was a difference in the telescope as between the rifle he had observed and the one in the photograph, in that the telescope he saw had an enlarged eyepiece or ocular lense, of greater diameter than the body of the telescope and that the telescope tapered to a smaller diameter immediately ahead of the eyepiece. He stated emphatically that there was no enlargement of the housing of the objective lense at the foreward end of the telescope on the gun he saw.

He stated that an illustration of the weapon that killed the President, appearing in a recent issue of "Newsweek" magazine, was more similar to the gun he had observed than the gun in the photograph exhibited.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents HAROLD R. DOBSON & JAMES R. GRAHAM, JR./cah Date dictated 12/5/63

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HO 62-2115
REW:ms

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD - RIFLE PRACTICE

RE: KENNETH LONGLEY

The following investigation was conducted by SA ROBERT E. WIATT on December 5, 1963:

KENNETH LONGLEY, student, Sam Houston State Teachers College, Huntsville, Texas, home address 3537 Crippie Creek, Dallas, Texas, advised that he visited a rifle range on Davis Street in West Dallas on November 16, 1963. He was accompanied by friends DAN and GERALD SPENCER, who reside on Edwards Circle in Dallas. Upon arrival, they met Doctor HOMER WOOD and his 13 year old son STERLING.

LONGLEY and STERLING went to Booth # 4 at this range, which booth was occupied by an individual described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	About 25 years old
Height	5'9" - 5'10"
Build	Slender
Hair	Sandy
Peculiarities	Wearing wire frame spectacles
Dress	Wore a yellow western shirt with snaps down the front

This person remained long enough to shoot about ten shots and then left, mode of travel unknown.

This person had a rifle, possible 7 milimeter, with an alleged 4-power scope, weapon appeared not to have a full stock, which was colored light brown. Rifle spit fire when

shot and had a strong recoil. The clip appeared to slant at the bottom rather than being straight.

LONGLEY stated that after observing photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he is of opinion that this person was identical with OSWALD, although Doctor WOOD is of opinion they were identical. The SPENCER brothers claim not to have noticed this person.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

1

Mr. CHARLES CAMPLEN advised he is the Manager of the Heavy Haul Department, Great Southwest Warehouse, 3191 Commonwealth, telephone number ME 1-4560, Dallas, Texas, and he resides at 411 Cliffdale where his telephone number is FE 1-1274, Oak Cliff, Texas.

Mr. CAMPLEN advised he went to the Sports Dome Rifle Range, 8000 West Davis, Dallas, Texas, about 11 a.m., November 21, 1963, and a Mr. JAMES F. DALE, whom he employs as a "rigger" accompanied him. He said they visited at the range for 15 or 20 minutes, and he determined that FLOYD DAVIS, the manager of the range, was out of town. He said he talked to an elderly, heavy set man who was operating the range house, and while there he observed a person who resembled L. H. OSWALD in the range house and talked to this man and looked at his rifle. He recalled the man told him the rifle was possibly a 703 caliber. He said he was not sure of this but does know it was a foreign gun and it appeared the front end of the wood stock had been cut off. He did not recall seeing a sling on the gun, but it did have a scope on it. He said the man told him in answer to a question that it was not an English 303 rifle.

CAMPLEN said he did not observe any large heavy set man with this unknown individual, and he did not see him get in a car, although he believes that the unknown man left the area before he did. Mr. CAMPLEN described this individual as white, male, 5'10", 145 pounds, "full" face, estimated age 32, color and type of hair not recalled. He said this man wore a sort of soft Army-type cap and a green Army-type short jacket. He did not recall anything else about the man's appearance, dress or manner.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/rms Date dictated 12/7/63

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After furnishing the foregoing description, Mr. CAMPLEN observed a New Orleans, Louisiana Police Department photo number 112 723 dated August 9, 1963 of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and remarked, "the front view bust picture is a good resemblance of the person" he observed at the Sports Dome Rifle Range, and he said the profile is questionable as is the standup full length photo.

He advised he had never known JACK RUBY or OSWALD or any of the other principals in this matter.

He arranged for JAMES F. DALE to be interviewed at the office of the Great Southwest Warehouse at 3191 Commonwealth.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

1

On December 5, 1963, JAMES F. DALE advised he was residing at 922 Tipperary where his telephone number is DA 7-1525. He said he is employed as a rigger for the Great Southwest Warehouse at 3191 Commonwealth, Dallas, Texas. Mr. DALE stated he met CHARLES CAMPLEN, Manager of the Heavy Haul Department of the Great Southwest Warehouse at 3191 Commonwealth about 10:30 a.m. on November 21, 1963, and he and Mr. CAMPLEN drove together to the Ling-Tempco offices where they were unable to contact the manager. Thereafter, he and Mr. CAMPLEN drove toward Grand Prairie and stopped at the Sports Dome Rifle Range which is located at 8000 West Davis in Dallas, Texas. He said Mr. CAMPLEN made inquiry concerning the owner of the range who is a friend of his, and determined that this gentleman was out of town. He said then he and Mr. CAMPLEN walked through the range office to the rear of the office and outside where they watched three men who were on the range. He recalled only one of these men was shooting, and he fired 8 or 10 shots. He said this man took his time and he would shoot three or four times, then the three men would walk from the firing point to where the target was located and they would check the target. This man would then return to the firing point and fire again at the target.

Mr. DALE said he and Mr. CAMPLEN never did talk to the shooter and his companions, and he did not get closer than about 30 feet to the person who was shooting. He said he recalled the rifle had a sling on it, and he believed it appeared to be a "lever action" gun. He said it had a telescopic sight on it, and he did not know any of the men who were present.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dl 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/rms Date dictated 12/7/63

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He recalled there were only two cars at the range when he and CAMPLEN were there, one a big brown and cream Buick, Oldsmobile or Pontiac, possibly a 1959 or 1960 model; the other was a 1957 or 1958 model light blue Chevrolet. He said he presumed one of the cars belonged to the man who was in charge of the range, and the other car must have been owned by one of the three men, one of whom was shooting while they were there.

Mr. DALE said after news of President KENNEDY's assassination was announced, he received a telephone call from Mr. CAMPLEN who asked him if he did not believe the man they saw at the range resembled OSWALD. He said he told Mr. CAMPLEN that he did look somewhat like OSWALD.

Mr. DALE described this person as a white male, age young 20's, 5'10"-11", weight 185 pounds. He said the man wore a brown long bill corduroy cap, a brown short, cloth jacket and khaki pants.

Thereafter, he looked at the photo of LEE HARVEY OSWALD which was taken at the Police Department in New Orleans, Louisiana number 112 723 dated August 9, 1963, and he remarked that only the profile resembled the shooter, and he did not think that the full face or full figure views looked like the man who was on the range on the morning of November 21, 1963.

He said that he and Mr. CAMPLEN were not at the range over 30 minutes during their visit on November 21, 1963. He also advised he had never known OSWALD, JACK RUBY or anyone else connected with the assassination of the President.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

1

Major LEON POWERS, Assistant Chief of Police, Irving, Texas, advised that the turkey shoot range at Highway 183 and Beltline Road was not operated by the Irving JC's but it was operated by the Kiwanis Club of Irving, Texas on November 9, 10, 16 and 17, 1963.

He advised that the equipment was left on location from the 9th of November until about Thanksgiving, but no one was there to make a list of the persons who used the range and people just came and went at will. He advised that JOE VARDEMAN of the Southwest Bank was Vice President of the Kiwanis Club, but he did not have anything to do with the turkey shoot. He said that he personally took turns with other members of the Club in operating the range on the 9th, 10th, 16th and 17th, and no one had ever advised him that anyone resembling OSWALD had ever appeared there.

He said that WILLIAM R. "BILL" FULLER contacted him on November 23, 1963 to say that he thought he saw someone who resembled OSWALD at the range on November 21 or 22, 1963 in the morning hours.

He advised WILLIAM R. "BILL" FULLER might be located at 410 Staffordshire, telephone BLackstone 3-8222.

He said WILLIAM R. "BILL" FULLER contacted him on November 23, 1963 to advise that he had known OSWALD and that OSWALD had on occasion acted as if he were deaf.

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on 12/5/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/rms Date dictated 12/7/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

BILLY LEE BEARD, 2620 Alen-A-Dale, telephone BL 4-2743, Irving, Texas, advised he is employed at Precision Motors, 740 North Pearl, telephone RI 2-9495.

Mr. BEARD said on Wednesday, November 20, 1963, he visited a turkey shoot which was being handled by the Irving Jaycees on a range at Highway 183 and Beltline Road near Irving about 4:00 p.m. with his son, BARRY BEARD, age nearly ten. He noted that none of the Jaycees were present and various other unknown persons were shooting from the bench rests at homemade targets when he arrived and throughout the time he was there. He said he recalled there were about seven persons on the range at the time he and BARRY were there. One was trying to shoot an old two shot Derringer pistol. Two people had an old Army Springfield rifle. Another man had an M-1 Carbine, and the man he believed to be OSWALD had a rifle with a Mouser type action which he observed had the receiver and trigger grouped together and extended below the action.

He said he did not observe a sling on this rifle; however, it had a cheap type scope and he would estimate it to be a 2½X. He said he was never closer than six feet to this man, but his son, BARRY, walked over and tried to talk to him, but the man apparently would not answer him. He described this man as a white male, 5'8"-10", 150 pounds, bare-headed, dark hair, length not recalled. Wore light tan windbreaker type jacket and khaki trousers. Had pair of medium size Jap binoculars with him.

Mr. BEARD said he recalled there were only four automobiles at the range during the time he was there -- a 1961 Chevrolet,white; an old Chevrolet pickup, dark green or dark blue; unrecalled make old car, color not recalled; and a 1963 white Volvo. He said he did not see the person he believed to be OSWALD until about 5:00 p.m. and that he left about 15 minutes later. At that time the

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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man he believed to be OSWALD and four other people were still there. He said that he did not think OSWALD shot more than one time.

He said he telephoned the Dallas Police Department and gave this information to some detective in the Homicide Bureau, and he did not know why someone had not been out to see him earlier. He was asked whether or not he had seen any photographs of OSWALD or the gun and he replied he had seen some in the paper, and he would like to see others. Thereafter he voluntarily appeared at the Dallas Office, where he observed the three photographs of OSWALD which were made by the New Orleans Police Department and a photograph of the gun which is contained in the Exhibit Section of the first report in this matter, and after viewing them he said he could not be positive that the man he observed at the range was identical with OSWALD. He said he did believe the rifle he observed at the Jaycee turkey shoot range on Wednesday, November 20, 1963, was probably similar to the type of weapon in the photograph he saw as mentioned above.

On leaving the office in the company of SA CARTER, a young man was observed in the reception room of the Dallas Office of whom Mr. BEARD remarked, "Boy, he sure looks like OSWALD."

Mr. BEARD accompanied SA CARTER to the intersection of Highway 183 and Beltline Road, where a careful reconnaissance and search of the area failed to disclose any empty shell cases except two .30 caliber cases and numerous .22 long rifle cases.

While there, two men who were identified as ELWYN HUGH MOREHEAD, Agent in Charge, Braniff Airways, and PURVIS GUILLORY, Agent, Braniff Airways, Love Field, Dallas, Texas, advised that they scouted all of the turkey shoot ranges in that vicinity of Dallas County and had only seen 6.5 ammunition on very rare occasions. They noted that someone had taken all of the brass on empty shell cases from this particular range since the assassination of the President and remarked it was probably people who were just saving brass scrap.

FD-302 (Rev. 9-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

BARRY BEARD, 2620 Alan-A-Dale, Irving, Texas, was interviewed in the presence of his mother, Mrs. BILLY BEARD. He advised that he would be ten years old December 11, 1963, and recalled that his father, BILLY LEE BEARD, took him to a turkey shoot at the Jaycee range which is located at Highway 183 and Beltline Road about 4:45 p.m. on Wednesday, November 20, 1963. He said they left their residence and it took about fifteen minutes to drive to the range. When they arrived, there was only one car and three other persons present. He said he and his father shot their two rifles about a half hour. He said by the time they got ready to leave, about six or seven people were there. BARRY advised there was one man there who had a gun his father told him was a German Mouser, and this gun had a light yellowish colored chestnut stock and a long range hunting scope. He said his father thought this man was identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, who was supposed to have assassinated the President. He said he talked to this man about five minutes, but the man was not friendly, and as he watched him shoot three or four times, he saw the man was right handed. He said he did not shoot fast or slow, but he would say just in a regular manner, and he believed the gun was a lever action gun and not a bolt action, after looking at his father's own rifle, which is a lever action gun. He said he thought the man told him it was a .30 caliber rifle, but he is not sure. He said the man did tell him he reworked the stock and had cut it down and refinished it. He said he did not see the man but believed he came to the range in a car.

He said while he was at the range he saw six guns -- one a two shot Derringer pistol, one a British Enfield rifle, one an M-1 Carbine, another man and his son had a "Jungle Carbine". BARRY said this Jungle Carbine had a funnel on the muzzle of it (flash hider). The man whom his father thought to be OSWALD had the Mouser. He said this man had a brown leather gun case and the rifle he had had a sling in

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on 12/5/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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it which was attached under the barrel and under the rear of the stock.

BARRY measured his father's rifle and determined it was 43" long and said he believed the gun the other man had, believed to be OSWALD, was longer than his father's rifle. He said he had only visited the range on one occasion and had never seen this person before. He described this individual as a white male, about 5'6", medium build, dark brown hair, had on a short-sleeved brown plaid shirt and dark brown nylon trousers. He said this person did not have any binoculars or any other hunting equipment with him to his knowledge; however, he did have his shells in a regular pasteboard shell box. He said the man did not talk to anyone at the range except to him, and he kept to himself and no one used any targets. They just used cardboard with a spot marked on it instead of a standard rifle target.

BARRY observed New Orleans Police Department photograph of OSWALD, No. 112723, dated August 9, 1963, and he said the person he saw at the turkey shoot certainly looked like this photograph.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

FLOYD CALVIN FORD, owner, Service Warehouse Company, 4835 Reading, Dallas, telephone ME 1-6720, residence 1205 Mac Arthur, Irving, Texas, advised that J. L. POPE, warehouse man who is employed by him, advised he has a relative, name unknown to Mr. FORD, who observed a person believed to be identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD at a shooting range or turkey shoot in Irving, Texas.

He advised he had determined that this turkey shoot was sponsored by the Irving Jaycees a few days prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963, and it was located near the intersection of Highway 183 and Beltline Road.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

Mr. J. L. (I.O.) POPE, Warehouse man, Service Warehouse Company, 4835 Reading, Dallas, Texas, advised he lives at the Valley View Apartments, Valley View Street, Irving, noting neither the street nor the apartments have any numbers. He said his brother KENNETH POPE's wife's cousin believed he saw OSWALD at a rifle range which is located at 183 and Beltline shortly before the assassination of President KENNEDY, and he made a telephone call to CAROL, wife of KENNETH POPE, and determined that the person who is believed to have observed OSWALD is BILL BEARD, an employee of Precision Motors, Dallas, Texas.

He said he had never seen OSWALD or JACK RUBY or the President or anybody else connected with the assassination.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

Mrs. DON CORNETT, 107 Sam Hill Drive, Irving, T-- advised SA ARTHUR E. CARTER and Patrolman PRESTON C. SNOGA, of the Irving Police Department, that she is the wife of DON CORNETT, who is employed by the Southwest General Insurance Company with offices in the Republic National Bank Building, Dallas, Texas, telephone BL 5-7530 (residence), and Mr. CORNETT's office telephone is RI 2-3421.

She said she recalled that on the evening of November 21, 1963, she and her husband drove to the vicinity of Lindy Lane and Peveto in Irving about 7:15 or 7:30 p.m. for the purpose of buying some tropical fish which they had seen advertised in the paper. She said as they drove into Lindy Lane from Nursery Street, they reached a little crook in Lindy Lane close to the intersection of Peveto, when they heard three loud shots in rapid succession which apparently came from in front of their car or east of them. She said she was quite disturbed; and especially on November 22, after hearing of the assassination of President KENNEDY, she thought this might have some significance.

She said that she and her husband had returned to the area very briefly and had observed a wooded lot near the intersection of Peveto and Lindy Lane and thought that the noise they heard which they believed to be rifle shots might have come from that area. She said she recalled there was a party going on in a house on the corner at the intersection of Nursery and Lindy Lane, but she did not think it possible that the sound could have come from that direction as it would have been to the rear of their car.

She said she had never known of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY until after news of the President's assassination and that she had never seen anyone resembling either of them at any time except on television programs.

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on 12/4/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

Major LEON POWERS, Assistant Chief of Police, Irving, Texas, searched the records of that department and made inquiry of members of this department. He determined there was no record of DON CORNETT, of 1007 Sam Hill Drive, North Gate Addition, Irving, Texas.

Major POWERS advised that he also searched his office records and determined that no information or complaints had been received on November 21, 1963, by since that time concerning any disturbance caused or illegal firing of firearms in the residential area of Irving, Texas, in the vicinity of Lindy Lane and Peveto. He advised that he would assign Patrolman PRESTON C. SNOGA, of the Irving Police Department, to accompany agent to the residential area in an attempt to determine whether or not any residents of that area knew of any unusual disturbance such as the firing of highpowered rifles which might have occurred on the night of November 21, 1963.

He added that the area where DON CORNETT resides at 1007 Sam Hill Drive is occupied by medium to high-priced three to four bedroom brick homes in a new residential area.

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on 12/4/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

Patrolman PRESTON C. SNOGA, Badge No. 34, Irving Police Department, advised that he has patrolled the area of Peveto and Lindy Lane in Irving, and during his patrol duty he has observed there are no large wooded areas anywhere close to the intersection of Peveto and Lindy Lane. He said it is noted that there are two small wooded vacant lots near the intersection of Peveto and Lindy Lane; however, they are on opposite sides of Lindy Lane, and neither of them is large enough for a person to fire a high-powered rifle in.

He stated there are some large open fields and one heavily wooded field in an area about a mile or one and one-fourth miles from the intersection of Peveto and Lindy Lane and stated this area could be reached by driving from Peveto south on Lindy Lane to Nursery, thence left to the wooded area.

He said he was familiar with the investigations that have been conducted in the assassination of President KENNEDY and recalled that Mrs. OSWALD resided with some people in Irving whose home is three or four miles from the woods and farm area indicated above.

He further advised that the youngsters who live in the area around Peveto and Lindy Lane do a lot of small arms hunting in the fields he has described.

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on 12/4/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

Mrs. EMILY ELLIS, 1005 Peveto, advised SA ARTHUR E. CARTER and Patrolman PRESTON C. SNOGA, of the Irving Police Department, that she has resided at this address for the past three months, and she has not heard any shooting at any time during this period. She said that she was definitely home between the hours of 6:00 and 8:00 p.m. on the evening of November 21, 1963, and there was nothing to distract her attention during that period as she was reading the paper and there was no television program she wanted to watch at that time. She advised Peveto Street is only one block long, and it is full of little two room houses.

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on 12/4/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

Mrs. RITA RHODES, 1011 Peveto, Irving, advised SA ARTHUR E. CARTER and Patrolman PRESTON C. SNOGA, of the Irving Police Department, that she had lived at this address for the past nine months, and during period she had never heard any shooting day or night in the area. She said she was certain she was at home during the afternoon and night of November 21, 1963.

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on 12/4/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

Mr. JOHN F. ENGLAND, 1301 Lindy Lane, Irving, Texas, advised SA ARTHUR E. CARTER and Patrolman PRESTON C. SNOGA that he was at home throughout the late afternoon and evening of November 21, 1963, and did not hear any unusual explosions or noise which might be attributed to the firing of a high-powered rifle. He said that on many occasions he had heard shooting during the daylight and possibly early evening hours coming from a wooded area southwest of his residence, but this area is well over a mile away.

He said he is not acquainted with any of his immediate neighbors and most of them are people who work in the industrial areas nearby and are gone all day. He has had no occasion to meet any of these people and make their acquaintance.

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on 12/4/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

Mrs. VICTOR ADAMS, 1121 Lindy Lane, Irving, Texas, advised SA ARTHUR E. CARTER and Patrolman PRESTON C. SNOGA, Badge No. 34 of the Irving Police Department, that she recalled she was at home with her children on the entire evening of November 21, 1963, from 6:00 p.m. until they retired, and she said her home is located only three lots removed from the intersection of Peveto and Lindy Lane, and there are only two small vacant lots in the area, one directly across from Peveto on one side of Lindy Lane, and the other lot is on the Peveto side of Lindy Lane one lot removed from Peveto. She noted that both of these are small narrow lots and the area is densely populated with people in small low rent dwellings. She said she definitely did not hear anyone shooting on the night of November 21, 1963, and questioned other members of her family who also advised they did not hear any shots on that evening.

Mrs. ADAMS said that children often shoot air rifles and .22's in the oak trees in the area, but she does not recall any highpowered rifles being fired immediately adjacent to her residence and believes most of the shots are fired in fields about one and one-fourth to two miles away from her residence toward Nursery Street in Irving. She advised there was no one at home at 1126 Lindy Lane, and she did not know the names of any of the other residents in the immediate area.

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on 12/4/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

Date December 5, 1963

Mrs. [redacted], Rail Line Road, Cedar Hill, Texas, telephone number CY 8-4493, advised that she and her husband live on a farm located 3.7 miles from Cedar Hill toward Grand Prairie on the Belt Line Road.

On October 6, 1963, she was at her home preparing six-weeks tests, as she is a teacher at the Cedar Hill High School. Sometime between 1:00 and 2:00 P. M., on October 6, 1963, she heard someone fire a high caliber rifle in her pasture. She went to her kitchen window, and through the window two or three men were seen in her pasture. They have cattle in this pasture, and she was concerned that the persons might wound or kill some of the cattle. Her husband also was working in a field not too far from where the shooting was taking place. She got into her car and drove to where the men were. Two men were standing by a car, which was a 1957 black and white Chevrolet bearing Texas license. The third man was standing some distance away in the field with a rifle. She could not describe this rifle and did not know if it had a scope on it or not. She asked one of the men by the car if they had permission to hunt or shoot on the property. This man asked her what reason she had to ask such a question. She then told the man the property belonged to her, and since they had some cattle in the pasture she was afraid they might shoot them. This made the man with the rifle angry, and he walked back toward the car and made several nasty remarks which she cannot recall. At this time, the man by the car she had been talking to told the man with the rifle to keep quiet. The man by the car then told her he could understand her situation. She then advised them that she was leaving and if they did not leave she would call the police when she got to the house. She took the license number of the car and left; these three men left, and she did not call the police. After a check of the cattle revealed none of them had been shot, she threw away the license number. She cannot recall any part of this number.

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on 12/2/63 at Cedar Hill, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent HENRY J. OLIVER/gmf Date dictated 12/5/63

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Since thinking about this incident, and in view of the assassination of President KENNEDY with a rifle, she has wondered if this man with the rifle was OSWALD. She saw a photograph of OSWALD in the newspaper and stated that a side view of OSWALD does not look like this person. The full face photograph, however, she believes does resemble him. She was shown a photograph of RUBY, but she advised that RUBY was definitely not identical with any of the other persons. She stated the man by the car that she talked to was about 40 years of age, dark complexion, medium height and weight. She could not describe this person any further but believes she would know him if she were to see him again. She could not give any description of the other man by the car at all. The man with the rifle was a young white male of medium height and slender build.

Mrs. PENN stated that the field where the man was shooting has been plowed since the incident, and she did not feel there was any possibility that any of the shells could be located. She advised that she would return to the field where the incident took place and look carefully for any of the shells and would advise the results of this search.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

December 5, 1963

On December 4, 1963, Mrs. LOWELL T. FENN, Belt Line Road, Cedar Hill, Texas, advised that she had located one spent shell which had been fired in her pasture on October 6, 1963, by the man she thought might have been OSWALD. Mrs. FENN made this shell available.

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on 12/4/63 at Cedar Hill, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRETT/gmf DHB Date dictated 12/5/63

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The shell case available by Mrs. LOVELL T. PENN, Belt Line Road, Cedar Hill, Texas, was submitted to the FBI Laboratory on December 5, 1963.

DL 89-43
HJO:mam
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AT CEDAR HILL, TEXAS

On December 2, 1963, FRED WELLS, Highway 67 South, advised SA'S HENRY J. OLIVER and DAVID H. BARRY as follows:

WELLS stated that he is a student at the Cedar Hill Junior High School, and that he had read in the newspapers that LEE HARVEY OSWALD might have practiced with an Italian rifle which he owned prior to the assassination of the President. WELLS stated that on November 23, 1963, he was on a boy scout trip and visited a place near Cedar Hill which is used by local people for target practice purposes. This place is well known locally as Potters Tank, and those who practice there shoot into a high cliff adjacent to a large field.

On November 23, 1963, while at this spot, he found a 7.65 shell and stated this is the type of shell that is fired in the Italian rifle described in the paper. He advised the shell had a good shine and apparently had not been fired very long ago. WELLS made available this spent 7.65 shell.

Mr. JOHN OTTS, Assistant Shop Foreman, Cullum and Borem Company Gun Shop, 1509 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, on December 3, 1963, advised SA OLIVER that a 7.65 shell could not possibly be fired in the 6.5 rifle used in the assassination of President KENNEDY.

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DL 89-43
JWA/gm

ELWOOD C. AUSTIN, 402 West Grawyler Street, Irving, Texas, telephone BL 3-7976, on December 6, 1963, advised SA JAMES W. ANDERTON that he is a former police officer from Las Vegas and wished to furnish some information concerning a target range located near his house. Mr. AUSTIN stated that he definitely has not observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD at this range but thought it very possible he could have used the range in testing a rifle.

AUSTIN stated the range is actually an abandoned gravel pit and to reach the range one should drive west on Rock Island Road, past Beltline Road until Rock Island Road deadends at a washed-out bridge. He stated then one must walk approximately 150 yards southwest on a path to the gravel pit. He stated not many people know about this range, but that the times he has been out there several individuals have been firing both pistols and rifles. He stated the range is immediately south of the Greater Southwest Airport.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/6/63

BERT GLOVER, 3129 Williamsburg, Irving, Texas, employed as a barber at Irving, advised that on about Sunday, October 27, at 4:30 PM while hunting on the Trinity River bottom near Irving, he had heard three rifle shots in a burst in that area. He stated that he had seen no one whom he might associate with the shots and had no other information except that the shots appeared to have come from that area north of the railroad viaduct east of Irving and on the east side of the Trinity River. This area he said is approached from East 6th Street in Irving.

Mr. GLOVER stated that he was bringing this to the attention of the FBI inasmuch as he felt that it might assist in locating the area where LEE HARVEY OSWALD might have test fired his rifle.

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on 12/6/63 at Irving, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY/BJD Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/6/63

LLOYD A. NELSON, 6736 Putting Green Drive, Dallas, Texas, employed by Mutual of Omaha, 211 North Ervay Building, Dallas, Texas, advised that at about 10:15 on Friday morning, November 22, 1963, prior to the assassination he had observed a man wearing hunting gear and carrying a rifle crossing North Beckley in the general vicinity of 1026 North Beckley and in the general direction of the Humble Service Station located at the intersection of Beckley and Zangs Boulevard. He said he had no information which would associate this individual with the address 1026 North Beckley where it has been established that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had resided.

NELSON provided the following physical description of the individual whom he had observed:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	40 to 45
Height	6'
Weight	200
Build	Large
Hair	Blond
Complexion	Ruddy
Clothing	Khaki hunting pants of new appearance; a "shell" vest; carrying what appeared to be a new pair of olive green hip waders; carrying what appeared to be a rifle or possibly a shotgun - NELSON stated it could have been a shotgun.

NELSON said that he had observed this individual while driving and as he had turned on Beckley off Zangs travelling south, the man crossed the street in front of the NELSON vehicle.

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on 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY/BJD Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/6/63

Mrs. ~~ERLINE~~ EARLENE ROBERTS, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, who rented a room to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was interviewed concerning the report of LLOYD A. NELSON of 6736 Putting Green, Dallas, Texas, that he had seen a man wearing hunting gear and carrying a rifle or possibly a shotgun, walking across Beckley in the vicinity of 1026 North Beckley at about 10:15 AM on November 22, 1963, prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Mrs. ROBERTS advised that she had not observed such individual as had been seen by Mr. NELSON. She stated that there are none among the guests at 1026 North Beckley who have a rifle or a shotgun. She stated that she is certain of this as she regularly cleans the rooms for the tenants.

on 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY/BJD Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/6/63

Mrs. A. C. JOHNSON, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, who rented a room to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was interviewed concerning a report by LLOYD A. NELSON of 6736 Putting Green, Dallas, Texas, that he had seen a man wearing hunting gear and carrying a rifle possibly a shotgun walking across Beckley in the vicinity of 1026 North Beckley at about 10:15 AM on November 22, 1963, prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Mrs. JOHNSON stated that she had not observed such an individual and stated that none among the tenants at 1026 North Beckley are known to have a rifle or a shotgun. She stated that based on the physical description she could not otherwise associate a man seen by NELSON as a tenant at 1026 North Beckley.

on 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY/BJD Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

Deputy United States Marshal HENRY WHITE telephonically advised that Mrs. JOE BAILY BLACKWELL, 1210 Holly Glen Drive, Dallas, Texas, telephone FR 4-7177, informed that at night, approximately one week prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY, her sister and husband were driving in almost the exact spot where the President was shot, when a bullet entered the rear window of their automobile and lodged in the car. According to Mrs. BLACKWELL, this matter was reported to the Dallas Police Department.

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent [illegible] Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1 Dallas, Texas

Captain O. A. JONES, Forgery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised that he had supervised the investigation regarding a rumor that reportedly originated from Mrs. JOE BAILY BLACKWELL, 1210 Holly Glen Drive, Dallas, Texas, to the effect that during the nighttime, approximately one week prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY, her sister and husband were driving in almost the exact spot where the President was shot, when a bullet entered the rear window of their automobile and lodged in the car.

Captain JONES advised the results of the Dallas Police Department investigation conclusively established that this rumor was false.

Captain JONES stated his investigators had determined that the rumor was started by Mrs. BLACKWELL's sister, Mrs. LUTHER HOWLE, 910 Winters, phone WH 1-1429. Captain JONES advised that this rumor was traced through Mrs. HOWLE back to a Mrs. MARGARET LEATH, an employee of Western Union Office 2000 Main Street, Dallas, Texas, who upon interview stated that approximately five weeks ago, she was in the vicinity of the Continental Street underpass when the left side window of her car shattered. LEATH advised that there was no hole in the window glass that could have been caused by a bullet and a report was not made to the Police Department regarding said incident.

Captain JONES stated his investigators conducted an investigation of said car, a 1957 Rambler, and could find no evidence of a bullet having entered the car.

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON/rms Date dictated 12/3/63

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V. CRIME SCENE AND RELATED SEARCHES AND RESULTS OF FBI LABORATORY AND OTHER RELATED EXAMINATIONS
- A. AUTOPSY OF BODY OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
- B. WRAPPING PAPER IN SHAPE OF A LARGE BAG
- C. SHIRT OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD
- D. FBI LABORATORY EXAMINATIONS
- E. LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION, IDENTIFICATION DIVISION, FBI, EXAMINATIONS
- F. MISCELLANEOUS

A. AUTOPSY OF BODY OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

At approximately 3 p.m. on November 22, 1963, following the President's announced assassination, it was ascertained that Air Force One, the President's jet, was returning from Love Field, Dallas, Texas, flying the body back to Andrews Air Force Base, Camp Springs, Maryland. SAs FRANCIS X. O'NEILL, JR. and JAMES W. SIBERT proceeded to Andrews Air Force Base to handle any matters which would fall within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, inasmuch as it was anticipated that a large group of both military and civilian personnel assigned to the Base would congregate at Base Operations to witness the landing of this flight.

Lt. Col. ROBERT T. BEST, Director of Law Enforcement and Security, advised the President's plane would arrive at 5:25 p.m. Subsequently, Col. BEST advised that the plane would arrive at 6:05 p.m.

At approximately 5:55 p.m. agents were advised through the Hyattsville Resident Agency that the Bureau had instructed that the agents accompany the body to the National Naval Medical Center, Bethesda, Maryland, to stay with the body and to obtain bullets reportedly in the President's body.

Immediately agents contacted Mr. JAMES ROWLEY, the Director of the U. S. Secret Service, identified themselves and made Mr. ROWLEY aware of our aforementioned instruction. Immediately following the plane's landing, Mr. ROWLEY arranged seating for Bureau agents in the third car of the White House motorcade which followed the ambulance containing the President's body to the Naval Medical Center, Bethesda, Maryland.

On arrival at the Medical Center, the ambulance stopped in front of the main entrance, at which time Mrs. JACQUELINE KENNEDY and Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY embarked from the ambulance and entered the building. The ambulance was thereafter driven around to the rear entrance where the President's body was removed and taken into an autopsy room. Bureau agents assisted in the moving of the casket to the autopsy room. A tight security was immediately placed around the autopsy room by the Naval facility and the U. S. Secret Service. Bureau agents made contact with Mr. ROY KELLERMAN, the Assistant Secret Service Agent in Charge of the White House Detail, and advised him of the Bureau's interest in this matter.

On 11/22/63 at Bethesda, Maryland File # 89-30

by SAs FRANCIS X. O'NEILL, JR.; JAMES W. SIBERT : dfl Date dictated 11/26/63

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He advised that he had already received instructions from Director ROWLEY as to the presence of Bureau agents. It will be noted that aforementioned Bureau agents, Mr. ROY KELLERMAN, Mr. WILLIAM GREER and Mr. WILLIAM O'LEARY, Secret Service agents, were the only personnel other than medical personnel present during the autopsy.

The following individuals attended the autopsy:

Adm. C. B. HOLLOWAY, U. S. Navy, Commanding Officer of the U. S. Naval Medical Center, Bethesda;

Adm. BERKLEY, U. S. Navy, the President's personal physician;

Commander JAMES J. HUMES, Chief Pathologist, Bethesda Naval Hospital, who conducted autopsy;

Capt. JAMES H. STONER, JR., Commanding Officer, U. S. Naval Medical School, Bethesda;

Mr. JOHN T. STRINGER, JR., Medical photographer;

JAMES H. EBERSOLE;

LLOYD E. RAIHE;

J. T. BOZWELL;

J. G. RUDNICKI;

PAUL K. O'CONNOR;

J. C. JENKINS;

JERROL F. CRESTER;

EDWARD F. REED;

JAMES METZLER.

During the course of the autopsy, Lt. Col. P. FINCK, U. S. Army Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, arrived to assist Commander HUMES in the autopsy. In addition, Lt. Cmdr. GREGG CROSS and Captain DAVID OSBORNE, Chief of Surgery, entered the autopsy room.

Major General WEHLE, Commanding Officer of U. S. Military District, Washington, D.C., entered the autopsy room to ascertain from the Secret Service arrangements concerning the

transportation of the President's body back to the White House. ADC CHESTER H. BOYERS, U. S. Navy, visited the autopsy room during the final stages of such to type receipts given by FBI and Secret Service for items obtained.

At the termination of the autopsy, the following personnel from Gawler's Funeral Home entered the autopsy room to prepare the President's body for burial:

JOHN VAN HAESEN
EDWIN STROBLE
THOMAS ROBINSON
Mr. HAGEN

Brigidier General GODFREY McHUGH, Air Force Military Aide to the President, was also present, as was Dr. GEORGE BAKEMAN, U. S. Navy.

Arrangements were made for the performance of the autopsy by the U. S. Navy and Secret Service.

The President's body was removed from the casket in which it had been transported and was placed on the autopsy table, at which time the complete body was wrapped in a sheet and the head area contained an additional wrapping which was saturated with blood. Following the removal of the wrapping, it was ascertained that the President's clothing had been removed and it was also apparent that a tracheotomy had been performed, as well as surgery of the head area, namely, in the top of the skull. All personnel with the exception of medical officers needed in the taking of photographs and X-Rays were requested to leave the autopsy room and remain in an adjacent room.

Upon completion of X-Rays and photographs, the first incision was made at 8:15 p.m. X-Rays of the brain area which were developed and returned to the autopsy room disclosed a path of a missile which appeared to enter the back of the skull and the path of the disintegrated fragments could be observed along the right side of the skull. The largest section of this missile as portrayed by X-Ray appeared to be behind the right frontal sinus. The next largest fragment appeared to be at the rear of the skull at the juncture of the skull bone.

The Chief Pathologist advised approximately 40 particles of disintegrated bullet and smudges indicated that the projectile had fragmentized while passing through the skull region.

BA 89-30
FXO/JWS:dfl
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During the autopsy inspection of the area of the brain, two fragments of metal were removed by Dr. HUMES, namely, one fragment measuring 7 x 2 millimeters, which was removed from the right side of the brain. An additional fragment of metal measuring 1 x 3 millimeters was also removed from this area, both of which were placed in a glass jar containing a black metal top which were thereafter marked for identification and following the signing of a proper receipt were transported by Bureau agents to the FBI Laboratory.

During the latter stages of this autopsy, Dr. HUMES located an opening which appeared to be a bullet hole which was below the shoulders and two inches to the right of the middle line of the spinal column.

This opening was probed by Dr. HUMES with the finger, at which time it was determined that the trajectory of the missile entering at this point had entered at a downward position of 45 to 60 degrees. Further probing determined that the distance travelled by this missile was a short distance inasmuch as the end of the opening could be felt with the finger.

Inasmuch as no complete bullet of any size could be located in the brain area and likewise no bullet could be located in the back or any other area of the body as determined by total body X-Rays and inspection revealing there was no point of exit, the individuals performing the autopsy were at a loss to explain why they could find no bullets.

A call was made by Bureau agents to the Firearms Section of the FBI Laboratory, at which time SA CHARLES L. KILLION advised that the Laboratory had received through Secret Service Agent RICHARD JOHNSON a bullet which had reportedly been found on a stretcher in the emergency room of Parkland Hospital, Dallas, Texas. This stretcher had also contained a stethescope and pair of rubber gloves. Agent JOHNSON had advised the Laboratory that it had not been ascertained whether or not this was the stretcher which had been used to transport the body of President KENNEDY. Agent KILLION further described this bullet as pertaining to a 6.5 millimeter rifle which would be approximately a 25 caliber rifle and that this bullet consisted of a copper alloy full jacket.

Immediately following receipt of this information, this was made available to Dr. HUMES who advised that in his opinion this accounted for no bullet being located which had entered

the back region and that since external cardiac massage had been performed at Parkland Hospital, it was entirely possible that through such movement the bullet had worked its way back out of the point of entry and had fallen on the stretcher.

Also during the latter stages of the autopsy, a piece of the skull measuring 10 x 6.5 centimeters was brought to Dr. HUMES who was instructed that this had been removed from the President's skull. Immediately this section of skull was X-Rayed, at which time it was determined by Dr. HUMES that one corner of this section revealed minute metal particles and inspection of this same area disclosed a chipping of the top portion of this piece, both of which indicated that this had been the point of exit of the bullet entering the skull region.

On the basis of the latter two developments, Dr. HUMES stated that the pattern was clear that the one bullet had entered the President's back and had worked its way out of the body during external cardiac massage and that a second high velocity bullet had entered the rear of the skull and had fragmentized prior to exit through the top of the skull. He further pointed out that X-Rays had disclosed numerous fractures in the cranial area which he attributed to the force generated by the impact of the bullet in its passage through the brain area. He attributed the death of the President to a gunshot wound in the head.

The following is a complete listing of photographs and X-Rays taken by the medical authorities of the President's body. They were turned over to Mr. ROY KELLERMAN of the Secret Service. X-Rays were developed by the hospital, however, the photographs were delivered to Secret Service undeveloped:

11 X-Rays
22 4 x 5 color photographs
18 4 x 5 black and white photographs
1 roll of 120 film containing five exposures

Mr. KELLERMAN stated these items could be made available to the FBI upon request. The portion of the skull measuring 10 x 6.5 centimeters was maintained in the custody of Dr. HUMES who stated that it also could be made available for further examination. The two metal fragments removed from the brain area were hand carried by SAs SIBERT and O'NEILL to the FBI Laboratory immediately following the autopsy and were turned over to SA KURT FRAZIER.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/29/63

Mr. GERALD A. BEHN, Special Agent in Charge, White House Detail, United States Secret Service, was interviewed at his office and advised that during the President's visit to the State of Texas, then Vice President JOHNSON would always arrive at the next city to be visited ahead of the President and would join the party awaiting the President's arrival. This was accomplished by the use of two Jets; Air Force I, which carried the President; and Air Force II, carrying the Vice President. On departing from a city, Air Force I would first take off followed by Air Force II which would thereafter pass Air Force I in flight, cruising at a faster speed, thus allowing the Vice President to arrive prior to the President and be with the greeting party. D.C.

Mr. BEHN was questioned concerning the section of the President's skull, which was brought to the National Navy Medical Center at Bethesda, Maryland after the autopsy was in progress. He advised that this section, which was measured by the Doctor performing the autopsy as being 10 x 6.5 centimeters, was found in the Presidential car on the floor between the front and rear seats. He further related that two fragments of bullets had also been found in this vehicle in the front of the car and that the windshield had been cracked by the impact of one of these fragments.

BEHN was likewise questioned concerning the location of a bullet which had been found on a stretcher at Parkland Hospital in Dallas and which had been turned over by the Secret Service to an Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for delivery to the FBI Laboratory. He stated that on learning of such a bullet being found at the Dallas Hospital he inquired of a group of his Agents who had returned from the Dallas trip on the night of November 22, 1963, and Secret Service Agent RICHARD JOHNSEN produced this bullet which had been handed to him by someone at the hospital who had stated that it was not known whether or not the President had been placed on the stretcher where the bullet was found.

On 11/27/63 at Washington, D.C. File # BA 89-30

by SAs JAMES W. SIBERT & FRANCIS X. O'NEILL, JR.;mk Date dictated 11/27/63

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Mr. BEHN advised that the undeveloped photographs and x-rays made during the course of the autopsy conducted at the National Naval Medical Center, Bethesda, Maryland, are in the custody of Mr. BOB BOUCK, Protective Research Section, United States Secret Service and could be made available to the Federal Bureau of Investigation on request.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

At 8:50 p.m., Mr. JAMES ROWLEY, Chief, United States Secret Service, gave to SA ELMER LEE TODD an envelope containing a bullet. This envelope and its contents were taken directly to the FBI Laboratory and delivered to SA ROBERT A. FRAZIER. The envelope was opened and initials of both SA TODD and FRAZIER were etched on the nose of the bullet for identification purposes.

On 11/22/63 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 89-75

by SA ELMER LEE TODD:mpc Date dictated 11/26/63

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B. WRAPPING PAPER IN SHAPE OF A LARGE BAG

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Captain WILL FRITZ, Dallas, Texas Police Department, advised that he talked with BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER and FRAZIER described the sack as about two feet in length, and of brown paper. He advised that FRAZIER stated it was long enough to have contained curtain rods. FRITZ asked FRAZIER if the curtain rods could have been heavy enough to have the same weight as the rifle. FRAZIER stated the sack was large enough that it could have contained enough curtain rods to weigh the same as a rifle.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:DL Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Detective R. D. LEWIS, polygraph operator, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, stated that he ran a polygraph of BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, and while he was running the polygraph, FRAZIER was shown what appeared to be a homemade brown heavy paper gun case. He stated that FRAZIER said that it was possible that this was the case, but he did not think that it resembled it. He stated that the crinkly brown paper sack that OSWALD had when he rode to work with him that morning was about two feet long. (LEWIS refers to the brown, heavy paper gun case. LEWIS refers to the paper in this manner because of the fact that the Dallas Police Department is of the opinion the brown, heavy paper was used by OSWALD to carry the rifle into the building where he was working. The paper referred to by LEWIS is not a gun case at all.)

Detective LEWIS stated that if this was not identical with the sack that was turned over to the Bureau, it is possible that OSWALD may have thrown it away. The police have turned over everything that they have in the Crime Laboratory to SA DRAIN. This has been stated by Captain GEORGE DOUGHTY, Head of the Crime Laboratory, Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory, and R. D. LEWIS, polygraph operator in the Crime Laboratory. These individuals state that as far as they know, the paper sack of the type described by FRAZIER was not recovered by the Police Department. It is possible, but improbable, that it was recovered by the Homicide Bureau. If so, they do not know anything about it in the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. J. DRAIN:BL/gm Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

On this date, Special Agents ODUM and MC NEELY went to the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) building, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, where R. E. TRULY, an employee of TSBD made available paper and tape in the shipping area of TSBD on the first floor. He advised that while LEE HARVEY OSWALD was an employee of TSBD from October 16, 1963, to November 22, 1963, he had access to this area.

The paper he made available was described as sixty-pound paper, 24 inches wide, and he stated this is used in all wrapping at TSBD. The tape he made available is gummed, brown paper tape, three inches wide, made on sixty-pound paper stock. He stated that all paper and tape are ordered from the same sources and the suppliers for all tape and paper used in TSBD since October 16, 1963, are the same sources.

Using the original paper sack found at the window on the sixth floor of TSBD, November 22, 1963, from which the shots killing President JOHN F. KENNEDY were apparently fired, a replica sack was made in the same manner as the original had apparently been made, to the same dimensions, and using the paper and tape provided by Mr. TRULY.

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on 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM:mja
GIBBON E. MC NEELY Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

1

RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, examined a replica sack made by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM and GIBBON E. MC NEELY on December 1, 1963, at the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) Building, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, from paper and tape available in the shipping room on the first floor of that building. It was made to the dimensions and in the same manner as the original sack found on the sixth floor of that same building on November 22, 1963, by the window from which the shots causing the death of President JOHN F. KENNEDY were fired. The original sack was also shown to Mrs. PAINE.

Mrs. PAINE advised that she does not recall seeing LEE OSWALD in possession of any sack resembling either of these sacks, nor does she recall seeing him in possession of paper or tape of the type used on either of these sacks.

She advised that she does not recall seeing any paper or tape of the same type used in either sack in her home, and does not believe she ever had such. She produced two small rolls of gummed paper tape, and samples were taken of each.

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on 12/1/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM AND GIBBON E. MC NEELY:mjm Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER was interviewed at his home, 2439 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, telephone BL 3-8965, and furnished the following information:

On November 21, 1963, sometime before noon, the exact time unrecalled to him, FRAZIER was approached by LEE OSWALD on the first floor of the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) Building, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, where both were employed. They were standing toward the north side of the building near the stairs that lead to the basement. OSWALD asked FRAZIER if he could ride home with him that night, and FRAZIER told him he could but asked why he wanted to ride, since he usually rode home with FRAZIER on Friday nights, returning on Monday mornings. OSWALD replied that he wanted to get some curtain rods in Irving and take them to his room in Oak Cliff.

At about 4:45 PM, on November 21, 1963, FRAZIER and OSWALD departed the TSBD Building, walked to FRAZIER's car and drove to Irving. OSWALD did not have a package and was not carrying anything with him at that time. As FRAZIER recalls, OSWALD was wearing a reddish shirt and a grey jacket, waist length. Very little was said on the way home by OSWALD, and FRAZIER is unable to recall comments made by him. He let OSWALD off at 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, where OSWALD's wife was living. He did not see OSWALD again that night.

At about 7:20 AM, November 22, 1963, FRAZIER recalls that OSWALD looked in the kitchen window at FRAZIER's home and waited outside the house until FRAZIER joined him to go to work. This was within a period of about 5 minutes from the time OSWALD first appeared.

FRAZIER went to his car, entered the left front door, while OSWALD entered the right front door, both getting into the front seat. As he started to drive out of the yard, FRAZIER glanced back and noticed a long package, light brown in color, lying on the back of the rear seat and extending from approximately the right rear door to about the center

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on 12/1/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM AND GIBBON E. MC NEELY: mam Date dictated 12/2/63

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of the seat. He stated that he only glanced at this package, at the time, over his shoulder and said something to OSWALD about the package, and OSWALD explained that it was curtain rods. FRAZIER then remarked to OSWALD, "Oh, yes, you said you were going to get some curtain rods yesterday."

FRAZIER designated an approximate spot on the back seat where he felt the package extended to from the right rear door and measurement by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM and GIBBON E. MC NEELY determined that this spot was 27 inches from the inside of the right rear door, indicating that FRAZIER estimates that as the length of the package.

FRAZIER stated that he and OSWALD drove to work, and he parked the car about two blocks north of the TSBD Building. OSWALD got out of the car first, and FRAZIER noticed him standing to the rear of the car at the time FRAZIER was about to get out of the front seat. As OSWALD turned to walk south toward the TSBD Building, FRAZIER observed that OSWALD had this package under his right arm, one end of the package being under his armpit and the other end apparently held with his right fingers. OSWALD then walked toward the building with his back to FRAZIER and continued in front of FRAZIER for the entire distance, possibly 200 or 300 yards. FRAZIER followed at a slower pace than OSWALD, watching some welders working on the railroad track. By the time OSWALD reached the TSBD Building, he was at least 50 feet ahead of FRAZIER, and when FRAZIER entered the building he did not see OSWALD and does not know where he went. He did not subsequently see him with the package again.

FRAZIER stated that when he saw this package under the arm of OSWALD, he reached the conclusion that the package was wrapped in a cheap, crinkly, thin paper sack, such as that provided by Five and Ten Cent Stores.

He stated that now upon reflecting upon this matter, he realizes that he reached this conclusion when he observed the package under OSWALD's arm as OSWALD was turned with his back toward him. FRAZIER indicated the approximate closest distance that OSWALD was to FRAZIER with the package under his arm, and this was found to be approximately 12 feet by Special Agent ODUM.

Special Agent ODUM placed the replica sack under his right armpit, and FRAZIER demonstrated how much of the package he could see. When this was completed to FRAZIER's satisfaction, Special Agent MC NEELY measured the part of the package visible, and it was found to measure 9" x 1".

The replica sack was made on December 1, 1963, at the TSBD Building by Special Agents ODUM and MC NEELY from 24-inch-wide wrapping paper found in the shipping area of the TSBD Building and 4-inch-wide gummed paper tape from the same area. The replica was made to the dimensions of the original which was available for reference. The original is the sack found near the sixth floor window of the TSBD Building on November 22, 1963, following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

FRAZIER advised after viewing the replica sack under the arm of Special Agent ODUM, that he now realizes that his conclusion that the sack was thin, crinkly paper, of the type used by Five and Ten Cent Stores, was based to a considerable extent upon the fact that the color of the sack was a very light brown as compared with the type of dark brown paper used for heavier grocery sacks. He noted that the color of the replica sack was the same color as the package which he had seen in possession of OSWALD on the morning of November 22, 1963.

FRAZIER examined the original found by the sixth floor window of the TSBD Building on November 22, 1963, and

stated that if that sack was originally the color of the replica sack, it could have been the sack or package which he saw in the possession of OSWALD on the morning of November 22, 1963, but that he does not feel he is in a position to definitely state that this original is or is not the sack.

FRAZIER indicated on the replica sack the estimated width of the package in possession of OSWALD on the morning of November 22, 1963, and this was found to be an approximate width of 6 inches.

FRAZIER recalls that at some time, probably on the way to work on the morning of November 22, 1963, OSWALD told him that he would not be going to Irving, Texas, on Friday night, November 22, 1963. He could recall no other conversation by OSWALD except that on the way to work that morning, he mentioned to OSWALD that he probably had a good time playing with his children, and OSWALD said that he did.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

LINNIE MAE RANDLE, 2439 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, telephone BL 3-8965, furnished the following information:

On the morning of November 22, 1963, at approximately 7:10 AM to 7:15 AM, LINNIE MAE RANDLE was standing at her sink in the kitchen looking out the window, when she saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD walking diagonally across Westbrook Street toward the back yard of her house. Westbrook Street borders her home on the west, and OSWALD was proceeding from Fifth Street diagonally across Westbrook in a northeasterly direction. She noticed that he was walking west, and he came across the street toward the carport which adjoins the kitchen. She opened the back door a slight bit to see what he was doing and saw him go to the far side of her brother's car, which was parked just north of the carport and headed in an easterly direction toward Westbrook Street. She noticed OSWALD opened the right rear door of the car, and presuming he was getting in the car, she turned back to the sink after hearing the car door shut. She then looked up out the window and saw him looking in the window at her from the outside. She was startled and somewhat irritated and called to her brother, BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, that OSWALD was waiting to ride to work with him.

Mrs. RANDLE stated that at the time she saw OSWALD walking across the street, he was carrying a long package wrapped in brown paper or a brown sack in his right hand. It appeared to contain something heavy. She stated that it was long but did not touch the ground as he walked across the street.

She examined a replica of the sack made by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM and GIBBON E. MC NEELY on December 1, 1963, from 24-inch-wide brown wrapping paper with 4-inch gummed brown paper tape, from the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) Building shipping room area at 411 Elm Street, Dallas. She stated that this was the same kind of paper that made up the sack or package that she saw OSWALD carrying and was the same heavy grade of paper, since she recalls noting that there

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on 12/1/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM AND GIBBON E. MC NEELY: mam Date dictated 12/2/63

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was something heavy in the sack when she saw it, and it was the same color paper as the sack she had seen on the morning of November 22, 1963.

She was shown the original paper sack which had been found by the sixth floor window of the TSBD Building, where empty cartridge cases were found and from which the shots were apparently fired that killed President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963. She stated that if that original sack was previously the same color as the replica sack, that the original sack could have been the one which she saw OSWALD carrying on the morning of November 22, 1963.

The action of OSWALD walking across Westbrook Street was re-enacted by Special Agent MC NEELY, carrying the replica sack with three scraps of wood in it to simulate weight until Mrs. RANDLE designated the proper path and the proper length of the sack as seen by her on November 22, 1963. The replica was shortened by folding the open top down to reach the desired length. Then, in accordance with Mrs. RANDLE's observations, Special Agent MC NEELY grasped the top of this sack with his hand, much like a right handed batter would pick up a baseball bat when approaching the plate. When the proper length of the sack was reached according to Mrs. RANDLE's estimate, it was measured and found to be 27 inches long. She demonstrated the width of the sack as it appeared to her, noting that it did have something bulky in it originally. Her designation on the replica sack was found to be 8½ inches for the width of the original package she had seen OSWALD carrying.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1.

DANNY GARCIA ARCE, residing 1502 Bennett, employed as order filler, Texas School Book Depository, Elm and Houston Streets, said he arrived for work between 8 a.m. and 8:05 a.m., November 22, 1963, and when he first came to the Texas School Book Depository on that morning he, on the first floor of the building, observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD around the book racks. OSWALD had arrived ahead of him and, therefore, ARCE did not have an opportunity to observe OSWALD when he reported for duty the morning of November 22, 1963.

When first observed on the above date, OSWALD was not carrying any paper bag or sack, nor had ARCE on the previous day observed OSWALD carrying any paper bag or sack.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/rms Date dictated 12/3/63

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C. SHIRT OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

Mrs. MARY E. BLEDSOE, 621 North Marsalis, Dallas, Texas, at which address LEE HARVEY OSWALD formerly resided, was exhibited a dark rust colored shirt alleged to have been worn by LEE HARVEY OSWALD on the day of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963. Mrs. BLEDSOE recalled the incident when she saw OSWALD on a Dallas street bus on that date. When the shirt was removed from an envelope in which it was contained, Mrs. BLEDSOE at first said, "No, no. That is not the shirt." She then inquired as to whether the shirt had a ragged elbow. Upon further examination of the shirt, she observed a hole in the right elbow of the shirt, at which time she quickly stated, "Yes, yes. This is the shirt."

Mrs. BLEDSOE qualified her first answer that this was not the shirt by stating she seemed to recall the shirt she observed OSWALD wearing on November 22, 1963 was more dirty in appearance. She said when she observed the ragged elbow on the shirt, she was positive this was the shirt OSWALD was wearing when she saw him on the bus. She stated she is positive he was wearing a long sleeve shirt of the same dark appearance as the shirt she observed at her residence on December 4, 1963. She stated OSWALD was not wearing a jacket or coat when she saw him on the bus on November 22, 1963. She stated the shirt she saw him wearing was of a brown or dark brown color.

Mrs. BLEDSOE again stated she observed OSWALD as he entered the bus and paid the bus driver. She stated she was seated on one of the side seats opposite the driver, and when she observed OSWALD looking so dirty and disheveled, she turned her head away from him not wishing to converse

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent & CARL T. BROWN, Jr. and ROBERT P. BUTLER/rms Date dictated 12/4/63

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with him. She stated she recognized him immediately as he entered the bus as being a former tenant at her house at 621 North Marsalis. She stated her first impression was that the left sleeve on OSWALD's shirt was the sleeve that had the ragged elbow; however, she was not positive. She stated she again observed OSWALD as he passed in front of her to leave the bus after the bus had moved a short distance down the street.

Mrs. BLEDSOE said she did note OSWALD had his shirttail tucked into his pants and that his pants were ragged around the top.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, residence 2435 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, employment Texas School Book Depository (TSBD), advised that during the period LEE HARVEY OSWALD was employed by the TSBD, OSWALD rode with him on several occasions to and from Irving, Texas. He stated that on November 22, 1963, OSWALD had ridden with him from Irving, Texas, to the TSBD. FRAZIER advised that he did not pay any attention as to what type of clothing OSWALD was wearing; however, he felt certain that OSWALD was wearing a jacket on this date.

FRAZIER was shown a rust brown sport shirt with a hole in the right sleeve at the elbow, which, according to the arresting officers, was being worn by OSWALD at the time of his arrest on November 22, 1963. FRAZIER was unable to identify this shirt as having been worn by OSWALD on November 22, 1963.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents VERNON MITCHELL AND JOHN T. KESLER: mam Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

ROY S. TRULY, 4932 Jade Drive, Dallas, Texas, Superintendent, Texas School Book Depository (TSBD), 411 Elm Street, Dallas, advised that to the best of his recollection, on November 22, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was wearing either a white tee-shirt or a light colored shirt and light trousers. He stated that most of the employees usually worked in their tee-shirts, and that there was a small room on the first floor of the TSBD where the employees could smoke, play dominoes and hang up their shirts and coats.

Mr. TRULY was shown a rust brown sport shirt with a hole in the right sleeve at the elbow, which, according to the arresting officers, was being worn by OSWALD at the time he was arrested on November 22, 1963. TRULY stated that the shirt looked familiar to him but as previously stated he believes that OSWALD was wearing light clothing and had on a white tee-shirt or a light colored sport shirt.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents VERNON MITCHELL AND JOHN T. KELLEY: wam Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

CHARLES DOUGLAS GIVENS, 2511 Cochran Street, advised that he was employed by the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD), Houston and Elm Streets, Dallas, Texas, from October 1, 1963, to date. GIVENS stated that on November 22, 1963, he saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the TSBD, and to the best of his recollection OSWALD was wearing a long sleeve sport shirt, brown in color. He stated that on occasions, he had seen OSWALD wearing a tee-shirt.

GIVENS was shown a rust brown sport shirt with a hole in the right sleeve at the elbow, which, according to the arresting officers, was being worn by OSWALD at the time of his arrest on November 22, 1963. GIVENS stated the above-described sport shirt appeared to be similar to the one OSWALD was wearing on November 22, 1963, but that he could not state definitely that this was the shirt.

on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents VERNON MITCHEM AND JOHN T. KESLER:mam Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

JAMES JARMAN, 3942 Atlanta, advised that he is currently employed with the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD), 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, and that he knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD only casually through their mutual employment with TSBD. JARMAN advised that he could not recall what type of clothing OSWALD was wearing on November 22, 1963, but that OSWALD usually worked in a white tee-shirt. He stated there was a "dressing room" on the first floor of the TSBD where the employees could change their clothing or leave their shirts when they commenced work or during working hours. He said that when OSWALD worked in a tee-shirt, OSWALD usually had a regular shirt in the dressing room.

JARMAN was shown a rust brown sport shirt with a hole in the right sleeve at the elbow, which, according to the arresting officers, was being worn by OSWALD at the time of his arrest on November 22, 1963. JARMAN stated that the above-described shirt was vaguely familiar, but he could not recall if this shirt was worn by OSWALD on November 22, 1963.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents VERNON MICHAM AND JOHN T. KESLER: mam Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

LINNIE MAE RANDLE, 2439 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, telephone PL 3-8965, advised that she is the sister of BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, who is employed by the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) and resides at her residence. She said that she met LEE HARVEY OSWALD through her brother and has known OSWALD and his wife for approximately seven weeks.

On the morning of November 22, 1963, Mrs. RANDLE stated that she looked out of a window of her residence and observed OSWALD walking up her driveway, and to the best of her recollection OSWALD was wearing a tan shirt and grey jacket.

Mrs. RANDLE was shown a rust brown sport shirt with a hole in the right sleeve at the elbow, which, according to the arresting officers, was being worn by OSWALD at the time of his arrest on November 22, 1963. Mrs. RANDLE stated that the above-described shirt does not look familiar to her, that OSWALD could have been wearing this shirt, but she believes that the shirt OSWALD was wearing on the morning of November 22, 1963, was a solid color and light.

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on 12/5/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents VERNON MITCHUM AND JOHN T. KNOLER: mam Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/5/63

Mrs. R. A. REID, Clerical Supervisor, Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) Building, Houston and Elm Streets, Dallas, advised that on November 22, 1963, she was observing the Presidential Motorcade moving down Elm Street from a position in front of the TSBD Building, and shortly after the shooting of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY by an unknown person, she proceeded back to her office on the second floor of the TSBD. As she entered the office, she observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD, whose name she did not know at the time, but whom she had previously seen, and whose name she later ascertained from newspaper publicity, coming from the back hallway which is used as an aisleway between the warehouse and the clerical offices. OSWALD was carrying a coca cola in his right hand.

Mrs. REID stated that to the best of her recollection, OSWALD was wearing a white tee-shirt and a pair of pants, color unknown. She stated that she had never seen OSWALD wear a regular shirt.

Mrs. REID was shown a rust brown sport shirt with a hole in the right sleeve at the elbow, which, according to arresting officers, was being worn by OSWALD at the time of his arrest on November 22, 1963. She said that she could not recall ever seeing this shirt before and was certain that OSWALD did not have this shirt on at the time she saw him on November 22, 1963.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VERNON MITCHEM AND JOHN T. KESLER: mam Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

BONNIE RAY WILLIAMS, residence 1502 Avenue B, Apartment B, employed at the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD); advised that to the best of his recollection, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was wearing a grey corduroy pair of pants and a greyish looking sport shirt with long sleeves on November 22, 1963.

WILLIAMS was shown a rust brown sport shirt with a hole in the right sleeve at the elbow, which, according to the arresting officers, was being worn by OSWALD at the time of his arrest on November 22, 1963. WILLIAMS was unable to identify this shirt and could not recall ever seeing OSWALD either wearing this shirt or a shirt similar in appearance.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S VERNON MITCHEM AND JOHN T. KESLER: mam Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

1

On the afternoon of November 22, 1963, as LEE HARVEY OSWALD was being removed from the Texas Theater by police officers, I had occasion to view him. I distinctly remember that he was wearing either a white or extremely light colored shirt and dark trousers. This observation was made outside the theater while officers escorted him from the theater entrance to a waiting police car. There were several officers around OSWALD, and my only definite recollection is of the color of his clothing. Subject was not wearing a hat at this time.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent GARY S. WILSON/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 4, 1963

On December 4, 1963, one brown shirt in color, which shirt had been previously obtained from Captain GEORGE M. DOUGHTY and Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, and which shirt had been examined by the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963, was exhibited on this day to the following individual:

RAY HAWKINS stated, after viewing this shirt on December 4, 1963, that this was positively the shirt that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was wearing at the time he was arrested on November 22, 1963, following the shooting of Officer J. D. TIPPIT of the Dallas Police Department.

HAWKINS stated that he was a patrolman with the Dallas Police Department and participated in the arrest of OSWALD on November 22, 1963. HAWKINS related that he accompanied OSWALD to the office of Captain WILL FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department and that at no time was this shirt removed from OSWALD until he was turned over to Captain WILL FRITZ in the Homicide Bureau at the headquarters of the Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/gmf Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 4, 1963

On December 4, 1963, one brown shirt in color, which shirt had been previously obtained from Captain GEORGE M. DOUGHTY and Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, and which shirt had been examined by the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963, was exhibited on this day to the following individual:

Captain W. R. WESTBROOK of the Dallas Police Department after viewing this shirt on December 4, 1963, stated he "is fairly certain" that this is the same shirt that he saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD wearing at the time of his arrest on November 22, 1963.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/gmf Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 4, 1963

On December 4, 1963, one brown shirt in color, which shirt had been previously obtained from Captain GEORGE M. DOUGHTY and Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, and which shirt had been examined by the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963, was exhibited on this day to the following individual:

Lieutenant PAUL BENTLEY of the Dallas Police Department stated that he was at the scene of the arrest of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, following the shooting of Officer J. D. TIPPIT of the Dallas Police Department. BENTLEY stated that he observed OSWALD wearing this shirt and that this shirt was worn by OSWALD all during the time of his arrest, subsequent to his arrest, and transportation to the Homicide Bureau of the Dallas Police Department and turned over to Captain WILL FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department.

BENTLEY stated that he accompanied OSWALD to the Dallas Police Department after his arrest where he was released to Captain WILL FRITZ, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 4, 1963

On December 4, 1963, one brown shirt in color, which shirt had been previously obtained from Captain GEORGE M. DOUGHTY and Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, and which shirt had been examined by the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963, was exhibited on this day to the following individual:

BOB K. CARROLL, an officer of the Dallas Police Department, stated that upon seeing this shirt on December 4, 1963, that this was the shirt that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was wearing at the time he apprehended him on November 22, 1963, following the shooting of Dallas police officer J. D. TIPPIT. CARROLL states that he accompanied OSWALD, after the arrest, to the Homicide Bureau of the Dallas Police Department, namely, to the office of Captain WILL FRITZ. At no time was this shirt removed from OSWALD and he was wearing this shirt at the time OSWALD was turned over to Captain WILL FRITZ on November 22, 1963.

on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/vmc Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 4, 1963

On December 4, 1963, one brown shirt in color, which shirt had been previously obtained from Captain GEORGE M. DOUGHTY and Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, and which shirt had been examined by the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963, was exhibited on this day to the following individual:

Captain WILL FRITZ, Homicide Bureau of the Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, was exhibited this shirt on December 4, 1963. Captain FRITZ stated that he could positively state that this was the same shirt that OSWALD was wearing at the time he was brought to his office by the arresting officers of the Dallas Police Department following LEE HARVEY OSWALD's arrest on November 22, 1963.

FRITZ stated that OSWALD in an interview told him on November 22, 1963, that he had changed his trousers that day but had not changed his shirt that day prior to his arrest by the Dallas Police Department on the afternoon of November 22, 1963. FRITZ related, however, that on the following day, November 23, 1963, OSWALD claimed that he had changed his entire clothing.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/emf Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 4, 1963

On December 4, 1963, one brown shirt in color, which shirt had been previously obtained from Captain GEORGE M. DOUGHTY and Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, and which shirt had been examined by the FBI Laboratory on November 23, 1963, was exhibited on this day to the following individual:

Detective JAMES R. LEAVELLE, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, was exhibited this shirt on December 4, 1963. Detective LEAVELLE stated that he could positively state that this shirt is the same shirt that he observed on LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the time he was brought by the arresting officer to the office of Captain WILL FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/gmf Date dictated 12/4/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/4/63

Detective PAY M. TURNER, Dallas Police Department, was shown a faded brown long-sleeve shirt which was included among material received from the Dallas Police Department, November 26, 1963, as having been seized by search warrant from the room of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 1026 North Beckley Street, Dallas, on November 22, 1963.

Detective TURNER identified this shirt as being the shirt that he personally seized by search warrant from LEE HARVEY OSWALD's room, 1026 North Beckley Street, Dallas, on November 22, 1963, in the presence of Detective WALTER E. POTTS and District Attorney BILL ALEXANDER.

on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 100-10461

by Special Agent WARREN C. DE BRUEYS: mam Date dictated 12/4/63

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D. FBI LABORATORY EXAMINATIONS

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

WILLIAM EARLE ODOM, Director, Office of News Service, Department of Defense, Room 2E757, Pentagon, made available to Special Agent (SA) EDWARD C. PALMER from the personnel file of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Marine Serial Number 1653230, the original of two handwritten letters by LEE OSWALD addressed to JOHN B. CONNALLY, Secretary of Navy, Fort Worth, Texas, dated January 30, 1962, and a letter addressed to R. McC. TOMPKINS, Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps, Assistant Director of Personnel, dated March 22, 1962. Both letters were signed LEE H. OSWALD with the return address Minsk, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Both letters were hand-delivered to SA JAMES C. CADIGAN, Document Section, FBI Laboratory, by SA PALMER.

On 11/23/63 at Washington, D.C. File # WFO 89-75

by SA EDWARD C. PALMER:elw Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

Captain ROBERT W. DREWELOW, U.S. Navy, Duty Officer, Navy Flag Plot Room, Department of Defense, Room 4D-624, Pentagon, made available to Special Agent (SA) EDWARD C. PALMER the entire file of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Marine Serial Number 1653230, of the Navy Discharge Review Board, Case Number 8812, containing handwritten letters of OSWALD.

The entire file was hand-delivered to SA JAMES C. CADIGAN, Document Section, FBI Laboratory, by SA PALMER.

On 11/23/63 at Washington, D.C. File # WFO 89-75

by SA EDWARD C. PALMER:elw Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

An original passport application, executed and signed by LEE H. OSWALD, which includes a photograph of OSWALD and reflects the stamp indicating passport issued June 25, 1963, was made available to SA EUGENE C. GIES by MURRAY BELLMAN, lawyer, Legal Advisor's Office, U. S. Department of State (USDS), Washington, D. C. This original application was hand carried by SA GIES to the FBI Laboratory and turned over to SA JAMES B. CADIGAN.

The files of the USDS regarding OSWALD were made available for review by Mr. BELLMAN to SAs RALPH E. WILLIS, JR. and EUGENE C. GIES. All specimens of OSWALD's handwriting appearing in these files were photographed. The film packs containing these photographs were hand carried by SAs WILLIS and GIES to FBI Headquarters and turned over to SA CURTISS THOMPSON of the Technical Laboratory.

On 11/23/63 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 89-75

by SAs EUGENE C. GIES and RALPH E. WILLIS, JR.:ddt Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Information received November 24, 1963, a package of evidence was being shipped from New Orleans, Louisiana, to FBI Laboratory aboard Delta Airlines Flight 876 due to arrive at Friendship International Airport, Maryland, at 11:42 a.m. This flight was met, a package obtained from Captain C. ENTREKIN by SA JAMES J. MC CLOSKEY, and package thereafter delivered to SA JAMES T. FREEMAN of the FBI Laboratory.

On 11/24/63 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 89-75

by SA JAMES J. MC CLOSKEY:ddt Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Information received from Assistant Special Agent in Charge K. J. CLARK, Dallas FBI Office, November 25, 1963, evidence from that office was being placed on board American Airlines Flight Number 628 due to arrive Washington National Airport at 6:43 a.m., November 25, 1963. This evidence was in custody of the pilot, a Captain JACOBSON.

This flight was met at Washington National Airport and package referred to above obtained from Captain JACOBSON. The package was thereafter immediately delivered to Supervisor WILLIAM ASSMUS, FBI Headquarters, Ninth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.

On 11/25/63 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 89-75

by SA LLOYD BRUCE:ddt Date dictated 11/26/63

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 26, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received November 25, 1963.

Qc31 Photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD holding in his left hand a bolt action rifle, in his right hand a newspaper reading in part "The Worker" and with a pistol in a holster on his right hip

Result of examination:

Because the photograph, Qc31, of OSWALD shows very little detail, a comparison between the rifle in the picture Qc31 and the other photographs available in the Laboratory of the rifle does not permit a definite determination that the gun held by OSWALD in Qc31 is the murder weapon.

1

DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 26, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received November 25, 1963.

Q32 Application for Post Office box dated November 1, 1963, pertaining to rental of P. O. Box 6225, executed at the Terminal Annex Post Office Station, Dallas, Texas, signed "Lee H. Oswald".

Q33 Additional copy of specimen Q32

Q34 Application for Post Office box dated October 9, 1962, pertaining to rental of Post Office Box 2915, signed "Lee H. Oswald"

K18 Change of Address Order mailed to Postmaster, Dallas, Texas, bearing postmark "NEW ORLEANS LA. MAY 14 1963 9 PM" bearing known signature of LEE H. OSWALD

K19 Selective Service Registration Card dated September 14, 1959, SSN 41-114-39-532, bearing known signature of LEE H. OSWALD

K20 Form DD 214 Armed Forces of the U. S. Report of Transfer or Discharge (carbon copy), bearing known signature of LEE H. OSWALD, U. S. Marine Corps Serial No. 1653230

K21 Application for employment dated July 13, 1962, bearing known hand printing of LEE H. OSWALD

K22 Letter to Leslie Welding Co., Fort Worth, Texas, bearing known handwriting of LEE H. OSWALD

K23 Application for employment dated October 15, 1963, bearing known handwriting of LEE H. OSWALD

DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the pertinent handwriting and hand printing on Q32, the Oswald signature on Q33, and the pertinent handwriting and hand printing on Q34 (excluding handwritten notation "Dallas, Tex.") were written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD whose known handwriting specimens were previously designated as K4 and K5 and whose additional known writings are designated above as K18 through K23.

DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 26, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received November 25, 1963, from FBI, New Orleans.

Q35 U. S. Post Office Form POD 3575, Change of Address Order dated September 24, 1963, signed "LEE H. OSWALD"

Q36 U. S. Post Office Form POD 1093 (two parts), dated June 3, 1963, signed "L. H. OSWALD"

Qc37 One photograph of envelope bearing postmark "NEW ORLEANS LA 8 JUN 1963 1 30 PM", bearing handwritten address "The Worker 23 W. 26th St. New York 10, N. Y." and handwritten return address "P. O. Box 30061 New Orleans, La."

Qc38 Photographs of two-page handwritten letter to "The 'Worker' 23 W. 26th St.," signed "Lee H. Oswald"

Q39 Post Office change of address card, POD Form 3573, postmarked at New Orleans, La., bearing address "The Worker 26 W. 23th St. New York 10, N Y"

K24 Application for Employment form for William B. Reily and Co., Inc., New Orleans, bearing known handwriting of LEE H. OSWALD

Kc25 Xerox copy of Form W4, Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate, bearing known hand printing and signature of LEE H. OSWALD

Kc26 Xerox copies of nine pages of employment reports bearing known hand printing and handwriting of LEE H. OSWALD

K27 Five copies of magazine "The American Rifleman," issues of June, 1963; July, 1963; September, 1963; October, 1963; and November, 1963

K28 One copy of magazine "Guns and Hunting," issue of January, 1964

K29 One copy of magazine "Field and Stream," issue of December, 1958

K30 New Orleans Public Library card bearing known handwriting and hand printing of LEE H. OSWALD

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the pertinent handwriting, hand printing, and signatures on Q35 through Q39 were written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5, whose additional known writings are designated above as K4 through K26 and K30.

No indented writing was found on page 61 of the June, 1963, issue of the magazine "The American Rifleman" in K27. It is noted that the murder weapon was shipped from Klein's store in Chicago on March 20, 1963, and the order blank for the weapon could not have been torn from page 59 of the June, 1963, issue of the magazine in K27.

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DL 89-43
RPG:vm; mja

Under date of November 27, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

"Specimens received 11/27/63

"Q41 Registration card of the Motel Half Circle J, bearing name ROBT. E. WOLBET

"Q42 Sheet of yellow tablet paper bearing handwriting in Russian and English located at 214 West Neeley, Dallas, Texas, former residence of LEE HARVEY OSWALD

"K32 Two 5 by 8 cards containing the application of L. H. OSWALD for rent of Apartment 2 at 604 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas

"Result of examination:

"It was concluded that the handwriting appearing on Q41 and the English handwriting on Q42 were not written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case, whose additional known handwriting is designated above as K32."

The following is the translation of the page containing Russian handwriting:

"Translator's Note

"This appears to be a fragment from a letter. It is to be noted that the text is written in an 'old' spelling, i.e. the spelling abolished in Russia after the Revolution of 1917. This leads to a presumption that this text was written by an older person --someone

in his or her fifties, because this sort of spelling has not been taught in Soviet schools since 1917. The use of the word "dresses" at the end of the first paragraph suggests that the writer was a woman."

* * * *

"....their content and memorize new words. I must improve my health and gain some weight --- for this I try to drink a lot of milk and eat rich and starchy foods. Also, vitamins. All these things are inexpensive here and I should take advantage of this at every opportunity (literally: "at every convenient and inconvenient occasion.") Texas is almost in the tropics and the climate here is hot --- one has to take a bath every day and launder one's underwear and dresses frequently --- or send them to dry cleaners! This is a must!

"I try to look in the American newspapers --- particularly..."

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DL 89-43
RPG:vm

Under date of November 27, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

"Specimens received 11/27/63, from FBI, New Orleans

"Three handbills distributed by OSWALD in New Orleans bearing the following rubber stamp impressions:

"Q43	A. J. HIDELL P.O.BOX 30016 NEW ORLEANS, LA.	Q44	L. H. OSWALD 4907 MAGAZINE ST. NEW ORLEANS, LA.	Q45	FPCC-A.J. HIDELL P.O.Box 30016 NEW ORLEANS, LA.

"Result of examination:

"It was concluded that the wording "NEW ORLEANS, LA." which is common to Q43 through Q45 was printed from the same rubber type setting. Undoubtedly, a rubber stamp was originally set one way and then altered to produce the other two settings."

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DL 89-43
RPG/rms:BJD

Under date of December 2, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received 11/27/63

Evidence personally delivered by SA Warren C. DeBrueys and SA Vincent E. Drain of the Dallas Office on November 27, 1963

Q47 Enco map of Dallas and Fort Worth
Q48 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case from building

Also submitted: Map of Dallas (Chamber of Commerce)
Palm print found on box by window of sixth floor, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas
Four cardboard boxes from depository

RESUBMISSION

Q6 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case from building
Q7 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case from building
Q8 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge from rifle
Q9 Metal fragment from arm of Governor John Connally
Q10 Wrapping paper in shape of a large bag
Q11 Suspect's shirt
Q12 Blanket
Q13 Bullet from Officer Tippit

K1 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, with telescope sight, Serial No. C2766
K3 .38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver, Serial No. V510210, Assembly No. 65248

DL 89-43
RPG/rms

Results of examination:

Specimen Q48 is a 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case. It was manufactured by the Western Cartridge Company, East Alton, Illinois.

The cartridge case, Q48, was compared with test cartridge cases fired in the K1 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, serial number C2766. As a result, Q48 was identified as having been fired in this rifle.

No fingerprints were located on Q48.

It has been determined by actual firing tests that a skilled person can fire three accurately aimed shots with the rifle, K1, in five seconds.

Specimen K3 (Oswald's revolver) is known as a .38/200 British Service Revolver and was originally chambered for the .38 S and W cartridge. The serial number of this weapon is V510210, the assembly number is 65248 and these numbers appear in all the usual places indicating that all major parts of this weapon, except for the grips, are original parts. It is pointed out that the inside of the right grip bears the number 74149. The number on the grip usually will correspond with the serial number of the weapon.

Specimen K3 has the following alterations:

1. The cylinder has been rechambered to .38 Special.

2. The barrel has been cut off at the first "S" in the word "WESSON" on the barrel. The barrel is now 2½" long. According to information available in the Laboratory, a 5" barrel was standard length for the .38/200 British Service Revolver.

3. The front sight was mounted on the barrel at the muzzle.

4. The butt swivel hole has been plugged.

5. "CAL .38 SPECIAL" has been stamped on the left side of the frame (probably by converter).

On the basis of the English proof marks present on the barrel, cylinder and frame of K3, it is apparent that this weapon has been sent to England. The barrel also bears the stamping ".38" .767" 3½ TONS." There is nothing unusual about this weapon being sent to England since weapons of this type were produced for England and Canada during World War II (all weapons entering England must be proof tested and marked).

Although the Laboratory does not know who made the conversion of this weapon the following firms have been known to sell weapons of this type:

1. Dave's House of Guns, 2544 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas

2. Vic's For Guns, Galveston, Texas

DL 89-43
RPG/rms

3. Golden State Arms, 386 West Green Street, Pasadena, California

4. Klein's, 227 West Washington Street, Chicago, Illinois

It is pointed out that Interarmco, Alexandria, Virginia, does not sell this particular conversion.

No indented writing was found on Q47. The significance of the ball-point pen ink marks on Q47 is not subject to determination by laboratory examination.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Available in Bureau

Q49 Blue enrollment application of American Civil Liberties Union dated November 4, 1963, bearing the name Lee H. Oswald, P. O. Box 2265, Dallas, Texas, and accompanying handwritten note signed "Lee H. Oswald"

Specimen received November 23, 1963, from FBI, Washington Field Office.

Kc31 Photographic negatives of various documents obtained from State Department files and bearing known handwriting of LEE H. OSWALD

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the handwriting in blue ball-point ink on the note and the hand printing in blue ball-point ink on the enrollment card were written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case, whose additional known handwriting is listed above as Kc31.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received personally on November 27, 1963.

Q50 Small notebook containing Russian writing (Item #350)

Q51 Seventeen pages of handwriting on Holland American Line stationery (Items #123, #124, and #125)

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the seventeen pages of handwriting, Q51, were written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

Most of the writing contained in Q50 is in Russian script and is not comparable with the known writings of OSWALD in English. Therefore, no conclusion could be reached whether OSWALD wrote any of the Russian script writing in Q50. However, it was concluded that OSWALD, K4 and K5, did not write the writing in English in Q50 in the wording "Mrs. Anna Neller Meller 5930½ La Vista Dr. Dallas 6, Texas TA 3-22-19."

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received November 29, 1963, November 27, 1963.

Qc52 Xerox copy of International Certificate of Vaccination against Smallpox in the name "Lee H. Oswald"

K39 Box containing "Warrior Rubber Stamping Kit" (item #283)

Result of examination:

It was concluded that K39 was used to prepare the entire rubber stamp impression on the handbill, Q44, previously submitted and the rubber stamp wording "New Orleans, La." on Q43 and Q45.

Qc52 is a Xerox copy of the original vaccination certificate and is not sufficiently clear for a rubber stamp comparison.

It was concluded that the hand printing and the Oswald signature on Qc52 were written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case. The signature "A. J. Hideel" on Qc52 is distorted and not sufficiently comparable with the available known writings of OSWALD to warrant a definite conclusion.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of December 2, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received November 29, 1963, from FBI New Orleans.

Q59 Hand printed application for employment executed by LEE H. OSWALD in July, 1963, and furnished to S. K. MANSON, Manson Marble and Granite Company, 501 North Jefferson Davis Parkway, New Orleans, Louisiana

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the hand printing in blue ball-point ink on Q59 was written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows concerning specimens received from the Miami Division:

Specimens received November 29, 1963.

Q60 Postal card bearing postmark "RIVIERA BEACH FLA. NOV 22 1963 8 PM" addressed "THE PALM BEACH TIMES WEST PALM BEACH FLORIDA" and bearing hand printed message on reverse side "MISSION FULFILLED THE REST OF THE KENNEDYS NEXT"

Result of examination:

The hand printing on Q60 was not identified with any of the material in the Anonymous Letter File. A photograph of this hand printing will be added to this file.

It was concluded that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case, did not prepare the hand printing on Q60.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received November 29, 1963, from New Orleans: Q61 Hotel La Salle registration card #S7427, dated October 3.

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the handwriting on Q61 was not written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received personally on November 27, 1963.

Q62 Eight and one half sheets of lined paper bearing hand printing in green ink concerning comments re CPUSA (item #117)

Q63 Newspaper clipping re "The President" (item #120)

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the handwriting and hand printing on Q62 and Q63 were prepared by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows concerning specimens received from the Milwaukee Office:

Specimens received November 29, 1963.

Q64 One page of guest register of Fox & Hounds Restaurant, Hubertus, Wisconsin, on the seventh line of which appears the name and address "Lee Oswald, Dallas, Texas".

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the questioned name and address on line seven of Q64 was not written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows concerning specimens received on November 27, 1963, from the Dallas Office:

Specimens received November 27, 1963.

Q65 Small slip of paper bearing on one side hand printed address of The Worker in New York City and on the other side the hand printed address of the Embassy of the U.S.S.R. in Washington, D. C.

Result of examination:

This slip of paper was removed from the wallet of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

It was concluded that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case, prepared the hand printing on Q65 except for the one word in Russian appearing on the side of Q65 which has the address of the Embassy of the U.S.S.R. thereon.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 30, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received November 27, 1963.

Q65. Twenty-four miscellaneous negatives (Your item 225)

Result of examination:

Item Q65 contains numerous negatives of identification cards, a birth certificate, type setups of names, an X ray film and a hammer and sickle design. Where a name appears it is usually LEE HARVEY OSWALD or variations of it along with related descriptive information. The names "George de Mohrenshildt" and "Lee and Marina Oswald" appear in the negatives of type setups. Two of the items are film positives of two corresponding negatives and two others are paper prints of a negative and a film positive.

Eight of the negatives have the names and related information blocked out with photographic opaque. This would be a normal procedure to use in changing the name or other information on identification cards.

Prints of the negatives and X ray are attached along with a photograph showing the information that was blocked out with opaque on the eight negatives described above.

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DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of December 2, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received November 27, 1963.

Q67 White card captioned "FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE NEW ORLEANS CHAPTER" issued June 15, 1963, bearing the signatures "Lee H. Oswald" and A. J. Hidell"

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the Oswald signature on Q67 was written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

Due to the limited nature of the Hidell signature and the lack of comparable known handwriting of OSWALD, no conclusion could be reached whether he did or did not prepare the Hidell signature on Q67.

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DL 89-43
RPG/rms

Under date of December 2, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

Specimens received 12/1/63 from FBI, San Antonio

Qc68 Eleven photocopies of Texas State Comptroller warrants issued to Lee H. Oswald further identified as follows:

WARRANT NUMBER	WARRANT DATE
F 819610	8/21/63
G 231213	8/7/63
G 246347	8/9/63
G 281852	8/16/63
G 323653	8/26/63
G 353037	9/3/63
G 386726	9/6/63
G 421381	9/13/63
G 459693	9/23/63
G 493187	10/1/63
G 532220	10/8/63

Qc69 Seventeen photocopies of Texas Employment Commission folder forms further identified as follows:

FORM	DATE
TEC B-3 (163)	4/12/63
LA 1B-1	4/29/63
LA 1B-14	4/29/63 (at bottom)

FORM	DATE
LA 1B-2	5/7/63
LA 1B-10	4/26/63
LA 1B-2	5/15/63
LA 1B-2	7/22/63
LA 1B-2	7/30/63
LA 1B-10	7/21/__
LA 1B-2	8/6/63
LA 1B-2	8/13/63
LA 1B-2	8/20/63
LA 1B-2	8/27/63
LA 1B-2	9/3/63
LA 1B-2	9/10/63
LA 1B-2	9/17/63
LA 1B-2	9/24/63

Qc70 Photocopies of two Texas Claim cards Form B-4, one dated 10/3/63 and the other dated 10/10/63

Result of examination:

It was concluded that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, [illegible] and [illegible] in this case, wrote the signatures and endorsements on Qc68 through Qc70 except no conclusion was reached with respect to the warrants in Qc68 dated 8/9/63, 8/26/63, 9/3/63, 9/13/63, 9/23/63, 10/1/63 and on the LA Forms 1B-2 in Qc69 dated 8/27/63 and 9/3/63 which are too indistinct for an adequate handwriting comparison.

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DL 89-43

Under date of December 2, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

"Specimens received 12/2/63 from New Orleans

"Qc71 Two Xerox copies of an Application for Tourist Card to Visit Mexico, number 987, in the name Lee Harvey Oswald, dated September 17, 1963

"ALSO SUBMITTED: Film pack containing six exposures of Qc71

"Result of examination:

It was concluded that Qc71 (excluding the numerals in the upper right corner '987' and '24085') was written by Lee Harvey Oswald, K4 and K5 in this case."

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DL 89-43
RPG:mja

Under date of December 5, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the Dallas Office, under dates of November 30, 1963, and December 1, 1963:

Specimens received: 11-30-63 (PC-78339 BX JV GH)

Q74-Q77 Four .38 Special cartridge cases
Q78-Q81 Four .38 Special cartridges
Q82-Q86 Five .38 Special cartridges
Q87 Le Coultre wrist watch
Q88 Man's ring

K42 Gray jacket

Specimens received 12-2-63 (PC-78361 BX)

Q91-Q100 Ten cartridge cases, 6.5 mm Japanese caliber, recovered at Sports Dome Gun Range, Dallas, Texas

Results of examination:

The four cartridge cases, Q74 through Q77, were compared with test cartridge cases obtained from the previously submitted revolver, K3. As a result, Q74 through Q77 were all identified as having been fired in K3.

No firing pin impressions are present on any of the cartridges, Q78 through Q86. No marks suitable for comparison with the K3 revolver were found on Q78 through Q86.

The cartridge cases, Q91 through Q100, were compared with test cartridge cases obtained from the previously

submitted rifle, K1. Based upon these comparisons, it was determined that none of the Q91 through Q100 cartridge cases were fired in K1.

No latent fingerprints were found on specimens Q74 through Q86.

The K42 gray jacket is a size "medium" light gray cotton jacket having a full length zipper in the front. A manufacturer's label "Created in California by Maurice Holman Los Angeles" has been sewn to the inside right front lining.

A dry cleaners tag "B 9738" has been stapled to the jacket immediately below the above-described manufacturer's label. A visible laundry marking, which appears to be "30 030", is present in the collar of this jacket. The Laboratory does not maintain a visible laundry mark or dry cleaners mark file and is, therefore, unable to advise the identity of the cleaners and laundry responsible for these markings. No invisible markings were found on this jacekt.

The jacket is composed of light gray cotton fibers. No fibers similar to these were found among those removed from the butt plate of the K1 rifle.

Dark blue, gray-black and orange-yellow cotton fibers, which match in microscopic characteristics the dark blue, gray-black and orange-yellow cotton fibers composing the Q11 shirt, were found in the debris removed from the inside areas of the sleeves of the K42 jacket. These fibers could have originated from the Q11 shirt.

No significant residues were found on the watch, Q87, or the ring, Q88. No cavities for concealment purposes were found in Q87 or Q88.

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DL 89-43
RPG:vm

Under date of December 2, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

"Specimens received 12/2/63, from Los Angeles

"Q89 Mail order coupon bearing the name 'A. J. HIDELL' and dated 1/27/63

"Result of examination:

"The name of the witness appears to be 'J.F. Drittal,' address P. O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas. The coupon further bears the printed wording 'Seaport Traders Inc.'

"It was concluded that Q89 was prepared by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4, K5, et cetera in this case."

DL 89-43
RPG:mam
1

Under date of December 3, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information concerning a document-fingerprint examination requested by the Buffalo Office on November 29, 1963:

"Specimens received 12/2/63

"Q90 Envelope postmarked 'BUFFALO, N. Y. 8 00 PM NOV 25 1963' bearing handwritten address 'Anti Defamation League of B'nai B'rith 291 Delaware Avenue Buffalo, New York' and accompanying eight-page hand printed letter beginning 'I WISH TO SOLICIT YOUR HELP...' and ending 'HIS SPECIFIC ADDRESS'

"Result of examination:

"The handwriting and hand printing on Q90 were not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. Appropriate photographs of this material will be added to this file.

"The physical characteristics of the paper comprising Q90 have been recorded for possible future use."

1
DL 89-43
RPG:mja

Under date of December 5, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the Dallas Office, under date of December 2, 1963:

Specimens received 12-3-63

Q105-Q170 Sixtysix 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge cased from Sports Dome Gun Range, Dallas, Texas

Also Submitted: Two boxes of miscellaneous cartridge cases of other than 6.5 mm caliber

Results of examination:

Of the cartridge cases submitted, sixty-six were 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano specimens. These are listed above as specimens Q105 through Q170. These cartridge cases were compared with the test cartridge cases obtained from the rifle, K1, previously submitted in this case. As a result of this examination, it was determined that none of the Q105 through Q170 cartridge cases could have been fired in specimen K1.

The rifle K1, referred to above, is the rifle recovered from the Texas School Book Depository, a 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano rifle with telescopic sight with Serial Number C2766.

DL 89-43
RPG:mam
1

Under date of December 3, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information with respect to a document examination requested by the New Orleans Office under date of December 2, 1963:

"Specimens received 12-3-63 from FBI, New Orleans

"Q172 Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate dated 2-5-55, signed 'Lee Harvey Oswald'

"Q173 Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate dated 2-5-55, signed 'Marguerite C. Oswald'

"Q174 Application for employment of A-1 Employment Service, 1409 National Bank of Commerce Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, dated 5-6-63, signed 'Lee H. Oswald'

"Q175 Card titled 'A-1 Employment Service' signed 'Lee H. Oswald' and dated 5-6-63

"Result of examination:

"It was concluded that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case, prepared Q172, Q174 (except the wording 'COM, 518 Weber Photo, Dallas' and the signature 'H. LaRoche') and the signature on Q175.

"It was concluded that OSWALD, K4 and K5, did not prepare Q173."

DL 89-43
RPG:mam
1

Under date of December 4, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information concerning a document examination requested by the Dallas Office on December 3, 1963:

"Specimens received 12/3/63

"Q195 Seven-page, penciled, handwritten resume concerning background of LEE HARVEY OSWALD written on lined notebook paper

"Result of examination:

"It was concluded that Q195 was prepared by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case."

DL 89-43/mam
1

Under date of November 27, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

"Specimens received 11/27/63 from New Orleans

"K33 Eleven William J. Reily and Company, Inc., payroll checks payable to Lee H. Oswald for the period May 10, 1963, through July 19, 1963, bearing the endorsement Lee H. Oswald and one Group Insurance Enrollment and Record Card, dated May 10, 1963, with the signature of LEE H. OSWALD

"Result of examination:

"K38 will be retained in the Laboratory for possible future use."

DL 89-43
RPG:mam
1

Under date of December 2, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information concerning a document examination requested by the New Orleans Office under date of November 29, 1963:

"Specimens received 12/2/63 from New Orleans

"K 40 Originals of the following documents which were obtained from I&NS, New Orleans:

"Application for Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration signed by MARINA N. OSWALD on 11/24/62

"Fingerprint card dated 5/24/62 of MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD and signed by MARINA N. OSWALD

"Application for New Alien Registration Receipt Card signed by MARINA N. OSWALD

"Result of examination:

"K40 is being retained in the Laboratory for further handwriting comparisons."

1
DL 89-43

Under date of December 2, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

"Specimens received 12/2/63

"K41 Twenty-six checks of Jaggars • Chiles • Stovall, Inc., Dallas, Texas, Employee Identification Questionnaire, machine copy of 1963 income tax return, photocopy of letter to Internal Revenue Beaure, photocopy of check voucher 7511 of the Leslie Welding Company, Inc., and Form B-3 (163) all bearing the purported known handwriting and hand printing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD

"Result of examination:

"K41 is being retained in the Laboratory for possible future use."

1 DL 89-43
RPG:mja

Under date of December 5, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised that the handprinting and handwriting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, available in the Bureau files, have been searched in the National Security File without effecting an identification.

E. LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION,
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION,
FBI, EXAMINATIONS

1

DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

On November 29, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division advised as follows concerning specimens received by personal delivery by SA VINCENT E. DRAIN and SA WARREN DE BRUEYS on November 23, 1963:

Specimens: Numerous miscellaneous items of personal effects of Lee Harvey Oswald
Enco map of Dallas and Fort Worth, Q47
One cartridge case, Q48
One piece of cardboard bearing latent palm print
Four cardboard boxes
Resubmission of Q6 through Q13

Numerous latent impressions of value were developed on the currently submitted specimens.

Comparisons were made and three latent palm prints and two latent fingerprints developed on the Enco map of the Fort Worth - Dallas area were identified as the finger and palm prints of Lee Harvey Oswald, FBI #327925D.

One latent palm print on a piece of cardboard, your item #1, taken from a carton from the room in which the shots were fired was identified as the right palm print of Oswald.

One latent fingerprint and one latent palm print developed on the cardboard box marked "A" from the same room have been identified as the fingerprint and palm print of Oswald.

In addition, eight latent fingerprints and two latent palm prints developed on the personal effects of Oswald were identified as his fingerprints and palm prints.

No latent impressions were identified as the fingerprints of Jack Leon Ruby, FBI #693083E. Additional comparisons of the unidentified latent impressions will be made upon the receipt of the major case prints of Ruby.

DL 89-43
RPG:mam
1

Under date of December 2, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division, FBI, furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the Dallas Office on November 27, 1963:

"Specimens: K39, box containing 'Warrior Rubber Stamping Kit' (Item 283)

"The box and contents were examined for latent prints, but none of value were developed. The specimens are being retained in the Laboratory."

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DL 89-43
RFG:mja

Under date of December 5, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division, FBI, furnished the following information in connection with an examination requested by the Buffalo Office, under date of November 29, 1963:

Specimens: Q90, envelope and accompanying eight-page letter.

The envelope and letter were examined and latent prints were developed as follows:

One palm print on page III
Two palm prints on page I
Two palm prints on page II
Two palm prints on page VIII

1

DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under date of November 29, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division of the FBI advised as follows concerning 27 Greyhound Bus tickets submitted by the San Francisco Office under date of November 27, 1963:

Specimens: Twenty-seven Greyhound Bus tickets.

Twenty-seven bus tickets were examined for latent prints but none of value were developed.

1

DL 89-43
RPG:BJD

Under the date of November 29, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division of the FBI advised as follows concerning the latent impressions appearing on three negatives of one lift:

Specimens: One lift
Three negatives

The latent impressions appearing in the submitted negatives, which were previously developed on the trigger guard assembly of the rifle used in this matter, are of no value for identification purposes.

The latent palm print on the submitted lift marked "off underside gun barrell near end of foregrip C2766" has been identified as the right palm print of Lee Harvey Oswald.

DL 89-43
RPG:mam
1

Under date of December 2, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division, FBI, furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the San Francisco Office, under the date of November 29, 1963:

"Specimens: Two Greyhound Bus tickets, #185273 (one ticket for New Orleans to Mexico City; second ticket is for return)

"The submitted tickets were examined for latent prints, but none of value were developed."

DL 89-43/mam
1

Under date of December 7, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division, FBI, furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the Dallas Office under date of November 29, 1963:

"Specimens: One piece of wood

"No latent impressions of value were developed on the piece of wood removed from the window ledge on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building."

DL 99-43/cv
1

Under date of December 2, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division, FBI, furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the Louisville Office under date of November 29, 1963:

"Specimens: Sixty-eight carbon copies of ticket forms

"The submitted specimens were examined for latent prints, but none of value were developed.

"The submitted specimens are being retained in the Latent Fingerprint Section for the present."

1
DL 89-43
RPG/gm

Under date of December 3, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division of the FBI furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by Dallas under date of December 1, 1963:

"Specimens: One bull's-eye target

The target was examined for latent prints, but none of value were developed. The target is being retained."

1

DL 89-43
RPB/gm

Under date of December 3, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section, Identification Division of the FBI, furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the New Orleans Office under date of November 30, 1963:

"Specimens: Three ticket stubs

The ticket stubs were examined for latent prints, but none of value were developed."

DL 89-43
RPG:mam
1

Under date of December 4, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division, FBI, furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the St. Louis Office under date of December 2, 1963:

"Specimens: Sixteen railroad tickets obtained from Missouri Pacific Railroad, St. Louis, Missouri

"Tickets examined, but no latent impressions of value developed. Tickets retained."

1
DL 89-43
RFG:mja

Under date of December 5, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division, FBI, furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the San Francisco Office, under date of December 2, 1963:

Specimens: Five train tickets from Southern Pacific Railroad, San Francisco, California

No latent impressions of value developed on the tickets, which are being retained.

1
DL 89-43
RPG:mja

Under date of December 5, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division, FBI, furnished the following information concerning an examination requested by the Tampa Office, under date of November 30, 1963:

Specimens: An envelope
An anonymous note
Two newspaper clippings

No latent impressions developed on specimens, which are being retained.

1
DL 89-43
RPG:mja

Under date of December 5, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division, FBI, advised as follows concerning an examination requested by the Dallas Office, under date of December 4, 1963:

Specimens: Letter written in Russian, Q207

Seven latent fingerprints of value developed on the letter. Latent fingerprints are not identical with fingerprints of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or MARINA NIKOLAEVNA PRUSAKOVA OSWALD.

F. MISCELLANEOUS

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

Lieutenant CARL DAY, of the Crime Laboratory, Dallas Police Department, was interviewed at his residence, 922 Franklin, telephone WH 2-5846, and furnished the following information:

On November 22, 1963, at approximately 1:45 P.M., following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, he was present on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD) building, 411 Elm Street, where he examined an Italian made rifle found in the northwest corner of that floor.

He stated that he held this rifle up, being careful not to obliterate the fingerprints and the Captain, WILL FRITZ, Homicide Division, Dallas Police Department, worked the bolt ejecting a live round. He advised he identified this live round on that date.

He dusted the left side of the rifle at about where the clip housing is located and in front of the trigger housing, and observed three impressions, two of which indicated ridge patterns. The metal was rough, so he did not attempt to make a lift.

The gun was removed to the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department, where on the night of November 22, 1963, Lieutenant DAY made three photographs of the three impressions thus located.

He then took the wooden part of the rifle off by loosening three or four screws and uncovered what he considered to be an old print with a loop formation, which appeared to be the heel of the right palm of some individual. This print was on the underside of the barrel, completely covered by the wooden stock of the gun, and not visible until he had removed the wooden portion of the gun. He estimated

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARWELL D. ODUM:mja Date dictated 12/2/63

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this print was within three inches of the front end of the wooden stock. He dusted this print with black powder and made one lift.

At this point, he was instructed not to examine the gun any further and therefore, discontinued his examination. He stated that he believes that this print may be good and possibly identification might be exacted from this lift.

He also advised that even before he took the stock off, he saw what appeared to be traces of palm print coming out from under the wood near the back and of the metal portion of the gun. This print was partially covered by the wood. He had not had time to examine this print at the time he was instructed to discontinue his examination.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

On November 29, 1963, the distance from the front door of the Texas School Book Depository Building at 411 Elm Street to the bus stop at Murphy and Elm Street was walked and timed by SA IVAN D. LEE. By going directly east on Elm Street from this building it is a distance of five blocks and the time required to walk this was five minutes.

To cover the possibility that LEE HARVEY OSWALD attempted to avoid being seen on Elm Street, a route was also walked and timed from the front door of the Texas School Book Depository Building one block east on Elm then one block north to Pacific Street, then east on Pacific to Lamar Street, south on Lamar to Elm and then east to the bus stop at Murphy and Elm. This is a distance of seven blocks and required seven minutes.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT M. BARRETT & IVAN D. LEE Date dictated 12/3/63

/cv

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/2/63

FRANKI KAISER advised that he is employed as an order filler at the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas. On the morning of December 2, 1963, he found on the sixth floor of the Depository Building a clipboard which he had made and which had been turned over to LEE OSWALD for OSWALD's use when OSWALD went to work at this concern. On this clipboard were three orders for books which books were located on the sixth floor of the Depository Building. These orders were all dated November 22, 1963. The clipboard which he knew to have been used by OSWALD had been tossed on the floor behind some boxes of books in the northwest corner of the sixth floor next to the entrance to the stairway.

He then exhibited this clipboard with the orders still attached thereto. The orders were as follows:

1. An order from Mrs. HAZEL CARROLL, Reading Clinic, SMU, for one Parliamentary Procedure at $1.40, published by Scott Foresman and Company, Invoice No. 2454.

2. An order from Dallas Independent School District, M. J. HORTON, Pur. Agent, School Administration Building, 3700 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas, for ten TRS Basic Reading Skills for Hi Sch Use Rev. at $1.12 for $11.20 dated November 22, 1963, publisher Scott Foresman and Company, Invoice No. 6057.

3. An order to be sent to Mr. M. B. MC GUIRE, Jr. High School, Ruidoso, New Mexico, dated November 22, 1963, one TE Basic Reading Skills, JES use, no charge, sent at request of Miss MARIE WILLIAMS dated November 22, 1963, publisher Scott Foresman and Company, Invoice No. ED 8291.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MAT A. PINKSTON /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, advised on December 2, 1963, that he could not release the original negatives from his department at this time because of an impending court of inquiry by the Attorney General of Texas. Chief CURRY had made up negative copies of all the photographs in their possession of the crime scene where President JOHN F. KENNEDY was assassinated and turned them over to this office on December 3, 1963.

Chief CURRY stated that these photographs were made by Lt. CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department.

The following are the copies of the negatives obtained from Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY and forwarded to the FBI Laboratory:

1. Gun at original position where found on North West portion of 6th floor, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas

2. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Looking at hulls found from east to west

3. Exterior View. Front of 411 Elm Street

4. RECONSTRUCTED. 6TH FLOOR. This picture was re-constructed November 25, 1963 showing the exact locations of the boxes and the box with the palm print on the box. (Chief CURRY advised that Lieutenant CARL DAY stated this scene was re-constructed as it was first found by the Dallas Police Department)

5. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From north to south where lunch was found. (Chief CURRY advised Lieutenant CARL DAY said it had been determined that another employee and not OSWALD had eaten this lunch.)

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on 12/2/63 and 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. J. DRAIN:ij Date dictated 12/5/63

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6. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Towards window where lunch was found. From North to South. (Chief CURRY advised that Lt. CARL DAY stated it had been determined that another employee and not OSWALD had eaten this lunch)

7. Exterior Photo, 411 Elm. Taken standing on parkway at triple underpass towards building where the shots were fired

8. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Looking towards box taped. Gun found behind the box taped. Photo taken from stairway on 6th floor.

9. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From 6th floor standing at stairway looking towards service elevator. Gun found to the right of the picture

10. 1 Negative. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. 6th Floor, looking towards stairway from east to the west side of building. Apparent escape route. Gun found to left of stairway sign.

11. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From the 6th floor window where the shots were fired towards Houston Street

12. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From the rear of Building towards front where the lunch was found. Third aisle from the east side. (According to Chief CURRY, Lieutenant CARL DAY stated it had been determined that another employee and not OSWALD had eaten this lunch.

13. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. RECONSTRUCTED. This picture was reconstructed with palm print on box. The paper that was used to carry the gun was found to the right of the box in the upper right hand corner of the picture. (Chief CURRY advised that Lt. DAY stated that this was reconstructed as it was first found by the Dallas Police Department)

14. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Picture taken standing on the 6th floor looking towards stairway leading to the 5th floor.

15. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Picture taken standing on the 6th floor looking towards stairway leading to the 5th floor.

16. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From the center of the 2nd aisle looking towards the front of the building

17. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Taken from the south to north looking towards the stairway exit. The gun was found to the bottom right of picture.

18. Exterior photo, 411 Elm. From the triple underpass towards 411 Elm Street

19. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From window where the shots were fired looking towards triple underpass. Boxes had been moved from the original position after being dusted for prints

20. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From window where shots were fired looking towards Houston Street

21. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Picture taken from north to south 4th aisle. Small boxes were taken from this location to window where shots were fired

22. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Position of hulls found on floor by the window where the shots were fired from.

23. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From the east to west where the lunch was found

24. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From the southwest corner of the building looking towards window where the shots were fired. Inside the front view along the windows

25. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Picture taken from the rear of the building looking towards the window where shots were fired

26. Exterior Photo, 411 Elm. Close up photo of 411 Elm.

27. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Looking from the window where the shots were fired towards Houston Street.

28. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From the stairway exit looking toward where the gun was found behind the box that is taped

29. Exterior photo, 411 Elm. From the center of Houston Street between Main and Elm

30. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From north to south 3rd aisle from the west side of the building

31. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Original position of the gun when found

32. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. From the rear of the building looking towards window where shots were fired

33. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Position of hulls found by window where shots were fired and the original position of the boxes.

34. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Close up view of where lunch sack and soft drink bottle was found. (Chief CURRY stated that Lt. CARL DAY had said that it had been determined that the lunch sack and soft drink bottle belonged to that of another employee.)

35. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. 2nd aisle from the east side of the building

36. Evidence that was released to the FBI by the I.D. Bureau of the Dallas Police Department

37. Bus transfer and key belonging to OSWALD

38. Ring and I. D. bracelet from LEE HARVEY OSWALD

39. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. Taken 28 feet north of the window where the shots were fired

40. 6th Floor, 411 Elm. RECONSTRUCTED. Standing on top of boxes looking down towards boxes that were used in shooting. Palm print replaced on box. Paper that the gun was wrapped in was in the upper right hand corner of picture

41. Photos of gun taken at I. D. Bureau at the Dallas Police Department

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

1

Lt. CARL DAY of the Crime Laboratory of the Dallas Police Department advised that the negatives furnished to this office by Chief CURRY on December 3, 1963, were taken by him of the crime scene where President JOHN F. KENNEDY was shot. He stated that the negative reflecting gun at original position where found on northwest portion of 6th floor, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, was an original negative. He stated that the rest of the negatives were copies of the original negatives.

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. J. DRAIN:jj Date dictated 12/6/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/3/63

Captain J. W. FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised that the original photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD holding a gun and papers and wearing a sidearm was found during the search of property of LEE HARVEY OSWALD that was located in a box in the garage of Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, search being made by Homicide and Robbery Detectives, Dallas Police Department, G. F. ROSE; H. M. MOORE, R. S. STOVALL and J. P. ADAMCIK. The search was conducted November 23, 1963, under search warrant from JOE B. BROWN, Justice of Peace, Dallas, Texas.

Captain FRITZ stated that an enlargement of the above photograph had previously been furnished to the FBI and Secret Service.

Captain FRITZ furnished the following evidence which was a part of the evidence previously obtained in the above mentioned search:

1. Personal photographs numbered on the back 1 through 47 and bearing initials J.P.A. (Detective J. P. ADAMCIK) November 23, 1963. Captain FRITZ noted that photograph number 47 is the original photo depicting OSWALD holding the gun and papers and wearing a sidearm. Photo number 46 also depicts OSWALD with rifle, sidearm and papers.

2. Two magazine ads of "Klein's Sporting Goods, 227 West Washington Street, Chicago 6, Illinois" bearing initials of G.F.R. (Detective G. F. ROSE) and initials R.S.S. (Detective R. S. STOVALL) dated November 23, 1963.

3. Seven pages handwritten in pencil (some pages bearing handwriting on both sides) setting forth qualifications, apparently of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Each page bears initials of H.M.M. (Detective H. M. MOORE), J.P.A. (Detective J. P. ADAMCIK, R.S.S. (Detective R. S. STOVALL),

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 100-10461 89-43

by Special Agent GEORGE W. H. CARLSON and JAMES W. BOOKHOUT/BJD Date dictated 12/3/63

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G.F.R. (Detective G. F. ROSE), dated November 23, 1963.

Captain FRITZ requested that receipt for above be furnished to B. J. SMITH, Property Clerk, Dallas Police Department, Property Room, inasmuch as same were recorded on Property Clerk's Invoice Number 114136.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

1

Photographs numbered on the back 1 through 47 were exhibited to MARINA OSWALD at her place of residence, 11611 Farrar Street. These photographs were made available to SA JAMES E. BOOKHOUT of the FBI Office at Dallas by Captain J. W. FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department. These photographs were among the effects of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in possession of the Dallas Police Department.

MARINA OSWALD identified these photographs by number as follows:

1. MARINA OSWALD
2. PAVEL GOLACHEV, a friend of OSWALDs who worked in the same factory in Minsk, Russia
3. The opera house in Minsk
4. OSWALD in 1952
5. OSWALD in Minsk
6. Picnic scene near Minsk with two girls from Argentina who reside in Minsk
7. Minsk scene
8. PAVEL GOLACHEV
9. LEE HARVEY OSWALD
10. Minsk scene
11. PAVEL GOLACHEV
12. LEE HARVEY OSWALD and the ZIEGER family, a family from the Argentine that lives in Minsk
13. PAVEL GOLACHEV, girls names unknown
14. LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Minsk, Russia
15. OSWALD
16. LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JUNE
17. OSWALD and PAVEL GOLACHEV
18. OSWALD and his half-brother named JOHN EDWARD PIC in the United States
19. Russian rural scene
20. Picture believed to have been taken in Japan by OSWALD

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV:jj Date dictated 12/6/63

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21. Russian beach scene
22. The great Buddha of India
23. Minsk railroad station
24. Minsk Palace of Culture
25. OSWALD and friends at a work break at the factory in which he worked in Minsk, other names unknown
26. PAVEL GOLACHEV
27. MARINA OSWALD and LIALIA (LNU)
28. A view of Minsk from OSWALD apartment
29. Minsk scene
30. OSWALD's apartment scene
31. Palace of Culture in Minsk
32. Apartment house in which the OSWALDs lived in Minsk
33. Street scene in Minsk nearby OSWALD apartment
34. A Minsk river scene
35. Scene in Minsk
36. OSWALD and an unknown friend, taken before MARINA knew OSWALD
37. MARINA and JUNE and Mrs. ZIEGER, resident of Minsk
38. An Argentine family mentioned above who live in Minsk that came to Russia from Poland. Girl with a big smile is ELEANOR ZIEGER. Man's name is believed to be ALEXANDER ZIEGER
39. MARINA OSWALD
40. OSWALD, MARINA and an acquaintance, name not recalled
41. OSWALD and person MARINA does not know
42. ANITA ZIEGER, Minsk resident
43. OSWALD and wife MARINA
44. PAVEL GOLACHEV
45. LEE HARVEY OSWALD standing in front of apartment house similar to theirs
46. LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Photo taken by MARINA OSWALD
47. OSWALD with rifle.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

December 5, 1963

The following photographs were obtained from the United States Secret Service by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH this date:

1. 1 photograph of man and woman. On back of photograph is "Last years on camping trip with some friends (in 1960)."
   2 copies of same photograph.

2. 5 photographs of woman and baby which appears to be lying on the ground.

3. 2 photographs of woman standing and holding baby in arms.

4. 2 photographs of woman pushing a baby in a baby buggy.

5. 3 photographs of a woman holding a baby with building in the back bearing sign Cliff Temple Baptist Church.

6. 3 blurred photographs of what appears to be a woman.

7. 2 photographs of a woman sitting on steps holding a baby in her lap.

8. Negatives of the above photographs.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/gmf Date dictated 12/5/63

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VI. OTHER INVESTIGATION RELATING TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

Mrs. GEORGE A. MOORE, 4109 Stanford Street, Chevy Chase, Maryland, telephonically advised that at approximately 4:30 P.M. on November 22, 1963, she was watching television, probably either Channel 4 or Channel 7 from Washington, D. C., and saw a film clip of the action immediately after the shooting of the President. This film clip showed a policeman getting on a motorcycle and then showed a swing around of the buildings in the area and during this time she observed in the window of one of the buildings, a short dark complexioned woman with a high hair-do, struggling with a man much taller than she was over a gun. She stated the gun was either a rifle or a shotgun. She stated that also in this window there were two or three other people standing behind the man and woman who were struggling. She was not sure what floor of the building the window was on, nor could she describe the building.

Mrs. MOORE said that she was reporting this matter since she had not heard this particular scene referred to in any news release since that time. She stated she was an artist and remembered the scene very clearly.

On 12/2/63 at CHEVY CHASE, MARYLAND File # SA 89-30 DALLAS 89-43 BU 62-109060

by SA KELLIS W. SIMPSON: kss Date dictated 12/2/63

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1
DL 89-43
RMB/gm

All film clips taken of the area where the President was shot (near intersection of Elm and Houston Streets, Dallas) by news media and local Dallas television stations have been reviewed by SA ROBERT M. BARRETT and SA IVAN D. LEE. No film clip has been observed or brought to the attention of the Dallas Office as described by Mrs. GEORGE A. MOORE, 4109 Stanford Street, Chevy Chase, Maryland. In addition to the above, all local processing plants for movie film, color film, and photography prints have been alerted to advise the Dallas Office upon the receipt of any photographs depicting the area in and around Elm and Houston Streets just prior to or after the shooting on November 22, 1963. All such movie film and photographs which have been brought to the attention of the Dallas Office have been reviewed, and no photographs have been located corresponding with those described by Mrs. MOORE.

On December 3, 1963, EDDIE BARKER, News Director, KRLD Radio and TV, and ROBERT WALKER, News Director, WFAA Radio and TV, both Dallas, each advised that the film clip as described by Mrs. MOORE has never come to their attention.

DL 89-43
JJW:mam
1

On November 23, 1963, HENRIETTA JONES, 1814 Trunk, Dallas, TA 1-3718 (negro domestic employee employed by Dr. CARPENTER, 4300 Lorraine, Dallas) telephonically advised SA EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL that at about 9:35 AM, November 22, 1963, she was at the lunch counter of H. L. Green Company, Main at Ervay, ground floor (not the basement), counter nearest Main Street, and noticed a white girl, employee of that counter, eating breakfast at the counter. Something was said about President KENNEDY arriving that day. JONES said she had recently written a letter to the President about not being able to obtain welfare and had received a reply from President KENNEDY. She said she was proud of the letter she had received. The white employee sitting at the counter was described as a blond, about 25 years old, 5 feet 2 inches or 5 feet 3 inches, weighed about 120-130 pounds, thin, possibly wears dress size 11 or 12, and remarked to JONES substantially as follows: "KENNEDY is coming to town and you had better be careful what you say because there will be some bloodshed and no telling what else might happen." JONES has no idea what she meant, but she wanted to report same, as it is possible she may have overheard something someone said that would be pertinent to the assassination of President KENNEDY.

The following investigation was conducted by SA'S ROBERT E. BASHAM and JAMES J. WARD:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

Mr. SAM JOHNSON, manager, lunch counter, H. L. Green Company, Main at Ervay, advised on December 4, 1963, that he has

78 employees under his supervision.

Mr. JOHNSON advised he would estimate that of his 78 employees, at least 40 of them are blonds, natural or otherwise, and the majority of them are approximately 5 feet 3 inches and weigh around 130 pounds.

Mr. JOHNSON advised that the only blond who works at the lunch counter nearest to Main is a woman approximately 45 years of age.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/1/63

1

Mr. LLOYD W. HILBERT, 1440 West Gambrell, employed 100 University Drive, advised that on November 15, 1963, he was in a meeting with GEORGE SALLIANIAN and JOHN ADGER in the lobby of the Blackstone Hotel, Ft. Worth, Texas.

HILBERT stated he overheard an individual making a telephone call to North Manchester, Indiana. He stated that he was standing close by and introduced himself to this individual and asked the individual if he was from North Manchester, Indiana. This individual had said, "I have been there." HILBERT stated that the individual apparently was making a person-to-person call to someone at the Indiana - Lawrence and Trust Company, North Manchester, Indiana. HILBERT stated that he did not hear any conversation that this individual had with the party on the other end of the line. He stated that the man gave his name as OSWALD. HILBERT stated he is sure that the individual stated his first name, but HILBERT did not recall it. HILBERT stated that this individual was somewhat aloof, and they did not actually engage in any conversation because about the time he spoke to this individual, the connection was made on the other end of the line. He stated that the individual was dressed in a blue military type of uniform and was holding his hat.

HILBERT stated he had approached this individual as HILBERT had previously resided in North Manchester, Indiana.

HILBERT said that this individual had the same general physical appearance of LEE OSWALD, but he could not identify the pictures of OSWALD that he has seen in the newspapers and on television as being the individual with whom he spoke in the lobby of the Blackstone Hotel. HILBERT stated it was his recollection that the conversation with OSWALD occurred at approximately 4:30 to 4:45 P.M., on November 15, 1963.

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on 11/26/63 at Ft. Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARNOLD I. BROWN and [illegible] Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/1/63

1

Mr. GEORGE SAULTANIAN, 4851 East Line Road, employed 100 University Drive, advised that he recalled that LLOYD HILBERT had spoken to an individual in the lobby of the Blackstone Hotel, Ft. Worth, Texas, on November 18, 1963, and this individual was in a military uniform.

SAULTANIAN believed the individual was a Second Lieutenant in the U. S. Air Force.

SAULTANIAN advised that it was his recollection that this individual identified himself by name as LEE OSWALD. He stated this immediately came to his mind when he heard the news broadcast that LEE OSWALD had been arrested and subsequently charged with the assassination of President KENNEDY.

SAULTANIAN stated as he recalled when Mr. HILBERT spoke to the individual who stated his name was OSWALD, that it was approximately 2:00 P.M. SAULTANIAN was questioned further about the time of the occurrence, and he stated that he could not recall just what time the conversation took place. SAULTANIAN insisted that this individual introduced himself as LEE OSWALD.

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on 11/26/63 at Ft. Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARNOLD J. BROWN and [redacted] Date dictated 11/29/63

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OSWALD

105-82555

SECTION 18

COPY

2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

(Rev. 8-3-61) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/1/63

1

Mr. E. B. HANNA, Resident Manager, Blackstone Hotel, 601 Main Street, Fort Worth, Texas, made available his registrations for the period November 17-20, 1963, and no registration was located under the name of OSWALD or HIDELL.

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on 11/26/63 at Ft. Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARNOLD J. BROWN and ~~MALON LUCAS JENNINGS:jj~~ Date dictated 11/29/63

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DL 89-43
VED:atd/BJD

On November 26, 1963, PETE WHITE, Attorney, Fidelity Union Tower Building, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised SA VINCENT E. DRAIN that the building manager, AL LANDER, was upset because two maids who worked for him at night in the Fidelity Union Tower Building had been in a fight over the fact that one of the maids had told the other that she saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD change clothes shortly after the shooting of President KENNEDY in the Texas School Book Depository where the maid works in the daytime. The maid whose name is unknown works at night in the Fidelity Union Tower Building.

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DL 89-43
REH:vm

The following investigation was conducted by SAs RICHARD E. HARRISON and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:

At Dallas, Texas

On November 27, 1963, Mr. AL LANDER, Building Manager, Fidelity Union Tower, was contacted relative to identity of a maid who was alleged to have seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD change clothes shortly after the shooting of President KENNEDY in the Texas School Book Depository Building where the maid works in the daytime. He advised the identity of this maid was GLORIA PIGG and stated she did not work in the Texas School Book Depository Building but worked in a building adjacent thereto, McKells Manufacturing Company, 501 Elm Street.

On November 28, 1963, GLORIA PIGG, 4957 Viking, was interviewed relative to her viewing LEE HARVEY OSWALD changing clothes. She advised she had viewed the Presidential motorcade on the afternoon of November 22, 1963, was present in the general area when the excitement took place concerning the shooting of the President however she at no time saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD and in fact had never seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated that someone had started a rumor to the effect that she had seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD changing clothes.

DL 89-43
REB:cv
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At 10:15 p.m. November 27, 1963, Mrs. F. P. FORD, 14037 Albemarle Street, Farmers Branch, phone CH 7-3961, telephonically advised SA JAMES W. ANDERTON that she had been watching for the Presidential Parade on November 22, 1963, and that about twenty minutes before the Presidential car reached her point, located on the north side of Main Street at Market, a very heavy burly-set man elbowed his way through the crowd, pushing her slightly, and he walked across Main Street, then looked up into the building which houses the Sigel Liquor Store. She described this man as white male, age about 55, heavy build, wearing big grey hat, grey khaki jacket and a prominent nose.

She stated that after a few minutes this man returned, again elbowed his way through the crowd, and this time another white male, apparently the manager of the Sigel Liquor Store came out, and both of them stood just behind her, talking, with the first heavy-set man stating, "He's up there, you can't see him, but he's there", and they both looked up into the second story window of the building holding the Sigel Liquor Store No. 2, 615 Main, RI 8-3993. She described the manager of the liquor store as white male, age about 65, medium build. She stated that a police officer on duty at that corner also noticed the men looking up and overheard the remarks.

The City Directory reflected that Sigel Liquor Store No. 2 was located at 615 Main Street, RI 7-3993.

On November 28, 1963, SALIC GERSHNER, Manager, Sigel's Liquor Store No. 2, advised he recalled the above incident quite clearly and said that his Negro porter was on the second floor with the elevator, and he, a passerby, and a police officer, were calling to him to get his attention.

FD-302 (Rev. 5-8-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

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Mrs. MARIA VIDALES, nickname TONI, secretary, Juvenile Bureau, Dallas Police Department, furnished the following information:

She speaks Spanish fluently and is known in the Dallas Police Department as an interpreter of the Spanish language. She is also known among the Catholic priests in the Mexican section of Dallas as an interpreter and frequently does interpreting work for them.

On November 26, 1963, she received a phone call at her office at the Dallas Police Department from a boy whom she would judge to be Texas born of Mexican parents, asking her if she were the interpreter. When she replied in the affirmative, he told her that a lady wants to talk to her and turned the phone over to this woman. She then talked to this woman for a few minutes and arranged for the woman to call her back at her residence since she was just getting off work and needed to go home to take care of her family for dinner. She received a call at her residence at approximately 7:15 P.M. from this same woman. She received another call from this woman about 12:15 A.M. on November 27, 1963, and again at about 11:30 A.M. and at 1:30 P.M. on November 27, 1963. The woman has never given her name, her address, or her phone number or any information through which she could be identified or located. This woman insists, however, that she is afraid to identify herself since she fears for her life if she is caught talking. She is employed as a maid for a family in Dallas. This family apparently consists of a man who does not speak Spanish but does speak some other foreign language, and a woman who was born in Mexico, and who speaks both Spanish and English, and probably two small children.

This woman asked her to be certain that the investigators conducting investigation in the matter involving LEE HARVEY OSWALD not stop their investigations. She stated that OSWALD had been at that residence and that there are many more involved, both near and far.

Mrs. VIDALES stated that she expects this woman to call her again and she is endeavoring to gain her confidence in order to identify and locate her and as soon as she is able to do this she will notify the FBI in order that this woman may be interviewed. The woman speaks no English whatever but speaks what Mrs. VIDALES considers to be Spanish of a high-class, well-educated person. She estimated the age of this woman as approximately 40.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON and W. HARLAN BROWN:jj Date dictated 11/28/63

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DL 89-43
ADN:RPB:cv
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On November 27, 1963, Mr. EDDIE BARKER, KRLD News, Bureau Chief, advised it was his understanding an individual by the name of CAPP FIELD whose mother was employed at Sanger's Department Store, Dallas, reportedly had some photographs of the assassination of the President. It was believed that FIELD lived in Denton where he was possibly a student at North Texas State University.

The following investigation was conducted by SA's ALFRED D. NEELEY and ROBERT P. BUTLER on December 2, 1963:

Efforts were made to identify CAPP FIELD through personnel records, Sanger-Harris Department Store, Dallas, and student registration records, North Texas State University, Denton, Texas, with negative results.

Mr. JAMES L. ROGERS, Coordinator of Publications, North Texas State University, advised that CAPPY WALTER NEILSON, sophomore journalism major, 1921 Chestnut Street, was given the assignment to write a story for the Campus Chat on President KENNEDY's visit to Fort Worth and Dallas, but that he knew of no photographs which NEILSON had taken in connection with this assignment.

CAPPY WALTER "CAP" NEILSON, sophomore student, North Texas State University, residence 1921 Chestnut Street, advised that he was assigned to write a story for the Campus Chat, a campus newspaper, concerning President KENNEDY's visit to Fort Worth and Dallas. He advised that he obtained clearance through a Mr. ALLEN or TOM WATKINS, Fort Worth Chamber of Commerce, for a press pass, and on November 21 went to Carswell Air Force Base, Fort Worth, and picked up this pass at the gate and witnessed the arrival of President KENNEDY. He advised that the following morning he went to the breakfast given President KENNEDY in Fort Worth and there took a Polaroid camera photograph of President and Mrs. KENNEDY and shortly thereafter left and went to Dallas with JAMES KYLE, a reporter for the Young Democrats (campus organization) and PAT NOON, President of the Denton County Young Democrats, where they witnessed the President's arrival at Love Field. He stated that they followed the motorcade about a block from Love Field but had had tire

trouble and decided to go to the Sanger-Harris Department Store in Preston Shopping Center, Dallas, and borrow his mother's, Mrs. RITA HELFER's, car. He stated that Mrs. HELFER is employed at the Sanger-Harris Snack Bar. He advised that the other two boys, KYLE and NOON, returned to Denton. He advised that while he was at the Sanger-Harris parking lot he heard over the radio that the President had been assassinated and hurriedly rushed in to tell his mother that he was going to the WFAA and KRLD Radio Station news room in an effort to pick up information for his story. He advised that subsequently his mother telephoned these radio stations trying to locate him, and it was quite possible that she informed the person she talked with at these stations that her son had taker a photograph of President KENNEDY as he had shown her the Polaroid picture which he had taken.

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DL 89-43
MM/gm

The following investigation was conducted by SA ALAN L. PANNING at Longview, Texas, on November 27, 1963:

MARVIN KENDALL, Investigator, Criminal District Attorney's Office, Longview, Texas, advised he has received information from a real estate dealer, BILL LOCY, that a Negro porter, HOMER TOLBERT, who works at the Dun Rosmin and the Colonial Motels had seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD as OSWALD had stayed at one of the motels.

HOMER TOLBERT advised that the above information was incorrect. He stated the owners of the Colonial Motel where he works during the day as a maintenance man were looking through records of the motel a few days ago looking for the name of OSWALD as one of them believed the name familiar and that this person might have stayed there. TOLBERT stated he has no further information concerning this.

RAY CANTRELL, owner, Colonial Motel, Highway 80, advised his wife, after reading about LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the paper, thought the name familiar and that OSWALD might have stayed in the motel during 1963.

ALICIA CANTRELL, Colonial Motel, stated she thought the name of OSWALD was familiar but had been unable to locate it in the motel records.

A check of the motel registrations for all of 1963 up to and including November 27, 1963, was made under the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, his known aliases and the name of Jack RUBY, and no such registration was located.

Texas

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DL 89-43
ALM:vm

The following investigation was conducted by SA ALAN L. MANNING at Longview, Texas, on November 30, 1963:

ARTHUR FORT, Patrolman, Longview Police Department, advised the wife of another policeman, Mrs. HENRY HOPKINS, had stated a local resident of Longview had advised her that he had been visited by LEE HARVEY OSWALD and OSWALD has left some literature concerning Cuba at his residence.

Mrs. HENRY HOPKINS, 1218 Alpine Street, advised that on November 23, 1963, one W. C. ASHCRAFT of 619 Harrell, had come to her cleaning establishment on that date and in the conversation concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY had stated LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been to his home in Longview, Texas, and left some literature concerning Cuba.

W. C. ASHCRAFT, 619 Harrell Street, advised that about four months ago he was injured in an accident at the Leland Equipment Company in Longview, Texas, and as a result of the accident had had trouble with the company concerning benefits and was subsequently fired. He stated when talking to Mrs. HOPKINS the day after President KENNEDY's death he was telling her about an insurance man who had left some papers for him to sign. He stated they also spoke of the death of President KENNEDY and she must have gotten the two conversations mixed up. He stated he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and that to the best of his knowledge, OSWALD has never been in Longview, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Mrs. IRWIN KAIM, 3626 Pallos Verdes, telephonically advised that she believes LEE HARVEY OSWALD was a picket at the recent ADLAI STEVENSON demonstration in Dallas, Texas. She stated when she saw a picture of him without a black eye which he had shortly after his arrest she was quite positive OSWALD was at this demonstration.

She stated she believed that OSWALD while at the demonstration was wearing a tan coat with dark trousers and was wearing black leather gloves which appeared strange to her. She stated he walked as though he had been in the military service because at the end of each parade back and forth he did what looked to her to be a military type about-face.

Mrs. KAIM stated that this individual who she feels was OSWALD was in the lobby of the building at the Municipal Auditorium and was with a group of younger people. She expressed the view that she thought possibly OSWALD's part in the ADLAI STEVENSON demonstration might have been caught by one of the TV or news cameramen. She stated that a friend, Mrs. JOYCE SCHIPP, unknown address on Rolling Rock Lane also thought that OSWALD had been at this STEVENSON demonstration.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent SA CARL E. UNDERHILL:rmb/BJD Date dictated 11/25/63

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REH:vm
DL 89-43

The following investigation was conducted by SAs RICHARD E. HARRISON and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:

At Dallas, Texas

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. JOYCE SCHIPP, 8517 Rolling Rock Lane, was interviewed relative to information received that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was possibly picketing U. N. Ambassador ADLAI STEVENSON on his recent visit to Dallas, Texas. She advised she had gone to the Dallas Municipal Auditorium to see Ambassador STEVENSON and as she recalled as she walked in the front door of the auditorium she observed an individual walking somewhat militarily in front of the entrance to the auditorium in the vestibule of the building as she recalled carrying some type of sign. She stated to the best of her recollection she thought this individual was possibly LEE HARVEY OSWALD and as best as she could recall he was wearing a suit coat that did not match the rest of his clothes, wearing black gloves, and carrying a placard, the writing of which she did not recall. Subsequently, she went inside the auditorium and heard Ambassador STEVENSON speak and paid no further attention to the incident until recently when it occurred to her this individual might be identical to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She advised to the best of her recollection the only news service which was taking pictures prior to the speech of Ambassador STEVENSON in the vestibule of the auditorium was KRLD who she thought might possibly have a picture of this ihdividual.

On November 29, 1963, EDDIE BARKER, Chief of the News Section, KRLD-TV, was contacted by SAs HARRISON and CARLSON and he furnished films of the shots taken of the pickets and Ambassador STEVENSON at Memorial Auditorium on the recent visit of Ambassador STEVENSON to Dallas and these films were viewed by SAs HARRISON and CARLSON and Mr. BARKER and no place therein was there any individual resembling LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVES

1

Date 12/4/63

FRANK CIMINO, 403 East Tenth Street, Apartment 7, Dallas, Texas, advised that on November 22, 1963, he was residing in an apartment at 405 East Tenth Street. He stated that at around 1 p.m. he was at his apartment listening to the radio. He heard four loud noises which sounded like shots and then he heard a woman scream. He jumped up, put on his shoes and ran outside the house, and a woman dressed like a waitress was out in front of his residence shouting, "Call the police". She also advised a man had just shot a police officer and stated he had run west on Tenth Street and pointed in the direction of an alley which runs between Tenth Street and Jefferson off Patton Street. He looked in this direction but did not see anyone. He then walked over to the officer and saw he had been shot in the head. The officer was lying on his side with his head in front of the left front headlight of his car. His gun was out of the holster and lying by his side. The officer moved slightly and groaned but never said anything that he could understand. About this time people came from all directions, and he walked up to the corner of Patton and East Tenth Street and looked through the alleyway but could not see anyone running up the alley. He then walked back to where the officer was being removed by an ambulance and then turned back to his apartment. He stated he was not acquainted with LEE OSWALD or JACK RUBY.

He added that around December 24, 1963, he will be leaving Dallas for a vacation but can be reached through his mother at 530 Fifteenth Street, Niagara Falls, New York.

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents HENRY J. OLIVER & DAVID H. BARRY Date dictated 12/4/63

/mam

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/4/63

PETER CIMINO, Apartment 7, 403 East Tenth Street, Dallas, Texas, advised SA HENRY J. OLIVER and SA DAVID H. BARRY that on November 22, 1963, he was residing at 405 East Tenth Street in an apartment with his wife.

On November 22, 1963, he and his wife had lunch together in a cafe in this neighborhood, and he believes just after he had lunch and was leaving the cafe he heard that President KENNEDY had been shot. He and his wife then walked from the cafe to his apartment. When he got home, his brother, FRANK CIMINO, told him that an officer had been shot in front of their residence. PETER CIMINO advised he had not heard any shots nor had he seen any of the shooting and stated he could not furnish any information regarding the shooting of President KENNEDY or the shooting of Officer TIPPIT.

He also advised that he had never heard of JACK RUBY or LEE OSWALD and could not furnish any information concerning these persons.

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents HENRY J. OLIVER & DAVID H. BARRY Date dictated 12/4/63

/mam

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Records of the Hillcrest State Bank reflect that checking account number 2200392, in the name of JACK and GERTRUDE ARNOLD, 6915 Roper Street, Dallas, Texas, was opened February 8, 1951. ARNOLD's occupation is listed as "landscaper."

A review of the transactions in this account disclosed that on August 9, 1963, a cashier's check, in the amount of $3,000.00, purchased by one MICHAEL R. PAINE at the Irving State Bank, Irving, Texas, was deposited to the ARNOLDs' account.

The balance of this account on November 29, 1963, was $1,214.59.

The above information is confidential and should not be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to Mr. DON R. PORTER, Executive Vice President, Hillcrest State Bank, Dallas.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALMON: mam Date dictated 11/29/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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DL 89-43
JVA/gm

Mrs. JACK ARNOLD, 6915 Roper Street, Dallas, Texas, advised on November 30, 1963, that during August, 1963, her husband, JACK ARNOLD, sold two acres of land located in Irving, Texas, to one MICHAEL R. PAINE, of Irving, for the sum of $3,000.00. She stated PAINE paid for this land with a cashier's check in the above amount. Mrs. ARNOLD also advised that neither she nor her husband was acquainted with MICHAEL R. PAINE prior to the above transaction and have had no contact with him since that date.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

:RAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA

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Date 12/5/63

Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, advised that she did not see LEE HARVEY OSWALD leave her home on the morning of November 22, 1963, and did not miss any food from her kitchen, therefore, does not believe that OSWALD took any lunch from her residence on November 22, 1963.

She knew nothing of any names that OSWALD used other than his true name; however, she was aware after November 18, 1963, that OSWALD was not living under his true name in the Oak Cliff Section of Dallas, Texas. She denied ever having seen JACK RUBY at any time and she stated she does not know him.

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on 11/29/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. and SA BARDWELL D. ODUM /rmb 115 Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

1

Records of Southwestern States Telephone Company, Irving, Texas, reflected the following long distance telephone calls were charged to telephone BL 3-1628, listed in the name, MICHAEL R. PAINE, 2515 West Fifth, Irving:

DATE	PLACE	NO. CALLED	NAME OF PERSON CALLED
9-24-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
10-2-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
3-28-63	Ennis, Texas	TR 5-2749	JONAH MC LEMORE
4-15-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
4-15-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
4-12-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
4-13-63	Fort Worth, Texas	ED 2-1452	Veterans Auction Magnolia Street
4-16-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 4-3311	
4-16-63	Fort Worth, Texas	ED 2-1452	
4-18-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
4-8-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 4-3311	
5-29-63	Paoli, Pennsylvania	MI 4-4255	
5-22-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-22-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-21-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
6-5-63	Columbus, Ohio	CA 8-4711	HYDE
6-5-63	Columbus, Ohio	AM 7-2450	CARROLL HYDE
6-20-63	Bethesda, Maryland	OL 6-1990	FRANKLIN HOKE
7-17-63	New Orleans, Louisiana	UN 6-0389	WERNER KLOEPFER
7-16-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 4-3311	
7-19-63	New Orleans, Louisiana	UN 6-0389	
7-8-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-4444	
7-11-63	New Orleans, Louisiana	TW 9-5553	
7-10-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-4444	
7-10-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	

on 12-6-63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH:mja Date dictated 12-7-63

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2
DL 89-43

NAME	PLACE	NO. CALLED	NAME OF PERSON CALLED
7-6-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-4444	
6-29-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-1517	
6-21-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
4-25-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-?	
4-19-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
4-24-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-9-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-16-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	
5-25-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-4444	
4-23-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
4-24-63	Fort Worth, Texas	TE 8-2395	
7-24-63	Arlington, Texas	CR 5-5211	

The above information will be made available upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to CHARLES B. SKINNER, District Manager, Southwestern States Telephone Company, Irving, Texas.

NO 89-69
LGD/dmk

MAX HILL, 621 St. Peter, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephonically advised SA LESTER G. DAVIS on December 3, 1963, that he had received information of possible interest concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He explained that an artist in the French Quarter by the name of ANTHONY SHEMROSKE had told him of overhearing another man make a statement to the effect "If Oswald hadn't kill him I would have". HILL continued that the person who made this statement is allegedly a recent associate of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and a person who has written a "very leftist book".

Mr. HILL stated that he could place Agents in contact with ANTHONY SHEMROSKE who could furnish the details concerning this.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

RAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATI

Date 12/3/63

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ANTHONY SHEMROSKE, Artist, 4828 Toulouse Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that on December 1, 1963, he had talked with JEAN HACK, wife of KERRY THORNLEY. La. SHEMROSKE advised that JEAN HACK told him that OSWALD and THORNLEY were very good friends, and that THORNLEY had stated to her, "If OSWALD hadn't killed President KENNEDY, He would have done it himself." She said that THORNLEY had a shotgun at home, and that she did not think he would hesitate to use it. SHEMROSKE advised that he did not know THORNLEY very well, but he did not think THORNLEY was a very friendly type of person. SHEMROSKE stated that THORNLEY sometimes caused trouble at the Bourbon House, a place THORNLEY frequented quite often.

Mr. [illegible] 1 La.

On 12/3/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 89-69

113

by SA CLAUDE L. SCHLAGER :jas Date dictated 12/3/63

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DL 89-43
JJH:mvs

On November 28, 1963, the New Orleans Division furnished the following information:

JOHN D. KILGORE, 2830 Chapman Street, Shreveport, Louisiana, contacted Shreveport Resident Agency, November 26, 1963, and advised SA DONALD R. BELMONT he recognized photo of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in newspapers as man known to him by same name who worked for V. C. Bilbo Trucking Company, Dallas, for about ten months in 1963. KILGORE said he worked for same trucking company for about four months and was laid off about September 1, 1963. KILGORE believed OSWALD also laid off about same time.

KILGORE claimed during his tenure of employment at trucking company, he observed three unknown men come to Bilbo's office. On two occasions, they left accompanied by BILBO and OSWALD. KILGORE claimed on one occasion he heard BILBO remark to OSWALD, "Whenever the time comes, you be there and everything will be ready."

KILGORE described unknown men as follows: (1) white male, 45, 6' 2", 240 lbs., heavy set, brown hair, wearing cowboy boots and cowboy hat; (2) white male, age 40, 5' 8", 165 lbs., light colored hair, wore sport clothes; (3) white male, 35 to 40, 5' 3", 200 lbs., dark complexion, dark hair, wearing sport clothes. KILGORE claimed he had seen these men in two cars, one a blue 1963 Chevrolet with unknown Texas license, and the other a 1960 Ford, Texas license.

Mrs. JOHN D. KILGORE, 2830 Chapman Street, Shreveport, advised SA BELMONT on November 26, 1963 that she had seen OSWALD's photograph in newspapers and recognized him as one HARVEY OSWALD whom she met in about 1956 when she and KILGORE lived at 320 Packard Street, Dallas. Her husband was working for Wales Trucking Company, Dallas, at that time as was OSWALD, and OSWALD was guest in KILGORE home one night for dinner. She never saw OSWALD again but KILGORE mentioned to her OSWALD worked at Bilbo Trucking Company.

Mrs. KILGORE said her husband received head injury several times while working in oil fields and occasionally is irrational. In evaluating information furnished by KILGORE, Mrs. KILGORE pointed out KILGORE may be angry with BILBO because BILBO fired him from job.

Records of Shreveport Police Department and Bossier City, Louisiana Police Department, checked November 26, 1963 concerning KILGORE. Shreveport Police Department records reflect KILGORE arrested for investigation in 1958. Bossier City Police Department records reflect KILGORE arrested December, 1961 for forgery, disposition not shown.

Dec. December 6, 1963

1

Mr. JACK F. REECE of the Wales Trucking Company, 905 Meyers Road, furnished the following information:

He operates the payroll department for the Wales Trucking Company, and, after checking through payroll records, he located nothing to reveal LEE HARVEY OSWALD or ALECK HIDELL ever worked for that organization. Aside from a small office staff, the majority of employees are truck drivers and under ICC regulations, personnel of truck lines (drivers), must be 21 years old. The company has a policy of its own that their drivers be 25 years of age.

REECE did ascertain from payroll records that JOHN D. KILGORE had been an employee during 1956. REECE pointed out, however, that according to newspaper articles and information he had learned through radio and television broadcasts, that in 1956, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was only 17 years of age and he could not have been hired by the Wales Trucking Company.

REECE knows nothing about JOHN D. KILGORE nor any reason why KILGORE would want to say OSWALD had worked for the Wales organization. REECE stated the records show that such was not the case.

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on 12-1-63 at Grand Prairie, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S JOSEPH J. HAILEY JAMES WIER Date dictated 12-5-63

MVS

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Date December 5, 1963

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R. N. ROBINSON, Office Manager for the V. C. BILBO Trucking Contractors, 2722 Singleton Boulevard, checked payroll and attendance records and furnished the following information:

He located no record that LEE HARVEY OSWALD or ALECK HIDELL had ever worked for that organization. ROBINSON mentioned that if OSWALD had ever worked there, his association with the company would have been the topic of conversation among all the personnel, but such was not the case.

ROBINSON did locate an old record which revealed that JOHN D. KILGORE had worked for the Bilbo trucking firm during part of August and September in 1963. ROBINSON stated that he had worked at another organization where KILGORE was an employee, and in August of this year, when KILGORE came seeking employment, he (ROBINSON) hired KILGORE. KILGORE did not work out as an employee of the Bilbo trucking company because they received numerous calls concerning his very untidy appearance, and Mr. BILBO discharged KILGORE.

ROBINSON stated he has no idea why KILGORE would want to allege that OSWALD had worked for the Bilbo trucking agency unless he wished to make some trouble for Mr. BILBO. There is certainly no truth to the allegation.

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on 12-1-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH J. HANLEY Date dictated 12-5-63
WILLIAM O. JOHNSON
mvs

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Date 12/3/63

(1)

JOHN W. GROSS, 327 Second Street, advised as follows:

He is employed in the Photography Department at Sears, Roebuck and Company at the Shillington Shopping Center, Shillington, Pa., a suburb of Reading, Pa.

On November 16, 1963, between 10:30 a.m. and noon a man came to the photography counter and stated, "I want to see you". GROSS inquired what he wanted and the man then stated he wanted to buy a used camera. The man indicated he wanted a 35 mm used camera, and as GROSS had no such used cameras, he asked for the man's name and phone number. The man stated his name was OSWALD. The man had no interest in a new $45.00 35 mm camera, and after looking at some new cheaper type cameras in another showcase, informed GROSS his name was LEE OSWALD. He also furnished a middle name to GROSS; however, GROSS is unable to recall it. OSWALD stated he lived faraway.

GROSS upon inquiring if he lived in Pottstown, Pa., was informed by OSWALD that he lived in Louisiana. Thereafter, they spoke generally about the Mardi Gras.

Just prior to GROSS being told that OSWALD was from Louisiana, GROSS noticed a nice looking woman standing at the counter. GROSS asked OSWALD if he and his wife were on a vacation, and OSWALD informed him they were. GROSS then asked the woman if she enjoyed the trip and OSWALD told GROSS that she could not understand him because she is Russian. OSWALD then said something to the woman in a foreign language. GROSS asked OSWALD if he had been in the service and met his wife along the border. This was unanswered as OSWALD and his wife departed. GROSS advised the woman had a small girl with her who had dark hair and that the woman also carried a young baby in her arms.

Neither OSWALD nor his wife and family were seen

On 12/3/63 at Shillington, Pa. File # Philadelphia 157-916

by SA FRANK M. KAUFFMAN : LMW Date dictated 12/3/63

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thereafter by GROSS, and he presumes that they departed from the store.

GROSS described OSWALD as about 28 to 30, thin, 5'8", about 150 pounds, chestnut brown hair, and stated when talking his face assumed a sort of drawn expression around the mouth. OSWALD was wearing a white shirt, no tie, and a pair of pants, the color not being recalled by GROSS.

GROSS stated he could only recall that OSWALD's wife was a nice looking girl who had no rouge on her cheeks and who had dark hair. He stated he could furnish no descriptive data concerning the baby, and could only state the girl with OSWALD's wife had dark hair and was about 32" tall.

GROSS observed OSWALD on television following his being taken into custody by the Dallas Police. He stated the individual he saw on television appeared identical to the person who was at his counter on November 16, 1963.

GROSS advised that about five minutes after OSWALD departed, an individual came to the counter with another man. This individual had a noticeable scar over his right eye toward his right temple and was tanned as if he had been in the south. The man with the scar stared at him to the point where GROSS felt he was going to commit a robbery. Due to this, GROSS called another clerk, ROD DUNKLE, from the Rug Department to wait on the man.

This man asked to see some C-620 file, and GROSS at this time recalled that several days earlier he had sold the same man with the scar a cheap 127 camera. A third man walked up about this time and slapped the man with the scar across the back, mentioned some name which GROSS does not recall, and stated something to the effect of fancy meeting you here. The three men then departed after a roll of C-620 film was purchased.

PH 157-916
(3)

GROSS described the man with the scar as in his late 40s, 5'7", 200 pounds, broad bridge of nose, wearing a hat with wide black band.

GROSS stated shortly after the three men left, he asked IRENE DALPRA in Division 21 at Sears if she had seen the Russian girl with the man from Louisiana; however, IRENE stated she had not noticed them. GROSS stated he knows of no one else at the store who might have observed OSWALD at his counter.

GROSS advised after he saw OSWALD on television he told his wife about OSWALD having been at Sears. He did not tell anyone else about it and hesitated to contact the FBI about it because he felt there might be a connection between the man with the scar and OSWALD. He could furnish no information as to any connection between OSWALD and the man with the scar other than the man with the scar coming into the store at his counter about five minutes after OSWALD had been there.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

ERAL BUREAU OF INVEST

Date 11-29-63

Wytheville, Va.

Mr. ED ZUBER, Radio Station WYVE, made available a tape recording of an interview by him with Mrs. FRANK NELMS, local Red Cross representative. The interview was on November 25, 1963, and was in Mrs. NELMS' voice.

Mrs. NELMS stated that less than two weeks ago a man who she thinks was LEE HARVEY OSWALD came into her Red Cross Office requesting assistance in getting to Princeton, West Virginia. The man stated that he did not have relatives there but had someone he wanted to see. He stated that he was from near Dallas, Texas, and had a Russian born wife and two children there and that he could get to Dallas only if he could get to West Virginia. The man stated that his name was LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and she wrote the name down somewhere but could not presently locate the paper on which she wrote the name. Mrs. NELMS asked the man if his name could possibly be EWALD inasmuch as there are people in Wytheville by that name. He said that his name was OSWALD and not EWALD. The man looked foreign to Mrs. NELMS and when he stated that he had been to Russia and would like to go back someday he became more foreign looking. Mrs. NELMS gave the man $1.00 and called the Greyhound bus station and advised Mr. PUCKETT that she would pay the difference on a ticket to Princeton at later date. She then asked the man if he knew the way to the station, and he said he did, thanked her, and left.

The tape continued with an interview with BOB PUCKETT, Manager of the Greyhound Bus Station. PUCKETT stated that he did not recall the incident until Mrs. NELMS brought it to his attention. He then recalled the conversation with Mrs. NELMS and remembers the man coming to the station. A ticket was issued to Princeton, West Virginia, for which the Red Cross was charged $2.00. The man said he could get to Dallas once he got to Princeton. Mr. PUCKETT said that the man looked like a professional traveling across the country and did not talk to anyone in the terminal. Mr. PUCKETT thinks that the incident took place around 3:00 or 4:00 P.M., which led him to believe that the man left on the 4:45 P.M., bus to Princeton. PUCKETT did not see him board the bus, however. Mrs. NELMS did not give any name for the person she was to send to the station, only said he was a veteran trying to get to Dallas and that he had a sister in Princeton. Mr. PUCKETT then stated that a search of

On 11-25-63 at Wytheville, Virginia File # Richmond 89-34

by SA ROBERT H. PARNELL/bag Date dictated 11-26-63

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his records reflected that a ticket was issued at the request of the Red Cross to HENRY RICHARDS, for travel to Princeton, West Virginia, on November 13, 1963. The cost was $2.00 and $1.40 for a meal.

RH 89-34
FAC/mbd
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AT WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA

The following investigation was conducted by SAs FREDERICK A. COOK and ROBERT H. PARNELL, on November 25, 1963:

Mr. CURTIS PUCKETT, owner, Greyhound Cafeteria and operator of the Greyhound Bus Terminal at Wytheville, Virginia, advised that he is the local representative for the Salvation Army in that the Salvation Army maintains a small amount of money on a continuing basis which he uses to assist persons in trouble either in the way of buying food or furnishing them with transportation. He stated he had heard the story that Mrs. FRANK NELMS, the local American Red Cross representative, had made to a local radio station in regard to the possibility of having seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Wytheville, Virginia, approximately two weeks ago. Mr. PUCKETT stated that apparently she was referring to an incident on November 13, 1963, when a young man claiming to be a Veteran, came to the Greyhound Bus Terminal at the suggestion of Mrs. FRANK NELMS and said he wanted transportation to Princeton, West Virginia, to see his sister and also that he was in need of food.

Mr. PUCKETT stated he located a small slip of paper in the Salvation Army records reflecting that on November 13, 1963, one HENRY RICHARDS, Princeton, West Virginia, had been furnished with one lunch, valued at $1.40 and bus transportation to Princeton, West Virginia.

Mr. PUCKETT stated that the actual conversation and dealings with this man, HENRY RICHARDS, were handled by his brother, BOB PUCKETT, who assists him in the operation of the cafeteria and bus terminal. Mr. PUCKETT advised it is his impression of Mrs. NELMS that she is an elderly lady, possibly in her late seventies, and has a difficulty recalling time and events. He stated her recollection is very poor and that he has never heard any comments regarding anyone by the name of OSWALD having any dealings at his bus terminal. Mr. PUCKETT stated that the handwriting on the slip of paper is not in the handwriting of the man known as HENRY RICHARDS, but is the handwriting of his brother, BOB PUCKETT.

Mr. PUCKETT stated he had contacted the radio station, WYVE in Wytheville, Virginia, and suggested to Mr. ED ZUBER that he not play any taped interview with Mrs. NELMS until an opportunity was had to thoroughly check and verify each part of

the story told by Mrs. NELMS.

Mr. BOB PUCKETT advised that he recalled on November 13, 1963, that Mrs. FRANK NELMS called the bus terminal and told him that she was sending a young Veteran by by the name of HENRY RICHARDS, who was in need of food and transportation. Mr. PUCKETT stated that this man identified himself as one HENRY RICHARDS, who stated he had a sister in Princeton, West Virginia he was going to see, and then hoped eventually to get to Texas.

Mr. PUCKETT stated that this person was furnished with lunch valued at $1.40 and given a bus ticket valued at $2.00 to travel to Princeton, West Virginia. He stated he does not recall any mention of any name OSWALD and he only has a very vague recollection of what HENRY RICHARDS looked like and his recollection is that this man was just average in size and build, with no particular outstanding features.

Mr. PUCKETT stated that he and his brother, CURTIS PUCKETT, had thoroughly checked all the records dealing with the Salvation Army in their possession and were unable to locate any paper or any record of any assistance rendered to anyone by the last name of OSWALD.

Mr. PUCKETT advised that his brother CURTIS did recall that three or four months previously, in connection with another assistance call, Mrs. NELMS had sent a young couple down to the bus terminal, the man being dressed in some type of military uniform with stripes on the sleeve. He stated that CURTIS recalled that this man purchased coffee and doughnuts for the woman, apparently his wife, who was unable to speak English, and that this person had a small baby as well as a youngster about three years old. He recalled also that this man then left the bus terminal, returned a short time later, and when CURTIS PUCKETT approached him and wanted to know if he could be of assistance, this young military person said no, that his problem had been solved. Mr. PUCKETT noted that of course they would have no type of record in regard to an incident such as this. He also stated that he and his brother CURTIS had mentioned this incident to Mrs. NELMS; however, Mrs. NELMS was very definite in stating that the incident referred to was on November 13, 1963.

Mrs. FRANK NELMS, American Red Cross, Wytheville, Virginia, advised that on November 13, 1963, a man came to her

office located on Main Street in Wytheville, advised he was a Veteran, and stated that he needed assistance in regard to food and travel. She stated this man said that he had a Russian wife and that he was going to Princeton, West Virginia to visit someone and then planned on going to Texas. Mrs. NELMS stated she seems to recall she made some type of note in regard to this, however, she has searched everywhere and is unable to locate the note. She stated that she believes this person is identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, after having seen numerous photographs of OSWALD in newspapers. She stated this man was slender in appearance and had very heavy, dark eyebrows and eyelashes.

She stated that she called the Greyhound Bus Terminal to talk to one of the persons there and she did not recall which one of the PUCKETT brothers she spoke with; however, at that time the man told her to just tell them that "HENRY RICHARDS" was coming by. She stated that earlier in the conversation this man had said that his last name was OSWALD and she thought it was "rather strange" that he had a different name at the time she spoke with the Greyhound people.

She recalled that she asked this man if he was related to the EWALDS in Wytheville, at which time he said no, his name is OSWALD.

Mrs. NELMS had no explanation as to why she did not question this individual as to his change in name.

Just prior to the conclusion of the interview, Mrs. NELMS exhibited a newspaper photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, at which time she made the statement the man who was in her office certainly "resembled" LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The newspaper photograph showed part of the shirt being worn by OSWALD and she said that looked like the exact same shirt that he was wearing the day he was in her office, that it had a large plaid and she recalled that it was unbuttoned at the collar and seemed to form a "V" at the neck.

It is noted during the course of the conversation, Mrs. NELMS wandered in her conversation and seemed to have difficulty retaining the same chain of thought. She took much time to explain numerous experiences she had had as the American Red Cross representative.

ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIC

Date 11-29-63

ELBERT P. NELSON, 580 East Main Street, advised that he had seen the pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the papers and recalled that he had seen OSWALD, or someone who closely resembled him, in the Red Cross Office at Wytheville on September 3, 4, 5, or 6. The exact date was not recalled but it was remembered that it was during the week prior to NELSON'S obtaining a job on September 12, 1963. NELSON stated that he often visited the office hunting assistance in locating a job and on this particular occasion he entered the office in the afternoon and noticed the person resembling OSWALD talking to Mrs. FRANK NELMS, the Red Cross representative. He requested assistance in getting either to West Virginia or Bristol, Virginia. The person stated that he had a wife and two children in a car outside and NELSON could not understand why he would be requesting a bus ticket if he had a car. NELSON recalled that Mrs. NELMS gave him $1.00 and called the Greyhound Bus Station and requested that a ticket be issued to him, and she would pay for it later. NELSON stated that he definitely heard the man say that his name was OSWALD, and he recalled that as Mrs. NELMS asked him if it could be EWALD instead. The man left the office after obtaining the money and was seen on the streets for about one and one-half hours begging money and wandering around.

He was dressed in civilian clothes consisting of a tan jacket, open neck shirt, and blue trousers. He had a mean look on his face and did not seem to act normal.

NELSON stated that he is positive that the man he saw in the Red Cross Office was OSWALD.

It is to be noted that NELSON is known as a loafer around Wytheville and had been drinking at time of interview.

On 11-26-63 at Wytheville, Virginia File # Richmond 89-34

by SA ROBERT H. PARNELL/bag Date dictated 11-27-63

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DERAL BUREAU OF INVEST

Date 11-29-63

Mrs. FRANK NELMS, Red Cross Office, advised that she now felt that the person she believed to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD appeared at her office in either September or October, 1963, instead of November 13, 1963, as she had previously advised. She stated that she had changed her mind since a veteran by the last name of NELSON had come by her office November 26, 1963, and told her that he was in her office when the man believed to be OSWALD was there and that he said it was in September; however, she thinks that he meant October.

Mrs. NELMS further advised that she now thinks that the incident with FRANK RICHARDS was in no way connected with OSWALD and that she had just gotten the two cases confused. Mrs. NELMS stated that she still feels that OSWALD was the person in her office earlier requesting assistance in getting to West Virginia, and she said that he could have possibly been going to Charleston instead of Princeton as previously reported.

On 11-26-63 at Wytheville, Virginia File # Richmond 89-34

by SA ROBERT H. PARNELL/bag Date dictated 11-27-63

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SA 89-67

The following investigation was conducted by SA DON R. ROSE:

At 12:10 a.m., November 23, 1963, Mr. ROBERT BOWERS, 301 North De Leon, Victoria, Texas, telephonically contacted SC WILLIAM H. SCHMIDT of the San Antonio Office and related that a few hours earlier he had been at the Levi Club located at 9310 South Laredo Highway in San Antonio, Texas. While at this club he entered into conversation with an individual of Latin American decent who remarked to him that he was glad Killed President KENNEDY. BOWERS said that is all he heard and that he knew nothing about the man who made this remark. He said that he did not obtain the individual's name although he recalls him to be approximately 50-54 years of age, about 5'10" tall, and weighing 150-160 pounds.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

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ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA

Date December 4, 1963

Mr. D. L. LONGORIA, Liquor Control Board, San Antonio, advised that records of his office failed to indicate that a beer license had been issued to any tavern by the name of Levi Club. He said that his records do reflect that a beer license was issued to a tavern by the name of The Levee located at 7323 New Laredo Highway, San Antonio.

On 11/25/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA DON R. ROSE / nis Date dictated 12/3/63

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December 4, 1963

The telephone and city directory for the city of San Antonio contain no listing for a Levi Club. Further there is no 9300 block of South Laredo Highway, according to the city directory.

From personal observation, it was ascertained that there is no 9300 block of South Laredo Highway nor was any tavern or club with the name Levi Club located on Laredo Highway.

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on 11/23/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by Special Agents ROBERT F. KINSELLA, Jr. & DON R. ROSE / ajs Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

Mr. GEORGE STRODTMAN, 3707 Roosevelt Avenue, proprietor of The Levee, 7323 New Laredo Highway, advised that he had only recently opened The Levee and that on Friday night, November 22, 1963, he worked in this tavern and recalled that during the entire evening there were only two individuals of Latin American decent at his tavern He said one was about 20 years of age and the other was approximately 50 years of age. He recalled that the older man stood at the bar while in the club. He said that he did not overhear any conversation that this individual may have entered into with anyone else. According to Mr. STRODTMAN, he does not know this Latin American's identity nor does he know anyone that does know this individual. He said this man has been in his bar on prior occasions and should he return he, STRODTMAN, would ascertain his identity and immediately advise the San Antonio Office.

On December 3, 1963, Mr. STRODTMAN was contacted at his place of business to ascertain if he had been able to ascertain the identity of the Latin American. He advised that to date he had not been able to identify this man.

On 11/25-12/3/63 San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA DON R. ROSE / njs Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 5, 1963

Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Dallas Police Department furnished a rifle slug which, according to his records, had come from the residence of General EDWIN A. WALKER, 4811 Turtle Creek, Dallas, Texas, on April 10, 1963, being contributed by Detective D. G. BROWN.

The slug was identified by a cross and the word, "DAY" which Lieutenant DAY stated he had placed on the slug. He advised that Detective D. G. BROWN had been at the WALKER home and had obtained the slug from an officer, whose identity he does not know, but whose identity is known to Lieutenant CUNNINGHAM of the Forgery Bureau of the Dallas Police Department.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 157-218

by Special Agent BARDELL D. ODUM/gmf Date dictated 12/5/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

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Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised on December 6, 1963 that he would instruct Captain O. A. JONES of the Dallas Police Department and Lieutenant E. L. CUNNINGHAM of the Dallas Police Department to make available copies of everything concerning the investigation of the shooting incident which occurred at the home of General EDWIN A. WALKER, 4011 Turtle Creek Boulevard, Dallas, Texas, on the night of April 10, 1963.

Walker, Edwin

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on 12-6-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN Date dictated 12-7-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVEST

Date December 7, 1963

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Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON, Criminal Investigations Division, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised that there was no information or record in his department that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was a suspect in any case in that department and that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was unknown to the Dallas Police Department prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY on November 22, 1963. Chief STEVENSON stated that Captain O. A. JONES and Lieutenant E. L. CUNNINGHAM had been in charge of the shooting incident at the home of General EDWIN A. WALKER which occurred on the night of April 10, 1963. He stated that Captain JONES and Lieutenant CUNNINGHAM would make available the full details concerning the Dallas Police Department's investigation of this incident.

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on 12-6-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN mvg Date dictated 12-7-63

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Date December 7, 1963

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Captain O. A. JONES of the Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, furnished the file to me for review concerning the investigation of a shooting which allegedly occurred on April 10, 1963 at 9:00 P.M. at the home of General EDWIN A. WALKER, 4011 Turtle Creek Boulevard. This file reflected that at 9:10 P.M. on April 10, 1963, a call was received by the Dallas Police Department from General EDWIN A. WALKER, 4011 Turtle Creek Boulevard, Dallas, Texas.

WALKER complained to the police that he was sitting at his desk doing some paper work around 9:00 P.M. on April 10, 1963. He stated he was in the northwest room in his house on the lower floor, when he heard what sounded like a firecracker explode over his head. WALKER saw a hole in the wall to the left of where he was sitting.

Investigation by the Dallas Police Department reflected that a spent bullet was found in the next room which was believed to have entered the window on the west side of the room after passing through the wooden frame of the window, passing by WALKER's head and going completely through the wall. WALKER was hit in the right arm between the elbow and wrist by what was believed to be slivers of the bullet, wood, or pieces of glass. WALKER, realizing what had happened, ran upstairs and got his pistol, and called the police.

This file further reflects that one KIRK COLEMAN of 4338 Newton Street, Dallas, Texas, stated that he was sitting in the back room of his home and heard what sounded like a shot from a shotgun. He stated he ran outside and pulled himself up over the fence in the rear yard, and as he looked toward a church parking lot nearby, he saw some unknown white male speed down the driveway toward Turtle Creek Boulevard either in a 1949 or 1950 Ford sedan.

This file reflects that another witness allegedly saw two men sitting in an automobile about 30 minutes prior to the time of the shooting some distance away from General WALKER's house.

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on 12-6-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN Date dictated 12-7-63

MVS

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This file further reflects that all leads were investigated by the Dallas Police Department as they were received without results.

Captain JONES stated that one WILLIAM MacEWAN DUFF, white, male, approximately 32 years old, came to General WALKER's home in early December, 1962 and pretended to be an immigrant from Scotland. According to JONES, DUFF stated that he was interested in the type of work the General was doing and wanted to help him just for a place to stay. According to JONES, DUFF stated that he had only been in the Dallas area at the time for about two weeks and kept mentioning that he had to study all of the time in order to obtain his American citizenship papers. JONES stated that DUFF was a pathological liar, lazy, and would not work. He stated in March, 1963, DUFF was asked to leave the WALKER residence.

Captain JONES stated that DUFF was brought to the Dallas Police Department and given a polygraph examination, from which the Dallas Police Department came to the conclusion that DUFF was not involved with the shooting incident at General WALKER's home.

Captain JONES stated that there have been no other suspects other than DUFF and that the Dallas Police Department has been more or less at a dead end. He stated that it is difficult to investigate any type of matter where General WALKER is involved since WALKER apparently does not know the truth from fiction and leads the police up many blind alleys.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

1

Police Dept., Dallas, Texas

Lieutenant E. L. CUNNINGHAM stated that no suspects have been developed in the WALKER shooting incident which occurred allegedly at 9:00 P.M., April 10, 1963 at the General WALKER home at 4011 Turtle Creek Boulevard, Dallas, Texas. He stated the only possible suspect was WILLIAM MacEWAN DUFF who had resided at the WALKER home, and that DUFF was eliminated as a suspect after he had been given a polygraph examination at the Dallas Police Department. He stated that DUFF had resided in General WALKER's home from September, 1962 to March of 1963, and that there were really no allegations or information concerning DUFF as a suspect other than because of his laziness he had been ordered to move out of the home by General WALKER.

CUNNINGHAM states that he had never heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD until November 22, 1963 at the time of the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

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on 12-7-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN Date dictated 12-7-63

MVS

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VII. ALLEGATIONS REGARDING ACQUAINTANCESHIP OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND JACK L. RUBY

GES & DSB/cah
DL 44-1639
OC 44-430

The following investigation was conducted by SAs GLENN E. SILVEY and DAVID S. BYERLY:

AT OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

On November 25, 1963, the morning edition of The Daily Oklahoman, November 25, 1963, contained the following article captioned "County Man Tells of OSWALD, RUBY."

"LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY were both in a downtown Dallas bar last Sunday, but did not meet a Midwest city man who spoke to both, said Sunday.

"Vern Davis, who went to Dallas to join a Showman's Club, said OSWALD entered JACK's bar in the 800 block Exposition. I was buying, so I called him over, DAVIS said.

"DAVIS quoted OSWALD as saying, 'LYNDON JOHNSON was a nothing senator who got to be a big shot.'

"He was real big on JOHNSON, DAVIS said. The Midwest city man said he spoke to OSWALD for about five minutes. Soon after, RUBY, an old friend of DAVIS, entered the bar.

"DAVIS said OSWALD spoke of the upcoming trip of JOHNSON and KENNEDY and specifically mentioned the trip to the Trade Mart where the President was to talk.

"DAVIS said he met RUBY ten years ago when he was a night clerk in a Dallas hotel and RUBY was running some gambling upstairs. DAVIS described RUBY as a very calm man. DAVIS said he was attempting to get admission to the Lone Star Showman's Club, a club of carnival people, and RUBY introduced him to a COTTON WHEELER, an old Texas showman, who sponsored him to the club.

"OSWALD was in the club at the time, DAVIS said, and everyone thought he was kind of a pest and could have done without him.

GES & DSB/csh
DL 44-1639
OC 44-430

"DAVIS said OSWALD, who was out of place in his sloppy dress, kept saying, JOHNSON is a nothing. He was very animated in his conversation which nobody was particularly impressed by.

"The general impression was that he, OSWALD, did not belong there and was not welcome, DAVIS said.

"DAVIS pictured RUBY, whom he originally met ten years ago in a Dallas synagogue, as soft spoken business man, moderate and business-like."

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Date Dec. 1, 1963

VERN A. DAVIS was located at 6120 S.E. Sixth Street Oklahoma City, Okla. and DAVIS advised that he was born in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, on May 27, 1917, and was employed as income tax accountant and salesman, his last occupation being with the Midwest Publishing Company, Midwest City, Oklahoma, in advertisement sales. DAVIS stated that he phoned the managing editor of The Daily Oklahoman concerning the information reported in an article in The Daily Oklahoman on November 25, 1963. He said that he went to Dallas, Texas, on November 17, 1963, his purpose being to join the Lone Star Showman's Club which he described as a club consisting of carnival and concessionnaire people. He said while in Dallas at about 7:00 or 7:30 p.m. at what used to be Jack's Bar, not JACK RUBY, now believed to be Ed's Bar at 813 Exposition Street, he was discussing various topics of conversation with some "carnival people". He said while there, an individual joined the group and began making derogatory statements about then Vice-President LYNDON JOHNSON and his forthcoming trip to the Trade Mart. He said at no time was President KENNEDY's name mentioned by this individual. He said he believed this individual to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD whose picture he saw both in the newspaper and television. He said he then left the bar for a short time and when he came back he noticed an individual he thought to be OSWALD had left and JACK RUBY was standing at the bar.

He said he had met JACK RUBY about ten years ago in Dallas, Texas, and he said JACK RUBY was a gambler who followed fairs and carnivals throughout the country "hustling" poker games. He said he asked JACK RUBY if he knew anyone at the Lone Star Showman's Club and RUBY told him he knew an individual named COTTON WHEELER. He said COTTON WHEELER later sponsored his application for the Lone Star Showman's Club. He said further he did not know RUBY as a night club operator but only as a gambler going from carnival to carnival. DAVIS said specifically that in further reflection about the identity of OSWALD, he was not really as sure that OSWALD was in the club as he had been the day before.

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on 11/25/63 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma File # DL 44-1639
OC 44-430

by Special Agent GLENN E. SILVEY & DAVID S. BYERLY/csh Date dictated 11/25/63

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GES & DSB/cah
DL 44-1639

He said he saw JACK RUBY at the Topeka Fair abut two years previous, but he did not know anything about his background other than he was a gambler. RUBY's picture was exhibited to DAVIS and he said he believed this was the same JACK RUBY that he had seen in Jack's Bar.

DAVIS said he had served time for burglary in the Oklahoma State Penitentiary at McAlester, the burglary having been committed at Chickasha, Oklahoma, in 1945. He said he also served time at Folsom Penitentiary and at the penitentiary in Tracy, California, for burglary in Sacramento, California. DAVIS claimed he had only three or four beers the night he saw JACK RUBY in the bar.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

(1)

EMERY THEODORE GARLOCK, 1916 Northwest 20th, Oklahoma City, furnished the following information:

Okla.
born 1/1/07

"11-25-63
Oklahoma City, Okla.

"I, EMERY THEODORE GARLOCK, make the following true and voluntary statement to Donald H. Sloat and Samuel R. McPherson who have identified themselves as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I have been advised that I do not have to make a statement and that if I do it can be used in a court of law against me. No threats, promises, or duress were used to induce me to make this statement:

"On 10-19-63 I stopped at John's Lounge, 1213 Linwood Street and while there I met and conversed with a person who identified himself as a 'Judge' in the Tribal Council of the Dakota Indian Tribe. This person appeared to be of Spanish origin and spoke with a slight Spanish accent. We talked generally about civil rights as related to Indians and Negroes. The 'Judge' was somewhat distrustful of me at first thinking I might be with the FBI. He appeared to be a well informed person and used good English. I talked with this person from about 6:00 PM to about 10:00 PM and I believe him to be Lee Harvey Oswald, the person who killed the President.

"Some one (1) week prior to this incident I remember seeing Jack Ruby at which time he was having some altercation with 'John' about being too noisy. I later saw this same person when talking with the 'Judge' or Lee Harvey Oswald.

"I also became acquainted with an Indian female by the name of Jeannie who seemed to know the Judge. A third person called the 'Chief' was also present. On the evening when I first met the Judge we all went to the Congress Hotel on their request. While the Judge and the Chief

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On 11/25/63 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma File # OC 89-41

by SAs SAMUEL R. MC PHERSON & DONALD H. SLOAT:bjh Date dictated 11/26/63

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"were gone to get beer the girl, Jeannie indicated to me that she had worked with "Operation Water Moccasin," disguised as a Japanese National. The Chief also asked me if I had heard of this operation. I replied that I had not.

"The girl 'Jeannie' said her father was Chief Cutnose and had recently been killed. She indicated that he had been treated badly and that someone was going to pay. She also indicated some high state official was going to be killed on a trip they were to make. At this point she became a little hysterical stating she was afraid for her life because 'they' would kill her if they found out she had talked.

"I also remember hearing a girl by the name of 'Dorothy' ask the Judge where his other clothes were and he replied that they were being taken care of by 'them' in Dallas. He indicated to her that she couldn't recognize him in the clothes he was wearing. This occurred prior to leaving the Bar.

"After the 'Judge' and the Chief returned with the beer I passed out from something put in it. When I awoke the 'Judge' was going through my things and had taken an I.D. card with my picture. He indicated that I looked more Russian than American. When I asked him to return my things he did so, however I later missed a little brochure I had prepared on research.

"I apparently had slept through the night and awoke in the morning about 10:00 AM. My son came by the Hotel after seeing my car parked on the street. My wife had also called the police when I did not return home.

"This entire incident didn't have much significance until I saw the TV program on 'Operation, the Water Moccasin Hoax.' I then recalled the girl Jeannie having offered me $3,000.00 if I would assist them in the operation.

"I have read the previous statement and find it to be true and correct to the best of my knowledge. It consists of this and 4 other pages. I have initialed the 4 other pages and I sign this below

[illegible]

OC 89-41
(3)

"/s/ E. T. Garlock

"Witnesses:
/s/ Samuel R. McPherson, Special Agent, FBI, Okla. City, Okla.
/s/ Donald H. Sloat - Special Agent - FBI - Okla. City, Okla."

The following description of GARLOCK was obtained from interrogation and observation:

Name	EMERY THEODORE GARLOCK
Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	January 1, 1907
Height	5' 7 3/4"
Weight	145
Eyes	Blue-Gray
Build	Medium
Characteristics	Wears Glasses; shotgun wound left foot

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

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DERAL BUREAU OF INVEST

Date November 25, 1963

Mrs. HENRIETTA VARGAS, nee GARCIA, 5011 Capital Street, was interviewed in the presence of her attorney, LAWRENCE P. HOCHBERG, 700 Southland Life Building, Dallas. Mrs. VARGAS stated she is presently employed by McKelb Sports Wear, 501 Elm Street, Dallas.

She further advised that on Tuesday, November 19, 1963, at approximately 4:10 p.m., while en route to a parking lot located directly west of the Texas School Book Depository on Elm Street, she and FRANCES HERNANDEZ, Annex Street, Dallas, and JOSIE SALINAS, Irving, Texas, observed two cars parked near the exit lane of the parking lot. She described one as a 1955 or 1956 Buick which is light in color. She stated she did not notice the other car but was advised by FRANCES HERNANDEZ that it was a new model compact.

She stated the man in the Buick was an older man, perhaps age 40 or more, height about 5'7" to 5'8", build husky. She stated the man in the small car was not entirely visible to her, and that she cannot describe him except that he was of slender build.

She further stated she observed the older man open the trunk of his car and remove a rifle which she noticed had a telescopic sight affixed thereto. She stated the older man gave the rifle to the younger man, who put it in the small car, then both got in and drove away.

Mrs. VARGAS feels that the photographs she has seen of JACK LEON RUBY are perhaps identical to the older man whom she noticed giving the rifle to the younger man on November 19, 1963.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

DL 44-1639

by Special Agent BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER/DM Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVEST

Date 12/5/63

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DAVID TORRES advised he resides at 3619 Almazan, Dallas, Texas. He stated he had a discussion with one CONRAD GALVAN, a friend of his, sometime after the shooting of President KENNEDY, and they discussed various phases of the matter.

TORRES recalls that he told GALVAN that two or three girls of Spanish descent who work in the building at 501 Elm Street had seen two men with a rifle outside the Texas School Book Depository Building on Tuesday, November 19, 1963. They do not know LEE OSWALD to his knowledge, at least they did not state they saw OSWALD with the gun, and he stated he does not know how the rumor got started that they saw OSWALD with a gun on November 22, 1963.

TORRES advised that the discussion came up between the girls and himself after they told him that they had been interviewed by the FBI.

TORRES advised that he was the man that told GALVAN originally about this incident and apparently the whole story got mixed up. He advised he does not know and has never seen OSWALD or JACK RUBY.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MAURICE WHITE:jj Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59))ERAL BUREAU OF INVEST

Date 12/5/63

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CONRAD GALVAN advised that he resides at 3989 Park Lane, Dallas, and is employed as a dental technician for the Veterans Administration at 1114 Commerce, Dallas.

He stated he is acquainted with RALPH ROJAS, 3009 Clover Drive, Mesquite, Texas. GALVAN was asked specifically if he had obtained any information from three Mexican girls allegedly working in the vicinity of 501 Elm, Dallas, to the effect that they saw LEE OSWALD receiving a pistol from a "chubby" man outside the Texas School Book Depository Building. GALVAN stated that he did not hear of any information of this type, however, did hear from an acquaintance of his, one DAVID TORRES, that three girls who worked in the building at 501 Elm did see several men with a rifle two or three days before the President was shot. TORRES had told him that these girls had seen several men carrying a rifle near the Texas School Book Depository and he believes it was on Tuesday, November 19, 1963.

GALVAN stated that he has no information concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY and has never seen OSWALD or JACK RUBY to his knowledge. He does not know the identities of the particular girls who were discussing this matter.

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MAURICE WHITE:jj Date dictated 12/5/63

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DL 89-43
MM/jj

In connection with information furnished by CONRAD GALVAN, 3989 Park Lane, Dallas, and DAVID TORRES, 3619 Almazan, Dallas, it is noted that Mr. ROY S. TRULY, Superintendent of the Texas School Book Depository, advised SAs J. DOYLE WILLIAMS and NAT A. PINKSTON that several days prior to November 22, 1963, a Mr. WARREN CASTER of the Southwestern Publishing Company came to his office with two rifles which he showed to him. TRULY examined the weapons, returned them to CASTER, and CASTER departed the building. This information has previously been reported.

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DL 89-43
REB/rms

On November 27, 1963, DONALD G. TANNER, 402 Konawa Drive, Dallas, Texas, employed at E and L Service Center, 7819 Lake June Road, telephonically advised SA CARL E. UNDERHILL that he overheard a rumor that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, on a day or two before the death of President KENNEDY, had ordered a new Cadillac and he was going to inherit some money. He said he heard this at the grocery store located at the corner of Lake June Road and Jim Miller Road.

He said in his opinion, JACK RUBENSTEIN was not too patriotic and there was a connection between OSWALD and RUBENSTEIN.

The following investigation was conducted by SAs JAMES J. WARD and ROBERT E. BASHAM on December 6, 1963:

DONALD G. TANNER, 402 Konawa Drive, advised that he could not recall who he learned the above from, but he believed an employee of the grocery store had overheard this comment made and told the man he heard it from. He advised that he did not know JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had never seen them before.

GROVER HUDGENS, Owner, Hudgens Grocery, 7102 Lake June Road; RICHARD HARDY, 3808 Forest Lawn, Dallas, an employee of the grocery store; and H. G. GARRETT, 7920 Elam Road, Dallas, another grocery store employee, all advised that they had never overheard any rumor to the effect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had ordered a new Cadillac and had said he was going to inherit some money. Mr. GARRETT advised, however, that he recalls a used car dealer on Lake June Road

mentioning one day in the grocery that he had repossessed a car from an OSWALD about a month before President KENNEDY was assassinated. He said that this man was in the store about three or four days before the assassination of the President and had made this remark.

THOMAS W. RAY, Assistant Manager, W. J. Motors, 6924 Lake June Road, advised that the owner of the company, Mr. ORDELL JOHNSON, sold a 1956 Ford to one LOUIS OSWALT of 2632 Idaho Street, Dallas. He said that JOHNSON repossessed this car from OSWALT about two months ago. He said that OSWALT was one of three brothers that came from Mississippi sometime back, and that he is not identical with the LEE H. OSWALD whose photograph he observed in the newspapers since the assassination of President KENNEDY. He advised that OSWALT was believed to be presently employed by Thomas Plating and Bumper Exchange, Dallas. RAY advised he never knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had never seen him before. He said that Mr. JOHNSON's telephone number was FE 1-1500.

DL 89-43
DL 44-1639
REB:cv
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At 1:55 p.m., November 28, 1963, LEE HALL, attorney, advised SA JOSEPH M. MYERS that he was calling from his residence, Fleetwood 1-4738, and his office is at 1100 Adolphus Towers, Riverside 1-4871. He stated that a friend of his called him by the name of JIM WANNER, whose home phone is Fleetwood 1-0664, and told HALL that one of WANNER's employees, a female who was not identified, had overheard a printer at the Record Printing Company, 2818 Elm Street, Dallas, make a statement that approximately a week to ten days prior to November 22, 1963, that RUBY and OSWALD were in the printing shop together. The man that made this statement, according to HALL, is named BARNEY and that he is the owner of the printing shop. HALL did not know whether BARNEY is the man's first or last name but that WANNER told him that BARNEY does RUBY's printing for him and that BARNEY hangs around the courthouse possibly because he prints a number of legal records.

HALL stated that WANNER did not know what to do with the information and that this was the reason for him calling HALL.

The City Directory reflects that BARNEY T. WHITE was owner of the Record Printing Company, 2818 Elm Street, Dallas.

On November 28, 1963, BARNEY T. WHITE, telephone RI 8-9973, advised SA ROBERT E. BASHAM that he has never seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD before and does not know him. He advised that he has been doing printing work for JACK RUBY for about a year and a half, but he has never seen either of the two together and knows of no connection between the two.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

Mr. ROLAND C. CARPENTER, General Manager, Petroleum Engineers, Incorporated, 800 Davis Building, advised that on Tuesday, November 26, 1963, he was having lunch at the Eatwell Cafe on Main Street and he was engaged in a conversation with JIMMY (Last Name Unknown), owner of the cafe. He stated that he and JIMMY discussed the assassination of the President and the killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by JACK RUBY.

CARPENTER advised that JIMMY was an elderly man and has recently had several strokes. He stated that JIMMY was quite upset over the assassination of the President.

CARPENTER stated that JIMMY mentioned to him that JACK RUBY had been in the restaurant several times to eat, but did not furnish any further details. CARPENTER stated that they had discussed the possibility that OSWALD and RUBY had known each other prior to the assassination. He stated that JIMMY did not wish to discuss the matter any further because he did not want to get involved.

CARPENTER advised that he has never seen RUBY or OSWALD in the Eatwell Cafe. CARPENTER stated that since the shooting of OSWALD by RUBY, there have been many rumors linking RUBY and OSWALD but he, CARPENTER, does not hold much credence in these rumors.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639 DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM O. JOHNSON and KENNETH R. ALBERT/rms Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

Mr. JAMES GAMBULOS, 76 years of age, 3137 Bryn Mawr, advised that he is the owner of the Statwell Restaurant, 1404 Main Street, but because of several recent strokes, has spent very little time at the restaurant. He stated that it is being managed by his brother, SAM GAMBULOS.

GAMBULOS advised that he is not personally acquainted with JACK RUBY but after RUBY killed LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he had heard his brother, SAM, mention that RUBY had been in the restaurant several times in recent months to eat. GAMBULOS stated that he did not hear his brother mention that OSWALD had been in the cafe or that he had been seen in the presence of RUBY at the cafe.

GAMBULOS advised that he could furnish no further information concerning this matter.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639 DL 89-43

by Special Agent # WILLIAM O. JOHNSON and KENNETH R. ALBERT/rms Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

Mr. SAM GAMBULOS, Manager, Eatwell Restaurant, 1404 Main Street, advised that he is acquainted with JACK RUBY inasmuch as RUBY has eaten at this restaurant numerous times prior to his being involved in the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

GAMBULOS advised that this restaurant is open 24 hours a day and is just a short distance from RUBY's place of business on Commerce Street. He stated that RUBY would come in on many occasions after his club closed in the early morning hours. He stated that he knows nothing about RUBY personally or any of his associations.

GAMBULOS advised that neither he nor his help are acquainted with OSWALD, nor had they ever seen him in the restaurant at any time. GAMBULOS advised that the restaurant averages 2,500 patrons per day, and it is physically impossible to recall every patron who enters the restaurant, but advised that he has never seen anyone resembling OSWALD in the company of RUBY at the time that RUBY was in the restaurant.

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on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639 DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM O. JOHNSON and KENNETH R. ALBERT/rms Date dictated 12/3/63

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DL 89-43
PEW/jj

On November 27, 1963, ROCKY RHODES, Manager, Cattlemen's Steak House, Ft. Worth, Texas, advised SA MALON LUCAS JENNINGS he had been furnished information by one of his waitresses, APOLLONIA CHRISTINE GRAVES, which may be of interest. GRAVES claimed she had been introduced to FRITZ DIETER JAEGER in the Stork Club of Camp Bowie Boulevard in Ft. Worth, Texas, as a fellow countryman. Since that time JAEGER has tried to date her and more recently in a telephone conversation with her JAEGER mentioned he knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/3/63

1

FRITZ DIETER JAEGER, 1316 Belle Place, Fort Worth, Texas, was interviewed at the Shady Oaks County Club where he has been employed since July 30, 1963, in the kitchen.

JAEGER came to the United States on July 13, 1963, from Cologne, Germany.

His purpose in coming to the United States was to visit an aunt and uncle, R. R. CRUMP, 1316 Belle Place. He does not stay with his relatives but in a room nearby at the corner of Camp Bowie and Clover Lane. JAEGER said he liked it here in Fort Worth and recently applied for a resident visa with Immigration and Naturalization Service, Dallas, Texas.

JAEGER was in the German Merchant Marine from approximately 1960 to 1963. After getting out of the Merchant Marine, he then worked in Cologne, Germany, at the Opra Restaurant as a kitchen butcher until he came to the United States in July, 1963.

While JAEGER was in the German Merchant Marine, his ship docked in many Russian ports including Leningrad, Russia. He said that he had been to Leningrad two or three different times. To the best of his recollection, while in Leningrad during 1961, he and his shipmates visited the Inter Club. This club is known as the International Club and is set up by Russia only for foreigners. No Russian nationals were allowed at the club except for the workers. JAEGER described the club as an information center for the Russians. It consisted of a large room which has microphones throughout the club to overhear any conversations throughout the building. The drinks are free and there are Russians there to entertain, and elicit any information from foreigners by eavesdropping and questioning.

JAEGER said that on this visit to Leningrad and while at the Inter Club, he went to a cinema with someone he believed was OSWALD and identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. JAEGER said he was

on 11/29/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARNOLD J. BROWN and MALON LUCAS JENNINGS:jj Date dictated 12/3/63

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brought together with this OSWALD because OSWALD and JAEGER were in a group speaking English. During the cinema, JAEGER sat alongside OSWALD and asked him many questions about the film which was in English, and JAEGER did not understand everything that was said.

JAEGER said he did not talk to OSWALD very much, and OSWALD never talked much with him because of microphones placed around the building. JAEGER said he did not ask if OSWALD was there as a foreigner or a Russian. JAEGER said that he did not have to ask OSWALD this because in his own mind he knew that OSWALD was a communist and working there. Further, OSWALD did not leave the Inter Club when it closed at midnight to him and his shipmates. JAEGER admitted that the possibility existed that OSWALD could have been a tourist and could have had a different type pass from what he had.

JAEGER said the Secret Service in Dallas, Texas, exhibited him a photograph of a woman which he identified as being known to him, JAEGER, as LOBUJIR MARREKA (phonetic) and which woman he had seen in the Inter Club as an entertainer. JAEGER said he saw her talk to other people. JAEGER said that he cannot remember whether he ever talked to her, danced with her or that he saw her more than once during his visits to the Inter Club. He said this woman could have handed him a magazine, but JAEGER was not specific in any contacts with this woman whom he identified for the Secret Service.

With regard to any conversations JAEGER had with OSWALD, he said that OSWALD only asked him if he ever docked on the Gulf Coast of the United States. Before JAEGER answered, OSWALD said he knew the Gulf Coast very well.

JAEGER said that the first time that he knew that OSWALD was an American was approximately a week ago when he was accused of the assassination of former President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He related that the Secret Service had shown him a picture of a marine in a uniform, allegedly OSWALD, and he has seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD's picture on television. With regard to identifying OSWALD,

JAEGER said that he cannot say for sure that the OSWALD he met in the Inter Club is the same as LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but he is 90% sure.

JAEGER mentioned that he might have OSWALD's name in a book which he has in Cologne, Germany. He stated it was his practice to write names of people that he met at the Inter Club in this book, and he has written to Cologne for the book and will supply it to the Secret Service when he receives it.

JAEGER stated that he has been to Dallas, Texas, only to talk with the Secret Service and the other time to the Immigration and Naturalization Service Office for a resident visa.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

BILL LANDS, Special Agent, Office of Special Investigations, Carswell Air Force Base, Texas, advised that information was reported to his office that a German individual, using the name FRITZ, was making a lot of comments concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY, Saturday night, November 30, 1963, in the Hightop Club, a tavern on the Jacksboro Highway, Fort Worth. FRITZ allegedly worked at the Shady Oaks Country Club as a Cook, is about age 30, 190 pounds, and has light hair. FRITZ was driving a 1956 Ford, bearing 1963 Texas license KF443. A check of the Auto Registrations in Fort Worth reflected this car to be a 1956 Ford, Victoria, registered to WOLFGANG H. SCHMITZ, 525 South Judd Street, Fort Worth.

FRITZ allegedly had, and was waving around, a copy of a statement that he had given the Secret Service. FRITZ is alleged to have stated that when interviewed by the Secret Service, he had told them only what he wanted to tell them, that he had seen OSWALD and his wife in a club in Russia when he was in the Merchant Marine, that RUBY had been hired to kill OSWALD, and made other comments regarding OSWALD and RUBY. FRITZ did not appear to be drinking too heavily, but his statements and comments, as well as himself, became boring and he appeared to be a braggard to club patrons.

Mr. LANDS was advised that the FRITZ mentioned above appears to be identical with FRITZ DIETER JAEGER, an employee of the Shady Oaks Country Club.

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on 12-2-63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MALON L. JENNINGS:mja Date dictated 12-3-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

WOLFGANG H. SCHMITZ, Chef, Shady Oaks Country Club, 320 South Roaring Springs Road, and who resides at 525 South Judd, advised that he owns a 1956 Ford, Victoria, 1963 Texas license EF443. He stated that he has not had possession of this car for three or four months because he sold it to FRITZ DIETER JAEGER, a German immigrant, who also works in the kitchen at the Shady Oaks Country Club. SCHMITZ denied being at the Hightop Club on the Jacksboro Highway, on Saturday night, November 30, 1963, in this car. He stated that the car is still registered in his name.

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on 12-2-63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MALON L. JENNINGS:mja Date dictated 12-3-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

December 3, 1963

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FRITZ DIETER JAEGER was re-interviewed at the Shady Oaks Country Club, where he is employed as a Cook. He advised that on Saturday, night, November 30, 1963, he visited the High top Club, a tavern on the Jacksboro Highway. JAEGER was driving a 1956 Ford, Victoria, which he is buying from WOLFGANG H. SCHMITZ, a Chef at the Club. JAEGER admitted taking a copy of a signed statement which he had previously given the Secret Service when interviewed by them. He said that he did not read , or understand, English well and wanted someone to help him read it. Further, it was not his intention to divulge any information in discussing the statement with RONNIE (LAST NAME UNKNOWN), owner or manager of the Hightop Club, but to determine if he had done the right thing because RONNIE was his friend. He stated that he had furnished all the information he knows about OSWALD when previously interviewed and he again reiterated that he is ninety per cent sure that it was OSWALD and his wife that he saw in the Inter Club in Leningrad, Russia, when he visited the Club while in the German Merchant Marine. JAEGER again denied knowing RUBY. He says he had talked about this at the Hightop Club, but he was misquoted or misunderstood by the people there.

JAEGER indicated that he had talked to CHRISTENE GRAVES, a waitress at the Cattlemen's Restaurant in Fort Worth. It was his impression that she was going to Cologne, Germany, whe she is from, and it was she who had called him asking if he had any information she could carry to his folks there in the way of greetings. JAEGER stated that he and Miss GRAVES only discussed things of common interest, namely the fact that they were both born in Cologne, Germany.

JAEGER was requested to refrain from making statements concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY, and to furnish such information as he may have to the appropriate authorities. JAEGER agreed to furnish any additional information coming to his attention, or any recollections that he may have of his possible contacts with OSWALD to the FBI.

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on 12-3-63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent MALON L. JENNINGS and ARNOLD J. BROWN:mja Date dictated 12-3-63

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December 2, 1963

1

JOSEPH ROLAND HUMMEL, Rm. 710, YMCA, 605 North Ervay, Dallas, advised that he was presently employed at the Magnolia Tearoom, 1629 Pacific Street. He stated that he thought he had seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Mayflower Coffee Shop in September, 1963. He advised that he also believed he had seen JACK RUBY on the sun deck at the YMCA during the summer of 1963. He said a fellow named BARNEY (LNU) who is a desk clerk at the YMCA told him that RUBY was a member of the Y. HUMMEL advised that prior to coming to Dallas in April of 1961, he had lived in New Orleans and that he believed he first saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD during Mardi Gra of 1960 in the La Marina Cafe on Decatur Street, New Orleans. He advised that he further believed he had seen OSWALD shopping in a grocery store on the corner of Magazine and Melpomene. He further advised that he believed he had seen OSWALD sometime in 1961 walking on Jackson and Magazine with a white male, sandy hair, about 5' 8" or 9", who appeared to be of German extraction. He advised in this regard he is of German descent and claimed he had no trouble distinguishing this nationality. HUMMEL claimed that he had been a source of information or an informant for the New Orleans police and the Customs Agency in New Orleans. He stated that he was working for RICHARD DOWLING and after DOWLING went out of office, for JAMES GARRISON, presently District Attorney. He said in particular he worked with Captain BARBERIOS.

HUMMEL furnished information known to the Agent which indicated he was acquainted with the New Orleans area, and further admitted he had been arrested by the New Orleans police for a crime against nature and indecent exposure.

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on 11-29-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent s ROBERT E. BASHAM 470 Date dictated 12-2-63
ROBERT J. ANDERSON
mvs

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December 2, 1963

JOSEPH ROLAND HUMMEL appeared at the Dallas Office and advised that he had learned that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been at the YMCA in Dallas in July of 1963 and that a man in the U. S. Navy Recruiting Office in Dallas had observed OSWALD at the desk at the YMCA sometime in July. He stated that rumors he had picked up at various places frequented by homosexuals indicated that possibly OSWALD and RUBY were, in fact, homosexuals, however, he had no proof of same. He advised that a bouncer called BOB at GENE's Music Bar, who was a former police officer on the Dallas Police Department, told him that he thought RUBY had killed OSWALD because they might have been "playing around" together and that RUBY might have been embarrassed if his name were mentioned.

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on 11-30-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent # ROBERT E. BASHAM ROBERT J. ANDERSON RVS Date dictated 12-2-63

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DL 89-43
DL 44-1639
REB:mvs

On December 2, 1963, the following investigation was conducted by SA's JAMES J. WARD and ROBERT E. BASHAM:

Chief GEORGE B. OWEN, U. S. Navy Recruiting, 1114 Commerce Street, advised that A. H. FERNANDEZ, 7th Floor, 912 Commerce Street, had lived in the YMCA but was presently living at 4821 Gaston, Apt. 102. He thought FERNANDEZ was there sometime in June of 1963. He advised that B. M. FERRIS, Medical Department, 7th Floor, 912 Commerce Street, was presently living at the YMCA.

Chief A. H. FERNANDEZ, U. S. Navy, Officer Procurement Section, 912 Commerce Street, present residence 4821 Gaston, Apt. 102, advised that he was at the YMCA from February 14, 1963 to June, 1963 when he moved to his present address, and that he did not know JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

He advised that he could not recall seeing either of these individuals either at the Health Club or while he was residing at the Y.

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December 2, 1963

COLLIN GREGORY BARNHORST, 3400 Swiss, Apt. 5, employed as a desk clerk at the YMCA, 605 North Ervay, advised that he is studying for the ministry at the Dallas Bible School, 3608 Swiss, Dallas, while he is working for the Y. He said that he has only been employed at the Y since October of 1963 and that he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY personally, but he believes that he has seen RUBY come into the Y on two or three occasions and he has heard that he was a member of the YMCA Health Club. He said Mr. JENSEN, the membership chairman of the Health Club, would know whether RUBY was a member. He said he thought the FBI had been making inquiries about RUBY previously and that they had attempted to locate an individual on the fifth floor. He further advised that a reporter from Latin America has been living at the Y and has been asking numerous questions about LEE HARVEY OSWALD and how long OSWALD lived at the Y.

BARNHORST advised that there is an individual in Room 710 from New Orleans who claims he knew OSWALD in New Orleans, but he said he would not put very much faith in what he has to say since this individual is a big mouth and claims all kinds of ridiculous deeds and feats. He said this individual strikes him as being a braggart and show-off.

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on 12-2-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent s ROBERT E. BASHAM Date dictated 12-2-63
JAMES J. WARD
RVS

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

December 2, 1963

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BILL M. FERRIS, Hospital Corpsman Second Class, USN residence room 606, Downtown YMCA, 605 North Ervay, advised that he registered at the YMCA on September 30, 1963, after arriving from San Diego and he thought it was a Sunday night about 7:00 or 8:00 P.M. He stated an elderly man, either Mr. BERG or Mr. BARKER, is the clerk at the Y, and he stated that he believed that an individual of the same general features of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was standing at the desk in the Y when he registered. He said he never saw this man before or after this incident and knew nothing further about him.

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on 12-2-63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT E. BASHAM JAMES J. WARD MVS Date dictated 12-2-63

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DL 89-43
DL 44-1639
WOJ:vm

On November 29, 1963, Mr. GEORGE SMALLEY, 114 W. Colorado Street, Dallas, Texas, advised he operates a family-style restaurant called Col-Bec at 114 W. Colorado, where he also resides.

SMALLEY advised that on November 26, 1963, an unknown female was in his restaurant asking questions about OSWALD. She commented she had known OSWALD and was considered his friend. She spoke with a foreign accent and said she was from New York.

SMALLEY stated his employees were interested in her and followed her when she left the restaurant to another location in Oak Cliff. He stated he does not know the location but the two employees can furnish this information.

SMALLEY described the woman as being 24 to 30 years of age, heavy set, dark hair, and about 5'6".

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

1

Mr. GEORGE SMALLEY, 114 W. Colorado Street, advised he operates a family-style restaurant at this address known as Cal-Bec. He stated he also resides at this address.

SMALLEY advised that on Tuesday, November 26, 1963, day after funeral of President KENNEDY, he was across the street from his business talking with a friend at a drive-in grocery when he noticed a woman enter his restaurant. He stated he noticed this because it was after eating hours.

SMALLEY advised he went across the street after the woman entered the restaurant. When he entered the restaurant he noticed the woman was back in the kitchen talking to two of his employees. He stated he walked back to the kitchen to see what she wanted.

He stated when he asked her what she wanted she informed him she wanted to "find out where OSWALD eats." He stated she had a small notebook which she was writing in.

SMALLEY stated the woman did not identify herself at all. She was a heavy-set woman, between 25 to 30 years of age, had black hair, and spoke with a foreign accent. He stated since she did not identify herself he did not believe she was a newspaper woman.

SMALLEY stated she did not stay in the restaurant after he got there and the only thing he could state she was interested in was where OSWALD had been eating his meals.

SMALLEY stated that two employees who were in the kitchen at the time the unknown woman came in are no longer employed at this restaurant. He said they had only been working here for approximately one week and he fired them on Wednesday, November 27, 1963. He said he does not have any records which would reflect their names or current address. He said the two employees, man and wife, allegedly reside in the 100 block of 10th Street off Zangs Blvd., and they have two children.

SMALLEY stated he would endeavor to locate them and get their full names.

SMALLEY stated that since the shooting of the President he has been in a state of shock and is seriously considering selling his place of business and moving to a place where violence does

on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 44-1639

by Special Agents WILLIAM O. JOHNSON and JOSEPH H. HANLEY/vm Date dictated 12/4/63

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not occur.

It was noted at time of interview with SMALLEY that he appeared to be upset and emotionally disturbed.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

1

Mr. PHILIP LANCE, Apartment G, 109 10th Street, advised he is currently residing here with his wife, REBA JANE LANCE, and their two children. He advised he is currently unemployed but his wife is working at Skillern's Drugstore in Wynnewood.

LANCE advised that his last employment was at Col-Bec Restaurant in 100 block of W. Colorado Street, where he and his wife worked for approximately one week.

He stated that at approximately 7:30 p.m., Tuesday, November 26, 1963, he and his wife were working at the kitchen at Col-Bec Restaurant when a woman came through the front door right back to the kitchen. He said she advised them she was a White House reporter and that she was "trying to get information on our friend OSWALD."

LANCE stated the woman was very well dressed, in her middle 30's, black hair, stocky build, and spoke with a foreign accent.

He stated she asked them if they knew OSWALD, if he had ever been in the restaurant, or if they had ever seen him on Jefferson Street, or in the area where he last resided which was on Beckley Street.

LANCE stated the woman had a notebook and wrote in the book as she asked questions of them. He said she asked them if there were any other eating places in the area where OSWALD might possibly have gone to eat. He stated he told her to try the bowling alley which is in the 100 block of Jefferson Street.

LANCE stated when she left the restaurant he followed her out and noticed she was walking and that she walked in the direction of the bowling alley on Jefferson Street.

LANCE stated he was of the opinion she was connected with some newspaper and was attempting to obtain background information on OSWALD.

LANCE volunteered the information that his wife, REBA JANE, formerly worked for JACK RUBY at the Vegas Club and the Carousel Club as a stripper under the name of REBA. He stated she worked for approximately one year and that she quit him about a year ago.

on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 44-1639

by Special Agents WILLIAM O. JOHNSON and JOSEPH J. HANLEY/vm Date dictated 12/6/63

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He stated that he, LANCE, was acquainted with RUBY having met him through his wife. He said RUBY was continually trying to embarrass the girls who worked for him and that was one of the reasons why his wife, REBA, quit working for him. He said that one night while she was in the middle of the act before the large audience at the Carousel Club RUBY hollered out "REBA, do you shave." LANCE stated that he wanted to whip RUBY right then but he contained himself. He said his wife quit shortly thereafter.

LANCE stated he thought RUBY was an "odd character" because he never saw him in the company of girls and always had a bunch of dogs banging around him. He said on one occasion he saw RUBY walking four "weiner dogs" on a leash and saw him kiss each dog on the nose.

LANCE advised he never saw anyone who looked like the newspaper and television picture of OSWALD in the Col-Bec Restaurant or in JACK RUBY's clubs.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/6/63

1

Mrs. PHILIP LANCE, also known as Reba Jane Lance, Apartment G, 109 W. 10th Street, advised she is currently employed at Skillern's Drugstore, Wynnewood Shopping Center. She stated that during the period of the assassination of President KENNEDY she was employed at Col-Rec Restaurant on W. Colorado Street with her husband.

Mrs. LANCE stated that at approximately 7:00 p.m. on Tuesday night, November 26, 1963, she and her husband were working in the kitchen of the Col-Rec Restaurant when a woman came into the kitchen of the restaurant. This woman stated she was a White House reporter but did not exhibit any form of identification. She said this woman advised she was looking for information regarding "our friend OSWALD."

Mrs. LANCE stated the woman asked several questions about possible eating places that OSWALD might have gone to in this area. She stated the woman was very well dressed, in her early 30's, had black hair, and spoke with a foreign accent. She stated when the woman had her purse open she noticed there was a lot of money in the purse. She said this woman made notes in a small notebook. She said she was of the opinion that this woman was a reporter and was just trying to obtain information on OSWALD.

Mrs. LANCE advised she had formerly worked for JACK RUBY at both the Vegas Club and the Carousel Club. She advised she hates JACK RUBY more than any person she has ever met. She stated he had no respect for her or any of the girls who worked for him.

She stated she quit him sometime in January, 1963, after working for him for over a year because he embarrassed her before several club patrons. She said he asked her, "REBA, do you shave."

Mrs. LANCE advised RUBY tries to act big and likes to show off before a group of men. She stated RUBY is "queer for dogs" and on many occasions saw him act absolutely silly over some of his dogs.

Mrs. LANCE advised RUBY was also abnormal in other ways. She stated he hired a stripper and became fond of her just because she "had a butt that he liked."

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 44-1639

by Special Agents WILLIAM O. JOHNSON and JOSEPH J. HAVLIK:vp Date dictated 12/6/63

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Mrs. LANCE advised she had never seen RUBY in the company of women outside his place of business.

Mrs. LANCE said he always enjoyed being in the company of men but during the period she worked for him she did not see anyone resembling OSWALD in RUBY's company.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 29, 1963

RUSSELL ROSS FARRELL, Commander, United States Navy Reserve (Retired), 1327 Diamond Street, Pacific Beach, California, advised that he was a medically-retired Commander, U. S. Navy Reserve, who had been a legal officer in various commands in the Dallas and San Diego areas over the past 15 years. After his retirement, he said that he had become active in an anti-communist movement sponsored by the Copley Press in San Diego, a chain of newspapers in the Southwest, in which connection he held anti-communist meetings and showed the movie "Operation Abolition" before various groups.

He advised on November 27, 1963, that he had become convinced during this latter association that the persons of "far right" persuasion who were associated in this endeavor were so strongly anti-KENNEDY and anti-administration in their views, that he now actually believes it possible that they had had a hand in the assassination of KENNEDY and the murder of OSWALD. He stated he had heard conversations and seen correspondence from such persons as Major General WALKER, Retired Chief of Staff; Admiral RADFORD; H. L. HUNT, prominent Dallas millionaire who publishes "Lifeline", an anti-communist publication; JAMES COPLEY of the Copley Press; and others, that convinced him that these persons were so violently anti-administration as to be capable of anything.

When the assassination occurred, FARRELL watched the television coverage continuously and became emotionally aroused, especially when RUBY killed OSWALD. He states he knew RUBY when he was legal officer in Dallas in 1948 and was involved in one investigation of the beating of several members of a bomber crew in RUBY'S club during a disturbance. Dallas policemen were involved, and FARRELL believes RUBY has had influence with the Dallas Police Department for years, since he hired off-duty police as bouncers in his clubs. He dug out a copy of some signed statements taken from the flyers concerning the incident. Neither RUBY nor any policemen are named in the statements, although the fracas did occur at "Abe's Colony Club". One officer is referred to as Badge Number 302. Other officers are mentioned as having participated in the beating, but are not named.

On 11/27/63 at Pacific Beach, California File # SD 62-1529
SD 44-251

by SA JOSEPH L. GERRY/lmt Date dictated 11/29/63

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SD 62-1529
SD 44-251

All of this so aroused FARRELL that he contacted SA GERRY and discussed the matter at great length. He felt at the time that the authorities should definitely be considering the possibility that the whole affair was a "rightist plot" and that RUBY had been assigned to kill OSWALD with the connivance of the Dallas Police in order to shut him up.

Later, at 4:30 a.m. in the morning, FARRELL called SA GERRY and said that he had come to realize that he had been irrational; that he actually had no evidence or concrete reason for the view he had expressed; and that he did not wish to carry it any further.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA.

1 Date 12/2/63

WESTLEY ARTHUR WISE, 10026 Lake Dale Drive, was interviewed at his residence, at which time he was advised that he did not have to make a statement and that any statement he did make could be used in a court of law. He was advised of his right to consult with an attorney. Mr. WISE stated that he would be glad to volunteer any information in his possession to the interviewing Agents of the FBI and stated his willingness to cooperate with the FBI in any way that he could.

WISE stated that he is employed as a sports announcer for Station KRLD Radio and TV, Channel 4, Dallas, Texas, and as such handles news assignments out of the KRLD News Department in addition to sports assignments.

In the afternoon on the day following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 23, 1963, WISE was assigned by the News Director of Station KRLD, EDDIE BARKER, to conduct a motion picture camera survey of the route taken by LEE OSWALD from the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository to the place of his subsequent arrest by authorities on the day of the assassination. In connection with this assignment WISE drove to the Texas School Book Depository in the Station KRLD station wagon news unit. WISE endeavored at the door of the Texas School Book Depository to enter the building for the purpose of going to the sixth floor where it was his understanding the assassin had stood at a window with the weapon which killed the President. WISE was confronted at the back doorway on the north side of the building by a secret service agent whom he could not identify who advised him that no one was being authorized to go to the sixth floor. WISE thereupon returned to the KRLD news unit which he had parked previously across the street from the building and was in the process of radioing to Station KRLD to contact JIM UNDERWOOD, KRLD newsman, to have UNDERWOOD make an effort to obtain permission for WISE to take pictures on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository. WISE estimated the time as approximately 3:00 PM when he observed a man in a navy blue suit approaching the KRLD TV unit from the rear of the Texas School Book Depository along Houston Street on the east side of the building.

When this man came to the door of the station wagon WISE recognized him as JACK RUBY, however, WISE at that moment had the window of the station wagon rolled up so that this person could not hear his

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on 12/1/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43 44-1639

by Special Agent WILLIAM G. BROOKHART and GEORGE T. BINNEY/BJD Date dictated 12/2/63

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radio transmission to Station KRLD. Upon rolling down the window following this radio transmission, RUBY introduced himself stating "Hi Wes, I'm Jack Ruby, do you remember me", engaging WISE in general conversation concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY. They talked about how terrible the assassination was and RUBY volunteered how terrible it was for the President's wife and children. At this point WISE noted that RUBY's eyes filled with tears and he appeared to be emotional regarding this particular point. WISE informed RUBY that he had gone to the Dallas Trade Mart that morning for the purpose of photographing the wrapped packages, gifts for the KENNEDY children, which were Western saddles to be presented to the President for the children.

WISE then informed RUBY that he had heard RUBY's name mentioned on the radio the night before and RUBY replied to the effect that he had furnished the information, however, he would have given it to him, WISE, or any other newsman.

WISE recalled that he had heard on the late news emanating from Station KLIF on the night of the President's assassination that KLIF had learned exclusively from a source which WISE could not definitely identify but believes was the Dallas District Attorney or the Chief of the Dallas Police Department, or possibly some other authority, that night club owner JACK RUBY had taken a newsman whose name WISE was not sure of, to the authorities with information that RUBY had obtained.

WISE commented that it was his distinct impression that at the time of his conversation on November 23, 1963, at approximately 3:00 PM with RUBY that RUBY was endeavoring to be interviewed by WISE and WISE paid no particular attention to his conversation with RUBY on that date and their conversation was very casual. WISE noted that from past experience he has determined that RUBY is the type of individiaul who welcomes newsmen and likes to receive publicity, and would endeavor to be interviewed by newsmen.

WISE noted that he has an acquaintance with RUBY as a local Dallas figure who he has observed at various public functions such as prize fights and sports events. WISE has also been to RUBY's club, the Carousel Club, and on occasion has seen RUBY at the Dallas City

Hall and present in the audience at trials in local Dallas courts. WISE stated that he did not consider it unusual to see RUBY at a location of news interest such as was the Texas School Book Depository building on the day following the assassination of President KENNEDY. He stated that RUBY impressed him as the type of person who could be characterized as a "news hound". WISE further pointed out that there were numerous persons gathered in the vicinity of the Texas School Book Depository on the afternoon following the assassination of the President, and he assumed that RUBY was sightseeing that afternoon at the Texas School Book Depository building vicinity.

Following his conversation with RUBY, WISE observed RUBY to return in the same direction from which he had previously come, as he walked down Houston Street on the east side of the Texas School Book Depository toward some railroad tracks that WISE knows to be located in the rear of the building. WISE stated that he could not understand why RUBY would walk toward the back of the building unless he had parked his car in a parking space located in that area.

WISE stated that he had not seen RUBY on any other occasion prior to the time that LEE OSWALD was shot. He noted that on the morning of November 24, 1963, he was assigned to go to the Dallas County Jail with the KRLD news unit for the purpose of covering the transfer of LEE OSWALD from the Dallas City Jail to the County Jail. On the way to the jail WISE dropped GEORGE PHENIX, KRLD cameraman, off at the Dallas City Jail. He and PHENIX went in the Main Street entrance on the north side of the City Jail and went into the basement of the building. In the basement of the Police Department WISE noted there were ten or twelve persons gathered. He noted that they were newsmen and other people. He estimated the time as being approximately an hour and a half prior to the time that OSWALD was shot. He noted that BOB HUFFAKER, newsman of KRLD, was present and he, HUFFAKER and PHENIX were the only newsmen that WISE could identify as being in the Police Department basement at the time that WISE was there.

WISE noted that in bringing GEORGE PHENIX to the City Jail he had driven the news unit right into the basement of the Police Department and he was not checked or challenged in this regard by members of the Dallas Police Department. It did not appear to him that there were any security measures being taken at that time. He further advised that he could not recall observing any unauthorized persons present at the basement of the Police Department at the time that he was there. WISE proceeded to the Dallas Couty Jail where he was assigned with other newsmen to cover the OSWALD transfer. He noted that at the County Building the Dallas Police Department had taken measures to provide security around the entrance of the County Building by roping off the area across the street from the building. He noted further that there were police officers present as well as TV cameramen and other newsmen. The fact that OSWALD was to be moved was announced to the newsmen by BILL DECKER, Sheriff, Dallas County, who came to the door of the Dallas County Jail. A few minutes later DECKER again came to the door at which time he announced that OSWALD had been shot. In the meantime, the newsmen had obtained the fact of OSWALD's being shot at the Dallas Police Department by viewing portable television monitors set up in the television news units.

WISE advised that the only associates of RUBY that he could suggest was RUBY's roommate whose name was unknown to WISE. WISE pointed out that he had recently talked to SAM CAMPISI, operator of the Egyptian Restaurant, Dallas, who advised WISE that JACK RUBY had following his arrest for the murder of LEE OSWALD asked to see JOE CAMPISI, SAM CAMPISI's brother and co-owner of the Egyptian Restaurant. On November 30, 1963, SAM CAMPISI told WISE that RUBY had told JOE CAMPISI in connection with his shooting of OSWALD "someone had to do it, so it might as well have been me".

WISE stated that he had heard from an unrecalled source that JACK RUBY at one time was associated with JOE BOND, former operator of the Sky View Club in the Oak Cliff Section of Dallas which is no longer in operation. WISE stated that BOND approximately three years ago was charged with and arrested for a sex offense in Dallas and might now be in custody at the penitentiary in Huntsville, Texas.

WISE stated that he had never heard nor seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD before, was not acquainted with OSWALD and had no information as to his activities prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY.

WISE stated further that from his past knowledge of JACK RUBY he has determined that RUBY is rather an emotional type of man as evidenced by WISE's observations of RUBY following prize fights when RUBY disagreed violently with the decision of the judges as to the winner of the contest and would behave in a very angry and overly emotional manner. He stated that it was RUBY's general nature to want to be in on activities that were going on in Dallas and WISE has observed him in the past at many sports events. WISE pointed out that on the occasion of WISE's transfer from TV Channel 8 to TV Channel 4 he was given a going away party which was held at the Carousel Club. On this occasion WISE was given a bottle of champagne for having won first prize in a twist contest at the club. A man took the bottle of champagne and RUBY observed him take it and became very angry with the man and actually was violent in his reaction to the man having taken the champagne. WISE thought at the time that RUBY was going to strike this man and WISE interceded in an effort to calm RUBY down.

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DL 89-43
JDW:mvs

At 1:00 P.M., December 3, 1963, MARY LAWRENCE, head waitress, B&B Restaurant, Oak Lawn Avenue in Dallas, telephonically advised SA J. DOYLE WILLIAMS she had received an anonymous call from a male caller about 6:00 A.M. on December 3, 1963, who stated: "If you don't want to die, you better get out of town."

LAWRENCE stated she has known JACK RUBY for the past eight years and that she saw him at approximately midnight on November 22, 1963 after the President had been shot or during the early morning hours of November 23, 1963. RUBY was at the B&B Restaurant at that time and was with an individual, possibly identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

LAWRENCE was upset because of the call she had received and stated she felt the call may have resulted, possibly, because of her acquaintance with JACK RUBY. She stated she knew of no reason why a person should want to kill her, because her acquaintance with RUBY had been on a business basis, based upon her employment as a waitress at various restaurants in Dallas.

LAWRENCE stated her husband is CHARLIE LAWRENCE who is employed by Yellow Transit Company in Dallas and that she lives with her husband at 4325 Chestnut, Mesquite, Texas. She stated her working hours at B&B Restaurant are from 10:45 P.M. to 8:00 A.M.

DL 89-43
DL 44-1639
KBJ/gm

The following investigation was conducted by SA KENNETH B. JACKSON:

On December 5, 1963, Constable T. A. VINES, who is located in the Dallas County Building at 410 South Beckley, Dallas, Texas, advised that he had received information from Mr. and Mrs. FRANKLIN SMITH, 111 West Jefferson, Dallas, Texas, who operate a sporting goods store at that address, that a customer at their store had inferred that person, or persons, employed at the Dobbs House, Colorado and Beckley Streets, Dallas, might have information connecting LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY.

On December 5, 1963, Mr. and Mrs. FRANKLIN SMITH were contacted at their place of business, Smitty's Sporting Goods, 111 West Jefferson, Dallas, and initially they were unable to furnish the identity of the woman who had given them information to the effect that there may have been a connection between OSWALD and RUBY. They finally identified this customer of their store as Mrs. JOHNNIE GARRITY, 9870 Van Dyke. Dallas, Texas

Mrs. GARRITY was interviewed on December 5, 1963, and stated that she was in the Dobbs House at Colorado and Beckley close to noon one day during the week following the assassination of President KENNEDY and overheard a waitress at the Dobbs House, a small 24 hour a day restaurant, talking to a customer. She stated this waitress indicated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had eaten breakfast at this restaurant nearly every morning prior to the assassination of the President, and that JACK RUBY came into the restaurant during night hours but that it would always be late at night. Mrs. GARRITY stated that she did not gain the impression that OSWALD and RUBY were ever in the restaurant at the same time or that any indication was made that OSWALD and RUBY were associated based upon what she overheard at that time.

On December 5, 1963, Mr. SAM ROGERS, Manager, Dobbs House, 1221 North Beckley, advised that he personally never

Dallas, Texas

knew OSWALD or RUBY but that he had since President KENNEDY's assassination recognized OSWALD's picture as being that of an individual who had been a coffee customer in this Dobbs House Restaurant.

He said he had no information of RUBY ever having been a customer in the restaurant.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 7, 1963

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Mr. DOUGLAS LEAKE, 1159 North Madison, Apartment 9, advised he is employed with the Dobbs House at 1221 North Beckley presently on a shift from 6:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. He noted that during the period of time leading up to President KENNEDY's assassination on November 22, 1963, that he had been working on a 10:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. shift. He said that he recalled JACK RUBY as a customer in this restaurant but that RUBY to the best of his recollection had not been seen by him in the restaurant for a year or more prior to November 22, 1963. He stated that when RUBY would come in, he would either be alone or in company with a girl from the club where RUBY worked. He said he presumed that any of the girls that RUBY had in his company would have been possibly employees of the Carousel Club in downtown Dallas. He stated the time of RUBY's coming to the restaurant was about 1:30 to 3:00 a.m., and it was his belief this was after RUBY had closed the club for the night. He noted that a uniformed police officer of the Dallas Police Department told him on one occasion that JACK RUBY was connected with the Carousel. He recalled that whenever any officers or detectives of the Dallas Police Department were in the restaurant and RUBY happened to be there as well, RUBY would pay their checks. He said RUBY would have him, LEAKE, tell the officers that their checks were being taken care of by RUBY. He said that as best he could recall, RUBY was possibly on a special diet when last he knew RUBY to be coming into the Dobbs House and that he believed RUBY may have been attempting to control his weight.

LEAKE stated he never knew of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by name until OSWALD received publicity as the result of the assassination of President KENNEDY. He said he then recognized OSWALD as having been a customer in the Dobbs House about two times in days prior to that incident. He stated to the best of his recollection OSWALD came to the restaurant alone. He advised that he knew of no association between OSWALD and RUBY and that he never had seen the two of them together.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KENNETH B. JACKSON/gm Date dictated 12/7/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 5, 1963

Mr. J. P. SMITH advised he is the cashier and operator of the Beckley Club Cafe, 113 Jefferson Boulevard, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. SMITH advised that he carefully looked over the photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as well as JACK RUBY when seeing them in the local newspapers and cannot recall either man as ever being in the restaurant. He stated that it was a natural thing for him to do this as the restaurant is located in the general area where both had lived.

Mr. SMITH stated that to his knowledge neither man had ever come into the cafe. He had discussed this with other employees right after the shooting incident and none of the employees can recall ever seeing either individual.

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on 12/5/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MAURICE J. WHITE/gmf Date dictated 12/5/63

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VIII. MISCELLANEOUS - ALLEGATIONS REGARDING OTHER PERSONS
A. IDENTIFIED PERSONS
B. UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS

A. IDENTIFIED PERSONS

1

HO 62-2115
TDD:lc

RE: JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS

The following investigation was conducted by SAs TERENCE D. DINAN and E. LOUIS HALSIG:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS:

On November 27, 1963, MRS. MELBALINE MITCHELL, Rt. 6, Box 892 D, advised she is the sister of MARIE ANN ADAMS, who divorced JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS approximately three years ago.

Mrs. MITCHELL stated that on November 23, 1963, Mrs. ADAMS travelled to Austin, Texas, and returned the following evening. Mrs. ADAMS did not discuss with Mrs. MITCHELL the purpose of the trip or the events which took place while she was in Austin. Mrs. MITCHELL stated, however, that she was of the opinion that Mrs. ADAMS went there to visit her ex-husband.

Mrs. MITCHELL stated that in 1957, at the suggestion of a close friend of hers, she accepted some literature on the White Citizens Council and became a member in that organization. She advised that she terminated that membership the same year, however, and participated in none of the council's political activities. She further stated that to the best of her knowledge MARIE and JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS were never members of the White Citizens Council and have never expressed an interest in that group's activities.

On November 27, 1963, MARIE ANN ADAMS advised that she, too, resides at the home of her sister, Mrs. MELBALINE MITCHELL, Rt. 6, Box 892 D, and that on November 23, 1963, she travelled to Austin, Texas. She stated that the purpose of this trip was to take her three year old daughter to visit JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS. Mrs. ADAMS stated that, during the period of her visit, her ex-husband was in a constant drunken condition. She advised that once, when her daughter mentioned the assassination of President KENNEDY, Mr. ADAMS stated that he had contributed $75 to have KENNEDY shot. She stated she paid no particular

attention to this statement and attributed it to the fact her ex-husband was intoxicated at the time it was made. She advised that neither she nor her ex-husband have ever been members of the White Citizens Council. She stated that, to the best of her knowledge, he never expressed an interest in political affairs or in the activities of radical groups.

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HO 62-2115
TDD:cmd

RE: JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS

The following investigation was conducted by SA TERENCE D. DINAN on November 26, 1963:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS:

VIOLA GARCIA, Clerk, Identification Division, Houston Police Department advised that their identification record number 39391 reflects the following information regarding JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS:

The background information concerning ADAMS was placed in his Identification Record in 1948 and no later information except four arrests is shown in that record:

Aliases	JOE D. ADAMS; JOSEPH N. ADAMS
Race	White
Sex	Male
Nationality	American
Address	1819 Brazos Street, Houston, Texas
Date of birth	2/4/29 at Houston, Texas
Height	6'½"
Weight	169
Hair	Light chestnut
Eyes	Blue
Complexion	Ruddy
Build	Medium
Occupation	Sheet rock worker
Military service	U. S. Marine Corps (Honorable Discharge 4/15/47)
USMC SN	563582
Father	W. C. ADAMS, address unknown
Mother	SALLIE ADAMS, 1819 Brazos Street, Houston, Texas

Sister	ANNICE LORAINE HANZER, same address as mother
Brother	CLARENCE LEONARD ADAMS, Crockett, Texas
Wife	(Separated), MARIE ADAMS, 203 West 24th, Houston, Texas
Scars and marks	Tattoo of eagle outer left forearm; dagger piercing heart on upper right arm outer

Date Arrested	Offense	Disposition
8/19/48	Felony Theft	2 years probation
1/14/49	Investigation Forgery	Released
5/6/49	Investigation Narcotics	Released
5/20/49	General Investigation	Released
6/6/49	Investigation Carrying concealed weapon	Released
6/21/49	General Investigation	Released
6/26/63	Investigation of Felony Theft	Released
9/25/63	Investigation Burglary	Unavailable
1/21/50	Vagrancy	Released on Bond

Date Arrested	Offense	Disposition
8/20/50	General Investigation	Released
5/10/51	Vagrancy	Released on bond
1/28/52	Investigation Burglary	Released
12/16/55	Investigation Narcotics	Unavailable
6/12/56	Investigation Burglary and Theft	Unavailable
2/26/59	Discharging firearms in city limits	Unavailable

HO 62-2115
CEW/lc

RE: JOSEPH NOELE ADAMS

The following investigation was conducted at Houston, Texas, by SA CLARENCE E. WRIGHT, on November 26, 1963:

ROBERT RICHARDS, Records Section, Harris County Sheriff's Office, advised that the records of his Department revealed the following information:

On January 3, 1958, JOE NOBLE ADAMS was arrested by Deputy FENDLEY on a cherge of worthless checks.

The following description was obtained from the files of the Harris County Sheriff's Office:

Name	JOE NOBLE ADAMS
Address	122 Norview Street
DOB	February 4, 1929
POB	Houston, Texas
Harris County Identification #	18999
FBI Number	687 042 B
Social Security Number	465-24-1956
Height	6'2"
Weight	195 lbs.
Hair	Blond
Eyes	Blue
Complexion	Medium
Build	Medium
Occupation	Sheetrock
Military Service	Claims Marine service 1946 - 1947
Relatives	Mother - SALLY ADAMS 4208 Eddison Wife - MARIE ADAMS 122 Norview Street Brother - L. C. ADAMS Roy Bean Drive Sister - ANICE HANSLEY 4208 Herrage
Scars and Marks	Tattoo on right arm, upper, heart and dagger and "MARIE". Tattoo on left forearm, "EAGLE".

CC

No other arrests by Harris County Sheriff's Office are shown.

W. J. NEESON, Adult Probation Officer, Harris County, Houston, Texas, advised that the files of his Department reveal no record identifiable with JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS. He further advised that his office did not begin operation until 1958.

Mrs. CAPPIE HUTCHINSON, Deputy Clerk, Criminal Division, District Clerk's Office, Harris County Courthouse, advised that records of her Department reveal that case # 60038 shows that JOSEPH N. ADAMS, 1819 Brazos, and JAMES E. DOBBINS, 6001 Collinsville Road, were charged in a complaint, in that on or about May 15, 1948, they did fraudulently take and steal three (3) typewriters, of a value of $125.00 each, and one adding machine, of the value of $125.00.

On August 19, 1948, JOSEPH N. ADAMS waived a jury trial and pled guilty to the above offense and was sentenced to two years in the state penitentiary. Imposition of the sentence was deferred and Defendant was released, pending terms of the probation.

Case #127438 reveals that on February 13, 1958, a complaint was filed against JOE N. ADAMS, charging him with passing a worthless check in the amount of $20.00. This case was dismissed on March 6, 1961.

Case # 127439 reveals that on February 13, 1958, a complaint was filed against JOE N. ADAMS, charging him with passing a worthless check in the amount of $15.00. The case was dismissed on March 6, 1961.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Dr. C. R. MILLER, Assistant Superintendent of the Austin State Hospital, Austin, Texas, advised JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS, born February 4, 1929, at Houston, Texas, entered the Austin State Hospital as a chronic alcoholic on a voluntarily commitment from Harris County, Houston, Texas, on February 19, 1963, and remained in the Alcoholic Ward until April 16, 1963. He again voluntarily committed himself to the hospital on May 11, 1963, and remained through May 14, 1963. He again voluntarily committed himself to the hospital on August 22, 1963, and was released on October 6, 1963. Dr. MILLER advised the records of the hospital will reveal that ADAMS has a record and histroy as a chronic alchholic and that his commitment at that hospital was entirely on a voluntarily basis and not as a result of any commitment by the courts of the State of Texas.

On 11/26/63 at Austin, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA H. T. BURK/mjb Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

KENNETH LEWIS SMITH, SR., 1204 South Congress, Apartment 2, Austin, Texas, advised SA H. T. BURK that he shares an apartment at the above address with JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS and that he had been working with ADAMS as a painter and prior to that time he had worked as a professional hair dresser. SMITH advised that he was not at home on the night of November 24, 1963, and did not hear ADAMS make any remarks concerning contributing any money towards the payment to have President KENNEDY assassinated. Neither did he have any knowledge concerning ADAMS having made any remarks concerning ROBERT KENNEDY, brother of the President, nor did he have any knowledge concerning any telephone calls made by ADAMS to the State of Florida.

SMITH further pointed out that he at no time has ever heard ADAMS make any remarks indicating that he had any ill-will or dislike for the President of the United States and has never known ADAMS to have sufficient money to give or donate $75 to anybody for anything. He advised that he knows ADAMS to be a chronic alcoholic and to be a very braggadocio type of person when he becomes intoxicated and often makes statements which are untrue when he is in an intoxicated condition.

On 11/25/63 at Austin, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA H. T. BURK/mjb Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS, 1204 South Congress, Apartment 2, Austin, Texas, advised SA H. T. BURK that he was born February 4, 1929, at Houston, Texas.

ADAMS was interviewed at the Austin, Texas, City Jail at which time he admitted that he was a chronic alcoholic and had been addicted since 1958 and at that time had joined the Alcoholic Anonymous in Houston, Texas. He further advised that he had voluntarily committed himself to the Austin State Hospital, Austin, Texas, as an alcoholic in February of 1963, and remained there until approximately April 20, 1963, and then again volunterily committed himself to the Austin State Hospital sometime in August of 1963, where he remained for an additional 46 days. He advised that while he was in the Austin State Hospital that he was allowed and encouraged to attend Alcoholic Anonymous meetings in Austin, Texas, which he had continuously since coming to Austin in February of 1963.

ADAMS readily admitted that he had made a statement in the presence of BILL BAKER of 2102 West 35th Street Austin, Texas, in his, ADAMS', apartment on the night of November 24, 1963, while he and BAKER were in a highly intoxicated condition that he, ADAMS, had contributed $75 to have President KENNEDY shot. ADAMS admitted that he had possibly made some mention about the White Citizens Council in the presence of BAKER but cannot specifically recall doing so at this time.

ADAMS also admitted that there was a possibility that he may have made some reference to ROBERT KENNEDY, brother of President KENNEDY but he likewise cannot recall having made any reference to ROBERT KENNEDY at the time he was intoxicated and talking with BAKER. Neither can he recall having made any reference to plans to shoot ROBERT KENNEDY but states that due to his extremely intoxicated condition on the night of November 24, 1963, that he cannot state specifically whether or not he made such a reference. He does recall specifically, however, the bragging remark that he made concerning the contribution of $75 with respect to having President KENNEDY shot.

On 11/25/63 at Austin, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA H. T. BURK/mjb Date dictated 11/30/63

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ADAMS definitely denied that he had ever made any telephone call to the State of Florida on the night in question and stated that he does not have a telephone in his apartment at the above address.

ADAMS advised that he is very sorry at this time that he engaged in such idle talk but attributed it all to the fact that he was intoxicated at the time and advised that he at no time has ever contributed any money whatsoever to anyone to have President KENNEDY shot nor has he contributed to any other organizations or groups that he thinks could have any bearing upon the assassination of President KENNEDY. He advised that he knows nothing whatsoever concerning the White Citizens Council although he recalls that he saw some sort of literature published by the White Citizens Council at the residence of his wife's sister, Mrs. ~~MABALINE~~ MITCHELL, in Houston, Texas, somewhere between three to five years ago. He denies that he ever had any membership in the White Citizens Council and does not believe that Mrs. MITCHELL was actually a member of this group.

ADAMS further pointed out that on Saturday, November 23, 1963, that he telephonically contacted his ex-wife from whom he is now divorced in Houston, Texas, and invited her to visit him in Austin, Texas, on November 24, 1963, which she did. He advised that his wife was present in the apartment on the night in question when he and BAKER were drinking to excess and he advised that it is possible that his wife may have overheard him make the remarks about the $75 contribution to have President KENNEDY shot although he cannot be sure that she heard these remarks since she was believed to be in the bedroom at the time he engaged BAKER in the conversation referred to above. He advised that his ex-wife is know known as Mrs. MARIE ANN ADAMS of Route 6, Box 892D, Houston, Texas. He advised that this is likewise the address of his wife's sister, ~~MABALINE~~ MITCHELL.

ADAMS further advised that he shares an apartment at the above address with KENNETH LEWIS SMITH, SR. but that SMITH, at his request, had not been at the apartment on the night of November 24, 1963, when his, ADAMS', wife visited him and that SMITH had stayed in a downtown hotel during that night.

...d ever knowing or ever having heard of LEE HA... ...or JACK RUBY.

...of interview of ADAMS the fingerprint record of ... NOBELE ADAMS, FBI No. 687042B, was exhibited ... ...d he readily admitted that the following is a transc... ...is fingerprint record and reflects prior arrests by ... ...s record reads as follows:

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Houston Texas	...ph ...e 391	5/17/48	invest prob on	8/19/48 crim dist Court Case # 60-038 - 2 yrs chg of T fel
PD Indianapoli... Ind	...ph [illegible] Adams #126527	7/31/54	drk	8/4/54 $1 & c
PD Indianapolis Ind	Joseph Adams #126527	4/1/56	pre-narcs	4/4/56 nolled
SO Houston	Joe Noble Adams #18999	1/3/58	worthless check	

The following description of JOSEPH NOBLE ADAMS was obtained at the time of interview:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Born:	2/4/29 Houston, Texas
Height:	6' 1"
Weight:	180 pounds
Eyes:	Blue
Hair:	Blond; Crewcut
Marital Status:	Divorced
Complexion:	Ruddy and has pock marks on face.

Scars and Marks: Tattoo of a heart and dagger and word MARIE on right upper arm.

ADAMS had been arrested by the Austin, Texas, Police Department on a charge of "suspicious person - threat re life of the President."

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

At 5:20 p.m. THOMAS L. KIENHOLZ, 6309 Lake Kathleen, San Diego, California, an employee of General Dynamics-Convair, advised that a former acquaintance at General Dynamics-Convair by the name of NEWTON ARMSTRONG had commented about six to eight months ago that the President should be assassinated. ARMSTRONG, according to KIENHOLZ, was an ardent supporter of the John Birch Society.

KIENHOLZ advised ARMSTRONG, at that time, was quite upset over the death of his son, NEWTON ARMSTRONG, JR., San Diego State College Student. ARMSTRONG had contended his son's death was the result of communist plot. San Diego District Attorney's office investigated the death and determined it to be a suicide.

KIENHOLZ stated ARMSTRONG left Convair, San Diego, exact date unknown, and it is KIENHOLZ' understanding ARMSTRONG is currently employed by General Dynamics, Fort Worth Division, Fort Worth, Texas.

KIENHOLZ advised ARMSTRONG was obsessed by the belief that the United States Government was being taken over by communists.

KIENHOLZ recalled NEWTON ARMSTRONG to be white male, American, late 40's, 5'8" to 5'10", 200 pounds, heavy build, brown crewcut hair, eyes unknown, occupation electronics engineer.

KIENHOLZ stated he was reporting this information to the FBI at the suggestion of his security officer at General Dynamics - Convair, San Diego.

On 11/22/63 at San Diego, California File # SD 62-1529

by SA ROBERT S. BAKER /mn Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date December 1, 1963

San Antonio, 1.

Mrs. LUCILLE PERRY, 1714 W. Olmos Drive, advised that she met one MICHAEL CAIATI at a local club on Saturday, November 16, 1963, and Monday, November 18, 1963.

She said that CAIATI spoke bitterly against President KENNEDY and to a lesser extent against Governor CONNALLY of Texas.

He told her that he was going to Corpus Christi, Texas, on November 19, 1963, then to Houston and would be in Dallas, Texas, the day President KENNEDY was scheduled to appear there.

CAIATI told Mrs. PERRY that he was in the advertising business. She said that he drives a late model black Lindoln sedan, with unknown license.

Mrs. PERRY described CAIATI as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	30 to 35
Height	5'7"
Weight	160 to 170 lbs.
Complexion	Dark
Dress	Neatly dressed in a business suit

CAIATI spoke English fluently and advised a local lounge operator, according to Mrs. PERRY, that he was an Italian.

His business card, which he gave to Mrs. PERRY, reflected him to be in the Statistical Sales Promotion Business address 179 Washington Street, Chicago 2, Illinois, telephone FInancial 6-1418.

On 11/23/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SAs JOSEPH E. JONES & HAROLD LEO FABRIZ/cbl Date dictated 11/30/63

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HO 62-2115
JWR:djw

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8 APPROX 1730

Chicago Office advised that MICHAEL CAIATI, who resides at 2936 North Lavergne, Chicago, Illinois, is a salesman for Statistical Sales Promotion Company, 179 Washington Street, Room 215, Chicago, Illinois. It was reported that CAIATI, while in San Antonio, Texas, on November 16 and 18, 1963, spoke bitterly about President KENNEDY and Governor CONNALLY. The Houston Office was requested to ascertain CAIATI's whereabouts on November 22, 1963.

SA ROSS D. WOLCOTT, on November 25, 1963, checked records of the Sandy Shores Motel, Corpus Christi, Texas, and determined that MICHAEL CAIATI had registered at the Sandy Shores on November 19, 1963 and had departed on November 23, 1963, driving a Lincoln Continental bearing Illinois license ML 8373. Witnesses at Sandy Shores Motel advised CAIATI present on all days while registered at this motel and was definitely in Corpus Christi, Texas on November 22, 1963.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Mr. LA MAR ASHTON, owner and operator, Ashton 76 Service Station, Highway 30, Evanston, Wyoming, advised that on November 23, 1963, he received a telegram through Western Union from DAVID BILLS, Salt Lake City, Utah, addressed to ASHTON, and which read as follows: "Rejoice, our arch enemy is dead." It was signed "DAVID BILLS." A stapled notation appearing at the bottom of the telegram read as follows: "This message sent under protest of Western Union operator."

ASHTON advised he is 50 years of age, has resided in Evanston all of his life, is a veteran, and presently chairman of the Evanston School Board. His wife's name is ILA and they have four children, DENNIS, age 20, presently at Brigham Young University, Provo, Utah; KENT, age 18; GENE, age 16; and a daughter, CONNIE, age 15, residing at Evanston.

ASHTON said he became acquainted with BILLS during the fall of 1960, at which time BILLS and ASHTON's son, DENNIS, attended the University of Utah at Salt Lake City, and were roommates at the University of Utah dormitory. BILLS visited Evanston several times during the academic year 1960-61, to visit a girl friend, CLAUDIA CORNIA. CLAUDIA is presently attending the University of Utah in Salt Lake City. While in Evanston, BILLS spent time at the ASHTON home. He was never in Evanston more than one week end at a time. ASHTON saw BILLS last over a year and a half ago and has had no contact with BILLS since that time except for the telegram received on November 23, 1963.

While visiting the ASHTON home, Mr. ASHTON said BILLS was present while he, LA MAR ASHTON, and his son, KENT, discussed politics. Mr. ASHTON said he is a staunch Republican and did not approve of the Democratic policy or administration; however, his son, KENT, is a strong supporter of the Democratic administration and, as a result, they had several involved political discussions in the presence of BILLS. To his recollection, BILLS never entered into the discussions or voiced his opinion.

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On 11/30/63 at Evanston, Wyoming File # DN 89-41
DL 89-43

by Special Agent HARRY V. JONES/mf Date dictated 11/30/63

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LA MAR ASHTON said he is of the opinion that BILLS assumed he held great animosity toward the Democratic Party and this prompted BILLS to send the telegram.

Mr. ASHTON stated he received the telegram with shock and dismay. He could not believe that BILLS would send such a communication or take the attitude he did. He described BILLS as a foolish and immature young man and at first considered contacting the FBI but discarded the telegram as being that of a "scatterbrain." ASHTON was shocked and very upset over the late President's assassination. He did not consider this telegram worth reading.

Mr. ASHTON said shortly after receiving the telegram he was visited by MARION PALMER, presently a junior at the University of Utah and a girl friend of his son, DENNIS. ASHTON discussed the telegram with PALMER and she stated, "Sounds like BILLS." ASHTON assumed from PALMER's statement that BILLS has a reputation at the University of Utah of being "scatterbrained" with very little judgment or practical sense.

He described BILLS as a junior student at the University of Utah, a history major, about 20 years old, immature, and residing at the dormitory on the campus. BILLS' father is a medical doctor practicing somewhere in Idaho but he did not know the father's name or address. He said BILLS' father has had trouble in keeping BILLS in school as he is lazy and will not study.

1

Date November 30, 1963

A review of the records of Western Union Telegraph Company, 216 West 16th Street, Cheyenne, Wyoming, disclosed a telegram received at the Western Union office in Cheyenne at 8:35 A.M. on November 23, 1963, from the Western Union at Salt Lake City,Utah. The message was dated at 9:33 P.M., November 22, 1963, by Western Union, Salt Lake City. It was relayed to Western Union, Evanston, Wyoming, at 9:48 A.M., November 23, 1963. The message was directed to LA MAR ASHTON, Evanston, and reads as follows:

"Rejoice our arch enemy is dead."

The message is signed, "DAVID BILLS."

At the bottom of this telegram appears the notation, "For your information Western Union operator sending under protest."

The above information is not to be disclosed except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum which should be directed to Mr. JAMES O. CARSKADDON, Manager, Western Union Telegraph Company, Cheyenne, Wyoming.

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On 11/30/63 at Cheyenne, Wyoming File # DN 89-41 / DL 89-43

by Special Agent JESSE C. HORNBACK/mf Date dictated 11/30/63

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DL 89-43
HJO:mam
1

The Buffalo Office, on November 29, 1963, advised as follows:

On September 21, 1963, PETER C. CHORAK, who at that time was a member of the United States Air Force, 4624 Support Squadron, Niagara Falls, New York. Municipal Air Force Base, was arrested by the Niagara Falls, New York, Police Department on the charge of "Assault, 1st Degree, with a Deadly Weapon". At the time of his arrest, CHORAK had in his possession a United States Carbine .30 caliber M2 rifle, which he stated he purchased from his father-in-law in Bennettsville, South Carolina. This rifle was taken from CHORAK at that time and is still in the possession of the Niagara Falls, New York, Police Department. CHORAK threatened an individual in Niagara Falls with this .30 caliber rifle.

The local charges against CHORAK were disposed of, and on October 18, 1963, CHORAK received an honorable discharge from the United States Air Force at Niagara Falls, New York, and with the Air Force, he left a forwarding address of 2658 Main Street, Niagara Falls, New York.

On November 27, 1963, Airman Second Class JOHN RICHTER, Serial AF 12634500, who is also a member of the 4624 Support Squadron, Niagara Falls Municipal Airport, remarked to JOHN QUINLAN, OSI, Niagara Falls Municipal Airport, that he "wondered whether CHORAK might possibly have any connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY".

When questioned further regarding this remark, RICHTER advised he had no particular reason for making this remark other

than the fact that CHORAK was involved in an arrest dealing with the possession of a .30 caliber rifle, and at this time, CHORAK was discharged, he remarked to RICHTER that he, CHORAK, would be residing in a town approximately eight miles from Dallas, Texas. RICHTER went on to state that he had no other reasons for making the above remarks other than the two reasons set forth above.

It has been ascertained that PETER CHORAK, who was born April 28, 1941, at Huntington Park, California, and is white, left Niagara Falls approximately one month ago and left a forwarding address of 2222 Marvel Drive, Irving, Texas.

AT IRVING, TEXAS

Mr. PETER C. CHORAK, 2222 Marvel Drive, on December 2, 1963, advised SA'S HENRY J. OLIVER and DAVID H. BARRY that he had moved to Dallas, Texas, on November 1, 1963. He stated he is not acquainted with LEE OSWALD or JACK RUBY and had never heard of these individuals until the assassination of President KENNEDY and the shooting of OSWALD by RUBY. CHORAK advised that on November 22, 1963, when President KENNEDY was shot, he was at home, and this can be verified by his wife. He stated that at that time he had not been able to obtain a job and, in fact, had only reported for work on December 2, 1963. He is presently employed by the City of Dallas in the Engineering Department. CHORAK stated that while he was a member of the United States Air Force at Niagara Falls, New York, he got into a fight with a group of men, and he did pull a .30 caliber rifle on them

He was arrested, and the rifle was taken away from him. CHORAK advised he could not furnish any information in regard to the assassination of President KENNEDY or the subsequent shooting of OSWALD by RUBY.

Mrs. PETER C. CHORAK, 2222 Marvel Drive, Irving, on December 22, 1963, advised SA'S OLIVER and BARRY that her husband, PETER C. CHORAK, was at home at the time President KENNEDY was assassinated.

She advised she had never heard of LEE OSWALD or JACK RUBY until the assassination of President KENNEDY and the later shooting of OSWALD.

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HO 62-2115
JWR:ms

RE: THREATS AGAINST THE LIFE OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND OTHERS GUY ROBERT CLARK

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES W. RUSSELL:

On November 26, 1963, NOLAN LASTER, Chief of Police, Freeport Police Department, advised that a Mr. BROUSARD, 1719 West 10th Street, Freeport, had advised him that at about the time President KENNEDY was killed he had been making an inquiry at the Japan Way Defense School in about the 1000 block of Richmond Avenue, Houston. BROUSARD said that the young blond man in charge remarked of the president's death "that's good enough for the SOB" " but the SOB he would really like to get is Robert Kennedy."

On November 26, 1963, SA JAMES W. RUSSELL interviewed GUY ROBERT CLARK, who stated that he manages the office for the Japan Way Defense School, 1213 Richmond Avenue, Houston, and was the only one present at this school between 12:00 and 2:00 P.M. on Friday, November 22, 1963. He stated that he does not recall making such a statement concerning the late President KENNEDY as it was good enough for him and that he would like to have seen ROBERT KENNEDY killed. He claimed that he may have stated that he would like to have seen ROBERT KENNEDY out of office that he is not an admirer of the KENNEDY's. He claimed he belongs to no political group and does not belong to the John Birch Society or any similar organization.

CLARK is described as:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	October 22, 1940
Place of Birth	Shreveport, Louisiana
Height	6'
Weight	170 pounds

Complexion	Fair
Hair	Curly; blond
Eyes	Blue
Build	Slender
Residence	2136 West Alabama, Apartment # 3 Houston, Texas
Arrests	Claimed no arrest record

DL 89-43

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOSEPH J. LOEFFLER:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

At 1:10 a.m., November 23, 1963, it was learned that an individual who had identified himself as L. L. CLINE, 5002 Second Avenue, had remarked that he had killed the President and would turn himself in on November 23, 1963.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

LEONARD LEE CLINE, 5002 Second Avenue, advised he has been the owner and operator of the Shamrock Service Station at this address since February, 1963. He stated he resides at 1409 Templecliff, Pleasant Grove, Dallas 17, Texas, telephone EX 8-6452, and that he was born May 20, 1926 at Hastings, Oklahoma, is 5'11", 205 pounds, gray hair, and Mr. CLINE stated his left eye has been missing since birth.

Mr. CLINE stated that the telephone number at the service station operated by him is HA 8-9559 and that a pay telephone in a booth in front of the service station is HA 8-9016. Mr. CLINE stated he was on duty at the service station until approximately 6:00 PM on November 22, 1963, at which time he went to his home at the address shown above and spent the evening and night with his wife and two children.

Mr. CLINE denied making any telephone call to anyone in which he claimed he was responsible for the assassination of President KENNEDY and has no information concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY other than what he has read in the newspapers and seen on television.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents J. CALVIN RICE & JOHN V. ALMON/cah Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 23, 1963

1

FRED F. MAREK, employed at 502 North Gilpin and residing 3827 Mt. Washington, called the Dallas Office and offered the following information:

One (FNU) CRAWLEY, who operates a business at 1109 East 11th Street, made a statement a few weeks ago to the effect "I would give the rest of my life if I could kill President KENNEDY." This statement apparently was made because of CRAWLEY's dislike of KENNEDY's politics.

MAREK said this statement was also heard by one WILLIAM GORMAN, who lives at 3826 Mt. Everest.

MAREK talked in such fashion as to leave the impression he was intoxicated when he made the above call. He said CRAWLEY was in his sixties, has no firearms, and in MAREK's candid opinion he is not the type of individual who would do such a thing as shoot President KENNEDY. However, he said he was passing the above information on as he felt it was his duty to do so.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KENNETH C. HOWE/gm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 23, 1963

WILLIAM FRANKLIN GORMAN, 3826 Mt. Everest, advised he is presently employed as a truck driver by the Ruberoid Company, 2600 Singleton, Dallas, Texas.

GORMAN stated he has known JOE DOYLE CRAWLEY since 1951, having first met the latter while he operated a drive-in store on Fort Worth Avenue in the immediate neighborhood of the GORMAN residence. He stated approximately three or four years ago, CRAWLEY discontinued this business and opened a drive-in on Second Avenue in Dallas, subsequently closing same and thereafter opening CRAWLEY's Grocery, 1109 East 11th Street, Dallas, Texas, which business he presently operates.

GORMAN said approximately two months ago and as he recalled on a Sunday morning, he received a telephone call from CRAWLEY stating he had some "Sunday buttermilk" and invited GORMAN to come by his place of business and have some. With respect to the latter, GORMAN stated this expression was one coined by CRAWLEY to describe beer, noting the Oak Cliff section of Dallas, where CRAWLEY's business is located, is dry and that CRAWLEY has been bootlegging beer in recent years. GORMAN stated he together with one FRED F. MAREK acting on the invitation went to CRAWLEY's store and drank several beers with CRAWLEY. During this time, various matters were discussed, and eventually the conversation evolved around current political events. GORMAN noted he is a staunch Democrat and a supporter of the KENNEDY administration, whereas CRAWLEY is an avowed Republican and very outspoken in his dissatisfaction with and opposition to the KENNEDY administration. The exact matters discussed were not recalled by GORMAN; however, he stated in the heat of the argument concerning the pros and cons of the KENNEDY administration, he, GORMAN, made the comment that he thought KENNEDY was the greatest President the country has had since ABRAHAM LINCOLN. In response to this remark, CRAWLEY asserted in the presence of both GORMAN and MAREK that President JOHN F. KENNEDY was ruining the country and he "would give the rest of his life to kill the "s.o.b."

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM E. LOGG, JR., and RAYMOND C. ECKENRODE/gm Date dictated 11/23/63

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GORMAN said he attached no particular significance to this remark, stating he felt same was made only in the heat of argument by CRAWLEY and was confident in his own mind CRAWLEY would be incapable of carrying out any such threat, least of all to commit an act of assassination of the President. GORMAN pointed out CRAWLEY is in his 60s, a veteran of World War I, where he was wounded in action, and as a result of such injuries is an extremely highstrung and nervous individual. He acknowledged, however, that CRAWLEY consistently has been pointedly outspoken in his severe dislike for President KENNEDY and especially the policies of the KENNEDY administration as they relate to civil rights matters. GORMAN said CRAWLEY is the owner of an old World War I model 38 revolver, but aside from this is not aware of any other weapons that might be owned by CRAWLEY.

GORMAN stated no one by the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD is known to him, and to his knowledge such person is not acquainted with CRAWLEY.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 23, 1963

Mr. JOE DOYLE CRAWLEY, 7105 Clear Point Drive, Dallas, Texas, was contacted at 1109 East 11th Street, where he operates the CRAWLEY Grocery Store. Mr. CRAWLEY advised that he had never made any statements to the effect that he would like to see JOHN F. KENNEDY dead or that he would give his life to see him dead. He stated he had voted for RICHARD NIXON in the last Presidential election, but he considers himself an independent voter, choosing his own candidate rather than voting a party ticket. He advised he had never been active in any political action group and had never canvassed for any political organization. He stated he did not "believe" he would ever make a statement to the effect that he wished to see JOHN F. KENNEDY dead. He advised he would not "give my life" for anyone. CRAWLEY advised that on November 22, 1963, he had been in the store at 1109 East 11th Street from approximately 6:30 a.m., until 7:00 p.m. with the exception of the time required for him to make a trip at 4:00 p.m. to JOHNNY's Tobacco House on South Ervay Street to purchase two boxes of Lovera cigars for resale in his grocery store. He stated he was in the store from twelve o'clock noon until about 1:00 p.m. on November 22, 1963, and was taking a nap in the rear of the store at the time, while his wife, JENNY MAY CRAWLEY, tended the store. He stated when he arose from his nap, he learned of the assassination of President KENNEDY from a commentary on the television set. He stated he is opposed to the KENNEDY administration civil rights program and particularly opposed to the mixing of races and de-segregation of schools and public facilities. He furnished the following personal description:

Name	JOE DOYLE CRAWLEY
Age	64
Born	3/30/99, Bonham, Texas
Race	White
Sex	Male
Height	5'9"
Weight	195 lbs.
Hair	Gray
Eyes	Gray
Build	Medium

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents WILLIAM E. LOGG, JR., and RAYMOND C. ECKENRODE/gm Date dictated 11/23/63

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Complexion	Florid
Marital status	Married
Wife	JENNY MAY CRAWLEY
Relatives & children:	Mrs. J. V. (CLEON) BATES, 2445 Cambridge, Irving, Texas. Employment - Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Irving, Texas. Mrs. JANICE VAUGHAN, husband Lt. Col. CLIFFORD H. VAUGHAN, assigned Fort Bragg, N.C. Son, JOE DOYLE CRAWLEY, JR., age 26, 5924 Marquita Street, Dallas, Texas

Mr. CRAWLEY advised the only firearms which he owns are a 12 gauge pump action shotgun and a .38 caliber Smith and Wesson revolver, Serial No. 90877.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 28, 1963

Reverend JOSEPH NAGY, Pastor, St. Joseph's Catholic Church, 407 Texas Street, Dallas, Texas, a personal friend of Special Agent JOSEPH M. MYERS, confidentially advised on November 27, 1963, from his hospital bed, Room 368, St. Paul's Hospital, Dallas, that he had some information concerning a JOSEF CSALA that he wanted to furnish to the FBI for whatever value it might be in connection with the recent events involving the shooting of the President of the United States.

Father NAGY stated that on October 20, 1963, JOSEF CSALA came to the St. Joseph's Rectory seeking aid in the form of obtaining a job and food and clothing. He had been referred to Father NAGY by some woman who heads a Citizens Committee to Aid Foreigners. Father NAGY did not know the name of this woman, but she is believed to be in close association with a Doctor WILLIAM DUKAVITS, Mercantile National Bank Building, who resides at 3463 McFarlin, telephone number LA. 1-0618. A NITRO 1940

Father NAGY stated that CSALA mentioned knowing a Father SLEZAK, a Franciscan priest at St. Stephen's Church on 82nd Street, New York City. Father NAGY stated that apparently the woman at the Citizens Committee had known that Father NAGY was a Hungarian refugee priest who had helped other Hungarians in the past and sent CSALA to him for aid.

Father NAGY stated that CSALA apparently was putting on an act to him as he appeared to not understand English when Father NAGY spoke to him, however, CSALA talked to some of the nuns at the nearby school and they told Father NAGY that CSALA spoke and understood English perfectly.

Father NAGY stated that he obtained lodging for CSALA with a Mrs. SEILER, 2613 Swiss Avenue, Dallas, and CSALA was going to eat some of his meals with Father NAGY, which he did. Father NAGY stated that CSALA told him that his luggage was located somewhere on Main Street in Dallas, but Father NAGY did not get the address. CSALA told Father NAGY that he had been taken by someone on Sunday night,

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on 11/28/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH M. MYERS/cv:gmf Date dictated 11/28/63

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October 20, 1963, to somewhere in Oak Cliff section of Dallas to get a job in a night club but SCALA did not name the club. The job was for only two weeks, and he did not take it. Father NAGY stated that Mrs. HELEN CUNNINGHAM of the Texas Employment Commission assisted CSALA in obtaining a job sending him to several places before he actually took the job with the Sheridan Hotel; said job was actually obtained by Father NAGY who is a friend of Mr. CARL HATZFIELD, the Personnel Manager. CSALA worked in this hotel in the kitchen from Tuesday to Friday of the week October 20, 1963, from 4:00 P. M., to 12 Midnight.

Father NAGY stated that CSALA was in the United States on a short-term passport which expires January 22, 1964, and that he claimed he came to the United States in February, 1963, after escaping Hungary into Austria. Father NAGY stated that CSALA claimed that he did not want to go back to Austria when his passport expired, however, Father NAGY suggested that he go back. Father NAGY had another priest, Father ODO EGRES, take CSALA to the Austrian Consulate in Dallas and attempt to get CSALA back to Vienna. Father NAGY understood that the Consulate told him that he could not get an extension and that he would have to go back.

During the course of talking to CSALA, Father NAGY stated that CSALA told him that he had been offered a job in a warehouse which was filled with books that were to be moved around in this building. He stated that this warehouse was at the edge of downtown Dallas and that he did not actually take the job. Father NAGY stated that because of this warehouse business Father NAGY thought that it might have some connection with the recent shooting of President KENNEDY.

Father NAGY stated that CSALA wrote one letter to a person whom he claimed was his mother but addressed it to Doctor VERA LIGETY in Vienna. Father NAGY stated that CSALA stated that his mother apparently never did believe him about what he did or where he went and claimed that she thought he was a liar.

Father NAGY stated that CSALA disappeared on Saturday, October 26, 1963, from the Rectory, and he has not seen him since.

Subsequently, Father NAGY stated that through confidential information he learned that CSALA received an airmail letter postmarked at Vienna, Austria, November 6, 1963, and that this letter was addressed to CSALA at 2613 Swiss Avenue in Dallas, and had the return address of Doctor VERA LIGETY, Wien 19, Heleigedstetustrase 82 14, Austria. Through confidential information Father NAGY stated that the person writing to CSALA did not appear to be his mother, at least not from the tenor of the letter. Several questions were asked him about what he was doing in Texas, and if he sent some money send it to the same place, place not mentioned, and that the writer appeared to be telling him about someone that both knew, possibly a friend, and CSALA was asked the question if he had seen or not seen him. This person was referred to in the letter as AA, but Father NAGY explained that AA did not mean anything in Hungarian but that it appeared to be a sign designating someone.

Father NAGY further stated that his secretary, Mrs. EUGENIA WALKER, also saw CSALA and that she could not understand him when he spoke English. Mrs. WALKER was also interviewed, but she could not furnish any additional information concerning the above matter.

The following is a description of JOSEF CSALA as furnished by Father NAGY and Mrs. WALKER:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	24 to 25
Height	6'
Weight	180
Build	Heavy
Hair	Long, blond, needed haircut

Complexion	Fair
Eyes	Brown
Characteristic	Very polite
Clothing	Blue T-shirt, black trousers and tennis shoes.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 2, 1963

Mr. ROY S. TRULY, Warehouse Manager, Texas School Book Depository, advised that no one by the name of JOSEPH CSALA had applied for work there.

on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MAT A. PINKSTON/cv:gmf Date dictated 12/2/63

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SD 62-1529
EFD:lmt

On September 13, 1963, HAROLD PADDON, 13045 Conley Street, Poway, California, advised that HOWARD DANNER claimed he possessed the weapon that would kill President Kennedy. He said that DANNER made this statement in a moment of rage. He added that DANNER was quite upset because a Negro had recently moved into his neighborhood, and he stated that President Kennedy had robbed him of $5,000.00.

On November 24, 1963, Mr. PADDON advised that approximately two or three weeks ago, he heard DANNER mention the name "OSWALD" in a discussion at General Dynamics/ Astronautics in which DANNER was talking unfavorably about President Kennedy.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 26, 1963

On November 25, 1963, HAROLD PADDON, 13045 Conley Street, Poway, California, furnished the following information:

Sometime between the dates of October 5, 1963, and November 4, 1963, JOSEPH HOWARD DANNER was engaged in a political discussion with several fellow workers at General Dynamics/Astronautics. In this discussion, which was overheard by PADDON, DANNER was critical of President Kennedy's fiscal policies. PADDON overheard DANNER mention the name "OSWALD" and believes that he said "OSWALD knows".

PADDON said that he attempted to break up the discussion because it was interfering with the work of the men involved and injected himself into the discussion by asking DANNER if the OSWALD he mentioned was OSWALD MOSLEY described by PADDON as a name familiar to him when he resided in England. DANNER replied that he was not referring to OSWALD MOSLEY but that OSWALD was the surname of the individual he referred to.

PADDON was unable to furnish any additional information concerning this discussion and could not identify by name the other persons involved.

Mr. PADDON stated that DANNER was at work Friday, November 22, 1963, at the time of the assassination of President Kennedy.

On 11/25/63 at San Diego, California File # SD 62-1529

by SA D. NORMAN GRAY and SA EDWIN F. DOOLEY/lmt Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 26, 1963

Upon interview on November 25, 1963, DANNER advised that his complete name is JOSEPH HOWARD DANNER. He admitted that in September, 1963, he made a remark to the effect that he possessed a weapon that would kill President Kennedy. This remark, which was made at General Dynamics/Astronautics, referred to an M-1 rifle he obtained from his father's house upon the death of his father in 1956. He said that he still has this rifle in his possession and believes that he has ammunition for it. Although admitting the statement, DANNER denied any intention of carrying out the threat, adding that the statement was made in anger because of infiltration of his neighborhood by a Negro family. He claimed that this infiltration resulted in a $5,000.00 decrease in the value of his property, and he blamed this decrease on President Kennedy. He said he did not like President Kennedy, did not agree with his policies, and was very outspoken in his criticism of him. He stated that fellow employees, being aware of his political antagonism towards President Kennedy and his policies, often goaded him into political arguments.

DANNER said he does not condone violence in any form but believes only in legal political action to bring about change.

He said that he was interviewed in September, 1963, by a representative of the United States Secret Service concerning his statement that he possessed the weapon that would kill President Kennedy.

DANNER denied ever having been in Dallas, Texas, and any knowledge of, or connection with, LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK LEON RUBY. He emphatically denied engaging in any discussion therein [illegible] or any other participant mentioned the name "OSWALD". He denied having any information concerning the assassination of President Kennedy, other than what he has obtained through news media. He also denied any connection with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee or any organization other than the John Birch Society, which he joined in May, 1963.

On 11/25/63 at San Diego, California File # SD 62-1529

by SA D. NORMAN GRAY and SA ELDIN F. DOOLEY/jmk Date dictated 11/26/63

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SD 62-1529

The following description of DANNER was obtained during the interview:

Name	JOSEPH HOWARD DANNER
Race	White
Sex	Male
Born	January 13, 1931 San Diego, California
Residence	2401 Balboa Vista Drive
Height	5'9"
Weight	185 pounds
Hair	Brown, wavy, receding
Eyes	Blue
Scars and Marks	Round scar ¼" in diameter on lower left chest
Military Service	U. S. Marine Corps, February, 1951 - February, 1954, Marine Corps Serial Number 1173858
Marital Status	Married
Wife	DOLLY DOLORES (JONES) DANNER
Occupation	Draftsman
Employment	General Dynamics/Astronautics

OC 89-41
ARS:mwr

BACKGROUND INFORMATION REGARDING CHARLES LEON DREADFULWATER

On November 25, 1963, FRANK WILLIAMS, Don and Frank's Garage, 36 North Lewis Place, Tulsa, Oklahoma, telephone number LUther 7-7847, telephonically advised Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER that in September, 1963, they towed a 1952 Dodge to their garage. WILLIAMS said they just received the title to this car and it is registered to CHARLEY DREADFULWATER, 1517 Heyman, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. WILLIAMS said this title was notarized in the state of Oregon and that apparently DREADFULWATER is not now in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

WILLIAMS said on examining this car that they discovered along with some Army uniforms a card bearing the following notations:

"(St) John" F. Kennedy
(47) + (6) + 78 = 131
Crucifixion = 131
St. John 6F: '61-'64.'

WILLIAMS said he was furnishing the above information since he thought it might have something to do with the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

The following investigation was conducted at Tulsa, Oklahoma, by Special Agent JOE M. PEARSON:

On November 27, 1963, FRANK WILLIAMS, Don and Frank's Garage, 36 North Lewis, Tulsa, Oklahoma, exhibited to Special Agent JOE M. PEARSON Oklahoma Original Title No. E637396-E, showing that 1952 Dodge four-door Coronet Sedan, VIN 32000066, was issued to CHARLEY DREADFULWATER, 1517 Heyman, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, on March 27, 1963. This title indicated that the automobile bore 1963 Oklahoma License XX 8580. The assignment on the reverse of the title

Two blank checks drawn on the Oklahoma National Bank, Oklahoma City.

A spelling tablet bearing the trade name "Stuart Hall" No. 4045. (On the first page the words "Tulsa, Oklahoma, 9126163MI87700" are written.)

A Holy Bible indicating that it was presented to JOYCE FOUST by JEAN BARD for eighth grade graduation on May 23, 1952.

A small New Testament with the back torn off.

A cardboard box containing clothing and pamphlets, the latter of which are shown as having been obtained from the Peace Officers Training Service, Oakland, California, and an examination paper of A/Sgt. C. L. DREADFULWATER, showing he obtained a grade of 96 per cent.

An examination of the automobile disclosed that it was a dark green four door 1952 Dodge bearing 1963 Oklahoma License XX 8580. The mileage on the car was 87,773. It was noted that a book entitled "The Detection of Murder" by WILLIAM F. KESSLER and PAUL B. WESTON, publishers, Greenburg, New York, was laying on the front seat. Found on the back seat was a white metal ammunition box containing a bandage wrap and a flexible cover from a notebook. Also located in the back seat was an ammunition belt and a quart of Phillips 66 Motor Oil.

Under the front seat was located a pair of shoes.

In the trunk there was located men's clothing and a jack.

WILLIAMS made available a small piece of cardboard which bears the printing, as follows:

"(St) John" F. Kennedy
(47) + (6) + 78 = 131
Crucifixion = 131
St. John 6F: '61-'64.

WILLIAMS advised this card had been recovered from the glove compartment of this automobile.

On November 29, 1963, LOUIS GATES, Adjuster, Midland Service Agency, 924 South Main, Tulsa, Oklahoma, advised that he had handled the sale of a 1952 Dodge automobile to the Don and Frank's Garage, Tulsa. He said he did not know the present location of the former owner, CHARLEY DREADFULWATER; however, this individual has a brother named J. B. DREADFULWATER, who lives in Oklahoma City. He advised that an adjuster in Oklahoma City, BILL PRUEGERT, who is connected with United Adjusters, 1029 North Walker, is the individual who handled the transaction at Oklahoma City.

GATES related that DREADFULWATER had insurance with Preferred Risk, Fayetteville, Arkansas, located at P. O. Box 410 at Fayetteville, Arkansas. He advised the car had been financed through the Sanco Finance Company in Oklahoma City. He continued that the automobile had been involved in an accident.

GATES said that it is his understanding that DREADFULWATER is in Oregon; however, he does not know DREADFULWATER's present location.

GATES advised that he had seen the card bearing the name (St) John F. Kennedy with other numerals and words in the automobile; however, he did not know the significance of this printing.

The following investigation was conducted at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, on December 4, 1963, by Special Agent A. RAYMOND SWITZER:

Mrs. JAY B. DREADFULWATER, 1605 Johnston Drive, advised she is the divorced wife of JAY B. DREADFULWATER. She said that JAY B. DREADFULWATER presently resides at 2505 South Indiana, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and is employed on the graveyard shift by the Federal Aviation Agency, Will Rogers World Airport, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

Mrs. DREADFULWATER said she is acquainted with CHARLEY DREADFULWATER, JAY B. DREADFULWATER's half brother. She said CHARLEY DREADFULWATER was in Oklahoma City for approximately nine months in 1963, departing Oklahoma City in September, 1963, for Oregon. She stated that CHARLEY DREADFULWATER's wife, JOYCE, is from the state of Oregon and has parents who live there. She stated that JOYCE and her children departed Oklahoma City for Oregon a number of weeks prior to CHARLEY DREADFULWATER leaving for Oregon.

Mrs. JAY B. DREADFULWATER stated she knows of nothing that would reflect on CHARLEY DREADFULWATER but suggested that JAY B. DREADFULWATER may be able to furnish more information regarding him. She said she did not know CHARLEY DREADFULWATER's address in Oregon.

JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER, 2505 South Indiana, advised he is the half brother of CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER. JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER said he is employed by the Federal Aviation Agency in the Special Tool Crib, Hangar 8, Will Rogers World Airport, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

JAY DREADFULWATER stated the last letter he received from CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER was postmarked November 13, 1963, at Cottage Grove, Oregon. At this time DREADFULWATER stated that CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER was residing at Box 7, Culp Creek, Oregon, c/o RALPH GROAT. DREADFULWATER advised he believes CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER is still at this address. He stated that CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER previously had the mailing address of Sweet Home, Oregon. JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER stated CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER was employed at the time he received this letter operating a machine but did not know the name of his employer.

JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER advised that CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER served nine years in the U. S. Marine Corps and was honorably discharged in late 1962, at which time he was stationed somewhere in California.

While in the Marine Corps DREADFULWATER advised CHARLEY DREADFULWATER became interested in law enforcement and took a correspondence course, he believes, at the University

of California and had purchased a number of books and material relating to law enforcement. He said when CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER got out of the Marine Corps it was his intention to go into law enforcement but he believes now that CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER has dropped these plans.

JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER advised that a year or so before CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER got out of the U. S. Marine Corps he was involved in an automobile accident while on leave somewhere near Tahlequah, Oklahoma. He said that the accident was caused because CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER had been drinking too much and driving too fast. He stated CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER was seriously injured in this accident and it was necessary to remove one lung. He advised he did not know if this had anything to do with CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER getting discharged from the Marine Corps. He said just before CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER departed for the state of Oregon he underwent a physical examination at the Veterans Administration Hospital in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and was given a "clean bill of health."

In early 1962 JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER advised that CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER came to Oklahoma City. He stated CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER obtained employment with the Boardman Company, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. In March, 1963, JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER stated that CHARLEY LEON bought a 1952 Dodge from a used car lot located in the vicinity of 34th Street and South Robinson, Oklahoma City. He said this car was financed by the Sanco Finance Company and that he, JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER co-signed the note.

Around the summer of 1963 JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER advised that CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER's wife, JOYCE, departed Oklahoma City with their five children for the state of Oregon where she planned to live with her parents until she was joined by CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER.

In the latter part of September, 1963, JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER advised that CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER departed Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, to join his wife in Oregon.

At Tulsa, Oklahoma, DREADFULWATER stated CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER was involved in an accident with his 1952 Dodge and hitchhiked the rest of the way to Oregon. Upon arriving in Oregon DREADFULWATER stated CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER telephoned him, informed him of the accident and requested that he handle this with the insurance company.

JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER advised that this automobile was insured by H. BRUCE WELCH and Company, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. He said the investigation of the accident was handled by United Adjusters, 1029 North Walker, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. He said the car was considered a total loss and that they received payment for the car.

JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER advised that to his knowledge CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER has not left the state of Oregon since he arrived there in late September or early October, 1963.

JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER was questioned regarding the card bearing the notations regarding "(St) John" F. Kennedy which was found in the glove compartment of CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER's 1952 Dodge. JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER said he does not believe this card has any possible connection with President JOHN F. KENNEDY's assassination. He said he was a strong supporter of President KENNEDY and believes his brother also shared this feeling. The only explanation that he could offer for this card, JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER stated, was that CHARLEY LEON was at one time endeavoring to learn how to preach and may have used this card in this endeavor. He said that CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER has never been in any kind of trouble other than having been arrested for drunkenness.

JAY BERRY DREADFULWATER furnished the following description of CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER:

Name:	CHARLEY LEON DREADFULWATER
Race:	Indian
Sex:	Male

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OC 89-41

Age:	29
Place of Birth:	Tahlequah, Oklahoma
Height:	5'9"
Weight:	170 pounds
Hair:	Black
Eyes:	Brown
Marital Status:	Married
Wife:	JOYCE, nee FOUST
Children:	Five
Father:	ANDREW BREADFULWATER, Route 3, Tahlequah, Oklahoma.

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DL 89-43
WKB/rms

Re: DUDLEY LEE FERRELL;
WALTER C. JOHNSON - Informant

On December 2, 1963, WALTER FELLERS, Sheriff, Comal County, New Braunfels, Texas, advised SA E. CLEON GLAZE that W. C. JOHNSON, New Braunfels, on November 23, 1963, came to the Sheriff's Office with newspapers containing photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. JOHNSON advised that about a week before that, he believed he had seen OSWALD at the Bock Ford Motor Company at New Braunfels having his car serviced.

WALTER C. JOHNSON, 265 North Walnut, New Braunfels, advised SA GLAZE that he believed he saw OSWALD in New Braunfels on November 14, 1963. At the time, JOHNSON was having his car inspected at the Bock Ford Motor Company and a young man came in to have his car serviced. JOHNSON believed the car was a white 1962 Dodge or Plymouth. After leaving the motor company, JOHNSON again met this man on the street in New Braunfels, and the man asked if there was a good place to eat in town and JOHNSON pointed out two cafes. The man told JOHNSON he was en route to Dallas from someplace near New Orleans, Louisiana. Employees at the two cafes pointed out by JOHNSON were unable to recall anyone resembling OSWALD ever being there.

CHESTER PEHL, Service Manager at Bock Ford Motor Company could recall no one resembling the photograph of OSWALD having a car serviced there and after checking records for November 14, 1963, stated all customers were personally known to him except one D. L. FARRELL, Dallas, Texas, no street address. PEHL explained that there were two men in

a 1959 white Ford, one young and one old, one of whom was FARRELL who had a valve cover gasket replaced on the car. He had no license in the car and no further information regarding FARRELL.

DUDLEY [illegible], 10150 San Lorenzo, Dallas, Texas, on December 3, 1963, advised SAs WILLIAM K. BOCK and JAMES R. GRAHAM, Jr., on interview at the Main Post Office, Dallas, that he was employed as a supervisor in the ~~Superintendent~~ Superintendent of Mails Office in Dallas. On November 14, 1963, he went from Dallas to Palestine, Texas and picked up his father-in-law, one JAMES GRAVER COLLIER, Rural Route 5, Palestine, age about 70, and they went deer hunting. He noticed his car, a 1959 white Ford four-door sedan, was losing oil and stopped at the Bock Ford Motor Company garage in New Braunfels to have it repaired. He displayed a copy of the repair ticket showing a valve cover gasket was replaced on November 14, 1963.

FARRELL advised that he recalls a white Plymouth or Dodge station wagon being serviced at the garage when the car was being repaired, but knows nothing of the owner of the car. While in New Braunfels, he had no conversation with anyone concerning the location of a restaurant, nor did he comment to anyone that he was en route to Dallas from the vicinity of New Orleans, Louisiana.

FARRELL advised he does not know OSWALD or JACK RUBY and to his knowledge has never seen them. He has no information concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963.

DL 89-43
WKB/rms

During the interview, it was noted that FERRELL bears a marked resemblance to OSWALD.

FERRELL described himself as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	5/25/25
Place of Birth	Shreveport, Louisiana
Height	5'8½"
Weight	160 pounds
Hair	Dark, receeding
Eyes	Brown.

DL 89-43
JBA/gm

On November 26, 1963, Mrs. NELDA A. FITZHUGH, 2631 Antelope Street, Vernon, Texas, advised ASAC KYLE G. CLARK that her husband, HOWARD DONALD FITZHUGH, is believed to have some connection with the shooting of President KENNEDY. She advised that she hoped that she was wrong; however, she feels certain he had something to do with the shooting of the President.

She said her husband hates his job, his employer, and the United States. She stated also that as late as that evening, November 25, 1963, he had attempted to convert her to Communism.

She further advised that her husband is employed by the Amarada Petroleum Company located at Tulsa, Oklahoma.

It was ascertained that no prior record was known of HOWARD DONALD FITZHUGH in the Dallas Office of the FBI or FBI Headquarters in Washington, D.C.

The following investigation was conducted by SA WILLIAM E. LOGG, JR.:

On November 26, 1963, Deputy J. G. HULSEY, Sheriff's Office, Vernon, Texas, advised HOWARD DONALD FITZHUGH had the following arrest record:

7/15/55 - DWI, $750.00 bond.
9/3/55 - Found guilty. Fined $50.00 and costs. Served three days in county jail.
3/14/59 - Drunk. Fined $24.65 and released.

FITZHUGH was described as white male, date of birth January 29, 1938, 5'10", 155 pounds, brown eyes, brown hair.

FBJA

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

Mrs. NELDA FITZHUGH, 2631 Antelope Street, advised she had telephoned FBI Headquarters, Washington, D.C., on the night of November 25, 1963, about midnight. She was very excited and probably did not make herself clear, but she was trying to express her feelings about how terrible it would be if Communists could influence people to accept Communist beliefs a little bit at a time. She knew of no association that her husband might have had with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or even that he knew OSWALD. Her husband had bought a fifth of Vodka the night of the telephone call to Washington, and she had had "three or four drinks' of it.

It was noted Mrs. FITZHUGH had apparently been drinking prior to the current interview. She smelled of alcohol and spoke rambling and thick tongued. She went on to state her husband had said he hoped KHRUSHCHEV did not come to the funeral for President KENNEDY because he, KHRUSHCHEV, was the first civilized Communist they had over there.

Mrs. FITZHUGH went on to state her fear is that the Communists can get into our minds and "how can we stop them." She again stated she had apparently failed to make herself clear and the interview was terminated.

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on 11/27/63 at Vernon, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM E. LOGG, JR., and JARRELL H. DAVIS/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 4, 1963

1

Mrs. EVA ORR, 2701 Main Street, advised she is not a friend of Mrs. NELDA FITZHUGH, but Mrs. FITZHUGH has been to her house three times this year. She explained Mr. and Mrs. FITZHUGH have had considerable domestic trouble and when she, Mrs. FITZHUGH, gets in trouble, she comes to her, Mrs. ORR. Mrs. FITZHUGH came to her house on the night of November 25, 1963, about 11:50 p.m., called her by name, and asked to be let in. She got up from her bed and opened the door, and Mrs. FITZHUGH came in. Mrs. FITZHUGH had a wild look in her eyes as though she had been drinking or was under the influence of something. She carried a butcher knife in her hand and stood grinning. She then stated she was going to use the telephone and proceeded to call Washington and asked to speak to "J. EDGAR HOOVER." After speaking with someone, Mrs. FITZHUGH then sat on the bed and asked Mrs. ORR if she was frightened and told her that Mr. FITZHUGH was a Communist and was connected with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She finally left.

Mrs. ORR advised both Mr. and Mrs. FITZHUGH have bad reputations in the neighborhood because they drink a great deal and fight. She stated she had known them about three years but has as little as possible to do with them.

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on 11/27/63 at Vernon, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents WILLIAM E. LOGG, JR., and JARRELL H. DAVIS/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

HARRY HOLMES, United States Post Office Inspector, Room 500, Terminal Annex, advised this date he had received from one of the supervisors in the Terminal Annex Station, an anonymous letter consisting of three sheets of handwritten pages which were folded and taped together with a small piece of masking tape and had been recovered from a mail box and turned into the supervisor. This letter was not contained in an envelope, but on the outside of one of the pages was written the printed letters "FBI" and on the reverse side was written the words "Please get this to F.B.I." This letter reflects the following information:

"F.B.I.

"Dallas, Texas

"Dear Sir:

"Several months ago I told a policeman about a Cuban underground movement here and it involved two characters Tom Gwatley of the Dallas Theological Seminary and a Latin American man about 40 of the Dallas Produce Co.-he is a wiry little guy about 5'6" and a very nervous and loud talking person.

"Tom has been seen by me with Oswald several times in the past 3 wks. at different locations. I have seen him with a man resembling Ruby but not positive-they were at a coffee bar on Gaston and I was across the street. Tom has been seen coming out of a 2 story house on Swiss by the Seminary with the same seven persons on 3 occasions. Oswald was with them. Oswald left and the others went to the Seminary.

"Tom has been seen with this Latin American person near the Seminary also. I have heard both these men praising Castro and telling fellow workers about freedom under Castro_

"Damage, Shame and sorrow has resulted when I was told nothing can be done. I didn't want to come

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DL 89-43
44-1639
100-10461

on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas 548 File # 100-10461

by Special Agent ALFRED C. ELLINGTON /cah Date dictated 12/2/63

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"forward sooner for fear of my life and my family. I still am afraid after writing this letter to you.

"If you check out these two-you will have a few prize plums and more than you bargained for. Good luck and God Bless You."

Mr. HOLMES advised he is unable at this time to state the location of the box from which this letter was recovered, however, he is presently attempting to do this.

1 Date 12/7/63

Dr. DONALD CAMPBELL advised he is the Dean of Studies, Dallas Theological Seminary, 3909 Swiss Street, Dallas, Texas.

He advised that the records in the registrar's office of the Dallas Theological Seminary do not reflect the name TOM GWALTNEY. He advised there is a student named THOMAS GWALTNEY who is in his fourth year of studies at the seminary. Dr. CAMPBELL advised that THOMAS GWALTNEY has a good record at the seminary and he knows of no unfavorable information connected with him.

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on 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent SA MAURICE J. WHITE/PJD Date dictated 12/7/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/7/63

THOMAS GWALTNEY advised he resides at 1203 A Apple Street, Dallas, Texas, and is a student at the Dallas Theological Seminary, 3909 Swiss Street, Dallas, Texas. He stated he is 28 years of age and was born in Peoria, Illinois, is married and is in his fourth year of studies at the seminary. He advised he is a graduate of John Brown University and upon completing this year of studies will be eligible to take over a pastorate or teach in one of the seminaries. APPROX. 1935

GWALTNEY stated he never heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY until reading of them in the newspapers and hearing of them on television. He has never seen either man to his knowledge.

GWALTNEY stated that he does not know any man employed in the Dallas Produce Market, Dallas, Texas, to his knowledge although quite conceivably may have met someone so employed and not known it. Regarding a possible individual described as a Latin American type, age approximately 40 who may be so employed, he stated that he cannot identify this individual and may certainly have met a similar person, however, does not know it to his knowledge. He stated he associates with other students at the seminary as well as teaches Bible in the Garland Bible School. In view of this it is quite possible he may have met any number of individuals.

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on 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas 551 File # 89-43

by Special Agent MAURICE J. WHITE/RJD MJW Date dictated 12/7/63

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DL 89-43
PEW/jj

RE: ALVARADO GOMEZ

At 3:00 A.M., November 23, 1963, an unknown female telephonically contacted the FBI Office at San Antonio, Texas, by long distance telephone and said that to find out who killed KENNEDY and anything else just talk to ALVARDO GOMEZ who lives "in or on Boston City or Street by name of Boston", in an unknown town.

On November 23, 1963, SA SAM C. COTTON made the following contacts at New Boston, Texas:

Sheriff ROBERT FREEMAN
Bowie County, Texas

Chief of Police DAVE HARRIS
New Boston, Texas

Mrs. RUBY NEIL HARRIS
Post Office
Boston, Texas

JAMES BOSWELL
Post Office
New Boston, Texas

All of the above advised there are no Mexican or Latin American families living in or around Boston or New Boston, Texas, to their knowledge and no one lives in either community by the name of ALVARADO GOMEZ.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

J. L. DUNHAM, 207 North Second Street, La Porte, Texas, telephonically advised that HARRY JOE HAMILTON came to his place of business the day President KENNEDY was shot and asked Mr. DUNHAM's secretary if she had heard the good news. HAMILTON reportedly stated he was glad they got the President and wished they had gotten the Vice President also.

Mr. DUNHAM stated HARRY JOE HAMILTON resides on State Highway 146 between the Shore Acres Addition and the community of La Porte and is well known in the La Porte area.

On 12/2/63 at Houston, Texas File # HO 62-2115

by SA GRAHAM W. KITCHELL:pak 553 Date dictated 12/2/63

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Date 12/2/63

HARRY JOE HAMILTON was interviewed at the indigent clinic of Hermann Hospital. Mr. HAMILTON stated that shortly after he received information on November 22, 1963, that President JOHN F. KENNEDY had been shot, he told several persons in the La Porte, Texas, community that he was glad President KENNEDY had been removed from office and further stated he recalled making the comment that he was glad that he wished the Vice President had also been removed. He stated, however, that the manner in which these expressions may have been rece[illegible] by persons he had contacted that day were different from the manner in which they were said in that he was merely not in agreement with the political philosophy of either President KENNEDY or Vice President JOHNSON since they were liberals and he was a conservative. He stated he would never harm anyone and specifically would not resort to the removal of a person in a high political position through assassination or violence. He stated he had no information pertaining to what happened in Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963, except what he had read in newspapers and heard on television and radio.

He stated he would never commit an overt act contrary to the Constitution form of government in the United States, adding he did not know JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

The following is a physical description of HAMILTON as obtained through observation and interview:

Name	HARRY JOE HAMILTON
Race	White
Sex	Male
Nationality	American
Date of birth	September 9, 1927
Place of birth	La Porte, Texas
Height	5'9½"
Weight	200 pounds
Eyes	Hazel
Hair	Brown
Occupation	Unemployed, but customarily a steam worker at A. O. Smith Corporation of Dallas, Industrial Road, Houston Texas.

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On 12/2/63 at Houston, Texas File # HO 62-2115

by SAS JOHN G. GREEN & FRANK M. IVEY:pak Date dictated 12/2/63

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Home address	2523 State Highway 146, La Porte, Texas
Social Security number	464-34-6094
Texas Commercial Operators License number	1621217, to expire 1/13/[illegible]
Wife	CORINNE FOLLIS HAMILTON
Children	MIKE HAMILTON, (Age 13). RITA HAMILTON (Age 9)
Education	Completed high school and one-half year of college.

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HO 62-2115
JWR:ms

The Boston Office advised by teletype November 25, 1963, that Miss LORRAINE VARGAS, Malden, Massachusetts, had related she met a man, (First Name Unknown) HARIAN and wife, POLLY, of Houston, Texas, at Pan American Hotel, Miami, Florida, September 17, 1963. She said that during conversation, HARIAN made a statement to the effect that he would like to see the president dead and that if he knew someone who would do it he would give him a gun or pay to have it done. She could not say this was an exact quote and had no specific reason to believe this statement would be connected with the assassination.

On November 25, 1963, WILLIAM E. HARIAN, 1221 Rocky River, Houston, owner, William Harlan Insurance Agency, Houston, was interviewed by SA JAMES W. RUSSELL. HARIAN is a former Special Agent of the FBI. HARIAN recalled that in September, 1963, while vacationing at the Pan American Hotel, Miami, Florida, he and his wife met a young lady from Boston, Massachusetts, and remembers engaging in a political discussion with her. He said she was a Boston Irish Catholic and a tremendous admirer of KENNEDY. HARIAN said that he has not always agreed with KENNEDY's policies and did not vote for him at the time he was elected for president. He stated that, as he recalled, Vice President JOHNSON's name was mentioned in this conversation and he remembers the Boston girl stating to the effect that he did not like anyone unless he was from Texas.

HARIAN categorically and emphatically denied that he made any statement to the effect that the president should be dead or that he would desire to see him killed. HARIAN stated he is first a loyal American and knows that the assassination of the president is a grevious thing. He stated he has no knowledge of any specific information concerning OSWALD or RUBY.

CI 62-2758
ETC:clh RE: EDWARD RICHARD HELTON, Hamilton, Ohio
page 1

The following investigation was conducted by SA ERNEST T. CLARKE:

Mr. EDWARD GLASER, 325 Northeast View Drive, Hamilton, Ohio, advised on December 2, 1963, that he was at Hoppies Gardens at 902 Greenwood Avenue, Hamilton, from about 7:30 to 8:15 PM on December 1, 1963. The only other individuals present in the bar at the time were the owner, WALTER NEWMAN, who was tending bar; LESTER LONG, JR., 911 Greenwood Avenue; and EDWARD HELTON, 920 Vine Street.

GLASER was seated toward the end of the bar and standing at the extreme end was EDWARD HELTON. GLASER, a carrier for the U.S. Post Office Department, Hamilton, did not know HELTON and made no conversation with him. HELTON commented to GLASER, "We spent 1½ million dollars getting rid of KENNEDY." GLASER made no comment and prepared to move to another part of the bar when HELTON stated, "I contributed $100 of the 1½ million."

GLASER joined LESTER LONG, JR., further down the bar. HELTON walked over to them and said that it would take four million dollars to get rid of "Johnson."

GLASER said that he and LONG ignored HELTON who then returned to his end of the bar and announced that he would bet $50 that "Johnson" would not finish his term. WALTER NEWMAN, bartender, who overheard this, threw $50 on the bar in front of HELTON and said, "Put you money where your mouth is." HELTON replied that he did not really want to bet.

Mr. GLASER advised that HELTON was sipping 3.2% beer while in the bar and was in the bar when GLASER left.

WALTER NEWMAN was interviewed on December 2, 1963, and he furnished the following information:

EDWARD HELTON, a resident in the neighborhood, has a reputation for being a braggart and a "pop-off." He is a loner and has no close friends or associates. He was in Hoppies Gardens from approximately 7:30 to 8:30 PM, December 1, 1963, at which time Mr. NEWMAN overheard him announce that he would bet $50 that President JOHNSON would not complete his term.

Mr. NEWMAN said he immediately covered the bet and Mr. HELTON backed down.

Mr. HELTON had been drinking and had a total of three beers while at the bar. Mr. NEWMAN stated he heard no other comment made by HELTON and he stated HELTON left shortly thereafter.

Mr. NEWMAN states he did not consider statements made by HELTON to be responsible. He stated HELTON has been in no trouble to his knowledge; holds membership in the Monkeys Mutual Aid Society of Hamilton, which is a social fraternal organization which provides an insurance benefit. He stated there is no question as to the loyalty of the members of this organization and he has never had reason to suspect the loyalty of HELTON.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
INTERVIEW REPORT

Date 12/3/63

EDWARD RICHARD HELTON was interviewed at his residence, 920 Vine Street, Hamilton, Ohio. He was advised of the identity of the interviewing agents. He was advised he did not have to furnish any information, that any information he did furnish could be used against him in a court of law, and that he had the right to the services of an attorney. No threats or promises were made to induce him to make any statement.

He stated on December 1, 1963, he spent the entire day at the Monkeys Mutual Aid Society at 303 Third Street, Hamilton, Ohio. He was alone during the entire day and he consumed one quart of whisky while there. From this location he went to Hoppies Gardens for approximately 30 minutes to one hour around 7:30 PM. He advised he may have made statements to the effect that it cost 1½ million dollars to get rid of President KENNEDY, that he contributed $100 of this amount, that it would take four million to get rid of President JOHNSON, and that he would bet $50 that President JOHNSON would not finish his term. He stated he does not recall having made such statements, had no prerogative to make such statements, and he stated that he frequently makes comments while drunk without knowing what he says.

He stated he is not a member of any organization other than Monkeys Mutual Aid Society. He advised he considers himself a completely loyal patriotic American citizen and has the greatest respect for the President of the United States and other government authorities.

He stated that if comments as suggested above were made by him they would be without meaning. He advised he frequently attempts to upset WALTER NEWMAN while in Hoppies Gardens and may have remarked as above for this purpose. He has never had $100 to contribute to any cause nor has he had $50 with which to bet on anything.

Mr. HELTON advised he is employed at General Electric Corporation at Evendale, Ohio, as a millwright in the Maintenance Department where they do general machinery repair work and fence

Interview with 559 File # 62-2758

on 12/2/63 at Hamilton, Ohio Date dictated 12/3/63

by Special Agent SAS ERNEST T. CLARKE & HARMON BACH/clh

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building. He is employed in Building 700 and has ID Card No. 6993. He is employed on the shift from 7:00 AM to 3:30 PM and has been with General Electric since 1951.

He could furnish no information concerning President KENNEDY's assassination, LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBENSTEIN. He stated he does not know and is not acquainted with either OSWALD or RUBENSTEIN.

Mr. HELTON is described as follows:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Nationality:	American
Date of Birth:	July 14, 1909, Emiline, Virginia
Height:	5'7"
Weight:	135-40
Hair:	Gray
Eyes:	Hazel wears black-rimmed glasses
Complexion:	Ruddy
Build:	Slight
Marital Status:	Married
Wife:	ANNA HELTON, nee Kolb
Son:	WILLIAM EDWARD HELTON, 307 Brookfield Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio four grandchildren.

DL 89-43
RPG:LAC
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At 9:15 AM, November 27, 1963, switchboard operator EVALYN MIDDLETON received an anonymous telephone call, at which time the caller stated substantially, "Why don't you check at 7613 Sycene Road - JOHN HERMICK (phonetic), can probably give you some information regarding OSWALD's action."

The following investigation was conducted by SA RONALD E. BRINKLEY:

On November 28, 1963, it was determined that there is no such address as 7613 Sycene Road. A neighborhood check revealed that no one by the name of JOHN HERMICK was known in that area. A check of the Dallas City Directory revealed no such address and no name such as JOHN HERMICK appeared therein.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 29, 1963

Mrs. JO BETH HILL was interviewed at the ranch office of the Vermejo Park Ranch, at which time she was advised that she did not have to make any statement, that any statement she did make could be used against her later in a court of law, and that she had the right to consult an attorney prior to making any statement. She stated that she did not desire an attorney at this time and furnished the following information:

APPROX. 1136 M.

She is 27 years of age and is married to JOHN Henry HILL. She resides with her husband and four (4) children at 3415 Centenary, Dallas, Texas. She categorically denied having heard her husband, JOHN H. HILL, in the past make any remarks criticizing former President JOHN F. KENNEDY regarding his bringing communists and socialists into the Government. She denied having ever heard her husband make any remark concerning President KENNEDY's statement to the effect that oil was $1.00 per barrel too high. She denied having heard her husband make the statement, "You'd better do something to get this stopped because I know several oil men who have what it takes to have the President assassinated."

Mrs. HILL denied that she or her husband are acquainted with JACK RUBY. She indicated that neither she nor her husband are politically minded and cannot recall her husband having ever made any violent statements about KENNEDY or KENNEDY's Administration. She indicated that she and her husband have not agreed with the KENNEDY Administration regarding the integration problem as they both personally feel the Administration is moving too fast in connection with integration. She and her husband have not been hurt in any way by the KENNEDY Administration and, in fact, have prospered under this Administration. She is aware that her husband contributed to KENNEDY's campaign and, in fact, she and her husband received invitations to attend KENNEDY's Inaugural

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On 11/27/63 at Vermejo Park, New Mexico File # Denver 89-41

by SA EDWARD J. RODGERS, JR.; SA WALLACE C. HAGUE:pmb Date dictated 11/29/63

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HO 62-2115
JPP:pak

RE: THREATS AGAINST THE LIFE OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
AND OTHERS.
RICHARD JACK HERRMANN

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOE P. PATTY:

By letter dated November 26, 1963, United States Attorney WOODROW SEALS, Houston, Texas, advised that a Mr. TOM WHITE, President of Local 16000, at the Ethyl Corporation, Pasadena, Texas, called and said a plant foreman at Ethyl Corporation, upon learning of the death of President KENNEDY, said it was the finest thing that ever happened and that he hoped the Attorney General would come to Texas so that he could be disposed of.

On November 27, 1963, RICHARD JACK HERRMANN, Maintance Foreman, Ethyl Corporation, Pasadena, was interviewed. He said that on November 22, 1963, shortly after learning of the death of the President, he attended a manpower meeting with four other plant foremen. He said that he and the other foremen are close friends and that he has worked with these men for a number of years. He said that they are always kidding each other in a friendly manner. At the above meeting, he said he stood up on a chair and said, "That's one down and there is one to go and after him there were nine more to get (meaning the Supreme Court Justices)". He said that he also made a remark to the effect that he, the President, picked a good place in coming to Dallas, Texas, becuase they got the job done.

HERRMANN said that the above remarks were made to antagonize, in a joking manner, one of the other foreman, who is a staunch Democrat. He said he in no manner intended his remarks to be a threat against the President or the Attorney General. He said he is not opposed to the present administration and feels no animosity toward the President or Attorney General.

He said that on the evening of November 22, 1963, he began to realize that the remarks he had made were in exceedingly bad taste and that he was very embarrassed with himself for making the statements. He said that it was several hours after the assassination before he realized the great impact it would have on him and the United States. He said when he arrived at work on the morning of November 26, 1963, he immediately apologized to the foremen he made the remark to and that he intended apologizing to officials of the Ethyl Corporation for making such remarks.

HERRMANN said that he is not a member of any political or radical group and that the only organization he belongs to is the Mason's. He said he never knew or heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY until the past weekend and that he never has heard any talk of assassinating the President.

HERRMANN is described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of birth	February 5, 1916, Fort Worth, Texas
Height	6'2"
Weight	200 pounds
Build	Medium
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Complexion	Medium
Wife	MITTIE HERRMANN 6839 Fauna, Houston.
Residence	Same
Social Security	456 28 2858
Military	United States Navy, 1936 - 1940 and 1941 - 1945 NSN 355 90 63 and 430810
Education	Two years University of Houston.
Occupation	Toolmaker and plant foreman
Employer	Ethyl Corporation, Pasadena, since 1952.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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At 9:32 p.m., W. O. STINSON, Administrative Assistant to the Governor, Governor's Office, Parkland Hospital, personally appeared at the Dallas FBI Office and furnished the following information:

He stated R. E. (GENE) CHAMBERS, Wichita Falls, Texas, President of Armour Properties in Wichita Falls, contacted him by telephone on the morning of November 25, 1963, from Austin, Texas, and stated he had information he thought important and that he wanted to pass it to someone as soon as possible.

STINSON stated he told CHAMBERS, who is a personal friend of his, as well as President LYNDON B. JOHNSON and Governor JOHN CONNALLY, that he would be glad to pass such information on to proper authorities. CHAMBERS flew to Dallas on November 25, 1963, and talked with STINSON until approximately 9:00 p.m. about a reported plot approximately three weeks ago to kill President KENNEDY while he was in Dallas.

According to STINSON, CHAMBERS is completely reliable.

CHAMBERS told STINSON that ROGER TITTLE, President of Panhandle Steel Company in Wichita Falls, came to him on November 25, 1963, and told him he had information relative to a plot to kill President KENNEDY. TITTLE's story to CHAMBERS reportedly disclosed that TITTLE and his wife, THELMA, had dinner with JOHN H. HILL, Southland Center, Dallas, Texas, recently. During the dinner HILL was violently abusive about President KENNEDY. HILL reportedly told ROGER and THELMA TITTLE that arrangements had been made to kill President KENNEDY in Dallas. According to HILL, three oilmen had the money to do the job and that the money had been put up.

HILL reportedly told TITTLE, "You had better get through to Democratic friends of President KENNEDY to change his ways, or he won't get out of Dallas alive." THELMA TITTLE was reportedly upset by the conversation and broke into tears. ROGER TITTLE told HILL, "Don't you know it is a federal offense to even talk about killing President KENNEDY." ROGER TITTLE was reportedly back in Dallas a few days before President KENNEDY's arrival in Dallas. HILL stated to TITTLE at that time, "Have you gotten word to the President." When TITTLE replied "No" to HILL, HILL said, "It is too bad for the President" and "You'll be sorry you didn't do it."

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas 564 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent J. DOYLE WILLIAMS:vm Date dictated 11/25/63

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ROGER TITTLE reportedly told CHAMBERS he had told the above story to two other people, MILLS TITTLE, his father, and to PAUL EGGERS, his attorney, both Wichita Falls.

CHAMBERS reportedly stated TITTLE told him that HILL knew RUBY (JACK LEON RUBI) personally because HILL was quite a nightclub man.

HILL in recent years, according to CHAMBERS, has become very wealthy through oil transactions and is a lavish spender. TITTLE reportedly told CHAMBERS the identities of three men he thought HILL had in mind regarding putting up money to kill President KENNEDY.

STINSON stated he was not sure, based upon his conversation with CHAMBERS, whether HILL was referring to three other men or to himself and two other men with regard to those who had put up money to kill President KENNEDY.

STINSON observed that TITTLE, very likely, had a great deal more information than was passed on to CHAMBERS and through CHAMBERS to him.

No reference was made as to the amount of money reportedly put up by the three oilmen to have President KENNEDY killed.

STINSON stated HILL and the three oilmen referred to were concerned about an FPC deal in El Paso, Texas, wherein there is a definite conflict because of FPC interference.

STINSON stated CHAMBERS continued his flight to Wichita Falls following the above conversation and should arrive in Wichita Falls that night.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Mr. ROGER TITTLE, President, Panhandle Steel Company, Old Burk Road, Wichita Falls, Texas, residence 2202 Avondale, advised he has known JOHN HILL, President of Southwest Producing Company, Southland Center, Dallas, Texas, for about seven or eight years. He advised HILL has done business with him and he knew him only casually the first three or four years and then became well acquainted with him. He stated HILL had moved from Wichita Falls about 1945 to Dallas, Texas.

Mr. TITTLE advised that about eight months to one year ago he and Mrs. TITTLE went to the Cipanga Club in Dallas with Mr. and Mrs. JOHN HILL for cocktails and dinner. He advised after a few drinks, they sat down for dinner and HILL began a very vicious verbal attack on President KENNEDY personally. He stated HILL criticized what the President was doing to the country and blamed him for bringing Communists and Socialists into the Government and stated the President had stated oil was $1.00 per barrel too high. Mr. TITTLE advised HILL during this conversation stated, "You'd better do something to get this stopped because I know several oil men who have what it takes to have the President assassinated."

Mr. TITTLE stated HILL knows that he and Mrs. TITTLE are strong Democrats and that Mr. TITTLE knows LYNDON B. JOHNSON. He advised he was very shocked by HILL's talk, and both Mrs. TITTLE, who began to cry, and Mrs. HILL were very upset and left the table. Mr. TITTLE advised he told HILL he should not talk as he was talking because a threat against the President's life was a Federal violation. Mr. TITTLE stated after Mrs. TITTLE and Mrs. HILL had left the table, HILL stated he could not help it if he had upset her, meaning Mrs. TITTLE, and insisted he was not kidding.

Mr. TITTLE stated HILL is a very large man and can hold large amounts of liquor and certainly was not drunk when he made these statements.

TITTLE further advised HILL stated he had completely switched from the Democrat Party to the other side because of what he had found out.

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on 11/26/63 at Wichita Falls, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM E. LOGG, JR./gm Date dictated 11/26/63

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Mr. TITTLE stated following the above incident, he tried to avoid HILL as much as possible but still had had three or four personal meetings with HILL in Dallas attempting to collect money which HILL owed him. He stated the last of these meetings was in August, 1963, and on each of these meetings, HILL asked if he had done anything about getting "the situation changed" and stated, "You can see what KENNEDY is doing." Mr. TITTLE advised he had had three contacts with HILL subsequent to August, but HILL had not mentioned President KENNEDY at these meetings.

Mr. TITTLE advised at the meeting prior to August when HILL had spoken about President KENNEDY, there had been no persons present besides HILL and himself except for their wives. He advised that at the meeting subsequent to August when there had been no mention made of President KENNEDY, there had been other persons present.

Mr. TITTLE stated HILL about 30 days ago hired ART HILL, who is no relation and who formerly was the operating head of El Paso Natural Gas in El Paso, Texas. He advised HILL had been in partnership with JOE DRISCOLL and they had sold their oil and gas leases around Farmington, New Mexico, to Mid Continent Supply Company, and each had obtained about two and one-quarter million dollars apiece from this sale. Mr. TITTLE advised DRISCOLL had severed partnership with HILL about sixty days ago. He further advised he believed HILL may have informed DRISCOLL of the threat mentioned in the Cipanga Club. Mr. TITTLE stated DRISCOLL, who has offices in the Southland Center, Dallas, Texas, is a very reputable tax attorney and reportedly is friendly enough with Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY that he, DRISCOLL, has visited in the Attorney General's home.

TITTLE advised HILL is very impressed with wealth; and while he is not known in the first class clubs in Dallas, he does throw his money around and frequents after-hours joints.

Mr. TITTLE advised he feels HILL knew JACK RUBY because HILL frequented places similar to those run by RUBY and is a heavy drinker.

Mr. TITTLE stated his first thought after hearing of the assassination of President KENNEDY was of the conversation he had had with HILL in the Cipango Club.

Mr. TITTLE stated HILL associates with OSCAR WYATT, President of Coastal States Gas, Corpus Christi, Texas, and is also close to PAUL KAISER, Chairman of the Board of El Paso Gas. He advised HILL is an unstable person but is a shrewd business operator. He described HILL as follows:

Name	JOHN HILL
Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	31
Height	6'7"
Weight	260 lbs.
Marital status	Married
Wife	JO BETH HILL

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

1 Wichita Falls, Tex.

Mrs. THELMA TITTLE, 2202 Avondale, advised she and her husband, ROGER TITTLE, had had dinner with Mr. and Mrs. JOHN HILL at the Cirange Club in Dallas, Texas, about the time EDWARD KENNEDY was a candidate for the U. S. Senate. She advised they had had some drinks before dinner and after sitting down for dinner, HILL remarked it would be the end of free elections in this country if EDWARD KENNEDY was elected. He then began a vicious verbal attack on President KENNEDY personally, generally accusing him of ruining the country. Mrs. TITTLE stated she could not recall the exact wording, but HILL then stated he knew two or three Dallas oil men who would have President KENNEDY "taken care of." She stated she could not recall the precise wording, but it left no doubt in her mind he meant assassination. She further stated HILL indicated the oil men were very high up financially, although she could not recall that he mentioned any names.

Mrs. TITTLE advised HILL was definitely serious and was not drunk at the time of this conversation.

Mrs. TITTLE advised she may have met HILL two or three times after this occasion but carefully avoided any discussion of politics.

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on 11/26/63 at Wichita Falls, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM E. LOGG, JR./km Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Mr. R. E. "GENE" CHAMBERS, Manager, Armour Properties, Oil and Gas Building, Wichita Falls, Texas, residence 2110 Avondale, advised Mr. ROGER TITTLE, President of Panhandle Steel Company, Wichita Falls, Texas, had, following the assassination of President KENNEDY, informed him that JOHN HILL, owner of the Southwest Producing Company, 31st Floor, Southland Center, Dallas, Texas, had made a vicious verbal attack on President KENNEDY personally and had informed TITTLE he knew two or three oil men in Dallas who would have the President killed. Mr. CHAMBERS stated Mr. TITTLE informed him this was about the time President KENNEDY had definitely made plans to visit Dallas. Mr. CHAMBERS stated Mr. TITTLE informed him he had occasion to meet HILL subsequent to the meeting when the threat had been mentioned, and at these subsequent meetings, HILL asked if TITTLE had done anything about contacting LBJ about getting something done, referring to a change in administration policy.

During the week prior to the assassination, HILL asked TITTLE if he had warned President KENNEDY and told TITTLE he would be sorry the rest of his life.

Mr. CHAMBERS advised HILL had formerly resided in Wichita Falls, Texas, and had first come to Wichita Falls about ten or twelve years ago as a salesman for the Industrial Supply Company. HILL later became associated as a minor partner with J. C. MANN, JR., an oil man in Wichita Falls. Mr. CHAMBERS advised HILL is an overbearing type of oil promoter who will not take "no" for an answer. He advised HILL has made a great deal of money in recent years through the sale of gas and oil interests.

Mr. CHAMBERS stated he personally has not heard HILL make the type of statements which TITTLE advised HILL had made to him.

Mr. CHAMBERS was reinterviewed after he had talked with Mr. TITTLE on November 26, 1963, concerning the above information, and Mr. CHAMBERS advised at this time he had apparently misunderstood Mr. TITTLE as to the exact wording of HILL's conversation and the dates of HILL's conversations.

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on 11/26/63 at Wichita Falls, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM E. LOGG, JR./gm Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

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Mr. JOSEPH P. DRISCOLL, attorney, 3108 Southland Center, Dallas, Texas, informed that he has associated with JOHN HILL in the oil business since 1958 until approximately one month ago. He stated that their association was in connection with the Southwest Production Company engaged in the oil business. Mr. DRISCOLL Jr. related that HILL is not taking a part in any political group or organization at the present time, that he is aware of. He stated that HILL does spend some time at the Imperial and the Cipango Club in Dallas, however, it has always been in connection with business matters and HILL is usually home by 10:00 as he is an early riser. HILL is, according to DRISCOLL, devoted to his wife and four children and spends as much time with them as he can. Mr. DRISCOLL stated HILL drinks some on social occasions but DRISCOLL did not consider HILL a heavy drinker.

Jr.

Mr. DRISCOLL advised that HILL voted for KENNEDY in 1960. He stated that HILL has indicated opposition to the KENNEDY administration due primarily to the authority vested in the Federal Power Commission over the oil business. He stated that he has never heard HILL say anything against KENNEDY personally. Mr. DRISCOLL advised that HILL is actually a timid type person and he has never heard HILL suggest violence in any situation and does not believe HILL would be a part to any type of violence although he is given to loose talk.

Mr. DRISCOLL said that he has never heard HILL make any threats or remarks or heard of HILL making any threats or remarks.

DRISCOLL stated that in connection with HILL's loose remarks that HILL likes to "needle" people whom he knowshas opposite views from his.

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents LEO L. ROBERTSON and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:jj Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

Mr. JOHN HENRY HILL, who resides at 3415 Centenary, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed at the Vermejo Park Ranch, at which time he was advised that he need not make any statement; that any statement made by him could be used against him in a court of law, and that he could talk to a lawyer before making any statement.

Mr. HILL stated that he is a partner in the operation of the Southwest Production Company at 3108 Southland Street, Dallas, and that his partner in this operation is Mr. JOSEPH P. DRISCOLL. Mr. HILL advised that JOSEPH DRISCOLL is a former college roommate of ex-President KENNEDY and that his only contact with Mr. KENNEDY has been through DRISCOLL. He said that he did not personally know Mr. KENNEDY but that he was an active supporter of the ex-President during his election campaign and contributed between $2,000 and $10,000 to Mr. KENNEDY's campaign through Mr. DRISCOLL. HILL stated that after the KENNEDY administration began to put its civil rights and integration program into effect, he began to discontinue his support of the President because he disagreed with these programs. HILL stated that there was no conflict between his business interests and the KENNEDY administration and that, in fact, he made five or six million dollars in business while Mr. KENNEDY was President. He stated he had no personal animosity towards the President and no reason, because of business differences, to attempt to bring pressure upon the President or his administration to change administration policies.

Mr. HILL advised that during the last year of the KENNEDY administration he and his associates were attempting to complete a business deal in the oil industry whereby his group would purchase the complete oil rights in the State of Texas of the Pan American Oil Company, after which they would reorganize this company and sell gas to the City of El Paso, Texas. He said that in attempting to complete this business arrangement, they were thwarted by the complicated procedures of the Federal Power Commission in the KENNEDY administration. He said that as

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On 11/27/63 at Vermejo Park, New Mexico File # DN 89-41
DL 89-43

by Special Agents ALVIN D. HEWITT and RAYMOND J. FOX/mf

Date dictated 11/29/63

a result of the regulations of the Federal Power Commission, his attorney finally advised him and his associates to withdraw from any further attempts to complete this business transaction. Mr. HILL stated that because of this he was disappointed with the KENNEDY administration and stated that he may have said that the KENNEDY administration appeared to "be going socialistic" but added that he is positive he never stated that the KENNEDY administration was "bringing communists and socialists into the Government." Mr. HILL advised that he cannot recall President KENNEDY's ever having said, "Oil was $1.00 per barrel too high," and, accordingly, he could never have made this statement to anyone. Mr. HILL advised that he did not attempt at any time to bring pressure to bear on Mr. KENNEDY personally or his administration in order to have administration policies with regard to the oil industry changed. HILL denied in this connection that he ever made the statement, "You'd better do something to get this stopped because I know several oil men who have what it takes to have the President assassinated." HILL advised he had no knowledge of any oil men or other persons who might have contemplated any violence toward Mr.KENNEDY.

Mr. HILL stated that while he disagreed with some phases of the KENNEDY administration policies and was disappointed in not being able to complete business transactions because of the complicated procedure of the Federal Power Commission under the KENNEDY administration, he did not at any time make any statements advocating or urging physical injury to Mr. KENNEDY. He said that in connection with his business activities he was in company of many oil people who were not pleased with the activities of the KENNEDY administration and that he also disagreed with many of the political practices of the administration while in company with these business associates. He advised, however, that these opinions were political in nature and definitely were not aimed at the personal safety of the President of the United States.

HILL stated that he could not recall having been in any group where he was alleged to have made remarks against the safety of the President of the United States and stated that at no time was he informed by anyone that his remarks constituted a Federal violation. HILL advised that he was at a loss to understand why anyone should attribute remarks such as these to him and added that it is his opinion that the basis of these remarks probably began with people in the oil business in Dallas who were envious of his business deals or had suffered financial loss because his company had been successful in obtaining business which they were seeking.

Mr. HILL stated that he never knew JACK RUBENSTEIN, who is also known as JACK RUBY, and that he never visited any of RUBENSTEIN's clubs in Dallas. HILL stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD is unknown to him and that he has no knowledge of the activities of either OSWALD or RUBENSTEIN.

Mr. HILL furnished the following background and descriptive data concerning himself:

Name:	JOHN HENRY HILL
Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Date of Birth:	May 9, 1928
Place of Birth:	Jacksonville, Florida
Height:	6'6"
Weight:	280 lbs.
Marital Status:	Married - wife, JO BETH HILL

Ball. Due to the fact that she was approximately seven months pregnant, they did not attend this function.

She and her husband were in Dallas, Texas on the day of KENNEDY's assassination and, in fact, on the morning of November 22, 1963, she went to Neiman Marcus Department Store in Dallas and took some jewelry to be repaired, at which time the Jewelry Department gave her a diamond clasp which they had made for her. Upon leaving Neiman Marcus shortly before noon, she met her husband at Cullom and Boren Sporting Goods Store where Mr. HILL purchased a hunting rifle and various articles of clothing for their present hunting trip to the Vermejo Park Ranch. Upon leaving Cullom and Boren, they had lunch together at the Imperial Club, Baker Hotel, in Dallas, and upon completion of lunch, she returned to Neiman Marcus and picked up the jewelry she had left for repair. She left Neiman Marcus at approximately 1:00 p. m., and on walking out of the store, noticed a television set carrying news of the President's assassination. This was the first she knew of KENNEDY's assassination.

Mrs. HILL denies that she and her husband frequent nightclubs and that her husband is any more than a social drinker. She states her husband, on occasion, has had one too many drinks, however, he is basically a very quiet individual who does not become overly talkative after several drinks. She states their membership in social clubs in the Dallas area is confined to the Cipango Club, the Imperial Club, and the Dallas Hunting and Fishing Club.

Mrs. HILL denies any knowledge of any oil men or any other persons who might have contemplated any violence toward Mr. KENNEDY.

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DL 89-43
EEH/jj

The records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Ft. Smith, Arkansas, reflect that at 3:45 P.M., November 22, 1963, a call was received from an anonymous male caller in Ft. Smith who stated "regarding the death of the President, conduct investigation at the Buckhorn Bar, Dallas, as the manager has been talked to about the killing" at which time the caller hung up.

The above information should not be made public prior to being properly secured through the use of a subpoena duces tecum directed to Mr. CHARLES HUBBARD, District Manager, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Ft.Smith, Arkansas.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

A. D. HODGE, owner, Buckhorn Bar and Buckhorn Trading Post, 217 South Ervay Street, stated that in regard to a telephone call received at Fort Smith, Arkansas, on the evening of November 22, 1963, he had no information, since no one had talked with him about the killing until he had heard about it on the radio. Mr. HODGE stated that his present Day and Night Manager is PAUL MONTRY, but that MONTRY has not related any incidents to him indicating anyone had discussed any plans to kill the President or anything of that nature. Mr. HODGE stated that frequently he or his manager are forced to evict drunks from the bar and on occasions these drunks have called the Dallas City Police with false reports of trouble at the Buckhorn Bar just to get them in trouble. He stated he knew no one living in the Fort Smith area and had no idea as to who might have made any calls concerning the Buckhorn Bar.

Mr. HODGE then stated that about a week ago he had a boy working in the kitchen of the Buckhorn Bar as a dishwasher named BOYD MAIDEN, residence given as Route 2, Box 86, Wilmer, Texas, Social Security No. 400-42-5720. He stated this individual is described as a white male, age approximately 28, height 5' 8", andwalked with a limp. Mr. HODGE stated that on November 18, 1963, BOYD MAIDEN suddenly left the Buckhorn Bar without giving him any notice and about the same day he missed a $65,.16 gauge shotgun. He stated this individual returned to the Buckhorn Bar on Wesnesday, stating he had been to the Veterans Administration Hospital in Dallas for treatment of an injury in his leg he had suffered during U. S. Army service. Mr. HODGE stated his manager immediately fired this individual, and they have not seen or heard from him since. He stated he did not know whether or not BOYD MAIDEN could have made the phone call, but it was possible.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. ANDERTON and IVAN D. LEE/sl Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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PAUL MONTRY advised he is the Day and Night Manager of the Buckhorn Bar, 217 South Ervay Street, and resides at 500 East Sixth Street, Dallas. He stated that the actual owner of the bar and Buckhorn Trading Post is Mr. A. D. HODGE.

Mr. MONTRY stated that he does not know anyone in Fort Smith, Arkansas, and had no idea as to who might have made an anonymous telephone call to the telephone company there indicating that the manager had been talked to about the assassination of the President. Mr. MONTRY stated he definitely had not been talked to except by police officers immediately after the assassination of President KENNEDY and that during the afternoon of November 22, 1963, Mr. HODGE had talked to numerous police officers in the Buckhorn Trading Post, which contains hundreds of different types of guns.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. ANDERTON/sl 575 Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

SHARON RAMSEY, employee of C & C Manufacturing Company, 310 North Austin Street, telephone RI 8-9923, advised ROBERT HUGHES, employed at Nichols Parking Lot across from 310 North Austin, was defeated for the State Legislature.

HUGHES has been passing out literature for General WALKER for the past several months and has been a real close associate of WALKER. He contacts everyone parking at his lot in an attempt to prevail upon them to support WALKER.

Miss RAMSEY stated HUGHES told her he had organized the group to give ADLAI STEVENSON the trouble at the auditorium and that the assassination of the President here was just the beginning as there was a lot more to follow.

She described HUGHES as a white male, 22 or 23, 5'8" tall, 185 pounds, heavy-set.

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN/pm Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/2/63

ROBERT BENJAMIN HUGHES, Jr. was located at the Allright Parking Lot in the 300 block of North Austin, Dallas, and furnished the following information:

He resides at 2622 Kinsey, Dallas, with his mother, MONETTA HUGHES. He was in the U. S. Army from January, 1958, to December, 1960, receiving an honorable discharge, Army Serial No. RA 18476986. On leaving the service he was employed for two months by Hardware Mutual Insurance in Dallas and then by the Union News Company, also Dallas, from April to June of 1961. He has worked since August of 1961 for the Allright Systems, Inc., Wilson Building, Dallas, as a parking lot attendant. HUGHES admitted making statements to various people after the assassination of President KENNEDY to the effect that that assassination was just the beginning. He explained these statements by saying that he believed the Communists were beginning a reign of terror and that being anti-Communist he was interested in doing anything that would fight Communism. As part of his activities, he had contributed money to the Christian Crusade headed by BILLY JAMES HARGISS, Tulsa, Oklahoma, and had worked for General EDWIN WALKER during his campaign for Governor in Texas in 1962. Since the election campaign he has passed out additional literature, anti-Communist in nature, put out by General WALKER. During the interview, he expressed the opinion that ADLAI STEVENSON, U. S. Representative to the United Nations, had left the officer protecting him on his recent visit to Dallas and mixed with the crowd in the hopes that an incident would occur which would "make Dallas look bad". He feels that the shooting of President KENNEDY might be another incident designed to bring trouble to Dallas. When specifically questioned re this statement, HUGHES advised that this was a personal opinion he had, not based on any facts in his possession or any information he had obtained from any particular person or source.

He said he was not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY; to his knowledge he had never met them and knew of no connection between them and had no information whatsoever re the assassination of President KENNEDY.

HUGHES furnished the following description of himself:

Name	ROBERT BENJAMIN HUGHES, JR.
Race	White
Sex	Male

on 12/2/63 at Dallas, Texas 59 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILLIAM K. BOCK and JAMES R. GRAHAM, JR. /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

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DL 89-43
WKB:JRG:cv
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Date of birth	November 28, 1936
Place of birth	Tulsa, Oklahoma
Height	5'6"
Weight	160 pounds
Hair	Light brown
Eyes	Blue
Residence	2622 Kinsey, Dallas, Texas.
Mother	MONETTA HUGHES, same address
Employment	Allright Systems, Inc., Wilson Building, Dallas, Texas, as parking lot attendant, 300 block North Austin, Dallas, Texas
Military service	January, 1958 through December, 1960, U. S. Army, Serial Number RA 18476986, Honorable Discharge

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HO 62-2115
LAB:bp

RE: THREAT TO THE LIFE OF THE PRESIDENT
DR. M. E. "MAC" HUNTER, JR.
BAYTOWN, TEXAS

Mr. JOHN M. POWERS, #2 Westwood Street, Baytown, Texas, an employee of the Research and Development Division, Humble Oil Company, and a graduate chemist of Notre Dame University in 1937, advised SA LEVERETTE A. BAKER on November 26, 1963 he had attended a dinner of a "gourmet club" at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. (FAYE) SMITH, JR., Houston, Texas, about four months ago at which time Dr. M. E. "MAC" HUNTER made a statement, substantially as follows:

"I would give $4,000.00 to have KENNEDY killed".

Mr. POWERS stated that Dr. HUNTER has always been extremely "anti-Kennedy", has always been extremely uncomplementary in speaking about President KENNEDY, and has always taken the firm position that the KENNEDY administration is forcing the United States into socialism.

Mr. POWERS stated he has never had any reason to question Dr. HUNTER's loyalty to the United States, Dr. HUNTER is a veteran of the U. S. Navy, and he is not known to be a member of any organization advocating overthrow of the United States Government.

Mr. POWERS stated he believed the remark by Dr. HUNTER was occasioned by some adverse news in the local news media, such as the Cuban situation, etc., and was "an ill advised statement made at an ill-tempered occasion".

Mr. POWERS advised he does not believe Dr. HUNTER would actually do what he said since Dr. HUNTER has never been a person "expected to be cruel in the sense of doing something to take a man's life'.

HO 62-2115

On November 27, 1963, Dr. MALCOLM E. HUNTER, JR., 1604 Oak Shadows, Baytown, was located at his office at 1009 Polly, Baytown, and was interviewed by SA LEVERETTE A. BAKER and SA CLARENCE E. WRIGHT.

Dr. HUNTER readily stated he is and always has been, completely against President KENNEDY's administration and would do anything legal to get him defeated. He stated he had never made any remark to the effect he would contribute funds to have KENNEDY killed but had stated he would contribute campaign funds to the candidate of his choice in order to defeat KENNEDY.

Dr. HUNTER also stated he had recently remarked that if anyone wanted to assassinate the president it (the Dallas trip) would be a good time to have it done because of the attacks which had occurred against ADLAI STEVENSON in Dallas recently.

Dr. HUNTER stated the assassination of President KENNEDY was a serious blow to this country, that he was absolutely against any such measure to remove a man from office.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

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JAMES WOLLWEBER, 3031 Rebecca Drive, S. W., Atlanta, Ga. telephonically advised that he had received a telephone call at 5:00 p.m. on November 22, 1963, from a man who identified himself as (FNU) JOHNSON.

JOHNSON told WOLLWEBER that he knew that WOLLWEBER was a person who could keep quiet and he wanted WOLLWEBER to fly him to Dallas, Texas, on the following day. There they were to pick up an unknown individual and fly him to Nassau.

JOHNSON wanted WOLLWEBER to meet him at 12:00 noon on November 23, 1963, at the Opalocka Airport near Miami, Florida, but WOLLWEBER was not certain that he would keep the appointment.

WOLLWEBER advised that he is a pilot and flies his own plane.

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On 11/22/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 89-45

by SA CHARLES S. HARDING /evg Date dictated 11/22/63

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Date December 26, 1963

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JAMES WOLLWEBER, 3031 Rebecca Drive, S. W., telephonically advised that he will not make the trip to Opalocka Airport near Miami, Florida, to meet (FNU) JOHNSON as he had planned because of the bad weather conditions in the Atlanta area and the unavailability of the specific airplane he wanted to use for the trip.

WOLLWEBER advised that he would advise the FBI if he should change his plans.

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On 11/23/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 89-45

by SA CHARLES S. HARDING /evg Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

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Mr. DON C. MC GLOTHLIN, 1047 South Carol Avenue, Wheeling, Illinois, was interviewed at his place of employment, the William Howard Taft High School, Nagle and Bryn Mawr, concerning remarks made by a student during an 11:00 a.m. class on November 22, 1963. He identified the student as GEORGE KANTAK, age 16, a member of the Sophomore English class meeting from 10:20 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. He said the student asked him how many Presidents had been assassinated and he replied that there had been three Presidents assassinated. The student displayed some surprise and said he "thought there had been only two". MC GLOTHLIN identified the assassinated Presidents as LINCOLN, GARFIELD and MC KINLEY and the student expressed some surprise that GARFIELD had been assassinated.

Mr. MC GLOTHLIN advised GEORGE KANTAK, age 16, resided with his parents, BART and MARJORIE KANTAK, at 5939 Navarre Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. He said the student came from a good home and his academic record revealed he was an average to below average student. He said he could furnish no additional information concerning remarks made by the student and did not suspect that the student had any prior knowledge of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

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On 12/3/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SA QUENTIN P. STINSON/jrm Date dictated 12/3/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-31-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/3/63

WILLIAM R. CAMPBELL, SR., 7701 Hemlock, advised his son, WILLIAM R. CAMPBELL, JR., is presently a patient in the Veterans Hospital at Knoxville, Iowa. On November 26, 1963, his son first made mention of an alleged plot against President KENNEDY's life which a BOB KENNEDY supposedly told him about on November 21, 1963. His son, CAMPBELL, JR., had previously made no mention of such a plot or any conversation with a BOB KENNEDY, and certainly had made no mention of this matter to him on Thursday, November 21, 1963, the day before the President's assassination.

CAMPBELL, JR. told him on November 26, 1963, that KENNEDY, a member of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee had told him on November 21, 1963, that the President was going to be killed with a rifle and invited CAMPBELL, JR. to join in the plot.

CAMPBELL, JR. said he told KENNEDY he would not join in any such plot, and in fact would tell the FBI about this conversation; whereupon, CAMPBELL, JR. related KENNEDY threatened to kill him if he revealed the assassination plans to the FBI. CAMPBELL, JR. urged CAMPBELL, SR. to telephone the FBI, but he declined to do so.

CAMPBELL, SR. explained to the interviewing agent that it was his definite opinion that his son was having a delusion since he has been suffering from persecution delusions in recent weeks. His son was severely affected by the President's assassination and watched most of the television news broadcasts Saturday, Sunday, and Monday, the 23rd, 24th, and 25th.

CAMPBELL, SR. explained that his son was released from the Veterans Hospital at Knoxville, Iowa, last June. He returned him to the hospital on the same date he told of the assassination plot allegedly involving BOB KENNEDY, on November 26, 1963.

597A

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On 11/28/63 at Overland Park, Kansas File # KC 62-8156

by SA ANTHONY E. SCHIAPPA (cj) Date dictated 11/29/63

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Date 12/3/63

PAUL LINN, Manager, Sunflower Drug Store, Santa Fe and 80th Street, advised as follows:

He is casually acquainted with WILLIAM R. CAMPBELL, JR. and ROBERT G. KENNEDY, JR., who are frequent customers of his store.

He has thought that CAMPBELL is a bit "strange" noting that CAMPBELL's favorite attire is a boy scout uniform. He described KENNEDY as a quiet, reserved young man. He recalled that KENNEDY had done some painting for him in the drug store. He has never known KENNEDY to be a practical joker or a trouble maker. He has no recollection of whether either KENNEDY or CAMPBELL was in his drug store on November 21, 1963.

On 11/28/63 at Overland Park, Kansas File # KC 62-8156

by SA ANTHONY E. SCHIAPPA (cj) Date dictated 11/29/63

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Date 12/3/63

Sergeant M. E. KNIFFIN, Overland Park Police Department, advised he was acquainted with both WILLIAM R. CAMPBELL, JR. and ROBERT G. KENNEDY, JR. He recalled that CAMPBELL seemed a bit odd, but comes from a "nice family", his father being a building contractor. He further recalled that KENNEDY had been in minor trouble on several occasions since he was a juvenile, but was seldom in serious enough trouble to warrant charges being placed against him.

Sergeant KNIFFIN advised his records reflect KENNEDY was arrested October 16, 1963, for vagrancy, "for hanging around the Sunflower Drug Store", and on November 6, 1963, was sentenced to one-half day in jail.

His records further reflected KENNEDY was the subject of an investigation December 17, 1960, on which occasion he was found drinking beer with juveniles in a parked car.

Sergeant KNIFFIN advised KENNEDY's father, ROBERT G. KENNEDY, SR., was arrested November 4, 1960, for speeding and subsequently forfeited a $9.00 bond.

Sergeant KNIFFIN said KENNEDY, SR. operates Chris Speedometer Service in Kansas City, Missouri, and has no serious blemish on his reputation to his knowledge.

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On 11/28/63 at Overland Park, Kansas File # KC 62-8156

by SA ANTHONY E. SCHIAPPA (cj) Date dictated 11/29/63

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Date 12/3/63

ROBERT GREGG KENNEDY, JR., 9005 Hemlock, was advised of the identity of interviewing agent, that he did not have to make a statement, and that any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law. He was advised of his right to consult an attorney before proceeding with the interview. KENNEDY advised the following:

He is casually acquainted with WILLIAM R. CAMPBELL, JR. whom he has seen on several occasions at the Sunflower Drug Store in Overland Park, Kansas.

He has never on any occasions prior to the President's assassination discussed the Fair Play For Cuba Committee or any assassination plot against President KENNEDY with CAMPBELL. He does not recall whether he was in the Sunflower Drug Store on Thursday, November 21, 1963, nor does he recall whether he saw or spoke with CAMPBELL on that date.

He recalls seeing CAMPBELL in the drug store on November 22, 1963, the date of the President's assassination, and further recalls he, CAMPBELL, and other customers in the drug store were listening to radio broadcasts concerning the assassination.

He and CAMPBELL may have made some comment to each other concerning the assassination, but certainly no mention was made of his being a member of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee or the prospect of CAMPBELL joining this committee. He has never been associated with any such committee, and considers himself completely loyal to the United States. He has never even in a joking manner told CAMPBELL he was involved in any assassination plot.

He was unable to recall precisely his activities on November 21, 1963, but said he believed he was in the downtown area. He explained that he regularly patronizes the Sunflower Drug Store, almost daily, and therefore could not say with certainty whether or not he was in the drug store on November 21, 1963.

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On 11/28/63 at Overland Park, Kansas File # KC 62-8156

by SA ANTHONY E. SCHIAPPA (cj) Date dictated 11/29/63

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The following description was obtained through observation and interview:

Name	ROBERT GREGG KENNEDY, JR.
Sex	Male
Race	White
Date of Birth	October 11, 1943
Place of Birth	Kansas City, Missouri
Height	5'9"
Weight	150 pounds
Eyes	Hazel
Hair	Brown
Scars and Marks	Scar side of left hand; face heavily pock marked
Tattoos	Tattoo "BOB" right forearm
Usual Occupation	Painter
Relatives	Father, ROBERT GREGG KENNEDY, SR., 9005 Hemlock; mother, CARLENE KENNEDY, same address brothers, STEPHEN 12, MICHAEL 15; sister, KAREN 10, all of the same address.
Military Service	U. S. Air Force 3 months, hardship discharge 9/7/61, Lackland AFB
Serial Number	AF 17604953
Social Security Number	514-40-1390

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DL 89-43
EEH/jj

Thomas [illegible] Koontz

Mr. THOMAS KOONTZ, 5611 North Ridge, Chicago, Illinois (telephone 275-3530) telephonically reported on November 22, 1963, that he formerly attended the University of Dallas, Dallas, Texas, during the summer session of 1963. KOONTZ stated that the professor who taught American History First Semester 101, whose name he does not recall, expressed strong personal views against President KENNEDY. KOONTZ stated he talked with the professor after class regarding the right of the American people to make changes through legislation or election if they were not satisfied with present political situations. The professor reportedly stated "you don't have to wait to change things." KOONTZ stated he talked at length with the professor, however, upon learning that the professor allegedly served in the armed service during the Korean conflict, was captured by North Koreans and was held as a prisoner of war, KOONTZ refrained from further discussion with the professor. KOONTZ could furnish no further information regarding the professor and stated he dropped from the class due to the professor's views as stated above.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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Sister MARY MARGARET, Registrar, University of Dallas, stated her records reflect that THOMAS BURKE KOONTZ, 5030 Vandelia, Apartment C, enrolled for the 1963 fall semester at the University of Dallas, but was unable to attend after enrolling. She stated KOONTZ'S application is dated September 10, 1963, and his transcript from BALDWIN WALLACE, Berea, Ohio, was received by date of September 14, 1963. KOONTZ was accepted and notified of his acceptance by letter of September 17, 1963, and in turn notified the school he would not be able to attend by letter of September 28, 1963.

Sister MARY MARGARET stated there is no record that KOONTZ ever attended the school either under the above registration or at any other time.

She stated that History--101 is currently being taught during the fall semester by Mr. ROBERT S. WOOD, who resides at 3109 Bryn Mawr, Irving, Texas.

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on 11/23/63 at Irving, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agents URAL E. HORTON and EMORY E. HORTON/sl Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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Mr. ROBERT STEPHEN WOOD, 3109 Bryn Mawr (BL 5-1462), stated that he teaches History--Western Civilization, 101, at the University of Dallas. T...

Richard S...

Mr. WOOD made a check of his records and found an undated card reflecting THOMAS B. KOONTZ entered his class and was dropped as of October 3, 1963. Mr. WOOD said he recalls an individual who he feels sure is the THOMAS B. KOONTZ who entered his class and this individual only attended one or two lectures. He said that during one of the lectures offered when this individual was present, he, WOOD, lectured on the rise and fall of the Roman empire and then proceeded to point out simularities between that empire at its peak of power and the present government of the United States, such as the powerful central government. He said he pointed out in this lecture that he was not opining that our present government will go the way of the Roman empire but offered the lecture to stimulate thought among his students.

Mr. WOOD said that after the class was dismissed, the individual who he feels is KOONTZ, referred to above, approached him and asked that they have a cup of coffee and discuss their political views. He said he accepted the offer and the discussion lasted for about two hours during which time they discussed almost every aspect of present forms of government and during the discussion KOONTZ expressed very sympathetic views toward the CASTRO government that is presently in power in Cuba. He said KOONTZ held firm convictions that the people of Cuba are firmly behind CASTRO and pointed out that he, KOONTZ, has visited in Cuba on three or four occasions since the CASTRO government came into power. Mr. WOOD said KOONTZ expressed sympathy toward Socialistic forms of government and felt the United States government is an inefficient governmental system.

Mr. WOOD said that he, WOOD, is a Republican and over the past years has been a strong critic of the late President JOHN F. KENNEDY as he, WOOD, is of the opinion that President KENNEDY was too soft on communism and has not been agressive enough in combating communism. He cited the

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on 11/23/63 at Irving, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agents URAL E. HORTON and EMORY E. HORTON/sl Date dictated 11/23/63

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Bay of Pigs invasion as an example where he, WOOD, thinks the United States government should have taken more definite action in execution of the invasion rather than allow it to terminate as it did.

Mr. WOOD stated that he recognizes that he is probably more anti-communist than most individuals, as he feels that he knows that the communist will use any means to attain their end and pointed out that he was a prisoner of the communists for three years, having been captured in North Korea and during this period of time, developed strong anti-communist views.

WOOD stated that KOONTZ is a nice looking young man, very articulate and appeared to be above average in intelligence. Based on his limited contact, he is of the opinion that KOONTZ is a boy who may be argumentative by nature and would in all probability take the opposite view regardless of what view may be expressed during a lecture. He said KOONTZ told him, WOOD, that KOONTZ was employed selling World Encyclopedias at a stand in the lobby of Dallas Love Field. Mr. WOOD stated that when he heard the news of the arrest of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, with the statement that he, OSWALD, was a member of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee, he remembered his conversation with the person believed to be KOONTZ and wondered if KOONTZ was possibly associated with that organization. WOOD stated that he has never met or heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and has no knowledge that KOONTZ was in any way associated with OSWALD.

Mr. WOOD stated that he, WOOD, left Dallas at about 3:30 a.m., November 22, 1963, and drove to Austin, Texas, where he participated as a member of the state Fullbright Committee, where he and the other members of the committee interviewed students from the various universities of Texas as candidates for the Fullbright Scholarship in attending leading universities in the country. Mr. WOOD stated that he left Austin, Texas, at about 1 or 1:30 p.m., November 22, 1963, and drove back to Dallas, arriving between 4 and 5 p.m. He exhibited a roster of the state committee meeting held November 22, 1963, in the East Room of the Austin Hotel, starting at 8:30 a.m., and it was noted the roster includes the name of Mr. WOOD, University of Dallas.

WOOD stated that he, WOOD, had never expressed any views that the American form of government should be changed through violence nor had he heard the individual he believed to be KOONTZ express such an opinion.

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SA 89-67

The following investigation was conducted by SA DANIEL MAGENNIS:

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

On November 27 1963, information was received from the San Antonio Southwest Bell Telephone Company, 4502 Newcome Drive, San Antonio, Texas, that at approximately 4:45 p.m this afternoon, a long distance call was received from an unknown male in Montreal, Canada, who requested the names of the residents of 216 Thomas Jefferson Drive, San Antonio, Texas. The caller was advised that he could get this information through his local information operator. The caller, who apparently spoke French, could speak very little English but proceeded to relate information in what English he knew. He stated he had received an anonymous letter this morning, November 27, 1963, from someone at 216 Thomas Jefferson Drive, San Antonio, Texas, and that whoever had written the letter stated that it was a woman writing, that she had some information concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY and some information about "RUBIO" or "RUBY" and she needed to leave the United States as soon as possible to go to Germany.

The caller said it was very important that he reach the people at the above address, but when he was informed that the telephone company could furnish no information, the call was terminated.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Mrs. DOROTHY S. BAKER advised that she had been living at 216 Thomas Jefferson Drive since 1941 with her family At the present time her daughter, Mrs. MARILEE SCHOONDERGANG, and her husband, JOHANNES SCHOONDERGANG. She emphatically denied sedning the letter or knowing anything about it and she could recall knowing no one in Canada and knows of no one in Germany or anyone who would wish to go there.

Mrs. BAKER further stated that she cannot recall having heard the name RUBY and knows no one by that name.

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On 11/27/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA DANIEL MAGENNIS / njs Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD 302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Mrs. MARILEE SCHOONDERGANG advised that she lives at 216 Thomas Jefferson Drive with her mother, Mrs. DOROTHY S. BAUER and her husband JOHANNES. Her husband has two cousins presently living in Canada, JAN and GERARD LEDDERHOF. She believes that HENK LEDDERHOF, brother of JAN and GERARD is presently visiting them in Canada. To the best of her knowledge, the LEDDERHOF brothers live in Quebec, Canada.

Mrs. SCHOONDERGANG further advised that HENK, who is originally from Holland, worked for several years in New Guinea and when New Guinea received its independence, he lost his business. She stated that HENK blamed the Communists in New Guinea for his lost business and for that reason seems to be very anti-Communist. HENK is presently in the United States and Canada due to a visa he received sometime in October.

She denied any knowledge of a letter sent to Canada bearing any information concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY or information concerning RUBY and knows of no one who wants to leave the United States to go to Germany.

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On 11/27/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA DANIEL MAGENNIS / njs Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

JOHANNES SCHOONDERGANG stated that he knows of no one who would write to Canada giving any information concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY or of information concerning RUBY. He stated he has two cousins in Canada, GERARD and JAN LEDDERHOF. JAN lives in Toronto and GERARD lives in Quebec. He stated that JAN is an engineer and works on the First Canadian Missile but does not know if he works for the Government or private industry.

He stated his cousin, HENK LEDDERHOF, is touring the United States and Canada on a six-month visa which he obtained early in October. He stated HENK is very anti-Communist due to the fact that he holds them responsible for his lost business in New Guinea, and that he liked the United States very much when he visited San Antonio in the latter part of October and that he went to the Immigration authorities in San Antonio to see what the Dutch quota was for this country.

CDO

On 11/27/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA DANIEL MAGENNIS / njs Date dictated 11/27/63

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HO 62-2115
MRH:ms

RE: JOHN GERRARD LEYDEN - THREATS

Mr. JAMES P. JACOBS, 7618 Touchstone, Houston, on December 1, 1963, telephonically advised the Houston Office that JOHN GERRARD LEYDEN made a statement to him "we're going to get the president."

The following investigation was conducted by SA'S TERENCE D. DINAN and MALCOLM R. HARWELL on December 1, 1963:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS

The records of the Houston Police Department reflect that JACOBS, a Houston cab driver, picked up LEYDEN in Houston and drove him around town for approximately one hour. JACOBS stated LEYDEN discussed world affairs and stated on several occasions "we were sent out here" and "we're going to get that SOB." LEYDEN also made reference to the president but when asked by JACOBS which president, LEYDEN would not answer.

LEYDEN also made threats to JACOBS. JACOBS advised LEYDEN wanted JACOBS to take him to Laredo. JACOBS stated he advised LEYDEN he would have to call his employer before making an out of town trip. JACOBS used this opportunity to call the FBI and the Houston Police Department. JACOBS stated that LEYDEN had had quite a bit to drink.

Houston Police Department arrested LEYDEN at 2:10 A.M., December 1, 1963, and charged him with being drunk, as when arrested LEYDEN was found to be in a highly intoxicated condition.

LEYDEN was interviewed at the Houston, Texas, Police Department by SAS DINAN and HARWELL on December 1, 1963, and advised he was a merchant seaman who had been in Houston since November 25, 1963 and was waiting to be shipped out.

LEYDEN advised that he left his hotel room at approximately 1:00 P.M., November 30, 1963, and started drinking. He advised that he had several drinks and had lost tract of time but that he definitely did not remember threatening the life of the president or anyone else. LEYDEN also advised that he did not know JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD and has never been in Dallas, Texas.

LEYDEN is described as follows:

Name	JOHN GERRARD LEYDEN
Date of Birth	February 13, 1922
Place of Birth	Sligo County Ireland; came to the United States in 1943 and became naturalized citizen in 1951, Baltimore, Maryland
Height	5'9"
Weight	190 pounds
Build	Stocky
Complexion	Ruddy
Eyes	Hazel
Hair	Brown; graying; straight
Education	High school
Z Number	403244D2
Social Security #	000-20-9335
Selective Service	Claims to have registered for Selective Service in Baltimore in 1943
Occupation	Merchant seaman, Quartermaster
Marital Status	Single (has never been married)
Relatives	Father, deceased; Mother, deceased; Sister, MAE O'GRADY, London, England Brother, MICHAEL (no middle name) LEYDEN, 927 Piety Street, New Orleans, Louisiana

Houston Police Department #	129783
Arrests	Claims to have been arrested approximately eight times for drunk and disturbing the peace; claims no arrests for felony
Speech	Low Irish accent
Dress	Neat; sports clothes
Scars and Marks	None observed

HO 62-2115
JWR:djw
1

Re: THREATS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT AND PUBLIC OFFICIALS
JONATHAN C. McDONALD

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES W. RUSSELL:

Information was received by the Federal Bureau of Investigation on November 26, 1963 from MARION L. WILSON, 6210 Sherwood, Houston, that approximately one year ago JONATHAN C. McDONALD had made the statement to him that he was in touch with a group that had funds available for assassination of United States Government officials. McDONALD said $10,000.00 would be paid for the assassination of some officials and $25,000.00 for that of the President. WILSON stated that McDONALD is a member of the John Birch Society and is very radical. WILSON feels that McDONALD may have been trying to feel him out to see if he would be willing for perform such assassinations. He said that at the time the statement was made McDONALD had been drinking but did not appear to be drunk and that at the time he did not feel McDONALD was sincere.

JONATHAN C. McDONALD, 3761 Odin Court, was interviewed by Special Agents EDWIN DALRYMPLE and JAMES W. RUSSELL on November 27, 1963. He said he is employed as an insurance broker for General American Life Insurance Company, 3865 Montrose Boulevard. McDONALD admitted being a member of the John Birch Society, having joined a group about one year ago that was headed by V. L. GALLIA. He said he attended meetings for about six months and discontinued going about six months ago. He said GALLIA resides at 4521 Mimosa, phone MO 4-3919, and is employed by Lufkin Manufacturing Company. McDONALD claims he paid $2.00 per month dues while active in the John Birch Society and was requested to contribute $1.00 for signs urging the impeachment of EARL ~~WARREN~~ WARREN.

McDONALD emphatically denied that he had ever indicated that he had any knowledge of the plot to assassinate the President or Government officials. He claimed to have no knowledge such plots had been conceived by the John Birch Society and had no knowledge concerning their possible implementation.

McDONALD stated that he has possibly stated some ill advised things while intoxicated but feels emphatically certain he would not have made such a statement. McDONALD is described as a white male, born January 24, 1929 at Garrison, Kentucky. He is 5'11" tall, weighs 225 pounds, is of medium complexion and heavy build. He has a thick neck and round face with ears set very close to head. He is married to SHIRLEY R. McDONALD, nee NESTER, who is employed as a speech therapist for Houston Independent School District. McDONALD stated he was in the United States Air Force under serial number AO 2218473, serving from July 10, 1951 to March 6, 1956 and receiving honorable discharge.

McDONALD identified RICHARD A. KERR of Houston as being the most outspoken critic of the Government he knows in Houston and a John Birch Society member.

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 19

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

COPY
2

DL 89-43
JJH:mvs

On November 25, 1963, Deputy CLARENCE M. JONES of the Dallas County Sheriff's Office, made available to Special Agents CHARLES T. BROWN, Jr. and ARTHUR E. CARTER, a signed statement which had been taken on November 25, 1963 by Deputy JONES from WILLIAM C. ANDERSON, 2503 Kilburn, Dallas, at the Dallas Sheriff's Office. The text of the statement is set forth below:

"I am presently living at 2503 Kilburn where I have a room with a Mrs. Rogers. The telephone number there is FR 4-1170. My folks live at 5125 Corrigan, Dallas, Texas and the telephone there is FR 4-8331. I am employed for Joe Summers Loop 12 Conoco Service Station at Loop 12 and Lancaster Road. The telephone number there is FR 6-6766. On Saturday, November the 16th, 1963 a man whose name I do not know moved into the cottage behind 2503 Kilburn that he rented from Mrs. Rogers. He rented this cottage for 1 week. Another man has been to this cottage named D. H. McFadin. McFadin is about 26 or 27 years of age, dark hair, heavy build, 160 to 170 pounds. The other man I have not seen but one time and I can not be sure of a good description on him. These two men either come in late at night or early in the mornings. One other odd thing is that they always park their cars by backing them into the driveway. One of the cars is a two tone Pontiac, about a 1958 model, and the other one is a foreign made car and is black. They both bear Texas license plates. Last Friday night I had been over to my girl friend's house and had left there about 11 pm and went directly home. This took me about 20 minutes, as I went directly home. I then went to bed and sometime, I think it must have been early Saturday morning, I heard voices outside my window on the walk. One person was saying "Well, it's over." The other man said "Keep quiet, that guy is probably still awake."

"I heard nothing else, and went on back to sleep. This morning Mrs. Rogers told me that she had not seen them anymore and I went out to the cottage and looked around. I found three, 30-30 caliber shells, a photograph taken at Guthrie's at Corinth and Industrial, and another picture and a letter and an envelope. I picked up these things after thinking about what had happened and the conversation I had overheard and brought them to the Dallas County Sheriff's

105-82555
SEC. 12
SER 456 ONLY
PART 4 + INDEX
PAGES 606-609 END

Office. To me these two men have acted peculiar all week and after hearing them early Saturday morning, they have disappeared. The man shown in the picture from Guthrie's is the McFadin man."

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

Mrs. K. J. ROGERS, [illegible] Kilburn Street, was interviewed at her residence, at which time she furnished the following information.

Behind her residence, she has a small cottage which she rented on November 16, 1963 to a Mr. DUDLEY McFADIN. McFADIN indicated to her his intention to occupy the cottage for a considerable period of time and he told her that in all probability, a male cousin of his, whom he did not identify, would share the cottage with him. She recalled McFADIN commented that both he and his cousin were having marital trouble and their respective wives were in the process of obtaining divorces.

She was aware of the fact that another young man did move in with McFADIN and each man had an automobile in his possession. Mrs. ROGERS knew that one of the men drove a rather late model Pontiac but she could not identify the vehicle driven by McFADIN.

McFADIN occupied the cottage from November 16, 1963 and he was last known by her to spend the night of Thursday, November 21, 1963, at the cottage. She stated that McFADIN had not reappeared since the night of November 21, 1963, although the other occupant, whose name she does not know, came back to the cottage and stayed Friday and Saturday alone. Mrs. ROGERS mentioned that she had not been paid by either of these occupants and on Friday or Saturday, November 22 or 23, 1963, she had words with the man she had been told was McFADIN's cousin. She explained telling him she wanted her rent for the week, and that she did not expect either of the men to remove his belongings from the cottage until she was paid. This individual explained to Mrs. ROGERS that the cottage had been rented by McFADIN and that she had better look to McFADIN to collect her rent. The second occupant left sometime on Saturday, November 23, 1963, and she has not seen either one since that time.

She and another tenant of hers, WILLIAM CLIFFORD ANDERSON, went through the cottage after the two men failed

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on 12-2-63 at Dallas, Texas 623 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH J. HANLEY WILLIAM O. JOHNSON Date dictated 12-4-63

mvs

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to return and learned that many articles of clothing and some personal papers of McFADIN had been left behind. ANDERSON found three rifle bullets which he took to the Dallas Sheriff's Office.

Mrs. ROGERS mentioned that ANDERSON told her one night as he was in his room trying to sleep, he heard two men outside the house talking, and one of the men said something like, "Well, it's done." Another man was overheard to reply something to the effect, "Be quiet, this fellow may overhear."

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

WILLIAM CLIFFORD ANDERSON, 2503 Kilborn, was interviewed at his place of employment, the Conoco Service Station located at Highway 342 and Ledbetter Drive, at which time he furnished the following information:

ANDERSON said he rents a room from Mrs. M. A. ROGERS and his bedroom is at the front of the house. On November 16, 1963, he knew Mrs. ROGERS rented her small three-room cottage in her back yard to two men whom he did not meet. He believed he could recognize one of them by sight. He mentioned that each of these men drove his own automobile, and he identified the vehicles as being a rather late model Pontiac and he thought the other vehicle was some foreign make.

ANDERSON mentioned that on Friday night, November 22, 1963, he had been visiting a girl friend and when he got back to his room at Mrs. ROGERS' house on Kilborn, it was approximately 11:20 or 11:30 P.M., and he went on to bed. Sometime later while he was still lying in bed, he heard voices from out front, which voices were those of two men. He did not look out the window or make any attempt to see who the men were, but as he lay there, he believes the bit of conversation he heard was as follows: "Well, it's over," and another voice was heard to say, "Keep quiet, that guy is probably still awake." ANDERSON said he heard nothing more. He does not know that the two voice he heard were those of the men who occupied the rear cottage. He didn't hear anyone walk around and enter the cottage at that time and he never got out of bed to look and see if it were the two occupants returning to the cottage for the night.

On Monday, November 25, 1963, Mrs. ROGERS told me that she had not seen either of her two tenants since Saturday, November 23, 1963, and he offered to go out to the cottage and look around. In addition to numerous articles of clothing and other personal effects, ANDERSON found three Super X, 30-30 rifle shells which he made known to Mrs. ROGERS. Inasmuch as the assassination of President KENNEDY had occurred on Friday, November 22, 1963 and these

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on 12-2-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent s JOSEPH J. HANLEY Date dictated 12-4-63
WILLIAM O. JOHNSON
mvf

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two occupants had apparently abandoned the cottage without any notice to Mrs. ROGERS during the same weekend, he and Mrs. ROGERS became suspicious of the pair and he offered to make the circumstances known to Sheriff BILL DECKER. He took along with him to the Sheriff's Office the three rifle shells plus a photograph of the occupant named McFADIN, which photograph had been taken at Guthrie's Dance Hall.

ANDERSON stated that to his knowledge, neither of these tenants of Mrs. ROGERS has ever come back and they still have many personal belongings left in the cottage.

On December 4, 1963, ANDERSON was reinterviewed for the purpose of establishing whether or not he might not have overheard the conversation outside his bedroom window on some night other than Friday night, November 22, 1963. ANDERSON repeated that, to the best of his recollection, the occurrence did take place on Friday night when he went to bed after having visited his girl friend on that particular night. ANDERSON stated again that he did not know who the two men were that were speaking out in front of Mrs. ROGERS' house.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1 Dallas, Texas

DUDLEY HALL McFADIN, who furnished his permanent address as 2101 Rosebud in Irving, Texas, was interviewed at his place of employment, 2828 Haskell, at which time he furnished the following information:

Dudley H. McFADIN acknowledge that on November 16, 1963, he rented a small cottage at the rear of 2503 Kilborn, and his landlady was a Mrs. M. A. ROGERS. A cousin of his, TOMMY JOHNSON, moved in with him at the cottage because both of them were having domestic difficulties, their wives were obtaining divorces, and it was convenient for he and TOMMY to stay together. McFADIN mentioned he stayed in the cottage from November 16, 1963 through the night of Thursday, November 21, 1963. He recalled specifically that on the night of November 21, 1963, he had his eight-year-old son stay with him. When he left the premises at 2503 Kilborn on Friday morning, November 22, 1963, he did not return and has not returned. He is aware of the fact that he left many personal belongings in the cottage and he intended to go back after them and to pay Mrs. ROGERS the rent which he owed. He mentioned that TOMMY JOHNSON stayed on at the cottage through Friday and Saturday, November 22 and 23, 1963.

McFADIN stated that he has been working recently for the Cook Plumbing Company with offices at 1124 South Fitzhugh. He recalled that on Friday, November 22, 1963, he put in a routine eight-hour day on a job at the Lake Highland Baptist Church on Brookhurst Street in Dallas. He mentioned that his normal working hours are from 7:00 A.M. to 3:30 P.M. He mentioned he did not take time off from the job to go into downtown Dallas to watch the President's motorcade.

McFADIN acknowledged that the three rifle shells which had been left in the cottage, belonged to him. He mentioned that they had been among his personal effects for about three years, dating back to the last time he went deer hunting. He mentioned that he no longer has the rifle that he used to own and hunt with.

E 2

on 12-4-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent s JOSEPH J. HANLEY WILLIAM O. JOHNSON Date dictated 12-4-63

MVS

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McFADIN stated that his cousin, TOMMY JOHNSON, is currently in the Beverly Hills Sanitarium under treatment for a nervous breakdown. This is the result of his emotional reaction to his marital break-up.

McFADIN mentioned he can see how the circumstances of his activities might have aroused some suspicion in that he and his cousin both apparently left the cottage where they were staying without having made any explanations, and after leaving personal belongings behind on the same weekend that the assassination of the President took place.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

Mrs. MARIE ROSS who maintains personnel and payroll records for the Cook Plumbing Company at 1124 South Fitzhugh, checked company payroll records and furnished the following information. She established that DUDLEY H. McFADIN performed a routine eight-hour workday on Friday, November 22, 1963 during which period he was working on the Lake Highland Baptist Church, 642 Brookhurst, in Dallas. McFADIN's working hours were 7:00 A.M. to 3:30 P.M.

CH

on 12-4-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S JOSEPH J. HANLEY
WILLIAM O JOHNSON
BVS

Date dictated 12-5-63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 5, 1963

1

Mrs. JAMES C. JOHNSON, 2538 52nd Street, who stated she is the mother of TOMMY JOHNSON and an aunt of DUDLEY McFADIN, furnished the following information concerning her son:

TOMMY and his wife just recently separated and his wife is seeking a divorce. TOMMY is still very fond of his wife whom he does not want to lose, and he cannot stand the thought of losing the two-year-old son. She mentioned he has been very much emotionally upset in the last few weeks and she knows that he and DUDLEY McFADIN have been staying together recently at two or more locations in Dallas. She knows they were staying at 2503 Kilborn in a cottage owned by a Mrs. M. A. ROGERS and she knows they left the cottage owing rent for at least one week. She mentioned that she went by to see Mrs. ROGERS whom she (Mrs. JOHNSON) paid $16.00 rent, and removed from the cottage the personal belongings of both men.

She understood Mrs. ROGERS had been very suspicious of her son and of McFADIN because they apparently had hurried away from the cottage leaving a lot of clothing and other personal belongings behind, among which were included three rifle bullets. Since all of this happened on the same weekend that President KENNEDY was shot, Mrs. ROGERS had told Mrs. JOHNSON she thought the story should be made known to the Dallas County Sheriff's Office.

Mrs. JOHNSON said that her son, TOMMY, has recently been employed by the Loftin-Shepherd Printing Company at 1509 South Ervay in Dallas and she knows that her son went to work on Friday, November 22, 1963. Mrs. JOHNSON added that her son told her that McFADIN spent the night of Thursday, November 21, 1963, at the cottage with his little boy but that he did not return to the cottage after leaving on Friday morning, November 22, 1963. She recalled TOMMY having said he was miserable on Friday night since he was alone.

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on 12-4-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S JOSEPH J. HANLEY Date dictated 12-5-63
WILLIAM O. JOHNSON
RVS

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Mrs. JOHNSON said she took TOMMY to the Beverly Hills Sanitarium, 1353 North Westmoreland, where he is under the care of Dr. JOSEPH LINDSEY. She said Dr. LINDSEY has stated he expects TOMMY may be hospitalized for some two to three weeks.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 6, 1963

1

JIM SHEPHERD, Co-Owner of the Loftin-Shepherd Printing Company, 1509 South Ervay Street, furnished the following information:

He checked payroll and attendance records and verified that TOMMY JOHNSON showed up for work on Friday, November 22, 1963 and worked from 6:48 A.M. until 2:44 P.M. SHEPHERD commented that TOMMY had left early after advising him (SHEPHERD) of having a doctor's appointment. SHEPHERD also mentioned that he personally knew TOMMY was on the job in the print shop during the period of time that the shooting of President KENNEDY took place, because he saw TOMMY and other office workers listening to the radio account of the assassination.

SHEPHERD mentioned being aware of the fact that JOHNSON's domestic affairs had been upsetting him, and he knew JOHNSON was undergoing a period of emotional stress.

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on 12-4-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent # JOSEPH J. HANLEY JJH Date dictated 12-5-63

WILLIAM O. JOHNSON

mvs

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

Date November 30, 1963

GLEN D. NEAL was interviewed at the Sheriff's Office in Rio Grande City, Texas, at which time he advised that he is a Patrolman with the Dallas, Texas, Police Department and has been so employed since May 30, 1956. He exhibited Dallas, Texas Police Department Identification Card and Dallas Police Department Badge which both bore #1320. The Identification Card was signed by J. E. CURRY, Chief of Police, and bore a photograph of NEAL, born 10/26/34

Patrolman NEAL advised that he had been on vacation since November 21, 1963, and that on November 21, 1963, he obtained a Mexican Tourist Permit for himself and MARY BROCKMAN from the Mexican Consul at Dallas, Texas.

On November 27, 1963, he and MARY BROCKMAN traveled to Laredo, Texas, where they spent the night. Upon inquiry, they determined that the road from LAREDO, Texas, to Monterrey, Mexico, where they planned to visit was in poor condition and it was suggested that they come to Roma, Texas, where they could cross the border to Ciudad Miguel Aleman, Mexico, and from there travel to Monterrey.

When they arrived at Ciudad Miguel Aleman, Mexico, and from there traveled to Monterrey.

When they arrived at Ciudad Miguel Aleman on November 28, 1963, they were advised by Mexican Immigration authorities that the Mexican Consul at Dallas had failed to affix the official Mexican seal to the tourist permits. The Mexican Immigration Officials refused to allow NEAL and Miss BROCKMAN to travel to the interior of Mexico and ordered them returned to the United States where they were picked up by Deputy Sheriff ROBERT PENA and taken to Rio Grande City, Texas, for interrogation.

NEAL stated that the Mexican Immigration officials retained possession of the Mexican tourist permits for himself and Miss BROCKMAN.

He stated that he and Miss BROCKMAN had planned to

On 11/28/63 at Rio Grande City, Texas File # SA 89-57

by SA HAROLD H. CROSSETT/jmb 618 Date dictated 11/29/63

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SA 67-67

spend a weekend in Monterrey, Mexico, but instead would return to Dallas on November 22, 1963.

[illegible] stated that MARY BROCKMAN resides at 3616 Amherst, Apartment 204, Dallas, Texas, and is an area representative for the Helene Curtis Corporation, manufacturers of cosmetics. He stated she normally travels throughout the State of Texas.

He also stated that they were traveling in Miss BROCKMAN's automobile which is a red 1963 Ford convertible.

[illegible] furnished the following description of Miss BROCKMAN:

RACE	White
Sex	Female
Age	24
Hair	Blonde
Eyes	Green
Height	5'6"
Weight	120
Marital Status	Single

The following description of GLEN D. BEAL was [illegible] interview:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Birth	October 26, 1934
Height	6'1"
Weight	180
Eyes	Green
Hair	Brown
Occupation	Patrolman, Dallas Police Department, badge # 1370
Marital Status	Single.

1
DL 89-43
EEH/jj

On November 26, 1963, LETA MARRIS, 3012 N. W. 46th Street, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, telephonically advised SA O. JOE FAIRES that in January or February, 1963, she was with CEDRIC NORRED in Oklahoma City and at that time NORRED made the statement he felt that President KENNEDY and Governor CONNALLY should be killed. NORRED made this statement during a heated discussion involving racial matters.

MARRIS said NORRED is in her opinion "radical" in his actions and speech but she does not believe him to be pro-Russian. MARRIS stated NORRED resides in Dallas and is a representative of a furniture manufacturer located in that city.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

1.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Mr. CEDRIC ALVIN NORRED, 13756 Hughes Lane, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed on the JACK BUNTYN Ranch, three miles East of Fredonia, Texas. Mr. NORRED was informed it was not necessary for him to make any statement, that any statement made by him could be used against him in a court of law. He was informed of his right to consult an attorney.

Mr. CEDRIC ALVIN NORRED denied making any allegations or statements to the effect that President JOHN F. KENNEDY and Texas Governor JOHN CONNALLY should or would be killed. He stated that he denied making any statements or allegations to the effect that any type of harm should come to either one of these individuals. He stated, however, he strongly opposes and disagrees with the political polices of JOHN F. KENNEDY and JOHN CONNALLY and stated that he would like to see both of these individuals defeated at the polls. He said that he has made his feelings known regarding his desire to see both of these individuals defeated politically at voting time. He stated his opposition to these individuals does not include any desire of seeing harm come to either one. Mr. NORRED stated that he has never voted for KENNEDY and CONNALLY and has campaigned against both individuals. He stated he has expressed his opposition both orally and by mail in sending postcards to his acquaintances suggesting that they vote against KENNEDY and CONNALLY at appropriate times. He stated that he has never expressed a desire for seeing anything happen to either one of these individuals except meeting defeat by the voting public.

Mr. NORRED stated that he is not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and did not know this individual by that name or any other name until the assassination of President KENNEDY occurred. He stated that he is not acquainted with a JACK LEON RUBY, by this name or any other name, and had not heard of this individual until the shooting of OSWALD occurred.

Mr. NORRED stated he holds membership in only two organizations, one of which is the Preston Holland Country Club of Dallas, Texas, and the Southwest Road Runners consisting of a group of furniture salesmen in this part of the country. He stated that he holds membership in no other civic club or organization.

On 11/28/63 at Mason County, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA JOSEPH C. WEBB, JR. / jb Date dictated 11/2 /63

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SA 89-67

Mr. NORRED informed he was at the Preston Holland Country Club, Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963, at the time of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

Mr. NORRED stated that he was as upset as anyone over the assassination of President KENNEDY and other events which recently occurred in Dallas. He said however, that, "The assassination is behind us and the world continues to move forward day to day." and that it is his desire that more conservative leaders are elected to lead this country.

The following is a description of CEDRIC ALVIN NORRED was obtained through interview and observation:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	51 years
Born	August 24, 1912 Dodson, Louisiana
Residence	13756 Hughes Lane, Dallas, Texas
Occupation	Furniture salesman, representing five different furniture companies
Bussiness address	2000 Stemmons Expressway, Dallas, Texas
Height	5'10"
Weight	200 pounds
Eyes	Brown
Hair	Dark brown - greying
Marital Status	Married
Wife	MILDRED, same address, and one son DOUGLAS, age 19, same address.
Military service	None
Criminial arrests	Admits none
Education	High school education and one term at Centenary University, Shreveport, Louisiana.
Build	Large
Complexion	Ruddy

SA 89-67

Characteristics Miscellaneous	Wears mustach Has resided in Dallas, Texas, for the past 13 years and in his occupation as furniture salesman traveles throughout the States of Texas and Oklahoma and as far as Shreveport, La.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

Mrs. BLANCHE GILTNER, owner and manager of Carolina Hotel, 143 Main Street, Chester, South Carolina, advised as follows:

At approximately 5 P. M., November 22, 1963, one JAMES M. O'BRIEN, 156 Dive Street, Elgin, Illinois, registered at instant hotel and was assigned Room 6 for one night.

The Carolina Hotel has no nearby parking facilities for automobiles and keeps no record of vehicles driven by guests at instant hotel. Mrs. GILTNER presumed that O'BRIEN was traveling in an automobile but had no way of verifying this.

At the time of O'BRIEN's registration at the Carolina Hotel Mrs. GILTNER said to him, "Wasn't that a horrible thing that happened to the President." O'BRIEN replied, "Yes, it was planned but the assassination was supposed to happen in December." Mrs. GILTNER asked O'BRIEN his occupation to which he replied that he was a native of Ohio but worked in Washington, D. C. There was no one traveling with O'BRIEN insofar as Mrs. GILTNER could ascertain, and she noted that O'BRIEN had his evening meal and breakfast served in Room 6 and that he was believed to have departed from the hotel approximately 9 A. M., November 23, 1963. Mrs. GILTNER, who states that she is age 71, further advised that she has been emotionally upset since the assassination of the President on November 22, 1963, and that O'BRIEN's statement "scared her." She stated that she advised PEGGY HELMS and her husband, HAROLD HELMS, who reside at the hotel and that they advised her on November 27, 1963, to let F. I know about O'BRIEN's statement.

Mrs. GILTNER described O'BRIEN as follows:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Nationality:	American
Height:	Approximately 5'9"
Weight:	190 pounds
Build:	Stocky

On 11/28/63 at Chester, S. C. File # Charlotte 89-46

by SA J. CHARLES STILL/nfm Date dictated 11/29/63

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Hair:	Snow white, believed to have been sandy prior to turning white.
Dress:	Average, wearing men's brown business suit with tie and light shirt.
Age:	Approximately 55
Complexion:	Ruddy - "Irish look"
Characteristics:	Wore large ring noted on left ring finger but insignia not determined. Luggage appeared to be somewhat above average in quality but nothing unusual noted.

Mrs. GILTNER is described as age 71; white female American; grey hair; longtime resident of Chester, South Carolina; 5'7"; 145 pounds and brown eyes.

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DL 89-43
PEW/jj

RE: J. T. OSWALD

On November 29, 1963, RALPH RADCLIFF, Manager, American Airlines, Dallas, Texas, advised SA VINCENT E. DRAIN a letter had been received by American Airlines at Dallas that date postmarked November 27, 1963, at Shreveport Louisiana, which was unsigned. The letter advised "Check passenger list Los Angeles to Phoenix to Dallas, October 23, 1963, OSWALD - RUBENSTINE". RADCLIFF stated reservation records would be in Los Angeles and Phoenix and the ticket lifts would be in New York. RADCLIFF informed that he had asked American Airlines in New York, Los Angeles, and Phoenix, to review their records for whatever information was available in the event the FBI desired to check these records.

RADCLIFF advised the New York General Offices of American Airlines at 633 Third Avenue would have the ticket lifts. He advised further BILL CLARK, American Airlines at Los Angeles and FRANK JOHNSON, American Airlines at Phoenix would bethe proper people to contact.

Inquiry at Valley Travel Service, Granada Hills, California, November 30, 1963, by SA EUGENE I. TUGGEY, JR. developed information that Mr. and Mrs. J. T. OSWALD had reservations on American Airlines Flight 20 from Los Angeles to Dallas on October 22, 1963.

The travel agency advised Mr. OSWALD is the owner of Oswald Mortuaries in the San Fernando Valley and travelled to Dallas for a mortuary convention. He was accompanied on the trip by his wife and after the convention they traveled to Grand Island, Nebraska, on personal business. They returned to Los Angeles October 29, 1963, on United Airlines Flight 841 which they picked up at Denver, Colorado, enroute to Los Angeles.

ZAMORA

November 30, 1963

Albuquerque, N. M.

Mrs. ADOLPH [illegible], [illegible] Nancy, S.W., telephonically advised, shortly after hearing radio reports of the shooting of President KENNEDY, that about one month ago she entered the office of DAMON R. STRANGE, agent for the Farmers Insurance Company at 1529 Bridge Boulevard, S.W., Albuquerque, and heard him talking over the telephone. After his telephone conversation terminated, he told her that the man he was talking to, name not mentioned, said something about someone killing President KENNEDY.

She said she thought in view of the shooting of the President, she should report this to the FBI, and that she had no further informating concerning the matter.

On 11-22-63 at Albuquerque, New Mexico File # 89-[illegible]

by SA CARY CARLTON/flw Date dictated 11-30-63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DAMON R. STRANGE, Agent for the Farmers Insurance Company, 1529 [redacted], telephonically advised that about one month ago he had a telephone conversation with a man named RAY PUGH who carries insurance with him. He said that PUGH had voiced his objection to the Federal Income Tax and other government procedures, and had frequently criticized President KENNEDY. He mentioned that about two months ago, after making a trip to Southern New Mexico and possibly Texas, PUGH said that when the President went to Texas, he would be killed. PUGH indicated he had heard this on the trip he had just completed.

STRANGE advised that PUGH operates the Valley Automobile Sales at about 1545 Bridge Street, S.W. He described PUGH as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Nationality	American
Age	53-54
Height	5'10"
Weight	250-275 pounds
Build	Heavy, large stomach

The Albuquerque telephone directory indicated that PUGH resides at 1571 Bridge Boulevard, S.W., in Albuquerque.

On 11-22-63 at Albuquerque, New Mexico File # AQ [redacted]

by SA CARY CARLSON/flw Date dictated 11-30-63

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November 30, 1963

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Mr. RAY [redacted] Street, S.W., stated that he has lived here [redacted] has been in the automobile business. He has been inactive for approximately the past eight months due to pneumonia, and is in the process of trying to reopen his business at the present time. He stated he went to Texas in January, 1963, and later took a short trip to Odessa, Texas, approximately three months ago.

He said that at no time during these trips to Texas, nor at any other time has he heard that when the President went to Texas he would be killed. He stated that if such a statement was attributed to him, it was definitely a mistake. He advised that at no time during these trips did he engage anyone in conversation along these lines and he cannot recall any statement which he may have made in the recent past which anyone could mistake as a warning for a possible attempt to assassinate the President.

Mr. [redacted] offered to be of assistance in any way he could and again reiterated the fact he has never heard anything in advance concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY.

On 11-30-63 at Albuquerque, New Mexico File # [redacted]

by SA STUART J. CAMERON/jfc Date dictated 11-30-63

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DL 89-43
REH/jj

On November 23, 1963, an unidentified individual contacted the El Paso Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and reported that a U. S. Army enlisted man named QUIROGA, not further identified, reportedly made a statement on the Mexican side of the U. S. - Mexican border about 5:30 P.M., November 22, 1963, to the effect QUIROGA had been in Dallas during the previous evening and knew that the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY was to take place. This statement was reportedly made in the presence of a large group of persons awaiting to return to the U. S.

One individual who is presently serving with the armed services has been identified as PFC ANTHONY MICHAEL QUIROGA, who is stationed at Ft. Bragg, North Carolina.

Mexico

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Private First Class RONALD W. LaCOMBE, Company Clerk, Headquarters and Headquarters Company, Special Warfare Center, Fort Bragg, North Carolina, advised that he is personally acquainted with and works on a daily basis with Private First Class ANTHONY MICHAEL QUIROGA. He advised that he personally recalls being on duty with Private First Class QUIROGA at the above unit on November 22, 1963.

On 11/26/63 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina File # Charlotte 89-46

by SA LACY M. WALTHALL, JR.: mjh Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Private First Class ROBERT DELGALLO, Mail Clerk, Headquarters and Headquarters Company, Special Warfare Center, Fort Bragg, North Carolina, advised that he is personally acquainted with and works on a daily basis with Private First Class ANTHONY MICHAEL QUIROGA. He advised that he personally recalls being on duty with Private First Class QUIROGA during the entire day of November 22, 1963, in the mail room of above unit.

On 11/26/63 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina File # Charlotte 89-46

by SA LACY M. WALTHALL, JR.: mjh Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Private First Class DONALD CLISBY, Mail Clerk, Headquarters and Headquarters Company, Special Warfare Center, Fort Bragg, North Carolina, advised that he is personally acquainted with and works on a daily basis with Private First Class ANTHONY MICHAEL QUIROGA. He advised that he personally recalls being on duty with Private First Class QUIROGA during the entire day of November 22, 1963, in the mail room of above unit.

On 11/26/63 at Fort Bragg, North Caro File # Charlotte 89-46

by SA LACY M. WALTHALL, JR.: mjh Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Sp-5 WALTER J. ANGEVINE, Charge of Quarters, Headquarters and Headquarters Company, Special Warfare Center, Fort Bragg, North Carolina, advised that the records of that unit indicate Private First Class ANTHONY MICHAEL QUIROGA, Army Serial Number US 55741557, is a present member of the above unit and was on duty as a company mail clerk of that unit on November 22, 1963.

On 11/26/63 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina File # Charlotte 89-46

by SA LACY M. WALTHALL, JR.:mjh Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

First Sergeant H. W. DEZERN, First Special Forces, Company B, Fifth Special Forces Group, Fort Bragg, North Carolina, advised that he is acquainted with Staff Sergeant E-6 NEMORIO QUIROGA, JR., who is a member of above unit, and personally recalls that Sergeant QUIROGA was present for duty with that unit on November 22, 1963, and further recalls eating breakfast with Sergeant QUIROGA in the mess hall of the above unit at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, on the morning of November 22, 1963.

On 11/27/63 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. # Charlotte 89-46

by SA LACY M. WALTHALL, JR.: mjh Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

Sergeant E-5 GLENN EDWARD DYKE, Charge of Quarters, First Special Forces, Company B, Fifth Special Forces Group, Fort Bragg, North Carolina, advised that Staff Sergeant E-6 NEMORIO QUIROGA, JR., Army Serial Number RA 18267308, is a present member of the above unit and records maintained by that unit indicate that Sergeant QUIROGA signed in on duty as Charge of Quarters of that unit at 11 a.m., November 23, 1963. Sergeant DYKE advised that the available records contain no information which would indicate that Sergeant QUIROGA was not present for duty with his unit on November 22, 1963, and it was highly unlikely that he could have been in Mexico on the afternoon of November 22, 1963.

On 11/26/63 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina File # Charlotte 89-46

by SA LACY M. WALTHALL, JR.: mjh Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/29/63

Colorado City, Texas

CLAUDE HEATH, Manager, Wagon Wheel Cafe, advised he was witness to a suspicious and derogatory remark by JIM REED, who is a frequent customer of his. He stated REED, upon hearing the report concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY, immediately came to his restaurant and proudly remarked, "I respect the [illegible] who killed the President more than the President himself."

HEATH advised he threatened REED with a baseball bat [illegible] stated he ordered him from the cafe.

He advised REED has been in the area for approximately six months and supposedly came from Snyder, Texas. He advised REED often made sadistic and vulgar remarks about the President and his administration.

HEATH also advised that Mrs. GENIEVA HODGES, W. L. HUFF, and Mrs. W. L. HUFF were witnesses to the remark made by REED.

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on 11/23/63 at Colorado City, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RONALD E. BRINKLEY /rmh Date dictated 11/25/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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JAMES ROBERT REED, 1220 Austin Street, Colorado City, Texas, upon being advised that he did not have to make a statement, any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law, and of his right to obtain an attorney, declined to furnish a signed statement but orally furnished the following information:

JLY REED advised he had no connection with anything concerning the President's assassination. He stated he did not know who shot the President and that he is not related to the man. He stated he was in town all through the day of November 22, 1963. He advised he has been to Ft. Worth, Texas only one time and does not recall ever having been in Dallas, Texas.

REED advised he was a paratrooper in the U. S. Army in 1942 until 1945 and received an Honorable Discharge from this service. He advised he is presently drawing a pension for 100 percent disability for an accident that happened after discharge from the service.

REED further advised he was sober on November 22, 1963 and that it has been several years since he has taken a drink. He stated he has never been in any trouble other than the usual traffic tickets.

REED stated his exact words voiced in the Wagon Wheel Cafe were, "I respect the man who killed KENNEDY more than I do KENNEDY." REED advised if the circumstances were to happen today that he would repeat the remark in good faith.

The following description was obtained through the above interview and observation:

Name	JAMES ROBERT REED
Address	1220 Austin Street, Colorado City, Texas
Date of Birth	January 11, 1923
Place of Birth	Grand Field, Oklahoma
Sex	Male

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on 11/23/63 at Colorado City, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S COLEMAN MABRAY & RONALD E. BRINKLEY/jt Date dictated 11/24/63

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Race	White
Height	5' 11"
Weight	200 pounds
Hairq	Brown (long sideburns)
Eyes	Blue
Marital Status	Married
Children	Three
Complexion	Dark
Build	Heavy

A

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SA 89-67

The following investigation was conducted by SA B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR.:

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

On November 22, 1963 an unidentified man telephonically furnished information to the San Antonio Office of the FBI that a man by the name of GEORGE (LNU), who formerly operated the Three Deuces located at Water and South Streets, San Antonio, had made statements to the effect that someone should shoot the president. The unknown male appeared to be under the influence of intoxicants.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Mr. E. BROCKHAUS, JR., owner of the Brock Bargain Store, 402 Water Street, advised that the Three Deuces Bar was formerly managed by FRANK RUSSO. BROCKHAUS knew of no one by the name of GEORGE.

On 11/23/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

SAS LAWRENCE GILLIGAN, JR. &
by B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR. / njs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Mr. JOHN COBB, owner of the Red Ox Inn at 10 Winding Way, San Antonio, Texas, telephone OX 4-2031, was interviewed regarding the activities of FRANK RUSSO on November 22, 1963. Mr. COBB advised that RUSSO is a cook employed by him and RUSSO came to work at approximately 3:40 p.m. on that day and was at the Red Ox Inn until approximately 10:10 p.m. the same date.

On 11/27/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

SAS LAWRENCE GILLIGAN, JR. &
B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR. / njs

by _____ Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

Mrs. ETHEL RUSSO, 405 Goliad, was interviewed at the Black Cat Bar at 108 South Alamo and she advised that on the morning of November 22, 1963, Her husband drove her to work at about 10:10 a.m. She stated that around noon time when she heard the sad news regarding the assassination of President KENNEDY she telephoned her husband at home who was asleep and told him about the tragedy. Mrs. RUSSO stated that her husband ~~through~~ that she had heard a rumor and should not believe such things, but she finally convinced him that it had happened. She stated that she recalled this conversation because of the fact that her husband was sleeping and at first he was quite upset that she had awakened him.

She said that at approximately 3:00 p.m., her husband came to the Black Cat Cafe as was his usual practice and had two or three beers prior to going to work.

Mrs. RUSSO does not know anyone by the name of GEORGE and could furnish no information whatsoever regarding the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY other than what she has heard on the radio and TV and read in the newspaper.

On 11/23/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SAS LAWRENCE GILLIGAN, JR. & B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR. / njs Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

FRANK RUSSO, who resides at 405 Goliad, San Antonio, telephone CA 5-1853, who formerly operated the Three Deuces Bar at 400 Water Street, was interviewed at his residence. At the outset of the interview, SA B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR. explained to RUSSO that he did not have to make any statement and any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law and that he could discuss this matter with an attorney prior to making any statement.

RUSSO was questioned regarding any knowledge he had relative to the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

RUSSO stated that he ~~woend~~ owned a 1958 green and ivory Ford and formerly operated the Three Deuces Bar at 400 Water Street, San Antonio, Texas. At the present time, he is employed as a cook at the Red Ox Inn, 10 Winding Way, San Antonio, Texas, telephone OX 4-2031. He stated that he works from 4:00 to 10:00 each day.

RUSSO stated that he has not left San Antonio, Texas, for a number of years.

On the morning of November 22, 1963, as was his usual practice, he drove his wife, ETHEL RUSSO, to Frenchy's Black Cat Bar at 108 South Alamo where she works each day. After driving her to work at about 9:30 or 10:00 a.m., he returned to his home.

He stated as was his usual custom, he left his home about 2:00 or 2:30 and went to the Black Car Bar where he consumed one or two beers and then proceeded as usual to his place of employment arriving at approximately 3:45 or 4:00 at the Red Ox Inn, 10 Winding Way, San Antonio, Texas.

On 11/23/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SAS LAWRENCE GILLIGAN, JR. & B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR. / nis Date dictated 11/23/63

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RUSSO stated that he had no knowledge of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY other than what he read in the newspaper and heard on TV and radio. He stated that he knows of no one by the name of GEORGE. He further advised that he was at home by himself from the time he returned home after taking his wife to work and until the time he went to the bar as stated above prior to going to work at the Red Ox Inn.

The following description of RUSSO was obtained from interview and observation:

Name	FRANK RUSSO
Sex	Male
Race	White
Age	44
Birth	March 17, 1919, New York City, N.Y.
Height	5'11"
Weight	200 pounds
Hair	Black
Eyes	Hazel or green
Marital Status	Married to ETHEL RUSSO, age 47, 405 Goliad Street, San Antonio, Texas
Arrests	Admits being arrested for disturbing the peace and possession punch board and fined $50.00 in 1950
Military Service	Served in United States Air Force 1943 to 1947 and was dishonorably discharged for being AWOL.
Service Number	3280 7186
Father	JOSEPH RUSSO, age 74
Mother	EMMA RUSSO (deceased)
Brothers & Sisters	Has seven brothers and two sisters.

TP 62-455
HKR:vb
1

AT TAMPA, FLORIDA:

At 6:40 p.m., November 22, 1963, Mr. ROLAND F. GRYBEK, 5001 Neptune Way, telephoned the Tampa Office and advised he and his wife own an apartment house at 114 Plant Avenue. He said a tenant at this address, a Yellow Cab driver named ENRICO AARON de DUSSELDORF, also known as "SCOTT", had made recent statements to the effect he was aware of a plan to assassinate President KENNEDY as well as Vice President LYNDON B. JOHNSON. DUSSELDORF was said to have stated this plot originally was to have been carried out in Tampa on the President's visit to Tampa, November 18, 1963, but due to a fluke, was not accomplished.

GRYBEK characterized DUSSELDORF as a loud mouth type individual who appears to have a very vocal opinion on every situation. He said DUSSELDORF uses the title Viscount, claiming to be a member of the nobility in El Salvador and currently exiled in the United States.

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent's FRED LIGARDE and HOWARD K. RUTHERFORD:

COLEMAN HILL, Manager of the apartment building at 114 Plant Avenue, advised on November 22, 1963, DUSSELDORF is a Salvadoran National who has lived in the apartment building about fourteen to sixteen months, although the first six months he was living with a girl tenant and was not himself officially a tenant of the building. The girl is his present wife, MARY. HILL said DUSSELDORF is better known by the surname "SCOTT" and he goes by the nickname "RICO". HILL says he has no reason to think "SCOTT" has any connection with or knowledge of the assassination of President KENNEDY. HILL said he was told by DIANE (Mrs. ROLAND) GRYBEK, that "SCOTT" told her that afternoon after the shooting, he had knowledge it was supposed to take place in Tampa the preceding Monday, and that Vice President JOHNSON was supposed to be killed also; however, HILL said he believes "SCOTT" was just shooting his mouth off as he has a habit of "talking off the top of his head" about things he actually knows nothing about.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

Mr. RAYMOND E. HARRELL was interviewed at his place of employment, the Don Cameron Lumber Company, 711 South Ewing, Dallas, Texas. At first he could not recall HENRY EDWARD SCOTT, and after some discussion he recalled that he and his wife had been staying at the Red Wood Lodge, Laredo, Texas, approximately four or five years ago while fishing at Falcon Lake.

During this visit, which lasted approximately one week and was in May of that year, HARRELL and his wife were driven to Mexico by a taxi driver, whom HARRELL recalled was named HENRY EDWARD SCOTT. The purpose of the trip was to purchase a Chihuahua dog, and SCOTT had informed the HARRELLs that he knew a woman in Mexico who had these dogs for sale.

HARRELL did not make the purchase but recalled SCOTT had taken his name, address and telephone number informing HARRELL that should he later locate a Chihuahua that he thought would be suitable, he would contact HARRELL in Dallas by telephone. HARRELL never heard from him again.

HARRELL stated that he has resided in Dallas all of his life; that his father, JACK HARRELL, was a member of the Dallas Police Department for a fifteen-year period. HARRELL and his wife presently reside at 3225 Rockcliff Drive, Dallas, Texas, and HARRELL is an employee of the lumber company where interviewed.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent s WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN AND JAMES C. KENNEDY: mam Date dictated 11/29/63

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(Rev. 7-28-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 25, 1963

Mrs. DIANE GRYBEK, 5001 Neptune Way, Tampa, Florida, furnished the following information:

HENRY EDWARD SCOTT has resided in the apartment building at 114 Plant Avenue, Tampa, which is owned by Mrs. GRYBEK and her husband, ROLAND, about one year. She understands he is a citizen of El Salvador and a few months ago he commenced calling himself ENRICO AARON de DUSSELDORF. He has always gone by the nickname "RICO". He at first received all his mail in the name of SCOTT. When at first mail started coming in in the name of DUSSELDORF, it was returned to the post office by Mrs. GRYBEK because she did not know anyone by that name. After two or three such pieces of mail had come in this way she connected the name ENRICO with "RICO" SCOTT and asked him if it could be for him. He said it was. She does not know much about SCOTT. He told her that his father or step-father owns a home on Bayshore Boulevard, and at one time he told her he was going to move there, but never did. When he first told her about the house on Bayshore Boulevard he gave her the address and she drove by there to look at it, just out of curiosity. She found there was no such address. Later SCOTT's wife told her SCOTT had given her the wrong house number, and she gave a different one. Mrs. GRYBEK never bothered to check the latter address. SCOTT also told her at one time that his step-father and mother are in Cuba.

SCOTT has claimed to have an interest in Central American Revolutionary activities but she does not know of any specific activities or contacts of his in this connection. It is her feeling that he talks too much to be a real revolutionary, but at the same time she feels it is possible he could really be involved and his discretion is simply outweighed by his need to brag. She does not know the identity of his associates except that all are Latins who speak Spanish. One is another taxi driver who lives on Platt Street, somewhere fairly near the residence of SCOTT. He is in his 20's and calls himself a "Count" and calls SCOTT "viscount". They used to send letters back and forth to each other addressed with these titles, bearing wax seals, etc., which she thought rather juvenile. She and other tenants of the apartment building were amused by these antics.

On 11/23/63 at Tampa, Fla. File # 62-455

by SAs FRED LIGARDE and HOWARD K. RUTHERFORD/hkr/dmb Date dictated 11/25/63

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On the afternoon of November 22, 1963, following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, Mrs. GRYBEK was at the apartment building and encountered SCOTT sitting on the front porch. He told her he had left work at 2 P.M. that day because of the killing. She asked him, somewhat facetiously, if he knew who was responsible. His answer was: "Maybe I do and maybe I don't." They continued to discuss the assassination and the fact that President KENNEDY had been in Tampa only the preceding Monday. SCOTT then said the shooting was originally planned to take place in Tampa, but did not because there were too many opportunities. She asked what he meant by that. He said it would have been so easy to shoot the President as he drove along Tampa streets, there were so many opportunities that it would have been unsporting to do it. He went on to explain his point by his analogy: He said if he wanted a woman and there were 14 naked women standing in front of him, he would not take any of them. Mrs. GRYBEK said this explanation sounded absurd to her. She said SCOTT also said the plan was to kill Vice-President JOHNSON at the same time and that the shooting of Texas Governor JOHN CONNALLY was a mistake, the assassin having taken him for Vice-President JOHNSON.

Mrs. GRYBEK said the latter point also seemed illogical to her in view of SCOTT's earlier statement the shooting was originally planned for Tampa, because Vice-President JOHNSON was not in Tampa. She said it was her feeling SCOTT was thinking in terms of revolutions in Latin-American countries where they are accomplished by simply getting rid of the top one or two men. She told him that if both KENNEDY and JOHNSON had been killed it would only mean that the Speaker of the House, JOHN McCORMICK would succeed to the Presidency. She said SCOTT had nothing to say to this and she concluded he had not thought the matter through to that point..

Mrs. GRYBEK said her contact with SCOTT has not been sufficient to enable her to judge his veracity. She said he may be better known to her husband, ROLAND GRYBEK, or to the manager of the apartment building, COLEMAN HILL. In this connection, however, she added she does not believe he and HILL get along together too well. She recalled that one time SCOTT saw HILL talking to SCOTT's wife and he became intensely jealous, as a result of which she believes HILL has avoided contact as much as possible with Mr. and Mrs. SCOTT.

SCOTT's wife was named MARY MARTIN and is from Tallahassee, Florida. She was living in the apartment building at 114 Plant St.

TP 62-455

before she met SCOTT, and Mrs. GRYBEK believes they met when MARY happened to ride in SCOTT's cab one time. Mrs. SCOTT has a job, but Mrs. GRYBEK does not know what type of work she does or who her employer is.

Mrs. GRYBEK said another of her tenants was present during her conversation with SCOTT. He is an elderly man who lives on the second floor whose name she does not know. He did not participate in the conversation but sat on the porch the entire time and probably heard it all.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

HENRY EDWARD SCOTT, 114 Plant Avenue, Tampa, Florida, was advised at the outset of this interview he was not required to make a statement, that he had the right to consult an attorney before making any statement and that any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law. He was also apprised of the identity of the interviewing agents as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

SCOTT said during the afternoon of November 22, 1963, he was conversing with DIANE GRYBEK, owner of the apartment building at 114 Plant Avenue where he lives, concerning the assassination shortly after noon that date of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He told her he did not believe the man OSWALD whom the Dallas police then had in custody was the person responsible for the killing. He also told her that anybody wanting to kill the President could easily have done so in Tampa on Monday of this week when the President's motorcade was driving along Grand Central Avenue, Tampa. SCOTT denied categorically that he had stated to Mrs. GRYBEK he knew of a plot to kill President KENNEDY and Vice President JOHNSON. He also denied that he has knowledge of any such plot. SCOTT said he has no information bearing on the shooting; his reason for doubting that OSWALD is the guilty party is that news reports have given only circumstantial evidence against him and SCOTT knows the police and FBI have so many scientific methods of detection that he feels they would have developed more concrete evidence of guilt if OSWALD was really the killer. As an example, he said they could have determined the contents of OSWALD's stomach to verify whether he was the person who ate the fried chicken, etc., remains of which were said to have been found at the scene of the shooting. SCOTT said his only reason for saying the killing could have been accomplished in Tampa was that the number of people lining Grand Central Avenue when the President's motorcade passed there on Monday would have permitted an assassin a close range and easy shot at the President.

For identification SCOTT presented Florida chauffeur's license #64293, issued January 4, 1962, in the name of HENRY EDWARD SCOTT, born August 5, 1936. His address at time of issuance was 115 S. Newport, Tampa. He also presented social security card in the same name showing account number as 457-62-6960, and a Veterans Administration claim card in the name HENRY E. SCOTT showing he had served in the U.S. Air Force under AF

On 11/22/63 at Tampa, Florida File # 62-455

by SA FRED LIGARDE and SA HOWARD K. RUTHERFORD:dh Date dictated 11/23/63

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serial number 14 551 409 from October 21, 1954 to December 29, 1955 and had made a VA claim January 25, 1957, at which time his address was 1107 W. Travis Street, San Antonio, Texas. He also presented his social security card in the name HENRY EDWARD SCOTT, account number 457-62-6960. The social security card was in a plexiglass container, in the back of which was a slip of paper with the following handwritten thereon:

RAYMOND E. HARRELL
3225 Rock Bluff
Dallas 27, Texas

On the reverse side of the same paper was written:

Rancho El Pavon (? not entirely legible)
SR. THOMAS CORDOBA
San Luis Potosi

Reyes #75
San Luis Potosi

SCOTT said his true name is HENRY EDWARD SCOTT and he was born August 5, 1936, in San Salvador, El Salvador. His father, HUGH ANDREW SCOTT, an American citizen, was vice president of the British-American Sugar Company. His mother's maiden name was DUSSELDORF and she was of German origin. She died when he was four years old. Some of her family still reside in East Germany but he has no contact with them. He did try to contact some of them in 1954 or 1955 but was not successful. When his father retired from his job with the sugar company he and SCOTT's stepmother came to Tampa and bought a home. His father at one time owned three homes in Tampa, two on Davis Island and one on Bayshore Boulevard. He still owns the latter house, 1115 Bayshore Boulevard, and presumably receives rentals from it at the present time. The handling of the rental is done by Mr. SIMS of the Davis & Cooper Realty Firm. His father and stepmother now live in Costa Rica and his father has gone back to work. He is with the Tabacalera Costaricense in San Jose, probably in the capacity of vice president.

SCOTT said he enlisted in the air force in 1954 at Tampa while drunk. He was discharged at Lackland Air Force Base, Texas and lived for several months following his discharge in Laredo, Texas. He did not get along well with his father and stepmother but went willingly when they came to Laredo to pick him up and take him back to San Salvador. This was sometime until the fall of 1958. He stayed there then until October of 1960 when he got word that a coup d'etat was imminent. He said he was never in any trouble in El Salvador but just did not want to be there when the shooting started, so he left and came to Tampa, traveling in his own car. He has lived in Tampa since then. He has

worked for the Yellow Cab Company as a driver almost two years. He claimed he has never held any other job. He did not work the first several months he was in Tampa, and he did not work while he was living in Laredo, Texas.

When asked the identity of RAYMOND E. HARRELL, whose name was on the slip of paper in his wallet, SCOTT at first said he could not remember any such person. When the full name and address was read to him, he said he then recalled this was a man who contacted him while he was in Laredo, Texas, and who was interested in buying some Mexican chihauhau dogs. SCOTT said the name on the back of the paper was a man in Mexico who was supposed to have some for sale. SCOTT was a go-between in the transaction but he does not recall anything ever came of it. SCOTT said he has served as a "contact man" in some revolutionary activities also, in that he arranged contact with a seller of guns on behalf of some Anti-Castro Cubans. He said the guns were shipped from Houston and New Orleans to Guatemala, El Salvador, and Costa Rica about six months ago. He said the revolutionary organization involved was the Second Front of Escambray but he declined to name any individuals. He claimed he did not know the name of the individual Cubans and he refused to give the name of the seller.

SCOTT said he was a student at Brewster High School in Tampa in 1953 and for a time he studied electronics at a now defunct technical college, which was closed by the Government for non-payment of taxes or some such reason.

He said he hopes some day to return to El Salvador to live. He plans also to change his name legally to DUSSELDORF, the family name of his mother. He wants to do this because he and his father do not get along and he does not like to continue using his father's name. In Tampa he has used the name ENRICO AARON DE DUSSELDORF as well as his true name.

The following description of SCOTT was obtained by observation and questioning:

Name:	HENRY EDWARD SCOTT
Aliases	ENRICO AARON DE DUSSELDORF, "RICO".
Date of Birth:	August 5, 1936, San Salvador, El Salvador
Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Height:	5'11"
Weight:	150
Build	Slender
Hair	Black, long
Eyes	Hazel

HO 62-2115
WJS:djw
1

RE: PEARL SIMONS, 1521 Godwin,
Houston, Texas

On November 30, 1963 the Little Rock Division advised that JAMES E. SHOCK, Route 4, Box 675, Little Rock, Arkansas, advised he was formerly associated with PEARL SIMONS, 1421 Godwin, Houston, who is a self-admitted member of the John Birch Society. He advised from her general conversation he was of the opinion she felt the only way America could be saved, was if President KENNEDY would be killed.

SHOCK advised SIMONS discussed with him the fact she had been offered a permanent position with "Special Section" of John Birch Society at Houston. SHOCK states he received impression "Special Section" was to take whatever physical action necessary to protect American liberties.

The following investigation was conducted by SAS WILLIAM J. SCHMIDT and JOHN THOMAS KESLER on November 30, 1963:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS

PEARL SIMONS, 1521 Godwin, denied making statements attributed to her. She advised she is not aware of any "Special Section" of the John Birch Society and asked if leaders of the John Birch Society had been interviewed. SIMONS requested she be allowed to tape record the interview, at which point the interview was terminated.

SIMONS was very belligerent during the interview and on termination of the interview, requested she be advised who furnished her name to the FBI. SIMONS' request was denied, whereupon she stated it was probably a man she had filed on previously.

Records of the Houston Police Department reflect a complaint was filed on September19, 1962, by PEARL SIMONS, white female, 32, 1521 Godwin, Houston, against suspects

JAMES SHOCK and E. C. TURNER, for investigation of homicide resulting from obscene statements with a threat to kill made to SIMONS over the telephone, after she had called SHOCK's telephone number.

Records of the Houston Police Department also reflect that JAMES E. SHOCK has FBI #4398569, and was arrested on February 23, 1963 by the Houston Police Department on a pick-up issued by the Police Department, Angleton, Texas, for Disturbing the Peace. SHOCK was released to the Sheriff's Office at Angleton on February 23, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

X James Shock F.B.I. # 1348569

JAMES E. SHOCK, Route #4, Box 675, Little Rock, Arkansas, advised as follows:

While he was pastor of Kilby Street Church of Christ, Houston, Texas, he was associated with PEARL SIMONS, 14201 Godwin Street, Houston. SIMONS was a self-admitted member of the John Birch Society and from her general conversation, he was of the opinion that she felt that the only way America could be saved was if President KENNEDY would be killed. SHOCK believes conversations about this matter were in approximately January, 1962. SHOCK was unable to recall any exact statements made by SIMONS, but merely stated he received the impression from SIMONS general conversation. He advised SIMONS discussed with him the fact that she had been offered permanent position with a "special section" of the John Birch Society in Houston, Texas. SHOCK stated he received the impression from her purpose of special section was to take whatever physical action necessary to protect the american liberties. SHOCK was again unable to furnish any specifics, stating that this was the impression he received from her general conversation.

SHOCK advised the above is all the information in his possession of a positive nature. With reference to his statement in telegram to the Attorney General "I can give information which may prove invaluable to an investigation of a possible conspiracy behind the tragic assassination," he stated he did not intend to imply that he possessed any information concerning any individual or organization who might have been involved in assassination. He merely meant that his personal experiences with the John Birch Society members and the political officials, would prove invaluable since they show that these people will do anything to obtain their desired ends, which in his opinion, would include assassination if they were so inclined. His statement in telegram "said information involves a Texas religion political tie-up with extreme right-wing elements," again refers to his personal experiences with religious and political leaders while he was in Houston, Texas. He advised that political

On 11/29/63 at Little Rock, Arkansas File # LR 89-21

by SAs EDWARD F. MC FADDEN/mfm 656 Date dictated 11/30/63

VINCENT H. LAMMERS

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officials and religious leaders created an atmosphere favorable to right-wing extremist activity. He advised their attitude was anti-KENNEDY and fostered similar attitudes of the people in the City of Houston.

SHOCK was closely questioned for any information he might possess other than mentioned above, but stated he had none. He stated he was of the opinion that this attitude and prevailing atmosphere could form the basis for an investigation into the assassination.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

Mr. DENNIS MARSICO, 2940 Oxfordshire Lane, telephonically contacted the FBI Office in Dallas, Texas at 5 a.m. on November 28, 1963. At this time, Mr. MARSICO stated he was employed by the Gaylord Container Company in Dallas, Texas and had a very close friend by the name of CHARLEY PEUGH. According to MARSICO, PEUGH had a roommate by the name of DENNIS SMITH who owned a bar in Dallas, Texas, the name of which was unknown to him. He further stated PEUGH and SMITH had a home telephone number in Dallas of LA 6-5425.

MARSICO further advised that he had obtained information that SMITH had reportedly told PEUGH that SMITH had heard there was a $100,000 offer to kill President JOHN F. KENNEDY. This information was told to MARSICO by PEUGH two days after the assassination. He also stated PEUGH had attempted to obtain additional information from SMITH, but SMITH has "clammed up" since the assassination.

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on 11/28/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent KYLE G. CLARK/rms Date dictated 12/3/63

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DL 89-43
REB/JRG/bjd/rms

The following investigation was conducted by SA RONALD E. BRINKLEY at Dallas, Texas:

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. C. H. TABOR, 4030 Lemmon Avenue, advised that CHARLES FRUGH and DENNIS SMITH had moved from this address quite some time ago. She stated to her knowledge, they have moved to some address on Kings Road, 2000 block.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

CHARLES PEUGH was located at his residence, 4807 Denton Drive, where he resides in Apartment 1208. PEUGH advised that at some date shortly before the President's assassination, he had been a member of a group engaged in an informal political discussion. PEUGH stated that someone in the group reportedly heard there was a $100,000 offer made to kill the President. He advised after conferring with his roommate, DENNIS SMITH, they had agreed the statement had no origination and were convinced that it was made in jest and poor taste.

PEUGH advised he would confer with SMITH and a friend, DENNIS MARSICO, in order to learn more about the origin of the statement. PEUGH stated he would immediately contact the FBI if he obtains additional information concerning this statement.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RONALD E. BRINKLEY/rms Date dictated 12/3/63

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DL 89-43

DHB:cv/BJD

Reference is made to the report that ERNEST ALLEN SMITH, 4011 Mt. Rainier, Dallas, Texas, an employee of Sears and Roebuck Company, had stated in the presence of other employees at Sears prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY that "the President will not leave Dallas alive".

Indices of the Dallas Office failed to disclose any prior references to ERNEST ALLEN SMITH.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/3/63

ERNEST ALLEN SMITH, 4011 [illegible]. Rainier, Dallas, Texas, employed as [illegible] equisition clerk, Sears and Roebuck Company, Dallas, Texas, advised of the following concerning a report that he had commented prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY that "the President will not leave Dallas alive";

SMITH admitted that he had made such a statement prior to the President s arrival at Dallas in the presence of others at his place of employment. He said he just had a feeling about this: that he had no information that the assassination was planned; that he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

SMITH said that when he heard that KENNEDY was coming to Dallas he just felt sub-consciously that he might be assassinated at Dallas - "the way it had been publicized and everything". He said that the people were "stirred up" about ADLAI STEVENSON when he was here. He got a poor reception SMITH felt and that he felt KENNEDY would get the same kind of reception.

It had been reported that SMITH had spent $15.00 in toll calls in an attempt to reach the White House concerning this matter. SMITH said that he had called the White House but not concerning his feeling that harm might come to the President at Dallas. He said that over the several weeks passed he had placed several calls to the White House concerning Social Security payments which he felt were due his father, ERNEST THOMAS SMITH, age 61, of 3535 Delhi, Dallas, Texas, a retired cement plant worker. He said he had called first in mid-October and had called again on [illegible] November 20, 1963, but had failed to reach the Pres[illegible].

SMITH, who said he had been employed by Sears and Roebuck for the past eleven years had no other information of pertinence.

DL 44-1639

on 11/29/63 at Dallas Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent [illegible] /cv Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

1

At 1:36 P.M., November 24, 1963, Mr. TED MARSICO, 1218 West Bond Street, Denison, Texas, partner, Denison Mattress Factory (residence HO 5-1558; Office HO 5-1902) called the Dallas FBI Office and furnished the following:

Mr. MARSICO stated that on October 30, 31, 1963, and November 1, 1963, his factory had display at the Minor Mart, Dallas, and on either October 31, or November 1, 1963, his display was visited by LOUIS SPRINGFIELD, 2707 San Marcus, Dallas (BR 9-5089) and who is employed as sales representative for a table company. He stated at this meeting, SPRINGFIELD stated that if President KENNEDY did come to Dallas, he would be shot and went into considerable detail explaining why the President would be shot. MARSICO stated that the comments were wild and unbelievable to him and he made efforts to turn the conversation into a vain of jest but on each occasion, SPRINGFIELD would very seriously continue to point out that the President would be shot. SPRINGFIELD pointed out it would not be difficult to shoot the President and not be caught, pointed out that if a person ordered a mail order rifle, there would be no way that the gun could be traced. SPRINGFIELD also pointed out he is a member of the active U. S. Marine Corps Reserve, Dallas, and stated at meetings the men in his unit frequently discussed the President's visit and talked about assassinating the President and in fact encouraged such action by making statements that anyone who would kill the President would have a medal pinned on him.

Mr. MARSICO stated he has known SPRINGFIELD for about three years and SPRINGFIELD is a far right Republican and on numerous occasions expressed extreme dislike for President KENNEDY and the entire KENNEDY family.

Mr. MARSICO stated that his, MARSICO's, salesman, DALE MARTIN, 2423 Fenwick Drive, Dallas, Texas, (DA 7-2423), was present during the conversation and he, MARSICO, would like for MARTIN to be interviewed to see if MARTIN recalls the discussion as related above and if MARTIN can add anything to the above information.

MARSICO stated he has no information that would in any way link SPRINGFIELD with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in any manner.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent EMORY E. HORTON:jj Date dictated 11/28/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

DELBERT LEE MARTIN, 2423 Fenwick Drive, Dallas, a representative for Denison Mattress Factory, 101 West Owings Street, Denison, Texas, advised that between October 30, 1963 and November 1, 1963, the company had a display in the Minor Mart Building, 2000 Stemmons Freeway. He stated that LOUIS SPRINGFIELD, who is a factory representative for Ashley Tables, Chicago, Illinois, visited their display sometime during the above three dates and began talking with his boss TED MARSICO. He said that generally SPRINGFIELD's conversations wind up in a political discussion reflecting extreme Republican or right wing views. He stated that SPRINGFIELD is highly critical of the KENNEDY administration and the KENNEDY's in general including both JACK KENNEDY and ROBERT KENNEDY.

MARTIN advised that during this conversation MARTIN advised he overheard SPRINGFIELD say that if President KENNEDY came to Dallas he would, could, or might be shot. He said he could not recall the exact word used by SPRINGFIELD. He said it would be very easy to do so, that someone could shoot the President from an overpass and could conceal himself behind the abutments on the overpass. He stated that he also overheard SPRINGFIELD comment that it would be quite easy to obtain a gun or rifle simply by obtaining one from a mail order house. MARTIN advised that at this time he made a comment that it is quite simple for these punk kids to obtain guns from various sporting magazines which advertise for rifles and guns. MARTIN advised he overheard SPRINGFIELD mention that he was a member of the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve in Dallas and attended meetings regularly but he stated he at no time overheard SPRINGFIELD mention that members of the Reserve unit were talking about assassinating the President. He said he was not present when SPRINGFIELD allegedly claimed that anyone who killed the President would have a medal pinned on him. He said he heard this from his boss, TED MARSICO.

MARTIN advised that SPRINGFIELD also mentioned that BOBBY KENNEDY might need shooting more so than the President.

MARTIN advised that he was certain that overpasses and underpasses were mentioned by SPRINGFIELD when he was talking about the shooting of the President. He said he did not know SPRINGFIELD's political affiliation except that he was highly critical of the KENNEDY administration as mentioned previously. He advised that he

on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT E. BASHAM and ROBERT J. ANDERSON:jj Date dictated 11/27/63

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did not associate with SPRINGFIELD and did not know any of SPRINGFIELD's acquaintances, either business or social. He advised he did not know what reserve unit SPRINGFIELD belongs to nor any of SPRINGFIELD's fellow reservists. He stated he wanted it clear that during this conversation he was selling furniture and only managed to obtain bits of the conversation. He stated that he could not tell whether or not the man was jesting or not because he always managed to bring the conversation back to the subject of the President. He advised that he cannot recall anyone else who had visited their display that day who might have overheard these comments made by SPRINGFIELD.

He advised that the Dallas Home Furnishings Mart published a booklet for the summer-fall of 1963 which indicated that the Ashley Furniture Corporation display which occupied space #124 had one or more of the following in attendance during their display:

LOUIS COMINSKY
L. L. SPRINGFIELD
WARNER M. GROSS
JERRY MC BRIDE
WILLIAM HAVER
ROBERT WEINBERG
JERRY KIMENKER

He advised that SPRINGFIELD's post office box in Dallas is #28421 and that his telephone number as far as he knew was BR 9-5089. He stated the Ashley Furniture Corporation's address is 666 N. Lakeshore, Chicago, Illinois, telephone WH 4-1667.

MARTIN advised that the only one he knew of who might know SPRINGFIELD quite well was CLINT HUNTER of Lubbock, Texas. He stated that HUNTER also worked for MARSICO in Denison as did SPRINGFIELD.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/27/63

LOUIS L. SPRINGFIELD, 2707 San Marcus Drive, a sales representative for Ashley Table & Furniture Corporation, Chicago, Illinois, advised that he was a gunnery sergeant in Headquarters Maintenance Squadron in the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve based at Naval Air Station, Dallas, Texas. He said in this squadron his primary duty is that of Intelligence Chief with the Air Reserve Squadron based at the air station. He said he used to be attached to the Triple 7 Helicopter Squadron. L.L. Springfield

Louis L. SPRINGFIELD advised that he has made numerous statements against the KENNEDYs, both ROBERT and JACK, concerning their policies and also against the administration. He said he has been very critical of the administration and their policies and has told numerous jokes about them. He advised that he cannot recall any conversation he had that was in a serious vein between the dates of October 30 and November 1, 1963, when he was at a display in the Minor-Mart Building in Dallas. He said he may have made the statement that if President KENNEDY did come to Dallas that he might be shot based upon the feelings of individuals he knew and the comments some of them had made. He said he probably did state that the individual that shot the President would probably get a medal. He said he definitely did not recall making any statement concerning the ordering of any guns or weapons through a mail order house. He advised that he may have said that it would be easy to shoot the President by hiding behind a railroad embuttment, but he said every remark he made was in jest and he would no more consider carrying out anything as foolish as this. He advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY were names he recently learned through the Presidential assassination and that he had never seen either of these individuals previously. As he said previously, he has been extremely critical at times of the KENNEDY administration and policies, but he was shocked to learn of the President's death, and he advised that he was shopping in northwest Dallas at the time with his wife and baby. He mentioned that at 12:15 he was eating in the Medallion Cafeteria in northwest Dallas, had ordered a corn beef sandwich and that the stove in the cafeteria was broken and they could not fix the sandwich for him so he obtained a bowl of soup. He said he is providing the above information in the event that someone desires to check out his story.

on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ROBERT E. BASHAM & ROBERT J. ANDERSON /cv Date dictated 11/27/63

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He reiterated that he was quite upset to learn of the President's death.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

M 1

Date December 1, 1963

DOUGLAS McCONE, U.S. Customs Agent, advised that after being informed of the fact that VICTOR N. STOKES had been at the Eagle Hotel since November 19, 1963, and was from Irving, Texas, he conducted some inquiry as to the identify of STOKES and thereafter on November 24, 19 ?, interviewed him. He particularly asked STOKES if he was acquainted with OSWALD and the latter denied it. McCONE stated from his conversation with STOKES he was of the opinion that STOKES was a rather irresponsible individual of a low character who was in Eagle Pass [illegible] apparently for a drunk.

On 11/27/63 at Eagle Pass, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA WILLIAM E. OGLESBY/cbl Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

M 1

Date December 1, 1963

PETE HERNANDEZ, Radio Dispatcher, Eagle Pass Police Department, advised that a radio check on 1963 Texas license PA 5958 reflected this was a 1957 Mercury registered to VICTOR N. STOKES, 808 Edith Street, Irving, Texas. There was no stolen report on this car.

On 11/26/63 at Eagle Pass, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA WILLIAM E. OGLESBY/cbl Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD 302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

M 1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

Records of the Western Union, Eagle Pass, Texas, reflect VICTOR N. STOKES received a $25.00 Western Union money order and a $100.00 Western Union money order on November 26, 1963, from B. T. COTTON, Irving, Texas.

On 11/26/63 at Eagle Pass, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA WILLIAM E. OGLESBY/cbl Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

M 1

Date December 1, 1963

[illegible] FALCON, Bellboy, Eagle Hotel, advised that VICTOR N. STOKES registered November 19, 1963, and has occupied Room 219 since that time. He paid for the room on a daily basis, but since being in the hotel had been drunk most of the time. His registration card reflected that he was from Dallas, Texas, although he had made phone calls to Irving, Texas, apparently to a sister. His registration card reflected the address of 808 Edith Street, Dallas, Texas. On the day of the President's assassination he went in and told STOKES about and the latter jumped out of bed and asked if they had caught the person who did the shooting, and FALCON advised that they had and identified him by name as OSWALD. Subsequently when OSWALD was killed he notified STOKES of this and the latter then asked if they had arrested the fellow who killed OSWALD and when advised that it was RUBENSTEIN, STOKES repeated his question about three times as if he did not believe it.

APPROX 1913

He described STOKES as a man approximately 50 years old, skinny, short, weighing about 120 pounds. He has been short of money the last day and telephoned his sister at Irving, Texas, for money. No record of the call was maintained at the Hotel in view of the fact it was a collect call. FALCON reported the matter to the local Sheriff's Office and also indicated that STOKES was driving a 1957 red and white Mercury, two door sedan, which was then parked in the parking lot of the hotel. It had 1963 Texas license PA 5958.

On 11/26/63 at Eagle Pass, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA WILLIAM E. OGLESBY/cbl Date dictated 11/30/63

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Date November 30, 1963

Mr. WILLIAM H. BERRY was interviewed at the Albuquerque Division. He stated his permanent address is 217 South Sims, Columbia, South Carolina. He stated he is en route to Charlotte, North Carolina, where he will continue his employment with the Periodical Publishers Service Bureau located in the Wilder Building there. He said he is en route east from Salt Lake City, Utah, where he was employed by the same firm. He furnished the following information.

He is driving a gray 1963 Studebaker Lark sedan, bearing Florida license, and at 7:30 AM or 7:45 AM, November 23, 1963, after spending last night in Gallup, New Mexico, he was proceeding east on Highway 66. He stopped at a Texaco Station located on the south side of Highway 66 in the Grants, New Mexico, area. He parked his car on the street and merely went to the service station in order to use the rest room. There he joined a Spanish male employee at the Texaco Station in general conversation. During this conversation, the person he presumed to be manager walked in during the time the assassination of President KENNEDY was mentioned.

The manager mentioned that it was nothing but a gangster killing and that JACK RUBY is a known prominent gangster. The manager mentioned two $5,000 bets which were made that KENNEDY would not complete his trip on that particular procession or parade. Mr. BERRY assumed that these bets were made elsewhere than the Grants, New Mexico, area and could furnish no further details on the comments made by the manager. The manager did mention, however, that a gangster killing was behind the assassination.

Continuing the conversation, the manager stated there was a man in the station yesterday, November 24, 1963, who showed the manager $8,000 which he had won on an identical kind of bet, that is, that President KENNEDY would not complete the parade in which he was riding and in which he was killed. The unknown man allegedly mentioned to the manager that the $8,000 was tax free. Mr. BERRY described the manager as white male, 40 years, 6' tall, 140 pounds, slender build, reddish brown hair.

The Spanish boy was described as young, 175 pounds, 5'7" tall, rather husky build.

On 11-25-63 at Albuquerque, New Mexico File # AQ 44-391

by SA STUART J. CAMERON/flv 672 Date dictated 11-30-63

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November 22, 1963

FELIX VORST, owner and operator of a Texaco Service Station located [illegible] West Santa Fe Avenue, Grants, New Mexico, was interviewed and it was determined that he is the person who talked to Mr. WILLIAM H. BERRY earlier that day. He acknowledged telling BERRY that a gangster killing was behind the President's assassination, and that a man was in his station November 24, 1963, claiming to have won an $8,000 bet.

At the outset of the interview, VORST appeared very nervous and stated numerous tourists from back East had recently stopped at his station stating that President KENNEDY's death was the work of gangsters and that bets could be made back East lately, to the effect that President KENNEDY would not last out his four-year term of office. When interviewed further, VORST stated that only one such person had made the above statement, that being last Saturday, November 23, 1963. This particular individual did not state that he had made such a bet or that he had won any money on this type of bet.

VORST also stated that to his knowledge no individuals have been into his station claiming they have won $5,000 bets on the fact that President KENNEDY would not complete his trip through Dallas, Texas.

Nevertheless, VORST stated that on November 24, 1963, an individual described as a white male, American, over 6' tall, heavy build approximately 60 years of age, driving a 1955 black four door Chevrolet, bearing Texas license unknown, came into his station and filled up with gasoline paying cash. This unknown individual stated that JACK RUBY was an ex jewel thief from Chicago, Illinois. This unknown individual also stated he had recently won $8,000 on a bet regarding the "KENNEDY deal." When further interviewed, VORST stated this unknown individual did not further specify or explain what he meant by the "KENNEDY deal." This individual left the station and headed in an easterly direction with a female, believed to be his wife.

VORST stated that his helper, ANDRES MARTINEZ was in

On 11-25-63 at Grants, New Mexico File # AG 89-27

by SA CALVIN D. KNOTT/klw Date dictated 11-29-63

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the station and heard this unknown individual make the above statement.

VORST stated he had not heard any other individuals make any type of statement concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY in regard to gambling bets being made on the fact that the President would be assassinated.

Dec November 22, 1963

ANDRES MARTINEZ was interviewed at his place of employment, Vorst's Texaco Station, 301 West Santa Fe Avenue, Grants, New Mexico. He stated that he remembers a heavy set individual over six feet tall, approximately 60 years of age, driving a 1959 black four door Chevrolet from Texas, stopping at the gasoline station yesterday, November 24, 1963, and engaging in a conversation with his employer, FELIX VORST. When this man paid for the gasoline which was put in his car, he came inside the gasoline station and briefly engaged in a conversation with VORST. Nevertheless, he knows nothing about their conversation, inasmuch as he was working at the grease rack during the short time this individual was inside the gasoline station talking to VORST.

He stated he did not hear this individual mention anything about winning a large sum of money on a bet that President KENNEDY would be assassinated, and in fact does not recall anything concerning the conversation he had with VORST.

On 11-25-63 at Grants, New Mexico File # AQ 89-37

by SA CALVIN D. KNOTT/slw Date dictated 11-28-63

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AQ 89-27
CDK/flw

The following investigation was conducted by SA CALVIN D. KNOTT.

On November 25, 1963, Chief of Police LUPE SANCHEZ, Grants, New Mexico, advised that he was acquainted with FELIX VORST, owner and proprietor of a Texaco Station located at 301 West Santa Fe Avenue, Grants, New Mexico. SANCHEZ described VORST as "an alarmist nut," one who constantly exaggerates, a fabricater, and completely unreliable. He advised VORST has been a suspect in several petty thefts from cars left over night at his station.

SANCHEZ stated he would put no credence whatsoever in anything VORST had to report.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

Mrs. R. C. (VIRGINIA) WALDRON), 3801 Needles Drive, Orlando, Florida, advised as follows:

Mrs. WALDRON stated that she is the secretary for Mental Health at the Orange County Welfare Department, Orlando.

Mrs. WALDRON stated that she recalls making no statement to the effect "Soon there will be a great tragedy that will rock the nation".

Mrs. WALDRON stated that she had no advance notice President KENNEDY would be shot. Mrs. WALDRON advised that she is unable to furnish any information of value.

On 11/24/63 at Orlando, Florida File # TP 62-455

by SAs ROBERT C. BALL & THOMAS C. ALLEN:vb Date dictated 11/26/63

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AT 89-45
CSH/evg
1

On November 23, 1963, Washington Field Office advised that advice had been received from police officials at the United States Supreme Court on that date that they had received a telephone call on the evening of November 22, 1963, from a man who identified himself as C. D. or C. B. WEATHERLY, 2374-A Lindmont Circle, Atlanta, Georgia, who was allegedly employed by the Studebaker Company, 910 Rhodes-Haverty Building, Atlanta.

In this call WEATHERLY stated that Chief Justice WARREN and Associate Justice BLACK were "responsible for the death of the President." WEATHERLY wanted to be contacted by the Supreme Court police or the FBI and stated "If the FBI did not contact him, he would take other measures."

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

1

CHARLES BASCOM WEATHERLY, 2374-A Lindmont Circle, N. E., advised he is employed as Regional Marketing Analyst for the Studebaker Automotive Sales Corporation, Atlanta, Georgia.

He stated that he had become upset over the assassination of President KENNEDY and made a telephone call to the United States Supreme Court while in an intoxicated condition.

C. B. WEATHERLY stated that he had no information concerning Chief Justice WARREN or Associate Justice BLACK being responsible for the death of the President and had no information that he could furnish to the FBI. Concerning "other measures" he would take if not contacted by the FBI, WEATHERLY stated that he had nothing specific in mind and attributed all of his statements to his intoxicated condition.

On 11/23/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 89-45

by SA STEPHEN L. HALPIN /evg Date dictated 11/23/63

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DL 89-43

The following investigation was conducted by SA BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER:

AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS

On November 22, 1963, Mrs. MILDRED STEAGELL, 3424 Livingston, advised that she has been attempting to telephonically contact Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY, Washington, D. C., in order that she may advise him she suspects General EDWIN WALKER of Dallas, Texas, as being not only involved but the "ring leader" of the group or part of a group who assassinated President KENNEDY. She states she further wanted to advise Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY of her deep sympathy extended toward the family.

She states she has no definite suspicions regarding the assassin and has no definite grounds on which to suspect General WALKER. She states she had no suspects prior to the shooting.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

Chief of Police C. J. WIRASNIK, JR., Irving, Texas, informed what allegedly was a long distance telephone call, had been received at 1:30 AM, November 26, 1963, by Irving Police Department Dispatcher FRED S. YORK from an individual who was identified as D'ORSEY LEE WEBSTER, 838 West Grace, Richmond 20, Virginia, telephone ELgin 8-2832. The caller emphasized that he wanted Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD to be informed he would help her all he could but that he did not want any publicity.

The caller stated that he was representing Pastor LONG and the Grace Baptist Church in Richmond, Virginia, and insisted that the conversation between them should be held confidential.

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on 11/26/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/cah Date dictated 11/26/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1
DL 89-43
JBA/jj

On November 27, 1963, Richmond Office advised as follows:

DORSEY LEE WEBSTER, JR., white male, born February 12, 1911, at Richmond, Virginia, retired U. S. Army Captain, ASN 0315091, residing 838 W. Grace Street, Richmond, Virginia, known to Richmond Office for several years as being mentally disturbed. He has been subject of previous investigations involving extortion, impersonation, illegal wearing of uniform, crime on government reservation - assault. WEBSTER has been confined in the past and discharged as mentally incompetent.

1
DL 89-43
EDK:BJD

The "Dallas Times Herald", Dallas, Texas, October 27, 1963, contained an article entitled "'Riot' Tag Denied by Demonstrator" which stated the demonstrations against United Nations Ambassador ADLAI STEVENSON were "grossly exaggerated" as having been a "near riot" according to LARRIE H. SCHMIDT, 5735 Gaston Avenue, the leader of 14 collegiate demonstrators. It quoted SCHMIDT as saying his group was made up of 14 college students who were all conservatives and opposed to ADLAI STEVENSON and the United Nations. He said none of his group entered the auditorium where STEVENSON spoke or was involved in any disturbances. The article referred to another article on the previous Friday in the "Dallas Times Herald" which stated a large band of demonstrators cheered, shouted and heckled United States Ambassador STEVENSON to the United Nations at the time of his speech on Thursday night (October 24, 1963) at the Dallas Memorial Auditorium. The previous article quoted a police officer has stated a student demonstrator spat on Mr. STEVENSON and caused "a near riot as a result of screaming and shouting". Mr. STEVENSON was also struck in the head by the sign of one demonstrator.

The October 27, 1963 article further quoted Mr. SCHMIDT as saying his group of demonstrators "were carrying on a protest that was no more and no less in keeping with a treasured and traditional American political activity, long utilized by factions both left and right, from labor unions to businessmen."

It further stated that SCHMIDT was asked if his group would picket President KENNEDY at the time of an expected visit to Dallas in November. SCHMIDT replied "We feel anyone has the right to picket against the President but we have too much respect for the office to picket Mr. KENNEDY in his coming visit here."

DL 89-431
WHB:jeg:cv
1

The "Dallas Morning News", on page 14, Section 1, on Friday, November 22, 1963, carried the following full-page advertisement:

"WELCOME MR. KENNEDY
To Dallas...

"...A CITY so disgraced by a recent Liberal smear attempt that its citizens have just elected two more Conservative Americans to public office.

"...A CITY that is an economic 'boom town,' not because of Federal handouts, but through conservative economic and business practices.

"...A CITY that will continue to grow and prosper despite efforts by you and your administration to penalize it for its non-conformity to 'New Frontierism'.

"...A CITY that rejected your philosophy and policies in 1960 and will do so again in 1964--even more emphatically than before.

"MR. KENNEDY, despite contentions on the part of your administration, the State Department, the Mayor of Dallas, the Dallas City Council, and members of your party, we free-thinking and America-thinking citizens of Dallas still have, through a Constitution largely ignored by you, the right to address our grievances, to question you, to disagree with you, and to criticize you.

"In asserting this constitutional right, we wish to ask you publicly the following questions--indeed, questions of paramount importance and interest to all free peoples everywhere--which we trust you will answer...in public, without sophistry. These questions are:

"WHY is Latin America turning either anti-American or Communistic, or both, despite increased U.S. foreign aid, State Department policy, and your own Ivy-Tower pronouncements?

"WHY do you say we have built a 'wall of freedom' around Cuba when there is no freedom in Cuba today? Because of your

"policy, thousands of Cubans have been imprisoned, are starving and being persecuted--with thousands already murdered and thousands more awaiting execution and, in addition, the entire population of almost 7,000,000 Cubans are living in slavery.

"WHY have you approved the sale of wheat and corn to our enemies when you know the Communist soldiers 'travel on their stomachs' just as ours do? Communist soldiers are daily wounding and/or killing American soldiers in South Viet Nam.

"WHY did you host, salute and entertain Tito -- Moscow's Trojan Horse -- just a short time after our sworn enemy, Khrushchev, embraced the Yugoslav dictator as a great hero and leader of Communism?

"WHY have you urged greater aid, comfort, recognition, and understanding for Yugoslavia, Poland, Hungary, and other Communist countries, while turning your back on the pleas of Hungarian, East German, Cuban and other anti-Communist freedom fighters?

"WHY did Cambonia kick the U. S. out of its country after we poured nearly 400 Million Dollars of aid into its ultra-leftist government?

"WHY has Gus Hall, head of the U. S. Communist Party praised almost every one of your policies and announced that the party will endorse and support your re-election in 1964?

"WHY have you banned the showing at U. S. military bases of the film 'Operation Abolition'--the movie by the House Committee on Un-American Activities exposing Communism in America?

"WHY have you ordered or permitted your brother Bobby, the Attorney General, to go soft on Communists, fellow-travelers, and ultra-leftists in America, while permitting him to persecute loyal Americans who criticize you, your administration, and your leadership?

DL 89-43
WHB:jeg:mam
3

"WHY are you in favor of the U. S. continuing to give economic aid to Argentina, in spite of that fact that Argentina has just seized almost 400 Million Dollars of American private property?

"WHY has the Foreign Policy of the United States degenerated to the point that the C.I.A. is arranging coups and having staunch Anti-Communist Allies of the U. S. bloodily exterminated?

"WHY have you scrapped the Monroe Doctrine in favor of the 'Spirit of Moscow'?

"MR. KENNEDY, as citizens of these United States of America, we DEMAND answers to these questions, and we want them NOW.

"THE AMERICAN FACT-FINDING COMMITTEE
"An unaffiliated and non-partisan group of citizens who wish truth

"BERNARD WEISSMAN,
Chairman

"P.O. Box 1792 -- Dallas 21, Texas"

"(Political Advertisement paid for by Bernard Weissman)"

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 28, 1963

Mr. GUSTAVE FALK, Director, Southwest Region, American Jewish Committee, 1809 Tower Petroleum Building, Dallas, Texas, advised that he and Mr. GEORGE KELLMAN, American Jewish Committee, Institute of Human Relations, were quite concerned over an ad which appeared in the Dallas Morning News on Page 14, Section 1, Friday, November 22, 1963.

He stated this ad was signed BERNARD WEISSMAN, "American Fact Finding Committee, Chairman," Post Office Box 1792, Dallas 21, Texas. He stated he would like to maintain close liaison with local FBI Agents in matters relating to extremists, activists, bigots, and subversive group actions in the Dallas and San Antonio, Texas, areas.

He stated he and Mr. KELLMAN had determined Mr. WEISSMAN is a 26 year old salesman, and it is hard for them to understand how he could afford to pay $1,500.00 for the ad, and they are attempting to determine who it was behind the ad.

He said that through contact with a source they would not like to identify they had determined BERNARD WEISSMAN and WILLIAM M. BURLEY reside together at 4618 Reiger Street, Apartment 7 in Dallas, Texas. Each of them had taken a job in the very recent past with the Carpet Engineering Company of Texas as salesmen in the Dallas area.

Contact with this company determined that they made no sales in the area, and WEISSMAN used a telephone number WH 2-7271; however, attempts to contact him at that number were unsuccessful, and the person answering the telephone stated he was not known there. A check of the Criss-Cross directory indicates the number is listed to WILLIAM CRAWFORD, 202 South Lancaster, whose identity had not been determined.

Mr. FALK advised that the sales manager, name not recalled, for the Carpet Company is described as a white male, about 5'7", dark olive complexion. The sales manager went to the Reiger Street address on the night of November 26, 1963, for the purpose of obtaining the Carpet sales kits which were in possession of WEISSMAN and BURLEY, both of

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 11/28/63

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whom have resigned or quit their positions with the Carpet Company, and the sales manager observed WEISSMAN and BURLEY with about five or six other persons at the address. These persons were discussing the ad as "a mistake" and also remarked that they "regretted" it was published. The sales manager has advised that he saw a picture of STALIN in an unidentified newspaper in the apartment and learned that WEISSMAN and BURLEY planned to leave Dallas around the first of December.

The sales manager observed a 1957 yellow and white Ford convertible with unknown license plates parked in the area of the apartment on the night of November 26, 1963. Mr. FALK produced Autostats of application data concerning BURLEY and WEISSMAN which he said might be used for any information they contain in the event investigation is instituted in this matter. He advised that he would contact Inspector MALLEY in the event additional information comes to his attention which might be of interest in this matter.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 28, 1963

Mr. GEORGE KELLMAN, American Jewish Committee, Institute of Human Relations, 1809 Tower Petroleum Building, Dallas, Texas, advised that his office is at 165 East 56th Street, New York 22, New York, telephone number PLaza 1-4000. He stated he is a close personal friend of GUSTAVE FALK, Director of the Southwest Region, American Jewish Committee, with offices at 1809 Tower Petroleum Building, Dallas, Texas, and that he and Mr. FALK were quite concerned over an ad which appeared in the Dallas Morning News on Page 14, Section 1, Friday, November 22, 1963.

He stated this ad was signed BERNARD WEISSMAN, "American Fact Finding Committee, Chairman," Post Office Box 1792, Dallas 21, Texas. He stated he would like to have Mr. FALK maintain a close liaison with local FBI Agents in matters relating to extremists, activists, bigots, and subversive group actions in the Dallas and San Antonio, Texas, areas.

He stated he and Mr. FALK had determined Mr. WEISSMAN is a 26 year old salesman, and it is hard for them to understand how he could afford to pay $1,500.00 for the ad, and they are attempting to determine who it was behind the ad.

He said that through contact with a source they would not like to identify they had determined BERNARD WEISSMAN and WILLIAM M. BURLEY reside together at 4618 Reiger Street, Apartment 7 in Dallas, Texas. Each of them had taken a job in the very recent past with the Carpet Engineering Company of Texas as salesmen in the Dallas area.

Contact with this company determined that they made no sales in the area, and WEISSMAN used a telephone number WH 2-7271; however, attempts to contact him at that number were unsuccessful, and the person answering the telephone stated he was not known there. A check of the Criss-Cross directory indicates the number is listed to WILLIAM CRAWFORD, 202 South Lancaster, according to Mr. KELLMAN, who said that the identity of Mr. CRAWFORD had not been determined.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm 639 Date dictated 11/28/63

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Mr. KELLMAN advised that the sales manager, name not recalled, for the Carpet Company is described as a white male, about 5'7", dark olive complexion. The sales manager went to the Reiger Street address on the night of November 26, 1963, for the purpose of obtaining the Carpet sales kits which were in possession of WEISSMAN and BURLEY, both of whom have resigned or quit their positions with the Carpet Company, and the sales manager observed WEISSMAN and BURLEY with about five or six other persons at the address. These persons were discussing the ad as "a mistake" and also remarked that they "regretted" it was published. The sales manager has advised that he saw a picture of STALIN in an unidentified newspaper in the apartment and learned that WEISSMAN and BURLEY planned to leave Dallas around the first of December.

The sales manager observed a 1957 yellow and white Ford convertible with unknown license plates parked in the area of the apartment on the night of November 26, 1963. Mr. KELLMAN produced Autostats of application data concerning BURLEY and WEISSMAN which he said might be used for any information they contain in the event investigation is instituted in this matter. He advised that he would contact Inspector MALLEY in the event additional information comes to his attention which might be of interest in this matter.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

1

Mr. GEORGE KELLMAN, American Jewish Committee, Institute of Human Relations, 1809 Tower Petroleum Building, Dallas, Texas, advised that his office is at 165 East 56th Street, New York 22, New York, telephone number PLaza 1-4000. Mr. KELLMAN voluntarily appeared at the Dallas Office and advised that he wanted to furnish additional information to that given SA ARTHUR E. CARTER in an interview on November 27, 1963. He said that he had determined that WEISSMAN had received local telephone calls while attending sales meetings at the Carpet Company from a LARRY SCHNEIDER (who is listed as a reference of WEISSMAN on his application for employment with the Carpet Company).

Mr. KELLMAN said on Friday, November 22, 1963, WEISSMAN received a call from a person who identified himself as LARRY JONES, but this person's voice was believed by an unidentified witness to be identical with LARRY SCHNEIDER. This JONES told WEISSMAN they would meet at the same place where the "brothers meet for lunch." Mr. KELLMAN said he thought this information might have some significance; however, he was unable to explain it further.

Mr. KELLMAN advised that he has determined from a source whose identity he cannot divulge but one whom he believes to be reliable that Col. MAYO, who is connected with the Mutual of Omaha Insurance Company and present head of Civilian Defense in Dallas, Texas, knew about the ad in question several days before it was published, and he reiterated the fact that WEISSMAN paid $500.00 on the ad before it was published and paid the balance after publication, and he is still at a loss to know how he obtained this large amount of money. Mr. KELLMAN said that he had also learned that the complete ad was reproduced in The Worker bearing an advance date of December 1, 1963, on Page 6, and additional material is around the ad which covers a full page tabloid size.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm 691 Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/4/63

Mr. NORMAN SIEGEL, Manager, Carpet Engineers of Dallas, 2006 South Beckley, telephone WHitehall 3-7371, home telephone ADams 5-0607, advised that BERNARD D. WEISSMAN had answered an advertisement in the newspapers and had been employed by Carpet Engineers about November 6, 1963. SIEGEL stated that WEISSMAN had applied for a position as salesman for the firm and with him was WILLIAM M. BURLEY, who was likewise employed by the firm as a salesman. He understood that WEISSMAN and BURLEY had served in the United States Army together and had recently come from New York City. WEISSMAN and BURLEY worked for the Carpet Engineers up to, and including November 22, 1963, but did not report for work thereafter. SIEGEL said that as salesmen, they went out together on appointments but did not make any sales while working for the company. When WEISSMAN made application for a job, he requested that his phone number not be given out to anyone and SIEGEL said that he heard from someone, whose name he does not recall, that WEISSMAN was engaged in politics. WEISSMAN received telephone calls every day from a man who gave his name as LARRIE SCHMIDT. SIEGEL stated that to the best of his recollection, WEISSMAN was attending a sales meeting at 2006 South Beckley on November 22, 1963, from sometime in the morning until about 12:00 Noon. At noon on Friday, the men came out of the sales meeting and someone asked WEISSMAN if he had paid for the full page ad which had appeared in "The Dallas Morning News". WEISSMAN acknowledged that he had inserted and paid for the ad. SIEGEL did not know of any other income that WEISSMAN or BURLEY had but remembered that on that morning, WEISSMAN received a telephone call and when the operator told the caller that WEISSMAN was tied up in a conference, the individual left a message to the effect that LARRY JONES had called and wanted to meet him (WEISSMAN) where his brother hangs out for lunch. It was believed by SIEGEL that this was just a few minutes before President KENNEDY was assassinated and when the message was called to the attention of WEISSMAN, WEISSMAN said something like "Somebody is crazy, I don't know anyone named LARRY JONES".

It was SIEGEL's recollection that WEISSMAN attended all of the sales meeting on that date but he said that WILLIAM M. BURNEY did not come into the Carpet Engineers office on Beckley until about 2:00 PM on November 22, 1963. BURNEY did not attend

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent W. HARLAN BROWN & EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL/cah Date dictated 12/4/63

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the sales meeting that morning.

SIEGEL said that FRANK DiMARIA, the Sales Manager for Carpet Engineers of Dallas, had gone out to WEISSMAN's and BURNEY's apartment and picked up a kit which had been issued to them by the company. It was his recollection that DiMARIA had told him that WEISSMAN and BURNEY had 2 or 3 other people in the apartment when he came out and picked up the kit.

SIEGEL recalled that WEISSMAN listed employment with Great Books, 300 Madison Avenue, New York City, and requested the company not to check on this employment because he said he was still working for them and they owed him money. He said he was afraid he would not get his money if they knew he was employed elsewhere.

SIEGEL stated that he had no knowledge that either WEISSMAN or BURNEY were acquaintances of JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

SIEGEL made available verifax copies of WEISSMAN's application for employment which is dated November 6, 1963, and signed by WEISSMAN. WEISSMAN's Social Security Number is listed as 113-28-1879 and his residence shown as 4618 Reiger, Dallas, Texas. He was born November 1, 1937, and stated he was a United States citizen. His employer was listed as Carpet Engineers, Inc., 2006 Beckley, Dallas, Texas, and his position was salesman. He listed his marital status as married and stated that he held no interest in real estate. His personal property consisted of a 1957 Ford convertible automobile, valued at $675.00. There were no debts or liabilities listed and he said he did not have any private income. He said he had been in the costume jewelry business working on the party plan but had been drafted in the United States Army. WEISSMAN had never been bankrupt or insolvent according to his application, and had never been in arrears or default in a previous employment. The application showed that he had never been discharged from any position but had been bonded while employed by the Underwood-Olivetti Corporation, and the Great Books of the Western World. He did not know the names of the surety companies. He listed his wife as JANE WEISSMAN, Rural Free Delivery 4, Jefferson Valley, New York, and stated from June, 1956 to December, 1957, he was employed by the Nuclear Development Corporation, White Plains, New York, as a model and tool maker by Dr. A. E. SUROSKY.

He was terminated because of a layoff. In January 1957 to July, 1961, he was employed by the Jayne Williams Company, Inc. and American Sellers of Music, Inc. as President and Sales Manager, at 1108 Clinton Avenue, Irvington, New Jersey, and 160 Renner Avenue, Newark, New Jersey. He left this employment because he was drafted. He listed employment from June, 1960 to July, 1961 with the Underwood-Olivetti Corporation, Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey, as a sales supervisor, under FRANK SELLERS, Sales Manager, but was drafted. He served in the United States Army from August, 1961 to August, 1963, being discharged. From September, 1963, to October, 1963, he was employed by Great Books, 300 Madison Avenue, New York City, as district manager under ART GARDINER. He left this employment to re-locate in Dallas. He listed his military service discharge as being honorable, attaining the rank of Corporal, E-4, MPC (Military Police), Serial Number US 51474607. His references were LARRY SCHMIDT, insurance salesman, 5735 Gaston Avenue, Dallas, Texas, and SOL WEIL, President-Owner, Swiss Knitting Mills, 5 Stanwix Street, Brooklyn, New York.

He made an application again on November 6, 1963, listing the person to be notified in case of accident as HARRY WEISSMAN, 439 South Columbus Avenue, Mount Vernon, New York, telephone MO 4-6994. WEISSMAN signed an agreement on November 21, 1963, to pay Carpet Engineers, Inc., 345 North Cannon Drive, Beverly Hills, California, the sum of $300 for one complete kit and samples. He also signed a sales executive agreement which is in blank and not signed by the company. His Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate reflected that WEISSMAN had one dependent.

WILLIAM M. BURLEY likewise signed application for employment on November 6, 1963, with Carpet Engineers, Inc., listing his Social Security Number as 218-30-6968. He was married and had four persons to support. He gave references as LARRY SCHMIDT, 5735 Gaston, Dallas, and BERNARD MAIER, 6018 Eastern Avenue, Baltimore, phone ME 3-8095. In case of accident, MARY BURLEY, 724 East Morehead, Charlotte, North Carolina, phone ED 2-8410, was to be notified. His wife was listed as WINIFRED BURLEY, 7039 Conley Street, Baltimore, Maryland, phone 282-0454 and his

children were listed as BILL, DAVE and MELANIE. WILLIAM M. BURNEY served in the United States Army as a policeman at $122.50 per month from August, 1961, to August, 1963, and was discharged. From June, 1959, to August, 1961, he was employed by the Albright Boat Company, Pineville, North Carolina as sales manager at $200 per month. He left this employment because he was drafted. From September, 1958, to June, 1959, he received $150 per week while sales manager of the West Toledo Marine, Toledo, Ohio, leaving for a better position. From September, 1956, to September, 1958, he received $150 per week as district manager for the Trojan Boat Company, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, leaving there because of a pay cut. He worked for the Fuller Brush Company, Baltimore, Maryland, as a salesman at $125 per week from August, 1953, to August, 1958, leaving because he wanted to travel. In another application for a surety bond, to the Fidelity Insurance Company at 111 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, he stated his residence was 4618 Apartment 7, Reiger, Dallas, Texas. He was born July 17, 1935, and is a United States citizen. He listed his father's name as WILLIAM M. BURLEY, 729 East Morehead Street, Charlotte, North Carolina, and his mother, MARY M. BURLEY, of the same address. WINIFRED BURLEY, his wife, was listed as residing at 7039 Conley Street, Baltimore, Maryland. He likewise had filed an Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate and a sales application agreement which was in blank.

The verifax copies of the applications for employment, employees withholding exemption certificates, and sales executive agreements of BURLEY and WEISSMAN have been retained in this file.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/4/63

Mr. FRANK DiMARIA, Sales Manager, Carpet Engineers of Dallas, 2006 South Beckley, who resides at 2441 Connecticut Lane, advised that BERNARD WEISSMAN and WILLIAM M. BURNEY were formerly employed at Carpet Engineers, Inc. in Dallas for about 2 or 3 weeks. They worked through November 22, 1963, and did not show up for work thereafter. DiMARIA received word that WEISSMAN called the company headquarters and requested that the kit which had been issued to them in their sales work be picked up on Tuesday, November 26, 1963. DiMARIA stated that he went to 4618 Reiger Street where WEISSMAN and BURNEY were living together in an apartment there and picked up the kit which had been issued by the company. When he called for the kit, WILLIAM M. BURNEY was also present as was WEISSMAN, and a well dressed young man and his wife, and three other men. He estimated that all of these people were in their 20's. When DiMARIA talked to WEISSMAN, WEISSMAN wanted to know if anyone was looking for him. DiMARIA stated that this had reference to the full page ad which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News", which advertisement was signed by the American Fact Finding Committee with BERNARD WEISSMAN as chairman. When DiMARIA told them he did not know if they were looking for them, WEISSMAN stated that the ad was badly timed and that his organization wanted to kick themselves for putting the ad in the newspaper. WEISSMAN also added that he had a lot of money and power behind him. It was DiMARIA's belief that WEISSMAN had told him that he was going on vacation for about three weeks and that he was sorry he placed the ad in the newspaper.

WEISSMAN introduced DiMARIA to all persons present except BURNEY, whom he knew, but he did not remember the names. From the dress of the couple he described it as their being dressed college style and that they wore expensive clothing. DiMARIA saw some kind of a newspaper on a desk in the apartment, the newspaper being about tabloid size, but he does not recall the name of the newspaper. He only recalls that the newspaper on the desk had a picture of JOE STALIN with a uniform on and the area around STALIN's picture was shaded in some manner. He believed that the newspaper said something about "Workers Union" and he did not believe that it was a regular newspaper.

DiMARIA did not know of any income that either WEISSMAN or BURNEY had and did not know of any associates of BURNEY and

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents W. HARLAN BROWN & EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL/cab Date dictated 12/4/63

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WEISSMAN, except an individual named LARRIE SCHMIDT, who called him all the time.

He described WEISSMAN as folows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	27
Height	5'11½"
Weight	154
Hair	Black, thin in front
Complexion	Medium
Marital status	Separated
Dress	Well dressed, expensive shoes, always wore vest and business suits with New York cut
Automobile	Drives 1957 Ford convertible, yellow sides with top of doors and front hood white, black top, New York license plates

He described BURNEY as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	29
Height	5'11"
Weight	170
Hair	Black, combed straight back, thining
Complexion	Medium
Characteristics	Sharp features, thin nose, wears black born-rimmed glasses, narrow face

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/4/63

Mrs. MARGUERITE A. ROBERTS, manager of apartment house located at 4618 Reiger Street, who resides in Apartment 5 there, stated that WILLIAM M. BURLEY and BERNARD WEISSMAN came to her during the first part of November, 1963, and wanted to rent an apartment. She talked to BERNARD WEISSMAN, who told her that he and BURNEY had just been discharged from the United States Army and that they only had $100. WEISSMAN persuaded her to accept $62.50 for a two week period until one of them could get a job. She believed that this was on the night of November 5, 1963, and she recalled that WEISSMAN stated that they had been staying with friends on Gaston Avenue in Dallas.

She stated that on the afternoon of November 27, 1963, BERNARD WEISSMAN came to her between 4:00 and 5:00 PM, telling her that he had received a telegram calling him home to New York. He requested that she forward any mail for BURNEY or himself to General Delivery, New York City. She made available mail which had been received since the depature of WEISSMAN and BURNEY, including a card from RICHARD K. MARKS, Assistant Cashier, Republic National Bank, Dallas, which had been inserted in the door. The letters, all addressed to WILLIAM M. BURNEY, bear the following return addresses:

8632 Lawson #2
El Paso, Texas

Post Office Box 5715
Caramel, California

24 Rope Ferry Road
Waterford, Connecticut

The letter from El Paso appeared to be a personal letter, Mrs. ROBERTS stated, and the other two letters she said were probably advertising material. She did not know RICHARD K. MARKS of the Republic National Bank of Dallas and did not know why he had contacted them. She stated she had seen JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television and said that she had never seen either of them at the apartment of BURNEY and WEISSMAN and that she was not personally acquainted with either OSWALD or RUBY.

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents W. HARLAN BROWN & EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL/cah 339 Date dictated 12/4/63

EDK

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During conversations with WEISSMAN and BURNEY, Mrs. ROBERTS said that WEISSMAN always did the talking and BURNEY said very little.

She recalled that the mail which had come for BURNEY, had arrived on December 2, 1963, and that she was going to forward it to General Delivery, New York City.

She advised that on the morning of December 3, 1963, some advertising material had been received by BURNEY, addressed to 4618 Reiger Avenue, Apartment 7, Dallas, Texas, from Merlite Industries, 114 East 32nd Street, New York, New York.

Mrs. ROBERTS stated that they drove a reddish yellow Fairlane convertible with a black top bearing New York license plate WH 2815. She said that on one occasion she saw the full page advertisement appearing in "The Dallas Morning News" signed by the American Fact Finding Committee, BERNARD WEISSMAN, Chairman, and she asked WEISSMAN if he had placed that in the paper. WEISSMAN stated that he had placed the ad but stated that he had been questioned and had been released as his questioners had nothing on him. Mrs. ROBERTS did not know who the questioners were, if in fact, WEISSMAN had been questioned.

Mrs. ROBERTS said when they were leaving the apartment, WEISSMAN told her that he had received a telegram on Wednesday morning about 2:00 AM, that being November 27, 1963, and that as a result, they were going home. They left some bedding and other material there. WEISSMAN stated that BERNIE SMITH would come and pick it up. She said it was not until Friday morning, November 29, 1963, that BERNIE SMITH came to her apartment and picked up the belongings of BURNEY and WEISSMAN, which had been taken out of Apartment 7, which they occupied and placed in the storeroom. She remembered that they had a big beer dispenser and keg inside of it and some papers

Mrs. ROBERTS advised she obtained the license number of BERNIE SMITH's car which bore Texas license NY 8889. She stated that an individual called her number on Monday night, November 25, 1963, stating she was Mrs. SMITH and requested that

BERNIE, meaning BERNARD WEISSMAN, called her at EM 8-4244 between 6:00 and 6:30 PM. Mrs. ROBERTS called this number and the people acknowledged being named SMITH but claimed they did not know WEISSMAN. She said that the Dallas Criss Cross Directory reflects that this number is listed in the name JOHN R. SMITH, 6731 Norway in Dallas.

Mrs. ROBERTS noted on some of the papers in the apartment, when she cleaned up, was the address 5735 Gaston. WEISSMAN and BURNEY had some pamphlets in the apartment concerning politics, one book being by Senator TOWER which BERNIE SMITH picked up when he called for their belongings.

She recalled that on about November 15, 1963, someone called her in an attempt to contact WEISSMAN and the caller indicated that WEISSMAN was to attend a Southern Methodist University rally and someone was to pick him up.

Mrs. ROBERTS said she did not know where either of them worked and stated that BERNIE SMITH was much younger than WEISSMAN and BURNEY and could have been a college student.

Mrs. ROBERTS stated that WEISSMAN and BURNEY had two telephones in the apartment, one in one room and one in another. She did not know whether it was one telephone with an extension or whether they had had two telephones installed. She said it was mysterious to her when the telephone was taken out because no one appeared at her apartment to ask her for admittance to the apartment and she therefore did not know when the telephone was disconnected. She said they did not put up a deposit on the apartment.

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DL 89-43
EDK:BJD

RICHARD K. MARKS, Assistant Cashier, Republic National Bank, Dallas, Texas, on December 3, 1963, advised SAs W. HARLAN BROWN and EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL that he met BERNARD WEISSMAN and WILLIAM M. BURLEY on about November 12, 1963, when BURLEY was at the Republic National Bank considering opening a bank account. He understood WEISSMAN was only there with BURLEY and was not engaged in any business transaction himself although WEISSMAN was heard to remark that he might want to open an account later at that bank. BURLEY told Mr. MARKS on about November 26, 1963, that he thought the check he has used in opening his account at the bank might possibly be returned because of insufficient funds; that his father might not have enough funds in his account in North Carolina to cover same.

Mr. MARKS understood that BURLEY and WEISSMAN were in the armed forces together and were good friends. He believes they are both friends of one LARRIE H. SCHMIDT, an employee of Mutual of New York, Dallas, Texas. He believes SCHMIDT would know a great deal about BERNARD WEISSMAN's background and activities. He said SCHMIDT is a "right winger" and has been very outspoken in his thinking as a "right winger". He said SCHMIDT is a friend of WARREN CARROLL, 4326 Mc Kinney Avenue, Dallas, a writer employed by "Lifeline", an enterprize believed controlled by H. L. HUNT, a wealthy Dallas oil man.

Mr. MARKS said LARRIE SCHMIDT on December 3, 1963, told him that he thought BURLEY had gone to South Texas "for the holidays" and presumed WEISSMAN may have gone with him.

Mr. MARKS stated he has no information indicating WEISSMAN and BURLEY are affiliated with any specific organizations. Mr. MARKS does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY and has no information that would indicate any association between WEISSMAN and BURLEY with either OSWALD or RUBY.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 12/5/63

Records of the Republic National Bank, Dallas, Texas, reflect WILLIAM M. BURIEY, 4611 Roger, Apartment 7, Dallas, Texas, opened an account there, number 69-304-9 on November 12, 1963. He listed his occupation as with Garret Engineers of Dallas, 2006 South Beckley, Dallas. He listed a bank reference as Maryland Trust Company, Highland Town Branch, Baltimore, Maryland. This account was opened with a $50 check dated November 2, 1963, drawn on the Wachovia Bank and Trust Company, Greensboro, North Carolina, account number 9-205-988. The check was signed "WILLIAM M. BURIEY" and was made payable to "WILLIAM M. BURIEY" on personalized check form bearing the printing "WILLIAM M. BURIEY, Box 1435, Greensboro, North Carolina". This check has been sent through bank channels for collection and has been returned both times marked "insufficient funds".

On November 26, 1963, an "official check" (same as cashier's check) in the amount of $50.00, drawn on the Wachovia Bank and Trust Company, Greensboro, North Carolina, dated November 22, 1963, was cashed by the Republic National Bank, Dallas. That check bears a rubber stamp impression showing the teller's initials as R.C. who cashed that check. The check was payable to WILLIAM M. BURIEY. Cash was given for that check and it was not deposited to BURIEY's account at the Republic National Bank. The $50.00 check that BURIEY used in opening the account at the Republic National Bank as of December 3, 1963, remained in possession of the Republic National Bank without being paid by the bank on which it was drawn.

The Republic National Bank received a letter dated November 22, 1963, from I. B. MERRIMAN, JR., Manager, Credit Department, Maryland National Bank, Baltimore, Maryland, advising WILLIAM M. BURIEY had a noninterest bearing checking account at that bank from July, 1960 to April, 1961, which as of November 22, 1963, was a closed account. That letter was in reply to inquiry by the Republic National Bank.

LARRIE H. SCHMIDT, 4015 Simpson, Apartment 19, Dallas, an insurance salesman employed by Mutual of New York, 2505 Turtle Creek Boulevard, Dallas, opened a checking account at the Republic National Bank, Dallas, on June 18, 1963.

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agents W. HARLAN BROWN/WHB
EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL/EDK Date dictated 12/5/63

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WARREN H. CARROLL, 4326 Mc Kinney Avenue, Dallas, (business and residence address) on June 19, 1963, opened a checking account at the Republic National Bank, Dallas. He listed as his occupation: "Write, H. L. Hunt".

The above can be utilized only upon issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to JAMES S. COOK, Cashier, Republic National Bank, Dallas, Texas.

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Date 12/5/63

Mr. RUSSELL G. [illegible], [illegible], 1602 Kirby Building, advised that Mr. GERALD KELLMAN, American Jewish Committee, Institute of Human Relations, had given the Dallas FBI Office most of the information he had concerning the advertisement which had appeared in the "Dallas Morning News" of November 22, 1963. This ad was signed by BERNARD WEISSMAN, purporting to represent The American Fact Finding Committee, as Chairman.

He said that he had received information from informants to the effect that Colonel MATO, who is head of the local Civil Defense in Dallas, Texas, had seen the advertisement which had appeared in the "Dallas Morning News" before it was published in that newspaper. Mr. GINSBERG declined to identify his informants but said that he is convinced that the persons responsible for placing the ad in the newspaper used the name of a young Jewish boy who had just come to Dallas and that it was his belief that The American Fact Finding Committee was a name only and there was no such organization. He said he would not divulge the name of his informants and that this was a surmise on his part but that he understood that the people connected with the National Indignation Convention in Dallas, which had protested Yugoslav officer training in the United States, people connected with General EDWIN WALKER, and the John Birch Society were responsible for raising the funds for the full page ad in the "Dallas Morning News." He said that he surmised that some of the officials of the "Dallas Morning News" had read and approved the publication of this advertisement when it was submitted to that newspaper. He also surmised that the ad had no actual connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY, nor did it pertain to the murder of OSWALD by JACK RUBY.

Mr. GINSBERG, who is a former law partner of U. S. Attorney BAREFOOT SANDERS, advised that RONNIE DUGGER, a reporter, is currently serving as a correspondent for the "Washington Post" and was going to write an article concerning the placing of this advertisement in the "Dallas Morning News."

Mr. GINSBERG stated that BERNARD WEISSMAN had left Dallas and he did not know his whereabouts. He believed that

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on 12/4/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent W. HARLAN BROWN /jeg Date dictated 12/5/63

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the advertisement was the result of an atmosphere created in Dallas, giving respectability to persons who believed in the extreme right. He said that he did not question their ability to say what they believed, but he did question the right of these individuals to be considered respectable by propounding such views.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/27/63

Mrs. DICK HITT advised she received a telephone call from a woman who refused to furnish her name and stated she was calling for BERNARD WISEMAN and that she was WISEMAN's secretary. The woman stated since Mrs. HITT was the wife of DICK HITT who has a daily column in the Dallas Times Herald she wanted Mr. and Mrs. HITT to start a campaign in Mr. HITT's column to deport Mrs. OSWALD and the children, and a campaign should also be started to ban Mrs. OSWALD and the children from society in the Dallas area. The woman stated that a committee should be formed to burn the home of the PAINEs with whom Mrs. OSWALD is residing. The woman asked Mrs. HITT if she would sign a petition to aid RUBY in his trial which would be held in the near future for the shooting of OSWALD. Mrs. HITT advised the last comment made by the woman was to the effect that Mrs. OSWALD should be done away with.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES C. KENNEDY & W. H. GRIFFIN/cv Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

1

STANLEY MARCUS, Neiman-Marcus, Dallas, Texas, advised that he was in New York on November 22, 1963, and had been there for several days. He received a full page advertisement from the Dallas Morning News of November 22, 1963, while he was in New York on November 23, 1963, and at that time called Dallas and gave instructions to an employee of his who is also active in the American Jewish Committee to determine who was responsible for the full page advertisement which was attributed to the American Fact-Finding Committee, BERNARD WEISSMAN, Chairman. He stated this employee determined that WEISSMAN was an itinerant rug peddler who had been in Dallas only a short period, and facts were developed indicating the probable origin of the funds paying for the advertisement, at which point Mr. MARCUS instructed this employee to make the information available to the FBI.

Mr. MARCUS stated at the time of the assassination and immediately following this when he saw the advertisement, he thought there was some possible connection between the advertisement and the person or persons responsible for the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, although in the light of further developments he does not now have this opinion.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM/gm Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 **

Date 12/6/63

Mrs. WILLIAM MILTON BURLEY, III, who is also known as Mrs. WINIFRED BURLEY, 7039 Conley Street, Baltimore, Maryland, advised as follows:

She met WILLIAM MILTON BURLEY, III, 7 years ago in Baltimore. They were married in Denton, Maryland in 1957. After their marriage they lived with his parents for approximately 3 months in Baltimore, Maryland and then moved to Toledo, Ohio where they resided for approximately two years. They then moved to Charlotte, North Carolina where they resided for approximately one year and then returned to Baltimore, Maryland. She has since resided in Baltimore, Maryland and is now living at 7039 Conley Street with her four children.

BURLEY entered military service while they resided in Charlotte, North Carolina. She did not reside with him during his Army service. He was released from the military service on August 7, 1963 after returning to the United States from Germany. They lived together in Baltimore from the time of his discharge from the Army until the end of September, 1963, at which time they spearated. They are not legally separated and she is contemplating instituting divorce proceedings.

After their separation at the end of September, BURLEY lived in Baltimore but she did not know his address. From time to time he did call her or visit her and the children at her home.

Approximately four to six weeks ago BURLEY informed her that he was going to Dallas, Texas to look for work. He also informed her that he intended to visit his mother in North Carolina for a short period of time enroute to Dallas.

She could not recall the exact date he left Baltimore but recalled that he visited her and the children the night before his departure from Baltimore. The weekend before this departure he informed her that he had visited an unidentified friend in New York City. He also informed her that he was going to Dallas, Texas with "some guy" and that she believed this individual came from New York to Baltimore and drove her husband to Dallas, Texas.

On 12/5/63 at Baltimore, Maryland File # BA 89-30

by SA MARION M. WRIGHT & SA JOHN F. HANSON:mgl 708 Date dictated 12/6/63

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She received a letter from him postmarked November 8, 1963. He informed her in this letter that he had just arrived in Dallas, Texas and was residing at 4618 Reiger Street, Dallas, Texas. She stated that he also informed her in the letter that he was looking for work and apparently intended to remain in Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. BURLEY further related that during the time her husband lived with her in Baltimore after his military service he worked for one or two months as a salesman for the Beltone Hearing Aid Company in Baltimore. She stated that the remainder of the time he was looking for employment but to her knowledge did not have any other job. She stated that he is a graduate of Patterson Park High School in Baltimore and also attended junior college in Baltimore prior to military service. She added that prior to his military service he has held various jobs in Baltimore, Maryland, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, Toledo, Ohio and Pineville, North Carolina. She stated that he did not have any close friends to her knowledge while in the military service and has never identified any such acquaintances to her. She added that he had one close friend in Baltimore by the name of BERNIE MEYERS. She stated that MEYERS apparently attended high school with her husband and they have since remained close friends. She claimed not to know MEYERS very well and did not know where he resided in Baltimore other than some where on Eastern Avenue.

Mrs. BURLEY further commented that she has never known her husband to have been a member of any organization and did not know his political views. She stated that he had never discussed such matters with her and in fact impressed her that he was never interested in any particular political movement or ideas. She added that her husband had never expressed his feelings toward the President of the United States or the current administration. She added that her husband to her knowledge has never been arrested and has never impressed her as being a violent type.

Mrs. BURLEY stated that she did not know why her husband chose Dallas as a place to move and look for work and had never heard him mention knowing any in that city. She stated that her husband has never identified any of his acquaintances other than BERNIE MEYERS and she could not furnish any additional pertinent information.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 12/5/63

LARRIE HENRY SCHMIDT, [illegible], Apartment E, Dallas, Texas, advised that he is employed as an insurance salesman by Mutual of New York, 2505 Turtle Creek Boulevard, Dallas. He advised that BERNARD WEISSMAN and WILLIAM M. BURLEY are two friends of his who served in the U. S. Army with him at Munich, Germany, during 1962. All three then were attached to the Headquarters, Southern Area Command, U. S. Army, at Munich. They spoke then about Dallas and how well he, SCHMIDT, liked Dallas. BURLEY and WEISSMAN said then they would like to come to Dallas and at least visit SCHMIDT there after they got out of service. SCHMIDT originally resided at Lincoln, Nebraska. SCHMIDT entered the Army in 1954 and was discharged in 1957 as an enlisted man. He then worked for a while in 1959 as editor of the Culver City Citizen, Culver City, California. After that he again served in the U. S. Army from 1959 to October, 1962. SCHMIDT has resided in Dallas since October, 1962. He has on occasions corresponded with his friend, BERNARD WEISSMAN who after being released from the Army in about August, 1963, resided at Mt. Vernon, New York. Recently WEISSMAN and his wife separated and WEISSMAN decided to come to Dallas more or less toward seeking a new location because of his domestic difficulties and pending divorce proceedings. WEISSMAN, accompanied by WILLIAM BURLEY, arrived in Dallas around the first of November, 1963. WEISSMAN had been employed as a salesman at or near Mt. Vernon, New York. His permanent home address was 439 South Columbus Avenue, Mt. Vernon, New York, c/o his father, name unknown.

He said that he (SCHMIDT) at about the time BERNARD WEISSMAN and BURLEY arrived in Dallas, conceived the idea of placing an advertisement in a newspaper pertaining to President KENNEDY's visit to Dallas on November 22, 1963. He exhibited a newspaper clipping entitled "'Riot' Tag Denied by Demonstrator" which article had appeared in the "Dallas Times Herald", Dallas, Texas, October 27, 1963.

He said that article pertained to a demonstration put on by college students when ADLAI STEVENSON, United Nations Ambassador, visited in Dallas shortly before that date. The article identified himself as the leader of the collegiate demonstrators. SCHMIDT said he had told the "Dallas Times Herald" that the 14 students participating in that demonstration

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on 12/3/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agents W. HARLAN BROWN and EDWIN D. KUYKENDALL/BJD Date dictated 12/5/63

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were from the University of Dallas, Irving, Texas. He said these students did some picketing at the time of ADLAI STEVENSON's appearance in Dallas but these students were not the ones who struck or "spat" upon STEVENSON at that time. SCHMIDT said the students were only picketing in an orderly manner. SCHMIDT said he himself is not a student.

SCHMIDT described himself as a "conservative" and felt that no demonstration such as picketing should be given at an appearance of a President of the United States but he felt that some type of activity should be engaged in which would indicate disapproval of President KENNEDY's policies. He therefore conceived the idea of inserting an ad in the newspaper instead of engaging in any other type of a demonstration. He first considered placing his own name in the ad. BERNARD WEISSMAN appeared in Dallas at about the time he was thinking about this ad. He said BERNARD WEISSMAN is a "good conservative" and is of the Jewish Faith. SCHMIDT said on numerous occasions "anti-Semitism charges" had been made against "conservatives" and he thought the use of BERNARD WEISSMAN's name in the ad would to some extent counteract the anti-Semitism charges that had been leveled against "conservatives". He believed the appearance of the name of a person of the Jewish faith in such an ad might attract persons of that faith to reply to the ad. Also SCHMIDT said he was interested in finding out if replies would prove "left wing" persons are just as anti-Semitic as persons in the "right wing". It was decided, therefore, that BERNARD WEISSMAN's name with his permission would be placed in the ad. He said the ad was written as if an organization known as The American Fact Finding Committee had inserted it with BERNARD WEISSMAN being shown as its chairman. SCHMIDT said that there is no such organization as The American Fact Finding Committee; that it is simply a name thought of by him for this advertisement. He said no organization participated in the preparation or placing of this ad in the "Dallas Morning News" which appeared on November 22, 1963. He said it was written by himself at his apartment at 5735 Gaston and was assisted some in its preparation by JOSEPH P. GRINNAN, 4640 Southern, Dallas, an independent oil man who has an office in the Wilson Building, Dallas. He said he began writing this advertisement by himself about a week before it was taken.

to the "Dallas Morning News"; that he and GRINNAN took it to the "Dallas Morning News" four or five days before the ad appeared. The ad cost $1463. The funds to pay for same were solicited by Mr. GRINNAN from prominent Dallas businessmen. That amount of money was said to have been contributed by five or six prominent Dallas businessmen whose names he does not know. He denied that any organization backed this ad and said it was handled by himself and GRINNAN only as individuals.

SCHMIDT stated Post Office Box 1792, Dallas 21, Texas, was rented by BERNARD WEISSMAN one or two days before the ad was placed. SCHMIDT said it was felt there was a "great basis for the ad" but said the ad would never have been placed had they known what they know now. He said "conservatives" are not pro-KENNEDY but certainly they did not wish him any personal harm. He said he and GRINNAN wanted to place tough questions in the ad in order to put President KENNEDY on the spot regarding such questions, but certainly there was no desire to cause him any physical harm.

SCHMIDT said WEISSMAN and BURNEY did not come to Dallas specifically in connection with the placing of this ad and in fact had nothing to do with the ad until after they had arrived in Dallas. SCHMIDT said he and JOSEPH P. GRINNAN are both members of the John Birch Society but their activities in connection with this ad were solely as individuals. SCHMIDT does not know if GRINNAN is affiliated with any other organizations but knows of none. SCHMIDT said he (SCHMIDT) also is a member of Young Americans for Freedom, which has headquarters at Washington, D.C., Post Office Box 1731. He identified it as a national "conservative" organization, the primary function of which is to inform and interest young persons of high school and college age concerning "conservative" politics. He said by "conservative" he means conservation of the United States Constitution and Bill of Rights; preservation of our freedoms and our traditional way of life; and preservation of individual responsibilities rather than collective responsibilities.

He said President KENNEDY has put it beautifully as "not what your country can do for you but what you can do for it", and further defining the word "conservative" he said responsibility should start with the individual and be retained on a family or local level as opposed to the "big brother" aspect of "welfare state at the Federal Government level". SCHMIDT identified the John Birch Society as a patriotic organization, the basic function of which is to fight Communism by informing people of the threat of Communism at the grass roots level.

SCHMIDT stated WEISSMAN and BURLEY left Dallas on November 27, 1963, and as of the time of this interview were supposed to be in El Paso, Texas, visiting BURLEY's brother, full name unknown. He said BURLEY has in the past resided at Baltimore, Maryland. They left Dallas because the reaction to the advertisement bearing WEISSMAN's name was far greater with the assassination of President KENNEDY than it would have been otherwise. He said WEISSMAN was employed by Carpet Engineers of Dallas but lost his job there. The Jewish Welfare Committee in Dallas was trying desperately to find WEISSMAN and numerous other persons were trying to get in touch with him. He said BERNARD obtained the mail from Post Office Box 1792, Dallas, the first time after the ad appeared and found 25 correspondents who favored the ad and 27 who opposed the ad. SCHMIDT said those favoring the ad were written prior to the time of President KENNEDY's assassination and those opposing were written subsequent to the assassination. The second time WEISSMAN obtained the mail from that Post Office box a large man wearing a "ten gallon hat" appeared to be waiting for him and tried to follow him from the Post Office. He said WEISSMAN did not know the man's identity. He said BERNARD told him "if there are the kind of "nuts" on the other side who don't hesitate to attack and kill the President of the United States, there are some who wouldn't hesitate to do the same to me". SCHMIDT said WEISSMAN being afraid of possible physical harm to himself left Dallas. SCHMIDT recalled WEISSMAN also had been interviewed by a representative of the "Dallas Morning News" on November 23 following which an article appeared in that newspaper on November 24, concerning that interview with WEISSMAN.

SCHMIDT stated he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY. He further stated that BERNARD WEISSMAN, WILLIAM BURLEY and JOSEPH P. GRINNAN do not know either OSWALD or RUBY so far as he knows.

Identifying data pertaining to Mrs. LARRIE HENRY V. SCHMIDT as obtained by interview and observation is as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Birth	December 29, 1936 Oakland, California
Height	About 5'8"
Weight	165 lbs.
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Complexion	Medium
Marital status	Married
Relatives	Father, REUBEN SCHMIDT, died 1958; Mother, LUCILLE SCHMIDT, nee STALL, died 1937; (Parents prior to death resided at 345 F Street, Lincoln, Nebraska) Wife, BARBARA KAY ORR SCHMIDT, 5735 Gaston, Apartment E, Dallas.

FD-302 (Rev 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/5/63

BERNARD WILLIAM WEISSMAN, 439 South Columbus Avenue, Mount Vernon, New York, was advised of the identities of the interviewing Special Agents, that he did not have to make any statement, that any statement he did make could be used in a court of law, and that he had the right to consult an attorney. WEISSMAN indiciated he understood this and stated he desired to cooperate fully.

WEISSMAN advised that he first met LARRIE SCHMIDT while both were serving in the United States Army in Germany in August, 1962. SCHMIDT had formed an organization called Conservatism U.S.A. (CUSA). The membership of this organization consisted of individuals at that time in the Armed Services.

After WEISSMAN's discharge from the United States Army, he maintained contact with SCHMIDT and WILLIAM BURLEY, another individual whom he had met while in the United States Army.

According to WEISSMAN, SCHMIDT, BURLEY, and himself had made long range plans to utilize their conservative political convictions to further their chances in the business world. SCHMIDT called WEISSMAN from Dallas, Texas, in the early morning of the day after ADLAI STEVENSON, United States Ambassador to the United Nations, had been assaulted by pickets in Dallas, Texas. At that time, SCHMIDT urged WEISSMAN to come to Dallas for business purposes. SCHMIDT also commented concerning the assault of Ambassador STEVENSON, stating that he had organized some of the picketing, but that he was not responsible for the assault.

WEISSMAN furnished the following handwritten letter, which was received by WEISSMAN from LARRIE SCHMIDT on November 1, 1963:

On 12/5/63 at New York Office, FBI File # DL 89-43 NY 89-75

by SAS MARTIN R. GREALY & GERALD P. REIDY/mae Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date _____

DL 89-43
NY 89-75

"Dallas, Texas
Oct. 29, 1963

Dear BERNIE & BILL:

To much has happened in the past few days. I don't know where to begin. First of all, what appeared at first to have been a great blunder of ours has rapidly turned into a great victory. I refer to STEVENSON incident.

You must understand, that I personally had nothing to do with the sign-hitting and spitting incidents. Secondly, the press reports were so outrageously exaggerated it is unbelievable. This, plus the fact our mayor and City Council have issued an official apology on behalf of Dallas, has aroused the scorn and anger of all Dallasites, the overwhelming majority of whom are right wingers.

The ultra liberals of Dallas, led by STANLEY MARCUS of Neiman-Marcus went too far in pressuring for denunciation of "extremists" and "Fascists" in Dallas. As a result, a bomb has exploded everywhere here against them. This town is a battleground and that is no joke. Never before have Dallas conservatives from the GOP to the John Birch Society ever been so strongly united.

And, in the middle of it is myself. Thus far, I am the only organizer of the demonstration to have publicly identified himself. I have been interviewed by UPI, AP, the two local daily newspapers, TV stations, CBS, and local radio. I am a hero to the right -- a stormtrooper to the left.

I have been beseiged by calls, some threatening my life. It is both hell and fun, but not at the same time.

All details when you arrive. In any event, due to this international incident, I have become, overnight, a "fearless spokesman" and "leader" of the right wing

On _____ at _____ File # _____

by _____ Date dictated _____

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in Dallas. What I worked so hard for in one year -- and nearly failed -- finally came through one incident, in one night!

Politically, CUSA is set. It is now up to you two to get Ambus going. We need Ambus financing bad. Have arranged for you to meet and talk with many people. Jop opportunities set up -- so are business opportunities, such as DuCharme Club. Again, I promise nothing. What you achieve is up to you. All I can do is pave the way.

You shall find it all interesting!

Your friend,

LARRIE"

In answer to this letter, WEISSMAN and BURLEY left in WEISSMAN's automobile from Mount Vernon, New York, on November 2, 1963, and arrived in Dallas, Texas, on November 4, 1963. WEISSMAN stated that the main purpose of his trip to Dallas was to participate with BURLEY and SCHMIDT in a business enterprise entitled "Ambus", which WEISSMAN described as a holding company to oversee business interests that these three individuals intended to operate. The first business operation that they intended to operate was the DuCharme Club located on Haskell Avenue, Dallas, Texas. However, according to WEISSMAN, when they first personally inspected the DuCharme Club they felt that it was not worth their efforts to go into the operation further.

WEISSMAN also stated that his secondary purpose for going to Dallas, Texas, was political, that is, he decided that this would be the proper area for him to get started in Conservative politics. WEISSMAN described himself as a Conservative on international issues, but a Liberal on national issues. By this, he explained that he was very much in favor of integration and civil rights and other programs which he associated with the Liberal groups in the United States, but that with regard

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to international dealings of the United States, he considered himself more closely associated with the Conservative outlook.

WEISSMAN freely admitted that he had sought to use his political connections to further his business opportunities.

Upon his arrival in Dallas, WEISSMAN and BURLEY met with SCHMIDT, and SCHMIDT again informed them that he, SCHMIDT, had organized twelve Dallas college students in a protest against Ambassador STEVENSON, but again denied any responsibility for the assault on Ambassador STEVENSON.

Upon the decision not to go any further with the DuCharme Club, WEISSMAN obtained a job as a salesman with Carpet Engineers of Dallas. He stated that he received no salary or commission for the time he was employed by the Carpet Engineers. His sole means of subsistence was $200 that he brought with him to Dallas, and the occasional use of a credit card of SCHMIDT's to buy necessary items for his apartment at 4618 Reiger Street, Dallas, Texas.

WEISSMAN stated that SCHMIDT discussed the Conservative group activity in Dallas, Texas, and stated that they should do something for the then pending arrival of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. SCHMIDT decided that a demonstration against President KENNEDY would not be in order, and therefore the only thing that they could do would be to place an ad in one of the Dallas newspapers indicating disapproval of President KENNEDY's policies. SCHMIDT was the individual who drew up the format of the advertisement which appeared in the Dallas Morning News, Friday, November 22, 1963. WEISSMAN identified an autostat of this article as the article in question.

WEISSMAN stated that the one quarter inch black border which appeared on this advertisement was his, WEISSMAN's, idea and was merely done for the purpose of

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attracting attention to the ad and for no other purpose. He stated in view of the subsequent events, he very deeply regretted this decision concerning the black border. He also stated that the American Fact-Finding Committee does not actually exist, and that it was a name made up by LARRIE SCHMIDT and JOSEPH GRINNAN, whom he described as an independent oil man.

The decision to use WEISSMAN's name was made by WEISSMAN and by SCHMIDT in order to offset anti-Semetic charges made by several people against the Conservative movement in Dallas, Texas.

WEISSMAN stated he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and to his knowledge never met OSWALD. He also stated he never met nor did he know JACK RUBY. With respect to OSWALD, he advised that his mother, Mrs. LILLIAN WEISSMAN, has advised him that OSWALD at one time resided at 1061 Sheridan Avenue, Bronx, New York. WEISSMAN pointed out that he, at one time, resided at 1063 Grant Avenue, Bronx, New York, which WEISSMAN described as being only a few blocks from the Sheridan Avenue address. He again stated he had never met OSWALD. WEISSMAN advised that he left Dallas, Texas, on November 27, 1963, by automobile and arrived in New York City the night of November 29, 1963.

WEISSMAN advised that he would be available for recontact at any time, and would be most desirous of cooperating fully.

The following is a description of WEISSMAN:

Name	BERNARD WILLIAM WEISSMAN, also known as BERNIE WEISSMAN
Sex	Male
Race	White
Date of Birth	November 1, 1937
Place	Bronx, New York
Height	5'11"
Weight	154 pounds
Build	Slender

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3)-68)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date _____

DL 89-43
NY 89-75

Hair	Dark brown
Eyes	Brown
Complexion	Fair
Residence	439 South Columbus Avenue, Mount Vernon, New York
Telephone	914-MO 4-6994
Employment	Not presently employed, but stated he intends to file an application for patrolman of the New York City Police Department on December 5, 1963
Marital Status	Married to JANE BYRNES WEISSMAN, presently separated and contemplating divorce
Father	HARRY WEISSMAN 439 South Columbus Avenue, Mount Vernon, New York
Mother	LILLIAN WEISSMAN, 1063 Grant Avenue
Brothers	JACK WEISSMAN, age 18; residing at Grant Avenue address
	JOE WEISSMAN, age 27, married, two children, residing 160 Renner Avenue, Newark, New Jersey
Military Service	United States Army, Military Police Corps, from August, 1961, to August, 1963, honorably discharged as Private First Class
Army Serial Number	US 51474609; reserve status - presently in unassigned reserve
Draft Board	Local Board Number 10, Lincoln Building, 3rd Floor, 100 Stevens Avenue, Mount Vernon, New York
Selective Service Number	30 10 37 1100; exhibited notice from Local Board Number 10, reflecting he had been classified 4A as of September 24, 1963.

On _____ at _____ File # _____

by _____ Date dictated _____

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Date _____

DL 89-43
NY 89-75

Social Security Number	113-28-1879
Driver's License	Exhibited New Jersey driver's license number 4541979 made out to BERNARD WEISSMAN, 1500 Bergen Boulevard, Fort Lee, New Jersey. This license expires January, 1965. WEISSMAN explained that this address was his residence when he was living with his wife.
Further identification	WEISSMAN exhibited a First National City Bank Preferred Credit identification card, indicating account number C41-17097-503

On _____ at _____ File # _____

by _____ Date dictated _____

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HO 62-2115
ED:ms

RE: DAVID McFADDEN WHITNEY

On November 27, 1963, CARL KREAMER, United Staes Navy Department, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, reported he had learned of statements allegedly made to one JEAN DAVIS of Cedar Rapi... Iowa, by her boyfriend, one DAVID WHITNEY of Houston, Texas. KREAMER reported WHITNEY was alleged to have said he thought President KENNEDY should not make a trip to Dallas, Texas. It was further alleged that after the assassination, WHITNEY had contacted JEAN DAVIS and had requested that she destroy his letter containing these remarks.

When interviewed at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, on November 27, 1963, NORMA JEAN DAVIS, an employee of Collins Radio Corporation, denied having made the statements concerning WHITNEY. She stated WHITNEY told her he was a member of the John Birch Society, and WHITNEY told her in a telephone conversation several weeks before the assassination that he hoped the president would not come to Texas. She stated WHITNEY had never written her regarding the presidential visit to Texas, had never indicated he hoped harm would come to the president and had never requested her to destroy any letters.

The following investigation was conducted on November 29, 1963, by SA EDWIN DALRYMPLE:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS

Mrs. E. A. BIGBEE, St. Regis Apartments, 8271 Stone, advised that DAVID WHITNEY rented an apartment at that location in August, 1963, and had apparently come to Houston from Miami, Florida. Mrs. BIGBEE stated WHITNEY was employed as a chemist by one of the oil companies.

Mrs. BIGBEE further stated that MICHAEL SCHNEIDER, another tenant, whom she greatly admired, had reported to her statements made by WHITNEY shortly after the president was

assassinated. She said SCHNEIDER was present when WHITNEY stated that President KENNEDY "got just what he deserved." Mrs. BIGBEE stated that SCHNEIDER had been incensed by this remark of WHITNEY's and had resolved never to speak to WHITNEY again.

DAVID McFADDEN WHITNEY, 8271 Stone Street, was interviewed at the Shell Chemical Company, Deer Park, Texas, where he is employed as a chemist. WHITNEY stated he was born May 7, 1940, at Taylorville, Illinois, and his father, JAMES P. WHITNEY, presently resides at 900 West Main Street, Taylorville, Illinois. WHITNEY received a Bachelor of Science Degree from the Virginia Military Institute (VMI) in June, 1962, and did graduate work at the University of Miami, Miami, Florida, from September 1962, until June, 1963. He came to Houston, Texas, in June, 1963, to accept employment with the Shell Chemical Corporation. He resides at 113 North Tatar Street, Pasadena, Texas, from June, 1963, until August, 1963. WHITNEY stated he completed ROTC training at VMI, has been commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the United States Army and expects to go on active duty with the United States Army in June, 1964.

WHITNEY stated JEAN DAVIS of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is a friend with whom he corresponds. WHITNEY recalled that he once told Miss DAVIS that President KENNEDY should not visit Texas. WHITNEY denied making any statement to the effect that President KENNEDY would not visit Texas if he knew something that WHITNEY knew. Concerning his admitted statement, WHITNEY explained that he did not intend to imply that President KENNEDY would be harmed while in Texas but was merely expressing his disapproval of what he considered a political trip being made at the expense of the tax payers. WHITNEY stated the last letter he wrote JEAN DAVIS was before the assassination, and he denied he had communicated with DAVIS or attempted to do so in any manner since the assassination. WHITNEY stated the last letter he wrote DAVIS was written at about 3:00 in the morning, and he stated he could

not recall anything about the contents of this letter. WHITNEY denied ever requesting Miss DAVIS to destroy any letter he had written her.

WHITNEY stated he is a member of the John Birch Society. He related that he possessed no knowledge whatever concerning the persons connected with the assassination of President KENNEDY concerning the actual assassination itself or any plans for the assassination. He stated he had never heard anyone in or out of the John Birch Society make any statement to the effect that money was being raised to bring about the assassination. WHITNEY stated that while he strongly opposed the Kennedy Administration, he considers himself a very religious man. He felt the assassination was a terrible thing for the United States and that he could never approve any murder of anyone under any circumstances.

WHITNEY was asked whether he had made a statement immediately after the assassination to the effect that President KENNEDY "got what he deserved." WHITNEY admitted making this statement. When asked to explain how he could justify this statement if he opposed murder on moral grounds, WHITNEY at first attributed this statement to his opinion that President KENNEDY was responsible for the recent murders of political leaders in South Viet Nam. When questioned as to what knowledge he had that President KENNEDY was responsible for those events, WHITNEY stated that he was actually confused. He then asserted that he believed his statement was based on his belief that President KENNEDY was responsible for the death of many persons in connection with the unsuccessful attempt at invasion of Cuba. After further considering this matter, WHITNEY finally acknowledged that he believed there was no justification whatever for his statement that President KENNEDY had gotten what he deserved and he considered this to have been a "completely irresponsible remark" for which he is now sorry.

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TP 62-455
GRM:cls

Captain JOE PRICHARD, Orlando, Florida Police Department, furnished the following set forth information to SA JAMES B. HAFLEY on November 23, 1963:

Shortly after President KENNEDY's assassination on November 22, 1963, one ED WILSON, who operates the Triple A Radiator Service at 1024 South Orange Blossom Trail, Orlando, Florida, erected two large homemade signs on his property in front of this radiator shop. One of the signs read "Finished - Hooray, Hooray - Kennedys." The other sign read "Goldwater Next."

Captain PRICHARD said his department received complaints about the signs and dispatched police officers to the scene in order to talk with WILSON. They asked him to remove the signs as they were in very bad taste. WILSON told them he put the signs in his window to attract business and he further told them that he planned to run for Mayor of Orlando in the next City election. WILSON also told the officers that "he despised churches and would get elected by using Hitler methods."

Captain PRICHARD advised that on November 23, 1963, the signs had been removed from the outside of WILSON's property, but one remained inside the window of his repair shop and this sign read, "Lyndon is Next."

Captain PRICHARD further advised that WILSON definitely appears to be an exhibitionist or a "crackpot"; however, the Orlando Police Department was observing the situation at his shop very closely in order to prevent possible violence from irate citizens who defintely resent the signs.

SA JAMES B. HAFLEY conducted a check of the current Orlando City Directory which lists an ED WILSON, wife GLENA E., as operating an auto radiator service in Orlando and residing at 103-A East Orlando Avenue, Orlando, Florida.

SA 89-67

On November 22, 1963, WEBB ROGERS, 102 Pennystone, San Antonio, Texas, telephonically advised the San Antonio Office that Mrs. H. G. WILSON, his wife's sister, had phoned his wife on November 21, 1963. Mrs. WILSON said to her sister, Mrs. ROGERS, "Your husband has a scope for his rifle, so has mine. Let's go out to Johnson City and get those KENNEDYs".

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

Date November 23, 1963

HARRY G. WILSON, 102 Pennystone, San Antonio, Texas, was interviewed and advised that he was at his residence with his wife, (LILA FERN) all day. WILSON stated he has a bad back and has been laid up since November 8, 1963. He stated that his wife's sister is married to WEBB ROGERS who is an ex-Marine and is very vulgar in his statements when he is drinking.

Mr. WILSON recalled that ROGERS telephonically contacted their residence shortly around one or two o'clock on November 22, 1963, and while he does not know what ROGERS actually said, he knew that his wife, who answered the phone hung up on ROGERS since she indicated he was drunk. WILSON indicated that his wife made no comment whatsoever regarding any rifle or any other statements regarding "getting those KENNEDYs".

WILSON acknowledge that he did not agree with all of President KENNEDY's policies and he has had political discussions with ROGERS about them.

He stated that on two occasions he recalls ROGERS becoming violent when he was drinking and pulling a knife on WILSON. He stated that when ROGERS is sober, he acts in a normal manner, but again repeated he becomes violent when he drinks.

WILSON concluded by stating that he was extremely sorrowful regarding the President's assassination and the only information he had regarding it was what he obtained from the news media.

On 11/23/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SAs LAWRENCE GILLIGAN and B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR./jmb Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

Date November 23, 1963

Mrs. HARRY G. WILSON (LILA FERN), 927 Navarro, San Antonio, Texas, was interviewed by FBI Agents. She advised that her brother-in-law, WEBB ROGERS, resides at 102 Pennystone, San Antonio, Texas, and is married to her sister, Captain LEONA ROGERS, U. S. Air Force Procurement Office, Brooks Air Force Base, Texas.

Mrs. WILSON advised that on November 22, 1963, at approximately 2:00 p.m., WEBB ROGERS telephonically contacted her. Mrs. WILSON stated that ROGERS was drunk and told her that President KENNEDY had been assassinated. Mrs. WILSON stated that she thought her brother-in-law was kidding and at that time WEBB ROGERS started cursing her. Mrs. WILSON hung up the telephone and turned on the television set and learned that the President had been assassinated.

Mrs. WILSON explained that her brother-in-law is an ex-Marine who had been fired at Kelly Air Force Base, Texas, as a civilian employee for drinking. She stated that her brother-in-law is not employed and when he is drinking, he is extremely obnoxious.

Mrs. WILSON stated that she was at her residence all day on November 22, 1963, as her husband, HARRY WILSON, was sick with a bad back. She stated she made no comment whatsoever regarding a rifle, scope, or about going to Johnson City "to get those KENNEDYs".

She stated that the only information she had about the assassination of the President was what she obtained through news media and what her brother-in-law had told her over the telephone.

On 11/23/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SAs LAWRENCE GILLIGAN and B. E. DEFFENBAUGH, JR./jmb 720 Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

A 1.

At 5:45 p.m., November 26, 1963, U. S. Customs Agent JOHN [illegible], Falcon Dam, Falcon Heights, Texas, telephonically advised that NARCISO BORJUROUEZ, Officer in Charge, Mexican Immigration Service Nuevo Guerrero, Tamaulipas, Mexico, had furnished the following information in connection with the request that it be delivered to Special Agent HAROLD H. CROSSETT at McAllen, Texas:

On September 1, 1963, JACK LEE YARBROUGH, male, age 23, single, occupation instructor, 3045 Centenary, Dallas, Texas, entered Mexico at Nuevo Guerrero. YARBROUGH was accompanied by [illegible], female, age 23, single, occupation not given, [illegible] Donner Drive, Dallas, Texas. B. APPROX 1940

B. APPROX 1940

BORJUROUEZ stated that there is no record of these individuals having returned to the United States, however he pointed out that tourists leaving Mexico occasionally fail to turn in their Mexican Immigration tourist permits and therefore it is unknown to the Mexican officials whether or not they are still in Mexico or have returned to the United States.

BORJUROUEZ stated he furnished this information in the event there might be some connection with the assassination of President [illegible] at Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963.

On 11/26/63 at McAllen, Texas File # SA RG-67

by SA HAROLD H. CROSSETT/jmb 720 Date dictated 11/29/63

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B. UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 28, 1963

1

RUBY CHRISTINE PRICE, 8409 Whitney Drive, advised that she is currently employed as a waitress at Price's Cafe, 505 North Grant Lane.

She stated that that morning, two men were eating breakfast in a corner table of her cafe. She heard one of them make a remark to the effect that "I hear the President is going to be shot." The men finished their breakfast and left. PRICE stated she thought no more about the remark until she heard the news of the President's assassination.

She described the two men as white males, average heights and build, approximately 30 years of age and dressed in work clothes. She thought she might be able to identify the men if she saw them again.

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on 11/22/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JACK A. FRENCH/gm Date dictated 11/28/63

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DL 89-43
RTR:csh

The following investigation was conducted by SA RICHARD T. RABIDEAU:

AT FORT WORTH, TEXAS

On November 22, 1963, the individuals listed below all substantially stated the same details, to wit: that on November 22, 1963, at approximately 12:40 p.m., while eating lunch at Price's Restaurant, they overheard the waitress comment that two truck drivers had been in earlier that morning and told her President KENNEDY would be shot at Dallas today, (November 22, 1963). The individual stated the waitress's comment was not elaborated on or discussed; therefore, they could not furnish any additional information.

The following is the list of these individuals:

ROBERT W. McKINNEY, Senior Design Engineer, General Dynamics, Fort Worth, Texas, home address 6617 Malvey, Ft. Worth, Texas;

WILLIAM T. MARCOM, Senior Design Engineer, General Dynamics, Fort Worth, Texas, home address 5537 Wedgewood Road, Ft. Worth, Texas;

WILLIAM G. PETERS, Project Design Engineer, General Dynamics, home address 6740 Brooks, Ft. Worth, Texas;

JAMES F. TUTTLE, Associate Engineer, General Dynamics, residence 912 Southland, Ft. Worth, Texas;

ROBERT ALVIN CARLSON, Associate Engineer, General Dynamics, residence 5404 Whitman Avenue, Ft. Worth, Texas;

ROBERT HOWARD PHIPPS, Associate Engineer, General Dynamics, residence 5404 Whitman Avenue, Ft. Worth, Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

X

Mrs. SANDY TAYLOR, waitress, employed at Lot's-A-Burger, residence 804 Summitt Street, Apartment 304, Fort Worth, advised that on Friday afternoon, around 2:30 PM, November 22, 1963, she recalled that four young boys drove up to this hamburger stand. One of the boys got out of the car and got about $2 in change. He remarked to Mrs. TAYLOR that they were going to Mexico and he wanted to call down there to make sure that they could cross the border. Mrs. TAYLOR advised that one of these boys did go in the phone booth and make a call and she assumed it was to Mexico. He came out and all four of them left, heading east on Highway 183. Mrs. TAYLOR described all of these boys as 18 to 20 years of age, white males, average height and build. She stated they were in a white car which she believed was a valliant about a 1960 or 1961 model.

on 11/26/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents EARLE HALEY & B. TOM CARTER/cah Date dictated 11/26/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

Mr. C. H. FISCUS, Manager, Lot's-A-Burger #1, 5507 East Belknap, was interviewed and advised there are two coin stations in front and slightly west of his hamburger place of business. He stated so many people use these stations that he was unable to furnish any information concerning such a call.

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on 11/26/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents EARLE HALEY & B. TOM CARTER/cah Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

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The records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company with respect to the toll tickets and toll tapes for Friday, November 22, 1963, for calls from Fort Worth, Texas, to Del Rio, Texas, reflected that a telephone call was made from a coin station, telephone number TE 4-9233, located at 5507 E. Belknap, Fort Worth, Texas. This call was made at 2:42 P.M. on November 22, 1963, to Del Rio, Texas, number 775-2834, which call was to the Border Patrol office.

Telephone TE 4-9233 is a coin station in the name Lot's-A-Burger #1, at 5507 East Belknap.

The above information is available only upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum which subpoena should be directed to Mr. RONALD MAPLES, Supervisor, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.

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on 11/26/63 at Ft. Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent EARLE HALEY:ll Date dictated 11/28/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-21-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

A 1

Date December 2, 1963

WILLIAM CHAMBERS, U. S. Immigration and Naturalization Service, Del Rio, Texas, Officer in Charge, advised on November 22, 1963, that about 2:00 p.m. that date he had received a long distance telephone call from a male claiming to be in Fort Worth, Texas, inquiring as to whether or not the International Bridge was open in view of what had happened that date, referring to the assassination of President KENNEDY. This man indicated that he did not want to drive four hundred miles in vain. The call was received at the office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service at the International Bridge, Del Rio, Texas, which telephone number is 775-2834. The call was paid for; therefore, there was no record in the Immigration Office.

On November 23, 1963, WILLIAM CHAMBERS stated that he had checked with his secretary concerning the call, and that the call originally was received by her but since the man was inquiring concerning the International Bridge, she referred the call to Mr. CHAMBERS. The secretary stated no operator was on the line, and therefore she had no information as to where the call originated and did not have a telephone number regarding same. It was her opinion, however, the call was between 2:00 and 3:00 p.m. CHAMBERS stated that he had no information as to where this call originated other than the statement of the individual with whom he talked to the effect that he was in Fort Worth, Texas.

On 11/22,23/63 at Del Rio, Texas File # SA 89-67

736

by SA WILLIAM E. OGLESBY/dnb Date dictated 11/30/63

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 2, 1963

Records of the General Telephone Company, Del Rio, Texas, [illegible] any information concerning a telephone call from [illegible] South, Texas, to Del Rio telephone number 775-2834 which is the U. S. Immigration and Naturalization Service at the International Bridge, on November 22, 1963, which could be identified since paid long distance calls are not recorded in Del Rio, Texas.

The proper party to be subpoenaed in the event above information is required is A. M. CHAPPEL, Manager, General Telephone Company, Del Rio, Texas.

On 11/22/63 at Del Rio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA WILLIAM E. OGLESBY/ltc 737 Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

FRED MOORE, 2611 Aster, Dallas, Texas, employed as a clerk at the Jiffy Store, 310 South Industrial, Dallas, Texas, advised of the following concerning a report that he had waited on LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a customer at the Jiffy Store at about 8:30 a.m. and again later in the morning on November 22, 1963 prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY:

Identification of this individual as OSWALD, MOORE said, arose when he asked him for identification as to proof of age for purchase of two bottles of beer. MOORE said he figured the man was over 21 but the store frequently requires proof by reason of past difficulties with local authorities for serving beer to minors. Much of the beer sold is consumed on the premises.

When asked for identification, this customer in question said, "Sure, I got ID" and pulled a Texas drivers license from his billfold. MOORE said that he noted the name appeared as "LEE OSWALD" or possibly as "H. LEE OSWALD". He remembered this particularly, he said, as moments later he had remarked to GEORGE WORTHINGTON, the store manager who came into the rear of the store as this individual left, that "LEE OSWALD" was a good Jewish name. As MOORE recalled, the birth date on the license was 1939 and he thought it to have been the 10th of the month.

Further identification of this individual as OSWALD, MOORE said, arose when he had seen OSWALD on television in the course of his travel from the Dallas Police Department prior to his being shot by RUBY. At this time, he recalled the name and the identification of OSWALD as the customer in his store on the previous day.

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY/rms Date dictated 12/2/63

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Shown a photograph of OSWALD (New Orleans Police Department number 112723, dated August 9, 1963), however, MOORE said that the man in the store appeared to have been thinner in the face.

MOORE described this individual as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	21
Height	5'8½" - 5'9"
Weight	150 pounds
Hair	Dark
Facial Features	Hallowed cheeks
Clothing	Light shirt, other description of which not recalled; a sweater of which color and type unknown; no hat; no glasses.

The time of OSWALD's presence in the store on the morning of Friday, November 22, 1963, MOORE said, was difficult to place. He came in and had departed before the manager, GEORGE WORTHINGTON, came to work, usually this being between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m. MOORE had the television turned on and this occurrence was prior to the President's arrival at Love Field in Dallas.

The individual whom MOORE considered to be OSWALD entered the store alone approaching from the side street, Rock Island. MOORE said he had not associated the man with a car.

While in the store, this individual purchased two bottles of beer, either Pearl of Jax, in throw-away bottles at 25 cents each which he paid for either with a dollar bill or change. He took the beer from the store but returned in less than a half hour to buy two pieces of Peco Brittle at five cents each which he consumed on the premises. MOORE remarked to him in the form of a question, "Candy and beer?" as he considered this to be an odd combination. This is another reason for his recollection. The man seemed to be nervous while in the store pacing the aisles as he ate the candy.

Several other persons were in the store at the time, but MOORE could not recall their identities.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

1

GEORGE WORTHINGTON, 2222 Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas, manager of Jiffy Store, 310 South Industrial, Dallas, Texas, advised the following concerning the possible identification by FRED MOORE, store clerk, of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in this store early in the morning of Friday, November 22, 1963, prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY:

WORTHINGTON said that he had arrived at the store on this morning at about 9:30 a.m. He had entered from the rear as the person whom MOORE identified as OSWALD was leaving at the front. WORTHINGTON did not see this individual but had learned about him from MOORE who did say something about him at the time. WORTHINGTON could not remember what comment MOORE had made; had no recollection that MOORE remarked that the name LEE OSWALD was a good Jewish name.

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on 11/30/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent DAVID H. BARRY/rms Date dictated 12/2/63

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DL 89-43
JJH:tjd

On November 23, 1963, SA's WILLIAM O. JOHNSON, Houston Office, and JOSEPH J. HANLEY, Dallas Office, interviewed DONALD CLEVELAND GARRETT of 501 East Ninth Street, Dallas, Texas. He was interviewed at Marek's Cafe, at 623 East Jefferson, where he has been employed for the past three years as a dishwasher.

On the occasion of this interview, GARRETT furnished a postcard, which bears a photograph of President KENNEDY, which postcard was received by him on Tuesday or Wednesday, November 19 or 20, 1963. The card was mailed to him from Laredo, Texas, and was postmarked November 19, 1963. It is addressed to GARRETT at his place of employment and the message portion of the postcard reads as follows:

"Boo! Guess Who?".

The only thing which bears particular attention is the fact that the four cent Lincoln stamp is affixed to the card and the name LINCOLN is printed with quotes on the card and an arrow points to the postage stamp.

GARRETT was unable to say who had directed the postcard to him. He does not know of anyone who is travelling who might have forwarded the card from Laredo and he is not acquainted with any residents of Laredo.

GARRETT mentioned he is not at all familiar with the handwriting on the postcard, and he was unable to furnish any information concerning what significance the printed name "LINCOLN" and the arrow pointing toward the postage stamp bearing LINCOLN's image was supposed to have.

GARRETT stated he had no further use for the postcard and the same is retained in the Dallas file.

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DL 89-43
JAF/jn

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agents JACK A. FRENCH and RICHARD T. RABIDEAU on November 23, 1963 at Fort Worth, Texas:

ARTHUR WALLACE HALMES, telephonically contacted the Federal Bureau of Investigation Resident Agency, Fort Worth, Texas on at least two occasions on November 22, 1963 and advised that he had seen a person whom he believed to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, the Thursday preceeding, and he insisted that he be taken to Dallas to identify the couple.

HALMES was interviewed at his residence at 5913 Bertha Lane and he advised as follows. On Thursday night, November 21, 1963, he went into Keggie's Bar on Belknap Street, Fort Worth about 6:00 P.M. as was his usual practice every work night.

He stated that shortly after he arrived, a young man and woman came into the bar and seated themselves near him. He stated the couple almost immediately got into a violent argument. HALMES stated that the jest of the argument was that the woman kept telling the man "don't do it, you can't get away with it". The man remarked "I can do anything I want, I'll kill the S.O.B.".

HALMES advised he took offense at the man's abusive language and cautioned him there were decent women present. HALMES said the man replied "This is my wife and I'll talk any way I damn please".

HALMES stated the wife of the man appeared to have a foreign accent and although he could not give a description of either the man or woman, he was positive he could recognize both of them again.

HALMES was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWLAD and he stated positively this was the man he saw in the bar. He admitted, however, that he had seen numerous pictures of OSWALD in the newspaper since the assassination. HALMES was shown a picture of OSWALD's wife together with pictures of other women and he was unable to determine which was OSWALD's wife.

During the course of the interview, HALMES repeated himself many times and stumbled over words. His face was very flushed and he gave the impression of being intoxicated. He stated his only purpose in furnishing this information was so that he could be taken by the FBI to Dallas and identify OSWALD and his wife.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-31-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

LOVELL CHISUM, permanent address Box 42, Reydon, Oklahoma, temporary address 506 East Elm Street, Hillsboro, Texas, advised that at approximately 7:00 a.m. on November 22, 1963, he was traveling en route from Wichita Falls, Texas, to Love Field, Dallas, Texas. He advised that he was taking his brother to catch an airplane that morning an that he had travelled from Wichita Falls, down through Grapevine, Texas, on Highway #114, eventually getting on Freeway #77, heading south into Dallas, Texas. He advised that he could not determine where he was supposed to leave the freeway in order to get to Love Field and that he left the Freeway at an exit very near the airport. He advised that as he came off the freeway onto the access road on the west side of Freeway #77. He stopped at a service station, name of oil company unknown and exact address unknown. He advised that he stopped his car and walked into the office of the service station to make inquiry. He advised that when he walked into the office of the service station, he found an attendant in the office with another man. He advised that he asked the attendant for directions to get to Love Field. He advised that before the attendant could answer his question, the unknown man, who was standing in the office turned to him and asked CHISUM, "Do you know where I can get a silencer for a high powered gun?". CHISUM stated that he was startled by this question and stared at the man and when the man observed his surprise, he "just laughed." CHISUM stated that the attendant then gave CHISUM directions how to get to Love Field and as a customer was driving into the driveway of the service station, all three men walked out of the service station office. CHISUM advised that he observed the unknown man who asked the question get into a two-tone, color unknown, 1957 Chevrolet automobile. He advised that he could not remember any additional or extra equipment on the car.

CHISUM advised that he drove on to Love Field and had no further contact with these individuals.

CHISUM attempted to locate the service station, by stating that the exit he took to reach the service station

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On 11/28/63 at Waco, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA WILLIAM H. BUCKLER/jmb Date dictated 11/29/63

...dations of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

was the exit on Freeway #77 just north of the proper exit to leave the freeway in order to get to Love Field. He advised that after leaving this service station, he continued on down the access road for approximately three blocks from the service station and at that point reached the correct under pass to go under Freeway #77 travelling east to get to the airport.

CHISUM furnished the following description of the service station attendant:

Sex	Male
Race	White
Age	40
Height	5'10"
Weight	200
Build	Heavy
Hair	Black
Complexion	Dark

The following description of the unknown individual making inquiry concerning a silencer was furnished by CHISUM as follows:

Dress	Bare headed, wearing "sporty suit, was wearing a noticeably large ring further description of ring not available
Sex	Male
Race	White
Age	About 30
Height	5'10"- 11"
Weight	200
Build	Heavy
Hair	Blond

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

At 10:02 A.M., on November 23, 1963, Mrs. ROBERT D. (VIRGINIA) YOUNG, 311 N. Grafton, Dublin, Texas, telephoned and advised that about a month and a half ago, an individual came to her residence, which is located across the street from the Catholic church in Dublin. This was at the time that President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY was touring Wyoming and California. When the man came to the door he asked her, "Do you know where the man is who runs this place?", indicating the place by pointing his finger in the direction of the Catholic church. She told him that she did not know where he was, but went to the house and looked up the address of the Catholic priest at Stephenville. She said that she did not invite him into the house, but that he entered anyway. While talking to her he asked her if she believed in segregation and talked further, but she does not remember all of the conversation, she said. At any rate, this person blamed the President and remarked to her that the President was coming to Texas. She alleged that he told her that he was going to get the President and they were going to get rid of him. She said that she had never seen this man as he was a stranger, but he was driving a two-tone car, make unknown, in which three women sat while the conversation was going on. After the conversation she telephoned JACK JOHNSON, Cashier of the local bank in Dublin, and told him about what the individual had said. Later, she said that she had talked to the housekeeper of the priest, who told her that someone had left a "crazy note" in the door of the church. The housekeeper did not remember what the note said, but remembered that at the bottom of the note it said 'God help you". Mrs. YOUNG believed that the Catholic priest's name is Father KEOUGH and that he lives in Stephenville, Texas.

She said she reported this incident to the Sheriff and a Deputy Sheriff at Stephenville on November 22, 1963, and the Sheriff told her that it was probably some "crank". The Sheriff requested that she call him if she got any additional information concerning this individual.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent W. HAPLEN BROWN:mja Date dictated 11/28/63

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She stated that the individual on television, apparently referring to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, resembled this individual, but that his eyes were too puffy and, therefore, she concluded that he was not the same man She gave a description of this individual as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	Early 20's
Height	5'4"
Weight	145
Build	Slender
Complexion	Light
Hair	Brown, wavy
Wearing Apparel	Wore brown sports shirt and trousers

DL 89-43

December 2, 1963

1

Mrs. ROBERT D. (VIRGINIA) YOUNG, 311 N Grafton Street, was unable to furnish any information other than that previously furnished. She advised she had not observed the unknown individual since, and has no idea as to his true identity. She has noted no one in, or around, the St. Mary Catholic Church, which is located directly across the street from her home.

She advised if she received further information, or observed this person around the church, she will notify the FBI.

Mrs. YOUNG advised she knew of no one in Dublin who might furnish further information.

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on 11/27/63 at Dublin, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent COLMAN MADRAY:mja Date dictated 11/28/63

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December 2, 1963

1

Father STEPHEN KEOGH (not KEOUGH as furnished by Mrs. YOUNG previously), St. ~~Bernards~~ Brendan's Catholic Church, advised that on September 26, 1963, he was out of the city. He advised that upon returning to the city and to the Church, he found a note and same was directed to him. He was unable to recall the content of the note, other than that it mentioned "a true Bible". He had no idea as to the identity of the writer of the note, or why it was directed to him

Father KEOGH advised that upon returning to Stephenville and to the Church, on the late evening of September 26, 1963, he was informed by his housekeeper of a telephone call from an unrecalled person in Dublin. He advised that the above mentioned telephone call had to do with the fact some one had been trying to locate him and had made inquiry at Dublin. Father KEOGH advised that the call and note did cause him some worry and that he turned the note over to LYNN CORNWELL, Chief of Police.

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on 11/27/63 at Stephenville, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent COLEMAN MABRY:mjs Date dictated 11/28/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

BERNADINE CHRISTIAN, 5225 North Melvina, advised that she is employed by the Illinois Bell Telephone Company, 212 West Washington Street, as a telephone operator. She stated that the nature of her job is such that she is not allowed to divulge information received during the course of her employment, however she wished to pass on the following information confidentially:

On either Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday of last week which was either November 18, 19 or 20, 1963, between 6:00 p.m. and midnight she recalled receiving a telephone call through her switchboard at the telephone company from an unrecalled Chicago exchange to a large city in Texas wherein the caller asked for a Mr. OSWALD. She could recall no details of this call other than it was between two males, one of whom asked the other "Has the baby come yet?" She added that her division is called Office Number 13 and that all telephone tickets made out by her under number 7567 are picked up hourly and transferred to the Portage Park Branch Accounting Office of the Illinois Bell Telephone Company. She was unable to recall the exchange from which the call originated or the city and telephone number to which the call was placed. She stated she did recall the receiving party's name as OSWALD because her son formerly belonged to a Boy Scout troop led by a man named PAT OSWALD and she wondered at the time whether the recipient of this call might be related to the former scoutmaster. She explained that this call in all probability had no connection with the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY but that if by some remote chance that the recipient was in fact the suspected assassin LEE HARVEY OSWALD there would be some bearing on his motive.

She concluded by stating she could recall no further details of this call however if she were to recall any additional details she would immediately notify the Chicago FBI Office and she could be reached at her home telephone RO 3-5269.

On 11/26/63 at Chicago, Illinois File # 62-6115

by SA EDWARD KINZER, Jr./bab Date dictated 11/26/63

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1. November 26,1963

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Mrs. ALBERT SESTAK, 411 West Baylor Street, San Antonio, Texas, telephonically advised the San Antonio Office that she and her husband were spectators when President KENNEDY and other dignitaries paraded in San Antonio on November 21, 1963.

They watched the parade at McCrory's Department Store located at Navarro and East Houston Street.

After the President and other dignitaries had passed she and her husband started to walk south on Navarro to get their automobile which was parked at a parking lot at Navarro and College Streets. At this time a Negro man who had been watching the parade said, "Have you heard what happened on Broadway? The President is gone, they shot him to death with a gun." Mrs. SESTAK stated her husband said to the Negro "You are lying." and the Negro man said "You will find out tomorrow and read about it in the paper." Mrs. SESTAK's husband replied, "You are lying." The Negro man said "You will see tomorrow. You don't believe me do you?"

Mrs. SESTAK stated that the Negro man walked along with them to College Street and she saw no more of him. She noticed there was a white man walking along close in the vicinity but she did not know whether he was with the Negro.

Mrs. SESTAK described the Negro man as follows:

Age:	Approximately 20 years
Height:	5' 8-9"
Weight:	150 pounds
Hair:	Black
Peculiarities:	Had chin beard, beatnik type
Complexion:	Medium dark, more on the brown and yellow side.
Characteristics:	Was carrying a cane or a stick. Smart-aleck type wearing sport jacket.

On 11/21/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA TOM E. NEAL/mjb Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

PHILIP BEN HATHAWAY, residence 11021 Quail Run, Dallas, Texas, who is employed at the Lone Star Gas Company, Research and Development Department, telephone RIverside 1-3711, Extension 776, home telephone DIamond 8-6532, advised he was born July 9, 1935, at Chicago, Illinois.

HATHAWAY advised just prior to noon on November 22, 1963, he and a friend, JOHN STEVENS RUTTER LAWRENCE, who works with him, and two other friends, JOHN H. WITHERS and ALAN D. LEWIS, left their office in the Texaco Building to watch the KENNEDY Motorcade. He said they were walking up Commerce Street to Akard Street, and walked on Akard Street toward Main Street, on the east side of the street. He noticed a man walking in the opposite direction on the same side of the street, who was carrying a rifle in a gun case. This man was about 6'6" tall and weighed over 250 pounds. He was very thick in the chest, and appeared to be in his early 30's. He had a dark complexion, blond hair (crewcut). He was wearing a gray colored business suit with white dress shirt. He was of fair complexion.

HATHAWAY remarked to his friend, JOHN LAWRENCE, that the man was carrying a gun and made the remark that he was probably a Secret Service man. He stated he could identify this man if he ever saw him again.

HATHAWAY said this gun case was made of beige or tan colored leather with olive drab material.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN /rmb Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

X

JOHN STEVENS RUTTER LAWRENCE, born May 21, 1940, at Oak Park, Illinois, advised he resides at 709 Devonshire Street, Richardson, Texas, and is employed at the Lone Star Gas Company, Research and Development Department.

He advised that at about 11:45 AM, November 22, 1963, he was walking north on Akard Street from Commerce to Main with a friend, PHILIP BEN HATHAWAY, a fellow employee, and two other fellow employees, JOHN H. WITHERS and ALAN D. LEWIS. His attention was called, by HATHAWAY, to a man walking in the opposite direction on the same side of the street, whom HATHAWAY said was carrying a rifle. He looked at the man pointed out by HATHAWAY and saw that the man was about 6'5" tall, and weighed about 250 pounds or more. He appeared to be a professional football player type and very muscular. He had dirty blond hair and wore it in a short crewcut. This man was in his 30's and was wearing a light colored business suit and white business shirt.

LAWRENCE said he believes he could identify this man if he saw him again.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN /rmb Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

Mrs. GLADYS SHASTID (telephone LA 6-6373), 4646 Travis, Dallas, Texas, employed as a night cashier, 11 PM to 6 AM, Lawrence Coffee Shop, Lawrence Hotel, 203 South Houston, Dallas, was interviewed in the presence of MARVIN JOHNSON, Detective, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas.

The information supplied by Mrs. SHASTID concerned the matter of two individuals, one of whom she first had considered to have been identical with OSWALD -- at the cafe at about 3:30 to 4:00 AM, November 22, 1963, under circumstances which she described as most unusual, one upon departure inquiring about the President's visit, making adverse remarks concerning the President, and stating something to the effect there were some who would like to see him not get out of here alive.

The first individual entered the cafe at about 11 PM on November 21, 1963, taking the fifth table facing the door and ordering only coffee and a doughnut, but remaining there to about 4 AM, November 22, 1963, during which time he appeared to be working a cross word puzzle. She described this individual as a white male, about 30 years of age, but appearing to be much older by reason of heavily wrinkled hands and face. She stated that he had a distinct foreign appearance, with black thick, wavy hair, about 5'8" tall, and chunky build and was wearing a dark suit and light colored shirt. Mrs. SHASTID said she could hardly understand him when he had placed his order with her.

The second individual came into the cafe about 3:30 AM, took the third table from the door, facing the first individual. At this time the first man, although making no acknowledgment, moved to the other side of his table with his back to the second individual. Mrs. SHASTID described this second individual as a boy of about 23 or 24 years of age, 6' tall, slender, 150 to 160 pounds, blond hair, wearing tan clothing. She stated that at first she had considered this boy to be identical with OSWALD, but upon viewing the photograph of OSWALD, said he was not.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent SA DAVID H. BARRY /sl/rmb Date dictated 11/23/63

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At about 4 AM, the second individual, whom she described as a boy, paid his check, during which time he passed the time with Mrs. SHASTID by asking her whether she intended to see the President. She told him she did not as she had seen him during the RAYBURN funeral. He responded by saying, "I would not walk out of the door to see him". He was matter of fact about this and not threatening as he was when he added that there probably were some who would like to see him "not get out of here alive".

Having made these above remarks, the boy left the cafe to stand outside the door where he appeared to have been joined by the first man. They stood side by side very close together but they were not known to have engaged in conversation.

Mrs. SHASTID advised that regular patrons of the cafe, Mrs. JEAN (last name unknown), employee of the Post Office; and cab driver, Mr. BROWN, observed these individuals standing in front of the cafe in apparent recognition of one another.

She supplied the above information for whatever value it may be.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

Sister MARY CYRILLA, St. Josephs Orphanage, Camp Robinson Road, North Little Rock, Arkansas, furnished the following information:

At about 12:40 PM, November 22, 1963, Sister MARY KEVIN entered her office and asked if the telephone was in use. Sister CYRILLA informed Sister KEVIN that it was not, whereupon Sister CYRILLA picked up the receiver and heard the following message "The President is dead" and "The Governor was shot too". At this point Sister CYRILLA asked Sister KEVIN to listen on the receiver while she went to an adjoining office where she picked up the receiver to a second telephone, which was turned on the house telephone, and she heard more conversation as follows "51 wait just a minute". A young woman's voice then was heard to say "Hello, daddy", and a man replied "We've been waiting to hear from you." The woman was then heard to say "The President was shot" and the man replied "That's all we need to know". The woman was then heard to say "The Governor of Texas was shot too".

Sister CYRILLA stated that she then hung the receiver up and went upstairs to turn on the radio to see if there was any news to this effect being broadcast. Shortly after she arrived upstairs, Sister KEVIN also came up to listen to the radio.

Sister CYRILLA noted that the conversation was as clear as though it was a direct contact. She had no idea who the individuals were who were involved in the conversation and no way of knowing how this conversation came into their telephone receivers.

On 11/22/63 at North Little Rock, Ark. File # LR 89-21

by SA VINCENT H. LAMMERS/afm 756 Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

Sister MARY KEVIN, St. Josepha Orphanage, Camp Robinson Road, North Little Rock, Arkansas, advised as follows:

At about 12:40 PM, on November 22, 1963, she picked up the receiver on one of the telephones at the orphanage to make a telephone call. After dialing three digits, she realized there was a conversation on the line, so she stopped dialing and listened for a brief moment, after which she placed the receiver back in the telephone cradle, but before she did she heard the name "PAUL" mentioned but she could not recall if it was a woman's voice or a man's voice that mentioned this name.

After this, she went into the adjoining room where Sister MARY CYRILLA was sitting and asked Sister CYRILLA if the line was busy. Sister CYRILLA told her that it was not and she then told Sister CYRILLA she heard someone on the line. At this point, Sister CYRILLA picked up the receiver of the telephone of the office in which she was sitting and after a brief moment, handed the receiver to Sister KEVIN and instructed Sister KEVIN to listen while she, Sister CYRILLA, went to the telephone in the adjoining room. Sister KEVIN stated she heard the following conversation "51" and after a brief pause, the individual stated "Wait just a minute". Sister KEVIN did not recall if this was a man's or a woman's voice. The next thing she heard was a young woman saying "Hello, daddy" and a man replied, "We've been waiting to hear from you". The next thing Sister KEVIN heard was "The President was shot" and the second person replied "That's all we need to know". Then one of the two commented "The Governor of Texas was shot too". Sister KEVIN stated she could not recall which comments were made by the man and which comments were made by the woman. Sister KEVIN stated she did not hear anymore although she said she held the receiver for a brief period, then placed the receiver back in the cradle and returned to upstairs where Sister CYRILLA was by the radio. Sister KEVIN stated, however, before she went upstairs, she listened briefly on the receiver of the telephone which she first used, but learned after dialing three digits that someone was on the line, and found this telephone carried no conversation.

On 11/22/63 at North Little Rock, Ark. File # LR 89-21

by SA VINCENT H. LAMPLEY/mfm 757 Date dictated 11/30/63

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Date November 26, 1963

1

JOHN HARPER, Press Secretary to Governor CARL SANDERS, State Capitol Building, advised that at 2:02 p.m. on November 22, 1963, Miss JUDY DARBY, Receptionist for the Governor, had received a collect telephone call from an unknown man calling from Macon, Georgia.

The caller stated "You know what happened to President KENNEDY." The caller then made several disconnected statements and became somewhat incoherent. He stated "I'm one of the governor's boys. I'll see the governor, you can count on that, you can count on that."

Miss DARBY advised HARPER that the unknown man had a menacing voice and could have been intoxicated.

Mr. HARPER advised that the Georgia Bureau of Investigation was actively investigating this call and that both the Atlanta Police Department and the U. S. Secret Service, Atlanta, had been advised.

On 11/22/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File # Atlanta 89-45

by SA CHARLES S. HARDING/evg Date dictated 11/22/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

Mr. W. A. ANDERSON, Anderson's Humble Service Station, W. Main Street, advised that two unknown individuals, appeared at his station on the afternoon (time unrecalled) of November 16, 1963. They were driving a compact car, make unknown, but believed to be a 1963 or 1964 model, color unrecalled. ANDERSON advised he filled the car with gasoline and at this time the driver of the car stated he had left all his money at home and wanted to give a check. ANDERSON told him he did not accept checks from strangers without identification. At this time the individual produced a temporary drivers license. ANDERSON was unable to recall from which state the license was issued.

Mr. ANDERSON stated this individual gave him a check in the amount of $3.40 in payment for the gasoline. The check was filled out by the individual with the exception of the name of the payee, which ANDERSON states he inserted on the check. The check is dated 11/16/63 in the amount of $3.40 and signed VIRGIL L. REECE. The check was made out on an Eastland National Bank counter check blank. It is noted the name "Eastland National" is crossed out and the name "Bank of America" written in, thus making the check drawn on the Bank of America, Eastland, Texas. The check bears the following letters and numerals in the upper left hand corner: L188037DD. ANDERSON advised the driver of the vehicle produced his drivers license or a temporary license bearing the name of VIRGIL L. REECE with number L188037DD. ANDERSON did not recall the name of the state issuing the temporary license. He advised the license did not reflect a description of the person to whom it is issued.

ANDERSON advised that in addition to accepting the above mentioned check in payment for the gasoline, he also took from these individuals a brown sweater and brown corduroy coat.

ANDERSON advised the above individuals were traveling in a compact car, make unrecalled. He noted the car bore no license numbers, and when he called this to the attention of the driver, the driver stated he had just got the car and had not had time to register it.

on 11/27/63 at Eastland, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent COLEMAN MABRAY:jj Date dictated 12/2/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ANDERSON furnished the following description of the individuals:

#1 Driver of the car

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Height:	5'7"
Weight:	135 to 140
Hair:	Brown
Scars & marks:	None noted

#2

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Age:	About 22
Height:	5'8"
Weight:	150 to 160

No further description recalled

ANDERSON advised the above individuals appeared to be dirty and unkept.

Mr. ANDERSON further advised that following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY he observed the photograph of LEE OSWALD in the newspaper and on television and he believed the driver of the automobile mentioned above to be identical with OSWALD. ANDERSON stated, however, he would not or could not be positive of this identification.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

Mrs. W. A. ANDERSON was contacted in the absence of her husband. She advised that her husband had told her about the two unknown individuals who on the afternoon of November 16, 1963, had purchased gasoline at their Humble Service Station, W. Main Street, Eastland, Texas. She advised, however, that she was unable to furnish detailed information. She did make available a check payable to W. A. Anderson Service Station in the amount of $3.40, signed VIRGIL L. REECE. It will be noted this check was prepared on an Eastland National Bank counter check blank. The name "Eastland National" had been crossed out and the name "Bank of America" had been written on the blank. This check is dated November 16, 1963. The following letters and numerals appear on the face and upper left hand corner of the check: L188037 DD.

Mrs. ANDERSON also made available a brown sweater and corduroy coat which her husband took from the individuals as payment for the gasoline.

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on 11/27/63 at Eastland, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent COLEMAN MABRAY:jj Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

1

LEE HORN, Sheriff, Eastland, Eastland County, Texas, advised that Mr. W. A. ANDERSON, Anderson's Humble Service Station, W. Main Street, told him that several days ago two unknown white males appeared at that station. They were driving a compact car, make and model unknown. They purchased several gallons of gasoline then claimed to have no money. One of the individuals gave ANDERSON a check using the name of VIRGIL L. REECE. HORN advised that ANDERSON now believes this person to be identical with LEE OSWALD.

on 11/27/63 at Eastland, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent COLEMAN MARRAY:jj Date dictated 12/2/63

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DL 89-43
ACE:cv
1

BOB SMITH, owner, Aero Smith, Highland Park Airport, telephone AD 9-5316, who resides at 3258 Latham Drive, Dallas, Texas, residence telephone FL 2-7287, telephonically advised SA ALFRED C. ELLINGTON on November 30, 1963, that his firm operates an aircraft rental and charter service in the North Texas area. He advised that at approximately 2:30 p.m. on Sunday, November 24, 1963, an unknown white male telephonically contacted his firm from the bus station in Sherman, Texas, and desired "quick transportation to Dallas".

SMITH advised the pilot of the plane carrying this man to Dallas is JIM BAILEY, who resides in the vicinity of Sherman but whose specific residence is not known or immediately available to SMITH. He described the passenger as being white male, dark hair, 5'10", 180 to 200 pounds, well dressed, but allegedly wearing "about three days' growth of beard".

It is SMITH's understanding this man arrived in Sherman on a bus which he had ridden from St. Louis, Missouri and that "at every stop between St. Louis and Sherman this man had gotten off the bus and attempted to arrange for air transportation to Dallas". He said in connection with payment for his flight from Sherman to Dallas, the man used currency which included a $20.00 Canadian bill. It is SMITH's impression the passenger advised his pilot that he was a Life Magazine reporter from New Zealand, and he had earlier told fellow passengers, or other unidentified persons in the bus station, that he was "OSWALD's brother".

SMITH advised he does not know the significance, if any, of this information but that he had recently heard from BOB THORNTON, an executive at the Mercantile National Bank in Dallas that he, THORNTON, had heard from some source unknown to SMITH, that one of the Dallas newspapers had received a telephonic inquiry from some point in Canada prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY and inquiring as to whether the President had been shot.

He advised that upon receipt of this information and in view of the use by the unidentified passenger of a $20.00 Canadian bill he felt this information should be reported to the FBI. SMITH advised he is well acquainted with several individuals employed by the Dallas newspapers and that he himself plans to determine whether any of these individuals had received such an inquiry from a Canadian caller.

SMITH also advised that his pilot had advised him that the passenger in answer to the pilot's inquiry as to which airport in Dallas he desired to land answered he desired to land at the airport nearest the FBI Office.

SMITH stated in the event any additional information in this regard comes to his attention or in the event any additional information is desired by the FBI, he will gladly cooperate in any way possible.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

GREGORY F. BASILA, 620 West Houston Street, San Antonio, Texas, was interviewed and advised that between 7:00 and 8:00 p.m. on the evening of November 21, 1963, he was listening to the radio newscast of President KENNEDY's pending Dallas visit. A lone male in his store made the comment to him, "Tomorrow KENNEDY will be killed in Dallas." Then repeated, "In Dallas." This statement was made in Spanish in a dialect BASILA believed to be Cuban. BASILA stated that this individual was completely unknown to him, that he had never seen him before and has not seen him since. BASILA stated that although there were other people in the store, the comment was directed to him and no one else could have heard it.

BASILA described the individual as Latin American, but definitely not Mexican; height, five feet, four inches; weight, 135 to 145 pounds; hair, black; complexion, medium dark; clothing, hatless, short sleeve sportshirt and dark trousers. He stated that since he was comparatively busy at the time, he did not notice if the man left in an automobile.

BASILA further stated that many people had told him that BILLY GRAHAM was trying to keep President KENNEDY from coming to Dallas.

On 11/26/63 at San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-69

by SA DANIEL MAGENNIS eks Date dictated 11/26/63

765

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 26, 1963

Mr. MACK KING, 520 East 145th Avenue, Tampa, Fla., telephonically advised at 12:10 PM that he is an employee of Bonded Maintenance, and that he works at Tampa International Airport in connection with this employment.

Mr. KING advised that he desired to report that, on the evening of November 18, 1963, during a period from about 4:00 to 4:30 PM, he noticed a white male, in his middle 20s, weight about 160 pounds, approximately 5'11" in height, seated in the west section of the Tampa Airport. This individual had, as his only piece of baggage, a shotgun case with weapon inside. The man seemed to be very nervous and impatient, according to KING.

Mr. KING said he especially noticed this individual as he, KING, likes to hunt and was jealous of the fact that he was not accompanying this individual to go hunting. He did, however, feel that it was very strange that this was the man's only piece of baggage.

KING stated that he could furnish no further information concerning this individual. He repeated that his only basis for suspicion of the man was that his only piece of baggage was the gun, and that he appeared to be a highly nervous, impatient character. He said that, after hearing of the President's assassination, he talked the situation over with his wife and they decided that he should notify the FBI concerning the incident.

On 11/24/63 at Tampa, Florida File # TAMPA 62-455

by SA G. RANDALL MC GOUGH :cls Date dictated 11/26/63

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DL 89-43
VED:rmb

RE: THREATENING TELEPHONE CALL
TO MRS. JESSE CURRY, WIFE OF
CHIEF OF POLICE, DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 24, 1963

At 1:13 PM, November 24, 1963, SA VINCENT E. DRAIN telephonically advised ASAC KYLE G. CLARK that Chief of Police JESSE CURRY's wife had just received a telephone call at her residence threatening to kill her. It was reported that she advised her son of the receipt of this call and then left her residence in her car. Her whereabouts at the moment was not known.

Immediately thereafter at 1:17 PM, November 24, 1963, SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING advised Sheriff BILL DECKER, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, of the above and at 1:19 PM, Officer MARVIN DUVALL, Texas Department of Public Safety, was also advised.

FD 302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

1.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 30, 1963

Mrs. FRANK TRABULA, Cotulla, Texas, furnished the following information:

She is the owner of a drive-in grocery store in Cotulla, Texas.

On the afternoon of November 23, 1963, a white male American, 22 - 24 years of age, blond hair to brown, medium build, and height, entered her store about 5:00 pm and asked for ammunition.

He had an empty cartridge indicating that was the type of ammunition he desired. He said it was for a 6.5 Italian made rifle and added "it is the same kind that got the President yesterday", or words to that effect.

He did not appear to be joking. He was accompanied by a younger man, and young woman, who was driving the vehicle She stated that Mrs. DRUMGOOLE, a school teacher, was in the store at the time and heard the above conversations and made a note of the license on the vehicle.

On 11/24/63 at Cotulla, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA LEOPOLDO E. ARMIJO / jb Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD 302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

A 1.

Date November 30, 1963

Mrs. SALLY O. DRUMGOOLE, Cotulla, Texas, furnished the following information:

She was in the store owned by Mrs. FRANK TRABULA, Cotulla, Texas, on the afternoon of November 23, 1963, about 5:00 pm when two white males were trying to buy ammunition. Actually, they were already in the store when she walked in and overheard the older of the two say that it was the same kind of cartridge that got the President yesterday, as he held up the empty cartridge, and added that the ammunition was for an Italian made rifle.

She observed the two young men leave the store and saw a young woman driving the vehicle. When the car left, she made a mental note of the license number and about five minutes later, wrote it down. She is quite certain that the vehicle was 1952 - 55 Chevrolet, and is certain of the perfix CM on the license plates. She thought the license number was 6883; however, although she repeated the number in her mind, she could have made a transposition of numbers when she finally wrote it down.

On 11/24/63 at Cotulla, Texas File # SA 89-67

by SA LEOPOLDO E. ARMIJO /lb Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

1

BARBARA BROOKE, 101 South Sylvan Avenue, Columbus, Ohio, advised that she is employed as a public school teacher at Columbus, Ohio. During Easter recess, 1963, she traveled to Washington, D.C., to visit friends and tour Washington. On the morning of Saturday, April 13, 1963, as she drove by the White House, she took two photographs of the White House. At this time pickets were walking in front of the White House, and three pickets appear in each photograph she took. She does not recall the purpose of the pickets, but thinks it was some group in sympathy with CASTRO.

She advised that she recently reviewed the photographs taken at Washington, D.C., and area and noted that one of the pickets bears a strong resemblance to, and may be identical with, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, alleged assassin of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. These photographs are in the form of color slides.

BROOKE furnished the two color slides depicting views of the north front of the White House, showing three men carrying signs, and stated that these slides need not be returned to her if they were determined to be of any interest to the FBI. She initialed each of the slides for identification.

File # CI 62-2758

on 11/25/63 at Columbus, Ohio Date dictated 11/25/63

by SA LOREN M. BEDELL/jas

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

SARAH T. HUGHES, U. S. District Judge, was interviewed relative to the following letter which she received through the mail on November 25, 1963:

"Judge Hughes

"I am not a crack pot but I do fear for my life and I will remain anonymous.

"This man who Killed mr. Kennedy has indirectly communicated with gen. Walker for the past several months. Never directly but always thru persons unknown. A hatred was built into this Oswald, so much that he went as far as he did.

"Walker contacts were from Alabama. I heard Oswald speak of them.

"I am not a nut, Judge Hughes, but Walker was a good architect on the assasination. This which I am writing to you is a fact - one fact in the annals of our unspeakable deed, which will never be proven.

"I think there were people in this country beyond such hatred, but now I know there is'nt.

"Anonymous"

This letter was postmarked November 24, 1963, 6 p.m. at Fort Worth, and was addressed to "Judge Sarah Hughes, Dallas, Texas." Judge HUGHES stated she had received this letter on November 25, 1963, and had no idea as to who the writer was since it was anonymous. Judge HUGHES stated that she had turned this letter over to the Assistant U. S. Attorney B. H. TIMMINS, JR., on November 25, 1963, to be forwarded to the FBI.

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/sl Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

The following letter was furnished by Assistant U. S. Attorney B. H. TIMMINS, JR., who stated he had received it from SARAH T. HUGHES, U. S. District Judge, Dallas, Texas:

"Judge Hughes

"I am not a crack pot but I do fear for my life and I will remain anonymous.

"This man who Killed mr. Kennedy has indirectly communicated with gen. Walker for the past several months. Never directly but always thru persons unknown. A hatred was built into this Oswald, so much that he went as far as he did.

"Walker contacts were from Alabama. I heard Oswald speak of them.

"I am not a nut, Judge Hughes, but Walker was a good architect on the assasination. This which I am writing to you is a fact - one fact in the annals of our unspeakable deed, which will never be proven.

"I think there were people in this country beyond such hatred, but now I know there is'nt.

"Anonymous"

This letter was postmarked Fort Worth, Texas, November 24, 1963, 6 p.m., and was addressed "Judge Sarah Hughes, Dallas, Texas."

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/sl Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

-1-

Date November 26, 1963

On November 25, 1963, GEORGE WILLIAM PEKAR, 37 Benton Street, Fairfield, Connecticut, telephone number 366-2140, advised as follows:

He has been employed as a commercial artist for the past eleven or twelve years by the Rosner - Lewis Agency, an advertising agency at 2440 Reservoir Avenue, Trumbull, Connecticut. Also located in the same building at the Reservoir Avenue address are the International Electronics Company, Limited, the International Electronics Company of Puerto Rico, and the American Merchandising Corporation. All of these corporations are owned by LOU LEWIS whose true name is LOUIS ISLOWITZ. LEWIS formerly lived in Newtown, Connecticut but now lives at 2440 Reservoir Avenue, Trumbull, Connecticut.

LEWIS is a very secretive person and is reputed to frequent nightclubs. His brother, LEO LEWIS, also known as LEO ISLOWITZ, is reported to have operated a nightclub in Miami, Florida at one time.

LEWIS formed the International Electronics Company, Limited and the International Electronics Company of Puerto Rico several months ago. About two months ago International Electronics Company, Limited, hired seven or eight workers to set up a pilot assembly line for the production of electronic control switches, intending to mass produce these units at the Jarardo, Puerto Rico plant of International Electronics of Puerto Rico. The workers were laid off after a short time when International Electronics Company, Limited was unable to get parts. The basic unit of these switches was purchased from Hunt Electronics, Dallas, Texas. Some representatives of an electronics company in Texas have visited at the Trumbull plant of International Electronics Company, Limited, but PEKAR had no information on what company they represented.

About two or three weeks ago LEWIS went to Dallas, Texas but PEKAR had no information on his contacts or activities there, or if he had made any other trips to that city.

On 11/25/63 at 1559 Post Road Fairfield, Connecticut File # NH 100-18158

by SA's LLOYD S. GOODROW and JAMES J. MC CARTHY /hmg Date dictated 11/26/63

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Approximately three weeks ago after LEWIS returned from his trip to Dallas, Texas, PEKAR overheard Mrs. MARY SHEARER (phonetic), LEWIS' secretary, speaking to someone and mentioning the Carousel, Vegas, and RUBY.

PEKAR could not recall hearing LEWIS say anything about the Carousel, Vegas or RUBY.

About two weeks ago while at work, PEKAR saw through the front window of the plant a woman who resembled the picture of Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD that appeared in the November 24, 1963 issue of the Bridgeport Sunday Post, a local paper published weekly at Bridgeport, Connecticut. The woman was standing outside the plant and seemed hesitant to enter the building. A car with New York license plates was in the parking lot and PEKAR concluded that the woman came to the plant in that car.

As PEKAR was walking through the office to go downstairs he saw a stocky woman who resembled the photograph of the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD which appeared in the above issue of the Bridgeport Sunday Post. The stocky woman had a baby in her arms and had just arrived on the second floor of the plant when PEKAR saw her. The woman who resembled OSWALD's mother looked around and then went to Mrs. SHEARER at her desk.

PEKAR went downstairs and saw nothing more of either women. PEKAR thought nothing more of the two women until after he saw the pictures of OSWALD's wife and mother in the Bridgeport Post for November 24, 1963. When after looking at the picture for some time he concluded that the two women he had seen at the Trumbull plant were possibly identical with the wife and mother of OSWALD.

PEKAR was unable to furnish any description of the woman whom he feels resembles OSWALD's wife, other than that she appeared to be similar to the picture and had light brown hair. He said the woman who resembled OSWALD's mother appeared to be in her late 40's, with light brown hair, heavy build and a big head.

PEKAR furnished the following description of LEWIS:

Name:	LOU LEWIS, also known as Louis Islowitz
Age:	43
Height:	5' 6" (with elevator shoes)
Weight:	150 - 160 pounds
Build:	Stocky
Hair:	Dark and bald, wears dark wig
Glasses:	None
Complexion:	Ruddy
Characteristics:	Occasionally wears mustache
Marital Status:	Married, but separated from wife
Peculiarities:	Short stubby fingers, wears wig and elevator shoes.

At no time has PEKAR ever heard any information of a plot to assassinate the President of the United States or anything against the best interest of the United States Government discussed at his place of employment.

At the time the radio broadcasted the news of President KENNEDY's assassination, PEKAR noticed nothing unusual in the shop.

PEKAR explained that LEWIS' secretary, Mrs. MARY SHEARER (phonetic) lives in Monroe, Connecticut; is separated from her husband; and is a very close friendof LEWIS. The only other employee in the office, Mrs. BOBBY ADAM, Monroe, Connecticut, who is the typist and file clerk, is also very friendly with Mrs. SCHEARER and LEWIS.

The only other two people in the plant who might have seen the two women are RUDY PIRHALA (phonetic), another commercial artist who works with PEKAR, and TOM FITZPATRICK, an accountant employed by LEWIS, who has an office on the second floor.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 3, 1963

1

JIM BATES, 401 East Birdsong Drive, stated he has worked as a driver for the Safeway-Yellow Cab Company in Longview, Texas, for the past twelve years.

BATES stated he recalls two fares from the Holiday Inn in Longview, Texas, to Whatley Road in Gregg County, Texas, on November 22, 1963, about 9:00 a.m. He stated both men were white males and one indicated he was from Alabama and the other from Georgia.

BATES stated that during the trip of about seven miles, he and the two men talked about President KENNEDY's visit to Dallas on that date. He stated all of them indicated they were worried that some embarrassing incident might befall the President as had befallen U. S. Ambassador to the United Nations, Mr. STEVENSON, during October, 1963.

He stated he did not make the statement that President KENNEDY would not leave Dallas alive, but as the President's visit to Dallas was a matter of concern to him, he probably mentioned to both men that he hoped nothing happened to President KENNEDY during the visit to Texas.

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on 11/29/63 at Longview, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALAN L. MANNING/gm Date dictated 12/1/63

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OSWALD

105-82555

Section 20

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11/27/63

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Information has previously been received indicating Oswald was in contact with both the Soviet and Cuban Embassies in Mexico on 9/28/63.

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Report Form
FD-263 (6-12-58)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
EL PASO	DALLAS	12/1/63	11/22/63 - 12/1/63

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed By:
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	SA DAVID J. REID	shd,st
	CHARACTER OF CASE: IS - R	

Synopsis:

REFERENCES

Bureau teletypes to all offices dated 11/30/63, 5:14 P.M. and 12/1/63, 6:02 P.M.

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

The pretext used by SA DAVID J. REID in contacting families by the name of PERRY listed in the El Paso Telephone Directory was as follows: SA REID, without identifying himself, asked to speak to EARL PERRY, it being determined in each case, that no EARL PERRY resided at the address in question and that no one by the name of EARL PERRY was known to the person answering the telephone.

No leads are being set out in this report in view of the fact that all leads have been previously set out by teletype.

Approved: # Special Agent in Charge

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SOVIET SECTION

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DATE FORW. 12-19-63
HOW FORW. C/S-14E, 0-14k
BY KEA: pm

ICC Warren Comm (11-12-63 to 12-23-63)

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Some information received by this office, which has been set out in the body of this report, did not appear to warrant further investigation and, for that reason, no investigation was conducted regarding such information.

There is no pending investigation in the El Paso Office in connection with this matter at the present time.

Information furnished by Mrs. W. P. SCHUMACHER regarding the films appearing on KTSM-TV was telephonically furnished to Investigative Clerk ROBERT RENFROE of the Dallas Office on the night of November 22, 1963 by SAC HERBERT E. HOXIE.

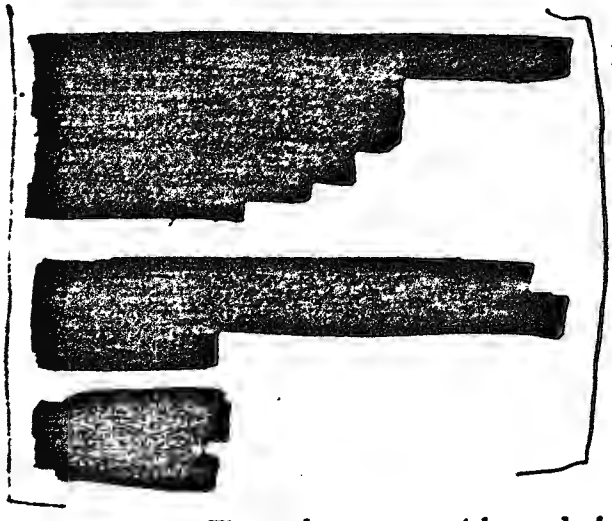
IDENTITY OF INFORMANTS

INFORMANT	DATE OF CONTACT	AGENT BY WHOM CONTACTED
[redacted]	11/22/63	SA ROBERT G. ABEGGLEN
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"
	11/22/63	SA HAROLD H. BOYCE
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"
	11/22/63	SA HARREL LEON DAVIS
	"	"
	11/22/63	SA FREDERICK A. JOHNS
	11/23/63	"
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"

EP 105-1264

INFORMANT	DATE OF CONTACT	AGENT BY WHOM CONTACTED
[redacted]	11/23/63	SA FREDERICK A. JOHNS
	"	"
	"	"
	11/22/63	"
	11/23/63	"
	11/22/63	"
	11/23/63	"
	11/22/63	SA EDWARD JOSEPH MURPHY
	11/22/63	SA ROBERT C. NAGEL
	11/22/63	SA WILLIAM H. NIMMINS
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"
	"	SA RICHARD H. PICKEN
	"	SA DEAN N. RAY
	"	SA DAVID J. REID
	11/23/63	"
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"
	11/22/63	SA HOWARD W. RILEY
	"	"
	"	"
	"	"
	"	SA THOMAS B. WHITE, JR.
	"	SA WILLARD D. WHARTON

EP 105-1264

INFORMANT	DATE OF CONTACT	AGENT BY WHOM CONTACTED
	11/24/63	SA JOHN R. MAURER
	"	SA HOWARD W. RILEY
	"	SA ROBERT C. NAGEL
	"	SA ROY C. DAHL
	"	SA ROBERT G. ABEGGLEN
	"	SA WILLIAM B. AHDERS
	"	SA WILLIAM B. AHDERS
	"	SA ROBERT G. ABEGGLEN
	"	"
	"	"

The above-mentioned informants were mentioned in the body of this report as having been contacted with negative results regarding the assassination and the pending funeral of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA DAVID J. REID
Date: December 1, 1963

Office: EL PASO

Field Office File No.: EP 105-1264

Bureau File No.:

Title:
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character:
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Synopsis:

Informants and representatives of government agencies advised on 11/22/63 - 11/24/63 they had no pertinent information regarding the assassination or pending funeral of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. Mexican Immigration officials along the border in State of Chihuahua, Mexico, advised their records reflected no Mexican Tourist Permits having been issued to subject or his relatives between August 1 and present. The soldier in U.S. Army uniform by name of QUIROGA, who claimed to have been in Dallas, Texas, the night before the assassination and reportedly stated that they had caught a spy in Dallas, not identified. Sgt. EARL S. PERRY, Army Serial Number 554 387 69, a resident of El Paso in 1955, and Sgt. EARL PERRY, USMC, stationed Okinawa, only two individuals by that name identified as having some El Paso connection. Miscellaneous complaints regarding the assassination investigated with negative results as far as the subject is concerned.

- P -

DETAILS:

AT EL PASO, TEXAS AND NEIGHBORING COMMUNITIES:

105-82555-463

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

INFORMANT CONTACTS

On November 22 and 23, 1963, confidential security and criminal informants and sources in the El Paso area were contacted and they advised they had no information of a pertinent nature regarding the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

On November 24, 1963, confidential security and criminal informants and sources in the El Paso Area were contacted and they advised that no information has come to their attention indicating possible violence on the part of persons or organizations coincidential to the funeral of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

CONTACTS WITH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

The following individuals were contacted on November 22, 1963 at which time they advised that they had no pertinent information regarding the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY:

Lt. Colonel ROBERT E. BUTTS, G-2, Fort Bliss, Texas, contacted by SA ROBERT G. ABEGGLEN.

TRAVIS P. SHACKELFORD, 112 INTC Group, Fort Bliss, Texas, contacted by SA ABEGGLEN.

THOMAS SPRINGER, ONI, El Paso, Texas, contacted by SA ABEGGLEN.

MARVIN PROVOST, United States Postal Inspector, El Paso, contacted by SA HAROLD H. BOYCE.

ELIAS MEDINA, United States Customs, Presidio, Texas, contacted by SA HARREL LEON DAVIS.

JOE T. RAY, Customs Agency Service, El Paso, contacted by SA GORDON F. ELLISON.

MURRAY SMITH, Vice Consul, American Consulate, Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico, contacted by SA GORDON F. ELLISON.

ELMER HOFFMAN, United States Border Patrol, contacted by SA FREDERICK A. JOHNS.

WILLIAM WOLMAN, U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service, El Paso, contacted by SA JOHNS.

GERALD O'CONNOR, U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service, Santa Fe Bridge, El Paso, contacted by Special Agent in Charge HERBERT E. HOXIE.

FRANK MANNING, El Paso County Sheriff's Office, El Paso, contacted by SA EDWARD JOSEPH MURPHY.

DAVID CLORE, Internal Revenue Service, El Paso, contacted by SA EDWARD JOSEPH MURPHY.

Detective Lt. ANDREW WILSON, El Paso Police Department, contacted by SA ROBERT C. NAGEL.

Lt. JERRY MILLER, Texas Highway Patrol, El Paso, contacted by SA RICHARD H. PICKEN.

Major ROY B. SCHROYER, Provost Marshal, Biggs Air Force Base, El Paso, contacted by SA DEAN N. RAY.

SALVADOR DEL VALLE, OSI, Biggs Air Force Base, El Paso, contacted by SA DEAN N. RAY.

The following individuals were contacted on November 24, 1963, and they advised that no information had come to their attention to indicate possible violence on the

part of persons or organizations coincidental to the funeral of President JOHN F. KENNEDY:

THOMAS SPRINGER, ONI, El Paso, contacted by SA ROBERT G. ABEGGLEN.

Lt. Colonel ROBERT E. BUTTS, G-2, Fort Bliss, Texas, contacted by SA ABEGGLEN.

TRAVIS P. SHACKELFORD, 112 INTC Group, Fort Bliss, Texas, contacted by SA ABEGGLEN.

SALVADOR DEL VALLE, OSI, Biggs Air Force Base, El Paso, contacted by SA DEAN N. RAY.

Lt. ANDREW WILSON, El Paso Police Department, El Paso, contacted by SA ROBERT C. NAGEL.

Lt. JERRY MILLER, Texas Highway Patrol, El Paso, contacted by SA RICHARD H. PICKEN.

FRANK MANNING, El Paso County Sheriff's Office, El Paso, contacted by SA EDWARD JOSEPH MURPHY.

BORDER CROSSING OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND HIS RELATIVES

The following individuals were contacted on the dates noted and they advised that the records of their respective offices, for the period August 1, 1963 to the present, contained no information to indicate that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, his wife, or his mother obtained Mexican Tourist Permits through their respective offices, which would entitle these individuals to enter the interior of Mexico:

Mrs. CONSUELO MALDONADO, Mexican Immigration Service, Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico, contacted by SA DAVID J. REID on November 23, 1963.

JORGE DE LA MAZA LAUBSCHER, Mexican Immigration Service, Ojinaga, Chihuahua, Mexico, contacted by SA HARREL LEON DAVIS on November 24, 1963.

MARTIN ALVAREZ A., Mexican Immigration Service, Guadalupe, Chihuahua, Mexico, contacted by SA DAVIS on November 25, 1963.

PROCORO ORTIZ, Mexican Immigration Service, Zaragoza, Chihuahua, Mexico, contacted by SA DAVIS on November 25, 1963.

INVESTIGATION TO IDENTIFY (FNU) QUIROGA

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

Mr. THEODORE L. GIORGETTI, Patrol Inspector, United States Border Patrol, El Paso, advised as follows:

At about 5:30 pm on the day of the assassination of the President of the United States, JOHN F. KENNEDY, while the United States-Mexican border was closed between El Paso, Texas, and Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico, he was advised by a Mexican Immigration Officer, namely ARMANDO MIRAMONTES PEREZ, that a Mexican Customs Officer at the Cordova Island crossing point had shortly before overheard a man dressed in a uniform of the United States Army state in the Spanish language that he had been in Dallas, Texas, the night before the assassination and at that time knew that the assassination was going to take place.

GIORGETTI was pointed out the soldier in question by MIRAMONTES and then GIORGETTI, in an unobtrusive manner, approached the soldier and determined that the name attached to his uniform was "QUIROGA". This soldier was detained at the border along with many other persons for a period of about three hours prior to being allowed to return to the United States.

GIORGETTI described the soldier as follows:

Sex	Male
Height	5' 9" or 5' 10"
Build	Slim
Hair	Black
Complexion	Olive, not too dark
Characteristics	Latin features
Dress	Enlisted man's uniform of United States Army

On 11/23/63 at El Paso, Texas File # EP 105-1264

by SA DAVID J. REID /djr -6- Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

Mr. ARMANDO MIRAMONTES PEREZ, Mexican Immigration Officer, Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico, advised as follows:

Shortly after about 4:30 pm, El Paso time, on the night of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, he was contacted by a Mexican Customs Officer, name not known, at the Mexican Immigration Station at the Cordova Island crossing between Juarez, Mexico, and El Paso, Texas, and was advised by this Mexican Customs Officer that he had just overheard a soldier in the United States Army make the statement that he had been in Dallas, Texas, the night before the assassination of President KENNEDY and had known ahead of time that the assassination was going to take place. A large group of persons had gathered at the crossing point at that time and were awaiting the opening of the border so that they could return to the United States. The above-mentioned soldier was one of the group of persons waiting to return to the United States.

MIRAMONTES was busy with other matters and had no direct contact with the soldier, who had to wait at the border for a period of about three hours before the border was reopened and he was allowed to return to the United States. MIRAMONTES contacted a representative of the United States Border Patrol at the crossing point after having been furnished the above information by the Mexican Customs Officer and in turn furnished this information to the Border Patrolman.

MIRAMONTES said he would attempt to identify the Mexican Customs Officer mentioned above and would have this individual immediately contact the FBI in El Paso. MIRAMONTES said he understood the importance of this matter and would make every effort to immediately identify and locate the above-mentioned Mexican Customs Officer.

On 11/23/63 at Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico File # EP 105-1264

by SA DAVID J. REID /djr -7- Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

Mr. THEODORE L. GIORGETTI, Patrol Inspector, United States Border Patrol, El Paso, personally observed RAMON N. QUIROGA, Army Serial Number US-56337162, who was assigned to the United States Army Hospital, White Sands Missle Range, New Mexico, and stated at that time that RAMON N. QUIROGA was not identical with the soldier who had the name "QUIROGA" attached to his uniform and who was seen by GIORGETTI at the Cordova Island crossing point between El Paso, Texas, and Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico, on the night of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

GIORGETTI personally observed RAMON N. QUIROGA at a private residence located at 1612 Mathias Street, El Paso.

On 11/27/63 at El Paso, Texas File # EP 105-1264

by SA DAVID J. REID/DJR -8- Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

Mr. ANGEL MARTINEZ JUAREZ, Mexican Customs Officer, Cordova Island Bridge, Juarez, Mexico, advised as follows:

At about 4:30 pm, El Paso time, on November 22, 1963, a soldier of the United States Army, who was in uniform, arrived at the Cordova Island crossing point in a taxi, which had come from the direction of Juarez. The United States-Mexican border had been closed by Mexican authorities earlier in the afternoon to assist United States authorities in connection with the investigation into the assassination of President KENNEDY. When the above-mentioned soldier arrived at the crossing point, a large group of individuals had already collected and were waiting for an opportunity to cross the border.

The soldier, whose rate was not determined but who had the name "QUIROGA" attached to his uniform, made the statement to MARTINEZ that he had been in Dallas, Texas, the night before, meaning the night of November 21, 1963. The soldier then asked MARTINEZ why the border was closed and MARTINEZ told him that it was due to the assassination of the President. The soldier then made the statement to MARTINEZ that they had caught a spy in Dallas. The soldier made no further statements of a pertinent nature to MARTINEZ.

MARTINEZ wondered how the soldier knew that a spy had been arrested in Dallas and decided to relay the above information to ARMANDO MIRAMONTES PEREZ, a Mexican Immigration Officer at the Cordova Island crossing point. He immediately furnished the above information to MIRAMONTES but did not tell MIRAMONTES that the soldier had stated that he knew ahead of time that the assassination was going to take place.

MARTINEZ then saw MIRAMONTES contact a member of the United States Border Patrol at the crossing point for the purpose of relaying the above information to United States authorities. The soldier waited at the crossing point along with the other persons who were being temporarily detained and returned to the United States after about a three hour wait.

MARTINEZ described the above-mentioned soldier as follows:

Sex	Male
Race	White
Age	25-28
Height	5' 11"
Weight	155 pounds
Hair	Black
Racial Origin	Latin (medium complexion)

On 11/30/63 at Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico File # EP 105-1264

by SA DAVID J. REID/DJR -9- Date dictated 12/1/63

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EP 105-1264

POSSIBLE CONNECTION BETWEEN LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND ONE EARL PERRY

The following investigation was conducted in an effort to identify one EARL PERRY who reportedly served with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the United States Marine Corps in 1956, was from El Paso, Texas, and allegedly was employed for an organization distributing anti-Mexican propaganda, and was reportedly in current contact with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On November 23, 1963, Mrs. LENA INGRAM, Credit Bureau, El Paso, Texas, advised Special Agent WILLIAM H. NIMMINS that the only EARL PERRY contained in the records of her Office was one EARL S. PERRY, 417 W. Yandell Street, El Paso, a Sergeant in the United States Army as of June, 1955. PERRY's wife was listed as HELEN PERRY, a stenographer for El Paso Electric Company, beginning in December, 1954.

On November 23, 1963, Mr. JAMES P. DAVIS, American Furniture Company, El Paso, advised Special Agent DAVID J. REID that the records of the company reflect that Specialist Third Class, EARL S. PERRY, 417 W. Yandell Street, Apartment 20, made a purchase at the American Furniture Company in October, 1955. PERRY's Army Serial Number was listed as 554 387 69.

The 1955 El Paso City Directory listed EARL S. PERRY and wife, H. ANN PERRY, as residing at 1621 E. Rio Grande, Apartment 3, El Paso. No listing was found for PERRY in subsequent El Paso City Directories.

On November 24, 1963, Mrs. HORTENCIA AYLESWORTH, Manager, apartment building located at 417 W. Yandell, El Paso, advised Special Agent REID that she had managed the apartment building for a short period of time and that there was no one residing in the building who had been there for a period longer that two and a half years.

On November 24, 1963, Mrs. ALVINA H. MOTTINGER, 1621 E. Rio Grande, El Paso, advised Special Agent REID that she had resided at this address since 1949 but did not recall anyone by the name of EARL PERRY or HELEN ANN PERRY. She said that there were no persons currently residing at this address who lived there prior to 1960.

The El Paso City Directories for the years 1954 through 1963 were checked under the name EARL PERRY and no individual was listed in these city directories by that name, except for the EARL S. PERRY mentioned above.

On November 23, 1963, Mrs. LENA ANDERSON, El Paso Public Library, El Paso, advised that records of the library contained no information regarding anyone by the name of EARL PERRY. She furnished this information to Special Agent REID.

On November 23, 1963, PAUL ANDOW, National Head of the League of United Latin American Citizens, El Paso, advised Special Agent WILLIAM H. NIMMINS that he knew of no organization or group in El Paso which distributed anti-Mexican propaganda. He said he was not acquainted with anyone by the name of EARL PERRY.

On November 26, 1963, Mrs. DOROTHY RAYMOND, El Paso City Schools, El Paso, advised Special Agent REID that she checked the records for the City of El Paso regarding grammar school, junior high school, and high school students and that she was unable to locate any record to indicate that anyone by the name of EARL PERRY ever attended the El Paso City schools. She said that she also checked the school census records for the years 1950 through 1955, these records including parochial schools as well as El Paso City schools, and no record was located regarding anyone by the name of EARL PERRY.

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On November 24, 1963, pretext telephone contact was made with all of the PERRY families listed in the 1963 El Paso Telephone Directory. No information was developed regarding anyone by the name of EARL PERRY except for the following information furnished to Special Agent REID by Lieutenant Colonel JAMES F. PERRY, 5100 Chateau Street, El Paso: T/k

PERRY had a brother by the name EARL PERRY who was a Sergeant in the United States Marine Corps and who was, at that time, stationed in Okinawa. EARL PERRY was believed to be assigned to MAM Helicopter Repair Parts Unit in Okinawa. EARL PERRY was stationed in California in 1956, left the Marine Corps in about 1957, lived in Lubbock, Texas, between 1957 and 1960, and never resided in El Paso. EARL PERRY was scheduled to return to the United States from Okinawa in about November or December, 1963.

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MISCELLANEOUS COMPLAINTS

At 4:01 P.M. on November 22, 1963, Mrs. W. P. SCHUMACHER, 1308 Cincinnati Street, telephonically advised Special Agent in Charge HERBERT E. HOXIE as follows:

She had seen films on KTSM-TV, the NCB outlet in El Paso, that afternoon. In that connection, one film which had been taken by a cameraman at the time of the actual shooting, showed the camera out of focus when the cameraman left the camera at the time of the actual shooting. During this period, it showed other people who were interested in the event and allegedly showed one man in the window who ran away rather than expressing an interest in the actual shooting. Mrs. SCHUMACHER said she thought this man fitted the general description of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, who had been described on television as being in custody and as a suspect in the assassination.

On November 22, 1963, VAN FRIS, Official at KTSM-TV in El Paso, advised SA WILLARD D. WHARTON that the above-mentioned film involved a cameraman who was in a car behind the President's car and that this film had been sent "live" into NBC Headquarters from Station WFAA, Fort Worth. Mr. FRIS stated two officials of KTSM-TV had seen the film and did not recall the specific incident referred to by Mrs. SCHUMACHER, mentioned above. Mr. FRIS stated that the film did show Secret Service men running.

On November 22, 1963, Mr. ELMA A. COLLINS, District Sales Representative, Texaco Inc., 1930 East Paisano, El Paso, telephonically advised SA ROBERT S. GAST II that there was a boxcar in the yard of Texaco Inc. which had been in Dallas, Texas two days previously and which contained the following writing on the door of the boxcar, "Oh, how odd that God would choose the Jews". "You tell them fat boy, Roy". "Bye Bye - Jews, you're next after Kennedy".

On November 22, 1963, JOSEPH F. SPARTI, 9215 Roanoke Drive, El Paso, telephonically advised SA DAVID J. REID the following information:

SPARTI was told by his daughter, ELEANOR SPARTI, that she was present at her place of employment shortly after the election of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, at which time JOHN C. TROXAL, 10037 New Castle, El Paso, made the prediction that President KENNEDY would be assassinated and that he would be the last person to serve as the President of the United States.

On November 22, 1963, TROXAL made the statement, in the presence of ELEANOR SPARTI, "You see, my prediction was right".

TROXAL is employed in the electronics field by the Western Electric Company at White Sands Missile Range in New Mexico. He has made many remarks against the United States, according to ELEANOR SPARTI. He has been making remarks about President KENNEDY for quite some time. On Saturdays and Sundays, he gives religious talks at the Plaza in downtown El Paso and is considered a religious fanatic.

At 6:40 P.M. on November 22, 1963, EMMETT IKE MILLER, 901 Radford Street, El Paso, telephonically furnished the following information to SA WILLIAM H. NIMMINS: During the afternoon of November 15, 1963, MILLER was in El Carlo's Bar located on Myrtle Street in El Paso and heard one man say to another individual in the bar in the Spanish language that President KENNEDY offered support in connection with the Bay of Pigs invasion of Cuba and added "Well, he won't last long", or words to that effect.

MILLER saw a photograph of the suspected assassin on television on November 22, 1963 and thought that there might be some resemblance between the suspected assassin and the above-mentioned man in the El Carlo's Bar, whom he described as follows: race, white; age, 25 to 26; 6' tall or over, 170 lbs. to 175 lbs., complexion, light; eyes brown; hair, black (crewcut); wearing light coat and dark trousers.

MILLER recontacted SA NIMMINS the same afternoon, furnished him general information and then indicated he was going to bed.

At 12:23 P.M. on November 23, 1963, EMMETT IKE MILLER, mentioned above, telephonically advised SA JOHN R. MAURER about the above-mentioned incident in the El Carlo's Bar in El Paso. On this occasion, he stated that he overheard the person whom he believed to be identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD say "President Kennedy offered to help in the Bay of Pigs". The individual to whom this comment was addressed then replied "He won't last very long. He will be killed".

MILLER then stated that he had heard that the Dallas Police Department had a Mexican in custody and that this development led him to believe more strongly than ever that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and the other individual mentioned above were in the El Carlo's Bar in El Paso on November 15, 1963.

MILLER indicated that it was his opinion that the assassins probably came from Mexico to El Paso and on to Dallas. MILLER said he definitely believed that the man he observed in the El Carlo's Bar in El Paso was LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On November 23, 1963, CHESTER MC LAUGHLIN, United States Probation Officer, El Paso, furnished to Special Agent ROBERT C. NAGEL the name of GARY EDWARD PETERSON, FBI # 740 654 C, and stated that PETERSON was convicted in the United States District Court in El Paso in August, 1960, on an extortion charge involving a threatening letter to his mother. MC LAUGHLIN indicated that PETERSON received psychiatric treatment and was placed on supervised probation during the early part of 1963. MC LAUGHLIN further advised that PETERSON obtained employment as a trainee at the Curtis Mathis Plant in Athens, Texas, and was last known to be located in Athens.

Mr. MC LAUGHLIN said he believed PETERSON wrote threatening letters to the President of the United States while serving in the United States Army in about 1959.

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On November 23, 1963, Mr. N. F. DAVIDSON, Senior Patrol Inspector, United States Border Patrol, El Paso, telephonically advised Special Agent HAROLD H. BOYCE as follows:

A neighbor of Mr. DAVIDSON's, namely ELTON D. MARSH, 131 Edith Drive, El Paso, reported to him that after viewing television broadcasts concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY, he recognized the building where the assassin allegedly hid as the Texas School Book Depository Building, where an attorney acquaintance, namely ROSS CARLTON, had his office. CARLTON supposedly was President of the Texas Text Book Company in the same building and was admittedly anti-KENNEDY administration and outwardly outspoken in indicating that he was a vicious personal enemy of Vice-President LYNDON B. JOHNSON. CARLTON was apparently a segregationist and associate of reactionary groups in Dallas. CARLTON also admittedly had an extensive gun collection. In view of this, MARSH was of the opinion that ROSS CARLTON could be suspect in connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Inspector DAVIDSON was of the personal opinion that MARSH was not too reliable and had a brother who was then located in a mental hospital.

The following investigation was conducted to determine if the individual driving an automobile registered to JOE P. SWANSON, 3631 Nations, El Paso, was one of two men who reportedly stopped at a drive-in grocery operated by FRANK TRUBULA, Highway 81 South, Cotulla, Texas, at about 5:10 PM on November 23, 1963, and made the statement regarding a shell that he had in his possession, "That is what I got the President with yesterday."

On November 23, 1963, RICHARD MARVIN SWANSON, 3631 Nations, El Paso, advised Special Agents ROBERT G. ARREGUIN and DEAN N. RAY as follows:

SWANSON has a 1956 Plymouth, two-door, green, 1963 Texas license CM 6883, in his possession which was registered to his father, JOE P. SWANSON, of the same address. SWANSON pointed out that the above mentioned license plates were on the vehicle in question. SWANSON currently attends Texas Western College and is employed at Price's Creameries in El Paso.

SWANSON claimed that he had not loaned the above mentioned automobile to any person on November 22, 1963. SWANSON does not own a 6.5 rifle but admitted ownership of a Remington 22 caliber rifle.

On November 23, 1963, the records of the El Paso Police Department, El Paso, were checked and it was determined that JOE P. SWANSON was the owner of the above mentioned vehicle. It was also determined that no stolen report on the vehicle or the license plates was contained in the Police Department files and that no record was maintained regarding RICHARD MARVIN SWANSON in the files of the Police Department.

On November 23, 1963, ROBERT D. MC INTYRE, Night Manager, Prices Creameries, El Paso, advised Special Agents ABEGGLEN and RAY that SWANSON was working at Prices Creameries from 11:00 AM to 7:00 PM on November 22, 1963.

On November 23, 1963, JOHN DEFEE, JR., a fellow student at Texas Western College, El Paso, advised Special Agents ABEGGLEN and RAY that SWANSON attended classes at Texas Western College on November 23, 1963.

On November 23, 1963, L. I. BATES, 2305 West Second Street, Odessa, Texas, advised SA ROY C. DAHL as follows:

BATES knew the President was to be killed. BATES had known this for the past three years as he had heard a rumor shortly after the Democratic Convention in San Francisco

that President KENNEDY would "not last out a full term". BATES did not know when the President was to be killed but knew it would happen. BATES did not know the source of this rumor nor could he recall when or where he heard the rumor. This rumor was generally known around Odessa. BATES knew nothing regarding the individual responsible for the shooting of President KENNEDY.

The following investigation was conducted to determine if the Church of the First Born of the Fullness of Time (CFB), which reportedly had headquarters in El Paso, Texas and was led by JOEL AND ERVAL LE BARON, had been, as alleged, plotting the assassination of top government officials and the killing of the top officials of the Mormon Church in order that the CFB take over the United States Government.

One JOEL FRANKLIN LE BARON, one ERVIL MORREL LE BARON and one ALMA DAYER LE BARON, brothers, fled the United States in 1944 to evade the draft and went to Mexico. JOEL FRANKLIN LE BARON surrendered himself at El Paso, Texas in 1948, pled guilty to a draft evasion charge and was sentenced to one year in the custody of the Attorney General, the sentence being suspended and JOEL FRANKLIN LE BARON being placed on probation for three years.

In October, 1960, Dr. E. L. HATCH, Colonia Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico, a Mormon, advised SA WILLIAM H. NIMMINS that the LE BARON brothers were then residing in Colonia Juarez, located about 175 miles Southwest of El Paso, Texas.

On November 26, 1963, Dr. CLARK S. KNOWLTON, Head of the Sociology Department, Texas Western College, El Paso, a Mormon, telephonically advised SA RICHARD K. GRAHAM, that the headquarters of the CFB were located in Galeana, Chihuahua, Mexico near Colonia Juarez. He said CFB members practice polygamy, which makes living in the

United States difficult. Dr. KNOWLTON said he had been told by members of the CFB that most CFB members had left the El Paso area and that the LE BARONs are no longer leaders of the CFB. Dr. KNOWLTON said the CFB seemed to be very unstable, new members remaining as members for only a short period of time. Dr. KNOWLTON said he did not know of any plotting by the CFB against government officials and did not believe the CFB members to be that stupid. Dr. KNOWLTON said that a Master's thesis regarding the CFB had been written and was located in care of the Religion Department of Brigham Young University.

On November 26, 1963, Mr. M. PRATT and Mr. LIONEL M. WEST, Bishop and Stake President respectively, Mormon Church, El Paso, telephonically advised SA GRAHAM that the above-mentioned statements by Dr. KNOWLTON were generally believed to be correct.

On November 26, 1963, ROSS JOHNS, a transient who listed his residence as 102 Glenrose Street, Nashville, Tennessee, advised SA ROY C. DAHL in Midland, Texas as follows:

JOHNS was in the Hollywood Bar in El Paso on September 29 or October 1, 1963 and met a man in the bar by the name of OSWALD, first name not known. An unidentified man and OSWALD's girl friend, a Mexican girl from Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico, were with OSWALD at that time. The man who identified himself to JOHNS as OSWALD, approached JOHNS in the Hollywood Bar on the above-mentioned occasion and offered to sell JOHNS some "dope", telling JOHNS at that time that he could get anything for JOHNS that JOHNS wanted across the river, meaning in Mexico. This individual also told JOHNS that if JOHNS needed anything he could be contacted at the Hollywood Bar.

Investigation conducted at Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas, Mexico, developed information that LEE HARVEY OSWALD entered

Mexico at Nuevo Laredo on September 26, 1963 and departed from Mexico at Nuevo Laredo on October 3, 1963. No information was developed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been in the vicinity of Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico or El Paso, Texas during that period of time.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. LELA KAY LORD, 2403 Holloway Street, Midland, Texas, advised Special Agent ROY C. DAHL that in October, 1959, her son, BILLY JOE LORD, Air Force Serial Number 18649720, who is presently station at the United States Air Force Base in Minot, North Dakota, traveled to France to attend school. Her son made the trip aboard a Lykes Brothers Steamship. LEE HARVEY OSWALD was on this same ship and shared a cabin with her son. Her son told her that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was an atheist.

On November 30, 1963, the Odessa, Texas, Police Department telephonically advised Special Agent ROY C. DAHL in Midland, Texas, that WILLIAM RAY DOBKINS of Monahans, Texas, had been locked up. The Odessa Police Department further advised that during the night of November 29, 1963, DOBKINS had gone to the back door of the Texas Cafe in Odessa and had attempted to enter the Cafe. DOBKINS reportedly told the person at the Cafe that he was investigating LEE HARVEY OSWALD. DOBKINS reportedly then entered the Odessa Police Department and told the Desk Sergeant that he had killed President KENNEDY. The Odessa Police Department further advised that in view of the fact that DOBKINS was drunk, he was arrested and placed in jail.

On November 30, 1963, WILLIAM RAY DOBKINS, mentioned above, advised Special Agent DAHL that he had been drunk the night before and that he had actually not had anything to do with the shooting of President KENNEDY. DOBKINS indicated that he resided in Monahans, Texas, and worked with his father in a bakery in Monahans.

DOBKINS' employment at the bakery in Monahans was verified by Special Agent ROY C. DAHL on November 30, 1963, at which time it was determined that DOBKINS was in Monahans during the time and subsequent to the shooting of President KENNEDY.

FD-53 (Rev. 5-1-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
CHARLOTTE	DALLAS	12/2/63	11/22-12/2/63

TITLE OF CASE
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.

REPORT MADE BY: SA DAVID M. HARRIS — TYPED BY: CJS

CHARACTER OF CASE
IS - R

REC-21 62-109060 REC-13

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR ADD. DISSEMINATION.

REFERENCES:

Bureau teletypes to all SACs, 11/30/63 and 12/1/63.

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Following receipt of Bureau teletype to all SACs 11/22/63 Charlotte Division contacted all informants, security, racial and criminal, as well as other sources for information bearing on the assassination of President KENNEDY without developing information of value. All bombing suspects were accounted for and an extensive check of various klan, hate group members, and racial extremists developed no information bearing on the assassination.

The switchboard operator in the Charlotte Division who received the anonymous telephone call in which the caller stated, "Check M-O-Y-A, Dallas, Texas," is Miss BRENDA HAYNES.

Legal Attache Copy Destroyed 12/16/74

APPROVED — SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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62-IS

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.	12-12-63			
How Fwd.	Hand			
By				

Notations

ADMINISTRATIVE: (CONT.)

Inquiry was made at Raleigh, N. C., by SA DAVID W. WATSON on 11/29/63 in an unsuccessful effort to locate ROBERT LEWIS HOFFMAN on that date. Inquiry at N. C. State College disclosed he was out of the state at an unknown location for the Thanksgiving holidays.

Investigation to locate JOSEPH E. JACOBSON at Hendersonville, N. C., prior to 12/2/63 was unsuccessful as his whereabouts over the Thanksgiving holidays was unknown.

Information from THOMAS C. BRYSON of Asheville, N. C., on 11/26/63, concerning the argument in which a statement was allegedly made that the KENNEDYS would be killed if they came South again was furnished to the Bureau, Dallas, and Savannah by airtel dated 11/27/63 with a lead for Savannah to interview HYMAN GOLDBERG at 1305 East 40th St., Savannah, Ga., and if pertinent information obtained to submit a LHM incorporating information furnished by Charlotte.

Sources used to characterize ROBERT FRANKLIN WILLIAMS are:

First Source
Second Source
Third Source

LEAD:

CHARLOTTE

Will continue to promptly investigate and report leads in this matter as received.

B*

COVER PAGE

FD-204 (Rev 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA DAVID M. HARRIS
Date: 12/2/63

Office: CHARLOTTE

Field Office File #: 105-1731

Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Synopsis: During argument, Asheville, N. C., autumn of 1963 statement allegedly made by unknown man that the KENNEDYS would be killed if they came South again. Anonymous call received at Charlotte FBI Office, 11/27/63, in which caller stated "Check M-O-Y-A, Dallas, Texas," and hung up. OTIS JOHN DEAN, an 18 year old youth, Hendersonville, N. C., admitted stating money should be raised to shoot KENNEDY, but stated he was not referring to President KENNEDY, that it was an idle remark, not seriously meant and that no action taken or contemplated. ROBERT LEWIS HOFFMAN, Instructor, N. C. State College, Raleigh, N. C., advised while attending Tulane University he engaged in various discussions but never discussed assassination and is not acquainted with OSWALD. Rumors that OSWALD formerly active Monroe, N. C., disproved.

- P -

105-82555-464

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CE 105-1731

DETAILS:

ALLEGED STATEMENT KENNEDYS WOULD BE KILLED IF THEY CAME SOUTH

The following investigation was conducted by SA C. McAFEE McCRACKEN:

On November 26, 1963, THOMAS E. BRYSON, 101 North Holland Street, Asheville, North Carolina, advised he had an argument approximately three months ago in front of the Imperial Newsstand, 30½ Patton Avenue, Asheville, North Carolina, which is operated by E. C. GOLDBERG, with a person, name unknown, but believed to be the brother of E. C. GOLDBERG. BRYSON advised something was said about the KENNEDYS and that he then said, "They will be elected again," and that the unknown man said, "If they ever come South we will kill 'em, and especially ROBERT KENNEDY. We are keeping quiet until they come." BRYSON stated he "cussed" the man out, stated E. C. GOLDBERG heard the argument and should know the identity of the person with whom he had the argument. BRYSON described the person as white, male, age approximately 55 to 60, 5'5" to 5'7", 145 to 160 pounds, hair graying.

During the interview BRYSON stated he has a heart condition and asthmatic condition and that he drinks considerably.

On November 26, 1963, E. C. GOLDBERG, owner, Imperial Newsstand, Asheville, North Carolina, advised he knew BRYSON but does not recall an argument. He stated BRYSON is known to tell fantastic tales. GOLDBERG advised his brother, HYMAN GOLDBERG, of Savannah, Georgia, did visit him in July, 1963, but does not recall him talking or arguing with BRYSON.

"M-O-Y-A," DALLAS, TEXAS

At 12:30 P.M., November 27, 1963, an unknown male telephoned the Charlotte FBI Office and, speaking to the switchboard operator, stated, "Check M-O-Y-A, Dallas, Texas." The caller then hung up without identifying himself or making any additional statement. Instead of stating the word "MOYA" he spelled each individual letter "M-O-Y-A."

STATEMENT MADE HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, THAT MONEY SHOULD BE RAISED TO SHOOT KENNEDY

By communication dated November 23, 1963, the Tampa FBI Division advised that on November 23, 1963, a letter was found under the door of the St. Petersburg, Florida, Resident Agency Office of the FBI. This letter reads as follows:

"Gentlemen:

"While in Hendersonville, North Carolina, this past September a young man from the locality said to me that 'a $1,000,000 should be raised to kill that guy KENNEDY.'

"This person was only 17 years old and I'm quite certain that his statement has not the remotest connection with yesterday's tragedy. Nevertheless it shows the hatred rammed in the above section and very probably in other parts of the South against President KENNEDY.

"I feel impelled to write the above in view of what happened yesterday in Dallas.

"Respectfully yours,

"/S/ WALTER FRANK, 4816 5th St., South, St. Petersburg, Fla."

Upon contact, WALTER FRANK advised he and his wife vacationed at Edgewater Manor Apartments, 801 Lakeside Drive, Lake Osceola, Hendersonville, North Carolina, during the first half of September, 1963. This resort is owned by J. E. JACOBSON, Box 525, Hendersonville, North Carolina.

During this period FRANK engaged in conversation with handyman, name unrecalled, about 17 years old, tall, skinny, reddish hair, no glasses, who made the comment during a conversation that "$1,000,000 should be raised to kill that guy KENNEDY." FRANK did not recall the context or subject of instant conversation and recalled only this comment. FRANK does not recall this boy's name, however, JACOBSON would know the same.

Date 12/2/63

J F K Jacobson

Mr. JOSEPH E. JACOBSON, 112½ South Main, Hendersonville, North Carolina, and 4717 Alton Road, Miami Beach, Florida, advised that OTIS JOHN DEAN was employed by him as a laborer from June 24 to September 14, 1963, under Social Security Number 239-72-0707, at the Edgewater Manor Apartments, 801 Lakeside Drive, Hendersonville, North Carolina.

Mr. JACOBSON stated that he recalls DEAN making a remark in the presence of himself and one or more of the guests at the Edgewater Manor and to the best of his knowledge DEAN had referred to "shooting or killing Kennedy."

Mr. JACOBSON stated that he considered the above statement to have been an irresponsible statement by a teen-age kid. Mr. JACOBSON stated he recalls at the time this statement was made there had been widespread criticism in the area regarding action taken by the federal government with regard to integration.

Mr. JACOBSON stated that to his knowledge DEAN was not a member of any group or organization advocating the overthrow of the United States Government by violence or any other hate-type organization.

On 12/2/63 at Hendersonville, N. C. File # Charlotte 105-1731

by SA THOMAS MAC GIBBS and SA ROBERT S. MOORE: mjh Date dictated 12/2/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

At the beginning of this interview, the identities of the interviewing Agents were made known to Mr. OTIS JOHN DEAN. He was advised that he was not required to make any statement and should he make a statement it could be used against him later in a court of law. He was further advised of his right to consult an attorney of his choice before making a decision in this matter.

Mr. OTIS JOHN DEAN, 2706½ Asheville Highway, Hendersonville, North Carolina, advised that while employed at the Edgewater Manor Apartments, 801 Lakeside Drive, Hendersonville, North Carolina, he recalls in a discussion regarding integration with unrecalled individuals he made the statement, "Money should be collected to pay someone to shoot Kennedy." Mr. DEAN stated that the KENNEDY he had reference to was the Attorney General, ROBERT KENNEDY.

Mr. DEAN stated that he was just making idle conversation and did not seriously consider taking any such action and was just "mouthing off."

Mr. DEAN stated that no money was ever collected by him or anyone else to his knowledge. He stated he had no intention of doing anything toward collecting any money or suggesting that anyone else collect any money or do anything further regarding the statement that he made.

Mr. DEAN stated that he belongs to no organizations and knows of no one else who belongs to any organization advocating the violent overthrow of the United States Government or any other hate-type organizations and he does not approve of the actions of these groups.

Mr. DEAN stated he was at his home all day on November 22, 1963, and has never traveled outside the State of North Carolina other than to visit his brother-in-law at Columbus, Georgia, on one occasion.

He stated he is not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY or any other person in Dallas, Texas, and had no knowledge regarding the assassination of President

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12/2/63 Hendersonville, N. C. Charlotte 105-1731

On ~~SA THOMAS MAC GIBBS and~~ File # _____
SA ROBERT S. MOORE: mjh

by _____ Date dictated 12/2/63

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JOHN F. KENNEDY until he was advised of this fact by his mother upon her return home from work on November 22, 1963.

Mr. DEAN stated he does not own a gun, but he uses his father's 16-gauge double-barrel shotgun on occasions. Mr. DEAN further stated that he feels it would be wrong for anybody to take the life of another human being for whatever reason.

The following description was obtained by observation and interrogation:

Name	OTIS JOHN DEAN
Address	2706½ Asheville Highway Hendersonville, North Carolina
Race	White
Sex	Male
Birth	November 16, 1944 Henderson County, North Carolina
Height	6 feet
Weight	152 pounds
Hair	Red
Eyes	Blue
Marital status	Single
Education	Graduated from West Hendersonville High School in 1963.
Employment	Edgewater Manor Apartments, Hendersonville, North Carolina, summer of 1963; General Electric Corporation, Hendersonville, North Carolina, temporary employment for one and one-half months.
Arrest record	No arrests
Draft status	Unclassified; registered with Local Board under Selective Service Number 31-46-44-289
Relatives:	
Father	CHARLIE E. DEAN 2706½ Asheville Highway Hendersonville, North Carolina
Mother	MARY L. DEAN Same address as father

(Description of OTIS JOHN DEAN continued)

Brother	RAYMOND DEAN Stony Mountain Road Hendersonville, North Carolina
Sister	Mrs. CAROLYN CAPPS Clear Creek Road Hendersonville, North Carolina
Sister	Mrs. ANNA ELIZABETH PEARCE; husband - MILFORD G. PEARCE, stationed with U. S. Armed Forces, Germany.

CE 105-1731

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agents THOMAS MAC GIBBS and ROBERT S. MOORE:

AT HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

On December 2, 1963, Mr. D. L. CARHART, Counsel, Outdoor Lighting Department, General Electric Corporation, Hendersonville, advised that OTIS JOHN DEAN, 2706½ Asheville Highway, Hendersonville, North Carolina, was employed by General Electric as a laborer from September 16, 1963, to October 24, 1963, under Social Security Number 239-72-0707. Mr. CARHART stated DEAN was laid off due to the end of temporary employment. Mr. CARHART stated no derogatory information appears in DEAN's file.

On December 2, 1963, Mr. HADDON HILL, Deputy, Henderson County Sheriff's Office, Hendersonville, advised that his files contained no record identifiable with OTIS JOHN DEAN.

On December 2, 1963, Mr. WILLIAM POWERS, Chief of Police, Hendersonville, advised his files contained no record identifiable with OTIS JOHN DEAN.

On December 2, 1963, Mrs. EDITH R. HESTERLY, Deputy Clerk, Henderson County Superior Court, Hendersonville, advised her files contained no record identifiable with OTIS JOHN DEAN.

On December 2, 1963, Mrs. VADA B. HOLLAND, Clerk, Hendersonville Credit Bureau, Hendersonville, advised her files contained no record identifiable with OTIS JOHN DEAN.

On December 2, 1963, Mr. PAUL HILL, Sheriff, Henderson County, Hendersonville, advised that he has no knowledge that OTIS JOHN DEAN has engaged in any Communist, Fascist or any other hate-type organizations in Henderson County, North Carolina.

POSSIBLE ATTENDANCE OF OSWALD AT DISCUSSION GROUPS, TULANE UNIVERSITY

By communication dated November 28, 1963, New Orleans advised that information had been received that VEREEN ALEXANDER, 101 Montrose Drive, Thomasville, Georgia, advised that while she attended Sophie Newcomb College, Girls' Division of Tulane University, New Orleans, Louisiana, she met JOHN BASS, 2225 Jena Street, Apartment C, New Orleans, ED CLARK, AL PECCARERO (phonetic) and another individual believed named LIONEL HAMPTON. They discussed politics at the University Center at Tulane on the average of once a week for the past year. In May, 1963, their last discussion concerned the attempted assassination of President DE GAULLE of France, with the conversation shifting to the question of how one would go about the assassination of a President. President KENNEDY's name was not mentioned. ALEXANDER advised that these individuals have strong Marxist and pro-Cuban feelings. ALEXANDER stated that she, along with ROBERT HOFFMAN, published a newspaper entitled "The Reed," which was a very liberal paper. She stated HOFFMAN's brother, DAVE, held a party during the summer at his apartment near Slogan's Bar in New Orleans. Among those present were BASS, CLARK, PECCARERO, HAMPTON, BEN HOGAN, PATTY HAHN and others. She stated she had a strong belief that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was possibly present also. She stated that PECCARERO was the leader or a member of a local socialist group in New Orleans. She added CLARK and HAMPTON lived with BASS during the last spring.

This communication reflected that ROBERT LEWIS HOFFMAN is affiliated with the Department of Social Studies, University of North Carolina, Raleigh, North Carolina.

The following investigation was conducted by SA DAVID W. WATSON, at Raleigh, North Carolina:

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 2, 1963

Mr. ROBERT LEWIS HOFFMAN, Instructor of Philosophy, Department of Social Studies, North Carolina State College, who resides at 1501A Crest Road, Raleigh, North Carolina, advised he received a B. S. Degree in Botany at North Carolina State College and received his M. A. Degree at Tulane University, New Orleans, Louisiana, in Philosophy.

Mr. HOFFMAN stated he was one of the editors of The Reed, a newspaper at Tulane University, while in attendance and that VEREEN DANIEL ALEXANDER was also one of the editors. He described this paper as a liberal paper and to the left of center." According to HOFFMAN, he, with numerous other individuals at Tulane University, had discussions at various times with regard to religion, politics, art and world events while at Tulane University and the following acquaintances of his also attended some of these discussions:

JOHN BASS.
ED CLARK.
ALFRED PECORARO.
LIONAL HAMPTON.
BEN HOGAN and
PATTY RAHN.

According to HOFFMAN, he has a brother, DAVID HOFFMAN, who had an apartment in New Orleans and that he, ROBERT LEWIS HOFFMAN, was in attendance at two parties at DAVID HOFFMAN's apartment in which some of the above individuals were in attendance.

He advised his brother DAVID HOFFMAN now teaches school at Prince George High School, Prince George, Virginia. HOFFMAN stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was not known to him, that he has never seen this person and that OSWALD has never been in attendance at any meeting while he, HOFFMAN, was at Tulane University. HOFFMAN advised he did not attend any meeting during the summer of 1963 in which the assassination of President DE GAULLE was discussed or any conversation with regard to the assassination of the President of the United States.

On 12/2/63 at Raleigh, N. C. File # CE 105-1731

by SA DAVID W. WATSON:sal Date dictated 12/2/63

7

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HOFFMAN advised that to his knowledge there were no pro-CASTRO groups at Tulane and/or New Orleans, Louisiana, but that there were a good number of anti-CASTRO groups there in view of the large number of Cuban refugees which were living in New Orleans, Louisiana.

HOFFMAN reiterated that the discussion group which he attended was not an organized one but various acquaintances of his got together and discussed various matters of world interest. He restated that OSWALD never, to his knowlege, attended any meeting at which he was present and that OSWALD was not known to him.

CE 105-1731

REPORT OF APPEARANCE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
IN MONROE, NORTH CAROLINA, IN 1961

On November 27, 1963, Mr. JIM DINGLER, Cashier, First Citizens Bank and Trust Company, Charlotte, North Carolina, advised SAC JOSEPH L. KISSISH that on the night of November 26, 1963, he went to the Plumbing Department of Sears, Roebuck and Company, Charlotte, North Carolina, to make a purchase and talked with an unknown salesman there. This salesman in talking about the assassination of President KENNEDY stated he heard from some unknown source that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been in Monroe, North Carolina, during the trouble some time ago with ROBERT FRANKLIN WILLIAMS who has since fled to Cuba. This source stated that he understood that OSWALD had been injured and his name was on the records of a hospital in Monroe, North Carolina.

JOHN SIGMON, salesman, Plumbing Department, Sears, Roebuck and Company, Charlotte, North Carolina, advised November 27, 1963, that he had heard the report that OSWALD had been in Monroe with ROBERT FRANKLIN. WILLIAMS about two years ago when they had a race riot in that city. He stated he heard this from a Mr. MULLIS, a barber who resides in Monroe. During this interview with SIGMON, J. B. MULLIS walked into the Plumbing Department of Sears and SIGMON pointed him out as being the person who had related this report.

On November 27, 1963, J. B. MULLIS, Route 1, Monroe, North Carolina, stated he had heard this rumor that OSWALD had been in Monroe from JERRY HELMS, a salesman for Baucom-Parker Used Cars in Monroe, North Carolina. He stated HELMS related OSWALD had been in Monroe during the time of the riot in August, 1961, had stayed at the home of ROBERT FRANKLIN WILLIAMS and had been injured and treated at the Union County Hospital. He added that HELMS' wife, LINDA, is employed at the hospital.

JERRY HELMS, Baucom-Parker Used Cars, Monroe, North Carolina, advised on November 27, 1963, this rumor had been heard by his wife at the Union County Hospital, she being an employee there.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

Miss Linda Helms

LINDA HELMS, Union County Hospital, Monroe, North Carolina, advised November 27, 1963, that it had been rumored at the hospital that the man accused of killing the President had been a patient at this hospital. This rumor began on the afternoon of the murder, November 22, 1963, before it was certain just what was the exact name of the President's accused killer. She stated prior to checking their records at the hospital some of the female employees began talking, saying that they thought the alleged killer was identical with an associate of ROBERT FRANKLIN WILLIAMS and had been treated at this hospital in August, 1961. She stated after checking their records they found this former patient who was an associate of WILLIAMS was RICHARD GRISWOLD rather than OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at Monroe, N. C. File Charlotte 105-1731

by SA GUY HILL COX, JR./cjs Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/2/63

On November 27, 1963, Mrs. FRANCES JOHNSON, Records Department, Union County Hospital, Monroe, North Carolina, reviewed her records and stated there was no record that anyone by the name of OSWALD, HIDELL, or HYDELL had ever been a patient at this hospital. Richard ~~X~~Griswold

She added her records reflected that RICHARD ~~X~~GRISWOLD, 4420 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, was admitted to that hospital August 28, 1961, for examination and treatment for chest injuries and numerous bruises. He gave his local address as 414 Boyte Street, Monroe, North Carolina, and he was described as white, male, age 35, with his nearest relative being listed as JAY ~~X~~GRISWOLD, 304 Bryant St., Ithaca, New York.

11/27/63 On Monroe, N. C. at Charlotte 105-1731 File #

SA GUY HILL COX, JR./cjs by 11/29/63 Date dictated

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Chief of Police A. A. MAUNEY, Monroe, North Carolina, previously advised in August, 1961, that RICHARD PAUL GRISWOLD was one of a group of so-called "Freedom Riders" who came to Monroe in August, 1961, and assisted ROBERT WILLIAMS in his integration activities. These activities culminated in a near riot on August 27, 1961, when a white couple was kidnapped by WILLIAMS' group. That night WILLIAMS and his family fled Monroe and ultimately obtained asylum in Cuba. Chief MAUNEY stated that as a result of these activities in Monroe on August 27, 1961, GRISWOLD was one of the several individuals arrested and placed in jail in default of bond. While in jail GRISWOLD was attacked and beaten by another inmate and as a result GRISWOLD had to be treated at the Union County Hospital.

The December 2, 1963, issue of the "Charlotte Observer," a Charlotte, North Carolina, daily newspaper, carried an article entitled "The Story of LEE HARVEY OSWALD." This article reflected that in October, 1959, OSWALD went to the Soviet Union and returned to the United States June 13, 1962.

APPENDIX

ROBERT FRANKLIN WILLIAMS

The following is information regarding ROBERT FRANKLIN WILLIAMS of Monroe, North Carolina:

On April 10, 1950, a source advised that ROBERT F. WILLIAMS attended a Communist Party (CP) meeting which was held in the Headquarters Office of the CP-USA, District 22, Room 14, Brown Building, Charleston, West Virginia, in April, 1950. WILLIAMS, who was a student at that time at West Virginia State College, Institute, West Virginia, was teaching Communism to other students at the school and claimed that he had taken Communist leaflets and newspapers and placed them in various places at the school or so other students would find them.

On June 15, 1955, WILLIAMS voluntarily appeared at the Charlotte Office of the FBI, at which time he denied ever being a member of the CP, but stated he had met individuals who were members but declined to name them. He said at one time he was invited by the "Michigan Edition of the Daily Worker" to become a member of the "Daily Worker" staff in New York. He said that while he was in the State of West Virginia, he had made a speech before an open forum which pertained to the Negro situation and following the speech an organizer for the CP of West Virginia approached him and offered him a free subscription of the "Daily Worker." WILLIAMS further stated he had never been a member of the CP, however, in 1953 he had been selected as an individual who should attend the Jefferson School of Social Science in New York City. He attended one session of classes at the school for one night and it was his observation the information being taught was not "good," and he discontinued his attendance without completing the course. He did not elaborate on his statement that the information being taught was not "good."

Jefferson School of Social Science in New York City has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast daily newspaper which suspended publication January 13, 1958.

APPENDIX

On February 29, 1956, a second source advised that on that date WILLIAMS had contacted the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D. C., and requested that he be allowed to enter and live in the Soviet Union. WILLIAMS pointed out to the Embassy officials that he had been discharged from the United States Marine Corps on April 27, 1955, as a security risk because he spoke out against racial discrimination in the Marine Corps; also, that he had been denied all his veteran rights although he held an Honorable Discharge from the United States Army; further, that he had been unable to obtain employment and as a Negro could not expect to receive justice because racial prejudice was greater than social justice in the United States.

The June 11, 1960, issue of "The Crusader," a weekly newspaper published in Monroe, North Carolina, by ROBERT F. WILLIAMS, stated that WILLIAMS left Monroe on Thursday night, June 9, 1960, for New York City and contemplated a plane trip to Cuba. The June 18, 1960, issue of "The Crusader" contained an article stating that WILLIAMS had called Monroe, North Carolina, from Havana, Cuba, on June 13, 1960, and stated, "I wish every American Negro could visit Cuba and see what it really means to be treated as a first class citizen."

On August 10, 1960, a third source advised that on August 7, 1960, he attended a meeting at 116 University Place, New York City, at which time ROBERT WILLIAMS was introduced as a Negro leader from Monroe, North Carolina, and that WILLIAMS had just returned from an extended tour of Cuba where he observed the revolution firsthand and participated in the July 26, 1960, celebration in the Sierra Maestra. WILLIAMS then spoke on the topic "The Campaign Against Progress." WILLIAMS stated that he visited Cuba to see the advancement of the Cuban Revolution and was very impressed by its success; "Today in Cuba one does not see any racial discrimination and that the United States Government and the State Department are making a definite effort to keep Negroes out of Cuba." WILLIAMS stated further "The progress of the revolution can be seen all over--if this is Communism, then I vote for Communism."

An article appearing in the July 26, 1960, issue of the "Durham Sun" a Durham, North Carolina, newspaper, carried an article written by DREW PEARSON, dateline New York City. According to the article, WILLIAMS had visited Cuba several times

and had invited CASTRO to visit him in North Carolina. The article further reflected that WILLIAMS stated he had received a telegram from CASTRO stating that the State Department would not let him move outside of Manhattan and could not visit WILLIAMS in North Carolina.

Chief of Police A. A. MAUNEY, Monroe, North Carolina, advised SA ROGER E. SCHULTZ in August, 1961, that true bills of indictment were returned by a Union County Grand Jury, Monroe, North Carolina, on August 28, 1961, against ROBERT FRANKLIN WILLIAMS and on August 31, 1961, against HAROLD REAPE, RICHARD CROWDER, JOHN C. LOWRY and WILLIE MAE MALLORY, charging two counts of violation of the North Carolina State Kidnaping Statute in connection with the kisnaping of Mr. and Mrs. G. BRUCE STEGALL at Monroe, North Carolina, on August 27, 1961, following a race riot at Monroe on August 27, 1961. Chief MAUNEY advised that REAPE, CROWDER and LOWRY were in custody and that WILLIAMS and MALLORY had fled.

On August 28, 1961, an authorized complaint was filed before United States Commissioner ROBERT L. SCOTT, Charlotte, North Carolina, by SA GORDON S. CARR charging WILLIAMS with Unlawful Flight to Avoid Prosecution in violation of Title 18, Section 1073, United States Code, in that WILLIAMS fled the State of North Carolina to avoid prosecution for the crime of kidnaping. On August 28, 1961, Mr. ROBERT L. SCOTT issued a Federal warrant charging the above violation and forwarded same to the United States Marshal, Western District of North Carolina, Asheville, North Carolina.

Chief of Police MAUNEY subsequently advised that according to information received by him, WILLIAMS had fled to Cuba where he is still living.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 12/4/63

FROM : D. J. Brennan, Jr.

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Pursuant to your instructions, Liaison Agent O. H. Bartlett conferred with Chief James J. Rowley, U. S. Secret Service, on the night of 12/3/63 to determine the scope of the Secret Service investigation as a result of President Kennedy's assassination with particular reference to Lee Harvey Oswald.

Mr. Rowley advised that the Secret Service was flooded with bits of information, particularly from telephone calls, which they immediately covered in various field offices of the Secret Service. Mr. Rowley said that the original wave of "frantic bits of information" has now been handled and any pertinent information has been furnished to the Bureau. Mr. Rowley stated that there is no question but that the FBI is completely handling the Oswald investigation and his Service is ready to assist in any way. He said that on 12/3/63 his special agent in charge in New York telephoned him about some court records in New York City on Oswald and Mr. Rowley's instructions were to the effect that any information should be immediately turned over to the FBI inasmuch as the Bureau is handling the investigation.

Mr. Rowley again commented on the fact that during the heat of battle when this tragedy first happened, his Service may have covered some leads which should have been given to the Bureau. However, this was not done in any attempt to take away the Bureau's jurisdiction.

ACTION:

For information.

DJB:mls(6)
1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. Rosen
1-Liaison
1-Mr. Bartlett

FOI-ES

REC-39

XEROX

DEC 12 1963

5 DEC 8 1963

Adams Walley

Initialed and dated 12-4-63 at 2:05 PM

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Form 3 (Rev. 4-17-63)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

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☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63

TO DIRECTOR

FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY NO. 207

BUFILE 105-82555

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

REBUCAB 804 OF DECEMBER 2 LAST AND MYCAB DECEMBER 3.

BY CABLE OF DECEMBER 4 AMERICAN EMBASSY, GUATEMALA CITY ADVISED LAZARUS SIMMONS GREENBERG, RETIRED UNITED FRUIT COMPANY OFFICIAL RESIDING IN GUATEMALA CITY, STATED HE AND HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER OBTAINED MEXICAN TOURIST CARDS IN NEW ORLEANS IN EARLY SEPTEMBER (HE COULD NOT REMEMBER EXACT DATE BUT STATED IT WAS NOT SEPTEMBER 17) AND SUBSEQUENTLY CROSSED MEXICAN BORDER IN PRIVATE CAR AT SAN PEDRO DE ROMA. HE STATED THEY ARRIVED GUATEMALA CITY ON SEPTEMBER 17. HE COULD FURNISH NO INFORMATION CONCERNING SUBJECT OSWALD.

GUATEMALA CITY EMBASSY INDICATED IT HOPES TO INTERVIEW BESTA GLORIA MIRANDA DE VALLADARES TODAY AND WILL REPORT RESULTS IMMEDIATELY.

REC-39 105-82555-466

MYCAB OF NOVEMBER 27 LAST REQUESTED INTERVIEW OF ERNESTO RODRIGUEZ OF NEW ORLEANS WHO RUNS SPANISH SCHOOL THERE AND WHO REPORTEDLY GAVE SPANISH LESSONS TO OSWALD. BUCAB OF NOVEMBER 28 STATED EFFORTS WOULD BE MADE TO INTERVIEW RODRIGUEZ. REQUEST RESULTS OF THIS INTERVIEW BE FURNISHED MEXICO CITY AS EXPEDITIOUSLY AS POSSIBLE

5 DEC 13 1963

XEROX DEC 2 11 12 AM '63

58 DEC 16 1963

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

SYRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-126105

4-3 (Rev. 4-17-63)

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Gandy

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☐ AIRGRAM ☒ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☐ TELETYPE

PAGE TWO FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY NO. 207

SINCE VARIOUS PERSONS ARE CALLING AT EMBASSY TO REPORT HAVING SEEN AND CONVERSED WITH OSWALD IN MEXICO CITY, IT WOULD BE OF DECIDED VALUE IN EVALUATING THESE REPORTS TO KNOW EXTENT OF OSWALD'S KNOWLEDGE OF SPANISH LANGUAGE.

MYCAB OF DECEMBER 3 REPORTED INFORMATION ON GILBERTO LOPEZ, AMERICAN CITIZEN WHO ENTERED MEXICO ON NOVEMBER 23 AND DEPARTED MEXICO CITY FOR CUBA AS ONLY PASSENGER ON CUBANA AIRLINES FLIGHT OF NOVEMBER 27 FOR HAVANA. OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT SOURCE HERE HAS ADVISED THAT MEXICAN TOURIST CARD OF LOPEZ WAS ISSUED TO HIM BY HONORARY MEXICAN CONSUL IN TAMPA, FLORIDA ON NOVEMBER 20 LAST. BUREAU REQUESTED TO EXPEDITE FURNISHING OF BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON LOPEZ AND ANY INFORMATION INDICATING CONNECTION WITH INSTANT CASE INASMUCH AS HIGH LEVEL MEXICAN GOVERNMENT CONTACTS EXTREMELY INTERESTED IN LOPEZ MATTER.

CLARK D. ANDERSON

RECEIVED: 7:16 PM NCC

CC-MR ROSEN
3RD CC: MR. BRENNAN

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Re report of SA JOHN M. KEMMY dated 12/6/63 at San Antonio.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 amended copies of an FD-302 reflecting interview of JOHN H. MC LEAN, Station Manager, Trans-Texas Airways, 12/5/63, submitted by SA TOM E. NEAL, which FD-302 is Page 15 in rerep.

Enclosed for Dallas are five copies of amended FD-302.

The Bureau and Dallas are requested to insert amended pages in report of SA JOHN M. KEMMY dated 12/6/63.

The copies in the San Antonio file have been corrected.

(3) - Bureau (Encl 10)
2 - Dallas (Encl 5)
2 - San Antonio
TEN / njs
(7)

ENCLOSURE

done 12-16-63

105 82555 - ONREC

NOT RECORDED
12 DEC 12 1963

SOUTHWESTERN

19 DEC 19 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (157-916)(105-9958)(44-767)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka., (157-916)
IS - R

ASSASSINATION OF JFK, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEX., (157-916)
RM

JACK LEON RUBY, aka., (44-767)
CR

Re Philadelphia tel to Director and Dallas 12/8/63, 1:58 PM.

Enclosed for Bureau and Dallas is copy of Philadelphia Inquirer article, page 22, Sunday Edition, 12/8/63.

ENCLOSURE FROM BOSE

3 - Bureau (62-109060)(Encl. 1)(RM)
1 - 44-24016
2 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 1) (RM)
3 - Philadelphia (157-916)
1 - 105-9958
1 - 44-767

JRW:MKC
(8)

UNREC.

NOT RECORDED
20 DEC 20 1963

3 DEC 10 1963

ENCLOSURE

Wick

SOVIET ESPIONAGE

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

1 .-25r (Rev. 7-16-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Ruby Posed as TV Cameraman's Helper to Get at Oswald

JOSEPH C. GOULDEN
Inquirer Reporter

DALLAS, Dec. 7.—Jack Ruby, carrying an equipment-carrying prop for a television crew to enter the jail basement where he killed accused Presidential assassin Lee H. Oswald.

An unimpeachable law enforcement source says Ruby relied on a close friendship with a local TV cameraman to gain admission for the crew.

PASSED GUARDS

Armed with heavy electronic equipment, he walked unimpeded past police whose security cordon around the basement was somewhat less than tight. A pistol in his overcoat pocket, the strip-tease club operator waited patiently until detectives brought Oswald through the basement the morning of Nov. 24 for transfer to the county jail, a mile away.

Then with a single pistol shot Ruby mortally wounded Oswald, silencing forever the man who had the answers to America's crime of the century.

Ruby's ruse is one of several previously overlooked facets of the slaying of President Kennedy noted by an Inquirer reporter in Dallas this week.

Others included:

—The discovery that the U. S. Communist Party wrote Castro-sympathizer Oswald a letter thanking him "for your photographic contributions to the Communist Party." Photo materials and a negative of a blank selective service system card were found among Oswald's effects.

—The revelation that the Federal Bureau of Investigation tried to recruit Oswald as an undercover informant in Castro groups two months before Mr. Kennedy's death.

—Statements from residents who saw Oswald with a rifle in a window of the Texas School Book Depository Building 15 minutes before the shots killed Mr. Kennedy and wounded Texas Gov. John Connally.

—Indications of bitter rivalry and lack of cooperation among officers working on the case — both between themselves and with the county district attorney, Henry Wade, and Texas Attorney General Waggoner Carr. The implied villain is the FBI.

The story of the Oswald slay

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

22, Section A
The Philadelphia Inquirer
Phila., Pa.

Date: 12/8/63
Edition: Sunday
Author:
Editor: WALTER H. ANNENBERG
Title:
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
Character:
or
Classification: BUFILE:
PHFILE: 157-916
Submitting Office: PHILA.

☐ Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

105-82511

...as pieced together from ...mentative law enforcement ...ources, is at sharp variance ...ith the version offered public... by Ruby's lawyer, Tom ...eward.

Ruby's story, as relayed by ...eward, is that he sneaked ... ... officers guarding the ... basement at Dalas City Hall ... ...ed the shot before any... could stop him.

... investigator who has in... ...gated Ruby says Howard's ... on "just isn't true."

...ORADIC CHECK

Ruby came to the jail about ... A. M. Nov. 24, 15 minutes ... the time Police Chief ... had set to transfer ... a full view of TV cam... ... waiting newsmen.

Police were making a sporadic and inefficient check of newsmen's credentials — supposedly the only outsiders allowed in the basement.

Ruby had wandered freely through the police station the previous two nights, even attending, and asking questions at, one of Wade's press conferences.

OFFERS TO HELP

With more serious things on his mind now, Ruby took no chances of being barred at the gate. He approached a cameraman for a Dallas area television station who is a frequenter of his strip tease joint, the downtown Carousel Club.

"How about getting me in there?" Ruby asked the cameraman, who was unloading equipment. "I can help you with some of that gear."

The cameraman agreed, and Ruby carried several satchels of TV equipment. He then mingled with the mass of newsmen and policemen in the basement until Oswald came out.

The name of the cameraman is known to law enforcement agencies here. And presumably the episode will be made public in a report on Ruby now being drafted by a special panel of police investigators.

REFUSES DISCUSSION

The cameraman, however, denied helping Ruby. "I don't know anything about it," he said, and would not discuss the matter further.

Dallas police are handling the matter gingerly. Curry and Capt. Will Fritz, homicide division head, have been roasted in the national and foreign press for "Keystone Kop bungling" on the transfer.

If police are able to prove, therefore, that an unsuspecting newsman helped Ruby get into the basement, they expect much of the criticism to halt.

CLOSELY GUARDED

Newsmen have not been able to ask Ruby how he entered the basement. Sheriff Bill Decker has him under heavy guard in the county jail; his only visitors, save for Howard and investigators, have been relatives and business associates.

The fact Oswald had done photographic chores for the Communist Party was revealed by Assistant District Attorney William F. Alexander, Wade's chief prosecutor.

The letter, Alexander said, was among perhaps six found in Oswald's room in Oak Cliff, which he occupied under a false name.

Alexander said the letter gave no indication of what type of photographic work Oswald had performed.

Several expensive cameras and rolls of film were found in the room by sheriff's detectives and turned over to the FBI.

The most vital piece of material, however, was the negative for a blank draft card.

A Federal intelligence source —not involved in the murder investigation—said such a negative "would be invaluable" to anyone involved in espionage work.

FORGERY POSSIBLE

"With a printing plate made from such a negative, you could run off blank draft cards by the hundreds," the intelligence agent said.

"A draft card is considered sufficient documentation for issuance of a tourist card into Mexico, for example, or for obtaining a job or a driver's license.

"Also, if an alien got into the country — say from Cuba — and wanted to assume a false undercover identity, a draft card would be the first thing he sought."

Oswald had worked for a photographic firm in Dallas earlier this year. This was after a visit to the Soviet Union during which he sought to renounce his U. S. citizenship.

INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN

Alexander said one of the letters — three pages in length — gave Oswald detailed instructions on how to set up a "Fair Play for Cuba Committee." This was on Communist Party stationery and was signed by the same man who had thanked Oswald for the photographic help.

The FBI has not released the text of the letters, nor would local agents discuss them.

During interrogation after Mr. Kennedy's assassination Oswald steadfastly denied that he was a Communist. Instead, he said, he was a Marxist.

Other materials were found in Oswald's quarters in suburban Irving, where his wife and two children lived with Mrs. Ruth Paine, who had befriended them. These included:

—Seven metal file boxes with names of Castro sympathizers.

—Batches of leaflets with the legend: "Hands Off Cuba." These bore the imprint of the "Fair Play for Cuba Committee."

—A catalogue of books and pamphlets on socialism and Communism.

The FBI attempt to recruit Oswald as an informant, an informed law enforcement source said, was made in September, just after he had moved to Dallas from New Orleans.

Oswald's mother said an "agent named Hosty" came to the Irving house and talked to the young man at length in his car.

An FBI agent named Joseph Hosty handles investigations of subversives for the Dallas field office.

The source said he did not know if the FBI succeeded in hiring Oswald; and the Federal agency would not discuss the matter.

THOUGHT IT 'FUNNY'

Mrs. Oswald, however, said her son "thought the whole thing was pretty funny."

Mrs. Oswald also said the FBI questioned Lee in 1961, just after he returned from Russia, and again last summer, when he was arrested for pro-Castro activities in New Orleans.

Investigators previously said Oswald built a "cave" of boxes in which he hid from view in a fifth-floor window of the book warehouse, and was not clearly visible from the street.

This is contradicted however, by at least two residents who told deputy sheriffs immediately after the shooting they had spotted a man there earlier.

'WAS TAKING AIM'

One of the men—whose name is being withheld by The Inquirer at the request of officers — said he glanced at the building several minutes before the Presidential calvacade rolled by.

"He was sitting up there and looking down, apparently waiting for the same thing I was—the President," the man said. He noticed nothing unusual, then casually looked up again as Mr. Kennedy's car approached.

In stunned, frozen horror, the man said: "He was taking aim with a high-powered rifle. I was looking at the time he fired the shots. He did not seem to be in any hurry."

'MAN IN WINDOW'

A couple was standing at an intersection across from the building, 15 minutes before the parade. The man remarked to his wife that he hoped no incidents would mar the President's visit, that the Secret Service was protecting him. He looked at the building and saw a man.

"He was holding in his arms what appeared to be a high-powered rifle," the man said. "He was holding it at parade rest."

"Looks like the Secret Service is really on the job," the man said, pointing to the rifleman. His nearsighted wife could not see him.

A quarter of an hour later the couple was among hundreds of sidewalk viewers who heard the fatal shots from the building.

FBI

Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in SECRET
(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL [redacted]
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: LEGAT, LONDON (62-359) (P)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

CLASSIFIED BY 2040
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY J.
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
7/9/77

Remyairtel 11/26/63 reporting a newspaper reporter in Cambridge, England had stated he received anonymous telephone call prior to the time of the President's assassination saying he should call the American Embassy in London as there would be some big news.

[redacted] (S)

[redacted] (S)

3 - Bureau
1 - Liaison Section (sent direct)
1 - London
CWB:rn
(5)

[redacted]

cc:

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

SECRET

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. UNRECORDED 3RD AFTER 466

PAGE NO. 2

NO. OF PAGES

SECTION NO.

20

CIA

REFERRAL

FBI FILE

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, LOUISVILLE (105-620)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka
IS - R

AMERICAN AIRLINES PASSENGER, T. KNAPPENBERGER,
FLIGHT 501, CLEVELAND, OHIO, NOVEMBER 22, 1963

Re Louisville airtel and LHM dated 12/6/63.

Enclosed for Bureau and designated offices are amended pages one and two of referenced LHM.

Errors corrected in amended pages were noted on first reading by dictating agent. Errors were such that they probably could not have been caught by anyone other than dictating agent.

Appropriate error scored.

3-Bureau (Enc. 20)
1-Cincinnati (Enc. 2)
1-Cleveland (Enc. 2)
2-Dallas (Enc. 4)
2-Louisville

Encls. detached & filed in sec. 1660
12/13/63 sm/em.

GWH:wgc

(9)

105-82555-UNREC.

NOT RECORDED
25 DEC 12 1963

20 ENCLOSURES

XEROX
DEC 18 1963

SOVIET

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Approved: 20 DEC 19 1963 M Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

cc - Wick

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/6/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI 105-82555

FROM: SAC, BUFFALO (105-4467)(P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS-R
OO Dallas

On 12/5/63, Mr. WILTON J. LUTWACK, who identified himself as President of the Colad Co. Inc., 701 Seneca St., Buffalo, N.Y., telephone TL 2-8888, residence 1189 West River Parkway, Grand Island, N.Y., telephonically contacted the Buffalo Office and spoke to SAC JOSEPH K. PONDER. Mr. LUTWACK advised he has a theory which might have a bearing upon the assassination of President KENNEDY which he would like to discuss with an agent of this office and would produce a book which has a bearing upon his theory. He said his information was something known to the military, probably highly classified and that he did not desire to discuss the matter by telephone. He said that he desired that the information which he would furnish be brought to the attention of top officials of the FBI and to Chief Justice EARL WARREN for consideration. He stated he is not a crank and desired no publicity in connection with the matter.

On 12/5/63, Mr. LUTWACK was contacted by SA BIRL WILSON. At the outset Mr. LUTWACK stated that he does not want any publicity in connection with his theory and does not want his name mentioned in any way as the source of the theory.

ENCLOSURE

REC-30 105-82555-467

DEC 13 1963

3 - Bureau (AMSD)(RM)(Enc. 1)
1 - Dallas
1 - Buffalo
BW:RMM
(4)

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

E. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

Mr. LUTWACK related that he is a graduate of the State University of Iowa, School of Journalism [(1938)] and has many friends in the newspaper field. He stated he could have contacted close friends who are the editors of large newspapers throughout the United States and suggested that they explore the ramifications of his theory, but he preferred to furnish the information to the appropriate officials of the United States Government.

Mr. LUTWACK advised that while in college and for many years since, he has studied hypnotism and is aware that the United States Army is experimenting in the use of post hypnotic suggestion. It is also being used to some extent by private industry in the field of industrial psychology. Mr. LUTWACK produced a copy of the book "Hypnotism," completely new and revised edition by GEORGE H. ESTABROOKS, who is described as former president of Colgate University and an American pioneer in the field of hypnotism. The book was published by E. P. Dutton and Company, Inc., 1957. He stated this book deals with post hypnotic suggestion and is the primary source of information for his theory.

Mr. LUTWACK stated that he is of the opinion that during the three year period LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in Russia he was prepared for the assassination of President KENNEDY through mis-treatment and "brain washing," followed by post hypnotic suggestion.

Mr. LUTWACK said the planting of the thoughts concerning details of the assassination such as acquiring a weapon, waiting until the time the President was in a parade, killing the President and those riding with him, making his escape, etc., could have been done without OSWALD being aware that he was being hypnotized. OSWALD then could have been under hypnosis for a long period of time prior to the assassination. LUTWACK further said that the thought could have been planted with OSWALD that following completion of the mission he would have no recollection of it. In this event, according to LUTWACK, if OSWALD was questioned in the future he would have no recollection of what he had done. LUTWACK said that if a polygraph was used in the questioning there would be no reaction, nor would any admissions be obtained through the use of drugs.

U.NDATION

Mr. LUTWACK advised that facts supporting his theory may be found in the aforementioned book and that he is of the opinion that the author of the book, as well as other authorities on hypnotism, will support his theory.

Mr. LUTWACK advised that Colad Company, Inc., is the world's largest manufacturer of custom designed plastic coated book covers. He furnished the enclosed reprint from "Iowa Alumni Review," Volume 14, No. 6, October, 1961, which contains background data concerning himself and describes the Colad Company as a "multi-million dollar" company. During the interview Mr. LUTWACK mentioned that he and his wife recently returned from a European trip which included West Germany, where they visited his cousin, Justice MARK ROBINSON, one of the presiding judges of the Nuremburg trials.

The Bureau's attention is directed to the reports of SA HAROLD C. BREUEL dated 2/7/44, and 3/28/44, at Buffalo, in case captioned WILTON J. LUTWACK.

[redacted]

Page 4, second column of the aforementioned reprint from "Iowa Alumni Review," identifies LUTWACK as one-time chief of the Administrative Branch of the Rochester Ordnance District.

In view of the information furnished by Mr. LUTWACK the Bureau may desire to consult military authorities or other experts for an evaluation of the theory advanced by Mr. LUTWACK.

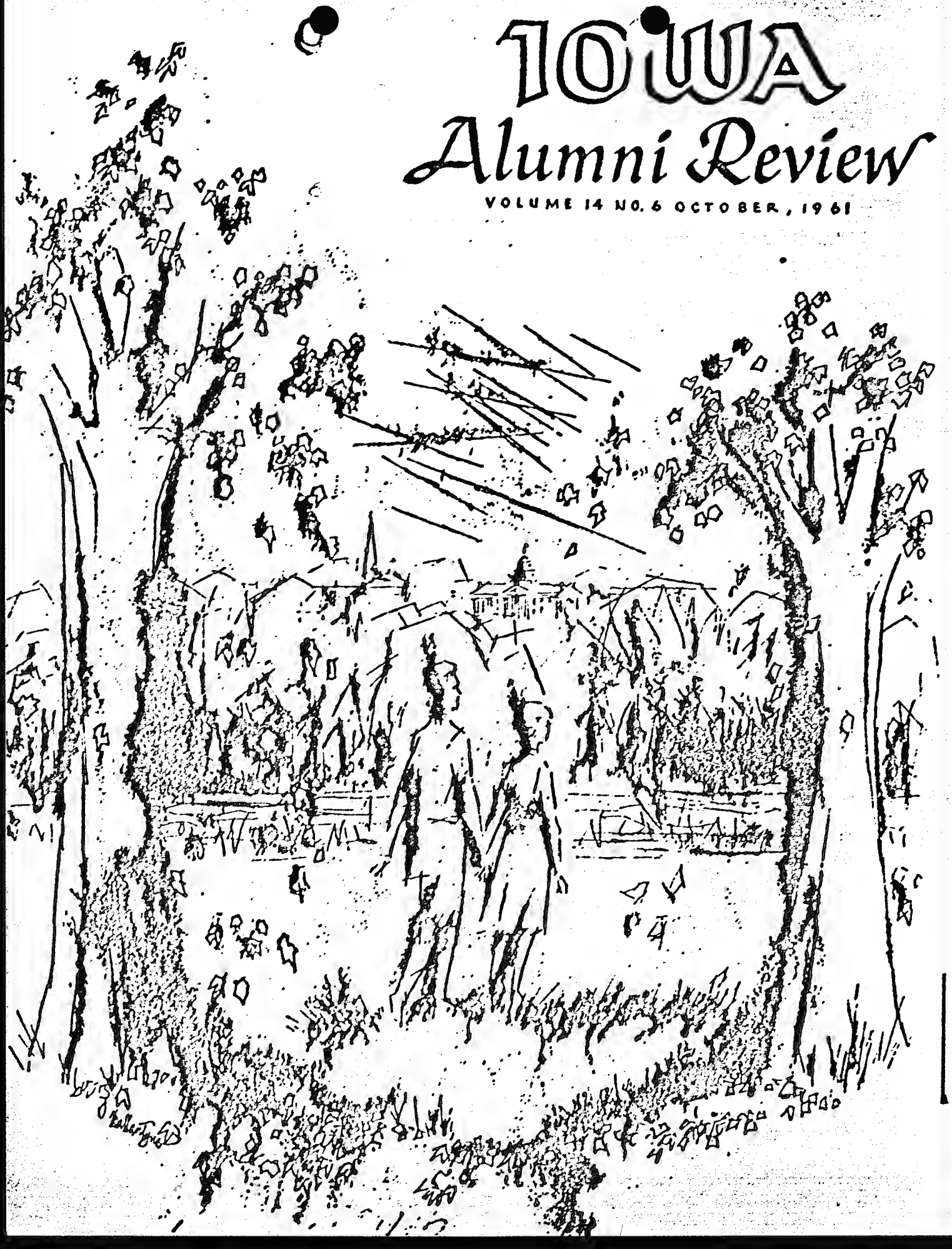
BU 105-4467

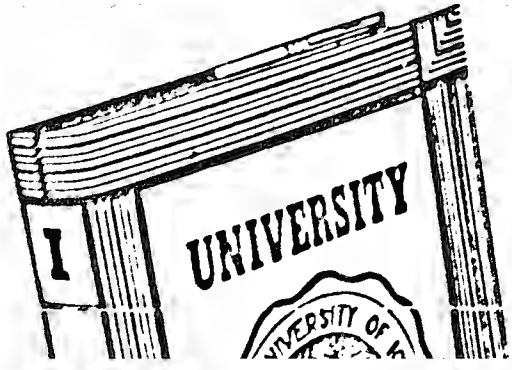
Pertinent portions of the above will be included in Buffalo's report.

Reprinted from

IOWA Alumni Review

VOLUME 14 NO. 6 OCTOBER, 1961




UNIVERSITY

W. J. Lutwack

A Man With Ideas

school, of "working his way through." He wrote to half a dozen colleges where he thought such opportunity might exist, but there was no immediate reply.

In 1934 he was thumbing through his mail when out popped what appeared to be a form letter. He tore it open but didn't read the contents. He tossed it toward the waste basket, but it glanced off and out fell his letter of acceptance from the University of Iowa.

"I gave up my job, sold my convertible, borrowed on my life insurance and hitch-hiked to Iowa City with $140," he says. Even in 1934 $140 didn't begin to cover tuition, room and board and books, so Wil, as his associates call him, got a job peeling potatoes in a local restaurant for his three meals a day; found another job janitoring for his room rent, and played with a dance band to meet incidental expenses.

By buying fourth and fifth-hand books, he saved more than half of the usual cost. "Say, these books look pretty awful," he protested to the clerk in the bookstore. "Don't you have something I can hide them in?" The clerk pointed to a supply of covers at 10 cents each.

Down to the local meat market headed Wil. The butcher was very obliging. For a dime he gave the young freshman enough brown wrapping paper to cover a small dormitory.

Lutwack had never used a book cover in his life. But he worked at it intently then, tucking in the edges, tailoring the corners and drawing the heavy paper snug and smooth. Later when he was studying in the library he sat down next to another student who admired his handiwork. "I'd give you a nickel apiece to cover my books like that," the latter said.

And Lutwack found himself in business. The covers were adjustable to any size book so he had samples printed, with a space for advertising, and sold the idea to the local bookstore. Probably the first testimonial letter Lutwack received came from Williams' Iowa Supply Company, Iowa City, dated October 30, 1934.

"My dear Mr. Lutwack: This is to advise you that if at any time in the near future you plan on getting out any advertising stunts similar to the book cover on which I took space with you, I would be glad to have you call to see me in that I would be interested in anything you might promote. The ad which I purchased on your book cover was one of the best pieces of contact that I have ever subscribed to and I wish to congratulate you on your ingenuity and farsightedness in figuring this novel advertising suggestion. Sincerely yours, W. Williams."

Later, with Williams' support, Lutwack sold advertising to other local business establishments and for some time the covers were made and distributed in the back of Williams' Supply, now the Iowa Book and Supply Company.

Lutwack gives considerable credit for his book cover success to Bill Williams, the owner of Williams Supply. "He was grand to me and was one of the people who encouraged me to continue my advertising and sales promotional career. Bill was a real friend, and when my father died, he loaned me money to rush home for the funeral, even though he had only known me about 30 days. In those days, money was pretty tight, and credit was an almost unknown thing."

After his success with University of Iowa covers, Lutwack tried an experimental campaign in the local secondary schools. Merchants who advertised on the covers were provided with a supply for free distribution to school children and their stores were identified by cards.

Continued next page

1 - Belmont
1 - DeLoach
1 - Sullivan
1 - Branigan
1 - Turner
1 - Gregg
1 - Evans

The Attorney General

December 10, 1963

Director, FBI

REC-39 105-82555-467

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Attached is a memorandum setting forth a theory as to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy advanced by Mr. Wilton J. Lutwack, President of Colad Company, Incorporated, of Buffalo, New York. Mr. Lutwack, who specifically asked that his name not be mentioned, requested that this theory be brought to the attention of Chief Justice Earl Warren, expressing his belief that it would be supported by George H. Estabrooks and other leading experts in the field of hypnotism.

An extra copy of the memorandum outlining this theory is attached in the event you wish to make the memorandum available to Chief Justice Warren.

Enclosures (2)

1 - The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure)

105-82555

NOTE: See memo Branigan to Sullivan re same subject, dated 12-9-63 EMG:mhw.

EMG:mhw (11)

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

MAILED 19
DEC 11 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

1 - Belmont
1 - Evans
1 - DeLoach
1 - Sullivan
1 - Branigan
1 - Turner
1 - Gregg

December 10, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

It has been theorized that the assassination of President John F. Kennedy was accomplished through posthypnotic suggestion, Lee Harvey Oswald serving as the unconscious tool of the Soviet Union.

Pursuant to such theory, it has been suggested that while in the Soviet Union (October, 1959 to June, 1962), Oswald may have been prepared for the assassination by mistreatment and "brain-washing," followed by posthypnotic suggestion. It has been suggested that necessary details may have been planted without awareness by Oswald that he was being hypnotized and that he could have been so conditioned as to have had no recollection of the assassination following its completion, even though subjected to drugs or a polygraph.

No claims of factual support for this theory have been advanced.

105-82555

ORIGINAL AND ONE COPY TO ATTORNEY GENERAL
ONE COPY TO THE DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL

NOTE: See memo Branigan to Sullivan re same subject, dated 12-9-63
EMG:mhw.

EMG:mhw
(11)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

105-82555-467

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 12- -63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL ---- AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) -P-

SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY, Aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka. - VICTIM
DECEASED
CR

RE: Cincinnati airtel dated 12-3-63.

POSSIBLE ACTIVITY BY RUBY IN FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
FPCC

Referenced Cincinnati airtel is concerned with an anonymous communication postmarked Cincinnati, 12-2-63, by which the writer encircled the picture of a man whom the writer believed bears a "striking resemblance to Jack Ruby" among a group of persons affiliated with FPCC, who were picketing the UN Building in April, 1961.

The New York Office by airtel dated 12-6-63, transmitted to Dallas two blown up photos taken 4-13-61, which corresponded with the photo received from the anonymous correspondent. The individual whose picture was encircled by the anonymous correspondent bears no resemblance to RUBY in the opinion of Agents in the Dallas Office who have observed photos of RUBY taken 11-24-63, following his arrest.

(3) Bureau (AM)
1-New York (44-974) (Encls.2) (AM) (RM)
2-Dallas
MCC/mdc (6)

UNREC.

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 18 1963

SOVIET DIVISION

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

DL 44-1639

The photos transmitted by the New York Office are being returned to New York with the request sources familiar with activities of FPCC be contacted in an effort to positively identify the individual in question. In the event he is identified with some person other than RUBY, the New York Office should follow through in connection with any security-type investigation which is warranted, since the photos would be of no further interest in the RUBY case.

Laboratory Transmittal Form
7-72

FBI
LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas

Date: December 11, 1963

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437710 AX

Examination requested by: New York

Reference: Airtel 12-5-63

Examination requested: Document

Remarks:

Q253 and the "ALSO SUBMITTED" material were submitted in the case entitled "LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS-R." This evidence was made available to the New York Office on 12-5-63 by John J. Abt.

NOTE: The submitted evidence was received from Mr. E. T. Turner on 12-11-63 and was returned to him on 12-11-63.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Enclosures (2) (2 Lab rpt)

2 - New York (105-38431) Enclosures (2) (2 Lab rpt)

1 - Mr. Schutz, Room 5722 (Sent direct)
1 - Mr. Turner, Room 649 RB (Sent direct)
1 - Bufile (105-82555)

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 17 1963

UNREC.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes

JCC:sab (11)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

DEC 19 1963

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

7-1b

REPORT
of the

FBI LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas

Date: December 11, 1963
FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437710 AX

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

Specimens received 12-11-63 from FBI, New York

Q253 Undated letter written on a 4 inch by 3 inch piece of yellow paper beginning "Dear Sirs: Enclosed a small example..." and ending on the reverse side "...any size you desire"

ALSO SUBMITTED: Two photographic negatives and two photographic negatives pertaining to "The Cuc Hill - Benjamin J. Davis Defense Committee"

Result of examination:

It was concluded that Q253 was written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

The submitted evidence is retained.

JCC:aab (11)

Laboratory Transmittal Form
7-72

FBI
LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas (100-10461)

Date: December 11, 1963

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

John Edgar Hoover, Director

62-109060
FBI File No. D-437660 AX
Lab. No.

Examination requested by: Dallas

References: Airtel 12-9-63

Examination requested: Document

Remarks:

Q251 was submitted in the case entitled "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka IS - R - CUBA."

UNREC.

NOT RECORDED
162 DEC 17 1963

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

Enclosures (2) (2 Lab rpt)

Tolson
Belmont — 1 — Mr. Schutz, Room 5722 (Sent direct)
Mohr — 1 — Mr. Turner, Room 649 RB (Sent direct)
Casper
Callahan — 1 — Bufile (105-82555)
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan — JCC:sab (9)
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DUPLICATE YELLOW

DEC 19 1963

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

7-15

REPORT
of the

FBI
LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas (100-10461)

Date: December 11, 1963
FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D2437860 DAX

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

Specimens received 12-10-63

Q251 Envelope postmarked "DALLAS, TEXAS FEB 16 5:30 PM 1963" addressed to "Mrs. Gwynne Gassaway 3708 Armstrong, Dallas, Texas" and accompanying one-page handwritten letter dated 2-16-63 captioned "Re Your Letter in the Times Herald 2-16" and signed "Yours truly A. Worker"

Result of examination:

It was concluded that Q251 was not written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

The submitted evidence is retained.

DUPLICATE YELLOW

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room JCC:pab (9)
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

1625 Cleveland Rd.
Wooster, Ohio
December 8, 1963

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Lee Oswald

Dear Sir,

I noticed in the December issue of Time Magazine on page 38A that Oswald had taken several Ian Fleming thrillers out of the New Orleans Public Library. In reconstructing his idea of assassinating the President, one should note the or his taking the books out of the library. I have recently read one of Fleming's stories, Casino Royale, in which an assassination is performed from a office building window in Chapter 20. If Oswald had read this book and then taken out the book on the President and the assassination of Huey Long, it might be that the whole idea was triggered by this incident in a spy thriller. In any case if Casino Royale was one of the Fleming books (there are ten) taken out, the incident must surely have intersected him.

If it is possible, I should like to know for my own curiosity the titles of the Fleming books Oswald took out, and if this idea on Casino Royale fits, I will be only too glad to have helped in some small way to elucidate the twisted mind that conceived the incredible and horrifying plot to assassinate the President.

Sincerely yours,

Peter H. Gore

Peter H. Gore

Ack 12/13/63
CJS:pla
MML

100-[illegible]-468

REC-33 105-82555-468

December 12, 1963

Mr. Peter H. Gore
1628 Cleveland Road
Wooster, Ohio

Dear Mr. Gore:

Your letter of December 8th has been received, and I want to thank you for giving me the benefit of your observations and comments.

My staff and I certainly share your concern over the brutal assassination of President Kennedy. Pursuant to the instructions of President Johnson, we are conducting a full investigation into the assassination and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald, and I can assure you every ramification of these matters will be looked into.

Since we do not disclose developments in connection with our investigations, I will not be able to answer your question.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

CJJ:plf
(3)

MAILED 12
DEC 12 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 12-12-63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL - REGISTERED (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS R CUBA

105-82555-455

Rerep SA WARREN C. DE BRUEYS 12-8-63 at Dallas.

Enclosed are ten copies each for the Bureau and one copy for New Orleans of the following number pages:

394a
394b
394c
394d

These pages were inadvertently omitted from the rerep at time of assembling.

The Bureau and New Orleans should add their respective copies to rerep. Dallas has made appropriate additions to its copies of rerep.

3 - Bureau (Encs. 40)(REGISTERED MAIL)
1 - New Orleans (Encs. 4)(REGISTRRED MAIL)
1 - Dallas (100-10461)

WCD:mvs
(5)

ENCLS. Pages inserted in original and 3 copies sent 12-16-63
" " " Two copies 12-23-63 encl.

105-82555-UNREC

NOT RECORDED
4 DEC 14 1963

57 DEC 24 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-9-63 12-19 PM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R ~~DASH CUBA~~.

FOR INFO OF BUREAU, JIM LEHER, DALLAS MORNING NEWS, TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED TODAY HE HAD BEEN CONTACTED BY UNKNOWN REPORTER OF THE PHILADELPHIA INQUIRER RE SPELLING OF NAME OF SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. THIS REPORTER ADVISED LEHER HE WAS PREPARING STORY TO THE EFFECT THAT SA HOSTY HAD INTERVIEWED OSWALD IN ATTEMPT TO DEVELOP HIM AS INFORMANT FOR FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE.

LEHER ADVISED PHILADELPHIA REPORTER OF NAME SPELLING AND THAT HE HAD NO INFO AS TO AUTHENTICITY OF STORY, UPON WHICH REPORTER INDICATED STORY MIGHT NOT BE PRINTED.

REC 44 105-82555-469

DEC 13 1963

AS BUREAU IS AWARE, SA HOSTY HAS NOT INTERVIEWED OSWALD. ONLY TIME SA HOSTY HAD CONTACT WITH OSWALD WAS AFTER ASSASSINATION WHEN SA HOSTY WAS PRESENT DURING INTERVIEW BY ANOTHER AGENT, AT WHICH TIME OSWALD STATED QUOTE SO YOU ARE HOSTY OF THE FBI UNQUOTE.

NO FURTHER ACTION BEING TAKEN BY DALLAS.

AM COPY TO PHILADELPHIA.

END DEC 18 1963

PERS. REC. UNIT

CC-MR. ROSEN

1-23 PM OK FBI WA LA

Have we at any time attempted to develop him as an informant.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : W. C. SULLIVAN

DATE: 12-11-63

FROM : W. A. BRANIGAN

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

With regard to Dallas teletype dated 12-9-63, the Director inquired if we have at any time or any place approached subject to develop him as an informant.

The answer to the Director's inquiry is no. Subject was interviewed 6-26 and 8-16-62 shortly after his return from Russia. At that time he denied having been given any Soviet intelligence assignments in this country. He was requested to advise the FBI in the event he was contacted in this country by any individual under suspicious circumstances suggesting that it was a Soviet intelligence approach. He agreed to do so. Subject was again interviewed at his request on 8-10-63 while he was in a New Orleans jail. He had been arrested on the previous day on a charge of disturbing the peace arising out of his distribution of Fair Play for Cuba Committee pamphlets.

During none of the 3 interviews with subject was any attempt made to develop him as an informant concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee or anything else. ASAC Sylvester telephonically advised on 12-10-63 that this was true of the New Orleans interview 8-10-63 and the Dallas communications covering the 2 previous interviews in 1962 indicate that no attempt was made to develop him as an informant.

105-82555
ETT:cgw
(9)
1 - Belmont
1 - Mohr
1 - Evans
1 - DeLoach
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - Branigan
1 - Turner

REC-44

470

DEC 13 1963

DEC 18 1963

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 12/9/63

FROM : A. H. Belmont

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Handley

SUBJECT:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Internal Security - R
Assassination of the President

I called Inspector Malley in Dallas at 5:15 p.m. today, pointing out that newspaper reports of interviews with Mrs. Paine, the landlady of Oswald in Irving, Texas, quote her as saying that FBI agents had interviewed Mrs. Marina Oswald, the wife of Lee Oswald, several times in October 1963, rather extensively.

I told Mr. Malley we had previously checked this with Dallas and Dallas had assured us that we had not interviewed Mrs. Oswald. I requested that agents contact Mrs. Paine and tell her that what information she gives to the press is her business; however, it must be factual and accurate, and on the face of it the statements she is now reportedly giving are not accurate.

Inspector Malley advised that agents had already talked to Mrs. Paine on this and she said that she had not made such statements to the press; that she had talked very little to the press and most certainly had not made these statements.

I told Malley to have agents go back to her again and reiterate the fact that whatever she says must in every sense be completely accurate, and particularly in so far as any reference is made to the FBI. He said he would do this.

REC 44 471

AHB:CSH (7)

5 DEC 13 1963

2 XEROX
DEC 13 1963

79 DEC 17 1963

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

DEC 9 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 12-9-63 8-54 PM TED

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA. OO--DALLAS.

RE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO THE BUREAU DECEMBER THREE LAST, PAGE SEVEN.

TONY CARVAJAL, BOX ONE ZERO ONE THREE, CRESTLANE DRIVE, DUNCANVILLE, DALLAS, TEXAS, ADVISED CARLOS ALMAGUER ECHARTEA WAS MARRIED TO HIS COUSIN/S DAUGHTER AND LIVES IN MEXICO. STATED ECHARTEA COULD BE LOCATED AT CALLE LIC JOSE MARIA BOCANEGRA NUMBER ONE ONE ZERO FIVE, CAL INDUSTRIAL MONTERREY, N. L. MEXICO.

BUREAU ADVISE MEXICO CITY LEGAT TO HANDLE.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 9-56 PM OK FBI WA LLD

GA PLS

FBI-IS
DEC 44
DEC 11 1963
12-12-63
100-10461-472
5 DEC 13 1963

CC-MR ROSEN

1 - Mr. Stokes

CODE 12-12-63

CABLEGRAM URGENT

SI-10

REC 44

TO LEGAL ATTACHE MEXICO CITY

FROM DIRECTOR FBI 105-82555-472

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R. RE SA AIRTEL DECEMBER THIRD LAST.

CARLOS ALMAGUER ECHARTEA WHO ENTERED MEXICO AT NUEVO LAREDO SEPTEMBER TWENTY SIX LAST PRESENTLY RESIDING AT CALLE LIC JOSE MARIA BOCANEGRA NUMBER ONE ONE ZERO FIVE, CAL INDUSTRIAL MONTERREY, N. L. MEXICO, SHOULD BE INTERVIEWED FOR ANY INFO RE OSWALD'S REPORTED TRAVEL FROM NUEVO LAREDO TO MEXICO CITY SEPTEMBER TWENTY SIX DASH TWENTY SEVEN LAST.

SUCAB DATE TAPES OF POLYGRAPH OF ALVARADO DISPATCHED TO BUREAU.

JCS:hrt
(4)

NR. 820
ENC.
CK.
APPROVED BY
TYPED BY

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route thru for review)

VIA CABLEGRAM
DEC 12 1963
4:55 PM

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DEC 17 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

DEC 15 15 08 bli 63

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

1 - Belmont 1 - DeLoach
1 - Sullivan
1 - Branigan
1 - Turner
1 - Gregg

Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 12-9-63

FROM : W. A. Branigan

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Wilton J. Lutwack, President of Colad Company, Buffalo, New York, has theorized that the assassination of President John F. Kennedy was accomplished through posthypnotic suggestion, Lee Harvey Oswald serving as the unconscious tool of the Soviet Union. Lutwack, who claims many influential friends in the newspaper business, has requested that his theory be brought to the attention of top officials of the FBI and to Chief Justice Earl Warren, but that his name not be mentioned.

Lutwack suggests that while in the Soviet Union (October, 1959 to June, 1962), Oswald may have been prepared for the assassination by mistreatment and "brain washing," followed by posthypnotic suggestion. He said that necessary details could have been planted without Oswald being aware that he was being hypnotized and that Oswald could have been so conditioned as to have had no recollection of the assassination following its completion, even though subjected to drugs or a polygraph. Lutwack, who claims his company is the world's largest manufacturer of custom designed plastic coated book covers, stated that he has studied hypnotism for years and believed his theory will be supported by George H. Estabrooks, former president of Colgate University and author of the book "Hypnotism," and other leading experts in this field.

Wilton J. Lutwack, then doing business as the Federal Redistribution and Salvage Company, was interviewed in 1944 as the subject of an Impersonation investigation (Bufile 47-31119), but changed the name of his organization and prosecution was declined. Bureau files contain no other references identifiable with him.

OBSERVATIONS:

As Lutwack describes it, this is but a theory. We could contact experts or discuss it with United States Army authorities (who, according to Lutwack, are experimenting in the use of post-hypnotic suggestion), but it would still be theory, and would be exploited by apologists for Oswald and purveyors of sensationalism.

RECOMMENDATION: Page 2.

EMG:mhw (8)
105-82555
Enc. rec'd 12-11-63

5 DEC 13 1963

79 DEC 17 1963

473

Memo Branigan to Sullivan
re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
105-82555

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that no further inquiry be made in this matter.

A letter to the Attorney General is attached for your approval, inasmuch as he may wish to bring this theory to the attention of Chief Justice Earl Warren.

EHG

WCS

GP

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : W. C. SULLIVAN

DATE: 12-10-63

FROM : W. A. BRANIGAN

1 - Belmont
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
1 - Branigan
1 - Turner

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

The Director inquired concerning an article which appeared in the "Evening Star" on 12-7-63 containing information concerning Mrs. Ruth Paine and the subject's attempt at assassination of General Edwin A. Walker. The Director also noted that 2 articles appearing in the New York "Journal American" 12-8-63 should be thoroughly reviewed.

The "Evening Star" article 12-7-63 points out that Mrs. Paine had stated publicly that sometime after 10-16-63 she had advised the FBI that subject was working in the building from which the shots that killed the President were fired. She stated that she furnished this information during the second visit to her home by FBI agents. She also reportedly stated that agents had interviewed subject's wife on these 2 visits, one sometime after 10-4-63 and one sometime after 10-16-63.

The facts are as follows:

On 10-25-63 the New Orleans office ascertained that subject had left a forwarding address of 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, when he left New Orleans 9-26-63. New Orleans requested Dallas to check this address. Dallas made inquiries in the neighborhood on 10-29-63 and determined that this was the residence of Mrs. Ruth Paine and that she had a Russian woman living with her. Preliminary checks concerning Mrs. Paine were made and she was then interviewed by agents on 11-1-63. She confirmed that Mrs. Oswald was living with her but said subject was living in Dallas and working at the Texas School Book Depository; that he visited his wife on weekends. During the interview Mrs. Oswald entered the room and upon learning the identity of the agents was quite concerned. She was told through Mrs. Paine (since Mrs. Oswald only speaks Russian) that she should not be concerned but she was not interviewed.

On 11-5-63 agents again interviewed Mrs. Paine who advised that she had been unable to ascertain subject's Dallas address and he had admitted to her of being a "Trotskyite communist." Mrs. Oswald was not interviewed during this visit and she told Secret Service agents on 11-24-63 that she had seen an agent talking

105-82555
ETT:cgw
(6)

REC-44 105-82555-474

79 DEC 17 1963

8 DEC 13 1963

to Mrs. Paine just as he was leaving. This was the second and last interview of Mrs. Paine before the assassination.

With regard to the General Walker incident, the article in the "Evening Star" refers to a scribbled notebook entry with General Walker's name and phone number. This probably refers to the note in Russian which was found on 12-2-63 in a book being sent to Mrs. Oswald by Mrs. Paine. This note when translated indicated that subject was preparing to take some drastic action and expected to be killed or at least arrested. This note was turned over to the Dallas office by Secret Service on 12-3-63. It had been found in one of 2 books which were given to Secret Service on December 2nd by the Irving Police Department. These books had been given to the Irving Police Department by Mrs. Paine on 11-30-63 so that they could be given to Mrs. Oswald who frequently used them.

Mrs. Oswald was later interviewed and advised that she had originally found this note in the Spring of 1963 on a night when her husband came home and said that he had shot at General Walker. It is noted that Walker was shot at on 4-10-63 and that the bullet which was recovered according to the Laboratory may have come from subject's gun although a positive identification cannot be made.

We have reviewed the articles in the "Journal American" dated 12-8-63. These articles contain no additional pertinent information which has not previously come to our attention. The reference in one to a man arrested in Madrid as a self-confessed plotter of Kennedy's death named as Pasquale R. Gongora probably refers to Pascual Enrique Ruedolo Gongora, a Cuban national, deported from the U.S. on 11-23-63 for involvement in criminal activities. The head of the Information Section of the Spanish Directorate General of Security advised the Legal Attache on 12-9-63 that he was improperly given a visa to enter Spain and that he has no connection with the assassination. Our files contain no information on him.

ACTION

None. The above is for information.

1 - Division 6
1 - Linton

12-10-63

Airtel

ST-104

REO-44

To: SAC, Detroit

From: Director, FBI (105-82555) — 475

LEE H. OSWALD
IS - R

Enclosed is a copy of an undated letter and its enclosure from Gerald A. Gale, Postmaster, Owosso, Michigan. Enclosure indicates a mail carrier Mr. Robert Pichiotino has furnished information which, if true, could possibly show a connection between Oswald and someone by the name of Rubenstein.

However, investigation has failed to show that Oswald had any connection whatsoever with the "School Book Depository" until October, 1963, and it does not appear that the mail carrier could possibly have seen mail addressed from Oswald with the return address "School Book Depository" on the envelope prior to October, 1963.

Detroit contact Postmaster Gale and thereafter thoroughly interview Pichiotino.

Bufiles contain no information identifiable with Pichiotino.

Enclosures - 2

1 - Dallas

LML:fas (6)

MAILED 4
DEC 16 1963
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DEC 16 1963

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Office Memorandum • POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

SUBJECT: Confidential Information

DATE: Owosso, Michigan 48867

IN REPLY REFER TO:

FROM: Gerald A. Gale
Postmaster
Owosso, Michigan 48867

TO: J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington 25, D.C.

REC-44

Dear Sir:

Our City Carrier #5, Mr Robert Pichiotino and who lives at 805 Huntington Dr., Owosso, Michigan, Owosso phone SA-3-1925, came to me with the following information which may or may not, be of value to you.

Mr Pichiotino is an alert carrier with a retentive memory and told me that he was reluctant to give the information because he did not wish to bring unnecessary disrepute on an innocent family. I assured him however that he had done the right thing and no family would suffer unless the evidence was proper.

He brot in the attached slip and said that this last summer, he had taken a letter back to the 312 S. Oak St. address for postage due. The letter was from Rubenstein and directed to some school or college in Moscow, Russia. His memory tells him that he has also seen mail addressed as the sample enclosed. He is not sure of the Lee H. part of the return address.

Also, the family living at 312 S. Oak St. Owosso, Mich. has the name of Lybo. Lybo is a Russian and writes mail to Russia. There is some other correlating information that the carrier has on the matter that I did not attempt to assimilate or evaluate. You would have to get it from him.

ST-104 REC-44 105 [illegible] -475

The Rubenstein referred to was at the S. Oak St. address for just a couple of weeks this summer. He was also known as Ruby.

DEC 13 1963

I feel that this evidence should be checked.

DEC 11 15 03 EH

Sincerely,

Gerald A. Gale

Postmaster

Owosso

1 ENCLOSURE

POD Form 81 June 1954 — Exception to Standard Form 64 approved by Bureau of the Budget August 1954.

Lee H Oswald
School Book Depository
Texas

Rubenstein
312 S. Oak
Owasso, Mich

on back of envelope FPFCC

1 475

ENCLOSURE

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS.

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 476

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO.

20

CIA

REFERRAL

S-19 (Rev. 10-15-62)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan

Step by Stealthy Step to Ki

By GENE ROBERTS
Exclusive to The Journal-American
From the Detroit Free Press
(Copyright 1963, Detroit Free Press)

TOLD HERE FOR THE FIRST TIM

Sunday

Ever since the shocking murder of President Kennedy, Detroit Free Press reporter Gene Roberts has been digging into the strange twists that led Lee Harvey Oswald to assassination. He has interviewed dozens of witnesses, spliced together unrevealed information into the most detailed account yet prepared. Roberts, a former Nieman Fellow, handles general and labor assignments for the Free Press.

Only minutes after the party began in a middle class Dallas home in February of this year, it became apparent that the guest of honor—a wiry ex-Marine named Lee Oswald—was a "crashing boor."

The guests had come to hear of Oswald's three-year-stay in Russia as a factory hand.

Instead," said Norman Frederickson, a geologist, "he began reciting a lot of slogans.

"He obviously wasn't any great thinker, and I don't even think he knew what the Marxist slogans meant. His Russian seemed to be that of someone who had picked it up in a factory, without any study at all."

The party was to take on a special significance, however, when the attention of the guests turned to Oswald's Russian-born wife. Unlike her husband, who was a 23-year-old introvert with thinning hair, Marina Nicholaevna Oswald was a pretty, vivacious girl who spoke precise and grammatical Russian.

Almost immediately she won a friend—a Mrs. Ruth Paine, a tall ur-

Turn to DALLAS, Page 36

The Washington Post and Times Herald
The Washington Daily News
The Evening Star
New York Herald Tribune
New York Journal-American ✓
New York Mirror
New York Daily News
New York Post
The New York Times
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
Date 12-8-63

477

ST-104

79 DEC 17 1963

Continued from First Page

ane Quaker housewife.

Today, Mrs. Paine thinks is friendship may have led er, unwittingly, to transport nd store the rifle used to assassinate John F. Kennedy.

It all began casually. Mrs. Paine was invited to the party y the host, Everett Glover, Dallas chemist who met Oswald through a geologist, George de Mohrenschildt, who n turn met him through Russian refugees in the Dallas-Fort Worth area.

Mr. Glover had "eight or 0" friends who were studying Russian. Mrs. Paine developed her interest in Russian as a student at the University of Pennsylvania and t Middlebury College in Connecticut. The other guests —chemists and geologists— were learning the language read Russian technical journals.

"I thought Marina to be wonderful person," says Mrs. Paine. "We were both young mothers and like to talk about our families and housework.

"I didn't like her husband, though. He wasn't at all sociable. It was almost as if he were daring you to like him and hoping you wouldn't.

"I knew right away that he considered himself a Marxist, and that he was opinionated and would never grant you a point."

In the weeks after the party, Mrs. Paine visited the Oswalds, invited them to her home, saw no evidence of marital squabbles. Oswald himself seemed to be a quiet family man.

Learned He Bought Rifle for $12.78

Following the President's assassination, Mrs. Paine was "very surprised" to learn that during this period—on March 20—a Chicago firm mailed Oswald a high powered Italian rifle. The price—$12.78.

About April 1, the Oswalds told Mrs. Paine that Lee had been dismissed from the job he had held for six months with Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., a Dallas graphic arts firm.

Oswald's discharge delighted his co-workers who had been "shocked" to see him reading a copy of the Communist "Worker" during a lunch break.

EDWIN WALKER ADDRESSES A DALLAS GATHERING
Oswald Attended a Rally Like This One Before Stevenson Visit
AP Photo

Offers to Take Marina Into Home

Mrs. Paine came to the rescue, offering to take Marina into her home while Lee traveled to New Orleans in search of a new job. Mrs. Paine was separated from her husband, Michael, and had room in her four-room house.

A month later, Oswald wrote that he had found work and Ruth Paine drove Marina Oswald to her new home.

Life in New Orleans was busy for Lee Oswald. When not working he distributed pro-Castro leaflets, was fined $10 for brawling with anti-Castroites, participated in radio debate in which he declared himself a Marxist.

Did Research On President

In retrospect it seems that he might have been planning one of history's great tragedies. From a New Orleans library, he borrowed a biography of President Kennedy, W. R. Manchester's "Portrait of the President," and Hermann Deutsch's "The Huey Long Murder Case," the story of an assassination.

When Ruth Paine passed through New Orleans on Sept. 23, at the end of a vacation trip, she once again found Oswald out of a job. Once again, she offered his wife lodging at ther home.

"He told me he was going to Houston to look for a job and would send for his wife Marina as soon as he found one," said Mrs. Paine.

Mrs. Paine and Marina, now eight months pregnant with her second child, left New Orleans with Mrs. Paine's 1950 station wagon heavily laden with the Oswald possessions.

Believes Weapon Was In Blanket

Among them, Mrs. Paine now believes, was a blue and green blanket roll concealing an Italian rifle.

"I don't remember seeing the blanket roll when we were loading or unloading the car," she says, "but it must have been there. Later, I noticed it in my garage and I don't know how else it could have gotten there, unless we brought it that day."

Oswald never went to Houston for a job. Government records show he entered Mexico at Laredo on Sept. 26. On the same day Oswald entered Mexico, newspapers confirmed rumors that President Kennedy was planning a trip to Dallas and to other major Texas cities on Nov. 21-22.

Applied for Soviet Visa in Mexico

The following day, Oswald applied at the Cuban Embassy in Mexico City for a Cuban transit visa to the Soviet Union, only to be turned down by the Cubans because he had no Russian visa.

Later, the Russian Embassy staff told him any visa must come from Moscow, that this could take three months.

Sketchy reports indicate he traveled Mexico by bus, living meagerly, before reentering the United States on Oct. 3.

According to one report, Oswald applied for a job at an Alice, Texas, radio station on Oct. 4, but without success. That same day, he called his wife, for the first time since they left New Orleans, said he was in Dallas and needed a ride to the Paine home in suburban Irving, 12 miles away.

"Marina told him I couldn't go get him because I had just stood that day in advance to help defray hospital expenses when Marina's baby came," said Mrs. Paine.

Oswald checked into the Dallas YMCA, hitchhiked to the Paine home on the Fifth, left on the Seventh for Dallas, rented a $7 a week room.

"Before he left the Paine home, Mrs. Paine gave him a map of Dallas.

"One needs one when looking for a job," she said.

MRS WILLIAM RANDALL likes to start the week by walking four houses south on 5th st. in Irving to the home of a friend, Dorothy Roberts. After a couple of cups of coffee with Dorothy, the week ahead begins to brighten.

Neighbor Worried About Russian Girl

Monday, Oct. 14, was different, however. Mrs. Randall went to Dorothy's home as usual but found her friend in a "sorrowful mood." She was worried she said, about Marina—the pregnant Russian girl who was living with her next door neighbor, Ruth Paine.

Later, when Marina and Ruth walked into the Robert's home to join in the coffee, Mrs. Randall offered to help find Marina's husband a job.

Texas Gypsum was a good prospect, Mrs. Randall said. So was Manor Bakery—that firm needed truck drivers. They wouldn't hire Wesley Frazier, her 19-year-old brother, but he ultimately found work with the Texas School Book Depository, a private firm that serves "as sort of a clearing house and distributing center" for several textbook publishers.

Depository Boss Was Impressed

Ruth Paine does not recall now that any companies were mentioned other than the School Book Depository. She walked to her home, phoned the firm, asked for the man in charge of hiring, got R. S. Truly, superintendent and a director of the depository.

"She said she had a fine young man and his wife living at her house," Mr. Truly recalls. "She said it was expecting a baby and that the husband really needed the work.

"Tell him to come on in," I said."

"Well, as I remember—the FBI has my files—he came in on the 15th and I talked to him and he seemed a quiet, well-mannered young man. He said he spent three years in the Marines and left me with the idea he was just out of service.

"I hired him and told him to report to work the next day." The pay would be $1.25 an hour, 40 hours a week. He would work from 8 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., with 45 minutes for lunch.

If, at this time, Lee Oswald was plotting an attempt on the life of President Kennedy, then fate was a co-conspirator. A sniper, scheming in advance to fire on the President, could pick no better spot than the School Book Depository building.

Triple Underpass Key Thoroughfare

Although no route had been announced on Oct. 16 for the President's upcoming visit to Dallas, it was rumored in the city that he might be persuaded to tour the downtown area in a motorcade. If the uptown tour was made, then the President almost certainly would pass in the shadow of the depository building, which overlooks the "triple underpass."

The three major traffic arteries of downtown Dallas—Elm, Main and Commerce—bleed into the Triple Underpass. It is difficult to enter or leave the Western end of the business district without passing under it.

From either of the top two floors of the seven-story depository building, a sniper would have all approaches to the underpass within the range of a highpowered rifle.

When Oswald reported to work at the depository, fate once again came to his aid.

"Call it fate," says Mr. Truly, "but I could have sent Oswald to work in a very isolated warehouse two blocks away and out of range of the President's motorcade. Oswald and another fellow reported for work on the same day and I needed one of them for the depository building and another for the warehouse. I picked Oswald for the depository building.

"And another thing," says Mr. Truly, "on any other year but this one he might not have been working with us on Nov. 22 (the day the President was shot). Oswald was only hired as an extra employe, and was to work through the rush season.

"The rush in school books is usually over by Nov. 1—or a little after—but this year we decided to keep the extra workers on and rearrange our stock and do some repair work."

Oswald Caught Onto Job Fast

Oswald settled quickly into his work with the textbook firm.

"We hired him on as an order filler," Mr. Truly says. "And within an hour or two, he caught on to the job.

"He took the book orders from schools and filled them. If a school wanted, say, 10 workbooks, 20 practice sets and 10 or 12 textbooks, Oswald would get them all together. This might take him all through the building. Stacks of books were stored on the sixth and seventh floors, and when we ran out of supplies downstairs, Oswald would go up and get some more.

"He seemed to be a satis-

factory employe. Every time I saw him, he had an order in his hand and was trying to fill it. I often asked him, 'How are you doing? How is your baby?'

"He seemed pleased that anyone was interested. He always answered, 'very fine, thank you, Mr. Truly'."

Oswald's second daughter was born during his first week with the depository, on Oct. 20, and he announced the birth to his co-workers.

Kept to Himself And Read Papers

"The rest of the time, he was quiet," says Truly. "He didn't join the rest of the workers during the smoke breaks or play dominos with them during the 45-minute lunch break.

Oswald also "kept to himself" at his rooming house at 926 N. Beckley, two miles from the depository. He appeared at the rooming house, a squat, labyrinthine bungalow, with 17 rooms, on the night of Oct. 14—only hours after Mrs. Paine contacted the depository in his behalf. He gave his name as O. H. Lee.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Johnson, the rooming house owners, told him the room would be $8 a week, and he quickly agreed to take it, although it was $1 a week more than the room that he had just vacated.

His room was cramped, a 10x12 foot cubicle.

An average-sized man, standing in the middle of the room, could extend his arms, shoulder high, and brush the walls with his finger tips.

Despite the room's size, Oswald spent most of his free hours in it.

"He was always in there by 9:30 or 10 p.m.," said Mr. Johnson. "You could hear him in there listening to a small radio."

Although Mr. Johnson doesn't remember them, there were exceptions to Oswald's stay-at-home rule. On Oct. 24, the night before United Nations Ambassador Adlai Stevenson was struck and spat upon in Dallas, Oswald attended a rightwing rally called by Edwin A. Walker, the former major general who was ousted from the Army after indoctrinating his troops with extremist right-

Walker Called Adlai Red Symbol

Gen. Walker told the cheering crowd of more than a thousand that Adlai Stevenson would deliver his speech from the same stage.

"Tomorrow night," he said, "there will stand here a symbol of the Communist conspiracy and its United Nations."

The crowd applauded as Gen. Walker broadened his speech into an attack on every President since Herbert Hoover, including President Kennedy.

"Oswald told me about the rally later," said Michael Paine, Ruth's estranged husband. "He said he thought the people there were anti-Semitic."

While living at the rooming house, Oswald also contacted a liberal organization, the American Civil Liberties Union, applied for membership, sent a $2 contribution in.

Other Roomers Not Suspicious

The ACLU provides legal defense in cases in which civil rights may have been violated.

Other roomers at the Johnson roominghouse had no reason to suspect Oswald of anything.

"I lived just across the livingroom from him—not more than 15 feet away," says Floyd D. Graffenreid. "I never saw him more than four or five times, and then he didn't have anything to say."

"There are always four to eight of us sitting around watching television," says Bob Palmer, another roomer.

"A lot of nights he would go to the phone between the kitchen and livingroom and we could hear him talk to someone in a foreign language. I thought it was German, but I guess now it was Russian. I wouldn't know the difference."

On weekends, he visited his wife at the Paine home. He hitch-hiked the 12 miles on Saturdays, and on Mondays walked over to the Randall home at 7:25 a.m. and rode in with Wesley Frazier.

Watched TV, Played With 2 Children

Saturdays and Sundays, he spent watching television, playing with his two-year old daughter and new baby. He liked the college football games on Saturday afternoons, and the professional games on Sundays. Saturday nights, he watched the movie, was fascinated most by World War II movies.

Michael Paine dropped by his estranged wife's home most weekends to visit his children and he and Oswald talked, always about politics and Russia. They seldom agreed.

"He was a Marxist, a revolutionary, but never said how the revolution was coming. He wasn't a deep thinker. He had memorized some doctrine on economics and politics and in an argument he always fell back on this.

"He didn't think Russia was perfect however. He griped about the restrictions placed on his freedom there. He was told where to live and work. And he once complained that they wouldn't allow you to own a rifle.

"The only way you could shoot a rifle there, he told me, was to be a member of a rifle club. He didn't like rifle clubs. I got the idea he joined one, but quit.

"He went hunting in Russia, too, and liked it."

Mr. Paine never knew Oswald won a Marine Corps "Marksman" medal, that he had been reprimanded by the Corps for possessing unauthorized firearms.

Bitter on Everything, Rightwing or Left

He was not surprised to learn after the Kennedy assassination, however, the Oswald had been working on a book critical of Russia, one almost certain to have an appeal among Far-Rightists.

"I think he was deprived as a child and was bitter at everything, right and left. Essentially though, Oswald was a leftist, but not a liberal."

To avoid arguments, the Paines did not discuss religion in Oswald's presence.

"We said grace before a meal once," says Mrs. Paine, "and the silence from his corner was so heavy that we never said it again."

Interest in JFK Visit Mounted

While Oswald played his triple role—days at the School Book Depository, nights as the solitary O. H. Lee, weekends as a devoted family man — interest in President Kennedy's upcoming Texas tour mounted steadily in Dallas.

An atmosphere of excitement, tinged with unease, prevailed in the city. Community leaders pleaded for a courteous welcome, urged citizens to refrain from demonstrations of the type that marred Ambassador Stevenson's visit in October.

"I am hoping we won't have any kind of demonstration here," said County

Judge W. L. Sterrett. "That kind of thing can give a city and county a black eye."

Almost daily, the city's two newspapers discussed the visit, exploring its possibly political ramifications, detailing plans for a Presidential luncheon.

Anti-Harassment Ordinance Passed

On Monday, Nov. 18, four days before the President's visit, the City Council adopted an anti-harassment ordinance to protect the President and future speakers. The ordinance made it illegal to interfere "with a public or private assembly by the use of insulting, threatening or obscene language or intimidation."

Earlier that day, the News announced that it was now definite: the President would tour the downtown area. "Most likely," the paper said, "the motorcade will move west on Main st." This would bring the President within range of a sniper firing from the Depository Building.

On that same day a crisis developed in the life of Lee Oswald, alias O. H. Lee.

An Angry Call, Admonishes Wife

Ruth Paine telephoned Oswald's rooming house to ask him to buy "some things" for the baby before coming to her apartment on Saturday. Oswald had left his phone number "in case of an emergency," but had not told Mrs. Paine he was living under an assumed name.

"Is Lee Oswald there," asked Mrs. Paine when the call was answered.

"I don't know any Lee Oswald," the voice replied. "No one by that name lives here."

Mrs. Paine apologized, hung up. Minutes later, Oswald called Mrs. Paine and, speaking in Russian, angrily demanded that his wife be put on the phone.

"I guess he overheard the phone conversation at the rooming house, because he hailed Marina out for having me call him," Mrs. Paine recalls. "He told her he was using an assumed name and that the call could have gotten him in trouble. He told her to tear his phone number off my scratch pad."

The course of history might [illegible] today if Mrs. [illegible] suspicions had been aroused by Oswald's alias.

While Oswald fretted over the telephone conversation, Dallas completed plans for the Presidential tour. On Tuesday, the Morning News announced the President's motorcade would travel under the Triple Underpass to the Stemmons Expressway.

On Wednesday, newspapers announced that the President would arrive at Love Field in Dallas at 11:35, tour the downtown area and arrive at the Dallas Trade Mart at 12:30 p.m.

The timetable would put the President in the shadow of the depository building at about 12:25 p. m., almost precisely in the middle of the depository's 45-minute lunch break. Chances were excellent that the book storage rooms on the top floors of the building would be empty.

Security Detail of 40 Assigned

On Thursday, Dallas Police Chief Jesse E. Curry announced Dallas would provide the President a security detail of 400 men, the most elaborate security network ever fashioned in the city.

Meanwhile, an advance detail of Secret Service men inspected the motorcade route, checked the Trade Mart, but not the depository building. It would have taken them weeks to inspect every building along the route.

Despite the precautions taken by the Secret Service and Dallas police, a last minute wave of jitters swept Dallas. A private plane bombarded the downtown area with segregationist leaflets.

Chief Curry warned that he would issue litterbug citations if the President's visit was marred by leaflets.

At 4:45 p. m. on Thursday, Lee Oswald completed the day's work and asked Wesley Frazier for a ride to the Paine home in Irving.

"You're going out there in the middle of the week, now?" asked Frazier. "I thought you went only on weekends."

"I want to get some curtain rods," Oswald replied.

Other than his unexpected arrival, there was nothing unusual about Oswald's visit. He cuddled the baby, p[illegible] with his 21-month daughter, watched television a bit, then walked into the garage which adjoins the house.

"There was nothing odd about his visit to the garage," says Mrs. Paine. "Many of his belongings were stored there. He had two large duffle bags in there, plus several boxes and a long, blue and green blanket roll."

Friday, Nov. 22, dawned hazy and warm.

Woke Up Early, Made Own Coffee

Oswald arose, dressed, made his own coffee and walked from the house without awakening Ruth Paine or his wife.

Four houses away, Mrs. Randall was standing by her kitchen sink, looking out the kitchen. At 7:10 — perhaps, 7:15 — she saw Lee Oswald turn into her driveway and walk to the car owned by her brother Wesley.

"I thought to myself, 'Boy, you sure are up and about early this morning.'" she says now. "Wesley usually leaves for work at 7:25, and on the two or three times Oswald had hitched rides with him before, he usually came into the yard just as Wesley was getting into his car."

There was one other thing, Mrs. Randall noticed. Lee Oswald was carrying a package. It was something long —maybe two or three feet or more—and wrapped in brown paper, maybe a paper laundry bag. It was a heavy package. You could tell that. He held it a few inches away from him, and his shoulder dipped slightly, the way a man's shoulder dips when he is carrying a pail of water.

"I noticed that," says Mrs. Randall, "but I didn't think much about it. A lot of people carry packages."

When Mr. Frazier stepped into his car, he also noticed the package. It was in the back seat.

"What you got there?" asked Wesley Frazier.

"Curtain rods," was the answer.

"That was about all I got him to say that morning," says Wesley, "but he never talked much. About the only time I ever got him to talk [illegible] when I asked him about babies. Then he would laugh and tell me about them.

"When we got to work a little before eight, he got out of the car with that package under his arm and walked into the building ahead of me. I never saw what he did with it."

As President John F. Kennedy rode down Dallas' main street, it seemed that everyone in Dallas was out to greet him.

Everyone was not.

Three and a half blocks from the School Book Depository, a pudgy nightclub owner stood in the Dallas Morning News Building, helping an advertising salesman draw up an ad for his small nightspot, the Carousel. The clubowner's name was Jack Ruby.

The time was now 12:25 and the motorcade had slowed to a crawl.

President Waves To Dallas Crowd

Mrs. John Connally turned in her seat in the President's car, saw the President turning right to wave at the last knot of the people lining the motorcade route.

"Well," she said, "you can't say Dallas isn't friendly today."

The crack of a rifle shot punctuated her comment.

H. L. Brennan, a 44-year-old steamfitter, glanced upward to the southeast corner of the depository building, glimpsed the sunman in a sixth floor window, saw him squeeze off the second and third shots.

"He was a slender guy, a nice-looking guy," Mr. Brennan said. "He didn't seem to be in no hurry."

Depository Superintendent Truly, who had been watching the parade from the sidewalk in front of the depository, was swept into the street by the surging crowd when the shots rang out.

"I didn't know the shots came from our building," he says, "but I saw a motorcycle policeman run in the door. I thought he was trying to get to the room to survey the scene and I ran to him and said, 'Come on, I'll show you.'"

OSWALD'S WIFE AND MOTHER WITH HIS BABIES IN DALLAS
When He Came Home on the Day Before Assassination, He Played With the Children

UPI Photo

"We ran to the back of the building to catch a freight elevator to the top floors. The front elevators don't go any higher than the fourth floor.

"Both back elevators were up in the top, which was strange, I guess, since everyone should have been out to lunch. I didn't think about it at the time, though. I pointed to the stairs.

"The policeman ran up the stairs ahead of me and when I arrived at the second floor he had his pistol out and was confronting Lee Oswald in the doorway of a little lunchroom—a place with a few candy and drink machines.

"Does this man work here?" the policeman said.

"Yes, I answered, and the two of us ran up to the fifth floor, caught an elevator to the seventh floor and then walked out on the roof of the building."

While Mr. Truly and the motorcycle police were on the roof, Detective Capt. Will Fritz, Chief of the Dallas Homicide Bureau, directed a systematic search of the building.

On the sixth floor storage room, they found a window two thirds open. Near it were three spent cartridges—each of them a 6.5 millimeter, or about .30 caliber.

The storage room seemed made to order for an assassin. It was cluttered with rows of book cartons, some of them in stacks six feet high. Five depository employes had worked in the storage room until noon, covering its floor with plywood.

One of them, Bonnie Ray Williams, walked near the window at the 10 o'clock smoking break, downed a bottle of pop, chewed on a piece of chicken. This killed the theory that the assassin had eaten while waiting in ambush.

Count Employes, One Man Missing

Meanwhile, Mr. Truly was trying to account for all employes in the building. Ninety-one persons worked there that day, and all were present now, except Lee Oswald. He had been him just minutes before at the lunchroom entrance.

"I don't know if it means anything," he told a policeman, but I'm missing a man—a young fellow named Lee Oswald."

It might mean a great deal, the policeman replied. Homicide Capt. Will Fritz immediately phoned in a description to the radio dispatchers at police headquarters.

"He's 23, about five-foot-nine and weighs around 150 pounds . . . His name is Lee Oswald." Fritz also sent a team of investigators to the Paine residence in Irving—the only address Oswald had listed on his employment record.

It was now 1 p. m.—perhaps later. Oswald was safely out of the building.

Catches a Bus Six Blocks Away

At about 12:40, Oswald tapped on the window of a bus, caught in traffic six blocks east of the depository building on Elm st. Bus driver C. J. McWatters is certain of the time. He checked his watch three or four minutes earlier and it was then 12:36.

"There's no regular bus-stop where I picked him up," said Mr. McWatters, "but I let him in. He sat three seats back, on the right."

The bus would have made a perfect getaway vehicle. It was traveling east on Elm—passing directly over spot where the President had been slain. Few policemen would think to check an approaching bus for a murder suspect only minutes after the crime.

If this was Oswald's scheme, it didn't work. The bus traveled only a block before being halted once again by heavy traffic.

Caught in Traffic, He Gives Up Bus

While Mr. McWatters leaned against his steering wheel waiting for traffic to clear, a man in working clothes banged on the door.

"The President's been killed," he cried. "That's why traffic has been held up."

A woman—one of about six passengers on the bus—was rushing to match a train and wanted off the bus immediately. Oswald followed her.

"Give me a transfer," he told the driver as he stepped off the bus. The transfer was punched with Mr. McWatter's distinctive transfer mark and later led police to him and to his story.

William Wayne Whaley, a cab driver, next saw Oswald three blocks away, at the Greyhound Bus Terminal.

Oswald opened the door, stepped in and said: "Take me to 500 North Beckley," a location five blocks past Oswald's rooming house at 1026 North Beckley.

Handed Cabbie ... A Nickel Tip

Mr. Whaley, who has hauled "all kinds" in more than 30 years as a cab driver, saw nothing unusual about Oswald, even when he refused the one attempt at conversation.

"What the hell you think happened out there?" Mr. Whaley asked, with a wave in the direction of the assassination scene.

If Oswald had tipped him a quarter at the end of the ride Mr. Whaley might never have remembered him. Instead, Oswald handed him a dollar for a 95 cent ride and hurriedly left the cab.

A cabbie doesn't forget a nickel tipper.

Oswald backtracked the five blocks to his rooming house, raced in the door.

"You sure are in a hurry," said Mrs. Earlene Roberts, the housekeeper, who was dazedly watching a television account of the assassination.

"He didn't say anything," she recalls. "He just ran into his room, got a short tan coat and ran back out." Oswald also may have grabbed a pistol while in his room. Later, police were to find an empty holster.

Confronted by Cop He Pulls a Gun

At 1:15 p.m. at a street corner eight-tenths of a mile from Lee Oswald's rooming house, Mrs. Helen Markham was waiting for an overdue bus.

Glancing down the street, hoping to catch sight of it, she saw a police prowl car stop. In a series of events that flicked by her eye in a blur, a man "about 30, with bushy hair and a white coat" walked to the prowl car, said something and moved away.

The patrolman, J. D. Tippet, got out of the car and walked toward the man in the coat.

"All of a sudden they stopped, looked at each other and he (the man in the coat) pulled out his gun and shot the officer," Mrs. Markham

"I thought he was going to shoot

The [illegible] like Mrs. Barbara Davis, who was napping with her children in their home at the corner of 10th st. and Patton.

"I ran to the door and a man was walking across the yard just as carefree as if he was out for a stroll. He wasn't more than 50 yards from where the policeman was dying on 10th st. and he was cutting across my yard to turn left on Patton.

"He was taking the empty shells out of his gun and throwing them over beside my house. A taxi driver started chasing him. And a woman on a corner was screaming 'call the police—call the police.'"

"I called them."

Mrs. Davis saw only the side and rear of the gunman's head and the description given by Mrs. Markham did not quite fit Oswald, who was younger, wore a tan coat and had thinning hair.

Just Mumbled To Auto Salesman

A positive identification was made later, however, by an auto salesman.

A block away from the Davis home, Ted Callaway,

sales manager at the Harris Brothers' used car lot—at Jefferson and Patton, was standing on the porch of his sales office, trying to let the news of the President's death "sink in."

"I heard shooting and yelling, so I ran to the edge of the car lot — on the Patton side—and I saw this fellow trotting on the other side.

"He had a pistol in his hand in a raised position. I said, 'Man, what's going on.'"

He mumbled something and kept on jogging. He wasn't in a dead run. He just jogged around to the right on Jefferson.

"I got a good look at him. It was Oswald. I picked him out of a police lineup that night, just like that." The car salesman snapped his fingers.

"Well, I didn't know whether to chase him or go help whoever was hurt. I decided to go help, but when I got there the officer was dead. I grabbed his gun and yelled to a taxi-driver.

"I said, 'Man, we can get that guy if you hurry.'"

The chase was futile.

Mrs. Mary Brock stood in the service yard of a gasoline station, a block from the used car lot, and watched a "slim man" walk into an alleyway behind the stores fronting Jefferson.

Discards Coat During Chase

Five blocks past the station, Johnny Brewer, a salesman at the Hardy Shoe Store, saw a man, coatless, duck into the apse between his show windows (police later found a tan jacket behind the gasoline station).

"He was breathing hard and he looked scared," says Mr. Brewer. "Then I heard sirens, and a police car passed, made a U-turn and started back in the same direction it came from.

"Then the fellow left and started walking to the Texas Theatre. I followed him, a ways behind, and when I got to the theatre I asked the cashier, Julie Postal, if she had seen a man come in. She hadn't. The man who takes up tickets hadn't either.

"That's not unusual, though. A lot of people walk in to get Cokes from their machine and they don't pay much attention.

"I told Julie to call the police and the other man and I looked for the guy I had seen.

"We couldn't see him, so we waited until the police came and I walked out on the stage, and the lights came on and the picture stopped. It was a war movie, 'War is Hell'."

"From the stage I could see him. There were only 10 or 15 people in there. He was sitting in the middle aisle, half-way down.

"I pointed to him and he stood up and a policeman walked toward him and they started fighting and four other policemen came, and he fought them all before they finally put him in handcuffs."

AN HOUR AND A HALF after the bullets smashed into President Kennedy, Lee Oswald was at Dallas police headquarters, walking past television cameramen, finding himself for the first time in his lonely life before an eager audience.

"We know you killed the President," policemen told him.

"I don't know anything about it," he answered.

"There's no question about you killing Officer Tippit."

"I don't know anything about it."

Oswald was to repeat the phrase again and again in the next 48 hours. He was innocent, he said. He was being held illegally.

Wife Tells Police He Owned Rifle

While Oswald defied his interrogators, a network of hundreds of state, city, county and Federal investigators built a case against him.

In the Paine garage, they found a sagging blue and green blanket roll. Yes, Marina Oswald told them through Mrs. Paine, Lee Oswald owned a rifle. Yes, she thought he kept it in the blanket roll.

A goldmine of evidence awaited the police in Oswald's rented room: A Dallas map, with Xs marking the President's motorcade route and a line roughly tracing the trajectory of the bullets that claimed the President's life. A holster, just fitting the 38 caliber pistol Oswald wielded in the theater. A private journal, detailing Oswald's activities in New Orleans and naming his acquaintances.

Find Gunpowder On Both Hands

Still the evidence mounted. There was a photograph of Oswald holding an Italian rifle and a 38 caliber pistol identical to those the police had seized.

Paraffin tests showed traces of gunpowder on both of Oswald's hands. Oswald's fingerprints were on the book cartons and a palm print was on the rifle.

Even the questions Oswald refused to answer pointed to his guilt. If he had carried curtain rods to work that day, why couldn't police find them. Instead they discovered a long brown paper bag that could have concealed the rifle. Other employes in the office could account for their whereabouts at the time of the assassination. Why couldn't Oswald?

Why were both freight ele-

rators on top floors at the time of the assassination, effectively blocking rapid pursuit of the assassin? Few persons other than an employe would have known how to operate them.

Why had he used the alias, O. H. Lee? Why was there an identification card in his wallet with the name A. Hidell?

Soon, FBI agents would trace the Italian rifle found in the depository to a New York importer and then to Klein's, a Chicago mail order firm. From 10 p.m. on Sunday until 4 a.m. on Monday following the shooting, three FBI agents and five Klein executives looked at microfilm sales slips until they found the record of a sale to an A. Hidell in Dallas.

Web of Evidence Entangles Suspect

Even without ballistics test results, which have not yet been made public, this web of evidence entangles Oswald: He owned a 6.5 millimeter rifle, and 6.5 millimeter cartridges were found by the half-open window from which the assassin fired. He had a .38 caliber pistol in his possession when arrested and .38 caliber cartridges were found a half block from Patrolman Tippit's body.

Oswald's Marine Corps marksman's badge indicates he had the ability to hit the President and Gov. Connally from the sixth-story window. The shots were fired at ranges of 50 to 80 yards, not an extraordinary feat for a marksman taking deliberate aim at a slow-moving target.

Tests made recently by police departments and rifle clubs around the nation show three shots can be fired in as little as three seconds from a bolt-action rifle.

Still [illegible] no confession from Oswald. Reporters clamored in the hallways of the police headquarters for the latest scrap of news.

Mingling with the reporters was nightclub owner and girlie show impressario, Jack Ruby, who dressed as if he might have seen too many cops and robber movies starring Edward G. Robinson.

With his felt hat pulled low over his forehead, he was everywhere, talking to his friends on the Dallas police force and in the city's press corps.

"I brought over some sandwiches," he said, when detectives asked him why he was in the building.

Slowly He Began To Thaw a Little

On Saturday night, detectives told reporters they would transfer Oswald to the Dallas County jail soon after 11 a. m. on Sunday, but had not abandoned hope of "getting him to talk."

Slowly, Homocide Capt. Fritz was breaking through Oswald's reserve. True, he was far away from a confession. Capt. Fritz told his lieutenants, but Oswald was beginning to "thaw a little." He was talking freely about incidents not connected with the shooting.

Capt. Fritz' hope of a confession that would reveal the true story of the assassination crumbled at 11:21 a.m. Sunday, when Jack Ruby jabbed a gun into Oswald's ribs and squeezed the trigger.

When asked about a possible link between Ruby and Oswald, Dallas police have a simple answer. You don't plan an assassination with a man you have met only once or twice. If Ruby and Oswald met more frequently, ask the policemen, why wouldn't someone have seen them?

Could Oswald have been the triggerman in a giant conspiracy to assassinate the President? Official "leaks" from Washington indicate the FBI has found no evidence of a conspiracy, either from the left or from the rightwing. Their evidence suggests the case is little more complex than it appears on the surface: Oswald killed President Kennedy. Jack Ruby killed Oswald.

Sitting at her home in a chair which once held Oswald, Ruth Paine said she [illegible] that he was involved in a conspiracy or that he planned, weeks or months ahead, to kill the President.

"I believe that he thought, somehow, he had a chance to make history and he took it," she said.

"But the only thing I really know is that all of it seems incredibly, utterly unbelievable."

What Ales 'Em

Step by St

Record

The City Planning
capital budget, to be

Continued from Page 37

OSWALD IN CUSTODY SHORTLY AFTER ASSASSINATION
"We Know You Killed the President," Policemen Told Him

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan

...p to Killing a President

FOR THE FIRST TIME

Conrad

...sident
Gene
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...nto the
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...al and

...Washington Post and
Times Herald
...Washington Daily News
...Evening Star
...York Herald Tribune
...York Journal-American
...York Mirror
...York Daily News
...York Post
...New York Times
...Worker
...New Leader
...Wall Street Journal
...National Observer
...12-8-63

...47

1 - Belmont
1 - Rosen
1 - Sullivan
12-12-63

W. C. Sullivan

1 - D. E. Moore
1 - Branigan
1 - Cheesling

W. A. Branigan

MICHAEL RALPH PAINE
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

RUTH HYDE PAINE
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

For several weeks prior to President Kennedy's assassination, Marina Oswald, wife of Lee Harvey Oswald, resided at the residence of Ruth Hyde Paine, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, and this memorandum summarizes subversive background of Paines' families; investigation to date discloses no connection between Paines and assassination.

MICHAEL RALPH PAINE

This individual, born 6-25-28, New York City, residing at 2377 Dalworth Street, Grand Prairie, Texas, is husband of Ruth Hyde Paine, but at time of Kennedy's assassination and for approximately two months prior thereto, was separated from his wife, contemplating divorce. He is employed as Design Engineer, Bell Helicopter Company, Fort Worth, Texas. He served in the U. S. Army 7-15-52 to 4-28-54, receiving honorable discharge and served in the U. S. Army Reserves, inactive status, from 4-29-54 to 7-14-60, receiving honorable discharge. His military service record contains statement dated 7-15-52 "The following inductee, Paine, Michael R., was inducted today 15 July 1952 but refused to take oath of allegiance."

Investigation has determined that Michael Paine's father and stepmother are George Lyman Paine, Jr., and Frances "Freddie" Paine, both of whom are on the Security Index because of their affiliation with the Johnson-Forest Group (JFG). Both have long histories of affiliation with the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) and the JFG. The SWP and the JFG have been cited pursuant to Executive Order 10450. George Lyman Paine, Jr., was a Key Figure until 1960 based on his position as a national co-chairman of a group within the JFG.

The JFG is a group of former SWP members who broke away from the SWP in 1951 over the question of whether Yugoslavia should be considered a "worker" state. George Lyman Paine, Jr. and his wife were described as the brains behind the JFG in the Los Angeles area. The JFG was dedicated to bringing about a social revolution in the U. S.

1 - 105-82555 (Oswald)

1 105-82555 - UNREC

NOT RECORDED
17 DEC 17 1963

MMG:pdb
(9)

Y FERRELL

DATED 1963??

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
Re: MICHAEL RALPH PAINE
RUTH HYDE PAINE

Subsequently in 1955, a split in the JFC occurred over a difference of opinion concerning a publication of the JFC and the desire of certain elements in the JFC to avoid having the organization designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. This split resulted in two factions, one known as the "Forest Faction" and one known as the "Johnson Faction." The "Johnson Faction" is commonly known as "Correspondence." George Lyman Paine, Jr., and his wife associated themselves with the "Johnson Faction" and were reportedly the leaders of this faction in the Los Angeles area.

The "Johnson Faction" had a further split in 1962 concerning the politics of the national chairman of the "Johnson Faction" and the Paines affiliated with the minority group who followed the politics of the national chairman. At the present time George Lyman Paine, Jr., is a member of the "Johnson Faction" in Los Angeles and his wife is chairman of the Los Angeles group of the "Johnson Faction." This faction has a total membership in the U. S. of approximately six individuals. Due to the limited membership the activities of the Paines at the present time are confined primarily to membership by name and financial contributions.

The "Johnson Faction" of the JFC has completely divorced itself from the SWP and all publications of the SWP, including the "Militant."

Review of Bureau files concerning George Lyman Paine, Jr., and Frances "Freddie" Paine disclosed no information to indicate a close association between Michael Paine and those two individuals. On interview 12-10-63 Michael advised that his father divorced his mother when Michael was four years of age and since he has only seen his father on a very limited basis since he was four years of age, he does not have a close attachment to his father and does not feel he has been influenced by him to any great degree. Michael has always considered his father as somewhat of a "radical" and denied having knowledge of any organizations which his father belongs to. Michael stated his father has always looked toward "the revolution" but he has never shared his views in that connection and added that they differ basically on ways of solving any problems which the U. S. has.

In interviews with Michael Paine subsequent to the President's assassination, he furnished details of his association with Lee Harvey Oswald, including the fact that in October, 1963, he took Oswald to a meeting of the American Civil Liberties Union. Michael stated he first met the Oswalds on 4-2-63 when the Oswalds had dinner at Paines residence in Irving, Texas. After that first meeting he saw Oswald on approximately five occasions. Oswald told him that he left the USSR because he did not like his job and did not like to be told where to live. He said that in the Soviet Union a person could not own a rifle, but could own a shotgun.

Oswald expressed an objection to the restriction on rifles. Oswald claimed that he became a Marxist in the United States and that he learned Marxism from reading books. Oswald said that he had never met a communist before he went to the Soviet Union, but he did not mention whether he had met any communists in the United States after his return. He stated that he did not believe in the exploitationof man by man, and he quoted frequently from Marx. Paine mentioned to Oswald during one discussion that he was against violence in any form, but Oswald did not elaborate on Paine's comment. They also discussed hunting. Oswald spent considerable time watching football games on television and appeared to be an avid football fan.

Bureau files contain no identifiable subversive information concerning Michael Paine's brother, Cameron Forbes Paine, his stepfather, Arthur M. Young, and his mother, Ruth Forbes Young.

On 12-6-63 Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) furnished to Bureau Liaison copy of a memorandum dated 12-2-63 which Allen Dulles, former CIA Director, received "from a friend" who was not identified. That memorandum revealed that Michael Paine's mother, Ruth Forbes, has been married three times, Arthur Young being her third husband; that Arthur M. Young is an inventor, having invented improvements to the helicopter, is wealthy and in recent years has devoted himself entirely to research in what is known as "ESP (Extra-Sensory Perception) (he believes that there is another 'force' in the universe-like electricity or similar-that has not yet been tapped)." The memorandum which Dulles furnished CIA also contained this statement, "I have also heard, but not from his mother, that Michael had homosexual tendencies, although he did marry and have children." The memorandum from Dulles also contained information that Michael Paine's grandfather was a famous Boston "crackpot."

RUTH HYDE PAINE

This individual who currently resides at 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, is a Quaker and reportedly very religious. In interviews Mrs. Paine advised that she first met the Oswalds about February, 1963, at a social gathering in Dallas. About two months later, Oswald and his wife had dinner at Mrs. Paine's residence. She developed a friendship with Mrs. Oswald because Mrs. Oswald spoke only Russian and Mrs. Paine, who also speaks Russian and teaches the Russian language, wanted someone to converse with in that language to perfect her knowledge of it.

After Oswald lost his job at Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall in Dallas and went to New Orleans to find a job, Mrs. Paine drove Oswald's wife and child to New Orleans to join Oswald. In September, 1963, Mrs. Paine picked up Marina Oswald and the child at New Orleans and drove them to

the Paine residence in Irving, Texas, where they remained until November 22, 1963. Oswald visited his family on weekends at Irving, Texas. Oswald paid none of the expenses connected with his wife's stay at the Paine's home.

In conversations with Mrs. Paine, Oswald claimed to be a Marxist, but she considered him to be a little odd and nothing further. She did not think he was a very logical person but, at no time, did he ever give any indication to her that he would commit a violent act such as killing a person. She claimed her friendship with the Oswalds was based on her fondness for Mrs. Oswald.

Bureau files contain information that the April 26, 1958, issue of the "Friends Journal," a Quaker weekly, published by the Friends Publishing Corporation, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, reported that "Young Friends" have made final plans for a six-week summer visit of four Russians to the United States. The article stated that six Americans will travel with the Russians by automobile, and their plans include contact with Friends; visits to industry, farms, and schools; as well as visits to areas of public interest to the Soviet young people. The article identified the members of the planning group. Among them was the name "Ruth Hyde Paine."

Ruth Paine's brother, Dr. Carl D. Hyde, Yellow Springs, Ohio, was investigated by the Bureau in 1953 as a Conscientious Objector (CO). He based his objections on religious convictions. Persons interviewed during that investigation advised that Carl D. Hyde was a Quaker and they were convinced of his sincerity in claiming to be a CO.

Ruth Paine's sister, Sylvia Ludlow Hyde Hoke, born 10-2-29 at New York City, was subject of a Security of Government Employee (SGE) investigation in 1956-1957. At that time she was employed as a personnel research technician, U. S. Air Force. She resigned prior to security determination being made. She was reportedly pregnant at time of resignation. That investigation was predicated on information that a telephone call had been made on 12-23-55 from residence telephone of Dorothy Wilson (who admitted to an informant she was Communist Party (CP) member between 1946 and 1948) and to the information that Sylvia Hoke's mother, Carol E. Hyde had admitted to neighbors she was a communist. In an interview by Office of Special Investigations, Air Force, 12-5-56, Sylvia advised that Dorothy Wilson associated with her mother-in-law, Helen Hoke Watts, in the publishing business, and that Wilson had assisted in editing a book coauthored by Sylvia's husband, John L. Hoke, and Helen Hoke Watts. Sylvia denied having any social contacts with

Wilson and stated she did not know Wilson's political views or ideologies. Investigation at that time developed no substantial subversive information concerning Sylvia and persons acquainted with Carol E. Hyde characterized as rumors only the information that she was a CP member and further advised that Carol E. Hyde was suffering from mental disorder.

Ruth Paine's mother, Carol E. Hyde, is currently divorced from Ruth's father, William Avery Hyde, and according to an acquaintance, Carol Hyde is a former mental patient and is currently attending and residing at the Oberlin Theological Seminary, Oberlin, Ohio.

Bureau files contain no identifiable subversive information concerning Ruth's father, William Avery Hyde, an actuary, Nationwide Insurance Company, Columbia, Ohio. On 12-4-63 CIA made available information to Bureau Liaison that in 1957 CIA considered using this individual to operate a cooperative educational center in Viet Nam but he was not used by CIA. Investigation by CIA at that time concerning William Avery Hyde was favorable.

ACTION:

None. This is for information. Investigation concerning both subjects is being conducted and you will be furnished any additional pertinent developments.

11:35 a.m. December 12, 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. DeLOACH
MR. MOHR
MR. CONRAD
MR. DE LOACH
MR. EVANS
MR. ROSEN
MR. SULLIVAN

Lee Oswald

Mr. Lee Rankin called from New York to check in with me on the matter of the Commission. He wanted to work out an arrangement with me which he thought might be satisfactory. He said he understood Mr. Belmont handled the investigation.

I told Mr. Rankin that Mr. Belmont, Mr. Rosen and I handled the preparation of the report and will handle additional items as they come in.

Mr. Rankin asked how he should handle anything that comes up, things the Commission will want developed further, in regard to the FBI - whether they should be handled directly with me or somebody I would designate.

I replied that I will designate someone. I explained that I sent Mr. Malley down to Dallas to handle all of our angles down there; that he was on the ground there; and that I think he probably would be the man who would be more familiar with things Mr. Rankin should further explore. I stated Mr. Malley is in Dallas at the present time but will be ordered back tomorrow; that he will be available; and that we will be glad to run out any additional matters he may want.

100-82555-477 UNREC
NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 18 1963
DEC 17 1963

I advised Mr. Rankin of the difficulty I had [illegible] about the Department's desire to issue certain conclusions; that they wished to issue a statement before the report went to the Commission re[illegible] conclusions Oswald was the assassin, no foreign or subversive elements involved, and Mrs. Oswald and Oswald had no connection; that I flatly disagreed; they took

JEH:rm (12)

SEE NOTE ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-14

it up with the White House and the President agreed with me that we should reach no conclusion; nevertheless the report does reach two conclusions in substance.

I said I personally believe Oswald was the assassin; that the second aspect as to whether he was the only man gives me great concern; that we have several letters, not in the report because we were not able to prove it, written to him from Cuba referring to the job he was going to do, his good marksmanship, and stating when it was all over he would be brought back to Cuba and presented to the chief; that we do not know if the chief was Castro and cannot make an investigation because we have no intelligence operation in Cuba; that I did not put this in the report because we did not have proof of it and didn't want to put speculation in the report; that this was the reason I urged strongly that we not reach conclusion Oswald was the only man.

As to Rubenstein, I said I did not want a statement about Rubenstein and Oswald; that we have no proof they were ever together. I stated Rubenstein is a shady character from the hoodlum element of Chicago, has a poor background, runs a nightclub in Dallas, and is what would be called a police bait; that the police officers in that precinct have been able to get food and liquor from him at any time they drop in; that while I think there was no connection between him and Oswald, I did not want the report to be 100% sure on that.

Fourth, I stated I did not believe any conclusions concerning Rubenstein should be reached at this time because he has not been tried; that was why I suggested to the Attorney General of Texas - and understood the Chief Justice did too - that his court of special inquiry be held in abeyance until after the Commission makes its findings. I said I thought they would go ahead with the Rubenstein trial in February; that was why I felt our report should name merely the facts we have established.

I further stated there may be some aspects Mr. Rankin will want to have run out further; that there may be letters written to members of the Commission; that we have letters from people who claim to have seen Oswald; that up to the time we submitted the report we had cleared up all these angles except the Cuban thing which I discussed generally and explained that the informer recanted and blew that angle out of the window; that sort of thing may be popping up all the time. I advised Mr. Rankin if he wanted any leads followed out or any implementation of what we have already done we will give him 100% cooperation.

Mr. Rankin stated he knew we would that he does wanted to

establishing it as a matter I should know. I told him not to hesitate to call me; that I will designate Mr. Malley and he will advise me at once of anything. Mr. Rankin then said he would get in touch with me if he thinks there is anything which should be taken up on that level.

I mentioned to him the actions of the Soviet Embassy, the Communist Party in New York, and John Abt in making available to us their information on Oswald.

I also discussed the operations of the Dallas Police Department in the case which led to the murder of Oswald.

I told Mr. Rankin the Department held the report about five days and then began to look items from the Department on it, items such as the shooting of General Walker, things not known in Dallas; that I kept pressing them to get the report to the Commission; that a debate was going on between the Department and me; that I did not want any conclusion drawn but I thought a conclusion had been made in the letter of transmission to the Commission; that there would have been no purpose in appointing a Presidential Commission except to evaluate the facts; that it was the duty of the FBI to get the facts and let the Commission reach a conclusion.

I told Mr. Rankin we would want to do anything we can here to make his job easier. He said he has always had complete confidence in that and in me.

Mr. Rankin inquired if anything had been done about seeing that the films would be preserved and available for the Commission. I answered that we have them ourselves; that we have films taken by private individuals; that the President was not being covered by a car with television people as they do here in Washington; that there was not a professional photographer where this took place; that the Secret Service car immediately in back had already passed the building, which was at an angle, with the result they couldn't tell where the shots were coming from. I mentioned the comment by former Chief of Secret Service Baughman that he could not understand why the Secret Service men did not open fire with machine guns at the window. I said the Secret Service men did not see where the shots came from and would have killed a lot of innocent people if they had done so.

In connection with stories indicating Oswald could not have done this alone, I stated he was a marksman and it wasn't anything he

could not do; that we have tested it on our rifle range and were able to get shots off even faster than he did; that there is no question in my mind about it; that we also found the fingerprints and the bullets so conclusively fired from the gun; that we have all this and we have all the photographs.

Mr. Rankin inquired if we also have the television film run off of the shooting of Conrad, and I told him we have this.

Mr. Rankin said Mr. Malone delivered to him a copy of the report and also offered to help in any way possible; this was very kind of Malone; but he will not deal with Malone in anything unless it is some emergency and he has to handle it locally. I told Mr. Rankin this was all right and if he should need to call upon Malone, Malone would be available.

I also told Mr. Rankin there is a direct wire between the New York Office and here; that he can always place any calls to here over our wire; and that I will arrange for this.

I told Mr. Rankin to let us know if there is anything we can do.

Very truly yours,

J. E. H.

John Edgar Hoover
Director

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 10:45 PM
DATE 12-13-63
BY [illegible]

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: December 13, 1963

FROM : J. R. Malley

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

Reference is made to teletype dated 12-12-63, to all SACs captioned, "Lee Harvey Oswald, IS-R," also bearing the caption, "Jack L. Ruby, aka, Lee Harvey Oswald, aka - Victim, Civil Rights." The last two paragraphs of this teletype deal with complaints being received alleging that some group or person other than Oswald not connected with Oswald planned or executed the assassination.

Based on the instructions set forth in referenced teletype, the Dallas Office advised that they had at this time approximately 200 pages for a portion of the report dealing with such miscellaneous allegations and, in view of the new instructions, Dallas desired information as to the procedure which could be followed without duplicating the work that had already been completed. After discussion of this matter with SAC Shanklin, he was advised to combine all of these allegations into one report, to make certain that no other material was included and to submit the report under the Assassination of the President caption and that, upon receipt of this report at the Bureau, a copy of same could then be disseminated to Secret Service. Such procedure would comply with the Bureau's desires for proper dissemination.

SAC Shanklin was advised that he should make certain that once he has gotten rid of this backlog of this type of allegations he should then completely follow the Bureau's instructions contained in the teletype concerning new allegations received.

5 DEC 17 1963

UNREC.

JRM:hw.

NOT RECORDED
DEC 18 1963

5 9 DEC 24 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

DATE: 12/7/63

FROM : SAC, DALLAS

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS;
AFO

437659

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka;
IS - R - CUBA

There are enclosed 47 photographs, numbered 1 through 47 (on the back of each photograph) and bearing the initials "JPA" (Detective J. P. ADAMCIK, Dallas Police Department), November 23, 1963, for examination and copying by the FBI Laboratory.

These photographs were located in a box in the garage of Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, and were seized during a search made by the detectives of the Homicide and Robbery Divisions of the Dallas Police Department on November 23, 1963, acting on search warrant issued by JOE B. BROWN, Justice of the Peace, Dallas, Texas. The officers seizing these pictures were C. F. ROSE, H. M. MOORE, R. P. STOVALL and J. P. ADAMCIK.

Mrs. MARINA OSWALD, the wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was questioned concerning these photographs December 3, 1963, and she identified them as follows, insofar as she was able:

1. MARINA OSWALD;
2. PAVEL GOLACHEV, a friend of OSWALD's who worked in the same factory in Minsk, Russia;
3. The opera house in Minsk;
4. OSWALD in 1952;
5. OSWALD in Minsk;

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 23 1963

FBI
DEC 11 1963
RECEIVED

23 UNREC.

2 - Bureau (Encs. 47)
(2 - Package) (Registered Mail - Airmail)
3 - Dallas (1 - 89-43
1 - 100-10461
1 - 105-1435)

WRH:gmf
(8)

[illegible]-13
[illegible]-10461
[illegible]5-1435

C

6. Picnic scene near Minsk with two girls from Argentina who reside in Minsk;
7. Minsk scene;
8. PAVEL GOLACHEV;
9. LEE HARVEY OSWALD;
10. Minsk scene;
11. PAVEL GOLACHEV;
12. LEE HARVEY OSWALD and the ZIEGER family, a family from the Argentine that lives in Minsk;
13. PAVEL GOLACHEV, girls names unknown;
14. LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Minsk, Russia;
15. OSWALD;
16. LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JUNE;
17. OSWALD and PAVEL GOLACHEV;
18. OSWALD and his half-brother named JOHN EDWARD PIC in the United States;
19. Russian rural scene;
20. Picture believed to have been taken in Japan by OSWALD;
21. Russian beach scene;
22. The great Buddha of India;
23. Minsk railroad station;
24. Minsk Palace of Culture;
25. OSWALD and friends at a work break at the factory in which he worked in Minsk, other names unknown;
26. PAVEL GOLACHEV;
27. MARINA OSWALD and LIALIA (LNU);
28. A view of Minsk from OSWALD apartment;
29. Minsk scene;
30. OSWALD's apartment scene;
31. Palace of Culture in Minsk;
32. Apartment house in which the OSWALDs lived in Minsk;
33. Street scene in Minsk nearby OSWALD apartment;
34. A Minsk river scene;
35. Scene in Minsk;
36. OSWALD and an unknown friend, taken before MARINA knew OSWALD;

37. MARINA and JUNE and Mrs. ZIEGER, resident of Minsk;
38. An [illegible] gentile family mentioned above who live in [illegible] that came to Russia from Pol[illegible]. Girl with a big smile is ELEANOR ZIEGER. Man's name is believed to be ALEXANDER ZIEGER;
39. MARINA OSWALD;
40. OSWALD, MARINA and an acquaintance, name not recalled;
41. OSWALD and person MARINA does not know;
42. ANITA ZIEGER, Minsk resident;
43. OSWALD and wife MARINA;
44. PAVEL GOLACHEV;
45. LEE HARVEY OSWALD standing in front of apartment house similar to theirs;
46. LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Photo taken by MARINA OSWALD;
47. OSWALD with rifle.

Transmittal Form

LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

FBI, Dallas (89-43) — December 13, 1963

To: 105-82555

Date:

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS

John Edgar Hoover, Director

62-109060

FBI File No. D-437659 AX

Lab. No.

Examination requested by: Dallas

References: Letter 12-7-63

Examination requested: Document

Remarks:

MAILED 20
DEC 16 1963
FBI

Enclosures (49) (Copies of 47 photographs in Q252, 2 Lab rpt)

1 - Mr. Schutz, Room 5722 (Sent direct).
1 - Mr. Turner, Room 649 RB (Sent direct)

Lab (8)

33 DEC 26 1963

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

DOCUMENT FILED IN

REPORT
of the

LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas (89-43)

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

Date: December 13, 1963
FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437659 AX

Specimens received 12-10-63

Q252 Forty-seven photographs, numbered 1 through 47 (on the back of each photograph) and bearing the initials "JPA" (Detective J. P. ADAMCIK, Dallas Police Department), November 23, 1963

Result of examination:

The photographs in Q252 were examined in the laboratory but nothing of particular interest was noted. In the absence of requests for specific examinations, no further examination will be conducted.

Q252 is retained. Copies of the photographs in Q252 are forwarded to your office herewith.

JCC:sab (8)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

URGENT. 12-13-63 6-15 PM MST DRH

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC, EL PASO /105-1264/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R. OO DALLAS.

RE RICHMOND TEL TO DIRECTOR DECEMBER TWO LAST, FOUR TWENTYNINE P., CAPTIONED ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO, AND HOUSTON AIRTEL TO DIRCETOR, DECEMBER TWELVE LAST.

RE GEORGE HEIDEL.

GEORGEE HEIDEL, FORMER RESIDENT OF WHITE PLAINS, NYXJ, IMTERVIEWED IN EL PASO THIS DATE AND ADVISED HE WAS NOT ACQUAINTED WITH SUBJECT AND NEVER HAD ANY CONTACT WITH SUBJECT. HEIDEL SAID HE HAD NEVER BEEN ON DALLAS OR FORT WORTH, TEXAS, CAME TO EL PASO DECEMBER, NINETEEN SIXTYTWO, AFTER RESIDING FOR SIX MONTHS IN HOUSTON, TEXAS. RESIDED IN WHITE PLAINS PRIOR TO RESIDING IN HOUSTON. HEIDEL/S RESIDENCE IN EL PASO FOR ABOUT ONE YEAR VERIFIED. REPORT FOLLOWS. END AND ACK PLS.

WA 8-19 PM OK FBI WA WS

DL 7-19 PM OK FBI DL DEC

TU ALL DISCX

UNREC.

CC-MR. [illegible]

NOT RECORDED.
180 DEC 18 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

5.8

DLC1:

12/13/63

AIRTEL AIR MAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (62-2115) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
(DECEASED)
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS,
TEXAS 11/22/63
AFO
(OO: DALLAS)

In accordance with instructions set forth in Bureau teletype to all SACS dated 12/12/63, there are enclosed for the Bureau 25 copies of a letterhead memorandum which is self explanatory in nature. Two copies of the letterhead memorandum are enclosed for the information of the Dallas Division.

The investigation, the results of which are set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum, was conducted 12/12/63 by SA EDWARD G. STORK.

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 25) (AM)
2 - Dallas (Enc. 2) (89-43) (AM)
2 - Houston
DWF:cmd
(7)

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-1273

105-82055 UNREC.

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 18 1963

1 ENCLOSURE

79 DEC 19 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Houston, Texas

December 13, 1963

ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER 22, 1963

On December 11, 1963, information was received at Houston, Texas, to the effect that one HARRY L. WASHBURN, inmate, Texas Prison System, Ramsey Prison Farm, Otey, Texas, possibly had information regarding the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

On December 12, 1963, Washburn upon interview at Ramsey Prison Farm, advised that during the latter part of September, 1963, he was transported from "Ramsey" to the main prison at Huntsville, Texas for the purpose of having a physical examination. While exercising in the yard at "Huntsville", he overheard a conversation between two convicts (unidentified) to the effect that a "bar owner friend" from Dallas, Texas (unidentified), had contacted one of the convicts with a proposition to find a person to "wipe out" (kill) a high government official (unidentified). For this "service", said convict would receive $25,000.00. The fee would be paid by Texas State Senator, Dorsey Hardeman.

Washburn said that the reason that he paid particular attention to the conversation between these two convicts was because he heard the name Hardeman mentioned. He pointed out that Hardeman, who is a "slick crook", was the person who prosecuted him for the crime for which he is currently serving two to ninety-nine years.

Washburn was hesitant to discuss this matter, advising that he knew that the interview room (the office of the Assistant Warden) was "bugged", and that he did not want the Warden (Sidney Lanier) to hear the conversation.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

RE: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

Yet, it was to Lanier that Washburn conveyed his desire to speak to an FBI Agent regarding the assassination.

Washburn concluded the interview with a statement to the effect that "Communists" get a "good break in here," specifically mentioning "one from Dallas," who was only made to work in the "fields" for a few months, before getting an easy job, while he had to work in the "fields for a year or so."

Warden Lanier upon interview advised that Washburn was confined in the Texas Prison System after conviction for the crime of Murder with Malice, regarding the placing of an explosive in the auto of his mother-in-law, which was detonated when she engaged the starter of the vehicle. Prison records reflect that he (Washburn) has an unstable personality, and may have difficulty in adjusting to prison life. Warden Lanier described Washburn as being a "prison politician", who, though not being a disciplinary problem, is a prolific letter writer, and has communicated with almost every person of prominence in an effort to bring attention to himself in the hope of getting a new trial. Washburn proclaims complete innocence of the crime for which he was convicted, advising that he was "framed", and that "high officials" were "paid off" to "railroad" him to prison. He included Jack Heard, Assistant Manager of Detention, Texas Prison System, as being one of the "paid off" officials.

Warden Lanier stated that he is of the firm belief that Washburn has lost contact with reality, and that before long he will become a "mental case", that will necessitate his (Washburn's) transfer to the hospital unit of the Texas Prison System.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) 12/11/63
ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka;
IS - R - CUBA

There is submitted, herewith, the following evidence furnished to the Dallas Office by Captain J. W. FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, 12/10/63. Captain FRITZ stated said evidence was obtained from LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the time of his arrest by the Dallas Police Department 11/22/63:

1. Dallas Transit Company Shoppers Transfer Number 004459 dated 11/22/63, perforated "P. M." and also perforated "Lake Wood," bearing the initials on the back "RMS;"

2. Dallas PD Prisoner Property Receipt dated 11/22/63, Number 2833, with one narrow, black belt with buckle;

3. Dallas PD Property Envelope Number 11378G, containing following:

   (1) Brass key marked, "P. O. Dept. Do Not Dup." Number 1126;

   (2) Silver color Marine Corps emblem ring;

   (3) Chrome ID bracelet with expansion band with inscription "Lee."

It is noted that the above items are submitted in the original envelopes as obtained from the Dallas PD.

It is requested that all logical examination be conducted with reference to said items. In connection with Item #1, numerous individuals have handled same.

3 - Bureau (Registered Mail) (Encs. 3)
(1 - Package)
1 - Dallas
JWB:gmf
(4)

105-82555 - UNREC.
NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 19 1963

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Laboratory Transmittal Form
7-72

FBI
LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas (100-10461)

Date: December 13, 1963

105-82555 - UNREC.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437839 AX

Examination requested by: Dallas

Reference: Letter 12-11-63

Examination requested: Document

Remarks:

Q262 through Q264 were submitted in the case entitled "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka; IS - R - CUBA."

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-19

Enclosures (2) (2 Lab rpt)

1 - Mr. Schutz, Room 5722 (Sent direct)
1 - Mr. Turner, Room 649 RB (Sent direct)
1 - Bufile (105-82555)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DEC 20 1963

JCC:sab (9)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

7-15

REPORT
of the

FBI LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas (100-10461)

Date: December 18, 1963
FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-437839 AX

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

Specimens received 12-12-63

Q262 Dallas Transit Company Shoppers Transfer Number 004459 dated 11-22-63, perforated "P. M." and also perforated "Lake Wood," bearing the initials on the back "RMS"

Q263 Dallas PD Prisoner Property Receipt dated 11-22-63, Number 2833, with one narrow, black belt with buckle

Q264 Dallas PD Property Envelope Number 113780, containing the following:

Brass key marked "P. O. Dept. Do Not Dup."
Number 1126
Silver color Marine Corps emblem ring
Chrome ID bracelet with expansion band with inscription "Lee"

Result of examination:

Q263 and Q264 were examined for concealed messages but none was found.

The submitted evidence is being retained in the Laboratory for any further specific examinations which may be requested.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Malone
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

JCC:sab (9)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : W. R. Wannall

DATE: December 13, 1963

FROM : R. D. Cotter

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

Re my memo 12/11/63 which related to two letters indicating that Oswald may have conspired with one Pedro Charles in connection with assassination of the President. As set forth in my re memorandum, Miami Office inquiries concerning Charles were negative.

For record purposes, SA J.P. McCann of Miami Office advised at 4 p.m. 12/10/63 that Miami Office checked following concerning Charles as well as Mario del Rosario Molina with negative results: credit and criminal records, Immigration and Naturalization Service records, indices, Cuban Refugee Center, local telephone and city directories, logical informants, and Agents experienced in Cuban work.

ACTION:

For information.

RDC:ams
(2)

1 - Mr. Wannall

105-82555-478

5 DEC 13 1963

5 9 DEC 16 1963

- Liaison
1 - Mr. Wannall -

(MI) 105-82555

Date: December 12, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

On December 5, 1963, our Dallas, Texas, Office learned that the Secret Service had intercepted a letter postmarked November 28, 1963, at Havana, Cuba, addressed to Oswald, c/o Mail Office, Dallas. This letter, which was dated November 10, 1963, was signed by Pedro Charles (Peter) and was written in such a manner as to indicate that Oswald had been paid by Charles to carry out an unidentified mission which involved accurate shooting.

This Bureau is also in receipt of a letter postmarked November 28, 1963, at Havana addressed to "Mr. Robert Kennedy, Secretary of Justice, Washington, D.C.," and written by one Mario del Rosario Molina of Havana. This letter was dated November 27, 1963, and alleged that Lee Harvey Oswald assassinated President Kennedy at the direction of Pedro Charles, a Cuban agent who has traveled in the United States under various aliases. According to the writer, Oswald met with Charles in Miami, Florida, several months ago and was paid $7,000 by Charles.

An examination of both of the above-described letters has shown that they were prepared on the same typewriter. In addition, both envelopes appear to have come from the same batch, both postmarks contain similar irregularities, and the same type pen and ink was used to sign both letters.

Inquiries by our Miami Office have failed to develop any information concerning either Pedro or Peter Charles and Mario del Rosario Molina.

5 DEC 13 1963

RDC:ams
(7)

SEE NOTE, PAGE 2

ST-1

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

BY COURIER SVC. 10 DEC 13
DEC 17 2 06 PM '63
FBI - READING ROOM
RECEIVED REGIONAL

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

Based on the circumstances, including the postmark on the first letter (six days after President Kennedy's assassination) and the fact that both letters were prepared on the same typewriter, it appears this matter represents an attempted hoax. However, the Department of State and the Central Intelligence Agency are requested to promptly advise this Bureau in the event any information is received indicating that Mario del Rosario Molina should subsequently enter Venezuela.

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

1 - Chief, U. S. Secret Service

NOTE:

See memorandum Wannall to Sullivan dated 12/11/63, same caption, prepared by RDC:ams, which sets forth details concerning this matter.

The Attorney General has been separately advised of this matter.

5-19 (Rev. 10-15-62)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele Room
Holmes
Gandy

FBI Reported Told of Oswald Job Address

DALLAS, Tex., Dec. 7 (AP).—The Federal Bureau of Investigation, some time after October 16, knew Lee Harvey Oswald worked in the building from which the shots that killed President John F. Kennedy were fired a month later, a housewife with whom Mrs. Oswald lived, said today.

Mrs. Ruth Paine, of nearby Irving, Tex., told the Associated Press that she told two FBI agents that Oswald, accused of assassinating the President, worked in the Texas School Book Depository.

Mrs. Marina Oswald, widow of the accused man, lived with Mrs. Paine in her home until the day of the assassination.

Pay "Courtesy Call"

"The two agents were making what they called a 'courtesy call' on Marina," Mrs. Paine said. "I understand they visit all immigrants from behind the Iron Curtain and invite them to tell of any attempts at blackmail or other threats against relatives left behind in Europe."

Mrs. Paine said she interpreted for Oswald's Russian-born wife on the two occasions FBI agents visited her. During the course of conversation, she said, she told the two agents where Oswald worked and that he had rented a room in the Oak Cliff section of Dallas.

"They did not seem particularly interested in Lee," she added. "They seemed to want to help Marina if any of her family was threatened after she come to this country."

Made Second Visit

Mrs. Paine said the agents visited Oswald's wife sometime after October 4 and again "sometime after October 16." It was on the second visit, she said, that she told of Oswald's employment location and where he lived in Dallas.

"I first assumed they were here to see Lee," she said, "but that was not the case."

Meanwhile, the Dallas Morning News today said that "officers are convinced" Oswald fired the rifle shot that narrowly missed former Maj. Gen. Edwin A. Walker last spring.

The News said an entry in a notebook and a statement by Oswald's widow proved the convincing factors. A sniper hiding in a dark alley behind Gen. Walker's home shot at him April 10 as he was inside working on an income tax return.

The story said Oswald scribbled a notebook entry with Gen. Walker's name and phone number. Investigators found the notebook in Oswald's room after his arrest in the Kennedy shooting.

Federal agents reportedly have been told by Oswald's Russian-born wife that her husband came home the night of April 10 and boasted he had shot at the former general.

The Washington Post and Times Herald
The Washington Daily News
The Evening Star
New York Herald Tribune
New York Journal-American
New York Mirror
New York Daily News
New York Post
The New York Times
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
Date 12-7-63

REC-44

SJ-104

480

59 DEC 16 1963

Report Form
FD-263 (5-13-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
KANSAS CITY	DALLAS	12/2/63	11/27-30/63

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed By
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	SA MARION C. STREET	djm
	CHARACTER OF CASE: IS - R	

REFERENCES:

Washington Field teletype to Bureau, Kansas City, and Dallas, dated 11/30/63.
Kansas City teletype to Bureau and Dallas, dated 11/30/63.

- P -

REPATRIATION OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD

BACKGROUND OF ABRAHAM J. AND ESTHER SCHECK

MISCELLANEOUS - FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

LEADS:

copies noted are destroyed PFB 2/16/76

Approved: Special Agent in Charge
Copies made: 10

COPIES DESTROYED
44 FEB 3 1973

(10) Bureau
3 Dallas
1 ~~Los Angeles~~ Miami (Info)
1 New York (Info)
2 Kansas City (105-1736)

Do not write in spaces below

cc Warren Commission
12-18-63 info
12-23-63 info

Property of FBI - This report is loaned to you by the FBI, and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.

KC 105-1736

Miami
LOS ANGELES AND NEW YORK DIVISIONS - INFORMATION

Information copies being furnished the Los Angeles and New York Offices in view of information contained herein regarding the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

DALLAS DIVISION:

The following leads were set out by Kansas City teletype:

At Fort. Worth, Texas

Ascertain from occupants of 2073 Mercedes Ave., background information and other pertinent data regarding LEE H. OSWALD.

At Dallas, Texas

1. Ascertain to whom box 2915 was rented during pertinent dates.

2. Advise Kansas City if money orders are to be submitted to Laboratory for latent prints and handwriting examination or other disposition.

KC 105-1736

On 11/27/63, [redacted] an established source, advised that there have been no further activities at the University of Kansas for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. He stated the individuals who tried to start this committee at the University of Kansas, LUIS and RAMON MAYOR, are not now active in trying to continue this committee. He stated he does not believe the MAYORs were sent to this country for the purpose of organizing this committee or organizing any organization particularly for Cuba. He stated that he feels that they came here for educational purposes and they just happened to fall into the times and when the organization was being organized nationally, they, being Cubans, attempted to organize it at the University of Kansas. He stated that the feels that due to the Anti-CASTRO feelings now at the University of Kansas that the MAYORS will not attempt to try to reorganize this committee.

C*
(COVER PAGE)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA MARION C. STREET Office: KANSAS CITY
Date: 12/2/63

Field Office File No.: 105-1736 Bureau File No.:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Synopsis:

Five U. S. Postal money orders, totaling $[illegible], payable to Department of State, purchased by LEE [illegible], Dallas, Texas, obtained from U. S. Post Office Department, Kansas City, Missouri. Background information set forth concerning ABRAHAM J. and ESTHER SCHECK, Great Bend, Kansas, who have publicly offered to take in the widow of the subject.

- P -

DETAILS:

REPATRIATION OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD

105-82555-481

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/30/63

1

ORION F. SCHAFFER, Manager, Money Order Center, U. S. Post Office Department, 601 Hardesty, made available the following U. S. Postal Money Orders Number:

1156417562, in the amount of $9.71, payable to the Secretary of Treasury, Department of State, purchased in the name of LEE H. OSWALD, 2703 Mercedes Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas, issued September 1, 1962, Fort Worth, Texas, Central Station.

11-56418866, in the amount of $10, payable to the Department of State, Finance Department, purchasers name, LEE H. OSWALD, 2703 Mercedes Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas, purchased Fort Worth, Texas, October 2, 1962, Central Station.

11-58380709, in the amount of $10, payable to Department of State, Chief, Division of Finance, Purchaser's name LEE H. OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, issued Dallas, Texas, 13, over-stamped 14, 1962, Dallas, Texas, GPO.

11-58384596, in the amount of $100, payable to Department of State, Purchaser's name LEE H. OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, issued at Dallas, Texas, December 6, over-stamped 7, 1962, GPO.

11-58384597, in the amount of $90, payable to the Department of State, purchaser's name LEE H. OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, issued at Dallas, Texas, December 6, over-stamped 7, 1962, at GPO.

On 11/30/63 at Kansas City, Missouri File # KC 105-1736

by SA DONALD E. STANGEL / sfm Date dictated 11/30/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

KC 105-1736

BACKGROUND OF ABRAHAM J. AND ESTHER SCHECK

The following investigation was conducted by SA HOMER E. SCHWARZ, on November 27, 1963, at Great Bend, Kansas:

On November 27, 1963, the following news broadcast was made by radio station KVGB, Great Bend, Kansas, and was furnished by GROVER C. COBB, General Manager. News broadcast was as follows:

"A Great Bend resident has proposed [illegible] enable citizens who professed forgiveness during the nation's recent tragedy to put this feeling into practice.

"Mrs. ABE SCHECK of 918 O'Dell, Great Bend, Kansas, told KVGB news this date she would like to see the people of Great Bend extend an invitation to Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWARD, widow of President KENNEDY's alleged assassin, to move to Great Bend, Kansas, with her children and make her home here. Mrs. SCHECK issued a challenge to local residents to prove what kind of Americans we are by helping Mrs. OSWALD, a native of Soviet Russia, to become an American citizen and learn the English language. Mrs. OSWALD has expressed the desire not to return to Russia.

"Mrs. SCHECK said she had called various ministers, the Chamber of Commerce, along with news media, concerning her idea. Anyone desiring to support this proposal may leave their names with Mrs. SCHECK by calling GL 3-9297, Great Bend, Kansas."

PAT SCHROEDER, Credit Bureau, advised Credit Bureau records indicate record concerning ABRAHAM J. SCHECK, and ESTHER SCHECK, now residing at 918 O'Dell, Great Bend, Kansas, showing they have a credit rating indicating "very slow pay". SCHROEDER advised the Credit Bureau has a record of the SCHECKs since 1950. SCHECKs are believed to have five children. The ages of SCHECKs are unknown, but they are believed to be grandparents. Mr. SCHECK is employed in the construction business with Dorsey Wilson Company, Great Bend, Kansas.

KC 105-1736

CHAD A. WYMER, Manager, Chamber of Commerce, 2620 18th Street, Great Bend, advised Chamber of Commerce did receive a telephone call from a person representing herself to be Mrs. ABE SCHECK of Great Bend, regarding bringing the OSWALD family to Great Bend, Kansas. WYMER stated he advised Mrs. SCHECK that the Chamber of Commerce, before taking any action would first have to have :

1. The approval of the Board of Directors, Chamber of Commerce.

2. The reaction of the public.

3. Interest of the FBI as to citizenship and security of Mrs. OSWALD.

4. Documentary evidence of no connection with the assassination of the President of the United States.

The Great Bend "Daily Tribune", evening edition, November 27, 1963, carried a front page article entitled "G. B. Woman May Offer Home to Oswald Family".

MARION WEIS, Detective Police Department, Great Bend, Kansas, advised that records of the police department contain no information regarding ABRAHAM J. SCHECK, ABE SCHECK, or Mrs. ESTHER SCHECK.

KC 105-1736
MCS:jeh

MISCELLANEOUS

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The following investigation was conducted by SA BERTIE L. SAPP:

AT LAWRENCE KANSAS:

On 11/23/63, DONALD DUANE SOLTER, 646 W. 23rd St., Apt. 7, advised as follows:

On 11/22/63, just after he heard that President KENNEDY had been shot, and before any release of the type of weapon used and before any release of the person arrested, he was sitting in the Hawks Nest (Eating area), Kansas Union, University of Kansas, with two individuals having coffee. These two individuals names are both unknown to him.

One of the persons said regarding the shooting of the President, "This is not a screwball," "A foreign power did this, and it isn't Russia," and he asked this individual, who, France, and the person said "No, Cuba, CASTRO." He stated the person positively said this. The person then said, "Even if CASTRO had not done it, this is the time to go clean out Cuba." He had the impression the person really did not mean the last statement, and was not really sincere that the United States should go clean out Cuba.

He stated this person has visited Santo Domingo and Venezuela supposedly. Possibly other South American countries have been visited by this individual. He does not feel this person had anything to do with the assassination of President KENNEDY and the statements may have been conjecture only but the statements were made prior to any release of information regarding the weapon or person who was arrested and information concerning his background, so he decided to call the FBI.

On 11/26/63, SOLTER at the University of Kansas Law School pointed out an individual to SA BERTIE L. SAPP, who reportedly made statements mentioned above.

The individual pointed out by SOLTER is as follows:

On 11/26/63, BENJAMIN GORDON MORRIS, Freshman, University of Kansas Law School, residence Rural Route #2, % DELBERT RICHARDSON, 23rd and Haskell, home address 605 Main

St., Quinter, Kansas, advised as follows:

He graduated from University of Kansas in 2/62 with a AB Degree in History. His senior year, 2/61-12/61 he was in San Jose, Costa Rico, as a Kansas University exchange student. He was at the Kansas University from 12/61-4/62. From 4/62-6/1/62, he was in New York working for the Institute of International Labor Research, 113 E. 37th, New York City, New York. From 6/1/62 to about 1/10/63, he was in San Jose, Costa Rico, working for the Inter-American Institute of Political Education, sponsored by the Democratic Parties of Latin American and the Institute. Working for the same institute, from 1/10/63 to 4/63, he was in New York, Illinois, and various places in the United States. From 4/63 to about 8/1/63, he was in the Dominican Republic working for the same institute and mainly working for CIDES, Inter-American Center of Economic and Social Studies. From 8/63 he was in the hospital at Quinter, Kansas, because of Hepatitus and because of his nervousness is the reason he returned from the Dominican Republic as he resigned.

While in the Dominican Republic he saw quite a bit of CASTRO under ground operations and believes them to be well organized.

He talked to JOSE RODRIGUEZ, who was in charge of the clandestine operations for the Partido Revolucionario Cubano (Autentico) Miami, Florida, and was in the Dominican Republic working for CIDES. He also talked to TONY SANTIAGO, Secretary of Political Section of the party. He knew SANTIAGO in the Dominican Republic and Costa Rico.

He advised RODRIGUEZ'S permanent address is 2393 Southwest 25th St., Miami, Florida, phone #445-[illegible], and SANTIAGO'S address is P. O. Box 163, Riverside Station, Miami 35, Florida and phone #FR9-5827.

He advised that he knows RODRIGUEZ and SANTIAGO well and that they are very anti-CASTRO.

He advised that after talking with the above two individuals, while in the Dominican Republic and Costa Rico, he formed the opinion that the CASTRO underground is well established.

After President KENNEDY was shot, he merely formed the opinion it could have been the CASTRO underground. He stated he has no direct information that the CASTRO underground is responsible for President KENNEDY'S death and it was mere supposition on his part.

He advised that the only persons in the U. S. he knows and may still be Pro-CASTRO, are LUIS MAYOR and RAMON MAYOR. He advised both of these individuals were students at the University of Kansas and RAMON still is. He advised LUIS has been in California, possibly Los Angeles, but LUIS on 11/17/63, came back to Lawrence, Kansas and is planning on going back to Kansas University, the Spring session of 1964 to work on his masters degree.

He advised that prior to the time [illegible] Costa Rico on the Exchange Program (1961), both of the MAYOR'S were Pro-CASTRO and tried to start the Fair Play for Cuba Committee at the University at Kansas. He advised this started about October 1960, but died out by December 1, 1960, mainly due to LUIS making very foolish [illegible] challenging the Anti-CASTRO people in a very rude way and that had no one who was a good organizer was another reason it died out, and also because this time numerous atrocities by CASTRO were being committed.

He stated LUIS was much more Pro-CASTRO, but RAMON was more quiet, and he does not feel that RAMON likes political discussions.

He believes the MAYOR brothers could still be Pro-CASTRO, but they have quieted down because of the great Anti-CASTRO sentiment now. He stated he could talk with them and by conversation tell whether they are still Pro-CASTRO or not, but that he has not conversed with them for sometime and therefore does not know absolutely that they are still pro-CASTRO. He stated he does not feel they could accomplish much in Lawrence, Kansas, at the University of Kansas, because of the very high Anti-CASTRO sentiment here.

He further advised that there is a foreign exchange student presently at the University of Kansas, he believes on a fulbright scholarship, from Paris, France, Beltran (LNU), who in private conversations with him and others has expressed feeling that Cuba has been a victim of U. S. propaganda and a victim of U. S. Aggression on the Blockade situation. BELTRAN (LNU) has also expressed an opinion that the firing squads in Cuba were unfortunate, but necessary and an astute political move. MORRIS stated however, that he does not feel that BELTRAN appears to be well informed on Cuba. He stated that BELTRAN hates CHARLES DE GAULLE.

FBI

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R - CUBA
(OO: DALLAS)

Re New Orleans teletype to Bureau and Dallas, 12/4/63 entitled "ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO" and report of SA STEPHEN M. CALLENDER, 12/10/63, at New Orleans.

TRAVEL ON SS MARION LYKES, SEPTEMBER - OCTOBER, 1959

The SS MARION LYKES sailed from New Orleans, La., on September 20, 1959, with four passengers: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Fort Worth, Texas; BILLY J. LORD, Midland, Texas; GEORGE B. CHURCH and Mrs. BEAUFORD THROWER CHURCH, 2427 Sunset Drive, Tampa, Florida. OSWALD and LORD occupied a cabin together. LORD indicated that the purpose of his trip was to study in France for one year.

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas (100-10461) (...)
3 - Houston (...)
2 - San Antonio (...)
2 - Mobile (...)
2 - Jacksonville (...)
2 - Tampa (...)
1 - New Orleans
JDV:sab
(20)

Original cannot be located and is not on record. When original is received in Records Branch it will be filed with this copy or may be given a new serial.
6/25/65 CB

105-82555-482

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

He disembarked at La Rochelle-Pallice, France, on October 5, 1959. OSWALD and Mr. and Mrs. CHURCH disembarked at Le Havre, France, on October 8, 1959.

For the information of offices receiving copies of this airtel, Captain WILLIAM E. ALLEY advised the Houston Office that all officers, stewards, and waiters on Voyage 110, SS MARION LYKES, would have become acquainted with the passengers.

ROBERT F. RADER, General Vice President, Lykes Brothers Steamship Lines, New Orleans, after checking records, advised that the passengers would have become acquainted with the officers, the chief steward, purser, and those waiters who served officers and passengers. Based on information supplied by Mr. RADER, the following persons identified below would be the persons who might have become acquainted with OSWALD during the above trip and appear to be the logical persons to interview.

It is noted that a complete list of all crew members and their respective positions has been set out in the report of SA STEPHEN M. CALLENDER dated 12/10/63 at New Orleans and the desirability of interviewing persons other than those mentioned below is being left to the discretion of the Dallas Office. Captain WILLIAM E. ALLEY and Purser CHARLES B. PARKHILL have been interviewed by the Houston Office. Neither could recall OSWALD.

The following officers and crew members of the SS MARION LYKES, Voyage 110, are now employed by Lykes Brothers Steamship Co. and their itineraries are as follows:

BURNELL I. EDGAR, Chief Mate on SS LESLIE LYKES, due in Gulf of Mexico 12/28/63;

DAVID Y. WHITE, Second Mate on SS MARJORIE LYKES, due in the Gulf of Mexico 1/31/64;

JOE B. EVANS, Steward, SS JOHN LYKES, due at Houston, Texas, 12/27/63;

FRANK N. MIJARES, JR., Messman on SS LESLIE LYKES, due in Gulf of Mexico 12/28/63.

According to Mr. RADER, the following former crew members of the SS MARION LYKES are no longer employed by Lykes Brothers or on vacation:

WILLIAM HILL, Chief Engineer, 361 West Robert E. Lee Blvd., New Orleans, La. - on vacation;

WALLACE WILLIAMS, Messman, 614 Thayer Ave., New Orleans, La.;

VICTOR FRANKLIN, Messman, 2700 Dryades St., New Orleans, La.

NO 100-16601/sab

On 12/9/63, Capt. H. G. STEGALL, International Organization of Masters, Mates, and Pilots, AFL-CIO, 423 Gravier St., advised JAMES L. GRIFFIN, Third Mate, is on vacation until 1/4/64 and that his home address is 2415 Oaklawn Drive, La Marque, Texas.

On 12/9/63, FLOYD HEPLING, Port Agent, American Radio Association, AFL-CIO, Room 608 Godchaux Building, New Orleans, La., advised LOVIX M. STEPHENSON, Radio Operator, resides at 3928 P ½ St., Galveston, Texas. He stated that if not located there, TED BERMAN, Port Agent, American Radio Association, 6704 Capitol St., Houston, Texas, will be in a position to furnish a current address for STEPHENSON.

The New Orleans Office will maintain contact with the Lykes Brothers Steamship Co. at New Orleans and advise appropriate offices concerning first ports of call and arrival dates of the various Lykes Brothers' vessels on which former crew members of the SS MARION LYKES are now sailing. When this information is available, so that they may be interviewed concerning any information they may have concerning OSWALD. If it is determined that OSWALD associated with crew members on the SS MARION LYKES in September - October, 1959, the identity of these crew members should be obtained so that leads may be set out to interview them.

LEADS:

HOUSTON DIVISION

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS

Will interview JOE B. EVANS, Steward of the SS JOHN LYKES, when the vessel arrives at Houston on or about 12/27/63.

AT LA MARQUE, TEXAS

Will interview JAMES L. GRIFFIN, 2415 Oaklawn Drive, La Marque, Texas.

NO 100-16601/sab

AT GALVESTON, TEXAS

Will interview LOVIX M. STEPHENSON, 3928 P ½ Street, Galveston.

TAMPA DIVISION

AT TAMPA, FLORIDA

If not already requested to do by the Dallas Office, Tampa will interview Mrs. BEAUFORD THROWER CHURCH and Mr. GEORGE BOWMAN CHURCH, JR., 2427 Sunset Drive, Tampa, Fla., for information in their possession concerning OSWALD.

NEW ORLEANS DIVISION

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Will locate and interview WILLIAM HILL, 361 West Robert E. Lee Blvd, New Orleans; WALLACE WILLIAMS, 614 Thayer Ave., New Orleans; and VICTOR FRANKLIN, 2700 Dryades, St., New Orleans.

105-82555-482	-COPY- 12	12-11-63

SAC, NO LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ON 9-20-59 OSWALD & 3 OTHER PASSENGERS SAILED ON SS MARION LYKES TO FRANCE. PASSENGERS WOULD BECOME ACQUAINTED WITH OFFRS, CHIEF STEWARD, PURSER & WAITERS. THE CAPT. & PURSER HAVE BEEN INTERVIEWED. LEADS SET OUT TO HAVE OTHERS INTERVIEWED. - P

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TEMPORARY SERIAL
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Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 13 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 12-12-63 10-03 PM CST DAW

TO. DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/

ATTENTION. INSPECTOR DON MOORE

FROM. SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH R DASH CUBA. OO, DALLAS,

RE DALLAS TEL TO DIRECTOR DECEMBER TEN, LAST, AND INSPECTOR MOORE-S TELEPHONE CALL TO DALLAS DECEMBER SIX, LAST.

RONNIE DUGGER, EDITOR, TEXAS OBSERVER, AUSTIN, TEXAS, DEPARTED AUSTIN, TEXAS, A. M., DECEMBER ELEVEN, LAST, CARE OF BAKER HOTEL, DALLAS, TEXAS. DALLAS HANDLE INTERVIEW END AND ACK PLS

WA 11-06 PM OK FBI WA HFL

DL 10-06 PM OK FBI DL DEC 12

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DEC 13 1963

VOI-JS

5 DEC 16 1963

cc Mr. Rosen

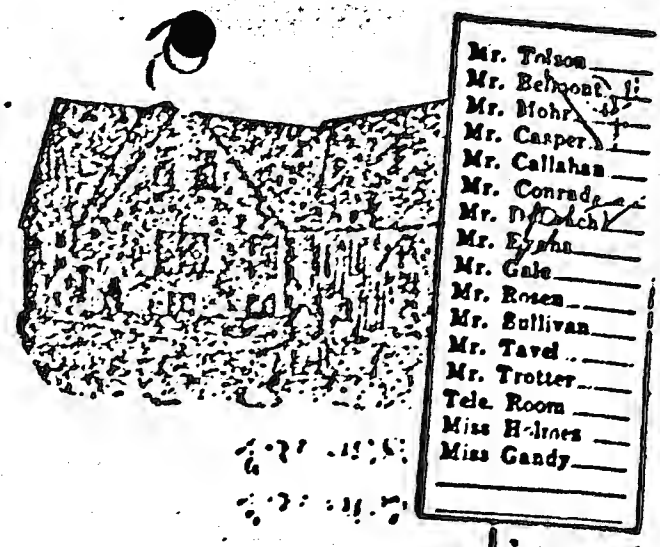
Grand Av

Church of The Nazarene

Grand at Woodward Avenue

LIMA, OHIO

PARSONAGE 226-6686 | PASTOR M. G. Martini | CHURCH 223-9646



Mr. John Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

December 7, 1963

Dear Sir:

You are to be commended for the wonderful job you are doing in your department.

I am the Church School Chairman for the Northwestern Ohio District of the Church of the Nazarene. In planning for future promotion and emphasis on the importance of American families attending Sunday school and church, would you tell if Lee Harvey Oswald attended Sunday school or church as a boy?

Any information about him relative to his spiritual training would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

M. G. Martini

MGM:mas

REC-38 105-82555-484

4 DEC 13 1963

EX-102

CONFIDENCE

December 12, 1963

REC-38 105-82555-484

EX-102

Reverend M. C. Martini
Church of the Nazarene
Grand at Woodward Avenue
Lima, Ohio

REC'D-READING ROOM
DEC 17 3 56 PM '63
FBI

Dear Mr. Martini:

Please accept my thanks for your letter of December 7th and for your generous comment regarding my work.

In response to your inquiry, the information we have on Lee Harvey Oswald has been incorporated into a report which was requested by President Johnson. Pursuant to his instructions, this report has been forwarded to the Attorney General and the Presidential Commission. The contents of it have not been made public inasmuch as the Presidential Commission has been charged with the responsibility to study all available information and make a finding in these matters.

MAILED 10
DEC 12 1963
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Bufiles contain no derogatory information concerning correspondent.

CJJ:dll
(3)

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58 DEC 19 1963

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 11/26/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Confidential

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

[redacted] C

Regarding the information published in the newspaper "Excelsior" of Mexico City, stating that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had in September requested a transit visa to travel to the Soviet Union at the Cuban consulate in Mexico, the Cuban government checked with our consular officials in that city, verifying that it is true that Mr. LEE HARVEY OSWALD requested on the 27 of September at said consulate, a transit visa to travel to the Soviet Union. U

When the consular officials advised him that they could not grant such a visa without the authorization of the Ministry of Foreign Relations of Cuba, which in turn would not grant it without prior issuance of a visa by the country of destination, Mr. OSWALD left the consulate visibly disgusted. Said visa was never granted. U

105-82555-485

(3) - Bureau
2 - WFO
(1 - 105-36709) (Cuban Mission to the United Nations)

DEC 30

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EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY II III
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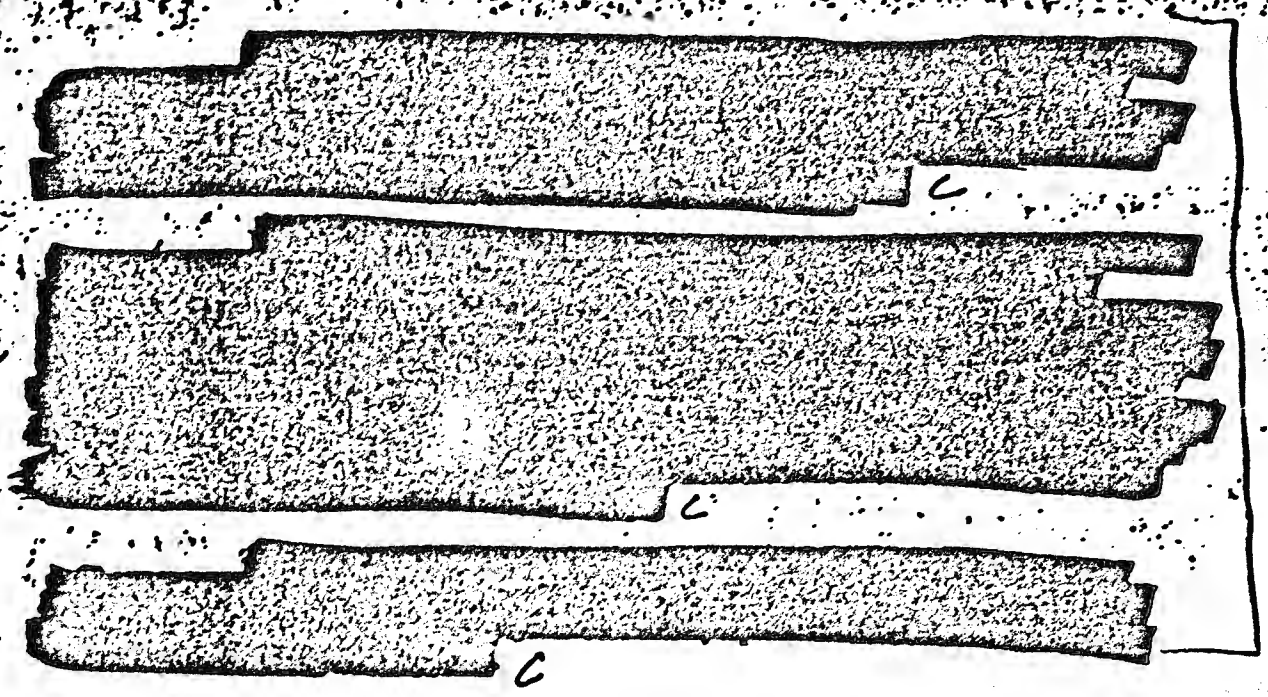
6 DEC 17 1963

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge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TO DIRECTOR FBI AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS,
NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR INSTANT.

BE FULLY FOR CURR COMMITTEE.

ON AUGUST EIGHT SIXTYTHREE, OSWALD FURNISHED A PAMPLET
ENTITLED CRIME AGAINST CUBA BY CORLISS LAMONT. PAGE THIRTYNINE OF
PAMPLET BORE STAMPED IMPRESSION QUOTE F P C C FIVE FOUR FOUR CAMP ST.,
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA. UNQUOTE.

SAM MIKE NEWMAN, OWNER, OFFICE BUILDING, LOCATED FIVE
FOUR FOUR CAMP ST., RESIDENCE ADDRESS ONE THREE THREE SEVEN
MITHRA, ADVISED APPROXIMATELY EIGHT TO NINE MONTHS AGO HE
RENTED OFFICE SPACE AT FIVE FOUR FOUR CAMP ST., WHICH HE
BELIEVED WAS OFFICE SPACE SIX OR SEVEN, TO SEVERAL CUBANS,
NAME UNKNOWN, CONNECTED WITH THE CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY
ASSOCIATION. NEWMAN SAID HE HAD SEEN THESE CUBANS AROUND
THE OFFICE OF GUY BANISTER, GUY BANISTER ASSOCIATES, BUT
DID NOT RECALL THEIR NAMES. STATES HE BELIEVES ONE OF THESE
INDIVIDUALS WAS SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH, WHO WAS LATER
REPLACED AS HEAD OF THE ORGANIZATION AND AFTER THAT WAS
ENGAGED IN SELLING LIFE INSURANCE IN NEW ORLEANS.

NEWMAN STATED THE CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY ASSOCIATION DID
NOT HAVE ANY MONEY TO PAY RENTAL ON OFFICE SPACE AND WERE
TO PAY RENTAL TO HIM FROM PROCEEDS DERIVED FROM A CITY WIDE FUND COLLEC

END OF PAGE ONE

CORRECT-LAST-WORD COLLECTION

DEC 11 1963

DEC 15 1963

ORIGINAL FILED IN

CAMPAIGN FOR THE CUBAN PEOPLE. NEWMAN STATES CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY ASSOCIATION OCCUPIED OFFICE SPACE AT FIVE FOUR FOUR CAMP ST., FOR THREE OR FOUR MONTHS. HE STATES THAT APPROXIMATELY ONE AND A HALF MONTHS AFTER THEY MOVED FROM PREMISES HE RECEIVED A CHECK FOR ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS FROM A MR. GRIMALDI PAREN PHONETIC PAREN WHO WAS A VOLUNTEER BOOKKEEPER FOR THE ORGANIZATION. NEWMAN STATES THAT THE HEAD OF THIS GROUP WAS LUIS RABEL.

NEWMAN VIEWED A PHOTO OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND STATED HE HAS NO RECOLLECTION OF SEEING OSWALD IN OR AROUND THE BUILDING AT FIVE FOUR FOUR CAMP ST., AND DOES NOT HAVE ANY RECOLLECTION OF ANY INDIVIDUAL BY THAT NAME CONTACTING HIM IN REGARD TO RENTAL OF OFFICE SPACE AT THAT ADDRESS. NEWMAN FURTHER STATED HE HAS NEVER RENTED OFFICE SPACE TO THE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE OR ANYONE BY THE NAMES OF V. T. LEE, A. J. HIDELL, A. T. HIDELL, ALEK JAMES HIDELL OR O. H. LEE.

NEWMAN STATES NOT OVER TWO MONTHS AGO A MAN TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED HIM WANTING TO RENT AN OFFICE IN THE BUILDING AND FURNISHED HIS NAME AND THE ORGANIZATION HE REPRESENTED BUT NEWMAN UNABLE TO RECALL EITHER NAME. NEWMAN

END OF PAGE TWO

STATES HE IS CERTAIN THE NAME OF THE ORGANIZATION HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH CUBA. HOWEVER, THE INDIVIDUAL WANTED THE OFFICE OPENED AT NIGHT FOR MEETINGS OF THE ORGANIZATION AND SAID ALL HE NEEDED WAS A DESK AND ABOUT FIFTEEN CHAIRS. NEWMAN STATED HE HAD NO FURTHER CONTACT WITH THIS UNKNOWN INDIVIDUAL AND DID NOT RENT ANY SPACE TO HIS PERSON.

GUY BANISTER, GUY BANISTER ASSOCIATES, ADVISED SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH OF THE CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL INFORMED HIM THAT HE, SMITH, HAD AN OFFICE IN THE BUILDING LOCATED FIVE FOUR FOUR CAMP ST. FRANK BARTES, DELEGATE TO THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL IN NEW ORLEANS.

BANISTER ADVISED SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH WAS FORMERLY THE NEW ORLEANS DELEGATE OF THE CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL WHICH ORGANIZATION IS ANTI CASTRO.

SPECIMEN OF RUBBER STAMPED PRINTING ON HAND BILLS DISTRIBUTED BY OSWALD IN NEW ORLEANS ON AUGUST NINTH NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE SENT TO LABORATORY FOR COMPARISON WITH SPECIMENS SUBMITTED BY DALLAS OFFICE.

RE/ NEIGHBORHOOD/

INVESTIGATION IN VICINITY OF TWO HUNDRED BLOCK OF DAUPHINE ST., IN ATTEMPT TO LOCATE FORMER RESIDENTS OF OSWALD AND OSWALD/S MOTHER, NEGATIVE. MR. NORMAN AUCOIN, MANAGER, SENATOR HOTEL, ADVISED T THERE HAS BEEN NO ROOMING HOUSE IN THAT AREA SINCE NINETEEN FORTYEIGHT AND FURTHER ADVISED RECORDS OF HIS HOTEL DO NOT REFLECT EIGHT OSWALD OR HIS MOTHER EVER STAYING AT THE HOTEL.

END OF PAGE THREE

MRS. GLADYS RODGERS, PRESENTLY A PATIENT IN [PSYCHIATRIC WARD,] CHARITY HOSPITAL, RESIDENCE FORTY NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE STREET, APARTMENT ADJACENT TO THAT OCCUPIED BY OSWALD AT FORTY NINE ZERO FIVE MAGAZINE, ADVISED OSWALD WAS NOT TALKATIVE. SHE SAW A DARK COMPLECTED MALE, MIGHT FIVE FEET SEVEN, WEIGHT ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY FIVE, SPANISH ACCENT, INQUIRE FOR OSWALD ON ONE OCCASION. SHE OBSERVED NO FIREARMS IN OSWALD APARTMENT AND RECALLED A FEMALE WELFARE WORKER WEARING WHITE COAT CALLED AT OSWALD APARTMENT ON ONE OCCASION. MRS. RODGERS CLAIMS OSWALD VERY BRUTAL TO HIS WIFE AND BEAT HER ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS. SHE RECALLS THAT OSWALD/S WIFE AND BABY LEFT NEW ORLEANS IN STATION WAGON AND ADVISED THAT SHE OBSERVED OSWALD LEAVE THE FOLLOWING DAY AT ABOUT TEN A. M. WITH TWO BLACK SUITCASES. RODGERS STATED OSWALD RAN FROM HIS APARTMENT AND CAUGHT BUS ON MAGAZINE STREET.

RECORDS NEW ORLEANS PUBLIC SERVICE, INC., SHOW LEE H. OSWALD APPLIED FOR GAS AND ELECTRIC SERVICE FOR OWER CENTER APARTMENT, FORTY NINE ZERO ONE MAGZINE ST., NEW ORLEANS, ON MAY NINE, NINETEEN SIXTYTHRE GAVE LAST ADDRESS AS SEVEN FIVE SEVEN FRENCH STREET. SERSERCE CONNECTED MAY TEN, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE AND RECORDS INDICATE ON ONE I N OSWALD

END OF PAGE FOUR

APARTMENT SINCE KEYS HAD TO BE OBTAINED FROM A NEIGHBOR. ORIGINAL APPLICATION SIGNED BY OSWALD OBTAINED AND FORWARDED TO FBI LABORATORY FOR HANDWRITING EXAMINATION. RECORDS INDICATE CARETAKER OF APARTMENT NOTIFIED NEW ORLEANS PUBLIC SERVICE OCTOBER SEVEN NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE THAT APARTMENT VACATED AND REQUESTED SERVICE DISCONNECTED. OSWALD OWED BILL OF TWENTY THREE DOLLARS AND SEVENTEEN CENTS WHEN SERVICE DISCONNECTED.

RE/ OSWALD/S EMPLOYMENT.

MR. GERARD F. TUJAGUE, OWNER OPERATOR GERARD F. TUJAGUE, INC. FORWARDING CO., NEW ORLEANS, VERIFIED FACT THAT OSWALD EMPLOYED BY HIS COMPANY AS MESSENGER PERIOD COVERING NOV. TEN, FIFTYFIVE THROUGH JAN, FOURTEEN, FIFTYSIX. DURING THIS EMPLOYMENT OSWALD IN CAPACITY OF MESSENGER WHEREBY HE DELIVERED THE COMPANY PAPERS TO VARIOUS STEAMSHIP COMPANIES, OTHER FORWARDING COMPANIES AND VARIOUS FOREIGN COUNCIL OFFICES. HE WAS NOT ABLE TO GIVE ANY SPECIFIC DETAILS AS TO SOCIAL ACTIVITIES, FRIENDS AND ASSOCIATES OF OSWALD WHILE EMPLOYED FOR THIS THREE MONTH PERIOD. COULD NOT SPECIFICALLY RECALL REASON FOR OSWALD/S RESIGNATION EXCEPT HE EITHER OBTAINED BETTER POSITION OR WAS DRAFTED INTO THE ARMED FORCES ABOUT THAT TIME. ONLY RECORD AVAILABLE

END OF PAGE FIVE

PAGE SIX

BY MR. TUJAGUE WAS HIS EMPLOYEES PAYROLL RECORD AND WITHHOLDING FORM W DASH FOUR WHICH WAS PREPARED BY OSWALD AND WAS MADE AVAILABLE. IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT MR. ABE PEKOVAR OPERATED THE DOLLY SHOE CO. AT SEVEN TWO NINE CANAL ST. UNDER NAME OF RHEALSE/S MILLINERY CO. MR. PEKOVAR IS TRAVELING SALESMAN AND AT HIS TIME IS NOT IN THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS. ATTEMPT IS BEING MADE TO LOCATE HIM FOR ADDITIONAL INFO ON OSWALD/S EMPLOYMENT WITH DOLLY SHOE CO.

TUJAGUE ADVISED NONE OF HIS EMPLOYEES WERE PERSONALLY ACQUAINTED WITH OSWALD.

ORIGINAL PAYROLL CHECKS OF LEE H. OSWALD OBTAINED FROM WILLIAM B. REILY AND CO., INC. THESE BEING FORWARDED FBI LABORATORY FOR HANDWRITING EXAMINATION IN CONNECTION WITH INDORSEMENTS. ALL OF THESE WERE CASHED AT MARTIN/S RESTAURANT AND BAR, LOCATED ONE BLOCK FROM REILY COMPANY.

ROLAND MARTIN AND HIS WIFE, WHO ARE ONLY EMPLOYEES THIS ESTABLISHMENT, CANNOT RECALL OSWALD PERSONALLY. THEY STATE THEY CASH PAYROLL CHECKS FOR ANY EMPLOYEE OF REILY COMPANY AS MANY EMPLOYEES EAT LUNCH THERE. COULD NOT IDENTIFY OSWALD/S PHOTO AS PERSON FOR WHOM THEY CASHED CHECKS BUT HAD NO REASON

END OF PAGE ELL

TO THINK OSWALD DID NOT CASH HIS CHECKS THERE.

X ALVIN T. PRECHTOR, PERSONNEL MANAGER, WILLIAM B. REILY AND CO., INC., ADVISED NO ONE NAMED HIDELL OR SIMILAR SOUNDING NAME EVER EMPLOYED BY THAT COMPANY. EMPLOYEES OF THIS COMPANY, WHO HAD OCCASION TO TALK WITH OSWALD WHILE HE WAS EMPLOYED THERE, STATE THEY DO NOT KNOW ANYONE NAMED HIDELL OR PHONETIC VARIATIONS THIS NAME.

ROSE SCHANDRA, A FLOORLADY WHO SUPERVISES PACKAGING OF COFFEE, RECALLED OSWALD AS QUIET, SHY PERSON WHO NEVER OPENED A CONVERSATION. FEELING SORRY FOR HIS SHE ASKED HIS NAME ON ONE OCCASION AND RECEIVED REPLY QUOTE LEE UNQUOTE WITH NO FURTHER COMMENT. SHE RECALLED THAT OSWALD NEVER SPOKE TO OTHER EMPLOYEES AS HE WENT ABOUT WORK DUTIES.

ADRIAN T. ALBA, OPERATOR, CRESCENT CITY GARAGE, LOCATED NEXT DOOR TO REILY COMPANY, WHO FURNISHED INFORMATION REGARDING OSWALD/S INTEREST IN GUNS, NOW RECALLS THAT OSWALD/S INTEREST EXHIBITED TO HIM WAS ONLY CONNECTED WITH RIFLES AND NOT HAND GUNS OR OTHER GUNS. HE NOW RECALLS A CONVERSATION HAD WITH

END PAGE SEVEN

OSWALD ON DATE WHILE OSWALD EMPLOYED WITH REILY COMPANY THAT OSWALD WAS CONSIDERING THE MERITS OF LARGE CALIBER AND SMALL CALIBER BULLETS AND SEEMED TO BE OF THE OPINION THAT A SMALLER CALIBER BULLET WOULD DEAL A DEATH BLOW QUICKER THAN A LARGER CALIBER BULLET, WITH WHICH FACT ALBA AGREES. ALBA WAS OF OPINION THAT OSWALD HAD TO HAVE MUCH PRACTICE IN USE OF SCOPE SIGHT IN ORDER TO QUOTE GET OFF AS MANY ACCURATE SHOTS IN A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME UNQUOTE AS HE APPARENTLY DID IN THE PRESIDENTIAL ASSASSINATION. HE, HOWEVER, KNEW OF NO PLACE WHERE OSWALD MAY HAVE PRACTICED AND DID NOT BELIEVE OSWALD BELONGED TO ANY LOCAL GUN CLUBS WHERE PRACTICE POSSIBLE.

LIONEL SLATER, JR. AS WELL AS OTHER MESSENGERS AND LABORATORY EMPLOYEES OF PFISTERER DENTAL LAB CO. INTERVIEWED AND UNABLE TO FURNISH ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING OSWALD OTHER THAN THAT HE WAS A FRIEND OF PALMER MC BRIDE. THEY KNOW OF NO OTHER FRIENDS HE MAY HAVE HAD.

HE ASSOCIATES. RETD FROM DALLAS NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE AT THREE FORTYSEVEN AMCST. HE INFO THAT KARRY THORNLEY WAS CLOSE FRIEND OF OSWALD ACCORDING TO DETECTIVE J. C. MURDOCK, GRAND PRAIRIE, TEXAS PD.

END PAGE EIGHT

PAGE NINE

HENRY [illegible] THORNLEY, EIGHTEEN TWENTYFOUR DAUPHINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS, ACQUAINTED WITH OSWALD FOR THREE OR FOUR MONTHS IN NINETEEN FIFTYNINE WHILE STATIONED AT EL TORO MARINE BASE, CALIFORNIA, DESCRIBED OSWALD AS QUOTE LONE WOLF UNQUOTE WITH FEW FRIENDS. NEVER HEARD OSWALD DISCUSS BACKGROUND OR HIS FAMILY. OSWALD EXPRESSED ADMIRATION FOR SOVIET FORM OF GOVERNMENT, SPOKE RUSSIAN, BELIEVED TO HAVE TAKEN RUSSIAN LESSONS WHILE STATIONED IN JAPAN. THORNLEY BELIEVES OSWALD QUALIFIED AS MARKSMAN WITH RIFLE AND STATED OSWALD WAS RESENTFUL OF EVERYTHING. THORNLEY STATED BUD A. SIMCO, WAYFIELD STREET, ORANGE, CALIFORNIA, WAS IN SAME MARINE CORPS OUTFIT AS OSWALD AND SIMCO WAS ONE OF FEW FRIENDS OSWALD HAD IN MARINE CORPS. LEAD TO INTERVIEW SIMCO SET OUT BY SEPERATE TELETYPE.

THORNLEY STATED HAS NOT SEEN OSWALD SINCE SEPT. THIRTY, NINETEEN SIXTY WHEN HE WAS DISCHARGED FROM MARINE CORPS AND OSWALD HAS NOT COMMUNICATED IN ANY FORM WITH THORNLEY SINCE THAT DATE.

THORNLEY STATED HE LEFT NEW ORLEANS MAY ONE NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE BY TRAILWAYS BUS, VISITED PARENTS IN WHITTIER, CALIFORNIA, AND THEN PROCEEDED BY BUS TO TIJUANA, MEXICO CITY, AND MATAMOROS, MEXICO, RETURNING TO NEW ORLEANS ON AUGUST ONE SIXTYTHREE. THORNLEY ADVISED THIS TRIP WAS MADE ALONE AND EMPHATICALLY DENIED OSWALD ACCOMPANIED HIM ON TRIP TO CALIFORNIA AND MEXICO.

END PAGE NINE

RE OSWALD/S ASSOCIATES WHILE ATTENDING JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL IN NEW ORLEANS. MRS. BENNIERITA SMITH, MRS. PEGGY ZIMMERMAN AND EDWARD VOEBEL, WHO KNEW OSWALD AT BEAUREGARD JR. HIGH, NEW ORLEANS, NINETEEN FIFTYFOUR DASH FIFTYFIVE, WERE INTERVIEWED. NONE RECALLED ANY ACTIONS, ACTIVITIES OR STATEMENTS BY OSWALD CONCERNING POLITICAL BELIEFS NOR DID THEY HEAR HIM DISCUSS MARXISM OR COMMUNISM. NONE EVER HEARD HIM EXPRESS BITTERNESS TOWARD U. S. GOVERNMENT OR AGAINST PRESIDENT. VOEBEL VISITED WITH OSWALD DURING THIS PERIOD AT OSWALD/S RESIDENCE, AN UPPER APARTMENT AT ONE TWO SIX EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW ORLEANS. HE SAID OSWALD APPEARED BITTER AS HIS FATHER DIED WHEN HE WAS YOUNG AND HE FELT QUOTE HE HAD A RAW DEAL OUT OF LIFE UNQUOTE BUT THIS BITTERNESS DID NOT APPEAR DIRECTED AGAINST ANYONE IN PARTICULAR. HE SAID OSWALD HAD INTEREST IN GUNS AND ONE OCCASION TOLD VOEBEL OF PLAN TO BREAK IN STORE IN NEW ORLEANS AND STEAL A GUN. OSWALD DID NOT TELL VOEBEL WHY HE DESIRED THIS GUN. VOEBEL SAID HE AND OSWALD ACTUALLY SAW GUN BUT, HE, VOEBEL, TALKED OSWALD OUT OF STEALING SAME. VOEBEL SAID HE KNEW OF NO OTHER ASSOCIATE OF OSWALD OTHER THAN HIMSELF, AND HAS HAD NO CONTACT WITH HIM SINCE NINETEEN FIFTYFIVE.

VOEBEL ALSO STATED THAT ABOUT NINETEEN FIFTYFIVE HE JOINED THE CIVIL AIR PATROL WHICH MET ON SUNDAY AND SOMETIMES ON A WEEKNIGHT AT MOISANT AIRPORT, NEW ORLEANS. VOEBEL STATED HE TALKED OSWALD

END PAGE TEN.

INTO JOINING THIS SAME GROUP,
AND OSWALD ATTENDED TWO OR THREE MEETINGS. VOEBEL STATED THAT TRAINING CONSISTED OF CLASSES AT THE EASTERN AIRLINE HANGER IN FLIGHT INSTRUCTION, METEOROLOGY, ENGINE MECHANICS, AERODYNAMICS, AND DRILLS. VOEBEL STATED THAT THE UNIT RECEIVED NO FIREARMS TRAINING, AND DRILL WAS WITH WOODEN TRAINING RIFLES.

VOEBEL ADVISED THAT AFTER HE HAD BEEN A MEMBER OF THIS UNIT ABOUT SIX MONTHS, CAPTAIN DAVE FERRIE TOOK COMMAND. VOEBEL STATED THAT PREVIOUS INSTRUCTORS WERE LIKE SCHOOLTEACHERS IN THEIR APPROACH, BUT FERRIE INTENSFIED DRILLING AND OTHER TRAINING BECAME MORE SEVERE. VOEBEL WAS UNABLE TO RECALL IF OSWALD ATTENDED MEETINGS UNDER COMMAND OF FERRIE OR WITH PREVIOUS COMMANDER, WHOSE NAME VOEBEL COULD NOT RECALL. VOEBEL STATED HE BELIEVES FERRIE WAS AN EASTERN AIRLINES OR DELTA AIRLINES PILOT OR CO PILOT, AND LIVED IN AIRLINE PARK, JEFFERSON PARISH, LA., AT THIS TIME. VOEBEL RECALLED THERE WERE TWENTY TO TWENTYFIVE MEMBERS OF UNIT, INCLUDING SOME GIRLS, BUT HE COULD NOT RECALL THE UNIT/S NAME. HE STATED THAT OSWALD PURCHASED A UNIFORM AT ANY ARMY SURPLUS STORE AT NEW ORLEANS JUST BEFORE HE QUIT ATTENDING MEETINGS.

OSWALD TOLD VOEBEL MOISANT AIRPORT WAS TOO FAR TO GO TO ATTEND MEETINGS, AND HE INTENDED TO JOIN A GROUP AT NEW ORLEANS AIRPORT. VOEBEL SAID HE TALKED LATER TO A FRIEND WHO BELONGED TO THE NEW ORLEANS AIRPORT GROUP

AND WAS ADVISED THAT OSWALD DID NOT ATTEND THE CAP. VOEBEL SURMISED THAT OSWALD DID NOT WANT TO JOIN THE CIVIL AIR PATROL IN THE BEGINNING AS HE DID NOT APPEAR TO LIKE AUTHORITY, BUT WAS TALKED INTO JOINING BY VOEBEL.

FORMER SCHOOL MATE MRS. ANNA LANGLOIS, METAIRIE, LOUISIANA, RECALLS OSWALD ONLY AS ATTENDING BEAUREGARD JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL, NEW ORLEANS, DURING YEAR FIFTYFOUR AND FIFTYFIVE. SHE HAD NO PERSONAL CONTACT WITH HIM WHATSOEVER AND KNEW NOTHING OF HIS PERSONAL CONDUCT AND BELIEFS. SHE KNEW HIM ONLY BY SIGHT.

RE/ BIRTH DATA

ORLEANS PARISH BOARD OF HEALTH, BUREAU OF VITAL RECORDS, BOOK TWO ZERO SEVEN FOLIO ONE THREE TWO ONE RECORDS BIRTH OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD ON OCTOBER EIGHTEEN, NINETEEN THIRTYNINE. THE FATHER WAS ROBERT E. LEE OSWALD AND THE MOTHER WAS MARGUERITE CLAVERIE.

RE CREDIT RECORD/

CHECK OF NEW ORLEANS RETAILER/S CREDIT BUREAU, NEW ORLEANS FAILS TO REFLECT ANY RECORD FOR LEE HARVEY OSWALD. NO RECORD FOR A. J. HIDELL OR ANY PERSON WITH LAST NAME OF HIDELL.

RE DALLAS TELEPHONE CALL NOV. TWENTYFIVE SIXTYTHREE, RE MEXICAN TOURIST CARD NO. TWO FOUR ZERO EIGHT FIVE.

DR. SALVADORE GARCIA VARGUS, CHANCELLOR, MEXICAN CONSULATE, ROOM FIVE THREE FOUR, WHITNEY BANK BUILDING, ST. CHARLES AVENUE, NEW ORLEANS , LOUISIANA, INFORMED THAT MEXICAN TOURIST CARD NO. TWO FOUR ZERO EIGHT FIVE, GOOD FOR FIFTEEN DAYS TRAVEL IN MEXICO FROM THE DATE OF ISSUANCE, WAS ISSUED ON SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN NINETEEN SIXTY THREE TO LEE HARVEY

END OF PAGE TWELVE

OSWALD OF FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA. THIS APPLICATION REFLECTED OSWALD WAS TWENTY THREE YEARS OF AGE, MARRIED, A PHOTOGRAPHER BY PROFESSION, AND ALLEGEDLY EMPLOYED AT SIX FOUR ZERO RAMPART ST., NEW ORLEANS, LA. HE SHOWED PROOF OF AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP BY PRESENTING A BIRTH CERTIFICATE AND CLAIMED TO BE TAKING THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS TO MEXICO AS AN IN TRANSIT TOURIST FOR A PERIOD OF FIFTEEN DAYS AND THAT HIS TRAVEL WOULD BE VIA BUS.

DR. VERGUS STATED THAT THE QUOTE IN TRANSIT TOURIST TRAVEL UNQUOTE MEANS THAT THE TRAVELER, NAMELY OSWALD, INTENDED TO TRAVEL OUT OF MEXICO TO SOME OTHER COUNTRY. HOWEVER, HIS RECORDS DID NOT REFLECT TO WHAT LOCALE OSWALD WOULD TRAVEL.

HE STATED TWO COPIES OF THE TOURIST CARD ARE ISSUED, ONE WOULD BE PICKED UP BY MEXICAN IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES AT OSWALD/S POINT OF ENTRY INTO MEXICO AND THE SECOND COPY WOULD BE PICKED UP AT THE TIME HE LEFT MEXICO. HE SUGGESTED THAT IF OSWALD TRAVELED BY BUS AS INDICATED IN HIS APPLICATION HE WOULD HAVE ENTERED MEXICO MOST PROBABLY AT LAREDO OR ROMA ON THE MEXICAN BORDER.

HE STATED THERE IS NO RETURN MADE TO THE NEW ORLEANS MEXICAN CONSULATE CONCERNING THIS ISSUED TOURIST CARD

END OF PAGE THIRTEEN

BUT THAT THE TOURIST CARD IS RETURNED FINALLY TO MEXICAN IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES, NAMELY SECRETARIA DE GOBERNACION, CALLE DONCELLI NUMBER NINETY NINE, MEXICO D. F. MEXICO. HE STATED THESE RECORDS COULD SHOW IF OSWALD TRAVELED TO SOME OTHER COUNTRY AFTER ARRIVING IN MEXICO.

IN ADDITION TO THE FIFTEEN DAY TOURIST CARDS ISSUED BY THE MEXICAN COUNSULATE, THERE ARE ALSO SIX MONTH TOURIST CARDS ISSUED, WHICH CARDS SHOULD BE USED WITHIN NINETY DAYS FROM THE DATE OF ISSUANCE BUT WHICH ARE VALID FOR A PERIOD OF SIX MONTHS IN MEXICO FROM THE DATE OF ENTRY. THESE TOURIST CARDS ARE ISSUED FOR THERE DOLLARS.

BOTH THE FIFTEEN DAY TOURIST CARDS AND THE SIX MONTH TOURIST CARD APPLICATIONS WERE REVIEWED FOR SEPT. SIXTYTHREE AND FAILED TO REFLECT ANY REFERENCES TO HIDELL, RUBY, OR RUBENSTEIN.

IN ADDITION TO THE TOURIST CARD ISSUED TO OSWALD ON SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN THERE WERE NINE ADDITIONAL FIFTEEN DAY TOURIST CARDS ISSUED AND THERE WERE NINE ADDITIONAL SIX MONTH TOURIST CARDS ISSUED.

END PAGE FOURTEEN

NEW ORLEANS STREET DIRECTORY REFLECTED THERE IS NO SIX FORTY RAMPART STREET. LIKEWISE THERE IS NO SIX FORTY NORTH RAMPART STREET, HOWEVER, AT SIX FORTY SOUTH RAMPART STREET OFFICE SPACE IS OCCUPIED BY THE LOUISIANA WEEKLY PUBLISHING CO., INC. / NEGRO NEWSPAPER/ HENRY D. DE JOIE, PRINTER FOR THE LOUISIANA PUBLISHING CO., K. L. WILCOX, REAL ESTATE/ AND MRS. THELMA BOUTEE, PHYSICIAN.

RE/ JAMES F. RIZZUTO, YVES LEANDEZ AND EARL PERRY. SEE NEW YORK TELETYPE NOV. TWENTY FIVE SIXTYTHREE.

REGISTRATION RECORDS, ROOSEVELT HOTEL, NEW ORLEANS, FAILED TO DISCLOSE ANY REGISTRATION FOR THE YEAR NINETEEN SIXTYONE ON JAMES F. RIZZUTO, YVESLEANDEZ OR LEE HARVEY OSWALD. HOTEL RECORDS DISCLOSE TWO SEPARATE REGISTRATIONS FOR NINETEEN SIXTYONE UNDER NAME OF PERRY LOCATED. EARL H. PERRY TWO ZERO FIVE GARDEN DR., HOUMA, LA., EMPLOYMENT WITH NORTHEAST MOTORS, INC., REGISTERED INTO HOTEL SEPT. SIX SIXTYONE, CHECKING OUT SEPT. EIGHT SIXTYONE. MR. AND MRS. E. L. PERRY, TWO ZERO SIX THREE CITRUS DR., OCALA, FLA., REGISTERING INTO HOTEL APRIL TWENTY SIXTYONE, CHECKING OUT APRIL TWENTYTHREE SIXTYONE.

TWO SEPARATE REGISTRATIONS UNDER NAME OF REGAN LOCATED. T. L. REGAN, FIVE THREE NINE SEVEN LYNBROOK, HOUSTON, TEX., EMPLOYED BY PAN AM PETROLEUM CORP., REGISTERED INTO HOTEL FOUR SEPARATE TIMES DURING SIXTYONE. MARCH SEVENTH OR NINTH THRU MARCH TEN/ JUNE TWENTYNINE THRU JUNE THIRTY/ SEPT. THIRTEEN THRU SEPT. FIFTEEN/ OCT. SIXTEEN THRU OCT. EIGHTEEN. M. T. REGAN, TWO FIVE FIVE CHESTNUT ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y. EMPLOYED,

END OF PAGE-FIFTEEN

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 486

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 1

SECTION NO. 20

CIA

REFERRAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 27 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-27-63 8-34 RW

TO DIRECTOR, /ATTENTION DIVISION 5 INSPECTOR DONALD MOORE/
AND SACS, DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS

FROM SAC, MIAMI

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, ELEVEN TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE AFO.

RE TELCALL FROM NEW ORLEANS ELEVEN TWENTYSEVEN SIXTYTHREE TO CHECK FLIGHTS FROM MIAMI TO MEXICO CITY FOR SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN AND EIGHTEEN LAST FOR TRAVEL OF LEE H. OSWALD WITH ALIASES.

PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS HAD NO FLIGHTS TO MEXICO CITY FROM MIAMI ON SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN OR EIGHTEEN. ONE PAN AMERICAN FLIGHT TO MERIDA MEXICO, ON SEPTEMBER EIGHTEEN NEGATIVE ON OSWALD.

GUEST AIRWAYS HAD FLIGHT TO MEXICO CITY ON SEPT. EIGHTEEN BUT NEGATIVE ON OSWALD. GUEST AND PAN AMERICAN ARE ONLY LINES WITH PASSENGER FLIGHTS TO MEXICO CITY FROM MIAMI.

END AND ACK BLS 5:10

REC 30 105-82555-4874

WA 8-38 PM OK FBI WA RL

DL 7-38 PM CST OK BI DL VRG

13 DEC 17 1963

7-38 PM CST OK FBI O DAO

TUALL A

66 DEC 17 1963

cc-Turner

FD-36 (Rev. 12-9-59)

FBI

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
AFO ASSAULT OF FEDERAL OFFICER
OO: Dallas

Lee Oswald

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau is one 8 x 10 photograph taken in a classroom at Beauregard Junior High School, New Orleans, Louisiana, in which LEE HARVEY OSWALD is facing the camera in a clown-like attitude. photo

Enclosed for Dallas are two 4 x 5 copies of this photograph.

The above 8 x 10 photograph was obtained from WDSU-TV news staff. The negative for this print had been forwarded by WDSU-TV to Life Magazine for any use they might have for same. The News Director of WDSU-TV advised 12/3/63 that this photograph, to his knowledge, has never been published before.

EDWARD VOEBEL, New Orleans, Louisiana, a former acquaintance of OSWALD, who attended Beauregard Junior High at New Orleans with OSWALD, stated this photograph was taken in English Class 202 at Beauregard, exact date unknown. VOEBEL believes the picture may have been made during VOEBEL's last year at Beauregard (1954-1955 school year)

Junior High school in New Orleans

VOEBEL stated that he was taking photographs for inclusion in the Beauregard Yearbook and had been stopping

ENCLOSURE.

(3) Bureau (Enc. 1) (RM)
2-Dallas (Encs. 2)
2-New Orleans

REC 30 62-109060-488

DEC 5 1963

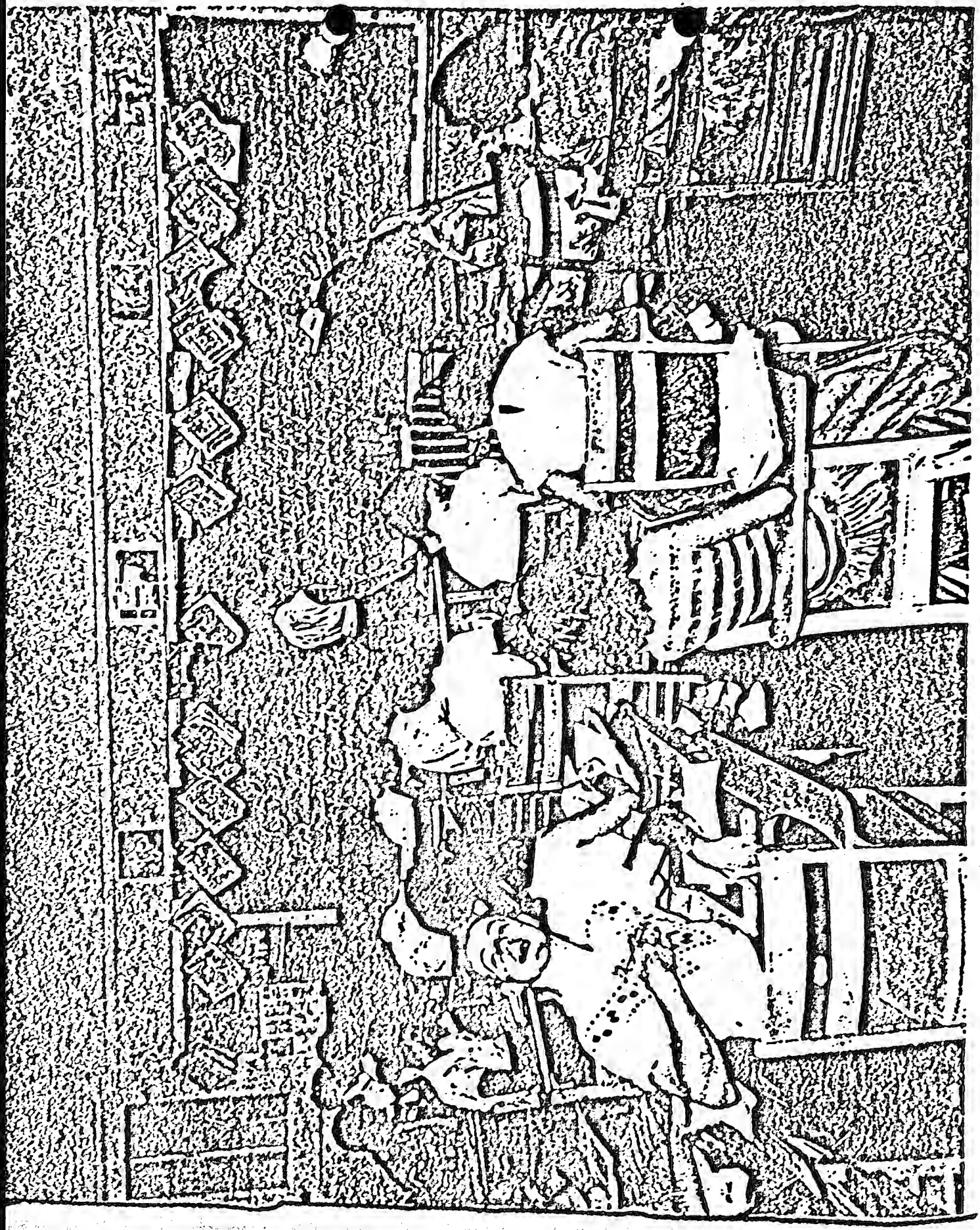
NOT RECORDED
DEC 2 1963
(7)

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

66 DEC 17 1963

in various classrooms, unannounced, and taking pictures of the classes in session. He stated that OSWALD's clown-like attitude in this photograph appeared spontaneous on the part of OSWALD and was not posed at the suggestion of VOEBEL. VOEBEL believes OSWALD may have taken this attitude as he knew VOEBEL and happened to see VOEBEL enter the room.



COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 12-4-63 9-33 PM CST LJH

TO DIRECTOR, ATTEN. ASST. DIR. SULLIVAN

FROM SAC, DALLAS 89-43 4-P.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AK. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO, INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA ~~IS DASH R DASH CUBA~~.

MARINA OSWALD WAS REINTERVIEWED TODAY. FURNISHED FURTHER INFO. CONCERNING THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF GENERAL WALKER AS FOLLOWS. AT TIME HE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION, OSWALD WAS WORKING AT THE PRINTING CO. IN DALLAS. HE WAS ATTENDING TYPEWRITING CLASSES AT THE DALLAS EVENING SCHOOL TWO OR THREE TIMES A WEEK. ON THE NIGHT IN QUESTION, HE CAME HOME FROM WORK AT THE USUAL TIME, AT DINNER, AND THEN LEFT SUPPOSEDLY FOR HIS TYPEWRITING CLASS. HE GENERALLY LEFT AT SEVEN P. M., AND GENERALLY ARRIVED HOME ABOUT NINE P. M. SHE DOES NOT RECALL THE DETAILS OF TIME ON THIS EVENING. SHE RECALLED HE WAS WEARING A WHITE SHIRT AND BELIEVES WAS WEARING A BLACK OR GRAY BUSINESS TYPE SUIT AND WAS NOT SURE THAT HE WORE A TIE.

CONCERNING QUESTION NO. NINETEEN IN LIST FURNISHED BY INSPECTOR DON MOORE IN TELEPHONE CALL TO ASAC KYLE G. CLARK, DEC. TWO LST.

END PAGE ONE

XEROX
DEC 9 1963

74 DEC 13 1963

NOT RECORDED
180 DEC 9 1963

UNREC.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

MARINA ADVISED THAT SHE AND OSWALD HAD SPENT THE NIGHT AWAY FROM THEIR RESIDENCE IN NEW ORLEANS ON MAGAZINE STREET ON ONLY ONE OCCASION. THAT OCCASION WAS WHEN MR. MURRET ACCOMPANIED THE OSWALDS TO MOBILE, ALA. ON THAT OCCASION, OSWALD SPOKE TO A GROUP OF STUDENTS AT A SEMINARY WHICH MR. MURRET-S SON ATTENDED IN MOBILE. MARINA SAID THAT SHE AND OSWALD STAYED IN A MOTEL SATURDAY NIGHT AND RETURNED TO NEW ORLEANS WITH MR. MURRET ON SUNDAY. THIS INCIDENT HAS BEEN REPORTED BY THE NEW ORLEANS OFFICE IN A TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU.

MARINA WAS FURTHER QUESTIONED CONCERNING OSWALD-S POSSIBLE CONNECTIONS WITH PRO DASH CUBAN GROUPS. SHE ADVISED OSWALD WAS AN ADMIRER OF FIDEL CASTRO AND WAS IN FAVOR OF THE PRESENT CUBAN GOVERNMENT. SHE HAD ON ONE OCCASION SAID SHE WOULD LIKE TO GO TO VISIT CUBA AND HE SAID THAT WOULD NOT BE POSSIBLE AS TRAVEL WAS FORBIDDEN TO CUBA. SHE DOES NOT RECALL ANY CONTACTS OF OSWALD-S AT NEW ORLEANS OR DALLAS OR FORT WORTH WITH CUBAN INDIVIDUALS OR EITHER PRO OR ANTI DASH CUBAN ORGANIZATIONS OR GROUPS. SHE SAID AS FAR AS SHE KNOWS, OSWALD OPERATED ALONE IN NEW ORLEANS AT THE TIME HE WAS PASSING OUT PRO DASH CUBAN THROWAWAYS.

MARINA ADVISED AGAIN THAT SHE KNOWS NOTHING THAT WOULD INDICATE OSWALD HAD ENGAGED IN TARGET PRACTICE WITH THE RIFLE. OSWALD NEVER MENTIONED THAT HE HAD PERFORMED SUCH PRACTICE OR INTENDED TO.

END PAGE TWO

JOHN HERBERT MARTIN, ~~ONE ONE SIX ONE ONE~~ 11611 FARRAR ST., IN WHOSE HOME MARINA IS STAYING, ADVISED BU AGENTS TODAY THAT MARINA HAS RETAINED AN ATTORNEY, JOHN M. THORNE, OF THORNE AND LEECH, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, GRAND PRAIRIE, TEXAS. MARTIN MENTIONED THAT HE THOUGHT A LAWYER WAS NECESSARY FOR MARINA INASMUCH AS HE HAD HEARD THAT MRS. PAINE SOLD HER STORY TO LOOK MAGAZINE FOR FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS AND HE FELT MARINA COULD MAKE MUCH MORE THAN THAT AND THAT HER CHILDREN DESERVED THE MONEY IF IT COULD BE HAD. HE SAID THAT HE THOUGHT THAT MARINA-S STORY SHOULD BE COPYWRITED AND THAT THIS WOULD REQUIRE AN ATTORNEY.

CONCERNING JOHN MARTIN THORNE, DALLAS FILES REFLECT THAT HE WAS INTERVIEWED AS SPECIAL AGENT APPLICANT, APRIL, ~~NINETEEN FIFTYONE~~ 1951. [redacted] AND ALL PAPERS FORWARDED BUREAU. HE WAS REPORTED TO HAVE RECEIVED LLB DEGREE, SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIV., JUNE, ~~NINETEEN FIFTYONE~~ 1951. [redacted]

END PAGE THREE

[redacted]

PCI SAID THIS PERSON, JOHN M. THORNE, COMES TO THE TOURIST COURTS ON AN AVERAGE OF TWO OR THREE TIMES A WEEK. HE WAS DRIVING A ~~NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN~~ 1957 LINCOLN WITH ~~NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN~~ 1957 TEXAS LICENSE ~~M M FIVE SEVEN ONE SEVEN~~ MM5717. RECORDS DALLAS COUNTY LICENSE BUREAU REFLECTED ON MARCH ~~ELEVEN~~ 11, ~~NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT~~ 1958, THAT THIS LICENSE NUMBER REGISTERED TO JOHN M. THORNE, ~~THREE ZERO~~ ~~T~~0 302 WEST COLLEGE, GRAND PRAIRIE, TEXAS.

MARTIN ADVISED BU AGENTS THAT HE CONSIDERS HIMSELF TO BE MARINA-S BUSINESS MANAGER AND AGENT.

END

WA---10-49 M OK FBI WA OS

TU AND DISC

CC-[redacted] ROSEN

D

12/10/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC, PHILADELPHIA (105-9958)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

REC 30 — 489

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

REURTEL DECEMBER NINE LAST AT TEN ZERO SIX P. M. CAPTIONED QUOTE JACK LEON RUBY, AKA.; LEE HARVEY OSWALD DASH VICTIM DECEASED, CR UNQUOTE.

DATA CONTAINED IN RETEL PERTAINS TO IS DASH R DASH CUBA INVESTIGATION ONLY AND DOES NOT POSSESS ANY PERTINENT FACTS CONCERNING CIVIL RIGHTS INVESTIGATION.

IN THE FUTURE BE CERTAIN COMMUNICATIONS EMANATING FROM YOUR OFFICE CONCERNING EITHER THE IS DASH R DASH CUBA OR THE CIVIL RIGHTS INVESTIGATION CARRIES THE PROPER TITLE AND CHARACTER.

1 - MR. SULLIVAN

FCT/rac
(4)

COPIES DESTROYED

44 FEB 22 1973

DEC 10 2 03 PM '63

DEC 10 3 51 PM '63

DEC 10 6 PM '63

TELETYPE UNIT

66 DEC 17 1963

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 9 1963
TELETYPE

WFO 105-C
12/9/63

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12/9/63 10-06 PM EST JMC

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060, 44-24016/ AIR

SAC, DALLAS /89-43, 44-1639/

FROM SAC, PHILA. /157-916, 105-9958, 44-767/ 2P

JACK LEON RUBY, AKA LEE HARVEY OSWALD DASH VICTIM

DECEASED, CR.

ON DEC NINE SIXTYTHREE [redacted] TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED SUPER. NORRIS S. HARZENSTEIN HE IS RESEARCHING TO WRITE BOOK ON PRESS AND TV COVERAGE OF ASSASSINATION OF PRES. JOHN F. KENNEDY, AND IN HIS RESEARCHING HE IS REVIEWING FORTY DAILY NEWSPAPERS GOING BACK TO NINE TWENTYSIX SIXTYTHREE WHEN IT WAS FIRST ANNOUNCED PRES. JOHN F. KENNEDY WAS MAKING TRIP TO DALLAS.

[redacted] POINTED OUT THERE ARE REPEATED REFERENCES TO ALLEGED PICTURE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD HOLDING RIFLE, DRESSED IN BLACK, WITH COPIES OF "MILITANT" AND "THE WORKER," IN THE PICTURE.

HE SUGGESTS IT WOULD BE SIGNIFICANT TO KNOW IF THIS PICTURE, IF EXISTENT, WAS TAKEN SUBSEQUENT TO SHOOTING AT GEN. EDWIN C. WALKER IN

END PAGE ONE

REC 30 105-82555-489

DEC 13 1963

cc - Mr. Fortas

tele to FH
12/13/63
pc/mac

PAGE TWO

SPRING OF SIXTYTHREE, IDENTITY OF PHOTOGRAPHER WHO PRESUMABLY WOULD HAVE INFO RE OSWALD, AND WHETHER MILITANT OR WORKER CARRIED ARTICLES RE ATTEMPT TO SHOOT WALKER.

[redacted] ADVISED THAT ON DEC. SIX LAST, HE HAD BEEN TALKING WITH TOM PETTIT, NBC CORRESPONDENT, IN NYC, WHO HAD BEEN AT SCENE IN DALLAS. PETTIT GREATLY CONCERNED THAT PAINE FAMILY MORE DIRECTLY INVOLVED WITH OSWALD THAN THEY HAVE ADMITTED PUBLICLY. PETTIT INTERVIEWED TWO INDIVIDUALS WHO SAID OSWALD TRIED TO GET JOBS ON HIS WAY BACK FROM MEXICO. ONE VERSION OF THIS TRIP SAID OSWALD ACCOMPANIED BY WOMAN AND CHILD IN THE CAR, OTHER VERSION PLACED TWO WOMXEN AND ONE MAN IN CAR WITH OSWALD.

NOT KNOWN IF PETTIT ALREADY INTERVIEWED BY BUREAU. DALLAS ADVISE NYO IF INTERVIEW DESIRED. NO FD - 302 BEING SUBMITTED.

COPY TO NYO.

END AND HOLD PLS

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 10 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-10-63 1-49 PM CST MH

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/ ATTENTION - FBI LABORATORY

FROM SAC, DALLAS 100-10461 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS-R-CUBA.

RE BUREAU TEL DEC SIX.

INQUIRY AT DALLAS FAILED TO LOCATE ANYONE WHO HAD EVER SEEN SUCH A SLING AS THAT APPEARING IN PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD-S RIFLE. EVERYONE IN SPORTING GOODS AND SURPLUS PROPERTY BUSINESSES TO WHOM SHOWN STATED BELIEVED THE SLING TO BE HOMEMADE, POSSIBLY FROM LUGGAGE STRAPS.

BUREAU REQUESTED TO CAREFULLY EXAMINE SLING TO DETERMINE POSSIBLE SOURCE AND IF DETERMINED TO BE HOMEMADE POSSIBLE SOURCE OF STRAPS USED IN MAKING SAME. ADVISE NEW ORLEANS AND DALLAS RESULTS.

END MSG ONE

ST-104
REC 30

105-82555-490

13

5 DEC 12 1963

CC-Mr. Sullivan

79 DEC 18 1963

SOVIET UNION

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-58)

FBI

Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
ATTENTION: CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION

FROM: SAC, SAN DIEGO (44-251)(P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R
(OO: Dallas)

Re San Antonio airtel to the Bureau dated 12/3/63.

The following investigation was conducted by SA ROBERT S. BAKER:

Records of the Mexican Consul, San Diego, California, were checked 12/10/63 and it was determined that BRIAN JAQUES obtained an FM-8 tourist permit at the Consul Office, San Diego, 9/18/63. The record indicated that he intended to visit in Nuevo Laredo, Mexico. JAQUES was traveling on British passport number L0293041. His occupation is shown as University Lecturer, residence 506 - 15th Street, Atherton, California, age 25 years, wife's name JUNE JAQUES. The record contained no additional pertinent information.

Enclosed herewith for San Francisco is one copy of referenced airtel.

LEADS

SAN FRANCISCO

(3) - Bureau (AM)
1 - Dallas (44-1639)(AM)
2 - San Francisco (Enc. 1)(AM)
2 - San Diego

RSB:mfc
(8)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

cc - Wick

SD 44-251

AT ATHERTON, CALIFORNIA

Will locate and interview BRIAN JAQUES, 506 - 15th Street, in accordance with instructions set forth in referenced airtel, page 14.

The foregoing information is not being put into report form.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909) (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.,
IS - R

CO: DALLAS

Re San Antonio airtel to Bureau 12/3/63, and Dallas telephone call to San Antonio 11/27/63, 3:12 P.M.

The following investigation was conducted by SA HAROLD LEO FABRIZ:

AT TAYLOR, TEXAS

Efforts to locate and identify TIM PRADO CHAPA were negative on 12/5/63. PETE CHAPA, 500 Symes, Taylor, Texas, advised that the only TIM PRADO CHAPA he has ever heard of is his cousin, the son of MANUEL CHAPA, Tahoka, Texas. PETE stated that TIM was believed to be employed at Lubbock, Texas. He added that MANUEL CHAPA and his wife, SALLY CHAPA, nee Prado, should be able to provide location of TIM PRADO CHAPA.

PETE added that to the best of his knowledge TIM PRADO CHAPA had not been in Taylor, Texas, and he did not know if TIM had gone to Mexico.

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - San Antonio
HLF/dte
(7)

ST-104 REC 30 105-82555-492

C. C. Wick

5 DEC 13 1963

66 DEC 17 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

SA 105-2909

LEAD

DALLAS

AT TAHOKA, TEXAS

Locate MANUEL CHAPA and his wife, SALLY CHAPA, nee Prado, re whereabouts of TIM PRADO CHAPA and set out lead to interview TIM as requested in re airtel.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 12/10/63
ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY (PC 78360 BX)
NATIONAL STOLEN PROPERTY FILE

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (100-10461) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka;
IS - R - CUBA

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, arrested Dallas Police Department on 11/22/63, had the following-described currency in his possession, which was retained by the Dallas Police Department and turned over to Special Agents JAMES W. BOOKHOUT and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON on 12/10/63.

As requested by the Bureau, the currency should be checked through the National Stolen Property File and the Dallas Office advised by most expeditious means in the event any of it is identified.

Said currency is described as follows:

Denomination	Type of Bill	Serial Number	Series
$5.00	Federal Reserve Note	K 66289277 A	1950 B
$1.00	Silver Certificate	V 32864290 A	1957
$1.00	Silver Certificate	D 94667133 J	1935 H
$1.00	Silver Certificate	U 19065809 A	1957 B
$1.00	Silver Certificate	B 24233511 A	1957 A
$1.00	Silver Certificate	R 55237503 A	1957 B

NO PREVIOUS RECORD AS LISTED N S P

3 - Bureau
1 - Dallas
JWB:gmf
(4)

Return to Dallas Division
No Record National Stolen Property File 12-12-63

REC 80 105-82555-493
12 DEC 16 1963

SOVIET SEC

1 DEC 1963

DL 100-10461

Denomination	Type of Bill	Serial Number	Series
$1.00	Silver Certificate	N 66952997 A	1957 A
$1.00	Silver Certificate	H 34575513 A	1957 A
	(Above bears pencil notation "300" - bill torn)		
$1.00	Silver Certificate	T 04763132 A	1957 B.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-1-56)

FBI

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
(OO:DL)

DON KIRBY, Assistant Fulfillment Manager, Membership Division, National Rifle Association, 1600 Rhode Island Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C., advised SA JAMES W. GARTEN on 12/11/63 the files of this organization had been reviewed in effort to determine if LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka A. HIDELL, O. H. LEE is or has been a member of this group.

KIRBY said this search covered membership lists for Dallas, Texas, and cities within a fifty mile radius of Dallas, as well as the State of Louisiana. This search covered records dating back to 1956.

KIRBY advised this search was negative under above names.

3 - Bureau
1 - Dallas (Info)
1 - WFO

HRH:mce
(5)

ST-104

REC 30 62-109060-494

13 DEC 1963

C. C. Wick

66 DEC 17 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 11 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-11-63 8-15 PM

TO DIRECTOR, FBI & SACS, DALLAS & LOS ANGELES

FROM SAC, NEWARK /105-15291/

LEE HARVEY OWSALD, AKA. IS DASH R. OO DALLAS

RE WFO TELETYPE TO BUREAU DATED TWELVE TEN LAST.

NELSON DELGADO, THREE ZERO OAKWOOD ROAD, LEONARDO, N.J., FRIEND OF SUBJECT, JANUARY NINETEEN FIFTY NINE TO JUNE NINETEEN FIFTY NINE AT MARINE INSTALLAION, SANTA ANNA, CALIFORNIA. DELGADO OF PUERTO RICAN BACKGROUND SUPPORTED CASTRO-S LIBERATION OF CUBA AT THAT TIME AND BECAME A FRIEND OF SUBJECT BECAUSE OF THIS. DELGADO TAUGHT OSWALD SPANISH AND OSWALD BECAME PROFICIENT IN THIS LANGUAGE.

OSWALD FAVORED SOCIALISM IN ALL HIS DISCUSSIONS BUT NEVER MENTIONED COMMUNISM. OSWALD SAID U.S. WOULD NEED A REVOLUTION TO GET THE RIGHT FORM OF GOVERNMENT. DELGADO SAID ON HIS SUGGESTION OSWALD CONTACTED THE CUBAN CONSULATE, LOS ANGELES, AND A FREQUENT CONTACT WAS THEN CARRIED ON BETWEEN THE CONSULATE AND OSWALD BY MAIL AND APPARENTLY OSWALD VISITED THE CONSULATE MANY TIMES DURING THIS PERIOD.

REC 30 105 X-[illegible] 495

5 DEC 13 1963

END PAGE ONE

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OSWALD NEVER DISPLAYED INTEREST IN GUNS AND WAS A POOR RIFLE SHOT. ON THE ONE OCCASION THAT THE MARINE UNIT FIRED THEIR RIFLES FOR QUALIFICATION, OSWALD JUST ABOUT QUALIFIED AND IT WAS DELGADO-S OPINION OSWALD QUOTE, PENCILED IN, ENDQUOTE HIS SCORE.

OSWALD ALWAYS FAVORED CASTRO AND SPOKE ADMIRINGLY OF THE U.S. ARMY DESERTER WHO WAS MADE A MAJOR BY CASTRO AND WAS CALLED QUOTE, TRIGGER MAN, ENDQUOTE FOR CASTRO.

ON ANOTHER OCCASION, OSWALD SAID HE KNEW THE WAY TO ET TO RUSSIA BY WAY OF MEXICO AND CUBA.

OSWALD VISITED TIJUANA, MEXICO, WITH DELGADO AND TWO NEGRO MARINES IN THE SPRING OF NINETEEN FIFTY NINE. OSWALD HAD NEVER BEEN OUT SOCIALLY TO DELGADO-S KNOWLEDGE PRIOR TO THIS TIME, BUT WHEN THEY ARRIVED, OSWALD TOLD THEM THAT THE FLAMINGO NIGHT CLUB WAS THE BEST PLACE TO GO.

OSWALD UNDERSTOOD BOTH RUSSIAN AND GERMAN.

DELGADO SAID THAT OSWALD HAD ONLY ONE VISITOR AT THE BASE THAT HE KNEW OF AND THIS WAS A MAN WHO TALKED TO HIM ABOUT FORTY FIVE MINUTES AT THE MAIN GATE OF THE POST.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

E N D A N D P L S A C K-----

W A - 8-22 PM OK FBI WA WS

D L - 7-22 PM OK FBI DL DEC 1

L A - 5-23 PM OK FBI LA AH

TU ALL CC-MR ROSEN

FBI
DEC 11 1963
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-11-63 9-37 PM CST TJB

TO DIRECTOR, /105-82555/ AND SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ HOUSTON AND SAN ANTONIO

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/ 7- PAGES

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R DASH CUBA, OO, DALLAS.

RE TRAVEL OF OSWALD

INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED NEW ORLEANS TO DETERMINE OSWALD-S EXACT MOVEMENTS AFTER HIS WIFE DEPARTED NEW ORLEANS WITH MRS. RUTH PAINE SEPT. TWENTYTHREE LAST UNTIL HE BOARDED FLECHA ROJA BUS AT NEUVO LAREDO, MEXICO CITY, TWO PM, SEPT. TWENTYSIX.

ERICK ROGERS, FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE ST., NEW ORLEANS, LA., STATES OBSERVED OSWALD LEAVING OSWALD-S RESIDENCE, FOUR NINE ZERO FIVE MAGAZINE ST., LATE AFTERNOON SEPT. TWENTYFOUR AND BOARD BUS TOWARD BUSINESS DISTRICT. ROGERS STATES OSWALD CARRYING TWO PIECES OF LUGGAGE, EACH DESCRIBED AS RECTANGULAR, ABOUT EIGHTEEN INCHES LONG, BLACK IN COLOR, AND APPEARING FAIRLY NEW. ROGERS RECALLS OSWALD RAN FOR BUS AND BUS DRIVER WAITED FOR OSWALD. BUS STOP REFERRED TO LOCATED ON CORNER OF MAGAZINE AND UPPERLINE STS. AND ACROSS THE STREET FROM OSWALD/S LAST KNOWN NEW ORLEANS RESIDENCE.

END PAGE ONE

REC 30

105-82555-496

66 DEC 17 1963

DEC 18 1963

BUS DRIVER JERRY TRACEY, NEW ORLEANS PUBLIC SERVICE, RECALLED THAT SEVERAL MONTHS AGO HIS BUS WAS BLOCKED BY STATION WAGON BACKING OUT OF DRIVEWAY ADJACENT TO OSWALD/S APARTMENT. STATION WAGON DESCRIBED BY TRACEY AS BEING LATE MODEL IN GOOD CONDITION AND BEING LOADED WITH HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS AND CLOTHING. RECALLED BABY BED OR CRIB TIED TO TOP OF STATION WAGON. CANNOT RECALL APPROXIMATE DATE OR ANY FURTHER PERTINENT DATA.

EARL SPENCE ANDERSON, NEW ORLEANS PUBLIC SERVICE BUS DRIVER, RECALLS SEEING STATION WAGON PARKED IN FRONT OF OSWALD/S APARTMENT FOR SEVERAL DAYS SEVERAL MONTHS AGO, EXACT TIME UNKNOWN. ADVISED THAT ON ONE EVENING ON TRIP TOWARD CANAL STREET HE STOPPED AT CORNER OF MAGAZINE AND UPPERLINE STS. TO PICK UP PASSENGER AND OBSERVED MAN ON OTHER SIDE OF MAGAZINE ST. AT THE CORNER OF UPPERLINE CARRYING TWO SUITCASES AND WALKING TOWARD BUS. HE WAITED FOR THIS INDIVIDUAL TO BOARD BUS. THIS PERSON ASKED HIM IF HE COULD PUT HIS TWO SUITCASES NEXT TO THE DRIVER/S SEAT. AFTER HE PAID HIS FARE, HE INQUIRED OF ANDERSON THE BEST ROUTE TO THE GREYHOUND BUS STATION, WHICH ANDERSON PROVIDED. BOTH TRACEY AND ANDERSON UNABLE TO IDENTIFY PHOTO OF OSWALD.

END PAGE TWO

LUGGAGE DESCRIBED BY ANDERSON AS BEING IN GOOD CONDITION, BEARING NO TAGS OR STICKERS. THE SMALLER SUITCASE WAS RECTANGULAR IN SHAPE, APPROXIMATELY TWENTYTWO INCHES LONG. THE LARGER SUITCASE WAS RECTANGULAR AND ABOUT TWENTYNINE INCHES LONG. ANDERSON UNABLE TO DESCRIBE INDIVIDUAL EXCEPT TO STATE HE HAD PLEASANT VOICE.

ADDITIONAL BUS DRIVERS WHO PASSED ABOVE BUS STOP BETWEEN FIVE THIRTYSIX AND SIX THIRTYSIX PM ON SEPT. TWENTYFOUR COULD FURNISH NO PERTINENT INFO.

INFO PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED BY SAN ANTONIO REFLECTS THAT WARRANT /CHECK/ OF TEXAS EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION IN PAYMENT OF OSWALD-S WEEKLY UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIM WAS ISSUED SEPT. TWENTYTHREE AT AUSTIN, TEXAS. HAS ADVISED ABOVE WARRANT WOULD HAVE BEEN MAILED AND DELIVERED BY STAR ROUTE TO HOUSTON, TEXAS. FURTHER THAT CHECK WOULD HAVE LEFT HOUSTON FOUR AM, SEPT. TWENTYFOUR AND ARRIVED ON TRAIN AT NEW ORLEANS FIVE THIRTY PM, SAME DATE. PO INSPECTOR LEE ROBERTSON /PROTECT IDENTITY/ STATES MAIL ARRIVING NEW ORLEANS AT ABOVE TIME ADDRESSED TO PO BOX THREE ZERO ZERO SIX ONE, WHICH IS MANNER IN WHICH INSTANT WARRANT WAS ADDRESSED, WOULD BE SEPARATED AT MAIN PO AND MAIL FOR ABOVE BOX NUMBER WOULD BE SENT TO LAFAYETTE SUBSTATION IN NEW ORLEANS, WHERE

SAME WOULD ARRIVE SOMETIME PRIOR TO FIVE AM, SEPT. TWENTYFIVE. ROBERTSON STATES POSTAL EMPLOYEES WOULD START QUOTE BOXING MAIL UNQUOTE AT LAFAYETTE SUBSTATION AT FIVE AM AND ALL MAIL FOR PO BOXES WOULD BE DISTRIBUTED BY SEVEN OR SEVEN THIRTY AM, SEPT. TWENTY-FIVE. THIS SUBSTATION IS OPEN TO PUBLIC TWENTYFOUR HOURS A DAY.

EXAMINATION OF COPY OF ABOVE WARRANT DATED SEPT. TWENTYTHREE SHOWS IT WAS ENDORSED BY WINN DIXIE STORE NO. ONE FOUR TWO FIVE LOCATED FOUR THREE ZERO THREE MAGAZINE ST., NEW ORLEANS WHICH IS SIX BLOCKS FROM OSWALD/S RESIDENCE. BANK STAMP OF NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE AT NEW ORLEANS REFLECTS WARRANT RECEIVED AT THAT BANK SEPT. TWENTYSIX.

INQUOIRY AT WINN DIXIE STORE ONE FOUR TWO FIVE REFLECTS THIS STORE OPENED EIGHT AM, SEPT. TWENTYFIVE AND THAT ALL WARRANTS CASHED PRIOR TO FOUR PM THAT DAY WOULD HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN DEPOSIT MADE UP ON SEPT. TWENTYFIVE. MANAGER, WINN-DIXIE, STATES CASH REGISTERS OF VARIOUS CHECKS ARE CLOSED OUT EACH DAY AT FOUR PM, AFTER WHICH THEY MAKE UP THEIR DEPOSIT DATA FOR FOLLOWING DAY. THIS MEANS ANY CHECK CASHED BETWEEN EIGHT AM AND FOUR PM SEPT. TWENTYFIVE, WOULD BE PART OF THE WINN-DIXIE DEPOSIT MADE SEPT. TWENTYSIX.

END PAGE FOUR

ABOVE INFORMATION INDICATES OSWALD COULD NOT HAVE CASHED ABOVE WARRANT AT WINN DIXIE STORE PRIOR TO EIGHT AM, SEPTEMBER TWENTFIVE, SIXTYTHREE AND COULD NOT HAVE LEFT NEW ORLEANS UNTIL AFTER EIGHT AM THAT DATE. //

THE ONLY TWO BUS LINES OPERATING OUT OF NEW ORLEANS ARE GREYHOUND AND CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS. A COMPLETE SCHEDULE OF ALL BUSES OPERATED BY THESE COMPANIES HAD BEEN SECURED AND SHOWS THAT THE ONLY BUSES HE COULD HAVE TAKEN AFTER EIGHT AM SEPTEMBER TWENTY-FIVE AND REACHED NUEVO LAREDO IN TIME TO CATCH THE TWO PM FLECHA ROJA BUS TO MEXICO CITY ON SEPTEMBER TWENTYSIX WOULD BE THE GREYHOUND BUS LEAVING NEW ORLEANS AT TWO FORTY FIVE PM, SEPTEMBER TWENTYFIVE OR THE CONTINENTAL TRAILSWAYS BUS LEAVING NEW ORLEANS AT FOUR FORTY PM, SEPTEMBER TWENTYFIVE.

TERMINAL MANAGER, NEW ORLEANS GREYHOUND, ADVISED TO BUSES DEPATED NEW ORLEANS TWO FORTYFIVE PM SPETEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST, ONE BEING BUS NUMBER ONE ONE NINE EIGHT OR THROUGH SCHEDULE VIA LAKE CHARLES, HOUSTON, SAN ANTONIO, ARRIVING LAREDO, TEXAS TWELVE TWENTY PM, SEPTEMBER TWENTYSIX. DRIVER OF THIS BUS UPON LEAVING NEW IDENTIFIED AS W. E. LEE WHO WAS RELIEVED AT LAKE CHARLES, LA., BY J. D. KENNEDY. ACCORDING TO TERMINAL MANAGER, KENNEDY DROVE TO

END PAGE FIVE

HOUSTON, TEXAS AND IDENTITY OF DRIVER RELIEVING HIM NOT IDENTIFIABLE AT NEW ORLEANS OR LAKE CHARLES. LEE BEING LOCATED AND INTERVIEWED BY NEW ORLEANS. KENNEDY RESIDES AND BASED AT HOUSTON,, TEXAS.

TERMINAL MANAGER, GREYHOUND BUS LINE, NEW ORLEANS ADVISED SECOND BUS DEPARTING NEW ORLEANS AT TWO FORTYFIVE PM, SEPTEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST WAS LOCAL BUS NO. ONE TWO FOUR NINE FOR BEAUMONT, TEXAS, VIA LAKE CHARLES, LA. DRIVER OF THIS BUS IDENTIFIED AS F. A. MC LAUGHLIN WHO IS BEING LOCATED AND INTEVIEWED AT NEW ORLEANS. GREYHOUND TERMINAL MANAGER, LAKE CHARLES, LA., ADVISED MC LAUGHLIN RELIEVED AT LAKE CHARLES BY F. O. LEONARD, WHO IS BASED AT BEAUMONT, TEXAS.

SCHEDULE OF CONTINTENTAL TRAILWAYS REFLECTS BUS DEPARTING NEW ORLEANS FOUR FORTY PM, SEPTEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST, ARRIVED LAREDO, TEXAS ONE TWENTY PM SEPTEMBER TWENTYSIX LAST.

CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS SUPERVISOR, ALEXANDRIA, LA., FURNISHED BUS NUMBER AS FIVE ONE TWO ZERO, DRIVER W. D. CAMMACK, WHO HAS BEEN INTERVIEWED AT NEW ORLEANS. CAMMACK UNABLE TO IDENTIFY OSWALD AND STATES HAS NEVER HANDLED ANY TICKETS FOR EITHER LAREDO, TEXAS OR MEXICO CITY ON OCCASIONS HE HAS DRIVEN THIS RUN.

CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS SUPERVISOR ADVISES BUS NO. FIVE ONE TWO ZERO MAKES A CHANGE OF PASSENGERS AT KINDER, LA., ALL PASSENGERS GOING PAST THAT POINT BEING TRANSFERRED TO BUS NO. FIVE ONE THREE ORIGINATING AT JACKSON, MISS.

END PAGE SIX

DRIVER OF CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS BUS NO. FIVE ONE THREE THREE WHO RELIEVED ORIGINAL DRIVER AT KINDER, LA., IDENTIFIED AS CHARLES B. ALBRINGT, ALEXANDRIA, LA., WHO IS BEING LOCATED AND INTERVIEWED BY NEW ORLEANS. CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS RECORDS REFLECT ALBRIGNT DROVE THIS BUS FROM KINDER, LA., TO BEAUMONT, TEXAS, WHERE RELIEVED BY D. B. WELLS, ONE FOUR ZERO TWO CAPLIN, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

HOUSTON INTERVIEW T. D. KENNEDY AND IDENTIFY DRIVER RELIEVING KENNEDY AT HOUSTON OR GREYHOUND BYUS NO. ONE ONE NINE EIGHT. LOCATED AND INTERIVEW THIS DRIVER.

HOUSTON AT BEAUMONT LOCATE AND INTERVIEW F. O. LEONARD, DRIVER OF GREYHOUND LOCAL NO. ONE TWO FOUR NINE FROM LAKE CHARLES, LA. TO BEAUMONT.

HOUSTON ALSO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW D. B. WELLS, ONE FOUR ZERO TWO CAPLIN ST., HOUSTON, WHO DROVE CONTINENTAL TRAILWAYS BUS NO. FIVE ONE THREE THREE FROM KINDER, LA., TO BEAUMONT, TEXAS. IDENTIFY DRIVER WHO RELIEVED WELLS ON THIS BUS. LOCATE AND INTERWEW.

DALLAS SUTEL NEW ORLEANS FULL DESCRIPTION OF ANY LUGGAGE OF OSWALD LOCATED AT HOME OF MRS. RUTH PAINE OR AT HIS ROOM IN DALLAS.

SAN ANTONIO FURNISH NEW ORLEANS WITH ANY INFORMATION WHICH HAS BEEN DEVELOPED CONCERNING THE MEANS BY WHICH TICKET FROM NUEVO LAREDO TO MEXICO CITY ON FLECHA ROJA BUS LINES WAS OBTAINED BY OSWALD AND PARTICULARLY ANY INFORMATION WHICH WOULD INDICATED THE MEANS OF TRAVEL UTILIZED BY OSWALD FROM NEW ORLEANS TO LAREDO, TEXAS.

END AND ACK PLS.

WA 11-06 AXPM OK FBI WA JS
DL 10-05 PM OK FBI DL DEC
HO 10-06 PM OK FBI HO VBR
SA 10-06 PM CST OK FBI SA DAW
TU CLRO

cc: Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. Stokes

PLAIN TEXT

12-12-63

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC NEWARK

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.

N.J

REMTEL DECEMBER ELEVEN LAST RE INTERVIEW OF NELSON DELGADO.

REINTERVIEW DELGADO AND PRESS HIM FOR FULL SPECIFICS CONCERNING ALL OF HIS REVELATIONS, INCLUDING IDENTITY OF SUBJECT'S FORMER MARINE ASSOCIATES OR OTHER INDIVIDUALS WHO CAN CORROBORATE DELGADO'S STATEMENTS. NOTE THAT SERGEANT W. B. FUNK, USMC, WHO SERVED WITH SUBJECT AT SANTA ANA STATES DELGADO RESIDED IN SAME QUONSET HUT WITH SUBJECT AND WAS SO UNCOMFORTABLE WITH HIM HE REQUESTED ASSIGNMENT TO OTHER SLEEPING QUARTERS. QUESTION DELGADO CONCERNING THIS FOR PURPOSE OF EVALUATING DELGADO'S REMARKS CONCERNING HIS CLAIMED FRIENDSHIP WITH SUBJECT.

NOTE THAT JAMES BOTELHO, RICHARD D. CALL AND HENRY R. ROUSSEL, JR., WHO SERVED WITH SUBJECT AT SANTA ANA FURNISHED NO INFO RE OSWALD'S SPANISH LANGUAGE ABILITY OR HIS CONTACTS WITH THE CUBAN CONSULATE, LA. RICHARD CALL STATED FELLOW MARINES

2 - Dallas (See note page two)

JCS:hrt

(5)

COPIES DESTROYED

DEC 13 1963

66 DEC 17 1963

FEB 9 1973

DEC 13 1963

TELETYPE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

TELETYPE TO NEWARK
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

AT SANTA ANA ADDRESSED OSWALD AS QUOTE OSWALDSKOVICH UNQUOTE AND BEGAN TO ANSWER HIM BY USING EXPRESSIONS LIKE QUOTE DA UNQUOTE AND QUOTE NYET UNQUOTE. QUESTION DELGADO CONCERNING THIS.

COVER FOLLOWING POINTS DURING REINTERVIEW: HOW DELGADO CAME TO TEACH SPANISH TO OSWALD, EXTENT AND FREQUENCY OF THIS TRAINING AND DEGREE OF PROFICIENCY ATTAINED BY OSWALD. WHY DELGADO SUGGESTED OSWALD CONTACT CUBAN CONSULATE, REASON WHY OSWALD CONTACTED THE CONSULATE AND BASIS OF DELGADO'S KNOWLEDGE RE OSWALD'S MAIL AND PERSONAL CONTACTS WITH THE CONSULATE. IDENTIFY THE TWO NEGRO MARINES WHO TRAVELED WITH SUBJECT TO TIJUANA. REASON FOR SUBJECT'S STATEMENT TO DELGADO THAT HE KNEW HOW TO GET TO RUSSIA BY WAY MEXICO AND CUBA. BASIS DELGADO'S KNOWLEDGE THAT SUBJECT UNDERSTOOD GERMAN. ALSO ASCERTAIN IF DELGADO EVER REPORTED TO HIS SUPERIORS ANY OF HIS OBSERVATIONS CONCERNING SUBJECT. CONSIDER USE OF POLYGRAPH.

SUTEL. DALLAS ADVISED BY MAIL.

5-25-PM 2K

NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS:

In reinterview of Marina Oswald question her concerning Spanish language ability of subject.

NOTE: Delgado is former Marine associate of subject who says he taught Oswald Spanish in 1959 at which time became proficient. He claims to have been friend of Oswald, says he suggested subject contact Cuban Consulate, LA, as result of which Oswald was in frequent contact in person and by mail with the establishment. Also says he made trip to Tijuana in Spring, 1959, with subject and two Negro Marines. Our info is that Delgado was disturbed at having to live in same quarters with subject. We, accordingly, doubt veracity of Delgado's statements and reinterview is necessary.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-12-63 1-25 PM CST DAO

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/

SAC, DALLAS 100-10461

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS 100-16601

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

RE DALLAS TEL, DECEMBER TEN LAST, FOUR THIRTY EIGHT PM, CST.

RETEL REPORTED INTERVIEW WITH SAMUEL B. BALLEN, CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF HIGHPLAINS NATURAL GAS CO., AND ELECTRICAL LOG SERVICE, INC., WHO BELIEVED OSWALD HAD BEEN EMPLOYED BY A NEWSPAPER IN NEW ORLEANS PRIOR TO DECEMBER, SIXTY TWO OR JANUARY SIXTY THREE.

REC 30

CHECK OF ALL NEWSPAPERS IN NEW ORLEANS AREA HAS BEEN MADE AND NO EMPLOYMENT FOR OSWALD LOCATED.

END AND ACK PLS

WA2-28 PM OK FBI WA MSL

DL 1-27 I OK FBI DL BW

6 DEC 17 1963

CC-MR. ROSEN

100-10461-498

5 DEC 13 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 12 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
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Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-12-63 10-59 AM CST JHJ

TO, DIRECTOR /105-82555/ AND SACS, DALLAS /100-10461/
AND NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/

FROM, SAC, LITTLE ROCK /105-406/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

RE LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE CALLS CHARGED TO NUMBER FOUR EIGHT EIGHT DASH FOUR THREE TWO SIX, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

RE NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE TO LITTLE ROCK DEC. NINE, LAST, AND NEW ORLEANS AND LITTLE ROCK TELETYPES DATED DEC. SIX LAST CAPTIONED ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

OLD FILING CARDS OF SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE CO., FORT SMITH, ARK., REFLECT NUMBER TURNER THREE DASH ZERO NINE TWO SIX ISSUED TO LOIS JEAN WALLIS, FOUR THREE TWO THREE KINKEAD AVE., FORT SMITH, ARK., NOV. FIFTY NINE THROUGH SEPT. SIXTY THREE. NOT A PAY TELEPHONE.

OPERATOR FIFTY FOUR, FORT SMITH, HAS NO RECOLLECTION OF CALL.

REPORT BEING SUBMITTED.

105 82555-4499

DEC 13 REC-30

DEC 13 1963

P.

DL ADVISED.

NO TO BE ADVISED.

66 DEC 17 1963

CC-MR ROSEN

12-04 PM OK FBI WA MSL

TU DISC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 12 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
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URGENT 12-12-63 1-13 AM CST VRG

TO DIRECTOR, ATTENTION / ASSISTANT DIRECTOR SULLIVAN

FROM SAC, DALLAS 100-10,461 3-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA/ (ALSO KNOWN AS, FAIRPLAY SECURITY ACTION COMMITTEE CUBA) IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

MARINA OSWALD WAS INTERVIEWED AGAIN TODAY.

SHE WAS CLOSELY QUESTIONED CONCERNING HER PREVIOUS STATEMENT THAT OSWALD HAD RECEIVED A PERMIT TO OWN AND HAD OWNED A RIFLE IN RUSSIA. SHE WAS EXHIBITED A SMALL CALIBER RIFLE WITH SCOPE AND A TWELVE GAUGE SHOTGUN IN ORDER TO SEE IF SHE COULD DISTINGUISH BETWEEN THE TWO AND IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF WEAPON OSWALD HAD IN RUSSIA. SHE LOOKED AT THE WEAPONS AND SAID SHE REALLY COULD NOT SAY WHETHER IT WAS A SHOTGUN OR A RIFLE THAT HE HAD. SHE SAID THE WEAPON HAD LOOKED MORE LIKE THE RIFLE SHE WAS SHOWN. SHE SAID SHE HAD ALWAYS REFERRED TO THE WEAPON OSWALD HAD IN RUSSIA AS A RIFLE. SHE COULD NOT RECALL THE RUSSIAN WORD THAT OSWALD CALLED HIS WEAPON. SHE STATED OSWALDS COMMAND OF RUSSIAN WAS NOT SUFFICIENT TO CLASSIFY WEAPONS IN AN ACCURATE MANNER. SHE SAID OSWALD BELONGED TO A HUNTING CLUB COMPOSED OF WORKERS OF HIS FACTORY AND

END PAGE ONE

REC 30 105-82555-500

6 DEC 13 1963

6 DEC 17 1963

AS A MEMBER OF THE CLUB HAD RECEIVED A PERMIT TO OWN A WEAPON. 'THERE WERE MANY MEMBERS OF THIS CLUB. THE HUNTING THAT WAS DONE AROUND MINSK WAS FOR RABBITS, SQUIRRELS AND BIRDS. THERE WAS NO LARGE GAME, SUCH AS, DEER OR BEAR. ON THE OCCASION THAT SHE PREVIOUSLY MENTIONED WHEN OSWALD WENT HUNTING IT WAS FOR SQUIRREL. IT WOULD APPEAR THAT IT IS VERY POSSIBLE THAT THE WEAPON THAT OSWALD OWNED WAS A SHOTGUN BUT MARINA CANNOT DEFINITELY STATE WHAT TYPE OF WEAPON IT WAS. SHE SAYS SHE KNOWS NOTHING ABOUT FIREARMS.

MARINA WAS MORE CLOSELY QUESTIONED CONCERNING THE EVENTS SURROUNDING THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF GENERAL WALKER. SHE SAID HE HAD CONFESSED TO HER ON THE SAME NIGHT OF THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION THAT HE HAD ATTEMPTED TO KILL GENERAL WALKER BY SHOOTING HIM WITH A RIFLE. ON THE FOLLOWING EVENING, THEY AGAIN DISCUSSED THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION. ON THAT EVENING OSWALD TOLD HER HE HAD ORIGINALLY GONE TO THE WALKER HOUSE THREE DAYS OR MORE PRIOR TO THE ACTUAL ASSASSINATION ATTEMPT TO TRY TO SHOOT WALKER

END APGE TWO

BUT HAD CHANGED HIS MIND. WHILE HE WAS IN THE VICINITY OF THE WALKER HOUSE ON A BUS EN ROUTE THERE OR IN SOME MANNER HE HAD HEARD THERE WAS TO BE A GATHERING AT A NEARBY CHURCH TO THE WALKER RESIDENCE AND HE PREFERRED TO DO THE SHOOTING OF WALKER WHEN MORE PEOPLE WERE AROUND AND IT WAS FOR THIS REASON THAT HE EVENTUALLY MADE THE ASSASSINATION ATTEMPT ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT, APRIL TEN. A MORMAN CHURCH IS SITUATED IN THE NEXT BUILDING TO WALKER RESIDENCE. ON THE NIGHT OF THE ASSASSINATION ATTEMPT, MARINA ASKED HIM WHAT HE HAD DONE WITH THE RIFLE AND HE SAID HE HAD BURIED IT IN THE GROUND FAR FROM THE ACTUAL SPOT OF THE SHOOTING AND HE MENTIONED A FIELD AND THE FACT THAT THE FIELD WAS NEAR A RAILROAD TRACK. ON APRIL ELEVEN HE TOLD MARINA THAT THERE WERE QUITE A NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD ON THE NIGHT OF THE SHOOTING.

OSWALD BROUGHT THE ~~F~~RIFLE BACK TO THE NEELEY STREET ADDRESS WHERE THEY WERE LIVING ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL FOURTEEN. HE HAD THE RIFLE WRAPPED IN A RAINCOAT.

MARINA WILL BE INTERVIEWED AGAIN WHEN SUFFICIENT MATERIAL IN WHICH TO QUESTION HER IS ACCUMULATED.

END AND ACK

WA---2-25 AM [illegible] OK FBI WA EFH

TO EFH DIC 0

CC-MR ROSEN

FBI
DEC 12 1963
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-12-63 1035 AM EST BJJ

TO, DIRECTOR /105-82555/ AND SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/

FROM, SAC, PHILADELPHIA /105-9955/ , /157-916/, /44-767/ 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA. OO., DALLAS.

RETEL NEW ORLEANS TO DIRECTOR, DALLAS, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, DEC ELEVEN, SIXTYTHREE, FIVE TWENTYONE P.M., WITH LEAD FOR PHILADELPHIA TO INTERVIEW RICHARD D. CALL., PHILADELPHIA TEL TO DIRECTOR, DALLAS, NOV THIRTY, SIXTYTHREE, ONE TWENTYTHREE P.M., ENTITLED QUOTE ASSASSINATION PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEX. END QUOTE., BUTEL TO PHILADELPHIA, DEC ONE, SIXTYTHREE, SIX SEVENTEEN P.M., AND REPORT OF SA C. HEBER SMITH, DEC TWO, SIXTYTHREE, AT PHILADELPHIA, ENTITLED QUOTE LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R DASH CUBA, END QUOTE.

REPORT OF SA C. HEBER SMITH, DEC TWO, SETS OUT INTERVIEW WITH RICHARD D. CALL RE ASSOCIATION WITH OSWALD WHILE IN USMC.

END AND ACK

WA 10-27 10-38 AM OK FBI WA NH

DL 9-37 OK FBI DL MW

TU D

CC-MR ROSEN

66 DEC 17 1963

ST-104

REC-30 105-82555-501

5 DEC 13 1963

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/12/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) ATTENTION: DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

On 12/12/63 HARRY W. GEIGLEIN, Special Agent in Charge, District Office, Secret Service, Washington, D. C., telephonically advised me, and he is confirming same by letter, that he received information through their Dallas Office a notebook found "on LEE OSWALD" on page 27, contained the entries "Nat Sec Dan Burros" and "Lincoln Rockwell, Arlington, Virginia." He stated he was passing this on for possible interest.

WFO files do not show whether Bureau aware of above.

(3) Bureau
1 - WFO
AG:MCP
(4)

EX-105

REC-44

105-82555-1582

DEC 12 1963

AIRTEL

SOVIET SECTION

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

cc - Wick

53 DEC 17 1963

CD-16 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/12/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R
(OO:DL)

MISCELLANEOUS - NEWS PHOTO, INDIVIDUAL RESEMBLING OSWALD IN PHOTO OF KENNEDY FAMILY AT MIDDLEBURG, VIRGINIA CHURCH 10/27/63

ReSAairtel 12/9/63 describing a photograph of President KENNEDY and family taken 10/27/63 which appeared in the 11/29/63 issue of the "Alamo Messenger", official newspaper of the Catholic Archdiocese of San Antonio. The caption reveals that the KENNEDYs were arriving at Saint Stephen the Martyr Church in Middleburg, Virginia, on 10/27/63. In the background there is an individual who does bear some resemblance to photographs of OSWALD.

It is believed that the same photograph was forwarded with Tampa airtel to WFO 12/5/63 under the Assassination caption with request to display same to Secret Service.

By airtel dated 12/4/63 under the Assassination caption, WFO reported that the photograph was displayed to Secret Service Agents who were with the President in Middleburg, Virginia, on 10/27/63. The Secret Service identified the individual in this photograph as a local Middleburg citizen and member of Saint Stephen the Martyr Church, that town.

3-Bureau
2-Dallas (100-10461)(AMRM)
1-Washington Field

JFM:nln
(6)

REC-44 105-82555-503

EX-105

25 DEC 12 1963

AIRTEL

53 DEC 17 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

SOVIET SECTION

In view of this, WFO is conducting no further investigation in this respect.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: November 22, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: LEE M. OSWALD

At the invitation of Tom Cole, Special Assistant to Senator John G. Tower (R-Texas), I had SA Hanning personally contact the Senator's office to review the file the Senator has on captioned individual. Photostat copies of the complete file are attached. The file was personally reviewed to insure that the attached was the entire content of the file inasmuch as there are very obvious gaps in the information. For the most part, the file consists of letters exchanged between Oswald and the State Department during 1961 and 1962 when he was making efforts to get out of the Soviet Union with his Russian wife. There is only one letter to Senator Tower which was written to him by Oswald from Minsk, USSR, in which he requests the Senator's assistance in returning to the United States. Although this letter is undated, the Senator's office believed it was received in January, 1962.

It is of interest to note that there is a memorandum in the file dated 2-1-62 signed Linda. Linda is an assistant in Senator Tower's office. This memorandum indicates that she had received a call from Mr. Stanfield in the Department of State regarding Oswald's request to return to the United States. The memorandum states that on 11-2-59, Mr. Oswald swore to the following affidavit:

> "I affirm that my allegiance is to the Soviet Socialist Republic."

Oswald requested that his American citizenship be revoked. The memorandum indicated that he now wished to return to the United States but his mother was unable to finance his return trip and that the State Department would probably furnish him a loan. The memorandum concludes that the Senator should not become involved in this case.

Senator Tower's office said it is obvious that the State Department never kept them advised as to the final disposition of this case.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

ENCLOSURE

Enclosures

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Jones
1 - Mr. Morrell
1 - Mr. Tolson

DGH:gaeg (8)

REC 49 13 DEC 13 1963

25 DEC 19 1963

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 21

Copy
2

FOUNDATION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigation Period
DALLAS	DALLAS	11/30/63	11/22-30/63

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed by
CHANGED LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka L. H. Oswald, Lee Oswald, Lee H. Oswald, Leslie Oswald, A. Hidell, A. J. Hidell, Alek J. Hidell, Alek James Hidell, O. H. Lee; Assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas	ROBERT P. GEMBERLING	pm
	CHARACTER OF CASE AFO	

Title is marked changed to reflect LEE HARVEY OSWALD, together with his known aliases, as the subject of this case, and to set forth the full name of the late President KENNEDY as JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

REFERENCE

Bureau teletype to all SACs, 11/22/63.

- P -

LEADS

All leads in this case have been set forth by teletype and are not being restated herein. The results of investigation by other offices are now being received and a supplemental report containing the results of their investigation, together with the results of additional investigation being conducted at Dallas, will be forthcoming as soon as possible.

Copies noted as destroyed RB 12/10/74

Approved	Special Agent In Charge	Do not write in spaces below
Copies made: 4 (5414) Bur. 4 Copies Retained Rm. 645 RB (5) - Bureau 20 - Dallas (89-43) 1 Copy Dir. & Legal (Rm 5718) 3 COPIES DESTROYED 1 cc to Commissioner 12/20/63 1 cc to Commissioner 12/20/63 1 cc Bally Army Navy 1 cc CIA 2-5-64 Legal Att. Smith/John 61 JAN 22 1964 1 cc Legal Att. (Tittel) 1 cc Intell. Unit (Tittel)		105-82555-505 REC-104 22 DEC 13 1963 REC-6 EX-103 SOVIET SECTION

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U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1959 O—541750

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

All Agents of the Dallas Office participated in this investigation, as well as numerous Agents from other surrounding offices, and their identities are reflected in the report.

The security aspects concerning OSWALD will be submitted in a report in the case entitled, "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R - CUBA", office of origin Dallas, Dallas file 100-10461, Bufile 105-82555.

ADMINISTRATIVE

On November 22, 1963, U. S. Attorney H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, Northern District of Texas, Dallas, Texas, and his staff did considerable research in an effort to locate a Federal statute that would cover the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY with negative results. Contacts by representatives of the FBI in this connection were confirmed by letter to U. S. Attorney SANDERS on November 26, 1963.

No local dissemination of this report is being made to U. S. Attorney or to the local U. S. Secret Service in Dallas. Extra copies of this report have been made for the Dallas Office in the event the Bureau directs that a copy of this report should be disseminated to both the local Secret Service and the U. S. Attorney's Office at Dallas. It is felt that dissemination at a national level might be more appropriate.

By teletype dated November 23, 1963, the Bureau instructed all offices to furnish all information of interest to the U. S. Secret Service to the Bureau and follow with a letterhead memorandum for dissemination. Throughout the initial stages of this investigation, the Dallas Office has received a mass of allegations with respect to people who in the past have made remarks constituting threats against the late President KENNEDY. Investigation in connection with such remarks has been conducted and the results will be set forth in a subsequent report which it is felt should be disseminated to the U.S. Secret Service, but letterhead memoranda were not prepared in each such instance.

Where information was received indicating alleged threats against President LYNDON B. JOHNSON, such information has been immediately furnished local U. S. Secret Service and letterhead memoranda submitted to the Bureau.

Results of negative contacts with all informants, security, racial and criminal, as well as other sources, for information bearing on the assassination of President KENNEDY are being retained in the Dallas file.

The contents of communications from other offices reflecting their investigation in establishing the whereabouts of bombing suspects, known Klan and hate group members, are not being set forth herein but are being retained in the Dallas file.

In some instances there are contained in this report FD-302s reflecting interview with certain individuals by different agents on different days. It is pointed out that many people who appeared to possess information of value were in a state of mind when interviewed which could have caused them to fail to mention some pertinent detail and they were reinterviewed a day or so later during the investigation. In connection with the interview of Mrs. LOIS SITZ at Fort Worth, Texas, on November 22, 1963, an unknown subject - Impersonation case has been opened in the Dallas Office.

A separate case was opened in connection with the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD captioned "JACK L. RUBY, aka. Jack Rubenstein, Jack Leon Ruby, "Sparky"; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. - VICTIM. CR", Dallas file 44-1639, and the results of such investigation will be contained in a separate report in that case.

It is to be noted that this report contains information in the details which ordinarily would be reported in the administrative section and the identity of the source of the information not revealed. Due to the fact that the FBI Laboratory reports set forth in the details of this report contain certain information based on such confidential records, and further because of the gravity of this matter and the fact that President LYNDON B. JOHNSON had requested the FBI conduct investigation, it was felt best to reflect the source of such information. It should be noted further that in connection with information from the Selective Service Records there is a false Selective Service Card in which instance it would not be necessary to conceal the identity of the source of information from such records.

The information from the records of the U. S. Post Office, Dallas, Texas, was made available on 11/23/63 by Mr. HARRY HOLMES, U. S. Postal Inspector, Terminal Annex, Dallas, Texas.

The information from the records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Ft. Worth, Texas, on 11/23/63, was made available to SA B. TOM CARTER by JOHN B. MOORE, District Manager, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Ft. Worth, Texas.

The information from the records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, Texas, was made available on 11/23/63 to SA ROBERT C. LISH by Assistant Chief Special Agent ANTON PAVELKA, JR.

The information obtained from the records of the Southwestern States Telephone Company, Irving, Texas, was made available on 11/26/63 by W. P. ESSLINGER, Division Manager.

The information from the records of the Irving Bank & Trust Company, Irving, Texas, was made available on 11/26/63 by GENE GLAZIER, Cashier.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: ROBERT P. GEMBERLING Office: Dallas, Texas
Date: November 30, 1963

Field Office File No.: DALLAS (89-43) Bureau File No.:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD;
Assassination of President
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
Dallas, Texas

Character: ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER

Synopsis: President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY assassinated at Dallas, Texas, 11/22/63, while riding in motorcade. Three shots fired from sixth floor window of Texas School Book Depository Building, 411 Elm Street, striking President KENNEDY and Texas Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY, who survived. Assassination witnesses placed LEE HARVEY OSWALD in building at 411 Elm Street shortly before assassination and immediately thereafter. One witness, HOWARD LESLIE BRENNAN, saw man in window near the corner of the floor beneath the top floor with what appeared to be a heavy rifle in his hands taking deliberate aim and, after having fired the third shot, he observed this person place the butt of the rifle on the floor and step slightly back momentarily to observe the scene which was created below from the firing of the shots. This witness later picked OSWALD from a police lineup as looking most like the person he observed in the window, but did not make positive identification. Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, received report of this shooting at 12:35 p.m. OSWALD then proceeded to Oak Cliff section of Dallas via bus, cab and on foot, to 400 block of East Tenth Street, where he shot Dallas Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT. OSWALD arrested at Texas Theater by Dallas Police Officers approximately 2 p.m., and placed in Dallas City Jail. OSWALD denied shooting President KENNEDY. A 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano rifle with telescope sight, No. C2766, three 6.5 millimeter cartridge cases, and one live cartridge found on sixth floor, Texas School Book Depository Building. OSWALD employed at this building and had access to sixth floor. Rifle shipped to OSWALD from Klein's Sporting Goods Company, Chicago, Illinois, under name A. HIDELL, P. O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, on 3/20/63. Post Office money order used in purchase of rifle in the amount of $21.45 located. One bullet and two bullet fragments recovered and identified as having been fired from above described rifle. All three cartridge cases recovered

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identified as having been fired with this rifle. Latent fingerprint developed on wrapping paper found at scene identified with the left index finger impression of OSWALD, and one latent palmprint developed on wrapping paper found at scene identified with the right palmprint of OSWALD. OSWALD charged with murder of President KENNEDY and Dallas Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT, 11/22/63, and with assault to murder JOHN B. CONNALLY on 11/23/63. On late morning, 11/24/63, as OSWALD being moved from Dallas City Jail to Dallas County Jail by Dallas Police Officers, he was shot and killed by JACK L. RUBY.

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DL 89-43

DETAILS:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

I. PREDICATION

At approximately 12:35 p.m., Central Standard Time, on November 22, 1963, IC JOE A. PEARCE advised he had just heard on television that President JOHN F. KENNEDY and Texas Governor JOHN CONNALLY had been shot by an unknown assailant. Upon receipt of the above information, IC ROBERT G. RENFRO immediately notified Special Agent in Charge J. GORDON SHANKLIN and Assistant Special Agent in Charge KYLE G. CLARK.

1 Date 11/25/63

Lieutenant T. D. WELLS, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised that a check of the records of the Dallas Police Department Radio Dispatchers Office reflected that the time of the original call on the shooting of President JOHN F. KENNEDY was received 12:35 p.m., November 22, 1963. He stated the original call reporting the killing of Dallas police officer J. D. TIPPIT was received at 1:18 p.m., November 22, 1963. TEXAS

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT /wvm/cv Date dictated 11/24/63

2

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DL 89-43

On November 22, 1963, the FBI Headquarters in Washington, D. C., instructed that the FBI should conduct an investigation to determine who was responsible for the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

The individual referred to as "RUBY" in this report is JACK L. RUBY, aka. Jack Rubenstein, Jack Lee Ruby, "Sparky", who it will be noted later in this report, shot LEE HARVEY OSWALD on November 24, 1963, as he was being taken from the Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, by Dallas police officers to the Dallas County Jail.

All

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, advised that a Mr. LAWSON and Mr. FORREST V. SORRELS, U. S. Secret Service, contacted him and laid out a general program for the anticipated visit of President KENNEDY to Dallas on November 22, 1963, as well as the plans for the luncheon to be held at the Trade Mart. Three proposed routes were discussed at that time. Dallas, Texas

Chief CURRY advised he had an appointment on November 20, 1963, with Mr. LAWSON and Mr. SORRELS, but this appointment was broken. He advised that on November 21, 1963, he was furnished the information concerning the route to be taken from Love Field Airport to the Trade Mart and the time that the President's plane would land at Love Field. He advised that he was told by Mr. LAWSON that the President had 45 minutes to get from Love Field to the Trade Mart building for the luncheon which was to begin at 12:15 p.m. He stated that the route selected from Love Field to the Trade Mart building was via Lemmon Avenue to Turtle Creek Drive to Cedar Springs, to Harwood, to Main to Houston, Houston to Elm, Stemmons Expressway to Trade Mart. Chief CURRY stated this route was actually run and timed, and it was estimated that the trip could be made in 38 minutes. He stated that on November 22, 1963, during the motorcade this time schedule was not kept for the reason the motorcade drove 10 miles per hour in some areas that had been scheduled for 25 miles per hour at the request of the President in order that he could be seen by the people.

---

on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents J. CALVIN RICE and ALFRED D. NEELEY/csh Date dictated 11/25/63

4

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

Mr. FORREST V. SORRELS, Special Agent in Charge of U. S. Secret Service, 505 North Ervay Street, advised that he recalled that approximately the first week of November, 1963, there appeared articles in the Dallas newspapers indicating it was anticipated President KENNEDY would, in his visit to Texas later in the month, visit Dallas. He advised that he later learned the President was to speak at a luncheon which was to be sponsored by the Dallas Citizens Council, Dallas Assembly and the Science Research Center on November 22, 1963. Mrs. KENNEDY, Vice-President LYNDON B. JOHNSON and Mrs. JOHNSON were scheduled to accompany him.

On November 18, 1963, Mr. SORRELS stated he and a member of the Secret Service detail met with officials of the Dallas Police Department to look over a proposed site for the luncheon at the Trade Mart.

Mr. SORRELS stated that on November 19, 1963, confirmation was received that the Trade Mart location was acceptable, and a route from the Love Field Airport to the Trade Mart was selected and the Dallas Police Department was so informed.

Mr. SORRELS stated that on November 20, 1963, the route which had been selected from Love Field Airport to the Trade Mart was published in the Dallas newspapers. He stated that public announcements concerning the luncheon and all other announcements were handled by the Bloom Advertising Agency, 512 South Akard, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. SORRELS stated that the advance White House detail that came down from Washington, D. C., preceeding the arrival of President KENNEDY should be consulted if additional details concerning these matters are desired as he does not have a copy of their report.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents J. CALVIN RICE & ALFRED D. NEELEY/csh Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

W. H. PATTERSON, Special Agent, U. S. Secret Service, advised that the route taken by the presidential motorcade prior to the assassination of JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963, was as follows:

Leaving by the Love Field main entrance, the motorcade proceeded south to Mockingbird, east on Mockingbird to Lemmon, south on Lemmon to Turtle Creek, south on Turtle Creek to Cedar Springs, south on Cedar Springs to Harwood, south on Harwood to Main, west on Main to Houston, north on Houston to Elm, and west on Elm, following which the President was shot.

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM 1220 mac Date dictated 11/29/63

ETL 6

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II. Verification of Death of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11-25-63

On November 25, 1963, Mr. C. J. PRICE, Administrator, Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, Texas, advised that the Death Certificate and Statements of Medical Treatment relating to President JOHN F. KENNEDY had been taken by GEORGE G. BURKLEY, MD, White House, Washington, D.C., and Secret Service Agents. Mr. PRICE stated, however, that a summary had been prepared by Dr. KEMP CLARK, Director, Service of Neurological Surgery at the request of GEORGE G. BURKLEY, MD, and was transmitted to Dr. BURKLEY by letter dated November 23, 1963.

Mr. PRICE made available reproduced copies of the summary and letter furnished Dr. BURKLEY.

The following are the contents of the summary prepared by Dr. KEMP CLARK, verbatim:

summary

"The President arrived at the Emergency Room at 12:43 P.M., the 22nd of November, 1963. He was in the back seat of his limousine. Governor Connally of Texas was also in this car. The first physician to see the President was Dr. James Carrico, a Resident in General Surgery.

"Dr. Carrico noted the President to have slow, agonal respiratory efforts. He could hear a heartbeat but found no pulse or blood pressure to be present. Two external wounds, one in the lower third of the anterior neck, the other in the occipital region of the skull, were noted. Through the head wound, blood and brain were extruding. Dr. Carrico inserted a cuffed endotracheal tube. While doing so, he noted a ragged wound of the trachea immediately below the larynx.

"At this time, Dr. Malcolm Perry, Attending Surgeon, Dr. Charles Baxter, Attending Surgeon, and Dr. Ronald Jones, another Resident in General Surgery, arrived. Immediately thereafter, Dr. M.T. Jenkins, Director of the Department of Anesthesia and Doctors Giesecke and Hunt, two other Staff Anesthesiologists, arrived. The endotracheal tube had been connected to a

---

11-25-63 Dallas, Texas DL 89-43

on ____ at ____ File # ____

SA JAMES W. SWINFORD md 11-25-63

by Special Agent ____ Date dictated ____

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"Bennett respirator to assist the President's breathing. An anesthesia machine was substituted for this by Dr. Jenkins. Only 100% oxygen was administered.

"A cutdown was performed in the right ankle, and a polyethylene catheter inserted in the vein. An infusion of lactated Ringer's solution was begun. Blood was drawn for type and crossmatch, but unmatched type 'O' RH negative blood was immediately obtained and begun. Hydrocortisone 300 mgms was added to the intravenous fluids.

411 Dallas Texas

"Dr. Robert McClelland, Attending Surgeon, arrived to help in the President's care. Doctors Perry, Baxter, and McClelland began a tracheostomy, as considerable quantities of blood were present from the President's oral pharynx. At this time, Dr. Paul Peters, Attending Urological Surgeon, and Dr. Kemp Clark, Director of Neurological Surgery, arrived. Because of the lacerated trachea, anterior chest tubes were placed in both pleural spaces. These were connected to sealed underwater drainage.

"Neurological examination revealed the President's pupils to be widely dilated and fixed to light. His eyes were divergent, being deviated outward; a skew deviation from the horizontal was present. No deep tendon reflexes or spontaneous movements were found.

"There was a large wound in the right occipitoparietal region, from which profuse bleeding was occurring. 1500 cc. of blood were estimated on the drapes and floor of the Emergency Operating Room. There was considerable loss of scalp and bone tissue. Both cerebral and cerebellar tissue were extruding from the wound.

"Further examination was not possible as cardiac arrest occurred at this point. Closed chest cardiac massage was began by Dr. Clark. A pulse palpable in both the carotid and femoral arteries was obtained. Dr. Perry relieved on the cardiac massage while a cardiotachioscope was connected. Dr. Fouad Bashour, Attending Physician arrived as this was being connected.

"There was electrical silence of the President's heart.

"President Kennedy was pronounced dead at 1300 hours by Dr. Clark.

"

/s/ Kemp Clark, M.D.
Director
Service of Neurological Surgery"

III. Assassination Witnesses

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

HOWARD LESLIE BRENNAN, 6814 Woodard (EV 1-2713), employed by Wallace and Beard Construction Company as a steamfitter, and engaged in doing prefabrication work at a location near the rear of the Texas School Book Depository building at 411 Elm Street, Dallas, advised he stopped work at 12 Noon on November 22, 1963, for the purpose of eating lunch. He had lunch alone at a cafeteria at the northeast corner of Main and Record Streets in Dallas.

After finishing lunch, he walked back to the front of the Texas School Book Depository building and on Elm Street, directly across from the above building, took a seat on a retainer wall some 4 feet in height. He explained the place where he was seated was on the south side of Elm Street, about 20 feet west of the southwest corner of the intersection of Elm and Houston Streets, and about 5 feet from the curb.

He estimated he seated himself at this point some 3 to 5 minutes after having left the cafeteria about 12:18 PM, on November 22, 1963. He recalled noting the time as he left the cafeteria, since he was supposed to be away from the job for lunch only one-half hour. He estimated he had been seated on the retainer wall about 10 minutes before the automobile carrying President KENNEDY passed in front of him, at which time he observed the President and his wife sitting on the back seat of the vehicle. He said the automobile had passed down Elm Street (going in a westerly direction) approximately 30 yards from the point where he (BRENNAN) was seated, when he heard a loud report which he first thought to be the "backfire" of an automobile. He said he does not distinctly remember a second shot but he remembers "more than one noise", as if someone was shooting fire crackers, and consequently he believes there must have been a second shot before he looked in the direction of the Texas School Book Depository building.

Upon hearing the report, or reports, he looked across the street to the Texas School Book Depository building, where he saw a man in a window on the sixth floor near the southeast corner of the building. The man he observed in the window had what appeared to be a "heavy" rifle in his hands. He could not

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent GASTON C. THOMPSON and ROBERT C. LISH /rmb 12 Date dictated 11/22/63

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tell whether or not this rifle had a telescopic sight, as the rifle was protruding only about half its length outside the window.

He was positive that after he had observed this man in the window, he saw this person take "deliberate aim" and fire a shot. He then observed this person take the rifle from his shoulder and hold it by the barrel of the rifle, as if he were resting the butt of the rifle on the floor. He said this individual observed the scene on the street below, momentarily, and then stepped back from the window. He said the rifle was pointed in the direction of the President's car when he saw it fired.

He added there was nothing to obstruct his line of vision between the place where he was seated and the window on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository building where he saw the man with the rifle. He estimated distance between the point where he was seated and the window from which the shots were fired to be approximately 90 yards.

He noticed there appeared to be a stack of heavy cartons visible in the window and slightly to the rear of the place where the man stood with the rifle. He stated he saw two Negro men on the next lower floor, immediately beneath the window where the man was observed with the rifle. One of these men (on the floor below) was looking out a window directly beneath the window in which the rifleman stood. The other Negro was in a window immediately to the west of the first Negro mentioned above. He observed these two men glance upward, as if they were trying to determine the spot from which the rifle shots were being fired.

BRENNAN described the man with the rifle as a white male, who appeared to be in his early 30's, about 5'10" tall and around 165 pounds in weight. He said this individual was not wearing a hat and was dressed in "light color clothes in the khaki line". He added this individual may have been wearing a light-weight jacket or sweater; however, he could not be positive about the jacket or sweater.

He advised he attended a lineup at the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, on which occasion he picked LEE HARVEY OSWALD as the person most closely resembling the man he had observed with the rifle in the window of the Texas School Book Depository building. He stated, however, he could not positively identify OSWALD as the person he saw fire the rifle.

He volunteered he has been informed by his optometrist, Dr. HOWARD F. BONAR, Port Lavaca, Texas, that he (BRENNAN) has

"perfect" vision at a distance or, in other words, he is far-sighted. He advised he wears glasses for reading purposes only.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/23/63

ROBERT H. JACKSON, 4030 Sperry, Dallas, Texas, who is employed as Photographer for the Dallas Times Herald (newspaper), advised he was in the presidential motorcade at Dallas on November 22, 1963, riding in approximately the seventh or eighth car. He advised the car in which he was riding was proceeding north on Houston Street, between Main and Elm Streets, and the presidential car had already turned left on Elm Street (off Houston Street) when he heard three loud reports which sounded like shots from a gun. He stated that there was a "pause" after the first shot, which was followed by the second and third shots in rapid succession.

JACKSON advised that upon hearing the three shots, he looked upward and straight ahead at a window in the Texas School Book Depository Building, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, in time to see the barrell of a rifle being pulled inside the window. JACKSON said he was unable to see the person holding the rifle and therefore could not describe such individual.

JACKSON made reference to the last row of double windows toward the east on the side of the Texas School Book Depository Building facing Elm Street. He described the window in which he saw the rifle as being on the floor next to the top floor of the building and nearest the southeast corner of the building. He recalled there were two Negro individuals looking out the double windows immediately below the window in which he saw the rifle. JACKSON said he could not be certain, but it is his impression these two Negroes were looking upward in the direction of the window in which he observed the rifle.

JACKSON advised there were four other individuals riding in the same car with him in the motorcade. He recalled one of these individuals was TOM DILLARD, Dallas Morning News Photographer, and that another individual in the car was JIM UNDERWOOD of radio and television station KRLD. He stated he did not recall the identity of the other two individuals in the car with him.

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on 11/22/63 at All Dallas Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent GASTON C. THOMPSON/jt Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

THOMAS C. DILLARD, Chief Photographer, Dallas Morning News, states he was riding in car number 7 of the Presidential motorcade on November 22, 1963, along with JIM UNDERWOOD, KRLD-TV, Dallas, Texas; BOB JACKSON, Dallas Times Herald, Dallas, Texas; BERT SHIPP, WFAA-TV, Dallas, Texas, and one other individual besides the driver, neither of whose names he can recall.

Mr. DILLARD stated the car in which he was riding had not approached the corner of Houston and Elm Streets when he heard a noise sounding like a "torpedo" (a large firecracker). He states upon hearing another sound similar to the first he realized it was gunfire. He states that upon hearing the third shot the car in which he was riding was stopped almost in front of the Texas School Book Depository Building.

He states at that time he heard BOB JACKSON of the Dallas Times Herald exclaim "I see a rifle. It's up there in the open window." Then JACKSON pointed toward the Texas School Book Depository Building located at Elm and Houston Streets.

Mr. DILLARD stated he looked upward toward the building and saw nothing resembling a rifle protruding from an open window. He states he did, however, take two photographs of the building at that time.

Mr. DILLARD further stated he then left the car attempting to get to the front of the motorcade in order that he could determine if anyone had been hurt. He also stated from that time on he was in a position that he could see anyone exiting the Texas School Book Depository Building.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER/csh Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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JAMES ROBERT UNDERWOOD, Assistant News Director, KRLD - TV, Dallas, states he was an occupant of car number 7 or 8 of the Presidential motorcade on November 22, 1963, along with TOM DILLARD, Dallas Morning News, Dallas, Texas; BOB JACKSON, Dallas Times Herald, Dallas, Texas; JAMES DARNELL, WBAP-TV, Fort Worth, Texas and one other person, besides the driver, neither of whose names he can recall.

Mr. UNDERWOOD states the car in which he was riding was approaching the corner of Houston and Elm Streets, Dallas, Texas, when he heard a loud noise sounding similar to a gunshot. He states that upon hearing the second noise he realized it was a gunshot and that at the sound of the next shot the car in which he was riding was almost directly in front of the Texas School Book Depository Building located on Elm and Houston Streets. He stated at this time the car in which he was riding had been stopped, and he overheard BOB JACKSON of the Dallas Times Herald say "There's a rifle." Then JACKSON pointed upward toward the Texas School Book Depository Building.

Mr. UNDERWOOD states he looked toward the Texas School Book Depository Building but could see nothing resembling a rifle protruding from a window. Mr. UNDERWOOD further states at this time he left the car in which he was riding and that for sometime afterwards he was near the entrance of the Texas School Book Depository Building, but he did not notice a person resembling LEE HARVEY OSWALD come from the building.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER/csh (ss) Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

MALCOLM O. COUCH, 4215 Live Oak, Apartment 302, Dallas, Texas, a photographer for WFAA-TV, advised that he was in the seventh or eighth car of the presidential parade on November 22, 1963, along with ROBERT H. JACKSON, Dallas "Times Herald" photographer, JIM UNDERWOOD of KRLB-TV, Dallas, and JAMES DARNELL, WBAP-TV, Fort Worth. He said they left Love Field and were traveling the presidential route on Houston Street when he heard two loud noises about ten seconds apart which sounded like a motorcycle backfire. He said as they turned the corner onto Elm from Houston, he heard another noise, and ROBERT JACKSON yelled to look up at the window. He said he immediately turned his head toward the area of the Texas School Book Depository Building, and around the fifth or sixth floor he observed what appeared to be a rifle being withdrawn from a window. He said by this time the car was approximately in front of the window in question, but he could not observe any figure behind same. He said he recalled at least two Negroes on the third or fourth floor of the building looking up toward the next floor. He advised the car proceeded down Elm and under the underpass, and by this time the presidential car was well on its way to the hospital. He advised their car stopped, and he and JACKSON got out and began taking shots of the area. He said the driver of the car, whose name he did not know, did not observe anything at all and did not turn his head that he knew of. He said he never knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had never met JACK RUBY. He had no dealings with them in connection with his employment. He advised that he was certain that the first noises he heard appeared to be motorcycle backfires since a motorcycle had backfired on the presidential route during this trip, and it sounded just like it.

COUCH further advised that he has been informed by numerous sources that on the day of the assassination of President KENNEDY, WES WISE, an employee of KRLD-TV, saw JACK RUBY emerge from the rear of the Texas School Book Depository Building shortly after hearing the shots which killed President KENNEDY.

Check this out. Was Wes stalked too.

All

on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent # ROBERT J. ANDERSON & ROBERT E. BASHAM:bam Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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JAMES RICHARD WORRELL, 13510 Winterhaven, furnished the following information to Patrolman G. W. HAMMER and Detective K. L. ANDERTON of the Dallas, Texas, Police Department and SA LOUIS M. KELLEY.

On Friday, November 22, 1963, about 12:30 p.m., he was standing on the sidewalk in front of the Texas School Book Depository Building watching President KENNEDY's procession pass. He heard a shot from above his head and at first thought it was a firecracker, but when he looked up, he saw about 12 inches of a gun barrel sticking out of a window of the building. He said this window was either on the fifth or sixth floor. He saw the gun fire once again and looked at President KENNEDY in time to see him slump forward on the seat of his car. He was unable to see who was firing the gun.

WORRELL advised he became frightened and started to run. Just as he started to run, he heard the gun fire two more times. He noted that some people said the gun fired three times, but he felt there were four shots.

He ran to Elm Street from Pacific Street on Houston. When he had run about 100 yards, he stopped to catch his breath and upon looking back, saw a man he described as a white male, height 5' 8-10", dark hair, dark clothing, wearing some type of jacket, leave the building where he had seen the gun and start to run in the opposite direction from him.

He stated that last night when he saw photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television, he felt this was the person he had seen running away from the building. He stated this person did not look back, but he was certain this was a white person, since he had a profile view.

WORRELL stated he caught a bus home and probably would not have gone to the Police Department except he had heard Chief of Police CURRY make an appeal for persons who had seen anything to report what they had seen.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent LOUIS M. KELLEY/sl Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-8-63) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

ARNOLD LOUIS ROWLAND was interviewed at the Dallas County Sheriff's Office. He advised he was born April 29, 1945 at Corpus Christi, Texas. He resides at 3026 Hammerly Street, Dallas, telephone FE 7-1861. He is a student at Adamson High School in Dallas, Texas, and is employed on weekends at the Pizza Inn on West Davis Street in Dallas.

At approximately 12:10 PM, November 22, 1963, he and his wife BARBARA took a position on Houston Street at the west entrance of the Sheriff's Office to observe the KENNEDY Motorcade as it was to pass that position and then turn left on Elm Street. While standing there waiting for the motorcade to come, ROWLAND talked to his wife about security measures that were being made for the President's visit. He advised that he was talking of this subject in view of the recent trouble that Mr. ADLAI STEVENSON had upon visiting Dallas.

About 5 or 10 minutes after they had arrived at this position on Houston Street, he looked up at the Texas School Book Depository building and noticed two adjoining windows on the second floor from the top were open and in the windows he observed a man standing back about 10 or 15 feet and he was holding in his hands what appeared to be a rifle with a scope. He was holding the rifle at a parade rest sort of position.

Upon seeing this, ROWLAND said he mentioned it to his wife and made the remark that the person must be a Secret Service man.

He advised this person was a white male of slender build and appeared to have dark hair. He appeared to have on a light colored shirt, open at the neck.

The KENNEDY Motorcade passed this spot about 15 minutes after ROWLAND observed the man at the window with the rifle and had just turned west on Elm Street and headed down the hill toward the Triple Underpass, when he heard the first shot, which he said sounded somewhat like a backfire of an automobile. He said following the first shot some people around him had laughed. He said that about 8 seconds after the first shot, there was another loud report which he was positive was a rifle shot. A

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN /rmb Date dictated 11/23/63

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third shot then followed in about 3 seconds. ROWLAND said his wife, after the third shot, took hold of his hand and began to run across the street and he never did look up to the window again.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

DPOB 4-5-46 GRAND PRAIRIE, TEXAS

DALLAS, TEXAS

MRS ARNOLD LOUIS ROWLAND, 3026 Hammerley, telephone FE 7-1861, advised that he is a white male, 18, and resides with his wife, BARBARA WALKER ROWLAND at the above address and they attended school at Adamson High School. He stated that on November 22, 1963, he and his wife went to downtown Dallas for the purpose of seeing President KENNEDY in the parade through the downtown area. He stated that at approximately 12:15 PM, he and his wife were standing on the East side of Houston Street, adjacent to the Dallas County Courthouse. He stated he and his wife were discussing the security of protecting the President under such circumstances as the forthcoming parade and he was looking around at the buildings and observed an unknown male wearing a light colored shirt and holding what appeared to be a .306 rifle with telescopic sight on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository. He stated this man was standing inside the window on the southwest corner of the sixth floor of the building, which window is nearest the overpass. He stated he assumed that the individual in possession of the rifle was a security guard there for the purpose of protecting the President and that he called this matter to the attention of his wife but the man moved back out of sight before his wife could see him.

ROWLAND stated that he was not close enough to identify the person he saw and cannot say if it was or was not LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents J. CALVIN RICE & JOHN V. ALMON/cah Date dictated 11/23/63

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"Dallas, Texas
November 24, 1963

"I, Arnold Louis Rowland, make the following statement of my own free will to James W. Swinford and Paul E. Wulff, who have identified themselves as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"I am 18 years of age, live at 3026 Hammerly, and am employed at Pizza Inn, 2841, West Davis, Dallas, Texas.

"My wife Barbara and I arrived at a point on Houston Street in Dallas between Main and Elm Streets at about 12:10 p.m., November 22, 1963, for the purpose of observing President Kennedy in the motorcade. The exact position where we were located was on the sidewalk on the west side of the Dallas County Courthouse just under the office of Sheriff Decker and a few feet to the south of the elevator shaft which comes out of the sidewalk.

"Between 12:10 p.m. and 12:15 pm. , I looked toward the Texas School Book Depository which faces the South and is located on the corner of Elm and Houston. I observed the two rectangulor windows at the extreme west end of the Texas School Book Depository on the next to the top floor were open. I saw what I believed to be a man standing about 12 to 15 feet back from the window on the right. He appeared to be slender in proportion to his height, was wearing a white or light colored shirt, either collarless or open at the neck. He appeared to have dark hair. He also appeared to holding a rifle with scope attached, in a ready position or in military terminology, port arms. I saw him only momentarily and he seemed to disapear in the shadows of the room.

"I gave this no further consideration / at the time as I believed he was probably a Secret Service man. I also called this to the attention of my wife, but she did not see the man.

"About 15 or 20 minutes later the President came by, but I did not see him get shot, nor did I see any shots fired. I did hear three shots. By about 1:45 p.m. I had advised an officer of what I had seen and I was taken to the Office of Sheriff Decker.

"I would not be able to identify the person I saw due to the distance involved.

"I have read this 3-page statement which contains to my knowledge the correct truth.

"/s/ ARNOLD L. ROWLAND
11-24-63

"WITNESSES:

"/s/PAUL E. WULFF
"Special Agent, FBI, Dallas, Texas
"/s/JAMES W. SWINFORD,
"Special Agent, FBI, Dallas, Texas"

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

BARBARA WALKER ROWLAND, born April 5, 1946, at Grand Prairie, Texas, advised she resides at 3026 Hammerly Street, Dallas, telephone FE 7-1861, and is a student at Adamson High School in Dallas. She advised she and her husband, ARNOLD LOUIS ROWLAND, came to downtown Dallas on the morning of November 22, 1963, to observe the KENNEDY Motorcade. At approximately 12:10 PM, they took a position at the west entrance to the Sheriff's Office on Houston Street, to await the Motorcade.

They were standing on the street talking about the security measures which were being taken to protect the President and talked about the recent incident involving Mr. ADLAI STEVENSON. Shortly after they arrived at this place her husband told her to look up at the building across the street, which was the Texas School Book Depository. He said that two adjoining windows on the second story from the top were open and there was a man standing up there holding a rifle. Her husband told her he must be a Secret Service man. She said she looked up and then her husband told her that the man had moved back. She said she could not see the man because she is very nearsighted and she did not have on her glasses.

She said they did not say anything more about this and in about 15 minutes the President's Motorcade passed by and headed left on to Elm Street and started down toward the underpass, when they heard the three shots, spaced several seconds between each shot. She advised after hearing the shots, they started running. She stated that is all she could remember.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WALLACE R. HEITMAN /rmb Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

HAROLD DEAN NORMAN, 4858 Beulah Street, employed as a shipping clerk, Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, stated around noon, November 22, 1963, he and fellow employees, JAMES JARMON and BONNIE RAY WILLIAMS, were watching the Presidential Motorcade from the windows on the fifth floor of the Texas School Book Depository building. He stated that about the time the car in which the President was riding turned on to Elm Street, he heard a shot. He said he thought the shot had been fired from the floor directly above him. He further stated at that time he stuck his head from the window and looked upward toward the roof but could see nothing because small particles of dirt were falling from above him. He stated two additional shots were fired after he had pulled his head back in from the window. He stated he could see people walking toward the other end of the building. He, JARMON and WILLIAMS ran to the other end of the room and looked out the windows there. He stated he saw nothing and then returned to the window from which he had been previously looking.

NORMAN stated he knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a fellow employee in the Texas School Book Depository, and only talked to him when his work required. He stated he does not recall OSWALD ever having visitors at the Texas School Book Depository or ever associating with anyone employed there.

He further stated he cannot recall whether he saw OSWALD at the Texas School Book Depository during Friday, November 22, 1963.

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER /rmb Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

Mrs. R. A. REID, Clerical Supervisor, Texas School Book Depository, Houston and Elm Streets, Dallas, advised she had observed the Presidential Motorcade proceed down Elm Street from a position in front of the Texas School Book Depository building, and had heard three shots which she later determined came from the above building. During the commotion and excitement that followed the shooting on November 22, 1963, she did not observe anything outside of the building. The only thing she noted was that the three shots had come from overhead somewhere. At the conclusion of the shots, she had turned and saw some Negro boys standing at a window of the building. Thereupon she proceeded back to her office on the second floor of the building, being somewhat confused. As she entered the offices, she observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD, whose name she did not know at that time but whom she had seen previously and whose name she later ascertained from newspaper publicity, coming from the back hallway which is used as an aisleway between the warehouse and the clerical offices and which has a lunch room leading off to the side. OSWALD was carrying a Coca Cola, which she believed to be full, as she recalled, in his right hand and she said to him, "Someone has shot the President. I hope he didn't hit him", to which OSWALD mumbled some reply that she did not recall. At this point OSWALD proceeded past her and was walking toward the front entrance of the office which leads into a hallway where the elevators and stairway are adjacent to each other and this was the last she recalled seeing OSWALD.

She stated as she recalled OSWALD was only wearing a T-shirt and was not wearing or carrying a jacket at that time.

She advised further she had seen OSWALD many times in the Texas School Book Depository building; however, she had not known his name nor had she ever spoken or talked to him.

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RICHARD E. HARRISON /rmb Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

CHARLES F. BREHM, 1619 Kings Highway, was interviewed at his residence at which time he furnished the following information:

He and his five-year-old son went to downtown Dallas Texas to view the President's motorcade, and they parked their car in the Main-Houston Street area about 15 minutes before the motorcade was due to come down Main Street. He took a vantage point on the northwest corner of the intersection of Main and Houston Streets and from that point, he was able to watch the car in which the President and Mrs. KENNEDY rode, making a right turn from Main Street into Houston Street.

After the President's automobile had rounded the corner into Houston Street, he picked up his five-year-old son and ran across the grass from Main Street over to the downhill curved portion of Elm Street which leads from Houston Street to the Stemmons Expressway. He and his son stood right at the curb on the grass and saw the President's car take a wide swing as it turned left from Houston Street into Elm Street.

When the President's automobile was very close to him and he could see the President's face very well, the President was seated, but was leaning forward when he stiffened perceptibly at the same instant what appeared to be a rifle shot sounded. According to BREHM, the President seemed to stiffen and come to a pause when another shot sounded and the President appeared to be badly hit in the head. BREHM said when the President was hit by the second shot, he could notice the President's hair fly up, and then roll over to his side, as Mrs. KENNEDY was apparently pulling him in that direction.

BREHM said that a third shot followed and that all three shots were relatively close together. BREHM stated that he was in military service and he has had experience with bolt-action rifles, and he expressed his opinion that the three shots were fired just about as quickly as an individual can maneuver a bolt-action rifle, take aim, and fire three shots.

BREHM stated he definitely knew that the President had been shot and he recalled having seen blood on the President's face. He also stated that it seemed quite apparent to him that

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH J. HANLEY and WILLIAM O. JOHNSON/pm Date dictated 11/25/63

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the shots came from one of two buildings back at the corner of Elm and Houston Streets.

Immediately after the third shot rang out, BREHM pushed his son down on the grass and for the moment was more concerned with the safety of his son who might be hit accidentally by any wild gunfire which might follow.

BREHM expressed his opinion that between the first and third shots, the President's car only seemed to move some 10 or 12 feet. It seemed to him that the automobile almost came to a halt after the first shot, but of this he is not certain. After the third shot, the car in which the President was riding increased its speed and went under the freeway overpass and out of his sight.

As soon as the President's car went on its way out of sight, numerous reporters and police officers came running down the hill to the general area where he was standing and many of them gathered around him and began asking him questions. He answered questions of reporters and police officers to the best of his knowledge and recollection, after which he was escorted up to the Dallas police station where he was interviewed some more. He estimated that he was detained at the Police Department for a period of two hours before he was finally permitted to leave.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 26, 1963

EMMETT JOSEPH HUDSON, 107 South Bishop, Dallas, Texas, who is employed by the City of Dallas (Park Department), called attention to a photograph contained in the Sunday edition, November 24, 1963, of the Dallas Times Herald, which photograph was taken (according to information contained in the newspaper) by Mrs. MARY MOORMAN, and which photograph showed the President in a slumping condition immediately following the impact of the shots. HUDSON called attention to a group of three men in the photograph standing on some concrete steps north of Elm Street and north of the position of the Presidential car in the photograph. He pointed to the man in the middle of this group of three individuals in the photograph and advised, "That is me in the light colored clothing and that is where I was standing at the time the President was shot."

He said he was looking directly at President KENNEDY and saw his head slump to one side simultaneously with the loud report made by the first shot fired by the assassin. He said he then heard two more reports which sounded like shots, such reports coming in rapid succession after the first shot. He volunteered the shots were fired "just about as fast as you could expect a man to operate a bolt action rifle," or words to that effect.

HUDSON said the shots sounded as if they were fired over his head and from some position to the left of where he was standing. In other words, the shots sounded as if they were fired by someone at a position which was behind him, which was above him, and which was to his left. He again called attention to the photograph referred to above, and particularly to the corner of the Texas School Book Depository building appearing in such photograph and said the shots sounded as if they were coming from that building (Texas School Book Depository building).

HUDSON stated when he heard the shots, he turned around and looked in the general direction of the Texas School Book Depository building, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas; however, he did not see anyone with a rifle or firearm of any kind. He pointed out, however, it was a matter of two or three seconds

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents GASTON C. THOMPSON and JACK B. PEDEN/gm Date dictated 11/26/63

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after he heard the shots before he focused his vision on the Texas School Book Depository building and perhaps in that small lapse of time the assassin had stepped back from the window.

HUDSON estimated he was approximately thirty feet from the Presidential car at the time he heard the shots and immediately noticed the President's head slump to one side.

He advised he did not know the identity or address of either one of the other two men referred to above in the three man group in the photograph. He said the only statement he remembered either one of these two men made was that one of the men stated he worked somewhere on Industrial Boulevard in Dallas, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

HUGH WILLIAM BETZNER, JR., residing at 2922 Velasco, advised that on November 22, 1963, he took a small Kodak 120 camera to take some pictures of the presidential parade and stood on the southeast corner of Houston and Elm Streets. The camera had only three shots remaining on the roll which he used in taking pictures of the presidential party as it passed that intersection. Dallas Texas

He stated that after the shooting incident, Deputy Sheriff EUGENE L. BOONE requested that he turn over his camera with all the film, which he did. He stated that the Dallas County Sheriff's Office then processed the entire roll of film and returned all the negatives to him.

Mr. BETZNER stated that on the morning of November 23, 1963, he would personally bring the three pertinent negatives to the FBI Office.

He also stated that the three pictures he took consisted of first, a picture of the presidential party beginning a left turn from Houston onto Elm; the second picture of the presidential party in the middle of the left turn; and the third picture as they proceeded on down Elm Street. He stated that the first picture shows a portion of the Texas School Book Depository Building, but only up to the top of the second floor.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. ANDERTON/sl Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

2927 Elasco

H. W. BETZNER, JR., on November 23, 1963, appeared at the Dallas FBI Office and made available on a loan basis a roll of 120 Kodak film (negatives), the last three pictures on the roll consisting of pictures MR. BETZNER took on November 22, 1963 at the intersection of Elm and Houston Streets, Dallas, Texas. Further MR. BETZNER made this negative roll available for whatever use the FBI desires. He stated he did desire to have the negative roll returned to him.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. ANDERTON /wvm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/24/63

Mrs. JOHN T. (ELSIE) DORMAN, 1233 East Louisiana, Dallas, Texas, advised that she is employed in a clerical capacity for the Scott-Foreseman Company, educational publishers, offices located on the fourth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building.

She stated she had never seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the building and failed to recognize his photographs when shown on television.

When the president's motorcade passed, Mrs. DORMAN advised she was looking out the window on the fourth floor. The window was raised and she was taking pictures. It was at this time she heard sounds which sounded like shots. She felt that these shots were coming from the area of the Records Building. She stated she had seen no one whom she could associate with the shots during or after the shots were fired and was unable to provide any additional information.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents DAVID H. BARRY & LOUIS M. KELLEY/sah Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

JEAN HILL, 9402 Bluff Creek, Dallas Texas, telephone EV 1-7419, stated that she on November 22, 1963 was standing on Elm Street in the vicinity of Texas School Book Depository observing the Presidential Party composed of the President of the United States, his wife and Governor CONNALLY of Texas pass, and accompanying her was MARY MOORMAN, residing 2832 Ripplewood, telephone DA 1-9390, Dallas, Texas, who with a camera took pictures of the Presidential Party passing down the street.

JEAN HILL advised she heard something like a rifle shot and observed President KENNEDY crumple in his seat in the automobile. She was standing nearby, as the vehicle was passing the spot where she stood at the time.

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/tjd Date dictated 11/22/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

Dallas Texas

MARY ANN MOORMAN, 2832 Ripplewood, telephone number DA 1-9390, advises that she and a friend named JEAN HILL, 9402 Bluff Creek, Dallas, Texas, watched the President KENNEDY parade from the grassy area in the parkway between Main and Elm Streets, and at approximately 12:25 p.m., as well as she recalls, she took a photograph of the procession as it proceeded toward her. She took this photograph with a polaroid camera, and the photograph showed the police motorcycle escort preceding the President's car. In the background of this photograph she said the Texas School Book Depository Building was visable.

She took a second photograph of the President as his automobile passed her, and just as she snapped the picture, she heard what she at first thought was a firecracker and very shortly thereafter heard another similar sound which she later determined to have been gunfire. She knows that she heard two shots and possibly a third shot. She recalls seeing the President "sort of jump" and start to slump sideways in the seat, and seems to recall President KENNEDY's wife scream, "My God, he's been shot"!

Mrs. MOORMAN states that she and her companion fell to the ground, but does not now recall what prompted her to fall unless it was the reports and the commotion in the President's car. She says she must have instinctively realized that there was shooting, but does not recall actually thinking about it. She states that she could not determine where the shots came from, and her next recollection is of people running more or less aimlessly, it seemed to her. She recalls that the President's automobile was moving at the time she took the second picture, and when she heard the shots, and has the impression that the car either stopped momentarily or hesitated and then drove off in a hurry.

She stated that as the President's car drove off she started to leave the grassy area and was stopped by a Mr. FEATHERSTONE, a newspaper man with the KRLD Radio All TV Station

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent CURTIS L. PERRYMAN & ROBERT P. GEMBERLING/jt 36 Date dictated 11/23/63

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and TV Station who questioned her concerning her observance of the incident.

Mrs. MOORMAN advises that the photograph she took showing the police motorcycles preceding President KENNEDY's car and also showing the Texas School Book Depository Building was given by her to Secret Service Agents JOHN JOE HOWLETT and BILL PATTERSON shortly before 4:00 p.m. November 22, 1963. The second photograph taken at the time she heard the shots showed the President slumping sideways in the automobile. She furnished this photograph to Bureau Agents. Dallas Texas

Mrs. MOORMAN advises that she saw no one in the area that appeared to have possibly been the assassin, and could furnish no additional information.

1
DL 89-43
BTC:rmb

The following investigation was conducted by SA B. TOM CARTER:

AT FT. WORTH, TEXAS

On November 23, 1963, SA CARTER advised he had reviewed all the news pictures taken by WBAP-TV, Fort Worth, Texas, with the assistance of JAMES BARNES, News Director for the station. There were no pictures of any value to this case among those taken by the station in that all of the pictures were taken from the north side of the street and as a consequence do not show the Texas School Book Depository, Dallas.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

VICKIE ADAMS, 3651 Fontana Street, Dallas, Texas furnished the following information:

She is employed as office service representative by the Scott Foresman and Company, with offices located on the fourth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Company, Dallas.

On November 22, 1963, she was on duty at her place of employment and at about 12:20 PM on that date she went to the second window from the left of the building on the fourth floor and opened same in order to watch out of this window to observe the passing of the motorcade, bearing President KENNEDY and group. She took her lunch with her at this time and stationed herself there with a fellow employee, SANDRA STYLES, 2102 Grauwyler Street, Dallas. They observed the motorcade as it approached and began passing in front of her window and at about 12:30 PM, as the car containing President KENNEDY, Governor CONNALLY and his wife, was passing, she heard three loud reports which she first thought to be fire crackers of a crank and she believed the sound came from toward the right of the building, rather than from the left and above as it must have been according to subsequent information disseminated by the news services. After the third shot, she observed the car containing President KENNEDY to speed up and rush away. She had not been able to fully observe the President at the exact moment he was shot, inasmuch as her view was partially obstructed. She and her friend then ran immediately to the back of the building to where the stairs were located and ran down the stairs. No one else was observed on the stairs at this time, and she is sure that this would be the only means of escape from the building from the sixth floor. She and her friends ran out of the building, turned to the left and ran across the railroad tracks in the direction where they observed other people running, inasmuch as they felt that an attempt had been made on the life of the President, and they wanted to find out more about this situation. They had not gone far until they were stopped by a police officer who instructed them to return to the building. Consequently, they returned to the building and re-entered it.

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents EDMOND C. HARDIN & PAUL L. SCOTT:ss Date dictated 11/24/63

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She did estimate that the time between her departure from the building and her return to the building was about four or five minutes. She stated that she did not observe anything or anybody during this time or immediately before or after, which would cause her place a connection with the attempted assassination of the President.

Miss ADAMS was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, bearing New Orleans, Louisiana number 112 723. She stated that she saw this individual only on one occasion which was about two or three weeks ago while he was in the company of other individuals at the building. At that time she did not know who he was and did not speak with him. She recalled only after seeing his photograph in the current newspapers that this was the individual suspected of having shot President KENNEDY. She stated that she is rather sure that she did not see this individual on the day of President KENNEDY's assassination.

FBDE

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

DALLAS, TEXAS

Mrs. R. E. ARNOLD, Secretary, Texas School Book Depository, advised she was in her office on the second floor of the building on November 22, 1963, and left that office between 12:00 and 12:15 PM, to go downstairs and stand in front of the building to view the Presidential Motorcade. As she was standing in front of the building, she stated she thought she caught a fleeting glimpse of LEE HARVEY OSWALD standing in the hallway between the front door and the double doors leading to the warehouse, located on the first floor. She could not be sure that this was OSWALD, but said she felt it was and believed the time to be a few minutes before 12:15 PM.

She stated thereafter she viewed the Presidential Motorcade and heard the shots that were fired at the President; however, she could furnish no information of value as to the individual firing the shots or any other information concerning OSWALD, whom she stated she did not know and had merely seen him working in the building.

on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RICHARD E. HARRISON /rmb Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mrs. A. G. (JANE) BERRY, 3126 Lemmon Avenue, Apartment 2, advised she was employed by Scott-Foresman Publishing Company, fourth floor, Texas School Book Depository Building, 411 Elm Street. Dallas Texas

At approximately 12:40 p.m., on November 22, 1963, she was standing just west of the building, watching a parade in which President JOHN F. KENNEDY was riding. Just as the car was passing by her, she heard a rifle shot. A few seconds later she heard a second and third shot. She observed President KENNEDY slump over and everyone began falling to the ground or running. She realized that the President had been shot and observed the motorcade in which he was riding immediately speed off in a westerly direction.

Everyone was very excited and no one seemed to know where the shot had come from. It sounded as if it had been fired from a position west of where she was standing.

She soon returned to her office on the fourth floor of the building and began listening to radio reports on the shooting. A few minutes later police officers came to the office investigating the matter, but she was unable to furnish them with any information concerning the person who had fired the shots.

After seeing photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, she could not recall ever having seen him before. She has been working for the above firm about one year and knows many of the older employees in the building by sight.

She could furnish no other pertinent information.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOE B. ABERNATHY / ss/mac Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-9-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/22/63

MR. LEE E. BOWERS, JR., 10508 Maplegrove Lane, Dallas, Texas, advised he is employed as a powerman at the north tower of the Union Terminal Company. He stated this tower is located just north and west of the Texas School Book Depository Building, which is located at the northwest corner of Houston and Elm Streets.

BOWERS advised that he was watching the Presidential Motorcade from his tower at about 12:28 P.M. when he heard three shots. He saw no one run from the west or south sides of the Texas School Book Depository Building and prior to the shooting did not see any suspicious persons enter the building. He stated he did observe three cars parked in the parking lot located west of the building. The first, a blue over white 1959 Oldsmobile Station Wagon, arrived at about 11:55 A.M. It had an out of state license plate consisting of six black numbers on a white background. The car was extremely dirty. There was one white male occupant, possibly middle aged. The second car, a 1957 black Ford Tudor with a gold stripe on the side bearing Texas license plates, arrived at about 12:15 P.M. BOWERS believed the occupant of this second car was a police officer, as he observed him talking on a radio telephone or a radio transmitter. He was a white male, age about 30. The third car, a 1961 or 1962 white Chevrolet Impala Four Door with an out of state plate similar to that which he had observed on the first car, the 1959 Oldsmobile, arrived at about 12:22 P.M. This car had one white male occupant, age about 30, with dirty blond hair, long on the sides and wearing a plaid sport coat. This car was also very dirty. Following the shooting BOWERS observed that none of these cars was in the parking lot.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT M. BARRETT and JOHN V. ALMON /HM 43 Date dictated 11/22/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Mrs. JOSEPH EDDIE DEAN, 7727 Bearden Lane, advised as follows:

She is employed by The Macmillan Company on the third floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building, 411 Elm Street.

At approximately 12:40 p.m., on November 22, 1963, she and some other employee in the building were standing on the steps of the building facing Elm Street, when a motorcade in which President JOHN F. KENNEDY and Governor JOHN CONNALLY of Texas were riding, was passing by.

President KENNEDY had just looked in their direction and waved when she heard a rifle shot. Shortly thereafter, she heard another rifle shot and then a third. During these moments, she observed President KENNEDY slump down into the car. After the first or second shot, she observed President KENNEDY reach to the back of his neck just before he slumped down.

When she realized the shots came from above her, she ran out into the street, but did not look up at this time. Everyone was running in various directions and some were falling to the ground, as if to avoid being shot. Everyone was very excited, including herself.

She returned to the steps of the building and met Mrs. MADIE B. REESE, her office manager, and then accompanied Mrs. REESE to the National Bank of Commerce, making a deposit.

After viewing photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television, she could not recall ever having seen him before. She could furnish no further pertinent information.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOE B. ABERNATHY / ss/mac Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

LARRY HUBER FLORER, 3609 Potomac, Dallas, Texas, telephone number LA 1-7150, advises that he watched the President's parade on November 22, 1963 from a position at about Main and Poydras Streets. After the President's automobile had passed, he and his companion, RICHARD BARTHOLOW, a teller in the National Bank of Commerce, went to a barbeque stand located on Pacific Street about one block east of Poydras and had lunch. While they were eating, they heard a radio broadcast indicating that President KENNEDY had been shot. BARTHOLOW had to return to the bank where he worked, but he (FLORER) went down to the vicinity of Elm and Houston Streets to see what had happened. When he arrived he observed that the Texas School Book Depository Building was completely surrounded by officers and he stood and watched the activity for about 10 or 15 minutes. He then decided that he had better call his employer, Mr. R. S. CRAIG of the S. L. Ewing Company and let him know he would be late returning to work.

FLORER stated he asked a woman bystander, name unknown, where the nearest telephone was, and she said there was one on the third floor of the building located directly across the street from the Texas School Book Depository Building. She apparently worked in this building and he went up the elevator with her to the third floor. He advises that on this floor there was an information desk of some company and he asked permission to use the telephone. He stated that a man apparently connected with the company located on that floor very curtly refused him permission to use the telephone, wanted to know what he was doing in the building, and told him to "get out". He said this man escorted him to the elevator and as he left the building, he was surrounded by police officers, apparently called by the individual who had ordered him out of the building. FLORER advises that he was taken to the Sheriff's Office and questioned concerning his presence and activity in the area.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent CURTIS L. PERRYMAN & ROBERT P. GEMBERLING/jt Dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-8-69) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

Mr. JACK FRANZEN, 10572, Cromwell Circle, Dallas, Texas telephone, FL 7-3717, who is employed by the Fox and Jacobs Construction Company, 9106 Soverign Row, was contacted in response to a telephone call received from him at 1900 Main Street.

Mr. FRANZEN advised he and his wife and small son were standing in the grass area west of Houston Street and south of Elm Street at the time the President's motorcade arrived at that location at approximately 12:30 P.M. on November 22, 1963. He said he heard the sound of an explosion which appeared to him to come from the President's car and noticed small fragments flying inside the car and immediately assumed someone had tossed a fire-cracker inside the automobile. He heard a second and third and possibly a fourth explosion and recognized these sounds as being shots fired from some firearm. At the same time he noticed blood appearing on the top and sides of the head of President KENNEDY. He noticed a colored family consisting of a man, woman and small child nearby and at the sound of these shots the man picked up the small boy and ran with the woman west on Elm Street toward the overpass. During the ensuing confusion he remembers looking at the side of the building occupied by the Texas School Book Depository, located across Elm Street from his position but does not remember seeing anything of a suspicious nature with regard to that building. He noticed the men, who were presumed to be Secret Service Agents, riding in the car directly behind the President's car, unloading from the car, some with firearms in their hands, and noticed police officers and these plain clothesmen running up the grassy slope across Elm Street from his location and toward a wooded and bushy area located across Elm Street from him.

Because of this activity he presumed the shots which were fired came from the shrubbery or bushes toward which these officers appeared to be running.

He looked over the crowd which had assembled along both sides of Elm Street in this block but noticed nothing which appeared unusual among these spectators.

Mr. FRANZEN advised he is aware that the information which he has furnished may not be of any particular significance

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALFRED C. ELLINGTON and JOSEPH J. LOEFFLER:jj Date dictated 11/24/63

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but advised in view of his close proximity to the President's vehicle at the time of these shots, felt that he possibly should furnish what information he could.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

Mr. and Mrs. CHARLES HESTER, 2619 Keyhold Street, Irving, Texas, furnished the following information:

"Hester"

At approximately 12:30 p.m., November 22, 1963, HESTER and his wife, BEATRICE, were standing along the street at the point immediately preceding the underpass on Elm Street where President JOHN F. KENNEDY was shot. HESTER stated he saw the President slump in the seat of the car and that he heard two shots fired from what appeared to be a building located on the corner of Elm Street and Houston Street. He stated he and his wife were almost in a direct line of the fire and he immediately grabbed his wife and shoved her to the ground. He stated he thereafter immediately escorted his wife across to the north side of the street on an embankment in an attempt to gain shelter.

HESTER stated he did not see anyone with a gun at the time the shots were fired and that after the President's car had pulled away from the scene and officers started toward the aforementioned building, he and his wife proceeded to their car and left the area.

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on 11/24/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents J. DOYLE WILLIAMS and HENRY J. OLIVER/gm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

MR. S. M. HOLLAND, 1119 Lucille Street, Irving, Texas, on November 24, 1963, advised SAS JAMES C. KENNEDY and WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN that on Friday, November 22, 1963, in anticipation of the Presidential motorcade passing underneath the three-tier crossing on Elm Street, that he had been waiting approximately fifteen or eighteen minutes when the motorcade turned on Elm Street and began proceeding directly toward him, as he was standing on top of the underpass, looking down Elm Street.

The motorcycle escort and the lead car had passed underneath the underpass and the Presidential car was approximately forty to fifty yards away. He stated that he heard what he first believed to be a fire cracker and then saw President KENNEDY, who had just waved to a crowd on the President's left, crumple forward. JACQUELINE KENNEDY appeared to rise up in the rear seat and caught the President in her lap and then sat back down with the President's head face down in her lap.

Simultaneously with the first shot, he stated he heard either three or four more shots fired together and saw Governor CONNALLY, sitting directly in front of the President, fall forward and at the same time, Governor CONNALLY's wife knelt down behind the Governor's fallen body on the floor of the car.

When the first shot was fired, HOLLAND stated that a motorcycle officer behind the car stopped his motor, left it in the street, drew his gun, and began running back toward the intersection of Elm and Houston Street. One of the officers in the front seat of the Presidential car stood up with a machine gun in his hands and was looking back from the car when it immediately speeded up, throwing this officer back across the front seat. This Presidential car went under the underpass at a rapidly rising rate of speed en route to Parkland Hospital.

HOLLAND stated that he looked toward the fence to his left to observe anyone that he might see running from this fence but saw no one.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES C. KENNEDY and WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN/ejg/wvm Date dictated 11/24/63

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The only unusual thing that HOLLAND could recall was an approximate one and one-half to two foot diameter of what he believed was gray smoke which appeared to him to be coming from the trees which would have been on the right of the Presidential car but observed no one there or in the vicinity.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/24/63

PATRICIA ANN LAWRENCE, 302 North Windomere, Dallas, Texas, advised that she is employed as a stenographer for the MacMillan Company in the Texas School Book Depository Building.

Miss LAWRENCE advised that she is not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had seen no one of his description at all in the building on November 22, 1963.

When the President's motorcade passed the Texas School Book Depository Building, Miss LAWRENCE said she was standing with LUCY WHITAKER in the front row of people on Elm Street at Houston. When the motorcade passed she stated she was looking at Mrs. KENNEDY who was looking to the other side of the car. The President was looking in her direction and she had waved. She heard the shot fired as the President was waving. Thereafter she heard two additional shots, shots which seemed to have come from right over her head. She said she looked up and saw nothing. Later she returned to the building but at this time had not seen anyone identifiable with OSWALD coming from the building.

Dallas Texas

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents DAVID H. BARRY & LOUIS M. KELLEY/eah Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

1

OSCAR McVEY, 322 South Marlborough, telephone WH 1-4853, employed as manager, Simmons Parking Lot #2, located northwest of the Texas School Book Depository Building across the railroad tracks a short distance, said he, on November 22, 1963, between 12:20 and 12:30 P.M., was standing on the north side of Elm Street near the railroad overpass watching the Presidential motorcade and had just observed four or five motorcycle policemen pass and then saw automobiles following but could not determine the identities of the persons in these vehicles and did not recognize anyone.

While standing there, he heard two or three loud reports and thought such were backfires from the motorcycles or the automobiles. In this connection, he observed nothing further.

MC VEY could not identify a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated he is not acquainted with anyone who has any known associations with that individual.

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # LD 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH and EMORY E. HORTON:jj Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

FRANCES GAYLE NEWMAN, 718 W. Clarendon Street, advised that at the time President KENNEDY was assassinated and Governor CONNALLY was wounded she was standing on the north curb of Elm Street between the triple underpass and Houston Street. Also standing there were her two children, ages 2 and 4, and her husband, WILLIAM EUGENE NEWMAN, Jr. She estimated that when the limousine bearing the Presidential party was about 50 feet from them she heard rifle reports and the President seemed to rise up in his seat. A few seconds later she heard another shot and saw that the President had been hit in the head because she saw blood flowing from his body. She said a man had been standing back of them on a pedestal near an arcade taking photographs and there were a couple of people east of them on the north side of Elm Street.

She stated that after the President was shot officers and probably Secret Service men started running toward the arcade near the point where the photographer was taking his pictures. She believed there were first two shots in succession, a pause, then another shot was fired which struck the President. She said the limousine was a three seated one carrying Governor CONNALLY and his wife in the middle seat and the President and Mrs. KENNEDY in the back seat. She did not notice the occupants of the front seat as she had her eyes on the President whom she had come to see. After the shots were fired, she and her husband each grabbed a child and lay down on the grass fearing that they might be hit by gunfire. She noticed that Governor CONNALLY seemed to be lying down in the front seat holding his stomach when he passed directly in front of them. She was taken with her husband to the WFAA Studio where they waited a short time after the announcement came that the President was deceased, she and her husband were interviewed. They later made statements to Deputy Sheriffs concerning their eye-witness account of the assassination of the President and the wounding of Governor CONNALLY.

The shots were fired at the President and Governor CONNALLY about 12:30 p.m. on November 22, 1963. She said she did not see LEE HARVEY OSWALD during that time.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents W. HARLAN BROWN and ALVIN J. ZIMMERMAN:vk Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

Mr. & Mrs. WILLIAM EUGENE NEWMAN, Jr., 718 W. Clarendon, Dallas, Texas, who is an unemployed electrician, advised that at the time of the assassination of President KENNEDY he and his wife, GAYLE, and their two children were standing on the north side of Elm Street about mid-way between Houston Street and the triple overpass. There were very few people on that side of the street. One man was standing on a pedestal near an arcade to the rear of them taking movies and he believed that two women were a few steps up the street from him. He believed that when the President's car was approximately 50 feet from him proceeding in a westerly direction on Elm Street he heard the first shots fired. It was his belief that two shots were fired in rapid succession which he thought at the time was a firecracker. Gayle Newman

The car was proceeding toward him and it seemed that the President's arms went up and that he raised up in his seat and started to look around. The car proceeded to a point about even with him and he could see Governor JOHN CONNALLY was holding his stomach. About that time another shot was fired which he estimated was ten seconds after the first shot was fired. At that time he heard the bullet strike the President and saw flesh fly from the President's head. He noticed that Governor CONNALLY was lying back in the seat of the car and that his eyes "were real big." NEWMAN first thought the President and Governor were playing some kind of a game and suddenly realized they had been shot and that he was perhaps in the line of fire because officers started running toward the arcade directly back of him and his wife. He grabbed one child and his wife the other. They both lay down on the grass until after the procession passed. He stated he did not see any blood on Governor CONNALLY or President KENNEDY and that the limousine in which they were riding was a three seated limousine with Governor CONNALLY and President KENNEDY sitting on the side nearest him and the side nearest the Texas School Book Depository building from where he learned later the shots had been fired. President KENNEDY was seated in the back seat with his wife and Governor CONNALLY and his wife were in the middle seat of the limousine. He could not recall any of the bullets hitting the car but he said the report of the rifle was very loud and clear. He was later taken to the offices of WFAA Studio in Dallas and they interviewed him concerning his eye-witness account of the assassination of the President and the shooting of Governor CONNALLY.

He was also interviewed by Deputy Sheriffs and gave a statement as to what happened. He recalled that when the President

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents W. HARLAN BROWN and ALVIN J. ZIMMERMAN Date dictated 11/24/63

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was shot Mrs. KENNEDY seemed to grab him and pull him toward her. He was positive this occurred because when all shots were fired at the President he had his eyes directly on him. He could not state whether Mrs. CONNALLY was helping her husband or not but he seemed to be lying down when he passed them.

He said the President was hit on the right side of the head with the third shot and he heard the thud when the bullet struck the President. He did not see any rifle in the possession of anyone whom he thought might be responsible for the shooting. He has seen pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television and stated he had never seen him insofar as he knows.

The assassination of the President occurred about 12:30 p.m. on November 22, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

1

JEAN (Mrs. PURSER EDWARD) NEWMAN, 3893 Clover Lane, Dallas, Texas telephone FL 2-4222, advised that she is employed by Rheem Manufacturing Company which company as of November 22, 1963, was in the process of moving from Lofland Street to 1222 Profit Drive. She stated that as the company was in the process of moving she left work at about 11:30 a.m. and drove to Oak Cliff taking a friend home and returning through the downtown Dallas area to her home in north Dallas. As she proceeded through the downtown area, she noticed crowds gathering in connection with President KENNEDY's visit to the area. She stated she, on the spur of the moment, decided she would like to see the President so she parked her car in Simmons Parking Lot #2 located at the northwest corner of the Dallas County School Book Depository Building. She then walked in front of the building and turned right on Elm Street and stood on the curb on the north side of the street immediately west of the Stemons Expressway sign. A car carrying the President and other persons had just passed her when she heard a report and saw the President jump, raising his hands to his chest area. She stated she assumed the report to be a firecracker and thought how "human" the President was that he too would react by jumping at a sudden noise. She stated the car had proceeded to approximately 12 feet to her right when she heard a second report and saw the President slump to the front of the car. She said the only other person in the Presidential car that she recognized was Mrs. JACQUELINE KENNEDY who immediately jumped to her knees over the President when he slumped.

Mrs. NEWMAN stated she only heard the two shots but cannot definitely state that additional shot or shots were not fired as people around her realizing what had happened began milling around and screaming. She stated that when she realized the reports were shots she immediately turned and looked up the hill to the north toward the parking lot but did not see anything after which she proceeded back up the hill and walked in front of the Dallas County School Book Depository Building to the parking lot to get her car where she was questioned by an officer and eventually taken to the Dallas County Sheriff's Office where she made a statement.

Mrs. NEWMAN stated that after the shots were fired she was in the area of the School Book Depository Building for some minutes and actually walked immediately in front of the building in returning to the parking lot but did not see or hear any person emerging from the building in such a manner as to attract her attention but pointed out all persons in the area were very excited at the time.

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH and EMORY K. HORTON:jj Date dictated 11/28/63

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Mrs. NEWMAN viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken on August 9, 1963, after which she stated that she has no recollection of ever seeing the individual depicted in that photograph and said she does not know OSWALD, has never met him to her knowledge, and does not know any of his associates.

Special Agent

Dictated

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/26/63

The following investigation was conducted by SA NAT A. PINKSTON

AT DALLAS, TEXAS:

Mrs. MARTHA REED, 338 West Tenth, Dallas, Texas, advised that she is employed in the second floor offices of the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm, Dallas, and in such employment knows LEE HARVEY OSWALD by sight since he is employed by the same company however she is not personally acquainted with him. She does not recall having seen OSWALD at all on November 22, 1963. She was on the sidewalk on the north side of Elm, about one-half way between Record and Houston Streets, at approximately 12:30 PM on November 22, 1963, when she heard what she thought were shots, however, she did not know where the shots came from. She went up the front stairs of the Texas School Book Depository building to the second floor offices where she spoke to Mrs. HEID and Mrs. HINE, told them about the shooting of the President, which she had heard on the street, then returned to the front door of the building but the police would not let her out of the building. She then returned to her office, but did not see OSWALD and did not see anyone with a gun or see anyone fire any shots and has not seen OSWALD with a gun.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent SA GEORGE CARLSON, and NAT A. PINKSTON/ejg Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/24/63

Mrs. JAMES W. REESE, 704 North Madison, Dallas, Texas, advised that she is employed by the MacMillan Company at 302 Texas School Book Depository Building. She advised she is employed as office manager and administrative secretary.

Mrs. REESE advised that she had seen photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television and simply cannot remember ever having seen him in the Texas School Book Depository Building. She said that if he had ever come into the office she does not remember it.

Mrs. REESE stated when the President's motorcade passed she was standing on the second step in front of the Texas School Book Depository Building and had heard three shots or what seemed to her to be shots. At first she thought the shots came from the alcove near the benches and then saw people looking up near the building and had presumed the shots had come from the building.

Mrs. REESE was unable to provide any other information which might identify OSWALD with the shots.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents DAVID H. BARRY & LOUIS M. KELLEY/sah Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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PAULINE ~~K~~ SANDERS, 4226 Delmar, Dallas, Texas, a Clerk, Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, advised she arrived at work at 8:45 a.m., on November 22, 1963, and immediately reported to the main office where she was employed. She said she was acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD who worked in the warehouse section and she has seen him three or four times during lunch breaks in the lunch room but did not talk to him on any occasion. She said he was very quiet and she had never seen him talking to any of the other employees that she could recall. She said she would not be in a position to observe what time he arrived at work or the way he arrived.

She said on the morning of November 22, 1963, she went outside to watch the Presidential parade at about 11:25 a.m. She said she did not see OSWALD during this time and she stood in the last line of spectators nearest the door to the Texas School Book Depository building. She advised she could not recall the exact time but immediately after the Presidential parade passed she heard three loud blasts and she immediately realized that the shots or whatever it was came from the building above her. She said within a matter of ten seconds a uniform police officer in a white helmet ran into the building but she did not observe him any further and could not state where he went in the building.

Mrs. SANDERS advised that Mr. CAMPBELL, Office Manager, arrived shortly after the police officer entered the building and she told him she believed the blasts came from the upper part of the building however he insisted the shots came from the embankment. She advised she did not pursue the matter any further and she entered the building within five minutes of the blast. She said she did not observe OSWALD in the lobby but the lobby was crowded with people at this time. She said she did notice a uniform police officer talking to an individual dressed in grey clothing with a silver type construction helmet and he claimed to be an engineer. She said he definitely did not work in the building and she had never seen him before. She said the police officer appeared to be taking his name and address. She said she did not observe whether the elevator was in use or not and she could not recall whether it was on the first floor but she did use the stairwell and walked to the second floor where their offices are maintained. She said she could not recall seeing OSWALD the entire day and at this time the only thing that was on their minds was whether the President had died.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ROBERT E. BASHAM and ROBERT J. ANDERSON:vm Date dictated 11/24/63

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Dallas Texas

Mrs. SANDERS advised that this morning she called GERALDINE REID, another employee, telephone number FE 1-6617, who told her that the police officer who had first entered the building ran into the lunch room where Mr. TRULY, the warehouse manager, and OSWALD were evidently lunching. The police officer put his gun into OSWALD's stomach but TRULY advised the police officer that OSWALD worked for him. Police officer turned away and evidently left the area. She said according to REID, OSWALD then went to the main office and REID, although she had not observed the initial incident with the police officer, told OSWALD that the President had been shot. According to SANDERS, Mrs. REID claimed that OSWALD just mumbled something and then left the office. She said REID did not mention how OSWALD left the office or for that matter if she knew how he might have left the building. SANDERS advised that the stairwell would probably have been the easiest way to leave without being too noticeable since the stairwell is in need of repairs and employees had been instructed not to use the stairwell.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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OCHUS V. CAMPBELL, 7120 Twin Lakes Lane, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

He is Vice President of the Texas School Book Depository Company, with offices located on the second floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building in Dallas.

On November 22, 1963, he was present at his office at the above named building and at about 12:30 PM on that day, he and several other associates were together stationed about 30 feet in front of this building facing away from the building observing the passing motorcade containing President KENNEDY. At this time, he heard a loud report, which at first he considered to be a fire cracker or some such object set off by a crank and believed the noise came from away from his building. This illusion, he explained, may have been due to the sound bouncing off the building and other objects in the vicinity. After hearing two more such reports, he realized that these must have been rifle shots and since President KENNEDY's car had advanced just out of his vision, he went forward a few feet to observe this automobile, inasmuch as he feared that the rifle shots were in connection with an attempt upon President KENNEDY's life. He then observed the car bearing President KENNEDY to slow down, a near stop, and a motorcycle policeman rushed up. Immediately following this, he observed the car rush away from the scene. He then immediately rushed into his building without having seen anything unusual from any window of this building. Inside he was told shortly thereafter by the warehouse superintendent, Mr. TRULY, that all the employees of the company had been rounded up and one employee, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was missing.

Mr. CAMPBELL observed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, bearing New Orleans, Louisiana No. 112 723, and stated that he is sure this is a photograph of the employee named above, but added that he is not personally acquainted with him and has never seen him. He advised that he has always given Mr. TRULY the responsibility of hiring employees for the warehouse.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents EDMOND C. HARDIN & PAUL L. SCOTT/ss Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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BETTY JEAN THORNTON, 3807 Rolinda, telephone FE 7-5775, an employee of Scott-Foresman Educational Publishers, which is located on the fourth floor of the Texas School Book Depository building, 411 Elm Street, advised she arrived at work on November 22, 1963, at 8:30 a.m. She said that although she now understands LEE HARVEY OSWALD had worked for the Texas School Book Depository recently she had never seen him before as far as she knows. She said she did not see him on the morning of November 22, 1963, nor did she see him in the building after the shooting. She advised she was standing on the street when the President's car passed by and she heard what she thought was a number of firecrackers. Immediately afterward someone said the President was hit and she overheard on the police radio in a three-wheel motorcycle nearby that the President had been shot. She said people began running toward the embankment as if the shots had come from that direction. She said she turned toward the Texas School Book Depository and entered same however did not observe anyone in the lobby or running down the stairwell. She entered the elevator and rode to the fourth floor where JANE BERRY, another employee of the company, was telling other employees what had happened. She said she believed workmen from the Texas School Book Depository and employees had been working on the fifth floor for ten days prior to the shooting but she did not know whether these employees were up there on the day of the shooting.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ROBERT E. BASHAM and ROBERT J. ANDERSON:rh Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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OTIS N. WILLIAMS, 3429 South Western Avenue, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

WILLIAMS is an employee of the Texas School Book Depository, Elm at Houston Street, Dallas, Texas and has been for the past 12 years.

On November 22, 1963 at the time the Presidential Procession passed the Texas School Book Depository Building, WILLIAMS was on the front steps of the building. The Presidential car had just passed the building a few seconds and was out of sight over the embankment when WILLIAMS heard three loud blasts. He thought these blasts came from the location of the court house. He did not look up and immediately went back into the building into his office on the second floor. A few minutes later, Detectives came into the building and he went with a Detective to check the second floor of the building. WILLIAMS remained in the building until approximately 3 PM, at which time the building was closed.

WILLIAMS is not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, an employee of the Texas School Book Depository. He has possibly seen OSWALD in the building, but cannot recall him.

on 11/23/63 Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents PAUL E. SCOTT & EDMOND C. HARDIN/ss Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-8-63)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

JESSE C. PRICE, 2602 Astor, telephone WH 1-1940, advised he is an employee of General Services Administration and was on duty at the Post Office Annex on Houston and Commerce Streets, Dallas. He was on the roof watching the parade, heard the shot, and saw President KENNEDY slump over. He assumed the shot had come from the overpass and looked in that direction, but saw nothing pertinent.

Texas

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents J. CALVIN RICE and ALFRED D. NEELEY/pm Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Ferris Texas

VIRGIE RACKLEY, 405 Wood Street, telephone 544-3827, employed as a bookkeeper at the Texas School Book Depository, second floor, corner of Houston and Elm Streets, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

From an examination of the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, she does not believe that she has ever seen him and is certain that she has never spoken to him. She works on the second floor at the front of the building and rides to work on an elevator located in the east end of the building which goes only to the first four floors.

At about 12:15 p.m. on November 22, 1963 she left her office and went out the south door of the Texas School Book Depository Building to watch the Presidential motorcade pass. She was standing across the street immediately in front of this building but on the north side of the entrance to the Triple Underpass along which the motorcade traveled. She observed President KENNEDY's car pass her point of observation and almost immediately thereafter heard three explosions spaced at intervals which she at first thought were firecrackers. It sounded as though these sounds were coming from the direction of the Triple Underpass, and looking in that direction after the first shot she saw something bounce from the roadway in front of the Presidential automobile and now presumes it was a bullet bouncing off the pavement. She stated she did not see President KENNEDY being shot and that she did not realize this was what happened until later.

After the shots she and others in the crowd moved on down toward the Triple Underpass and on returning to the building were told they could not go inside. She did not go inside until about 3:00 p.m.

She stated that just before the shooting a man had passed out on the parkway between the Elm Street entrance and the Main Street entrance to the Triple Underpass and that an ambulance had picked him up and

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on 11/24/63 at Ferris, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM & JOSEPH G. PEGGS/sah Date dictated 11/24/63

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left the scene just seconds before the Presidential car came into sight on Houston Street.

This ambulance picked up the man directly across Houston Street from the Sheriff's Office.

RACKLEY stated that she did not look up at the Texas School Book Depository Building since she did not think that the sounds were coming from that building. She recalled no one who had mentioned seeing anyone in the windows of the building prior to the shooting although just after the shooting some unidentified man who had been sitting on a wall directly across the street and south of the Texas School Book Depository Building stated "I saw everything". She did not know what he was talking about at the time and does not know whether he saw anyone in the windows of the building or not.

She recalled that after the second shot she smelled gunsmoke but did not know where it was coming from.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

DOLORES KOUNAS, 825 Arpege Circle, Dallas, Texas telephone FR 4-7251, employed as a clerk-typist by McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, third floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building, Elm and Houston Streets, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

She examined a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated she cannot recall ever having seen him. She stated that the building in which she works has office space on the lower floors and that she goes to the third floor via an elevator in the east end of the building which runs only to the ~~third~~ fourth floor.

She stated on November 22, 1963 she had left the building about 12:00 noon. She stated she went to a spot on the southwest corner of Houston and Elm Streets to watch the Presidential motorcade pass. She was approximately 100 feet south of the Texas School Book Depository Building and observed the motorcade of President KENNEDY pass in front of her and proceed west toward the Triple Underpass. After the car had passed her point and was almost to the underpass she heard a noise like a firecracker. She stated there were three of these noises which she now knows were shots equally spaced by a few seconds and that it sounded as though these shots were coming from the Triple Underpass. She stated she looked in that direction but was unable to see the car in which President KENNEDY was riding due to the mass of people in front of her.

She stated that after standing there a few minutes she walked across the street toward the Texas School Book Depository Building but was not allowed to go in the building until about 3:00 p.m.

She stated during the time she was watching the motorcade, before and after the shots were fired, she did not look up at the Texas School Book Depository Building and thus did not know whether there was anyone at the windows in that building. She stated it did not sound like the shots were coming from that direction but rather from the Triple Underpass.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM & JOSEPH G. PEGGS/sah Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

ROGER CRAIG, 7711 Piedmont, Apartment B, phone EVergreen 1-4851, employed as a Deputy Sheriff, Dallas County Sheriff's Department, Texas, advised that he was standing in front of the Dallas Sheriff's Office, 505 Main Street, at the time the motorcade of President JOHN F. KENNEDY was approaching the triple underpass. He stated that he heard a shot and ran around the corner onto Houston Street and went through the parking area and briefly searched area on Elm Street. Shortly after this, approximately 3 or 4 minutes, came back across Elm Street and observed an individual run down the grass area from the direction of the Texas School Book Depository. He heard this individual whistle and a white Rambler station wagon, driven by a Negro male, pulled over to the curb and said individual got in and the car headed toward the Dallas-Fort Worth Turnpike.

CRAIG stated that at 5:18 PM, November 22, 1963, he was given an opportunity to observe LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the office of Captain J. W. FRITZ in the Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, and that he is positive that OSWALD is identical with the same individual he observed getting into the Rambler station wagon as mentioned above.

Dallas, Texas

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT/cah 69 Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 23, 1963

MARVIN C. ROBINSON, 5120 South Marsalis Avenue, Dallas Texas, telephone number FRanklin 4-5834, advised that approximately between 12:30 and 1:00 p.m. on the afternoon of November 22, 1963, while traveling west on Elm Street he crossed the intersection of Elm and Houston Streets shortly after the assassination of President KENNEDY. ROBINSON stated that after he had crossed Houston Street and was in front of the Texas School Book Depository building a light colored Nash stationwagon suddenly appeared before him. He stated this vehicle stopped and a white male came down the grass covered incline between the building and the street and entered the stationwagon after which it drove away in the direction of the Oak Cliff section of Dallas. ROBINSON stated he does not recall the license number on the stationwagon or whether or not it bore a Texas license plate.

He stated further that he did not pay particular attention to the individual who entered the stationwagon and would be unable to identify him.

ROBINSON was unable to furnish any pertinent information concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JOHN V. ALMON & J. CALVIN RICE csh Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

ROGER CRAIG, 7711 Piedmont, Apartment B, employed as Deputy Sheriff, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, was reinterviewed. Mr. CRAIG stated that about 12:20 p.m., November 22, 1963, he was standing about 20 feet east of Houston Street on Main Street in downtown Dallas when he heard a noise which he presumed to be a gun shot. He states he immediately started west on Main Street toward Houston Street, and while en route, he heard two additional noises which he also presumed to be gun shots.

He stated he crossed Houston Street and there met a Dallas city police officer who advised him that the noises he had heard were in actuality gun shots. He stated he then proceeded to the Santa Fe railroad tracks which run alongside the Texas School Book Depository building, and while en route there noticed a car with a woman sitting in it. He stated he immediately took her to a Mr. LUMMY LEWIS, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, who took her name and address. Dallas Trio

Mr. CRAIG stated he then went to the southwest corner of the Texas School Book Depository building and there talked with a young man and his wife who claimed they had observed a man through a window of the Texas School Book Depository holding a rifle about 15 minutes before the parade passed, but assumed he was a Secret Service man. CRAIG stated he also took these people to Mr. LEWIS, who took their names and addresses. CRAIG stated he then crossed to the south side of Elm Street in front of the Texas School Book Depository building to see if he could see marks on the pavement which would indicate that a bullet had ricocheted.

He stated that at that time he heard a shrill whistle, looked up, and saw a man running across the lawn toward Elm Street coming from direction of Texas School Book Depository building. He stated he also noticed an automobile traveling west on Elm, which he feels was a white Nash Rambler station wagon with a luggage rack on top. He stated he observed the driver look at the man running down the hill, then observed the driver stop at the curb. He stated the man on foot got in the Rambler and they left going west on Elm Street. Mr. CRAIG stated he did not have the license number, but feels that it was a 1963 Texas license.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER/pm Date dictated 11/25/63

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Mr. CRAIG described the driver of the automobile as a white male, American, dark-complected, short hair, wearing a light colored jacket. Mr. CRAIG stated he had previously described this man as a Negro male, but has since decided that the driver was a white male.

Mr. CRAIG described the man whom he had seen running across the lawn in the following manner:

White male, height 5'9", weight 140 pounds, build slender, hair sandy, dress - brown shirt, blue trousers.

Mr. CRAIG stated later the same afternoon he heard that Dallas Police Department had a suspect in the shooting of Officer TIPPITT in Oak Cliff. He stated at this time he called Captain W. FRITZ, Dallas Police Department, gave him the description of the man he had seen crossing the lawn and was advised to view the suspect at Dallas Police Department.

Mr. CRAIG stated he subsequently went to Dallas Police Department and there identified LEE HARVEY OSWALD as the person he had seen running from Texas School Book Depository. Mr. CRAIG further stated there is no doubt in his mind that the man he observed running from the Texas School Book Depository and the person he viewed at Dallas Police Department are identical.

IV. Shooting of Dallas Police Officer J. D. Tippit

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1 Dallas, Texas

W. W. SCOGGINS, 3138 Alaska, advised he is a driver for the Oak Cliff Cab Company and furnished Detective MARVIN JOHNSON of the Dallas Police Department and SA LOUIS M. KELLEY the following information:

He had picked up a fare at Love Field on Friday, November 22, 1963, which he discharged at 321 North Ewing at 1 p.m. He then drove to the Gentlemens Club, 125 South Patton, to get a cold drink to go with his lunch. He could not find a parking place in front of the club, so he parked on the east side of Patton at 10th Street and stated he parked where a stop sign had been but which had been removed. He parked heading north on the right side of the street.

He walked back to the club, obtained his cold drink, and watched the President on TV for a minute. He then returned to his cab and got his lunch out of the pocket. He estimated this to be about 1:25 p.m.

About the time he got his lunch out, he saw a policeman in a squad car going east on 10th Street at a slow rate of speed. This officer stopped on 10th Street just east of PATTON. The officer got out of his car and apparently said something to a man walking west on 10th Street and who was on the south side of 10th. When the officer spoke to him, the man stopped.

The next thing that attracted SCOGGINS' attention was a gun firing and he heard three or four shots, saw smoke near the squad car and saw the officer fall beside the car on the driver's side. The man the officer had stopped started running. He ran west on 10th to Patton and south on Patton onto Jefferson. The last time he saw this man was when he was going down Jefferson. He reported this to his dispatcher as soon as the man passed his cab and was asked if an ambulance was needed. He advised the dispatcher he did need an ambulance and shortly thereafter one arrived as did other officers.

He stated he did not know the man who shot the officer but felt he would recognize him again if he saw him.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent LOUIS M. KELLEY/ml Date dictated 11/23/63

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He stated this man muttered as he passed his cab either "Poor dumb cop" or "Poor damn cop." He was not certain which, and stated that when this man passed his cab, he had a pistol in his left hand.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

W. W. SCOGGINS, 3138 Alaska, a cab driver, furnished the following information:

On November 23, 1963, he went to the Dallas Police Department where he picked LEE HARVEY OSWALD out of a police line-up as being the same individual whom he had seen shoot a uniformed police officer of the Dallas Police Department in the 400 Block of East 10th Street, on the early afternoon of November 22, 1963.

He stated that he was no more than 15 feet from this individual as he fled the scene of the shooting and that he is positive that LEE HARVEY OSWALD is the individual who did the shooting and whom he observed leaving the scene.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM/atd Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

Mr. W. W. SCOGGINS, 3138 Alaska, employed as a taxicab driver for the Oak Cliff Cab Company, was reinterviewed. He stated that on November 22, 1963, he had observed an individual in the vicinity where Dallas Patrolman TIPPIT was shot shortly after the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Mr. SCOGGINS stated after viewing a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he could not be sure the person he had observed in Oak Cliff on November 22, 1963, was actually identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RICHARD T. RABIDEAU/pm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/28/63

Mr. EDWARD S. VIRGIL, Supervisor, Dispatching Office, City Transportation Company of Dallas, advised his records reflect that a message was received from Driver Tex, W. W. SCOGGINS, and was posted at 1:25 PM, on November 22, 1963. This message was to the effect that SCOGGINS had just witnessed the shooting of a Dallas City Police Officer on Tenth Street near Patton. Mr. VIRGIL advised that this call from SCOGGINS was received by Dispatcher D. G. GRAHAM. He advised his first action was to notify the Dallas Police Department of the receipt of this message. In view of the contents of the message, he advised it is probable that the posting of this message in his records was delayed pending notification of the Dallas Police Department. His record reflects the call was received at 1:25 PM, on November 22, 1963.

TEXAS

on 11/28/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALFRED C. ELLINGTON: mam Date dictated 11/28/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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MRS. HELEN MARKHAM, residence 328 E. 9th Street, employed as a waitress at the Eatwell Cafe, Main Street, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

On the early afternoon of November 22, 1963, possibly around 1:30 p.m., she observed a marked Dallas Police Department patrol car parked in the 400 block of East 10th Street. She saw a young man walk from the sidewalk to the squad car and put his face up to the front window on the right-hand side of the car which was next to the curb and engage the officer in a brief conversation of about ten seconds. Thereafter, the officer got out the left-hand door, drivers side of the car, walked around behind the squad car and on rounding the corner of the car was shot twice in the head by the young man.

MRS. MARKHAM immediately ran out to the car and was afraid that this young man might shoot her, but felt that she must go to the aid of the officer. The young man ran west on 10th Street to the corner, turned south and disappeared.

MRS. MARKHAM stated that she is sure that she can identify him and described him as a white male, about 18, black hair, red complexion, wearing black shoes, tan jacket, and dark trousers.

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM /wvm ABD Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Mrs. HELEN MARKHAM, 328 East 9th Street, was interviewed at the Eatwell Cafe, Main Street, Dallas, where she furnished the following information:

She examined a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and advised that he is the individual whom she saw shoot and kill a Dallas police officer in the 400 Block of East 10th Street, Dallas, Texas, in the early afternoon of November 22, 1963.

She further advised that on the afternoon of November 22, 1963, she identified LEE HARVEY OSWALD in person from a police line-up at the Dallas Police Department and that she is positive that he is the individual who killed the police officer.

on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM & JOSEPH G. PEGGS/atd Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

1

Dr. RICHARD LIGUORI, 4125 Swiss Avenue, telephone TAylor 3-4682, advised he is on the house staff of Methodist Hospital of Dallas, 301 West Colorado, telephone WH 6-8131, and is the physician who pronounced dead J. D. TIPPIT. He was pronounced dead at 1:25 p.m., November 22, 1963, and an examination of the body indicated his death could be attributed to gunshot wounds. There appeared three wounds in the body, one being in the right temple which in the opinion of Dr. LIGUORI could have caused instant death, one wound in the left chest, the bullet being deflected by a brass button of the uniform worn by Officer TIPPIT and the bullet being found only about one inch under the surface, and the third wound in the upper abdomen.

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

1

Dallas Texas

Records of the Dudley M. Hughes Funeral Home, 400 East Jefferson, telephone WH 6-5133, reflect the following information concerning J. D. TIPPIT: deceased

Residence	238 Glencairn, Dallas, Texas
Born	9/18/24, Red River County, Texas
Died	Dallas, Texas, 11/22/63
Age	39
Pronounced dead	1:25 p.m., at Methodist Hospital by Dr. LIGUORI
Military service	World War II Veteran
Father	EDGAR LEE TIPPIT Tippit Texas
Mother's maiden name	LIZZIE MAE RUSH Tippit Texas
Wife	MARIE TIPPIT

Mrs J. D. Tippit

238 Glencairn, Dallas, Texas

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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DL 89-43

V. Arrest of Lee Harvey Oswald

FD-302 (Rev. 8-8-58) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/22/63

At about 1:25 p.m., while at the Texas School Book Depository Building, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, I, SA ROBERT M. BARRETT, heard a radio broadcast on a police car radio that a police officer had been shot in the 400 block of East Jefferson Street and that a suspect had been observed fleeing from the area. I proceeded immediately to the area and learned that the shooting had actually taken place in the 400 block of East 10th Street. While there I overheard police officers interviewing the female witness who stated that she had first observed a young white male about 27 years of age leaning on the front door of the passenger side of a Dallas police car, talking to the police officer through the open window. The officer got out of the car, according to this witness, and walked around the back of the car. As he did so, the young man stepped back, took a gun from his shirt, fired twice at the officer hitting him. The woman ran to the aid of the officer and was told by the gunman to leave him alone or he would shoot her. According to this witness, the gunman then fled in a westerly direction.

I noted, however, that the blood from the fatally wounded officer was near the left front fender of the squad car, indicating that he had walked around the front of the car. I also learned that the first report of this shooting had been received by the police dispatcher at 1:19 p.m.

At approximately 2:00 p.m. I heard a police broadcast from one of the nearby squad cars advising that the suspect had possibly been sighted at the Texas Theater in the 200 block of West Jefferson. I proceeded immediately to this area and along with numerous other law enforcement officers entered the theater to assist in the search for the suspect. As I entered the seating area on the main floor, I heard a police officer, later identified as M. N. MC DONALD, shout "Here he is". At this time about 12 police officers converged on this area. I observed Officer MC DONALD, along with Detective BOB CARROLL, Captain W. R. WESTBROOK, and numerous other officers, struggling with a young man, later identified as LEE HARVEY OSWALD. I heard OSWALD yell in a loud voice, "kill all the sons of bitches".

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT M. BARRETT/jt Date dictated 11/22/63

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One of the officers took a .38 caliber snub-nose revolver out of OSWALD's right hand and handed it to Detective CARROLL. I then heard OSWALD yell, "I'm not resisting arrest, I'm not resisting". The officers then led OSWALD from the theater after handcuffing him, and as they did so OSWALD started yelling, "They are violating my civil rights".

At no time did I observe any officer strike OSWALD, abuse him, or use any more force than was necessary in subduing and handcuffing him in view of his resistance and the fact that he had a weapon in his possession.

Later at police headquarters, I observed the .38 snub-nose revolver and noted that it was a Smith and Wesson, Serial Number 510210. On the chamber hinge was the number 65248. I was also shown the six cartridges taken from the weapon and noted that one of them had an indentation on the primer. I was told by Officer MC DONALD that when he first approached OSWALD, the subject attempted to pull the weapon from his shirt, at which time MC DONALD grabbed the gun with both of his hands. MC DONALD stated that OSWALD did pull the trigger once, but that the gun did not fire. MC DONALD also stated that when he was holding onto the gun, OSWALD hit MC DONALD in the face with his fist, knocking MC DONALD against the seat and causing him to receive a scratch on his face.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

At approximately 2 p.m., November 22, 1963, I was informed by an unidentified policeman of the Dallas Police Department that a suspect had been seen entering the back door of the Texas Theater.

I immediately proceeded to the Texas Theater, 231 West Jefferson, and entered the front door and stood in the lobby to see that no one left the theater, since there were no officers on guard there. A minute or two after arriving in the lobby, a Dallas County Deputy Sheriff ran by me from inside the theater stating "they have him", and within a minute thereafter, I observed a young man with his hands cuffed behind him in the midst of a group of Dallas police officers being hustled out the front door of the theater. As he passed through the lobby he shouted "police brutality".

This man was a white male, age about 22, 5' 8", 160 pounds, brown hair, and was wearing a white shirt, dark trousers, and a reddish brown jacket with zipper open all the way in front.

From photographs observed later in the day on November 22, 1963, I identified this individual as LEE OSWALD.

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM 880 /wvm Date dictated 11/23/63

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DL 89-43
JWB:tjd

On November 29, 1963, Det. C. W. BROWN, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised SA JAMES W. BOOKHOUT that the following are the Dallas Police Department officers who first arrested LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the Texas Theater, November 22, 1963. BROWN stated that personal contact with OSWALD was made by said officers in the order listed below:

1. M. N. MC DONALD, uniformed officer, Radio Patrol Division
2. T. A. HUTSON, uniformed officer, Traffic Division
3. C. T. WALKER, uniformed officer, Traffic Division
4. RAY HAWKINS, uniformed officer, Traffic Division.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-9-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

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WILLIAM J. LOWERY, Manager, Shoehaven, Oak Cliff Section, Dallas, Texas, advised that on November 22, 1963, he was listening to Radio Station KLIF concerning reports of the assassination of former PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. All during the afternoon the KLIF announcer was quoting Dallas police officers who arrested OSWALD as having said OSWALD made the statement when arrested, "I've killed the President, I've killed a cop, now I've got two more to kill." MR. LOWERY advised at approximately 6 P.M. when he was driving home and listening to Radio Station KLIF the announcer stated that this statement by OSWALD could not be confirmed, since the official police report did not have this statement in it.

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. (HM) Date dictated 11/29/63

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VI. Interviews with Lee Harvey Oswald and Relatives

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed by Captain WILL FRITZ of the Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department. Special Agents JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. and JAMES W. BOOKHOUT were present during this interview. When the Agents entered the interview room at 3:15 p.m., Captain FRITZ had been previously interviewing LEE HARVEY OSWALD for an undetermined period of time. Both Agents identified themselves to OSWALD and advised him they were law enforcement officers and anything he said could be used against him. OSWALD at this time adopted a violent attitude toward the FBI and both Agents and made many uncomplimentary remarks about the FBI. OSWALD requested that Captain FRITZ remove the cuffs from him, it being noted that OSWALD was handcuffed with his hands behind him. Captain FRITZ had one of his detectives remove the handcuffs and handcuff OSWALD with his hands in front of him.

Captain FRITZ asked OSWALD if he ever owned a rifle and OSWALD stated that he had observed a MR. TRUELY (phonetic), a supervisor at the Texas Schoolbook Depository on November 20, 1963, display a rifle to some individuals in his office on the first floor of the Texas Schoolbook Depository, but denied ever owning a rifle himself. OSWALD stated that he had never been in Mexico except to Tijuana on one occasion. However, he admitted to Captain FRITZ to having resided in the Soviet Union for three yeaws where he has many friends and relatives of his wife.

OSWALD also admitted that he was the secretary for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New Orleans, Louisiana a few months ago. OSWALD stated that the Fair Play for Cuba Committee has its headquarters in New York City. OSWALD admitted to having received an award for marksmanship while a member of the U.S. Marine Corps. He further admitted that he was living at 1026 N. Beckley in Dallas, Texas, under the name of O. H. LEE. OSWALD admitted that he was present in the Texas Schoolbook Depository on November 22, 1963, where he has been employed since October 15, 1963. OSWALD stated that as a laborer, he has access to the entire building which has offices on the first and second

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. and JAMES W. BOOKHOUT /wvm Date dictated 11/23/63

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floors and storage on the third and fourth, as well as the fifth and sixth floors. OSWALD stated that he went to lunch at approximately noon and he claimed he ate his lunch on the first floor in the lunchroom; however he went to the second floor where the Coca-Cola machine was located and obtained a bottle of Coca-Cola for his lunch. OSWALD claimed to be on the first floor when President JOHN F. KENNEDY passed this building.

After hearing what had happened, he said that because of all the confusion there would be no work performed that afternoon so he decided to go home. OSWALD stated he then went home by bus and changed his clothes and went to a movie. OSWALD admitted to carrying a pistol with him to this movie stating he did this because he felt like it, giving no other reason. OSWALD further admitted attempting to fight the Dallas police officers who arrested him in this movie theater when he received a cut and a bump.

OSWALD frantically denied shooting Dallas police officer ~~TIPPIT~~ Tippit or shooting President JOHN F. KENNEDY. The interview was concluded at 4:05 p.m. when OSWALD was removed for a lineup.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, interviewed in offices of the Dallas Police Department, was advised that he did not have to make any statement, any statement he made could be used against him in court and of his right to an attorney. He was requested to furnish descriptive and biographical data concerning himself.

The following was obtained from his responses and examination of contents of his wallet:

OSWALD declined to explain his possession of a photograph of a Selective Service card in the name of "ALEK JAMES HIDELL".

When interview had been substantially completed and OSWALD was asked as to his present employment, he stated he thought perhaps interview to obtain descriptive information was too prolonged, that he had declined to be interviewed by any other officers previously, and did not desire to be interviewed by this agent. He remarked "I know your tactics - there is a similar agency in Russia. You are using the soft touch and, of course, the procedure in Russia would be quite different."

OSWALD was advised questions were intended to obtain his complete physical description and background. Upon repetition of the question as to his present employment, he furnished same without further discussion.

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	October 18, 1939
Place of Birth	New Orleans, Louisiana
Height	5' 9"
Weight	140
Hair	Medium brown, worn medium length, needs haircut
Eyes	Blue-gray
Scars	No tattoos or permanent scars
Relatives	Mother - MARGUERITE OSWALD, unknown address, Arlington, Texas, practical nurse (has not seen for about one year)

Mrs. Robert Lee Oswald

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS / mac Date dictated 11/23/63

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Relatives (cont'd)	Father - ROBERT LEE OSWALD, deceased, August 31, 1939, New Orleans, Louisiana Wife - MARINA; two infant children Brothers - JOHN OSWALD, address unknown, last known at Fort Worth, Texas, five or six years ago, age about 30, works with pharmaceuticals, but not graduate pharmacist; ROBERT OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas (wife - VADA, two small children), works for brick company (believed Acme)
Dress at Time of Interview	Black trousers, brown "salt and pepper", long sleeved shirt, bareheaded
Contents of Wallet	Had card in possession, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Social Security No. 433-54-3937 Photo of Selective Service System card with photo of OSWALD, "Notice of Classification" and name "ALEK JAMES HIDELL, SSN 42-224-39-5321". Card shows classification IV (?). Bears date February 5, 1962, reverse side shows card from Texas Local Board, 400 West Vickery, Fort Worth, Texas. Card shows erasures and retyping of the information indicated and bears longhand signature "ALEK J. HIDELL". Signature of member or clerk of local board (indistinct, may be GOOD ____. Local Board 114, Fort Worth, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, SSN 41-114-39-532, address 3124 West 5th Street, Fort Worth, Texas, registered September 14, 1959. Date of birth October 18, 1939, New Orleans, 5' 11", 150 lbs., blue eyes, brown hair. Mrs. ZOLA Z. BURGER, Clerk.

Snapshot photo of woman, apparently wife

Snapshot photo of infant

White card with longhand, "Embassy USSR, 1609 Decatur, NW, Washington, D. C., Consular GRZHUYBHKO" (indistinct)

Department of Defense Identification No. N4,271,617, issued to LEE H. OSWALD, expiration date December 7, 1962, Private First Class, E-2, MCR/INAC, Service No. 1653230. Card shows date of birth October 18, 1939, 5' 11", 145 lbs., brown hair, gray eyes.

Dallas Public Library card, undated, expiration date December 7, 1965, issued to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 602 Elsbeth, Dallas, school or business - Jaggers - Chiles - Stovall, followed by the name JACK L BOWEN, 1916 Stevens Forest Drive, WH 8-8997.

Dallas Texas

U. S. Forces, Japan Identification card issued to LEE H. OSWALD, Private, Service No. 1653230, organization - MACS-1 MAG-11 1st MAW. Identification card #00646, issued, May 8, 1958. Date of birth October 18, 1939, American.

Card, "Compliments GA - JO Enkanko Hotel, telephone number ED 5-0755 of reverse side.

Certificate of Service in Armed Forces of United States, issued to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 1653230, reflected honorably served on active duty, U. S. Marine Corps, October 24, 1956 - September 11, 1959.

DL 89-43

Card of "Fair Play for Cuba Committee, 799 Broadway, New York 3, New York, telephone OREgon 4-8295", issued to LEE H. OSWALD, May 28, 1963, filed by V. T. LEE as Executive Secretary

Card of "Fair Play for Cuba, New Orleans Chapter", issued to L. H. OSWALD, June 13, 1963, filed by A. T.(?) HIDELL, Chapter President (note name HIDELL on fictitious Selective Service card)

Selective Service notice of classification card to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Selective Service No. 41-114-39-532, IV-A, dated February 2, 1960, from Local Board 114, Fort Worth, Texas

$13.00 in currency, consisting of one $5.00 bill and eight $1.00 bills

Residence — 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, phone BL 3-1628 (residence of wife for past five weeks)

Room in rooming house, 1026 North Beckley, for about five weeks. Phone number unknown.

Previous Residences — 4706 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, no phone (about three months)

602 Elsbeth, no phone (about seven months), Dallas, Texas

Unrecalled street in Fort Worth, Texas, (a few months), with brother in Fort Worth, Texas, for a few months.

Previously in Soviet Union, until July, 1962.

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DL 89-43

Occupations

Photography - Jaggers - Chiles - Stovall, 522 Browder, Dallas, Texas

Factory worker, William B. Riley Company (Coffee and Coffee Canisters), 644 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana

Unemployed for several months

Employed with Texas State Book Depository, Dallas, Texas, September, 1963, stock work, filing orders, etc.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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LEE HARVEY OSWALD was interviewed at the Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, by Captain J. W. FRITZ in the presence of Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT, Federal Bureau of Investigation. OSWALD was advised of the identity and official capacity of said agent and the fact that he did not have to make any statement, that any statement he did make could be used in a court of law against him, and that any statement made must be free and voluntary and that he had the right to consult with an attorney.

OSWALD stated that he did not own any rifle. He advised that he saw a rifle day before yesterday at the Texas School Book Depository which MR. TRULY and two other gentlemen had in their possession and were looking at.

OSWALD stated that on November 22, 1963, at the time of the search of the Texas School Book Depository building by Dallas police officers, he was on the second floor of said building, having just purchased a Coca-cola from the soft-drink machine, at which time a police officer came into the room with pistol drawn and asked him if he worked there. MR. TRULY was present and verified that he was an employee and the police officer thereafter left the room and continued through the building. OSWALD stated that he took this Coke down to the first floor and stood around and had lunch in the employees lunch room. He thereafter went outside and stood around for five or ten minutes with foreman BILL SHELLEY, and thereafter went home. He stated that he left work because, in his opinion, based upon remarks of BILL SHELLEY, he did not believe that there was going to be any more work that day due to the confusion in the building. He stated after arriving at his residence, then he went to a movie, where he was subsequently apprehended by the Dallas Police Department.

OSWALD stated that his hours of work at the Texas School Book Depository are from 8 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., but that he is not required to punch a time clock. His usual place of work in the building is on the first floor; however, he frequently is required to go to the fourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh floors of the building in order to get books and

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT /wvm Date dictated 11/24/63

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this was true on November 22, 1963, and he had been on all of the floors in the performance of his duties on November 22, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

LEE HARVEY OSWALD was interviewed by Captain J. W. FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department. OSWALD was advised of the identity of SA JAMES W. BOOKHOUT, and his capacity as a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. He was informed of his right to an attorney, that any statement he might make could be used against him in a court of law, and that any statement which he might make must be free and voluntary. He furnished the following information in the presence of T. J. [redacted], U.S. Secret Service; DAVID B. GRANT, Secret Service; ROBERT I. NASH, United States Marshall; and Detectives BILLY L. SENKEL and FAY M. TURNER of the Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department.

Following his departure from the Texas School Book Depository, he boarded a city bus to his residence and obtained transfer upon departure from the bus. He stated that officers at the time of arresting him took his transfer out of his pocket.

OSWALD advised that he had only one post office box which was at Dallas, Texas. He denied bringing any package to work on the morning of November 22, 1963. He stated that he was not in the process of fixing up his apartment and he denied telling WESLEY FRAZIER that the purpose of his visit to Irving, Texas, on the night of November 21, 1963, was to obtain some curtain rods from MRS. RUTH PAINE.

OSWALD stated that it was not exactly true as recently stated by him that he rode a bus from his place of employment to his residence on November 22, 1963. He stated actually he did board a city bus at his place of employment but that after about a block or two, due to traffic congestion, he left the bus and rode a city cab to his apartment on North Beckley. He recalled that at the time of getting into the cab, some lady looked in and asked the driver to call her a cab. He stated that he might have made some remarks to the cab driver merely for the purpose of passing the time of day at that time. He recalled that

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT/wvm Date dictated 11/24/63

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his fare was approximately 85 cents. He stated that after arriving at his apartment, he changed his shirt and trousers because they were dirty. He described his dirty clothes as being a reddish colored, long sleeved, shirt with a button-down collar and gray colored trousers. He indicated that he had placed these articles of clothing in the lower drawer of his dresser.

OSWALD stated that on November 22, 1963, he had eaten lunch in the lunch room at the Texas School Book Depository, alone, but recalled possibly two Negro employees walking through the room during this period. He stated possibly one of these employees was called "Junior" and the other was a short individual whose name he could not recall but whom he would be able to recognize. He stated that his lunch had consisted of a cheese sandwich and an apple which he had obtained at MRS. RUTH PAINE's residence in Irving, Texas, upon his leaving for work that morning.

OSWALD stated that MRS. PAINE receives no pay for keeping his wife and children at her residence. He stated that their presence in MRS. PAINE's residence is a good arrangement for her because of her language interest, indicating that his wife speaks Russian and MRS. PAINE is interested in the Russian language.

OSWALD denied having kept a rifle in MRS. PAINE's garage at Irving, Texas, but stated that he did have certain articles stored in her garage, consisting of two sea bags, a couple of suitcases, and several boxes of kitchen articles and also kept his clothes at MRS. PAINE's residence. He stated that all of the articles in MRS. PAINE's garage had been brought there about September, 1963, from New Orleans, Louisiana.

OSWALD stated that he has had no visitors at his apartment on North Beckley.

OSWALD stated that he has no receipts for purchase of any guns and has never ordered any guns and does not own a rifle nor has he ever possessed a rifle.

OSWALD denied that he is a member of the Communist Party.

OSWALD stated that he purchased a pistol, which was taken off him by police officers November 22, 1963, about

six months ago. He declined to state where he had purchased it.

OSWALD stated that he arrived about July, 1962, from USSR and was interviewed by the FBI at Fort Worth, Texas. He stated that he felt they overstepped their bounds and had used various tactics in interviewing him.

He further complained that on interview of RUTH PAINE by the FBI regarding his wife, that he felt that his wife was intimidated.

OSWALD stated that he desired to contact Attorney ABT, New York City, indicating that ABT was the attorney who had defended the Smith Act case about 1949 - 1950. He stated that he does not know Attorney ABT personally. Captain FRITZ advised OSWALD that arrangements would be immediately made whereby he could call Attorney ABT.

OSWALD stated that prior to coming to Dallas from New Orleans he had resided at a furnished apartment at 4706 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. While in New Orleans, he had been employed by WILLIAM B. RILEY Company, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans.

OSWALD stated that he has nothing against President JOHN F. KENNEDY personally; however in view of the present charges against him, he did not desire to discuss this phase further.

OSWALD stated that he would not agree to take a polygraph examination without the advice of counsel. He added that in the past he has refused to take polygraph examinations.

OSWALD stated that he is a member of the American Civil Liberties Union and added that MRS. RUTH PAINE was also a member of same.

With regard to Selective Service card in the possession of OSWALD bearing photograph of OSWALD and the name of ALEK JAMES HIDELL, OSWALD admitted that he carried this Selective Service card but declined to state that he wrote the signature of ALEK J. HIDELL appearing on same. He further declined to state the purpose of carrying same or any use he has made of same.

OSWALD stated that an address book in his possession contains the names of various Russian immigrants residing in Dallas, Texas, whom he has visited with.

OSWALD denied shooting President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963, and added that he did not know that Governor JOHN CONNALLY had been shot and denied any knowledge concerning this incident.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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LEE HARVEY OSWALD was interviewed at the Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, at 6:35 p.m., by Captain J. W. FRITZ in the presence of Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT, Federal Bureau of Investigation. OSWALD was advised of the identity and official capacity of said Agent and the fact that he did not have to make any statement, that any statement he did make could be used in a court of law against him, and that any statement made must be free and voluntary and that he had the right to consult with an attorney.

Captain J. W. FRITZ exhibited to LEE HARVEY OSWALD a photograph which had been obtained by the Dallas Police Department in a search, by search warrant, of the garage at the residence of MRS. RUTH PAINE, located at Irving, Texas, which photograph reflects OSWALD holding a rifle and wearing a holstered pistol. OSWALD was asked if this was a photograph of himself. OSWALD stated that he would not discuss the photograph without advice of an attorney. He stated that the head of the individual in the photograph could be his but that it was entirely possible that the Police Department had superimposed this part of the photograph over the body of someone else. He pointed out that numerous news media had snapped his photograph during the day and the possibility existed that the police had doctored up this photograph.

OSWALD denied that he had purchased any rifle from Kleins Store in Chicago, Illinois.

OSWALD complained of a lineup wherein he had not been granted a request to put on a jacket similar to those worn by some of the other individuals in the lineup.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT /wvm Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/23/63

MARINA OSWALD, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, phone BLackburn 3-1628, was interviewed at the Dallas Police Department through interpreters Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, phone BLackburn 3-1628, and ILYA A MANANTOV, 6911 East Mockingbird Lane, Dallas, TAylor 1-2817, inasmuch as MARINA OSWALD speaks only the Russian language.

OSWALD advised that she is the wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She will have been married to OSWALD three years April, 1964, having married him in Minsk, U.S.S.R.

She arrived with her husband June 13, 1962, in the United States of America at New York City. They immediately came to Fort Worth, Texas, and resided with ROBERT OSWALD; who is the brother of her husband. ROBERT OSWALD now resides in Denton, Texas. After staying one month with ROBERT OSWALD, they rented an apartment in Fort Worth, Texas. About October, 1962, they moved to Dallas, Texas, and rented an apartment on Elsbeth Street and thereafter moved to an apartment on Neely Street. About May, 1963, they moved to New Orleans, Louisiana. MARINA OSWALD moved back to Dallas about September 24, 1963, and LEE HARVEY OSWALD moved to Dallas about two weeks later. About October 15, 1963, LEE HARVEY was employed by the Texas School Book Depository. He has been renting a room (at 1026 North Beckley, Dallas) and visits her on the weekends at 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving.

On the night of November 21, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD spent the night with her at 2515 West Fifth. He left early on the morning of November 22, 1963, before she or Mrs. RUTH PAINE awakened.

MARINA OSWALD advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD owned a rifle which he used in Russia about two years ago. She observed what she presumed to be the same rifle in a blanket in the garage at 2515 West Fifth, Irving. On November 22, 1963, she observed the same blanket in the garage but the rifle was missing. MARINA OSWALD stated that on November 22, 1963, she had been shown a rifle in the Dallas Police Department, reportedly found at the Texas School Book

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT/cah Date dictated 11/23/63

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Depository, and was unable to positively identify it as the same one she had observed in the above mentioned garage. She stated that it was a dark color like the one she had seen, but she did not recall the sight. She stated she had never closely observed the rifle seen in the garage and that she would not be able to identify it if seen again, as all guns looked alike to her.

MARINA OSWALD added that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had not been back to 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, anytime during the day of November 22, 1963, after he left early that morning.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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On this date, MARINA OSWALD, residence 2515 W. 5th Street, Irving, Texas, was interviewed at the Adolphus Hotel with the assistance of Dr. MARIA ADELMAN, 3144 D. Hudnall, Dallas, Texas, who interpreted the English questions of SA ODUM into Russian and interpreted MARINA OSWALD's Russian replies into English.

SA ODUM advised MARINA OSWALD that he was a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and MARINA OSWALD observed his credentials. She was advised she did not have to make any statement but that any statement she did make might be used against her in a court of law and that she was entitled to an attorney. She was also advised that it was desired that she be interviewed for any information that would assist in the solution of the assassination of President JOHN KENNEDY.

She stated she had no additional information to furnish and expressed dislike for the FBI since the FBI had investigated her and her husband previously and knew everything they had done since they arrived in the United States. She also stated she desired to help her husband, LEE OSWALD, and that she did not desire to be interviewed by representatives of the FBI.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM and ROBERT J. ANDERSON:vm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

2515 West Fall
Irving, Texas

NY Date 11/28/63

LA RUSSIA

Mrs. MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD was interviewed in the Russian language by SA LEON I. GOPADZE of the U. S. Secret Service, with SA MAX D. PHILLIPS of the U. S. Secret Service also present. SA GOPADZE introduced himself as Mr. LEE, an agent of the Government, and introduced the two interviewing FBI agents as agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

At the outset of the interview, before SA GOPADZE could advise MARINA OSWALD of her constitutional rights, she stated, "Do I have a right not to answer questions if I do not want to." MARINA OSWALD was advised she did not have to talk if she did not want to, that she had a right to an attorney, and anything she did say could be used against her.

She was asked if she would mind answering questions that were to be asked. She replied that she did not wish to be asked anything, as anything she had to say she had said before and she had no further information.

MARINA OSWALD was advised that there were many unanswered questions and would she care to be asked these questions. She replied that she was tired and worried about one of her children, who was slightly ill, and for this reason she did not care to be interviewed. She was told that her cooperation in this investigation was needed and she was asked whether she would consider an interview at a later date or on some other occasion. She indicated that she did not wish to be interviewed.

MARINA OSWALD stated the Government knows all the facts and she has no further facts except what is known to the Government. MARINA OSWALD stated she did not have a friendly attitude toward the FBI because she felt the FBI had caused her husband to lose his job following his arrest in New Orleans for distributing pro-Castro literature and disturbing the peace.

When asked if she intended to stay in the United States, MARINA OSWALD stated she would like to stay in the United States because of her children and to be near where her husband is buried. She then asked for assurance that she would be allowed to stay in the United States and she was advised that this was a matter coming under the jurisdiction of the Immigration and Naturalization

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on 11/27/63 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents CHARLES T. BROWN, JR., and JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. / mac Date dictated 11/28/63

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Service. She was advised that the Government needs her cooperation and this might help. MARINA OSWALD then stated if she was not allowed to stay in the United States, then that was all right also. When asked how she intended to live and support her children, she stated she would find some type of work. She was then advised that if she cooperated with the Government this could be of some assistance to her.

MARINA OSWALD then stated she was tired of answering questions. When told that the Government only wanted the facts, she stated she had the same facts as everyone else and no other. MARINA OSWALD was then asked if she ever had any conversations with her husband about former President JOHN F. KENNEDY. MARINA OSWALD stated "No." She was then asked if her husband, LEE OSWALD, ever indicated in any way that he intended to kill former President KENNEDY. She stated "No, I feel he did not do it because he never spoke against President KENNEDY at any time." When asked if he had ever said anything against Texas Governor JOHN CONNALLY, she stated she could not recall any statements that LEE OSWALD made against Texas Governor JOHN CONNALLY. When asked if LEE OSWALD could have had a grudge against Texas Governor CONNALLY, she stated she did not know. MARINA OSWALD then stated "I swear before God that LEE OSWALD did not intend to kill President KENNEDY." When asked if she believed in God, MARINA OSWALD stated she has believed in God since the death of her mother. When asked if she was a Christian, she said "Yes." MARINA OSWALD was then asked if she knew any of her husband's associates, and she stated "No," that LEE OSWALD was a "loner" and was always by himself. MARINA OSWALD also stated her husband never expressed political views or opinions to her since he felt that women did not belong in politics. When asked if LEE OSWALD had any friends in Russia, she stated "No," as he was a "loner" in Russia also and he was always reading Marxist books, such as "Das Kapital." MARINA OSWALD stated that one time she became so exasperated with LEE OSWALD she asked him "What are you trying to do, start another revolution?" She stated that LEE OSWALD was strong-willed and stubborn; he was hot-headed and had his own ideas about everything. MARINA OSWALD was asked if she had ever seen LEE OSWALD with a gun and she stated "No." When asked if she had ever seen him go hunting, MARINA OSWALD stated there was no place around Dallas or Fort Worth where he could hunt and he had no transportation to go hunting and could not drive an automobile.

When asked if she would like to have another visit from the FBI , she stated that there is no reason for another visit. MARINA OSWALD stated that she was treated satisfactorily, however, she hoped she would not be bothered again, that the Government has all the facts and in her mind, due to what has been told her, she is satisfied that LEE OSWALD had killed President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

MARINA OSWALD was then asked if she would help furnish additional facts so that it might be possible to clear her husband, LEE OSWALD, if he had not killed the President. MARINA OSWALD stated if she knew any additional facts she would furnish them to clear up the case. She stated that "the Government knows more than I do".

The conversation was momentarily interrupted, at which time MARINA OSWALD snapped "Let's come to the business of this conversation". MARINA OSWALD then requested termination of the interview and it was discontinued immediately at this point.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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ROBERT LEE OSWALD, 109 Sierra, Denton, Texas, employed by the Acme Brick Company, Denton, was interviewed at the Dallas Police Department regarding his brother, LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He advised his brother, LEE, had been in the United States Marine Corps and had gone to Russia as he recalled, on Halloween day, 1959. During the time that his brother was in Russia, he received a number of letters from him when he first went there and subsequently his brother stopped writing until approximately March or April, 1961. At that time he received a letter from his brother advising him that he had married a Russian girl and indicated in the letter that he was trying to get back to the United States. Subsequently, his brother and his Russian wife returned to the United States in June, 1962, in New York, and came to live with ROBERT OSWALD at his residence in Fort Worth, Texas. LEE OSWALD resided with ROBERT OSWALD for approximately two months and during this time LEE never indicated to ROBERT OSWALD why he had gone to Russia or why he had returned. During this time, LEE told ROBERT that he had received a dishonorable discharge from the Marine Corps and he was going to try to have it rectified. He then understood his brother had written Secretary of the Navy CONNALLY regarding his discharge and as he recalled, had also written Congressman WRIGHT in regard to this matter. Subsequently, his brother moved into a duplex located near Montgomery Ward in Fort Worth and contacted a number of employment agencies and was put in touch with one Mr. GREGORY in Fort Worth, Texas. Mr. GREGORY, according to ROBERT OSWALD, is a consultant in the oil business in Fort Worth, and a man who speaks Russian fluently and GREGORY allegedly wrote some letters of recommendation of employment for OSWALD. On two or three occasions, Mr. GREGORY, whom ROBERT OSWALD described as a white male, 55 to early 60's, 6'1" - 6'2", well dressed and distinguished looking, as well as his son, name unrecalled, described by OSWALD as white male, age 20, sandy hair, 5'11" to 6' tall, 170 pounds, visited with his brother, LEE, and his wife at ROBERT OSWALD's residence in Fort Worth. At this time it was alleged to ROBERT OSWALD that Mr. GREGORY's son was attending either Oklahoma University or Oklahoma State University, where he was studying Russian and wanted to increase his knowledge in that subject.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents RICHARD E. HARRISON and JOHN V. ALMON/cah Date dictated 11/23/63

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MARINA OSWALD indicated to ROBERT OSWALD that Mr. GREGORY's son was not very good in the Russian language for the length of time that he had studied it. Subsequently, after LEE OSWALD had moved to a duplex near Montgomery Ward, in Fort Worth, ROBERT OSWALD stopped by their residence on a number of occasions and on one occasion Mr. GREGORY's son was at their residence at which time he understood LEE OSWALD's wife, MARINA, was tutoring him in Russian. ROBERT OSWALD mentioned that a friend with whom he worked in Fort Worth, ERNEST FENDER, JR., knew Mr. GREGORY and referred to him as "the mad Russian". Subsequently ROBERT OSWALD was transferred by his company to Arkansas and approximately two months ago was transferred to his present position with Acme Brick in Denton, Texas. Since his transfer to Arkansas, OSWALD has only had a Post Office Box in Dallas, through which he could contact his brother, LEE, and did not know if he had traveled outside the State of Texas to New Orleans or other places since the time that ROBERT OSWALD had left Fort Worth, Texas.

ROBERT OSWALD recalled his brother had gone as far as the ninth grade in school and he considers his brother, LEE OSWALD, to be at least average or slightly above average intelligence. He advised the only gun he ever knew his brother to own was a .22 caliber rifle which they had when they were boys and in fact, he, ROBERT, had bought the gun from LEE for $10. as he recalled. LEE had never displayed to him any particular interest in guns or marksmanship and further, LEE OSWALD to ROBERT's knowledge, had never owned an automobile or ever had a driver's license. On his return from Russia, ROBERT inquired of LEE if he would like for him to teach him (LEE) how to drive to which LEE replied he felt he would find out soon enough.

During his association with his brother since his return from Russia he stated LEE knew the Russian language and both he and his wife talked at all times in the Russian language, as she knew no English.

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From the gist of the letters his brother had written, he, LEE, indicated he disliked Russia although since his return from that country, he had never actually told ROBERT OSWALD that he did not, in fact, like Russia.

ROBERT OSWALD advised that he served in the United States Marine Corps for three years from 1952 to 1955, rising to the rank of Sergeant, stating 18 months of this time was spent in Korea and he subsequently received an honorable discharge. He at the present time has a half-brother, JOHN E. PICK, who is in the United States Air Force. He advised he resides in Denton, Texas, with his wife, VADA, and his daughter, KATHY, age 6, and son, ROBERT, age 2½ years, and he stated his mother, MARGUERITE OSWALD, resides in Fort Worth, Texas, and his father, ROBERT L. OSWALD, Sr., is deceased.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

D.C.

Date 11/22/63

At 5:26 PM, Mrs. MARGUERITE CLAVERIE OSWALD, 2220 Thomas Place, Fort Worth, Texas, was interviewed, at which time she was advised that she did not have to make any statement, any statement she did make could be used in a court of law, and further that she had the right to consult an attorney before making a statement. Mrs. OSWALD stated she desired to make a statement to a representative of the Government from Washington. SAs CHARLES T. BROWN, JR. and W. HARLAN BROWN had previously identified themselves to Mrs. OSWALD as being Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and as representing this Bureau with headquarters in Washington, D. C. During the interview, Mrs. OSWALD said she did not desire to make a written statement in this matter.

Mrs. OSWALD advised she is a practical nurse. She stated LEE HARVEY OSWALD is her son and he was born October 19, 1939, at New Orleans, Louisiana. She has another son, ROBERT OSWALD, a Certified Public Accountant, who resides in Denton, Texas, and another son in the U. S. Air Force during the past 15 years, whereabouts of whom is unknown.

When LEE HARVEY OSWALD was approximately 5 years of age, she moved with her family from New Orleans, Louisiana, to Fort Worth, Texas. LEE HARVEY OSWALD attained 11th grade at Arlington Heights High School in Fort Worth after having attended grammar schools in the same city.

At the age of 17, LEE HARVEY OSWALD entered the Marine Corps, serving in that organization for approximately two years until he received a "dire need" discharge. At the time of his discharge Mrs. OSWALD was ill and after the Red Cross had investigated her illness, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was discharged from the service. When he returned home to Fort Worth, it was her recollection that he remained at home for about three days and left her home for the purpose of going to work. She stated she received a letter postmarked New Orleans, Louisiana, which stated that he was going to Europe aboard a ship. She said that the next time she heard of her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was when she read in the newspapers that he was in the U.S.S.R. The newspaper accounts showed that he had defected to the Soviets; however, Mrs. OSWALD said she could not believe this because he had never expressed an affinity for Communism, nor had he been known to belong to any hate groups or use words which would indicate hatred for anyone. It was her

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent W. HARLAN BROWN and CHARLES T. BROWN, JR. /rmb Date dictated 11/22/63

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recollection that he went to Russia about 1958 and remained there about 2½ years.

About February, 1960, Mrs. OSWALD stated she made a trip to Washington, D. C., and while there had a conference with State Department officials there whom she described as top officials in the State Department. She stated they were GENE BOSTER, officer in charge of Soviet affairs, DENMAN STANFIELD, Office of Special Consular Service, and ED HICKEY, Deputy Director of the Passport Department. She also said she had the telephone number of Secretary of State DEAN RUSK, but never contacted him. She did talk to Mr. RUSK's secretary who, in turn, made her appointment with BOSTER, STANFIELD and HICKEY.

After her return to her home in Fort Worth, Texas, the State Department wrote her giving the address of her son about three weeks later. She stated she felt this was strange in that the State Department had professed no knowledge of his whereabouts when she was in Washington. The State Department first informed her that he had gone to Finland and later told her that he was living in Minsk, U.S.S.R. She said that her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, did not have any knowledge of her having gone to Washington and does not have such knowledge at the present time. She said the State Department arranged for him to return to the United States with his wife MARINA, a Soviet citizen who is still a Soviet alien. She stated had her son remained in Russia, she would have written the newspaper concerning her son's life before he went to the U.S.S.R. She did not know why he had defected as he had never indicated any sympathy for Russia and "loved" the Marines. At one time LEE HARVEY OSWALD stated in a letter to her that she should have no fear because he would never become a Russian citizen. She stated that he held no animosity toward anyone as far as she knew, but never had any close friends.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that LEE HARVEY's wife MARINA was a registered pharmacist in the Soviet Union and spoke French fluently, in addition to Russian. When she last heard from MARINA, she was trying to learn English.

It was Mrs. OSWALD'S recollection LEE HARVEY OSWALD returned to the United States about the last of September, 1962, and stayed with a brother for about a week or two before they moved to her home, where LEE HARVEY and his wife stayed about one month.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that about a year ago, or a little more, LEE HARVEY OSWALD kissed her good-bye and she stated she had

not heard from him since that time, but inspfar as she knew he had moved to Dallas. She did know that they had one child and that he had had difficulty in finding employment in Fort Worth because no one wanted a defected Communist in his employ.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she had never seen a rifle or any other firearms in LEE HARVEY's possession at any time and did not know anything about his activities during the past year. She could not give any information regarding the friends or associates of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, nor did she know anything concerning any organizations to which he belonged.

Mrs. OSWALD did not believe that her son had actually defected to Russia, stating he could have been shanghaied and made to remain there, although she said this was her opinion only.

During her son's Marine service, she recalled he was in the "Formosa crisis" in the summer of 1957 or 1958, having entered the Marine Corps about 1956 and being released in September, October, or November, 1958.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that her son was a brilliant boy and wanted to attend college. He did receive a high-school diploma while a member of the U. S. Marines. She stated that she raised LEE HARVEY OSWALD as an orphan because his father died before he was born.

While in high school he played football, belonged to the Y.M.C.A. and seemed to get along with others, but had no friends. He was aloof, spending spare time reading, listening to the radio and television and playing monopoly. Mrs. OSWALD stated she worked as a practical nurse and on many occasions did not have the money to pay for her children's lunches. While her sons were in school, they came home before she did almost every afternoon. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, she stated, had never caused her any trouble and she did not know of any instances in which he had been arrested. Her son, ROBERT OSWALD, attended Texas Christian University and ~~MARINA~~ VADA attended that school for a short time.

She read in the papers that LEE HARVEY spoke Russian fluently and it was her belief if this were true he studied Russian in the service. He had never had any mental trouble and had never been examined by a psychiatrist at any time, Mrs. OSWALD stated. He at no time indicated any animosity toward the Government of the United States or the President.

VII. Crime Scene and Related Searches and Results of FBI Laboratory and Other Related Examinations

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

SA JOHN JOE HOWLETT, U. S. Secret Service, Dallas, advised that with the aid of a surveyor and through the use of 8 millimeter movie films depicting President JOHN F. KENNEDY being struck by assassin's bullets on November 22, 1963, HOWLETT was able to ascertain that the distance from the window ledge of the farthest window to the east in the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building, 411 Elm Street, to where the President was struck the first time in the neck was approximately 170 feet. He stated this distance would be accurate within two or three feet. The distance from the same window ledge to the spot where President KENNEDY was struck in the head by the assassin's bullet was approximately 260 feet. Mr. HOWLETT stated that Secret Service Agents, using the 8 millimeter film had been unable to ascertain the exact location where Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY was struck.

SA HOWLETT advised that it had been ascertained from the movies that President KENNEDY was struck with the first and third shots fired by the assassin, while Gov. CONNALLY was struck with the second shot. SA HOWLETT stated the window referred to above was the one from which the shots were fired and faces south.

D.C.

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

ROBERT M. BARRETT

by Special Agents and IVAN D. LEE/sl Date dictated 11/29/63

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DL 89-43

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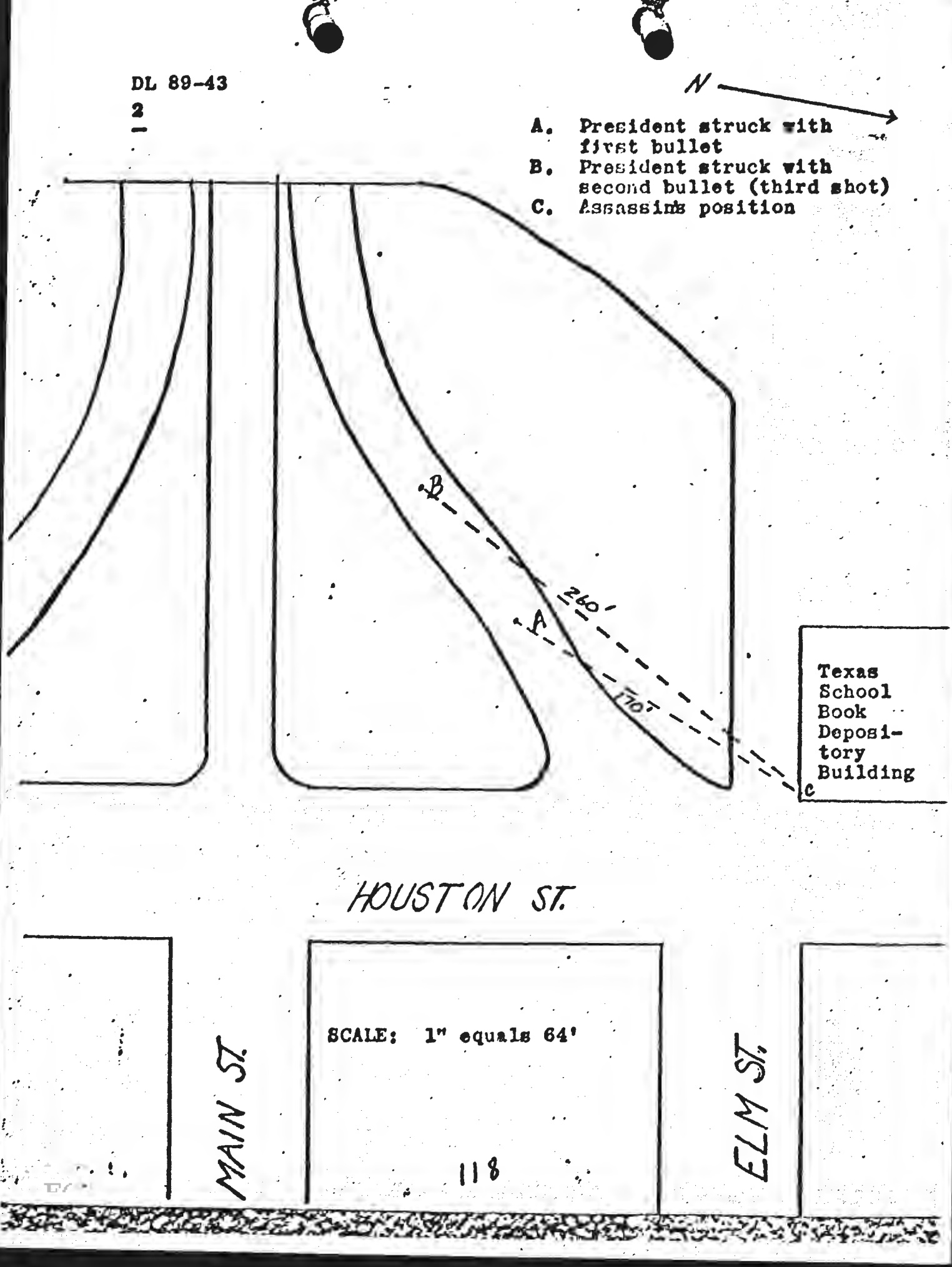
N
A. President struck with first bullet
B. President struck with second bullet (third shot)
C. Assassins position
B
A
C
260'
110'
Texas School Book Depository Building
HOUSTON ST.
MAIN ST.
ELM ST.
SCALE: 1" equals 64'

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

A crime scene search was made of the pertinent areas of the Texas School Book Depository building located at 411 Elm.

On the sixth floor, the area around the window from which the assassin shot President JOHN F. KENNEDY was searched for physical evidence with negative results.

The aisleways leading from the window to the sixth floor stairway and the area where the rifle was located were also searched for physical evidence. These checks were met with negative results.

The employees' lunchroom on the second floor, where the Dallas Police Department officer observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and the immediate area between the lunchroom and the stairway were also searched for evidence, but nothing of an evidentiary nature was found.

On the first floor of the building the office space, the hallways, and exits were searched for evidence. These checks also met with negative results.

The enclosed stairways leading from the first to the sixth floor were also searched with negative results.

During the search, photographs were taken of the pertinent areas where the assassin fired the rifle, the hallways on the sixth floor, the location where the rifle was found, the sixth floor stairway, the lunchroom on the second floor, and the hallway on the first floor. These photographs are being maintained in the Dallas file.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT M. BARRETT & IVAN D. LEE /rmb Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

A survey was made at the Texas School Book Depository building, Dallas, Texas, in an effort to determine the time required to go from the window on the sixth floor where it is believed that shots were fired in the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY to the front door of the Texas School Book Depository building. Several methods of travel were utilized in this survey and the travel was done at a fast walk except in areas where an individual would have walked at a normal pace so as not to arouse suspicion. The following results were obtained from the methods of travel described.

1. Walking from window on sixth floor to stairway, walking down stairway to first floor, and walking from stairway to front door: 1 minute 45 seconds

2. Walking from window on sixth floor to freight elevator which was on the sixth floor, riding freight elevator to first floor and walking from freight elevator to front door: 1 minute 54 seconds

3. Walking from window on sixth floor to freight elevator, calling freight elevator from first floor to sixth floor, riding freight elevator from sixth floor to first floor, and walking from freight elevator to front door: 2 minutes 33 seconds

4. Walking from window on sixth floor to stairway, walking down stairway to fourth floor, walking from stairway to passenger elevator which was on the fourth floor, riding passenger elevator to first floor, and walking to front door: 1 minute 46 seconds

5. Walking from window on sixth floor to stairway, walking down stairway to fourth floor, walking from stairway on fourth floor to passenger elevator, calling passenger elevator from first floor to fourth floor, riding passenger elevator from fourth floor to first floor and walking to front door: 2 minutes 9 seconds

6. Walking from window on sixth floor to stairway, walking down stairway to second floor, walking on second floor from stairway to lunch room, spending 30 seconds in lunch room, and then walking to front stairway and walking downstairs to first floor and then walking to front door: 2 minutes 25 seconds.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BEN S. HARRISON and WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN:vm Date dictated 11/30/63

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7. Walking from window on sixth floor to freight elevator which was on sixth floor, riding freight elevator to second floor, walking to lunch room, spending 30 seconds in lunch room, and then walking to front stairway, down stairway to first floor, and then walking to front door: 2 minutes 52 seconds

8. Walking from window on sixth floor to freight elevator, calling freight elevator from first floor to sixth floor, riding freight elevator to second floor, walking to lunch room, spending 30 seconds in lunch room, walking from lunch room to front stairs, down front stairs and walking to front door: 3 minutes 31 seconds

9. Walking from window on sixth floor to stairway, walking down stairway to fourth floor, walking from stairway to passenger elevator which was on fourth floor, riding passenger elevator to second floor, walking from passenger elevator to lunch room, spending 30 seconds in lunch room, walking from lunch room to front stairway, and down stairway, and walking to front door: 3 minutes 26 seconds

10. Walking from window on sixth floor to stairway, down stairway to fourth floor, walking from stairway to passenger elevator, calling passenger elevator from first floor to fourth floor, riding passenger elevator from fourth floor to second floor, walking from passenger elevator to lunch room, spending 30 seconds in lunch room, walking from lunch room to front stairs and down front stairs and walking to front door: 3 minutes 49 seconds

From the interview of witnesses and the position where the gun used in the assassination was located, which was in the general vicinity of the door entrance to the stairway on the sixth floor, it appears that LEE HARVEY OSWALD possibly walked from the window on the

sixth floor to the stairway, walked down the stairway to the second floor, walked to the lunch room where he spent an unknown amount of time, estimated at 30 seconds, then walked from the lunch room to the front stairs, down the front stairs, and then walked to the front door which as set forth above took 2 minutes and 25 seconds.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

The distance from the front door of 411 Elm Street (the Texas School Book Depository Building) to the bus stop at Murphy and Elm Streets in Dallas was walked three times by SA LEE, and the average time was 6½ minutes. This is a distance of approximately 7 blocks.

A bus in very heavy traffic was timed in its traveling the distance from the bus stop at Murphy and Elm Streets to the bus stop at Poydras and Elm Streets, a distance of two blocks, and it took this bus in this type traffic approximately four minutes.

The distance from the bus stop at Poydras and Elm Streets to the cab stand at the northwest corner of Lamar and Jackson Streets, four city blocks, was walked by SA LEE in three minutes.

SAS BARRETT and LEE drove the distance from the cab stand at Lamar and Jackson Streets to the 500 block of North Beckley with a maximum speed used of 35 miles per hour, a distance of 2.6 miles, in seven minutes. The same distance was driven with a maximum speed of 30 miles per hour in 8½ minutes. The same distance was driven with a maximum speed of 25 miles per hour in seven minutes. It was noted that at this speed of 25 miles per hour, a fewer number of stop lights were encountered than at the speed of 30 miles per hour.

The distance from the 500 block of North Beckley to 1026 North Beckley, 4/10 of a mile, was walked by SA BARRETT in six minutes.

The distance from 1026 North Beckley to the location in the 400 block of East 10th Street where Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT was shot and killed on November 22, 1963, 8/10 of a mile, was walked by SA BARRETT in 12 minutes.

The distance from the location in the 400 block of East 10th Street to the Texas Theater, 231 West Jefferson, a distance of 6/10 of a mile, was walked at a brisk pace by SA BARRETT in 10 minutes.

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on 11/28/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agents IVAN D. LEE and ROBERT M. BARRETT/gl Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

Mr. SEYMOUR WEITZMAN, Deputy Constable, Dallas County Constable's Office, was interviewed in the presence of Detective C. W. BROWN, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department. He furnished the following information: Dallas, Texas

At about 12:15 p.m., November 22, 1963, he was assigned to observe the route of President JOHN F. KENNEDY's motorcade through downtown Dallas, Texas. His station was located on the corner of Main and Houston Streets, next to the courthouse, in Dallas. He observed the car in which President KENNEDY was riding to travel north on Houston Street and turn west on Elm Street. Shortly after the President's car turned the corner along Elm Street, he was looking in another direction and heard three sounds in rapid succession, which he believed to have been gunshots. He believed these sounds to have come from a northwesterly direction from where he was standing. He heard someone say that the "shots" had come from behind a wooden fence which is located west and a little north of the intersection of Houston and Elm Streets. He immediately started running in that direction and climbed over the fence. Another officer followed him over the fence. When they arrived at a point on the other side of the fence which is near the railroad track, some railway employees told him they had heard the sounds and believed they came from the old Texas Building, which building is now called the Texas Schoolbook Depository building, which is located just north of the northwest corner of Houston and Elm Streets. He then entered this building and started a search of the various floors in the building. A few minutes later, Captain J. WILL FRITZ, Dallas Police Department, arrived and ordered a thorough search of the sixth floor of this building. Dallas, Texas

He, WEITZMAN, along with Dallas County Deputy Sheriff S. BOONE, began a minute search of the sixth floor of the building. He was concentrating his search in the southwest corner of the sixth floor, while BOONE was searching the northwest corner of the sixth floor. BOONE called his attention to a rifle which he had found between some boxes located near the northwest corner of the sixth floor.

He made the notation of the time, 1:22 p.m., when this gun was found, and called to his attention by Deputy BOONE. He

Dallas, Texas

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALBERT SAYERS KS. Date dictated 11/23/63

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recorded that time on the back of his copy of a warrant or summons which he was carrying in his pocket.

Mr. WEITZMAN described the rifle which was found as a 7.65 caliber Mauser bolt-action rifle, which loads from a five shot clip which is locked on the underside of the receiver forward of the trigger guard. The metal parts of this rifle were of a gun metal color, gray or blue, and the rear portion of the bolt was visibly worn. The wooden portions of this rifle were a dark brown in color and of rough wood, apparently having been used or damaged to considerable extent. This rifle was equipped with a four-power 18 scope of apparent Japanese manufacture. It was also equipped with a thick brown-black leather bandolier type sling.

After he had observed this rifle to the extent described above, Captain FRITZ appeared and took the rifle from him. He did not make note of any serial number on the rifle. He observed Captain FRITZ eject one rifle round of ammunition from this rifle. At this point, he discontinued his search of the sixth floor of the building and thereafter became engaged in regular patrol work in connection with investigation being conducted by law enforcement officers from all law enforcement agencies in Dallas County.

FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59)

1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

SEYMOUR WEITZMAN, Deputy Constable, Dallas County, Texas, advised that on November 22, 1963, he was observing the motorcade of President KENNEDY at Main and Houston Streets in Dallas, Texas. He advised that as the motorcade went out of his line of vision, turning at the corner of Elm and Houston and proceeding under the underpass, he heard three shots ring out and immediately ran to the point where Elm Street turns to go under the underpass and up the grassy slope located on the opposite side of Elm Street to a fence.

He advised at this point he was of the opinion that some prankster had thrown a firecracker, and it was his goal to locate this person. He advised that as he came to the fence located at the top of the grassy slope, some bystander mentioned that the firecracker or shot had come from the other side of the fence, and he requested a bystander to bend over and he used the bystander's back as a step and vaulted over the fence.

He advised there were several other officers present, who also jumped over the fence, and they immediately searched the area behind the fence. He stated they located no one and after talking to a yardman, the yardman told him that the noise had come from the end of the fence closest to the Texas School Book Depository, and a search was immediately made of that area.

While still on the other side of the fence, someone, believed to be an officer of the Dallas County Sheriff's Office, mentioned having seen or having heard about something red rolling on Elm Street, and they went and found what appeared to be a portion of a bone or bone structure which bore fresh blood stains. This was taken to the Dallas Police Laboratory.

He advised that about this time, he and the other officers went back to Elm Street, and someone stated that the President had been shot, and the shot had come from the Texas School Book Depository building. This was approximately 15 minutes after he heard the first three shots. He stated he assisted members of the Dallas County Sheriff's Office and the Dallas Police Department in searching the building, and he and EUGENE BOONE, Dallas County Deputy, were the ones who found the rifle stuck between some boxes or crates on the sixth floor of the building. He advised they did not touch the rifle, but

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Dallas Texas

on 11/24/63 at Garland, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RAYMOND M. LESTER, JR./pm Date dictated 11/25/63

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immediately showed it to Captain FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department, and from what he could observe, the rifle looked like a 7.65 German-made Mauser rifler.

WEITZMAN stated that during the time he was running from the intersection of Main and Houston, he observed a blonde woman, 20 to 25 years old, drop a lunch sack at a point about half a block west of the Texas School Book Depository building, but thought nothing of it at the time. He advised, however, that it was later determined this lunch sack was very similar to the lunch sack found at the sixth floor window where the assassin apparently stationed himself and fired the fatal shot.

He said this information had been brought to the attention of the Dallas Police Department.

WEITZMAN stated he did not observe LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any other person possibly responsible for the shooting during the above described period of time.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

Detective R. L. STUDEBAKER, Crime Scene Search Section, Identification Bureau, Dallas Police Department, on November 22, 1963, advised that he and his partner had made detailed photographs of the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building, Elm and Houston streets, Dallas, had measured the floor, and made a drawing of it, had conducted a thorough crime scene search of the floor and had dusted everything in the area of the southwest corner of the floor in an effort to develop latent finger or palm prints. He stated that he had been successful in locating a latent print on the wrapping paper on a bundle of books or school supplies on which the assassin of President KENNEDY had apparently sat while shooting at KENNEDY. He stated that he had found what appeared to be brown wrapping paper and tape in which a rifle had been wrapped for concealment and was present when a rifle was found on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building. Dallas, Texas

STUDEBAKER advised copies of the photographs and drawings would be made available to the FBI if desired.

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON:jj Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/30/63

Dallas, Texas

Lt. CARL DAY, Dallas Police Department, stated he found the brown paper bag shaped like a gun case near the scene of the shooting on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building. He stated the manager, Mr. TRULY, saw this bag at the time it was taken into possession by Lt. DAY. TRULY, according to DAY, had not seen this bag before. No one else viewed it. TRULY furnished similar brown paper from the roll that was used in packing books by the Texas School Book Depository. This paper was examined by the FBI Laboratory and found to have the same observable characteristics as the brown paper bag shaped like a gun case which was found near the scene of the shooting on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building. The Dallas police have not exhibited this to anyone else. It was immediately locked up by DAY, kept in his possession until it was turned over to FBI Agent DRAIN for transmittal to the Laboratory. It was examined by the Laboratory, returned to the Dallas Police Department November 24, 1963, locked up in the Crime Laboratory. This bag was returned to Agent DRAIN on November 26, 1963, and taken back to the FBI Laboratory.

Lt. DAY stated no one has identified this bag to the Dallas Police Department.

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/cah Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/29/63

Lt. JOHN C. DAY, Identification Bureau, Dallas Police Department, furnished copies of photographs which were taken by the Dallas Police Department immediately after the assassination of the President of the sixth floor area from which the assassin fired the rifle. Photographs were also obtained of the rifle lying in the exact spot where the assassin either dropped or placed it on leaving the sixth floor.

Lt. DAY also furnished photographs of the location of Dallas Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT's police cruiser, showing the blood spot on the street where Officer TIPPIT fell.

Photographs were also obtained of items in LEE HARVEY OSWALD's possession at the time of his arrest. These items are being maintained in the Dallas file.

Lt. DAY advised that his department had made a meticulous search of the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository and other pertinent areas immediately after the shooting on November 22, 1963, and had furnished all of the evidence obtained to the FBI on November 26, 1963.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT M. BARRETT & IVAN D. LEE /rmb Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

A piece of wood approximately 40" long and 3/4" in width was furnished to SA VINCENT E. DRAIN by Captain GEORGE DOUGHTY of the Dallas Police Department Crime Laboratory. Captain DOUGHTY stated he had obtained same from the window ledge on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building where it is believed that the assassin fired the rifle in the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963, at Dallas, Texas.

This article was delivered to the FBI Laboratory on November 30, 1963.

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on 11/28/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/atd Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

Observation made of material obtained by the Dallas Police Department by search warrant November 22, 1963, from the rooming house located at 1026 North Beckley, residence of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by Detectives W. E. POTTS, W. M. TURNER, and H. M. MOORE revealed, among other things, the following:

1. Imperial hunting knife and scabbard;
2. One box of German phrase sentences flash cards;
3. One box Russian alphabet and number (flash cards);
4. Various toilet articles including shaving kit, vitamin pills, tweezers, etc.;
5. One roll of wax wrapping paper;
6. A Russian-built portable radio;
7. Various articles of men's clothing and towels;
8. Pocket-size Gregg Shorthand book of 20,000 words;
9. One Gregg Shorthand book;
10. Pocketbook by Ian Fleming entitled Live and Let Die;
11. One copy of Roberts Rules of Order, revised;
12. Pocketbook by Ian Fleming entitled The Spy Who Loved Me;
13. Book entitled Study of the USSR and Communism, by Alfred J. Reefer, publishers Scott, Foresmen and Company.
14. One section of a portable radio;
15. One empty holster;

All

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agent LELAND D. STEPHENS/jt:sl Date dictated 11/25/63

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16. One pair of miniature binoculars, 4" x 20" (6NT), No. 591998, and brown carrying case;

17. One box of flash cards "English" phonics.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

During a review of material in the possession of Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department obtained by them through a search of the room of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 1026 North Beckley Avenue, Dallas, Texas, there was found an International Certificate of Vaccination against small pox. This certificate issued by the U. S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare, Public Health Service, reflects the traveler's name as LEE H. OSWALD of New Orleans, Louisiana and indicates that LEE OSWALD, sex male, born October 18, 1939, was vaccinated on June 8, 1963 by Dr. A. J. HIDEEL, P. O. Box 30016, New Orleans, Louisiana.

A photocopy of this certificate was obtained from the Dallas Police Department.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON/ss Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

The upstairs apartment located at 214 West Neeley was searched on November 24, 1963. During the search, SA SWINFORD located a match book of the First State Bank, Clute, Texas, on the floor of the bedroom. In addition, SA SWINFORD located in a linen closet a piece of yellow lined tablet-type paper containing handwriting in a language other than English which also contained additional English writing, possibly the translation.

Access to the above apartment was made available by M. W. GEORGE, 6769 Inverness Street, Dallas, Texas, who is the owner.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent s PAUL E. WULFF & JAMES W. SWINFORD /cv 135 Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, furnished the following information:

On Monday, October 7, 1963, she took LEE HARVEY OSWALD from her house to the bus station at Irving, Texas, from which he was to catch a bus to Dallas, where he would look for work. Before leaving her home, she gave OSWALD an Enco map of the City of Dallas, which she had obtained sometime earlier in the Dallas area. She was unable to recall from what station or when she had obtained same. She stated this was not a new map and it had been around the house for possibly several months. She did not mark anything on this map for OSWALD and she does not recall any markings on the map, although it is quite possible she had made some markings on the map when using it on occasions prior to October 7, 1963. She further stated that if she had marked the map, she would probably indicate her destination on the map with a simple dot made with a pencil or pen. She stated she usually uses a ball-point pen.

Mrs. PAINE stated that she gave OSWALD this map so he could find his way around Dallas while looking for work.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM / mac Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 27, 1963

Detective Captain WILL FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Detail, Dallas Police Department, furnished SA MYERS with a map taken from the room of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at 1026 North Beckley Street, Dallas, Texas, November 22, 1963. This map is an Enco map of Fort Worth, Dallas, Texas. This map has been initialed by Captain FRITZ and Detective W. E. POTTS of the Homicide and Robbery Detail, who actually found the map in the blue handbag in OSWALD's room. SA MYERS also initialed a map on November 26, 1963.

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH M. MYERS Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

Papers, correspondence, passports, books, and related items from a blue suit case identified by Lieutenant TED WELLS, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Police Department, Dallas, Texas, as having been obtained by a search warrant issued by Judge JOE B. BROWN, Dallas, on November 22, 1963, from the house at 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, similar items from two cardboard boxes from a room located at 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, on November 22, 1963, and items lying loose in a box on top of Lieutenant WELL's desk, were photographed by the use of a photorecord camera. These items were identified by Lieutenant WELLS as having come from the two known residences of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 11/24-25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent LELAND D. STEPHENS, BEN S. HARRISON, RONALD E. BRINKLEY/ejg Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

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On November 26, 1963, material of various types which had been recovered by the Dallas Police Department from the residence of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at 1026 Beckley, Dallas, Texas, and from the home of Mrs. MICHAEL R. (RUTH) PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, where OSWALD's wife resided and where he periodically visited, was turned over to SA's KENNETH C. HOWE, JAMES P. HOSTY, JR., and WARREN C. DE BRUEYS of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

The above material was brought by the above agents, Captain J. H. ENGLISH of the Dallas Police Department, and H. W. HILL, an employee of the Dallas Police Department Property Room, to the Dallas FBI Office.

The above material at the Dallas Office of the FBI was photographed and inventoried and items pertinent to the investigation subsequently were personally transported by air to FBI headquarters in Washington, D.C., by SA DE BRUEYS, along with a complete copy of the inventory.

A copy of the inventory of the above material is being maintained in the Dallas file on LEE HARVEY OSWALD. This inventory is marked to indicate those items not believed pertinent to the investigation at this time and these items are being retained in the Dallas Office.

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents KENNETH C. HOWE, JAMES P. HOSTY, JR., and WARREN C. DE BRUEYS Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1 -

On November 24, 1963, Captain J. W. FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, furnished photographs of all of the articles contained in the wallet of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the time of his arrest, November 22, 1963. Said photographs are listed as follows:

1. Membership card of the "Fair Play for Cuba Committee, New Orleans, Louisiana, in name of L. H. OSWALD, bearing the signature LEE H. OSWALD, issued June 15, 1963, signed A. J. HIDELL, chapter president.

2. Membership card for the "Fair Play for Cuba Committee", 799 Broadway, New York 3, New York, ORegon 4-8295, in name of LEE H. OSWALD, bearing signature LEE H. OSWALD, issued May 28, 1963, signed V. T. LEE, Executive Secretary.

3. Front and back of Certificate of Service, Armed Forces of the United States Marine Corps in name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 1653230

4. Front and back of Department of Defense identification card #N4,271,617 in the name of LEE H. OSWALD, reflecting service status as MCR/inact, service #1653230, bearing photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and signed LEE H. OSWALD, expiration date being December 7, 1962.

5. Front and back of Dallas Public Library identification card in the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 602 Elsbeth, Dallas, bearing signature LEE H. OSWALD showing school or business as Jaggars - Chiles - Stovallwhich also reflects name of JACK L. BOWEN, 1916 Stevens Forest Dr., WH 8-8997, expiration date December 7, 1965.

6. Snapshot of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Marine uniform.

7. Snapshot of small baby in white cap.

8. Social Security Card #433-54-3937 in name LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT /wvm Date dictated 11/25/63

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9. Front and back of U.S. Forces, Japan, identification card in name of LEE H. OSWALD, Private, SN 1653230, bearing signature of LEE H. OSWALD, issued May 8, 1958.

10. Photograph of MRS. LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

11. Front and back, street map, compliments of Ga-Jo-Enkanko Hotel, bearing telephone number ED 50755, and figure or telephone number 92463.

12. Front and back of Selective Service System notice of classification card in name ALEK JAMES HIDELL, which bears photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and signature of ALEK J. HIDELL.

13. Front and back of Certificate of Service, U.S. Marine Corps, in name of ALEK JAMES HIDELL.

14. Front and back of Selective Service System Notice of Classification in name LEE HARVEY OSWALD, SSN 41-114-39-532, dated February 2, 1960.

15. Front and back of Selective Service System Registration Certificate in name LEE HARVEY OSWALD, SSN 41-114-39-532, bearing signature LEE H. OSWALD, dated October 18, 1939.

16. Slip of paper (Embassy USSR, 1609 Decatur St., N.W., Washington, D.C., Consular Pezhuyehko".

17. Slip of paper "The worke, 23 W. 26th St., New York 10, NY"; "The Worker, Box 28 Madison Sq. Station, New York 10, NY".

FOUNDATION

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

Dallas, Texas

Detective R. M. SIMS, Homicide & Robbery Detail, Dallas Police Department, was questioned concerning his search of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the time of his arrest by the Dallas Police Department.

Detective SIMS stated he had personally searched OSWALD at the City Hall after his arrest and, while searching the person of OSWALD just prior to the "show-up," Detective SIMS stated he found a Dallas Transit Company transfer in the left shirt pocket of OSWALD. He said he took the transfer from OSWALD's person and it was made part of the evidence in possession of the Dallas Police Department.

Detective SIMS stated that, when he took the transfer from OSWALD, OSWALD made no comment concerning it.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WARREN A. LARSON/eah Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/24/63

Mr. BOBBY G. BROWN, Crime Scene Search Section of the Identification Bureau, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, advised that at 2:45 P.M., November 23, 1963, he, accompanied by Officer JACK DONAHUE, and with the consent of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, obtained scrapings from under the fingernails of the right and left hands of LEE HARVEY OSWALD; specimens of hair from the head, right armpit, chest, right forearm, pubic area, and right leg of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. BROWN made these specimens available to SA C. RAY HALL.

Dallas Texas

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent C. RAY HALL/ejg/sah Date dictated 11/23/63

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Under date of November 25, 1963, the following information was furnished to FBI, Dallas, Texas, by the FBI Laboratory:

"Specimens received 11/25/63

"Q17 Fingernail scrapings from right hand of Lee Harvey Oswald
"Q18 Fingernail scrapings from left hand of Lee Harvey Oswald

"K7 Head hair sample from head of Lee Harvey Oswald
"K8 Axillary hair sample from Lee Harvey Oswald
"K9 Chest hair sample from Lee Harvey Oswald
"K10 Limb hair sample from right forearm of Lee Harvey Oswald
"K11 Pubic hair sample from Lee Harvey Oswald
"K12 Limb hair sample from right leg of Lee Harvey Oswald

"Results of examination:

"Several brown limb hairs and brown pubic hairs, all of Caucasian origin, were found in the debris previously removed from the Q12 blanket that matched in microscopic characteristics the K10 limb hairs and K11 pubic hairs of Oswald. Accordingly, these hairs originated either from Oswald or from another Caucasian person whose limb and pubic hairs exhibit the same individual microscopic characteristics.

"No fibers were found in the Q17 and Q18 fingernail scrapings of Oswald that could be associated with the Q12 blanket.

"Specimens Q17, Q18 and K7 through K12 are being retained in the Laboratory for possible future comparison purposes.

"No hairs were found on the 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, K1, or on the paper bag, Q10, previously submitted."

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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Captain GEORGE M. DOUGHTY, Identification Division, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, advised that on November 23, 1963, he delivered three paraffin casts which had been made of the right cheek, right hand, and left hand of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, to Laboratory Technician L. ANDERSON, of the Dallas City County Criminal Investigation Laboratory, Parkland Hospital, Dallas, Texas.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent C. RAY HALL/atd Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

Mr. L. ANDERSON, Laboratory Technician, Dallas City County Criminal Investigation Laboratory, Parkland Hospital, Dallas, Texas, advised that he assisted Dr. M. ~~F.~~ MASON in conducting tests for presence of nitrate in three paraffin casts brought to the Laboratory by Captain GEORGE M. DOUGHTY, of the Dallas, Texas Police Department on November 23, 1963. No evidence of the presence of nitrate was found in the paraffin cast of the right cheek, but presence of nitrates was found in the paraffin casts of the right and left hands.

Mr. ANDERSON made a drawing for the front and back of the right and left hands, showing where the punctate traces of nitrate were found.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent C. RAY HALL/jt Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/24/63

Dr. M. F. MASON, Medical Doctor, Director, Dallas City County Criminal Investigation Laboratory, Parkland Hospital, Dallas, Texas, advised that he had conducted an examination of three paraffin casts brought to him on November 23, 1963, by Captain GEORGE M. DOUGHTY and Officer BOBBY G. BROWN of the Identification Division, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, as being paraffin casts made of the right hand, left hand, and right cheek of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Diphenylbenzidine was used as a reagent in a test of the paraffin casts to determine whether nitrate was present. After his examination was completed, he found no evidence of nitrate in the paraffin cast of the right cheek. In the paraffin casts of the right and left hands, he found punctate traces of nitrate, which would be consistent with a person who had handled and/or fired a firearm.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent C. RAY HALL/cah Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

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Mr. LOUIE L. ANDERSON, Analyst, Dallas City County Criminal Investigation Laboratory, Dallas, Texas, on November 27, 1963, delivered the following articles to SA C. RAY HALL:

1. Seven pieces of paraffin casts, which were pieces of paraffin casts of the right check, right hand, and left hand of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

2. One paper envelope in which the paraffin cast of the right hand of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was brought to the Dallas City-County Criminal Investigation Laboratory on November 23, 1963.

3. One paper envelope in which the paraffin cast of the left hand of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was brought to the Dallas City-County Criminal Investigation Laboratory on November 23, 1963.

4. One paper envelope in which the paraffin cast of the right side of the face of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was brought to the Dallas City-County Criminal Investigation Laboratory on November 23, 1963.

5. One paper sack in which the seven pieces of paraffin casts were placed following examination for presence of nitrates on November 23, 1963.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent C. RAY HALL:jj Date dictated 11/27/63

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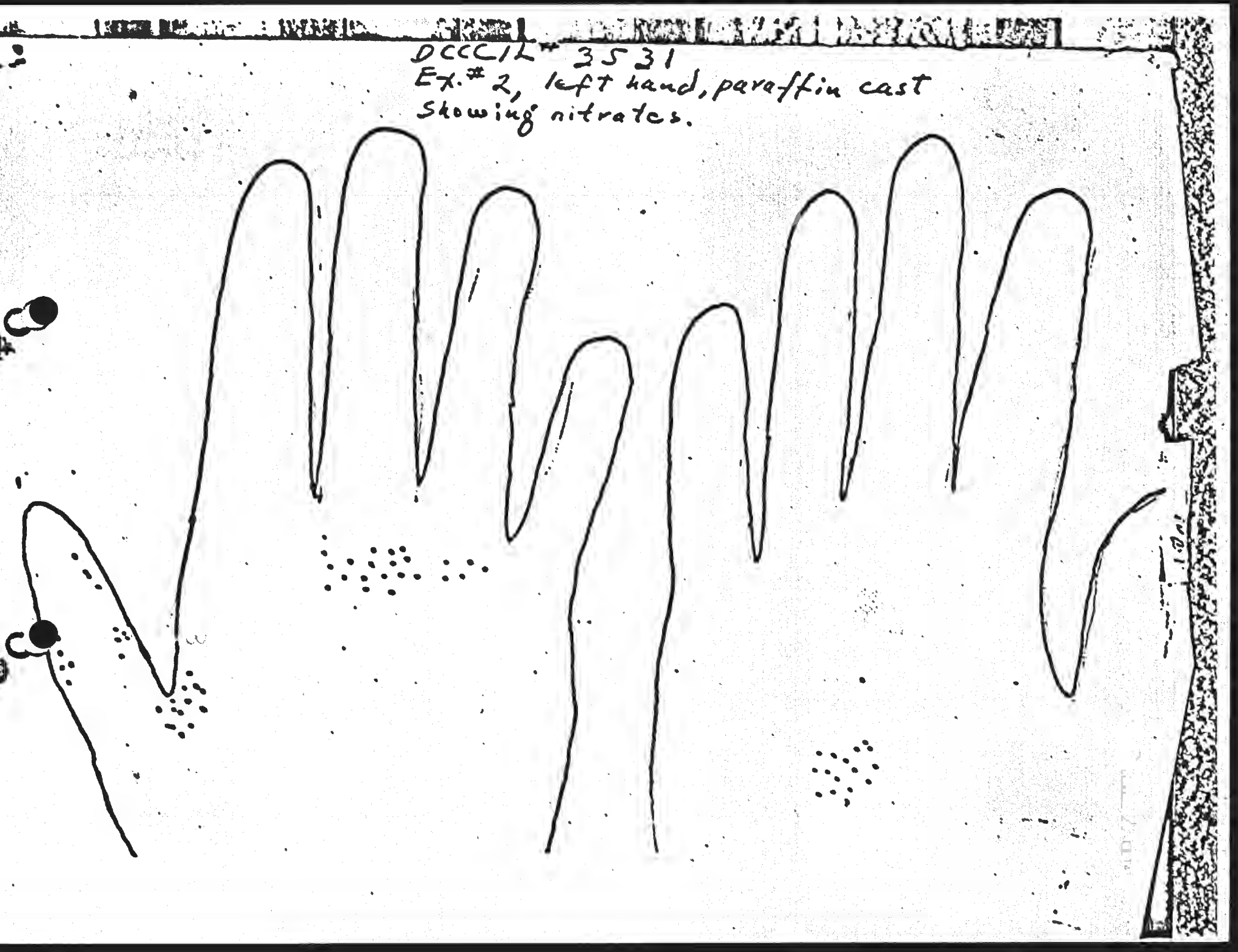
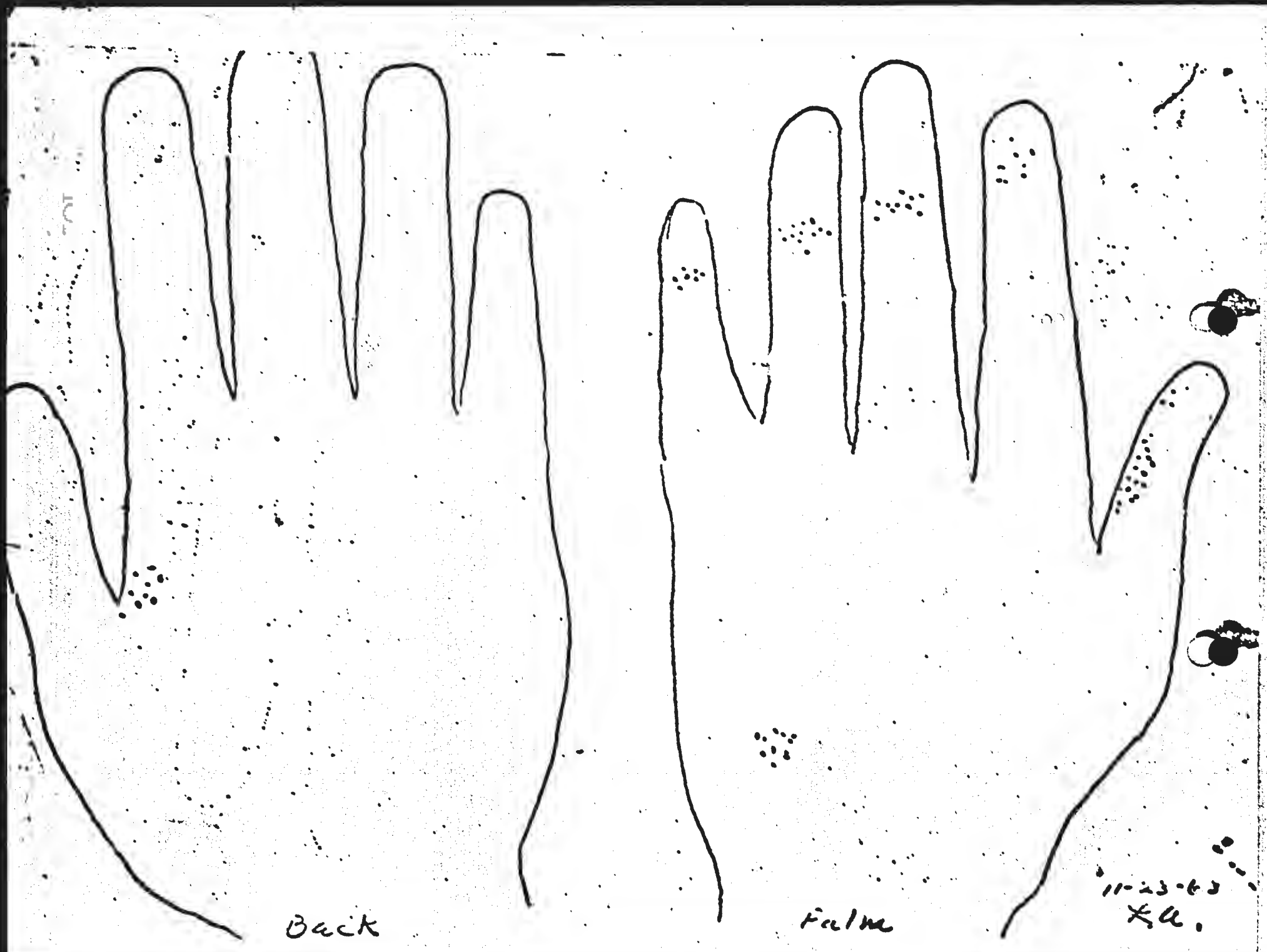
DCCCIL 3531
Ex. # 2, left hand, paraffin cast
showing nitrates.

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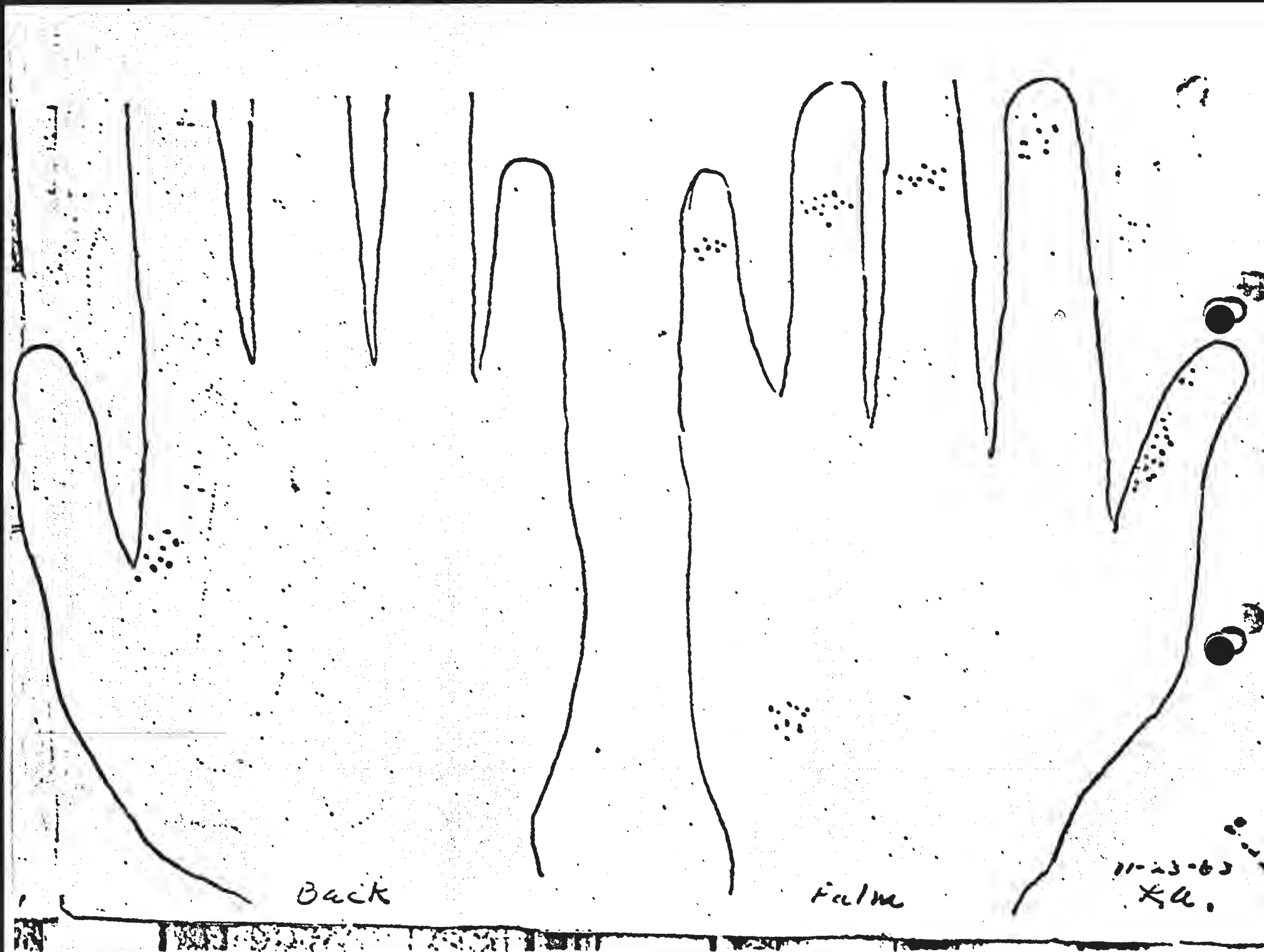
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DL 89-43
KCH:rmb

RESULTS OF AUTOPSY ON JOHN F. KENNEDY

On November 23, 1963, an autopsy was performed on the body of former President JOHN F. KENNEDY at the National Naval Medical Center, Bethesda, Maryland. A total body X-ray and autopsy revealed one bullet hole located just below shoulders to right of spinal column and hand-probing indicated trajectory at angle of 45 to 60 degrees downward and hole of short depth with no point of exit. No bullet located in body.

A second bullet entered back of head and thereafter emerged through top of skull. Two metal fragments removed from brain area, the first 7 x 2 millimeters and the other 3 by 1 millimeters in size.

The above two metal fragments were turned over to Agents of the FBI for delivery to the FBI Laboratory.

A piece of skull measuring 10 by 6.5 centimeters had been flown in to Bethesda from Dallas hospital and this disclosed minute metal fragments where bullet emerged from skull.

With respect to the bullet hole located in the back, pathologist at National Naval Medical Center was of the opinion this bullet worked its way out of the victim's back during cardiac massage performed at Dallas hospital prior to transportation of the body to Washington.

With respect to this situation, it is noted that Secret Service Agent RICHARD JOHNSON turned over to the FBI Laboratory one 6.5 millimeter rifle bullet (approximately .25 caliber), copper alloy, full jacket, which he advised was found on a stretcher in the emergency room of the Dallas hospital to which the victim was taken. JOHNSON was unable to advise whether stretcher on which this bullet was found had been used for the President.

The above information was received by communication from the Baltimore Office, dated November 23, 1963.

FOUNDATION

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

At 9:50 A.M., Dr. JACK ~~C.~~ HARPER, Trans, office telephone WH 1-0323, telephonically contacted the Dallas FBI Office stating that his nephew, BILLY A. HARPER, 2378 East Ledbetter, Dallas, Texas, who is a pre-medical student at Texas Christian University, Fort Worth, Texas, had been taking photographs in the area where President KENNEDY was assassinated and had found a piece of human bone. Dr. HARPER stated that his nephew indicated he had found the piece of bone at approximately 5:30 P.M., November 23, 1963, in the area approximately 25 feet south of the spot where President KENNEDY had been assassinated. Dr, HARPER stated that his nephew immediately brought the bone to him; and he and the chief pathologist at Methodist Hospital, Dr. C. E. KERNS, D. His Tex., had examined the piece of bone, and both definitely felt that it was a piece of human skull.

Dr. HARPER advised that he felt that in view of the proximity of the place where the piece of bone was located, it might possibly be a part of President KENNEDY'S skull.

on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. ANDERTON:atd; mja Date dictated 11/25/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

1

WILLIAM ALLEN HARPER, a student at Texas Christian University, Fort Worth, Texas, but who lives in Dallas at 2378 East Ledbetter Street, advised he was taking photographs during the afternoon of November 23, 1963, at approximately 5:30 P.M., in the area just south of the spot where President KENNEDY was assassinated, and had found a piece of bone. He stated the piece of bone was located approximately 25 feet south of the spot where President KENNEDY was shot.

WILLIAM ALLEN HARPER made this piece of bone available to SA ANDERTON for whatever disposition the FBI desired.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. ANDERTON:atd; mja Date dictated 11/25/63

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DL 89-43

On November 27, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised that a piece of bone reportedly located near where President KENNEDY was shot had been x-rayed and examined microscopically for bullet metals but none were found.

A small amount of blood appearing on the surface of the bone was determined to be of human origin but was too limited in amount for grouping purposes. This bone fragment was delivered to Admiral GEORGE BURKLEY, Physician to the President at the White House, according to the FBI Laboratory letter.

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FOUNDATION

FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

WILLIAM O. (BILL) STINSON, Administrative Assistant to the Governor of Texas, Second Floor, Parkland Hospital in Dallas, stated that during surgery performed on the Governor on November 22, 1963, in connection with the shooting of the Governor on November 22, 1963, in Dallas, that a fragment of the spent bullet which penetrated the Governor's left shoulder from the rear had been removed by DR. TOM SHIRES and/or DR. ROBERT R. SHAW who performed the surgery. He stated the fragment of lead was retained and placed in a receptacle on his instructions and turned over to his office and ultimately to Texas Highway Patrolman NOLAN for delivery to the FBI.

STINSON stated the Governor was shot below the right shoulder blade with the bullet coming out at the fifth rib. He stated the lower portion of the right side was shattered and that as the bullet penetrated this area it proceeded through the right arm, breaking the radius and a piece of the spent bullet came to rest in the Governor's left thigh.

STINSON stated that although the Governor had been in very critical condition, at that moment was much improved and that it was anticipated he would recover satisfactorily.

Mrs. John B.

STINSON stated MRS. CONNALLY was, of course, an eyewitness to the shooting of the Governor insofar as occupancy of the President and Governor's car was concerned and that MRS. CONNALLY would be available for interview by the FBI on November 23, 1963, if requested.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent J. DOYLE WILLIAMS /wvm Date dictated 11/23/63

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SA 89-43

The following investigation was conducted by SA J. DOYLE WILLIAMS on November 23, 1963:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

It will be noted that information contained in the interview with WILLIAM O. STINSON on November 22, 1963, based upon information furnished by him, reflected the metal fragment in question removed from the Governor's body was lodged in the Governor's left thigh.

In interviews with Doctor CHARLES FRANCIS GREGORY and Surgery Supervisor AUDREY BELL, a determination was made that the metal fragment in question was actually removed from the Governor's right arm and that no surgery was performed in connection with the wound in his left thigh.

111 Dallas
Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 23, 1963

Doctor CHARLES FRANCIS GREGORY, Parkland Hospital, stated he and Doctor TOM SHIRES and other staff physicians performed surgery on Governor JOHN CONNALLY on November 22, 1963. He stated surgery performed by him was done on the Governor's right arm, and that he removed from the arm a small fragment of metal. He stated the metal fragment was placed into a transparent container for preservation, and that during the operation, he recalled no other pieces or bits of metal being removed from the Governor's body.

Doctor GREGORY was asked whether or not he removed or saw another doctor remove a small fragment of metal from the left thigh of Governor CONNALLY, and he stated that although X-rays indicated the possibility of a small fragment of metal imbedded in the left thigh that no surgery was performed to remove same.

Doctor GREGORY stated Surgery Supervisor AUDREY BELL took custody of the fragment of metal removed from the Governor's arm, and that the ultimate disposition of the metal which was considered to be of possible evidentiary value, could best be exnlained by Miss BELL. He stated he did not on his own knowledge know, however, but he had been advised Miss BELL obtained a receipt from State Trooper BOB NOLAN and transferred the metal fragment to him in accordance with instructions from the Governor's office at Parkland Hospital.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent J. DOYLE WILLIAMS/ash Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 23, 1963

MISS AUDREY BELL, 3596 A Inwood Road, Surgery Supervisor at Parkland Hospital in Dallas, stated she was in the operating room at the time surgery was performed on Governor JOHN CONNALLY by Doctor CHARLES FRANCIS GREGORY and Doctor TOM SHIRES and that after surgery had been completed she obtained custody of the metal fragment which had been placed in a small receptacle and which had been removed from the right arm of the Governor by Doctor GREGORY. She stated her instructions from the Governor's office were to identify the metal fragment and to turn this possible evidence over to Texas State Trooper BOB NOLAN whom she understood was to transfer the metal fragment to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. She stated she obtained a receipt from Officer NOLAN, and that her files contain a copy of this receipt.

Miss BELL stated she did not of her own knowledge know of any other metal fragment which may have been removed from the Governor's body during surgery. She stated she was aware that there had been a small flesh wound or penetration of the skin by some object in the Governor's left ~~eye~~ thigh; however, no surgery was performed in connection with this wound.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent J. DOYLE WILLIAMS/csh Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

BOBBY M. NOLAN, State Highway Patrolman, Tyler District, was interviewed relative to a bullet fragment removed from the left thigh of Governor CONNALLY, which was turned over to him at Parkland Hospital in Dallas for delivery to the FBI.

NOLAN stated his instructions were apparently not clear at the outset and that following contact with his superior officers while at the Dallas Police Department, he turned the bullet fragment over to Captain WILL FRITZ at approximately 7:50 p.m. He stated he had no further information concerning the matter and that his only participation in this series of events was the acceptance of the fragment and delivery of same to Captain FRITZ.

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent J. DOYLE WILLIAMS/wvm:jj Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

Dallas Texas

The following copy of an X-ray negative was received from Mr. JACK REYNOLDS, Administrator, Parkland Hospital, on November 29, 1963, which reflected an x-ray of the left thigh of Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY, which was taken on November 22, 1963.

Dr. JACK REYNOLDS furnished the following letter which accompanied this x-ray negative which is set out as follows:

"SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT DESCRIBING IN DETAIL THE APPEARANCE AND LOCATION OF A SMALL METALLIC DENSITY SUPERIMPOSED ON THE SOFT TISSUE SHADOWS OF THE MEDIAL ASPECT OF THE LEFT THIGH OF GOVERNOR JOHN B. CONNALLY ON FILMS DATED November 22, 1963.

"AP and lateral films of the distal portion of the left thigh were obtained and include the distal portion of the shaft and the region of the knee. One film is in the AP projection and the other the lateral projection with the direction of the beam from medial to lateral and the film lying adjacent to the lateral aspect of the thigh.

"No fractures are seen. A few punctate and linear densities are seen on the film but these are inconstant, and appear on one and not the other and therefore are interpreted as artifacts.

"There is, however, one density which remains constant on both films and appears to lie beneath the skin in the region of the subcutaneous fat in the medial aspect of the thigh. By measurements on these films, without correction for target film distance and object film distance, this small density lies 15.2 cms. above the distal end of the medial femoral condyle on the AP film and, on this film, lies 8 mms beneath the external surface of the skin. It is 6.25 cms medial tothe femoral shaft. On the lateral film, the center of this small metallic density lies 15 cms above the distal end of the medial femoral condyle. It lies 4.9 cms posterior to the skin of the anterior surface of the thigh and it is superimposed on the shaft of the femue. In relation to the femur, the density is superimposed on a point 1.5 cms posterior to the exterior of the anterior cortex.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/atd Date dictated 11/29/63

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"The shape of this density is irregular but is roughly oval. Precise measurements are difficult but it is estimated that the greatest length in the AP projection is about 3.5 mms and the greatest width about 1.3 mms.

"Measurements of the density in the lateral projection reveal the greatest length to be about 2 mms. and the greatest width to be about 1.5 mms. The long axis of the metallic object is oriented generally along the axis of the femur."

This copy of an X-ray negative was delivered to the FBI Laboratory on November 30, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

On November 22, 1963, I, SA VINCENT E. DRAIN, contacted Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY relative to the following listed items of evidence which had been collected by the Dallas Police Department in their investigation of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963. Chief of Police CURRY, accompanied by Lieutenant CARL DAY, made available these items for examination by the FBI Laboratory. Chief CURRY made available the following listed items which were received from Captain WILL FRITZ and Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas:

1. Live round rifle shell 6.5 millimeter, which was found in rifle, Serial Number C 2766, which was believed to be the gun used in the above assassination.

2. Spent hulls of 6.5 millimeter shell believed to have been fired in rifle, Serial Number C 2766, believed to have been the gun used in the assassination. (2 spent hulls)

3. One blanket found at the scene where the rifle was located, which may have been the blanket used as a cover for carrying this rifle.

4. One shirt taken from suspect LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

5. Brown paper which was found at what was believed to be the point of firing of the fatal bullets used in the assassination . This paper possibly may have been used to carry above rifle to the scene of the building from which it was fired.

6. Sample of brown paper used by Texas School Book Depository and sample of paper tape used by Texas School Book Depository,

7. Fragments of spent bullet found in the body of Governor JOHN CONNALLY.

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on 11-22,23, 24/63 at Dallas, Texas and Washington, D. C. File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/jt 159 Date dictated 11/26/63

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8. One Smith and Wesson snub-nose revolver, Serial Number V 510210, which was taken from suspect OSWALD at the time of his arrest.

9. One bullet recovered from the body of deceased Officer J. D. TIPPIT.

10. One 6.5 millimeter bolt action rifle, inscribed "1940, made in Italy", serial number C 2766. Also inscribed on the rifle is a crown which appears similar to an English crown, and under this is "R-E." Also inscribed is "Rocca" which is enclosed in rectangular lines and that is on the plunger on the bolt action on the rear of the gun. On the scope of the gun is a gun site inscribed "Ordnance Optics, Inc., Hollywood, California, 010 or 010, Japan." Also inscribed is a cloverleaf and inside the cloverleaf is "OSC."

On November 23, 1963, at 3:10 a.m., I left with the above mentioned items aboard a U. S. Air Force C-135 Tanker made available by the Commanding Officer of the Carswell Air Force Base, and arrived in Washington, D.C. at 6:30 a.m. Eastern Standard Time, November 23, 1963. I was accompanied aboard this flight by the crew and U. S. Secret Service Agent WINSTON LAWSON. Upon arriving in Washington, D. C., I immediately delivered this evidence to the office of Assistant Director IVAN CONRAD of the FBI Laboratory in Washington, D.C.

I remained at the FBI Headquarters while this evidence was being examined, and after examination by the FBI, Assistant Director IVAN CONRAD of the FBI Laboratory, Washington, D.C., returned this evidence to me for transportation back to Dallas, Texas.

I departed Andrews Air Force Base aboard a U. S. Air Force Air Craft November 23, 1963, arriving at Dallas, Texas November 24, 1963. Upon arrival at Dallas, Texas, I went directly to the FBI Office, Dallas, where the above mentioned items were deposited in a locked vault.

On the morning of November 24, 1963, I contacted Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, who stated that he would be available to take possession of the

above listed items of evidence from me on that date. I immediately made arrangements to take this evidence to the Dallas Police Department, and was accompanied by SA G. RAY HALL of the FBI, Dallas Division, and SA JOHN J. FLANAGAN of the FBI, Oklahoma City Division, who was on special assignment at that time to the Dallas FBI Office.

Upon arrival at the Dallas Police Department, I was notified that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been shot during his removal from the Dallas City Jail to the Dallas County Jail, and that Chief CURRY was at that moment preoccupied.

I waited with this evidence until 3:40 p.m. in Deputy Chief M. W. STEVENSON's Office at the Dallas Police Department where I maintained personal custody of this evidence until 3:40 p.m., November 24, 1963, at which time it was delivered into the custody of Chief of Police CURRY of the Dallas Police Department, for which a receipt was received from him.

The sample of brown paper used by Texas School Book Depository, and sample of brown tape used by Texas School Book Depository were not returned since Chief CURRY stated these were not evidence and had only been sent to the FBI Laboratory for comparison purposes.

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DL 89-43

Under date of November 23, 1963, the FBI Laboratory, furnished the following information to Mr. Jesse E. Curry, Chief of Police, Dallas, Texas, Chief, U.S. Secret Service, and FBI, Dallas, Texas:

"Specimens:

"Evidence received from Special Agent Elmer L. Todd, Washington Field Office of the FBI on 11/22/63:

"Q1 Bullet from stretcher

"Evidence received from Special Agent Orin Bartlett of the FBI on 11/22/63:

"Q2 Bullet fragment from front seat cushion
"Q3 Bullet fragment from beside front seat

"Evidence received from Special Agent James W. Sibert and Special Agent Francis O'Neill, Jr., of the Baltimore Office of the FBI on 11/23/63:

"Q4 Metal fragment from the President's head
"Q5 Metal fragment from the President's head

"Evidence received from Special Agent Vincent E. Drain of the Dallas Office of the FBI on 11/23/63:

"Q6 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case from building
"Q7 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case from building
"Q8 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge from rifle
"Q9 Metal fragment from arm of Governor John Connolly
"Q10 Wrapping paper in shape of a large bag
"Q11 Suspect's shirt
"Q12 Blanket
"Q13 Bullet from Officer Tippit

"K1 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, with telescope sight, No. C2766
"K2 Paper and tape sample from shipping department, Texas Public School Book Depository
"K3 .38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver, Serial No. V510210, Assembly No. 65248

YFE : LL

"Evidence obtained by FBI Laboratory personnel during examination of the President's limousine:

"Q14 Three metal fragments recovered from rear floor board carpet
"Q15 Scraping from inside surface of windshield

"Also submitted: Photograph of rifle, K1
Finger and palm prints of Lee Harvey Oswald

"Results of examinations:

"The bullet, Q1, is a 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano rifle bullet. Specimen Q1 weighs 158.6 grains. It consists of a copper alloy jacket with a lead core.

"Specimen Q2 is a portion of the core of a rifle bullet. Specimen Q2 weighs 44.6 grains and is composed of a portion of the copper alloy jacket and a portion of the lead core. Speciman Q3 is a portion of the base section of a copper alloy rifle bullet. Q3 weighs 21.0 grains and is composed of a section of the jacket from which the lead core is missing. It could not be determined whether specimens Q2 and Q3 are portions of the same bullet or are portions of two separate bullets.

"The rifle, K1, is a 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano Italian military rifle Model 91/38. Test bullets were fired from this rifle for comparison with specimens Q1, Q2, and Q3. As a result, Q1, Q2, and Q3 were identified as having been fired from the submitted rifle.

"Specimens Q6 and Q7 are 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge cases. They were manufactured by the Western Cartridge Company, East Alton, Illinois, as was the 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge, Q8.

"Test cartridge cases obtained from the submitted rifle were compared with specimens Q6 and Q7. As a result, specimens Q6 and Q7 were identified as having been fired in this rifle. The bullet, Q13, from Officer Tippett, is a .38 Special copper-coated lead bullet. Q13 weighs 156.6 grains and possesses the physical characteristics of 158 grain Western-Winchester revolver bullets. The surface of Q13 is so badly mutilated that there are not sufficient individual microscopic characteristics present for identification purposes. It

"was determined, however, that the .38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver, K3, is among those weapons which produce general rifling impressions of the type found on Q13.

"The lead metal of Q4 and Q5, Q9, Q14 and Q15 is similar to the lead of the core of the bullet fragment, Q2.

"A small tuft of textile fibers was found adhering to a jagged area on the left side of the metal butt plate on the K1 gun. Included in this tuft of fibers were gray-black, dark blue and orange-yellow cotton fibers which match in microscopic characteristics the gray-black, dark blue and orange-yellow cotton fibers composing the Q11 shirt of the suspect. These fibers could have originated from this shirt.

"A single brown viscose fiber and several light green cotton fibers were found adhering to the Q10 paper bag. These fibers match in microscopic characteristics the brown viscose fibers and light green cotton fibers present in the composition of the Q12 blanket and could have originated from this blanket.

"It is pointed out, however, that fibers do not exhibit sufficient individual microscopic characteristics to be positively identified as originating from a particular source to the exclusion of all others.

"No fibers were found on the K1 gun that could be associated with the Q12 blanket and no fibers were found on the Q10 paper bag that could be associated with the Q11 shirt.

"The debris, including foreign textile fibers and hairs, removed from the Q12 blanket and Q11 shirt has been placed in pillboxes for possible future comparisons. These pillboxes and the glass microscope slides containing fibers removed from K1 and Q10 are being temporarily retained in the laboratory for possible future comparisons with additional items of the suspect's clothing should they be recovered

"The Q12 blanket has been folded double and one corner has been folded in and pinned with a safety pin. A length of white cotton cord has been tied around this corner giving it a triangular-shaped appearance as if it had once contained a long object.

"The paper of the wrapping and the tape, Q10, were found to have the same observable characteristics as the known wrapping paper and tape, K2, from the Texas Public School Book Depository.

"The inside surface of specimen Q10 did not disclose markings identifiable with the rifle, K1. A number of indentations, folds and extraneous markings appear on the inner surface of the Q10 wrapping.

"The latent prints appearing in the photograph taken of the rifle, K1, by the Dallas Police Department, are too fragmentary and indistinct to be of any value for identification purposes. Photographs of this weapon taken by this Bureau also failed to produce prints of sufficient legibility for comparison purposes.

"A latent fingerprint was developed on the wrapping paper, Q10, which was identified with the left index finger impression of Lee Harvey Oswald. In addition, one latent palm print developed on specimen Q10 was identified with the right palm print of Oswald.

"No latent prints of value were developed on Oswald's revolver, the cartridge cases, the unfired cartridge, the clip in the rifle or the inner parts of the rifle.

"Specimens Q1 through Q5, Q14 and Q15 are being retained in the Laboratory until called for by a representative of the U. S. Secret Service.

"Specimens Q6 through Q13, K1, K2 and K3 are being returned to the Dallas Police Department by Special Agent Vincent E. Drain of the Dallas Field Office of this Bureau. The photograph of the latent print on the rifle is being returned separately. The fingerprints and palm prints of Oswald are being retained."

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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Lt. CARL DAY, Crime Scene Search Section, Identification Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised on November 22, 1963, he had processed a rifle recovered on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository, Elm and Houston Streets, Dallas, for fingerprints or palm prints, and had been successful in raising a partial latent print. He stated at this time, however, he had not had time to photograph or lift this print, but had left the rifle in his laboratory and intended to return immediately and endeavor to both photograph and lift this latent print.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON:jj Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

On November 26, 1963, three negatives of a palmprint were received from Lieutenant CARL DAY of the Dallas Police Department Crime Laboratory, by SA VINCENT E. DRAIN. These negatives were from photographs taken of which was believed to be a fingerprint or palmprint on the trigger guard assembly of a rifle, serial number C2766, believed to have been used by LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963.

These three negatives were forwarded to the FBI Identification Division on November 26, 1963.

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/atd Date dictated 11/29/63

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DL 89-43

By communication dated November 27, 1963, the Bureau advised as follows:

The 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case previously submitted by the Dallas Office has been identified as having been fired in the 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, Serial Number C 2766. All three cartridge cases which were recovered in this case have now been identified with this weapon..

No fingerprints were located on the cartridge case.

FD 302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/23/63

On November 22, 1963, SA J. DOYLE WILLIAMS photographed a 6.5 caliber 1940 model rifle made in Italy, Serial Number C2766, bearing a 4 x 18. coated scope. The scope was manufactured by Ordinance Optics, Incorporated, Hollywood, California.

The rifle was in possession of the Dallas Police Department Crime Laboratory.

A Speedgraphic camera, 4 x 5, was used with camera settings at F32 at 100th of a second. Each photograph was identified with a description of the weapon together with the initials JDW, Federal Bureau of Investigation Dallas.

Two photographs were also made on November 22, 1963, of two 6.5 ammunition hulls obtained from the Dallas Police Department Crime Laboratory. Also photographed along with the two above items was one "live" round of 6.5 ammunition obtained from Captain WILL FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department.

Each photograph of the above items was identified in the photograph with the initials JDW and the date November 22, 1963, Federal Bureau of Investigation.

A speedgraphic 4 x 5, camera was used with a lense setting of F32 at 100th of a second.

The above film were developed in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Office on November 23, 1963, by Investigative Clerk JOE PEARCE and are being retained in custody of the Dallas Federal Bureau of Investigation Office.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent J. DOYLE WILLIAMS/ejg Date dictated 11/23/63

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DL 89-43

On November 29, 1963, the FBI Laboratory telephonically advised that an examination had been made of the revolver taken from OSWALD at the time of his arrest. This gun was a Smith & Wesson .38/200 British Service Revolver, bearing serial number V510210 and the assembly number was 65248.

The gun was originally chambered for a .38 Smith & Wesson cartridge. In addition, the gun has been sent back to England by Smith & Wesson. This conclusion is on the basis of the Birmingham-England proof mark on the gun.

The FBI Laboratory advised that the following alterations have been made on the gun:

1. The barrel has been cut off up to the first "S" in Wesson. This makes the barrel a total of 2½" at the present time.

2. The gun has been re-chambered to a .38 Special.

3. The converter has stamped on left side of the frame Caliber .38 Special.

4. The swivel hole in the butt of the gun has been filled.

5. A different set of grips other than the original grips are on the gun at the present time. These grips are the same type as the original, however the present grips have No. 74149.

6. It is probable the gun has been re-blued but it is not possible to determine.

7. The gun has been checked completely and all numbers check as the original numbers on the gun with the exception of the numbers on the grips.

8. There is nothing unusual about this type of gun as it was produced by Smith & Wesson during World War II for the English. After World War II this gun was declared surplus and numerous guns of this type have been coming back into the United States. This gun is the old style without the bar safety.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 29, 1963

MRS. DIXIE L. WILSON, Clerk, Selective Service, Local Board 114, Fort Worth, Texas, made available the following items:

(1) Selective Service Registration Card dated September 14, 1959, for LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Selective Service Number 41-114-39-532.

(2) Form DD 214 Armed Forces of the U. S. Report of Transfer or Discharge (carbon copy) for LEE HARVEY OSWALD, U. S. Marine Corps Serial No. 1653230.

on 11/23/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent MALON L. JENNINGS/nc Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

MR. H. S. AIKEN, Texas Schoolbook Depository, obtained from his files an original employment application form filled out in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. MR. AIKEN advised that this application was filled out by OSWALD in OSWALD's own handwriting.

MR. AIKEN then, after making a copy of the application, furnished the original application to the FBI. This application was dated October 15, 1963.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON /wvm Date dictated 11/23/63

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Under date of November 23, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information to the Dallas, Chicago, Richmond, Washington Field and Baltimore Offices of the FBI:

"Specimens received

"Personal delivery by SA Edward C. Palmer, Washington Field Office, on 11/23/63.

"K4 Two letters obtained from the Navy file of Lee H. Oswald

"Personal delivery by SA Eugene C. Gies, Washington Field Office, on 11/23/63.

"K5 Passport application of Lee H. Oswald

"Personal delivery by SA Robert J. Dolan, Chicago Office, on 11/23/63.

"K6 Wrapping paper and tape samples obtained from Klein's Sporting Goods Store, Chicago, Illinois

"Qc16 Photographs made from microfilm of envelope, order form and order blank of Klein's Sporting Goods, Chicago, Illinois. Envelope and order blank bear return address "A. Hidell, P. O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas." Order blank shows Italian carbine #C2766 with '4X' scope shipped 3/20/63.

"Results of examination:

"Known samples of wrapping paper and Manila tape, K6, obtained from Klein's Sporting Goods Store, Chicago, Illinois, not identical with bag and tape, Q10.

"Questioned handwriting and hand printing on envelope and order form, Qc16, for Italian carbine serial number C2766, identified as having been written by Lee Harvey Oswald, whose known writings are listed above as K4 and K5."

By communication dated November 25, 1963 the FBI Laboratory furnished Dallas the following:

The handwriting on the money order made out to Klein's Sporting Goods bearing the name A. HIDELL, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, in the amount of $21.45 used to purchase the murder weapon was identified with the known handwriting of suspect LEE H. OSWALD.

Pertinent handwriting and hand printing on the application for Dallas Post Office Box 2915 which was submitted by the Dallas Office on November 23, 1963 was identified with the known handwriting of suspect OSWALD.

In Addition, pertinent handwriting and hand printing on the two cards submitted by the Dallas Office on November 23, 1963 pertaining to Dallas Post Office Box 6225 were identified with the known handwriting of OSWALD.

Under date of November 26, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information to FBI, Dallas, Washington Field, and Chicago.

"Specimens received 11/24/63

"Q30 U.S. Postal money order #2,202,130,462, in the amount of $21.45, stamp dated 3/12/63 at Dallas, Texas, payable to 'Kleins Sporting Goods' from 'A. Hidell P. O. Box 2915 Dallas, Texas'

"Results of examination:

"It was concluded that the handwriting on the face of Q30 was written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, whose known handwriting specimens are designated as K4 and K5 in this case.

"Q30 is retained."

Under date of November 27, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section of the FBI Identification Division furnished the following information to the Washington Field, Dallas and Chicago FBI Offices.

"Specimens: Q30, U. S. Postal money order

"No latents of value developed on specimen."

OSWALD
105-82555
Section 22

COPY
2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date November 27, 1963

The records of the United States Post Office, Terminal Annex, reflected four documents pertaining to post office box rental and change of address filed by LEE H. OSWALD.

These documents are described as follows:

(1) Application for Post Office Box dated October 9, 1962, pertaining to the rental of Post Office Box 2915, General Post Office, Dallas, and signed LEE H. OSWALD.

(2) Change of address order signed LEE H. OSWALD made to the Postmaster, Dallas, Texas, postmarked New Orleans, Louisiana, May 9, 1963, reflecting the change of address effective May 12, 1963, to 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, from Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, and signed LEE H. OSWALD.

(3) Application dated November 1, 1963, pertinent to the rental of Post Office Box 6225, located at the Terminal Annex, Post Office Station, Dallas, Texas, and signed LEE H. OSWALD. This application also reflects the names of firms as "Fair Play for Cuba Committee" and "American Civil Liberties Union," and kind of business as "nonprofit."

(4) An additional card signed LEE H. OSWALD pertaining to the rental of Post Office Box 6225 was stapled to the application itself.

The above information is available only upon issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to Mr. HARRY HOLMES, U. S. Postal Inspector, Terminal Annex, Dallas, Texas.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALFRED C. ELLINGTON csh Date dictated 11/25/63

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Date 11/27/63

H. D. HOLMES, Postal Inspector, advised his records reflect information not previously furnished by his office. He stated a change of address card has been found dated October 10, 1962, instructing that all mail from 2703 Mercedes Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas, be forwarded to Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas. This card reflects the name LEE H. OSWALD.

On 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by SA JOSEPH J. LOEFFLER (HM) Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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Captain J. W. FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, furnished an enlargement of a photograph depicting LEE HARVEY OSWALD holding a rifle with sidearm and holster strapped on his side and holding some papers in front of him with the name of one being The Militant.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT:jj Date dictated 11/27/63

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DL 89-43
JWB:sl
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By communication dated November 25, 1963, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows:

The enlarged copy of a photograph of suspect LEE HARVEY OSWALD holding a rifle and wearing a pistol strapped to his hip previously furnished the FBI Laboratory was compared with photographs of the murder weapon, but due to lack of detail in the enlarged picture of OSWALD, no definite conclusion as to whether the weapon he is holding in the picture is identical with the murder weapon was made. It should be noted it is the same type weapon; no differences were noted and it is possible the rifle being held by OSWALD in the submitted photograph may well be the murder weapon.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

Inspector THOMAS J. KELLEY, U. S. Secret Service, telephonically advised that the investigation being conducted by Secret Service into the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY had revealed that a photograph depicting LEE HARVEY OSWALD holding a rifle with side arm and holster strapped on his side had been determined to have been taken while OSWALD resided at 214 Neeley Street, Dallas, Texas.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING:jj Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

The following items were received by SA VINCENT E. DRAIN from Lieutenant CARL DAY, Dallas Police Department, Crime Laboratory, for comparison by the FBI Laboratory. These items, according to Lieutenant CARL DAY, were evidence pertaining to the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, Dallas, Texas, November 22, 1963.

These items were formerly delivered by me to the FBI Laboratory, Washington, D. C.,on November 27, 1963:

(1) One palm print found on a box by the window of the sixth floor, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas. This box believed to have been used by assassin for sitting purposes.

(2) One spent hull of 6.5 mm shell believed to have been fired from rifle, SN C2766, believed to have been the gun used in the assassination.

The following items were released by Lieutenant CARL DAY to the FBI. These items have already been examined by the FBI, Laboratory on November 24, 1963. These items were carried to the FBI Laboratory by SA VINCENT E. DRAIN personally on November 27, 1963:

(1) One live round rifle shell, 6.5 mm, which was found in rifle, SN C2766, which is believed to be the gun used in captioned assassination.

(2) Two spent hulls of 6.5 mm shells, believed to have been fired in rifle, SN C2766, believed to have been the gun used in captioned assassination.

(3) One blanket found at the scene where rifle was located which may be blanket used as cover for carrying this rifle.

(4) One shirt taken from suspect LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the time of his apprehension, November 22, 1963.

(5) Brown paper which was found at what was believed to be the point of firing of the fatal bullets used in the assassination. This paper possibly may have been used to carry rifle, SN C2766

on 11/28/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/atd Date dictated 11/29/63

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to the scene of the building from which it was fired.

(6) Fragment of spent bullet found in the body of Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY.

(7) One Smith and Wesson snubnose revolver, SN V510210 , which was taken from suspect OSWALD at the time of his arrest by the Dallas Police Department.

(8) One bullet recovered from the body of deceased officer J. D. TIPPIT.

(9) One 6.5 mm bolt-action rifle, inscribed "1940, Made in Italy", SN C2766. Also inscribed on rifle is a crown, which appears similar to an English crown and under this is "R-E". Also inscribed is "Rocca" which is enclosed in rectangular lines and that is on the plunger on the bolt-action on the rear of the gun. On the scope of the gun, is a gunsight, inscribed "Ordnance Optics, Inc., Hollywood, California, OIO Japan." Also inscribed is a cloverleaf and inside the cloverleaf is "OSC".

(10) Four cardboard boxes, which boxes were found at the site where the fatal shots in captioned matter were believed to have been fired by the assassin. The four cardboard boxes not previously examined on 11/24/63, but were first submitted to the FBI Lab for examination on 11-27-63 see 105-82555-4997

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DL 89-43

Under date of November 26, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information to the Dallas and Washington Field Offices of the FBI:

"Evidence personally delivered 11/23/63

"K13 U. S. Marine Corps folder containing on edge the typed notation 'OSWALD, Lee Harvey USMC 1653230' containing known writings of LEE HARVEY OSWALD

"Remarks:

"K13 was personally delivered to the Laboratory on November 23, 1963, by Special Agent Edward C. Palmer of the Washington Field Office.

"Specimen K13 is being retained in the Laboratory as additional known writings of LEE HARVEY OSWALD for possible future use.

"In view of the importance of this case, the Bureau is tentatively holding all evidence pending a determination as to when it can be properly released.

"No Laboratory report is being made."

Under date of November 27, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section, FBI Identification Division, furnished the following information to FBI New Orleans and Dallas:

"Specimens: Seven magazines (K27 through K29)

"Specimens examined and one latent fingerprint of value was developed on page 37 of 'The American Rifleman' for June, 1963.'

"One latent fingerprint developed on page 37 of 'The American Rifleman' magazine for June, 1963, has been identified as a right thumb impression of Oswald.

"The submitted specimen is being returned under separate cover."

Under date of November 26, 1963, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information to the Dallas and New Orleans Offices of the FBI:

"Specimens received 11/26/63, from FBI, New Orleans

"Q40 Original electric and/or gas service order #21575 in the name of LEE H. OSWALD, 4907 Magazine St.

"Result of examination:

"It was concluded that the Oswald signature on the reverse side of Q40 was written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, K4 and K5 in this case.

"Q40 is retained."

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

On November 25, 1963, examination of a black metal case, 12"x14", apparently belonging to RUTH HYDE PAINE, contained the following items: personal letters from her mother and father, from JOHN and SYLVIA (LNU); CARL and ESSIE HYDE, Yellow Springs, Ohio; Mrs. ARTHUR M. YOUNG, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; LYMAN and FREDDIE (LNU); MARY F. (LNU); Mr. and Mrs. AUSTIE ATTLES, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; BECKY (LNU); MICHAEL PAINE, Malvern, Pennsylvania; SYLVIA LYNN, address unknown; PAUL LACY, Richmond, Indiana, JOHN and SYLVIA HOKE, address illegible; ANDY AHGTEA, student at Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts; JOAN W. (LNU); RETA STUART, Brussels, Belgium; RICHARD P. EASTMAN, Yellow Springs, Ohio.

These personal letters apparently contained no pertinent information.

(All No Locality If Not Indicated

on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RONALD E. BRINKLEY/cah Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/26/63

A review was made of the contents of three small metal boxes stored in the office of Lieutenant TED WELLS, Police Department, Dallas, Texas, and identified by WELLS as having been voluntarily turned over to the Police Department by Mrs. MICHAEL (RUTH) HYDE PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, on November 22, 1963, and identified by Mrs. PAINE as being her correspondence files.

These three metal boxes contained letters and photographs, from Mrs. PAINE's parents, relatives and friends and copies of letters from Mrs. PAINE to her parents, relatives and friends. It also contained copies of literature of the Association of Friends (Quaker), Pennsylvania Chapter, literature on Folk Music and Dancing, outlines of lessons on courses offered in colleges, and diary of Mrs. PAINE.

These files did not contain any correspondence to or from LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBENSTEIN, also known as JACK RUBY.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43
DL 44-1639

by Special Agent LELAND D. STEPHENS, BEN S. HARRISON, RONALD E. BRINKLEY/ejg Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

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Detective C. DORITY of the Dallas Police Department had pointed out certain material furnished to the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963 by Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas as well as by Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Among such material were six rolls of color 16 millimeter movie film, described as follows:

1 roll Kodachrome, 16 millimeter "X-mas, 1963" (100 feet)
1 roll 100 feet described on containers as "SYLVIA, CHRIS, MICHAEL, Texas, 61; Sylvia at Beach, August, '61. Ruth P."
1 roll 100 feet marked "Jan 1962 Ruth and Arthur".
1 roll 100 feet marked "Ruths Cider Island, 1962 Whipper Dog, Michael Lynn, Chris in Water.
1 roll Kodachrome 100 feet Maredk "Hail Storm"
1 roll marked "2 Flood; Dec 25, 62"

The above film was projected at the Dallas Police Department and determined for the most part to be pictures of children, believed to be children of Mrs. RUTH PAINE. There was absolutely no section or portion of the above film that could be deemed significant.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WARREN C. de BRUEYS/ss Date dictated 11/26/63

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DL 89-43
HJO:cv
1

On November 26, 1963, the following film processing companies were contacted at Dallas, Texas, by SA HENRY J. OLIVER, and furnished a form to place in each package of processed film. This form requested that the owner of the film contact the local FBI Office if they had any photographs depicting the scene at the time of the assassination of President KENNEDY. All persons contacted advised that they would cooperate fully in this matter, and in addition while processing the film would be alert for anything which might be of value:

HERB SNOVER, Manager, Processing Department, Dynacolor Corporation, 3221 Halifax

Mr. SID ALLEN, Manager, Processing Department, Color Photo, Inc., 1507 Sullivan Drive

Mr. GEORGE DEMPSEY, Manager, Processing Department, Elko Photo Products, 1925 Skillman

Mr. D. L. UNGER, Assistant Manager Fox Film, Inc., 1819 North Henderson

Mr. D. C. HOLLAND, Manager National Photo Company, 930 West Jefferson

Mr. FLOYD SMITH, operator Smith Photo Laboratory, 1402 Industrial.

All Dallas Texas

VIII. Background on Lee Harvey Oswald and Relatives

DL 89-43
RJA,REB:mam
1

On November 28, 1963, PAUL P. REICHERTZ, 3644 Warick, Dallas, Texas, Manager, Socony Research Laboratory, 3600 Duncanville Road, Duncanville, Texas, advised SA'S ROBERT J. ANDERSON and ROBERT E. BASHAM on this date he has been informed by a co-worker, E. S. WILHELM, that WILHELM had been informed by a Miss FLORENCE E. MC DONALD that she, MC DONALD, and several other employees of the Socony Laboratory had attended a party in early February of 1963, at the home of EVERETT GLOVER. In attendance at this party were Mr. and Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD. REICHERTZ stated he has never met either of the OSWALDs and knows nothing of this matter.

Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

FLORENCE E. MC DONALD, 511 East 6th Street, Irving, Texas, employed by the Socony Research Laboratory, Duncanville, Texas, advised that in early February of 1963, she attended a party at the residence of EVERETT GLOVER, a fellow employee of the Socony Research Laboratory, 3600 Duncanville Road.

In attendance at this party were Mr. and Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Mr. EVERETT GLOVER, Mrs. RUTH PAINE, Irving, Texas, RICHARD L. PIERCE, another employee of the Socony Laboratory, Mr. and Mrs. NORMAN FREDERICKSON, Irving, Texas, now a student at the University of Wisconsin, and Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, who are now residing in Haiti. FLORENCE MC DONALD advised that this was her first and only meeting with either of the OSWALDs. She advised it was her understanding that the OSWALDs had been brought to the party by the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs, and the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs throughout the evening appeared to take a special interest in the OSWALDs. She stated that the main topic of conversation was OSWALD's travels and experiences in the Soviet Union. United States politics, Cuban affairs and the policies of the KENNEDY administration were not discussed at this party. During the course of the evening, OSWALD informed all in attendance that he was a Communist and had attempted to join the Communist Party while he was in Russia. OSWALD appeared to be fairly intelligent and articulate. Mrs. OSWALD spoke very little English and participated only to a limited degree in the conversation. Miss MC DONALD recalled that OSWALD stated he was employed by a large downtown printing firm and was at that time experiencing difficulty in supporting his family on his income. OSWALD made no statement which would indicate any future violent activity against any one person or group of persons.

Miss MC DONALD stated that GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, wife, JEAN, is a geological consultant who moved to Haiti in the Spring of 1963. She recalled that JEAN DE MOHRENSCHILDT reportedly was employed by SANGER HARRIS in Dallas, Texas. Both have children by previous marriages. Miss MC DONALD stated that both DE MOHRENSCHILDTs appear to be eccentric individuals. She recalled the DE MOHRENSCHILDTs described a trip they took through Mexico to the Panama Canal on foot, which supposedly spanned one years time. She described GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT as a white male, 45 years old, 5 feet 8 inches, 160 pounds, sandy hair, unkempt and a ruddy complexion. He appears to be well educated and stated he grew up in either France or Russia and speaks fluent Russian. Mrs. DE MOHRENSCHILDT was described as a white female, 5 feet 6 inches, 140 pounds, blond hair--possibly bleached, 45 years old and also fluent in Russian and possibly Chinese. Mrs.

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on 11/29/63 at Duncanville, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT J. ANDERSON AND ROBERT E. BASHAM: mam Date dictated 11/29/63

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DL 89-43
RJA,REB:mam
2

DE MOHRENSCHILDT reportedly is of Russian birth. Neither DE MOHRENSCHILDT expounded any political beliefs or views at the party.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

RICHARD L. PIERCE, Research Department, Socony Research Laboratory, 3600 Duncanville Road, Duncanville, Texas, advised he formerly resided with EVERETT GLOVER and VOLKMAR SCHMIDT at 4449 Potomac Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

PIERCE advised that in February, 1963, GLOVER held a dinner party at the above residence. In attendance at this party were Mr. and Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Mrs. RUTH PAINE, Irving, Texas, Mr. and Mrs. NORMAN FREDERICKSON, Irving, now a student at the University of Wisconsin, Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, who are now residing in Haiti, and PIERCE, himself. PIERCE stated he had never met either of the OSWALDs prior to this party and has seen neither since that time. He recalled that OSWALD said he worked for Jaeger Press located in downtown Dallas, Texas. During the course of the conversation, OSWALD described his travels in Russia and mentioned to PIERCE that while in Russia he worked in a factory in Minsk, Russia. PIERCE recalled that OSWALD did not hesitate in stating he was a Communist and sympathetic to the views of Communism. At no time during the evening were United States politics discussed, and at no time was any comment made concerning any of the KENNEDYs or their policies.

PIERCE stated it is his understanding that GEORGE and JEAN DE MOHRENSCHILDT both were Russians and both claimed to speak Russian fluently. In addition, JEAN DE MOHRENSCHILDT claimed to speak Chinese.

on 11/29/63 at Duncanville, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ROBERT J. ANDERSON AND ROBERT E. BASHAM: mam Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

VOLKMAR (NMI) SCHMIDT, 4724 Alcott, Apartment 206, Dallas, Texas, employed as a geologist by the Socony Research Laboratory, 3600 Duncanville Road, Duncanville, Texas, advised he was a roommate of EVERETT GLOVER and RICHARD PIERCE at 4449 Potomac Avenue, Dallas, Texas in February of 1963. SCHMIDT stated that on the day this party took place he had out-of-town visitors and therefore was not in attendance at the party.

SCHMIDT stated that one week previous to the above party, probably in early February of 1963, he met Mr. and Mrs. LEE OSWALD at a dinner party given by Mr. and Mrs. DE MOHRENSCHILDT at their residence near Southern Methodist University, specific address not known. SCHMIDT advised he speaks Russian fluently and during the course of the evening spoke to MARINA and LEE OSWALD in their native tongue. He advised that for several hours he discussed politics with OSWALD, and OSWALD appeared to be very frank with him from all aspects. OSWALD told SCHMIDT that he, OSWALD, was reared by a poor family and as such saw many of the shortcomings of the United States society. As a result of his early experiences, OSWALD said he became interested in Communism and became desirous of living in the Soviet Union. OSWALD described many of his experiences in Russia but appeared to be disillusioned with the Soviet System. This prompted his return to the United States. SCHMIDT stated that throughout the evening OSWALD was objective and was very articulate in his descriptions of the United States and Russian societies. OSWALD did not speak of President KENNEDY or his policies. On one occasion, SCHMIDT praised President KENNEDY by stating that President KENNEDY would improve the welfare of the working man in the United States. OSWALD made no objection to this statement.

SCHMIDT stated that OSWALD, from outward appearances and from his conversation, appeared to have a burning dedication to political truth. SCHMIDT surmised that OSWALD had great ambitions but realized he could not fulfill these ambitions because of limited education. Throughout the conversation, OSWALD did not express any views which would indicate future violent action but appeared to be a violent person. SCHMIDT stated he did not see OSWALD at any time after their conversation at the party.

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on 11/29/63 at Duncanville, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT J. ANDERSON AND ROBERT E. BASHAM: mam Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

MRS. MICHAEL R. PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, advised that she first met LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife MARINA OSWALD during mid winter of 1963, possibly February 22, 1963. They met at a social gathering at which time MRS. PAINE who speaks Russian became acquainted with MRS. MARINA OSWALD who speaks only Russian and has no knowledge of the English language. MRS. PAINE stated that in approximately April, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife MARINA visited them at their home where they had dinner together. MRS. PAINE stated that during this period, OSWALD was employed at Jaggars-Chiles and Stovall, a blueprinting company, located at 522 Browder Street, Dallas, Texas. OSWALD lost his job in either late April or early May and went to New Orleans, Louisiana, to find a job in early May of 1963. MRS. PAINE stated that on May 10, 1963, she drove MARINA OSWALD and her child to New Orleans, Louisiana, to join LEE OSWALD. MRS. PAINE further stated that following LEE HARVEY OSWALD's arrest for distributing pro-Castro literature in New Orleans, Louisiana, he lost his job and MRS. MARINA OSWALD was in the late stages of pregnancy with their second child. MRS. PAINE stated that she is very fond of MRS. MARINA OSWALD and felt sorry for her so she drove to New Orleans, Louisiana, and on September 23, 1963, took MRS. MARINA OSWALD back to Irving, Texas, with her. They arrived in Irving, Texas, on September 24, 1963. When they left Louisiana LEE HARVEY OSWALD was still in that city; however, MRS. PAINE stated that she later determined from a rough draft of a letter that LEE HARVEY OSWALD left lying around the house that he had apparently gone to Mexico City where he contacted the Soviet Embassy and apparently the Cuban Embassy. MRS. PAINE stated that on October 4, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD contacted his wife MARINA OSWALD at her residence and advised her that he was now in Dallas. He indicated that he had arrived in Dallas on October 3, 1963, and had an apartment somewhere in Dallas, which address he did not give. MRS. PAINE did learn that OSWALD moved to another apartment a few days later which was the apartment that he was apparently residing in at the time of his arrest on November 22.

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on 11/23/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. and JOE B. ABERNATHY /wvm Date dictated 11/23/63

67 JFB 196

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MRS. PAINE stated that on Monday, November 18, 1963, MRS. MARINA OSWALD telephonically contacted LEE OSWALD at a telephone number which MRS. PAINE stated she cannot recall and she had MRS. PAINE ask for OSWALD by his true name. OSWALD apparently became quite incensed with his wife for giving out his true name since he was apparently living at this apartment under another name.

MRS. PAINE stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD received mail which included newspapers and periodicals from the Soviet Union at her address. This mail first began arriving on October 5, 1963. MRS. PAINE denied that OSWALD had received any mail at her address prior to October 5, 1963. MRS. PAINE further stated that on October 15, 1963, OSWALD obtained a job as a laborer at the Texas Schoolbook Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas. According to MRS. PAINE, after LEE HARVEY OSWALD returned to Dallas on October 3 or 4, 1963, he usually visited with his wife on weekends at PAINE's residence in Irving, Texas. MRS. PAINE stated, however, on Thursday, November 21, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD came and spent the night at her residence in Irving, Texas. MRS. PAINE stated that evening OSWALD went out to the garage where he had many of his personal effects stored and spent considerable time, apparently rearranging and handling his personal effects.

MRS. PAINE stated she later determined that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had a rifle wrapped up inside a blanket among some personal effects in her garage. MRS. PAINE stated she did not realize this until MRS. OSWALD admitted it to Dallas police detectives on November 22, 1963, at which time she turned over to the Dallas police officers the blanket which the rifle had been wrapped in. MRS. PAINE stated that she did not think LEE HARVEY OSWALD was a very logical individual, but at no time did he ever give any indication to her that he would do a violent thing such as killing an individual.

MRS. PAINE stated that OSWALD claimed to be a Marxist but she just considered him to be a little bit odd and nothing further and that her main friendship with the OSWALDS was with MRS. MARINA OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, furnished the following information:

She has known LEE and MARINA OSWALD since meeting them at a party in February 1963 at the home of EVERETT GLOVER, 4449 Potomac, Dallas, Texas. GLOVER has now moved to 5723 West Southwestern Boulevard in Dallas, telephone FL 2-5296, and she believes he is living in the home formerly occupied by GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT. She stated that GLOVER had met the OSWALDS through the DE MOHRENSCHILDTS who are now in Haiti where GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT is employed as a free lance geologist.

Mrs. PAINE stated that the OSWALDS were not separated in the marital sense but their physical separation was occasioned by financial difficulties since OSWALD was not making enough money to support both himself and his wife and since Mrs. PAINE did not invite him to live at her home with his wife.

Mrs. PAINE stated that LEE OSWALD first appeared in Dallas about October 3, 4, 1963 and stated that he had been in Houston looking for work after leaving New Orleans and had been in town a few days before he contacted Mrs. PAINE and MARINA. He did not say anything about being in Mexico if he had been in Mexico prior to that time.

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on 11/24/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM & JOSEPH G. PEGGS/sah Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/28/63

Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 W. 5th, Irving, Texas, furnished the following information:

She arrived in New Orleans, Louisiana, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. LEE OSWALD on Magazine Street in the late afternoon of September 20, 1963. She stated that she fixes this date in her mind by referring to a cancelled check in her possession payable to the 16th Street Baptist Church, Birmingham, Alabama, in the amount of $25, signed by Mrs. PAINE which she knows she wrote on the day before she arrived in New Orleans. She stated she was at Birmingham on that date and that the date of the check is September 19, 1963.

She stated that on the night of September 19, 1963, she stayed under the name RUTH PAINE at the Holiday Inn on the Bypass in Meridian, Mississippi, and the following day went to New Orleans arriving before dark and staying at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. LEE OSWALD.

She recalls LEE OSWALD was either there when she arrived or came in a very short time later. She remained at the OSWALD home until the morning of September 23, 1963, when she and MARINA and the OSWALD baby departed New Orleans leaving LEE OSWALD there. She recalls going to a service station about a block and a half from OSWALD's residence and located on the same side of the street, where she purchased a new tire for her car, a 1955 green Chevrolet station wagon with 1963 Texas license NK 4041.

She stated that on leaving New Orleans they drove to a small town in Texas where she and MARINA spent the night on September 23, 1963, and on September 24, 1963, she arrived with MARINA at Irving, Texas. She fixes this date because she had made a notation on her household calendar.

Mrs. PAINE stated that while in New Orleans on one occasion, possibly Saturday night or Sunday night, she and MARINA toured Bourbon Street with their children looking at the burlesque shows from the sidewalk although they did not go into any of the "joints." Mrs. PAINE recalled that on this occasion LEE OSWALD did not join them expressing no interest in the matter. When they returned to the house they found that LEE had washed the dishes and straightened up the apartment.

Mrs. PAINE recalls talking to an older man who was cutting the grass in front of the house in which the OSWALDs were residing

on 11/27/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM:vm Date dictated 11/27/63

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and this man asked her where she was from. She told him Texas and answered several other questions. Thereupon, LEE OSWALD speaking in Russian to Mrs. PAINE told her to quit furnishing so much information.

Mrs. PAINE supposes that the reason for this was that LEE did not want the landlord to know he was moving.

During the time that Mrs. PAINE was in New Orleans from the late afternoon of September 20, 1963, to the morning of September 23, 1963, LEE OSWALD was not away from his residence for any appreciable period. He was not working and while he did not appear to have a lot of money she recalls him spending $3.00 or $4.00 for groceries. There was nothing said to indicate that LEE OSWALD had been out of New Orleans and it was her impression that he and MARINA had not been out of New Orleans since May 14, 1963, when she left them in New Orleans.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

MICHAEL PAINE, 2377 Dalworth, Grand Prairie, Texas, was interviewed at the Dallas Police Department, concerning his association with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and advised as follows:

Approximately Spring of 1963, he and his wife, RUTH HYDE PAINE, from whom he is presently separated, but with whom he visits frequently, had met LEE OSWALD and his wife, MARINA, at a party through a mutual friend, one EVERETT GLOVER, who resides in Dallas, Texas. At that time, his wife RUTH had indicated she wanted to meet a real Russian and subsequently he and his wife had OSWALD and his wife over to their house for supper on a few occasions. PAINE advised he is a research engineer at Bell Helicopter, Hurst, Texas, and has attended Harvard University and Swarthmore College, and on one occasion had taken OSWALD to a party and to a meeting of the American Civil Liberties Union, of which PAINE is a member. He alleged that in discussions with OSWALD, OSWALD had indicated to him to have read extensively of Communism and various subjects and appeared to him to have Communistic ideas. He described OSWALD as a mixed-up type person who always took the opposite side of free enterprise in any political discussion. At one party OSWALD attended with him, he got into a discussion with another individual who PAINE described as a colleague of his, at his place of employment, whom he did not identify and after the discussion stated he, OSWALD, thought this colleague was a Communist. He stated he had taken OSWALD with him to a meeting of the American Civil Liberties Union to, as he stated, show him the correct side of Democracy, however, OSWALD apparently was not impressed with the organization and showed little interest.

In approximately July, 1963, OSWALD and his wife were driven to New Orleans, Louisiana, by his wife, RUTH PAINE, where OSWALD found work as PAINE recalled, working as an engraver in New Orleans. He stated due to numerous quarrels that OSWALD and his wife had, returned to Dallas approximately 6 weeks ago and at that time OSWALD's wife, MARINA, moved into the residence of his wife, RUTH HYDE

on 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RICHARD E. HARRISON/cah Date dictated 11/23/63

J-01

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PAINE, in Irving, Texas. PAINE stated during this time he usually would visit his wife at her residence in Irving on the weekends and saw OSWALD there and stated OSWALD was very disrespectful to his wife at times, acted extremely angry at her and insulted her frequently.

At the time OSWALD and his wife moved to his wife's residence in Irving, OSWALD had numerous belongings which he placed in the garage located at the rear of his wife's residence in Irving. Among these items PAINE stated were, as he recalled, two duffle bags and a blanket which he subsequently identified in the possession of officers at the Dallas Police Department and which blanket PAINE had occasion to lift off other articles in the garage and contained what he thought were camping supplies. He stated during the time of the residence of MRS. OSWALD with his wife, RUTH, LEE OSWALD was residing somewhere in Dallas and he would visit the residence in Irving usually on the weekends. He stated the last time he saw OSWALD at the residence of his wife, in Irving, was approximately two weeks previous and PAINE stated he had never seen a rifle or other weapon in the possession of OSWALD. PAINE did advise, however, in previous discussions with OSWALD, OSWALD had told PAINE that he had been a member of a gun club or rifle club in Russia when he resided there, however, PAINE could not recall the name of the club of which OSWALD was a member. He did recall, however, that OSWALD's wife was from Leningrad and their first baby had been born in Kiev.

He described their children as JUNE OSWALD, age 2, and RACHEL ~~X~~ OSWALD, age 4 weeks.

O.P.O.B.
10-22-63
Parkland Hospital
Dallas, Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

MICHAEL PAINE, 2377 Dalworth Street, Apt. 217, Grand Prairie, Texas, telephone AN 2-7976 was interviewed at the home of his estranged wife, Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas. He furnished the following information:

He is currently employed as a research engineer at Bell Helicopter, Hurst, Texas, but works in Arlington, Texas, where a portion of the company is located and can be reached at telephone CR 5-5211.

In September 1963 he was at the residence of his wife, RUTH PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, after MARINA OSWALD had moved to Irving from New Orleans, Louisiana, with her luggage and some household equipment.

He stated he went to the garage which is attached to the residence and desiring to use his drill press moved an object which was wrapped in a cotton blanket, green and red in color. He stated it was a cheap blanket such as one might use for camping and at the time he thought it contained metal tent poles. He stated that the object was about 40 inches long or slightly longer and that in the light of recent events he is now certain it was a rifle. He stated that he moved this object two or three times in various spots about the garage so he could use his band-saw and other equipment. He stated he did not look into this package and cannot definitely state what was in it. He stated that at first he felt if this object was a gun it did not have a scope on it, but that after seeing pictures of the gun and noting the small size of the scope, on the weapon used to assassinate President KENNEDY, he is of the opinion that this object he lifted could have been a rifle with a scope mounted on it. He estimated the weight of the object as about 7 pounds.

PAINE stated that on one occasion he took LEE OSWALD to a meeting of the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) held at Southern Methodist University in Dallas. This was in October 1963 a short time after ADLAI STEVENSON had visited Dallas. During this meeting

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on 11/24/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

BARDWELL D. ODUM &

by Special Agents JOSEPH G. PEGGS/sah Date dictated 11/24/63

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locality

some mention was made of the John Birch Society, and comments were made about alleged anti-Semitism in the John Birch Societies. Someone else made a comment that even though some members of the John Birch Society might be anti-Semitic, such policies should not be attributed to the society as a whole without proof. Thereupon OSWALD spoke out and gave what appeared to be logical and appropriate instances of anti-Semitism by the John Birch Societies.

After the meeting FRANK KRYSTINIK, also employed at Bell Helicopter, Arlington, Texas, residing 2121 Greenway, Arlington, telephone CR 5-1517, got into a discussion on free enterprise with LEE OSWALD. PAINE paid very little attention to this argument.

Texas

On the way home from this meeting LEE OSWALD asked MICHAEL PAINE about the identity of an elderly man who was more or less involved in OSWALD's discussion with KRYSTINIK. PAINE told OSWALD that he did not know the identity of this person. Thereupon OSWALD stated that he thought this man must be a communist. PAINE asked him why he thought this and OSWALD stated it was because the man was interested in the "Fair play for Cuba" organization which OSWALD had mentioned.

PAINE stated that on the night before ADLAI STEVENSON appeared at Dallas, Texas, in October 1963, LEE OSWALD attended a right wing rally held at the Civic Auditorium in Dallas and that he presumed since the John Birch Society was one of the sponsors of this meeting that OSWALD had gotten his information about the John Birch Society during this meeting.

He stated that he does not believe that OSWALD attended the rally the following night at which ADLAI STEVENSON appeared, this being the same night when an incident involving STEVENSON being spit upon and hit with placard occurred. He stated that OSWALD never made any

comment about being at such meeting and, therefore, he believes he was not at such a meeting.

PAINE stated that OSWALD, following the ACLU meeting, told him that he could not join an organization such as the ACLU since it had no political function.

MICHAEL PAINE stated that about April 24, 1963 LEE OSWALD went to New Orleans, Louisiana, and that he believes his motive in going there was to get a job, and OSWALD told him this was the reason he was going there. He stated that he knew OSWALD had lost a job while he was living at 214 Neeley Street, Dallas, Texas, about June of 1963. At that time he was working in a photographic engraving plant where they were doing advertisements for fashion ads. PAINE stated he did not know the reason for OSWALD losing this job although MARINA had told Mrs. PAINE he was laid off for lack of work. PAINE personally thought he was probably laid off because of his continual statements regarding the "Marxist principle, being opposed to exploitation of man by man", and since such "exploitation" is a part of every job of the capitalistic system, statements by OSWALD regarding same would tend toward his termination by employers.

PAINE stated he does not recall LEE OSWALD ever stating that he had been terminated because of his beliefs or statements but that OSWALD's mother had mentioned that she had lost many jobs because of her son's (LEE OSWALD) defection to Russia.

COPY FE

FPCC Brussels ff

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening in Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

Ill. Texas D.C. N.Y

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 30, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the Fall of 1962 and was filled by VINCENT "Ted" LEE, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed LEE has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, LEE has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. LEE feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

MARYSPELL
FOIPA

Date 11/28/63

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MR. MICHAEL R. PAINE was interviewed at 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas. He advised that the first time he met LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife MARINA OSWALD was on April 2, 1963, when he drove to their apartment at 214 Neeley Street in Dallas, Texas, and picked them up and drove them back to his house in Irving, Texas, where he (PAINE) and his wife and the OSWALDS had dinner together. He did not see LEE HARVEY OSWALD again until October 4, 1963, when OSWALD visited his wife and children at the PAINE's residence in Irving, Texas. He saw him again on October 18, 1963, and saw him for the last time on November 8, 9 and 10, 1963.

MR. PAINE stated he did have several discussions with OSWALD during the time, but was unable to converse with MRS. OSWALD, since he did not speak Russian and she did not speak English. PAINE stated that he could not recall exactly on which date OSWALD made certain statements, but he does recall a composite of his different conversations with OSWALD. PAINE stated he asked OSWALD why he left the Soviet Union, but he could never give a satisfactory answer. He just stated he did not like his job and he did not like to be told where to live. He stated that in Russia you could not own a rifle, you could only own a shotgun, and he objected to this restriction. OSWALD stated the only way a person in Russia could shoot a rifle was to join a rifle club which were paramilitary type clubs and he did not like belonging to such a club. OSWALD stated he became a Marxist in this country and that he learned Marxism from reading books. OSWALD stated he had never met a communist before he went to Russia, but he did not mention whether he met any communists in America after returning from Russia. He stated that no one where he works wanted to discuss politics. PAINE asked OSWALD why he wanted to change the system in the United States. OSWALD stated that he did not believe in the exploitation of man by man. PAINE stated that OSWALD was always quoting from MARX and would never depart from this line. PAINE stated that he told OSWALD that he (PAINE) was against violence in any form, but OSWALD did not reply to this. PAINE also stated that he was opposed to violent revolution and again OSWALD did not answer.

On 11/26/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by SAs BARDWELL D. ODUM and JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. (HM) Date dictated 11/28/63

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MR. PAINE stated that during the visits that OSWALD had to his house they also discussed hunting and OSWALD spent considerable time watching football on television and he was an avid football fan.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/28/63

WILLIAM H. MILLER, District Director, Texas Employment Commission (TEC), made available Texas Employment Commission file on LEE OSWALD or L. H. OSWALD, Social Security Number 433-54-3937. This file is in two portions, that dealing with registration for employment and that dealing with filing or receiving unemployment benefits.

Employment Registration Dallas, Texas

LEE OSWALD personally appeared at TEC on October 9, 1962, 1206 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas, at which time he was interviewed by DON BROOKS. On that same date BROOKS referred him to another interviewer, Mrs. HELEN CUNNINGHAM, who is in the Clerical and Sales Office of TEC located in the United Fidelity Building, 1025 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas.

LEE OSWALD had previously visited the Fort Worth office of TEC.

On his application card LEE OSWALD furnished the following information:

He previously had served in the military service, serial number 1653233, from October 23, 1956 to September 11, 1959. He attended Arlington Heights High School at Fort Worth, Texas, for two years apparently ending May 1956 and indicated he had a high school equivalency certificate. He also indicated he had two and one-half months in the fundamentals of electronics and two and one-half months as radar operator in 1957, apparently while in the military service.

Previous employments were listed as:

Leslie Welding Company, Dallas, 4 months ending October 1962, "layed off". Texas

William B. Riley Company, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, 4 months ending July 1963; job - "photography"; reason for leaving "laid off".

LA.

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on 11/28/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM/sah Date dictated 11/27/63

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Shoe salesman, four months, New Orleans, Louisiana.

General office work, one year, New Orleans, Louisiana, 1961.

U.S. Marine Corps - radar operator, 2 years, 1959.

OSWALD is described as 5'9", 150 pounds, born October 18, 1939.

On the reverse of this application which is undated, appear notations from the interviewer indicating that OSWALD uses bus transportation, has a wife and child 8 months old, "financial position necessitates immediate employment". This information also lists a brother, name not given, junior executive, Acme Brick, and a brdher, staff sergeant in the Air Force, name not given. Comments of interviewer read "well groomed and spoken, business suit, alert, replies - expresses self extremely well".

Also on the back of the application form is a record of references to employers made to TEC:

October 10, year not listed - HARRELL and HAIRINGTON, Texas Architect - messenger.

October 26, 1962 - Dallas Transit - messenger. Notations indicate OSWALD did not go out on this referral since he was reportedly working as of October 30, 1962.

May 3, 1963 - Texas Power and Light Company - meter reader. Opposite this referral is the notation that on May 3, 1963 OSWALD was found to have moved and left no address.

October 8, 1963 - Solid State ~~Electrical~~ Electronics Company of Texas - Sales Clerk, not hired.

October 9, 1963 - Burton-Dixie, Texas Clerk Trainee, not hired.

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M. N FERRELL

~~not report to duty~~ October 15, 1963 - Trans-Texas - Cargo Handler - ~~not referred since~~ did Notice received 10:30 a.m., October 16, 1963 that OSWALD was working.

This application is a working item used by TEC and notations are made on this sheet by various persons. All writing is in pencil and although the application is not dated the first date appearing in a block for dates is October 9, 1962.

The date of the notations made on the back of the form where the interviewer's comments are recorded is not shown and all of these comments may not have been made at the same time.

A counseling record card for LEE OSWALD, 3519 Fairmont, telephone LA 1-0692 reflects interview of LEE OSWALD on October 9, 1962 by CUNNINGHAM. This same record shows reinterview dates of October 10, 11, and 15, 1962.

Mr. MILLER interpreted notations in the date column of the application card as follows:

October 30, 1962 - card inactivated

April 8, 1963 - card reactivated

April 12, 1963 - notation of contact at which time OSWALD probably appeared at the TEC office, 1025 Elm Street, Dallas

May 8, 1963 - card again placed in inactive status apparently due to OSWALD moving and leaving no address which item is recorded under the date May 8, 1963 on the reverse side of the application.

October 3, 1963 - OSWALD reinterviewed

October 17, 1963 - card again placed in inactive status apparently due to fact OSWALD was working as indicated by notation dated October 16, 1963 on back of application form.

Unemployment Claims

Mr. MILLER made available a claim record card which had been forwarded from the New Orleans office of the Louisiana Employment Commission. This reflects that an initial claim for unemployment compensation was made on April 29, 1963 by L. H. OSWALD, 757 France Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, Social Security Number 433-54-3937.

The original address is typed in but penciled notations indicate changes as follows:

French Street instead of France Street; P. O. Box 30061, no city listed; 2515 West 5th, Irving, Texas. The dates of these changes are not shown.

Mr. MILLER advised that this claim card indicates that L. H. OSWALD filed a claim for unemployment compensation at New Orleans based upon employment in Texas and that in addition to April 29, 1963, LEE OSWALD, according to the notations on the card, appeared at the New Orleans office of the Louisiana Employment Commission on the following dates:

May 7, 1963	August 20, 1963
May 15, 1963	August 27, 1963
July 22, 1963	September 3, 1963
July 30, 1963	September 10, 1963
August 6, 1963	September 17, 1963
August 13, 1963	September 24, 1963

During this period no earnings were shown for OSWALD except on July 22, 1963 he reported $58.00.

Mr. MILLER advised this card further reflects that LEE OSWALD appeared at the Dallas office of TEC on October 3, 1963 and October 10, 1963 and noted that on October 10, 1963 OSWALD signed his name on this card when he appeared. He advised that on ~~these dates~~ OSWALD appeared at the TEC office at 2210 Main Street, Dallas,

DL 89-43

Texas, where he was interviewed by HARRY SANDERSON. He appeared at this same address October 10, 1963 where he was interviewed by MC CLUSKEY. Mr. MILLER made this identification of the persons whom OSWALD contacted through initials appearing opposite the contact date on the claim record card.

Mr. MILLER further advised that the unemployment benefits of OSWALD were terminated with the claim which he submitted on October 3, 1963 and that no further benefits were payable or were paid to him.

MILLER advised that he has no record of the exact amount of the check paid on each claim period to OSWALD, and that this record could be located only in Austin, Texas, at the state headquarters of TEC.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/28/63

R. L. ADAMS, Employer Interviewer, Texas Employment Commission (TEC), 6th Floor, 1025 Elm Street, residence telephone BR 6-7943, furnished the following information: Dallas Texas

From the TEC record maintained on application card of LEE OSWALD, Social Security No. 433-54-3937, he can state that OSWALD called on October 8, 1963, in response to a telephone message of October 7, 1963, and was referred to the Solid State ~~Electrical~~ Electronics Company to apply for a job as sales clerk at $350 a month. He was not hired.

On October 9, 1963, he appeared at the office of TEC and was sent to Burton Dixie Company to apply for a job as a clerk-trainee at $1.25 per hour. He was not hired.

ADAMS further stated the records reflect that he left a telephone message for OSWALD on October 15, 1963, which was returned on October 15, 1963, at which time OSWALD was referred to Trans-Texas for a job as a cargo handler at $310 per month. He did not report to this employer since according to notations made by ADAMS on the card ADAMS learned at 10:30 a.m. on October 16, 1963, that OSWALD was working.

ADAMS stated that after examining a photograph of LEE OSWALD he vaguely recalls him but cannot identify OSWALD positively as being the individual whom he referred on the dates mentioned above. He stated he is interpreting the records from cryptic-type notations appearing thereon and that while the dates are correct there may be some question as to whether the contacts were telephonic or personal.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM:vm Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

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HELEN T. CUNNINGHAM, Employment Counsellor, Texas Employment Commission (TEC), Room 718, 1025 Elm Street, residence 1046 N. Winnetka, telephone WH 2-8923, furnished the following information: Dallas, Texas

About October, 1962, a Mr. TEOFIL MELLER, an employee of Sanger-Harris, believed to be now employed at the Preston Hollow Store, called her and stated that LEE OSWALD and his wife were in Dallas; that his wife was destitute, and that some organization or person was assisting her. Mr. MELLER, a Polish refugee and a former professor in the University of Krakow, Poland, stated Mrs. OSWALD was a Russian, and that LEE OSWALD needed a job desperately. He asked Mrs. CUNNINGHAM to see LEE OSWALD and Mrs. CUNNINGHAM agreed to do so.

Mrs. CUNNINGHAM stated that according to the records of TEC she saw LEE OSWALD at her office on October 9, 1962. She stated that the Counseling Record Card for LEE OSWALD reflects additional contacts October 10, 11, and 15, 1962. She stated this record also reflects about October 10, 1962, OSWALD was referred to Herrell and Huntington Architects as a messenger at $1.50 an hour and to Jaggars Printing Company, as a photo-print trainee at $1.35 an hour.

Mrs. CUNNINGHAM states she cannot be positive whether the contacts of October 10, 11, and 15, 1962, were telephonic or in person. She noted OSWALD had previously been to the TEC at Fort Worth, Texas.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM:vm Date dictated 11/27/63

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Date 11/29/63

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Mr. H. T. SUMMERS, Manager, Texas Employment Commission, Dallas, advised his office closes at 4:30 p.m. daily. He stated he could not furnish the time that LEE HARVEY OSWALD registered on October 3, 1963, as the time is not noted on the card that the applicant signs.

Mr. SUMMERS advised HARRY SANDERSON, JR. took the application from OSWALD and that SANDERSON has now been transferred to the Grand Prairie branch of the Texas Employment Commission.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agents WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN and JAMES C. KENNEDY/sl Date dictated 11/29/63

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Date 11/28/63

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HARRY SANDERSON, who is now employed as a clerk in the Texas Employment Commission (TEC) Office at Grand Prairie, Texas, AN 2-3585, home telephone FE 1-5627, advised that he was employed at the TEC Office located 2210 Main Street, Dallas, Texas, as of October 3, 1963.

He stated that the initials "H.S." on TEC Claim Record Card on the date of October 3, 1963, indicate he processed and interviewed L.H. OSWALD on October 3, 1963, in the office at 2210 Main Street, Dallas, at which time OSWALD certified to a period of unemployment and claimed unemployment compensation for that period.

SANDERSON stated he was unable to recall this individual and does not know whether he is identical with a photograph of L. H. OSWALD, Social Security No. 433-54-3937.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM:vm Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

Mr. H. E. AIKEN, Bookkeeper, Texas School Book Depository, at the instructions of Mr. ROY TRULY, made available the official payroll records for the Texas School Book Depository, which records specifically covered employment of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

These records reflected that OSWALD first worked for this company on October 16, 1963, and worked continuously at 8 hours per day, from October 16 through November 22, 1963, without missing any day's work. During this period of time he was off only on Saturdays, Sundays, and November 11, 1963, which was a company holiday.

Verifax copies were made of these payroll records and are being retained in the files of the Dallas Division.

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON /rmb Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 27, 1963

1

Mrs. BONNIE RICHEY, secretary to ROY E. TRULY, warehouse manager, Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, advised that all warehouse employees of the Texas School Book Depository receive their weekly pay in cash. No checks are written to these warehouse employees.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON/gm Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/28/63

O. V. CAMPBELL, Vice President, Texas School Book Depository, Elm and Houston Streets, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, while employed by the Texas School Book Depository from October 16 to November 22, 1963, was paid semi-monthly in cash. He received two payments of $104.41 each on October 31, 1963 and November 15, 1963. In addition he now has pay due him of $43.37 which is unclaimed.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM/sah Date dictated 11/27/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/29/63

JAMES DARL HUNTER, President, Solid State Electronics Company of Texas, 2647 Myrtle Springs, Dallas, Texas, advised on November 29, 1963, that he contacted a number of employment agencies about the first week of October, 1963, in an effort to obtain a salesman. When this was not productive he contacted the Texas Employment Commission, 1025 Elm Street, and OSWALD was one of the first applicants they sent out to see him. He recalled that OSWALD arrived at his office on October 8, 1963, and he was interviewed by Mr. W. B. MARTIN and Mr. HUNTER. He said OSWALD executed an application form but failed to sign or date it until he was requested to do so, and when it was determined he was not going to employ him this form was destroyed.

He said that LEE H. OSWALD gave a Dallas address, indicated he was married and claimed he had one child. He indicated he was a citizen of the United States, had served the U. S. Marine Corps and was discharged honorably at the end of his tour of duty. He claimed he had graduated from a high school in Fort Worth and indicated he could speak the Russian language. Mr. HUNTER recalled that OSWALD did not indicate he could read and write Russian. He said he could not recall the references by name, but one of his former employers was in New Orleans, Louisiana, and one in Fort Worth. He listed a reference whom Mr. HUNTER believed to be the woman in Irving that OSWALD's wife lived with. He said that he recalled OSWALD's wife was the person shown as the one to notify in case of emergency. He said OSWALD was not accepted for employment because he had no experience, and when he told OSWALD that OSWALD said, "I sure would like to have the job - every place I go they want experience". He said that OSWALD did not seem to express any great resentment at not being able to qualify, but he just sighed and left after being advised he was not being considered for the position.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER /cv Date dictated 11/29/63

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1 Date 11/29/63

EMMETT TOBSON, Burton Dixie Corporation, 817 Corinth, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed and advised that he recalled interviewing four applicants for a job as clerk-trainee during the period October 4 - 10, 1963. He said these applicants came to him from the Texas Employment Commission, and he had them execute application forms and eliminated all but one because of lack of experience, poor work record, inability to write and general unfitness for the job he had available. He said that all applications were destroyed when the position was filled, and he had no independent recollection of any particular information that LEE OSWALD had put on his application form, and he was unable to recall any background information concerning OSWALD from memory.

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/cv Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

Mr. JOE McREE, Resident Manager, Young Men's Christian Association, advised transient guest records at that organization reflect that on October 3, 1963, LEE H. OSWALD checked into the Young Men's Christian Association, Room 601, giving his name as LEE H. OSWALD, U. S. Marine Corps, El Toro, California, Serial No. 1653230. Records indicate OSWALD checked out on October 4, 1963, and Mr. McREE made available the guest registration card for LEE H. OSWALD to SA RICHARD E. HARRISON.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents RICHARD E. HARRISON and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON / mac 223 Date dictated 11/28/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

At 10 a.m., Mr. M. W. GEORGE, 6769 Inverness Street, telephone TA 3-9729, office telephone LA 6-7268, advised he owns a few rent houses and apartments in Dallas, among them one located at 214 West Neeley Street, and that from April 1, 1963, to May 31, 1968, LEE HARVEY OSWALD resided upstairs at that address leaving on May 31, 1963, without notice. Mr. GEORGE stated since that time the apartment has been vacant and padlocked, however, he has reason to believe that within the past two months someone who had a key to the padlock has been going into the apartment, the reason being unknown to Mr. GEORGE.

Mr. GEORGE stated after OSWALD moved he completely cleaned the apartment and threw away all the trash on approximately June 2, 1963. He stated that since someone has been apparently using the apartment he thought the FBI might like to look through the apartment for possible scraps of evidence although he personally had done so on the evening of November 22, 1963, without finding anything of value.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. ANDERTON /cv Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

Mr. M. W. GEORGE, 6769 Inverness Street, furnished the key to the apartment located at 214 West Neeley Street, owned by him and formerly occupied by LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mr. GEORGE informed he was in error on the dates previously furnished which indicated OSWALD had resided at 214 West Neeley Street from April 1, 1963, to May 31, 1963. He advised OSWALD actually resided upstairs at this address from March 2, 1963, to May 1, 1963.

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents PAUL E. WULFF & JAMES W. SWINFORD /cv 225 Date dictated 11/26/63

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the activities or associates of OSWALD and his wife and did not believe anyone else in the neighborhood would be able to since the house where OSWALD resided sits by itself on West Neeley.

Mrs. NELL FRICK, 630 Madison, Dallas, Texas, advised on November 29, 1963 that she and her husband have resided at this address for about one month. 214 West Neeley is located behind the house where she resides and she was unable to furnish any information concerning OSWALD, his associates or activities.

Mr. W. D. ELLIS, foreman, Davey Tree Expert Co., 605 North Collins, Arlington, Texas, advised on November 29, 1963 that GEORGE B. GRAY left his employment with this company about July 1, 1963. His last check was mailed to him on July 3, 1963 at Route 2, Box 129, Ragland, Alabama. This is the only address he has for GRAY. ELLIS stated the application for employment for GRAY giving any background information available would be maintained at the home office of the company located at Kent, Ohio.

MARY FERRELL

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

JAMES COONER, Internal Revenue Service, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised SA JOHN J. FLANAGAN on November 27, 1963, that he had just received information concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD from BOB STOVALL of Jaggars - Chiles - Stovall, Inc., former employer of OSWALD. Mr. COONER stated that STOVALL told him that in looking over his employment records concerning OSWALD he had noted the following notations:

Dallas Texas

"4/1/63 - Send Oswald's mail to P. O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas"

Mr. COONER said he felt certain that the FBI had knowledge of this address but wanted to assist in furnishing a date in connection therewith.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOHN J. FLANAGAN: mam Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Dallas, Texas Date 11/24/63

On November 23, 1963, EVERETT D. GLOVER, 5723 Southwestern Boulevard, FLeetwood 3-5296, telephonically advised that during March or April, 1963, he was invited to a party at the home of GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT, who, at that time, resided on Dickens Street in Dallas. At this party, GLOVER was introduced to LEE OSWALD who was described to him as a person who had travelled to Russia to find out for himself what life in Russia is like. GLOVER was very much interested in learning more of OSWALD's experiences in Russia and for that reason invited OSWALD to his (GLOVER's) home. OSWALD and his Russian wife did visit in the GLOVER home on one occasion, on a social function. These are the only two occasions on which GLOVER had personal contact with OSWALD.

GLOVER mentioned having been contacted by some representative of the Saturday Evening Post in connection with his personal knowledge of OSWALD. He stated he did not want to be interviewed by any periodicals but that if the FBI had any interest in interviewing him, he is willing to be interviewed. He mentioned that he was not close personal friend of OSWALD but his knowledge of the latter is limited to the two social functions during which they had personal contact.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOSEPH J. HANLEY/ejg Date dictated 11/24/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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Mrs. PENNY PEARSON, 7317 Davenport, Ft. Worth, Texas advised she and her husband have resided at this address for three years. She said that ROBERT OSWALD and his wife VADA lived next door to them at 7313 Davenport from the time of their occupancy three years ago until the OSWALDs moved in about March, 1963. Mrs. PEARSON said she believes the OSWALDs lived at the address two years or longer prior to the PEARSONs moving in the neighborhood.

Mrs. PEARSON said further that ROBERT OSWALD's brother, LEE OSWALD, lived with the ROBERT OSWALDs for a period of about six weeks in May or June, 1962. She said she or her husband actually never met LEE OSWALD but she did meet his wife, name not recalled, who spoke very little English. Mrs. PEARSON said she recalls the LEE OSWALDs had a small girl at that time who was just a few months old.

Mrs. PEARSON said from conversation with VADA OSWALD at that time that this person told her that LEE OSWALD had formerly worked in New Orleans for an import-export company after he got out of the Marine Corps. Mrs. PEARSON said she recalls VADA OSWALD saying that LEE apparently got in with some wrong people, meaning Communists, in New Orleans and went to Russia. Mrs. PEARSON said she recalls VADA OSWALD saying that after LEE had been in Russia for maybe two years that he became disillusioned and returned to the United States. Mrs. PEARSON said she believes that he returned to the United States just prior to living with his brother for the above-mentioned period of time in May or June, 1962. Mrs. PEARSON said further that she recalls the conversation with ROBERT OSWALD at a later date at which time he said LEE had moved somewhere and was working for an unknown company in Fort Worth. Mrs. PEARSON said she then recalls hearing from conversation with either ROBERT or VADA that LEE had moved to Dallas, where he was employed by some type of company which had something to do with language, and was employed because he could speak Russian. She said she does not know what company he was supposed to have been employed by at that time.

Mrs. PEARSON said that ROBERT OSWALD's mother is a practical nurse and she does not know where the mother now resides but believes she possibly resides in Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. PEARSON said she had only seen LEE OSWALD from a distance in the yard at the time he stayed with his brother and sister-in-law in Fort Worth. Mrs. PEARSON advised she had no

on 11/22/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ROBLEY D. MADLAND and ARNOLD J. BROWN:ym Date dictated 11/23/63

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other information concerning OSWALD and to her knowledge there would be no other person in the neighborhood who would have known this person.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

Mrs. A. W. (RUBY) MAXWELL, 7313 Davenport Street, advised she and her husband purchased this home in June, 1963, through the Jim Brannan Real Estate Company of Fort Worth. Mrs. MAXWELL said the former owners of the house were ROBERT L. and VADA MARIE OSWALD. Mrs. MAXWELL said it is her understanding that these persons were supposed to have lived in this home for approximately five years prior to the purchase of the house. Mrs. MAXWELL said she did not know the OSWALDs.

NR 1 NFS

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on 11/22/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ROBLEY D. MADLAND and ARNOLD J. BROWN:vm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1:

Date 11/29/63

On November 25, 1963, Inspector TOM KELLEY, U. S. Secret Service, made available machine copies of LEE H. OSWALD'S U. S. Individual Income Tax Return for 1962, which was obtained on November 26, 1963. This return reflected his address to be 602 Elsbeth, Apartment 2, Dallas, Texas. The address 602 Elsbeth, Apartment 2, was stricken and above was inserted P. O. Box 2915. This form reflected OSWALD's Social Security No. as 433-54-3739. OSWALD checked the box prior to the designation "Married, filed joint return". His total income was listed as $1,354.06. This was broken down as follows:

$737.81 from Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., 522 Browder
$626.25 from the Lelie Welding Co., Fort Worth.

Of the money received from Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., $55.40 had been withheld and of the money earned at Lelie Welding Company, $2.00 had been withheld for a total withholding of $57.40. This form reflected that OSWALD had a daughter named JUNE LEE OSWALD. The form was signed LEE H. OSWALD and dated January 29. It was also signed by M. OSWALD and again just dated January 29. born Russia

Texas

Also included with the material furnished by Inspector KELLEY was a machine copy of a letter addressed to the "Internal Revenue Beaure". The letter is as follows:

Texas

"Dear Sirs:

"I arrived in the U.S. from an extended trip abroad on 3/6/62 with wife & child, i.e., two dependents. My total wages for 1962 therefore was $1356.06, with 3 examtions.

"I believe you check your records to estimate these figures you will find I should get a substantial refund from the taxes taken from my wages for" (rest illegible)

It was signed "L. H. OSWALD, S/S NO 433-54-3739, P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas."

on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JOHN J. FLANAGAN /rmb Date dictated 11/26/63

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There was also included a machine copy joined front and back of a voucher of the Leslie Welding Company, Inc., 11241 West Melrose St., Franklin Park, Ill, bearing number 7511 which reflects the hours to be 39.48 with the earning $49.35; earnings to date being $626.52 and the deductions indicate F.I.C.A. of $1.54, withholding tax of $2.00. This is dated October 6, 1962. On the reverse side is the following: "Explanation: last paycheck copy I received at this place of work."

All of the material furnished by Inspector KELLEY was submitted to the FBI Laboratory for handwriting examination.

MARY FERRELL

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 28, 1963

Special Agent JOHN J. FLANAGAN was furnished an envelope containing material which had been left at the Dallas Field Division by TOM KELLEY, Inspector of the Secret Service.

Material furnished by Mr. KELLEY included the following:

26 checks drawn on the account of Jaggars - Chiles - Stovall, Incorporated, Dallas, Texas, payable to LEE H. OSWALD. These checks were drawn on the Mercantile National Bank at Dallas, Dallas, Texas. The checks are described as follows:

Number	Date of Check	Date of Bank Stamp	Amount
5811	4/10/63	3/12/63(?)	$ 34.48
5663	4/3/63	4/5/63	74.38
5511	3/27/63	3/29/63	74.38
5364	3/20/63	3/22/63	70.69
5217	3/13/63	3/15/63	67.59
5072	3/3/63	3/8/63	56.91
4922	2/27/63	3/1/63	57.98
4981	2/20/63	2/22/63	70.69
4639	2/13/63	2/15/63	54.78
4492	2/6/63	2/8/63	59.14
4348	1/30/63	2/1/63	72.34
4203	1/23/63	1/25/63	56.10
4058	1/16/63	1/18/63	69.14
3912	1/9/63	1/11/63	54.78

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by Special Agent JOHN J. FLANAGAN:gbh 235 Date dictated 11/27/63

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Number	Date of Check	Date of Bank Stamp	Amount
3767	1/2/63	1/4/63	$ 67.10
3620	12/26/62	12/28/62	49.28
3472	12/19/62	12/21/62	56.94
3322	12/12/62	12/14/62	65.33
3169	12/5/62	12/7/62	71.58
3016	11/28/62	11/30/62	67.19
2864	11/21/62	11/23/62	69.53
2714	11/14/62	11/16/62	67.47
2560	11/7/62	11/9/62	62.11
2408	10/31/62	11/2/62	49.41
2255	10/24/62	10/26/62	49.61
2101	10/17/62	10/19/62	41.21

The endorsements appearing on these checks were reviewed and it was noted that checks bearing numbers 5511, 5364, 5217, 5072, 4922, 4781, and 4203 also bore the endorsement of the Mart Liquor Store, 401 South Ervay, Dallas, Texas.

An Employee Identification Questionnaire (presumably relating to OSWALD's employment at Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., 7522 Browder Street, Dallas, Texas. This card contained the following information:

Name: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Address: 3519 Fairmount (this address has a line through it and appearing above it the address 602 Elsbeth Street). Beneath that under permanent address is Post Office Box 2915, no city shown

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A check mark is carried beside the word "Married". His wife is carried as MARINA N. OSWALD. His Social Security Number is 433-54-3739. His telephone number is LA 1-0692. His date of birth is set forth as October 18, 1939. He was listed as 5'9" in height and 150 pounds in weight. In answer to the question, "Do you have any of the following ailments?", followed by several listed ailments, he indicated "No". Following the question with, "Have you ever been charged with or convicted of a felony?" the blank beside the word "No" is checked. The card is signed LEE H. OSWALD. At the top of the card is reflected the fact that he was employed on October 12, 1962, and terminated on April 6, 1963. The reverse of this card is blank. Texas Russia 14

There was also a letter from the Texas Employment Commission, Austin, Texas, dated May 6, 1963, to Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., 7522 Browder Street, Dallas, Texas, setting forth that claimant LEE H. OSWALD, 757 France Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, had filed a claim for unemployment insurance to the Employment Security Agency of Louisiana on April 29, 1963. This was a form letter in which the addressee was advised to set forth any facts which might adversely effect the claimant's right to unemployment insurance.

Also included was a form B-3 (163) of the Texas Employment Commission, 2206 Main Street, Federal Claims Office, Dallas 1, Texas. The following information was set out on this form:

Name:	LEE H. OSWALD
Social Security No.:	533-54-3937
Address:	214 W. Neely, Dallas, 8, Texas
Sex:	Male
Age:	23
Name of last Employer:	Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., 522 Browder, Dallas 1, Texas
Occupation:	Photographer
Date My Last Work Began:	10/12/62
The Last Day I Worked:	4/5/63
I Was Separated From My Last Work Because:	"I was laid off by JOHN GRAVES, head of Photography and Art Dept. due to lack of work"

Texas

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Claim Date: 4/12/63

Form B-72163 bears caption "Texas Employment Commission","Employer's Protest to Initial Claim for Benefits". The typing on this document is obviously a carbon copy. It was dated May 6, 1963, and bears the following caption: "433-54-3937". Immediately thereunder is "Lee H. Oswald, 757 France St., New Orleans, La."(in a column). None of the questions on this document were answered.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 24, 1963

On 11/21/63 WILLIAM MARTIN JUREK, 9211 Hathaway Street, Dallas, Texas, who is employed at Texas Instruments Corporation, Dallas, advised he and his wife, MARION JUREK, own apartments located at 602 and 604 Elsbeth Street in the Oak Cliff section of Dallas, Texas.

JUREK made available and turned over to SAs GASTON C. THOMPSON and JACK B. PEDEN a 5x8 card containing the application for rental of apartment 2 at 604 Elsbeth Street, Dallas, in the name of "L. H. OSWALD." JUREK pointed out that this application bore the handwritten date "Nov 3/62" which he stated represented the date the application was received and the date on which OSWALD first rented the apartment. JUREK observed that the application bore only limited information in addition to the name of the applicant, and he was unable to state whether the handwriting on the application was prepared by the applicant or by the manager of the above apartment. He volunteered, however, that he had instructed the manager of the above apartments to have such applications prepared by the applicants themselves, and for that reason he felt that the handwriting probably was prepared by the applicant. He advised that the manager of the above apartments, M. F. TOBIAS, would be able to furnish definite information as to whether or not the handwriting on the rental application was actually prepared by OSWALD.

JUREK observed that the space for "Last Address" bore the notation "Service" and it was his opinion that this notation may have been placed on the application to indicate that the applicant was in the military service prior to the time he rented the above apartment on November 3, 1962. He advised that information contained on the back of the application with reference to payments of rent indicated OSWALD and his wife and one child resided in the above apartment from November 3, 1962, to about March 1, 1963. He advised the rental payments were $68.00 per month and that record of payments on the application reflected OSWALD paid the entire $68.00 on about the third of each month except on one occasion, that being on or about February 3, 1963, when he paid only $60.00.

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on 11/23/63 Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents GASTON C. THOMPSON and JACK B. PEDEN/gm 239 Date dictated 11/24/63

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He added, however, that his records reflected a receipt showing OSWALD paid the remaining $8.00 on February 8, 1963.

JUREK further advised that his records revealed payments of rent by OSWALD were made in cash, and he had no information which might indicate OSWALD, or his wife, ever had a bank account.

JUREK noted that the rental application bore a notation which reflected OSWALD made a $5.00 cash "key" deposit at the time he moved into the apartment on November 3, 1963. He stated it is customary to refund this deposit if the key to the apartment is returned at the time an occupant vacates an apartment unit, provided there has been no damage to the unit for which the occupant was negligent and responsible. JUREK checked his records to determine if he had made a refund of this $5.00 by check to OSWALD, and he could find no record of having made such refund. He made a search for such refund check, as he stated an endorsement on such check was the only other possibility of any handwriting prepared by OSWALD which might have been in his possession.

JUREK advised the manager of the above apartment, Mr. M. E. TOBIAS, or his wife, MANNIE TOBIAS, called him during the month preceding the date the OSWALDS vacated the apartment and advised him that one or more of the neighbors had complained about the OSWALDS "creating a disturbance," with OSWALD reportedly having "beaten" his wife. He stated upon receiving this information he contacted OSWALD at Apartment 2, 604 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas. He said he advised OSWALD that he had received a complaint from one of the other tenants that there had been a disturbance recently in his, OSWALD's, apartment and that it was his, JUREK's, policy to keep such incidents to a minimum. He said he inquired of OSWALD as to whether he could give him any help, whereupon OSWALD maintained he and his wife had not had a fight or any argument and that the noise referred to by the other tenant(s) undoubtedly was caused by his small child which was about one year of age. JUREK said that at the time he contacted OSWALD he talked to him through the screen door and was not invited inside the apartment. JUREK stated he was never inside

Dallas Texas

the apartment during the time it was occupied by the OSWALD family.

JUREK stated that upon being advised by the manager that the OSWALD family had moved out of the apartment, he and his wife, MARION, visited the apartment for the purpose of checking it and seeing if it was in condition to be rented to another tenant. He advised the apartment had been "pretty well cleaned out"; however, he did recall having found a business-type card behind one of two drawers in a closet between the bedroom and kitchen of the apartment. He advised this business-type card definitely had the word "Cuba" on it, and it is his best recollection the card bore some printed notation such as "Friends for Cuba" or "Fair Play for Cuba" or words to that effect. He said he has a vague recollection the card may have had OSWALD's name printed thereon; however, he could not be certain as to this latter fact. He said he attached no significance to the card at the time and threw it in the trash.

JUREK advised that the OSWALDs gave no notice they were going to vacate the apartment and did not leave any forwarding address.

Prior to furnishing the above rental application to SAs THOMPSON and PEDEN, JUREK placed his name on the card for future identification purposes.

Date November 24, 1963

MARION JUREK, 9211 Hathaway Street, Dallas, Texas, advised she and her husband own apartments located at 602 and 604 Elsbeth Street, Dallas, Texas.

She refreshed her memory by reviewing the application for payment record in the name of "L. H. OSWALD" and advised OSWALD and his family and a small child approximately one year of age occupied Apartment 2 at 604 Elsbeth from November 3, 1962, to about March 1, 1963. She advised the rent on this apartment was $68.00 per month and her records reflected that all payments made by the OSWALDS were made in cash. She advised that it was her opinion the handwriting in ink on the face of the rental application was prepared by L. H. OSWALD; however, the manager of the apartments at the above address, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. TOBIAS, could furnish definite information in this regard. She advised that to the best of her knowledge neither she nor her husband has any other document which possibly might contain handwriting or handprinting of L. H. OSWALD or his wife.

Mrs. JUREK advised that she is of Czecho-Slovakian and Hungarian descent and was told by the TOBIASES that Mrs. OSWALD was Czecho-Slovakian. She volunteered that in view of the above information and in an effort to be friendly and make Mrs. OSWALD feel at home, on one occasion she attempted to speak to Mrs. OSWALD in the language used by Czecho-Slovakians. She advised that after speaking a few words in the language used by Czecho-Slovakians, it was readily apparent that Mrs. OSWALD did not understand her and made no answer, merely motioning with her hands to indicate she did not understand Czecho-Slovakian. Mrs. JUREK added Mrs. TOBIAS later informed her that Mrs. OSWALD had stated to Mrs. TOBIAS that her (OSWALD's) husband had told her to say that she was Czecho-Slovakian rather than Russian.

Mrs. JUREK advised that she, accompanied by her husband, checked Apartment 2, 604 Elsbeth Street, Dallas, about two or three days after the OSWALDS had vacated the

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by Special Agent GASTON C. THOMPSON and JACK B. REDDIN/gm Date dictated 11/24/63

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apartment around March 1, 1963. She recalled that in checking the apartment after the OSWALDs had moved out, she found in a drawer in the dresser in the bedroom two or three editions of a paper in Russian. She did not recall anything about the dates or places of publication of such Russian papers; however, she said that in view of her Czecho-Slovakian background, she was certain they were in the Russian language.

Mrs. JUREK advised that she was never inside Apartment 2, 604 Elsbeth Street, Dallas, during the time such apartment was occupied by the OSWALDS.

MARION JUREK placed her name and the date November 23, 1963, on the OSWALD rental application for future identification purposes.

MARY FERRELL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 24, 1963

MAHLON F TOBIAS, SR., 602 Elsbeth (Apartment 7), Dallas, Texas, advised he and his wife manage apartments at 602 and 604 Elsbeth, which apartments are owned by MARTIN JUREK.

TOBIAS was requested to review a 5x8 card containing an application for rent of Apartment 2 at 604 Elsbeth, Dallas, by one L. H. OSWALD. Mr. TOBIAS's attention was called to the fact that the face of the application bore the handwritten date "Nov 3/62", handwritten name of the applicant, "L. H. OSWALD," the handprinted word "Wife" immediately below the name of the applicant, and the handwritten word "Service" immediately below the word wife and in the space provided for "Last Address." His attention was also called to the fact the application bore the handwritten figure "2" as the number of adults who would be residing in such apartment as well as the handwritten "1" as the number of persons under 21 who would be residing in such apartment. TOBIAS observed all of the above handwritten and handprinted notations were in blue ink, and he said such handwriting and handprinting were prepared by L. H. OSWALD in his presence and in the presence of his wife, MARNIE TOBIAS, on November 3, 1962. He said he could testify, therefore, that such handwriting and handprinting were prepared by OSWALD in his, TOBIAS's, presence.

TOBIAS identified a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD (New Orleans, Louisiana, No. 112 723, 8/9/63) as being the individual who submitted the above application for rental of Apartment 2 at 604 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas.

TOBIAS advised that on one or two occasions during the time the OSWALDS resided in the above apartment, he was told by one or more of the other tenants in the apartment building that OSWALD had "beaten up" his wife. He said that on at least one occasion he observed Mrs. OSWALD with some blue and black marks about her face which indicated Mrs. OSWALD may have been beaten.

He further recalled that after the OSWALDS had been occupants of the above apartment for one month, an

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by Special Agents GASTON C. THOMPSON and JACK B. PEDEN/gm Date dictated 11/24/63

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individual whom Mrs. OSWALD referred to only as "George" came to the apartment at 604 Elsbeth and furnished transportation for Mrs. OSWALD and her small child to leave the apartment. He recalled that Mrs. OSWALD took with her certain clothing and personal effects at the time she left the apartment on this occasion. She said either Mrs. OSWALD or "George" mentioned that Mrs. OSWALD would be gone for about a week. He stated Mrs. OSWALD was gone approximately one week before returning to the apartment, and he did not know how or exactly when she returned to her apartment.

B. Affton 1723 Texas

TOBIAS described GEORGE as a white male, about 40 years of age, 6', 190 lbs., dark hair and dark complexion. He recalled GEORGE was driving a convertible which may have been a Chevrolet, but he was unable to remember whether this car had Texas license plates or some out of state plates.

Mr. TOBIAS said he never learned any information as to where OSWALD worked during the time he was residing in the above apartment but observed OSWALD left the apartment each morning and returned each afternoon during week days, indicating he may have been leaving for and returning from work.

TOBIAS recalled having been inside the above apartment on two occasions during the time it was occupied by the OSWALDS. He stated that he observed a number of books at the head of the bed in the bedroom of the apartment, which books appeared to be "Russian or refer to Russia in some manner." He stated that he did not observe any firearms in OSWALD's apartment on either of the occasions he was inside the apartment during the time it was occupied by that family.

He volunteered the OSWALDS did not have a phone in their apartment and from time to time asked to use and did use the telephone in their (TOBIAS's) apartment. He stated that on each of the occasions that OSWALD or OSWALD's wife used the telephone, they always spoke in a foreign language.

He advised Mrs. OSWALD spoke very little English but expressed the opinion that she "understood more English than she let on like." He recalled Mrs. OSWALD stated on at

least one occasion that her husband had told her to say that she was of Czecho-Slovakian descent rather than of Russian descent. He further recalled that Mrs. OSWALD stated that her husband told her to do this as he, OSWALD, felt people might not be friendly to her if they knew she was of Russian descent.

TOBIAS placed his name and the date November 23, 1963, on the OSWALD rental application referred to above for future identification purposes.

FD-302 (Rev. 8-8-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 24, 1963

Mrs. MANNIE M. TOBIAS, 602 Elsbeth Street (Apartment 7), Dallas, Texas, advised she and her husband are managers of the apartment building(s) at 602 and 604 Elsbeth Street, Dallas.

Mrs. TOBIAS was asked to review the handwritten and handprinted application for rental of Apartment 2, 604 Elsbeth Street, Dallas, by L. H. OSWALD. She refreshed her memory by reviewing such application and then advised L. H. OSWALD and his wife and small child approximately one year of age occupied Apartment 2, 604 Elsbeth Street, Dallas, November 3, 1962, to about March 1, 1963. She further advised that the handwriting and handprinting in ink on the face of the application was prepared by OSWALD in her presence and in the presence of her husband, M. F. TOBIAS, on November 3, 1962.

Mrs. TOBIAS was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD (New Orleans, Louisiana, No. 112 723, 8/9/63) and she identified the subject of such photograph as being identical with L. H. OSWALD who occupied the above apartment at 604 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas, and who prepared the rental application referred to above.

Mrs. TOBIAS stated the OSWALDs did not have a telephone in their apartment and therefore from time to time used the telephone in their, TOBIAS's, apartment. She advised on each and every occasion that Mr. or Mrs. OSWALD used the telephone, they spoke in a "foreign language" and she and her husband were unable to interpret what the OSWALDs said.

She recalled that on one occasion she received a telephone call from a male individual asking her to call Mr. or Mrs. OSWALD to the telephone. She said she told the male individual calling that they did not make a practice of calling tenants to the phone, whereupon the individual said, "This is an emergency. Tell them GEORGE called, and they will know how to get in touch with me." She advised she then went to the apartment occupied by the OSWALDS, and either Mr. or Mrs. OSWALD came to the telephone and made a call, speaking in a "foreign language."

Mrs. TOBIAS advised that sometime later,

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by Special Agent GASTON C. THOMPSON and JACK B. PEDEN/gm Date dictated 11/24/63

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possibly around December 1, 1962, a "big fellow" came to 604 Elsbeth, Dallas, and moved Mrs. OSWALD and her child out of the apartment for about one week. She stated she observed Mrs. OSWALD back at the apartment after approximately one week; however, she did not know exactly when Mrs. OSWALD returned to the apartment or by what means of transportation.

Mrs. TOBIAS said that Mrs. OSWALD referred to the above individual as "George," who was a white male who appeared to be in his 40s, about 6', and weighing around 190 lbs. She further described this individual as having dark hair and a dark complexion. She recalled the automobile which "George" was driving was a nice looking convertible and either cream or red in color.

Mrs. TOBIAS advised that sometime around February 1, 1963, a woman came to her apartment stating she was trying to contact the OSWALDs, as she had received a telephone call from Mr. or Mrs. OSWALD stating their baby was sick and they did not have money to take the baby to a doctor. Mrs. TOBIAS accompanied this female individual to the front door of the OSWALDs' apartment and rang the doorbell; however, no one answered the front door. Mrs. TOBIAS said she then knocked on the front door and after several minutes, Mr. OSWALD came to them, having walked around the side of the building rather than opening the front door. She said she informed Mr. OSWALD that this lady wanted to see him, whereupon OSWALD opened the front door and ushered her inside the apartment, stating, "I will take care of her," or words to that effect. Mrs. TOBIAS described this individual as a white female, 30-35 years of age, 5'3", 140 pounds, nice-looking in appearance. She recalled she told this lady that Mrs. OSWALD was Russian, whereupon this individual advised she was also Russian and that she worked in an office in downtown Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. TOBIAS volunteered that Mrs. OSWALD on at least one occasion stated that her husband had instructed her to tell people that she, Mrs. OSWALD, was Czecho-Slovakian rather than Russian, as he, OSWALD, felt people might be unfriendly toward them if they knew his wife was of Russian descent.

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Mrs. TOBIAS advised that when the OSWALDs vacated the apartment at 604 Elsbeth Street, Dallas, on or about March 1, 1963, they moved about two blocks away to an upstairs apartment in a frame house on Neeley Street, Dallas, Texas.

She recalled that the only means of moving used by OSWALD was a baby stroller plus what they could carry in their hands.

Mrs. TOBIAS affixed her name and the date to the OSWALD rental application for future identification purposes.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

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Mrs. M. F. TOBIAS, SR., manager, apartment building, 602-604 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas, advised that she had previously furnished information that L. H. OSWALD had resided in Apartment 2 of 604 Elsbeth from November 3, 1962, until March 3, 1963. She stated that at that time she also furnished information that GEORGE (LNU) visited apartment #2 at 604 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas, in a convertible automobile, possibly a Chevrolet, and moved Mrs. OSWALD and her young daughter out of apartment 2 sometime around the last day of November or the first day of December, 1962. Mrs. OSWALD, however, was only gone for approximately one week before she returned. She advised that she has since seen a photograph of JACK RUBY in a Dallas newspaper and felt there might be a possibility that RUBY might be identical with the person named GEORGE. She was shown a photograph of JACK RUBY taken on November 24, 1963. She stated she could not identify RUBY as being GEORGE from this photograph, however, he does resemble this man GEORGE. She stated that she would have to see RUBY in person to either identify or eliminate him.

Mrs. TOBIAS advised there are no tenants presently residing in the building at 604 Elsbeth who would have resided in that building when L. H. OSWALD did from November 3, 1962, to March 3, 1963. OSWALD definitely moved either on March 3, 1963, or the day before or day after. When he moved he moved to 214 W. Neely Street, which is only about 1½ blocks away. There are four apartments in the building at 604 Elsbeth where OSWALD resided. These apartments are numbered 1 - 4. Residing in apartment #1 which is located on the same floor as apartment #2 where OSWALD resided when OSWALD moved in was BEVERLY and GLENN BOLTON. The BOLTONs however, only resided there until about November 17, 1962, when they moved out of town. She believes that BOLTON's father is Mr. A. C. BOLTON, SR., Dallas, Texas, telephone # AX 8-2510.

Mr. ALAN TURNER, on or about November 24, 1962, moved into apartment #1 and was still residing in apartment #1 when the OSWALDs moved. TURNER she believes now resides in California but he did not leave any forwarding address with her.

Apt. 3
JACK TUCKER was residing in apartment #3 which is located on the second floor of the building on November 3, 1962, when OSWALD moved into this building in apartment 2. TUCKER moved on December 16, 1962, but did not leave any type of a forwarding

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on 11/28/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent HENRY J. OLIVER and LOUIS M. KELLEY:jj Date dictated 11/28/63

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address and she has no idea where he might be at this time. Texas

On December 29, 1962, two persons using the names of CARL and LUCY ZEMBOWER moved into apartment #3 and resided in this apartment until February 9, 1963 when LUCY moved to apartment 6 in the other building. CARL at that time was not still residing with LUCY. Apartment #3 then was vacant until after OSWALD moved. She stated that LUCY ZEMBOWER moved later to some unknown address. After LUCY moved CARL came back to the apartment looking for LUCY. CARL at that time told Mrs. TOBIAS that he and LUCY were not married and that the name ZEMBOWER was actually the name of LUCY. She did not learn the last name of CARL and could not advise where he or LUCY could be located.

ALAN TURNER, who is previously set out as being in apartment #1, was on November 3, 1962, residing in apartment #4 and resided in #4 until November 24, 1962, when he moved to apartment #1. Apartment #4 was vacant until about December 17, 1962, when a G. W. WELLS moved to this apartment. WELLS resided in this apartment until about January 8, 1963, when he moved into apartment #6 in another building. She believes that WELLS has now left the city and she has no idea where he might be at this time. Texas

RUSSELL ATKINS moved into apartment #4 on January 28, 1963, and was still residing in #4 when OSWALD moved on March 3, 1963. ATKINS has now moved and she has no idea where he is at this time. She stated the Texas State Police did come to his apartment looking for him after he moved but she could not furnish any information as to why they were looking for him.

Texas She stated that she could not furnish any information regarding the whereabouts of any of the above persons other than that set out above. She stated the owner of the apartment building, Mrs. W. M. JUREK, 9211 Hathaway Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone EM 1-0763, has the information cards which were filled out by the above tenants and these cards might give some background information which might assist in locating them.

FD-302 (Rev. 8-8-69) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/24/63

Mrs. TEOFIL (ANNA NIKOLAEVNA) MELLER, 5930½ LaVista Drive, advised she had not seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD since about Christmas, 1962. Mrs. MELLER, who is of Russian extraction and an American citizen, stated she met Mrs. LEE OSWALD during July or August, 1962, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. PETER GREGORY, 3512 Dorothy Lane, in Fort Worth, Texas. Mrs. MELLER was sympathetic to Mrs. OSWALD because she could not speak English and had no friends in this country. She was also destitute financially and she would make periodic trips from her home in Dallas to Fort Worth taking Mrs. OSWALD clothing which had been donated by friends. At that time her baby was about six months old. She also contributed groceries to the family during that period. OSWALD was employed in Fort Worth at some unknown place, she said, and on one night, probably in November, 1962, she received a phone call about 11:00 p.m. from Mrs. OSWALD. Mrs. OSWALD told him in Russian that her husband had beaten her and she did not have any money to secure lodging. Mrs. MELLER stated she told her to take a taxi and that she would pay the fare. Thereafter, Mrs. OSWALD and the baby stayed with Mr. and Mrs. MELLER in their apartment at 5930½ LaVista Drive in Dallas. During that time, OSWALD never called her and she was never known to be in contact with him.

After the expiration of the first week at her apartment, Mrs. OSWALD stayed at the home of Mrs. DECLAN FORD, 14057 Brookcrest in Dallas. Mrs. FORD is of Russian extraction and Mr. FORD is a native American, she related. She did not know the exact time Mrs. OSWALD and the child stayed at the FORD home but was positive in her assertion that the last time she had seen Mrs. OSWALD and OSWALD was at a Christmas party at the FORD home in 1962. Since that time, Mrs. MELLER has not heard from OSWALD or his wife. Mrs. MELLER stated she had never talked politics with either Mr. or Mrs. OSWALD and it seemed to her that OSWALD was always nervous and not an easy person to talk to. She believed OSWALD had few friends and stated no one liked him. During her acquaintance with Mrs. OSWALD she said she had probably seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD about four or five times. On those occasions, she never mentioned Communism to OSWALD nor he to her. On one occasion, she said OSWALD had some books on a table in the OSWALD home at 3703 Mercedes in Fort Worth which she thought were questionable. It was her belief that they probably came from the public library but she did not know the title to any of them. Her recollection was that the OSWALDs did not have a telephone at this address and she never knew OSWALD to use another name other than his own. She had never seen any firearms in the possession of

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ALVIN J. ZIMMERMAN and W. HARLAN BROWN:ym Date dictated 11/23/63

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OSWALD nor had she met any of his family except his wife and child. She said she knew OSWALD had lived in the USSR at one time and that his wife was a Soviet citizen. She did not know any of the details concerning their coming to this country. She did not know of any friends or acquaintances of the OSWALDs except those mentioned other than GEORGE BOUCHE, 4740 Homer Street, Dallas, Texas. At the time she knew Mrs. OSWALD she spoke no English and Mrs. KELLER attempted to assist her in the use of English.

On one occasion, Mrs. KELLER stated she asked her husband to help OSWALD find a job inasmuch as she felt sorry for Mrs. OSWALD. She said her husband called Mrs. HELEN CUNNINGHAM, an employee of the Texas Employment Commission who lives on Winnetka Street, Dallas, Texas. This was prior to the time that Mrs. OSWALD spent a week with them in Dallas. She did not know where OSWALD was employed as a result of this contact and she said she had no knowledge of his activities after the Christmas party in 1962.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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Mr. TEOFIL MELLER, 5930½ LaVista Drive, an employee of Sanger-Harris Department Store, Preston Center, stated he had never seen OSWALD except on one occasion. Mr. MELLER said he never formally met OSWALD but had OSWALD pointed out to him at a Christmas party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. DECLAN FORD in Dallas.

MELLER said his wife requested that he contact Mrs. HELEN CUNNINGHAM of the Texas Employment Commission for the purpose of securing a job for OSWALD. He contacted Mrs. CUNNINGHAM and she was successful in getting him work with a printing shop in Dallas. MELLER did not know the name of the printing shop or its exact location.

Mr. MELLER was acquainted with Mrs. OSWALD and remarked that she had stayed at his apartment at 5930½ LaVista Street in Dallas with his wife and himself. On one night she called from a filling station stating her husband had beaten her and that she was penniless. Mrs. MELLER invited Mrs. OSWALD to come to their residence which she did in a taxi, the taxi fare being paid by the MELLERS. MELLER said that on one occasion he asked Mrs. OSWALD why she ever married OSWALD in the first place and Mrs. OSWALD answered that it had been her dream to have a room of her own. In Russia, she explained to Mr. MELLER, several persons usually slept in one room sharing a kitchen and housing conditions were poor. She at no time gave MELLER any of the details concerning her coming to this country with OSWALD but MELLER did remember that OSWALD had been a resident of the Soviet Union for some time. He said Mrs. OSWALD is well educated and believed her to be a pharmacist by occupation. During the time he knew her she was never known to possess one penny, he related. It was MELLER's understanding that OSWALD was aloof and did not want to become acquainted with anyone. Insofar as MELLER knew, OSWALD had no friends and from what he could gather from persons who did know OSWALD he concluded that OSWALD was a "know all" type of person. Mrs. OSWALD never mentioned guns or firearms during her stay at their apartment and they did not discuss Communism or politics.

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by Special Agents ALVIN J. ZIMMERMAN and W. HARLAN BROWN:vm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

Mr. JANCHERI UPCHESHAW, also known as George Upcheshaw, previously known as George Rieg, advised he currently resides at 6238 Lake Shore Drive, Dallas, Texas. He stated he is a United States citizen having been naturalized August, 1963, and that his nationality origin is Circassian from the Caucasus Mountain region of Russia. He stated that he considers himself to be non-Russian inasmuch as in past history that area was not controlled by Russians many years ago. He stated that the region that he comes from consists of a population that has been oppressed by the Communists since the Communists obtained control of Russia. He stated he first came to the United States in November, 1951, and for a time was an instructor in Russian at Cornell University, New York State, until June, 1956.

He stated that a friend of his in Dallas advised him about a year ago regarding a young couple who had come to the United States from Russia; that the man was an ex-United States Marine who had previously renounced the United States and gone to Russia; that he was not happy in Russia and henceforth returned to the United States. He stated his friend told him that this couple was coming to Dallas, and if he would like to meet them the friend would let him know when they arrived. UPCHESHAW stated he himself expressed resentment because he was not sympathetic to any person with the background which this individual apparently had. He said his friend suggested to him that perhaps he, UPCHESHAW, might be able to make this individual's Russian wife feel more at home in Dallas because she spoke no English. He stated a couple of days later when this couple came to Dallas he met them but at the time paid no attention to their names. He advised that in the brief period of contact that he had with this couple on the occasion that he met them he observed that the man whom he now knows to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD was very dominating with his wife. He noted that when OSWALD's wife would say something he would suppress her as though what she had said was of no significance or value. He said he felt OSWALD's wife had used poor judgment in choosing OSWALD as her husband. He said that from what he could gather OSWALD could see no one's viewpoint but his own and was the type of person who wanted to adjust the world to himself rather than adjust himself to the world. He said that for this reason he did not

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by Special Agent s KENNETH B. JACKSON & JOHN V. ALMON /cv 255 Date dictated 11/29/63

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like OSWALD due to his attitude. He said that OSWALD in his opinion had the symptoms of persons whom he has had occasion to observe at various times since World War II, which he considers to be pseudo-intellectual.

UPCHESHAW stated that about two months after this his friend called him and said that OSWALD had been beating his wife; that persons who sympathized with the plight of OSWALD's wife were attempting to help her get some sort of job and a place to live. He said his friend suggested that possibly he, UPCHESHAW, might be willing to keep OSWALD's wife and baby at his house until they were able to accommodate her job-wise. UPCHESHAW stated he agreed to this. He added that after two or three days his friend called him again and said that OSWALD and his wife had reconciled their differences. He said that he has never seen OSWALD or his wife since that time and until he was aware that there was some indication that OSWALD may have been implicated in the assassination of President KENNEDY he had had no occasion to be concerned about OSWALD and his wife.

UPCHESHAW stated he met OSWALD's wife on one occasion while she was apart from OSWALD during a period of estrangement. He stated that a woman brought the girl to his house to see himself and his wife. He said he had a conversation with OSWALD's wife and during this conversation no politics were discussed, and he considered it purely a social call. He stated his wife indicated after OSWALD's wife had left that she thought OSWALD's wife was impressed with UPCHESHAW, possibly because of UPCHESHAW's maturity combined with the fact that UPCHESHAW had used Russian jargon which would have been more impressive to a younger Russian person than usual Russian language. He said that to put her at ease he also quoted bits of poems in Russian and attempted to talk in a rather light vein.

UPCHESHAW said that in his opinion OSWALD's wife was not a brilliant type of person and displayed no extra intelligence. He said he regarded her as a very ordinary type of Russian girl whose education may have been approximately comparable to what is the eighth grade in the United

States. He said he could recall that no discussion of her husband, OSWALD, took place at that time. He said that it was within a few days after this that he heard OSWALD and his wife were reconciled and therefore he himself and his wife had no opportunity to take her into their home. He said that he feels OSWALD's wife was aware that he and his wife had been willing to have her stay with them.

He said that he never knew OSWALD's full name until shortly following the time of the assassination of President KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963, but that he knows this person to be identical to the one that he had met approximately a year ago.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

KATHERINE E. FORD, 14057 Brookcrest, Dallas 40, Texas, voluntarily appeared at the Dallas Office and advised she is a friend of MARINA OSWALD, the wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mrs. FORD stated she was born in Russia and came to the United States over twenty years ago. She stated she became acquainted with MARINA OSWALD and her husband because of the fact they were both from Russia. She stated she first met the OSWALDs in the fall of 1962 through one GEORGE BOUHE, who resides in Fort Worth, Texas. Mrs. FORD stated that in November, 1962, LEE OSWALD and his wife separated. Their separation was caused by the fact LEE OSWALD used to frequently beat his wife. She left OSWALD and contacted GEORGE BOUHE and he arranged for MARINA OSWALD and her child, JUNE OSWALD, to reside at the FORD residence. Mrs. FORD stated she had been able to determine the exact dates that MARINA OSWALD stayed at their house as from November 11 to November 17, 1962. Following this, MARINA OSWALD went to the residence of FRANK RAY, who lived at 4524 Alta Vista Lane, Dallas, Texas. On November 18, 1962, LEE OSWALD contacted his wife and they made up and she went back to live with him.

Mrs. FORD advised the next time she met LEE OSWALD was on December 28, 1962, when she and her husband had a party and LEE and MARINA OSWALD came to this party with some other friends.

Mrs. FORD advised one of the closest friends that MARINA OSWALD had while in this country was GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILD, who is a prominent Russian-born geologist, who is now in the Republic of Haiti. GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILD tried to help MARINA and also to help her husband get a job. Mrs. FORD stated MARINA liked the Russian people but was not interested in politics, and further, that she was glad to leave Russia because of the poor living conditions. On the other hand, she remarked to Mrs. FORD that she married OSWALD so she could leave Russia. Mrs. FORD stated that OSWALD always talked to his wife in Russian so he could keep up his proficiency in the Russian language, and for this reason MARINA OSWALD never learned too much English language. Mrs. FORD stated that LEE OSWALD was not liked by any of the Russian-born people in the Dallas-Fort Worth area and they only tolerated

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. & JACK PEDEN /rmb Date dictated 11/24/63

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him because of his wife. At one time MARINA OSWALD told Mrs. FORD that LEE OSWALD stated that he hated his mother. MARINA OSWALD also stated that LEE was not liked by many persons in Russia.

Mrs. FORD stated MARINA OSWALD met LEE OSWALD at a dance in Minsk, Russia, and that she was visiting him in a hospital in Minsk where he was a patient when he proposed to her. MARINA OSWALD, according to Mrs. FORD, worked as a pharmacist in Minsk, Russia. MARINA OSWALD told her her husband went to Moscow, Russia, in 1959 where we had an exhibition and worked for exhibition, then defected to the Russians at this time. He worked in a factory of some type in the Soviet Union in the City of Minsk. He liked to debate with students in the Soviet Union and associated mostly with the workers. According to Mrs. FORD, the reason MARINA OSWALD stated that her husband came to the United States was that he did not think the living conditions were good enough and he stated he could not stand another of the hard Russian winters. LEE OSWALD also stated that he had wanted to get out of Russia before his daughter JUNE was born but the American Embassy held him up.

MARY FERRELL

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/24/63

MPK Mrs DECLAN P. FORD, 14057 Brookcrest, Dallas 40, Texas, advised that he first met LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, MARINA OSWALD, sometime during the fall of 1962 through one GEORGE BOUHE of Dallas, Texas. Mr. FORD stated that his wife, KATHERINE FORD, was born in Russia and because of the fact MARINA OSWALD was also born in Russia they became acquainted as are most Russian-born people in the Dallas-Fort Worth area. He stated MARINA OSWALD stayed at his house from November 11, 1962 to November 17, 1962, when she separated from her husband. He stated he is certain of these dates because he was out of town on a business trip on these dates and had been able to verify this through his expense voucher. On November 18, 1962, MARINA OSWALD went to stay with Mr. and Mrs. FRANK H. RAY, 4524 Alta Vista Lane, Dallas. She remained there until November 19, 1962, when her husband, LEE OSWALD, contacted her and they made up and she went back to live with him again. Texas

Mr. FORD advised the next time he saw MARINA and LEE OSWALD was on December 28, 1962, when he and his wife had a party and OSWALD and his wife MARINA came with some other people.

Mr. FORD stated that none of the Russian-born people or their American husbands or wives liked LEE OSWALD and he only associated with them because of MARINA OSWALD. He stated that he had attempted to help LEE OSWALD get a job but that he was very odd in his behavior and when he asked where he was working, he refused to tell them.

He stated that when LEE OSWALD was around the Russian-born persons in the Dallas-Fort Worth area, he always talked in Russian, allegedly to keep up his proficiency in the Russian language, and this was the reason he, Mr. FORD, who does not speak Russian, was unable to converse with OSWALD at any great length. Mr. FORD stated he does know that FRANK H. RAY did have a long political argument with OSWALD and he would be in a good position to describe OSWALD's political beliefs. He said he remembered one occasion when OSWALD was visiting and he pointed out JUNE OSWALD is a Russian girl and OSWALD became incensed and stated she was just as much of an American as any other child in the room even though she was born in Russia. Mr. FORD stated the last time he saw OSWALD was on December 28, 1962.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. & JACK PEDEN /rmb Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

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At the downtown YMCA, N. Ervay Street, Dallas, Texas, Mr. JOE MC REE, Residents Manager, advised that the registration card for transient guests at this YMCA are maintained for a period of only six months and then destroyed. He does maintain on a permanent basis, however, a daily sheet showing the names of the permanent guests in residence and the names of the transient guests checking in on that day and checking out on that day.

The daily sheets from July 31, 1962, to November 30, 1962, inclusive, were physically examined and it was ascertained through this physical examination that LEE OSWALD registered as a transient on October 15, 1962, in Room 415, and checked out on October 19, 1962.

Mr. MC REE advised that he has no personal recollection whatever of LEE OSWALD and that there are no further records to indicate anything about him.

He then conferred with Mr. R. C. BARKER, his desk clerk, who said that he has no recollection of LEE OSWALD.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL89-43

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON and W. HARLAN BROWN:jj Date dictated 11/28/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

Mr. MAX E. CLARK, 4312 Selkirk Drive West, Attorney, Ridgelea State Bank Building, furnished the following information: Hubb Texas

CLARK is a native-born American citizen. He met his wife in France during World War II. She was born in France, but her parents were born in Russia. His wife speaks and translates Russian. In this way they have met and become acquainted with a number of citizens from Russia in the Dallas-Fort Worth area.

In June, 1962, Mrs. CLARK received a phone call at her home from a man giving his name as OSWALD. OSWALD told her that he and his wife had just come to Fort Worth from Russia and that he speaks Russian and that his wife was born and raised in Russia. He stated he had obtained the name of Mrs. CLARK through some contacts at the Fort Worth Public Library. He further advised that he and his wife would like to meet and talk with Mrs. CLARK. She told him that she would call them later and maybe they could get together. A short time later, possibly a week or two, Mrs. CLARK called the OSWALDS and talked to Mr. LEE OSWALD. She invited them to come down to their home for a visit. OSWALD said that it did not suit them to come down to their house and would they come out to their home in Ridgelea West. At that time, Mr. MAX CLARK got on the phone and talked to OSWALD and asked him to come down to their home for a visit. He again said it did not fit into their plans and told them to come out to see them. CLARK said he was not going to do that and maybe they would talk to them later. Mrs. CLARK was gone to France all during the summer of 1962. CLARK stated that on one occasion his wife went to the home of the OSWALDS at the time they were living near Montgomery Ward Store. She made this trip with ANNA MEILER and GEORGE BOUHE, of Dallas. CLARK stated that he did not go on this visit.

CLARK advised that a friend of theirs named ELENA HALL, who lives in Fort Worth, is of Russian descent and that she had met the OSWALDS on one occasion. In about September or October of 1962, the OSWALDS had had some domestic trouble, were separated, and OSWALD had gone to Dallas. ELENA HALL asked MARINA OSWALD to stay with her as at that time HALL and

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on 11/27/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents EARLE HALEY and R. D. MADLAND/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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her husband were separated and in the process of getting a divorce. MARINA OSWALD moved in with ELENA HALL. She remained there for two or three weeks. After about a week or ten days, Mrs. HALL was injured in an automobile accident and had to stay in the hospital. During that time, MARINA OSWALD was at this home by herself. Mrs. CLARK would go by there nearly every day to buy her groceries and see what they might need. After Mrs. HALL returned home and had recovered from her accident, CLARK and his wife went over to the home of ELENA HALL. This was on a Sunday afternoon and was sometime in October, 1962. Mr. HALL had also driven in from Odessa, Texas, and was present on this occasion. While they were there, LEE OSWALD came to the home and stayed for several hours.

CLARK advised that he had heard about OSWALD and that he was interested in finding out things about the Soviet Union. He stated he got in a conversation with OSWALD and talked to him for about two hours on this one occasion. OSWALD related the following information to CLARK:

While OSWALD was in the service of the U. S. Marines or the U. S. Army, he read and studied a lot of KARL MARX. He was dissatisfied with the Military Service in the United States and made up his mind to go to Russia as soon as he was discharged. He believed Russia was the place to live and work. Immediately after his discharge, OSWALD obtained a passport and did go to Russia. CLARK did not believe that OSWALD returned to his home after his discharge but went directly to Russia. He turned in his passport in Moscow and immediately obtained a work permit from the Soviet Union government. He was sent to Minsk, Russia, and they placed him in a factory as some type of sheet metal worker. He was furnished a small apartment to live in, and the government paid the utilities of this apartment. OSWALD said that he had a little better place to live than most of the workers due to the fact that he was an American and had recently come to the Soviet Union. He stated that his apartment had a private bath, while most of the other apartments had to share a bath with from four to six apartments. OSWALD advised that the Soviet Union also furnished medical aid and furnished free schooling for the children. He had to pay for his food and clothing out of the 75 rubles a month that he earned working in this factory. He met his

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wife in Minsk one night when he attended a dance given by the workers of this factory. His wife was working in a doctor's office doing some type of work. He later married this girl that he met at the dance, and when she became pregnant, the government made her work up to one month before the birth of the child and gave her a leave of three months after the child was born. At that time, his wife had to go back to work and the government took the child and placed it in a government operated nursery. OSWALD mentioned that this was one of the things that he did not like in the Soviet Union. He also stated that he did not find that conditions in Russia were exactly like the writings of KARL MARX. He felt let down when he was sent to Minsk to work as he thought he should have been kept in Moscow. He did not care to raise his child in this government nursery. He started thinking about returning to the United States shortly after his child was born. CLARK related that during this conversation with OSWALD that OSWALD would get mad and arrogant and talk rather sarcastically about the United States and the government and also about some of the conditions in Russia.

OSWALD told CLARK that it was easy to get into Russia if a person would handle it properly. He stated the way he got into Russia was that he wrote to a Russian tourist agency either in Washington or New York and got a permit from this tourist agency. He said he had to put up some money with this tourist agency. After getting this permit, he then got his passport and later obtained a visa. He told CLARK that he turned in his passport to the U. S. Embassy in Moscow. He wanted to become a Russian citizen, but the Soviet Union Government never took him in as a citizen, and he always worked as an alien in Russia. He told CLARK that he stayed in Russia a little over two years.

CLARK stated that this was the only time he ever saw or talked to LEE OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 28, 1963

MRS. FRANK HENRY RAY, 4524 Alta Vista Lane, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

In about October, 1962, MR. and MRS. DECLAN FORD, Dallas, Texas, Dallas, asked her to come to their house and meet a girl from Russia. She stated that she went there and met MRS. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, who had had a squabble with her husband and from what she gathered, the husband had mistreated the Russian girl. At that time MRS. OSWALD was staying at the FORD house and she herself invited her to stay at her home (MRS. RAY's) for a couple of weeks until she could locate employment. After about two days, LEE HARVEY OSWALD called on the telephone and asked if he could come by to see his baby and MRS. RAY agreed to this. LEE HARVEY OSWALD came to her house and he and his wife went into a room of the house and conferred for about one hour. She stated she gained the impression later that their conference was regarding family economics. They then announced that they had decided to go back together so MRS. OSWALD and the baby moved from the RAY premises. MRS. RAY remarked that the OSWALDs appeared to be very poor and it was her understanding that OSWALD at that time was earning approximately $1.35 per hour. MRS. RAY therefore asked some of her neighbors if they had any old clothes or other items which they could contribute for the OSWALDs to use in view of the tight financial situation of the OSWALDs. MRS. RAY said she asked OSWALD why he did not talk English to his wife, and encourage her to learn English. She pointed out to OSWALD that his wife needed to learn English in order to learn to converse while living in United States. She said OSWALD indicated he did not care if his wife learned English and pointed out that he desired to keep his Russian fluent. Upon being asked why he wanted to keep his Russian fluent, OSWALD said he liked to speak another language besides English. She said OSWALD did not seem to approve of his wife having friends and would not even let her wear lipstick, or makeup of any kind. She stated that OSWALD himself declined to accept an alcoholic beverage when offered to him and told her "I don't drink". In further describing OSWALD's wife, MRS. RAY said that she considered his wife to be terribly immature, very slow and the type of person who does not know what is going on. She said she was very undecided and exhibited no interest in political matters whatsoever. She stated that in her opinion, she did not believe MRS. OSWALD would have necessarily shared any ideas held by OSWALD, unless it was merely

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent s KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALMON/mc Date dictated 11/27/63

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to appear co-operative with her husband. She stated that OSWALD's wife has indicated that she does not want to go back to Russia. She described her as a nice girl, a quiet type whom she considered shy, sweet and innocent, age about twenty-two, a wonderful mother in caring for her child. She was unaware that OSWALD's wife ever held any employment in the United States and she had no information that OSWALD's wife had ever applied for U. S. Citizenship. She stated she doubted if OSWALD would have permitted her to apply for citizenship.

MRS. RAY said she believed OSWALD's wife had no family in Russia; that her father possibly died when she was a child, that she was unaware (MRS. RAY) of any information regarding her mother and that she was raised by an aunt in Russia. She said she had no idea of where MRS. OSWALD came from in Russia but it was her belief that OSWALD and MRS. OSWALD had met initially in Leningrad.

MRS. RAY stated that in about December, 1962, she last saw MR. and MRS. OSWALD. She advised that MRS. FORD told her about two months ago, that OSWALD had been gone at that time to New Orleans, Louisiana, for about six months. She stated she was not aware they had returned to the Dallas, Texas area until after the assassination of President KENNEDY, at Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963.

MRS. RAY said that she never held any political discussions with MR. OSWALD and had no information to reflect that he was pro-Marxist in his views or that he was inclined to have any favoritism for CASTRO's Cuba. She said he never seemed to be the least bit intellectual or the "bookworm" type. She said she considered him dull and stupid. She said provided he was the person who assassinated President KENNEDY, she must, at this time, say that she would never have thought him capable of such a thing. She said he impressed her as the very quiet type but that he did seem arrogant, in the way he would look at people when they addressed him, as though they did not know what they were speaking about.

MRS. RAY said she believed that OSWALD may have been bitter over his inability to obtain employment in United States. She said that judging from what OSWALD's wife had said, OSWALD had been somewhat bitter while in Russia, because the Russians did not go out of their way go give him an important job. She said he she believes she had heard that OSWALD was a laborer while in Russia.

She said she did not know why he returned to the United States. She said that he apparently was disillusioned because he did not attract enough attention to suit him while in Russia. She said that he was apparently a person who had little training and therefore would have had no right to expect any special attention in Russia.

Regarding herself, MRS. RAY stated that her name prior to her first marriage and prior to coming to the United States, was VALENTINA ANNA PERECHANSKYA. She was born Kursk, Russia, June 18, 1928, although she stated that when the Germans took her from Russia in May, 1942, for slave labor, they destroyed her birth certificate and gave her a new one which reflected that she was born one year earlier than her actual date of birth. She stated she was raised in Stalino Ukraine, Russia. She stated she arrived in New York City on July 13, 1946, after having married a U. S. serviceman who was in the U. S. Army, in Frankfurt, Germany, previous to that. She stated she became a naturalized citizen in 1949 and has since re-married.

Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/29/63

Mrs. GENE GRAVES, Bookkeeper, Leslie Welding Company, 200-E North Vacek Street, advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD started to work for Leslie's on July 16, 1962, and worked nine hours, and thereafter OSWALD worked eight or nine hours Monday through Friday each week through Monday, October 8, 1962.

GRAVES stated that the only exceptions during this period to the eight or nine hour work day were on September 26, 1962, when he worked six hours, and four hours on September 27, 1962, and three hours and 58 minutes on September 28, 1962.

In addition to the regular work week, on Saturday, August 4, 1962, OSWALD worked five hours.

GRAVES stated the information was obtained from a weekly time card punched on a time clock on a daily basis.

GRAVES also pointed out that the original time card is sent to their office in Chicago, Illinois, and she maintains a duplicate of the original in her office.

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on 11/29/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ARNOLD J. BROWN /cv Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

Mrs. JOHN R. HALL (ELENA) Mr & Alkhazoff, 4760 Trail Lake Drive, advised that she and her husband are the owners of the Crown-Bridge-Porcelain Company at 1313 East Seminary Drive in Fort Worth. Mrs. HALL said this company is a dental technician company which makes and works with false teeth and mouth bridges. Texas

Mrs. HALL advised that her maiden name is ALKHAZOFF, and that she was born in Teheran, Iran, on June 20, 1926. She said that her parents were born in Russia. Mrs. HALL advised that she had been in the United States since 1957.

Mrs. HALL furnished the following information:

She said that she met LEE OSWALD and his wife, MARINA, through GEORGE BOUHE of Dallas, Texas, in June or July, 1962, at which time BOUHE brought the OSWALDs to her home, as MARINA had a missing front tooth. Mrs. HALL said that she told BOUHE that it would take $200.00 to $300.00 in order to have a tooth replaced by a dentist. She said at the time she first met the OSWALDs, they had a small baby girl named JUNE.

Mrs. HALL stated that in the Dallas-Fort Worth area, there is a small group of Russian-speaking people, like herself, that are friends and visit together. When any Russian-speaking person comes into the community they try to help them not to be so lonely.

Mrs. HALL said that MARINA OSWALD caused her to feel sorry for her, MARINA, upon first meeting MARINA, because of the fact that MARINA did not have any clothes and LEE OSWALD at that particular time was out of work. She said when she first met the OSWALDs, they were residing at 2703 Mercedes Street in Fort Worth. Mrs. HALL said that the OSWALD baby was sleeping in an old open suitcase at that time.

Mrs. HALL stated that shortly after meeting the OSWALDs, LEE OSWALD went to work at an unknown welding company located near his residence.

Mrs. HALL stated that she, Mrs. HALL, was working at the time, and during the day at the lunch hour and in the evenings she would go by the home and visit with MARINA OSWALD and would take clothing and food and help her with the baby.

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on 11/29/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

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by Special Agent ROBLEY D. MADLAND: mam 269 Date dictated 11/29/63

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Mrs. HALL continued by saying that in early October, 1962, exact date unrecalled, that MARINA OSWALD told her that her husband wanted to move to Dallas and gave no reason. Mrs. HALL said that she asked MARINA how she was going to pay for the house and the bills, at which MARINA said she did not know. Mrs. HALL said she then asked MARINA to move into her home until such time as she could go to Dallas to join her husband.

Mrs. HALL said that shortly after MARINA OSWALD and her baby moved into her home, MARINA told her that she belonged to the Greek Orthodox Church and wanted to have her baby baptized, but she was afraid to mention it to her husband because "he didn't believe in God, baptizing or nothing". Mrs. HALL said that on about October 17, 1962, she took MARINA and her infant daughter, JUNE, to Dallas where the baby was baptized at the St. Seraphim Eastern Greek Orthodox Church, 4203 Newton Street, Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. HALL said that on October 19, 1962, she, Mrs. HALL, was involved in an automobile accident in Fort Worth and was hospitalized for a period of ten days. She said that MARINA OSWALD and baby continued to live at her home during this period of time. Mrs. HALL said that on October 31, 1962, after being released from the hospital, she went to New York to visit friends and left MARINA and the baby at her home. Mrs. HALL said that she returned from New York on November 15, 1962, and at that time MARINA and the baby had gone from her home, and she does not know exactly what date she had left Fort Worth.

Mrs. HALL said that during the period of time MARINA OSWALD lived in her home, she actually saw LEE OSWALD one weekend, at which time she believed it was on a Sunday afternoon when LEE OSWALD was driven to Fort Worth from Dallas by a GARY and ALEXANDRIA TAYLOR, who resided at that time at 3519 Fairmount, Apartment 12, telephone LA 1-0692. She said that the TAYLORs had a small child with them, and they spent the afternoon with LEE OSWALD at her home. Dallas Texas.

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Mrs. HALL said that she had met the TAYLORs on that one occasion only and believes that GEORGE BOUHE had possibly known Mrs. TAYLOR's father in Dallas. Mrs. HALL said that she later learned from friends in Dallas that the TAYLORs are possibly separated now, and she does not know where they would be residing at the present time.

Mrs. HALL continued by saying that after MARINA OSWALD left her home she later learned through ANNA MILLER in Dallas that the OSWALDs were residing at 604 Elsbeth Street in Dallas. 7 X 5

Mrs. HALL said further that on Christmas, 1962, she and her husband drove to Dallas to take baby JUNE OSWALD a small Christmas gift. Mrs. HALL said at this point that while MARINA OSWALD was living at her home she had shown an interest in a sewing machine that Mrs. HALL had, and Mrs. HALL told her that she could use the machine. Upon returning from her visit in New York, she observed the machine to be gone from her home and assumed that MARINA had taken it. She said that when she visited the OSWALDs on Christmas in Dallas, she asked MARINA about the sewing machine, and MARINA told her that she still wanted to use it.

Mrs. HALL said that at the time she visited the OSWALDs at Christmas she recalls asking LEE OSWALD where their Christmas tree was because of the small baby. She said OSWALD told her that he did not agree with Christmas as it was too commercial.

During the above visit at Christmas, Mrs. HALL said she recalls asking LEE OSWALD why he did not speak English to his wife and why he spoke to her only in Russian. He told her that he was afraid that he would forget his Russian. Mrs. HALL said that OSWALD spoke Russian very well.

Mrs. HALL said further that the next time that she saw the OSWALD family was on Easter day of 1963, at which time she took a little Easter gift to the OSWALD baby. She said that she went to the 604 Elsbeth Street address and was told by the landlady that the OSWALDs did not live there any longer. Mrs. HALL said the landlady

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showed her where the OSWALDs had moved, which was about two blocks north and one block west of the Elsbeth address. Mrs. HALL said she does not recall the street or the street number of this residence. She said that the OSWALDs lived on the second floor of a very shabby apartment at this address.

Mrs. HALL said that on Easter day, LEE OSWALD and his wife were both at home, and she recalled LEE OSWALD telling her husband that he did not like the Capitalistic system. At that time OSWALD appeared to be "high on Russia" and said he would like to go back to Russia.

Mrs. HALL said that at that time on Easter, MARINA OSWALD returned to her the sewing machine.

Mrs. HALL said that at the time she and her husband visited the OSWALDs in Dallas on Easter, they stayed for a period of about 45 minutes, and since that visit she has not seen either person again or heard from either person. Mrs. HALL said she had heard from friends in Dallas at a later date that the OSWALDs had moved to New Orleans, Louisiana. However, Mrs. HALL said that the OSWALDs never wrote or corresponded with her, and she had not heard of the OSWALDs again until the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Mrs. HALL said that MARINA OSWALD, in conversation with her, told her that she actually did not like Russia and was very appreciative of the United States. She said that MARINA told her that the people in Russia actually would not believe what they saw in the United States if they could be here concerning the merchandise, stores, type of food, cars and other such things.

Mrs. HALL said that she recalls when she first met MARINA OSWALD, she noticed black and blue marks on her face. She said at a later date when she got to know this person, she asked her about those bruises on her face and MARINA told her that her husband had beat her.

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EH,RDH:mam
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After that, Mrs. HALL said that MARINA told her that on several occasions her husband had beat her and that MARINA and her husband argued a great deal of the time.

Mrs. HALL advised further that MARINA told her at one time the reason they returned from Russia to the United States was that her husband wanted to return and she also wanted to live in the United States. Mrs. HALL said that she understood from MARINA that she was a pharmacist in Russia and had worked in a hospital in Minsk. Mrs. HALL said she recalls Mrs. OSWALD's telling her that she and her husband had met at a dance in Minsk

Mrs. HALL said that she never actually talked a great deal with LEE OSWALD as he was very uncommunicative. She said that during the time she was in their home she saw books on Marxism and Red literature around the house, and for that reason she did not converse a great deal with LEE OSWALD. She said that she considered LEE OSWALD to be a "Red Russian", and she did not try to change him. Mrs. HALL said she recalls at one time LEE OSWALD's telling her he was going to write a book, but he did not mention what the book would be about.

Mrs. HALL said that it was her personal opinion that LEE OSWALD was "no good" because of the fact that he beat his wife, his way of thinking, and that she considered him to be a "Red Russian".

Mrs. HALL said further that during the period of time that she knew the OSWALDs, they never owned an automobile, and that she never met OSWALD's mother or brother. In fact, Mrs. HALL said the only interest that she and her Husband actually had in the LEE OSWALD family was MARINA and the baby and trying to help those two persons.

Mrs. HALL said that MARINA never mentioned any friends or associates of her husband's in Fort Forth or Dallas, and MARINA was a "lonely person". Mrs. HALL said she recalls MARINA wanted to go to

Dallas because she had heard there were English classes held at the YMCA; however, Mrs. HALL said that she asked MARINA at Easter when she visited her if she had gone to any classes, and MARINA told her that she had not because she lived too far from town, the classes were in the evening and she would have to take a bus. Further, MARINA said that her husband would not take care of the baby.

Mrs. HALL said further that the only place she knows the OSWALDs to have lived in Fort Worth prior to moving to Dallas was when they first moved to Fort Worth, MARINA told her that they stayed with LEE OSWALD's brother for a short time and then moved to 2703 Mercedes Street, at which time OSWALD went to Dallas, Texas, and MARINA OSWALD stayed in the HALL's home until she moved to Dallas.

Mrs. HALL said further that the only acquaintances she knows the OSWALDs had in Fort Worth would be PETER GREGORY, Mrs. ~~MAX~~ CLARK, and herself, Mrs. HALL.

Mrs. HALL advised that she does recall that the TAYLORs, the persons who drove LEE OSWALD to Fort Worth to visit his wife when she was at the Hall's residence, drove an old model, possibly a 1955 or 1956, dark metallic green car, which would have been the Buick or Oldsmobile type of automobile.

Mrs. HALL stated that she had no further information concerning LEE OSWALD and his wife. Mrs. HALL said that she does not know any person named JACK RUBY or RUBENSTEIN and had never heard of this person until he was charged with the killing of LEE OSWALD in Dallas.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Illinois
Indiana

Date 11/25/63

Mr. GEORGE A. BOUHE, 4740 Homer Street, Apartment O, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed at 3752 Westcliff Road North, Fort Worth, Texas. He stated that he was doing accounting work for Mr. MACK CLARK and he had telephonically contacted Mrs. ELIZABETH GREGORY and she indicated that the FBI might be interested in talking with him.

Texas

Texas

BOUHE pointed out that he was born in St. Petersburg, Russia, and had come to the United States in 1924.

He stated that in about July, 1962, he had read in a Fort Worth newspaper that LEE OSWALD had returned to Fort Worth with his Russian wife and his small child.

BOUHE stated that he believed it was two or three weeks after he read this article that he got a telephone call from PETER GREGORY, who was giving OSWALD a get-acquainted dinner at GREGORY's house and invited BOUHE to attend. BOUHE stated that he was interested in attending this dinner and was vitally interested in talking to OSWALD's wife.

He stated that the newspaper had indicated that MARINA OSWALD was from the same place in Russia as BOUHE had lived in. He stated that he determined that MARINA was not from the exact town that he was from, but they still had considerable discussion about life in Russia.

He stated also that MARINA OSWALD had stated she was having a hard time and that her husband had been unable to keep a job in Fort Worth. He stated MARINA indicated that OSWALD's brother was having them move from his house and OSWALD's mother had no money to help support them.

BOUHE stated that he had visited the OSWALD's home on Mercedes Street in Fort Worth, Texas, and further that there were very little furnishings in the house and that the baby was sleeping on the floor. BOUHE stated that because of his good fortune in the United States, he felt he should try to help the OSWALDs.

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on 11/23/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent EARLE HALEY & ARNOLD J. BROWN /rmb Date dictated 11/25/63

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BOUHE pointed out that the first thing he did was to buy some groceries, some baby clothes, and also a baby crib. BOUHE advised that subsequently he contacted two ladies in Dallas who were "his Russian friends" and they obtained some clothes for MARINA. He stated at the same time he had two shirts which were used but in good shape which he offered to LEE OSWALD, and OSWALD refused to accept them.

BOUHE stated that OSWALD was very arrogant when he refused to accept the shirts.

He stated regarding MARINA OSWALD that he considers her to be a product of the Soviet machine and that all initiative has been removed. He stated as an example, he along with two of the ladies tried to educate MARINA in minor things such as the use of Kleenex and cleanser in the house and she did not seem to grasp what they meant.

He stated also that he exerted considerable effort to teach MARINA OSWALD the English language and prepared simple tests such as teaching her to write and read that my husband goes to work. He stated after she had taken two or three lessons he sent her a fourth lesson which she never returned and never continued her effort to learn the English language.

BOUHE stated that in early September, 1962, OSWALD went to Dallas and attempted to obtain employment. He pointed out OSWALD stayed at the Y.M.C.A. in downtown Dallas for about a week and later moved to South Oak Cliff in Dallas. BOUHE stated he sent OSWALD to the Texas Employment Commission and after a few tries OSWALD obtained employment with Jaggars-Chiles-Stoval, Inc., as an apprentice printer. BOUHE stated two or three weeks after OSWALD obtained this employment, OSWALD telephonically contacted him every two or three days.

BOUHE stated that after about three weeks, OSWALD said something to the effect that don't worry, BOUHE, we've got everything under control and we will do all right.

BOUHE stated that from around the first of October, he did not see OSWALD again until December 27 or 28, 1962. He said OSWALD was at a party on one of these dates at which BOUHE was in attendance and they have had no contact or communication since that time.

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BOUHE stated during the time that he was in contact with the OSWALDs, the following events occurred:

BOUHE stated during the first two or three weeks that he saw the OSWALDs, he noticed on different occasions that MARINA OSWALD would have a black eye or a spot on her which she indicated to some of their mutual friends were caused by her husband beating her. BOUHE stated that he overheard women talking and MARINA indicated that OSWALD had hit her for smoking.

He stated he recalled on one occasion that one of the ladies received a telephone call from MARINA OSWALD, while the OSWALDs were in South Oak Cliff, and MARINA was at a service station and advised she had been beaten by LEE OSWALD and had no place to go. BOUHE stated that the friend picked up MARINA and she stayed with this friend for three or four days. He stated that thereafter they arranged for MARINA OSWALD to stay five days or a week at a house of one of the friends and then move to a second house for a second week, and this was to be continued until MARINA could make some arrangements or obtain employment.

BOUHE stated this lasted only two weeks because the third week OSWALD appeared at the house where she was staying and apologized to MARINA and induced her to return with him to South Oak Cliff in Dallas.

BOUHE stated that during this time MARINA OSWALD was to clean the house and run the sweeper, but apparently she did not do any of this. He stated that instead she would sleep until midday and would not try to cooperate and help herself.

He stated that this was the last he heard of MARINA OSWALD until June, 1963, when LYDIA DIMYTRUK stated that she had seen MARINA OSWALD and MARINA was living somewhere in Irving, Texas. He pointed out DIMYTRUK was employed by Whites Grocery Store in Irving, Texas, but resides at 3542½ Kent Street in Fort Worth, Texas.

BOUHE pointed out that during the time OSWALD resided on Mercedes Street in Fort Worth, he (BOUHE) visited OSWALD's home he would say four times. BOUHE stated that he observed books written by KARL MARX and ENGLE, and OSWALD would point to these books and stated that "this is the book". BOUHE stated that he asked OSWALD why he did not return to Russia if he thought so much of these books and Russia, and OSWALD would not give him a direct answer.

BOUHE stated that OSWALD said he had gone to Russia because he was enthusiastic about their system of government and opposed the bloody capitalism.

BOUHE said in his opinion OSWALD wanted to "shine" and also felt when he talked he was giving out "pearls of wisdom". BOUHE stated that OSWALD made statements that Russia would be the leader in the world and that Russian courts were courts of justice while the courts in the United States were a shambles.

BOUHE stated that in his opinion when OSWALD arrived in Russia OSWALD felt he would be an individual sought in Russia and that the Russians had seen through OSWALD and placed him in a menial job. He stated that in other words he felt that OSWALD went to Russia feeling that they would use him as a speaker and for propaganda.

BOUHE continued that OSWALD kept making statements that the capitalist system exploited the people, but OSWALD never gave a solid answer to BOUHE as to why OSWALD returned to the United States.

BOUHE stated he recalled that there was one instance where OSWALD mentioned he returned to the United States because MARINA desired to come to the United States.

BOUHE advised that he had never observed LEE OSWALD with any type of weapon or gun.

He advised that the only recollection he has of OSWALD mentioning his service in the U. S. Marine Corps was on one occasion OSWALD made application for employment at Sangers Department Store in Dallas, Texas, and BOUHE helped OSWALD fill out the application. He stated the application had a space for military service and BOUHE asked OSWALD what about his discharge from the Marines. OSWALD said "put down honorable", and that is what BOUHE put on the application.

BOUHE advised that the only time OSWALD mentioned anything about any contact with any Government official was when he said the American Embassy in Russia had given him (OSWALD) money to return to the United States. He stated OSWALD had indicated he still owed for money he obtained from the Embassy.

BOUHE stated that he never heard OSWALD mention any other Government official or agency.

He stated that his primary reason for maintaining contact with OSWALD was the interest he had in helping MARINA OSWALD. He stated that in his opinion all of the people that were associated with the OSWALDs during the summer and fall of 1962 were more interested in helping MARINA OSWALD.

BOUHE stated that he felt strongly that OSWALD was a rebel, a misfit, no good for society, and very arrogant.

BOUHE stated that OSWALD seemed to be against everything and for nothing.

He stated that the following were associated with the OSWALDs, and in particular, MARINA OSWALD:

Mr. and Mrs. GEALANT FORD, Brookcrest, Dallas, Texas;

Mr. and Mrs. TEOFIL MELLER, 5930½ LaVista Drive, Dallas, Texas;

Mrs. JOHN (~~ELAINE~~ ELENA) HALL, Trail Lake Drive, Fort Worth, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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GEORGE A. BOUHE, apartment O, 4740 Homer Street, advised on July 13, 1963, he entered Mexico at Laredo, Texas, on a vacation trip accompanied by MAX CLARK, Ft. Worth, Texas, attorney, Mrs. CLARK and a Mrs. ANN MELLER, 4930½ LaVista Drive (the wife of TEOFIL MELLER). This party re-entered the United States on either July 24, 1963, or July 25, 1963, at McAllen, Texas.

During this trip this party spent the first night at Torreon, Mexico, and the following day drove to Mazatlan, Mexico, where they spent approximately five days at the LaPlaya Hotel. From this point they drove to Guadalajara and spent approximately three days at the Camino Real Hotel. Upon leaving Guadalajara, they drove to Matehuala, spent one night and drove on the following day to Alice, Texas, where they stayed at the Motel Americana.

BOUHE advised this trip was purely a vacation and during the trip they met no one by appointment and during this trip he did not say "or even think" of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

He advised he was in Mexico once previously about three years ago when he spent part of one day shopping at Matamoras.

BOUHE stated that on or about Thursday, November 7, 1963, he traveled by Transcontinental bus to Indianapolis, Indiana, again on a visit to friends, and returned to Dallas on Tuesday, November 12, 1963. He recalled he arrived in Dallas at 6:29 A.M. He made this trip alone and during the trip visited with Mrs. ELLEN PICK and Miss NINA PICK at 210 East 51st Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. He advised his making this trip had no connection whatever with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and that these individuals have no knowledge of OSWALD whatever.

He advised he made one telephone call to Indianapolis from his residence, telephone # TA 7-2288, about three or four days prior to his making this trip to advise these individuals of his pending visit.

He advised the only other travel he has done during 1963 was a trip to Houston and Galveston, Texas, made during about the second or third weeks of September, 1963. On this occasion he drove Mr. TEOFIL MELLER and another couple on their vacation. He

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by Special Agent RONALD E. BRINKLEY and ~~ALFRED C. ELLINGTON:jj~~ 280 Date dictated 11/27/63

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spent three days with them and returned to Dallas and during the following week went back after them, spent about three days and brought them back to Dallas.

He advised he has never heard of the name HIDELL.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/27/63

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On November 27, 1963, JOHN WEBSTER BISHOP, 10409 Remmington, Dallas, Texas, provided the following information.

BISHOP advised GEORGE A. BOUHE, 4740 Homer Street, Dallas, Texas, is his bookkeeper. He stated BOUHE is of Russian descent and has lived in Russia some length of time. He advised BOUHE has mentioned to him that he is familiar with OSWALD and has been in the OSWALD home several times. He is also known to have taken OSWALD's wife to a dentist in the past.

BISHOP further advised that BOUHE took a trip to Mexico in August or September. He stated he also knows of a bus trip to Indianapolis, Indiana, taken by BOUHE within the last 30 days.

BOUHE formerly worked as a bookkeeper with Degalyer-MacGaughton Oil Consultants, 5625 Daniels Street, Dallas. BISHOP stated W. A. KOPPEAK, Danube Oil Company, 12th floor, United Fidelity Building, is a long-time working acquaintance of BOUHE. He advised BOUHE is very highly emotional.

Dallas, Texas

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RONALD E. BRINKLEY:jj Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

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Mrs. JOHN G. (GENE) GRAVES, Secretary-Bookkeeper for the Leslie Welding Company - Louv-R-Pac Division, whose hom office is the Leslie Welding Company, Inc., 11241 W. Melrose Street, Franklin Park, Illinois, and whose home residence is 3417 Hazeline Street, Ft. Worth, Texas, furnished the following information:

Mrs. GRAVES advised that she recalls LEE HARVEY OSWALD as an employee of this company from July 17, 1962, until October 8, 1962, as a sheet metal helper. Mrs. GRAVES stated that she believes Texas Employment Commission referred OSWALD to their company for employment.

Mrs. GRAVES advised that on the day that LEE HARVEY OSWALD appeared in this company that she is the person giving OSWALD the company's application form to be filled out by him. Mrs. GRAVES advised that OSWALD completed this application in his own handwriting in her presence in the office of the company which was his first day of employment.

Mrs. GRAVES stated further that she recalls that when OSWALD terminated with their company that he did not appear for work and she though he was probably sick. However, she stated about three or four days later that the company received a letter from OSWALD stating that he had moved to Dallas and requested in the letter any money due him be sent to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. GRAVES stated further that the only association she had with OSWALD during the period of his employment with this company was on pay days which would be every Friday at which time he was given his pay check. Mrs. GRAVES stated she at no time ever talked to OSWALD or had any conversation with this person whatsoever.

Mrs. GRAVES stated that she did not know any background or any associates of OSWALD or any information concerning this individual other than what information appeared on the application form which he completed for the company.

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on 11/26/63 at Ft. Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S ROBLEY D. MADLAND & JOSEPH L. SCHOTT/atd 283 Date dictated 11/26/63

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Mrs. GRAVES stated further that she identified LEE HARVEY OSWALD, the person who was under arrest in Dallas, Texas, and charged with the assassination of President KENNEDY, as being the same LEE HARVEY OSWALD that was employed by this company. Mrs. GRAVES stated she recognized OSWALD's pictures on the television since his arrest in Dallas, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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HIRAM B. CONWAY, Division Manager, Leslie Welding Company-Louv-R-Pac Division, 200 E. North Vacek, with home office Leslie Welding Company, Inc., 11241 W. Melrose Street, Franklin Park, Illinois, furnished the following information:

A LEE OSWALD was employed for this company by TOMMY BARGAS, Shop Foreman. CONWAY said he knew OSWALD as an employee only and only talked to him on a few occasions which conversation would have been concerning his work in the shop. CONWAY said he does recall that OSWALD never talked unless he was asked a direct question.

CONWAY said he knew absolutely nothing concerning OSWALD's background or his life outside of the plant other than what appeared on his employment application. CONWAY said he actually did not know OSWALD well.

CONWAY said further he closed the plant on November 22, 1963, at about 3:00 p.m. due to the assassination of President KENNEDY. However, CONWAY said he remained at the office and that at about 3:30 p.m., ELLIOT BARGAS telephoned him at the office saying he had been watching television at home and believed the person arrested by the Dallas Police Department in Dallas, Texas, had formerly been employed by the company. CONWAY said upon reaching his home and observing television that he saw a picture of LEE OSWALD on television as the person being arrested in Dallas and this was the same person who was formerly employed by this company. CONWAY said he could again identify OSWALD in the event it should be necessary.

Mr. CONWAY made available for review the personnel file for LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Contained in the file was an application for OSWALD dated July 13, 1962, with address 1501 7th Street, telephone No. PE 2-3245. OSWALD indicated that he had Social Security Number 433-54-3937, a citizen, born in New Orleans, Louisiana. He was a male, weighing 150 pounds, 5'9", married, and had one child, age five months. He listed as other dependents his wife. The file reflected that he was applying for sheet metal work having had two and one half years experience; that he was employed by this company through Texas State Employment Commission, and he had no relatives working for this company. Under the item Military Service Records, he indicated he had service in the Armed Forces from 1956 to 1962. The branch of the service was

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by Special Agents ROBLEY D. MADLAND and JALON L. JENNINGS:vm Date dictated 11/23/63

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the U. S. Marine Corps and his duties were that of sheet metal worker and machinist. His rank was that of private at time of enlistment and rating at time of discharge was sergeant. He was honorably discharged from the Armed Forces with no disability.

Under the item Education, he indicated that for the period 1950 through 1953 he attended school at Ridglea West, Fort Worth, Texas, taking a general course and from 1953 to 1956 he attended the Jackson School in New Orleans taking a general course.

Under the item Experience, he listed active duty with the U. S. Marine Corps as a machinist and sheet metal worker.

Under the item references, the following were listed:

PETER P. GREGORY, Consultant, Oil Engineering, Continental Life Building Ft. Worth Texas;

ROBERT OSWALD, Junior Executive, Acme Brick Company

The aforementioned application for the most part is handprinted and in pencil.

CONWAY advised he received an undated letter directed to Leslie's Welding Company, from OSWALD asking that his last paycheck for the period October 1 - 8 be forwarded to LEE H. OSWALD, P. O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas.

Photostat of Internal Revenue Form W-4 in file reflected LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 1501 W. 7th Street, Fort Worth, Texas, Social Security Number 435-54-3937, with three dependents, dated July 17, 1962, and signed by OSWALD. The personnel records further reflected that OSWALD was employed July 17, 1962, at an hourly rate of $1.25. He had Social Security Number 433-54-3937, three dependents, and resided at 1501 W. 7th Street, Fort Worth, Texas. His job was that of sheet metal helper until he terminated approximately October 8, 1962.

Inquiry was made of Mr. CONWAY regarding the Social Security numbers for OSWALD, 433-54-3937 and 435-54-3937. He stated that one is wrong due to a possible typographical error and he assumes that the Social Security Number appearing on OSWALD's Form W-4 which is 435-54-3937 is correct.

Mr. CONWAY made available the aforementioned application for employment and handwritten letter to the company from OSWALD.

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Date 11/23/63

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TOMMY (no middle name) BARGAS, Shop Foreman for Leslie Welding Company-Louv-R-Pac Division, 200 E North Vacek Street, advised that the home office for this company is Leslie Welding Company, Inc., 11241 West Melrose Street, Franklin Park, Illinois. BARGAS advised further that his home residence is 301 E. Drew Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

Mr. BARGAS furnished the following information:

A LEE OSWALD was employed by him, BARGAS, as a sheet metal helper on about July 17, 1962. BARGAS advised that he cannot recall if OSWALD was employed through an employment agency or if this person just appeared at the plant seeking employment.

Mr. BARGAS stated that OSWALD during his period of employment with his company carried out his work assignments and that he, BARGAS, considered OSWALD to be a good employee and one who always did his work as he was told to do.

BARGAS stated that OSWALD was a very uncommunicative type of individual and the type of person who kept strictly to himself. He said that OSWALD never talked to him or any of the other employees and that at no time did this person ever volunteer any type of information concerning himself or his background. BARGAS said further that OSWALD would "clam up" any time any person would ask him a question. In fact, BARGAS said that OSWALD did not associate with any of the employees; kept strictly to himself even to the extent of eating his lunch alone, away from the other employees in the plant.

BARGAS said that he knew OSWALD was married only because he noticed this fact on OSWALD's employment application.

BARGAS stated the only time OSWALD ever talked to him other than to ask questions concerning the work involved was that OSWALD would on occasions ask him how he was doing with his work.

BARGAS said he knows of no person employed at this plant with whom OSWALD associated during the period of his employment.

BARGAS said concerning OSWALD's termination with this

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plant which was about October 8, 1962, that he recalls that OSWALD did not appear for work one day. BARGAS said he thought at the time OSWALD was probably ill and did not try to contact him. He said that in about three days the company received a letter from OSWALD advising the company to forward his last week's pay check to a Dallas address stating he had moved to Dallas.

BARGAS said he has not seen or heard from OSWALD since that time.

However, BARGAS said this plant was shut down about 3:00 p.m. on the afternoon of November 22, 1963, because of the death of JOHN KENNEDY. BARGAS said he went to his home and shortly after arriving home received a telephone call from his brother, ELLIOT BARGAS, who is also employed by this company, to the effect that he had just seen on television a person named OSWALD who had been arrested by the Dallas Police Department and felt sure this was the same person who was formerly employed at this company. BARGAS said he then turned on his own television set and observed a picture of OSWALD, a former employee of this company, who had been arrested by the Dallas Police Department.

BARGAS said he could definitely again identify LEE OSWALD in the event it should be necessary.

FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

Mr. PETER PAUL GREGORY, 3513 Dorothy Lane, Consulting Engineer, Continental National Life Insurance Building, furnished the following information:

GREGORY was born in Russia, has lived in the United States for approximately 45 years, and is a naturalized citizen. He has been teaching Russian at the Fort Worth City Library for many years. During the latter part of May, 1962, he received a telephone call from a man by the name of OSWALD. OSWALD told him that he had obtained GREGORY's name from some person at the Fort Worth Public Library. OSWALD stated that he spoke and translated Russian and was interested in getting a part-time job as a translator in order to make some money. GREGORY told him that he would have to talk to him and acquire some knowledge of OSWALD's Russian before he could recommend him as a translator.

A few days later, OSWALD came by the office of GREGORY and talked to him. GREGORY gave him a book in Russian, and OSWALD translated it into English without any trouble. He stated that OSWALD had very good command of the Russian language. He told OSWALD that he would qualify as a translator; and in the event he heard of anyone needing his services, he would get in touch with him.

At that time, OSWALD was living with his brother in West Ridgelea. Sometime during the early part of June, 1962, GREGORY and his son, PAUL GREGORY, went to the home of OSWALD in West Ridgelea to talk to OSWALD and his wife about PAUL GREGORY's taking lessons in Russian from Mrs. OSWALD. PAUL GREGORY had been studying Russian, but he desired to become a better translator and speaker of the Russian language. They visited with OSWALD and his wife a short time, and Mrs. OSWALD agreed to teach Russian to PAUL GREGORY. PAUL GREGORY took lessons from Mrs. OSWALD about twice a week during the three months of the summer of 1962. On one occasion, Mr. GREGORY took his son to the home of OSWALD for this lesson. At that time, they were living in a small duplex apartment near Montgomery Ward Store in Fort Worth. GREGORY talked to OSWALD and his wife a short

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by Special Agents EARLE HALEY and ARNOLD J. BROWN/gm Date dictated 11/29/63

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time on this visit and inquired as to the living conditions and everyday life in the Soviet Union. Mrs. OSWALD told him that she was born in St. Petersburg and that her parents had died when she was a very small child and her uncle and aunt had reared her in Russia. She also said she had one sister still living in Russia. GREGORY did not discuss any politics or form of government with either Mr. or Mrs. OSWALD.

During the latter part of August or around the first of September, 1962, Mr. GREGORY and his wife decided to have a small dinner for the OSWALDS so that they could meet some other Russians from Fort Worth and Dallas. They invited OSWALD and his wife, as well as Mrs. ANNA KELLER, 5930½ La Vista in Dallas. He also invited Mr. GEORGE BOUHE from Dallas. During this visit, they never discussed politics or any form of government but talked more about living conditions in the Soviet Union. GREGORY related that he did not see or talk to the OSWALDS any more after this dinner at his home in 1962. He heard from mutual friends in Dallas that the OSWALDS had moved to Dallas and that they had had some domestic trouble and also that several of the Russian people in Dallas had tried to help Mr. and Mrs. OSWALD, but they were not too successful in this venture.

GREGORY stated that on Saturday, November 23, 1963, about 4:00 a.m., Secret Service agents came to his home and questioned him about LEE OSWALD and his wife. On the same date at about 4:00 p.m., Secret Service agents came back to his home and asked him if he would go to Dallas and assist them in interviewing OSWALD and his wife. They asked him to be the interpreter, and he stated he would be glad to assist in any way possible. He left his home with Secret Service agents and went to the Dallas Police Department, where he met Mr. FORREST SORRELS, who is in charge of the Secret Service Office in Dallas. He sat around the Dallas Police Department for about an hour but never interviewed OSWALD. At that time, the Secret Service agents took him to the Adolphus Hotel, where Mrs. OSWALD and the mother were supposed to be staying. They asked him to be the interpreter in an interview with Mrs. LEE OSWALD. Dallas Texas

After arriving at the Adolphus Hotel and waiting around a considerable length of time, the Secret Service agents told him that some persons from Life Magazine had picked up

Mrs.OSWALD, the wife, as well as the mother and two children and had taken them away from the Adolphus Hotel. He stated at that time the Secret Service agents brought him back to Fort Worth, Texas.

On Sunday, November 24, 1963, around 7:00 or 7:30 a.m., he received a call at his home from some unknown person. This woman talked rather excitedly and stated she needed some help. She said she was in Dallas and that she knew him from Fort Worth. GREGORY finally asked her if she was Mrs. OSWALD, the mother of LEE OSWALD. She told him that was correct but not to use her name over the phone. The mother stated that she needed some help over in Dallas and that she wanted to get away and she did not know anyone to call other than Mr. GREGORY. GREGORY told her he would see what he could do, but he did not know exactly how he could help her.

Around 8:00 or 8:30 a.m., this Sunday morning, GREGORY called Mr. MIKE HOWARD and told him about the phone call he had received from the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. HOWARD said he would come by and pick up GREGORY and see what they could do. HOWARD did pick up GREGORY, and they drove to the Howard Johnson Restaurant on the Fort Worth-Dallas Turnpike where they met ROBERT OSWALD, brother of LEE OSWALD. ROBERT was in another car with some Secret Service agents. At that time, both cars drove to the Executive Inn, Dallas. ROBERT OSWALD and GREGORY went to the room of Mrs. OSWALD, where they found the mother, wife of OSWALD, and the two children. He and ROBERT OSWALD told them to pack their things as they were leaving. The mother told ROBERT OSWALD that she had $50.00 that Life Magazine had given her to pay their bill. The brother made the remark, "I do not want any of that money. I will pay the bill myself." GREGORY and ROBERT OSWALD did pay the bill at the office.

The mother, wife, and the two children then left in the two cars and started back toward Fort Worth. After a short distance, Mrs. OSWALD, the mother, said they needed some diapers and other things for the children and they had to go by Mrs. PAINE's house in Irving. The Secret Service men as well as everyone else told Mrs. OSWALD that that would be very bad as a lot of people were around that house and they told her they would not go back to the home

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in Irving. The mother insisted, stating she was an American citizen, that she had certain rights and, "I demand under my rights to go by that house and pick up some clothes for the baby." The Secret Service agents then contacted the Irving Police Department over the radio. They were advised by the Irving Police Department not to go to the house in Irving. The Chief of Police said they could drop by his house and all of them proceeded to the home of the Chief of Police, where they stayed a short time waiting to pick up these clothes. During this time, Mr. HOWARD learned of the shooting of LEE OSWALD. He told MARINA OSWALD and the mother that LEE OSWALD had been shot, but he did not know the extent of his injuries. While they were waiting to get these clothes, they learned that OSWALD had died at Parkland Hospital. The mother then said that she wanted to see the body of her son. The Secret Service men said they could not go to the hospital. They told her that would be very unwise as a lot of people were around that hospital and that would place their lives in danger as well as the lives of the children. The mother again argued with the Secret Service agents as well as with GREGORY and stated that she was an American citizen and she had a right to see her son and that under her rights she was going to see her son. The authorities argued with Mrs. OSWALD and the wife but to no avail. They then drove to Parkland Hospital, where the mother and the wife did see the body of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The brother, ROBERT OSWALD, arrived a little later, but he never was able to see the body of his brother.

They left Parkland Hospital and then drove to a place out in the country not too far from Fort Worth, Texas. GREGORY stated he had been asked not to divulge this location to anyone and he would prefer the FBI obtain this information from the Secret Service.

He remained at this location with Secret Service agents and acted as an interpreter all during the time that the Secret Service agents interviewed Mrs. MARINA OSWALD.

GREGORY believed that Mrs. MARINA OSWALD was telling everything that she knew; and as a result of this interview, he, in his own opinion, did not believe that MARINA OSWALD knew anything about the outside activities of her husband and did not know anything about this assassination other than what she had told the Secret Service.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

Mrs. ELIZABETH GREGORY, 3513 Dorothy Lane South, advised she and her husband first became acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the summer of 1962.

She stated that her husband, PETER GREGORY, teaches Russian language at the Fort Worth Public Library and that OSWALD had contacted her husband to determine if OSWALD was capable of translating the Russian language. According to Mrs. GREGORY, her husband gave OSWALD a test and told him that he was capable of translating the Russian language but there was really no demand for it in Fort Worth, Texas.

Mrs. GREGORY stated subsequent to this meeting they invited OSWALD and his wife to a dinner at GREGORY's home and also invited was GEORGE BOUHE of Dallas, Texas. She stated that this was the only contact that she had in her home with OSWALD.

She stated when they learned that OSWALD's wife spoke the Russian language, their son, PAUL GREGORY, took Russian lessons from MARINA OSWALD during the summer of 1962. She stated PAUL visited in the OSWALD home when he lived near Montgomery Ward Company in Fort Worth, Texas, during the summer of 1962 on several occasions while he was taking lessons in Russian.

Mrs. GREGORY stated that PAUL is presently at the University of Oklahoma at Norman, Oklahoma, residing at 1318½ Garfield Street in Norman.

Mrs. GREGORY stated that he has not seen nor talked to OSWALD since PAUL returned to school in September, 1962.

She stated that she had heard of OSWALD through GEORGE BOUHE around Thanksgiving of 1962 and there was some talk of OSWALD having beaten his wife. She stated she could recall no details of what the conversation was regarding OSWALD.

She stated that after OSWALD contacted her husband, she learned that OSWALD had been to Russia and told her husband that he should not have anything to do with OSWALD. She stated after she made this statement, she reconsidered and felt that she may be hypocritical and thereafter/when her son took lessons from MARINA OSWALD.

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EARLE HALEY &

by Special Agent ARNOLD J. BROWN /rmb Date dictated 11/25/63

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Mrs. GREGORY stated that she recalled that OSWALD was dissatisfied with work he was doing in 1962, but recalled very little else about any conversations with OSWALD.

Mrs. GREGORY stated that she did not know any of OSWALD's associates and that BOUHE was the only one that she knew of that had any additional contact with OSWALD.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/29/63

Mrs. GRACE CRANER, 3124 West 5th Street, advised that she is a public school teacher and owns the property at this address.

Ft. Worth, Texas

Mrs. CRANER stated that Mrs. MARGARITE OSWALD rented a two-room apartment from her, located at the rear of this address, during the summer of 1959, exact dates not recalled. However, she said that Mrs. OSWALD was in the apartment for about two to three months.

Ft Worth Texas

Mrs. CRANER said that at one time during the peribd Mrs. OSWALD was in the apartment, that she recalls this person telling her that her son, a LEE OSWALD, had just arrived in town after being discharged from the Marine Corps and asked Mrs. CRANER if it would be possible for her son to stay a few days in the apartment with her. Mrs. CRANER said that she had a roll-away bed placed in Mrs. OSWALD's apartment for the son. Mrs. CRANER said Mrs. OSWALD told her at that time that she would like for her to meet her son, as he was only going to be in town for a few days.

Mrs. CRANER stated that she never did meet the son, and in about a week after placing the roll-away bed in the apartment, Mrs. OSWALD told her that her son had already left and had gone to New Orleans, Louisiana. Mrs. CRANER said Mrs. OSWALD did not give any reason for her son going to New Orleans.

Mrs. CRANER said further that during the period of time Mrs. OSWALD lived at this apartment, that she was unemployed; however, she always paid her rent. She was involved in some type of compensation suit concerning an injury she had received while employed at a candy company.

Mrs. CRANER said further that the only contact she has had with Mrs. OSWALD since Mrs. OSWALD moved from this apartment was one day after the news of her son going to Russia, Mrs. OSWALD called and asked if she had any mail at this address.

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on 11/29/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent S EARL HALEY & ROBLEY D. MADLAND Date dictated 11/29/63

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Mrs. CRANER said she had no further information concerning Mrs. OSWALD other than during the period of time she resided at this address, Mrs. OSWALD told her she also had a son living in the Ridgelea Section of Fort Worth, and Mrs. CRANER also believes Mrs. OSWALD said she had another son in the armed forces.

Mrs. CRANER advised that she had no information concerning LEE OSWALD and did not actually see this person during the time he stayed in the apartment with his mother, which would have been less than one week.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/23/63

MORTON N. GOLDBERG, M.D., 711 W-T Waggoner Building, advised he desired to furnish some information he thought may be of some benefit concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Dr. GOLDBERG said he formerly had a patient, a Mrs. MARGARET OSWALD, 3006 Bristol Road. Dr. GOLDBERG advised his records reflect the following information concerning MARGARET OSWALD:

April 4, 1957 - Was seen for a general checkup Diagnosis; Stress - reason unknown.

November 11, 1957 - Colon X-ray.

January 9, 1959 - Patient for injuries due to a candy box falling on nose in December, 1958. Dr. GOLDBERG said that on this visit he could not find anything except a bruised nose. Patient was sent to Dr. SKOKAN who in turn send her to Dr. HARRIS, an eye, ear, nose, and throat specialist, where hot packs were put to the nose and it began to drain pus on the right side.

January 30, 1959 - On visit small piece of skin came out of nose.

Dr. GOLDBERG said that at the time Mrs. OSWALD was employed by the King Candy Company however that he could not go along with the alleged injury for compensation purposes which allegedly happened at the King Candy Company.

Dr. GOLDBERG stated he recalls during the period of time he treated MARGARET OSWALD that she told him her son, name not mentioned, wanted to defect to Russia. Dr. GOLDBERG said he recalls further MARGARET OSWALD also telling him that this son had beaten her on several occasions. Dr. GOLDBERG said he did not know this son.

Dr. GOLDBERG advised he had no further information at this time however said that his medical records concerning MARGARET OSWALD would be made available at any time upon request and said the reason he contacted the FBI was he felt the above information should be brought to the attention of the FBI.

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on 11/22/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ROBLEY D. MADLAND and JACK A. FRENCH:rm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

Mr. L. M. MC CRACKEN, 3830 West 6th Street, advised that the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD lived in an apartment at 3830 West 6th approximately six years ago. At that time, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in the U. S. Marine Corps. He came home on leave on one or two occasions and stayed around the house for about two weeks on each trip. LEE OSWALD did not have any friends and very seldom ever left the house. He spent nearly all his time reading in the apartment of his mother. MC CRACKEN never saw this boy with any friends and did not know of any associates he might have. He stated that he had not been around the OSWALD family since they moved from this address approximately six years ago. He advised at that time the mother was employed in some capacity for CLYDE CAMPBELL Men's Store in Fort Worth, Texas.

11/25/63 Ft. Worth, Texas DL 89-43

on _____ at _____ File # _____

EARLE HALEY and ARNOLD J. BROWN

by Special Agent KELL /tjd Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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Mr. ROYDON SCHULTZ, 4726 Victor, advised he had resided at the same address 45 years and recalls that in approximately 1945 LEE HARVEY OSWALD resided at 4801 Victor with his mother, who was a divorcee. He was approximately 5½ years of age and they resided for approximately 1½ years until she remarried to an unknown individual and reportedly moved to Fort Worth, Texas.

Since that time he has had no contact whatever with any member of the family.

He recalled that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was a very "cocky" child and walked around with his chest stuck out indicating that he was better than anyone else in the block.

SCHULTZ mentioned the above due to recent publicity concerning OSWALD.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JOE B. ABERNATHY and RALPH E. RAWLINGS:JJ Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

Dr. JAMES W. BASS, Director, Public Health Department of the City of Dallas, was contacted at his offices located at 1936 Amelia, Dallas, Texas. According to Dr. BASS, the Vine and McClede Clinic is operated in a Methodist church located in the vicinity of 3300 Cole, Dallas, Texas. He said the clinic is operated by Dr. J. T. SALDIVAR.

According to Dr. BASS, Dr. SALDIVAR is employed part time by the Public Health Department and holds clinics for the Public Health Department.

Dr. BASS was asked if he was acquainted with Mrs. LEE OSWALD of Irving, Texas. It was pointed out to Dr. BASS that Mrs. OSWALD is a Russian national and does not speak English. Dr. BASS stated that he was not acquainted with Mrs. LEE OSWALD and had never heard of her.

Dr. BASS was asked if he would know the identities of the nurses who would be assigned to the Vine and McClede Clinic. He said he did not know the names of these individuals, but that such information should be obtained from Dr. SALDIVAR.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agents JOSEPH J. MYERS and JOHN J. FLANAGAN/sl Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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Dr. J. T. SALDIVAR was interviewed at his offices located at 3300 Cole, Dallas, Texas. Dr. SALDIVAR stated that in addition to his own private practice, he spent some portion of his time helping the Public Health Department of the City of Dallas in operating clinics principally in connection with the immunization of children.

Dr. SALDIVAR was asked if he had occasion to see a Mrs. LEE OSWALD of Irving, Texas, who was described to him as a Russian national who did not speak English and would undoubtedly have been accompanied by some other woman to translate for her. Dr. SALDIVAR advised that he had seen the children of Mrs. OSWALD on at least two occasions, with the last time being not more than a month ago. He said he had no contact to speak of with Mrs. OSWALD in that he was principally concerned with the innoculation of her children.

He did state that one of the youngsters had a slight tumor on one wrist which seemed to be enlarging and he had referred the child to the Freeman Memorial Clinic for further treatment. He also said he had told Mrs. OSWALD that if her husband earned over a certain sum of money, she would have to see a private physician.

In connection with his contacts with Mrs. OSWALD, Dr. SALDIVAR pointed out that the nurse assigned to the clinic by the Public Health Department of the City of Dallas would be the individual having the principal contact. He said the nurses would take the child's case history from the mother and make all the preliminary examinations. Following this contact with the nurse, the doctor said that he would then examine the child and check on the findings of the nurse.

In view of the foregoing, Dr. SALDIVAR stated that he had not had any occasion to hold any conversations whatsoever with Mrs. OSWALD. He said that in discussing her children's health problems with her, he found it extremely difficult to get her to understand him, even with the aid of a translator. He said she definitely never spoke English in his presence.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agents JOSEPH J. MYERS and JOHN J. FLANAGAN/sl Date dictated 11/23/63

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Dr. SALDIVAR said he himself did not know the identity of the woman who accompanied Mrs. OSWALD, but said she appeared to him to be a native-born American who had an extensive knowledge of the Russian language.

Dr. SALDIVAR said he was not personally acquainted with all of the nurses assigned to the clinic by the Public Health Department, but did recall that two of them were named Mrs. (First Name Unknown) FRAZIER and Mrs. (First Name Unknown) JAMES.

According to Dr. SALDIVAR, the Public Health Department headquarters for the particular area of the city involved is located in the rear of the housing project located on Lucas Drive just off Maple. He said that all records pertaining to visits made to the Vine and McClede Clinic would be available at this headquarters, as would the identity of the various nurses who have been assigned to the Vine and McClede Clinic.

Both Dallas Texas

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

GROVER CLEVELAND GILLETTE, who resides at 5315 Mannette Street, self-employed as a Certified Public Accountant, advised he and his wife, who have been married for three months, are close friends of VIRGINIA ANN HALL, 13305 Flagstone Street, who is a nurse for the Dallas County Health Program. GILLETTE was present when Mrs. HALL was interviewed previously by an Agent of the FBI and GILLETTE stated he told Mrs. HALL that since OSWALD's wife was interviewed by her seeking medical treatment for her children, that Mrs. HALL should clear through her supervisor at the Health Department before furnishing any information. Mrs. HALL stated she did not know very much about the OSWALDS, that Mrs. OSWALD had gone to her place of employment in company with a woman who acted as an interpreter. GILLETTE advised he and his wife do not know OSWALD and did not know anything about OSWALD or his wife.

on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by Special Agents JAMES C. KENNEDY and WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN/sl Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/26/63

Mr. BILL ALEXANDER, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised at 5:37 p.m. that one DOUG WALSH, JR. of Insurance Company of North America, 7900 John W. Carpenter Freeway, telephone ME 1-9430, Dallas, advised him a short time ago that EVERETT O. COX was receiving one of their insurance checks at the residence of LEE HARVEY OSWALD's mother's address 2220 Thomas Road, Fort Worth, Texas. He said COX was an employee of Montgomery Ward and had been injured on the job. He said that it was determined that COX was not living at 2220 Thomas Road but was receiving his mail at that address.

on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT E. BASHAM:jj:cv Date dictated 11/26/63

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By communication dated November 22, 1963, the Identification Division of the FBI furnished the following identification record for LEE HARVEY OSWALD under FBI No. 327 925 D:

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND ADDRESS	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Marine	Lee Harvey Oswald #1653230	October 24, 1956		discharged September 13, 1960
Police Department New Orleans, Louisiana	Lee Harvey Oswald #112-723	August 9, 1963	828 MCS 42-22 disturbing the peace by creating a scene	

Following is the description of LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Height	5'9"
Weight	136
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Hazel
Birth Data	October 18, 1939, New Orleans, Louisiana
Occupation	Mechanic
Residence	4907 Magazine Street (1963) (as on print #112-723)
Alias	Lee H. Oswald

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

Captain W. R. ASLIN, Highland Park Police Department, advised he was unable to locate any arrest record under the names JACK LEON RUBY, JACK LEON RUBENSTEIN, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, O. H. LEE, OR MARINA OSWALD, either in arrest records or in traffic records of his department.

Texas Texas

on 11/24/63 at Highland Park, Texas File # DL 44-1639
DL 89-43

by Special Agent RAYMOND M. LESTER, JR./pm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

HENRY ASHLEY, Chief of Police, advised he was unable to locate any arrest record under the names JACK LEON RUBY, JACK LEON RUBENSTEIN, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, O. H. LEE, or MARINA OSWALD, either in arrest records or in traffic records of his department.

on 11/24/63 at Garland, Texas File # DL 44-1639 DL 89-43

by Special Agent RAYMOND M. LESTER, JR./pm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

Sergeant R. W. JONES, University Park Police Department, advised he was unable to locate any arrest record under the names JACK LEON RUBY, JACK LEON RUBENSTEIN, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, O. H. LEE, MARINA OSWALD, either in arrest records or in traffic records of his department.

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on 11/24/63 at University Park, Texas File # DL 44-1639
DL 89-43

by Special Agent RAYMOND M. LESTER, JR./pm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

J. W. GOLDEN, Chief of Police, advised he was unable to locate any arrest record under the names JACK LEON RUBY, JACK LEON RUBENSTEIN, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, O. H. LEE, or MARINA OSWALD, either in arrest records or in traffic records of his department.

on 11/24/63 at Richardson, Texas File # DL 44-1639
DL 89-43

by Special Agent RAYMOND M. LESTER, JR./pm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 25, 1963

LYNN LIMMER, Mesquite Police Department, advised he was unable to locate any arrest record under the names JACK LEON RUBY, JACK LEON RUBENSTEIN, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, O. H. LEE, or MARINA OSWALD, either in arrest records or in traffic records of that department.

on 11/25/63 at Mesquite, Texas File # DL 44-1639
DL 89-43

by Special Agent RAYMOND M. LESTER, JR./pm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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LOUIS E. GENETT, JR., Drivers License Checker, Driver and Vehicle Records Section, Texas Department of Public Safety, Austin, Texas, advised telephonically their files contain no information regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALEK JAMES HIDELL, O. H. LEE, or JACK RUBENSTEIN.

Dallas 89-43

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # Dallas 44-1639

by Special Agent THOMAS M. O'MALEY/sl Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 25, 1963

WILLIS G. SHORT, Secretary-Treasurer, Merchants Retail Credit Association, advised he is unable to locate any record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or ALEK JAMES HIDELL, or O. H. LEE.

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
DL 89-43

by Special Agents PAUL E. WULFF and JAMES W. SWINFORD/pm Date dictated 11/24/63

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DL 89-43

IX. Activities of Lee Harvey Oswald, November 22, 1963, and Immediately Before

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/23/63

Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, phone BLackburn 3-1628, was interviewed at the Dallas Police Department and advised that she first met LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife MARINA OSWALD during the early part of 1963 at a party. Inasmuch as she is interested in the Russian language, and is a teacher of said language at the St. Mark's School, she became friendly with the OSWALDS. About May, 1963, she brought MARINA OSWALD to Irving, Texas, from New Orleans, Louisiana, for the purpose of living with her while MARINA gave birth to a child. PAINE stated that she has never seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD with a rifle and did not know that he had one in her garage at 2515 West Fifth. She stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD is employed at the Texas School Book Depository and usually visits his wife at her residence over the weekends on which occasion he rides from work with WESLEY FRAZIER and FRAZIER thereafter takes him back to work on Monday morning. PAINE stated that on the night of November 21, 1963, OSWALD made no mention to her of curtain rods and she definitely had no plans to give him any.

She added that on November 22, 1963, OSWALD did not return back to 2515 West Fifth Street anytime during the day since leaving there early that morning.

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT/cah Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

B. Apr. 1944

BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, white male, age 19, residence 2435 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, was interviewed concerning his association with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. FRAZIER advised he is presently employed at the Texas School Book Depository located at the corner of Elm and Houston Streets in Dallas and has been so employed there since September 13, 1963. He advised he resides at the residence of his sister, ~~LENNIE~~ MAE RANDLE at 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas. In regard to his association and meeting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he advised as follows:

Approximately one month ago as he surmised, his sister was having coffee with RUTH PAINE and OSWALD's wife at his sister's house in Grand Prairie. At that time his sister mentioned that he, FRAZIER, was employed at the Texas School Book Depository and RUTH PAINE made inquiries as to possible employment for LEE HARVEY OSWALD. As he understood, about that same day, PAINE called the Texas School Book Depository to see about obtaining a job for LEE OSWALD which he believed to be on a Friday and the following Monday, OSWALD started work at the Texas School Book Depository. He advised he had ascertained over the weekend from his sister, ~~LENNIE~~ MAE RANDLE, that OSWALD had obtained employment. Subsequently, the following Monday morning, when he got to work, he introduced himself to LEE OSWALD at which time OSWALD told FRAZIER he had an apartment in the Oak Cliff section of Dallas. At that time they discussed OSWALD riding in FRAZIER's vehicle at which time OSWALD told FRAZIER he would like to ride home with him on Friday evenings to Irving and return to work with him in Dallas on Monday mornings. FRAZIER agreed with this arrangement and subsequently drove OSWALD on the weekends from his place of employment to his wife's residence in Irving, and returned him to work on Monday mornings.

He advised during the day of November 21, 1963, OSWALD had approached him at work and requested that he be able to ride with FRAZIER to Irving as he wanted to obtain some curtain rods for his residence, in Dallas.

on 11/22/63 Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RICHARD E. HARRISON/cah Date dictated 11/23/63

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FRAZIER was agreeable to this and on Thursday afternoon, he drove OSWALD to the residence of his wife in Irving and did not see him again that evening. On the morning of November 22, 1963, FRAZIER got up to go to work between 6:00 and 6:30 AM, and while having breakfast at approximately 7:15 AM, LEE OSWALD appeared at the kitchen window, at which time the mother of FRAZIER, Mrs. ESSIE MAE WILLIAMS, his nieces PATRICIA ANN RANDLE and DIANNE LYNN RANDLE, were having breakfast. His mother inquired as to who that was at the window, to which FRAZIER recalled "that's LEE". He thereupon got up from the breakfast table, brushed his teeth, obtained his lunch and left the house to get into his car. He advised his car was parked on the grass adjacent to the carport and he got in the driver's side and OSWALD got in the front seat on the passenger side. As he got into the vehicle, he glanced at the rear seat behind OSWALD at which time he saw what appeared to him to be bulky brown paper sack sitting on the back seat which he described as the kind of sacks that one obtains in a 5 and 10¢ store. After glancing at the sack, he inquired of OSWALD as to what was in the sack, to which OSWALD replied, "curtain rods". Thereupon, FRAZIER backed his car out of the driveway and proceeded en route to the Texas School Book Depository, driving down Fifth to Sixth in Irving, then via O'Conner to Stemmons Freeway to Main Street in Dallas, from Main Street to Record, then to McKinney Street, where they parked approximately three blocks from the Texas School Book Depository.

All Irving Texas

FRAZIER said he glanced at his wristwatch when they arrived at the parking lot and noticed they had five minutes to get to work, stating this would have been at 7:55 AM, November 22, 1963. He said he sat in the car for a second or two, to race the engine so as to keep the battery charged and at that time OSWALD got out of the front seat of the vehicle which FRAZIER stated is a 1954 Chevrolet, 4 door, and opened the rear door behind the passenger seat and obtained the brown package which was sitting on the seat. Thereupon, FRAZIER got out of the car at which point OSWALD walked around the rear of the car, being approximately 10 feet in front of him. OSWALD was carrying this package in a straight up position under his right arm and appeared to be holding the end of whatever was in the package and proceeded then to the Texas School Book Depository. FRAZIER stated he would estimate the length of

FOUNDATION

the package under OSWALD's arm as approximately 2 feet in length, however, he paid very little attention to the package. FRAZIER stated as they started toward the Texas School Book Depository, OSWALD began walking faster than FRAZIER and by the time they reached the back door, near the loading dock on Houston Street, OSWALD was approximately 50 feet in front of him. After arriving at work, FRAZIER did not see OSWALD for approximately 20 or 30 minutes, and during the course of the morning, saw him on two or three occasions in various parts of the building and judged that the last time that he saw OSWALD was at approximately 11:00 AM, on the first floor of the Texas School Book Depository. FRAZIER did not observe OSWALD carrying a lunch into the Texas School Book Depository and said that if OSWALD had not brought his lunch, he would probably have obtained it from the catering service which brings a lunch wagon into the Texas School Book Depository during the morning. At approximately 12 Noon, during his lunch hour, which lasts from 12 Noon to 12:45 PM, FRAZIER was standing on the front steps of the Texas State Depository, with Mr. BILL SHELLY, Supervisor, facing down Houston Street to observe the presidential caravan that would be coming within close proximity of the Texas School Book Depository. He said after the President was out of sight, he heard three shots which he thought came from the area of the railroad overpass which goes over the foot of Elm Street and shortly thereafter, someone who works in the Texas School Book Depository, said someone has shot Mr. KENNEDY. Shortly thereafter, he went back into the Texas School Book Depository where he had his lunch and later in the afternoon the employees were dismissed.

FRAZIER advised during his association with OSWALD he was not very talkative and was regarded by people at the Texas School Book Depository as very strange. He advised OSWALD had no close friends at the Texas School Book Depository and although he knew very little about OSWALD and had not talked very much with him, he was probably his only friend there, if you could call him a friend.

During previous conversation with FRAZIER he had indicated to FRAZIER that he did not know how to drive a car and

FRAZIER thought it was very strange when he inquired of him as to how to work a clutch on the automobile, inasmuch as he, FRAZIER, felt that everyone knew what a clutch on an automobile was. He stated that OSWALD spoke in a very light speaking voice, somewhat girlish, and when asked whether OSWALD had ever made any homosexual advances toward him, FRAZIER stated he had not.

FRAZIER stated he had never known OSWALD to talk about guns although he, FRAZIER, stated that he had recently bought a .303 caliber gun for deer hunting.

FRAZIER emphatically stated he did not know what was in the sack in the back seat of his vehicle on the morning of November 22, 1963, and denied any knowledge regarding the death of the President.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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~~LENNIE~~ LINNIE MAE RANDLE, 2439 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, phone BLackburn 3-8965, was interviewed at the Dallas Police Department. RANDLE advised that she is the sister of BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, who is employed by the Texas School Book Depository and resides at her residence, stated that she met LEE HARVEY OSWALD through her brother, and has known OSWALD and his wife for about six weeks. RANDLE advised that OSWALD's wife is MARINA OSWALD, who resides at 2515 W. Fifth, Irving, Texas, and that OSWALD spends the weekends with his wife at the above mentioned address. Her brother, WESLEY FRAZIER, customarily drives LEE HARVEY OSWALD to 2515 West Fifth, Irving, Texas, on Friday night, and takes him back to work on Monday morning. He stated that OSWALD is also employed at the Texas School Book Depository.

On the night of November 21, 1963, she observed FRAZIER letting LEE HARVEY OSWALD out of FRAZIER's car at 2515 West Fifth. Subsequently, she asked FRAZIER why OSWALD was visiting his wife on Thursday evening, as he usually did not visit her until Friday evening of each week. FRAZIER told her that OSWALD claimed he was visiting his wife the night of November 21, 1963, because he is fixing up his apartment and RUTH PAINE, with whom his wife resides at 2515 West Fifth, Irving, was going to give him some curtain rods.

RANDLE stated that about 7:15 a.m., November 22, 1963, she looked out of a window of her residence and observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD walking up her driveway and saw him put a long brown package, approximately 3 feet by 6 inches, in the back seat area of WESLEY FRAZIER's 1954 black Chevrolet four door automobile. Thereafter, she observed OSWALD walk to the front, or entrance area, of her residence where he waited for FRAZIER to come out of the house and give him a ride to work.

RANDLE stated while at the Dallas Police Department on the evening of November 22, 1963, officers of the Dallas Police Department had exhibited to her some brown package paper, however she had not been able to positively identify it as being identical with the above-mentioned brown package, due to the fact she had only observed the brown package from her residence window at a distance.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT/cah/tjd Date dictated 11/23/63

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RANDLE stated that she possesses no other information pertinent to the investigation of the killing of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/23/63

Mr. ROY S. TRULY, Warehouse Superintendent, Texas School Book Depository Building, Elm and Houston Street, Dallas, furnished the following information:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD is an employee of that company and has been so employed for approximately two months as an order filler and in the course of his occupation has access to the seven floors of the Texas School Book Depository building.

He has never seen OSWALD with a gun or rifle of any kind.

On November 22, 1963, OSWALD appeared for work as usual on the morning of this date and went about his occupation of filling orders for school books. A few minutes after 12 noon, he, TRULY, and most of the other employees of the Texas School Book Depository and the other concerns having offices in this building, went out on the street or sidewalk in front of the building in order to watch the President's procession pass in front of the building. Shortly after 12:30 p.m., as the President's procession did pass in front of the building, he heard what he believes to be three shots. He was unable to place exactly the source of these shots but believed they came from the area of the railroad yards adjoining the depository building. He then noticed a Dallas City Police officer wearing a motorcycle helmet and boots running toward the entrance of the depository building and he accompanied the officer into the front of the building. They saw no one there and he accompanied the officer immediately up the stairs to the second floor of the building, where the officer noticed a door and stepped through the door, gun in hand, and observed OSWALD in a snack bar there, apparently alone. This snack bar has no windows or doors, facing the outside of the building, but is located almost in the center of the building. The officer pointed to OSWALD and asked if OSWALD was an employee of the company and he, TRULY, assured the officer that OSWALD was an employee. He and the officer then proceeded onto the roof of the building, where the officer conducted a thorough search but found nothing. They then searched the 7th floor of the building and by this time many officers were swarming through the building, and he returned to the first floor of the building. The time that he and the officer saw OSWALD in the shack bar could not have been more than two or three minutes after the shooting of President KENNEDY and they saw no one else in the building at that time. He has not seen OSWALD since that time, and shortly after, he, TRULY, had returned to the first floor of the building,

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent J. DOYLE WILLIAMS and NAT A. PINKSTON/tjd Date dictated 11/22/63

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he at the request of other Dallas police officers started checking on the company employees and found all of them to be present except OSWALD, who could not be located.

Mr. TRULY advised that it is possible OSWALD did see him with a rifle in his hands within the past few days, as a Mr. WARREN CASTER, employed by Southwestern Publishing Co., which company has an office in the same building, had come to his office with two rifles, one a .22 rifle which CASTER said he had purchased for his son and the other a larger more high powered rifle which CASTER said he had purchased with which to go deer hunting, if he got a chance. He, TRULY, examined the high powered rifle and raised it to his shoulder and sited over it, then returned it to CASTER, and CASTER left with both rifles.

Mr. TRULY stated he does not own a rifle and has had no other rifle in his hands or in his possession in a long period of time.

Mr. TRULY stated that OSWALD has been riding to and from work with WESLEY FRAZIER, who resides in Irving at an address unknown to him but whose telephone number is BL 3-8965.

Mr. TRULY stated that he would estimate that there are approximately 65 people legitimately employed in the Texas School Book Depository Building by the various companies operating there.

Dallas Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

ROY S. TRULY, 4932 Jade Drive, Dallas, Texas, Superintendent, Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, was interviewed in the presence of J. R. LEAVELLE, Detective, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, at which time he furnished the following information:

He was working in the capacity of superintendent of the above agency on Friday, November 22, 1963. About 19 employees work in the plant itself in the Shipping and Order Department under his supervision. LEE HARVEY OSWALD was one of these individuals. TRULY felt quite sure he saw OSWALD at work during the morning hours of November 22, 1963. TRULY originally hired OSWALD as a temporary employee and although the busy season for this business was just past, he had not been contemplating any layoff of OSWALD at this time. He works a lot of extra employees during the summer and early fall each year and OSWALD was one of these extras.

On November 22, 1963, he, in company with Mr. O. V. CAMPBELL, one of the Vice Presidents of the Texas School Book Depository, started to lunch from their place of business at 411 Elm Street, a few minutes past 12 noon. They noted a parade had started, wherein President JOHN KENNEDY was scheduled to ride, and they stopped to watch it. He saw the President go by and at about that time heard three explosions.

The crowd of people in the area began to surge back toward the building at 411 Elm Street and he realized that what he had heard must have been shots. He moved toward the building and thought at first the shots came from behind the building. He saw a police officer in uniform approaching the building and realized he probably knew nothing of the building and, therefore, TRULY ran into the building with him. They stopped at the freight elevators and, observing that these elevators were not on the first floor, they ran up the stairway after he showed the officer where the stairway was. As they reached the second floor landing, the officer opened a door to a small lunch room next to the business office on that floor, and stuck his gun in the door. LEE OSWALD was in the lunch room. The officer asked him if he was an employee, to which OSWALD replied that he was. TRULY and the officer gave this no further consideration, inasmuch as OSWALD was an employee, and they ran up to the fifth floor of the

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by Special Agent KENNETH B. JACKSON / mac Date dictated 11/23/63

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building. TRULY saw an elevator and he and the officer jumped onto the elevator and rode to the seventh floor. Then they proceeded up a short stairway and out onto the roof of the building. They searched the roof area thoroughly and found no one. They stood a moment looking down onto the crowd below, in the vicinity of the building, and also looked out over the railroad tracks that pass nearby.

When TRULY and the officer came back down to the lower floors of the building, other officers were looking around on the floors below. He recalled one officer on the fourth floor, and possibly an officer on the fifth floor. By that time there were a lot of people inside the building milling around. Probably some of them were not employees who worked in the building.

Mrs. REED, or READ, an employee working under TRULY, advised TRULY that OSWALD had come through an office area where she was with a "Coke" or "Dr. Pepper" in his hand. She said she remarked to him, OSWALD, something to the effect that it was an awful thing that had happened out there, referring to the incident on the street outside the building, and OSWALD mumbled something in reply. TRULY tried to account for the employees under his supervision about 15 minutes after this and OSWALD was missing. He advised Chief LUMPKIN and shortly thereafter Captain FRITZ, both of the Dallas Police Department, of this. He did not see OSWALD any more after that until time of this interview.

TRULY had no information of any affiliation with organizations on the part of OSWALD. He stated that initially he first heard of OSWALD on about October 14, 1963, when a lady from Irving, Texas, whose name he cannot recall, telephonically advised him that her neighbor's brother was working for TRULY and had stated that TRULY's agency needed some more help; that LEE OSWALD might be suitable for such employment, and that he had a baby and his wife expected another. TRULY believed this neighbor's brother was possibly WESLEY FRAZIER, an employee of Texas School Book Depository, and TRULY talked to him.

FOUNDATION

He saw nothing objectionable about him and told him he had some extra work to be performed. TRULY does not run a thorough check on temporary employees, but has them fill out an application for him. In this form, OSWALD listed three or three and a half years in the U. S. Marines, with an honorable discharge. TRULY felt that if OSWALD was in the U. S. Marines for that long a time and was not long out of the service, this was a good recommendation for him, and therefore he hired him.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

1

MR. ROY S. TRULY, Warehouse Superintendent, Texas Schoolbook Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, advised after observing an employment application filled out by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, which application was dated October 15, 1963, advised that OSWALD was employed the following day, and to the best of his recollection, OSWALD has not missed a day's work since that time.

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by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON /wvm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/29/63

ROY S. TRULY, Warehouse Manager, Texas School Book Depository, advised that the men working at the warehouse of the Texas School Book Depository have regular working hours of 8:00 AM to 4:45 PM, five days per week, with a lunch period from 12 Noon to 12:45 PM. He stated, however, that they do not have to punch time clocks and there was no one who kept a strict accounting of the time they took for lunch. TRULY advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was one of these employees and these are the hours he was assigned to work.

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by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON /rmb Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

Dallas, Texas

CHARLES DOUGLAS GIVENS, 2511 Cochran Street, advised he was employed by the Texas School Book Depository, Houston and Elm Street, from October 1, 1963, to present time. GIVENS said he has worked at this same position as a wrapper on several occasions prior to this employment.

On November 22, 1963, GIVENS worked on the sixth floor of the building until about 11:30 A.M. when he used the elevator to travel to the first floor where he used the restroom at about 11:35 A.M. or 11:40 A.M. GIVENS then walked around on the first floor until 12 o'clock noon, at which time he walked onto the sidewalk and stood for several minutes, then walked to the Classified Parking Lot at Elm and Records Street. GIVENS then walked to Main Street to watch the parade and after the President and the group had passed, he walked back to the parking lot, at which time he heard several shots fired from the direction of the building at which he is employed. He attempted to return to work but was told that he had been released for the balance of the day.

GIVENS advised that a white male, known as LEE, (LHO) was employed in the same building and worked as a wrapper or order filler. He said he saw this same person's picture on television on the afternoon of November 22, 1963, who was supposed to have been the person being investigated for the shooting of the President. LEE worked on all floors of the building, and on November 22, 1963, GIVENS recalls observing LEE working on the fifth floor during the morning filling orders. LEE was standing by the elevator in the building at 11:30 A.M. when GIVENS went to the first floor. When he started down in the elevator, LEE yelled at him to close the gates on the elevator so that he (LEE) could have the elevator returned to the sixth floor. GIVENS said that during the past few days LEE had commented that he rode to work with a boy named WESLEY.

GIVENS said all employees enter the back door of the building when JACK DOUGHERTY, the foreman opens the door at about 7 A.M. On the morning of November 22, 1963, GIVENS observed LEE reading a newspaper in the domino room where the employees eat lunch about 11:50 A.M.

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by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFEN and BARDWELL D. ODUM (HM) Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

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BONNIE RAY WILLIAMS, residence 1502 Avenue B, Apartment B, employed at the Texas School Book Depository, furnished the following information:

Dallas Texas

During the past three weeks he has been putting in new flooring in the Texas School Book Depository Building at the corner of Houston and Elm Streets. During that time, he became acquainted with a young man known to him as LEE.

WILLIAMS stated on November 22, 1963, he worked installing flooring on the sixth floor of the building until about 11:30 a.m. At that time, he went down on an elevator from the sixth floor to the first floor. At the same time, CHARLES GIVENS was on the other elevator, descending at the same time. As they were going down, he saw LEE on the fifth floor. He had previously seen LEE at least once that morning at about 8 a.m. on the first floor, filling orders.

Dallas Texas

At approximately 12 noon, WILLIAMS went back upstairs in the elevator to the sixth floor with his lunch. He stayed on that floor only about three minutes, and seeing no one there, descended to the fifth floor, using the stairs at the west end of the building. There he joined two other men known to him as HANK and JUNIOR. They were looking out windows on the south side of the building approximately at the middle of the building and saw the car of President JOHN KENNEDY come north on Houston Street and then make a turn going west on Elm Street down into the triple underpass and passing directly in front of the Texas School Book Depository. While they were watching this car pass, WILLIAMS heard two shots which sounded like they came from right over his head. He stated he was not hanging out the window, but did glance up and saw no one. He stated he and the other two then ran to the west end of the building where they looked out and they did not realize that the President had been shot and WILLIAMS did not see him shot. While they were standing at the west end of the building on the fifth floor, a police officer came up on the elevator and looked all around the fifth floor and left the floor. WILLIAMS stated he and HANK and JUNIOR were standing where they would have seen anyone coming down from the sixth floor via the stairs and that they did not see anyone coming down. He

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stated someone might have been coming down on the elevator and they would not have noticed that. He stated that after the police officer left the fifth floor, WILLIAMS went down to the fourth floor where there were a lot of women around the west end of the floor. BILL SHELLEY asked about LEE, but no one had seen him.

WILLIAMS stated that while working on the sixth floor until 11:30 a.m. on November 22, 1963, he did not see LEE or anyone else in the southeast corner of the building. He stated there are a number of shelves stacked with books in this area and he would have been unable to see this corner from where he was working. He pointed out, however, that he did go to the windows on the south side of the sixth floor, middle of the building, about three minutes after 12, and did not see anyone standing at any of the windows at that time.

WILLIAMS stated that LEE was always reading the newspapers, but that he did not read the sport pages like many men do, but read "politics." He stated LEE would read something in the paper and then laugh about it. On one occasion he looked at the paper LEE was reading when he laughed and noticed LEE was reading something from the front page of the newspaper.

WILLIAMS advised that LEE did not seem to have any close friends or associate with anyone else on the job. He recalled that LEE at one time rode to work with a boy named WESLEY who works in the Depository. He last saw WESLEY between 10 and 11 a.m. on November 22, 1963, on the sixth floor of the Depository, talking to Mr. SHELLEY.

WILLIAMS stated he had seen numerous pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television and that OSWALD was identical with LEE referred to above.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/22/63

BILLY NOLAN LOVELADY, Apartment C, 7722 Hume Street, Dallas, Texas, advised that he has been employed by the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas, since December 16, 1961, as a stockman.

On November 22, 1963, LOVELADY and his foreman, BILL ~~SHELLY~~ SHELLEY, were standing on the front doorstep at 411 Elm Street at about 12:30 P.M. watching the Presidential Motorcade pass. At about this time he heard three shots. At first he thought it was a firecracker or the backfire of a motorcycle. He could not tell from which direction the shots came. He said immediately after hearing the shots he and ~~SHELLY~~ SHELLEY started running towards the Presidential car, but it sped away west on Elm Street under the triple underpass. He and ~~SHELLY~~ SHELLEY then returned to the Texas School Book Depository Building. During this time he saw no one run out of the building or saw no suspicious individuals.

LOVELADY advised that one LEE OSWALD was employed about a month or two ago at the Texas School Box Depository as an order filler. As such he had access to the entire building where books and school supplies are stored, specifically the basement, the first, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh floors.

LOVELADY described OSWALD as a "loner," who never seemed to be very friendly or associate with any of the other employees. At lunch periods OSWALD would go to the second floor on occasion by himself where he would eat his lunch and read a newspaper. If he did eat lunch in the lunchroom with the other employees he would stay by himself and "always had his face in the newspaper." On November 22, 1963, LOVELADY saw OSWALD at about 10 A.M. on the sixth floor, at which time he was filling an order. The last contact he had with OSWALD was at about 11:50 A.M. when LOVELADY, CHARLES GIVENS, a Negro employee, DANNY ARCE (phonetic), and another Negro male started down from the sixth floor on the two elevators to take their lunch break. As they passed the fifth floor, LOVELADY heard OSWALD call for them to stop, but one of the four told him "we're going to wash our hands" and did not stop for him.

After the shooting, and his return to the building, LOVELADY did not see OSWALD again at any time.

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by Special Agent ROBERT M. BARRETT and JOHN A. ALMON/ma (HM) 339 Date dictated 11/22/63

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LOVELADY stated he did not believe OSWALD had an automobile and had heard that he rode back and forth to work from Irving, Texas, with an employee named WESLEY, last name unknown, who is also an order filler. LOVELADY was of the opinion that from his conversations with WESLEY, last name unknown, that WESLEY had been the person who told OSWALD to seek employment at the Texas School Book Depository.

LOVELADY stated it takes thirty seconds for the elevators to go from the seventh floor to the first floor, as he has timed this. He stated there are three ways a person could leave the sixth floor -- by the elevator, by the stairs or by the fire escape. LOVELADY said he did not observe any strangers during the morning period prior to the lunch break, 12 noon.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

JAMES JARMAN, 3942 Atlanta, advised he formerly resided at 3105½ Thomas and that he is currently employed with the Texas School Book Depository (TSBD), 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas. He stated that he knew LEE OSWALD only casually through their mutual employment with TSBD. He stated that from what he could observe OSWALD was not particularly well acquainted with anyone employed at TSBD. He said that no one could seem to get acquainted with OSWALD and that he, himself, had never talked to OSWALD sufficiently to draw any conclusion as to OSWALD's thoughts, aspirations, or attitudes. He noted that OSWALD worked as an order filler on the first floor of the building occupied by TSBD, but that he had access to every floor of the building in the course of carrying out his duties as an order filler. He said he had observed OSWALD reading on a number of occasions, but he did not know the nature of the literature being read by OSWALD. He believed it consisted of newspapers, paperbacks, and possibly other forms of literature.

JARMAN stated that on November 22, 1963, he observed OSWALD on the first floor of the TSBD building, around 8:15 a.m. He stated OSWALD had filled an order for books that was not correct and that he, himself, told OSWALD to obtain the right book inasmuch as he, himself, is an order checker. He said he next saw OSWALD about 9 a.m. or possibly a little later. JARMAN said OSWALD looked out the window and observed that people were gathering outside the building and asked him why they were there. JARMAN told him the President of the United States was supposed to come that way sometime that morning. He stated OSWALD asked him which way the procession would be going and JARMAN told him he thought probably it would be going down Main Street, turning on Houston, and then on Elm Street. He said he next saw OSWALD between 11:30 a.m. and 12 noon, when OSWALD was taking the elevator to an upper floor, at which time they had no conversation. OSWALD had an order-filler pad.

JARMAN said that as the President passed by he, himself, was watching the procession from a fifth floor window of the TSBD building; that he was in the third window from the east side of the building which was located in the front of the building, overlooking the procession. He stated that two other employees,

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by Special Agents ALBERT SAYERS, JR. and KENNETH B. JACKSON / mac Date dictated 11/24/63

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Dallas Texas

HAROLD NORMAN and BONNIE RAY (LNU) were in the first window from the east side of the building two windows away from him, from which vantage point they were viewing the procession. He said that he heard a shot and then saw President KENNEDY move his right hand up to his head. After an elapse of three or four seconds, he heard a second shot and then the vehicle bearing President KENNEDY speeded up and he was unable to observe any more about the presidential vehicle. He said a third shot was heard by him closely following the second shot possibly within a second or two afterward. He said these shots sounded to him to be too loud to have been anywhere outside the TSBD building.

JARMAN said that he and HAROLD NORMAN and BONNIE RAY (LNU) went to the west side of the building on the fifth floor where they discussed the shots. He said they decided the shots had come from inside the building because they were too loud to have come from outside the building. He said that HAROLD NORMAN stated at that time that something had fallen from above him and that a piece of debris, in addition, had hit him in his face; that his window was open at the time, where he was viewing the procession below. JARMAN said that he did not see OSWALD again and has not seen him since the presidential motorcade passed the TSBD building on November 22, 1963. He stated also that he did not see OSWALD at the start of their work day on November 22, 1963, pointing out that OSWALD normally got to work in advance of him.

Dallas, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

O. V. CAMPBELL, Vice President and Secretary, Texas School Book Depository, Elm and Houston Streets, Dallas, advised his firm acts as a broker for approximately 44 publishers in the United States in connection with obtaining, storing and delivering books to various schools in the State of Texas. In connection with this, he advised there are seven publishers who have offices adjacent to the warehouse. He furnished a list of all employees, clerical and warehousemen, who work at the Texas School Book Depository. Among employees he noted was former employee, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, carried on their warehouse payroll as LESLIE OSWALD.

Mr. CAMPBELL advised OSWALD started working at the warehouse on October 15, 1963. He advised OSWALD's original application had been previously turned over to FBI Agents. He stated a perusal of payroll records indicated that OSWALD had not missed a day's work from October 16 through November 22, 1963.

He advised in addition to the main warehouse located on the corner of Houston and Elm Streets, they also have a warehouse located at 1917 North Houston Street, which is located approximately three blocks north of their main warehouse.

He made available to SA HARRISON a Form W-4 Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate, which he stated was filled out and signed by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, reflecting the following information: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Social Security No. 433-54-3937, home address 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, total exemptions 4, dated October 16, 1963, signed LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Regarding events that occurred on November 22, 1963, Mr. CAMPBELL advised he had viewed the Presidential Motorcade and subsequently heard the shots being fired from a point which he thought was near the railroad tracks located over the viaduct on Elm Street. He advised he had not observed anyone fire any shots from their building; however, an individual wearing a construction-type hat was talking about seeing an individual fire from the window of the Texas School Book Depository building and he noted that a police officer had taken this individual's name.

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by Special Agent RICHARD E. HARRISON /rmb Date dictated 11/26/63

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He further advised later in talking with Mrs. R. A. REID, who is supervisor of the clerical staff for Texas School Book Depository, she had advised him she observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the building on the second floor, at which time he had a Coca Cola in his hand and was presumed to have left by the front entrance.

Mr. CAMPBELL advised he had never met OSWALD and knew nothing about him and, in fact, could not recognize him inasmuch as the employees of the warehouse are handled by Mr. R. S. TRULY, Director of Personnel.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1 —

Detective BAKER, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised that the Dallas Police Department motorcycle patrolman, who first entered the Texas School Book Depository Building with Mr. ROY TRULY and who observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the company snack bar on the second floor of that building immediately after the shooting of President KENNEDY was patrolman M. L. BAKER.

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by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON/sl Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

M. L. BAKER, Patrolman, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised that he went into the building of the Texas School Book Depository shortly after President John F. Kennedy had been shot. He stated that he and Mr. ROY TRULY, the manager, observed LEE HARVEY OSWALD on the second floor of the building and he asked TRULY who that was and TRULY told him OSWALD was all right, that he worked in the building. He stated they proceeded on up the stairs and did not see OSWALD anymore until after his arrest by the Dallas Police Department.

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by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN/tjd Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1 Texas

Mrs. MARY E. BLEDSOE, 621 N. Marsalis, Dallas, was interviewed relative to any knowledge she had concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and concerning this association she advised as follows.

LEE OSWALD had rented a room at her residence at 621 N. Marsalis, Dallas, on October 7 through October 14, 1963. During the course of his stay at her residence, she advised that she described him as a quiet roomer, very neat in appearance, stating he seldom left his room. On two occasions he alleged that he was attempting to obtain work at Texas Instruments and Collins Radio in Dallas and over the weekend of October 12-13, 1963, he was gone from the residence, allegedly spending the weekend with his wife in Irving. While at that residence she had heard OSWALD speaking over the telephone in a foreign language and had stated she had indicated a displeasure with him at remaining at her residence and on October 14, 1963, he returned from the weekend allegedly with his wife in Irving, Texas, collected his belongings and left.

Subsequently on the morning of November 22, 1963, she was in Downtown Dallas and had occasion to view the motorcade in which President KENNEDY was riding at a vantage point on the street opposite from Titche's Department Store on Elm Street. After the motorcade went by her position she walked over to St. Paul and Elm Street across from the Dallas Athletic Club where she got on a bus, as she recalls, a Marsalis bus. She paid her fare and sat down in a seat directly opposite the driver facing the aisle and the bus proceeded down Elm Street. As she recalled, when the bus stopped on Murphy Street she saw LEE OSWALD get on the bus, pay his fare, and immediately walk to the rear of the bus where he sat down. She stated at this time the bus was not crowded and there were very few people on the bus. At that time she stated OSWALD appeared to be somewhat nervous and she noticed that he was wearing dirty clothes stating she felt this was strange inasmuch as when he resided with her he had been very neat in his personal appearance. After he got on the bus, traffic going west on Elm Street became extremely heavy and the bus made short, jerky moves in the congested traffic, and while stopped a passing motorist told the bus driver that the President had been shot.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent RICHARD E. HARRISON and JAMES S. WEIR:jj Date dictated 11/24/63

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She stated that at that point people in the bus began talking about the President being shot and shortly thereafter LEE OSWALD got up from the rear seat where he had been sitting and came to the front of the bus, passing in front of her, and got off the front entrance at the next stop, she thought, and disappeared in the crowd.

Mrs. BLEDSOE advised as best she recalled, OSWALD was dressed as follows: wearing ragged gray work pants, wearing a brown shirt with holes in the elbows. She advised after OSWALD disappeared in the crowd this was the last she saw of him and she stated definitely that the bus at the point at which OSWALD had alighted had not reached Lamar Street.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

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Mrs. MARY BLEDSOE, 621 N. Marsalis, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

She identified a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as being the individual who on Monday, October 7, 1963, at about 3:00 p.m., appeared at her home seeking to rent a room. At that time he was carrying a suitcase and some clothes on hangers over his arm. He stated his wife lived in Irving, Texas, but that he was not working. He gave his name as LEE OSWALD and paid $7.00 cash for a week's rent. After renting the room he immediately went out and bought groceries and some milk which he put into Mrs. BLEDSOE's refrigerator. He did not leave the room after bringing these groceries back and stayed in his room until about 9:30 a.m. on October 8, 1963, at which time he left the house dressed in a suit and tie, apparently seeking work.

He returned to the house about 1:30 p.m., October 8, 1963, and called his wife on the telephone. He stayed in his room for the remainder of that afternoon and night. Mrs. BLEDSOE recalled that he drank lots of ice water since he was in and out of the refrigerator too much.

On the morning of October 9, 1963, OSWALD left the house at about 9:30 a.m. and returned again around 1:30 p.m. staying in his room for the remainder of the afternoon and night.

On the morning of October 10, 1963, OSWALD went out about 9:30 or 10:00 although this time he was not dressed in a suit. He returned to the house about 2:30 p.m. and talked on the telephone to someone in a foreign language which Mrs. BLEDSOE did not recognize. In this conversation he seemed to be angry. He remained in his room the rest of the afternoon and that night.

On October 11, 1963, he stayed in his room all day although Mrs. BLEDSOE recalled that he did not make a trip to the refrigerator on this date. He did not leave the house throughout the day or that night so far as Mrs. BLEDSOE knows.

On Saturday, October 12, 1963, OSWALD received a telephone call about 9:30 a.m. and told someone that he would meet them. Shortly thereafter he left the house with a bag stating he was going to be gone over the weekend. Mrs. BLEDSOE told him that when his rent was up he was not going to be living at this address any

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by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM:vm Date dictated 11/27/63

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longer. He then told Mrs. BLEDSOE to clean up his room and make up his bed. Mrs. BLEDSOE stated she had been unable to do so since he had stayed in his room so much and she told him that when he left Monday she would clean his room up. OSWALD then told her that if she would give him $2.00 back on the rent he would leave then. Mrs. BLEDSOE told him she did not have $2.00 He finally left and she believes he caught the Marsalis bus going toward downtown Dallas.

On October 14, 1963, Monday, OSWALD came into the house about 9:00 or 10:00 in the morning, used the telephone, and left the house at about 10:00 a.m. without speaking to her although he walked by her while going out the front door.

Mrs. BLEDSOE stated that during the time OSWALD was living in the room she rented to him he did not have any visitors, never went out during the evenings except possibly to a nearby store for a very short period, and apparently was not working. He did not have a car and she did not see anyone pick him up at any time.

On November 22, 1963, Mrs. BLEDSOE watched the Presidential motorcade from a spot on the corner on the southeast corner of Main and St. Paul. She saw President JOHN KENNEDY pass this corner in a motorcade and she then walked to St. Paul and Elm Streets where she caught a Marsalis bus going west on Elm Street. This was approximately ten minutes after the motorcade had passed St. Paul and Main.

This bus proceeded west for several blocks and in the vicinity of Murphy Street she saw LEE OSWALD get on the bus. She does not believe that he saw her. He proceeded to the back of the bus. At this point no one on the bus had heard about the assassination but in a few minutes the driver of the bus heard from a driver of a car stalled in a traffic jam next to the bus that President KENNEDY had been shot. The driver turned around and told the passengers on the bus that the President had been shot. Everyone was talking about this and almost immediately LEE OSWALD got up from his seat in the rear of the bus and walked out the front door of the bus. He could have gotten off the side door but he did not do so. At this time the bus was about two blocks further west along Elm Street from the point where OSWALD had gotten on the bus but the bus had not yet reached Lamar Street.

Mrs. BLEDSOE recalled that when LEE got on the bus he looked "ragged and dirty." She stated he was wearing a shirt which had a hole in one elbow and she remembers something "ragged" around his belt line. As she recalls he was wearing a brown shirt and gray pants and no jacket.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

MIKE NEIBUHR, 1429 East Jefferson, Apartment 1, telephone WHitehall 1-5883, unemployed, came to the Dallas Texas FBI Office the morning of November 28, 1963, and presented a sheet torn from a calendar for the month of October, 1963, which, according to NEIBUHR, bears the handwriting notations of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on the dates of the month of October, 1963, as follows:

October 7 - "From Oswald"

October 14 - "To Oswald"

NEIBUHR stated the above sheet torn from the calendar had been obtained by him from PORTER BLEDSOE, 621 North Margalis, Dallas, WHitehall 2-1985, he being the son of Mrs. M. E. BLEDSOE of the same address, whom he said was a former landlady of OSWALD [illegible] Texas

NEIBUHR advised he had paid $4.00 for the above sheet torn from the calendar to PORTER BLEDSOE on November 26, 1963, as he considers in time "it would be worth some money".

Photographs of the sheet torn from the calendar have been made for the Dallas FBI Office.

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by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH / mac Date dictated 11/28/63

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MC WATTERS stated that he went to the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, and from a lineup picked a man whom he said is the only one in the lineup who resembles the man who had ridden on his bus on November 22, 1963. He stated that this man was LEE OSWALD, but emphasized that he cannot specifically identify him as being on his bus or as being the person who made the remark to the effect that the President was shot in the temple.

He stated that while at the Dallas Police Department on November 22, 1963, he was shown a Dallas Transit transfer which he identified as having been issued by him on November 22, 1963, on the run which he has described above as being at St. Paul and Elm at 12:36 P.M. He stated that all transfers issued on this run from north to south showed a time of 1 P.M. and that 1 P.M. was shown on the transfer exhibited to him at the Police Department. He further stated that he recognized the mark of his ticket punch on this transfer he examined in the "P.M." box and in the "Lakewood" box. He stated this transfer was dated November 22, 1963.

He stated that he does not know who the woman passenger was that got on at Vermont and Marsalis, that he does not recall ever seeing her before and has no idea as to how to identify her. He stated that she was at least 55 or 60 years of age.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

WILLIAM WAYNE WHALEY, 619 Pine Street, Lewisville, Texas, Route 2, was interviewed in the office of the Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, by SA HARDIN and Detective L. C. MONTGOMERY, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas and Mr. W. F. ALEXANDER, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, Dallas, Texas. Mr. WHALEY furnished the following information:

He has been a capable driver for the city transportation company for the past 37 years, presently driving Cab #36. He is so employed at Dallas, Texas.

During the morning of November 23, 1963, he noticed a photograph of an individual named OSWALD in a Dallas newspaper and learned that this was the photograph of a suspect in the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963, a few minutes following the assassination of Mr. KENNEDY. He explained this incident as follows:

At about 12:30 p.m., November 22, 1963, he was sitting in his cab at the cab stand located at the Greyhound Bus Terminal at Lamar and Jackson Streets, Dallas. A few minutes earlier he had begun to hear sirens and noticed a few blocks away that people were running about excitedly. He thought perhaps it was due to a robbery of some sort and did not connect this unusual activity with the shooting of President KENNEDY and Governor CONNALLY. At about 12:30 p.m., on this date, he noticed in his rear vision mirror a young man come up to his cab from the rear, from the direction of Commerce Street, that is, from the north, and "mosied up there" and did not appear to be in a hurry. Mr. WHALEY's cab was the only cab standing at that location at that time. The location was about seven blocks from the spot where President KENNEDY was assassinated. This man could have gotten off a bus nearby without his having seen him do so and he does not recall seeing him approaching at a great distance from the cab. The young man approached him and asked "Can I get the taxicab?", to which he answered in the affirmative. The man got inside the cab and stated "I want to get to the 500 block of North Beckley". Just before pulling away with the young man a woman came up to the cab and asked him if she could have the cab, whereupon he told her the cab was taken. She then asked him if he would call her another cab, whereupon he explained

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by Special Agent EDMOND C. HARDIN / mac Date dictated 11/23/63

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to her that he could but added it would do no good, inasmuch as another cab would be along before he could get one to come by calling. He recalls that just as the woman asked for the cab, the young man opened a door and then closed it again immediately. He may have said something to the woman which may have been a repetition of what he had told the woman about the cab being taken or about another cab coming along very soon. He does not recall definitely just what conversation, if any, took place between the young man and the woman. He then pulled away with the young man and immediately after, starting up, he told the young man "I wonder what's going on", referring to the unusual activity in connection with the sirens and apparently excited people a few blocks away. The young man did not say a word but remained silent throughout the entire trip and did not appear to be excited or to notice the unusual activity to which Mr. WHALEY referred above.

Mr. WHALEY took the young man to the 500 block of Beckley Street, where the man stated "This will do right here". He then got out, gave Mr. WHALEY a dollar bill to pay the fare of $.95, and stated "Keep the change". The man then angled across the street and started walking down Beckley Street in a southward direction. At that point, Mr. WHALEY left him and did not see him any more.

Mr. WHALEY estimated that he drove this man a distance of about 2-3/4 miles and dropped him off about seven blocks from the spot where OSWALD allegedly shot a police officer a few minutes later. The spot where he dropped this man off was located about one mile from the theater where OSWALD was arrested a few minutes following this.

He recalled that the young man he drove in his cab that day was wearing a heavy identification bracelet on his left wrist, he appeared to need a haircut and was dressed in gray khaki pants which looked as if they had been slept in. He had on a dark colored shirt with some light color in it. The shirt had long sleeves and the top two or three buttons were unbuttoned. The color of the shirt nearly matched the pants, but was somewhat darker. The man wore no hat. He appeared to be

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about 25 years of age, 5' 7" to 8", tall, about 135 pounds, with brown hair thick on top. He had a long thin face and a high forehead. He did not appear to have a noticeable accent but rather talked as people in this area normally do.

A photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, New Orleans Police Department #112723, was shown Mr. WHALEY, who stated that this is definitely the photograph of the man referred to above whom he drove in his cab November 22, 1963.

On November 23, 1963, immediately following interview with Mr. WHALEY, Mr. WHALEY was present at a lineup at the Dallas Police Department Lineup Room, where LEE HARVEY OSWALD appeared with three other white males of similar ages and descriptions. Mr. WHALEY without hesitation stated that OSWALD is definitely the man whom he drove in his cab on November 22, 1963, as related above.

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OSWALD
105-82555
Section 23

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

Mr. WILLIAM WAYNE WHALEY, cab driver, City Transportation Company, 610 S. Akard, Dallas, Texas, advised the following information in regard to the fare he has identified as OSWALD who he picked up at the cab stand at the Greyhound Terminal at Lamar and Jackson Streets about 12:30 P.M. on November 22, 1963. After picking up OSWALD he turned left on Austin to Wood and took Wood to Houston and then turned left across the viaduct and then proceeded up Zangs Street to Beckley where he turned south on Beckley and drove to the 500 block where he let OSWALD out. OSWALD when he left the cab walked in front of the cab and angled south walking across Beckley Street. He did not see OSWALD after this as he, WHALEY, turned around and drove north on Beckley back to Zangs where he proceeded back across the viaduct where he turned into the Union Station Terminal through the express company which has an entrance from the viaduct. During this trip he stated he would have averaged 25 MPH until he hit the viaduct and then would have driven 43 MPH until he came to Zangs. He has a governor on his car and his car will only do about 43 MPH and this is why he knows he would have driven this speed across the viaduct. On Zangs Street he would have driven about 35 MPH and then slowed down to about 25 MPH on Beckley.

The reason he turned on Austin to start the trip was because he had the traffic light and knew by turning on this street he would not have to stop for any traffic signals. He did not stop for any traffic signals until he arrived at Zangs and Beckley Streets where he stopped for a few seconds for the traffic signal at this intersection. He estimated the entire trip from the bus terminal to Beckley and back to the Union Terminal only took 10 or 11 minutes.

He stated when he got back to the Union Terminal he made an entry of the trip on his manifest for the day. This manifest is available and shows that he listed the time out on the trip as 12:30 P.M. and the time back at Union Station as 12:45 P.M. He usually rounds off his times and stated for this reason it probably could have been shortly after 12:30 when he picked up this fare but he does recall it being 12:45 P.M. when he made the entry as he looked at his watch at Union Terminal. He stated that his watch usually is about two minutes slow with the accurate time but he does not know for sure if this was true on November 22, 1963. He added his trip manifest is kept in the regular course of business by his company and would be available at the office.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent HENRY J. OLIVER and LOUIS M. KELLEY:jj Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/29/63

1

Mr. E. E. POTTS, Personnel Manager, City Transportation Company, 610 S. Akard, Dallas, Texas, made available a copy of the manifest for driver W. W. WHALEY for November 22, 1963.

The manifest reveals that pickup #14 was one passenger from "Greyhound" to "500 W. Beckley." The fare was $.95 and the time out was listed as 12:30 and the time in is listed as 12:45.

Mr. POTTS advised that the original manifest is kept in the regular course of business and would be maintained in their files for a period of two years.

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by Special Agent HENRY J. OLIVER and LOUIS M. KELLEY:jj Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/22/63

1

Mrs. EARLENE ROBERTS, housekeeper at 1026 North Beckley, telephone WH 3-8993, furnished the following information: Dallas, Texas

A person known to her as O. H. LEE, but identical to an individual she had seen on television on November 22, 1963, identified as LEE OSWALD, rented a room at this address October 14, 1963.

She last saw him sometime in the early afternoon of November 22, 1963. At the time, she had just learned President KENNEDY had been shot and had turned on her television to get the news. While she was watching the TV, LEE came in, went to his room, got a coat, and left again. She remarked to him, "You sure are in a big hurry," and LEE said nothing. He proceeded to a bus stop which is near the house.

She stated she had never seen LEE in possession of a gun, but that she did observe a holster for a hand gun in the room on the late afternoon of November 22, 1963.

She stated LEE had never come into the house in the middle of the day during a week day like he did on November 22, 1963, and that it was rather unusual.

ROBERTS advised since LEE had been residing at this rooming house, he would leave before 7 in the morning and would return at 6 or 7 in the evening. Each week end, LEE told her he was going to Irving, Texas, to visit friends.

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by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM and WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN/sl Date dictated 11/22/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

1

EARLINE ROBERTS, housekeeper, 1026 N. Beckley, telephone WH 3-8993, furnished the following information:

She identified a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as an individual known to her as O. H. LEE whom she first saw at about 4:00 p.m. on October 14, 1963, when he rented a small room just off the dining room at 1026 N. Beckley.

He returned approximately one hour later and moved his belongings into this room which he continued to occupy until November 22, 1963.

Mrs. ROBERTS occupies a room which adjoins the room occupied by OSWALD at that time and she knows from seeing him and hearing him about the house that he was in his room every evening from October 14, 1963, through November 20, 1963, except that he was usually gone on weekends.

During this period, OSWALD habitually left for work on Friday morning and did not return to the house until Monday afternoon after work indicating he went to Irving, Texas, on these weekends. The only exceptions to this were as follows:

1. November 11, 1963 - This was a holiday. This occurred on Monday and OSWALD did not return to the house until November 12, 1963, after work. Mrs. ROBERTS recalls him saying that he had had a long weekend.

2. On the following weekend, OSWALD did not go to Irving as usual but returned to the house on Friday night. Mrs. ROBERTS recalls his being in his room on this evening. She also recalls seeing him on Saturday afternoon, November 16, 1963, at which time he was watching a football game on television in the living room of the house. She stated she does not recall seeing him on Sunday, November 17, 1963, since she was away from the house all day.

3. On the night of November 21, 1963, OSWALD did not come home and the next time she saw him was in the early afternoon of November 22, 1963.

She exhibited a sheet of paper on which she had recorded in her handwriting the account for O. H. LEE, noting that OSWALD had printed the name O. H. LEE on this sheet of paper for her. This

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accounting lists the room as room "0" and shows payments of $8.00 on the following dates: October 14, 1963; October 21, 1963; October 28, 1963; November 4, 1963; November 11, 1963, and November 18, 1963. She stated this indicated each time that rent of $8.00 cash was paid for a week's rent beginning with the date listed. She stated that on each occasion she received the $8.00 in cash from OSWALD on the date listed except November 11, 1963. The money for this week was not received from OSWALD until November 12, 1963, since he was not at the house on November 11, 1963.

Mrs. ROBERTS advised OSWALD very seldom left the house for more than a few minutes, and to the best of her knowledge, was never out a single evening during the time he stayed at the house except for the trips to Irving, Texas.

She stated that on November 22, 1963, OSWALD entered the house some time about 1:00 p.m. at which time he was wearing a light colored shirt either short sleeved or with the sleeves rolled up, dark pants and no jacket. She had just learned of the assassination of President JOHN KENNEDY from a friend and was watching the television to learn what she could. OSWALD entered the house, went into his room and left again, staying in the house no longer than four or five minutes. On entering and leaving the house he passed through the living room but did not stop to look at television and said nothing to Mrs. ROBERTS. He was very hurried and as he left, Mrs. ROBERTS said something to the effect that he was in a terrible hurry. OSWALD made no reply. She stated she cannot definitely recall what he was wearing as he left but that she remembers he was putting on a jacket and zipping it up the front as he left the house. She has the impression that he had changed clothes but cannot definitely recall anything other than the jacket.

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1 Date 11/29/63

Mrs. EARLINE ROBERTS, 1026 N. Beckley, Dallas, Texas, advised she could not furnish the exact time that OSWALD returned to his room at 1026 Beckley after the assassination of the President but said a rough guess would be 1 p.m. Mrs. ROBERTS received a telephone call from a friend telling her the President had just been shot, and Mrs. ROBERTS turned on the television and recalled the announcer saying President KENNEDY had just been shot and was at Parkland Hospital. Mrs. ROBERTS advised after OSWALD had entered his room at about 1 p.m. on November 22, 1963, she looked out the front window and saw Police Car No. 207 with two uniformed policemen in the car which slowed up and stopped in front of the residence at 1026 Beckley, and one of the officers blew the horn on the car and then drove slowly on Beckley toward Zangs Boulevard. Mrs. ROBERTS said the reason she recalled the number of the car was because she had worked for two policeman who drove Squad Car 170, and she looked to see if these were the two officers she knew parked in front of the residence.

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on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN & JAMES C. KENNEDY /cv 356 Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/22/63

1

Mr. A. C. JOHNSON, owner of the premises at 1026 North Beckley, telephone WH 3-8993, employment Johnnie's Cafe, 1029 Young Street, RI 1-0192, furnished the following information:

An individual known to him as O. H. LEE, but identical with an individual he had just seen on television on this date whose name is given as LEE OSWALD, has rented a room at 1026 North Beckley for the past five weeks. He told JOHNSON he was working at some book concern, identity undetermined.

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by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM and WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN/s1 Date dictated 11/22/62

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

1

Mrs. GLADYS JOHNSON, wife of A. C. JOHNSON, residence 1026 N. Beckley, WH 3-8993, employed as operator and owner of Johnnie's Cafe, 1029 Young Street, RIverside 1-0192, furnished the following information:

She identified the photograph of LEE OSWALD as being identical to an individual who first appeared at her home sometime about the first week in October, on a date which she cannot definitely fix, asking about a room for rent. At that time she explained to him that she had no vacancy but had neglected to remove her "Room for Rent" sign. She told him to watch the yard since she would probably have a vacancy before very long.

She stated that on October 14, 1963, in the middle of the afternoon probably around 3:00 or 4:00 p.m. this individual returned to her home and she told him she had a very small room off the dining room which she usually did not rent but if he wanted it she would let him keep it until a larger room was vacant. She stated he rented this room at this time and made a payment of $8.00 for one week's rent.

Mrs. JOHNSON knew LEE OSWALD under the name O. H. LEE and he moved in on the evening of October 14, 1963, although Mrs. JOHNSON was not at home when he brought his belongings. He stayed at the house from that time until November 22, 1963.

Three or four days after he moved in which would have been about October 17 or 18, 1963, she had a larger room vacant and told LEE he could move into this room. He told her he liked the room he was in and was getting his money's worth out of it and did not care to move to a larger room.

When LEE rented the room on October 14, 1963, he told Mrs. JOHNSON he would be gone almost every weekend since he would go to Irving, Texas, to visit his wife. He stated he wanted to rent the room so he could be near his work.

During the period he stayed at this address, LEE, or OSWALD as Mrs. JOHNSON now knows his true name to be, would customarily leave home on Friday morning for work and not return to the house until Monday afternoon after work. The only exceptions to this routine were as follows:

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1. On Monday, November 11, 1963, he did not return after being gone since Friday morning, November 8, 1963, but returned on the night of November 12, 1963, after work.

2. On the weekend of November 15, 16, and 17, 1963, OSWALD was at the house and was not absent to any extent. Mrs. JOHNSON remembers seeing him on Saturday, November 16, 1963, when he made a trip to a nearby washateria and she recalls seeing him in the living room on Sunday, November 17, 1963, watching television.

3. On the night of November 21, 1963, OSWALD did not return to the house and Mrs. JOHNSON has not seen him since that time.

Mrs. JOHNSON stated that OSWALD stayed "closer to Home" than any roomer she has ever had before. He did not drink or smoke and rarely left his room in the evening except to watch television in the living room or to go to the nearby Cabell's Market where he usually got bread, lunchmeat, and jelly to prepare meals in his room. He did not talk to anyone and had no visitors. To her recollection, he never spent an evening away from the house except the evenings previously mentioned when he indicated he was going to Irving, Texas.

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The following persons who reside in the neighborhood of 1026 North Beckley, where OSWALD had an apartment, from October 14, 1963, until November 22, 1963, advised SAS RALPH E. RAWLINGS and EDMOND C. HARDIN that they could furnish no information concerning OSWALD's activities. None of them could identify a photograph of RUBY as having been in that neighborhood or having been associated in any way with OSWALD:

BOBBY JOE PALMER, 1026 North Beckley;

C. C. LEHMANN, 1026 North Beckley;

RAY SAMUEL CLEGHORN, 1026 North Beckley;

FLOYD DEGRAFFENREID, 1026 North Beckley;

HUGH SLOUGH, 1026 North Beckley;

JACK CODY, 1026 North Beckley;

A. C. JOHNSON, 1026 North Beckley;

GEORGE GIBBONEY, 1026 North Beckley;

GERALD A. DUNCAN, 1030 North Zangs;

CLYDE HUFF, 1030 North Zangs;

LAVADA WILSON, 1022 North Beckley;

WILLIAM WILSON, 1022 North Beckley;

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. MILLER, 1028 North Beckley;

ELLIJO DAVIS, Gulf Service Station, Beckley and Zangs.

All Dallas Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 28, 1963

MR. SAMSON WIENER, Proprietor, Wiener Lumber Company, Inwood Road at Maple Avenue, telephone MI 1-1111, who stated he is a member of the Crime Commission in Dallas, furnished a copy of an application for employment dated October 14, 1963, in the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, born October 18, 1939, place not given, which was filled out in his handwriting. WIENER stated that he was mildly impressed with OSWALD as a prospective employee until OSWALD was asked to show his Honorable Discharge Card, inasmuch as he alleged to have been in the U. S. Marine Corps. When he was unable to satisfy him regarding his alleged former service with the U. S. Marine Corps, he was not hired, according to MR. WIENER.

MR. WIENER advised that one of his employees advanced the theory that OSWALD may not have come to WIENER Lumber Company purely by accident, that it was entirely possible that a motorcade from Love Field to downtown Dallas could have passed by this lumber company at Inwood Road and Maple Avenue. WIENER pointed out that in his opinion it would have possibly been even a more direct route to the downtown area than the route which was taken subsequently by the Presidential Motorcade when President KENNEDY visited Dallas. He felt that the possibility existed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD may have contacted other places on what he may have thought to have been a potential motorcade route from the airport to downtown Dallas for the President.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALMON/nc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 23, 1963

1

FRANK PIZZO, Assistant Manager, Downtown Lincoln-Mercury, 118 East Commerce, residence 800 Burns, telephone FE 1-1831, Dallas Texas stated during the afternoon of November 22, 1963, he heard the name of LEE OSWALD on a radio newscast in connection with the latter's arrest as a suspect in the assassination of President KENNEDY. He said he recognized the name and asked ALBERT G. BOGARD, salesman, if he did not have a prospect of the same name. BOGARD stated that he had, in fact, and after discussion and on viewing newspaper photographs of OSWALD on November 23, 1963, he recognized him as an individual who had been in the showroom some several days previously and who had talked to Mr. BOGARD. He recalled BOGARD had remarked on the extended demonstration ride OSWALD had taken. He said he had not seen this individual again to the best of his knowledge.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents MANNING C. CLEMENTS and WARREN C. de BRUEYS/gm Date dictated 11/23/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/28/63

1

Dallas, Texas

MEL AUDREY, Realtor, 311 South Bishop, telephone WH 3-8341, advised he overheard a conversation in the office of WALLER BOEDEKER, Vice-President, Boedeker-Verner Motor Co., 111 North Marsalis, on November 27, 1963, to the effect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had, sometime (exact time not known) prior to the assassination of PRESIDENT KENNEDY, been in the premises of the Lincoln-Mercury dealer located at Industrial Avenue and Fort Worth Avenue (Downtown Lincoln-Mercury), attempting to purchase an automobile Dallas, Texas

A salesman of this firm, whose identity is not known to AUDREY, was allegedly asked by OSWALD to drive him over Elm Street, a portion of the route proposed by the PRESIDENT's Motorcade. It is AUDREY's impression OSWALD was allegedly shopping for a car and the purpose of this trip was to "try out" the car. He does not know whether or not the man allegedly identified as OSWALD ever drove this car.

AUDREY did not hear the name of the salesman allegedly contacted, but advised the owner or manager of the Lincoln-Mercury Agency is BILL JANIN, the son-in-law of MR. WALLER BOEDEKER, and that MR. JANIN will likely know the salesman's identity.

Dallas Texas

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALFRED C. ELLINGTON and RONALD E. BRINKLEY (HM) Date dictated 11/28/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 23, 1963

ALBERT G. BOGARD, salesman, Downtown Lincoln-Mercury, 118 East Commerce, telephone RI 8-0611, residence 304 Brighton, telephone WH 6-1689, DALLAS, TEXAS, advised as follows:

At about 3:00 to 4:00 p.m., Saturday, November 9, 1963, a young man came to the automobile showroom walking and alone, stating he was interested in a car. BOGARD said he introduced himself and asked the prospective customer his name about twice before the individual gave his name as LEE OSWALD. BOGARD said he seemed to recall OSWALD said he had previously looked at Rambler and Plymouth automobiles, although he could not be certain.

He said he showed OSWALD "every car in the showroom and on the Lot," following which he took OSWALD back inside in an effort to "close" with him. At this time OSWALD said he had no money but that he would have money in a couple or three weeks. BOGARD said he suggested a down payment and tried to find out where OSWALD intended his money would come from. OSWALD replied, "I've got it coming." He was particularly interested in a two door Mercury hardtop which sells for about $3,000.00. OSWALD asked for a demonstration ride.

BOGARD said he and OSWALD got in a demonstration car, with OSWALD driving, that OSWALD drove to Industrial Boulevard, south on Industrial about two or three blocks, and made a U-turn, proceeding north on Industrial and thence to Stemmons Freeway. He drove out Stemmons at a rapid rate of speed, 75-85 miles per hour, to the Inwood Road exit to the right, back to the left under the Freeway, and again to the left and onto the Freeway, where he proceeded in a southeasterly direction. OSWALD continued on Stemmons Freeway to R. L. Thornton Freeway, turned to the right at the Colorado Avenue exit, made a left back under the Freeway, and thence back up on the Freeway, and proceeded in a northwesterly direction. At a point where OSWALD had a choice of continuing on the Freeway which would mean bearing to the left, he started to go straight northward on Cadiz Street. BOGARD called his attention

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents MANNING C. CLEMENTS and WARREN C. de BRUEYS/gm Date dictated 11/23/63

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to the fact the car had little gasoline in it, whereupon OSWALD turned back onto Industrial and thence to the automobile concern.

BOGARD said he again approached OSWALD on the proposition of a down payment, stating he could proceed with a credit check. OSWALD declined, stating he would pay cash. He would not give his address but said he lived in the Oak Cliff section of Dallas. He said as he recalled, OSWALD wore no coat or tie and was believed dressed in a "sweat shirt," was bareheaded, and did not look like a $3,000.00 car man. BOGARD said he wrote OSWALD's name "LEE OSWALD" on the reverse side of one of his, BOGARD's, business cards.

He related that on November 22, 1963, he heard the name of OSWALD on a radio newscast and recognized the name as that of his prospective customer. He said he remarked on this to others and pulled a number of cards out of his pocket, selected the card with OSWALD's name on it, and threw it in the waste paper basket. He said he saw OSWALD's picture on television, and confirmed that this was the same individual who had come to his place of business on November 9, 1963, but who had never returned to his knowledge.

He stated OSWALD did not enter into any conversation except as to the car, and he observed no unusual actions. BOGARD remarked that he has been in Dallas for a short time only and that OSWALD appeared much more familiar with the streets than is he, BOGARD. Agents requested BOGARD to travel the same route that OSWALD had driven. Agents observed this route carried BOGARD and OSWALD on Stemmons Expressway on a portion of the route traveled by President KENNEDY's motorcade on November 22, 1963, and that the site of the proposed luncheon for Mr. KENNEDY was on this route. A total distance of some 13 miles was traveled. It was observed that the Texas Schoolbook Depository Building is within sight of Downtown Lincoln-Mercury showroom, perhaps three-fourths mile distant. Upon return to the motor company, agents asked BOGARD to attempt to locate his business card on which he said he had written the name of OSWALD. He stated trash had been picked up by the janitor and placed in a large receptacle to the rear of the building, somewhat inaccessible for a thorough search. He did not locate the card.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

JACK EDWIN DOUGHERTY, 1827 South Marsalis, was contacted on November 22, 1963, and furnished the following signed statement:

"Dallas, Texas
11-22-63

"I, Jack Edwin Dougherty, make the following free and voluntary statement to Alfred C. Ellington and James W. Anderton who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the FBI.

"I am employed by the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas as an order filler, and reside at 1827 S. Marsalis St., Dallas, Texas.

"I started to work today, 11/22/63, at about 7:00 AM o'clock.

"I recall vaguely, having seen Lee Oswald, (who started to work for the Texas School Book Depository about 3 weeks ago) when he came to work at about 8:00 AM today. I saw Oswald again about 11:00 AM today and do not recall seeing him at work after 11:00 AM.

"I was working on the 5th floor of the building at 411 Elm Street at about 12:45 PM or 1:00 PM, when I heard a loud explosion which sounded like a rifle shot coming from the next floor above me.

"I did not see anyone running from the building and did not see anyone fire the shot which I heard.

"I have read this Statement and this is true.

"/s/ JACK EDWIN DOUGHERTY

"Witnessed:
"/s/ ALFRED C. ELLINGTON, Special Agent, FBI, Dallas, 11/22/63.
"/s/ JAMES W. ANDERTON, Special Agent, FBI, Dallas, 11/22/63."

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALFRED C. ELLINGTON & JAMES W. ANDERTON/rmb Date dictated 11/23/63

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Also present during the interview with JACK EDWIN DOUGHERTY was his father, R. C. DOUGHERTY, who advised his son received a medical discharge from the U. S. Army and indicated his son had considerable difficulty in coordinating his mental facilities with his speech.

Dallas Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

DORIS BURNS, 2617 Shelby, Dallas, Texas, advised that she is employed as a correspondent for Mac Millan Company, officed at the Texas School Book Depository building in Dallas, Texas.

MRS. BURNS stated that when she had seen pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television, she recognized him as one with whom she had ridden the elevator in the Texas School Book Depository building sometime during the week prior to November 22, 1963. She stated that she had not seen OSWALD in the building on the day of the assassination.

When the President's motorcade passed the building, MRS. BURNS said she had walked from her office to that of Allyn and Bacon, also on the third floor of the building, in order to view the motorcade from the windows of this firm. As she walked to the office of Allyn and Bacon, MR. WILSON, the manager, whose first name MRS. BURNS did not know, stated, "My god, there's been a shooting". MRS. BURNS stated that she had not seen the shooting of the President nor had she heard shots fired.

After being informed of the shooting by MR. WILSON, she stated that she had returned to the office of Mac Millan Company in order to listen to reports coming over the radio and thereafter went to the women's restroom on the third floor, a restroom located next to the back stairs. While in the restroom, she heard someone running down the steps. She had of course, no idea as to the identity of this individual nor could she see whether there was more than one.

MRS. BURNS stated that she had not seen OSWALD leave the building during the pertinent period. She advised she had no additional information.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents DAVID H. BARRY and LOUIS M. KELLEY /wvm Date dictated 11/25/63

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

Mrs. GENEVA L. HINE, 2305 Oakdale Road, Dallas, Texas, advised in the presence of Detective ERNEST R. BECK the following information:

She has been employed as a clerk by the Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, for the past seven years. She was at work on November 22, 1963. She spends most of her time on the second floor of the company building but also spends part of her time on other floors of the building. She actually goes into the warehouse section of the building which is on the first floor sometime early in the afternoon.

Mrs. HINE was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She identified this photograph as being a likeness of a person who has been employed for a time as a book clerk at the company. She does not know his name. She usually sees OSWALD on the first floor of the building, but has noticed that almost every day, sometime between 12 noon and 1 p.m., he comes to the second floor where there is another employee who has a change box and asks for change for a dime. She assumes he uses this change in the Coke machine in the building. She described OSWALD as being a peculiar person because during all the times she has seen him and spoken to him during her rounds of the building, he has never returned her greeting and has never so much as acknowledged her presence. He is entirely different from other employees in this regard because other employees are friendly and responsive. She said another way that he is peculiar is that his facial expression never changes. She has mentioned these peculiarities to Mr. WILLIAM H. SHELLEY, the Assistant Foreman of the warehouse, and he told her that this is probably "just OSWALD's way".

Mrs. HINE advised that she knows nothing about OSWALD other than what she has described. She advised that she did not see OSWALD at all on November 22, 1963.

Mrs. HINE advised that sometime between approximately 12:25 p.m. and 12:35 p.m., she was alone in her office on the second floor of the company building and the five or six other female employees were watching the parade of the procession of President JOHN F. KENNEDY which was passing by the building. At approximately that time she heard what she described as three

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ALBERT SAYERS / mac Date dictated 11/23/63

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shots. She heard these very distinctly and believes they came from somewhere inside the building, inasmuch as it sounded to her that the shots originated at the point above and to the west of her.

She said that after hearing these shots she looked out the windows on the east side of the building and saw several people on Houston Street and on Elm Street running in various directions. Almost immediately after she observed this a policeman came in to the office where she was and told her not to leave. At about that same time the telephone switchboard which she was tending and on which there had been no activity for some time, began to register several incoming calls. Mrs. HINE advised that the policeman who had come in then took over the switchboard and operated it. She asked him who got shot and he told her that it was the President. She said the building then began to fill with law enforcement officers.

In conclusion, Mrs. HINE advised that she sees LEE HARVEY OSWALD almost every day at work, however, she did not see him at all on November 22, 1963.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

MR. WILLIAM H. SHELLEY, Department Manager, Texas School Book Depository, Elm and Houston Streets, Dallas, on interview at his place of employment furnished the following information: On the morning of November 22, 1963, HARVEY LEE OSWALD, who is an employee of the Texas School Book Depository, appeared at work as usual and went about his occupation filling orders for school books. He saw OSWALD on two or three occasions during the morning and last saw him sometime between 11:45 A.M. and 12 Noon, when he, SHELLEY, went to lunch. He did not see OSWALD again on this date until he observed OSWALD at the Dallas Police Department, where he went at the request of Dallas police officers. OSWALD said nothing to him about leaving work early or going home, and he did not give OSWALD permission to leave work.

MR. SHELLEY accompanied the Agents to the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository where some bones, apparently the remains of fried chicken, and accompanying wax paper, were observed on the floor near the center window on the south side of the building. MR. SHELLEY stated that he observed an employee other than OSWALD eating fried chicken at this location fairly early on the morning of November 22, 1963, and is certain that these bones and wax paper were left there by this other employee and not by OSWALD.

MR. SHELLEY stated that he has never seen OSWALD with a gun or rifle of any kind.

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on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON and J. DOYLE WILLIAMS (HM) 371 Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 25, 1963

MR. CARL EDWARD JONES, Apartment 204, 3709 Spring Avenue, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

He is employed as an order filler at the Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas.

He was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and he identified this photograph as being a likeness of a person known to him as LEE, who is also employed as an order filler at the Texas School Book Depository.

He, JONES, usually arrives at work in the morning at about 8:00 AM and OSWALD is usually already there.

On November 22, 1963, he, JONES, arrived at work at about 8:30 AM. On that date, he did not see OSWALD any time. He usually sees him somewhere around the building almost every day during working hours.

MR. JONES characterized LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a quiet person who does not associate with the other employees and apparently has no close friends at the Texas School Book Depository building.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ALBERT SAYERS and KENNETH C. JACKSON/nc Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 25, 1963

MR. TROY WEST, 5314 Colonial Street, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

He is employed as a wrapper on the first floor of the Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas, having been employed there for seventeen years. He was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and said that he recognized OSWALD as an order filler at the Texas School Book Depository. He said OSWALD has been employed there for two or three months. He advised he usually sees OSWALD every day at work, however, on November 22, 1963, he did not see OSWALD at all.

He characterized OSWALD as a quiet person who keeps to himself and does not socialize with other employees. He is unresponsive to friendly approaches and most of the other employees have given up trying to become acquainted with him.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas AS-1 File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents ALBERT SAYERS and KENNETH C. JACKSON/nc Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

Texas

Mr. JOE R. MOLINA, 4306 Brown, Dallas, in the presence of B. L. SENKEL, Detective, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised as follows:

Dallas, Texas

Mr. MOLINA is employed by the Texas Schoolbook Depository, 411 Elm Street. His position with that company is that of Credit Manager, which he has held for approximately three to four years. He advised that his office is located on the second floor. MOLINA does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD personally, however, he has seen him, but has never talked to him. MOLINA did not see OSWALD on November 22, 1963, the day of the assassination of President KENNEDY. MOLINA recalled that he left his office at approximately 12:15 p.m., and proceeded to the front of the building to observe the parade. He recalled hearing three shots, however he was not aware of the direction from which the shots had come. Subsequent to the assassination of President KENNEDY, when it was determined the President had been assassinated, MOLINA met EDDIE PIPER, a porter in the building where the Texas Schoolbook Depository is located. In a conversation with PIPER, PIPER mentioned to MOLINA that he had heard that all employees in the building had been accounted for, except "LEE". MOLINA stated at the time of the discussion with PIPER it had already been determined that the shots had come from the building at 411 Elm Street and that, also, the weapon used in the assassination had been located. MOLINA recalled also that at this time it had also been ascertained that food particles, reportedly identified as bits of chicken, had been located on the sixth floor. MOLINA stated that PIPER felt that it was possible that the assassin may have gotten the chicken from a catering service that services the employees at the Texas Schoolbook Depository. MOLINA was unable to furnish the name of the catering service.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES S. WEIR / mac Date dictated 11/23/63

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DL 89-43
REH:mac
1

On November 27, 1963, GORDON WAYNE SMITH, warehouse employee, Texas School Book Depository, advised he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD had never to his recollection seen him before and states he is employed at the warehouse at 1917 North Houston Street and could offer no information as to any activities which took place in the vicinity of the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, on November 22, 1963.

Dallas Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date November 28, 1963

Mr. FRANK RAY, co-owner of the Pollock-Ray Company, 3508 Dickason, was interviewed at his office and furnished the following information concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

Dallas Texas

Mr. RAY advised during a period sometime between November 1 through November 15, 1962, MARINA OSWALD wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was trying to get away from her husband and was canvassing Russian-speaking people in Dallas in an attempt to find a place to stay. Mr. RAY's wife, Mrs. Frank Ray ANNA VALANTINA RAY, was born and reared in Russia and speaks the Russian langauage. When she met MARINA OSWALD at a coffee party, she offered to let MARINA OSWALD stay at the RAY residence.

Dallas Texas

MARINA, although she had been in the United States for about 11 months at that time, could speak no English. RAY stated that his first knowledge of this event was when he came home one evening and found MARINA was moving in with them. RAY's wife told him that OSWALD had beaten MARINA. RAY decided to let her stay with them until she could learn enough English to get a job. Within a few days, OSWALD called and wanted her to come home and shortly thereafter came to the RAY residence.

OSWALD talked with his wife in private for about three hours, and his wife then announced she was going home with him. OSWALD had no car so RAY transported them and Mrs. OSWALD's personal belongings to their apartment at about 9:30 p.m. that same evening. RAY did not recall the address to which he took them but states it is near the intersection of Elsbeth and Davis Streets in Dallas.

Mrs. OSWALD was at the RAY residence no more than a few days. RAY recalls no definite time other than this event took place sometime during the first two weeks of November, 1962. After RAY had taken the OSWALDS to their residence, he sat in his car with OSWALD and talked with him for about three hours. He believes OSWALD was employed as a printer at that time and recalls OSWALD complained bitterly about his low pay and the exploitation of labor in general

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent GARY S. WILSON & RICHARD T. RABIDEAU/esh Date dictated 11/28/63

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DL 89-43

in the United States. OSWALD made no specific reference to his trip to Russia but did seem somewhat disillusioned about conditions in that country. He was emphatic, however, in his opinion that socialism and communism were far superior to capitalism.

RAY stated that OSWALD showed little elasticity in arguing, that he argued in generalities and sounded as if he were quoting from something he had read. RAY stated it was "like arguing with a tape recorder." OSWALD admitted he had a better standard of living in the United States than he had in Russia but still complained about starting wages. He made no reference to any specific organizations or political party, and RAY states he did not get the impression OSWALD was "trying to convert him." He was very unimpressed with OSWALD's intelligence and described his arguments as being "on the 6th grade level." RAY pointed out the main objective of this conversation was to resolve OSWALD's differences with his wife. Consequently, he, RAY, did most of the talking and did not concentrate on listening to OSWALD's political views.

He described OSWALD as having wild looking eyes and said he seemed moody.

RAY had no direct conversations with MARINA OSWALD as she spoke no English.

RAY saw OSWALD on one more occasion at a party at the DECLAN FORD residence sometime between Christmas and New Year's Eve of 1962. At this time he had little contact with either of them and recalls no specific conversation. He cannot advise whether or not OSWALD engaged in any political discussions with other guests on that occasion.

DL 89-43
BDO/gm

The following is a day-by-day schedule of the known whereabouts of LEE HARVEY OSWALD from October 3, 1963, the date of his return to Dallas, to November 22, 1963, the date of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. The sources indicated to the right of each date are identified at the end of this schedule and details concerning that source's comments on activities of OSWALD on the date indicated are set forth in detail in other portions of this report.

DATE	SOURCES
October 3, 1963	YMCA and TEC
" 4, "	PAINE
" 5, "	PAINE
" 6, "	PAINE
" 7, "	PAINE and BLEDSOE
" 8, "	BLEDSOE
" 9, "	BLEDSOE
" 10, "	BLEDSOE
" 11, "	BLEDSOE
" 12, "	BLEDSOE and PAINE
" 13, "	PAINE
" 14, "	PAINE, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
" 15, "	JOHNSON and ROBERTS
" 16, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 17, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 18, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, TSBD, and PAINE
" 19, "	PAINE
" 20, "	PAINE

DATE	SOURCES
October 21, 1963	PAINE and TSBD
" 22, "	PAINE, JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 23, "	TSBD, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
" 24, "	TSBD, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
" 25, "	TSBD, JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and PAINE
" 26, "	PAINE
" 27, "	PAINE
" 28, "	PAINE, TSBD, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
" 29, "	TSBD, ROBERTS, and JOHNSON
" 30, "	TSBD, ROBERTS, and JOHNSON
" 31, "	TSBD, ROBERTS, and JOHNSON
November 1, 1963	TSBD, ROBERTS, JOHNSON, and PAINE
" 2, "	PAINE
" 3, "	PAINE
" 4, "	PAINE, TSBD, ROBERTS, and JOHNSON
" 5, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 6, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 7, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 8, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, TSBD, and PAINE
" 9, "	PAINE
" 10, "	PAINE
" 11, "	PAINE

DATE	SOURCES
November 12, 1963	PAINE, TSBD, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
" 13, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 14, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 15, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 16, "	ROBERTS and JOHNSON
" 17, "	JOHNSON
" 18, "	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
" 19, "	ROBERTS, JOHNSON, and TSBD
" 20, "	ROBERTS, JOHNSON, and TSBD
" 21, "	ROBERTS, JOHNSON, TSBD, and PAINE
" 22, "	TSBD and BLEDSOE

SOURCES

TEC - Records of Texas Employment Commission, 2210 Main Street, Dallas, Texas, recording OSWALD's appearance at their Unemployment Claims Office, noted in files by HARRY SANDERSON.

YMCA - Records of YMCA as furnished by JOEL McCREE.

PAINE - Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2215 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas.

BLEDSOE - Mrs. MARY BLEDSOE, 621 North Marsalis, Dallas, landlady renting room to OSWALD 10/7-14/63.

JOHNSON - Mrs. GLADYS JOHNSON, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, owner of rooming house, 1026 North Beckley.

ROBERTS - Mrs. EARLINE ROBERTS, housekeeper, 1026 North Beckley.

TSBD - Employment records of Texas School Book Depository.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/28/63

Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 W. 5th, furnished the following information regarding the day by day location of LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

February 22, 1963 ? - Mrs. PAINE believes this is the date she first met LEE and MARINA OSWALD at a party at the home of EVERETT GLOVER, Dallas, Texas.

March 20, 1963 - Mrs. PAINE visited MARINA OSWALD at their residence, 214 W. Neeley. LEE was not present.

April 2, 1963 - Mrs. PAINE had LEE and MARINA OSWALD for dinner at PAINE's home, Irving, Texas. Mr. MICHAEL PAINE, husband of RUTH, picked OSWALDs up at their apartment, 214 W. Neeley.

April 8, 1963 - RUTH visited MARINA at MARINA's apartment. LEE was not present.

April 11, 1963 - RUTH brought MARINA to her home in Irving. On this occasion or possibly on April 8, 1963, MARINA told RUTH that LEE OSWALD had asked her to return to Russia and indicated that LEE OSWALD was tired of the marriage. MARINA indicated she wanted to stay in the United States.

April 20, 1963 - RUTH picnicked with LEE and MARINA at Oak Cliff near their residence.

April 24, 1963 - RUTH went to the OSWALD residence. LEE OSWALD was packed and asked RUTH to take him to the bus station saying he was leaving to look for work in New Orleans. RUTH and MARINA took LEE to the bus station believed to be Trailways, Dallas. LEE bought a ticket for himself and one for MARINA. RUTH asked MARINA to stay with her in Irving while LEE was looking for a job. MARINA agreed to stay and LEE got a refund on her bus ticket. MARINA and her child moved into the PAINE residence, 2515 W. 5th,

on 11/26/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BARDWELL D. ODUM and JAMES P. HOSTY:vm Date dictated 11/27/63

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Irving, Texas. On leaving the bus station, PAINE took LEE back to the OSWALD apartment. He had shipped some things at the bus station and was to pack up the rest of his things and return to the bus station in time to catch a night bus to New Orleans. PAINE let him off at his apartment about 4:00 or 5:00 p.m.

May 9, 1963 - LEE OSWALD called MARINA at PAINE's home and stated he was living with his aunt and uncle in New Orleans and was working.

May 10, 1963 - MARINA and RUTH PAINE drove from Dallas to Shreveport staying in a run-down motel across the street from the Holiday Inn on the north side of Highway 80 West.

May 11, 1963 - MARINA and RUTH drove from Shreveport to New Orleans arriving about supper time at LEE OSWALD's uncle's home. PAINE believes his name was JOHN MURET. They went directly to an apartment LEE had rented at 4709 or 4907 Magazine.

On the morning of May 14, 1963, RUTH PAINE left New Orleans leaving MARINA and LEE in this apartment. LO.

May 14, 1963, to September 20, 1963 - During this period RUTH PAINE did not see LEE or MARINA OSWALD. She received one letter probably about June, 1963, in which MARINA stated she would soon have to return to Russia. RUTH wrote to tell her she could stay with her (RUTH).

Sometime probably in July, 1963, RUTH PAINE received a second letter from MARINA in which she stated she was in good health.

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About the end of August, 1963, RUTH received a letter from MARINA stating LEE was out of work again. RUTH wrote back asking if she could stop by New Orleans and see them when she returned to Texas after visiting her family in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

September 21, 1963 ? - RUTH PAINE arrived in New Orleans and visited the OSWALDs still living in the same apartment. LEE had been working previously but had lost his job. LEE mentioned that he had been in jail. RUTH asked MARINA if LEE had lost his job because of his political views. MARINA stated she did not know.

September 22, 1963 - RUTH PAINE remained at OSWALDs' apartment.

September 23, 1963 - MARINA left New Orleans with RUTH PAINE. LEE OSWALD stated he would go to Houston where he had a friend and look for work. He also mentioned he might go to Philadelphia. On that night MARINA and RUTH stayed in a motel just across the line in Texas.

September 24, 1963 - MARINA and RUTH PAINE arrived at Irving.

October 4, 1963 - LEE OSWALD called MARINA at Mrs. PAINE's home in Irving. He wanted MARINA to have Mrs. PAINE pick him up. MARINA told him that Mrs. PAINE could not come because she had just given blood. Mrs. PAINE produced a receipt for blood donated on October 4, 1963, at Parkland Hospital for MARINA OSWALD, by which Mrs. PAINE fixed the date that LEE OSWALD contacted MARINA. This card is signed ~~B. X~~WHITNEY.

LEE OSWALD arrived at the PAINE residence, Texas Irving, while RUTH PAINE was gone. She returned from grocery shopping before dark

and found him at the house. He stated he had been in Houston but had not found work. He also claimed to have been in Dallas for a few days before coming out to the house.

October 5 and 6, 1963 - LEE OSWALD remained at the PAINE residence throughout this period.

October 7, 1963 - RUTH PAINE took LEE OSWALD to the bus station in Irving. At this time she gave him an Enco map with Dallas on one side and Fort Worth on the other side. She recalled that sometime during this time LEE stated he stayed at the YMCA.

Either on this date or some time in the next day or two, LEE OSWALD called the PAINE residence to report that he had moved to a $7.00 a week room. He gave MARINA OSWALD a telephone number and MARINA contacted him at that telephone number at least once.

October 12, 1963 - LEE OSWALD arrived at the PAINE residence and spent the night.

October 13, 1963 - LEE OSWALD was at the PAINE home all during this day and night.

October 14, 1963 - RUTH PAINE took LEE OSWALD to the bus station in Irving.

October 15, 1963 - RUTH PAINE did not see LEE OSWALD on this date but she learned through telephone conversations that LEE had started to work at the Texas School Book Depository. Mrs. PAINE had located this job for him through a sister of WESLEY FRAZIER with whom RUTH was having coffee at her nextdoor neighbor's. WESLEY FRAZIER lives a few doors away and works at the Texas School Book Depository.

October 18, 1963 - LEE OSWALD arrived at the PAINE home having obtained a ride with WESLEY FRAZIER from work. This was LEE's birthday.

October 19, 1963 - LEE spent entire day and night at PAINE's residence.

October 20, 1963 - MARINA OSWALD had labor pains and Mrs. PAINE took her to Parkland Hospital while LEE OSWALD babysat with his older child and Mrs. PAINE's children. MARINA gave birth to a girl, named AUDREY MARINA RACHEL OSWALD, at 10:41 p.m., Parkland Hospital in Dallas, Texas.

October 21, 1963 - LEE OSWALD left for work with WESLEY FRAZIER. He returned that night to the PAINE residence and Mrs. PAINE finally got him to go visit his wife and the baby at the Parkland Hospital. LEE OSWALD did not want to go and RUTH PAINE's theory was that he did not want the hospital to find out he was working for fear they would bill him for the cost of delivery.

October 22, 1963 - LEE OSWALD went to work with WESLEY FRAZIER. MARINA came to RUTH PAINE's home from the hospital with her new baby.

October 25, 1963 - LEE OSWALD came out after work with WESLEY FRAZIER and saw his wife and baby for the first time after they had left the hospital.

October 26 and 27, 1963 LEE spent the day and night at the PAINE home.

October 28, 1963 - LEE went to work in the morning with WESLEY FRAZIER. During this period LEE called and talked with his wife almost every night.

November 1, 1963 - LEE OSWALD came to the PAINE residence after work with WESLEY FRAZIER.

November 2 and 3, 1963 LEE spent entire day and night both dates at the PAINE home.

November 4, 1963 - LEE went to work in the morning with WESLEY FRAZIER.

November 8, 1963 - LEE OSWALD came to the PAINE home after work with WESLEY FRAZIER.

November 9, 1963 - Mrs. PAINE drove to the driver's license office located in Oak Cliff to try to help LEE OSWALD get a learner's permit. LEE was not able to drive a car and had never learned. He had never held a driver's license. He told RUTH PAINE that once he had driven his uncle's car in New Orleans but RUTH PAINE recalls helping him try to learn how to drive and park the car. They were unable to get a learner's permit on this date since the office was closed due to it being an election day.

November 10, 1963 - LEE spent the entire day at the PAINE home watching television. He spent that night there also.

November 11, 1963 - This was a holiday. He stayed at the PAINE residence this entire day and night. He practiced parking for a short period with Mrs. PAINE's car. Mrs. PAINE was gone for two or three hours this date but LEE was there when she left and there when she came back,

November 12, 1963 - LEE OSWALD left with WESLEY FRAZIER in the morning to go to work.

November 18, 1963 - Mrs. PAINE placed a call for MARINA OSWALD to a WHitehall number which LEE had given her as his residence telephone number.

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Mrs. PAINE asked for Mr. OSWALD and was told that no one by that name lived there. She asked if this was the number repeating it and was told it was. She then asked if this was a rooming house and was told it was.

November 19, 1963 ? - LEE OSWALD called MARINA at the PAINE residence and bawled her out for trying to call him the previous day. He instructed MARINA, according to what she told RUTH PAINE, to get hold of RUTH PAINE's address book and scratch out the WHitehall number which was written there.

November 20, 1963 - Whereas LEE had usually called his wife once a day he did not call on this date.

November 21, 1963 - LEE OSWALD arrived about 5:15 p.m. at the PAINE residence having come out with WESLEY FRAZIER. He was not expected and it was unusual since he had never come before on Thursday night and had very seldom come on a weekday and had never come before without calling to ask if he could come out. On this night he said to MARINA that they should get their own apartment. Mrs. PAINE did not see him in the garage of her home but someone had been moving things around in the garage. LEE OSWALD went to bed early, about 8:00 or 9:00 p.m.

November 22, 1963 - Mrs. PAINE was up at 7:30 a.m. and found that LEE OSWALD had already arisen and departed. She found a coffee cup which had been used in the kitchen and believes he fixed himself a cup of coffee before leaving.

November 23, 1963 - LEE OSWALD called RUTH PAINE twice in rapid succession telling her he wanted her to get in touch with a Mr. ABT, an attorney in New York City, and ask him to defend OSWALD in his trial for the murder of President JOHN

KENNEDY. These calls were received some time in the evening probably around 7:30 p.m.

Mrs. PAINE maintains a calendar with notations made on certain dates and she referred to this calender in fixing many of the dates set forth above.

Mrs. RUTH PAINE advised that LEE OSWALD received about $50.00 per week gross from his employer, Texas School Book Depository, and that he was paid twice a month by them, the first pay being October 29, 1963. She stated she recalls seeing him cash what she believes was a pay check at the A & P in Irving while she was buying groceries. This check was for about $50.00 and was some time in the period between October 29 and November 2, 1963.

She stated she knew of no bank account he might have used and she knows of no other income he had other than unemployment compensation and wages. She stated she had never observed him in possession of any sizeable amount of money and that he spent very little.

DL 89-43

X. Tracing of Assassination Weapon to Lee Harvey Oswald

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/23/63

C. M. DOUGHERTY, Detective, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised he had examined a rifle obtained by other officers from the premises of Texas State Schoolbook Depository, 411 Elm Street, on November 22, 1963, and had made the following notes regarding descriptive data:

Dallas Texas

The rifle was made in 1940 in Italy, bears a serial number, "C 2766", caliber 6.5. He did not observe the make of the gun. A scope mounted on the rifle bore the following, "4/18 - Coated, Ordnance Department, Inc., California", the wording ".010 Japan" and an insignia in the shape of a clover-leaf with "OSC" in the center. A clip for the gun bore the following: "CM 1 952".

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # 89-43

by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS / mac Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/22/63

Mr. AL YEARGAN, H. L. Green Company, Main and Ervay Streets, advised that company has in stock and is offering for sale a large number of Italian 6.5 mm rifles that are surplus from World War II. He exhibited his record books reflecting the serial numbers of all rifles sold by that company and the names and addresses of the persons to whom sold. A review of these records failed to reflect any record of a 6.5 mm rifle with Serial No. C 2766.

Mr. YEARGAN advised that they get their supply of these rifles from Crescent Firearms Company, New York City. N.Y.

Mr. YEARGAN advised that he believes that H. L. Green Company is the only company in Dallas handling any quantity of these Italian 6.5 mm rifles.

11/22/63 on Dallas, Texas at DL 89-43 File #

by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON/tjd Date dictated 11/22/63

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On November 22, 1963, the New York Office advised that a check of the Crescent Firearms, Inc., 2 West 37th Street, New York, New York, reflected subject weapon, Serial Number C2766, was sold to Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., Chicago, Illinois, on June 18, 1962. Said office subsequently advised November 24, 1963, that a further review of Crescent Firearms, Inc. records reflected subject weapon, Serial Number C 2766, was received by the Crescent Firearms, Inc., from Italy in carton of ten weapons and as is indicated above, was subsequently sold to Klein's Sporting Goods, Chicago, Illinois.

On November 23, 1963, the Chicago Office advised that WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, Vice President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Chicago, Illinois, had telephonically advised SA H. SIDNEY NEEL, JR. that his records reflected that Crescent Firearms, Inc., 2 West 37th Street, New York 18, New York, shipped by Invoice No. 3178, on February 7, 1963, subject weapon, an Italian carbine, Serial Number C 2766, to Klein's Sporting Goods. WALDMAN stated their receiving date is not certain at this time but the carton was opened February 22, 1962, by Klein's and shipment had been received through North Penn Transfer - Mitchultz. He advised said records further disclosed the subject weapon with four power scope, was shipped March 20, 1963, by parcel post, to "A. Hidell, POB 2915, Dallas, Texas." The subject weapon had been ordered by air mail letter, bearing postmark Dallas, Texas, March 2 or 12, year not legible with return address and name, A. Hidell, POB 2915, Dallas, Texas. Chicago Ill.

The envelope contained a Klein's ad, on which the order had been written. The order was prepaid in the amount of $21.45, and notation on shipping bill "M.O.". Said records further disclosed receipt of Postal Money Order or American Express Company Money Order received by Klein's in payment for said gun on March 13, 1963. A roll of microfilm records containing photographs of order blank and envelope pertaining to above was obtained from Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc. and forwarded to the FBI Laboratory.

Investigation at Dallas, Texas, as set forth elsewhere in this report reveals records of the U. S. Post Office, Dallas, reflect P. O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, on March 20, 1963, was listed to LEE H. OSWALD. The records of the U. S. Post Office, Dallas, reflect Post Office Money Order No. 2,202,130,462 in the amount $21.45, payable to KLEIN'S Sporting Goods, signed A. HIDELL, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, was issued March 12, 1963, at Dallas, Texas, and is endorsed in favor of First National Bank of Chicago, by Klein's and bears Klein's stamp number 5091144. This Money Order turned over to JAMES T. FREEMAN, of the FBI Laboratory.

DL 89-43

Results of handwriting examination by FBI Laboratory as set forth in instant report, under the heading "Results of FBI Laboratory Examination" reflect handwriting on Money Order made out to Klein's Sporting Goods, bearing name A. HIDELL, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, in amount $21.45, used to purchase subject weapon, has been identified with the known handwriting of suspect LEE H. OSWALD.

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DL 89-43
RPG:pm

At 6:45 p.m., November 23, 1963, SAC J. GORDON SHANKLIN advised Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, that the sale of the rifle used in the killing of President KENNEDY had been traced through serial number to a firm in Chicago, Illinois, and through that firm it had been established that such rifle had been shipped to Dallas. Chief CURRY was also advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been identified through handwriting as the individual who had ordered this rifle.

FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Mr. DIAL D. RYDER, 2028 Harvard (BL 3-4876) stated he is employed as Service Manager, Irving Sport Shop, 221 South Irving Boulevard. Mr. RYDER viewed a photograph of the gun used to assassinate President KENNEDY after which he stated he did not sell the mount on that gun as that is not the type of mount handled by Irving Sport Shop and does not recall the gun.

Mr. RYDER located Irving Sport Shop repair tag number 18374, which is undated and contains the name "OSWALD" as the owner of the gun being repaired. The tag reflects the work as being "drill and tap $4.50" and "bore sight $1.50" for a total of $6.00. The tag contains no additional information, is prepared in pencil, is not dated and Mr. RYDER stated this is the only record in existence of this transaction. RYDER said the tag was prepared by himself. He pointed out that as there is no record of sale of mounts or other items this would reflect that customer OSWALD brought in the gun, scope and mounts with only work being performed which was drill and tap and bore sight. Mr. RYDER stated that the work for OSWALD was performed between November 1 and 14, 1963, and the only other person employed in the store during that period was CAROL BERRY, a clerk who resided at 2302 Druid Drive, Irving, Texas.

Mr. RYDER stated he has no recollection of mounting a side mount of the type on the gun used to assassinate President KENNEDY but pointed out that during the past few weeks he had attached a tremendous number of scopes, therefore, it is possible he did mount this scope and does not have any recollection of it at this time.

Mr. RYDER viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, taken August 9, 1963, after which he stated that he cannot be positive that OSWALD has been a customer in the Irving Sport Shop but is quite sure that he has seen and/or talked to OSWALD probably in the store. He stated that he associates OSWALD's picture with that of an individual who brought in an Argentine made rifle about two weeks ago and he, RYDER, attached a scope on that gun. He pointed out that an Argentine rifle of the type he has in mind has a different bolt assembly than does the gun used to assassinate President KENNEDY, therefore he cannot be definitely sure that the person he has in mind is identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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on 11/25/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent EMORY E. HORTON/atd Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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Miss CAROL BERRY, 2302 Druid Drive, Irving, Texas, stated she is employed as a clerk by the Irving Sport Shop, 221 South Irving Boulevard.

After viewing a photograph of the gun used to assassinate President KENNEDY and a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken August 9, 1963, she stated she cannot recall either the gun or OSWALD ever being in the sport shop. She stated that she has no recollection of a gun being in the sport shop during the recent past that had a side mount carrying strap but pointed out that a carrying strap can be detached with relative ease, therefore, she cannot be sure the assassin's gun was not in the shop.

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on 11/25/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent EMORY E. HORTON/atd Date dictated 11/25/63

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By communication dated November 25, 1963, Philadelphia Office furnished the following information.

JOHN GARIS, Terminal Manager, Lifschultz, Fast Freight Company, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, advised SA BRUCE G. ERICKSON that a shipment of ten cases of firearms was received from the North Penn Transfer Company, Lansdale, Pennsylvania, on February 13, 1963, and was sent out by Flag Four, Pro Number 735, due to arrive in Chicago, Illinois on February 15, 1963. GARIS further advised all information concerning Pro Numbers and contents would be contained on the Bill of Lading, retained by Lifschultz Fast Freight Company, 28 North Franklin, Chicago, Illinois.

DL 89-43

By communication dated November 25, 1963, the Chicago Office furnished the following information.

MERRILL BROWN, Lifschultz Fast Freight Company, 28 North Franklin Street, Chicago, Illinois, made available the following items to SAs ROBERT G. PIPER and ROBERT C. CRATTY:

1. Bill of Lading, Pro Number A 394857, dated February 12, 1963, reflecting shipment of ten cases of "guns or rifles" from Crescent Firearms, Inc., Pottsville, Pennsylvania, shipper number 3178, consigned to "Kelin" (Klein's) Sporting Goods, 4540 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

2. Delivery Receipt No. 3-041342, reflecting receipt by Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., on February 21, 1963, of the above mentioned shipment.

3. Cashier's copy of delivery by Lifschultz driver to Klein's Sporting Goods on February 21, 1963.

XI. State Prosecutive Action Taken Against Lee Harvey Oswald

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DL 89-43
JDW:cah/jj/mac

The following information was obtained by SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR., from the office of Captain WILL FRITZ, Dallas Police Department, on November 25, 1963:

A complaint charging LEE HARVEY OSWALD with murder of Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT, on November 22, 1963, in Dallas, Texas, was authorized by Assistant District Attorney BILL ALEXANDER, Dallas County, Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963. The complaint was filed by Captain WILL FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department at approximately 6:00 p.m., the same date.

OSWALD was arraigned before Justice of the Peace DAVID L. JOHNSTON in Dallas, after which he was held without bond in the City Jail. Assistant District Attorney ALEXANDER also authorized the filing of a complaint against OSWALD for the murder of President JOHN F. KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas on November 22, 1963. The complaint was filed at 11:25 p.m., November 22, 1963.

Texas

Further, on November 23, 1963, an authorized local complaint was filed against OSWALD charging him with assault to murder Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY. A complaint for this charge was issued by Justice of the Peace DAVID L. JOHNSTON at Dallas, Texas.

No arraignment on the murder charges in connection with the death of President KENNEDY was held inasmuch as such arraignment was not necessary in view of the previous charges filed against OSWALD and for which he was arraigned.

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XII. Death of Lee Harvey Oswald

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

At 2:30 AM, I received a telephone call at the office of the Dallas FBI from an unknown male who spoke in a calm voice and asked, "I would like to talk to the man in charge."

I told the caller that the SAC was not present at that time and asked him if someone else could help him. The caller then said, "Wait a minute.", and apparently turned the phone over to another man. I am not certain there were two different voices, however, the tone of the unknown caller's voice changed somewhat at this point.

The voice at this point was calm and mature in sound and this person stated as follws: "I represent a committee that is neither right nor left wing, and tonight, tomorrow morning, or tomorrow night, we are going to kill the man that killed the President. There will be no excitement and we will kill him. We wanted to be sure and tell the FBI, Police Department, and Sheriff's Office and we will be there and we will kill him."

The unknown caller hung up without any other statement and without identifying himself in any manner.

I immediately prepared a memorandum reflecting this information and furnished same to SA MILTON L. NEWSOM. I was present when SA NEWSOM furnished this information to the Dallas County Sheriffs Office at approximately 3:00 AM, and to the Dallas Police Department at 3:20 AM.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43
44-1639

by SPC VERNON R. GLOSSUP/cah Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

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Deputy Sheriff, C. C. McCOY, Dallas Sheriff's Office, was contacted at 3:00 AM telephonically. Deputy McCOY advised he was man in charge at that time. Deputy McCOY was advised of information contained in a memorandum of Security Patrol Clerk VERNON R. GLOSSUP, specifically, "I represent a committee that is neither right nor left wing, and tonight, tomorrow morning, or tomorrow night, we are going to kill the man that killed the President. There will be no excitement and we will kill him. We wanted to be sure and tell the FBI, Police Department, and Sheriff's Office and we will be there and we will kill him." McCOY was told that this information came from an unknown male caller.

Deputy McCOY advised he had received a call which he believed identical except the man said, "I represent a committee of around one hundred people who have voted to kill the man who killed the President."

McCOY said Sheriff DECKER was advised of this call and security precautions are being made to protect OSWALD.

McCOY said the unknown caller indicated to him they were advising the Sheriff's Office because they did not want any of the Sheriff's Office men hurt, but they were going to kill the man anyway.

McCOY said plans had been made to transfer OSWALD to the County Jail from the Dallas City Jail at 10:00 AM on November 24, 1963. He said this information had been made public through news releases.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas DLfile 44-1639 DL File # 89-43

by Special Agent MILTON L. NEWSOM/mfr Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Captain W. R. FRAZIER, man in charge, Dallas Police Department, at 3:20 AM was advised of information received from an unknown caller by Security Patrol Clerk VERNON R. GLOSSUP at the Dallas FBI office, as follows: "I represent a committee that is ~~neither right~~ nor left wing, and tonight, tomorrow morning, or tomorrow night, we are going to kill the man that killed the President. There will be no excitement and we will kill him. We wanted to be sure and tell the FBI, Police Department, and Sheriff's Office and we will be there and we will kill him."

FRAZIER said the Police Department has not received any calls of this type to his knowledge, but he advised he would check other bureau heads in the Police Department to see if a call of this type had been received. He stated he would advise the Dallas office of this information. He said he would give this information to Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY immediately. He was advised that the Dallas Sheriff's Office received a similar call.

FRAZIER said that plans to transfer OSWALD to the County Jail may be changed in view of this threat, and the Dallas Police Department will keep the FBI advised.

FRAZIER stated that OSWALD's planned transfer had been publicized primarily as a form of cooperation with the press and news agencies of the press, and other news agencies.

DL File 44-1639

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas DL File # 89-43

by Special Agent MILTON L. NEWSOM/mfr Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

Detective J. R. LEAVELLE, 7703 Rilla Avenue, Dallas, Texas, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised about 11:15 a.m., November 24, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was taken from the Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, located on the third floor of the City Hall Building, for the purpose of transporting him to the Dallas County Jail. OSWALD was handcuffed and was thereafter handcuffed to the left hand of LEAVELLE. LEAVELLE stated that Detective L. C. GRAVES had hold of the left arm of OSWALD. He stated that Captain J. W. FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, and Lieutenant R. E. SWAIN, Burglary and Theft Bureau, proceeded in front of them, and L. D. MONTGOMERY, Homicide and Robbery Bureau brought up the rear. All of the above mentioned individuals proceeded from the third floor by way of the jail elevator to the jail office located in the basement of the City Hall Building. Homicide and Robbery detectives E. R. BECK and C. N. DHORITY had previously departed for the purpose of getting the transportation cars into position.

Detective LEAVELLE and GRAVES after arriving in the jail office hesitated at the door leading from the jail office into the outside corridor until they obtained an all-clear signal from Captain FRITZ who had proceeded into the corridor ahead of them. LEAVELLE stated that thereafter, he and GRAVES, with OSWALD between them as previously described, proceeded from the jail office into the corridor leading out into the underground parking area. It was noted in the corridor that uniform officers were lined up along the wall, and that news media were gathered on the auto ramp to the left and front of LEAVELLE and the escorting officers. The car in which OSWALD was to be transported was on the ramp and was backing up to the position where OSWALD could get in. Captain FRITZ was in the lead and was stopped at the edge of the ramp waiting to get into the front seat of the car. GRAVES and LEAVELLE stopped momentarily for the car to back up. When the bumper of the car got even with the right side of LEAVELLE, JACK RUBY darted from the crowd of news media about six feet away and had gun in hand. RUBY shot OSWALD at a distance of approximately fifteen inches away.

All members of Dallas Police Department

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 44-1639

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT /wvm Date dictated 11/24/63

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LEAVELLE stated that when he saw RUBY dart at OSWALD, he jerked on OSWALD's handcuff at approximately the exact time of the shot and pushed RUBY back with his hand on OSWALD's left shoulder. LEAVELLE stated that GRAVES at the same time grabbed RUBY's hand and took the gun away from him.

FOUNDA

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

At about 11:20 AM, SAs IVAN D. LEE and ROBERT M. BARRETT were contacting EDDIE BARKER, Director of KRLD-TV and Radio News Department. In BARKER's office was a TV monitor and BARKER advised it was set on a closed circuit channel and that it would depict in a few minutes the removal of LEE HARVEY OSWALD from the City Jail to the Dallas County Jail.

The Agents ~~first~~ observed numerous police officers and members of the press in an area in the basement of the City Hall near a door which connects the City Jail Office and the garage area in the basement. At about 11:24 AM, Agents observed Captain WILL FRITZ come out of the hall which leads to the City Jail Office and he was preceding the officers and men who were bringing OSWALD from the jail to the armored truck. This armored truck was parked on the south side of the City Hall which is the exit from the City Hall garage area and which was up a ramp from the garage area. About 10 to 15 feet behind FRITZ, Agents observed Lieutenant RICHARD E. SWAIN preceding the group of officers which were leading OSWALD. OSWALD had a police officer holding on to each arm and numerous police officers were behind him. There was no officer in that 5 to 6 feet area between SWAIN and OSWALD. At about 11:25 AM, the Agents observed a man wearing a dark hat and suit jump into the clearing with a revolver in his right hand and he moved directly toward OSWALD. A shot was heard and the TV announcer immediately screamed, "OSWALD has been shot." He repeated this numerous times. OSWALD was observed falling forward and numerous officers jumped on top of him. The man who fired the shot was observed being grabbed by several officers and taken immediately back into the City Jail Office.

About 4 minutes later an ambulance appeared on the scene and Agents observed OSWALD being brought out on a stretcher. He was entirely limp with his arms hanging over the side of the stretcher. He was lying on his back. He was immediately placed in the ambulance and taken to the hospital.

Within about 2 minutes of the shooting the announcer at the scene announced over the closed circuit TV that the man who shot OSWALD was well known to Dallas police officers. About 5 minutes after the shooting the announcer stated that the man who shot OSWALD had been identified as JACK RUBY.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 / DL 44-1639

by Special Agent IVAN D. LEE & ROBERT M. BARRETT / atd/rmb Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-49) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11-25-63

On November 25, 1963, Mr. C. J. PRICE, Administrator, Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, Texas, advised that a statement concerning resuscitative efforts, LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been prepared at 5:00 p.m., November 24, 1963, by M. T. JENKINS, MD, Professor and Chairman, Department of Anesthesiology. This statement, a copy of which has been given the FBI, reflects that at approximately 11:27 a.m., November 24, 1963, Dr. RONALD JONES, Senior Resident in general surgery after being notified through the Office of the Administrator of Parkland Memorial Hospital informed a surgical and anesthesiology team that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had sustained a gunshot wound and was being brought to the emergency operating room at Parkland Memorial Hospital for emergency and definitive treatment. By the time the patient OSWALD was reported in the emergency operating room at 11:32 a.m., there was assembled a resuscitation team in E.O. R. Surgical Room #2. Statement further reflects a time table description of medical treatment administered up to 1005 p.m. when statement indicates it was apparent that the lens had become opaque and retinal circulation was not observed... At 1:07 p.m. the patient OSWALD was pronounced dead.

It should be noted that the statement reflects the bullet which had palpable in the right posterior axillary line was removed and sent out by Dr. ROBERT SHAW and Miss AUDREY BELL to be turned over to the law authorities.

Mr. PRICE further advised that report of emergency case number 48162 dated April 18, 1945, reflects that OSWALD, LEE, 4801 Victor, Dallas, Texas, at the age of five was treated for an injury sustained when he was hit in the left eye by a rock. Patient was treated with ice packs and discharged on April 19, 1945.

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on 11-25-63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL4-4-1639

by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/jrk md Date dictated 11-25-63

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The TV announcer was observed interviewing an unknown French reporter immediately after the shooting and this French reporter claimed that he was standing directly next to RUBY at the time RUBY bolted through newsmen and cameramen and shot OSWALD.

At about 1:01 PM, Mr. BARKER, in contact with his correspondent at Parkland Hospital, advised he had just learned that OSWALD had been shot in the left side of the abdomen just below the heart and had suffered severe abdominal injury and was at the time receiving heart massage in an effort to keep him alive. It was also being reported he was being given blood transfusions.

At the time the shooting first occurred, it was reported that the man who shot OSWALD had posed as a Secret Service Agent to gain entrance. This was later determined to be an erroneous report.

Mr. BARKER advised that newsreel film and video tape from the closed circuit TV would be made available to the FBI immediately upon processing.

At about 2:00 PM, Mr. BARKER furnished SAs LEE and BARRETT a roll of video tape depicting the shooting and a roll of 16 millimeter newsreel film taken by GEORGE ROBERT PHENIX, a KRLD, news cameraman. This film was taken directly to Love Field where it was given to Braniff Air Lines Pilot ROBERT R. ROSS, who resides at 1806 Glenbrook, Irving, Texas. Captain ROSS stated he would personally deliver this package to FBI Agents at National Airport, Washington, D. C. Captain ROSS was the pilot for Braniff Flight No. 110 which was scheduled to leave Dallas at 3:15 PM and arrive at Washington, D. C. at about 8:00 PM.

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

CHARLES B. MILLER, Owner, Miller Funeral Home, 5805 Camp Bowie Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas, furnished the following information:

He stated that at 7:30 PM, November 24, 1963, this funeral home received a telephone call from MIKE HOWARD, U. S. Secret Service, to the effect that the family of LEE HARVEY OSWALD desired the Miller Funeral Home to handle services for OSWALD.

Mr. MILLER advised that attendants for the funeral home proceeded to Parkland Hospital in Dallas, Texas, where at approximately 9:30 PM, November 24, 1963, they picked up the remains of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and returned to Fort Worth, Texas, at approximately 10:30 PM.

Mr. MILLER advised further that the body of OSWALD was embalmed by an employee of that funeral home, PAUL J. GROODY, a licensed embalmer in the State of Texas.

Mr. MILLER advised that the preparation of the body of OSWALD was under his supervision.

He continued by stating that the embalming of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was started at approximately 11:00 PM on November 24, 1963, and was completed at about 1:00 AM, November 25, 1963.

Mr. MILLER stated that an abdominal and cranial autopsy was performed on the body of OSWALD at Parkland Hospital in Dallas. He said that the embalming of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was done by sectional or, as is known in the funeral business, as six-point embalming, in which the head, arms, legs, and abdomen were embalmed individually. This type of embalming was done in view of the abdominal and cranial autopsy performed.

Mr. MILLER advised that in talking to MIKE HOWARD of the U. S. Secret Service, Mr. HOWARD advised on the telephone on initial contact that LEE HARVEY OSWALD's brother, ROBERT OSWALD, had $800 in a Denton, Texas, bank savings account which was to pay for the funeral. They desired that no more than this amount be spent for a casket, concrete vault, burial suit, cemetery lot and a $25.00 casket spray.

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on 11/25/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent B. TOM CARTER and ROBLEY D. MADLAND /rmb Date dictated 11/25/63

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Mr. MILLER advised that the remains of LEE HARVEY OSWALD will be placed in a 6'6" hinge cap wooden, gray doeskin casket, which casket was manufactured by the Pine Bluff Casket Company of Pine Bluff, Arkansas. He advised that the body and casket will be placed in a concrete Wilbert vault, which vault is manufactured by the Wilbert Company of Dallas, Texas.

He advised that the funeral arrangements for LEE HARVEY OSWALD are tentatively set to be held at 4:00 p.m. on November 25, 1963, in the chapel of Laurel Land Cemetery located on the Old Crowley Road in Fort Worth, Texas. A minister, name unknown, of the Lutheran Church, will officiate.

Subsequent to the above information, at 11:30 a.m., November 25, 1963, Mr. MILLER advised that he had just received information from the manager of Laurel Land Cemetery that he refused to accept for burial the remains of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mr. MILLER said that other arrangements will immediately have to be made by him.

At 1:30 p.m., November 25, 1963, Mr. MILLER advised that definite arrangements had now been made, and LEE HARVEY OSWALD would be buried at 4:00 p.m., November 25, 1963, at Rose Hill Burial Park, 7301 East Lancaster in Fort Worth, Texas.

Mr. MILLER advised further that graveside services only would be held at the above burial park.

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

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At 8:45 p.m., Mr. RAY BRANTLEY, Proprietor, Ray's Hardware Store, who resides at 103 Highland, advised his records reflected that JACK RUBY purchased a Colt Cobra revolver from his establishment which is located on Singleton Blvd., in Dallas, on January 19, 1960. When he purchased the gun he gave the address of 3508 Oaklawn, Dallas, Texas. The books reflected this Colt Cobra bore Serial No. 2744. The revolver had a 2" barrel and was blue in color.

It was BRANTLEY's recollection that RUBY was accompanied by a Dallas policeman at that time whose name he does not remember. It was also believed by him that a prize fighter was with them also. BRANTLEY had had no business dealings with JACK RUBY prior to that time but later, approximately one year ago, JACK RUBY came to his hardware store and requested that he clean a .38 caliber Smith and Wesson revolver. The revolver was rusty and after cleaning the revolver, BRANTLEY held the gun for two or three months before RUBY called for it. He believed that it was during 1961 that this revolver was brought into his business establishment.

BRANTLEY advised he was only casually acquainted with RUBY but recalled that a few months ago RUBY had contacted him and requested that a gun be shipped to an individual in Las Vegas, Nevada. He made available the books of his store which reflected that on May 10, 1963, a .38 Smith and Wesson Centennial revolver with no hammer, bearing Serial No. 13810, had been shipped to L. C. McWILLIE, 3040 Kishner Drive, Apt. 204, Las Vegas, Nevada. This gun was later returned to him inasmuch as McWILLIE did not pay for the gun. BRANTLEY stated he had sent the gun C. O. D. and that it cost him about $7.00 to send this gun to McWILLIE who did not pay for it. He was only casually acquainted with RUBY and in fact did not recognize his picture on television on November 24, 1963. He could give no information concerning friends or relatives or background on RUBY.

BRANTLEY said that the Smith and Wesson revolver JACK RUBY had requested him to clean in 1961 was blue in color, but he could not remember exactly what model the revolver was. He believed that it was probably a Chief Special with a hammer.

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on 11/24/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43 / DL 44-1639

by Special Agents W. HARLAN BROWN and ALVIN J. ZIMMERMAN:ym Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

Mrs. LILLIAN BRANTLEY, 103 Highland Street, co-proprietor of Ray's Hardware Store in Dallas, Texas, attested to an entry in the books of the store which show that JACK RUBY purchased a Colt Cobra revolver from Ray's Hardware Store on January 19, 1960. The serial number listed was 2744 and RUBY gave the address of 3508 Oaklawn. It was her recollection that RUBY came to the store with a police officer whose name she does not recall. She also said the store records show that on May 10, 1963, a .38 Smith and Wesson Centennial revolver, Serial No. 13810, had been sent to Las Vegas, Nevada. JACK RUBY, when he called at their hardware store, said he had received a letter from a friend in Las Vegas who could not find a Smith and Wesson Centennial there. The friend, according to JACK RUBY, requested that RUBY find him one and forward it to him. The books show that this revolver had been sent to L. C. McWILLIE, 3040 Kishner Drive, Apt. 204, Las Vegas, Nevada. Mrs. BRANTLEY had marked "Void" over this entry in the books because the C. O. D. package sent to McWILLIE had been returned. The cost to Ray's Hardware Store was about $7.00 and it was her recollection that it was sold to some other person. She knew RUBY by sight but stated she did not know anything about his background.

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on 11/24/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 44-1639

by Special Agents W. HARLAN BROWN and ALVIN J. ZIMMERMAN:vm 44-1414 Date dictated 11/24/63

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XIII. Other Investigation

DL 89-43
NAP:mac
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Sheriff BILL DECKER, Dallas County, Texas, commented to SA NAT A. PINKSTON on November 24, 1963, that deer season officially opened in the State of Texas on Saturday, November 16, 1963, and literally thousands of Texans went deer hunting over the weekend of November 16-17, 1963, and many of these hunters still had their high-powered deer rifles in their automobiles during the week beginning November 18, 1963, and a number of these rifles were being returned to their owners by persons who had borrowed them for a weekend of hunting or were being turned over to others who wanted to borrow them for hunting on the following weekend.

Dallas Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/27/63

RALPH LEON YATES, 13564 Brookgreen, Dallas, Texas, voluntarily appeared at the Dallas FBI Office, accompanied by his uncle, Mr. J. O. SMITH, 13770 Sprucewood, Dallas, Texas, and furnished the following information:

YATES stated that he is employed as a refrigeration service-man for the Texas Butcher Supply Company, Dallas, Texas, and in connection with this employment was driving a pickup truck on R. L. Thornton Expressway at approximately 10:30 AM, on either November 20 or 21, 1963. He stated he noticed a man hitchhiking at approximately the Beckley Street entrance to the R. L. Thornton Expressway, and he had stopped and picked up this man.

YATES said after seeing photographs and television pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he is of the opinion that this man was identical with OSWALD.

He continued that when the man walked up to get into the pickup truck, he was carrying a package wrapped in brown wrapping paper about 4 feet to 4½ feet long. He said he told this man he could put the package in the back of the truck, but the man said that the package contained curtain rods and he would carry it with him in the cab of the truck.

YATES stated as they drove along, the man had asked him if he knew a certain party, whose name YATES cannot recall now, and he had indicated to this man he did not. He said the man then asked if he had ever been to the Carousel Club and YATES had replied that he had serviced refrigerators in the past in a number of clubs and that possibly he had been to this one, but he did not recall.

YATES said that he had said to the man that there was going to be a lot of excitement in Dallas soon, referring to the President's visit, and the man had asked YATES what he meant. He said he replied that the President was coming to Dallas, but that he personally felt that the President should not come in view of the ADLAI STEVENSON incident which had occurred previously.

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on 11/26/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639 DL 89-43

by Special Agent BEN S. HARRISON /rmb Date dictated 11/26/63

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YATES stated the man then asked YATES if he thought a person could assassinate the President. YATES replied that he guessed such a thing could be possible. The man then asked YATES if it could be done from the top of a building or out of a window, high up, and YATES said he guessed this was possible if one had a good rifle with a scope and was a good shot.

YATES advised about this time the man pulled out a picture which showed a man with a rifle and asked YATES if he thought the President could be killed with a gun like that one. YATES said he was driving and did not look at the picture but indicated to the man that he guessed so.

YATES said that the man then asked if he knew the President's route for the parade in Dallas and YATES replied that he did not know the route but that it had been in the paper. He said the man then said that he had misunderstood him and that actually he had asked YATES if he thought that the President would change his route. YATES said he replied that he doubted it unless they might for safety reasons.

He said as they approached downtown Dallas, the man indicated that he was going on Houston Street and that although he was going to Irving, he told the man he would drive off the expressway and to Houston Street and let him out there, then would go back to the expressway. YATES said he went off the Expressway on Commerce Street, turned off of Commerce on Houston, drove north on Houston and let the man off on the corner of Elm and Houston Streets.

He said he saw the man cross Elm Street, but does not know where he went from there. He said that as the man got out of the truck, he recalled him saying something about the Triple Underpass, but cannot recall exactly what was said.

YATES stated that he had mentioned this incident to another employee at the Texas Butcher Supply Company, one DEMPSEY JONES, prior to the time that the President was assassinated.

Dallas, Texas

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ATION

YATES stated that the man he thought was identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD whom he had picked up was a white male, approximately 5'9" tall, slender, with dark eyebrows and hair. He could furnish no additional identifying data.

YATES stated he is married and has five children and that he would appreciate not receiving any type publicity from the fact he was furnishing this information.

FOUNDATION

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 28, 1963

DEMPSEY JONES, Route 4, Box 376, Dallas, Texas, telephone number Diamond 8-1051, has been employed by the Texas Butchers Supply Company (TBSC) at 2038 Commerce Street in Dallas, Texas, for nine and one-half years. He said he has known RALPH LEON YATES as a fellow employee for a little over a year. He said YATES is a big talker who always talks about a lot of foolishness.

JONES recalled that he and YATES were working in the shop on the second floor of the TBSC about 11:00 or 11:30 a.m., one morning, and YATES had returned from a call earlier that he had made at Irving and Oak Cliff before returning to TBSC.

JONES said YATES told him he had picked up a boy in Oak Cliff and taken this boy to Houston and Elm in Dallas. YATES said this boy had a package not described at that time, but after the death of the President, YATES described the package as a "long package" and then on telling the facts over again, YATES said this man told him it was some window shades he was carrying for the company he (the man) had made. JONES said that YATES told him on the first date that the man discussed the fact with him that one could be in a building and shoot the President as he, the President, passed by.

He said YATES did not discuss this man the day before the President was shot in any great detail, but after the President was shot, YATES told him he believed the man he had in the pickup was the man who shot and killed the President, and he was going to call it in and tell them what he knew about it.

JONES was unable to describe what agency YATES was talking about. He said he recalled that YATES mentioned calling "them" on November 26, 1963. He said no other person was present when YATES discussed these matters with him in the shop. He described YATES as a white male, in his 20s, about 5'4", 160 pounds, stocky build, hair brown, eyes believed gray, and is employed as a refrigerator mechanic with the TBSC.

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 DL 44-1639

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 11/28/63

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JONES said that the company officials should have a record of the time that YATES made the call to Irving, Texas.

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 28, 1963

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J. R. GILPIN, Partner, Texas Butchers Supply Company (TBSC), 2038 Commerce Street, Dallas, Texas, advised that RALPH YATES, one of his employees, came to him on November 26, 1963, and asked him if it was possible to confirm the date that he, Mr. GILPIN, had ordered or called YATES to go to Irving, Texas, on a service call to the Park-It Market Drive-In Grocery, at 2320 Shady Grove Road at Story Road in Irving, Texas.

13564 Brookgreen Dallas Texas

Mr. GILPIN said he located a record dated November 21, 1963, Shop Bill No. 8760, Invoice No. 36919, dated November 21, 1963, billed November 23, 1963, to the Arlington Food Stores, Post Office Box 91, Arlington, Texas, telephone number AN 2-0597. This bill was in the amount of $12.00 which would indicate it was a two hour service call. He said he recalled that he gave the order to RALPH YATES about 10:30 a.m., at the TBSC office, and he told YATES at the time he would call him at the time he was at the Park-It Market to find out what the trouble was they were having. He said that he recalled he made a telephone call around noon to YATES and determined that the compressor at the Park-It Market was out of oil and not burned up so YATES replaced the oil and should have returned to TBSC about 12:30 or 1:00 p.m. He said YATES was re-checking the time of the call on November 27, 1963, and that he, GILPIN, had discussed the matter with SAM OWENS, his partner, who recalled that YATES had called in from Irving, Texas, sometime after 11:30 a.m., on the morning of November 21, 1963. He said that he knew of no reason that YATES might have had for being in Oak Cliff on that morning. He had no other information which would further establish the time that YATES made the service call.

Texas Butchers Supply Company
2038 Commerce Street
Dallas Texas

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on 11/27/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43 / DL 44-1639

by Special Agent ARTHUR E. CARTER/gm Date dictated 11/28/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/26/63

1

Records of the Irving Bank and Trust Company, Irving, Texas, reflect that MICHAEL PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, has maintained checking account # 70-0184-5 since January 29, 1960. The balance of this account as of November 26, 1963, was $2,925.50. It was noted that on September 19, 1963, October 18, 1963, and November 18, 1963, checks in the amount of $285.00 each payable to MICHAEL PAINE from J. M. Forbes & Company, 199 Washington Street, Boston 8, Massachusetts, were credited to PAINE's account.

A review of withdrawals disclosed that on November 20, 1963, two checks in the amount of $10.48 and $17.29 were written payable to Sears Roebuck & Company. On November 21, 1963, a check in the amount of $20.04 was made payable to Crabtree's of Dallas, Texas.

Irving Texas

The above information is confidential and should not be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum which should be directed to Mr. GENE GLAZIER, Cashier, Irving Bank and Trust Company, Irving, Texas.

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on 11/26/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JOHN V. ALMON and KENNETH B. JACKSON:jj Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date November 28, 1963

Records of the Irving ~~State~~ Bank and Trust Company, Irving, Texas, reflect that checking account #70184-5, was opened in the name of MICHAEL R. PAINE. A review of this record disclosed a cash withdrawal in the amount of $3,000 on August 7, 1963, by PAINE who purchased Cashier's Check No. 015453, payable to one JACK ARNOLD. This check was subsequently endorsed by JACK ARNOLD and cashed at the Hillcrest State Bank, Dallas, Texas.

On August 20, 1963, a check was made payable to American Airlines in the amount of $152.25.

The above records are confidential and should not be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to MR. GENE GLAZIER, Cashier, Irving ~~State~~ Bank and Trust Company, Irving, Texas.

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on 11/27/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents KENNETH B. JACKSON and JOHN V. ALMON/nc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/28/63

P. E. WILLIAMS, Chief Reservations Clerk, American Airlines, Greater Southwest International Airport, advised that records of all tickets maintained by the local office are destroyed after three months period. He stated, however, that if the number of the ticket in question can be ascertained, data concerning the flight and the purchaser can be obtained from American Airlines' New York Office.

WILLIAMS further advised that $152.25, the amount of the check and payable to American Airlines by MICHAEL R. PAINE, Irving, Texas, on August 20, 1963, is the exact amount of a round trip coach fare to Los Angeles, California.

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on 11/28/63 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents JOHN V. ALMON & KENNETH JACKSON Date dictated 11/28/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Sergeant JOHN WEAVER, Irving Police Department, advised that MICHAEL R. PAINE, came into his office on Saturday, November 23, and requested police protection for his home and occupants. PAINE requested that the police station a man at the house at all times. PAINE was advised by the police that such a request was impossible, however, they would try to protect the PAINE residence as best they could. At the time of his complaint, PAINE was accompanied by another man, whose name WEAVER could not recall, who was introduced as a fellow employee of PAINE at Bell Helicopter. WEAVER further advised that a check of his files and records reflected no additional information on MICHAEL R. PAINE or wife, RUTH. In addition, WEAVER provided three sheets of Thermofax copies reflecting Irving Police Department arrest of BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER on November 22, 1963.

Sergeant WEAVER explained that actually the Irving Police Department had been requested on evening of November 22, 1963 to locate and pick up BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER for Captain WILL FRITZ of the Homicide and Robbery Division of the Dallas Police Department, who desired to interview FRAZIER at Dallas. WEAVER stated that after arresting FRAZIER, the Dallas Police Department picked him up at the Irving Police Department and drove him to Dallas for questioning.

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on 11/24/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JACK A. FRENCH/ss/sah Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/26/63

The records of the Southwestern States Telephone Co., Irving, Texas, reflect long distance telephone calls charged to a telephone listed in the name of MICHEAL R. PAINE, 2515 West Fifth, Irving, Texas, such telephone being number BL 3-1628. as follows:

DATE	DURATION OF CONVERSATION	NO. AND CITY CALLED
7/11/63	3 minutes	TW 9-5553, New Orleans, Louisiana
7/17/63	6 minutes	UN 6-0389, New Orleans, Louisiana
7/19/63	3 minutes	"
9/24/63	7 minutes	CR 5-5211, Arlington, Texas
10/2/63	6 minutes	"

There were no long distance telephone calls charged to BL 3-1628, Irving, Texas, during the month of November, 1963.

The above information will be made available upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum which should be directed to WILLIAM P. ESSLINGER, Division Manager, Southwestern States Telephone Company, Irving, Texas.

on 11/26/63 at Irving, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/cah Date dictated 11/26/63

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1
DL 89-43
RPG/gm

The following investigation was conducted by SA ROBERT C. LISH:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS:

On November 26, 1963, it was determined that telephone CR 5-5211, Arlington, Texas, is an unpublished telephone number identified as Bell Helicopter, Hurst, Texas.

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FOUNDATION

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, Texas, reflect the following:

There is no listing for telephone service at the present time at Dallas in the names as follows:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
O. H. LEE
ALEK JAMES HIDELL.

There is listed a telephone in the name A. C. JOHNSON, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, such being number WH 3-8993.

There is only one telephone line into the residence located at 1026 North Beckley, this being WH 3-8993, to which the above charges for long distance telephone calls have been made during the period as reflected below:

Date	Number of Minutes Talked	To
9/23/63	6	Tyler, Texas, LY 3-3237
9/28/63	6	"
10/19/63	12	"

On October 11, 1963, there was charged to the above telephone a conversation lasting three minutes, such being a call placed from a coin box telephone at Huntington, Pennsylvania, from a person using the name GEOPTTA GILBONEY or GILBOREY. The person calling asked for Geo. It is presumed that the person called was named GEORGE; however the Geo might stand for initials of person that was being called.

The above information can be made public only upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum issued to Mr. R. A. BURROW, Chief Special Agent, Southwestern Bell Telephone Co., Dallas, Texas.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/tjd Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/25/63

Records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Fort Worth, Texas, reflected the following:

No long distance telephone calls were charged to telephone PE 7-7677, listed to M. C. OSWALD, 2220 Thomas Place, Fort Worth, Texas, during the months of October and November, 1963.

Above information can be made public only upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum issued to Mr. JOHN B. MOORE, District Manager, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Fort Worth, Texas.

11/23/63 Ft. Worth, Texas DL 89-43

on _____ at _____ File # _____

by Special Agent B. TOM CARTER/tjd Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/24/63

Mrs. CARL H. (EDNA) CASE, 1903 South Vernon, Dallas, Texas, advised that she is employed as a promotional manager for the MacMillan Company.

Mrs. CASE stated she had seen photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television and failed to recognize him as being one among those working in her building.

At the time the President's motorcade passed, she advised she was on the third floor of the building at her desk. She stated that she was looking out the west side of the building and not the front. She said she had not heard the shots.

During this time she stated that she saw no one who might be identified with OSWALD in the building.

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on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents DAVID H. BARRY & LOUIS M. KELLEY/sah Date dictated 11/24/63

lk i 431

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/24/63

1

JUDY MC CULLY, 4144 Emerson, Dallas, Texas furnished the following information:

MC CULLY is an employee of the Scott Foresman ~~Textbook~~ Co. Company, located on the fourth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building, Elm at Houston Streets, Dallas, Texas.

On November 22, 1963, MC CULLY was watching the Presidential Procession from the fourth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building and just after the Presidential Car had passed the building, she heard a noise, which she thought to be a shooting. She did not know from which direction the shot was fired. At that time, she did not observe any suspicious activity on the part of anyone in the Texas School Book Depository Building, or among the persons in front of this building.

MC CULLY stated she is not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and does not recall ever having seen him in the Texas School Book Depository Building.

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents PAUL L. SCOTT & EDMOND C. HARDIN/sa Date dictated 11/24/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

MRS. RONALD G. (SANDRA SUE) ELERSON, 404 East 9th Street, Dallas, Texas, the Apollo Apartments, advised that she is employed by the Kelly Girls Service where she uses the name SANDRA SUE KRAMER, her maiden name. On November 22, 1963, she was assigned for work by the Kelly Girl Service at the MacMillan Company in the Texas School Book Depository building. Dallas Texas

MRS. ELERSON stated that she is not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and she had failed to identify photographs of OSWALD which have appeared on television as being anyone that she had seen in the past.

When the President's motorcade passed the Texas School Book Depository building, MRS. ELERSON stated that she was looking out the third floor window on the south side of the building. She saw the President turn the corner at Elm. She failed to hear any shots fired.

MRS. ELERSON was unable to provide any other information.

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on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent s DAVID H. BARRY and LOUIS M. KELLEY /wvm Date dictated 11/25/63

4-33

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DL 89-43
NAP:pm

The following investigation was conducted by SA NAT A. PINKSTON:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

On November 24, 1963, Mr. JOE L. BERGIN, Manager, Scott Foresman and Company, residence 6015 Gaston, advised that he is not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and does not recall ever having seen him. He stated he was out of the City of Dallas Texas on November 22, 1963, and consequently, saw nothing of any interest in this investigation Dallas Texas

On November 24, 1963, Mr. JOHN W. LANGSTON, Manager, Gregg Publishing Company, Division of McGraw-Hill, 411 Elm Street, advised that he was in Wichita, Kansas, on November 22, 1963, and saw nothing involving the shooting of President KENNEDY. He is not acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD and does not recall ever having seen him. Dallas Texas

The following investigation was conducted by SA GEORGE W. H. CARLSON:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

On November 24, 1963, Mr. S. E. "BUD" JONES, 7723 Deer Trail, advised that he is Manager of the Macmillan Company, 411 Elm Street, Dallas. He stated that on November 22, 1963, he was at the Texas School Book Depository building prior to the parade; however, at the time of the actual shooting, he was in a nearby cafe with Mr. HERB JUNKER. He stated he does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and has never seen anyone with a gun in the building.

Dallas
Texas

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DL 89-43
JVA/jj

On November 24, 1963, the following individuals, both of whom are employed in the Texas School Book Depository Building, Dallas, Texas, were interviewed by SA JOHN V. ALMON, at which time they could offer no information pertinent to the investigation of the assassination of President KENNEDY:

Mrs. A. D. DICKERSON
7310 Brierfield Drive
Dallas, Texas

L. R. VILES
3210 St. Croix Street
Dallas, Texas

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DL 89-43
RRH:rmb

The following persons, employed by the companies noted, were contacted by SAs RICHARD E. HARRISON, BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER and KENNETH R. ALBERT on November 26, 1963, at the Texas School Book Depository Building, Dallas, Texas, with negative results for any information relative to the assassination of President KENNEDY on November 22, 1963: 411 Elm Street

Texas School Book Depository Dallas Texas

J. C. CASON, President and Treasurer

Clerical employees

Mrs. BETTY R. DRAGOO
Mrs. L. O. [illegible], JR.
Miss JUDY JOHNSON
Mrs. STELLA JACOB
Miss SHARON SIMMONS
Miss JEANNIE HOLT

Warehouse employees

FRANKIE KAISER
FRANKLIN EMMET WESTER
HADDON SPURGEON
EDWARD SHIELDS
CARL EDWARD JONES

All Dallas Texas

McGraw-Hill Publishing Company (Room 305)

Mrs. VIRGINIA BARNUM
Mrs. HELEN PALMER

Scott, Foresman & Company (Room 401)

SANDRA STYLES
BETTY ALICE FOSTER
MARY HOLLIES
RUTH NELSON
YOLA HOPSON
DOROTHY GARNER

RYFF:GELL

Lyons and Carnahan (Room 201)

VIDA LEE WHATLEY

American Book Company (Room 303)

JOYCE M. STANSBERY

Southwestern Publishing Company (Room 203)

GLORIA CALVERY
KARAN HICKS
CAROL HUGHES
CAROL ANN REED
KAREN WESTBROOK

Allyn and Bacon, Inc. (Room 301)

Mrs. SUE DICKERSON

The Macmillan Company (Room 302)

Mrs. LUCY WHITAKER

111 Dallas
Texas

1
DL 89-43

The following investigation was conducted by SA EMORY E. HORTON on November 27, 1963:

The following employees of Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, who accept incoming calls or to whom incoming calls may be referred, were contacted and each advised he has no recollection of a call being received at the depository on or about November 21 or 22, 1963, for LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

CAROLINE ARNOLD - Secretary
SARAH STANTON - Clerk
R. S. TRULY, Superintendent of Warehouse
WILLIAM H. SHELLEY, Warehouse Foreman

All Dallas Texas

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/25/63

Mr. FRANK RIGNEY, President, Anderson Furniture Studios, Cedar Springs and Harwood Streets, Dallas, Texas, telephonically related that on NOVEMBER 22, 1963, while he and his employees were listening to the radio account of President KENNEDY's tour through Dallas, an unidentified male individual, described as white, male, age about 28, sallow complexion, foreign appearance, with a very prominent nose, came in telling his switchboard operator, Miss HELEN ZELLERS, that he wanted to make a long distance telephone call collect. She told him he would have to use the phone immediately adjacent to the switchboard. Then this individual sat down in a chair, apparently listening to the radio, appearing very nervous upon hearing over the radio that the President had been shot; this individual then jumped up, and started to come into the actual switchboard area, but Miss ZELLERS told him again he would have to use the other phone. This man did so, and Miss ZELLERS overheard only his telling the operator that it was a collect call to Indiana (city not overheard by Miss ZELLERS). She told Mr. RIGNEY that the man did not complete the call, then hung up and abruptly left the store without even thanking them.

Mr. RIGNEY stated that all his employees felt this was very strange, and since he, (RIGNEY), had formerly been in the U. S. Army Intelligence, he thought the individual might have been signaling someone by merely letting the other telephone ring, without having it answered. He said he personally did not see the male individual, but the following employees did observe him, and furnished the above description:

Mr. LEROY VAUGHN, decorator;

MARDIE JIM ROBINSON, decorator;

Miss NELLA BOORLAND, Draperies Department.

(All Same Address)

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on 11/25/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. ANDERTON jcah Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date 11/29/63

Mrs. GLADYS JOHNSON, 1026 Beckley, Dallas, Texas, advised she was owner and operator of the rooming house at 1026 Beckley, and after a review of her register for guests advised the only person who had left her rooming house in the past thirty days was DONALD GREEN. GREEN was employed during the day, whereabouts unknown, and attended SMU at night. After the assassination of the President, there were newspaper reporters and photographers in the residence continuously during the day and night, and GREEN told Mrs. JOHNSON that he was unable to study at night after returning from school, and he was moving to his aunt's residence, Mrs. J. H. LAMDREEN. Mrs. JOHNSON did not know the address of Mrs. LAMDREEN. Mrs. JOHNSON had discussed OSWALD with GREEN, and GREEN has never met OSWALD and had never seen him while both were rooming at Mrs. JOHNSON's residence.

Dallas, Texas

on 11/29/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN & JAMES C. KENNEDY /cv 440 Date dictated 11/29/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Mrs Cecil Sitz

Date November 23, 1963

Mrs. LOIS SITZ, manager and co-owner of the Motel "Half Circle J", 9600 West Highway 80, advised that on November 20, 1963, at about midnight a man came into the office and asked to rent a room. She stated that he asked her if she had any coffee which he could take to his room, as he had been drinking heavily and needed the coffee to sober him up. Mrs SITZ stated she had no coffee but advised he could get some coffee at a nearby truck stop. She then showed him Unit 9. She stated she entered Unit 9 first and turned the light on. She stated when she came out of the room he was removing a gun from his car. Mrs. SITZ states this was a pistol, but she cannot tell whether it was an automatic or a revolver. She stated seeing the gun in his hand frightened her, but she said nothing about it.

She stated she returned to the office, and he followed her in. She further stated it was at this time he advised her [redacted] he had a gun, but it was legitimate as he was with the Federal Bureau of Investigation. She stated he then returned to Unit 9 and assumedly went to bed.

Mrs. SITZ stated this man returned to the office at about 9:00 a.m., November 21, 1963, and turned in the key to Unit 9. She stated he then asked her "What time is the President coming in, and where is he going to stay in Fort Worth?" She states her husband, who was with her at that time, told him the President was to arrive at Carswell Air Force Base, Fort Worth, Texas, at 10:45 p.m. and would be staying at the Hotel Texas She states upon that he left, driving a 1955 Oldsmobile or Chevrolet, which was two-tone red and cream in color. She stated this car bore 1963 New Mexico license 2-80392.

Mrs. SITZ stated the registration card which this man had filled out bears the name, which cannot be definitely made out, but which appears to be "ROBT. E. _____ (last name unidentifiable), 3424 Hayeldran, S.W., Albuquerque, New Mexico."

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on 11/22/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents RICHARD T. RABIDEAU & BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER/csh Date dictated 11/23/63

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DL 89-43

She stated the card reflects he represented Wahl Shop Company, and that the card also bore the make of the car as a 1955 Chevrolet, bearing 1963 Missouri license 280390.

No Locality

Mrs. SITZ described this person in the following manner:

Height	5'9" - 10"
Weight	160-165 pounds
Hair	Dark
Eyes	Possibly blue
Dress	Was wearing white shirt and tie and waist-length jacket, dark trousers and cowboy hat

Mrs. SITZ thinks this man is possibly identical with the photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, which appeared on Page 5 of the Fort Worth Press bearing date November 23, 1963, as the person who registered at her motel on November 20, 1963, and was subsequently assigned to Unit 9. Mrs. SITZ further states that she could be sure one way or the other of the identity, had the picture of OSWALD, which appeared in the Fort Worth Press, shown him to be wearing a hat.

FD-302 (Rev. 8-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 11/23/63

CECIL SITZ, manager and co-owner of the motel "Hale Circle J", 9600 West Highway 80, who was present at the interview of his wife, Mrs. LOIS SITZ, advised he had no additional information to give in this matter.

on 11/22/63 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agents BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER & RICHARD T. RABIDEAU/cab Date dictated 11/23/63

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XIV. Photography Exhibits

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DL 89-43

Key to map (following page), showing area of pertinent events of November 22, 1963.

Key Letter	Description
A.	Assassin's position, 6th floor, Texas School Book Depository building, 411 Elm Street, Dallas.
B.	Position of President JOHN F. KENNEDY's car when shots fired at about 12:34 PM, November 22, 1963.
C.	LEE HARVEY OSWALD boarded bus but left shortly after, due to traffic congestion at about 12:40 PM.
D.	OSWALD boarded cab at Greyhound Bus Depot about 12:45 PM.
E.	OSWALD got out of cab, walked north to rooming house about 12:55 PM.
F.	Rooming house, 1026 North Beckley, where OSWALD rented room as O. H. LEE and where he entered about 1:00 PM, and left shortly thereafter.
G.	Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT shot and killed by OSWALD at about 1:17 PM.
H.	~~X~~ Texas Theater, 231 West Jefferson, where OSWALD apprehended about 2:00 PM. Dallas, Texas
I.	Marsala Apartment, 223 South Ewing, where JACK LEON RUBY resides.

445

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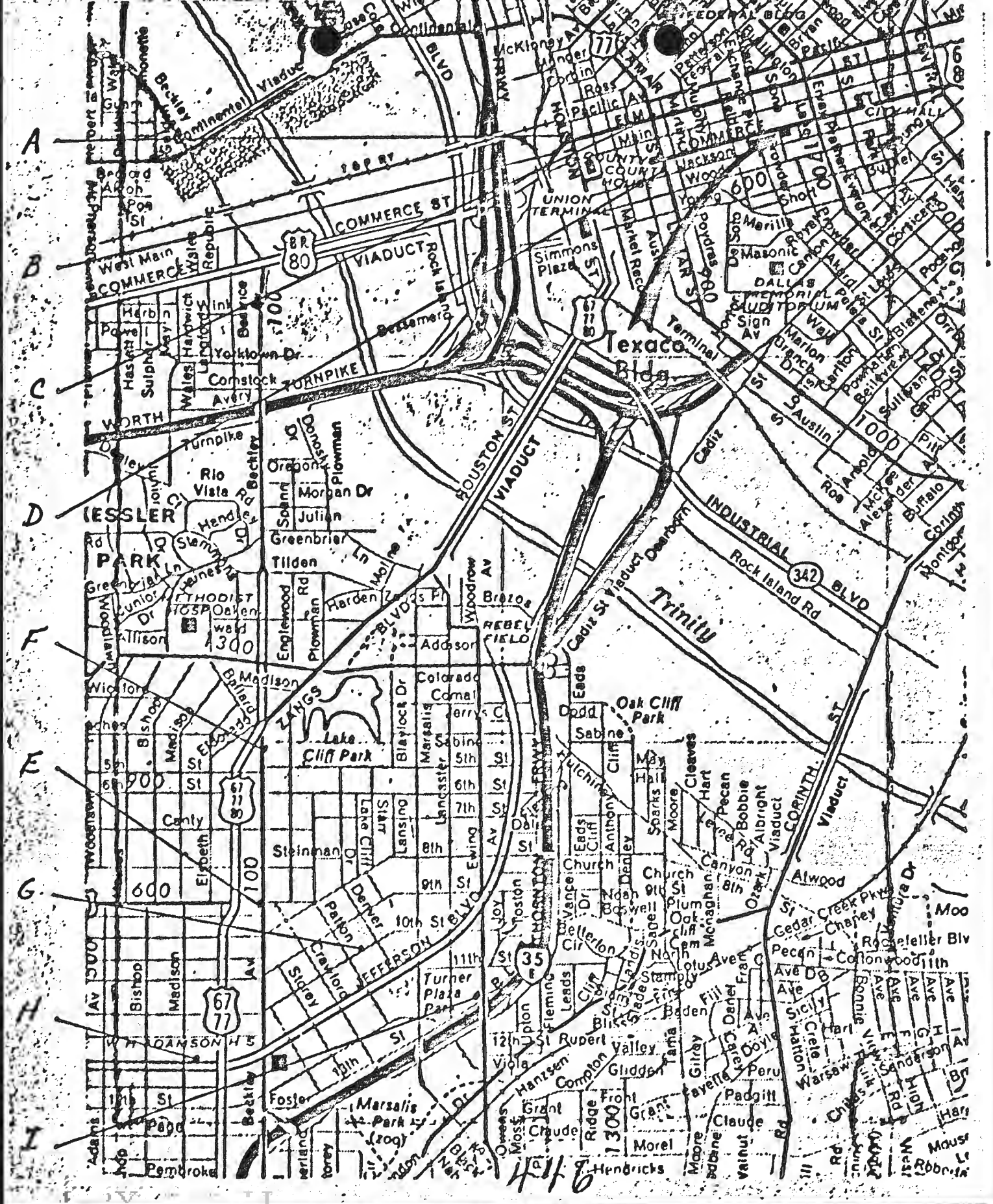
COMMERCE ST
VIADUCT
TURNPIKE
Texaco Bldg
HOUSTON ST
INDUSTRIAL
Rock Island Rd
BLVD
Trinity
Oak Cliff Park
Lake Cliff Park
Marsalis Park (zoo)
Turner Plaza Park
UNION TERMINAL
Simmons Plaza
DALLAS MEMORIAL AUDITORIUM
PARK
Rio Vista
Hendley
Stemmons
Greenbrier
Tilden
Morgan Dr
Julian
Oregon
Colorado
Comal
Sabine
Dodd
Hall
Sparks
Moore
Hart
Pecan
Bobbie
Albright
Viaduct
Church
Atwood
Canyon
Ozark
Cedar Creek Pkwy
Rockefeller Blvd
Sicily
Warsaw
Sanderson
Compton
Valley
Glidden
Hanszen
Grant
Froht
Ridge
Claude
Padgitt
Morel
Hendricks
Pembroke
Foster
Canty
Steinman Dr
Addison
Allison
Harden
Tilden
Greenbrier
Julian
Morgan Dr

DL 89-43

INDEX OF PHOTOGRAPHS

Photograph No.	Description
1.	View of Main Street, Dallas, looking east, up which Presidential motorcade was proceeding in westerly direction.
2.	Intersection of Main and Houston Streets, looking south from assassin's position.
3.	Houston Street between Main and Elm Streets, looking south from assassin's position.
4.	Beginning of intersection from Houston Street into Elm Street from assassin's position.
5.	Completion of intersection turn into Elm Street from assassin's position.
6.	View of area where President JOHN F. KENNEDY shot, as seen from assassin's position.
	(Above photographs depict in sequence the route the Presidential motorcade was taking just prior to, and at time of assassination.)
7.	View of box used by assassin to steady rifle.
8.	Area where President shot, as seen from assassin's position and showing triple underpass.
9.	Texas School Book Depository building with window from which shots fired circled.
10.	Building at 411 Elm Street. Photograph taken, shortly after shots fired, by press photographer.

TRELL
NDATION

DL 89-43

Photograph No.	Description
11.	Close-up view of window (from photograph #10.) from which shots fired.
12.	View of building, 411 Elm Street, as seen from area where bullets struck President with pertinent window circled.
13.	View, looking southwest, on 6th floor, inside of building, of area of assassin's position.
14.	Dallas Police Department photograph of assassin's position on 6th floor, depicting area in its condition as found by police officers after shooting.
15.	Inside view of window through which shots fired.
16.	Dallas Police Department photograph looking southwest, of area on 6th floor from where shots fired and with two rifle hulls circled.
17.	Dallas Police Department photograph of assassin's position area on 6th floor with three discarded rifle hulls circled.
18.	Dallas Police Department photograph of box assassin sat on with palm print of LEE HARVEY OSWALD circled.
19.	Overall view of assassin's position on 6th floor, looking south.
20.	View of aisle used by assassin to leave position at window.
21.	View of general area of assassin's position, showing aisle used in leaving scene.

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Photograph No.	Description
22.	View of aisle, looking east, used by assassin in escape, on 6th floor, with area where rifle discarded in foreground.
23.	Overall view of area where rifle discarded and showing entrance to staircase used by assassin in going downstairs.
24.	Dallas Police Department photograph of rifle used by assassin in original position of discovery by Police Department on 6th floor.
25.	Staircase leading down from 6th floor, believed used by assassin in escape from building.
26.	View of stairway entrance on 2nd floor, stairs leading up to 3rd floor.
27.	View of stairway east onto 2nd floor and small office area between this east end door leading to company office area and employee lunchroom.
28.	View of entrance to area where employee lunchroom and company office area located, 2nd floor.
29.	View of employee lunchroom looking through doorway where LEE HARVEY OSWALD observed by police officer shortly after shooting.
30.	Entrance to company office, 2nd floor, through which OSWALD walked with soft drink in hand shortly after shooting.
31.	Aisle through office area, 2nd floor, used by OSWALD in escape from building.
32.	Main door company office area, 2nd floor, through which OSWALD walked.

DL 89-43

Photograph No.	Description
33.	Front stairway leading down from 2nd floor to main floor and lobby area, 411 Elm Street.
34.	Main front door of building, 411 Elm Street, looking south from inside, toward intersection of Elm and Houston Streets.
35.	Outside view main front door and steps, 411 Elm Street.
36.	View of main entrance, 411 Elm Street, and intersection of Elm and Houston Streets, looking northwest.
37.	View from northwest corner, intersection of Elm and Houston Streets, looking east up Elm Street.
38.	View of Elm Street, looking east toward area where OSWALD boarded Dallas Transit Bus.
39.	View of Lamar Street looking north, towards area where OSWALD got off bus and walked south to Greyhound Bus Station.
40.	View of Lamar Street, looking south toward Greyhound Bus Station and taxi cab stand.
41.	Greyhound Bus Station, southwest corner, Commerce and Lamar Streets.
42.	Cab stand where OSWALD obtained cab and showing intersection of Jackson and Lamar Streets, looking south where cab turned west.
43.	Houston Street viaduct over Trinity River, looking northeast toward downtown Dallas, and over which cab with OSWALD proceeded southwesterly toward Oak Cliff area of Dallas.

DL 89-43

Photograph No.	Description
44.	Intersection of Zangs and Beckley Boulevards looking southwest and where cab turned south on Beckley. (Houston Street, after crossing viaduct, becomes Zangs Boulevard.)
45.	View of intersection Davis and Beckley Streets, 5 blocks south of 1026 North Beckley, and where OSWALD left cab and walked north to 1026 North Beckley.
46.	Rooming house, 1026 North Beckley, where OSWALD resided under name of O. H. LEE, and where he entered about 1:00 PM and left shortly thereafter.
47.	View of area in 400 block East Tenth Street, where OSWALD shot and killed, with a .38 caliber snub-nosed revolver, Dallas Police Department Officer J. D. TIPPIT at about 1:17 PM. Officer TIPPIT's car seen on left in position as found.
48.	View of Police Officer TIPPIT's blood stains on pavement and front end of Officer TIPPIT's patrol car in 400 block of East Tenth Street.
49.	View from 400 block East Tenth Street, looking west in direction OSWALD fled after killing police officer.
50.	View of West Jefferson Boulevard looking east, up which OSWALD fled in westerly direction towards Texas Theater.
51.	Texas Theater, 231 West Jefferson Boulevard, into which OSWALD fled and where apprehended.

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Photograph No.	Description
52.	Inside view Texas Theater, showing area where OSWALD located and apprehended at about 2:00 PM, November 22, 1963.
53.	Dallas Police Department identification photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.
54.	Dallas Police Department photograph of rifle used by assassin.
55.	Dallas Police Department photograph of evidence, including .38 caliber snub-nosed revolver used by OSWALD in killing police officer. This evidence was turned over to the FBI for FBI Laboratory examination.
56. - 76.	Dallas Police Department photographs of items found in possession of LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the time of apprehension, including the following:

A. Selective Service notice of classification for ALEK JAMES HIDELL, addressed for Embassy, USSR, Washington, D. C.

B. Certificate of service in United States Marine Corps for ALEK JAMES HIDELL.

C. Membership card in the Fair Play For Cuba Committee, New Orleans Chapter.

D. Selective Service notice of classification for LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

E. Certificate of Service, United States Marine Corps for LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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Photograph No.	Description
F.	Identification Card, United States Forces, Japan, for LEE HARVEY OSWALD.
G.	Social Security Card for LEE HARVEY OSWALD.
H.	Uniformed Service Identification and Privilege Card for LEE HARVEY OSWALD.
I.	Fair Play For Cuba Committee card issued to LEE H. OSWALD.
J.	Dallas Public Library card for LEE HARVEY OSWALD.
K.	Photograph of woman believed identical with MARINA OSWALD.
L.	Numerous photographs of small baby and of OSWALD in uniform of United States Marine Corps.
77.	Photograph from Dallas Morning News, taken November 24, 1963, depicting JACK LEON RUBY lunging toward LEE HARVEY OSWALD just prior to RUBY shooting OSWALD.
78.	Photograph from Dallas Times Herald depicting LEE HARVEY OSWALD at instant just after being shot by JACK LEON RUBY, who was seen to the right of OSWALD with gun still in hand.
79.	Dallas Police Department photograph of the deceased LEE HARVEY OSWALD.
80.	Dallas Police Department identification photograph of JACK LEON RUBY.

Note: The above numbered photographs were taken by SA ROBERT M. BARRETT on November 23, 1963.

13, 15, 19, 21, 22, 23, 25-34, 51.

Photographs taken by SA IVAN D. LEE on November 25, 1963:

1-6, 8, 9, 12, 35-46, 49, 50.

Photographs taken by Lieutenant CARL DAY, November 22, 1963, Crime Scene Search Section, Identification Bureau, Dallas Police Department:

14, 16, 17, 18, 24, 47, 48, 52.

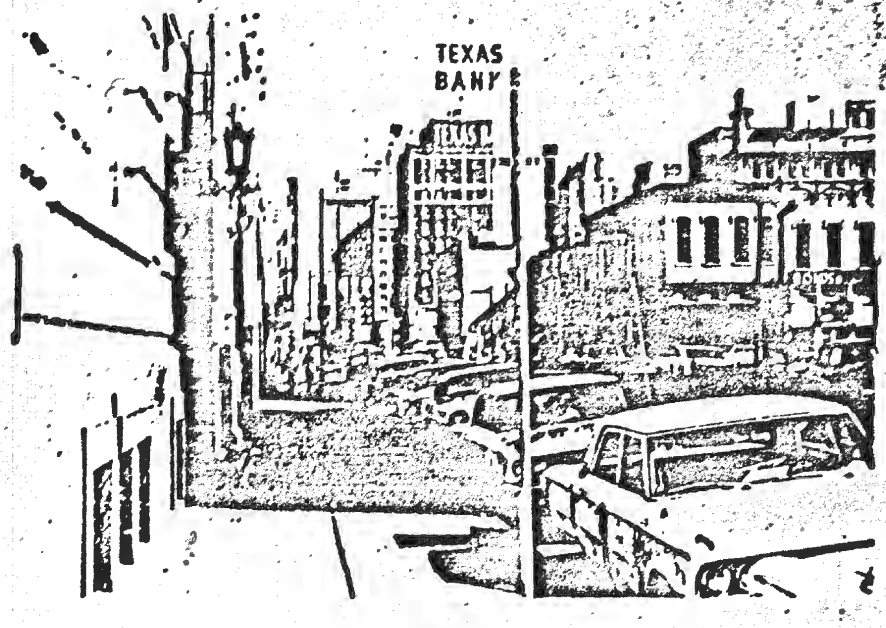
Photographs taken by Crime Scene Search Section, Dallas Police Department:

53-76, 79, 80.

Photographs taken by press photographers:

7, 10, 11, 77, 78.

DL 89-43



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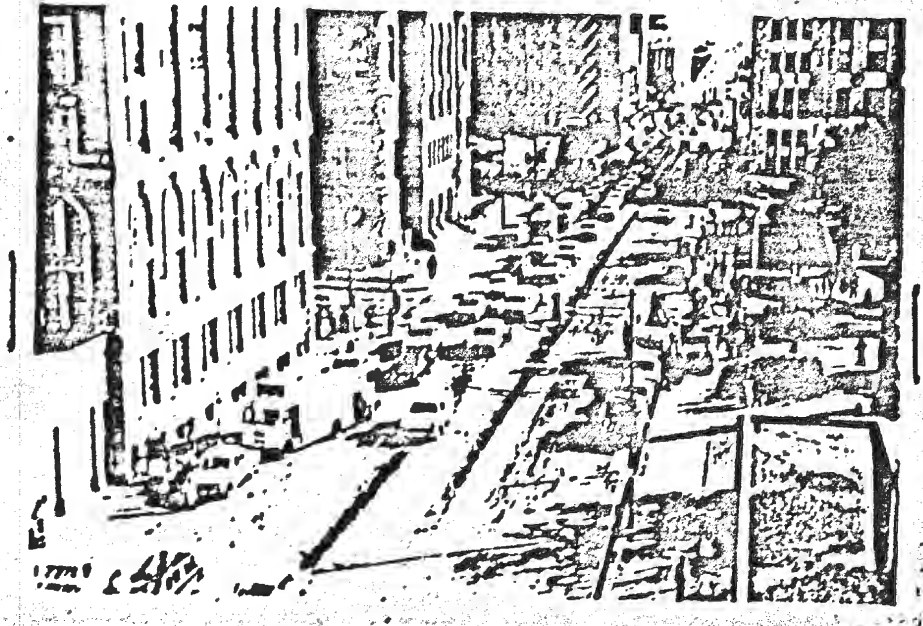

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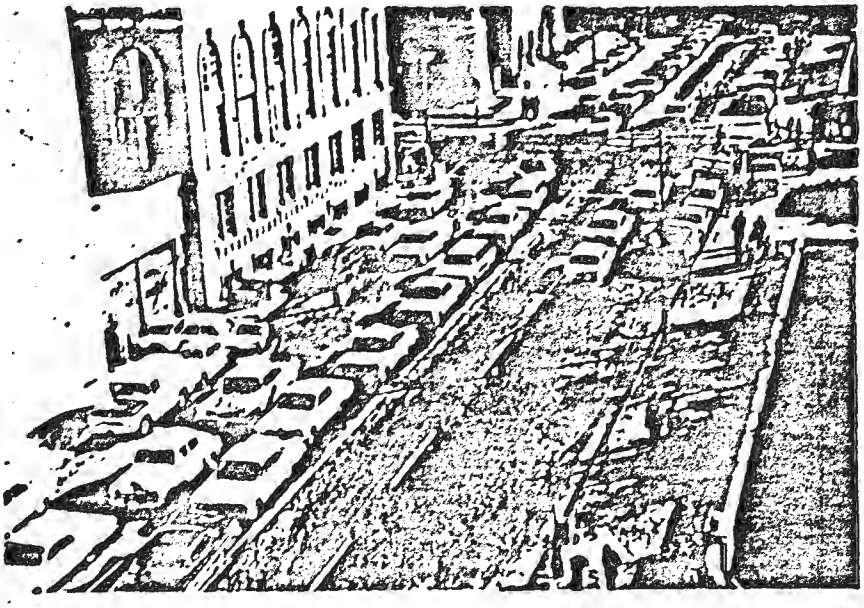
DL 89-43



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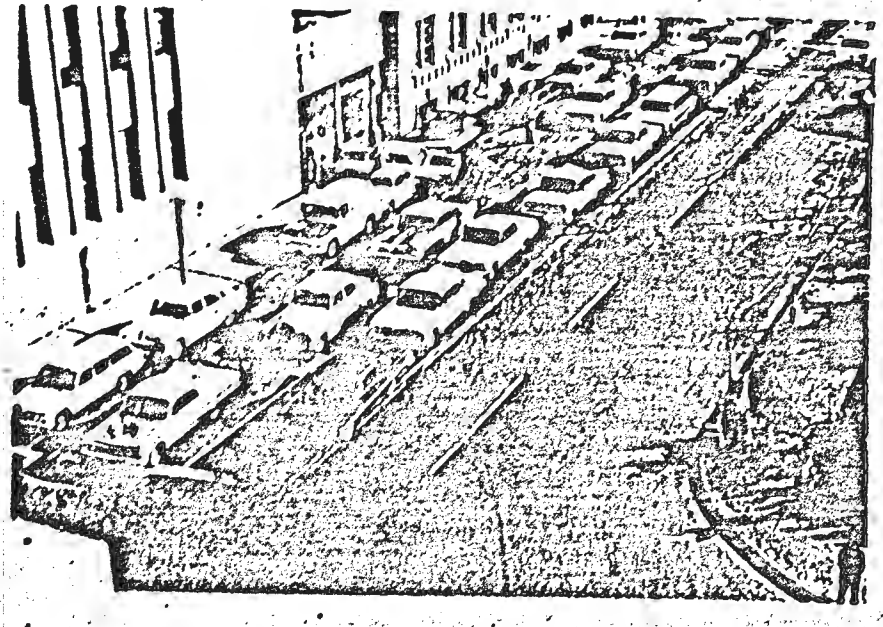

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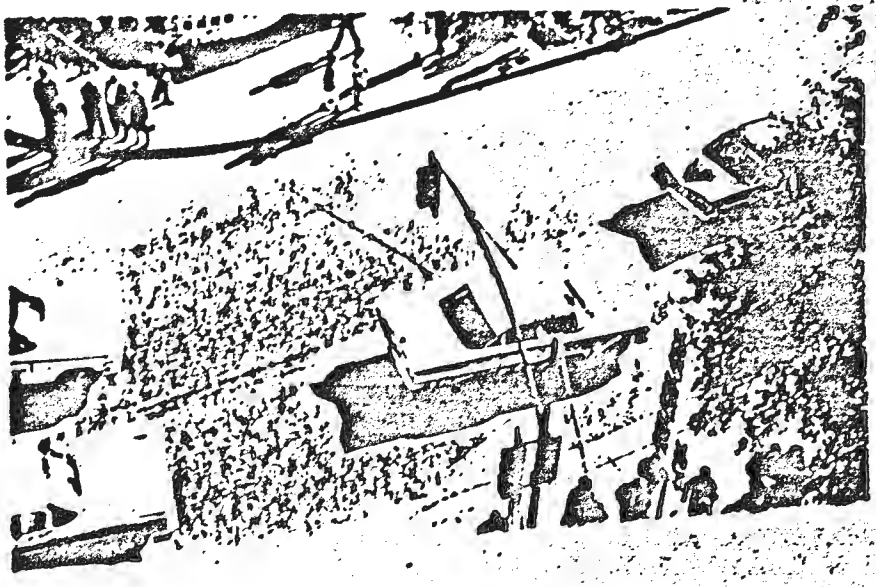
DL 89-13



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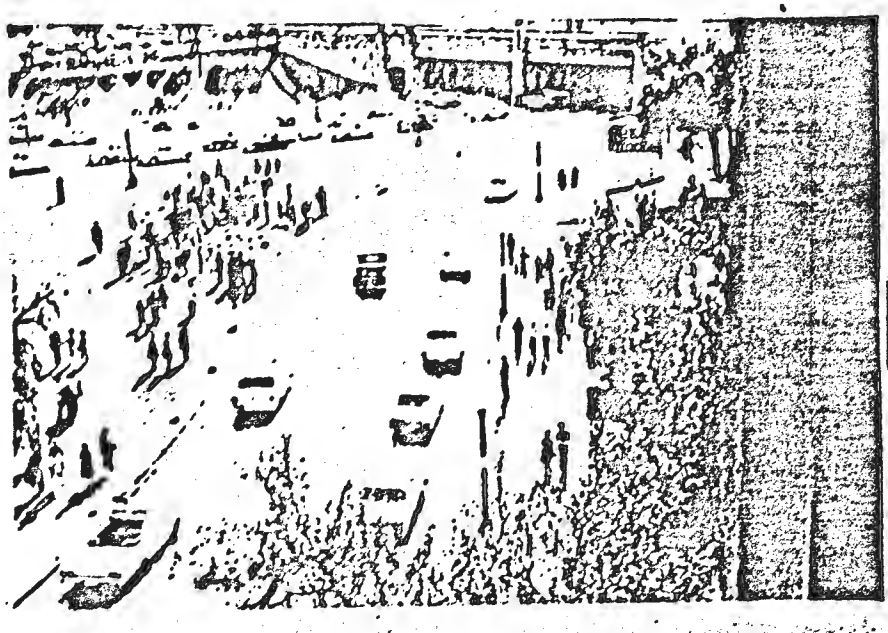

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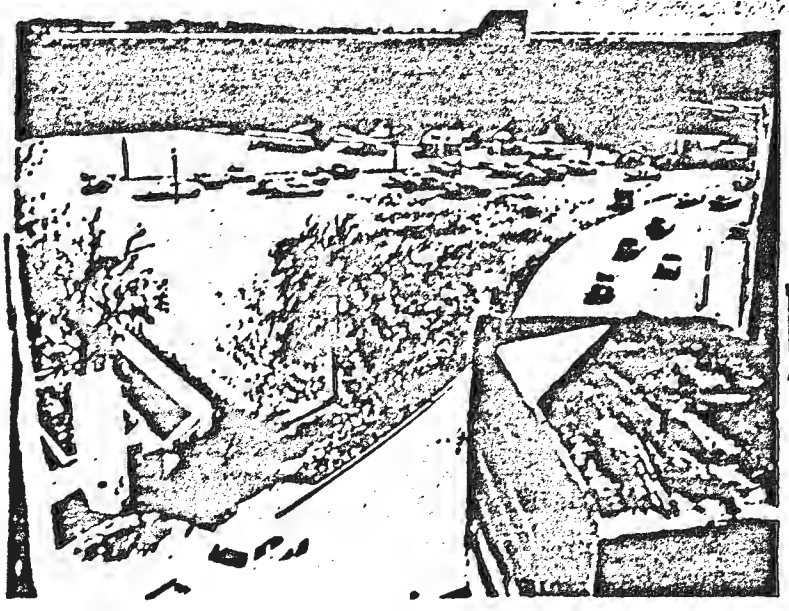

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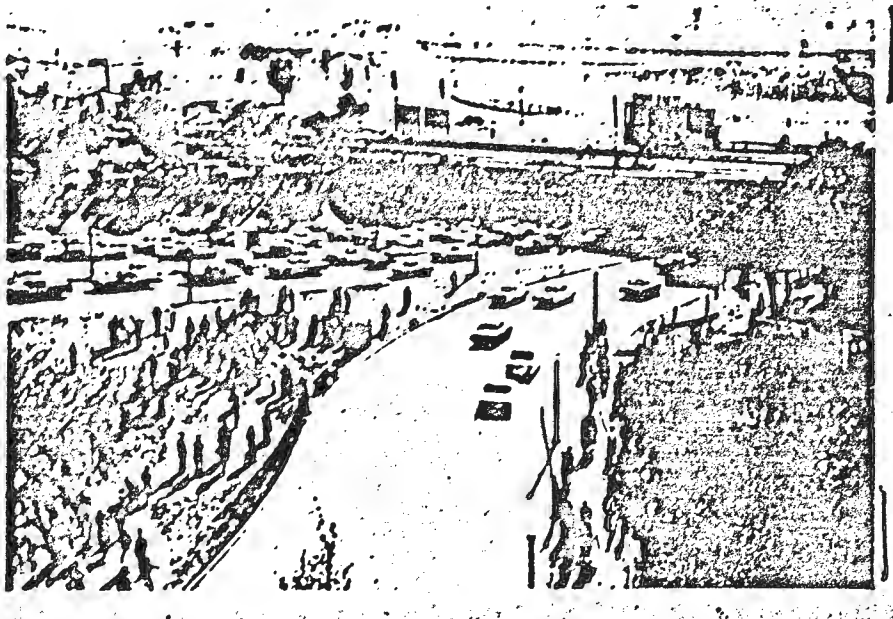

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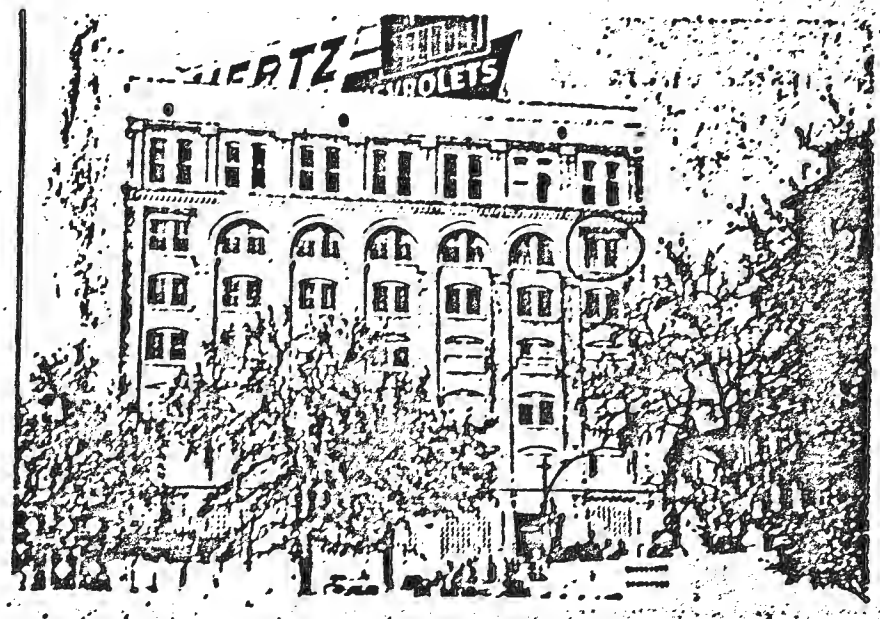

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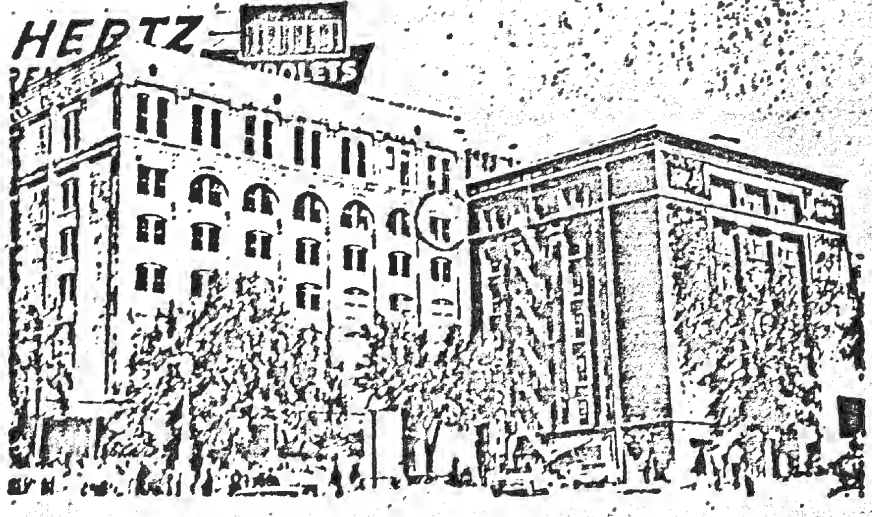

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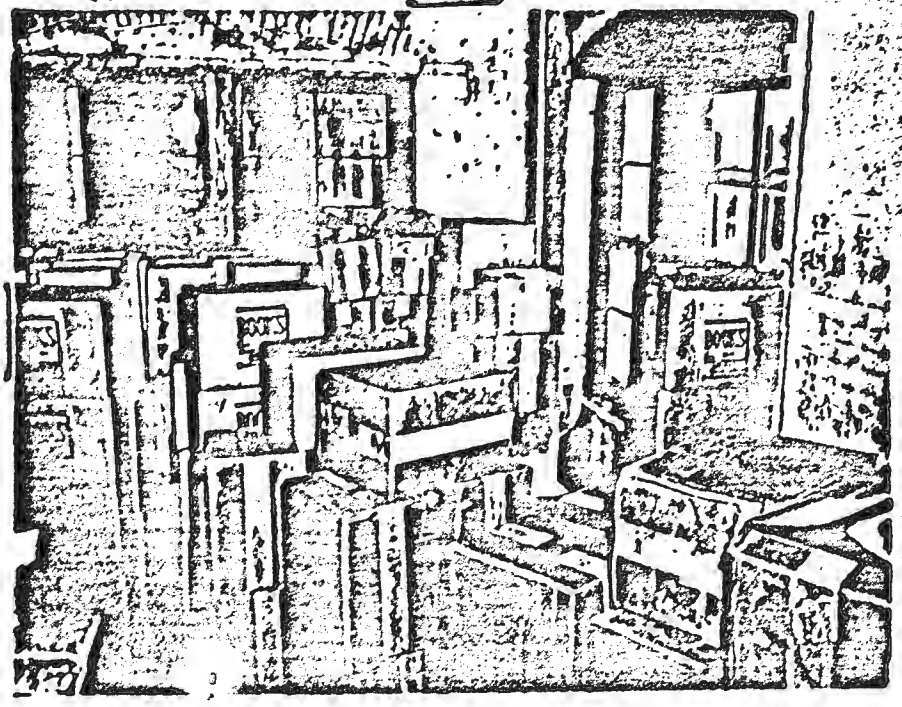

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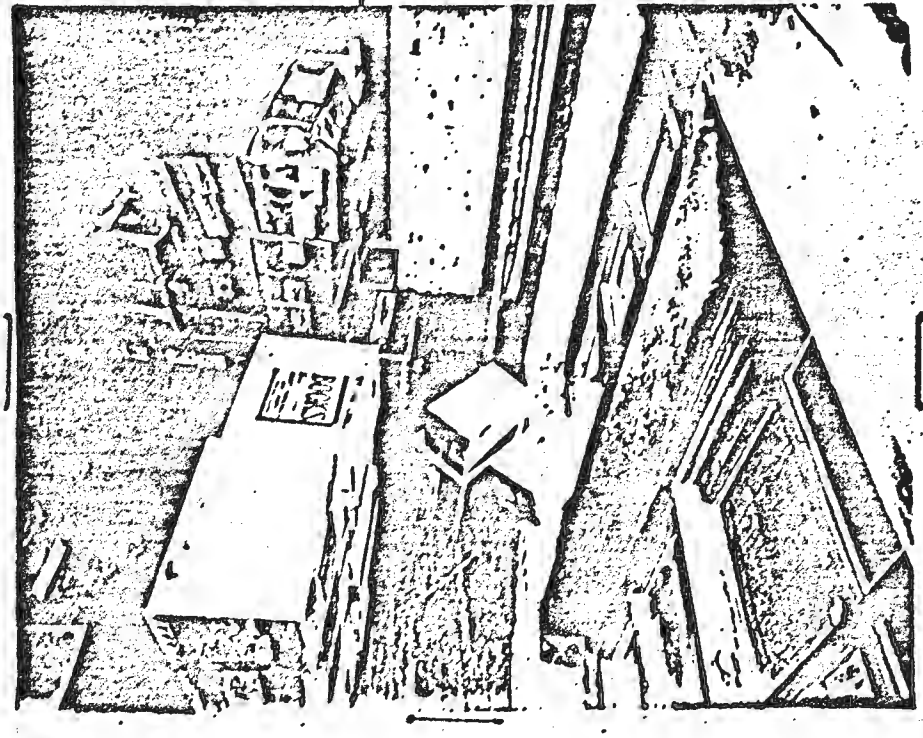

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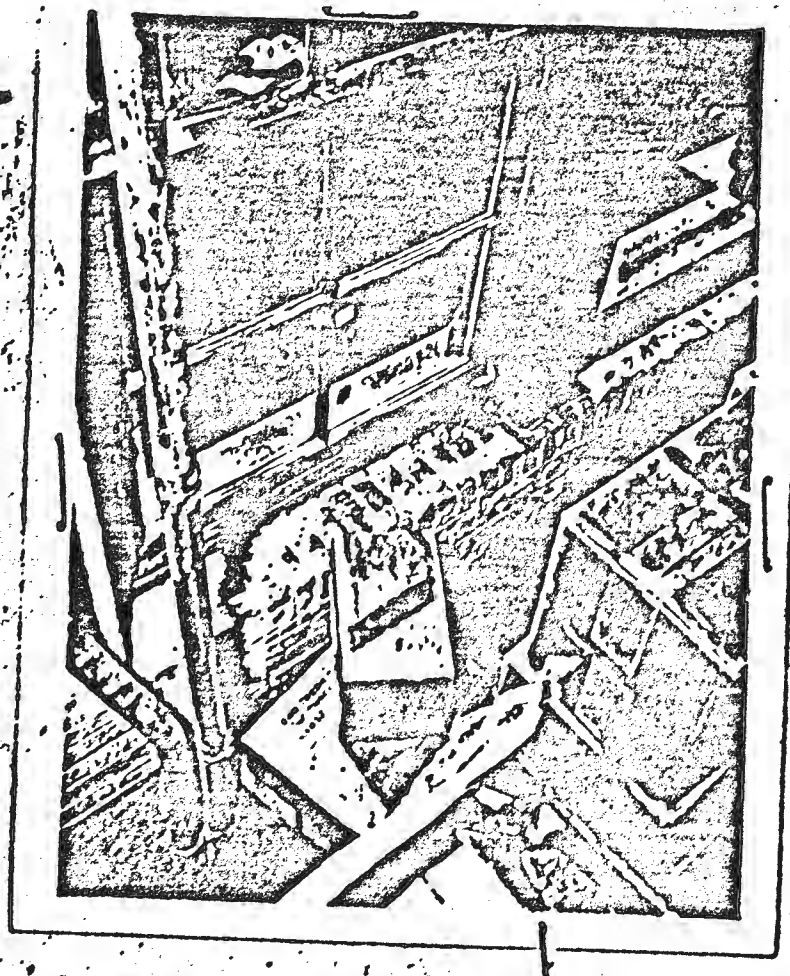

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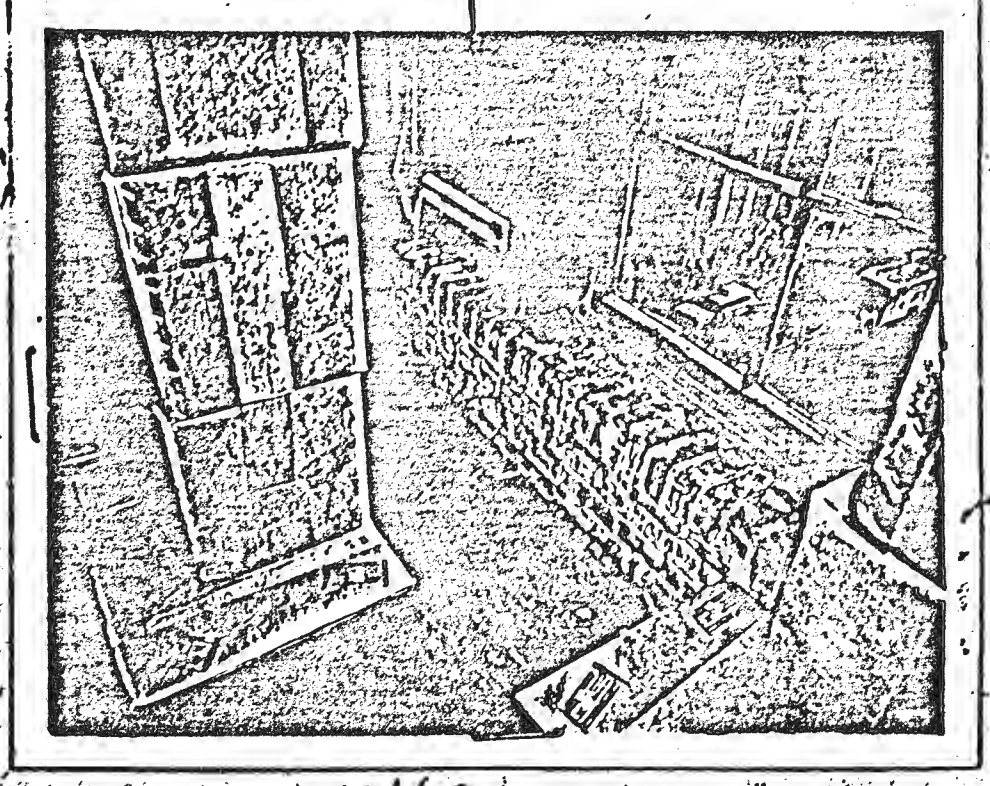

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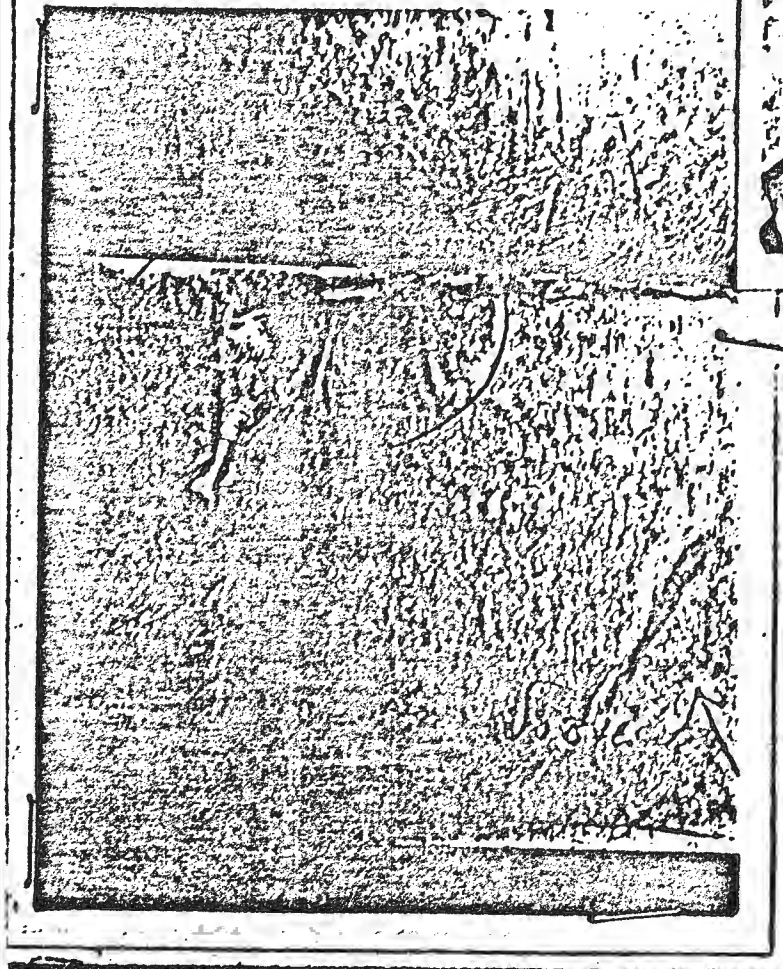

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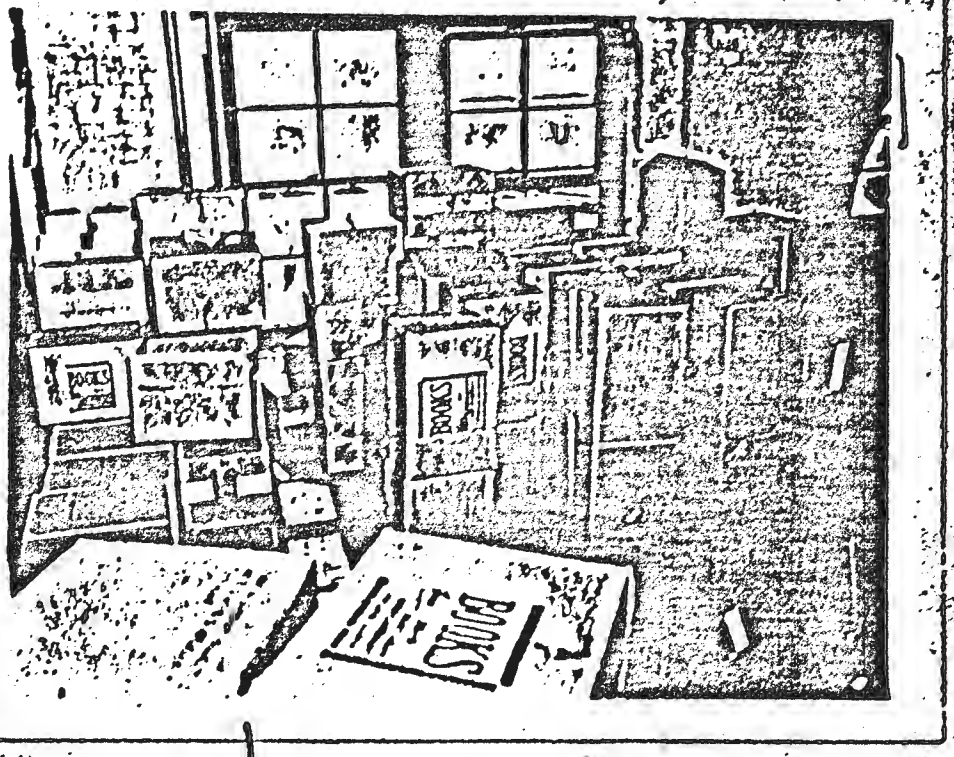

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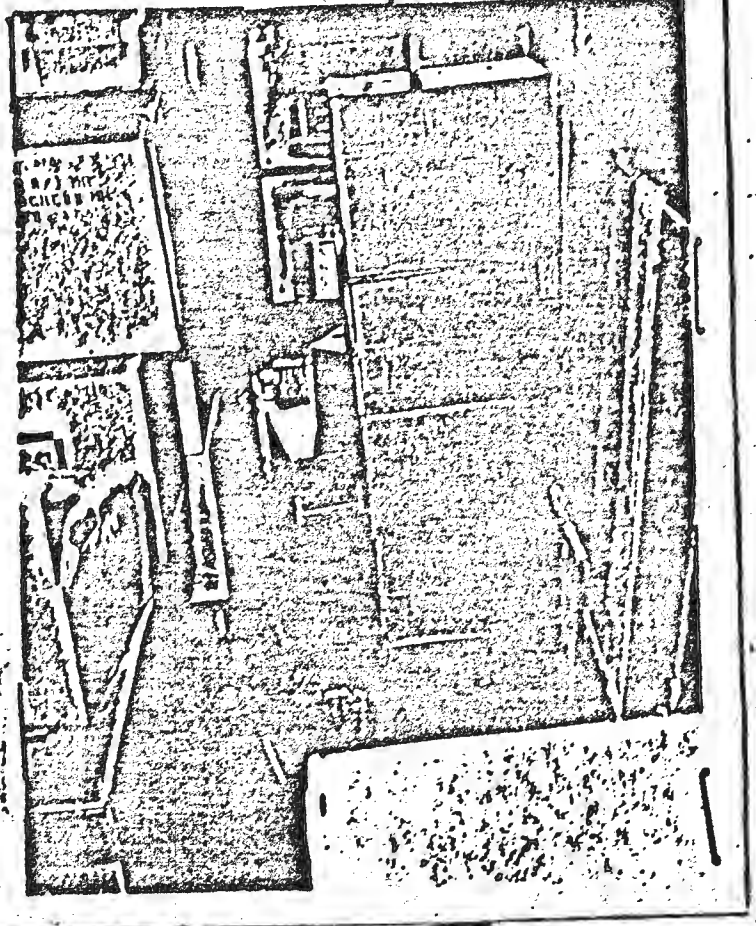

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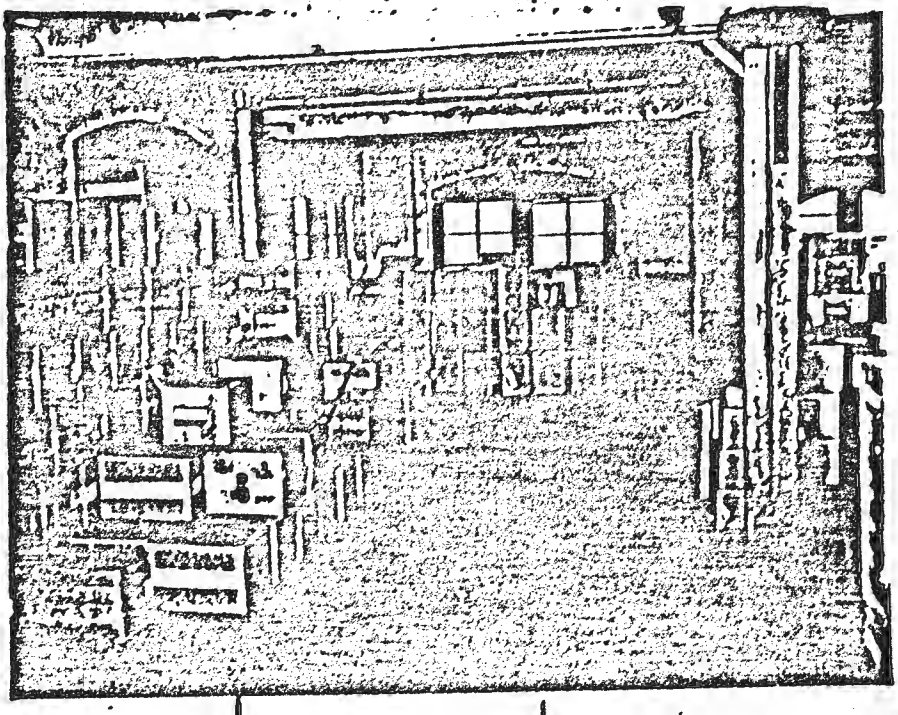

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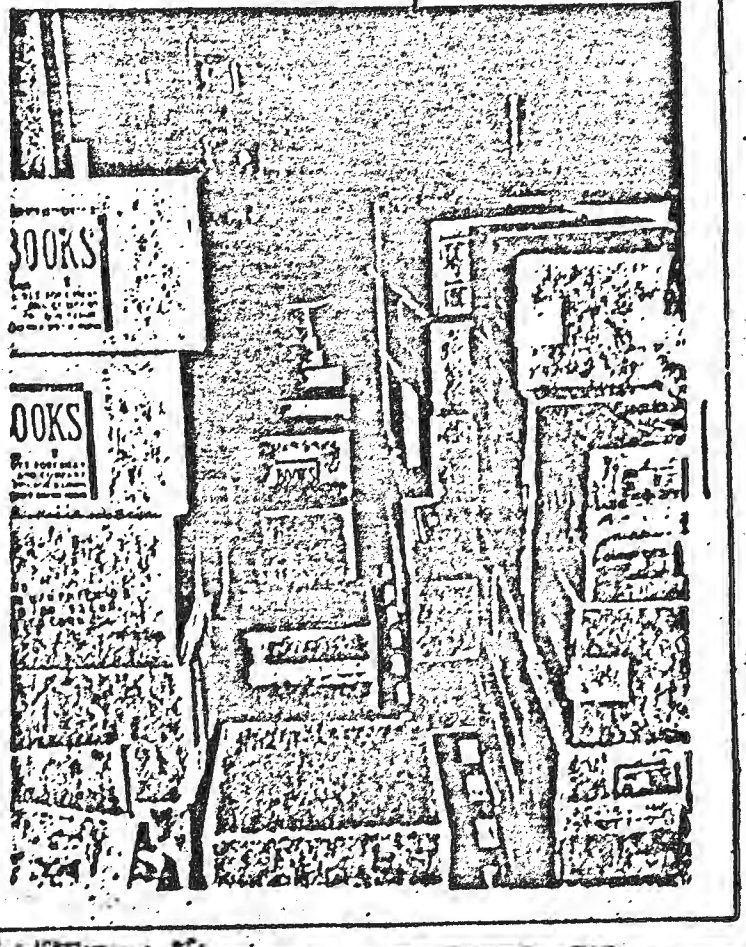

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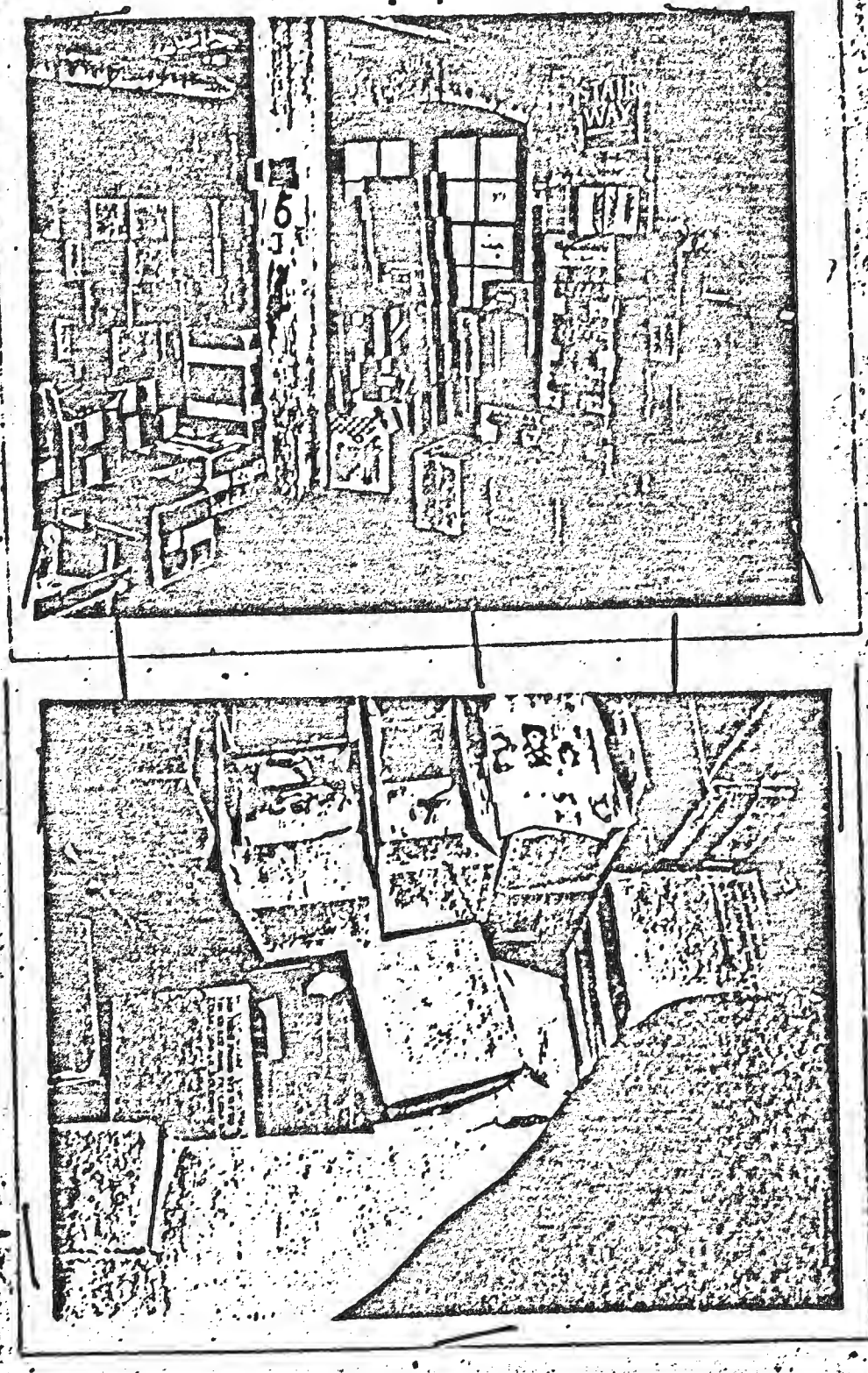

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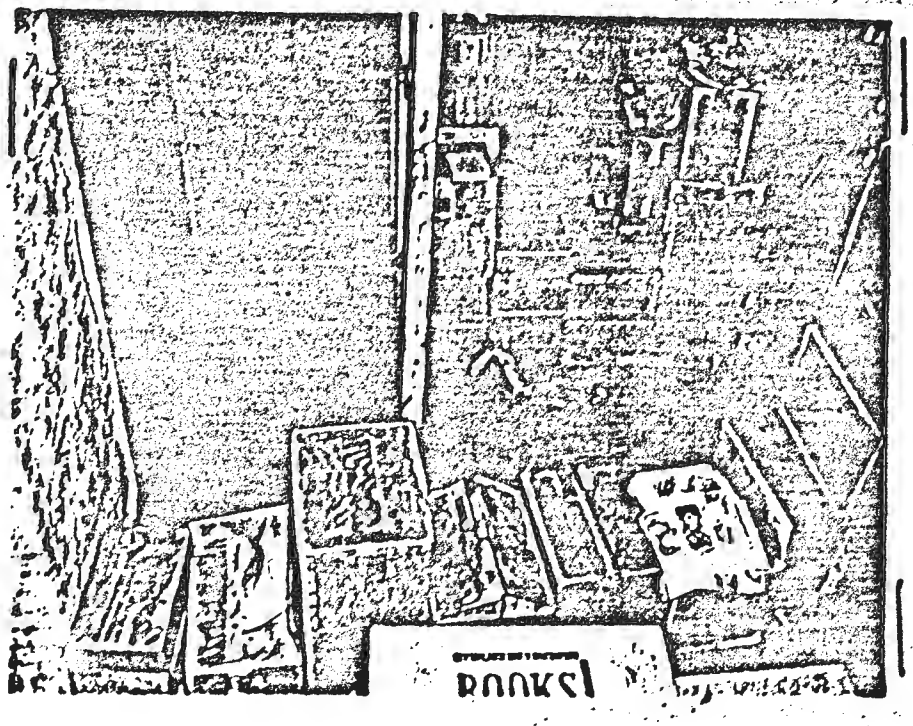

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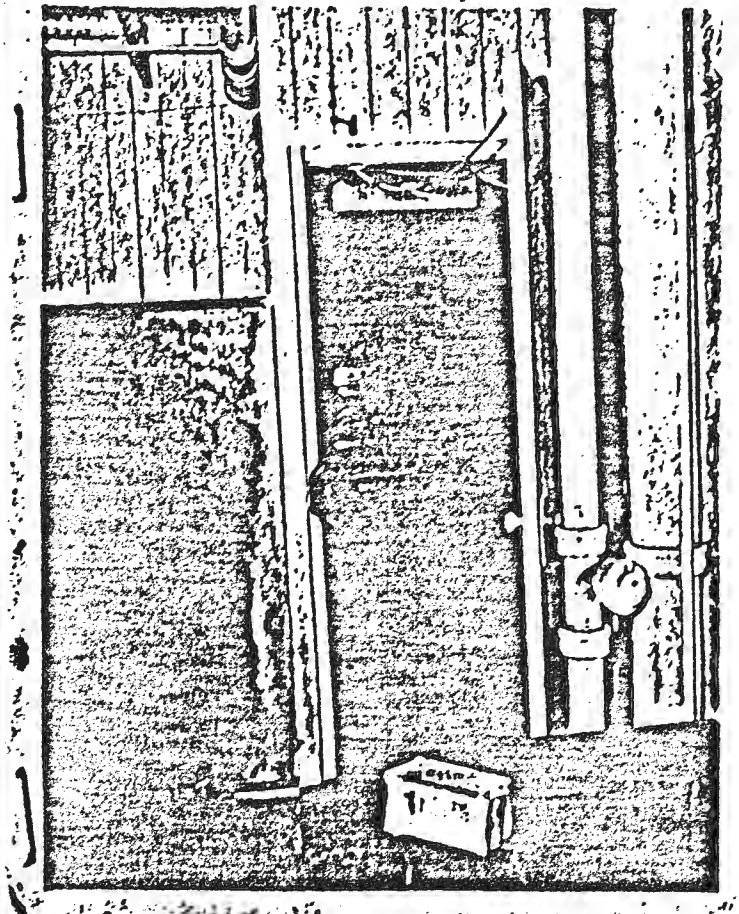

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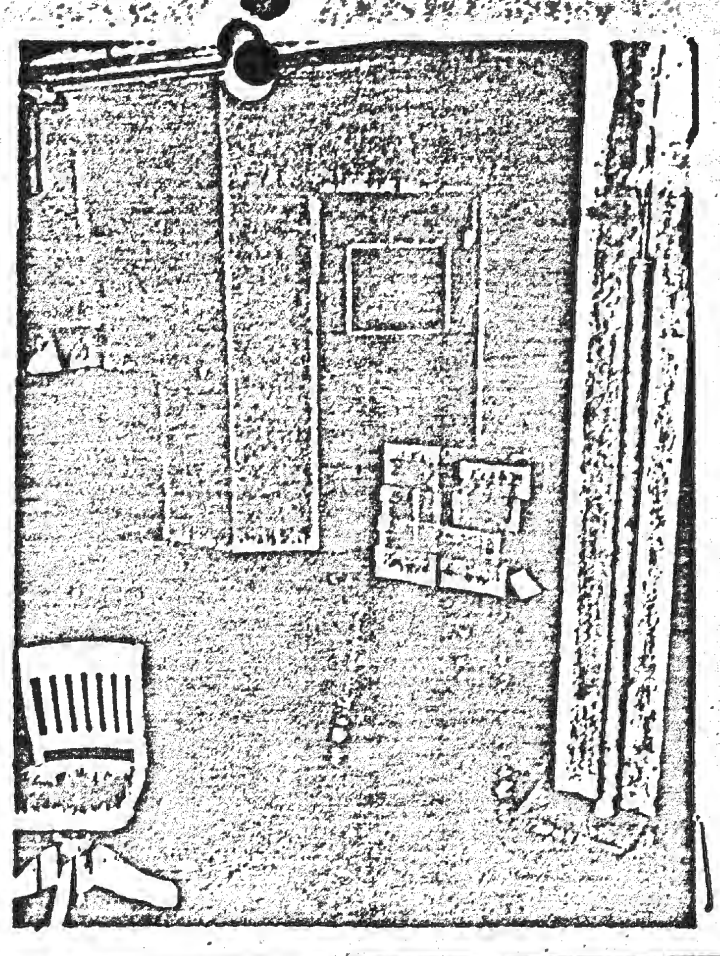

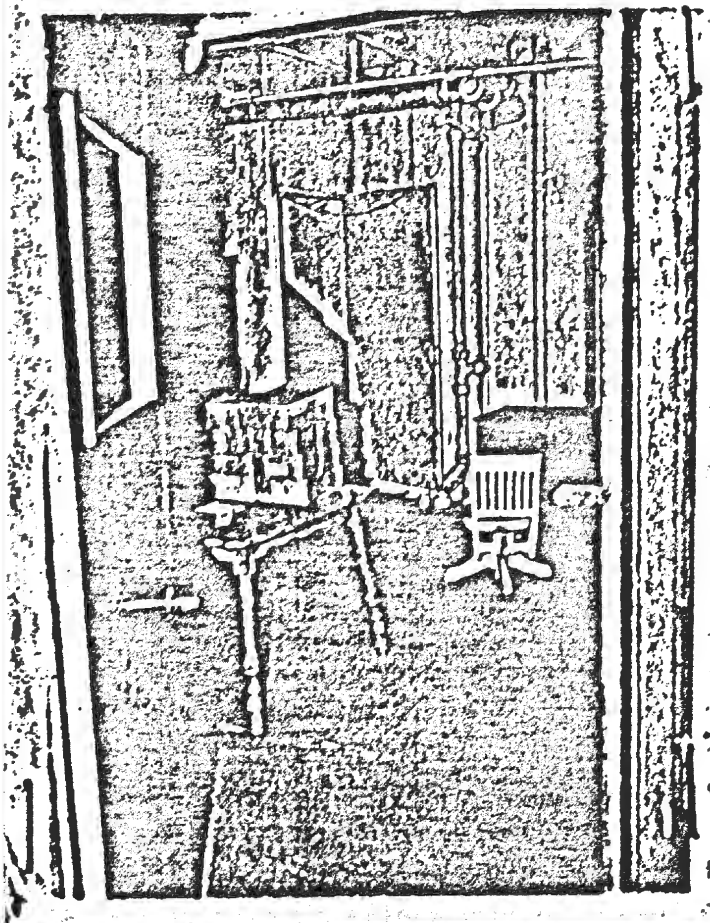

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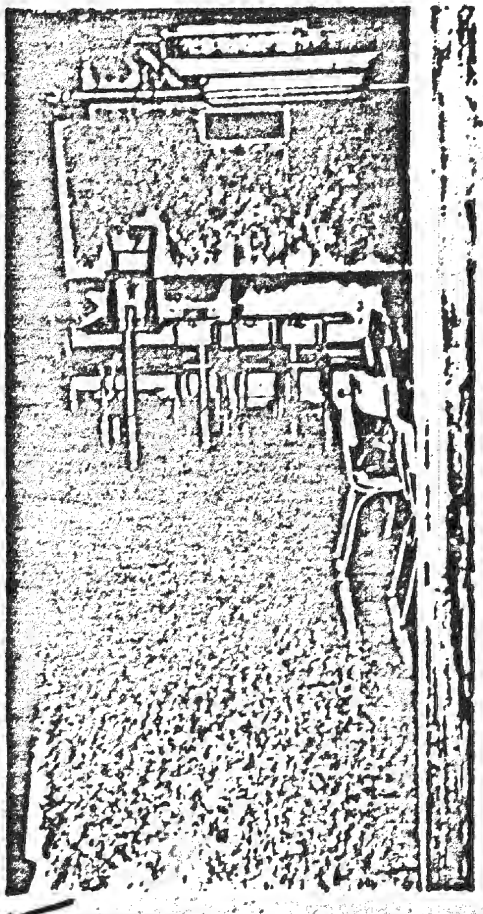

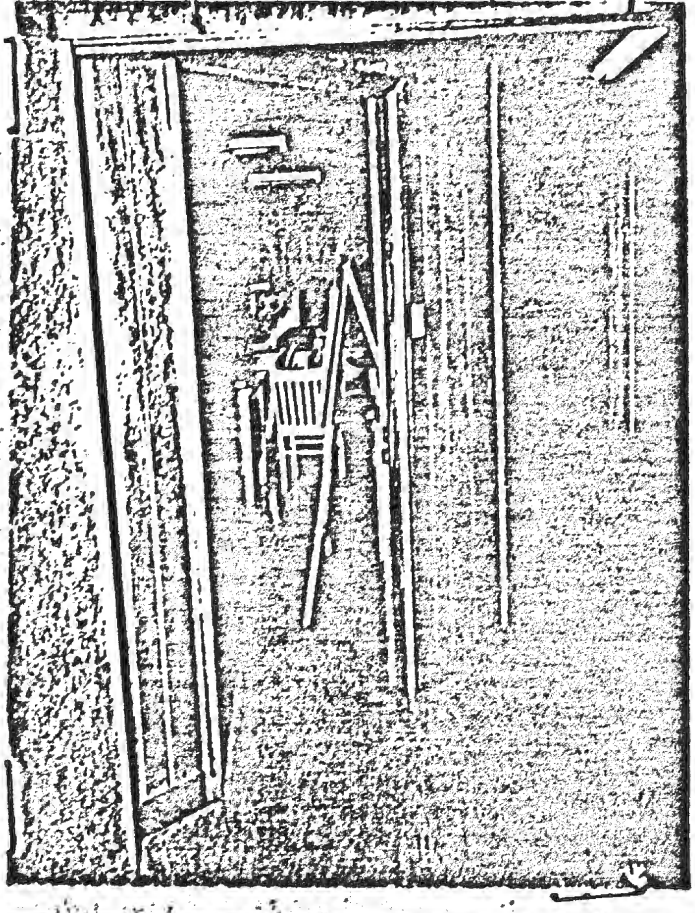

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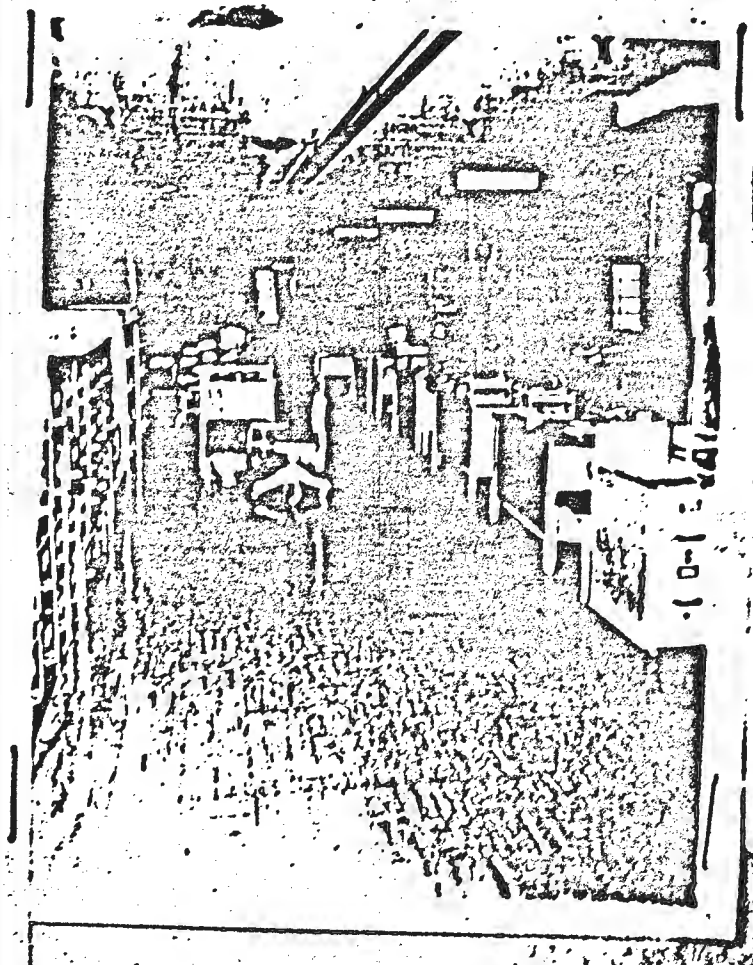

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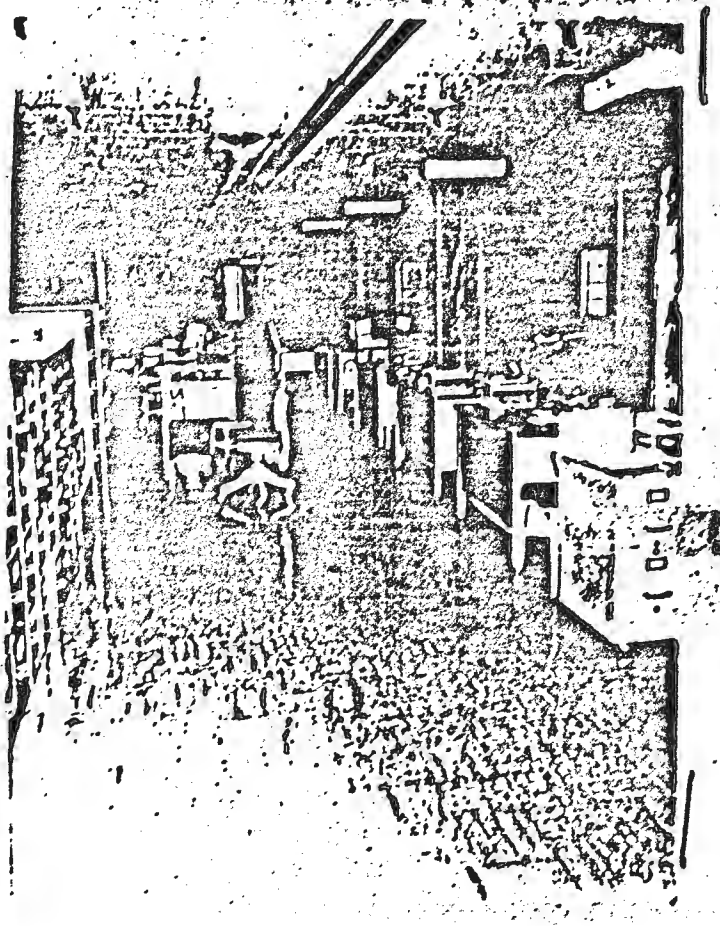

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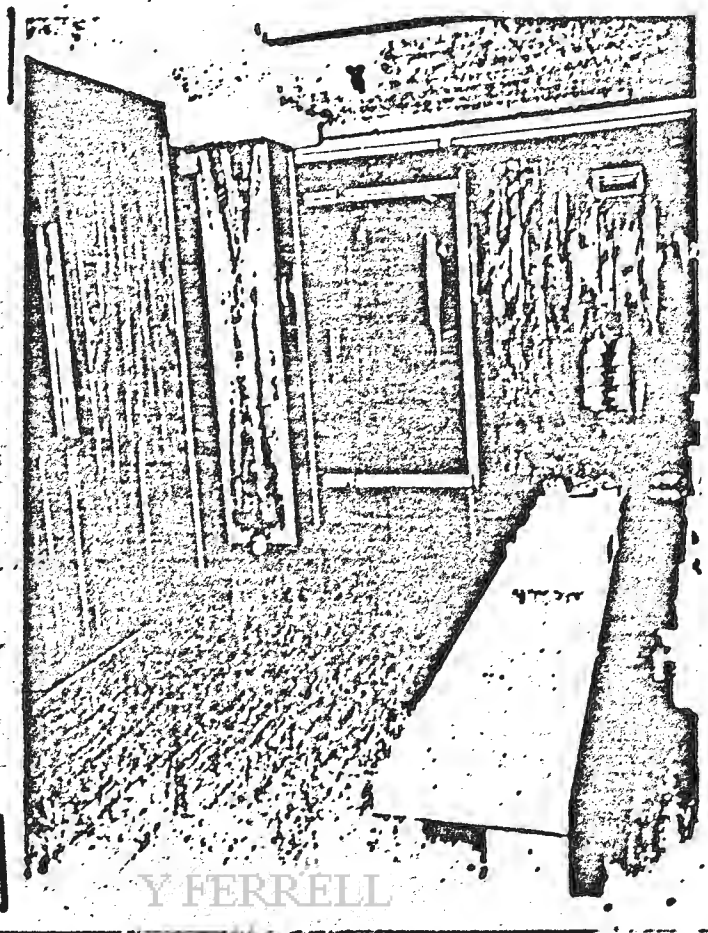

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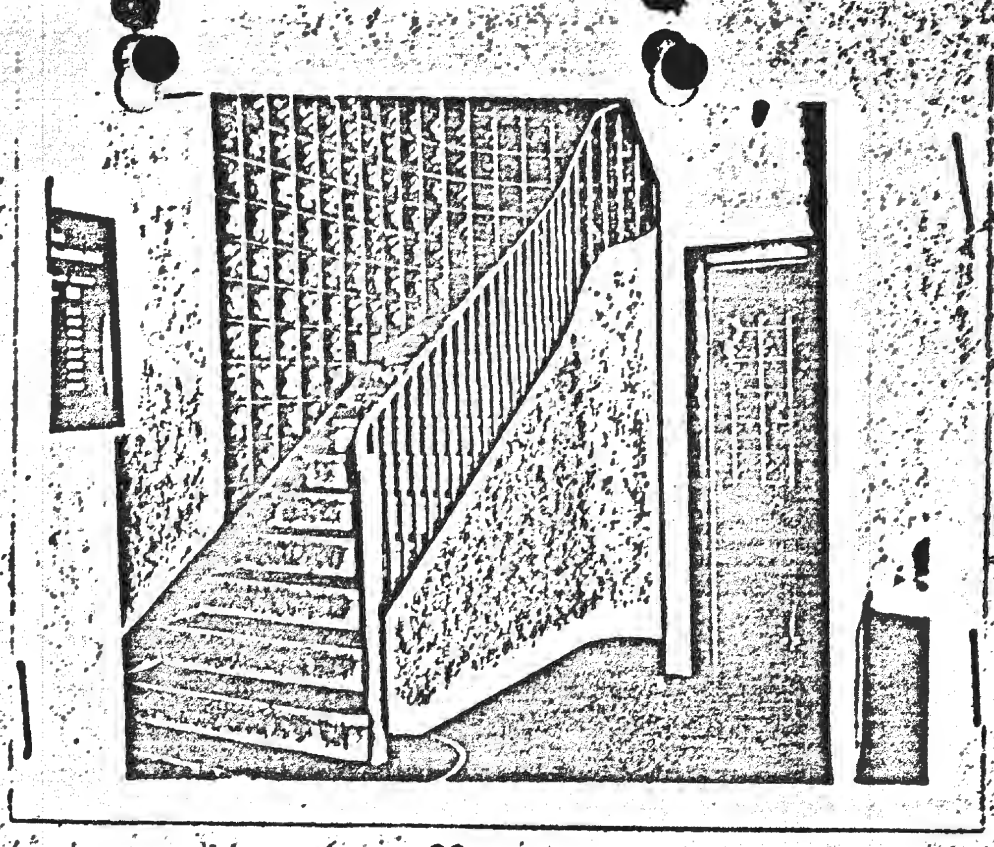

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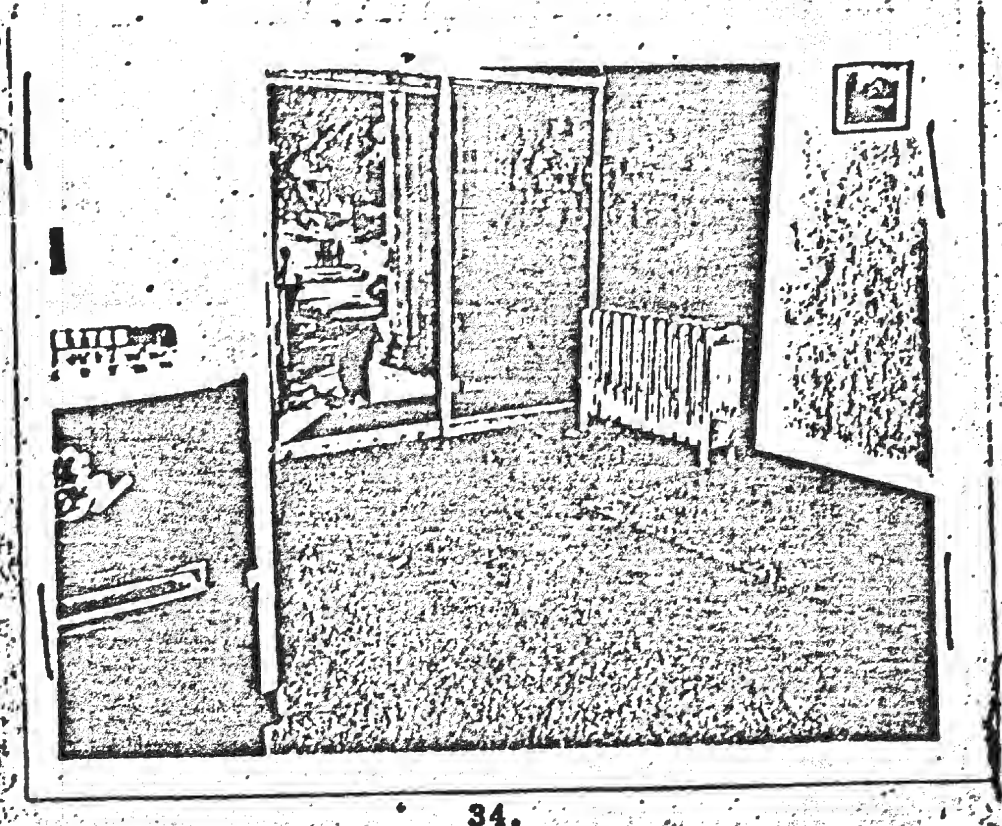

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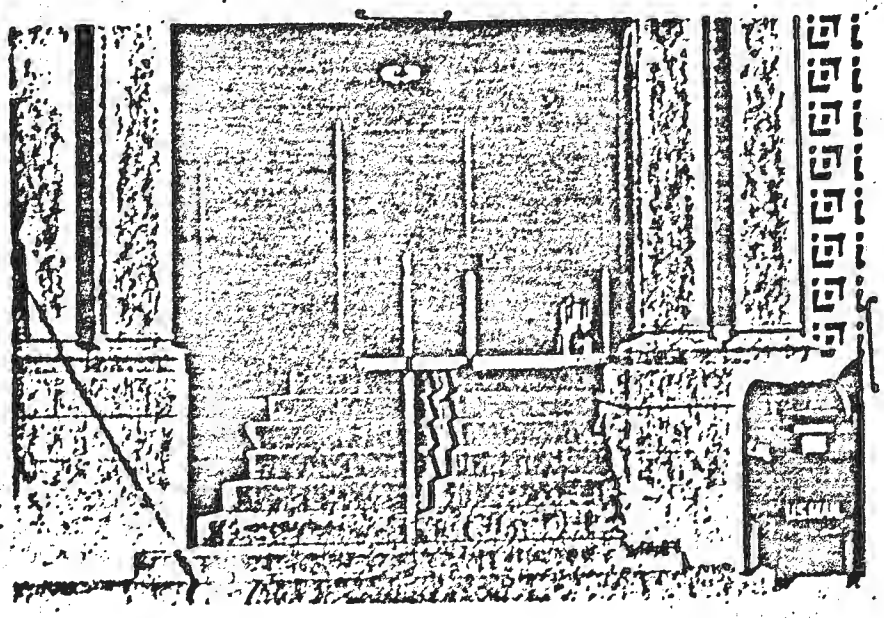

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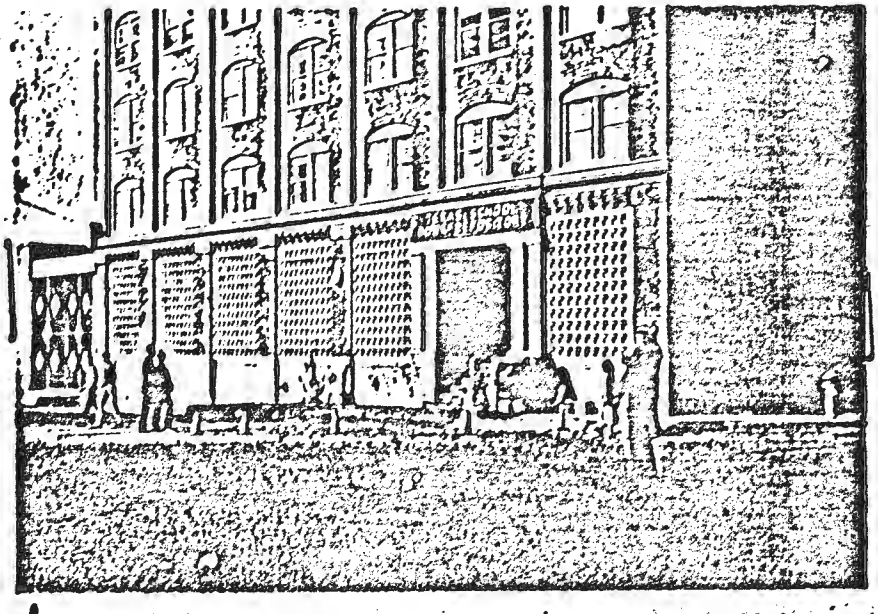

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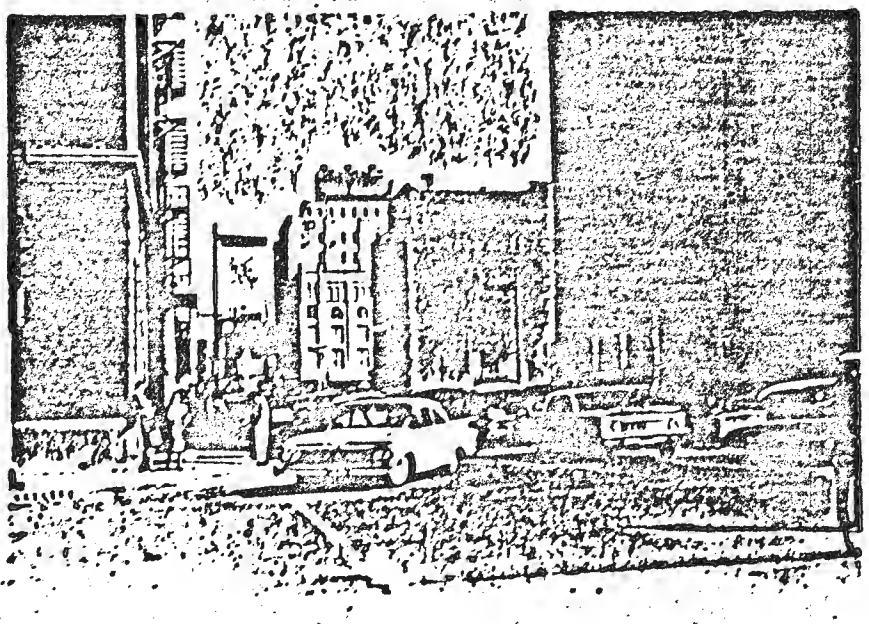

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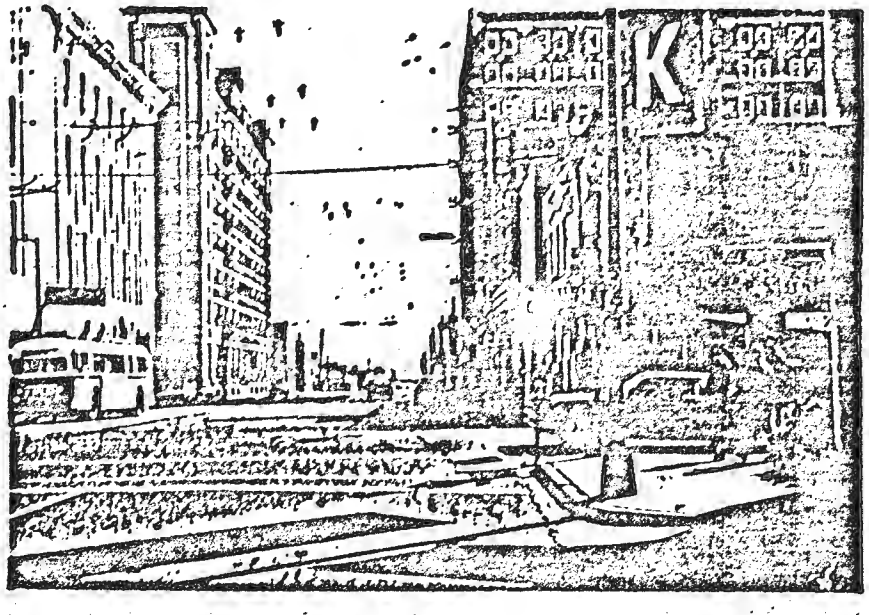

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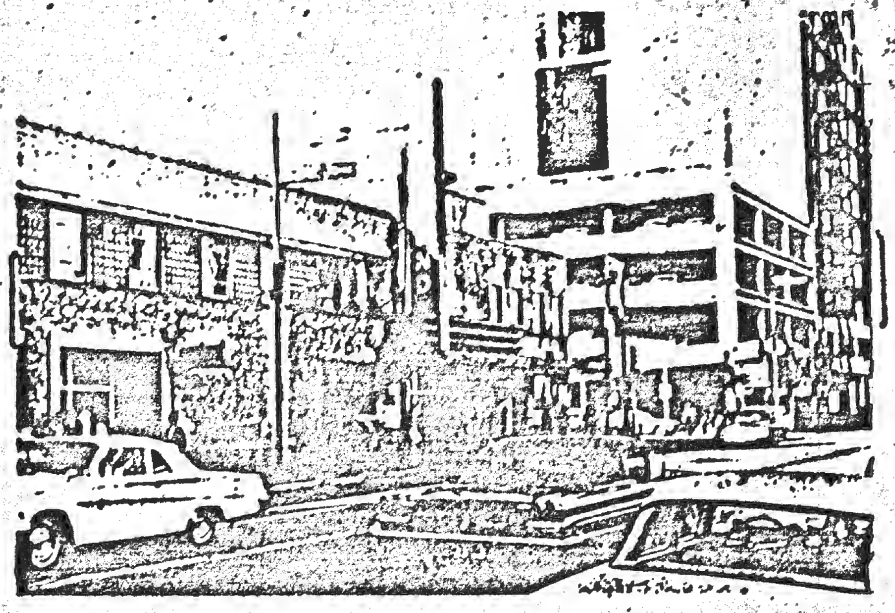

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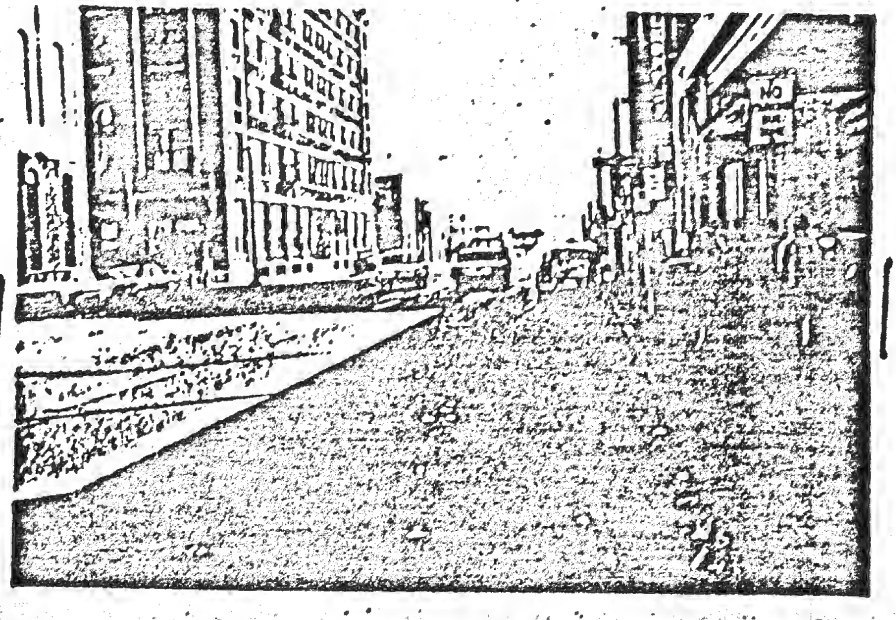

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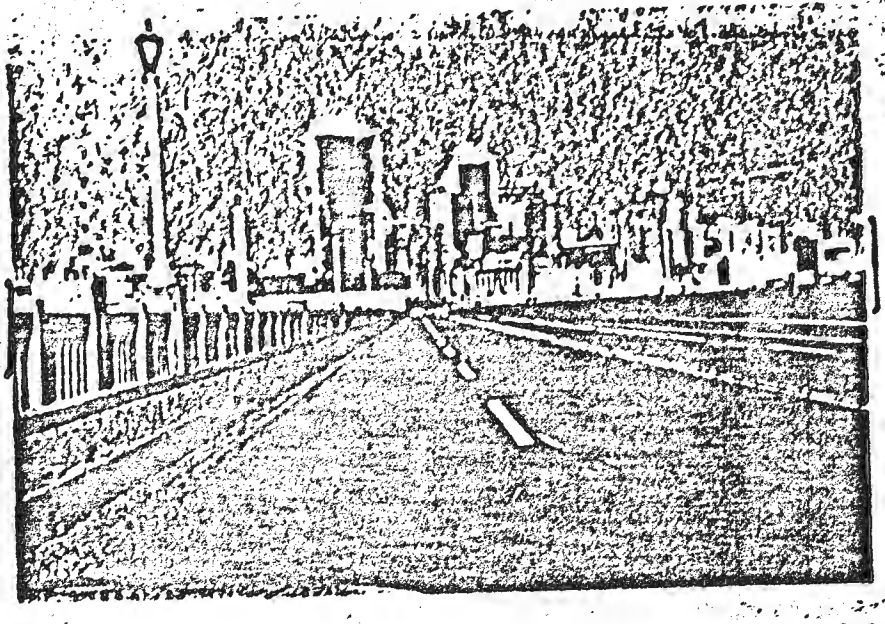

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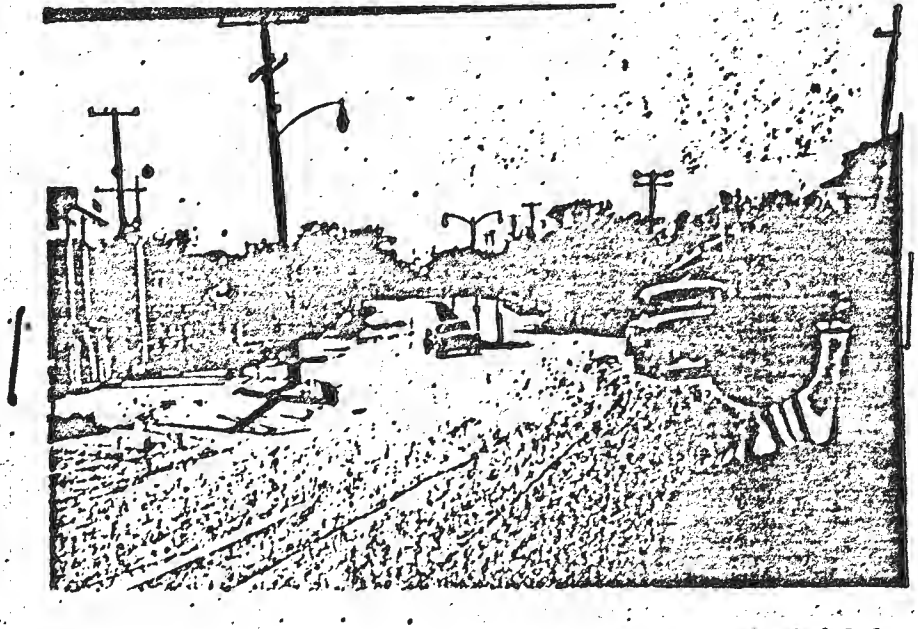

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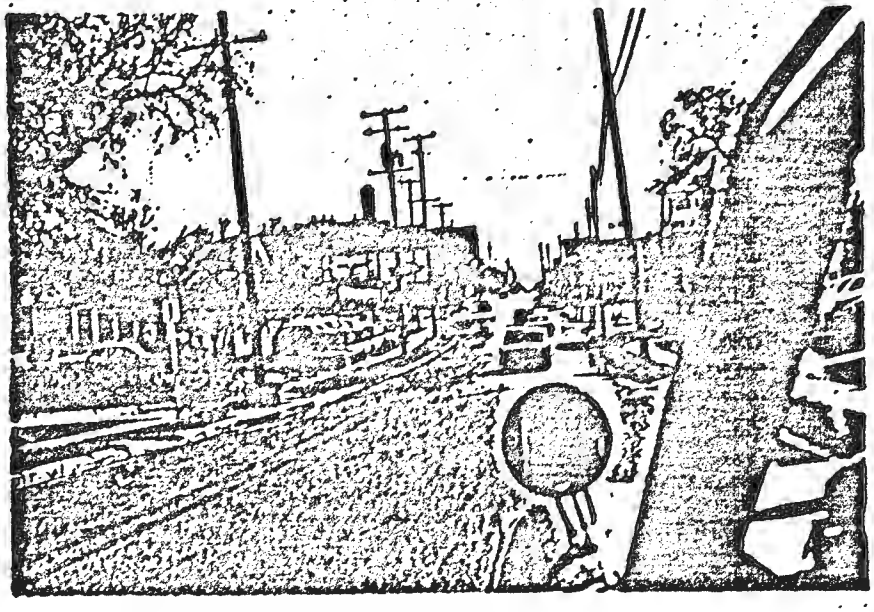

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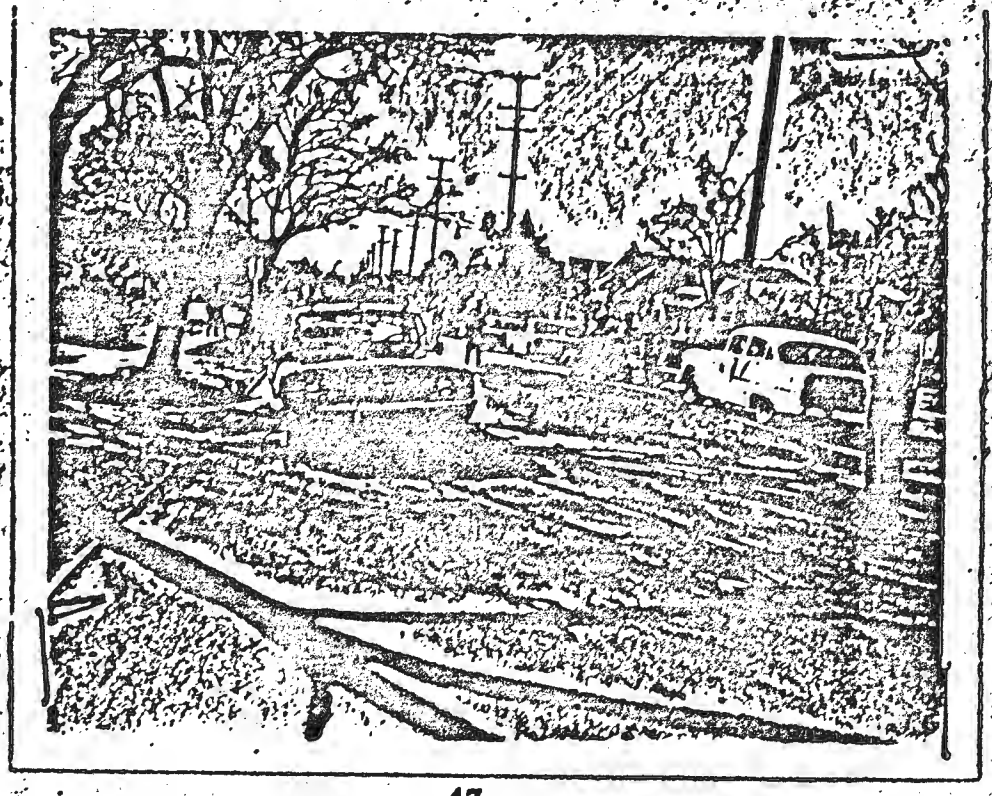

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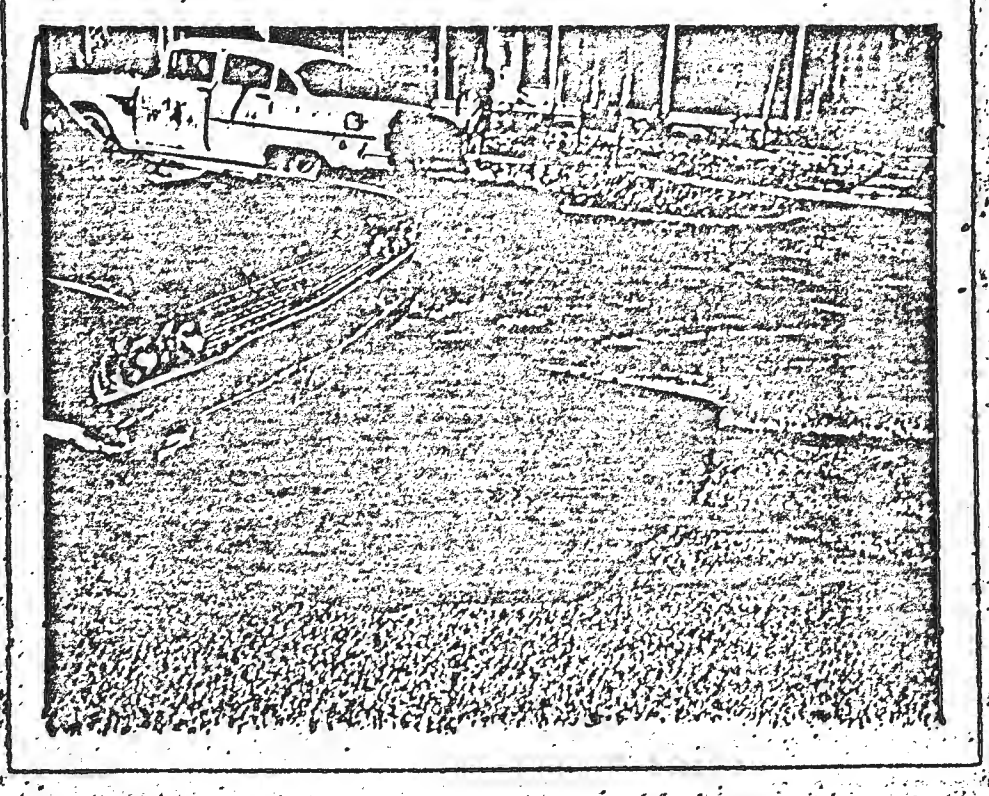

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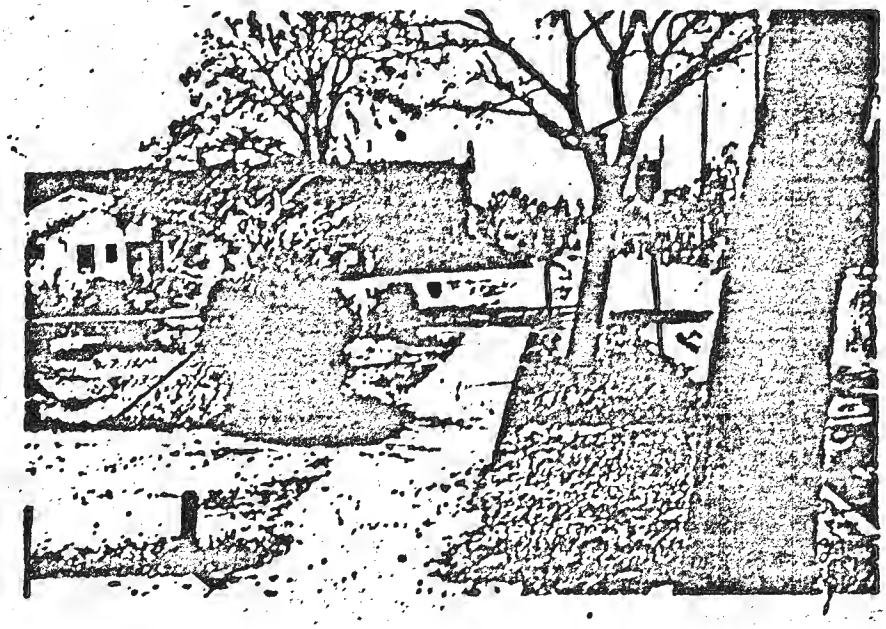

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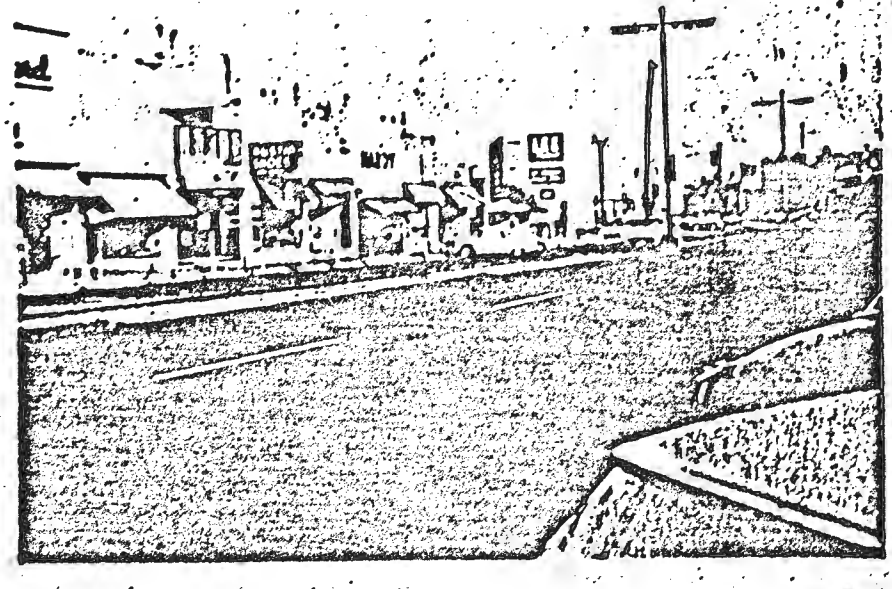

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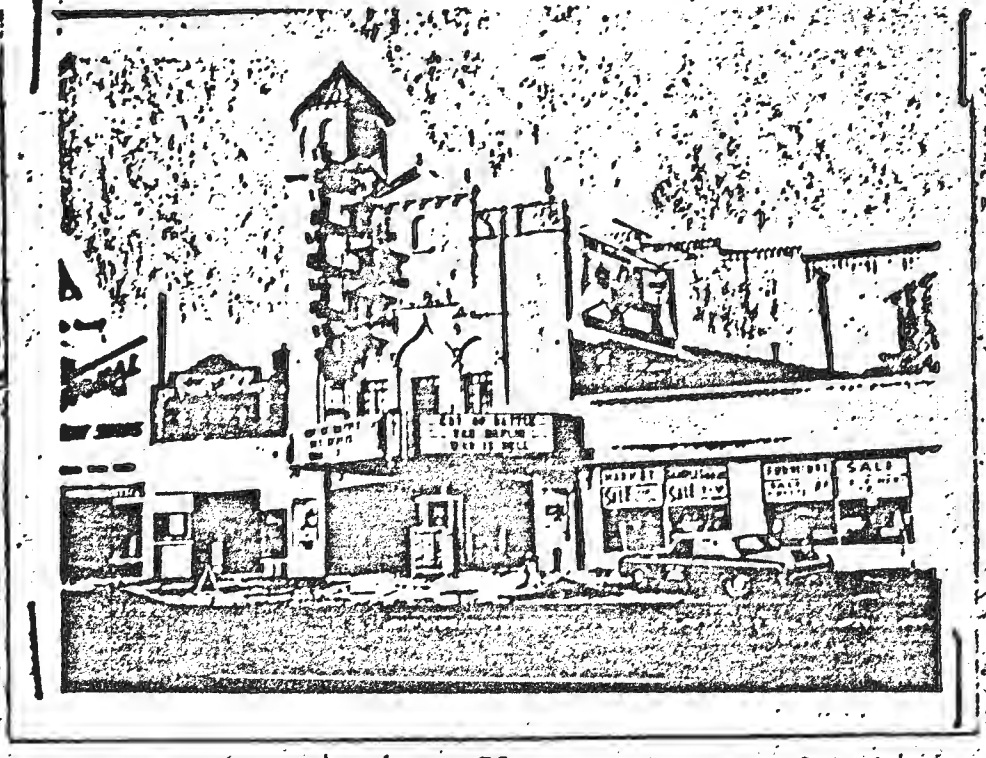

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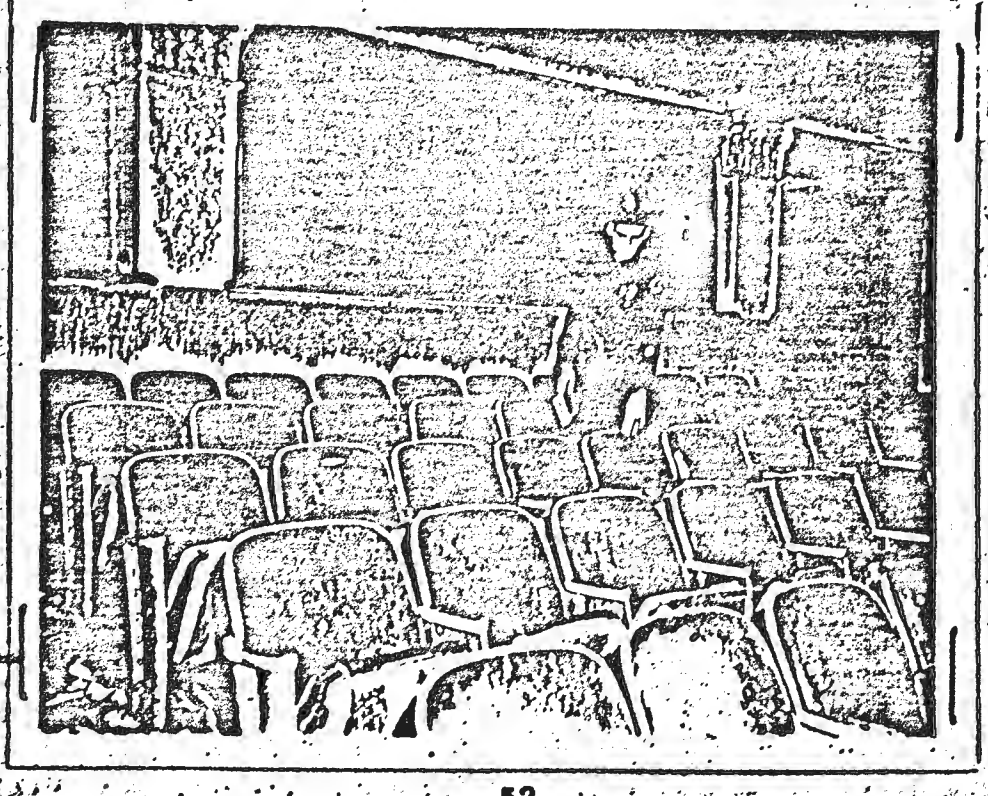

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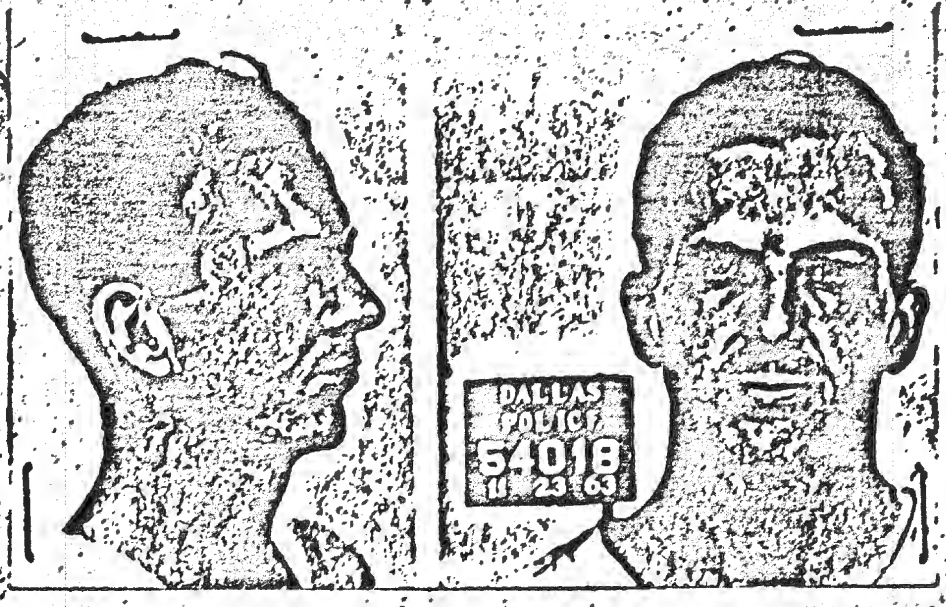

53,

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

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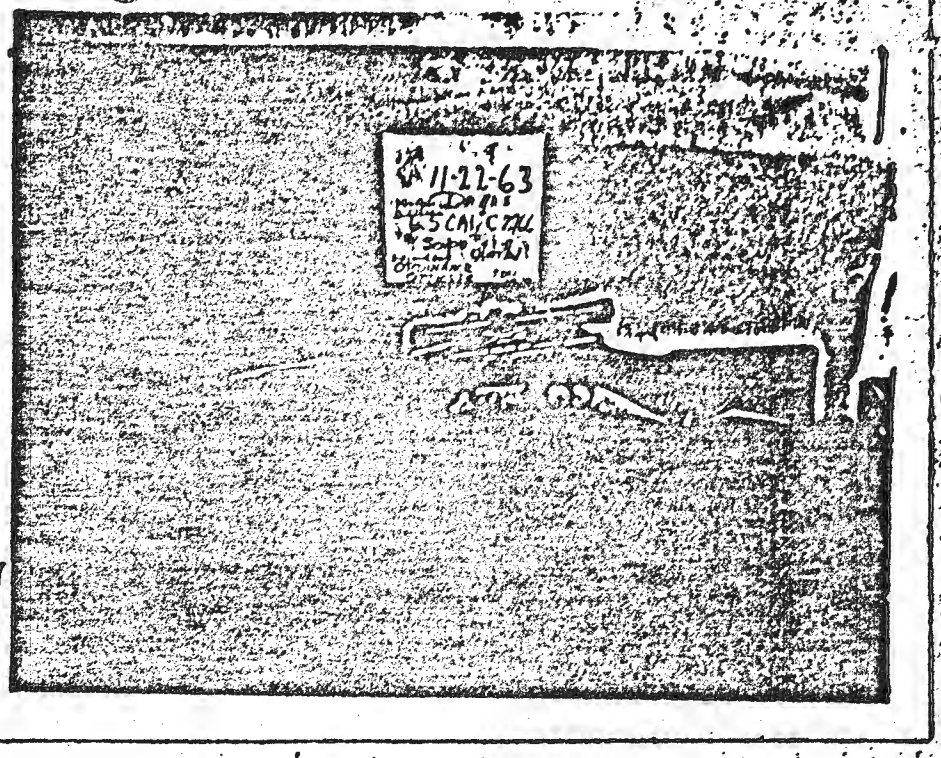

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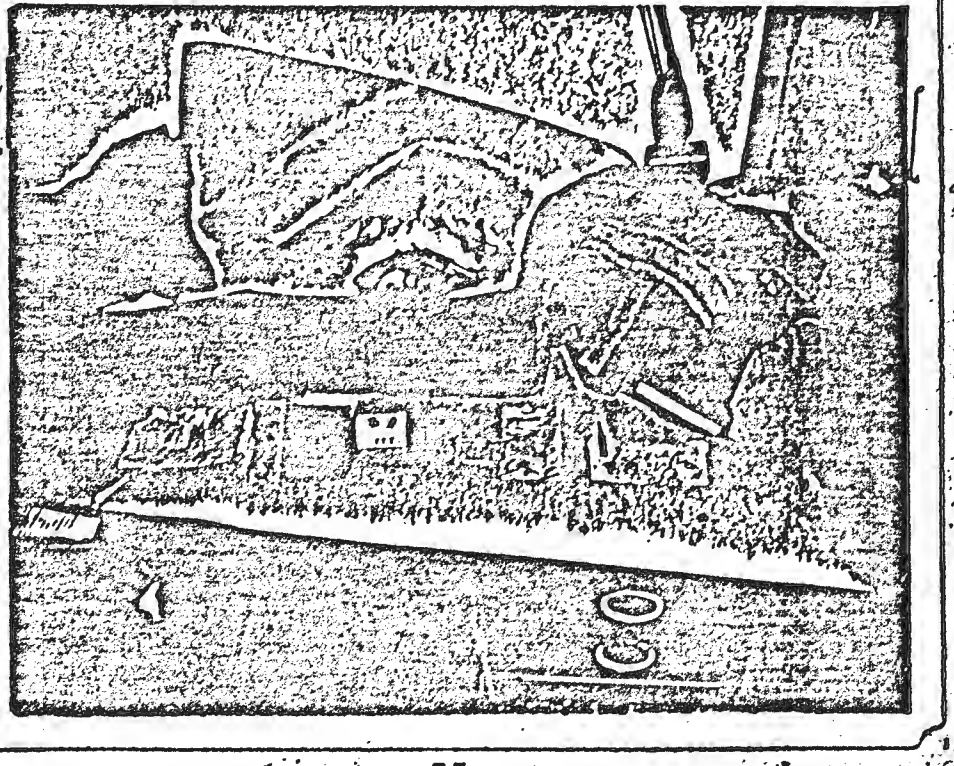

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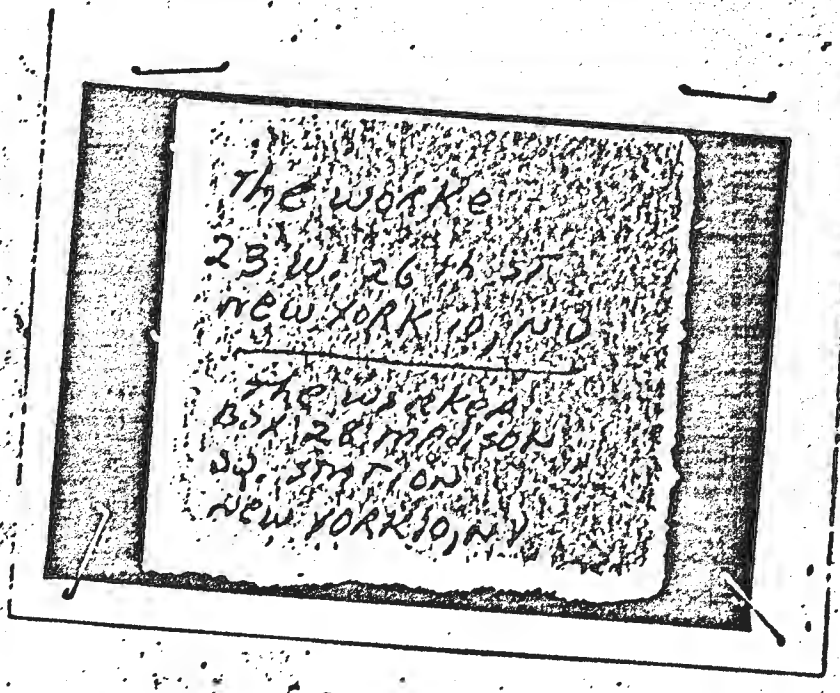
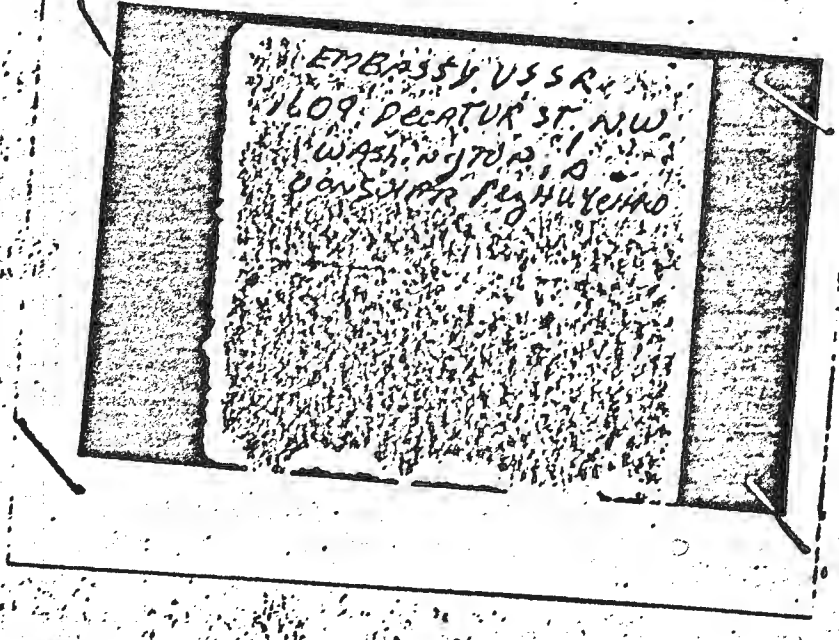


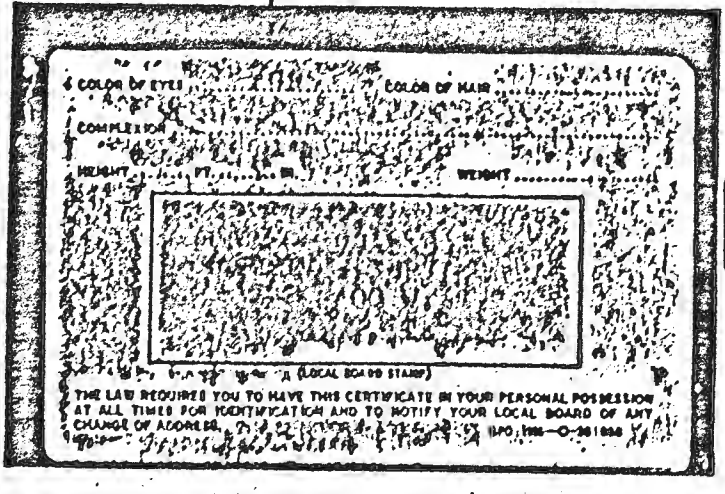
56. (Front)



57. (Back)

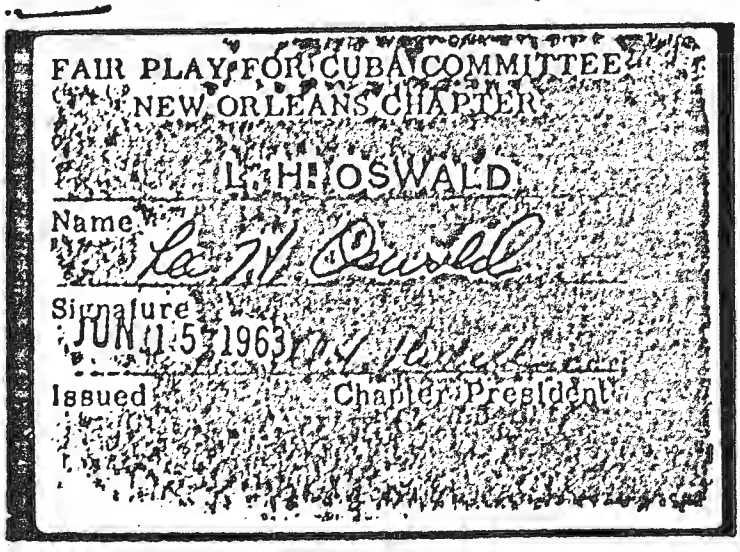
DL 89-43

58. (Front)

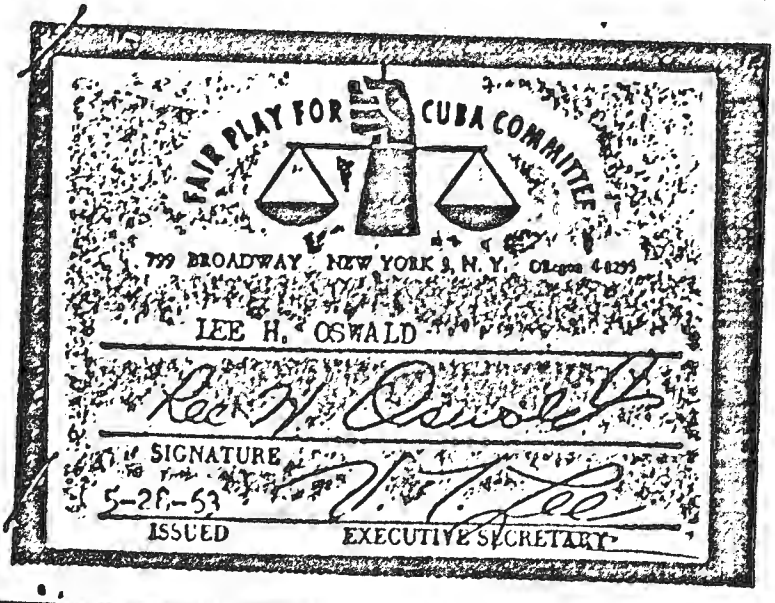


59. (Back)

DL 89-43


FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
NEW ORLEANS CHAPTER
Lee H. OSWALD
Name
Lee H. Oswald
Signature
JUN 15 1963
Issued
Chapter President

62.


FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE
799 BROADWAY NEW YORK 3, N. Y.
LEE H. OSWALD
Lee H. Oswald
SIGNATURE
5-26-53
ISSUED
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

63.

DL 89-43

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM — Approval not required
NOTICE OF CLASSIFICATION

Lee (First name) Harvey (Middle name) OSWALD (Last name)

Selective Service No. 11 11 39 532 has been classified in Class IV-A (Until ..... 19.....*.) by ☒ Local Board ☐ Appeal Board, by vote of ..... to ..... ☐ President

(Three votes on appeal board required)

FEB 2 1960, 19.....
(Date of mailing) (Member or clerk of board)

*The law requires you, subject to heavy penalty for violation, to carry this notice, in addition to your Registration Certificate, on your person at all times—to exhibit it upon request to authorized officials—to surrender it to your commanding officer upon entering the armed forces.

The law requires you to notify your local board in writing (1) of every change in your address, physical condition, and occupational, marital, family, dependency, and military status, and (2) of any other fact which might change your classification.

FOR ADVICE, SEE YOUR GOVERNMENT APPEAL AGENT

64. (Front)

Selective Service System
Texas Local Board No. 114
Selective Service System

300 W. Vickery, Rm. 2227
Fort Worth 4, Texas

(Local Board Stamp)

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

Lee Harv
3124 Mes
Fort Wor

65. (Back)

DL 89-43

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM — Approval not required
NOTICE OF CLASSIFICATION

Lee (First name) Harvey (Middle name) OSWALD (Last name)

Selective Service No. 11 114 39 532 has been classified in Class IV-A (Until ..... 19.....) by ☒ Local Board ☐ Appeal Board, by vote of ..... to ..... (Other vote on appeal board) ☐ President

FEB 2 1950, 19..... (Date of mailing) (Member or clerk of board)

The law requires you, subject to heavy penalty for violation, to carry this notice, in addition to your Registration Certificate, on your person at all times—to exhibit it upon request to authorized officials—to surrender it to your commanding officer upon entering the armed forces.

The law requires you to notify your local board in writing (1) of every change in your address, physical condition, and occupational, marital, family, dependency, and military status, and (2) of any other fact which might change your classification.

FOR ADVICE, SEE YOUR GOVERNMENT APPEAL AGENT

64. (Front)

Selective Service System
Texas Local Board No. 114
Selective Service System
300 W. Vickery, Rm. 2227
Fort Worth 4, Texas
(Local Board Stamp)

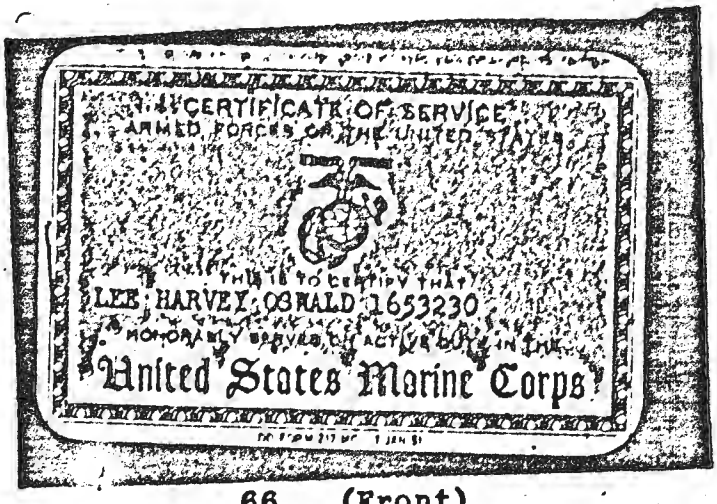
OFFICIAL BUSINESS

Lee Harvey Oswald
3126 Mercedes
Fort Worth, Texas

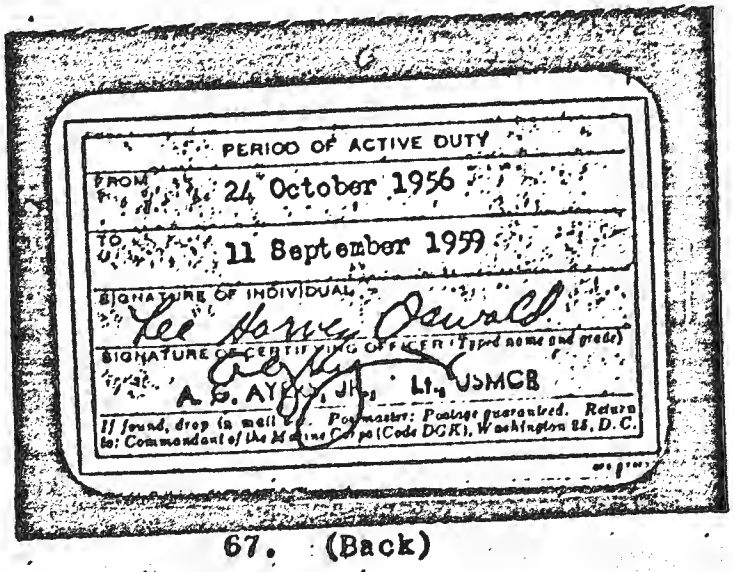
65. (Back)

487

DL 89-43

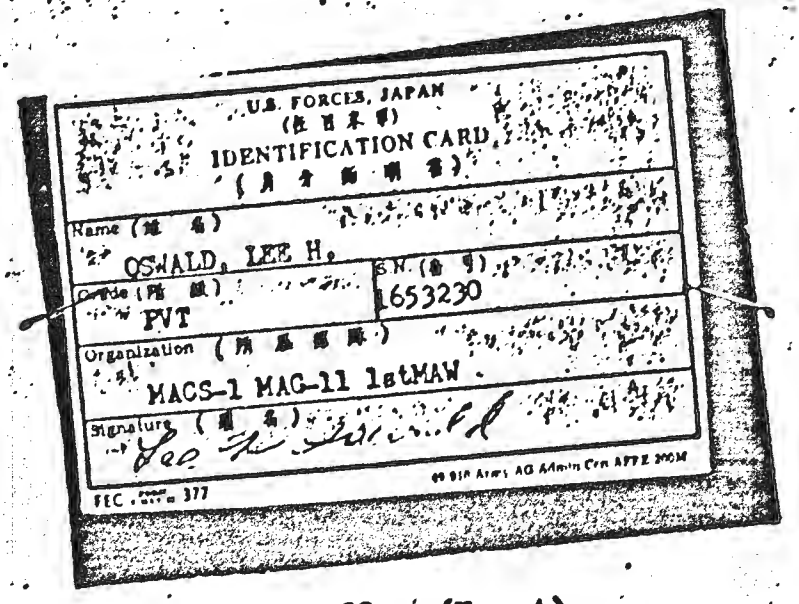


66. (Front)



67. (Back)

DL 89-43



U.S. FORCES, JAPAN
(在日米軍)
IDENTIFICATION CARD
(身分証明書)

Name (姓名)
OSWALD, LEE H.

S.N. (番号)
1653230

Grade (階級)
PVT

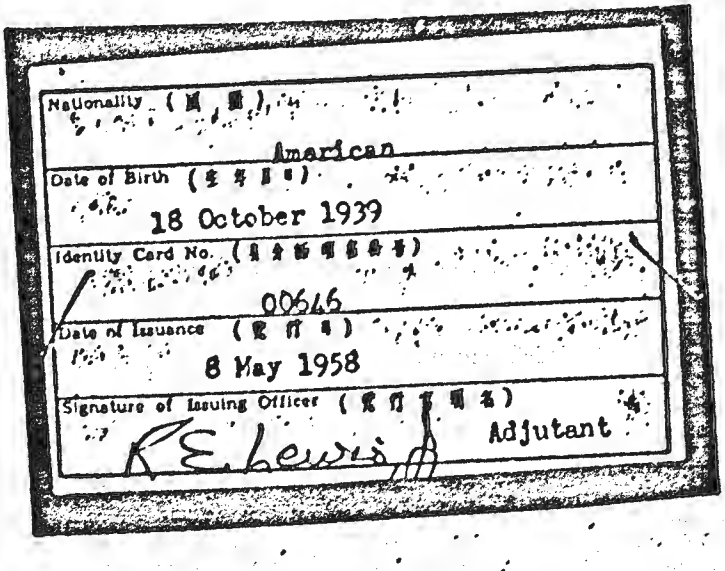
Organization (所属部隊)
MACS-1 MAG-11 1stMAW

Signature (署名)
Lee H. Oswald

FEC Form 377

69 BIR Army AG Admin Cen APO E 96GM

68. (Front)



Nationality (国籍)
American

Date of Birth (生年月日)
18 October 1939

Identity Card No. (身分証明書番号)
00646

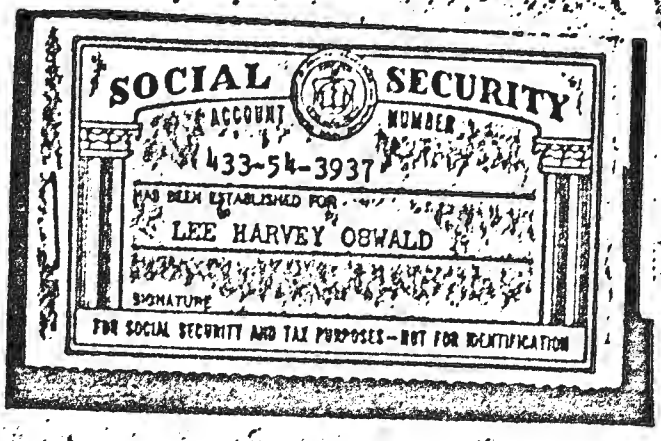
Date of Issuance (発行日)
8 May 1958

Signature of Issuing Officer (発行官署名)
R.E. Lewis
Adjutant

69. (Back)

RYF SELL

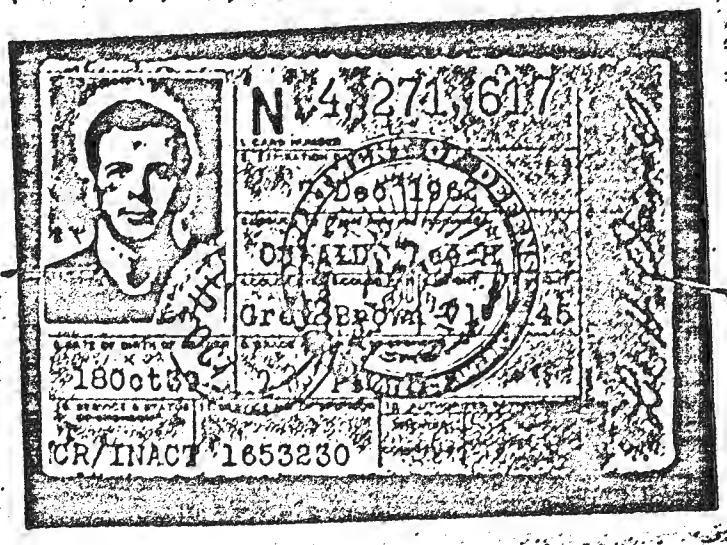
DL 89-43


SOCIAL SECURITY
ACCOUNT NUMBER
433-54-3937
HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED FOR
LEE HARVEY OSWALD
SIGNATURE
FOR SOCIAL SECURITY AND TAX PURPOSES—NOT FOR IDENTIFICATION

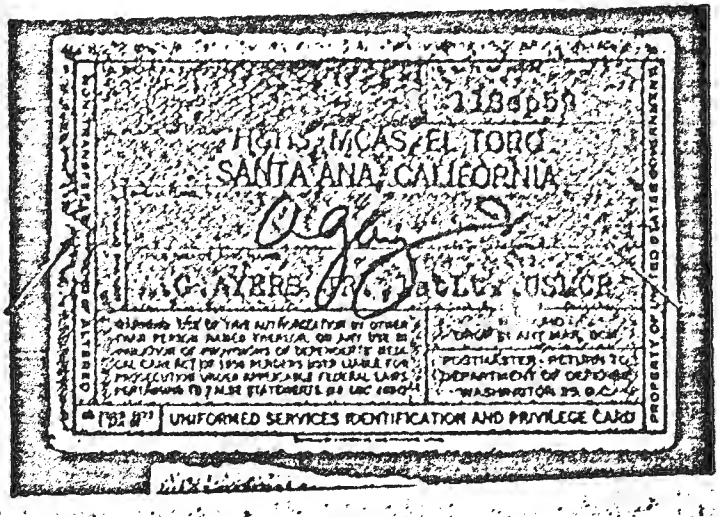
70.

71.

DL 89-43

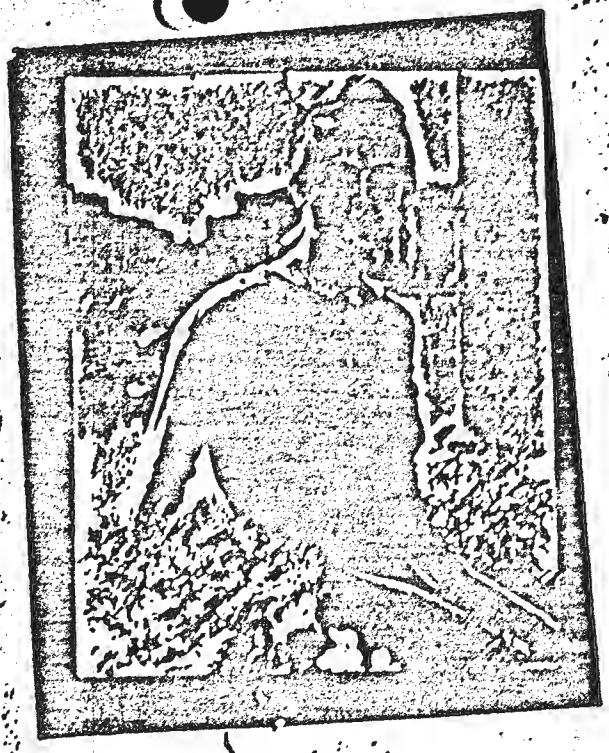


72. (Front)



73. (Back)

DL 89-43



74.

Name Oswald, Mr. Lee Harvey
M. Address 602 Elsbeth
City Dallas Zone Phone
Signature Lee Oswald
Address Same
City Zone Phone
School or Business Jaggers-Chiles-Stoval
Name Jack L. Bowen
Home Address 1916 Stevens Forest Dr.
Phone WH8-8997 Expires 12-7-65
DALLAS PUBLIC LIBRARY or
(See Reverse Side)

75. (Front)

YOU WILL WANT TO KNOW

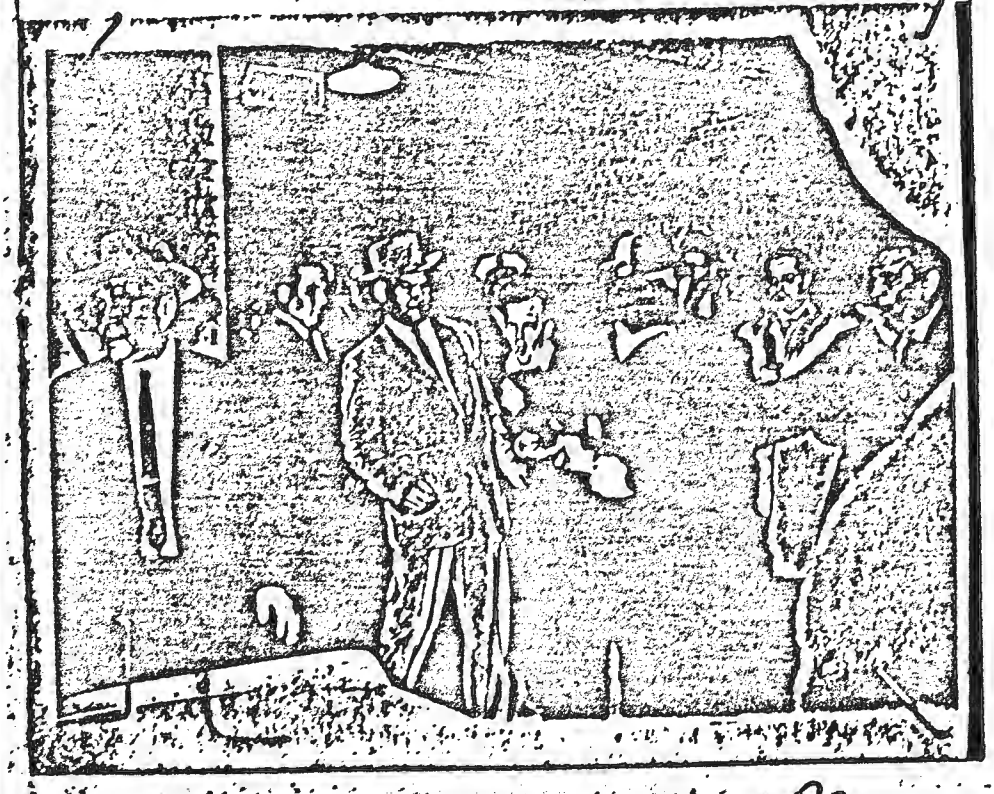
1. This card may be used at any agency of the library system and must be presented when taking any materials out of the library. Ten cents will be charged for a temporary identification form if the borrower's card is not presented.
2. Each borrower is held responsible for all materials drawn on his card and for all charges accruing on the same.
3. Borrowers will please notify the library of any change of address.

THE BORROWER IS ADVISED NOT TO LEND HIS CARD TO ANYONE.

76. (Back)

DL 89-48

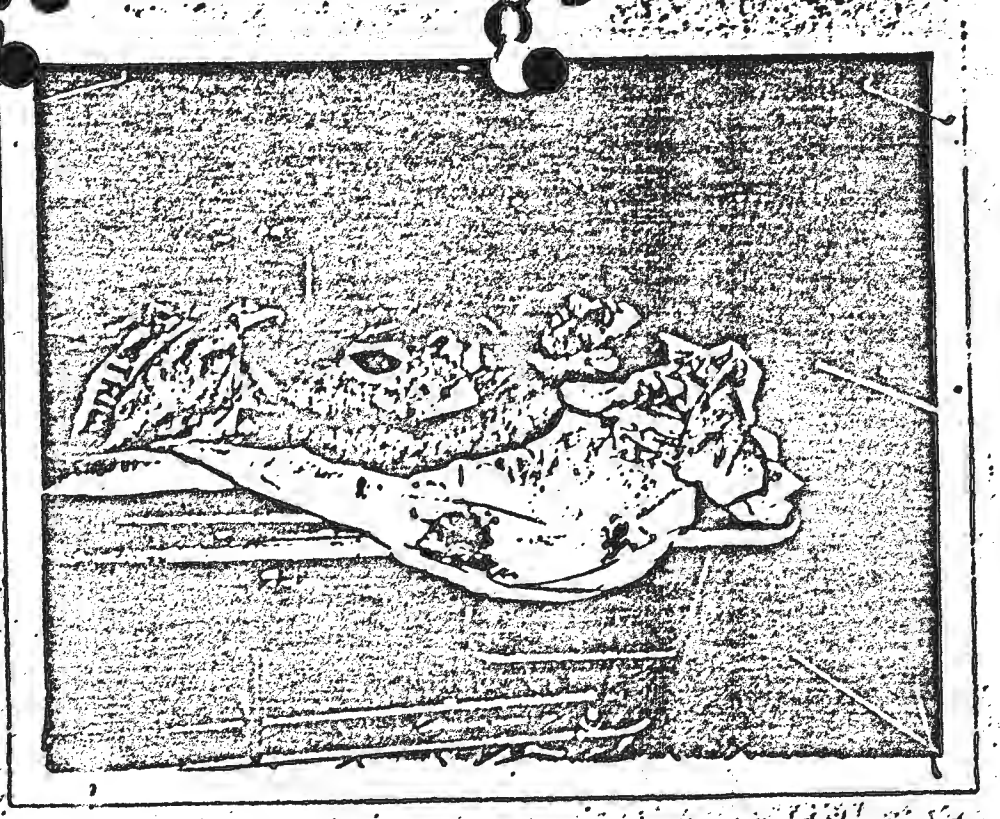
77.

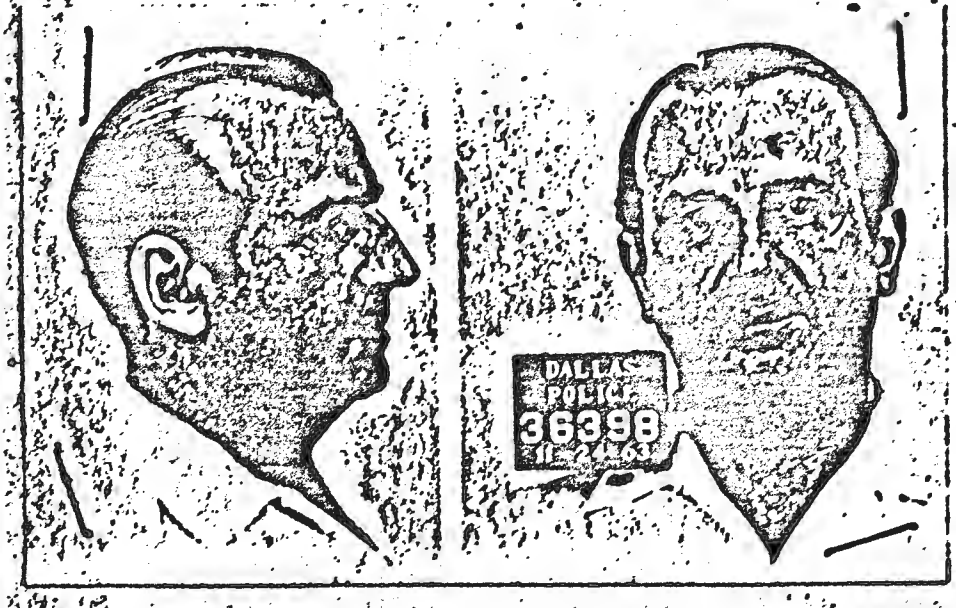


78.

DL 89-43

79.





80.

JACK LEON RUBY

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
DALLAS	DALLAS	11/30/63	11/22-30/63

TITLE OF CASE	Report made by	Typed by
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka L. H. Oswald, Lee Oswald, Lee H. Oswald, Leslie Oswald, A. Hidell, A. J. Hidell, Alek J. Hidell, Alek James Hidell, O. H. Lee; Assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, Dallas, Texas	ROBERT P. GEMBERLING	pm

CHANGED

CHARACTER OF CASE

AFO

SYNOPSIS

Title is marked changed to reflect LEE HARVEY OSWALD, together with his known aliases, as the subject of this case, and to set forth the full name of the late President KENNEDY as JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

REFERENCE

Bureau teletype to all SACs, 11/22/63.

- P -

LEADS

All leads in this case have been set forth by teletype and are not being restated herein. The results of investigation by other offices are now being received and a supplemental report containing the results of their investigation, together with the results of additional investigation being conducted at Dallas, will be forthcoming as soon as possible.

Approved	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below
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OSWALD

105-82555

SECTION 24

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TO: DIRECTOR, FBI and SAC, MIAMI

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND LAST, ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER, OO:DALLAS.

RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TO WFO INSTANT.

DANIEL JAMES, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR A FREE CUBA, INTERVIEWED AND ADVISED HIS FILES CONTAIN NO INFORMATION RELATING TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD WITH EXCEPTION OF INFORMATION FURNISHED BY JOSE LANUSA, CUBAN STUDENT DIRECTORATE, MIAMI, WHICH RELATES TO OSWALD'S ATTEMPT TO INFILTRATE STUDENT ANTI CASTRO GROUP, JULY, LAST AT NEW ORLEANS. SUCH INFORMATION REPORTED TO PRESS BY LANUSA NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND LAST. LANUSA IN TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH JAMES NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND LAST DESCRIBED OSWALD DEFINITELY A COMMUNIST AND SUPPORTER OF CASTRO. LANUSA HAS INFORMATION THAT FIDEL CASTRO

2-Bureau
2-Teletype Unit
1-Washington Field

SWA:nln
(5)

EX-108

REC 25

105-82555-506

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53 DEC 18 1963

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WFO 89-75
PAGE TWO

IN EARLY SEPTEMBER AT BRAZILIAN EMBASSY IN HAVANA REMARKED THAT IF THE UNITED STATES CAUSES HIM DIFFICULTY HE HAS FACILITIES TO QUOTE KNOCK OFF QUOTE UNITED STATES LEADERS. MIAMI INTERVIEW LANUSA, RESIDENCE TELEPHONE NUMBER CA ONE DASH FIVE SEVEN ZERO ONE, OFFICE FR THREE DASH ONE FOUR SEVEN SIX RE ABOVE.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 27 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 11-27-63 12-32 PM LAC

TO DORECTOR SAC DALLLAS AND SAC, NEW YORK

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAC, NEW HAVEN /100-18158/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO LAST . DALLAS, TEXAS.

ON THIS DATE, ~~TONY~~ TOM DAVIS, LOCAL HEAD OF THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY, STAMFORD, CONN. AREA, ADVISED THAT AND INDIVIDUAL KNOWN TO HIM IN NEW YORK CITY AND NOT FURTHER IDENTIFIED BY HIM , HAD HEARD A RADIO BROADCAST AT TWO ZERO FIVE PM, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER TWENTY FOUR, OVER RADIO STATION WHN, NEW YORK CITY. THIS BROAKCAST REPRESENTED A TRANSOCEANIC REPROT BY A HEARST NEWSPAPER CHAIN CORRESPONDENT NAMED FLUGER /PH/ FIRST NAME POSSIBLY SERGE. FLUGER ALLEGEDLY IN THIS BROADCAST MADE STATEMENT THAT HARVEY LEE OSWALD HAD NOT BEEN WORKING IN A FACTORY IN THE SOVIET UNION, BUT HAD ACTUALLY BEEN ATTENDING ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE SCHOOLS IN THAT COUNTRY. DAVIS HAD NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

END PAGE ONE

53 DEC 17 1963

REC-25 100-18158-507

5 DEC 1

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89-69

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI AND SACS, DALLAS (89-43), NEW ORLEANS

ATTENTION INSPECTOR DON MOORE - DIVISION FIVE

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. OO DALLAS

RE TRAVEL OF HARVEY LEE OSWALD.

RE TEL CALL OF INSPECTOR DON MOORE TO NEW ORLEANS NOVEMBER TWENTYSIX LAST, NEW ORLEANS TEL TO BUREAU NOVEMBER TWENTYSEVEN INSTANT.

MRS. FENELLA CRAFT FARRINGTON, HOME ADDRESS ONE FIVE ONE FOUR JEFFERSON AVENUE, NEW ORLEANS, INTERVIEWED TODAY CARE OF MRS. AUSTIN ROBERTS, FIVE NINE ZERO FOUR SEARL TERRACE. MRS. FARRINGTON STATED IS NOT ACQUAINTED WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD, HAD NEVER HEARD OF HIM PRIOR TO HIS ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, DID NOT TRAVEL WITH HIM TO MEXICO CITY TO HER KNOWLEDGE, AND HAS NO INFORMATION AS TO ANY TRAVEL OF OSWALD AT ANY TIME.

REC 27 105-82555-508

8 DEC 13 1963

MRS. FARRINGTON RECALLS OBTAINING TOURIST CARD AT

(2) - Bureau
2 - Teletype Unit
1 - WFO
HRR:rlc
(5)
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PAGE TWO

MEXICAN CONSULATE, NEW ORLEANS, ABOUT SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN LAST. SHE SAID WAS ACCOMPANIED BY HER COUSIN, MRS. LILLIAN STANTON MERILH, ONE THREE ONE FOUR JACKSON AVENUE, NEW ORLEANS, WHO ALSO TRAVELED WITH HER TO MEXICO CITY FOR PURPOSE OF PICKING UP MRS. FARRINGTONS HUSBANDS AUTOMOBILE. MRS. FARRINGTON ADVISED SHE AND MRS. MERILH DEPARTED NEW ORLEANS ABOARD EASTERN AIRLINES ON OR ABOUT SEPTEMBER NINETEEN LAST FOR MEXICO CITY. STATES RETURNED TO NEW ORLEANS ONE WEEK LATER, WHICH SHE RECALLS WAS ON THURSDAY.

MRS. FARRINGTON INFORMED THAT MALE UNKNOWN TO HER WAS IN CONSULATE AT TIME SHE AND COUSIN OBTAINED TOURIST CARDS. THIS MAN ALSO OBTAINING CARD AND REGISTERED CAMERA. DURING THIS TIME THIS INDIVIDUAL MADE REMARK REGARDING TIPE OF WEATHER TO EXPECT IN MEXICO CITY AND WAS INFORMED BY MRS. FARRINGTON COULD EXPECT QUOTE ETERNAL SPRING UNQUOTE.

MRS. FARRINGTON SAID SHE BELIEVES THIS MAN ACCOMPANIED TO CONSULATE BY WOMAN, WHO REMAINED IN BACKGROUND DURING TIME SHE WAS THERE, HOWEVER, MRS. FARRINGTON UNABLE STATE POSITIVELY

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PAGE THREE

THIS MAN AND WOMAN WERE TOGETHER. MRS FARRINGTON DID NOT FEEL WOMAN OBTAINED TOURIST VISA, BUT NOT CERTAIN RE THIS EITHER. FARRINGTON DESCRIBED MALE AS BEING WHITE, AGE BETWEEN THIRTYFIVE AND FORTYFIVE. SHE SAID NO OTHER DESCRIPTION RECALLED AND CANNOT RECALL DESCRIPTION OF WOMAN OTHER THAN THAT SHE WAS WHITE FEMALE.

MRS. FARRINGTON BELIEVES MALE WHO REGISTERED CAMERA AND OBTAINED TOURIST CARD MADE REMARK ABOUT REGISTERING FIREARM AND COMMENTED SOMETHING ABOUT HUNTING. SHE DOES NOT RECALL HIS MAKING ANY COMMENTS RE PURPOSE OF TRIP, HOW LONG HE EXPECTED TO STAY IN MEXICO, METHOD OF TRAVEL, OR EXACT DESTINATION, HOWEVER, STATES BELIEVES THIS PERSON GOING TO MEXICO CITY.

MRS. FARRINGTON INFORMED DOES NOT RECALL THIS INDIVIDUAL BEING ON SAME PLANE SHE AND COUSIN TOOK TO MEXICO CITY. SHE SAID HAS BEEN NUMEROUS PHOTOS OF OSWALD SINCE NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO LAST AND IN NO WAY ASSOCIATES OSWALD WITH MAN WHO WAS IN MEXICAN CONSULATE AT TIME SHE WAS OBTAINING TOURIST CARD.

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PAGE FOUR

SHE STATES DOES NOT BELIEVE COULD RECOGNIZE THIS PERSON SHOULD SHE SEE HIM AGAIN.

MRS. FARRINGTON EXPLAINED SHE WAS BUSY DURING ENTIRE TIME SHE WAS AT CONSULATE AND ABOVE OBSERVATIONS HURRIEDLY MADE WHILE ENGAGED IN COMPLETING APPROPRIATE PAPERS, ETC. SHE SAID RECALLS BEING AT CONSULATE ABOUT TEN A.M. DATE TOURIST CARD OBTAINED.

NEW ORLEANS IMMEDIATELY LOCATE NECESSARY CONSULATE EMPLOYEES AND DETERMINE COMPLETE IDENTITY OF WHITE MALE WHO REGISTERED CAMERA AT CONSULATE DURING TIME MRS. FARRINGTON THERE. SET OUT NECESSARY LEADS TO FURTHER IDENTIFY THIS PERSON, IF NECESSARY, AND FURNISH RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION BUREAU AND DALLAS NOVEMBER TWENTYSEVEN WITHOUT FAIL.

BY TELETYPE

Fnt

Teletype delayed
as deadline impossible.
JRS.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
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62

TELETYPE

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URGENT 11-27-63 10-55 PM DE

TO DIRECTOR A -16- AND SACS DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS.

FROM SAC NEW YORK 89-75

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, ON ELEVEN TWENTY TWO SIXTY THREE, DALLAS TEXAS, AFO, 00... DALLAS.

RE TELEPHONE CALL FROM INSPECTOR DON MOORE TO SA JOHN J. DANAHY, THIS DATE.

RE OSWALD-S CONTINENTAL CASUALTY COMPANY FLIGHT INSURANCE IN TRIP TO MEXICO.

ON INSTANT DATE, PATRICK J. RYDER, CONTINENTAL CASUALTY COMPANY, AIRPORT SALES CORPORATION, ONE TWO ONE LONG ISLAND EXPRESSWAY, JERICHO, LONG ISLAND, ADVISED CONTINENTAL CASUALTY DOES NOT HANDLE THIS INSURANCE IN NEW ORLEANS, HOWEVER, DOES HANDLE THIS INSURANCE IN SHREVEPORT AND BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA. INSURANCE RECORDS REFLECT NO INFORMATION RELATING TO OSWALD IN SHREVEPORT OR BATON ROUGE. MUTUAL OF OMAHA INSURANCE COMPANY, WASHINGTON , D. C. HANDLES AIR FLIGHT INSURANCE IN NEW ORLEANS.

REC 27 105-82555-509

WFO PRESENTLY CHECKING RECORDS OF MUTUAL OF OMAHA AT WASHINGTON , PER INSPECTOR DON MOORE.

END AND PLS ACK... ..

HOLD

53 DEC 17 1963

8 DEC 11 1963

cc Sullivan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INV.
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NOV 27 196

TELETYPE

URGENT 11-: -47

TO DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM SAC, MIAMI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS DASH CUBA

AN ARTICLE APPEARED IN ELEVEN TWENTYSIX SIXTYTHREE ISSUE OF POMPANO BEACH FLA., SUN SENTINEL, DAILY NEWSPAPER. ARTICLE STATED FOLLOWING.. FRANK FIORINI HEAD OF AN ANTI COMMUNIST BRIGADE SAID LEE H. OSWALD HAD TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS WITH CUBAN GOVERNMENT G - TWO DURING NOVEMBER NINETEEN SIXTYTWO., CONTACTED MIAMI BASED SUPPORTERS OF FIDEL CASTRO., OSWALD HAD CONNECTIONS WITH CUBAN GOVERNMENT G - TWO IN MEXICO AND NEW ORLEANS., OSWALD HAND OUT PRO CASTRO LITERATURE IN MIAMI IN NOVEMBER NINETEEN SIXTYT TRIED TO INFILTRATE CUBAN ANTI CASTRO ORGANIZATIONS., AND OSW KNOWN TO HAVE A BAD TEMPER. AUTHOR OF ARTICLE JAMES BUCHANAN REPUTATION FOR UNRELIABILITY. ON ELEVEN TWENTYSEVEN SIXTTYTHREE FRANK FIORINI, AKA FRANK ANTHONY STURGIS BUFILE TWO DASH ONE FOUR NINE NINE, ADVISED HE HAD NOT SEEN THE ARTICLE BY MADE SOME OFF HAND COMMENTS TO BUCHANON ON ELEVEN TWENTYSIX SIXTYTHREE. FIORINI ADVISED HIS COMMENTS WERE GUESSES, SPECULATION, AND RUMOR BASED ON INFORMATION ABOUR OSWALD CARRIED IN THE PRESS. FIORINI SAID BUCHANA MISQUOTED HIM AND HE HAD NO INFORMATION THAT OSWALD EVER CONTACTED CUBAN GOVERNMENT., WAS EVER IN MIAMI OR MEXICO., EVER PASSED OUT PRO CASTRO LITERATURE., OR TRIED TO INFILTRATE ANTI CASTRO GROUPS. OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCIES IN MIAMI AND ESTABLISHED INFORMANTS CONSIDER BOTH BUCHANAN AND FIORINI AS UNRELIABLE.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 53 DEC 17 1963

11-53 PM OK FBI WA HFL

DL -10-52 PM OKFBI EL DL LJH

2 MR. ROSEN

cc. Sullivan

XEROX

DEC 16 1963

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Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
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TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SACS, DALLAS /89-43/, CHICAGO, LOS ANGELES, AND MIAMI.

FROM SAC, ST. LOUIS /89-36/

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS. OO-DALLAS.

RE WFO TT TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, DALLAS , LOS ANGELES, AND ST. LOUIS ELEVEN TWENTYSEVEN LAST.

RECORDS ON FILE MPRC, ST. LOUIS, FOR MICHAEL ANTHONY DEPADRO, JR., WHO WFO REPORTS SERVED WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD WHILE IN MARINE CORPS, INDICATED HE ENLISTED USMC ON EIGHT NINE FIFTYFIVE, ASSIGNED SN ONE FIVE THREE TWO FIVE THREE ONE, ENTERED ACTIVE DUTY ONE NINE FIFTYSIX AT QUANTICO, VA. HE WAS HONORABLY DISCHARGED THREE TWENTYTHREE SIFTYSIX AT QUANTICO, VA., TO ACCEPT COMMISSION USMC RESERVE. COMMISSIONED SECOND LIEUTENANT, USMC RESERVE. SN ZERO SEVEN ZERO THREE FOUR NINE, ON THREE TWENTYFOUR FIFTYSIX, ENTERED ACTIVE DUTY SAME DATE AT QUANTICO, VA. HONORABLY RELEASED FROM ACTIVE DUTY THREE NINE FIFTYNINE AS FIRST LIEUTENANT, MARINE CORP BASE EL TERO, SANTA ANNA, CALIF., ON EXPIRATION OF ACTIVE DUTY COMMITTMENT AND TRANSFERED TO USMC RESERVE. SERVED USMC RESERVE INACTIVE STATUS THREE TEN FIFTY-NINE TO TEN ONE SIXTYTWO, TRANSFERED TO RETIRED LIST BY REASON OF BEING PHYSICALLY DISQUALIFIED FOR ACTIVE DUTY.

END PAGE ONE

Lee Oswald

Foster

BS-12-1933 Chicago. SIC

LEAD P-2

REC 27 105-82555-511

DEC 1

6-Hqs

DISABILITY SHOWN A RHEUMATIC HEART DISEASE. RECORD REFLECTED ADDRESS AT TIME OF RELEASE FROM ACTIVE DUTY ON THREE NINE FIFTYNINE AS ONE FIVE ONE TWO SE TENTH ST., FORT LAUDERDALE, BROWARD, FLORIDA.

ADDITIONAL ADDRESS SHOWN A SIX NINE TWO THREE RIVERSIDE DR., BERWYN, ILL DASH ONE NINE FIVE FIVE. WIFE REFLECTED AS ANNE CARROLL DEPADRO, ONE SIX ZERO FIVE S. BIRCH, SANTA ANNA, CALIF. PARENTS SHOWN AS MICHAEL A. DESPADRO, SR. AND VERONICA MARIAN DEPADRO, OF ONE FIVE ONE TWO SE TENTH STREET, FORT LAUDERDALE, FLA. DATE OF BIRTH SHOWN AS FIVE TWELVE THIRTYTHREE, CHICAGO, ILL.

REFERENCED WFO TEL REFLECTS LT. DESPADRO QUOTE REPORTEDLY UPSET BY LITERATURE TO WHICH OSWALD SUBSCRIBED UNQUOTE.

CHICAGO, LOS ANGELES, AND MIAMI WILL AT ABOVE ADDRESSES ATTEMPT TO LOCATE MICHAEL ANTHONY DEPADRO, JR., IN EFFORT TO DETERMINE KNOWLEDGE OF LITERATURE OSWALD QUOTE SUBSCRIBED TO UNQUOTE OR OTHERWISE RECEIVING OR READING WHILE IN THE MARINE CORP.

END AND ACK PLS IN ORDR

WA 2-45-9 OK FBIWA JR

WOULD U ACK PLS AGAIN

WA 1-45 AM OK FBI WA JR

DL 12-46 AM CST OK GFBI DL VRG

CG 12-46 AM OK FBI CG AAA

10-47 PM OK FB I LA AJL

1-47 AM EST OK FBI MM PFC

JIALLL AND DISC

FD-263 (Rev. 5-1-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
LOS ANGELES	DALLAS	12/1/63	11/22 - 12/1/63

TITLE OF CASE
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
Alek J. Hidell, A. J. Hidell
A. G. Hidell, O. H. Lee

REPORT MADE BY: NEAL MC GINNIS — TYPED BY: mj

CHARACTER OF CASE
IS - R

REFERENCE: Bureau teletype to all SACs 11/30/63.

-P-

ADMINISTRATIVE:

APPROPRIATE ACTION AND FILE DISPOSITION ADVISED BY SLIP(S) OF CLASS. DATE 7/9/77 EFGTC

SOURCE

[redacted]

AGENT	DATE
SA EDWARD E. ABBOTT	11/22/63 11/24/63
SA THEODORE J. AITHEARN	11/22/63 11/24/63
"	"
"	"
"	"

Classified by 2046
Exempt from GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
7/9/77 OFGTC

APPROVED _____ SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:
10 - Bureau (AM- REGISTERED)
4 - Dallas (AM-RM)
3 - Los Angeles (105-

COPIES DESTROYED
3 6 FEB 2 1973

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

10 | 512 | DEC 25

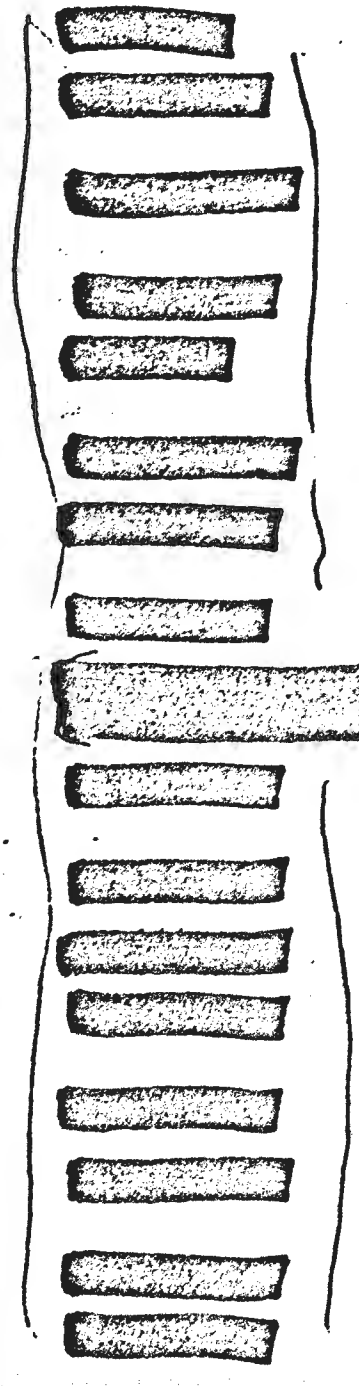
EX-116

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	[illegible]			
Request Recd.	12-20-63			
Date Fwd.	[illegible]			
How Fwd.	[illegible]	61 JAN 10 1964		
By	[illegible]			

Notations
ETT Rpt
CORRECTION

CONFIDENTIAL



SA RICHARD H. BLOESER	11/22/63 11/24/63
SA LESTER H. EICHERLY	11/22/63 11/24/63
"	"
WALTER L. HEYER	11/22/63 11/24/63
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SA SAMUEL W. NORTH, JR.	11/22/63 11/24/63
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JOHN C. OAKES	11/22/63 11/24/63
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VINCENT J. O'NEILL	11/22/63 11/24/63
"	"
EUGENE P. PITTMAN	11/22/63 11/24/63
"	"
"	"

[redacted]

SA JOSEPH O. SMITH — 11/22/63, 11/24/63

" — "

SA MARSHALL I. BARNES — 11/22/63, 11/24/63

" — "

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[redacted] - C

" — "

SA GILBERT G. [redacted] — 11/22/63, 11/24/63

[redacted] - C

" — "

SA HARVEY G. BERKEY — 11/22/63, 11/24/63

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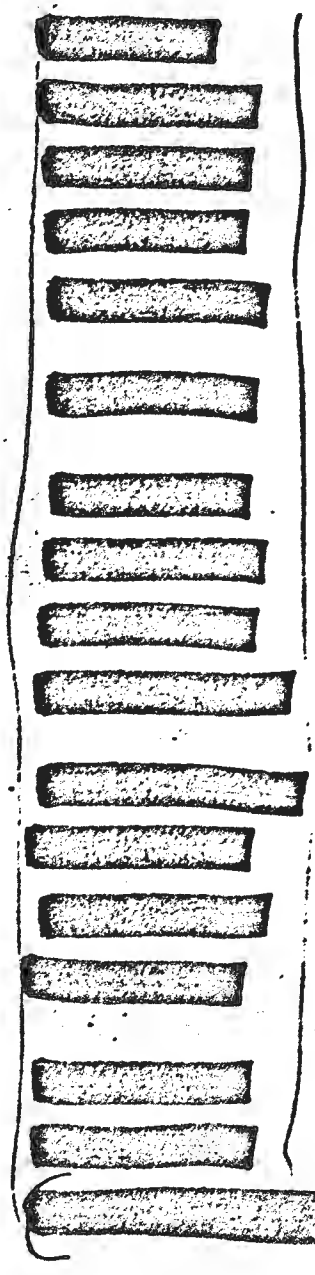
SA LOUIS K. DE GEUS — 11/22/63, 11/24/63

" — "

-C-
COVER PAGE



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SA WAYNE E. ELLWANGER	11/22/63 11/24/63
SA FRANCIS X. GANTLEY	11/22/63 11/24/63
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SA LLOYD D. JOHNSON	11/22/63 11/24/63
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SA JOSEPH P. MC MAHON	11/22/63 11/24/63
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-D-
COVER PAGE

CONFIDENTIAL

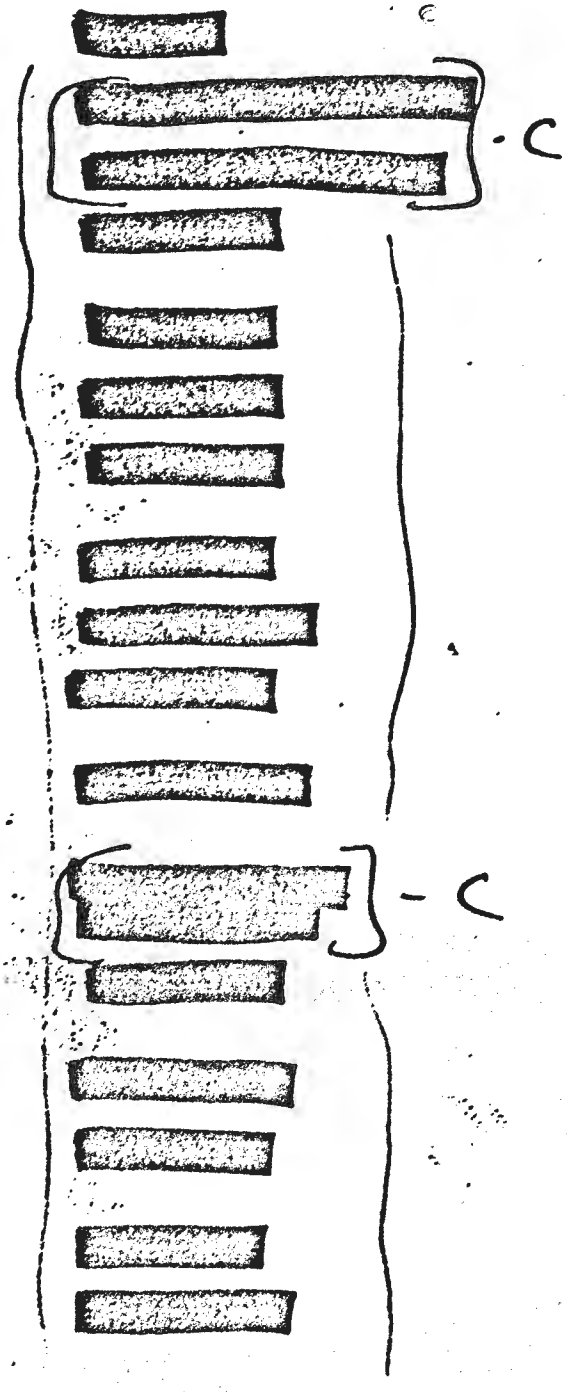
UNDATION
ate by THE AARC

[redacted]

[redacted]	SA ROY A. PETERS	11/22/63 11/24/63
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	SA WILLIAM R. WHITE	11/22/63 11/24/63
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	SA RILEY L. MILLARD	11/22/63 11/24/63
[redacted]	SA HECTOR L. PELLEGATTA	11/22/63 11/24/63
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	SA FERD J. RAPP	11/22/63 11/24/63
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	SA JOHN P. ANDREWS	11/22/63 11/24/63
[redacted]	"	"

-E-
COVER PAGE

FOUNDATION
of THE AARC



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SA FRANK L. BELSANTE	11/22/63 11/24/63
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SA ROBERT H. CLAUDIUS	11/22/63 11/24/63
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"	"
SA DONALD V. GIBBS	11/22/63 11/24/63
SA ALEX M. [illegible]	11/22/63 11/24/63
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SA LEON J. MEYER	11/22/63 11/24/63
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SA JOHN C. O'NEILL	11/22/63 11/24/63
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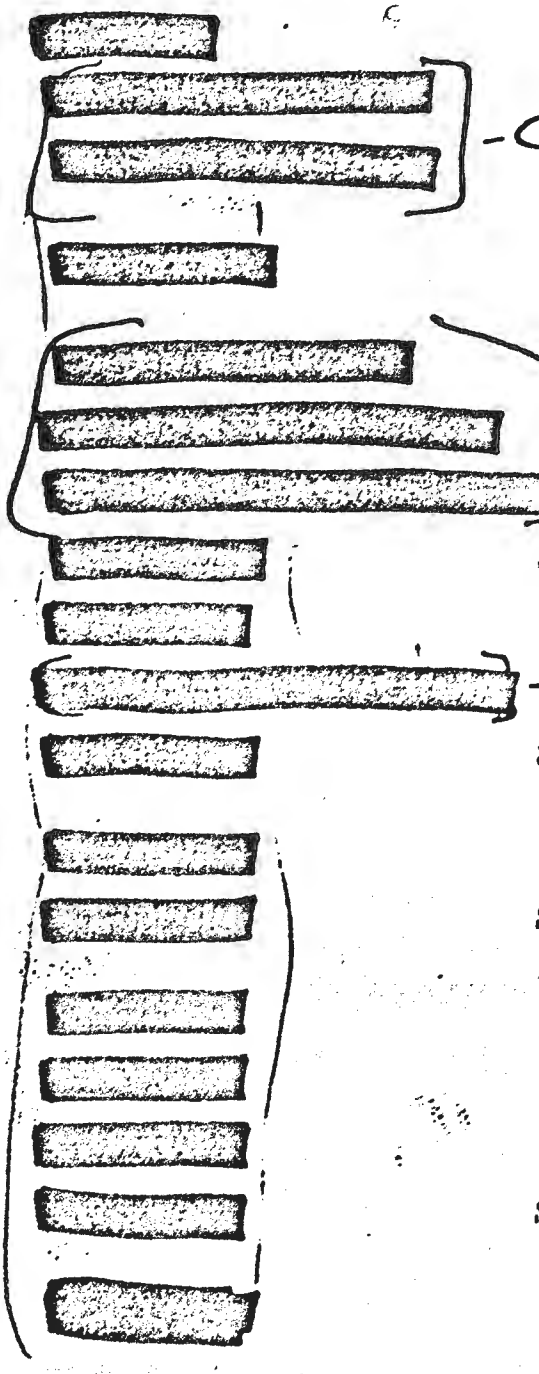

"	"
SA G. CLIFTON SMITH	11/22/63 11/24/63
SA LESLIE F. WARREN	11/22/63 11/24/63
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"	"
SA CLAUDE E. WILLIS	"
"	"
"	"
SA W. JAMES WOOD	11/22/63 11/24/63
"	"
SA JOSEPH R. CONLON	11/22/63 11/24/63
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"	"
SA PHILIP P. HANLON	11/22/63 11/24/63
"	"

[redacted]

[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	SA WAYNE H. SHAW	11/22/63 11/24/63
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	SA EMERY D. TURNER	11/22/63 11/24/63
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"
[redacted]	"	"

Indices of the Los Angeles were caused to be searched, however no information was located under his name or known aliases.

LEAD

LOS ANGELES DIVISION

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA. Will, as leads received in this case, handle immediately by teletype and surep within three days.

-H*-

COVER PAGE

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA NEAL MC GINNIS
Date: 12/1/63

Office: LOS ANGELES

Field Office File #: 105-

Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD reported as U.S. Marine at Marine Corps Air Station, El Toro, Calif., and Atsugi, Japan, 1958 - 1959. Credit and criminal checks, Santa Ana, California, negative. Individual alleged to be OSWALD reported as being introduced at "Wings of Healing, World Crises Conference," Los Angeles, California, 10/13-24/63. Mrs. THOMAS WYATT advised she met every minister attending Conference and no one named OSWALD or resembling him present. Logical informants have no information concerning OSWALD.

- P -

Details: AT MARINE CORPS AIR STATION (MCAS)
EL TORO, CALIFORNIA

Major WILLIAM P. GORSKY, Assistant Provost Marshal, MCAS, El Toro, California, advised SA SAM J. SHOEMAKER on November 22, 1963, that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was assigned to the Lighter Than Air Base, an air facility adjacent to MCAS, El Toro. Major GORSKY stated that OSWALD was discharged from the Marine Base in March, 1959, and that all of OSWALD's records had been forwarded to Washington, D.C. Major GORSKY noted that OSWALD reportedly had been arrested by the Santa Ana, California, Police Department for hitchhiking in 1959, but that a check of the records of the Santa Ana Police Department failed to locate a record for this arrest.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

LA 105-

Corporal BART IMMINGS, Criminal Investigative Division (CID), MCAS, El Toro, California, advised SA HENRY F. ALSTON on November 23, 1963, that he was formerly assigned to the same unit at MCAS, El Toro, with OSWALD during 1958. Corporal IMMINGS advised he does not recall any specific conversations with OSWALD. He does recall, however, that after OSWALD's discharge from the service, there were numerous rumors circulating at MCAS, El Toro, that OSWALD had gone to Russia. Corporal IMMINGS advised that he does not have any specific information regarding OSWALD and the records of CID, as well as the Counter-Intelligence Corps, MCAS, El Toro, contain no investigative records concerning OSWALD.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

12/1/63
Date

1

PAUL EDWARD MURPHY, 1706 South Evergreen, Santa Ana, California, furnished the following information:

He knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the U.S. Marine Corps, having served several months with OSWALD in mid-1958 at Atsugi, Japan, with Marine Air Control Squadron #1. He later served with OSWALD for several months in the first part of 1959 in Marine Control Squadron #9 at Marine Corps Air Facility, Santa Ana, California. He was not a close friend of OSWALD, who was a very self-contained individual, who had no close friends. OSWALD, while in Japan and at Santa Ana, California, reportedly studied Russian. While at Santa Ana, California, OSWALD received a paper believed to be "The Worker." The only ideological discussion MURPHY recalled concerning OSWALD took place in Japan when OSWALD adopted a "pro-CASTRO stand" in a barracks discussion. The exact views expressed by OSWALD were not recalled but OSWALD seemed intense in his conviction.

While in Japan, OSWALD accidentally wounded himself in the arm with a small caliber Derringer-type pistol, which he was not authorized to possess. According to MURPHY's recollection, while at Marine Air Control Squadron #9 in Santa Ana (El Toro), OSWALD lived in a small quonset barracks with BOB ALLEN, NEIL D. TESSEN, and DONALD OSBORNE, all of whom have since been discharged. OSBORNE was from Lubbock, Texas, and had attended Texas Tech there. ALLEN is believed to be from the vicinity of Providence, Rhode Island, and NEIL D. TESSEN was from Oregon. MURPHY was unable to recall any further identifying data.

On 11/26/63 at Santa Ana, California File # Los Angeles 105-

by SA JEROME E. MEINERT:JM Date dictated 11/26/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

"The Worker" is an East Coast communist newspaper.

AT SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

On December 1, 1963, EARL BLOCK, Businessmen's Association (credit bureau), advised the records of that agency contained no information concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his aliases, ALEK J. HIDELL, O. H. LEE, A. J. HIDELL, or A. G. HIDELL.

On December 1, 1963, the records of the Santa Ana Police Department, Identification Division, which were reviewed by Miss SUSAN COLEMAN, Records Clerk, contained no information identifiable with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his aliases.

Miss LEILA MC GAFF, Records Clerk, Orange County Sheriff's Office, Santa Ana, California, advised December 1, 1963, the records of this agency contained no information identifiable with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or his aliases.

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Reverend MAURICE DAWKINS, Peoples Independent Church of Christ, 1025 East 18th Street, Los Angeles, telephonically advised November 25, 1963, that he had received a letter on November 24, 1963, from Miss ANNIE L. WARREN, who resides at the Embassy Hotel, Room 616, 851 South Grand, stating she had attended a meeting of "Wings of Healing, World Crises Conference" sometime during the week of October 13 - 24, 1963. She stated a man was introduced at this meeting by the Reverend DALE YOUNG. YOUNG did not give the man's name but described him as a "young man that had something to do" and that the audience should pray for him. WARREN's letter said she turned to the woman next to her at the meeting and stated "he (the man introduced) doesn't look right - suppose he wants to kill the President." WARREN further stated in the letter that one of the women who attends these meetings, MARY ORR, who also resides at the Embassy Hotel, stated in a recent conversation, "I think the President ought to be shot." Her letter further stated

that she thinks what the Russians are saying is exactly right, that OSWALD is a racist, a Ku Klux Klansman, and added, "I believe the killers of the President were paid by the 'right wing,' which is a disguised name for the Ku Klux Klan."

ANNIE L. WARREN, Embassy Hotel, Los Angeles, California, advised SAs VINCENT W. HUGHES and ROBERT K. BURESH on November 25, 1963, that the man she observed being introduced by Reverend DALE YOUNG appeared to resemble OSWALD. WARREN furnished substantially the same information as that appearing in her letter to Reverend DAWKINS. She admitted that she is 64 years of age and during the interview with the Bureau Agents was moved to tears.

Mrs. THOMAS WYATT, wife of Reverend THOMAS WYATT, the owner of the Embassy Auditorium, 847 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, and the head of the "Wings of Healing, World Crises Conference," advised SAs HUGHES and BURESH on November 25, 1963, that she met every minister who was present at the meeting of October 13 - 24, 1963, Conference and no one by the name of OSWALD was present and further, no one resembling OSWALD was present at this Conference.

Logical informants who are familiar with subversive activities within the territory of the Los Angeles Division were contacted in November, 1963, and advised they have no information concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 3 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

C

URGENT 12-3-63 648 PM CST DAW

TO. DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS

FROM. SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/ /P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

RE JAMES D. ALLRED, JR.

ON DECEMBER THREE INSTANT, JEANNE ALLRED, FIVE THREE FOUR SIX MORNINGSIDE AVENUE, DALLAS, TEXAS, PRESENTLY IN LAREDO, TEXAS, ADVISED SA ELDON E. HASTINGS THAT SHE WAS DIVORCED MAY FIVE LAST FROM JAMES D. ALLRED, JR., WHO POSSESSES RADICAL BELIEF CONCERNING CUBA. ALLRED STATED THAT HER HUSBAND SUBSCRIBED TO THE "WORKER" NEWSPAPER, JOINED THE YOUTH FREEDOM SOCIETY AND WAS REPORTED TO HAVE FLOWN MONEY AND GUNS TO CUBA. ALLRED OBTAINED PASSPORT AND VISAS FOR EIGHT CENTRAL AMERICAN COUNTRIES IN NEW ORLEANS, DECEMBER FOURTEEN SIXTYTWO. DAVE STALLINGS REPORTEDLY LEADER OF JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY IN DALLAS ACCOMPANIED ALLRED TO NEW ORLEANS. STALLINGS AND ALLRED FORMER ROOMMATES. MRS. ALLRED THINKS SHE REMEMBERS SEEING NAME LEE HARVEY OSWALD ON ONE OF HER HUSBAND-S ENVELOPES.

HUSBAND ABSCONDED WITH THIRTY FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS BELONGING TO MRS. ALLRED AND PRESENT WHEREABOUTS UNKNOWN. ALLRED HAD MADE FREQUENT TRIPS TO MEXICO. MRS. ALLRED RETURNING TO DALLAS

END PAGE ONE

DEC 27 105-X2555 513
DEC 13 1963

AND CAN BE RECONTACTED AT ABOVE ADDRESS. SUGGEST DALLAS MAINTAIN CONTAC
WITH ALLRED LOOKING TOWARD LOCATION OF HUSBAND SO HE CAN BE INTERVIEWED.

FD THREE ZERO TWOS AND LETTERHEAD MEMO BEING SUBMITTED.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 7-52 PM OK FBI WA OS

DL 6-53 PM OK FBI DL DEC

TU BOTH DISCM

CC-MR. ROSEN

1 - O'Brien

SAC, Dallas 12-12-63

Director, FBI REC 27 105-82555 513

JAMES D. ALLRED, JR.
IS - CUBA

ReSAtel to Bureau and Dallas 12-3-63 captioned, "Lee Harvey Oswald, IS - R."

In view of the information furnished by Jeanne Allred, former wife of subject, investigation should be instituted to determine if subject is engaged in activities inimical to the best interests of the U. S.

Submit the results of your investigation in a form suitable for dissemination together with your recommendation as to whether or not further investigation is warranted.

Bufiles contain no information identifiable with the subject.

FOB:pdb
(4)

NOTE:

Retel advised subject's former wife described subject as having radical belief concerning Cuba, that he subscribed to the "Worker," and was reported to have flown money and guns to Cuba. Mrs. Allred thought she recalled seeing the name Lee Harvey Oswald on one of subject's envelopes.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DEC 17 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FD-263 (Rev. 5-1-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
HOUSTON	DALLAS	12/4/63	12/2-3/63

TITLE OF CASE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.

REPORT MADE BY: SA EDWIN DALRYMPLE — TYPED BY: c.ld

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS - R

REFERENCES: Bureau teletypes to all SACs dated 11/30/63 and 12/1/63;
Report of SA RAYMOND J. FOX dated 12/1/63 at Denver;
Houston teletype to Bureau dated 12/2/63.

-P-

LEADS

HOUSTON

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS:

Will arrange to interview HORACE TWIFORD, presently serving as crew member of "SS Del Monte" immediately upon arrival of that vessel at the Port of Houston on approximately 12/14/63.

APPROVED — SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:

(10) - Bureau (62-109060) (AM)
2 - Dallas (89-43) (AM)
2 - Houston (105-1291)

COPIES DESTROYED

36 FEB 2 1973

REC 27

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				
Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

Notations

HO 105-1291

ADMINISTRATIVE

The lead set out in referenced Denver report for Houston to interview Mrs. E. L. SHAFER, 6327 Riverview Way was previously covered and reported by the Houston Office by teletype to Dallas in the JACK RUBY investigation.

The information from the telephone company was furnished to SA GRAHAM W. KITCHEL on 12/2/63 by [redacted]

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:	SA EDWIN DALRYMPLE	Office:	HOUSTON
Date:	December 4, 1963		
Field Office File #:	Houston file 105-1291	Bureau File #:	62-109060
Title:	LEE HARVEY OSWALD		
Character:	INTERNAL SECURITY - R		

Synopsis:

Subject's address book reported to contain name of HORACE TWIFORD with Houston address and telephone number. Subject reportedly informed his wife on 9/23/63 he might proceed to Houston, Texas from New Orleans. HORACE TWIFORD identified as merchant seaman who left Houston on 10/10/63 for South America and will return approximately 12/14/63. Mrs. ESTELLE TWIFORD and attorney KENYON HOUCHINS interviewed on 12/2/63. They stated Mr. and Mrs. TWIFORD distributed literature for Socialist Labor Party (SLP). Mrs. TWIFORD exhibited envelope apparently used by OSWALD in corresponding with SLP at New York. HORACE TWIFORD reportedly mailed OSWALD literature at Dallas in September, 1963 after this envelope was sent to him by SLP. Mrs. TWIFORD reported she received telephone call from man identifying himself as OSWALD on date she believed to be in late October, 1963. OSWALD informed her he was flying to Mexico and desired to speak to HORACE TWIFORD. Mrs. TWIFORD has never seen OSWALD and feels certain HORACE TWIFORD not acquainted with OSWALD. H. WARNER KLOEPELER, whose name also in possession of OSWALD, not identified in area of Houston, Texas.

-P-

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

PREDICATION

On December 2, 1963 the Dallas Office of the FBI reported the following data had been recorded in the address book of LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

HORACE TWIFORD
7018 Schley
MI 9-8500
WA 3-5492.

H. WARNER KLOEPELER
UN 6-3089
UN 6-2741, Extension 276.

The Dallas Office further advised that information had been received that OSWALD's wife and Mrs. RUTH PAINE had last seen OSWALD in New Orleans, Louisiana on 9/23/63 at which time he indicated he had a friend in Houston, Texas and might proceed either to Houston or to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. When OSWALD next contacted his wife and Mrs. PAINE at Irving, Texas on October 4, 1963 he reportedly claimed he had been in Houston, Texas looking for a job.

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

RE: HORACE ELROY TWIFORD

On December 2, 1963 Mrs. DAISY BROWN, Credit Bureau of Greater Houston advised her agency had maintained a record since June, 1956 pertaining to HORACE ELROY TWIFORD. This record was last revised in September, 1962 at which time TWIFORD was reported to be 39 years of age and residing at 7018 Schley, Houston, Texas with his wife ESTELLE TWIFORD. His employment was listed as second mate with Local #20 of the International Organization of Masters, Mates and Pilots. TWIFORD was reported to have been so employed for 10 or 12 years at a salary of approximately $9,000 per year. He had previously resided at 7823 Dixie Drive, Houston, Texas, at several other Houston addresses, and prior to 1956 at Manteo, North Carolina. Mrs. BROWN stated TWIFORD had a good credit record at Houston.

This file also contained a credit report dated June 27, 1956 from Elizabeth City, North Carolina indicating TWIFORD had recently moved to 4315 West Alabama Street, Apartment 5, Houston, Texas but had previously resided for several years at Manteo, North Carolina. TWIFORD was reported to have been single in 1956, had been a seaman since World War II and he was well regarded at Manteo, North Carolina.

On December 2, 1963 Detective D. D. COLLINS, Intelligence Unit, Houston, Texas Police Department advised he had checked the arrest records of that department on that date and had found no record indicating that HORACE TWIFORD had ever been arrested in Houston, Texas. COLLINS stated HORACE TWIFORD had become known to the Houston, Texas Police Department inasmuch as he had been publicly identified in 1962 as the head of a committee appointed by the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) at Houston which was referred to as the "Due Process Committee." COLLINS stated that this committee was reportedly formed to look into allegations of police brutality at Houston and another member of this committee was attorney KENYON HOUCHINS. COLLINS stated this committee actually never functioned beyond writing a few letters in the Houston area. COLLINS stated several people with whom he talked considered TWIFORD to be rather immature inasmuch as he frequently wore a goatee and impressed people as being of college age.

On December 2, 1963 Mrs. ESTELLE TWIFORD, 7018 Schley Street was interviewed by SAS JAMES W. RUSSELL and EDWIN DALRYMPLE. Mrs. TWIFORD stated her husband, HORACE TWIFORD, was the second mate on the "SS Del Monte" operated by the Delta Lines, Inc. She stated this vessel left Houston in late October for a trip to South America and was scheduled to return to Houston on December 14, 1963.

Mrs. TWIFORD first stated that she had never heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD except for newspaper reports she had read since the assassination of President KENNEDY. She stated she had never seen OSWALD and felt sure her husband was not acquainted with him. Mrs. TWIFORD acknowledged that she and her husband distributed various types of literature including literature of the Socialist Labor Party in which

they were active. She acknowledged that her husband had records of people to whom he had mailed such literature but she initially refused to consult these records or to furnish any information from them.

Mrs. TWIFORD then acknowledged that she did have other information about OSWALD but declined to discuss the matter until she had telephoned attorney KENYON HOUCHINS. HOUCHINS arrived at the TWIFORD residence within a few minutes, stated that he was thoroughly familiar with the matter and instructed Mrs. TWIFORD to cooperate completely.

Mrs. TWIFORD then stated that she and her husband were among the few members of the Socialist Labor Party in Texas and the headquarters of this organization at New York, New York frequently furnished them the names of any persons in the Texas area who made inquiry about the organization. She recalled her husband had received OSWALD's name in this manner and had mailed him literature of the Socialist Labor Party to a post office address in Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. TWIFORD related that at some time which she believed to be in late October or early November she answered a telephone call and the man making this call identified himself as LEE OSWALD. OSWALD asked for her husband and stated he had received a copy of the "Weekly People" and wanted to know how HORACE TWIFORD had obtained his name. Mrs. TWIFORD explained that the "Weekly People" is a newspaper published by the Socialist Labor Party. Mrs. TWIFORD stated her best recollection was that OSWALD stated on that occasion that he was flying to Mexico, had a few hours, and desired to talk with Mr. TWIFORD. She believes OSWALD identified himself as a member of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee but stated neither she nor her husband was a member of that organization and to the best of her knowledge the Fair Play for Cuba Committee had never been active in the Houston area. A characterization of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee is set forth in the appendix of this report.

Mrs. TWIFORD stated she informed OSWALD that her husband was then at sea but if he desired to correspond with Mr. TWIFORD he could direct a letter to 7018 Schley, Houston, Texas.

Mrs. TWIFORD attempted to recall more specifically the date of this telephone call by relating it to some other event and finally stated she still believed it had been received in late October or early November, 1963. She was sure that it came a few days before HORACE TWIFORD left Houston for his current trip to South America. She states her husband had left Houston on the "SS Del Monte" : " had proceeded to Louisiana, back to Freeport and Corpus Christi, Texas and back to Houston, Texas where it remained a very short time before leaving Houston for South America. Mrs. TWIFORD recalled that the telephone call from OSWALD was received while her husband was on this coast wise trip because she told her husband of this telephone call during the few hours he had at home before leaving for South America. She said that, when she told HORACE TWIFORD that OSWALD had called her husband did not show any particular reaction at all and it appeared to her that the name OSWALD did not mean anything to him. Mrs. TWIFORD stated that she had in fact recalled this incident only since the publicity about the assassination. She stated it should be possible to check records of the Delta Lines, Inc. to determine the approximate date of this telephone call by relating it to the coast wise trip made by this vessel. Mrs. TWIFORD stated OSWALD made no mention of looking for a job in Houston and did not specifically say he was in Houston and she assumed it was a local telephone call because no telephone operator was involved and because of the remark of OSWALD to the effect that he only had a few hours and desired to talk with her husband. She stated she actually had no information concerning OSWALD's exact whereabouts when this call was made.

Mrs. TWIFORD further stated that except for the above incident she had never had any contact whatever with OSWALD, has never seen him, and to the best of her knowledge HORACE TWIFORD has never had any personal contacts with OSWALD at any time. Mrs. TWIFORD also stated that she has never known JACK RUBY and that she could furnish no information whatever concerning the persons involved in the assassination of President KENNEDY, the later murder of OSWALD or the possible motives involved.

Mrs. TWIFORD then obtained from her records a small manilla envelope printed and bearing the address of the New

York Labor News Company, 61 Cliff Street, New York 38, New York, P. O. Box 76. She identified this as the envelope which had been mailed to her husband by the Socialist Labor Party. It was noted the upper left corner of this envelope carried the return address, in hand printing as follows:

"L. H. Oswald
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas.

The above envelope was originally post marked at Dallas, Texas on November 10, 1962 and a rubber stamp impression indicated it was received at New York, New York on November 13, 1962. There was no indication of the date on which this envelope had been mailed to HORACE TWIFORD. A handwritten note across the front of this envelope contained the words "Labor Day issue WP, 9/11/63." Mrs. TWIFORD stated this was the handwriting of her husband and this note indicated to her her husband had mailed to OSWALD on September 11, 1963 the above issue of the "Weekly People". Mrs. TWIFORD stated she would retain this envelope permanently.

Attorney KENYON HOUCHINS, 1207 Welch Street was also interviewed on the above occasion at the residence of Mrs. TWIFORD. HOUCHINS stated he was likewise active in the Socialist Labor Party and noted that there were actually only 5 or 6 members of this organization in the entire State of Texas. HOUCHINS explained it was fairly common when the New York headquarters of this organization received an inquiry from anyone in Texas for that organization to advise HORACE TWIFORD just in case TWIFORD might have an opportunity to make a personal contact. HOUCHINS stated he did not know of the receipt of the above telephone call by Mrs. TWIFORD until a few days after the assassination of President KENNEDY at which time he had discussed the matter thoroughly with Mrs. TWIFORD. HOUCHINS stated he also at that time telephoned DAN RATHER, a member of the NBC news staff to inform RATHER on a confidential basis of the receipt of this telephone call. HOUCHINS stated he had not reported this matter to the FBI or any other law enforcement agency. HOUCHINS stated he had discussed with TWIFORD various individuals in Texas who had shown an interest in the Socialist Labor Party but to the best of his knowledge HORACE TWIFORD had never known LEE HARVEY OSWALD. HOUCHINS volunteered the following comments as being of possible value in this investigation:

HOUCHINS recalled that TWIFORD once told him he had received correspondence from someone in Arlington, Texas requesting information concerning the program of the Socialist Labor Party. TWIFORD informed HOUCHINS he had written that person but no names were mentioned. HOUCHINS stated he mentioned this incident only because he believed he had read that LEE OSWALD had a brother or some relative residing in the area of Arlington, Texas between Dallas and Fort Worth. In connection with this incident HOUCHINS located a notation dated May 22, 1963 containing the name JACK E. GRIMMER, 500 South Cooper, Arlington, Texas. HOUCHINS stated he could not recall for sure but GRIMMER may have been the person who requested the above literature.

HOUCHINS further recalled that during the summer of 1963 HORACE TWIFORD had received the name of some man in Fort Worth, Texas who was also interested in the Socialist Labor Party. He stated that HORACE TWIFORD made a trip to Fort Worth and later remarked to him he had seen two or three people in Fort Worth who appeared to be interested in this organization but that one man in particular showed the most interest. HOUCHINS recalled TWIFORD described this man as a young man who indicated he could not discuss the Socialist Labor Party at his residence and when they got together elsewhere this man had very little to say and acted rather strangely. HOUCHINS stated this is a very vague recollection but he volunteered it on the remote chance the man referred to could have been OSWALD.

Both Mrs. TWIFORD and KENYON HOUCHINS stated they were not acquainted with JACK RUBY and that no additional information had come to their attention which might relate in any way to this investigation.

Mrs. TWIFORD stated she felt sure her husband would be glad to cooperate in this investigation but it would be impossible to interview him prior to December 14, 1963 except by radio telephone which would not afford any security.

Mrs. TWIFORD stated she and her husband have had telephone number WA 3-5492 since they moved to 7018 Schley in November, 1962. She pointed out their previous telephone number was MI 9-8500 when they resided at 7823 Dixie Drive.

She stated the old address and telephone number still appear in the current (January, 1963) Houston telephone directory because the directory had already been prepared at the time they changed residences.

On December 2, 1963 N. J. RAITHEL, Assistant Manager Delta Lines, Inc., 1300 Texas Street furnished the following information concerning the recent movements of the "SS Del Monte" operated by his company:

8/31/63	Departed Brazil enroute to Houston
9/16/63	Arrived Houston
9/23/63	Departed Houston for New Orleans, with brief stop at Galveston, Texas on 9/23,24/63
9/26/63	Arrived New Orleans, Louisiana
9/30/63	Departed New Orleans, Louisiana
10/1/63	Arrived Houston, Texas
10/3/63	Departed Houston, Texas
10/4/63	Departed Galveston, Texas for Freeport, Texas
10/5/63	Departed Freeport for Lake Charles, Louisiana
10/6/63	Proceeded from Lake Charles to Corpus Christi, Texas
10/9/63	Corpus Christi, to Houston, Texas

10/10/63 c	Departed Houston, Texas enroute to South America
10/13/63	Stop at Tampico, Mexico
11/28/63	Departed Victoria, Brazil
12/6/63	Due to depart from Bridgetown, Barbados
12/14/63	Scheduled to arrive Houston, Texas

Mr. RAITHEL stated the above vessel would visit no other United States port prior to arriving at Houston, Texas and could only be reached prior to December 14, 1963 through the facilities of Mackey Radio Company.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOE P. PATTY:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS:

On December 3, 1963, Mr. JAMES BRIDWELL, Station Manager, Trans-Texas Airlines (TTA) advised that TTA is the only airline flying to Laredo, Texas. He stated that the only route a passenger for Laredo could take is by TTA Flight 473 from Houston to McAllen, Texas, and TTA Flight 432 from McAllen to Laredo. He said this is actually a through flight, but the flight number changes at McAllen. He said the other possibility would be for a passenger to take any one of numerous flights from Houston to San Antonio and then board one of two flights from San Antonio to Laredo. Mr. BRIDWELL made available the passenger lists for TTA Flight 473 out of Houston for the period September 23, 1963, through September 26, 1963. A review of these lists failed to reflect a passenger by the name of OSWALD, HIDELL, HITELL, LEE or any variation thereof.

On December 3, 1963, Mr. A. D. FARRIOR, Desk Clerk, Y.M.C.A., 1600 Louisiana, Houston, Texas, advised SA DANIEL D. DREILING that he had no record reflecting that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, A. HIDELL, ALEX JAMES HITELL or O. H. LEE had stayed at the Y.M.C.A. during the year 1963.

HO 105-1291

On December 2, 1963 the records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Houston, Texas were checked and it was determined that the Houston telephone exchange does not have a number beginning with UN-6.

On December 2, 1963 Mr. F. A. FALK, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Beaumont, Texas advised that the Beaumont telephone exchange does have numbers beginning with UN-6 but he pointed out the numbers UN-6-3039 or UN-6-2741 had never been issued in the city of Beaumont.

On December 2, 1963 the telephone directories and current city directories for Beaumont and Houston, Texas were checked and no name found identifiable with H. WARNER KLOEPELER.

HO 105-1291

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. Charles A. Santos-Buch identified himself and Robert Taber as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and Taber obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the Fall of 1962 and was filled by Vincent "Ted" Lee, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed Lee has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations, including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, Lee has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. Lee feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without

interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

9843

The Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Lee Oswald

Dear Sirs:

From the information we are getting on radio and television and the papers, the American people are given to understand that your investigation shows that this miserable wretch Oswald was working along and had no accomplices. I am afraid that you will have a hard time making the American people believe this.

First of all if you did investigate this Oswald creature just previous to the assassination and knew that there was to be a parade involving the President of the United States why wasn't he kept under strict surveillance? Second....How was this Oswald admitted back to the United States and given money besides to come back and bring a Russian wife who wasn't a citizen? And why did Russia let her and him get out of the country without a bit of trouble. Why wasn't his wife interrogated more?

I am sorry that I cannot buy the idea that the Russian embassy turned over their complete file on Oswald; I don't believe it; they in all their tricky ways, kept out what would have been the truth.

It must be considered a strange xxxin coincidence that both Ruby and Oswald stopped at the Y.M.C.A. It is a strange coincidence that that either one of them would stop at a Y.M.C.A. To begin with and within a short time of each other. Also, if you watched television, how easy the Dallas Police made it for Ruby to go up right up and shoot Oswald. Nothing will make me believe that this good for nothing bum Ruby did it but for only one reason to liquidate him so that he couldn't talk. When you hear that fourth grade students cheered when the President was killed, then you can pin anything on those Dallas Keystone Comedy Cops but with one of saddest endings.

REC 27 105-82555-515

If you have considered this case closed, I am sure that the American people do not until the Dallas Police, Oswald and Ruby xxx are further investigated and the real truth told. His crack lawyer is having his trial pushed quite far ahead so that this matter may cool off and the anger of the American people dies down. This will never happen for our beloved President Kennedy of Blessed Memory will forever be enshrined in our hearts with the pen of a diamond and the tongue of an angel.

DEC 13 1963

I hope that you succeed in tracking down these killers who [illegible] Castro or the Soviet Union.

ENCLOSURE

ANSWERING COMMUNICATIONS
KEEP ENVELOPE ATTACHED

RICHARD STARNES

Truth Won't Out

REALISM instructs us to expect little from the special commission created by President Johnson to investigate the death of his predecessor.

No member of the commission has any competence as an investigator, nor does any have access to a disinterested investigative staff. The commission will be almost wholly dependent upon the facts made available to it by the Secret Service, the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Dallas Police Department.

In a sense, of course, the special commission is investigating the role played by each of these agencies, and it is manifestly naive to expect these cops to bear witness against themselves or, indeed, each other.

Any reporter who has wasted a portion of his young life in a hick police station thinks he knows exactly how Rubenstein, the squalid impresario of skin shows, gained access to the Dallas Municipal Building where he apparently shot and killed the man who apparently shot and killed President Kennedy. (If you contend there are too many apparentlys in that sentence, my reply is that there are too many apparentlys in the murders that took place in Dallas.)

Ruby probably had a press pass issued by the Dallas cops. Every reporter has known police buffs of the stripe of Rubenstein, and the sleazy breed invariably prizes possession of a press card.

But is anyone foolish enough to expect the Dallas Police Department to step before Chief Justice Warren and say, yes, your worship, we did give Rubinstein a press pass to which he was not entitled and he did use it to gain access to the basement where he performed the gallant act of gut-shooting a manacled prisoner?

If you believe the Dallas police will ever give up the truth about how Rubenstein got a clear shot at Oswald you will believe anything, possibly including the solemn assertion that Rubenstein was not paying off any officials for the privilege of skirting the law in operating his peltorama.

In their extravagant outpouring of grief over the death of their young President, the American people have largely overlooked the disgraceful failure of the Secret Service. We are assured that these hard-nosed federal cops could not possibly check every window along the parade route, and no one is moved to ask why they couldn't. The building from which the assassination of Mr. Kennedy is said to have taken place was a prime stake-out for a sniper, since the President's automobile had to slow for a turn beneath its windows.

Will the Secret Service candidly explain to the special commission why Oswald was permitted to rest patiently on his hunkers gnawing a chicken bone, a rifle beside him, in one of perhaps a dozen choice locations for a bushwacker?

Again, little has been made of the fact that the President was shot not once but twice. The autopsy findings on Mr. Kennedy have not been made public, and may never be, but suppose the first wound was not mortal? Then the lax protection that permitted a second bullet to strike home becomes a great historical scandal. Will Mr. Justice Warren and his colleagues ever know the truth of this, and if they do learn

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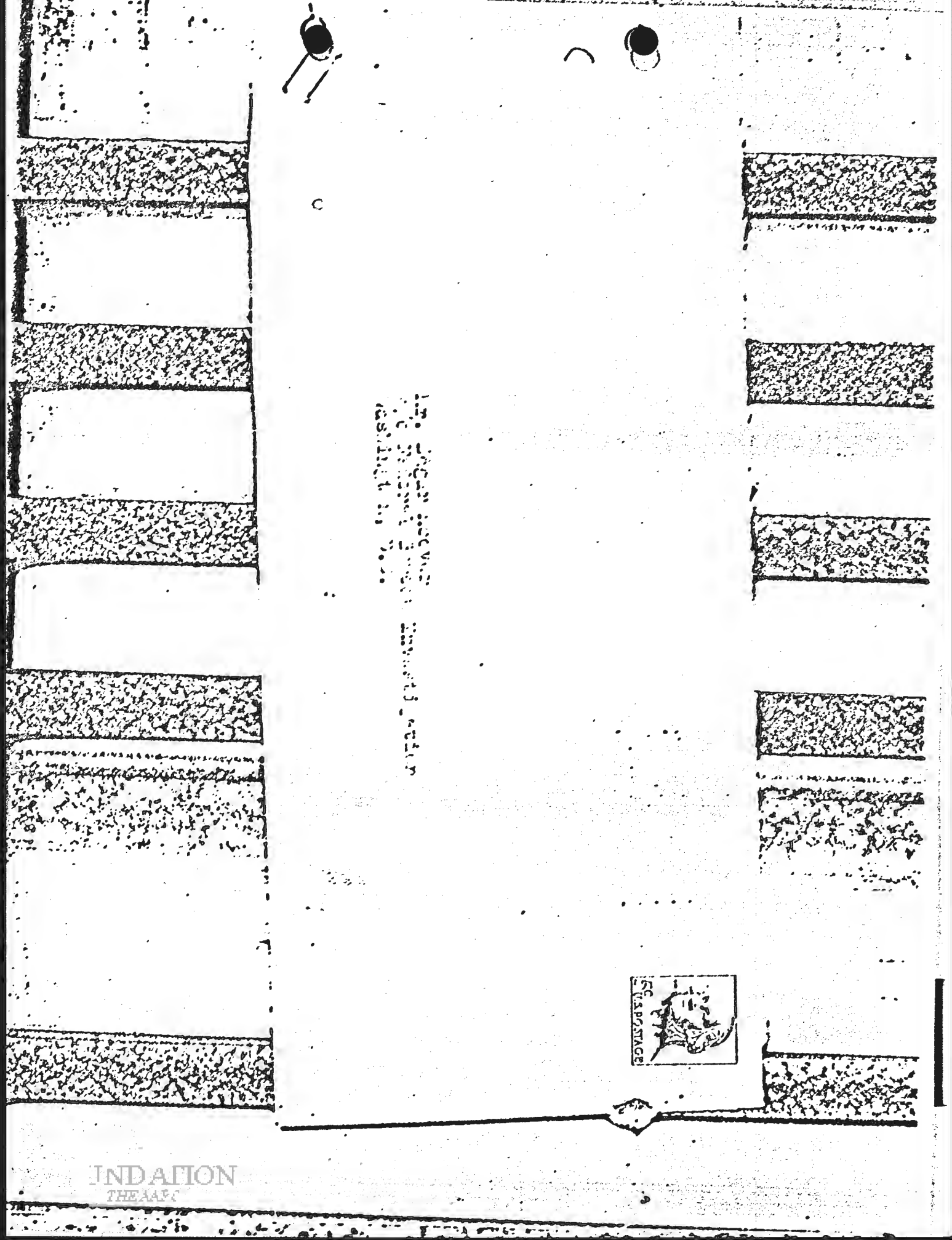
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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MR. TAVEL
MR. TROTTER
MR. JONES
TELE. ROOM
MISS HOLMES
MRS. METCALF
MISS GANDY

File

9812

No add
Anonymous ltr. 8

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FD-263 (Rev. 5-1-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
LOS ANGELES	DALLAS	12/5/63	12/2 - 5/63

TITLE OF CASE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.

REPORT MADE BY: CHESTER C. ORTON REC 27 | TYPED BY: nlb

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS - R

REFERENCES: Report of SA NEAL MC GINNIS, dated 12/1/63, at Los Angeles.
Washington Field teletype to Bureau dated 12/3/63, at 8:57 p.m.
Charlotte teletype to Bureau dated 12/4/63, at 4:3? p.m.

-P-

LEAD

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA. Will, as leads are received in this case, handle immediately by teletype and surep within three days.

-A*-

COVER PAGE

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4 DEC [illegible]

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Date Fwd.	1/13/64			
How Fwd.	Liaison			
By	RCL/ltf			

Notations: SOVIET SECTION

EAARC

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: CHESTER C. ORTON
Date: 12/5/63

Office: Los Angeles, California

Field Office File #: 105-15823

Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis: Captain ROBERT E. BLOCK was Operations Officer when OSWALD was stationed at Marine Corps Air Force Lighter Than Air Station, Santa Ana, California, from approximately February to May, 1959. OSWALD subscribed to "People's World" and had "leftist" literature in his barracks. Master Sergeant VERNON H. SCHICK had no personal contact with OSWALD.

-P-

DETAILS:

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 5, 1963

Captain ROBERT E. BLOCK, U. S. Marine Corps, MACS No. 9, Lighter Than Air Station, Santa Ana, California, advised that he was former Operations Officer during the time that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was stationed at the Marine Corps Air Force Lighter Than Air Station, Santa Ana, California, from approximately February to May, 1959.

OSWALD was one of 60 men assigned to BLOCK. BLOCK had only one or two personal contacts with OSWALD. One of the contacts was in connection with a complaint that BLOCK had received to the effect that OSWALD was subscribing to the "People's World" and had other "leftist" literature in his barracks. When BLOCK questioned OSWALD concerning his subscribing to the "People's World," and having "leftist" literature in his barracks, OSWALD said that he was only trying to indoctrinate himself in Russian theory in conformance with Marine Corps policy. BLOCK was unable to recall the names or titles of any of the "leftist" literature mentioned above.

Other than this, BLOCK had no particular problems with OSWALD and considered him normal in his performance ratings. BLOCK was unable to furnish any other information concerning OSWALD.

The "People's World" is a West Coast communist weekly newspaper.

On 12/4/63 at Santa Ana, California File # Los Angeles 105-15823

by SA HENRY F. ALSTON:nlb Date dictated 12/5/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 5, 1963

Master Sergeant VERNON H. SCHICK, MACS No. 9, Marine Corps Air Force Lighter Than Air Station, Santa Ana, California, advised that he was at the El Toro Marine Base, El Toro, California, at the same time that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was stationed there. SCHICK does not recall OSWALD personally; had no personal contact with him, and had no information to furnish concerning OSWALD.

On 12/4/63 at Santa Ana, California File # Los Angeles 105-15823

by SA HENRY F. ALSTON:nlb Date dictated 12/5/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1963

TELETYPE

REC 27.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-5-63 7-35 PM JCM

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, DALLAS, MIAMI,
JACKSONVILLE, AND NEW YORK
NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON RELAY

FROM SAC, CHARLOTTE /105-1731/ 7P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.
RE JOHN FREEMAN.

RE CHARLOTTE TEL TO BUREAU, JACKSONVILLE AND MIAMI, DEC. FOUR LAST AND MIAMI TEL TODAY.

[redacted] INMATE, N. C. PRISON DEPT., BLANCH, NC, ADVISED WAS FORMERLY INMATE AT FLA. PENITENTIARY, RAIFORD, FLA., FOR TWO AND ONE HALF YEARS, SERVING SENTENCE FOR BREAKING AND ENTERING WHILE ON ESCAPE FROM N. C. WAS RELEASED TO N. C. AUTHORITIES SEPT. TWELVE LAST TO COMPLETE THIRTYFIVE TO FORTYFIVE YEAR SENTENCE FOR SAFE CRACKING.

REC 27 105-82555-517

5 DEC 13 1963

WHILE AT RAIFORD, WAS CELLMATE OF JOHN PAREN JACK END PAREN FREEMAN FOR ONE YEAR. FREEMAN WAS OUTSPOKEN PRO CASTRO AND PRO COMMUNIST. CLAIMED

53 DEC 17 1963

END PAGE ONE

RELAYED TO NY

courtesy of AARC

HE HAD FLOWN PLANES TO CUBA, LEFT THEM, WAS FLOWN BACK TO COAST OF FLA. WHERE HE PARACHUTED DOWN AND GOT OTHER PLANES TO FLY TO CUBA. HAD SPENT CONSIDERABLE TIME IN CUBA.

FREEMAN STATED WHEN ARRESTED MIAMI ON BIGAMY CHARGE HE HAD A LARGE SUPPLY OF BABY BOTTLE NIPPLES IN HIS POSSESSION WHICH WERE TO BE USED AS SILENCERS ON GUNS. FREEMAN SPOKE CONSTANTLY OF ADVANTAGES OF COMMUNISM AND WITH ADMIRATION FOR CASTRO REGIME, WAS ABLE TO GET INTO THE PENITENTIARY ALL KINDS OF COMMUNIST LITERATURE WHICH HE TRIED TO GET OTHER INMATES TO READ.

[redacted] STATED WHEN OSWALD INVOLVED IN AN AFFRAY IN NEW ORLEANS, LAST SPRING, RECALLS FREEMAN HAD A RADIO AND LISTENED TO BROADCAST FROM NEW ORLEANS ABOUT THE PRO CASTRO GROUP IN THAT CITY AND THEIR ACTIVITIES. FREEMAN MADE STATEMENT OSWALD WAS QUOTE HIS BUDDY UNQUOTE AND THAT HE BELONGED TO THE SAME

END PAGE TWO

OUTFIT AS OSWALD. FREEMAN ALSO MADE STATEMENT PRESIDENT KENNEDY WOULD BE KILLED BEFORE HIS TERM WAS UP AND IT WOULD OCCUR IN TEXAS.

FREEMAN ALSO STATED THAT AFTER THE PRESIDENT WAS KILLED AND QUOTE THEY TOOK OVER UNQUOTE THEN THE GOVERNORS AND THE SHERIFFS WOULD BE KILLED. FREEMAN ASKED [redacted] IF HE KNEW THE SHERIFF OF HERNANDO COUNTY, FLA., WHERE [redacted] HAD LIVED. [redacted] REPLIED HE DID AND ALSO MOST OF THE DEPUTIES. NEXT DAY FREEMAN TOLD HIM THE NAME OF THAT SHERIFF, HIS ADDRESS, AND ALSO THE CORRECT NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF THE SHERIFF-S DEPUTIES. CLAIMED THEY HAD THE NAMES OF EVERY SHERIFF IN THE U. S. LISTED WITH THEIR ADDRESSES SO THAT THEY COULD BE KILLED.

[redacted] STATED FREEMAN ORIGINALLY FROM INDIANA, WHITE, MALE, THIRTY TO THIRTYTWO YEARS, SANDY HAIR, FIVE FT. NINE IN., ONE HUNDRED SIXTYFIVE LBS., AND CLAIMED TO HAVE BEEN RAISED IN OHIO AND UTAH, WHERE HE

END PAGE THREE

BECAME MORMAN. CLAIMED PRO CASTRO GROUP IN UTAH HAD CACHES OF GUNS BUT DID NOT IDENTIFY THEIR LOCATION. FREEMAN CLAIMED ATTENDED A COLLEGE FOR ONE YEAR IN OHIO WHICH WAS PAID FOR BY THE COMMUNISTS AND WHILE THERE TAUGHT FELLOW STUDENTS TO SHOOT IN THE WOODS BEHIND THE COLLEGE.

[redacted] STATED FREEMAN GAVE HIM NAMES OF CONTACTS WHICH HE HAD RECORDED IN A BOOK AND MADE AVAILABLE. [redacted] STATED HE HAD LED FREEMAN TO BELIEVE HE WANTED TO JOIN HIS CAUSE AND FREEMAN STATED THEY NEEDED A SAFE CRACKER SINCE THEY KNEW OF A SAFE CONTAINING A LARGE SUM OF MONEY THAT COULD BE CRACKED BUT DID NOT IDENTIFY IT. CONTACTS GIVEN [redacted] WERE DASH NUMBER ONE DASH ANDRE T. MARTISON, THREE THREE ONE EAST NINTH ST., NEW YORK/THREE, NEW YORK, WHO COULD GET PAPERS FOR ANYONE TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY WHO WANTED TO GET OUT.

NUMBER TWO DASH T. C. CHENG, ROOM NINE ZERO

SIX, EAST ASIA BANK BUILDING, NO. TEN DESVOEUX ROAD, CENTRAL, HONG KONG, WHO COMES TO U. S. ABOUT THREE TIMES A YEAR AND HAS AN AIRPLANE SEAT MANUFACTURING COMPANY NEAR THE AIRPORT AT MIAMI. SUPPOSEDLY A BIG MAN IN THE PRO CASTRO MOVEMENT AND ALSO DESCRIBED BY FREEMAN AS BEING IN NARCOTICS TRADE.

NUMBER THREE DASH CUSTAVO MACHADO, AN OFFICER IN THE NATIONAL CONGRESS OF VENEZUELA, CARACAS, VENEZUELA.

NUMBER FOUR DASH LUIS VALENCIA, A MEMBER OF FUAR ORGANIZATION IN COLUMBIA.

NUMBER FIVE DASH DOMINGO RANGEL OF THE VENEZUELAN MIR.

NUMBER SIX DASH FRANCISCO JULIAO, AN ATTORNEY IN BRAZIL WHO CAN OBTAIN LEGAL PERMITS, NOT FURTHER IDENTIFIED.

NUMBER SEVEN DASH TOM KINGBURG, ISLA DE LAS MUJERES, QUINTANA ROD, MEXICO.

END PAGE FIVE

NUMBER EIGHT DASH LOMBARD TOLEDANO, MEXICO CITY, MEXICO.

[redacted] STATED FREEMAN FURNISHED THIS LIST AS CONTACTS WHO WOULD BE SYMPATHETIC TOWARD THE PRO CASTRO MOVEMENT THROUGHOUT THE HEMISPHERE AND ALTHOUGH [redacted] HAS VERY LITTLE EDUCATION HE HAD PRINTED THESE NAMES VERY CAREFULLY IN AN ADDRESS BOOK WHICH HE MADE AVAILABLE. FREEMAN ALSO TOLD [redacted] THAT A PHILLIPS SIXTYSIX STATION NEAR PIER SIXTYONE OR SIXTYFIVE IN MIAMI WAS THE CONTACT POINT FOR PRO CASTRO OPERATIONS.

[redacted] STATED ALTHOUGH HE HAS SPENT MOST OF HIS LIFE IN THE PRISON SYSTEM OF N. C. THAT HE IS DEEPLY LOYAL TO THIS COUNTRY AND IS FURNISHING THIS INFO. BECAUSE OF THIS. HE STATED HE FEELS FREEMAN TOLD HIM ALL THIS SINCE HE KNEW HE WAS A LONG TERMER AND FELT HE SHOULD BE BITTER TOWARDS THE U. S. AND MIGHT BE SYMPATHETIC TOWARD THE PRO CASTRO MOVEMENT BECAUSE OF THIS.

END PAGE SIX

[redacted] REQUESTED HIS IDENTITY NOT BE DISCLOSED TO FREEMAN AS SOURCE OF THIS INFO. UNLESS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.

MIAMI WILL QUESTION FREEMAN RE ABOVE INFO. AND ATTEMPT TO VERIFY THAT CONTACTS LISTED ARE TRUE. IF SO, WILL CONSIDER REQUESTING BUREAU ADVICE RE HAVING LEGATS CONDUCT APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION CONCERNING THESE CONTACTS.

JACKSONVILLE. [redacted] STATED QUOTE DOCK UNQUOTE, EMMETT KISSLER, AND HOWARD HOPKINS WERE OTHER INMATES AT RAIFORD WHO COULD VERIFY INFORMATION HE FURNISHED. STATED QUOTE DOCK UNQUOTE NOW ON PAROLE BUT WHEREABOUTS PROBABLY KNOWN TO DR. ZAFFKE, PENITENTIARY STAFF. ATTEMPT TO VERIFY [redacted] INFO THROUGH THESE SOURCES.

NEW YORK WILL IDENTIFY ANDRE T. MARTISON AND HIS AFFILIATION WITH THE PRO CASTRO MOVEMENT.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

END AND ACK

WA 7-54 PM OK FBI WA WS

DL 6-54 PM OK FBI DL DEC

MM 7-54 PM OK FBI MM RWI

JK 7-54 PM OK FBI JK JLC

TU CLR CC-MR ROSEN

COMMUNICATIONS

DEC 9 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-9-63 4-49 PM CST TJF

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10,461/ 1 PAGE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. ~~IS-EASH R BASH~~ CUBA.

[redacted] CONFIDENTIALLY ADVISED THAT SHE OVER HEARD A CONVERSATION BETWEEN ONE O. D. ASTON AND DOROTHY EVANS, KNOWN TO BE MEMBERS OF THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY /JBS/. THEY INDICATED THAT THEY, PRESUMABLY JBS, IN DALLAS WILL LAUNCH A STRONG CRITICISM OF THE FBI IF THE FBI INVESTIGATION DOES NOT REFLECT LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND JACK RUBY WERE PART OF A COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY TO ASSASSINATE THE PRESIDENT. THEY MADE NO STATEMENT THAT THERE APPEARS TO BE A BIGGER WHITEWASH THAN AFTER PEARL HARBOR.

THE ABOVE IS BEING FURNISHED FOR INFORMATION.

END AND ACK PLS

5-53 PM OK FBI WA LA

TU DISC

REC 55 100-XXXXX 518

5 DEC 13 1963

101-15A

cc MR. ROSEN

66DEC17 1963

DEC 10 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr.
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-10-63 5-56 PM DEC

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS, SAN ANTONIO, NEW YORK AND CHICAGO

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

RE SAN ANTONIO AIRTEL TO BUREAU NOVEMBER THIRTY, SIXTYTHREE, CHICAGO TELETYPE TO BUREAU, DECEMBER FIVE, SIXTYTHREE.

JAMES R. HEGLER, CHIEF, RESERVATIONS ADMINISTRATION, AMERICAN AIRLINES, GREATER SOUTHWEST INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, DALLAS, ADVISED SA GEORGE T. BINNEY RESERVATIONS CARD FOR AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT FIVE NINE, DATED JANUARY TWO, SIXTYTHREE IN NAME E. CAMPBELL REVEALS TELETYPE RESERVATION WAS MADE FROM AMERICAN AIRLINES, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, JANUARY TWO, SIXTY-THREE, FOR PASSENGER E. CAMPBELL. THIS PASSENGER CAME TO DALLAS VIA AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT ONE TWO TWO, COACH SECTION FROM LOS ANGELES, TAKING FLIGHT FIVE NINE FROM DALLAS TO SAN ANTONIO. A SEARCH OF ALL AVAILABLE RESERVATION CARDS FOR FLIGHT FIFTY-NINE FAILED TO REFLECT NAME OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD BY NAME OR ALIASES.. CHECK OF PASSENGERS WHO APPLIED FOR FLIGHT

REC 55 [illegible] 519

6 DEC 11 1963

END PAGE ONE

66DEC17 1963

RELAYED TO [illegible]

FOUNDATION

FIVE NINE AND WHOSE NAMES APPEARED ON WAITING LIST ALSO NEGATIVE. HEGLER ADVISED THAT AIRLINES PASSENGERS DEPARTING U. S. FOR MEXICO ARE RECORDED BY NAME ON U.S. GOVERNMENT FORM I DASH NINE FOUR /ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE RECORD/ WHICH IS RETAINED BY INS OR CUSTOMS AGENTS, SAN ANTONIO.

ELIZABETH CAMPBELL HAS ADVISED SHE RETURNED FROM SACRAMENTO TO SAN ANTONIO ON UNKNOWN AIRLINE JANUARY TWO, SIXTYTHREE AND OBSERVED PERSON POSSIBLY IDENTICAL TO OSWALD ON PLANE FROM DALLAS TO SAN ANTONIO. THIS FLIGHT DESTINED TO MEXICO CITY FROM SAN ANTONIO. DEPARTURE FROM DALLAS ABOUT EIGHT P.M.

SAN ANTONIO WILL CONTACT INS AND U.S. CUSTOMS OFFICE AND CHECK APPROPRIATE RECORDS FOR ANY INFORMATION AS TO OSWALD-S DEPARTURE FROM U.S. VIA FLIGHT FIVE NINE.

SA AND CG TO BE ADVISED

END AND ACK PLS

7-03 PM MOK FBI WA MSL FOR RELAY

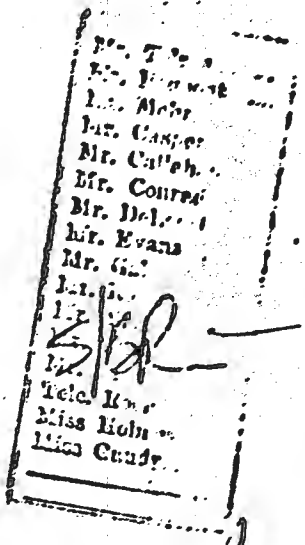
CC-MR ROSEN

ION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 10 1963

TELETYPE



URGENT 12-10-63 10-34 PM CST DAW

TO. DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS, LOS ANGELES

FROM. SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/ /P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD. IS DASH R.

RE PORTALND TEL TO DIRECTOR DECEMBER TEN, INSTANT.

ON TTHIS DATE JOSEPH HORNER, OFFICE MANAGER OF STALCO, INC., FIVE ONE FOUR MERIDA STREET, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, ADVISED SA GEORGE KEEFER THAT TOM BAILEY, TRUCK DRIVER FOR STALCO, IS PRESENTLY EN ROUTE FROM LOS ANGELES AND WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR INTERVIEW DECEMBER THIRTEEN, NEXT.

FOR BENEFIT OF LOS ANGELES, HOTEL AT SEVENTH STREET AND BRODWAY IS LANKERSHIM.

SAN ANTONIO WILL INTERVIEW BAILEY AND SUTEL.

LOS ANGELES TO BE ADVISE.

~~CORRECION LINE FOUR THE SAN ANTONIO AGENTS NAME IS GEORGE KEEFER~~

END AND ACK PLS

WA 11-37 PM OK FBI WA JGE

DL VL10-37 PM OK FBI DL DEC

TU BOTH DISCO

REC 55 105-82555-520

DEC 12 1963

13

ST-104

6DEC17 1963

1 - Turner

SAC, New York

12-12-63

SECRET

Director, FBI (105-82555)

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category III
Date of Declassification Indefinite

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

ReDLlet 12-10-63, a copy of which is enclosed for NY.

[redacted]

S

Enc.

1 - Dallas (100-10461)

LETT:cgw
(5)

NY advised of
decl. by RLS
7/9/77 SPC/TRE

REC 55 105-82555-521

5 DEC 13 1963

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room

MAILED 3
DEC 2 1 1963
COMM-FBI

SECRET

6 6 DEC 17 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 12 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-12-63 12-38 PM CST RDL

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/

SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/

SAC, NEW ORLEANS/100-16601/

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA. RE TRAVEL OF OSWALD.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL TO BUREAU DEC. ELEVEN LAST, NINE THIRTYSEVEN P. M.

SAN ANTONIO HAS DEVELOPED NO INFORMATION AT THIS TIME CONCERNING MEANS BY WHICH TICKET FROM NUEVO LAREDO, TEXAS, TO MEXICO CITY ON FLECHA ROJA BUS LINES WAS OBTAINED BY MAN USING NAME OSWALD. EFFORTS BEING MADE TO OBTAIN ALL INFORMATION CONCERNING THIS.

RETEL INDICATES OSWALD DID NOT SPEND NIGHT OF SEPT. TWENTYFOUR LAST AT FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS. IF INFORMATION AVAILABLE NEW ORLEANS ADVISE SAN ANTONIO DATE OSWALD-S RENT TERMINATED AT THAT ADDRESS. NEW ORLEANS CONSIDER CHECKING YMCA TO DETERMINE IF HE SPENT NIGHT OF SEPT. TWENTYFOUR LAST THERE SINCE HE IS REPORTED TO HAVE USED YMCA DALLAS.

END PAGE ONE

105-X? -522

ST-104 DEC 1 REC 55

8 DEC 13 1963

66DEC17 1963

Courtesy of THE AARC

PAGE TWO

NEW ORLEANS FURNISH OSWALD-S ADDRESS WHEN SEEN BY NEIGHBOR AFTERNOON SEPT. TWENTYFOUR LAST, IF AVAILABLE.

EEND AND ACK PLS.

1-40 PM OK FBI WA MSL

DL 1238 PM OK FBI DL NH

NO 12-39 PM CST OK FBI NO LN

TU ALL DISC

CC-MR ROSEN

URGENT 12-12-63 5-55PM CST TJB

TO DIRECTOR /105-8255/ SACS DALLAS /100-10461/ AND SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/

FROM SAC NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/ 1-PAGE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL DEC. ELEVEN LAST, NINE THIRTYSEVEN PM AND SAN ANTONIO TEL DEC. TWELVE LAST, TWELVE THIRTYEIGHT PM.

RE TRAVEL OF OSWALD

AS SET FORTH ON PAGE ONE OF RE NEW ORLEANS TEL, OSWALD/S LAST RESIDENCE IN NEW ORLEANS WAS FOUR NINE ZERO FIVE MAGAZINE ST., NOT FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE ST. AS REFERRED TO IN SAN ANTONIO TEL. OSWALD/S RENT WAS PAID AT THIS ADDRESS UNTIL SEPT. NINE LAST AND HE WAS TWO WEEKS OVERDUE IN PAYING RENT AS OF SEPT. TWENTYFOUR, WHEN LAST OBSERVED AT THIS RESIDENCE. INVESTIGATION TO TRACE OSWALD/S MOVEMENTS AFTER LAST SEEN SEPT. TWENTYFOUR CONTINUING AT NEW ORLEANS. P.

END AND ACK PLS.

WA 6-56 PM OK FBI WA LLD

DL 5-56 PM OK FBI DL DEC

SA 5-56 PM CST OK FBI SA DAW

REC 55 105-82555-523

5 DEC 13 1963

G6DEC 17 1963 ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 23 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

DECODED COPY

URGENT 11-23-63 3-33 PM POC

TO DIRECTOR, AND SACS DALLAS AND PITTSBURGH

FROM SAC, NEW YORK /89-NEW/ 2P

UNSUBS.,

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

AFO

NYO FILE CAPTIONED QUOTE LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH R DASH CUBA UNQUOTE, CONTAINS NEW YORK NEWS NEWSPAPER CLIPPING DATED ELEVEN ONE FIFTY NINE, WITH UPI RELEASE FROM MOSCOW, REFLECTING INTERVIEW WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, WHO HAD RENOUNCED HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP.

ARTICLE STATED OSWALD THIRD AMERICAN TO SEEK RUSSIAN CITIZENSHIP DURING PERIOD OF ARTICLE. FIRST WAS NICHOLAS PETRULLI, VALLEY STREAM, NEW YORK, WHO HAD ALLEGEDLY CHANGED HIS MIND AND RETURNED TO UNITED STATES. SECOND WAS ROBERT EDWARD WEBSTER, A PLASTIC TECHNICIAN OF CLEVELAND, OHIO. WEBSTER WAS REPORTEDLY GRANTED SOVIET CITIZENSHIP AND WORKING AT LENINGRAD AT TIME OF ARTICLE.

REC-19 105-82555-524

DEC 11 1963

NYO INDICES REFLECT WEBSTER RETURNED TO UNITED STATES FIVE TWENTY SIXTY TWO AND PRESENTLY RESIDING TWO FOUR ZERO WALNUT STREET, ZELIENOPLE, PENNSYLVANIA.

79 DEC 18 1963

MR. BELMONT FOR THE DIRECTOR

END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

UACB, NYO WILL ATTEMPT TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW NICHOLAS PETRULLI, VALLEY STREAM, NEW YORK.

PITTSBURGH WILL LOCATE AND INTERVIEW ROBERT EDWARD WEBSTER REGARDING POSSIBLE ASSOCIATION WITH OSWALD WHILE IN RUSSIA OR AFTER RETURN TO UNITED STATES.

END AND ACK

3-38 PM NY R -8- WA NCC

CC-MR. ROSEN

Mr. Sullivan

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 28 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-28-63 11-55 AM PST WAC

TO DIRECTOR, SACS, DALLAS AND LOS ANGELES

FROM SAC, SAN DIEGO 2 P LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTYSECOND, LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS. RE DALLAS TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND SAN DIEGO TEN TWENTYSIX A.M., NOVEMBER TWENTYEIGHT INSTANT, REGARDING REVIEW OF SECURITY CLEARANCE FILE FOR OSWALD AT ELEVENTH NAVAL DISTRICT, SAN DIEGO.

COMMANDER L. K. PAYNE, USN, ELEVENTH NAVAL DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, ADVISED THIS DATE THAT SECURITY CLEARANCE FILES ARE MAINTAINED BY DISTRICT INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, ELEVENTH NAVAL DISTRICT, SAN DIEGO.

FREED REEVES, SECURITY SUPERVISOR, ELEVENTH NAVAL DISTRICT, DISTRICT INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, SAN DIEGO, ADVISED THIS DATE THAT RECORDS OF DIO, ELEVENTH NAVAL DISTRICT, CONTAINED NO INFORMATION REGARDING LEE HARVEY OSWALD. REEVES ADVISED HE UNDERSTOOD THE FBI, LOS ANGELES, HAD SECURED THIS INFORMATION FROM DIO, ELEVENTH NAVAL DISTRICT OFFICE, LONG BEACH, ON NOVEMBER TWENTYSECOND OR TWENTYTHIRD, LAST. REEVES ADVISED

REC 14 105-82555-525

79 DEC 18 1963

cc Rosen

THAT IF OSWALD HAD BEEN ASSIGNED TO A PARTICULAR MARINE CORPS OR NAVAL FACILITY THAT HIS COMMANDING OFFICER COULD HAVE GRANTED HIM A SECURITY CLEARANCE AND IT WOULD NOT NECESSARILY SHOW UP IN DIO RECORDS UNLESS DIO HAD CONDUCTED A BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION ON OSWALD. REEVES ADVISED THE BEST PLACE TO START THIS TYPE OF RECORD CHECK WOULD BE THROUGH MARINE CORPS HEADQUARTERS AND ONIO HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D.C., AND DETERMINE THE DIFFERENT LOCATIONS OSWALD WAS ASSIGNED AND CHECK WITH THE COMMANDING OFFICERS AT THOSE RESPECTIVE FACILITIES FOR A RECORD ON OSWALD.

CAPTAIN DAVID NASH, COMMANDING OFFICER, ELEVENTH NAVAL DISTRICT INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, THIS DATE ADVISED THAT HE HAD HEARD OSWALD MIGHT HAVE BEEN ASSIGNED AT THE SANTA ANA NAVAL AIR FACILITY, SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA, DURING PART OF OSWALD-S MILITARY SERVICE PERIOD.

LOS ANGELES CONTACT AUTHORITIES, SANTA ANA NAVAL AIR FACILITY FOR ANY INFORMATION RE OSWALD AND REPORT.

DALLAS HAVE MARINE CORPS HEADQUARTERS AND ONI HEADQUARTERS RECORDS CHECKED IF NOT ALREADY DONE.

END AND ACK

7WXXX 12-00 PM OK FBI LA SMZ
2-02 PM OK FBI DL NB
3-02 PM OK FBI WA LLD
TU DISCT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 28 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 11-28-63 8-24 AM CST WW

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC, DALLAS (89-43)

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE FINANCES OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

INVESTIGATION AT NEW ORLEANS HAS FIRST PLACED OSWALD IN NEW ORLEANS , APRIL TWENTYSIX, SIXTYTHREE, AT WHICH TIME HE CONTACTED LA. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE. THE NEIGHBORS OF OSWALD LAST OBSERVED HIM SEPT. TWENTYFOUR, SIXTYTHREE.

DURING THIS PERIOD HE RECEIVED TAKE HOME PAY OF FIVE HUNDRED FORTYEIGHT DOLLARS FORTYONE CENTS THROUGH HIS EMPLOYMENT WITH WILLIAM B. REILY AND CO., INC. THIS EMPLOYMENT WAS FROM MAY TEN, SIXTYHREE THROUGH JULY NINETEEN, SIXTYTHREE.

SI-104 DEC 7 526

5 DEC 13 1963

NO SUBSEQUENT EMPLOYMENT FOUND AND RECORDS TEXAS EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION AS FURNISHED TELEPHONICALLY BY SAN ANTONIO OFFICE REFLECT RECEIVED THREE HUNDRED SIXTYTHREE CORRECT LINE EIGHT LAST WORD

6 DEC 17 1963

WC 15 15 21 64 2

ENDOF PAGE ONE

C.C. Room

5 | 28

DOLLARS IN UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION PAYMENTS DURING REMAINDER OF PERIOD OSWALD IN NEW ORLEANS . THIS AMONT PAID THROUGH LA. DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY UNDER INTERSTATE CLAIM. RECEIVED AN ADDITIONAL SIX DOLLARS FROM TEXAS EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION AFTER HIS RETURN TO DALLAS, TEXAS.

TOTAL KNOWN INCOME WHILE IN NEW ORLEANS WAS NINE HUNDRED ELEVEN DOLLARS AND FORTYONE CENTS.

OSWALD PAID RENT IN AMOUNT OF SITYFIVE DOLLARS PER MONTH BUT ONLY PAID FOR FOUR MONTHS, SKIPPING OWING TWO WEEKS RENT. TOTAL RENT PAID WAS TWO HUNDRED SIXTY DOLLARS.

JESSE JAMES GARNER, FOUR NINE ONE ONE MAGAZINE ST., NEW ORLEANS STATED HE ASKED OSWALD ON SEPT. SIXTEEN, SIXTY THREE FOR THE RENT DUE SEPT. NINE, SIXTYTHREE AND OSWALD TOLD HIM OSWALD/S WIFE WAS GOING TO HAVE A BABY AND THAT HE NEEDED TO KEEP A FEW DOLLARS FOR EMERGENCIES.

CONCEPNING FUNDS FROM TEXAS EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION, CHECK DATED SEPT. THIRTEEN, SIXTYTHREE WAS CASHED AT GROCERY STORE AT NEW ORLEANS, DATE UNKNOWN AND RECEIVED AT

END OF PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, NEW ORLEANS, SEPT. SEVENTEEN, SIXTYTHREE. THE CHECK DATED SEPT. TWENTYTHREE, SIXTYTHREE WAS ALSO CASHED AT A NEW ORLEANS GROCERY STORE AND RECEIVED AT THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, NEW ORLEANS ON A DATE WHICH APPEARS TO BE SEPT. TWENTYNINE, SIXTYTHREE BUT IS NOT COMPLETELY LEGIBLE DUE TO OVERLAPPING BANK STAMPS. BOTH OF THESE CHECKS WERE IN THE AMOUNT OF THIRTYTHREE DOLLARS.

END AND ACK PLS

SUNDAY.

WA 9-32 PM OK FBI WA RM

DL 8-32 AM OK FBI DL EEA

TU DISC O

FD-263 (Rev. 5-1-59)

REC-25

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
DENVER	DALLAS	12/1/63	11/22 - 12/1/63

TITLE OF CASE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka

REPORT MADE BY: RAYMOND J. FOX — TYPED BY: lc;jkr mf

CHARACTER OF CASE: IS - R

REFERENCES: Bureau teletypes to all SACs dated 11/22, 23, 25, 30; 12/1/63
Denver teletype to Bureau and Dallas dated 11/28/63 (interoffice)
Denver teletype to Richmond and Dallas dated 11/27/63 (interoffice)
Denver teletype to Albuquerque dated 11/25/63 (interoffice)

- P -

EX-PROC DEC 2 1963

LEADS:

ALBUQUERQUE

At Albuquerque, New Mexico: Will, at the Public Service Company, locate and interview JAMES BRASHER for information concerning Texas politicians who allegedly "were planning to kill the President." Lead set forth by teletype 11/25/63.

COPIES DESTROYED 3 FEB 2 1973 Copies Noted as destroyed PTB 12/16/76

APPROVED _____ SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

REC 26

COPIES MADE:
10 - Bureau (62-109060) (AM)
2 - Albuquerque (AM)
2 - Chicago (AM)
2 - Dallas (89-43) (AM)
2 - Houston (AM)
2 - Richmond (AM)
4 - Denver (89-41)

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	Warren Commission		U.S. Secret Service
Request Recd.	12/13/63		
Date Fwd.	12/13/63		12-31-63
How Fwd.	4 JAN 10 1964		0-14
By	[illegible]		[illegible]

Notations

SOV

At Las Vegas, New Mexico: Will, at radio station KFUN, locate and interview ROBERT DOUGLAS for information concerning Texas politicians who allegedly "were planning to kill the President." Lead set forth by teletype 11/25/63.

CHICAGO

At Chicago, Illinois: Will locate and interview IRA COLITZ re JACK RUBY. Lead set forth by Denver teletype to Chicago 11/25/63.

DALLAS

At Dallas, Texas: 1) Will interview "PAPPY" (LNU), Pappy's Showland, re association with JACK RUBY. Lead set out by Denver teletype to Dallas 11/25/63.

2) Will interview EDWIN B. JORDAN, son-in-law of L. F. CORRIGAN, wealthy Dallas land owner, re JACK RUBY. Lead set out in Denver teletype to Dallas 12/2/63.

3) Will interview CHRIS (LNU), owner of King's Club, Adolphis Hotel, re JACK RUBY. Lead set out in Denver teletype to Dallas 12/2/63.

HOUSTON

At Houston, Texas: Will interview Mrs. E. L. SHAFER, 6327 Riverview Way, to ascertain what she meant by her statement on 11/19/63 that President KENNEDY would not be elected again. Lead set out by Denver teletype to Houston 11/27/63.

RICHMOND

At Richmond, Virginia: Will contact any appropriate informant familiar with activities of the American Nazi Party and furnish Dallas any pertinent information concerning a photograph of OSWALD appearing with ROCKWELL. Lead set out by teletype 11/27/63.

DENVER

At Denver, Colorado: 1) Will attempt to identify and interview barmaid at the Matinee Lounge who reportedly formerly worked for JACK RUBY and is of the opinion RUBY knew OSWALD.

2) At 1719 Pearl Street, attempt to locate JOE McCLUSKEY and interview him concerning his letter to Mr. ROBERT DANSKY.

3) Will, at Centennial Fremix Concrete Company, attempt to locate LOREN GRAVES and interview him regarding his remarks concerning the possibility that the President might be killed.

DN 89-41

INFORMANTS:

T-1 is [redacted]
T-2 is [redacted]
T-3 is [redacted]
T-4 is [redacted]
T-5 is [redacted] Denver, Colorado, who requested his identity be kept confidential.

The confidential informants contacted in connection with SWP, CP, FPCC and racial extremists are identified as follows:

[redacted] contacted by SA ELMER A. SAMSON;
contacted by SA J. HALE McMENAMIN.

The confidential informants contacted pertaining to the gambling and related criminal activities in Colorado and Wyoming are identified as follows:

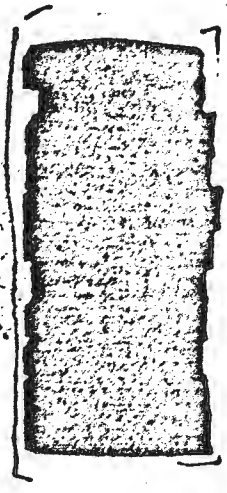
Potential Criminal Informants

[redacted]
11/23,25/63, SA RICHARD L. CAMPBELL
11/23,25/63, "
11/25/63, SA E. WILLIAM TRAINOR
11/25/63, SA WILLIAM E. ROBINSON
11/25/63, SA KENNETH BRIDENSTINE
11/25/63, SA E. WILLIAM TRAINOR
11/25/63, SA ROBERT C. GUSTAFSON
11/25/63, SA RAYMOND J. FOX

Criminal Informants

[redacted]
11/25/63, SA KENNETH BRIDENSTINE
" SA HAROLD C. COOK
" SA WALLACE G. HAGUE
" SA RANSOM A. WHITTLE
" SA EDWARD J. RODGERS, JR.
" "
" SA ROBERT E. DE NIER

DN 89-41



11/25/63	SA ALVIN D. HEWITT
"	"
"	"
"	SA DONALD J. SEBESTA
"	SA ROBERT C. GUSTAFSON
"	SA RALPH B. RIPPE
"	SA RAY M. HICKMAN
"	SA LEROY W. GREEN
"	SA EUGENE J. COBLE
"	SA RALPH B. RIPPE
"	SA RAYMOND J. FOX

ADMINISTRATIVE: It should be noted that in instant report, Mrs. EDNA HOLCOMB, Colorado Springs, Colorado, stated that her sister, SARAH STANDIFER, of Dallas, Texas, is married to BENNY STANDIFER who once said he had a half brother named JACK RUBENSTEIN. Mrs. HOLCOMB was unable to furnish the address of the STANDIFERs in Dallas. JOSEPH S. HUDDLE advised that his daughter in Toledo, Ohio, might know STANDIFER's address. No lead was set out for HUDDLE's daughter to be interviewed in view of apparent unreliability of Mrs. HOLCOMB.

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: RAYMOND J. FOX
Date: December 1, 1963

Office: DENVER

Field Office File #: 89-41

Bureau File #: 62-109060

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis:

U.S.C.A.

OSCAR S. WYATT, who described self as intimate personal friend of President LYNDON B. JOHNSON, states he and JOHN HENRY HILL supported ex President JOHN F. KENNEDY during presidential campaign and through personal contact with President JOHNSON would have reported any remarks detrimental to safety and well-being of Mr. KENNEDY. Card placed on windshield of auto of Colorado resident visiting Dallas, Texas, 11/20/63, stating, "3 big liberal-socialists are coming to town: 2 of the Kennedy tribe on 11/22 and Producer Otto Preminger on 11/20." Information received that radio station employees, Las Vegas, N.M., commented in 7/63 that some leading Texas politicians had reported "four men were planning to kill the President." LEE HARVEY OSWALD reported as purchasing rifle at Denver sports store but store salesman states no one resembling OSWALD ever at store. HARRY NIER, Chairman, Denver Chapter, FPCC, in TV interview said he did not know LEE OSWALD. C. EDWIN BUSH, JOHN C. FLOBECK and H. GREGORY AUSTIN were present during discussion with HARRY NIER; however, did not hear NIER mention anyone named OSWALD. JACK RUBY reportedly frequented Clover Bar, Chicago, Ill., in 1946 or 1947, and was an acquaintance of IRA COLITZ, who then operated the Clover Bar. MORRIS RUTLAND, Denver attorney, is first cousin of RUBY. RUTLAND states no contact with RUBY in many years and could not speculate on RUBY's motive for killing OSWALD except due to grief over President KENNEDY's death.

- P -

DETAILS:

105-82555-52'1

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DN 89-41

RE: JOHN HENRY HILL

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mr. OSCAR S. WYATT, Chairman of the Board of Coastal States Gas Products Company, Houston and Corpus Christi, Texas, who described himself as an intimate personal friend of President LYNDON B. JOHNSON and an admirer and acquaintance of ex-President JOHN F. KENNEDY, advised that he and JOHN HENRY HILL had promoted the election campaign of Mr. KENNEDY when convention interest was initially lacking. Mr. WYATT stated that both he and HILL made sizeable financial contributions to Mr. KENNEDY's campaign.

WYATT advised that he currently has oil interests in conjunction with the KENNEDY family and that he and HILL would have taken the initiative through current personal contacts with President JOHNSON and other members of the KENNEDY administration of advising them of any remarks detrimental to the safety and well-being of former President KENNEDY.

On 11/27/63 at Vermejo Park, New Mexico File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents ALVIN D. HEWITT and RAYMOND J. FOX/ ic Date dictated 11/30/63

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DN 89-41

RE: CARD DESCRIBING EX-PRESIDENT KENNEDY AS LIBERAL - SOCIALIST PLACED ON WINDSHIELD OF AUTO IN DALLAS, TEXAS.

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mr. EDWARD LEHMAN, Editor and Publisher, "The Longmont Daily Times-Call," Longmont, Colorado, made available a photo copy of a card which was placed on the windshield of the automobile of a Longmont, Colorado, resident who was visiting relatives in Dallas, Texas, on November 20, 1963.

Mr. LEHMAN advised that on Wednesday, November 27, 1963, Mr. C. WALTER CARLSON, 312 Sunset Drive, Longmont, who is a highly respected local cattle feeder, informed him that while on a visit to relatives at Dallas on the night of Wednesday, November 20, 1963, a card was placed upon the windshield of their automobile. The contents of this card are as follows:

"Patriots wear mourning Nov. 20, 22

"3 big liberal-socialists are coming to town: two of the Kennedy tribe on Nov. 22 and Producer Otto Preminger on Nov. 20.

"Our (illegible) president is bringing his current wife on a political tour on your tax money. Does he need her stack of hair to hide behind? Doesn't he trust that battalion of secret servicemen? No doubt he senses his presence will be an insult to all loyal Americans in Dallas. This little dictator debases the office of U.S. President low lower than his predecessors. In fact, Gus Hall, top communist, says Kennedy must be reelected. After all, he's disarming the U.S. for the benefit of the UN police force, he forces integration and promotions of negroes--for their votes, he protects communists in Cuba, wangles wheat and other products to Red tyrannies, sanctions no federal center for Dallas, the moving of the VA office to Waco, the closing of Love Field, you name it. And watch the local Democrat-socialists hop to lick his

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On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent RAYMOND J. FOX/ lc Date dictated 11/30/63

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boots on Nov. 22. Will he throw them a crumg--blessed by Lyndon and Ladybird? Sweet Jackie has her socialist activities too (for listing of JFK's first wife, see Blauvelt Genealogy): she promotes federal art centers at your expense, paints greeting cards for UNICEF--UN agency shoveling money into Red tyrannies, etc.

"As for Preminger-his movies aid Reds. See Myron Fagan's 'Documentations of Reds in Hollywood and TV.'"

Mr. LEIMAN stated that according to CARLSON, these cards apparently were distributed in large quantities in Dallas and may already have been made available to our offices.

DN 89-41

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD - ALLEGED PURCHASE
OF RIFLE AT DENVER -
PHOTOGRAPH OF GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL

ARY FERR

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mr. MORRIS WITKIN, Bond Detective Agency, 404 Clayton Street, Denver, Colorado, advised that he had on this date seen pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife on television. He stated he, WITKIN, does a lot of business at Dave Cook's Sporting Goods Store, 16th and Larimer Streets, Denver, Colorado. About two months ago, while in Dave Cook's, he observed a couple (a man and a woman) being waited on by salesman MIKE. These individuals were looking at and purchased a rifle at this store. After seeing the photograph of OSWALD and his wife on television, he is of the opinion that they are the two individuals he observed buying the rifle in Dave Cook's Sporting Goods Store.

On 11/23/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent JESSE I. ORR/ic Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mr. MICHAEL (MIKE) GAIMARA, 296 South Lafayette Street, Denver, advised on November 25, 1963, that he is in charge of the gun sales department at the Dave Cook Sporting Goods Store, 16th and Larimer Streets, Denver, and has been so employed during the past several years.

He said that he is the only individual named "MIKE" who has been employed in that department during the past few years.

He added that he is not in charge of mail order sales of guns or weapons made by the Dave Cook Sporting Goods Company.

Mr. GAIMARA advised that he had recently seen a number of widely publicized pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, MARINA, and does not recall any individuals answering their description as customers at the Cook Sporting Goods Stores within the past several months and is quite certain that he did not sell any individuals answering their description a rifle.

He added that he believes that if a couple of this description, and particularly a woman who spoke English with difficulty, had contacted him in any manner at the store, he would recall such incident.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents ROY I. MISCHKE and WILLIAM R. HALL/ lc Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

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Mr. LEWIS M. OAKS, JR., 1540 Billings Street, Space H - 8, Aurora, Colorado, who is employed as a technical writer by the Martin Company, Denver, Colorado, advised that he has observed photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in newspapers and has a vague recollection of observing a photograph of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, head of the American Nazi Party, in some newspaper with several of his men, all dressed in khaki trousers and shirts. OAKS said that it is his recollection that one of these individuals resembles OSWALD. OAKS could not recall when he observed this photograph or in what newspaper, but said the photograph was a wire service photograph rather than one from a local paper and the article related to ROCKWELL and his group being kicked out of some town in some other area. He said he believes he saw this photograph some time subsequent to the spring of 1962 and if that is the case would have observed it in the "Denver Post" since that is the only newspaper to which he has subscribed since February, 1962. OAKS said he has resided at the following locations since December, 1958.

December, 1958, to September, 1960 - Winston-Salem, North Carolina
September, 1960, to September, 1961 - El Paso, Texas
October 2, 1921, to October 15, 1961 - San Diego, California
October, 1961, to February, 1962 - Wahoo, Nebraska
February, 1962, to August, 1962 - Cheyenne, Wyoming
August, 1962, to present - Aurora, Colorado.

On 11/25/63 at Aurora, Colorado, File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent WALLACE M. GLOVER/ ic Date dictated 11/27/63

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DN 89-41
WMG:jkr
(1)

On November 26, 1963, a review of Library Files of the "Denver Post," Denver, Colorado, evening newspaper by SA WALLACE M. GLOVER failed to reveal any photograph of ROCKWELL similar to that described by OAKS.

DN 89-41

RE: REMARKS ATTRIBUTED TO COLORADO RESIDENTS BEARING POSSIBLE CONNECTION TO ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mr. ROBERT DANSKY, U. S. Merchandising Corporation, 1301 East Colfax, advised that his office had received a letter from a Mr. J. McCLUSKEY containing the following information:

"Denver 11-22-63 Colo.

"Mr. Baun &
Mr. Thomas

"Dear Friends:

"Please don_t make it Publicly of my relation of the President for safety reasons. I know I have a few en_mies over Politics.

"I_m leaving the city for a week or so & due to circumstances, I_m unable to work for you.

"Your_ very Truly

"/s/ J_ McCluskey."

Mr. DANSKY advised that the envelope containing the letter bears a postmark "Denver, Colorado, 11/23/63" and a second postmark "Denver, Colorado, 11/26/63," return address listed as "J McCluskey, Care of General Delivery, Denver, Colorado." DANSKY stated that the reason this letter was not received by his office until November 30, 1963, was that it had been initially missent to Universal CIT Corporation.

Mr. DANSKY stated that he recalled that he interviewed McCLUSKEY for a sales job on November 18, 1963. He gave his full name as JOE McCLUSKEY, age fifty-three, and his address as 1719 Pearl Street, Denver, Colorado. DANSKY stated that on November 23, 1963, McCLUSKEY telephoned his office and advised that he would not be able to work for the U. S. Merchandising

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On 11/30/63 at Denver, Colorado, File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent WILLIAM J. BILLEAUD/ lc Date dictated 11/30/63

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Corporation inasmuch as McCLUSKEY was a distant relative of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. Mr. DANSKY stated that although he interviewed McCLUSKEY he could not recall his description or any other background information concerning him. Mr. DANSKY advised that because of the phone call McCLUSKEY made to his office on November 23, 1963, stating that he was a distant relative of President KENNEDY, this might possibly explain the first sentence in his letter.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT.

Date December 1, 1963

1

MICHAEL SHAFER, 2874 Orchard Avenue, Grand Junction, Colorado, announcer for Radio Station KWSL, Grand Junction, advised that he formerly worked for Radio Station KFUN at Las Vegas, New Mexico. SHAFER stated that on several occasions during July and August, 1963, he heard comments at the Las Vegas radio station through ROBERT DOUGLAS and JAMES BRASHER, fellow employees, that some leading Texas politicians, identity not known, had reported that "Four men were planning to kill the President."

Mr. SHAFER advised that he did not recall the exact story because he did not believe it at the time and paid little attention to the details. He advised that ROBERT DOUGLAS is an announcer and is still employed by Radio Station KFUM at Las Vegas, New Mexico, and that DOUGLAS should have available information on the source of this comment. Mr. SHAFER stated that JAMES BRASHER is now employed by the Public Service Company at Albuquerque, New Mexico.

On 11/25/63 at Grand Junction, Colorado, File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent HAROLD P. MOSS/ ic Date dictated 11/25/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mrs. BARBARA RUCKER, 10712 West 62nd Place, Arvada, Colorado, advised that in July, 1963, a friend of her husband's, LOREN GRAVES, visited their home at which time he got into a heated discussion with them about the slipshod attitude of the American people. Mrs. RUCKER stated that GRAVES made the remark that Americans were "silly and letting the rest of the world go by when others were trying to overthrow the Government." She said that GRAVES strenuously urged that Americans should take more interest in politics and the affairs of the Government and illustrated his remarks by saying that "Do you know that President Kennedy could be killed."

Mrs. RUCKER stated that she was unsure of exactly what GRAVES' remarks were aimed at, but received the impression that he made the statement concerning the President in order to illustrate his point that Americans should take more interest in protecting their rights and preserving our way of life.

Mrs. RUCKER advised that she did not receive the impression that GRAVES held any animosity toward the President of the United States or the present Democratic Administration.

Mrs. RUCKER stated that GRAVES formerly resided on Vine Street in Denver and was last employed by the Centennial Pre-Mix Concrete Company. She said that she does not know GRAVES' present address but believes that he lives near the Cherry Creek Shopping Center.

On 11/26/63 at Arvada, Colorado, File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent RAYMOND J. FOX/ ic Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

WILLIAM JOHN MARTIN, Apartment 17, 6140 West Colfax, Denver, Colorado, advised that on November 21, 1963, at about 6:30 P.M., he and his wife were at the Stanley Bar, on West Colfax, Denver, not far from where they live, across from the Pancake House. They were sitting in a booth directly opposite the bar. There were three women sitting at the bar on the first three stools, and there was a man standing near them talking to them. MARTIN did not know whether the man was acquainted with the women, or whether he was trying to strike up an acquaintance with them. He had bought them a drink. He was not drunk, although he had been drinking, and was rather loud-mouthed.

He made some remark to the women, exact context unrecalled, but such as "OK now, what's this game again, assassination - like John F. Kennedy?" or "OK let's play this game again, assassination, John F. Kennedy." MARTIN recalls that the man specifically mentioned the words "game," "assassination," and "JOHN F. KENNEDY." After the remark one of the women stood up from her stool and said something to him rather firmly, possibly telling him to shut up.

MARTIN and his wife left shortly thereafter. The man and three women were still there. MARTIN stated he is a carpenter working on a job at Aspen, Colorado; that he left Denver that evening for Aspen and thought nothing more about the remark until after the President's assassination. MARTIN stated he had just returned to Denver, and decided to report the incident.

MARTIN described the unknown man as 35 - 36 years of age, 5'11" tall, large frame, light wavy hair, wearing white trousers, white coat jacket or sweater, white sport shirt, appearance casual but neat. He stated the women appeared to be between 25 - 35, neatly dressed, with one of them wearing a red dress. He could furnish no other descriptive data.

On 11/28/63 at Denver, Colorado, File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent EUGENE J. COBLE/ ic Date dictated 11/28/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 1, 1963

Mr. CHARLES LEHMAN, owner of Stanley's Bar, 8807 West Colfax Avenue, Lakewood, Colorado, on November 28, 1963, advised that he recalls an incident that happened one or two days before KENNEDY's assassination. Mr. LEHMAN related that he was not sure whether the incident took place on Wednesday or Thursday, November 20 or 21, 1963, but that there had been three ladies in his bar on either one of those days, one of the ladies being Mrs. DOROTHY KOZAN, the wife of Mr. NORMAN KOZAN, a friend of his. Mr. LEHMAN stated that there were two lady friends with Mrs. KOZAN in his bar. He advised that he believes they were called DOROTHY and "MIM."

Mr. LEHMAN related that one MEL, last name unknown, who he stated was a manufacturer's representative or salesman for a steel hardware company, which he believed was the Cruit's Company, located in Sacramento, California, lives up in the mountains toward Evergreen, Colorado. He advised that he did not know MEL's local business address.

Mr. LEHMAN advised that on the day that Mrs. KOZAN and her friends were at this bar, MEL had been standing at the end of the bar near them talking to them and anyone else in the vicinity who was listening. Mr. LEHMAN related that it was general barroom conversation and he does not recall MEL being drunk or making any offensive remarks to the ladies. Mr. LEHMAN advised that he believes MEL had made some political remarks about the KENNEDY Administration. He stated that to the best of his recollection MEL might have stated "We should get rid of the KENNEDY Administration" or "Get them out of the White House." Mr. LEHMAN advised that he was not sure of MEL's remarks about the KENNEDY Administration as he, LEHMAN, was busy behind the bar at the time MEL was talking.

Mr. LEHMAN advised that since the time MEL made the remarks MEL has been in LEHMAN's bar several times and since KENNEDY's assassination he knew MEL felt very bad about KENNEDY's death and was sorry about the remarks he had made about the

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On 11/28/63 at Lakewood, Colorado, File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent LEROY W. GREEN/ ic Date dictated 12/1/63

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KENNEDY Administration. Mr. LEHMAN stated that he felt positive that MEL knew nothing concerning the individuals responsible for KENNEDY's assassination and he understood from MEL that he, MEL, did not know OSWALD or JACK RUBY.

Mr. LEHMAN stated that he would try and determine MEL's full name and his address or phone number or have MEL contact Special Agent GREEN at the FBI Office.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mrs. Mina Brady

Mrs. MARIAN BRADY, 860 Garrison Street, Lakewood, Colorado, on November 29, 1963, advised that she recalls being at Stanley's Bar located on West Colfax Avenue in Lakewood between 5:00 and 7:00 P.M. on Thursday, November 21, 1963. Mrs. BRADY advised that she had been there with Mrs. KOZAN and Mrs. McLANE. She related that she recalls there was a fellow standing near them at the end of the bar and that it was possible his name was "MEL" SPELLMAN or something like that. Mrs. BRADY related that MEL looked like he would be in his mid to late 30's and that he was about 5'10" tall, stocky build, and that he was dressed in sports clothes. Mrs. BRADY stated that she believes MEL had stated he was from California and that it was her understanding he was a salesman for some type of hardware goods. Mrs. BRADY advised that she recalls that MEL gave each of them a ballpoint pen. Mrs. BRADY related that she had the ballpoint pen and that the name Cruit's Replacement Parts, Sacramento, California, appeared on the ballpoint.

Mrs. BRADY advised that there had been general conversation between her and her two friends and MEL. She advised that she did not recall anything specific that MEL had stated and did not recall that MEL had mentioned KENNEDY's name. Mrs. BRADY advised that she felt certain that MEL had not mentioned anything about killing the President or that KENNEDY was going to be assassinated.

On 11/29/63, at Lakewood, Colorado, File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent LEROY W. GREEN/ lc Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 1, 1963

Mrs. SHIRLEY McLANE, also known as Mrs. ROBERT McLANE, 9910 Clark Drive, Northglenn, Colorado, on November 29, 1963, advised that she recalls going out on Thursday, November 21, 1963, with Mrs. DOROTHY KOZAN and with Mrs. BRADY. Mrs. McLANE informed that they had stopped in Stanley's Bar, located on West Colfax Avenue, in Lakewood, Colorado, on their way home. She advised that this was possibly around 6:00 P.M. or slightly later. Mrs. McLANE related that she, together with the other two ladies, was sitting toward the end of the bar having a beer. She advised that they were just talking among themselves but recalls that a man whom she believes they called "MEL" had been standing at the end of the bar drinking and had started talking to them. Mrs. McLANE advised that she was sitting at the end of the bar closest to MEL. She advised that she did not know this man but thinks he might have been a salesman. She related there had been general conversation among the individuals in the area and that they had been talking back and forth to the salesman at the end of the bar and also among themselves. Mrs. McLANE related there had been nothing important said and advised that she did not recall any specific statement or information concerning the KENNEDYS or the KENNEDY Administration.

Mrs. McLANE advised that she did not recall MEL making any statement about killing the President. Mrs. McLANE related that she could not recall the salesman who had been talking to them saying that they should get rid of the KENNEDYs or making any specific statement concerning KENNEDY. She advised that it was possible he had said something about KENNEDY but that she might not have heard it as she could have been talking or listening to her other friends who were sitting next to her.

Mrs. McLANE advised that this was the first time she had ever been in Stanley's Bar and that she had never seen MEL previous to Thursday night, November 21, 1963.

On 11/29/63 at Northglenn, Colorado, File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent LEROY W. GREEN/ lc Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mrs. DOROTHY KOZAN, also known as Mrs. NORMAN KOZAN, 10301 Allendale Drive, Lakewood, Colorado, advised that she recalls being in Stanley's Bar with two of her friends, Mrs. SHIRLEY McLANE and Mrs. "MIM" BRADY, on Thursday, November 21, 1963. Mrs. KOZAN related that they had been downtown shopping and had stopped in Stanley's on the way home, and that it had been some time after 5:00 or 6:00 P.M., that they had been in Stanley's Bar on West Colfax Avenue in Lakewood, Colorado. Mrs. KOZAN advised that she recalls there was an individual standing at the end of the bar near them, who was talking to them and anyone else in the area who was listening to him. Mrs. KOZAN stated that she did not recall anything specific this person, whose nickname she believes is "MEL," said. Mrs. KOZAN advised that it was possible he could have made some statement about KENNEDY or the KENNEDY Administration, but that she did not recall any specific remark that he had made either about KENNEDY or the KENNEDY Administration as it had not been that important to her. Mrs. KOZAN denied having heard "MEL" make any statement such as "KENNEDY should be assassinated" or that "KENNEDY would be assassinated."

Mrs. KENNEDY informed that she had never met or seen MEL prior to Thursday, November 21, 1963.

On 11/29/63 at Lakewood, Colorado. File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent LEROY W. GREEN/ ic Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

1

Mr. MILTON HOLTZMAN SPELL, also known as "MEL," was interviewed at his office, Suite 10, 1510 Glen Ayar Drive, Lakewood, Colorado, on November 30, 1963.

Mr. SPELL was advised by Special Agent GREEN of his right not to make any statement and that any statement he made could be used in a court of law against him. He was advised of his right to an attorney.

Mr. SPELL advised that he presently resides at Route 2, Box 183D, Conifer, Colorado, with his wife ROBBIE JO SPELL. He informed he has lived at this address since about September 1, 1963. Mr. SPELL advised that he first came to Denver, Colorado, about July 1963, and that he had stayed with his aunt, Mrs. BERTHA WENTZ, at 1725 Race Street, Denver, Colorado, prior to moving to his present address.

Mr. SPELL informed he is presently employed as a manufacturer's representative for the Cruit's Replacement Parts, Incorporated, located at 2nd and Que Streets, Sacramento, California. Mr. SPELL advised that he recalls being in Stanley's Bar located on West Colfax Avenue in Lakewood, between 4:00 and 7:00 P.M., on either Wednesday or Thursday, November 21, 1963. He advised that he recalls it was a day or two prior to President KENNEDY's assassination. Mr. SPELL stated that it could have been on Thursday, November 21, 1963. He stated that he recalls that he was standing at the end of the bar drinking and that there had been three women sitting on bar stools near the end of the bar. SPELL stated there was just general barroom conversation between him and the women and anyone else in the general vicinity. Mr. SPELL advised he did not recall how the political conversation started but thought that someone had brought up the coup in Viet Nam. He recalls that something was said about the KENNEDY Administration but stated he was not sure if he was the first one to mention the KENNEDY Administration. SPELL related that he

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On 11/30/63 at Lakewood, Colorado, File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent LEROY W. GREEN/ ic Date dictated 12/1/63

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did believe that he had made some comment about "they" meaning the people, could get rid of the KENNEDY Administration by a civil war or through KENNEDY's impeachment by Congress or possibly by a Presidential assassination.

Mr. SPELL advised that someone had stated that they were all three against our Constitution. He advised he did not recall whether anything further was said by him or anyone else in the area about the KENNEDY Administration. Mr. SPELL stated that he said he did not advocate that the President should be killed. He stated that there was general conversation about the administration among those who were present in the area at the time.

Mr. SPELL advised that he had been in the U. S. Marine Corps and that he had also lived in New Orleans and Lake Worth, Texas, which he informed adjoined Fort Worth, Texas. SPELL stated that he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY and did not recall ever being in either the Vegas Club or the Carousel Club in Dallas, which were reported to be owned by JACK RUBY.

Mr. SPELL advised that he had been a salesman most of his life and had traveled in different parts of the country. He related that from about May, 1960, to July, 1961, he had lived in Lake Worth, Texas, and that his Post Office Box Number had been 9610 in Lake Worth. He related that from Lake Worth he had gone to Houston, Texas, where he had stayed approximately four months until about April, 1962, at which time he had been employed by Compact Air in Houston, which he informed was presently out of business. He related that he had then moved to New Orleans, Louisiana, where he had been employed by the Great South Western Land Company, from May, 1962, until October, 1962. He advised that the headquarters for Great South Western Land Company was in Albuquerque, New Mexico. SPELL advised that from October, 1962, until about December, 1962, he had been in Montreal, Canada, where he was employed by Gulf Inter-Continental

Finance Company. Mr. SPELL stated that during January, 1963, they had gone to visit his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. JACK ROBINSON, at 8020 Tulane Street, Taylor, Michigan. He stated that from Taylor, Michigan, they had taken a vacation and gone to Rio de Janeiro where they had been until about February, 1963. Mr. SPELL advised that during February, 1963, he had taken a two and one-half months trip to Israel which would have been from about February 15 to May 5 or 6, 1963. He advised that he had used a passport that he had previously obtained in Houston, Texas, about February, 1962. He informed that after his return from Israel he and his wife had stayed with a sister, Mrs. JEAN COLLINS, at 1305 Guiffries Street in Metairie, Louisiana, a suburb of New Orleans. Mr. SPELL related that he and his wife had left New Orleans about the middle of June, 1963, and driven to Fort Worth, Texas, where they had stayed four or five days in the Landmark Motel in Fort Worth. He advised that after leaving the motel they drove to Roanoke, Texas, to visit his wife's grandfather, Mr. CLAUD RAIBOURN. He advised that they had stayed with Mr. RAIBOURN several days and possibly about the end of June they had driven to Vicksburg, Mississippi, after which they had driven to Omaha, Nebraska, to Greeley, Colorado, and to Denver where they arrived about the end of July, 1963. HOC * Spell

The following description of Mr. SPELL was obtained through interrogation and observation:

Date of birth	February 7, 1928
Place of birth	St. Louis, Missouri
Race	White
Sex	Male
Height	6'
Weight	220 pounds
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Black

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Parents	Father, CARTER SPELL, St. Louis, Missouri, street address unknown Mother, BLANCHE SPELL, St. Louis, Mo. (SPELL advised that he heard that his mother had remarried but stated that he did not know her married name).
Wife	ROBBIE JO ROBINSON SPELL nee
Military Service	U. S. Marine Corps 1945 to 1956. Claims received honorable discharge with the permanent rank of Sergeant. Claims in First Marine Division, Second Marine Division, and later in Third Amtracks.
Marine Corps Serial No:	621 772
Employment	Cruit's Replacement Parts, Sacramento, California.

Mr. Carter
Knott

Mrs. Willard Holtzman
Kent

Robbie Jo Robinson Spell
Box 183 Davisville, Calif.

Mich.
Detroit
I.D.
Ind.
Neb

DN 89-41
JCL:mf
1

RE HARRY NIER, CHAIRMAN, DENVER CHAPTER,
FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE (FPCC)

Attorney

HARRY NIER is publicly known and identified himself during an interview shown on KOA-TV, channel 4, Denver, Colorado, on November 22, 1963, as the Chairman, Denver Chapter, FPCC.

A characterization of the Denver Chapter, FPCC, appears as an appendix hereto.

Pub. Mexico

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT

1 Date December 1, 1963

MARION BOWLES, 1357 Williams Street, Denver, Colorado, advised that she works as a public stenographer in the same office space of HARRY NIER, 515 Denver U. S. National Bank Building, Denver, and that when NIER learned of the assassination of the President he was very disturbed. She stated that several individuals unknown to her came into NIER's office and she assumed that they were either clients or friends of his. She stated that KOA-TV personnel came to the office and interviewed HARRY NIER. She stated that HARRY NIER told her that "they" were trying to connect the assassination of the President with his organization, the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

NIER told her about a week ago that he planned to be away from his office two or three days during the Christmas holidays, 1963.

On 11/22/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent JOSEPH C. LEARNED/mf Date dictated 11/23/63

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cc: AUSA THEA J. P.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT

1 Date December 1, 1963

HARRY NIER, Denver attorney, 515 Denver U. S. National Bank Building, 1700 Broadway, Denver, Colorado, appeared on KOA-TV channel 4, being interviewed regarding the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. The interview was shown on TV channel 4 at approximately 11:00 P.M., November 22, 1963.

HARRY NIER stated that he was shocked by news of the assassination of the President. He stated that he did not know LEE OSWALD; that he was unaware of a Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) chapter in Dallas; that the accusation against LEE OSWALD would hurt the FPCC organization in Denver. NIER stated that the Denver Chapter, FPCC, is made up of many pacifists who are opposed to violence.

On 11/22/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent JOSEPH C. LEARNED/mf Date dictated 11/23/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 1, 1963

C. EDWIN BUSH, 2451 South Gaylord Street, Denver, Colorado, advised he recalls a party, possibly sponsored by the Cliff Dwellers, a bachelor men's club, nonpolitical in nature, held in the Petroleum Club, Denver, in March, 1962. BUSH stated he recalls HARRY NIER being at this party and later discussing with HENRY OXNARD that same evening the fact that OXNARD stated NIER was spouting the communist line. BUSH denied conversing personally with NIER and denied hearing NIER make any comments regarding knowledge of a person named "OSWALD."

Concerning the veracity and reliability of HENRY OXNARD, EDWIN BUSH stated that OXNARD is the son of BENJAMIN A. OXNARD, Vice President, Great Western Sugar Company; that HENRY OXNARD has a strong sense of loyalty and an intense interest in politics. BUSH stated that if OXNARD said that NIER mentioned the name of OSWALD, it is true.

On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents J. HALE McMENAMIN and JOSEPH C. LEARNED/mf Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

JOHN G. FLOBECK, 647 South Grape Street, Denver, Colorado, advised that he specifically recalls a party held in March, 1962, sponsored by the Cliff Dwellers at the Petroleum Club, Denver.

While FLOBECK and a friend, H. GREGORY AUSTIN, Jr., Denver attorney, and HENRY OXNARD were drinking and conversing, they were joined by a man who identified himself as HARRY NIER. OXNARD and NIER, with assistance of FLOBECK, engaged in discussion and argument for approximately one and one-half to two hours.

FLOBECK stated that as HENRY OXNARD, the son of a sugar company executive, had some knowledge of the situation in Cuba, OXNARD and NIER argued over the seizure of Cuba by CASTRO. OXNARD at that time was attending the University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado, and appeared to have either known NIER or had knowledge of NIER's connection with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). NIER made statements that CASTRO was a patriot, that people in the United States misunderstood him, and NIER blamed the American press for falsehoods pertaining to Cuba.

FLOBECK stated that NIER and OXNARD argued vehemently about Cuba. FLOBECK recalled that he asked NIER if he were a communist and NIER replied that he was not a communist, but a Marxist. During this discussion, NIER had with him newspaper clippings and numerous papers which he referred to during the discussion. NIER admitted leadership of the Denver Chapter, FPCC. The discussion included labor unions, agricultural problems and foreign policy.

FLOBECK stated that NIER, when he was pinned down, would change the subject and it was difficult to argue or reason with him. FLOBECK recalled that NIER stated that he either had been to Cuba or was going to Cuba and perhaps Mexico to get more information about the Cuban situation.

FLOBECK stated he cannot say that the name OSWALD was mentioned by NIER, although he recalls that NIER mentioned the

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On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

Special Agents J. HALE McMENAMIN

by and JOSEPH C. LEARNED/mf Date dictated 11/27/63

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names of numerous individuals which were unfamiliar to FLOBECK. FLOBECK stated that when he learned of the President's assassination and heard a rebroadcast of a radio interview of LEE OSWALD, at which time OSWALD stated he was a Marxist and had connections with the FPCC, FLOBECK then recalled his conversation with NIER as NIER had made the approximate same statements. FLOBECK stated that the name OSWALD was not recalled during this incident. FLOBECK stated he was not present during the entire discussion between OXNARD and NIER so it is possible that NIER could have made a statement mentioning a man named OSWALD.

FLOBECK stated that OXNARD has an excellent mind and, because of his intense interest in politics and the intense concentration by OXNARD with NIER during the conversation, it is possible that OXNARD would recall a name mentioned by NIER.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 1, 1963

H. GREGORY AUSTIN, Jr., Attorney, 790 Washington Street, Denver, Colorado, advised he was present in March, 1962, at the Cliff Dwellers organization party held at the Petroleum Club, Denver. AUSTIN stated he was present briefly during the conversations between HENRY OXNARD, JOHN G. FLOBECK and HARRY NIER. AUSTIN stated he did not participate in the discussions as it appeared that NIER was connected in some way with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and was supporting the CASTRO regime in Cuba. AUSTIN stated he did not hear NIER nor any of the other participants mention any individual named OSWALD.

Mr. AUSTIN stated that in his opinion, OXNARD is not tremendously stable, is imaginative, and could now believe that the name of OSWALD was mentioned in his conversation with NIER, when it had not been.

On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents J. HALE McMENAMIN and JOSEPH C. LEARNED/mf Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 1, 1963

JOHN S. POULOS, 1635 Quebec, Denver, Colorado, advised that he knows HENRY OXNARD, JOHN G. FLOBECK and C. EDWIN BUSH, but he does not recall the specific meeting or party at which time there was a discussion with HARRY NIER of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. POULOS said he does not know HARRY NIER.

On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents J. EALE McMENAMIN and JOSEPH C. LEARNED/mf Date dictated 11/27/63

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DN 89-41

RE: JACK L~~.~~ RUBY

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

(1) Date December 1, 1963

DN T-1 advised that he frequented the Clover Bar next door to the Sherman Hotel, Chicago, Illinois, 1946, to 1949. He described this bar as a hangout for hoodlum element. At that time it was operated by IRA COLITZ who was described as a personal friend of Colonel JACOB ARVEY, well known Chicago political figure. COLITZ possibly was recently a candidate for alderman in Chicago and he resides in penthouse apartment on Michigan Boulevard.

Source related JACK RUBY, whom he identified from newspaper photographs, frequented Clover Bar in about 1946 or 1947, and was an acquaintance of IRA COLITZ and possibly was a former schoolmate of COLITZ on the West Side of Chicago. He does not know the nature of RUBY's activities in Chicago.

Source stated that in about December, 1949, he was in Dallas, Texas, at which time RUBY was operating a night club, name unknown, with western band and western motif. Source visited this club and chatted briefly with RUBY who requested that he convey RUBY's regards to COLITZ when source returned to Chicago.

Source has not seen nor heard from RUBY since 1949, and has never had any specific information concerning RUBY's background or activities, but has never had any reason to suspect him of being involved in subversive activities.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent PAUL E. BUSH:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

At approximately 11:30 A.M., November 25, 1963, a call was received from Mr. J. IVANHOE ROSENBERG of the "Herald Dispatch," a weekly newspaper in Southwest Denver.

Mr. ROSENBERG stated that as a result of information seen on television on the evening of November 24, 1963, regarding an alleged affiliation of RUBY in Denver, he had been conducting some investigation to verify this. Mr. ROSENBERG asked if he could obtain information from this office in exchange for what information he had. Mr. ROSENBERG was advised that any information in any way related to the assassination of President KENNEDY would have to be released by the Washington Headquarters of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and no information could be furnished by the Denver Office.

Mr. ROSENBERG then volunteered that he had talked with Mr. JIM BENNETT, Channel 7, Denver, and had learned that BENNETT had information indicating that RUBY has frequented and may possibly have a financial interest in the Matinee Lounge on West Colfax in Jefferson County and might be acquainted with JOHN DI ANDRO (phonetic); also that RUBY is reported to have frequented SID KING's place on East Colfax and may possibly have a financial interest in this establishment.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent JESSE L. ORR:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

(1)

Date December 1, 1963

Mr. STAN BROWN, Channel-7, KLZ Television Station, advised that JIM BENNETT was not available; however, he was familiar with the information concerning alleged affiliation of JACK RUBY in Denver, Colorado.

BROWN continued that the information which appeared in Channel 7 news to the effect that RUBY had frequented and may possibly have a financial interest in the Matinee Lounge in Denver, and might be acquainted with JOHN DI ANDRO (phonetic) was received in part from TONY SHEARER.

BROWN stated that the information that RUBY reportedly frequented SID KING's place in Denver, Colorado, came from a former news man, now retired, whose name is BILL DAY. BROWN stated that DAY had called him and advised that somehow RUBY's face was familiar. DAY further stated that he thought he had seen RUBY in Denver, but could not remember where he had seen him or what the circumstances were. BROWN advised that DAY then told him that it might possibly have been at Sid King's Crazy Horse Bar.

BROWN stated further that other than the above information, neither SHEARER nor DAY had any further information concerning RUBY. BROWN concluded that he could furnish no additional information concerning this matter.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent in Charge SCOTT J. WERNER:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1) Colo

Mr. TOM SHEARER, Engineer, Channel 7, KLZ Television Station, advised that when he saw the picture of JACK RUBY it looked familiar to him until he recalled that approximately three years ago when he was on his way home from work he stopped in at the Matinee Lounge for a beer, at which time he recalled that JACK DI ANDRE (phonetic), owner of the Matinee Lounge, was talking to the man who SHEARER thought resembled RUBY. SHEARER advised that he did not talk to RUBY but only recalled having seen him with DI ANDRE at that time.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent in Charge SCOTT J. WERNER:lk Date dictated 12/1/63

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Copy by THE AARC

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

Mr. BILL DAY, 65 Dudley, Lakewood, Colo. was contacted after unsuccessful attempts to contact him on November 26, 27, and 29, 1963.

Mr. DAY advised that when he saw JACK RUBY's picture on television sometime during the past week and heard his name, he thought possibly this might be an individual he had heard some information about about one year ago when he stopped in at Sid King's Crazy Horse Bar in Denver, Colorado.

Mr. DAY continued that on this particular day he stopped at the above restaurant for a drink after work and was sitting at the bar. He commented to another bar patron, whose name he does not know, that SID KING "has a good thing going here." He advised he made this remark because the establishment was full of customers. He advised further that the other bar patron made the statement that "it isn't all KING's, some guy in Dallas owns a piece of it." DAY advised further that this bar patron mentioned some name at that time for the alleged part owner in Dallas; however, he cannot recall the name at this time. He added, however, that when he had heard RUBY's name on television, he thought possibly the bar patron may have mentioned RUBY, but he is not positive and it was just a thought that crossed his mind at the time.

DAY concluded that the above information is the only information that he furnished to Channel 7, KLZ Television Station in Denver, and that he did not state that he thought he had ever seen RUBY anywhere. DAY stated he was unable to furnish additional information concerning this matter.

On 12/1/63 at Lakewood, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent RICHARD L. CAMPBELL:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

DN T-3 advised the only information he had heard about JACK RUBY was that there had been a news broadcast on a Denver television station that others were discussing to the effect that RUBY may have some connection with SID KING who runs a local bar with "strippers" and that he, in the past, had some connection with JOHNNIE DE ANDREA and SAM CALVARESI.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent DONALD L. SIEFERS:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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by THE AARC

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

DN T-2 advised that he is thoroughly familiar with the operation and ownership of Sid King's Crazy Horse Bar, 1211 East Colfax Avenue, Denver, Colorado, and that JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas, has no interest whatsoever in this establishment. Source advised further that he does not believe that SID KING is even acquainted with JACK RUBY.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent EUGENE J. COBLE:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

Sam Calvaresi

SAMMY CALVARESI, 3805 Allison Circle, Wheat Ridge, Colorado, advised JACK RUBY was unknown to him. He advised JOHNNIE DE ANDREA and he, CALVARESI, were partners for years in the old Belmont and he never heard JOHNNIE speak of knowing RUBY and is sure RUBY never visited the club. He advised he felt if DE ANDREA had known RUBY that he, SAMMY CALVARESI, would have known of it or met RUBY, as during the years they were partners, they were also socially close.

On 11/25/63 at Wheat Ridge, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent DONALD L. SIEFERS:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

Denver, Colo

Mrs. VIRGINIA DE ANDREA, 4646 Grove Street, advised JOHNNIE DE ANDREA was unavailable, however, she had been treasurer in both the Belmont Club and the Five O'Clock Club, Denver, Colorado, which they previously had interests in and later sold, and she had never heard of JACK RUBY before the current publicity. She advised JOHNNIE has never even mentioned to her knowing a JACK RUBY and when the current news stories were released, he did not know RUBY, to her knowledge, as they had discussed the stories about RUBY.

On 11/25/63 at ___ Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent DONALD L. SIEFERS:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1) Denver, Colo.

Mr. JOHN L. DE ANDREA, 4646 Grove, owner of the Matinee Lounge, 15000 West Colfax, Lakewood, Colorado, advised that he has never had, in the past, nor has he presently any business dealings with JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas. He stated further that he does not know RUBY and has no recollection of ever having heard of him prior to the killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

John DeAndrea

Jack DeAndrea

Johnnie DeAndrea

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent DONALD L. SIEFERS:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

DN T-4 advised that as of one month ago JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas, was known to be an associate of "PAPPY" (last name unknown), owner of "Pappy's Showland" in Dallas, Texas. Source advised that he does not know the basis or extent of association between these individuals. Source is not personally acquainted with JACK RUBY or "PAPPY" (last name unknown). Source unable to furnish additional information.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent WILLIAM J. BILLEAUD:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

THORWALD WALTER SANDVE, 1755 California Street, Denver, Colorado, and Manager of the Sears Hotel at the aforementioned address, advised as follows:

After viewing JACK RUBY's picture on television yesterday, November 24, 1963, he made general comments to several persons in the Sears Hotel to the effect that he had known RUBY. Upon interview, SANDVE stated, however, that when he was working for a leather company in Dallas two or three years ago, he had frequented the Carousel Club on Commerce Street in Dallas. He advised that he had been in the club on about fifteen or twenty occasions. He also knew that RUBY was the owner of the Carousel, but was acquainted with RUBY only on a casual basis. He explained his relationship with RUBY by stating that he knew him only well enough to say, "hi Jack," when he saw RUBY.

SANDVE further stated that RUBY was well liked by the people who knew him, although he had heard that RUBY was known at that time to be high tempered and a "tough guy." He advised that RUBY was known to have dated "strippers" at the Carousel.

SANDVE stated that he has not seen nor heard from RUBY since he, SANDVE, had been in Dallas, two or three years ago. He denied knowing anything specific about RUBY's background or associates other than as stated herein.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents WILLIAM J. BILLEAUD and RALPH B. REPPERT, JR. Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

Sergeant PUR[illegible] JOHNSON, Shift Commander, Colorado Springs, Colorado, Police Department, advised that at approximately 5:00 P.M., November 25, 1963, city bus driver A. E. ENGLE reported to him that on this date a woman rode on his bus and in conversation about newspaper articles in local press regarding killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by suspect JACK LEON RUBY, claimed that her ex-husband and RUBY were stepbrothers.

On 11/25/63 at Colorado Springs, Colo. File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent EDWARD J. ROGERS, Jr.:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 3-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

A.E. Engle

Mr. ANDRA E. ENGLE, 620 Prairie Road, Colorado Springs, Colorado, bus driver, City Transit Company, advised that at 1:30 P.M., this date he picked up a stout woman in her sixties, wearing white waitress garb at Kiowa and Tejon Streets, and dropped her at corner of Colorado Avenue and Thirtythird Street, Colorado Springs.

He said she commented about photograph of JACK LEON RUBY in local paper and said that RUBY was a stepbrother of her sister's ex-husband.

On 11/25/63 at Colorado Springs, Colo. File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents EDWARD J. RODGERS, Jr., and RANSOM A. WHITTILE:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

Mrs. EDNA HOLCOMB, 202 North Cascade, Colorado Springs, Colo. advised her sister is SARAH STANDIFER, also known as Mrs. B. H. Standifer of Dallas, Texas, exact address unknown. She stated her sister's husband is known as BENNY and she recalls he once said he had a half-brother named JACK RUBENSTEIN, but she cannot recall when he said it or the circumstances surrounding his statement. She stated she has never met RUBENSTEIN.

BENNY H. Standifer

On 11/25/63 at Colorado Springs, Colo. File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents EDWARD J. ROBERTS, Jr., and RANSOM A. WHITE:jlp Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1) Colo

JANET BURNS, owner of Out West Cafe, advised EDNA HOLCOMB used to work for her as waitress and said she has propensity to "tell lots of lies", is "two-faced," "vindictive" and "a letter-writer," and "wants to be important."

On 11/25/63 at Colorado Springs, Colo. File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents EDWARD J. RODGERS, Jr., and RANSOM A. WHITTLE:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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THEAARC

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

JOSEPH S. HUDDLE, 217 South El Paso, Colorado Springs, Colo. advised that he does not know the STANDIFERs exact address in Dallas, but has never known Mr. STANDIFER to have any connection whatsoever with JACK RUBENSTEIN. He states STANDIFER was cleaning establishment worker who had brothers named JEFF and TRUITT STANDIFER. He stated his own daughter, Mrs. WALTER E. KORZECHOWSKI, 407 North Gate Parkway, Toledo, Ohio, may know STANDIFER's address.

On 11/25/63 at Colorado Springs, Colo. File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents EDWARD J. RODGERS, Jr., and RANSOM A. MULLEE:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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THE AARC

5d

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT.

Date November 29, 1963

1

JAMES SULLIVAN, 1405 Downing Street, Apartment Number 1, Denver, Colorado, advised that JACK BRUMETT originally comes from Houston, Texas, is a burglar, and may possibly have connections with JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas. He said BRUMEIT is a friend of Mrs. E. L. SHAFER, 6327 Riverview Way, Houston. SHAFER resided at Writers' Manor, a motel in Denver, from November 6, 1963, to November 19, 1963. SULLIVAN advised he took SHAFER to the airport in Denver on November 19, 1963, where she boarded a Braniff airplane destined to Dallas, and then Houston. During the ride to the airport, SHAFER made the statement, "KENNEDY would never be elected again." SULLIVAN advised this statement may have been entirely innocent; however, in his opinion might have some significance in connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY. SULLIVAN advised that SHAFER made numerous long-distance telephone calls to Texas during her stay at Writers' Manor. SULLIVAN was unable to furnish any additional information.

Texas

On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent RICHARD L. CAMPBELL:mf:jk Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

(1)

NELL HART, Desk Clerk, Writers' Manor, Denver, Colorado, advised that Mrs. E. L. SHAFER made long-distance calls to Houston, Texas, to the following numbers:

November 8, 1963 - JA 8-6189

November 11, 1963 - 667-9375

November 13, 1963 - JA 6-4739

There was no record of any calls made to Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. HART advised further that Mrs. SHAFER was a white female about thirty years of age and gave the following address when registering at Writers' Manor: 6327 Riverview Way, Houston, Texas. She stayed in Room 107 and was at this establishment from November 6, 1963, to November 19, 1963, at which time she checked out. Mrs. HART concluded she was unable to furnish any additional information.

On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent RICHARD L. CAMPBELL:mf:jkr Date dictated 11/27/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 1, 1963

SAMUEL MEYERS, 3104 Carson Street, Aurora, Colorado, telephonically advised that his daughter, JUDITH ANNE MEYERS, who is a student at the University of Colorado, Boulder, related to him on the morning of November 24, 1963, that she thought possibly about one year ago when baby sitting for ROBERT SHANKS, who lived on the adjacent block of Blackhawk Street in Aurora, she had received a phone call from an individual who possibly left the message that "RUBY" had called.

Mr. MEYERS advised he was reporting this inasmuch as ROBERT SHANKS is related to SAMUEL SHANKS who is presently incarcerated in Jefferson County Jail, Golden, Colorado, awaiting trial for the murder of ROBERT ROBBINS. He also advised he understood SHANKS has been in the bar business and since he had read that JACK RUBY was a bar owner in Dallas there could possibly be some connection between them.

On 11/26/63 at Aurora, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent WILLIAM R. HALL/mf Date dictated 11/26/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 1, 1963

JUDITH ANNE MEYERS, Freshman, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado, was interviewed at her Aurora, Colorado, residence, 3014 Carson Street, and she advised that she had earlier related to her parents information to the effect that while baby sitting for ROBERT SHANKS at 3012 Blackhawk Street, Aurora, about one year ago, she received a phone call from an individual who told her to tell MAX SHANKS that "RUBY" had called when she informed the caller that neither MAX nor ROBERT SHANKS was home at the time.

Miss MEYERS, who is 18 years of age, advised that since relating this information to her parents a few days ago, she now recalls that she had received, while baby sitting for the SHANKSes for the past year and a half, other calls for ROBERT SHANKS or his father, MAX SHANKS, from an individual who told her to tell them that "RUDY" had called and now because of this believes possibly the one above call she had told her parents about was also from "RUDY" and not "RUBY." She also related that she recalled this individual told her to tell MAX SHANKS that he could teach him at his restaurant the next day. She related that ROBERT SHANKS' father, MAX, lived with him at the Blackhawk address in Aurora and also that SAM SHANKS, who is related to ROBERT SHANKS, also resided at the Blackhawk address for a short time in the latter part of 1962.

Miss MEYERS stated she had never heard JACK RUBY's name mentioned nor had any information ever come to her attention while baby sitting for the SHANKSes that would indicate they had any connection with RUBY.

Miss MEYERS pointed out ROBERT SHANKS and his wife separated or divorced approximately six months ago and, because of this, she has not baby sat for them since that time. She also advised that their home at 3012 Blackhawk is now vacant and that she knew ROBERT SHANKS was out on bond on a charge filed against him as an accessory to the fact in the murder case of ROBERT ROBBINS, Denver bookmaker who was murdered in Jefferson County, Colorado, on August 7, 1963.

On 11/26/63 at Aurora, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent WILLIAM J. MALONE/mf Date dictated 11/26/63

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SL

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 1, 1963

Mr. J. IVANHOE ROSENBERG, Editor and Publisher, "Herald-Dispatch, 314 Federal Boulevard, Denver, Colorado, advised that "TONY," the proprietor at a steak house located at 3rd and Federal, had mentioned to him recently that an individual had been in his establishment and mentioned that he had known JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas, at one time. ROSENBERG was unable to elaborate on this information.

On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by SAC SCOTT J. WERNER/mf Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date December 1, 1963

Mr. TOM APERGIS, proprietor of the Columbine Steak House, 300 Federal Boulevard, Denver, Colorado, advised that some time during the past week an individual whose name he does not know but who he would describe as a white male, about 30 years of age, was in his business establishment and made the remark that he formerly knew JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas. Mr APERGIS was unable to recall whether or not this man made any other statement concerning RUBY. He further stated that at the time he believed this man was merely talking to make people think that he had been "around a little bit." Mr. APERGIS added that in his opinion this man probably does not know RUBY at all. He added, however, that this man formerly resided somewhere in the neighborhood back of his steak house but had moved away within the past year and his present whereabouts is unknown. He did recall that the man was married, had no children, and possibly formerly lived at 2841 or 2839 West 3rd Avenue, Denver. He advised these properties are owned and managed by Century Real Estate, 151 Federal Boulevard, Denver.

Mr. APERGIS concluded that he was unable to furnish any additional information.

On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents HERMAN C. COFER and RICHARD L. CAMPBELL/mf Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 1, 1963

Mr. QUENTIN C. ROSENBERG, Century Realty, 151 Federal Boulevard, Denver, Colorado, advised that he owns and rents the duplexes at 2841 and 2839 West 3rd Avenue, Denver. He advised further that he had talked to TONY APERGIS concerning the white, male individual who mentioned JACK RUBY to APERGIS. He advised that all of his tenants in the above duplexes, since they were built, have been couples with children. He advised further that he had searched his old rent receipt book and had been unable to locate the name of any person or former tenant who would fit the description of the man given by TONY APERGIS.

He concluded that he was unable to furnish any additional information at this time; however, if he learned anything further concerning this matter, he would immediately notify the FBI.

On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents HERMAN C. COFER and RICHARD L. CAMPBELL/mf Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT

1 Date December 1, 1963

Mrs. JEANNE BENELL, 65 Yarrow Street, Lakewood, Colorado, personally came to the Denver FBI Office, to furnish the following information:

Mrs. Marco X Tilden Colo.

Mrs. BENELL stated that she has a neighbor, MARCO X TILDEN, who resides at 85 Yarrow, Lakewood. She advised further that on the morning of November 27, 1963, Mrs. TILDEN came to her house to visit and during their conversation they discussed the assassination of President KENNEDY and the killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by JACK RUBY. Mrs. TILDEN stated that she was formerly a show girl - acrobatic dancer and that she knows JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas. She indicated further that she formerly worked for RUBY in Dallas.

Mrs. BENELL stated she mentioned to Mrs. TILDEN how sorry she felt for the KENNEDY family and Mrs. TILDEN stated she felt sorry for OSWALD because he was "only a young boy with a heart and soul." She further stated that "KENNEDY had gone way too far out on this foreign situation."

Mrs. BENELL stated she also mentioned to Mrs. TILDEN that she felt so bad that OSWALD didn't live long enough to talk. Mrs. TILDEN answered, "Well, don't worry, they'll get it all by the time they get through with RUBY."

Mrs. BENELL concluded that she does not know the significance of the above information but that if Mrs. TILDEN is acquainted with Mr. RUBY she might be able to furnish additional background information concerning him. Mrs. BENELL was unable to furnish any further information.

On 11/27/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

Special Agent RICHARD L. CAMPBELL/mf

by _____ Date dictated 12/1/63

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1 Date December 1, 1963

Mrs. G. R. (MARGO) TILDEN, 85 Yarrow Street, Lakewood, Colorado, advised, after unsuccessful attempts to locate her on November 27 and 28, 1963, that she had lived in the State of Texas for the greater part of her life and that she was formerly employed as a hostess at the Keyboard Club, 8030 Long Point Road, Houston, Texas, from about 1961 to February, 1963. She stated that in the past she has also appeared as an acrobatic dancer at some clubs in Houston but never in Dallas, Texas. She stated that she is not acquainted with JACK RUBY and has never met him. She added that she saw a man one time in the Keyboard Club, Houston, who somewhat resembled RUBY but that she could not say it was he.

Mrs. TILDEN stated she may have mentioned to someone that she knew JACK RUBY but that she in fact did not.

She stated further that she is a good friend of President LYNDON JOHNSON and then subsequently during the interview stated that she had not in fact met Mr. JOHNSON but had seen him on occasions.

Mrs. TILDEN stated further that she was not in sympathy with the late President KENNEDY's foreign policy and that she did in fact feel sorry for LEE HARVEY OSWALD because he was a mixed-up boy. She repeated again that she does not now nor has she ever known JACK RUBY and she could furnish no information about him.

On 11/29/63 at Lakewood, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents DAVID W. YATES and RICHARD L. CAMPBELL/mf Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

MARY ANN COOK, also known as Mrs. James Cook, 1235 Grant Street, Apartment 305, Denver, dancer at 400 Club, 400 Seventeenth Street, Denver, known as "Darling Star", stated she met RUBY just before Christmas, 1962. She was working amateur shows and worked one show nightly for RUBY until about April, 1963, arriving at club few minutes before her act, and leaving immediately afterwards.

She stated she knew him only as employer and had no knowledge of his past or present activities, associates, political sentiments, law-enforcement contacts or acquaintance with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents HERMAN C. COFER and T. WOODROW ROBERTS:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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Date December 1, 1963

(1)

MARY MORGAN, also known as Mrs. William Morgan, 1124 Xenthia Street, Denver, Colorado, dancer at 400 Club as "Tawney Angel," stated she worked for RUBY in Dallas, Texas, as dancer off and on from April, 1962, until March, 1963. She stated she heard he was from Chicago, but had no knowledge of any of his Chicago, or Dallas associates or contacts or activities. She had no personal association with him and his political sentiments, contacts with law enforcement or acquaintance with LEE HARVEY OSWALD were unknown.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents HERMAN C. COFER and T. WOODROW ROBERTS:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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(3)

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

JAN HUMPHNEY, also known as Mrs. Jack Humphney, 1020 Pennsylvania Street, Denver, former dancer at Club 400, Denver, known as "Jan Labor" stated she was working amateur shows in Dallas in December, 1962, and went to Carousel Club on a Friday night and asked for a job. RUBY asked her to come to his apartment at unrecalled address in Oak Cliff section and he would hire her as a professional dancer. She went to his apartment and he made "perverted sexual advances" to her. She explained this perversion by stating that he only wanted to rub against her leg, which she would not agree to and that he did not insist on or propose sexual intercourse. She signed a six-month contract at $90.00 per-week for three shows nightly. After working about ten days she became ill and was off for a week and was fired. She has had no subsequent contact with RUBY and knows nothing about his associates, activities, political sentiments, law-enforcement contacts or acquaintance with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 11/25/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents HERMAN C. COFER and T. WOODROW ROBERTS:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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Date December 1, 1963

(1)

JOHN MC GILL, rancher, advised he employed HAROLD PEDEN approximately 1947 to 1949. He described PEDEN then as a young farm boy who was a very good worker, but lacked intelligence.

He advised in approximately 1949, PEDEN married a prostitute, DONN, last name unknown. PEDEN left ranch in 1949, to get other employment, and about one year ago, PEDEN wrote a letter to MC GILL which MC GILL and wife could not understand because the text meant nothing to them as PEDEN wrote about things unfamiliar to them. At that time PEDEN was possibly mentally unbalanced and in need of psychiatric treatment. MC GILL feels PEDEN now trying to get some publicity.

In the summer of 1948, MC GILL met JUAN, last name unknown, eighteen years old, five feet eight inches tall, weighing 150 pounds, brown eyes, in a local bar, Laramie, Wyoming. JUAN was wealthy and was from Columbia, South America, where his parents were wealthy farmers and had other relatives high in government circles. JUAN had attended two or more universities in United States on scholarships and was attending the University of Wyoming. JUAN was a good looking individual who liked to wine and dance women and often got into fights.

In view of his drinking and fighting, JUAN had a chauffeur and bodyguard whose name was JACK KATRICIAN (phonetic), correct spelling unknown. KATRICIAN was about thirty-five years of age, six feet tall, two hundred pounds, and in 1948, had a brother, name unknown, who was a tackle or guard on Washington Redskins Football Team.

MC GILL invited JUAN and KATRICIAN to his ranch, where they visited two or three times that week.

JUAN liked the United States and never made any statements against it. MC GILL never saw KATRICIAN carry a gun, although he mentioned he could carry one so long as he was bodyguard for JUAN. KATRICIAN made no statements against the United

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On 11/27/63 at Laramie, Wyoming File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents ROBERT C. GUSTAFSON and JESSE C. HORNBACK:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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DN 89-41
RCG:jkr
(2)

States, and MC GILL has no additional background. JUAN apparently attended several universities because he was dismissed from them because of his drinking and love life.

MC GILL stated he has seen photographs of RUBY on television and in the papers and said KATRICIAN is not identical with RUBY.

MC GILL stated KATRICIAN impressed him as "a big stupid dumb person."

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT

1 Date December 1, 1963

Mr. JAMES R. CAMERON of 5852 Clendenin, Dallas, Texas, telephone DAvis 7-4258, employed by McCord Music Company, Dallas, was interviewed at the home of an acquaintance, ROBERT E. LEE WILLIAMSON, 132 Cornell, Widefield, Colorado, where CAMERON and his wife are visiting for the holidays.

CAMERON advised he is acquainted with JACK RUBY only insofar as he has been a customer at the Vegas Club operated by RUBY. He stated he does not know RUBY personally and has never met or seen, to his knowledge, LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that in conversation with the WILLIAMSONs, he speculated that RUBY might have a syndicate connection but had no definite information of any kind regarding this.

On 11/30/63 at Widefield, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agents WALLACE G. HAGUE and RANSOM A. WHITTLE/mf Date dictated 11/30/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

A review of the current telephone directory, Mountain States Telephone, reflects that telephone number 388-1249 is listed to MORRIS RUILAND, 300 Elm, Denver, Colorado.

On 11/29/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent RICHARD L. CAMPBELL:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT.

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

Mr. MORRIS RUTLAND, 525 University Building, Denver, advised that he is an attorney-at-law, and that he resides at 300 Elm, Denver, Colorado.

Mr. RUTLAND continued that he is a first cousin of JACK L. RUBY of Dallas, Texas. He elaborated by stating that his father was a brother of RUBY's mother. He continued that he is not positive that he has ever met JACK RUBY and has definately had no contact with him for the past twenty years.

RUTLAND advised that he has kept in contact with MARIAN CARROLL of Chicago, Illinois, sister of JACK RUBY, and that she has visited in his home in Denver, Colorado, several times, the last time being in September, 1963.

He advised further that he and his wife invited MARIAN CARROLL to attend his son's Bar Mitzvah ceremony.

RUTLAND advised that it is possible that MARIAN CARROLL may have been in contact with her brother, JACK RUBY, from his home in Denver, Colorado, during one of her visits here.

RUTLAND advised further that he recalls that in 1944, or 1945, when he was passing through Chicago, Illinois, when he was in the military service, he visited RUBY's parents' home; however, he does not recall RUBY being there or seeing him.

He stated further that besides MARIAN CARROLL, he believes RUBY has a married sister, EVA, last name unknown, with whom he is associated in business in Dallas, Texas; a married sister, EILEEN, last name unknown, who he believes resides in Chicago, Illinois, and a married sister, ANNE, last name unknown, who is believed to reside in Chicago, Illinois. He continued that to his knowledge JACK RUBY has three brothers, HYMAN RUBENSTEIN, address unknown; EARL RUBENSTEIN, believed to reside in

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On 11/29/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

Special Agent RICHARD L. CAMPBELL
by and DAVID W. YATES:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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DN 89-41
RLC:jkr
(2)

Detroit, Michigan, and SAM ~~X~~ RUBENSTEIN, believed to reside in Texas Dallas.

RUTLAND advised that he is unable to speculate on any reason that JACK RUBY might have had for shooting LEE HARVEY OSWALD except possibly grief over the death of President KENNEDY. He continued that he has no knowledge of any un-American views held by JACK RUBY and he stated he is unable to furnish any additional information concerning this matter.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT

1 Date December 1, 1963

Mr. FRANK BUTLER, 8900 West 26th Avenue, Denver, Colorado, telephone BE 7-6341, advised that on the evening of November 24, 1963, he and a group of other persons were sitting at a table at the Matinee Lounge, Denver, discussing the assassination of President KENNEDY.

BUTLER advised that a girl, who is employed at the Matinee Lounge as a barmaid, was off duty and sitting at the table also. She made the statement that she had worked for JACK RUBY in one of his places in Dallas about two years ago and that she was of the opinion that RUBY was acquainted with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in view of the fact OSWALD was seen in RUBY's establishment.

BUTLER stated that everyone at the table was drinking, although he did not know if anyone was drunk at that time. BUTLER stated he did not know this girl's name nor could he remember her well enough to give a description of her.

On 12/1/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent RICHARD L. CAMPBELL/mf Date dictated 12/1/63

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATI

Date December 1, 1963

(1)

DN T-5 advised that he had flown his plane to Dallas, Texas, on November 25, 1963. Source advised that there had been a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Sweetwater Corporation in Dallas, on Tuesday, November 26, 1963.

He advised that prior to the meeting, some of his business associates had been at the King's Club, which is located on the sixth floor of the Adolphis Hotel in Dallas, around noon on November 26, 1963, at which time there had been conversation among his business associates about the death of President JOHN F. KENNEDY and also about JACK RUBY, night club owner, shooting LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

U.S.N. Source advised that one of his business associates, Texas EDWIN B. JORDAN, who is a son-in-law of L. F. CORRIGAN, a wealthy land owner in Dallas, had mentioned that the C.G.C. Realty Company, located on the 17th floor at 211 North Ervay Street, owns the building that JACK RUBY rents for his Vegas Club. Source advised that it was his understanding that JORDAN had known RUBY for ten years or so and would be in a position to probably furnish information concerning RUBY and possibly RUBY's close associates.

Source related that JORDAN stated RUBY was a 52-year-old individual who had the mind of a 10-year-old.

Source related that also one CHRIS, Texas the owner and manager of the King's Club located on the sixth floor of the Adolphis Hotel, was also acquainted with RUBY and could probably furnish information regarding RUBY's associates and activities.

On 11/29/63 at Denver, Colorado File # DN 89-41

by Special Agent LEROY W. GREEN:jkr Date dictated 12/1/63

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DN 89-41
RLC:jkr
(1)

The following investigation was conducted by SA RICHARD L. CAMPBELL at Denver, Colorado, November 29, 1963:

BRAD WILSHIRE, Retail Credit Men's Association, (RCMA), advised RUTLANDs have satisfactory credit rating and he has been self-employed as attorney for twenty-five years. RUTLAND, in the past, has refused to give information to RCMA.

MELVIN WALBRIDGE, Denver Police Department, advised no record for JUANITA or MORRIS RUTLAND could be located.

The following investigation was conducted by IC DONALD L. RAY on November 27, 1963:

MARJORIE RICE, Denver Police Department, and MARIE DIMITROFF, RCMA, Denver, both advised November 27, 1963, they could locate no record regarding HAROLD JEROME MANDERY.

The following investigation was conducted on November 27, 1963, by SA RICHARD L. CAMPBELL at Englewood, Colorado:

R. C. WOODS, Secretary - Treasurer, Colorado Sheriffs and Police Officers Association, Englewood, Colorado, advised on November 27, 1963, that "Colorado Law" was a former publication of this association which has not been published for past three years. WOODS has no recollection of MANDERY.

DN 89-41
JCL:mf
1

Confidential informants who are cognizant of Communist Party, Socialist Workers Party, Fair Play for Cuba Committee activities and known racial extremists, advised on November 25, 1963, that they do not know any individuals by the name of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, JACK RUBY or JACK RUBENSTEIN.

Confidential informants who are cognizant of gambling and related criminal activities in Colorado and Wyoming were contacted on November 23 and 25, 1963, and advised they do not know JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD. They could furnish no information concerning the assassination of Mr. KENNEDY.

ERR
DATION

APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE (FPCC)
DENVER CHAPTER

A source advised on December 15, 1960, that a meeting was held at the headquarters of the Denver Branch, Socialist Workers Party (SWP), on December 10, 1960, for the purpose of establishing a Denver chapter of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. HOWARD WALLACE acted as chairman and an organizing committee was appointed.

HOWARD WALLACE has been identified by a source as a member of the Denver Branch, SWP.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A source, on May 9, 1961, advised that on May 5, 1961, the Denver Chapter, FPCC, was formed with the following elected officers:

HARRY KAUFMAN RICE, Jr., Chairman
T. E. "DUKE" ROBERTSON, Jr., Secretary
NORMAN HODGKIN, Treasurer

NORMAN HODGKIN has been identified by a source as a member of the Denver Branch, SWP.

The Denver Chapter, FPCC, has publicly announced as its purpose to help bring to light the truth about Cuba. It has indicated the FPCC is virtually the sole organized source of critical dissent from American-Cuban policy in the United States. Announced aims of FPCC are to end the ban imposed by the U.S. Government on travel to Cuba, to present those aspects of events in Cuba which the press in this country ignores, and to work toward re-establishment of diplomatic relations and travel between the United States and Cuba.

A source advised in April, 1962, that the Denver Chapter, FPCC, had almost ceased to exist at that time, but in June, 1962, stated that at a meeting of the Denver Branch,

SWP, HOWARD WALLACE proposed to reactivate the Denver Chapter, FPCC. Source advised that thereafter the Denver Chapter, FPCC, placed an advertisement in a Denver daily newspaper on June 21, 1962, concerning the travel ban to Cuba, sponsored several open meetings concerning the travel ban to Cuba, and sponsored the appearance of VINCENT TED LEE, National Director, FPCC, in Boulder and Denver, Colorado, during April, 1963.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Denver, Colorado
December 1, 1963

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference Report of Special Agent
Raymond J. Fox dated
December 1, 1963, at Denver

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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3 6 FEB 32 1973

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 2 1963
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 7-28 PM PST MLP

TO DIRECTOR, /62-109560/ AND SAC-S, DALLAS /89-43/ & NEW ORLEANS /89-58/

FROM SAC, SAN FRANCISCO /89-58/. 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO.

RE NEW ORLEANS TELEPHONE CALL DECEMBER ONE, ONE NINE SIX THREE.

RE POSSIBLE ACQUAINTANCE OF OSWALD NEW ORLEANS.

PLACE OF INTERVIEW, PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA. DATE OF INTERVIEW, DECEMBER TWO, ONE NINE SIX THREE, BY SA TROY F. WILDER.

DR. LEONARD REISSMAN, FOUR ONE FIVE FIVE WILKIE WAY, PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA, ADVISED THAT HE HAD LIVED IN NEW ORLEANS FOR APPROXIMATELY TWELVE YEARS AND HAD RESIDED AT ONE ONE TWO ONE PINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS, FOR FIVE YEARS. HE SAID THAT HE CAME TO PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA, TO WORK AT THE CENTER FOR ADVANCED STUDY OF BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES, STANFORD UNIVERSITY, AT THE END OF JULY ONE NINE SIX THREE.

DR. REISSMAN RELATED THAT HE CANNOT RECALL EVER HAVING KNOWN LEE HARVEY OSWALD. HE SAID THAT HE HAD STUDIED OSWALD-S PHOTOGRAPH, HAVING SEEN SAME IN THE NEWSPAPERS AND ON TELEVISION, AND HAD DISCUSSED OSWALD WITH DR. REISSMAN-S WIFE, AND NEITHER COULD RECALL EVER HAVING

REC-13 DEC 15 1963 528

END PAGE ONE

53 DEC 17 1963

SEEN OSWALD.

DR. REISSMAN SAID THAT HE NEVER KNEW OF THE EXISTENCE OF A FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE /FPCC/ IN NEW ORLEANS, AND HAD NEVER HAD ANY CONNECTION IN ANY WAY WITH ANY SO-CALLED LEFT-WING ORGANIZATIONS. HE REMARKED THAT HE WAS FAMILIAR WITH THE PEOPLE RESIDING ON PINE STREET IN NEW ORLEANS, AND IT WAS INCONCEIVABLE TO HIM THAT MEETINGS OF THE FPCC COULD HAVE BEEN HELD WITHIN A TWO-BLOCK AREA OF HIS RESIDENCE WITHOUT HIM KNOWING ABOUT IT. HE POINTED OUT THAT THE PEOPLE RESIDING IN THAT AREA WERE, IN HIS ESTIMATION, EXTREMELY CONSERVATIVE IN THEIR POLITICAL VIEWPOINT, AND HE COULD THINK OF NO ONE WHO WOULD ALLOW AN ORGANIZATION OF THAT NATURE TO HOLD MEETINGS IN HIS HOME.

END AND ACK PLS

WA 10-36 PM OK FBI W A LLD

NO 9-36PM OK FBI NO TM

ZDS TE J

CC-MR. ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 2 1933

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-2-63 6-51PMCST TM

TO DIRECTOR, ATTN INSPECTOR DON MOORE, DIVISION FIVE,
AND SAC, DALLAS /89-43/

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /89-69/ 4PAGES

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, AFO.

RE A. J. HIDEEL.

RETELCALL TO NEW ORLEANS FROM MR. DON MOORE OF THE BUREAU, DECEMBER TWO INSTANT.

DR. FRANCIS T. FLOOD, ACTING DEPUTY MEDICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE, U. S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HOSPITAL, TWO ZERO ONE STATE STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA., ADVISED SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY ON NOVEMBER TWENTYSIX, SIXTYTHREE THE NAME OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD DOES NOT APPEAR IN THE FILES OF THAT HOSPITAL, INCLUDING THE CLINIC VACCINATION BOOK FOR JUNE EIGHT, SIXTYTHREE.

DR. FLOOD STATED PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FORM SEVEN THREE ONE, REVISED JANUARY ONE, NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN, WAS AGAIN REVISED ON JUNE ONE, NINETEEN SIXTYONE AND THAT ALL COPIES OF THE OLD FORM HAVE BEEN DESTROYED. FLOOD STATED THERE IS NOT NOW AND NEVER HAS BEEN A DOCTOR ATTACHED TO PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HOSPITAL AT NEW ORLEANS BY THE NAME A. J. HIDEEL OR HIDELL.

DR. CHARLES A. STERN, DUTY MEDICAL OFFICER, U. S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HOSPITAL, NEW ORLEANS, LA., ADVISED SA ROBERT M. WHOMSLEY ON NEVEMBER TWENTYFIVE, SIXTYTHREE THAT TO HIS KNOWLEDGE

END PAGE ONE

53 DEC 17 1963

DEC 13

529

THERE HAS BEEN NO DOCTOR PREVIOUSLY EMPLOYED NOR IS THERE A DOCTOR CURRENTLY EMPLOYED AT U. S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HOSPITAL, NEW ORLEANS, NAMED A. J. OR ART HIDEEL.

THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS ADVISED ON DECEMBER TWO, SIXTYTHREE THAT THEY HAVE NO RECORD OF A DR. A. J. HIDEEL/

GERTRUDE BARBIER, DOCTORS EXCHANGE, TWO NINE THREE SEVEN BRUXELLES, NEW ORLEANS.

MISS HILMA MC AULIFFE, SECRETARY, ORLEANS PARISH MEDICAL SOCIETY, ONE FOUR THREE ZERO TULANE AVE., NEW ORLEANS.

MRS. ROBERT WILSON, CLERK, LA. STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, FIVE TWO ONE HIBERNIA BANK BLDG., NEW ORLEANS. MRS. WILSON ALSO CHECKED THE TWENTY SECOND EDITION OF THE AMERICAN MEDICAL DIRECTORY FOR NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE AND STATED THAT DR. A. J. HIDEEL IS NOT LISTED THEREIN.

RE CRIDIT AND CRIMINAL RE A. J. HIDEEL.

ANTHONY GIARDINA, IDENTIFICATION BUREAU, NEW ORLEANS POLICE DEPARTMENT, ADVISED ON DECEMBER TWO, SIXTYTHREE HIS FILES WERE NEGATIVE RE A. J. HIDEEL.

JOSEPH B. TONER, MANAGER, NEW ORLEANS RETAILERS CRIDIT BUREAU, INC., MASONIC TEMPLE BLDG., NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED DECEMBER TWO, HIS FILES CONTAIN NO INFORMATION REGARDING A. J. HIDEEL.

END PAGE TWO

RRELL

JOHN E. HEVRON, ASSISTANT SECRETARY AND TREASURER, NEW ORLEANS PUBLIC SERVICE, INC., THREE ONE SEVEN BARONNE ST., NEW ORLEANS, ADVISED ON NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE, SIXTYTHREE THAT THE IDENTITY OF PERSONS OBTAINING GAS AND ELECTRIC SERVICE IN NEW ORLEANS CANNOT BE CHECKED BY NAME ALONE AND CAN ONLY BE CHECKED BY ADDRESS WHERE SUCH SERVICE IS ALLEGEDLY RENDERED. HEVRON STATED NEW ORLEANS PUBLIC SERVICE, INC. MAINTAINS A DEPOSIT LEDGER CONTAINING NAMES OF PERSONS WHO HAVE MADE DEPOSITS FOR GAS AND OR ELECTRIC SERVICE. HE STATED THIS LEDGER DOES NOT CONTAIN NAME OF A. J. HIDEEL.

FROM PAST EXPERIENCE IT IS KNOWN THAT YOU CANNOT CHECK RECORDS OF THE NEW ORLEANS SEWERAGE AND WATER BOARD BY NAME.

RE POST OFFICE BOX THREE ZERO ZERO ONE SIX, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

ON OCTOBER SEVEN, SIXTYTHREE, [redacted] POSTAL INSPECTOR, NEW ORLEANS, LA. /PROTECT IDENTITY/, ADVISED P. O. BOX THREE ZERO ZERO ONE SIX IS A NON EXISTING POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER. THIS DATA REPORTED IN NEW ORLEANS REPORT, OCTOBER TWENTYFIVE, SIXTYTHREE BY SA WARREN C. DEBRUEYS, UNDER TITLE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, NEW ORLEANS DIVISION.

ON DECEMBER TWO, SIXTYTHREE, POSTAL INSPECTOR [redacted] NEW ORLEANS, LA. /PROTECT IDENTITY/, CONFIRMED THAT POST OFFICE BOX THREE ZERO ZERO ONE SIX IS A NON EXISTING BOX NUMBER.

END PAGE THREE

FOR BUREAU/S INFORMATION, FBI LABORATORY REPORT DATED NOVEMBER TWENTYNINE, SIXTYTHREE, DIRECTED TO DALLAS, REFERS TO QC FIVE TWO, A XEROX COPY OF CERTIFICATE OF VACCINATION IN NAME OF LEE H. OSWALD, WHICH STATES THAT THE RUBBER STAMP WORDING QUOTE NEW ORLEANS, LA. UNQUOTE ON QC FIVE TWO MATCHES CLOSELY THE PRESENT RUBBER STAMP SETTING ON K THREE NINE. K THREE NINE REFERRED TO A BOX CONTAINING A WARRIOR RUBBER STAMPING KIT. LAB REPORT FURTHER CONCLUDED THAT K THREE NINE WAS USED TO PREPARE THE ENTIRE RUBBER STAMP IMPRESSION ON HAND BILL, Q FOUR FOUR, AND RUBBER STAMP WORDING QUOTE NEW ORLEANS, LA. UNQUOTE ON Q FOUR THREE AND Q FOUR FIVE. Q FOUR THREE AND Q FOUR FIVE ARE FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA HANDBILLS SUBMITTED BY NEW ORLEANS OFFICE. Q FOUR FIVE BORE THE RUBBER STAMP WORDING QUOTE FPCC DASH A. J. HIDELL, P. O. BOX THREE ZERO ZERO ONE SIX, NEW ORLEANS, LA. UNQUOTE.

THREE ZERO TWOS PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED OR WILL BE SUBMITTED TO DALLAS.

END AND ACK PLS/

WA 8-06 PM OK FBI WAOS

DL 7-05 PM OK FBI DL DEC

TU CLEAR

CC-MR. ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-7-63 10-18 AM CST FLL

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC DALLAS /89-43/ 1P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTYTWO SIXTYTHREE, AFO

RE TELEPHONE CALL, SUPERVISOR JIM STARTZELL, SIX ZERO FIVE PM, DECEMBER SIX, LAST, CONCERNING NEWS ITEM APPEARING IN WASHINGTON EVENING STAR NEWSPAPER RE WITNESSES WHO SAW OSWALD AT RIFLE RANGE OUTSIDE IRVING, TEXAS./ AND DALLAS TELETYPE TO BUREAU, NINE TWENTY ONE PM, DECEMBER SIX, LAST, CONCERNING THIS MATTER.

SECRET SERVICE AGENT CHARLES KUNKEL WHO IS HANDLING INVESTIGATION TO LOCATE PLACE IN DALLAS AT WHICH OSWALD POSSIBLY TEST FIRED GUN WAS INTERVIEWED DECEMBER SEVEN, INSTANT, AND STATES ONLY TWO PERSONS HE INTERVIEWED RE ACTIVITIES AT SPORTS DOME GUN RANGE, GRAND PRAIRIE, TEXAS, MALCOM HOWARD PRICE AND STERLING WOOD. SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF INTERVIEWS BY BUREAU AGENTS WITH THESE TWO INDIVIDUALS SET OUT IN RE DALLAS TELETYPE TO BUREAU DECEMBER SIX, LAST.

END AND ACK

11-23 AM OK FBI WA MET

TU DISC

REC-13 62-109060-530

5 DEC 13 1963

cc: Mr. Rosen

53 DEC 17 1963

FOUNDATION
Gift of THE AAF

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

RE: OSWALD - BACKGROUND

Re Dallas tel to New Orleans and New Orleans tel to Bureau both dated 12/3/63 and San Antonio tel to Bureau 12/5/63.

Enclosed for Dallas are eight copies of a letterhead memo. Two copies of this memo are enclosed for Dallas.

No dissemination is being made locally to Secret Service.

1 cc deleted

ENCLOSURE

105-82555-531

(3 - Bureau (Encl. 2)
2 - Dallas (Encl. 2)
2 - San Antonio
HTB / njs
(7)

REC-13

DEC 6

TO THE SQUEEZE SECTION.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

53 DEC 17 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

San Antonio, Texas

December 5, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ELIZABETH HOLTON, Instruction Division, Texas Education Agency, Austin, Texas, on December 25, 1963, advised a Special Agent of the FBI that records of that agency do not reveal a high school diploma equivalency certificate has ever been issued to LEE HARVEY OSWALD and no record concerning OSWALD could be located in their files.

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36 FEB 2 1973

FBI

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SEATTLE (89-47)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD.
IS - R
(OO-DALLAS)

Re Los Angeles airtel to Bureau dated 12/4/63.

On December 10, 1963, Postal Clerk [redacted] (Conceal) Sunnyside, Washington, advised SA R. BERT CARTER that P. O. Box 543 held by CONSUELO MATA GONZALES was closed on or about September 20, 1963, and no forwarding address was left.

DOW said that the majority of the transient Mexican workers go to warmer climates during the winter and that possibly GONZALES returned to California, however, no address there for her was on file at Sunnyside.

On December 10, 1963, Deputy JASPER K. KELLEY, Sunnyside Detachment; Yakima County Sheriff's Office, Sunnyside, Washington, advised that one, ISABEL R. RUBALCABA (a male) is a former operator of trucks and a

532

3 - Bureau (AM)
2 - Dallas (AM)
2 - Los Angeles (105-15823) (AM)
2 - Seattle.
RBC/cbf
(9)

5 DEC 13 1963

C. C. Vick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

53 DEC 17 1963

labor contractor in the Sunnyside area who left Sunnyside 3 or 4 years ago owing considerably money to some of the large farm operators. No forwarding address for RUBALCABA was known to either KELLEY or DON.

LEAD

LOS ANGELES DIVISION
At Indio, California

Will attempt to locate CONSUELO MATA GONZALES through I. R. RUBALCABA, P. O. Box 1444, Indio, or through other appropriate sources in that area, it being noted that GONZALES was last reported employed by RUBALCABA.

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Retained as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 11-18-64)

Date 12/5/63

☐ Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (1B10)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #:

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12/3/63	Inspector TOM KELLEY, U. S. Secret Service

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
FBI Laboratory	Evidence

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

2 Russian language books property of MARINA OSWALD turned over to Irving, Texas, PD by RUTH PAINE; furnished to Secret Service by Irving PD; then furnished to Dallas FBI. FD-302 prepared on 12/3/63.

(1) Book on Child Care
(2) Cookbook D-74

SA JAMES R. HOSTY, JR.

(Forwarded FBI Laboratory, 12/16/63)
(Books returned from Lab, 1/9/64.)
(Child Care book returned to MARINA OSWALD, 1/28/64.)
(Cookbook (D-74) sent to Bureau, 1/30/64.)

SEVEN
UNREC
NOT RECORDED
21 FEB 21 1965
SOVIET SECTION

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1 1965 RBS

56 FEB 18 1965

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 11-18-64)

Date 12/10/63

☐ Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (1B14)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #:

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12/10/63	Capt. J. W. FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas PD. Receipted for by Agents. Dallas PD Property Invoice #11378-G.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
FBI Laboratory	All evidence pertaining to LEE HARVEY OSWALD released to FBI in connection with Congressional Hearing.

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

1. Eighty-seven cents (87¢) in coins consisting of one 50 cent piece; three dimes; one nickel; two pennies.

2. $13.00 in currency, consisting of one $5.00 bill and eight $1.00 bills. (Serial numbers have been recorded in FD-302 of SAs JAMES W. BOOKHOUT and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON, 12/10/63.)

SAs JAMES W. BOOKHOUT and GEORGE W. H. CARLSON

(Forwarded to FBI Laboratory by airtel (RM), 5/19/64.)

SEVEN

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
21 FEB 21 1965
SOVIET SECTION

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1 1965 POB

56 FEB 18 1965 M

HEARS

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 11-18-64)

Date 12/13/63

☐ *Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.*

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (1B7)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12/13/63	Photos taken by EMT JOE C. HAYS, JR., Dallas Office.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Bulky Exhibit Files	Possible future investigation and information or evidence.

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

5 No. 10 spools 35 mm developed film of photographs of correspondence including checks received by MARINA OSWALD.

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED

SEARCHED
UNREC

NOT RECORDED
21 FEB 21 1965

SOVIET SECTION

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1 1965

67 FEB 18 1965

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 11-18-64)

Date 12/17/63

☐ *Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.*

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (1B2)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12/17/63	R. S. TRULY, Superintendent, Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm, Dallas, Texas
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
FBI Laboratory	Item was found at TSBD about 12/16/63, and unclaimed. May have been OSWALD's.

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

1 jacket, color blue, with gray quilted lining, zipper front, bearing manufacturer's label "Sir Jac". C-226

SA KENNETH B. JACKSON

(Forwarded to FBI Lab, 12/21/63)

SEVED JV

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
21 FEB 21 1965
SOVIET SECTION

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1 1965

67 FEB 18 1965

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 11-18-64)

Date 12/13/63

☐ Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (1B5)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12/4/63	Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 W. 5th, Irving, Texas

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
FBI Laboratory	Evidence

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

1. University of Chicago Spanish-English - English-Spanish Dictionary - D-64

2. Merriam-Webster Pocket Dictionary - D-64

3. A box containing a silver bracelet with the inscription "MARINA" on it - D-75

SA BARDWELL D. ODUM

(These books have various notations in them as noted in FD-302 reflecting interview of Mrs. RUTH PAINE on 12/4/63. A notation in the back of the English-Spanish dictionary reads, "Buy bracelet", and the bracelet is the one purchased by OSWALD in Mexico City. When this case is closed, these items should be returned to Mrs. PAINE or to Mrs. MARINA OSWALD since they are the property of the OSWALDs.)

SEP

(Items 1 and 2 forwarded FBI Laboratory, 1/5/64.)
(Item 3 forwarded FBI Laboratory, 1/30/64.)

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
21 FEB 21 1965

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY

FEB 1 1965

SOVIET SECTION

67 FEB 18 1965

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 11-19-64)

Date 12/13/63

☐ *Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.*

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (1B8)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12/1/63	SA BARDWELL D. ODUM
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Bulky Exhibit Files	Possible evidence

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

1. K-52

Three (3) pieces of pressed board submitted by SA ODUM and SA GIBBON D. McNEELY.

These three pieces of pressed board were used in the replica sack to give bulk to the package to simulate weight in the original package carried by LEE HARVEY OSWALD on 11/22/63. These boards were used in exhibiting the sack to LINNIE RANDLE.

When the case is closed, these pieces of pressed board will be destroyed.

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
21 FEB 21 1965
SEVEN
SOVIET SECTION

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1 1965 [initials]

67 FEB 18 1965

by THEAARC

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Proc as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 11-18-64)

Date 12/13/63

☐ Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (127)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12/13/63	Photos taken by ELT JOE C. HAYS, JR., Dallas Office.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Bulky Exhibit Files	Possible future investigation and information or evidence.

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

5 No. 10 spools 35 mm developed film of photographs of correspondence including checks received by MARINA OSWALD.

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
3 AUG 4 1965

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1 1965
AUG 1 1965
SOVIET SECTION

Bu'ky Exhibits - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 11-18-64)

Date 12/5/63

☐ Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.

Bufile	Status of Case	Submitting Office	File #
105-82555	P	Dallas	100-10461 (1B1)
		Office of Origin: Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
IS - R - CUBA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/26/63	Captain WILL FRITZ, Dallas Police Department

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
FBI Laboratory	Intelligence info. When no longer useful, consult Dallas PD re disposition since it is listed in their property room.

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

SAs WARREN C. DE BRUEYS, JAMES P. HOSTY, JR.,
and KENNETH C. HOWE

(Items 1 through 455 to FBI Laboratory, 11/27/63. Remaining items to FBI Lab, 1/3/64.)

See attached list (Listing furnished by FBI Lab, 2/1/64, which supersedes all other lists.)

Following items returned to Dallas PD, 6/23/64:
(B-2, B-17, B-18, 353, 371, 372, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378 (stereo realist camera only), 379 (Ansco flash assembly only).

Item 330 returned to RUTH PAINE.

Sevel

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
21 FEB 21 1965

SOVIET SECTION

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

B 1 1965

FEB 17 1965

B1 Wallet belonging to Lee Harvey Oswald containing:
1. Social Security card #433-54-3937
2. Selective Service Notice of Classification SSN 41-114-39-532
3. Department of Defense Service ID card #RA4,271,617 USMC #1653230
4. USMC Certificate of Service
5. Fair Play for Cuba Committee Ident card, National Card
6. Selective Service Registration Certificate
7. Hotel card
8. FPCC Membership card, New Orleans Chapter
9. ID card, US Forces in Japan
10. Dallas Public Library card
11. Three photographs
12. Slip of paper with three addresses, The Worke, The Worker and Russian Embassy

B2 Minox Camera Case

B3 Envelope containing 28 35mm negatives
6 2 1/4 x 2 1/4 negatives
1 positive of building
1 negative of Oswald's wife

B4 Brown leather holster

B5 Imperial Brand Hunting Type Knife With Sheath

B6 Secretarial Type Notebook With Foreign Words Entered On Some Pages

B7 Two "Fair Play for Cuba" handbills stamped
"L. H. Oswald
4907 Magazine St.
New Orleans, La."

B8 Set of Flash Cards, Russian Alphabet and Numbers

B9 Set of Flash Cards, German Phrase - Sentence

B10 Set of "School Aid" Flash Cards, Phonics

B11 Negative Bearing "Join
The Socialist Workers Party
fight for a better world!
write
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas

B12 Slip of paper bearing "The attached 1 Promissory Note (s) for Financial Assistance Loans totaling 435.71 are hereby returned marked PAID as final payment of 106.00 is acknowledged.
Remarks: L. H. Oswald
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas"

B13 Envelope postmarked 12:00 p.m. 11/4/63, Washington, D. C., with return address "Embassy of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Washington 6, D. C."

B14 Envelope addressed to "To Whom It May Concern" with return address Peter G. Gregory, 1503 Continental Life Building, Fort Worth 2, Texas."

B15 Envelope marked "Passports and health certificate"

B16 Envelope postmarked 12 M 8/2/63, Mobile, Ala., addressed to Mr. Lee Oswald, 4907 Magazine Street, New Orleans, La., return address Paul Piazza, S. J. Jesuit House of Studies, Spring Hill Station, Mobile, Ala.

B17 Name tag of Michael Paine, Irving, Tex.

B18 Name tag of Ruth Paine, Irving, Tex.

B19 Top of yellow box stamped inside "R-42 Mar 24 '55"

B20 Two Manila envelopes

B21 Envelope marked "Personal Military Papers & Birth Certificate"

B22 Blue loose leaf binder containing Manila envelope, 6 Fair Play for Cuba Committee handbills, piece of cardboard, 3 celluloid insert pages, postal card photograph of Karl Marx and photograph of a building

B23 Two frames of 35 mm negatives found in Item 75 (Russian book)

B24 Unaddressed American Greetings Corp., Christmas card with envelope

B25 Unused Post Office change of address form

B26 Pages 7 through 10, of section 6 of "The Times - Picayune" newspaper, dated 8/22/63

B27 8 Newspaper clippings, 1 instruction sheet for child's car seat and 1 film mailer bag

B28 Manila envelope with notation Grand Jury Hall, small photograph of Oswald and 8¢ U. S. Airmail stamp

B29 2 1/2" x 4" gray plastic covered address type notebook

B30 Two single sheet letters in Russian script dated 22/IX/61 and 24-7-62

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B31 Single sheet of paper, Russian script on each side

B32 One cash register slip dated 11/19/63, 3 sheets of paper, one sheet of a letter in English

B33 3 prescriptions in Russian and Arlington Heights Senior High School Student Identification card for Lee Oswald

A1 Blue and black zipper handbag with loop handles with side zipper compartment

A2 Brown plastic portable radio with gold trim

A3 Pair of men's brown Oxford shoes, "Pinehurst" brand

A4 Pair of men's black Oxford shoes with crepe soles, "John Hardy" brand

A5 Pair of men's shoes "Thongs style"

A6 Brown plastic power supply electronic device with blue cord (for use with radio)

A7 Pair of black 4 x 20 binoculars, No. 581998, bearing the legend GNT, with brown case with strap

A8 Blue plastic zipper shaving kit with strap handle

A9 Pair of heavy cotton ribbed men's socks

A10 Pair of men's brown socks with brown and white diamond design

A11 Pair of brown elastic top men's socks with brown and white pattern

A12 Pair of men's white elastic top socks

A13 Pair of men's brown cotton gloves

A14 Pair of men's gray cotton slacks with zipper

A15 Pair of men's gray cotton slacks "Farah" brand - ripped

A16 Men's brown cotton sport shirt with long sleeves, "Briarloom Traditionals by Enro"

A17 Pair of men's blue shorts with elastic top

A18 Two white washcloths with yellow stripes, "Cannon" brand

A19 Two white hand towels with pink and red stripes with fringled edges

A20 Two bath towels with white and pink stripes

A21 One white cloth, unlabeled

A22 One pillowcase with green top and flowered design

A23 One men's "EVD" T shirt, size 34-36 (dirty)

A24 One men's white T shirt, "Brent" brand, size 38-40

A25 One men's "Arrow" T shirt, size 36

A26 One men's white undershirt

A27 One pair of men's white shorts with name L. H. Oswald; torn in back

A28 Two men's white handkerchiefs

A29 One men's handkerchief, gray with gray and red stripes

A30 One box "Marcal Kitchen Charm" wax paper

A31 One box of four bottles and one box of three bottles of "Squibbs" Pentids "400"

A32 One bar pink "Lux" soap

A33 One small plastic box containing three lima bean shaped "Squibbs" tablets and piece of cotton

A34 One single blade brown pocketknife

A35 One two-blade pocketknife, plastic handle, with corkscrew

A36 Plastic box containing tweezers and two pieces of cotton

A37 Small plastic box, empty

A38 Mirror in green folding case

A39 One can "Tidy" deodorant powder

A40 One "Gillette" adjustable razor with blade

A41 One tube of "Colgate" dental cream, partially empty

A42 One plastic bottle "Mum" mist spray deodorant

A43 Yellow toothbrush, "Colgate" brand

A44 Small cake, used, pink soap

A45 Small green plastic hand brush

A46 Green and brown BB automatic ball-point pen

A47 Small pair scissors bearing letters "USA"

A48 Package containing 14 "Gillette" thin blades and one sample "Gillette Super Blue Blade"

A49 Pair black-rimmed green lens sunglasses

A50 "Farmers Electric Co-Op, Inc." (advertisement) ball-point pen

A51 Nail clipper with chain, "Gem" brand

A52 Nail clipper, "Trim" brand

A53 Small hotel type green bar of soap made by "Fabrica de Jabon, LaLuz, S. A., Mexico, D. F." (LaLuz Soap Factory, Mexico, D. F.)

A54 White plastic cup

A55 Partial tube "Foille"

A56 Small bottle iodine, "Layman's" brand

A57 Two small brown unlabeled bottles with liquid

A58 Small bottle of clear liquid bearing labels with Cyrillic printing

A59 Four unused airmail envelopes

A60 One unused U. S. Post Office Change of Address card

A61 Four onionskin blank sheets of paper

A62 One "Pearl" beer bottle opener

A63 One small red soft plastic open container

A64 One "Venus Forum" pencil

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FOUNDATION
OF THE AAPC

A65 One yellow "Yellowstone" pencil

A66 One brown "Z-Z Note" pencil

A70 One padlock key on key chain

A71 One black, small crayon pencil

A72 Two large paper clips

A73 One 10¢ box of "Steel City Gem" small #3 paper clips

A74 One cardboard box with 18 brass-colored thumbtacks

A75 One brush with hollow tin handle

A76 Label with "King Oscar Kipper" recipes

A77 Box, yellow top, black bottom, bearing name "Ektachrome" torn

A78 One silver-colored men's cuff link

A79 Alphabetical index guidecards labeled A through Z - unmarked

A80 Steel index cardbox, "Weis, Monroe, Michigan" brand

A81 31 6 x 4 lined index cards, blank

A82 Two small padlocks with keys

A83 One Fair Play For Cuba positive film strip

A84 Tie bar

A85 BB and eyelet

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ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
1 - 43	Photos and pictures
44 - 64	Postcards
65	Negatives
66	18 Christmas cards; 5 envelopes; 5 folded note papers with flowered border,
67	Christmas card with picture of mother
68	Christmas card from mother
69	Russian postcard
70	Photographs
71	Marine Corps 2nd Btn. Class Book
72	Hammond Doubleday World Atlas
73	Modern Postage Stamp Album
✓74	Tennika Russian Magazine
75 - 83	Russian books
84	Russian book
✓85	Copy of Militant (10-7-63) PJ 384, #6 pg 1-7-64
✓86	Copy of Worker (10-20-63) PJ 387, #9 pg 1-7-64

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
87	Copy of Friend's World News (4/63)
88	Copy of Pocketbook entitled "GEORGE ORWELL, 1984"
89 - 94	Russian pamphlets
95	Russian telegram with picture on front
96	Applications for FPCC
97	Handbills entitled "Hands Off Cuba! Join the FPCC"
98	Receipt for fine from 2nd Mun Court, New Orleans, 8/12/63 #21902 and newspaper clipping
99	Pamphlets by CORLISS LAMONT "The Crime Against Cuba"
100	Road map "Eastern States" Cities Services
101	Texas Highway Map Phillips 66
102	Map of Moscow
103	Map of Minsk
104	Map of City of New Orleans
105	Map of "Beautiful Russia"
106	Map of the World
107	No Admittance Sign
108	Notebook and contents in English
109	Notebook entitled "TETTAD3" and Russian language contents
110	Notebook with designs
111	Red Russian Stamp Folder with stamps

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
112.	4" x 7" blue book in Russian language bearing No. 732648
113	Pocket size blue book apparently identification booklet with small photograph of Oswald
114	Brown billfold with Marine Group photograph
115	Fair Play For Cuba Committee, New Orleans Chapter ID Cards -
116	Sheets of English writing both sides which appears to be a diary
117	Sheets of lined paper in green ink printing containing comments re CPUSA
118	Negative offset print of Russian City Moscow
119	Penciled diagram
120	Newspaper clipping re "The President"
121	Brown Manila envelope from Dept. of the Navy directed to Mr. Lee H. Oswald, Minsk, USSR
122	Single sheet in black ink printing entitled "The New Era"
123	Pages of blue ink handwriting numbered 1 - 11 on Holland American Lined Stationery
124	Sheets of blue ink handwriting Holland American Lined Stationery numbered 1A through 4A

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
125	Sheets of blue ink handwriting on Holland American lined stationery, numbered 12 and 23
126	Folder captioned "BLOCKOS"
127 - 155	Letters in Russian script
156 - 167	Envelopes and their contents and 6 empty envelopes in Russian language
168	Withholding Tax Statements for 1955 and 1956 for Lee Oswald
169	Withholding Tax Statements for 1955 and 1956 for Lee Oswald
170	Deposit slip NO Public Service #434702; Dallas City Water Works Deposit Slip #03831, and Texas Employment Commission Slip dated 4/16/63, all in name of L. H. Oswald
171	Rent receipt 8/9/63, signed I. Dawson (New Orleans)
172	Receipt from U. S. Dept. of Justice for $5 (NONE) in name of Marina N. Oswald
173	Birth certificate for Audrey Marina Rachel Oswald born 10/20/63, #19133, Dallas, Texas
174	Soc. Sec. Receipt Oswald, Soc. Sec. No. 433-54-3937 8/63
175	Withholding Tax for 1956 in name of Lee Harvey Oswald
176	Invoice No. 30210 USA, Dept. of State, in name OSWALD, transportation costs $435.71

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
177	A promise by OSWALD to pay loan to Dept. of State
178	Remittance Slips State Dept. No.'s 298249; 298861; 299461 addressed OSWALD Box 2915, Dallas, Texas
179	Receipts from U. S. Dept. of State No's 1152090, 91, 95, 96
180	Form I-90 I & NS in name of Marina Oswald
181	Incomplete Form FDI-130 (I&NS) in name of Lee Harvey Oswald
182	Russian language forms, one entitled "[illegible]"
183	4-page form in Russian language which appears to be questionnaire pg 324 - 333
	4-page form in Russian language which appears to be questionnaire pg 334
184	Form DD293 Application for Review of Discharge from Armed Forces of the U. S. Two sheets
185	Booklets which appear to contain embroidery patterns
186	Color slides approx. 2" sq. -
187	Pass dated 9/58 in name Sgt. Oswald Zebra Co., Open Mess
188	2-Cmeha Russian Document
189	Empty envelope to Mr. and Mrs. Lee H. Oswald from Vernon, Texas
190	

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
191	Magazine wrapper addressed to Lee H. Oswald from Minsk
192	Pamphlet #13 Russian Document
193	Russian language document
194	Hand sketches on plain paper
195	Letter in foreign language
196	One letter and envelope from John Connally to Lee H. Oswald
197	Letter in foreign language
198	Foreign language magazine pages-
199	Note paper bearing name Paul Gregory, Norman, Oklahoma
200	Subscription Coupon. Life Magazine
201	Pages from foreign language book
202	Pages from foreign language book
203	Note with name Ruth Paine, 2515 5th St., Irving, Texas
204	Calling Card, McKay Secretarial Service
205	DELETED
206	Address Label Advertisement
207	Negative bearing "Crime Against Cuba"
208	Note bearing telephone number EM 31365

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
209	Postal form bearing name Lee Oswald dated 11/20/63.
210 - 218	Empty envelopes
219	Letter and envelope bearing name Alex Klein Lerer, PO Box 11277, Ft. Worth, Texas
220 - 224	Envelopes with contents
225	Negatives -
226 - 230	Empty envelopes
231	Slip of paper containing names Carlos J. Bungier, Magiul M. Cruz and Lt. William Gaillot
232 - 248	Envelopes with contents
249	Manila envelope containing above stated letters and designated as letters during his stay in Soviet Union
250	Affadavit by Byron Phillips guaranteeing Marina Nikoliva Oswald will not be ward of state
251	Letter dated 10/8/62 at Minsk from Erick to Aleck
252	Letter from Dept. of State, American Embassy Moscow 1/31/62 to Lee H. Oswald, Minsk, Russia
253	Letter from American Embassy, Moscow, 11/13/61 to Lee Harvey Oswald
254	A promise to repay Financial Assistance loan for Repatriation 6/1/62 signed by Lee Harvey Oswald to the Dept. of State

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
268	Small single sheet folder booklet bearing name Oswald in Russian and No. 123610
269	Lavender colored booklet in name of Marina issued in 1960 in Russian language
270	Fort Worth Press news clipping showing photograph of Iranian native Mrs. John R. Hall
271	Small white sheet bearing ink Russian script
272	Envelope postmarked Minsk "24-462-7" addressed in Russian script to Marina Oswald
273	4 x 6 sheet of paper bearing Russian language script in blue ink
274	Letter by Lee H. Oswald to Federal Income Tax
275	Russian language form bearing No. 419128
276	Photographs portraying scenes in Russia
277	American Embassy letter, Moscow 7/10/61, to Mrs. Marina Nikilieva Oswald, nee Proosakova, Minsk
278	Russian language form bearing writing and numerals (Numerals on last line 70,64; 25-63)
279	Small sheets of paper bearing Russian language one carrying name of "La VISTA" the other bearing date 8/5/62
280	Letter from Russian Embassy, Washington, to Marina Oswald Box 2915, Dallas 3/8/63

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
281	Group of Sewing Patterns
282	Top Value Stamp Book
283	Box containing Warrior Rubber Stamping Kit (Rubber date stamp, one printing block set to print Oswald's New Orleans address and various rubber letters)
284	Various articles including small stamp pad, two marking devices, pocket flashlight, fountain pen, four small bottles of Pentids 400 Penicillin powder
285	Brown Identification Booklet bearing No. Y3095/K in the name of Oswald in Russian script bearing date 10/7/61
286	Small blue pouch containing Elgin pocket watch, tie clasp bearing letters CCCP, cuff links with hammer and sickle; stick pin with hammer sickle and star; one master lock key; one Benrus wrist watch 476343; one belt buckle; one tie clasp; one silver cuff link; one Marine Corps lapel button; one lapel button bearing Red flag with hammer and sickle; one Sharpshooters Medal; one die; one dog tag No. 1653230, USMC - Present as listed in inventory plus lapel pin with "hammer and sickle 2-1-59"
287	"620" exposed film with 9 negatives
288	Blue suitcase (composition type) (23 x 16 x 8)

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
300	Handbills entitled "Hands Off Cuba! Join The Fair Play for Cuba Committee, NO Charter Member Branch"
301	Application form to the FPCC, New Orleans, La.
302	FPCC New Orleans Chapter Identification Cards
303	Pamphlets entitled "The Crime Against Cuba" by Corliss LaMont
304	Booklet entitled "Fidel Castro Denounces Bureaucracy and Sectarianism"
305	Booklet entitled The Socialist Workers Party by Joseph Hansen
306	The Coming American Revolution by James P. Cannon
307	Cuban Counter Revolutionaries to the U. S. published by FPCC
308	Pamphlet by Dobbs Weiss Campaign Committee, 116 University Place, New York
309	List of Russian and Communist Literature publications
310	Booklet entitled "The Pact of Madrid" by the Committee for a Democratic Spain
311	Booklet entitled The McCarran Act and The Right To Travel

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
312	Pamphlet entitled "The Revolution Must Be A School of Unfettered Thought -- Fidel Castro"
313	Booklet entitled "Ideology and Revolution" by Jean Paul Sartre
314	Pamphlet by FPCC reflecting literature catalog spring, 1963
315	Pamphlet "The Road to Socialism" by Blas Roca
316	New Century Publishers 1961 Catalog
317	Pamphlet entitled "The End of the Comintern" by James P. Cannon
318	Booklet "Speech at the UN" by Fidel Castro
319	Continental Congress of Solidarity With Cuba, Brazil, 3/63 by FPCC, NY
320	Publication entitled "The Nation" dated 1/23/60
321	Pamphlet by The Weekly People entitled "Automation: A Job Killer"
322	Magazine entitled The New Republic reprint from 9/12/60 issue of The New Republic
323	Russian booklet bearing Oswald's name in Russian script "Oswald L.H."
324	Russian book dated 1962 at Sofia
325	Brown covered Russian pamphlet bearing number 500 on its cover
326	Russian book dated 1961 at Kiev

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
327	Russian magazine bearing No. 16(1702) whose cover shows a group of men dressed in black standing behind what appears to be a master of ceremonies dressed in white
328	Russian-English-Russian pocketsize dictionary and stenographer's notebook containing Russian-Spanish vocabulary
329	Literature list of the FPCC, New York
330	Address book (Returned)
331	Photograph of Russian workers
332	Photograph, female Russian workers in what appears to be radio factory
333	Photograph of Russian workers in factory
334	Photo of Fidel Castro
335	FPCC handbill bearing address L. H. Oswald, 4907 Magazine, New Orleans, Louisiana
336	Brown Manila envelope containing return address in Russian at Moscow
337	Legal size typewritten sheets entitled "Part I D Collective"
338	32-page typewritten dissertation outlining political domestic and labor life of the Russian as well as other guides to the Russian political system (with 5 photographs)
339	Letter from Embassy, Soviet Union, Washington, 4/18/63 to Marina Nikolilava (In Russian script)

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
✓ 340	Folded sheet representing some type of Russian Ident Card bearing No. 100584 and Oswald's wife's name "Marina" in Russian script
341	Pay vouchers of the Leslie Welding Co., 11241 West Melrose St., Franklin Park, Ill., covering employment between 7/21 and 9/29/62
342	Payroll vouchers of the Jaggers-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., Dallas, Tex., for the period 10/24/62 through 4/10/63
343	Payroll vouchers of the Wm. B. Reily and Co., Inc., Nola for the period 5/17/63 through 7/22/63
344	Birth certificate for June Oswald dob 3/15/62 Minsk, Russia, and two Texas employment commission cards for Lee Oswald
345	Alien Registration Card No. A12530 645 Marina N. Oswald
346	Information and ID Card for the Division of Employment Security State of La. for Lee H. Oswald
347	Birth data re Marina Oswald, 10/23/63
348	Russian Identification Booklet with picture of Marina Oswald reflecting date of birth 7/17/29 (Passport)
349	New Orleans Public Service Bills (3) August-September, 1963, one voucher from La. Employment Security and IBM card notifying of last payment from Texas Employment Comm.

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ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
350	Petite notebook with Russian script
351	Booklet containing food recipes
352	Pocketsize fashion magazine entitled Simplicity with a Manila envelope
353	Operators manual for Sears Tower Automatic Projector No. 9885
354	Sears female wearing apparel catalog
355	Credit card Lee H. Oswald, 2703 Mercedes St., Ft. Worth, for Public Library No. PE 28245; one return address Mrs. Arthur Young 35 E. 75th St., New York, and one Russian language form No. 8088
✓ 356	Envelope and letter in Russian directed to Mrs. Marina Oswald, New Orleans from Russia postmarked New Orleans 10/7/63
✓ 357	3-page letter and envelope addressed to Marina Oswald at NO from Loyola Ville in Russian language (Battles Wharf, Alabama)
358	Letter to Marina Oswald, New Orleans in Russian language postmarked (25) 763 13 Russia
✓ 359	2-page letter in Russian language in envelope directed to Marina Oswald New Orleans, postmarked Taoli; Pa. 8/25/63, ret. address Arthur Young
360	Postcards one directed Lee Oswald New Orleans from Minsk, Russia, signed Erick; one directed to Lee Oswald in Minsk, Russia, from Vernon, Texas, signed Mother

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
✓ 361	Letter addressed to Mrs. Ruth Paine (for Mrs. M. Oswald) Irving, Texas, from Minsk, Russia, postmarked 10/7/63, Irving
362	Envelopes one from Ruth Paine to Marina Oswald New Orleans the other directed from Minsk, Russia to Ruth Paine, Irving, postmarked Irving, 10/7/63 (Letter for M. Oswald)
363	Letter on letterhead of Pioneer Publishers, 4/23/63, to L. H. Oswald P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas
✓ 364	Letter in Russian script addressed "Dear Marina (3 pages written on both sides)
365	Letter from Dept. of State 1/11/63, to Oswald, Dallas, Texas
366	Photographs and a tourist pamphlet "Visit the USSR".
367	Photos
368	Photos
369	Photo house and car
370	Photos (apparently Russia - mountainous)
371	Boxes, Kodaslide, nine of which are stereo and 1 35 mm single slide
372	Box of Kodachrome transparencies and two viewmaster reels entitled "Seven More Wonders of the World" - Contents 64 mounted transparencies plus 3 unmounted transparencies

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
373	Medical items including pills lanacana, pentids "400," aspirins, Peppermint, 7 various containers of pills some labeled in Russian language, thermometer, nasal decongestant, two eyedroppers, small container of white powder, numerous envelopes of powder and bottle of liquid labeled in Russian
374	Ten foreign coins in a Kodak film bag with address Corporal Michael Paine U. S. 51169740 Hdqtrs Btry
375	Minox Lightmeter, pedometer; compass; self-timer; sun Shade (hood) with filter; one 15 power telescope; stereo viewer, pocketknife
376	3 rolls 35 mm color film; 3 rolls 35 mm B & W film; 1 roll 620 B & W film; 2 binoculars; 1 case with filters
377	2 Minox casettes (1 containing film); 2 containers with unexposed Minox film; one negative of baby in chair; one roll 35 mm film
378	One stereo realist camera; one cuera-2 camera; one stereo view master

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
379	Flash assembly, Ansco, and one leather container (empty)
380	Applications for The Militant (3) one envelope containing three subscriptions for The Worker with return envelope entitled "Publishers New Press, Inc.
381	Russian language newspapers
382	Red billfold; one scrap of white paper with Russian script in pencil
400	Letter from Arnold Johnson to Lee H. Oswald P.O. Box 30061, New Orleans, La., 9/19/63
401	Letter on letterhead Socialists Workers Party 11/5/62, to Lee H. Oswald Box 2915, Dallas, signed by Farrell Dobbs, National Secretary
402	Letter from Bob Chester to Lee H. Oswald, Dallas, Texas., stating Oswald's letter turned over to him by SWP
403	Letter from V. T. Lee, National Director, FPCC, New York, 5/22/63 to Lee H. Oswald, New Orleans
404	Letter from Louis Weinstock, Gen. Manager of The Worker dated 12/19/62 addressed to Lee H. Oswald P.O. Box 2915, Dallas, Texas
405	Letter from James J. Tormey, dated 12/13/62 addressed to Lee H. Oswald Box 2915, Dallas, on letterhead of Gus Hall-Benjamin J. Davis, Defense Committee, New York

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
406	Letter from Arnold Johnson Director Information and Lecture Bureau, CP, USA 7/31/63 to L. H. Oswald, P. O. Box 30061, NO 1a.
407	3-page letter from V. T. Lee, National Director, FPCC, New York, to Lee H. Oswald, 4907 Magazine St., New Orleans 5/29/63
408	Gregg Shorthand dictionary; 20,000 Words by Leslie; Roberts Rules of Order Revised 75th Anniv. Edn.
409	Book entitled "A Study of the USSR and Communism" Rieber and Nelson
410	Pocketbooks editions by Ian Fleming. One entitled "The Spy Who Loved Me" and the other "Live and Let Die"
411	Pamphlet New York School for Marxist Study, Fall Term, 1963
412	Letter on letterhead of Jesuit House of Studies, Mobile, Alabama 8/22/63, addressed "Dear Lee" and signed "Gene"
413	Envelope addressed Mr. Lee H. Oswald 2703 Mercedes Avenue, Ft. Worth, postmarked New York with return address Rm. 329, 799 Broadway, and newspaper clipping, Times Picayune, New Orleans, with article reflecting Oswald's fine of $10 or 10 days for disturbing peace.

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
414	Handbill FPCC New Orleans with address L. H. Oswald 4907 Magazine St., New Orleans, La.
415	Invoice of the Jones Printing Company, 422 Girod St., New Orleans, La. 8/4/63 billed to Mr. Osborne for 3,000 FPCC circulars, total $9.60, bal. 5.00 paid 8/4/63
416	FPCC application slip
417	Envelope with news clippings regarding Oswald defection to Russia and other news clippings concerning Oswald and cartoon regarding defectors
418	Drivers handbook State of Texas
419	Identification booklet in Russian script containing Oswald's name No. 01311855
420	U. S. Marine Corps document appointing Lee Harvey Oswald 1653230/6741 Pvt. 1st Cls/ 3/9/59
421	USAF document certifying Oswald No 1 653 230 satisfactorily passed specialized course in Aircraft Control and Warning Operator 18 June 1957 Kesler AFB
422	Receipts Texas School Book Depository for salary Lee H. Oswald no date listed

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
423	Typewritten promise to pay loan for repatriations with paid stamp Dept. of State 3/9/62, made out in name of Lee H. Oswald
424	Letter from Embassy USSR Washington, addressed to Mrs. Oswald, New Orleans 3/5/62 in Russian language
425	Undesirable Discharge USMC, 9/11/59 Lee Harvey Oswald 1653280
426	Letter U. S. Navy Lee Oswald Minsk, Russia, signed by R. McC. Thompkins, Brigadier General, USMC 3/7/62 Tompkins
427	Letter from Dept. of Navy 7/25/62 to Lee Oswald, New Orleans, stating no modifications to discharge warranted
428	Form ID-14 La. Division Employment Security to Lee Oswald SSN 433 54 3987 pertinent date 4/29/63 address 757 France St., NO. La.
429	Letter from Paul Piazza, S. J. 8/1/63 to Oswald on letterhead of Jesuit House of Studies, Mobile, Alabama
430	Letter on letterhead of Jesuit House of Studies Mobile, dated 7/8/63 and addressed to Dear Lee and Marina signed GENE

MARY FERRELL FOUNDATION

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
431	Letter on stationery of Peter P. Gregory Ft. Worth Texas, 6/19/62 attesting to Oswald's ability as Russian interpretor and translator
432	Envelope containing receipt for Post Office Box 6225, Dallas, Texas dated 11/11/63 for period ending 12/31/63
433	Single sheet in Russian script containing Oswald's name bearing No. 4-5408
434	Sheet folded in half which appears to be Russian identification document No. 332231 bearing the name of Oswald in Russian script
435	Form bearing months and blank spaces for stamps in Russian language with No. 01311655
436	Folded Russian language form bearing No. 01311655 with Oswald's name in Russian script
437	Legal sized sheet in purple ink bearing date 3/22/62 with an official stamp
438	Letter by Johnny Tackett on letterhead of Ft. Worth Press 6/22/62 addressed to Lee Oswald in envelope of Ft. Worth Press
439	Payroll vouchers, one from Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., Dallas, 1/2/63 William B. Reiley and Co., New Orleans, 5/31/63

REILY

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
440	Letter from Dept. of Navy 4/2/62 to Lee H. Oswald, Minsk, Russia
441	Articles: One payroll voucher Leslie Welding Company, Inc., 11241 W. Melrose, Franklin Park Illinois, No. 7619 dated 10/13/62 One withholding Fed. Tax slip addressed to Lee H. Oswald 3519 Fairmont, Dallas, Texas
442	U. S. Armed Forces Institute, Madison Certifying Oswald completed High School level tests 3/23/59
443	Dept. of Navy certification of 5/3/57 that Oswald Pvt. 1653230 USMC completed Elect-Electron, Occupational Group course, Jacksonville
444	World Health Organization Vacc. Card bearing name Lee Oswald with name of vaccinator as A. J. Hidell, P. O. Box 30016, New Orleans date stamped 6/8/63
445	Letter from Joseph Task on letterhead of Socialists Workers Party 3/27/63 directed to Lee H. Oswald P. O. Box 2915, Dallas
446	Passport No. D092526 in name of Lee Harvey Oswald dob 10/18/39
447	Separation form U. S. Marine Corps in name of Lee Harvey Oswald dated 11 Sept. 1959
448	Birth certificate No. 17034 for Lee Harvey Oswald reflecting birth 10/18/39, Folio 1321, Book No. 207

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION
449	Passport No. 1733242 of USA in the name of Lee H. Oswald
450	Application for Texas Driver's license
451	Photos (6 of Oswald and one of his wife) two scenic shots, a Mexican Airmail Stamp and New Orleans Library card No. NA N8640 in the name of Lee H. Oswald
452	Sewing kit with medal (religious) Mexican 20 cent piece, package of needles with fingernail file
453	World Atlas; The Catholic Geography Series
454	Writing tablet (Fifth Avenue)
455	Postcard City of New Orleans; 5 Russian stamps and one 10 cent U. S. Postage stamp

TELET. UNIT

PLAIN TEXT DEC 12 12 31 PM '63

F.B.I.
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO ALL SACS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

5608

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R.

JACK L. RUBY, AKA, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM. CR.

FOLLOWING IS TO CLARIFY REPORTING PROCEDURES.

OSWALD CONCLUSIVELY ESTABLISHED AS ASSASSIN OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. INVESTIGATION CONTINUING TO DEVELOP COMPLETE DATA REGARDING HIM, HIS ACTIVITIES AND DETERMINE IF ASSASSINATION WAS INSPIRED OR DIRECTED BY ANY OTHER PERSON OR GROUP AND DETERMINE IF SUCH PERSONS OR GROUPS ASSISTED HIM ANY WAY. INVESTIGATION MUST BE EXPEDITED. COMMUNICATIONS IN HIS CASE SHOULD, THEREFORE, BE RESTRICTED TO INFORMATION PERTAINING TO HIM AND TO ALLEGATIONS THAT A PERSON OR GROUP HAD A SPECIFIC CONNECTION WITH HIM IN THE ASSASSINATION. RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION SHOULD BE SUBMITTED BY TELETYPE SUMMARY UNDER IS DASH R CAPTION FOLLOWED BY REPORTS. NO AIRTELS, LETTERHEAD MEMORANDA OR LETTERS SHOULD BE SUBMITTED.

REC 13 105-82555-5933

DEC

5 DEC 13 1963

THE CIVIL RIGHTS ASPECTS OF THIS MATTER CONCERN

2 - WFO (BSM)

ETT:WLM:HAS/cag (8)

COPIES DESTROYED
1 - Mr. Sullivan
36 FEB 2 1973
DEC 17 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI - DOJ
DEC 12 11 23

NOTE: Above teletype has been coordinated between Division 5 and the Civil Rights and Criminal Sections [illegible] Division 6.

FBI RADIOGRAM
6:14 PM
DEC 12 1963

TELETYPE TO ALL SACS
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

FOLLOWING QUESTIONS AND SHOULD BE REPORTED UNDER CIVIL RIGHTS CAPTION.

ONE. WAS THERE ANY CONNECTION BETWEEN OSWALD AND RUBY?

TWO. WHY DID RUBY KILL OSWALD?

THREE. DID RUBY CONSPIRE WITH ANY PERSON?

FOUR. DID ANY POLICE OFFICER WILLFULLY PERMIT OSWALD TO BE KILLED?

FIVE. HOW DID RUBY GAIN ENTRANCE TO THE BASEMENT OF THE POLICE BUILDING NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST?

SIX. WHAT WERE RUBY'S MOVEMENTS NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO TO NOVEMBER TWENTYFOUR LAST?

ALL NECESSARY INVESTIGATION MUST BE HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY.

NUMEROUS COMPLAINTS ARE BEING RECEIVED ALLEGING THAT SOME PERSON OR GROUP OTHER THAN OSWALD PAREN AND NOT CONNECTED WITH OSWALD END PAREN PLANNED OR EXECUTED THE ASSASSINATION. THESE MATTERS SHOULD BE REPORTED UNDER THE CAPTION ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. UNLESS URGENCY DICTATES OTHERWISE SUBMIT BY AIRTEL ACCOMPANIED BY LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM SUITABLE FOR DISSEMINATION.

THREATS AGAINST PRESIDENT JOHNSON OR OTHER PUBLIC FIGURES WOULD BE HANDLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH EXISTING INSTRUCTIONS AND NOT UNDER THE ABOVE CAPTIONS.

CODING UNIT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D.C.
DEC 1 1963
TELETYPE

OSWALD

105-82555

SECTION 25

COPY

2

MARY FERRELL
FOUNDATION
made by THE AARC

12-12-63

airtel air mail special delivery

TO: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)

FROM: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.,
IS-R-CUBA.

Reurtel 12-12-63.

Two copies of part 3 of Greyhound ticket number 253714, which is only part of ticket in possession of Latent Fingerprint Section, enclosed.

Enclosures (4)
RGW:hgshgd
(6)

Airtel mailed from Ident. Div AMSD 12-12-63 hgs

105-82555-534

REC-13

5

DEC 13 12 25 PM '63

FBI - NEW ORLEANS
RECEIVED

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

53 DEC 17 1963

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-12-63 3-29 PM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

RECORDS, WEST SIDE STATE BANK REFLECT SAVINGS ACCOUNT IN NAME LEE HARVEY OSWALD, MAILING ADDRESS U. S. MARINE CORPS AIR STATION, EL TORO, SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA, OPENED DECEMBER EIGHT, NINETEEN FIFTYEIGHT, WITH TWO HUNDRED DOLLAR CASH DEPOSIT. THREE DOLLARS INTEREST CREDITED JUNE THREE, NINETEEN FIFTYNINE, AND ACCOUNT CLOSED BY WITHDRAWAL OF TWO HUNDRED THREE DOLLARS ON SEPTEMBER FOURTEEN, NINETEEN FIFTYNINE.

END

REC-19 105-82555-535

5 DEC 16 1963

79 DEC 18 1963

4:32 PM OK FBI WA ELR

CC-MR. ROSEN

0

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12-12-63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (105-1291)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R - CUBA
(OO: Dallas)

RE: New Orleans teletype to Bureau 12-11-63.

RE: TRAVEL OF OSWALD

Investigation concerning Greyhound Bus departing New Orleans 2:45 p.m. 9-25-63 and arriving Laredo, Texas 12:20 p.m. 9-26-63.

Greyhound driver J. B. KENNEDY, who left Lake Charles, Louisiana, at 8:40 p.m., 9-25-63, and drove to Houston, was interviewed on 12-7-63.

Driver relieving KENNEDY was A. L. COPELAND, who drives to and lives in San Antonio, Texas. Lead to interview COPELAND set out by Houston teletype to Director, Dallas and San Antonio 12-7-63.

C C. WICK, Greyhound driver F. O. LEONARD, who relieves driver McLAUGHLIN at Lake Charles and drives to Beaumont, Texas interviewed 12-12-63. Greyhound driver ELROY E. SIMMONS, who relieved LEONARD at Beaumont, Texas interviewed 12-7-63.

105-82555-536

3 - Bureau (AM)
2 - Dallas (100-10461) (AM)
1 - New Orleans (100-16601) (Info) (AM)
1 - San Antonio (105-2909) (Info) (AM)
2 - Houston
DWF:djw (9)

EX-105 REC-44

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M _____
Special Agent in Charge

53 DEC 17 1963

Investigation concerning Continental Trailways bus leaving New Orleans at 4:40 p.m. 9-25-63 and arriving Laredo, Texas, 1:20 p.m. 9-26-63:

Continental driver D. B. WELLS who relieved CHARLES B. ALBRIGHT at Beaumont, Texas and drove bus 5133 to Houston arriving 2:05 a.m. 9-26-63, interviewed 12-12-63.

Continental driver J. C. LINTON, who relieved WELLS, drove bus 1703 leaving Houston 2:35 a.m. arriving Corpus Christi, Texas 8:50 a.m., 9-26-63, interviewed 12-10-63.

Continental driver JOHN C. WHITE, who relieved LINTON left Corpus Christi 8:50 a.m. arriving Laredo, Texas 1:20 p.m. 9-26-63, was interviewed 12-10-63.

All above drivers advised they had no recollection of OSWALD ever being a passenger on their bus.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/12/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-38431)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS-R
(OO: DALLAS)

ReBuairtel, 12/10/63, to SAC, Dallas.

On 12/12/63, Miss MADELYN TAMPA, Records Clerk, Central Index Bureau of New York, 111 John St., NYC, advised SA ROGER H. LEE that a search of their records reflected no information pertaining to personal injury claims involving LEE HARVEY OSWALD or MARGUERITE OSWALD.

Miss TAMPA stated that their Bureau does not maintain records of the entire country. She stated that any records involving the subject would probably be located at the Southwest Bureau, 2204 Tower Petroleum Building, Dallas 1, Texas.

EX-103 REC-44

105-82555-537

3-Bureau (105-82555) (RM)
2-Dallas (89-43) (RM)
1-New York (105-38431)

RHL:mfw (312)
(7)

cc C. Wick.

53 DEC 17 1963

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ SOVIET SECTION Per _____

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 13 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-13-63 7-08 PM HM

TO. DIRECTOR, AND SACS, DALLAS, WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM. SAC, CHARLOTTE /105-1731/ 2-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R. PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

RE WFO TEL TO BUREAU DECEMBER TWELVE LAST.

FOR INFORMATION DALLAS, RE WFO TEL ADVISED THAT ONE WILLIAM LEWIS MC GEE, CALLING FROM FRANKLINTON, NC, ATTEMPTED TO PLACE COLLECT CALL TO SECRET SERVICE, WDC, AND BUREAU. CALLER STATED HAD QUOTE MOTIVE ON ASSASSINATION UNQUOTE. BUREAU OPERATOR REFERRED CALL TO CHARLOTTE FBI.

ABOUT THREE THIRTY PM, DECEMBER TWELVE LAST, MC GEE, WHO RESIDES TWO TWO FIVE NORTH HILLSBORO, FRANKLINTON, NC, CALLED CHARLOTTE OFFICE COLLECT, STATING HAD SOME INFORMATION RELATIVE TO ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND IN VIEW OF NATURE INFORMATION CALL ACCEPTED. MC GEE STATED TWO OR THREE YEARS AGO THERE WAS TV STORY ON CHANNEL ELEVEN IN RALEIGH , NC AREA, WHICH WAS

REC-44 105-82555-538

5 DEC 16 1963

END PAGE ONE

53 DEC 17 1963

TWO COPIES WFO

EXACT PATTERN OF MO USED BY OSWALD TO ASSASSINATE KENNEDY. STATED PROGRAM WAS VERY DETAILED AS TO ARRANGEMENTS AND SECURITY MEASURES TAKEN BY SECRET SERVICE AND TV PROGRAM SHOWED PRESIDENT WAS TO GET OFF TRAIN AT PARTICULAR SPOT AND BE ASSASSINATED BY LONE GUNMAN USING HIGH POWERED RIFLE WITH TELESCOPE. MC GEE STATED POSITIVE THIS PROGRAM PROBABLY GAVE OSWALD THOUGHT AND INCENTIVE TO ASSASSINATE PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

MC GEE STATED HAS ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF SECURITY NATURE THAT HE COULD NOT REVEAL OVER TELEPHONE BUT WISHED TO GIVE TO SOMEONE WDC. HE INQUIRED WHETHER FBI WOULD FURNISH HIM TRANSPORTATION TO WDC FOR THIS PURPOSE, AND WAS ADVISED THIS COULD NOT BE DONE BUT WOULD BE CONTACTED IN NEAR FUTURE BY BUAGENT.

ATTEMPTS BEING MADE TO LOCATE MC GEE FOR INTERVIEW.

REPORT FOLLOWS.

END.

WA - 7-14 PM OK FBI WA

DL 6-14 PM OK FBI DL DEC

TU DISC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 13 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12/13/63 7-33 PM CST JDG

TO DIRECTOR, ATTENTION IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

FROM SAC, HOUSTON /105-1291/ /1P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, /DECEASED/, IS DASH R DASH CUBA, OO DASH DALLAS.

HOUSTON ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW A PERSON ~~OFAED~~ JOHN HOWARD/BOWEN OR JOHN HOWARD/BOWER DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE, AGE SIXTY, ALLEGEDLY BORN HOUSTON, TEXAS. APPROX 1903

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION IS REQUESTED TO SEARCH CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PRINTS AND FURNISH INFORMATION ON PERSONS POSSIBLY IDENTICAL WITH BOWEN.

END AND ACK PLS

8-34 PM OK FBI WA WS

TU IX DISC

cc Mr. Trotter

REC-44

105-82533-539

EX-105

5 DEC 16 1963

DEC 1

15

53 DEC 17 1963

FBI BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 13 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

12-14 civil file

12-14-63 Sent 1:15 PM Comm

URGENT 12/13/63 7-33 PM CST JDG

TO DIRECTOR, ATTENTION IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

FROM SAC, HOUSTON /105-1291/ /1P/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, /DECEASED/, IS DASH R DASH CUBA, OO DASH DALLAS.

HOUSTON ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW A PERSON CAED JOHN HOWARD BOWEN OR JOHN HOWARD BOWER DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE, AGE SIXTY, ALLEGEDLY BORN HOUSTON, TEXAS.

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION IS REQUESTED TO SEARCH CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PRINTS AND FURNISH INFORMATION ON PERSONS POSSIBLY IDENTICAL WITH BOWEN.

END AND ACK PLS

8-34 PM OK FBI WA WS

TU IX DISC

Orig: Mr Sullivan

105-82555-539

1 - Schutz
1 - Gheesling

12-13-63

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas

From: Director, FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

On 12-13-63, Major Henry Marshall, Marine Corps Intelligence, Navy Annex, Washington, D. C., advised Bureau Liaison that Marine Corps Pay Records disclose that subject's total separation pay, paid on 9-11-59, amounted to $219.20. This amount included allowance for travel from El Toro, California, to Fort Worth, Texas, unused leave and final pay.

WMG:pdb
(5)

NOTE:

Liaison Supervisor Kennan obtained above information.

MAILED 4
DEC 17 1963
COMM-FBI

EX-105 REC-44

105-82555-540

5 DEC 16 1963

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

53 DEC 17 1963

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: December 13, 1963

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10,461)(P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA

RE: LUGGAGE OF OSWALD

Re Bureau airtel, 12/12/63, transmitting colored photographs of a suitcase belonging to OSWALD together with a description of that luggage to the New Orleans, San Antonio, Houston, and Dallas Offices and Legat, Mexico City.

Colored photographs of the blue zippered handbag of OSWALD and maintained in Dallas have been taken and print copies will be forwarded to the Bureau and the Houston, New Orleans, and San Antonio Offices when they are developed. A description of the bag will be forwarded at the same time.

(5) - Bureau
1 - New Orleans (Info.)
1 - Houston (Info.)
1 - San Antonio (Info.)
2 - Dallas (100-10,461)
WRH/gm
(10)

EX-105

REC-44

105-82555-541

cc WICK.

SOVIET SECTION

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

53 DEC 17 1963

(Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (105-2909) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R

OO - DALLAS

Re Denver teletype to the Bureau, Dallas and San Antonio dated 12/5/63, reflecting information received from Mrs. SHIRLEY LEONARD of Aurora, Colorado, repeating information written to her by her son, DENNIS LEONARD of Waco, Texas, indicating that he had heard that JACK RUBY and LEE OSWALD had at one time lived together in Waco, Texas.

On 12/5/63, DENNIS LEONARD advised that he had overheard this information as it was related by his employer PHIL HALTOM, proprietor, Haltom Oil Company of Waco, Texas, during the last week of November, 1963.

On 12/5/63, PHIL HALTOM advised that he had received this information from MAUDIE CRANE of Waco, Texas, on about 11/27/63, at which time CRANE related that she had been "picked up" by the FBI on the previous day and questioned concerning her knowledge of the presence of OSWALD and RUBY in Waco, Texas. He advised that CRANE also related to him that OSWALD had lived in a rent house in that area and that she had seen RUBY with OSWALD during the latter part of OSWALD's stay there.

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas
1 - Denver (Info)
2 - San Antonio
WHB/mjb
(8)

REC- 56 105-82555-542

DEC 12 1963

SOVIET SECTION

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

SA 105-2909)

It is noted that the Bureau has been advised previously concerning the information furnished by CRANE and the results of investigation in an effort to attempt to verify this information all of which was negative in result.

In view of the above, no further action is being taken by San Antonio and no LHM or FD-302s are being submitted.

DEC 1963

TELETYPE

URGENT 12-12-63 1-24 PM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR,

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

REBUTEL TO DALLAS DEC. ELEVEN LAST AND DALLAS AIRTEL DEC. TEN LAST RECOMMENDING LETTER OF APPRECIATION FROM DIRECTOR TO MR. D. JAMES LAWSON.

INDICES DALLAS NEGATIVE RE LAWSON.

REC-6 100-10461-2555 543

END ACK FOR THREE MESSAGES PLS

WA 2-26 PM OK FBI WA NH FOR THREE MSG ONE RELAY

DID DISC

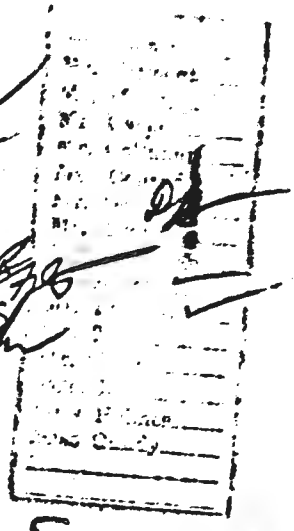
DEC 13 1963

79 DEC 18 1963

cc - Mr. DeLoach & Mr Rosen

DEC 1 1963

TELETYPE



URGENT 12-12-63 1-24 PM CST EEA

TO DIRECTOR,

FROM SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/ 1-P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

REBUTEL TO DALLAS DEC. ELEVEN LAST AND DALLAS AIRTEL DEC. TEN LAST RECOMMENDING LETTER OF APPRECIATION FROM DIRECTOR TO MR. D. JAMES LAWSON.

INDICES DALLAS NEGATIVE RE LAWSON.

END ACK FOR THREE MESSAGES PLS

WA 2-26 PM OK FBI WA NH FOR THREE MSG ONE RELAY

DID DISC

ORIG: MR. SULLIVAN

105-82555-543

DEC 12 1963

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-12-63 5-01 PM CST LN

TO DIRECTOR AND SACS MIAMI AND DALLAS

FROM SAC, NEW ORLEANS /100-16601/

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA IS DASH R DASH CUBA. OO DALLAS.

ON DECEMBER ELEVEN SIXTY THREE, [redacted] INFORMANT [redacted]

TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED SA SAMUEL E. VIRDEN AT JACKSON, MISS., AS FOLLOWS.,

HE IS PRESENTLY IN JACKSON, MISS., WITH HIS WIFE, WHO HAS JUST UNDERGONE SURGERY AT THE BAPTIST HOSPITAL AT JACKSON. HE AND HIS WIFE WILL PROBABLY RETURN TO [redacted] SHORTLY AFTER CHRISTMAS, SIXTY THREE.

HE SAID THAT SEVERAL DAYS AGO HIS WIFE WAS INFORMED BY [redacted] OF FLORIDA OF A RUMOR [redacted] HAD HEARD FROM THE OWNER OF QUOTE LITTLE GROCERY STORE UNQUOTE AT [redacted]. [redacted] STATED THE RUMOR PASSED ON TO HIS WIFE WAS THAT ABOUT ONE OR 5 TWO YEARS AGO A BOAT DOCKED AT THE DOCK OF A MAN NAMED TOPENO /PH/, FIRST NAME UNKNOWN, IN [redacted]. THIS DOCK IS LOCATED AT TOPENO/S HOUSE. ON THE BOAT WERE NINE CUBANS AND ONE AMERICAN. THE AMERICAN REPORTEDLY

REC 56 105-82555-544

DEC 13 11 23 AM

END PAGE ONE

79 DEC 18 1963

WENT TO TOPENO/S HOUSE AND ASKED TO MAKE A LONG DISTANCE CALL, WHICH HE WAS ALLOWED TO MAKE COLLECT. THE CALL WAS SAID TO BE TO JACK RUBY IN DALLAS, TEXAS, AND TOPENO HAS REPORTEDLY SAID THE MAN WHO MADE THE CALL WAS LEE OSWALD AS HE THOUGHT HE RECOGNIZED OSWALD FROM TELEVISION.

[redacted] SAID THAT THIS IS ALL OF THE RUMOR HIS WIFE HEARD AND THAT THE MAN NAMED TOPENO OWNS A CONCRETE READY MIX PLANT ON AVIATION BLVD., [redacted].

MIAMI CONTACT [redacted] AND ASCERTAIN THE SOURCE OF THE RUMOR. [redacted] HAS REQUESTED THAT HIS IDENTITY NOT BE DIVULGED AS THE SOURCE OF THIS INFORMATION IN ANY CONTACTS MADE AT [redacted]

END AND ACK PLS

WA 6-07 PM OK FBI WA LA

MM 6-07 OK FBI MM JSR

DL 5-07 PM OK FBI DL DEC

DISC

CC-MR. ROSEN

1 - Mr Stokes

12-13-63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R,

IN CONNECTION PLANNED REINTERVIEWS OF MARINA OSWALD, CAREFULLY REVIEW OSWALD'S DIARY AND HIS OTHER PERSONAL EFFECTS OBTAINED AS RESULT OF SEARCHES SUBSEQUENT TO HIS ARREST AND QUESTION MRS. OSWALD RE ANYTHING OF PERTINENCY NOTED THEREIN. BUREAU DESIRES THAT SHE BE SPECIFICALLY QUESTIONED CONCERNING THE COMMENTS OF OSWALD CONCERNING THEIR ACTIVITIES IN THE SOVIET UNION. INCLUDE IN QUESTIONING OF MRS. OSWALD SUBJECT'S ENTRIES CONCERNING HIS AFFAIRS WITH WOMEN IN RUSSIA. NOTE THAT WHILE MRS. OSWALD HAS DENIED EVER BEING QUESTIONED BY SOVIET INTELLIGENCE, ENTRY IN OSWALD'S DIARY INDICATES THAT SHE WAS SUBJECTED TO INTERVIEW BY SOVIET AUTHORITIES PRIOR TO LEAVING USSR. QUESTION MRS. OSWALD RE PERIOD IN LATE SIXTY ONE WHEN IT APPEARS FROM OSWALD DOCUMENTS THAT SHE MADE TRIP FROM MINSK FOR EXTENDED PERIOD OF TIME. NOTE THE HIGH DEGREE OF COINCIDENCE IN MRS. OSWALD'S ASSERTION THAT SHE FOUND OSWALD'S NOTE WRITTEN IN CONTEMPLATION OF ASSASSINATION OF GENERAL

REC-56 105 82-[illegible] 545

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 13 1963

TELETYPE

JCS:lrt
(3)

COPIES DESTROYED
26 FEB 2 1973

DEC 16 1963

DEC 18 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

TELETYPE TO DALLAS
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

WALKER ON NIGHT OSWALD ATTEMPTED THE ACT. QUESTION HER CONCERNING THIS AND ASCERTAIN SPECIFICALLY WHERE AND HOW SHE FOUND NOTE. QUESTION HER CONCERNING HER LANGUAGE ABILITY. DOES SHE SPEAK FRENCH? DID OSWALD HAVE ANY COMMAND OF SPANISH OR GERMAN? DETERMINE HOW THE RIFLE WAS TRANSPORTED FROM NEW ORLEANS TO PAINE RESIDENCE. WAS IT AMONG HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS TRANSPORTED BY MRS. PAINE? IDENTIFY ALL OF THE SOVIET PERSONALITIES MENTIONED IN OSWALD DOCUMENTS AND PRESS HER FOR FULL SPECIFICS AS TO HER KNOWLEDGE OF THESE PEOPLE. NOTE IN THIS REGARD INDIVIDUALS REFERRED TO IN YOUR DECEMBER ONE LAST THREE ZERO TWO FORM RE NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST INTERVIEW.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 13 1963 8:36 P
TELETYPE RE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 13 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tele...
Mr. Bel...
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carp...
Mr. Cal...
Mr. Conr...
Mr. ...
Mr. Evans
Mr. ...
Mr. Bacon
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

URGENT 12-13-63 11-30 AM MA

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SACS BALTIMORE, BUFFALO 105-4467,
DALLAS, MIAMI AND WFO

FROM SAC, BOSTON 105-10911

LEE HARVEY OSWALD , IS - R.

RE BUFFALO TEL TO DIRECTOR AND SACS BALTIMORE, BOSTON, DALLAS, MIAMI AND WFO, DATED DECEMBER TEN SIXTYTHREE.

DR. BOSTWICK H. KETCHUM, BUZZARDS BAY AVE., WOODS HOLE, MASS., AN OCEANOGRAPHER AT THE WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION, ADVISED SA WILLIAM H. CARPENTER THIS DATE, THAT EUGENE FARKAS STAYED WITH KETCHUM FOR A SHORT TIME IN NINETEEN FIFTYSIX OR NINETEEN FIFTYSEVEN, THEN MOVED TO BUFFALO, WHERE HE ALLEGEDLY HAD AN UNCLE, NAME UNKNOWN TO KETCHUM. KETCHUM HAS HAD NO CONTACT OR COMMUNICATION WITH FARKAS SINCE THAT TIME. SINCE KETCHUM POSSESSES NO PERTINENT, RECENT INFORMATION AS TO FRAKAS WHEREABOUTS OR TO INSTANT CASE, NO REPORT BEING SUBMITTED UACB.

REC-56 105-82535-546

END ACK PLS

11-33 AM KOK FBI WA NH

11-37 AM OK FBI BU BAB

11-38 AM OK FBI BA FJM

11-33 OK FBI MM JSR

10-34 AM OK FBI DL EEA

CC-MR ROSEN

TU DIS

TWO COPIES WFO

1 - STOKES

12/15/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC NEW YORK

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD; IS - R

SUBJECT IDENTIFIED AS PASSENGER ON QUOTE RED ARROW UNQUOTE BUS FROM NUEVO LAREDO TO MEXICO CITY SEPTEMBER TWO SIX DASH TWO SEVEN LAST. ENROUTE TALKED TO TWO AUSTRIAN GIRLS IN TWENTIES WHO BOARDED BUS AT MONTERREY, MEXICO, ENROUTE MEXICO CITY. GIRLS POSSIBLY IDENTICAL WITH PATRICIA CLARE RASHLEIGH WINSTON, AGED TWO TWO, AND PAMELA LILLIAN MUMFORD, AGED TWO ONE, ADDRESS TWO TWO TWO WEST TWENTY THIRD STREET, NEW YORK CITY. GIRLS ENTERED MEXICO AT NUEVO LAREDO SEPTEMBER TWO FIVE LAST, DESTINATION MEXICO CITY. INTERVIEW GIRLS FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING SUBJECT'S TRAVEL TO MEXICO CITY. WAS HE ALONE? DO THEY HAVE ANY INFORMATION RE HIS ACTIVITIES IN MEXICO CITY? COPY DALLAS BY MAIL.

1 - DALLAS

JCS:jak
(4)

REC- 56 105-82[illegible] 547

5 DEC 16 [illegible]

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3 6 FEB 2 1973

79 DEC 18 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC [illegible]
TELETYPE

Teletype Room

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-01

UNITED STATES G[illegible]IT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 12/11/63

FROM : LEGAT, MEXICO (105-3702) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

[redacted]

tape of interview

Re telephonic instructions from Assistant Director W. C. SULLIVAN on 12/3/63 to the effect that the CIA was sending a polygraph examiner to Mexico City to interview GILBERTO NOLASCO ALVARADO UGARTE and that the writer should participate in the interviews as an interpreter. Remycab 12/6/63, furnishing the final results of the interviews and polygraph examinations and pointing out that the entire interviews had been taped by CIA, which would make available to this office copies of the tapes. Bucab of 12/7/63 instructed that the tapes be forwarded to the Bureau.

Attached are six rolls of tape which are copies taken from the original tapes recorded at the time of the interviews on 12/5/63 and 12/6/63. It will be noted that the first tape was copied from reel #1 of 12/5/63 covering the period of 1535 to 1712 hours. The second tape was taken from reel #2 covering the period of 1712 to 1800 hours on 12/5/63. The third tape was taken from reel #2 covering the period from 1115 to 1245 hours on 12/6/63. The fourth tape was taken from reel #2 and covers the period of 1245 to 1440 hours on 12/6/63. The fifth tape was taken from reel #3 and covers the period of 1440 to 1610 hours on 12/6/63. The sixth tape was taken from reel #4 and covers the period of 1610 to 1730 hours on 12/6/63.

The CIA technician who made available these tapes advised that the original tape was recorded on a machine adapted to the 50-cycle current which is used in Mexico City. He said that the tapes should play back satisfactorily on a 60-cycle machine utilizing 60-cycle current.

For the possible assistance of the Bureau in utilizing these tapes, the person speaking only in English is CIA polygraph examiner CALVIN DAVIS, the person speaking only Spanish and a

3 - Bureau (Encs. 6)
1 - Liaison Section)
1 - Mexico City
CDA:plb
(4)

[redacted]

548

DEC 13

[redacted]

Bulky Notified 1/14/74 PJBR

79 DEC 17 [illegible]

[redacted] very limited amount of English at the outset is GILBERTO NOLASCO ALVARADO UGARTE, and the person speaking both Spanish and English and serving as an interpreter is Legat CLARK D. ANDERSON.

not rec'd to typed transcript at this time as CIA has furnished summary of Polygraph findings. Tapes should be filed as bulky exhibit - JGS 12/16/63

[redacted]

FD-36 (Rev. 12-12-56)

FBI

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIR TEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

To Director, FBI

From SAC, Indianapolis (105-3399)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
O. H. Lee,
Alek James Hidell
IS-R

OO:DL

Re SA airtel to Bureau, 12/3/63, cc Legat, Mexico.

Page 3 of reairtel reflects one CHESTER STANLEY STEMP, teacher, from Hammond, Indiana, crossed border at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, on 9/26/63. Investigation at Hammond, Indiana, reflects CHESTER STANLEY STEMP is presently employed as a mathematics teacher in the American High School, San Salvador, El Salvador, and resides at Tikal Boarding House, 1807 Avenida Roosevelt, San Salvador. His mother advised her son left Chicago by train on 9/23/63, for Houston, Texas, and at Houston he took a bus to San Antonio, and then a bus across the border into Mexico on his way to his teaching assignment. The mother advised son told her there were only two Americans on the bus besides himself and they were a young married couple who stated they were from Miami, Florida.

Legat, Mexico handle.

2cc Legat 12/13/63 rsmale

5 - Bureau (AM,RM)
(2 - Legat, Mexico)
2 - Dallas (AM,RM)
2 - San Antonio (105-2909)(AM,RM)
1 - Indianapolis

REC-54 105-82555-549

PJF:jcb
(5)

DEC 13

C. C. Wick

79 DEC 18 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

SOVIET [illegible]

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

Date: 12/12/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R - CUBA

Re Newark airtel to Bureau, 12/3/63.

RON WILLIAMS, 3312 Shorecrest Drive, Dallas, Tex., has been determined to be the Field Representative for Fairchild Publications and the author of article mentioned in re airtel.

In view of the type information in re airtel it is not considered necessary to interview Mr. WILLIAMS concerning the possible implications involved between the newspaper article and the death of President KENNEDY. The Dallas Office has not been able to establish any connection between subject OSWALD and the "Home Furnishings Daily".

The New York Office should not interview HERMAN SCHAPPS (phonetic), Editor, Fairchild Publications, in this connection.

REC-54

(3) - Bureau
2 - New York
2 - Dallas

JTM:cv
(7)

cc Wicki

SOVIET SECTION

79 DEC 18 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

nerican

SUNDAY 25 CENTS

Today's Weather: Chance of Rain, High in 50s.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele Room
Holmes
Gandy

'CONTACT' REVEALED

He's a Leader In Cuba Group

By GUY RICHARDS

Copyright, 1963 by N. Y. Journal-American

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... OSWALD, Page 31

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The Washington Post and Times Herald
The Washington Daily Ne
The Evening Star
New York Herald Tribune
New York Journal-Americ
New York Mirror
New York Daily News
New York Post
The New York Times
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer

Date 12-8-63

REC-54

UNREC

DEC 16

XEROX

DEC 18 1963

DEC 23 1963

Zooming In on
A Classic
Army-Navy Game
See Sports Section

Journal

—6 SECTIONS—162

No. 27,473 SUNDAY, DECEMBER

MYSTERY N.Y OF OSWALD

Mystery Contact of Oswald

SHOP-1

VINCENT THEODORE LEE
A Heretofore Unpublished Picture

Continued from First Page

by the FBI and Dallas authorities.

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INxUi

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THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 551

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 8

SECTION NO.

25

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

REFERRAL

A Classic
y-Navy Game
See Sports Section

Journal-American

—4 SECTIONS—168 PAGES—

No. 27,473 SUNDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1963 SUNDAY 25 CENTS

Weather
Chance of Rain, High in 50s.

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Several teams of Kennedy assassins were commissioned to try their luck. Havana's blessings would go to the winner of the race. In true Communist style, Havana's second round of blessings would be awarded to anyone—whatever his political views—who sealed the victor's lips and thus erased all traces of his real connections.

Enjoy two pages of great comics, games and brain-twisters . . . barrels of fun for everyone! Every day in the Journal-American.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
LOUISVILLE	DALLAS	12/2/63	11/26/63 - 12/2/63

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.	SA GEORGE W. HUTCHISON	mm

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS -R

REFERENCES:

Bureau teletypes to all SACs 11/30/63 and 12/1/63.

Louisville teletypes to Director 11/30/63.

New Orleans teletype to Director 11/30/63.

Dallas teletype to Director 12/2/63.

- RUC -

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA:

Information copies of this report are being furnished to New York inasmuch as investigation may be necessary in the future regarding New York entertainers named in this report.

6 COPIES DESTROYED

APPROVED 3 6/2/63 1973 SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:

10 - Bureau (105-82555)(RM)
2 - Cleveland (RM)
2 - Dallas (100-10461)(RM)
1 - New Orleans (100-16601)(Info.)(RM)
2 - New York (Info.)(RM)
2 - Louisville (105-620)

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

105- 82555 -553

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.	12/8/63	12/9/63	12/3/63	
How Fwd.	Liaison	Liaison	Liaison	
By	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	

Notations

61 JAN 10 1964

Information copy furnished New Orleans because of New Orleans' interest in this investigation.

Information regarding LEO EDWARD MC CLURE set out in body of this report was originally furnished Bureau by teletype dated 11/26/63 under caption "LEO E. MC CLURE, RACIAL MATTERS".

In connection with information set out in this report regarding an individual resembling LEE HARVEY OSWALD having been seen in Saltillo, Mexico, in November, 1962, Dallas advised by teletypé dated 12/2/63 that LEE H. OSWALD was employed 10/12/62 to 4/6/63 by Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall, Inc., Dallas, Texas, and drew salary checks on 11/7, 11/14, 11/21, and 11/28/62. In view of this development, no letterhead memorandum is being submitted for use of Legat, Mexico City, and no leads are being set out in Mexico.

IDENTITY OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS:

SOURCE	LOCATION
LS T-1 is former [redacted]	Characterization of CNLEC
LS T-2 is [redacted] Kentucky, by request.	44-542-11 and this report

LEADS:

The following leads were set out by teletype dated 11/30/63:

THE CLEVELAND OFFICE:

AT CLEVELAND, OHIO:

Contact representatives of Dramaturgy, Inc., to determine if any of the group of entertainers who were in Louisville for the General Electric show previously worked for JACK RUBY in Dallas. Determine if Dramaturgy representatives can furnish current addresses for those entertainers in event interview is necessary.

THE DALLAS OFFICE:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS:

LS 105-620

Determine if any of the entertainers listed in this report as appearing in the General Electric Show, Louisville, previously worked for RUBY and set out leads to locate and interview them if interview is indicated.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA GEORGE W. HUTCHISON
Date: December 2, 1963

Office: LOUISVILLE

Field Office File #: LS 105-620

Bureau File #: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis:

Man resembling OSWALD reportedly seen Saltillo, Mexico, in November, 1962, by JAMES I. TERRELL, Louisville, Ky. One LEO EDWARD MC CLURE, Louisville, Ky., on Election Day, 1963, reportedly railed against Governmental authority and loss of freedoms, saying we are organizing "to pick them off one by one". MC CLURE denies statement or belonging to such organization. Admits association with MILLARD D. GRUBBS and National Law Enforcement Committee, segregationist organization, Louisville, Ky., which has program of citizens' arrests of national leaders. Two members of group of entertainers appearing in General Electric promotional show, Louisville, Ky., reportedly had booklets on Communism - Marxism, and some of these entertainers were rumored to have played JACK RUBY's Carousel Club, Dallas. Rumor of association between RUBY and OSWALD 10 years ago traced, and found without basis. Bus ticket "lifts", Southern Greyhound Lines, for travel between New Orleans and Mexico, New Orleans and Fort Worth, and New Orleans and Dallas for period 9/15-9/26/63, furnished Identification Division for latent examination. Examination negative.

-RUC-

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LS 105-620

DETAILS:

INDIVIDUAL RESEMBLING OSWALD REPORTED IN SALTILLO, MEXICO, NOVEMBER, 1962

1

Date December 2, 1963

JAMES T. TERRELL, 1152 Garden Row, Louisville 13, Kentucky, process plant engineer, International Harvester Company, Louisville, Kentucky, advised as follows:

From mid October until the end of November, 1962, he was in Saltillo, Mexico, on business for International Harvester Company. Harvester has a plant at Saltillo, Mexico. Saltillo is 60 miles southwest of Monterey, Mexico. One night in about the third week of November, 1962, which is as close as TERRELL could place the time, he and eight or nine Mexican employees of International Harvester went to a night club and house of prostitution located outside of Saltillo, known as the Mona Lisa. The only member of the group whose name TERRELL could furnish was FERNANDO MEIR, MEXICO who is foundry superintendent for International Harvester in Saltillo.

While at the Mona Lisa sitting at a table in the club, a complete stranger walked up to their table and grabbed TERRELL's thumb, pulling and twisting at it. TERRELL explained that at the time he had his arm stretched back. TERRELL thought at first that the incident was some sort of joke and he hand wrestled with the stranger, pushing him away. No further trouble ensued, but he realized that the man was serious and that it was not intended as a joke. Mexicans in the night club seemed to know the stranger and there was some talk about his being a Castro sympathizer.

TERRELL indicated that after seeing pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the newspapers, he was sure that the man with whom he scuffled bore a striking resemblance to OSWALD. TERRELL indicated that he could not positively identify the man as OSWALD and was furnishing the information for whatever it might be worth.

He described the individual as follows:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Height:	5 feet, 7 inches - 5 feet, 8 inches

On 11/30/63 at Louisville, Kentucky File # LS 105-620

by SA GEORGE W. HUTCHISON/mm Date dictated 12/2/63

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Weight:	145 to 150 pounds
Build:	Thin
Hair:	Brown
Peculiarities:	Wore several days' growth of beard. Had wild look in his eyes. Was dressed in "beatnick style".

TERRELL said that FERNANDO MEIR could identify other Harvester employees who were in their party and might be able to furnish more information about the stranger.

LS 105-620

LEO EDWARD MC CLURE

1

Date December 2, 1963

Dr. PAUL J. HART, a chiropractor, 3616 Dixie Highway, Shively, Kentucky, 368-8607, telephonically advised that he wished to report for whatever it was worth the following:

A patient of his, LEO MC CLURE, white, 54, a painter, residence 4027 Taylor Boulevard, Louisville, Kentucky, on November 5, 1963, Election Day, was "railing against Governmental authority and loss of freedoms". MC CLURE went on to say "we are organizing all over the country and are going to pick them off one by one" or "... pick them off a few at a time". HART said MC CLURE complained bitterly about President ROOSEVELT but about no other specific President. He did not comment concerning President KENNEDY. He urged Doctor HART to vote Republican in the current election. Dr. HART said that prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY, he regarded MC CLURE as merely a harmless crackpot and still had no specific reason to believe that MC CLURE that anything to do with the assassination of President KENNEDY.

D.C.D.C.
1-14-63
Hardin County
Ky.

Leo Edward McClure.
Leo F. McClure.

On 11/26/63 at Louisville, Kentucky File # LS 105-620

by SA GEORGE W. HUTCHISON/mm Date dictated 12/2/63

-6-

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

LS 105-620

On July 1, 1959, LS T-1 furnished a copy of a letterhead of the Citizens National Law Enforcement Committee (CNLEC), 1427 South 6th Street, Louisville, Kentucky. This letterhead lists MILLARD D. GRUBBS as Chairman of this organization and one LEO MC CLURE of Kentucky as a member of the National Committee of the CNLEC.

LS T-1 on September 12, 1960, advised that MILLARD DEE GRUBBS, age 75, Louisville, Kentucky, is bitterly opposed to racial integration. GRUBBS maintains that he is opposed to violence however and claims to remain within the law in his efforts to promote segregation. Source advised that GRUBBS was making an effort to get the CNLEC on an operating basis. The purpose of the CNLEC as outlined by GRUBBS was to defend the Constitution of the United States, which GRUBBS believes is being violated in connection with integration matters. Source furnished literature which indicates that the CNLEC shall "arrest and bring to bar...the top traitors of our Republic..." Source indicated that GRUBBS planned to have "citizens' arrests" of high ranking Government officials.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date December 2, 1963

LEO EDWARD MC CLURE, 4024 Taylor Boulevard, Louisville, Kentucky, after having been advised that he need make no statement, that any statement he might make could be used against him in a court of law and that he had a right to consult an attorney, advised as follows:

MC CLURE denied having ever made any statement to the effect that he belonged to an organization that "was going to pick them off one by one" or "pick them off a few at a time". He explained that he does roofing, guttering, and painting, and general repair work on buildings. On the day of the assassination of President KENNEDY, he was repairing a roof for a lady. When the lady heard the President had been shot, she called MC CLURE into the house. He said that his remark on learning of the assassination had been of disbelief and he had exclaimed "No." He said he had thereafter remarked to the lady that he expected something like this because the President rode around without proper protection.

He explained that his wife and son were critical of his attitude regarding politics and had made remarks to him following the assassination of President KENNEDY indicating that they expected him to be pleased. He indicated that although he was a Republican, he was very sorry over the assassination of the President just as everyone else was sorry. MC CLURE indicated that he would give his own life to save that of any President. MC CLURE indicated that he was active in Republican organizations. He indicated that he does not believe that the Negroes in the South are treated as badly as is reported, that he had traveled in the South, and had talked with Negroes who were satisfied with things as they are.

MC CLURE advised that he had visited "old man GRUBBS" (MILLARD GRUBBS) several times and had furnished transportation for GRUBBS on several occasions. He indicated that GRUBBS had been described to him as one of the smartest men in the state. GRUBBS on one occasion several years ago made MC CLURE a member of the National Committee of GRUBBS' organization,

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On 11/27/63 at Louisville, Kentucky File # LS 105-620

by SA WARREN L. WALSH &
SA GEORGE W. HUTCHISON GWH/mm Date dictated 12/2/63

- 8 -

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the Citizens National Law Enforcement Committee. MC CLURE was never given any duties to perform and never engaged in any activity. He did not know what his function was supposed to be. Finally, GRUBBS removed him from his position with the committee, indicating that he, GRUBBS, was displeased with the fact that MC CLURE did nothing.

MC CLURE indicated that GRUBBS advocated citizens' arrests and prosecution of public officials who in GRUBBS' opinion are guilty of treason in connection with working on behalf of the integration movement. Even though aware of this, MC CLURE said he had made no statements about "picking up leaders", which statement might have been misinterpreted or misunderstood as "picking off". MC CLURE said his conscience "was as clear as the day he was born". He regards GRUBBS as a good American.

Concerning himself, MC CLURE said that he had been a machinist prior to World War II, that he had been in the Navy, and was discharged because of a "nervous breakdown". He said that in the Navy he was an "instrument man" and invented parts of the Norden bomb sight. He said he had a fourth grade education. He indicated that he had been postmaster at Valley Station, Kentucky, a small town near Louisville, Kentucky, and boasted of the excellent job he had done.

MC CLURE indicated that he had not been out of town recently and denied any knowledge of LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any organization sympathetic to the CASTRO regime in Cuba.

The following description was obtained during the course of interview with MC CLURE:

Full Name:	LEO EDWARD MC CLURE
Address:	4024 Taylor Boulevard Louisville, Kentucky
Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Birth Data:	January 14, 1909 Hardin County, Kentucky
Height:	5 feet, 9½ inches
Weight:	185 pounds
Eyes:	Blue, wears glasses
	Gray

LS 105-620
3

Relatives:
Wife: HAZEL LOUISE employed Yellowstone Distillery, Louisville

Son: LEO JR., Louisville

Daughter: Mrs. JIMMY (SHIRLEY LEE) WARREN. U.S.A

ENTERTAINERS WHO MAY HAVE APPEARED AT CAROUSEL CLUB

On November 26, 1963, LS T-2, [redacted] advised as follows:

Approximately six weeks ago, the General Electric Company, brought a group of entertainers to General Electric's Appliance Park, Louisville, in connection with the introduction of General Electric's 1964 line of appliances. The entertainers told source that they had just finished an engagement at JACK RUBY's Carousel Club, Dallas, Texas. LS T-2 also said that in contacts with the entertainers, LS T-2 had noticed that three or four of them read small gray booklets about Communism and Marxism.

On November 28, 1963, LS T-2 advised as follows:

About ten of the group of entertainers LS T-2 referred to stayed at the Brown Suburban Motel, others stayed elsewhere. LS T-2 did not know how many there were in the group.

LS T-2 at first indicated that several of the entertainers read books on Communism and Marxism, but when pressed for details could not say why source thought the book or books were on Communism and Marxism, did not recall their titles, or other details about the books or who had them. Finally source said that "at least one" of the entertainers had a pocket-size paperback book which source was "pretty sure was on Marxism". This entertainer was a singer-dancer, BETTY RHODES. RHODES had a book as described which was so worn that it was falling apart. Source asked Miss RHODES for any books or magazines that she might be discarding. Miss RODES grabbed the book in question and said LS T-2 could not have that book. Source looked at this book on one occasion, forming the opinion that it was on Marxism but could not say what this opinion was based on and did not know whether the book was favorable or critical of Communism and Marxism.

Source was "pretty sure" that LOU CUTLETT, a comedian with the group also had one of these books.

"They" (some of the entertainers) told LS T-2 that they had just finished an engagement at JACK RUBY's Carousel Club in Dallas, Texas. Ls T-2 could not state who had said

this or whether the whole group or only a few of the entertainers were supposed to have been at the Carousel Club. Source did not know whether or not any of the entertainers were "strippers". Source recalled the Carousel Club especially because source found a slip of paper bearing the name Carousel Club. LS T-2 was again reminded of the Carousel Club when source saw a news photograph of JACK RUBY and two of his girl employees.

LS T-2 could recall names of only two other entertainers JOHN BISHOP and MARILYN (Last Name Unknown).

Source characterized the entertainers as a bunch of "oddballs", saying that they read a lot and that one of the group had moved from the Brown Suburban Motel to a downtown hotel to be nearer the library.

On November 29, 1963, Miss JEAN FOOTE, Secretary to Mr. C. W. THELEEN, Manager, Sales Relations, General Electric Company, Appliance Park, Louisville, Kentucky, advised as follows:

In connection with introduction of their 1964 models of appliances, General Electric produced a variety show for dealers and distributors. In this connection they contracted with Dramaturgy, Incorporated, 3207 Chester Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, to produce this show. Dramaturgy had a group of entertainers in Louisville from September 20, 1963, through about October 21, 1963. Some of them stayed at the Brown Suburban Motel. Miss FOOTE indicated that Mr. THELEEN who handled the matter for General Electric was highly pleased with the entertainment and the attitude and conduct of the entertainers.

Miss FOOTE indicated that she had no idea where any of the entertainers might have worked prior to coming to Louisville for the General Electric Show, and indicated that no one with General Electric had associated closely with the entertainers.

Miss FOOTE advised that Dramaturgy, Incorporated, is owned by a man named WILDING, and that one C. RANKIN BINGHAM is president of Dramaturgy. Director of the General Electric Production was FRANK WARRINGTON who can apparently be contacted through Dramaturgy.

Miss FOOTE identified other members of the group as follows:

DON LIBERTO, 65 West 95th Street, New York, New York,

BETTY KOERBER GLOVER, 347 East 10th Street, Apartment 26, New York 9, New York.

KIP KARLISLE, 430 East 72nd Street, Number 22, New York 21, New York.

BETTY RHODES, 325 West 45th Street, New York 36, New York. Texas

LOU CUTELL, 520 East 90th Street, New York 28, New York. Louisville

MARILYN ROSS, 175 West 79th Street, New York 24, New York. Texas

BILL PIERSON, 130 West 44th Street, New York, New York.

Miss CHE[illegible]BLE, 167 East 71st Street, New York, New York.

JOHN BISHOP, 213 Nagle Avenue, New York 34, New York (Stage Director). Texas

EDGAR HESS, 6802 Theota Avenue, Parna, Ohio (Technical Director).

GORDON MUMFORD, 160 West 73rd Street, New York 23, New York.

Miss FOOTE noted that none of the entertainers did a strip tease act on the General Electric Show.

RUMORED ASSOCIATION BETWEEN OSWALD AND JACK RUBY

On November 29, 1963, 903 South 4th St. Louisville, Ky. radio and television announcer and entertainer TOM "CACTUS" BROOKS, WHAS Radio and TV, Louisville, Kentucky, advised SA ROBERT M. DOMALEWSKI that on the night of November 28, 1963, he had been in the company of one EDDIE CAMDEN, a former Louisville, Kentucky musician and dance band leader, at the Pee Wee Reese Bowling Lanes, Louisville, Kentucky. CAMDEN made the statement that about ten years ago, he had played in JACK RUBY's night club in Dallas and that JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD used to room

together. BROOKS said his wife also overheard this conversation.

The following investigation was conducted by SA GEORGE W. HUTCHISON:

On November 29, 1963, EDDIE CAMDEN, 2070 Sherwood Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky, employed by B & B Novelty Company, 715 West Main Street, Louisville, Kentucky, advised as follows:

He has never played in Dallas, Texas. He never heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD until the assassination of President KENNEDY. He was in the company of TOM BROOKS at Pee Wee Peese Bowling Lanes on the night of November 28, 1963. He told of having worked in Fort Worth, Texas, in a night club about ten years ago and said that a night club operator from Dallas, Texas, came to Fort Worth to hear his band with the thought of possibly hiring CAMDEN's band for his Dallas night club. CAMDEN was not hired. CAMDEN said that in his conversation on the night of November 28, 1963, he may have said that this night club operator was JACK RUBY because he believed that it must have been RUBY. He said he did not actually know that it was RUBY. CAMDEN denied having said anything about RUBY and OSWALD having been roommates. CAMDEN said he heard speculation that RUBY and OSWALD had been roommates during the conversation in question but could not recall who had said it.

Mrs. Tom Brooks

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. BIRTTENA BROOKS, 905 South 47th Street, Louisville, Kentucky, advised that she had not overheard all of EDDIE CAMDEN's conversation about JACK RUBY on November 28, 1963, but that she did get the impression that CAMDEN claimed to have worked in Dallas and that he had said that JACK RUBY and OSWALD had roomed together.

Mrs. BROOKS advised that Mrs. BEA KIRCHNER was also present during the conversation.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. BEA KIRCHNER, 719 Lynn, Louisville, Kentucky, advised that he had overheard EDDIE CAMDEN talk about JACK RUBY on the night of November 28, 1963, at Pee Wee Reese Bowling Lanes and that CAMDEN had said that he had had contact with JACK RUBY regarding booking his band

into RUBY's Dallas night club. She said that this was supposed to have occurred a number of years ago since CAMDEN has been out of the music business for several years. CAMDEN indicated that he had had lunch with RUBY. Mrs. KIRCHNER said that CAMDEN had said nothing about RUBY and OSWALD rooming together but that during this conversation, someone had said that it had been reported on television that RUBY and OSWALD had roomed together.

BROOKS, recontacted November 29, 1963, advised SA GEORGE W. HUTCHISON that he recalled that "someone" had said that the "FBI had learned" that RUBY and OSWALD had roomed together.

INFORMATION AS TO BUS TICKETS FOR TRAVEL BETWEEN NEW ORLEANS AND MEXICO, NEW ORLEANS AND FORT WORTH, AND NEW ORLEANS AND DALLAS

On November 27, 1963, Mr. WILLIAM H. CUTRIGHT, Assistant Chief Auditor, Southern Greyhound Bus Lines, Lexington, Kentucky, furnished to SA JOHN F. MC CAULEY 68 carbon copies of "expended trip tickets" or "lifts" issued for travel between New Orleans and Mexico, New Orleans and Fort Worth, and New Orleans and Dallas, Texas. These tickets were extracted from a group of 262,000 tickets for the period between September 15 and September 27, inclusive, 1963.

It is to be noted that bus tickets are issued in form of a booklet with a separate sheet or page, referred to by the bus company as a "lift", for each leg of the journey. Southern Greyhound covers travels between New Orleans and Mexico only as far as Lake Charles, Louisiana. The portion of the journey from Lake Charles to Mexico is in an area covered by Central Greyhound which has its home offices in San Francisco, California. The ticket form covering the leg from New Orleans to Lake Charles, Louisiana, is maintained by the home office of Southern Greyhound Lines, Lexington, while the portion of the ticket covering the leg of the journey from Lake Charles on to Mexico is stored at San Francisco.

The following ticket "lifts" which were furnished by Mr. CUTRIGHT were furnished to the Identification Division with a request that latent fingerprint examinations be conducted in an attempt to identify any latent fingerprints of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on these ticket forms or "lifts":

GROUP I

Travel between New Orleans and Mexico:

Form Number	Date of Issue
185269	8/29/63*
185268	8/29/63*
185273	8/31/63*
253661	9/16/63
185291 (two forms)	9/16/63
4302248	9/20/63
254512	9/21/63
254513	9/21/63
253702	9/23/63
253703	9/23/63
4304891	9/23/63
253714	9/25/63
253727	9/27/63
253728	9/27/63
253730	9/27/63
2229567	9/27/63

*Dates marked by asterisk are out of period covered, but filing indicated they were used within pertinent period.

GROUP II

Travel between New Orleans, Lake Charles, Louisiana and Fort Worth, Texas:

436535	9/6/63
2236244	9/17/63
2236245	9/17/63
2226624	9/18/63
2226625	9/18/63
0982164	9/21/63
0982878	9/27/63
2228532	9/27/63
4986867	9/30/63

GROUP III

Travels between New Orleans, Lake Charles, Louisiana, and Dallas, Texas:

Form Number	Date of Issue
434421	8/8/63
434422	8/8/63
4441236	9/5/63
4441237	9/6/63
4442435	9/6/63
0512523	9/13/63
4445667	9/14/63
4444418	9/14/63
2219625	9/15/63
2219624	9/15/63
2219626	9/15/63
4444557	9/16/63
2236211	9/16/63
2219765	9/16/63
2219814	9/17/63
4446007	9/18/63
4444712	9/18/63
2219871	9/18/63
0958090	9/19/63
4446056	9/19/63
0958090	9/19/63
4444805	9/19/63
436601 (two forms)	9/20/63
436602 (two forms)	9/20/63
2226718	9/20/63
438522	9/20/63
4446138	9/20/63
4446137	9/20/63
4445025	9/22/63
4445135	9/23/63
2236828	9/23/63
2220384	9/24/63
2220362	9/24/63
2220363	9/24/63
2220354	9/24/63
2220459	9/25/63
2228399	9/25/63
4446444	9/25/63
2228428	9/26/63
2236948	9/26/63

By report dated December 2, 1963, the Latent Fingerprint Section advised that no latent fingerprints of value were developed on the above carbon copies of ticket forms.

FD 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Louisville, Kentucky
December 2, 1963

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference: Report of SA GEORGE W. PITCHFORK dated December 2, 1963, at Louisville

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

LS T-2 with whom contact has been insufficient to estimate reliability.

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FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
December 12, 1963

Title

Lee Harvey Oswald

Character

Internal Security - Russia

Reference

is made to the report of Special Agent John James O'Flaherty, dated and captioned as above at New York

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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AT 8-1-63)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
NEW YORK	DALLAS	12/1/63	11/27 - 12/1/63

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD	JOHN JAMES O'FLAHERTY	mln

CHARACTER OF CASE

IS-R

REFERENCE:

Butel to all SACS dated 11/30/63. [redacted]

- RUC -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

An information copy of instant report being furnished to New Orleans Office in view of their interest in investigation re subject.

All logical leads developed as a result of investigation as reflected herein have previously been set out in teletypes captioned "Assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas; AFO", to the Bureau and interested offices and are therefore not being restated in this report.

cc Warren Comm 12/18/63

APPROVED F. W. W. 12-3-63 JJO SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

ERROR LETTER SENT

COPIES MADE:

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105 [illegible] 554

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

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HOW FWD.				
BY	LAISON LHL BTK			

NOTATIONS

74 JAN 10 1964

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16—75334-1

NY 105-38431

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source	File No. Where Located
NY T-1 [redacted]	97-1792

CLASSIFICATION:

This report is being classified "Confidential" because it contains information furnished by [redacted] a highly confidential source of continuing value. The unauthorized disclosure of this information could prejudice the national defense interests of the US.

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

[redacted]

Copy to:

Report of: JOHN JAMES O'FLAHERTY
Date: December 1, 1963

Office: New York, New York

Field Office File #: 105-38431

Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Synopsis:

On 10/27/63, NY T-1 advised that during late October, 1963, he observed a hand written letter sent by the subject and maintained at FPCC headquarters, NYC. Text of letter set forth herein. On 11/27/63, subject's records at Junior High Schools (JHS) 117 and 44, both in Bronx, NY, were reviewed and reflect subject's attendance at the former from 9/30/52 to 1/16/53, and at the latter from 3/23/53 to 1/12/54. Subject's grades, results of aptitude tests, attendance, and notations re health and personality traits set forth. Acting principal, guidance counselor and official class teacher employed during period OSWALD attended JHS 117 unable to furnish any information re subject. On 11/27/63, subject's former gym teacher at JHS 44 described subject as a quiet, lonely individual who appeared to be preoppupied and in a "dream world." Neighborhood investigation at subject's previous NYC addresses negative. Former cleaning woman for OSWALDs at 825 179th St., stated subject's mother told her that she and subject came to NY so that subject could have mental tests at Jacobi Hospital, Bronx, NY. Files at NYCPD reflect subject arrested 4/16/53, as a juvenile delinquent, Habitual Truant and warrant obtained by Board of Education.

[redacted]

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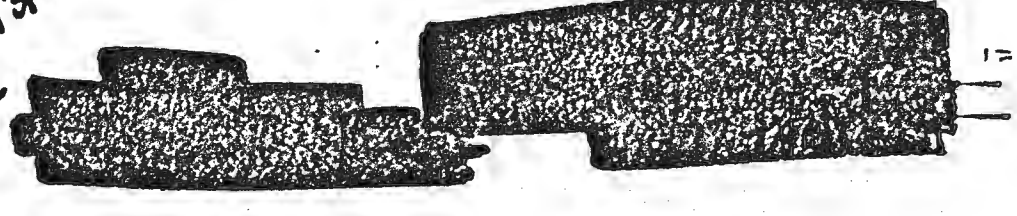
EF6/ah



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SYNOPSIS (CONT'D):

Subject discharged 3/11/54, Children's Court, Bronx, NY. On 11/27/63, review of subject's file at Traveler's Aid Society (TAS), NYC, indicated subject interviewed by TAS employee 6/13/62 aboard Holland American Liner "Maasdam". Results of interview set forth.

- RUC -

DETAILS:

On October 27, 1963, NY T-1 advised that during late October, 1963, he had had an opportunity to observe certain material maintained at Fair Play For Cuba Committee headquarters, 799 Broadway, New York City. NY T-1 stated that among the material which he observed was the following handwritten letter:

"F.P.C.C.
799 B'way
New York,
N.Y.

"Dear Mr. Lee

"I was glad to receive your advice concerning my try at starting a New Orleans F.P.C.C. chapter. I hope you won't be too disaproving at my inovations but I do think they are necessary for this area.

"As per your advice, I have taken a P.O. Box.. (NO 30061)

"Against your advice, I have decided to take an office from the very beginning.

"I see from the circular I had jumped the gun on the charter business but I don't think its too important, you may think the circular is too provocative, but I want it too attract attention, even if its the attention of the lunatic fringe. I had 2000 of them run off.

"The major change in tactics you can see from the small membership blank, In that I will charge $1.00 a month dues for the New Orleans chapter only, and I intend to issue N.O. F.P.C.C. membership cards also.

"This is without recourse to the $5.00 annual national F.P.C.C. membership fee.

"However you will lose nothing in the long run because I will forward $5.00 to the National F.P.C.C., for every New Orleans chapter member who remains a dues paying member for 5 months in any year.

"Its just that the people I am approaching will not pay 5 dollars all at one to a committee in New York which they cannot see with their own eyes.

"But they may pay a dollar a month to their own chapter after having received their membership card from my hand to theirs.

"Also I think such a dues system binds the members closer to the F.P.C.C.

"I will promise only a membership card and a chapter vote to future members, that is, I don't expect you to extend them National F.P.C.C. mailing for their one dollar a month.

"As you will notice on the membership blank there is a place for those who do wish to subsribe to the national mailings for the fee of $5.00, that fee will go directly to you in New York.

"As soon as anymember has paid dues adding up to five dollars in any year, I will forward that fee to you and then you may handle it as if it was a usual application for membership in the National F.P.C.C.

"In any event I will keep you posted, and even if the office stays open for only 1 month more people will find out about the F.P.C.C. than if there had never been any office at all, don't you agree?

"Please feel free to give advice and any other help.

"Yours truly
Lee H. Oswald

"4907 L/c MAGAZINE
NEW ORLEANS,
LA."

A characterization of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee appears in the Appendix section attached hereto.

RE: Education of LEE HARVEY OSWALD
At Junior High School (JHS) 117,
Bronx, New York from September 30,
1952 to January 16, 1953

On November 27, 1963, SYLVIA MININBERG, Principal, JHS 117, 1875 Morris Avenue, Bronx, New York, made available for review the school record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The record reflected that OSWALD, born October 18, 1939, New Orleans, Birth Certificate number 17034, entered the seventh grade at JHS 117 on September 30, 1952 and attended school there until January 16, 1953. It was indicated that OSWALD had previously attended Ridge West School, Fort Worth, Texas and from September 8, 1952 to September 26, 1952 attended Trinity Ev, Lutheran School, 2130 Watson Avenue, New York 72, New York. New York City addresses for OSWALD appeared as 1455 Sheridan Avenue, and 825 East 179th Street, Apartment 3C, both Bronx, New York. OSWALD's attendance record for the period at the above school was indicated as fifteen and two half days present and 47 and two half days absent. The record reflects OSWALD's marks for the seventh grade as follows:

English:	40
English-Spelling:	65
Mathematics:	40
Geography:	50
Science:	50
Health Education:	65
Hygiene:	70
Spelling:	50
Word Study:	50

It is to be noted that 65 is the passing grade and that OSWALD failed six out of nine courses.

The record failed to reflect any entries made regarding OSWALD's personality traits. OSWALD's father was reflected as LEE (deceased 1939); mother MARGUERITA CLAVERIE and notation appeared that he had two older brothers, names not furnished.

Mrs. MININBERG advised that during the period OSWALD attended JHS 117, ELEANOR HALPIN, 2253 University Avenue, Bronx, New York, was the acting principal. She stated that HALPIN was substituting for the Principal, MAX SCHOMBERG, who went on sick leave in 1951 and subsequently died in 1953. MININBERG also advised that OSWALD's guidance counselor had been DOROTHY K. ARTHUR, 16 East 8th Street, New York City, and his official class teacher was Miss MARY A. KANE, 265 East 182nd Street, Bronx, New York.

She added that there is no one presently employed at the school who would have any knowledge concerning OSWALD. She remarked that in view of OSWALD's absentee record, the School Attendance Bureau, the bureau concerned with school truants, may have some information available regarding OSWALD. She contacted the above bureau and stated that a Mr. GROSS, Supervisor, School Attendance Bureau covering JHS 117, had advised her that his office had no record regarding OSWALD. She stated that GROSS added that as a matter of procedure their records are destroyed once an individual reaches the age of 17 and if OSWALD did have a record, same would have been destroyed when OSWALD attained suchan age.

On November 27, 1963, Mrs. DOROTHY K. ARTHUR, mentioned above, advised SA JOSEPH T. CORRIGAN that she does not remember OSWALD and added that she had previously spoken with Mrs. ELEANOR HALPIN, heretofore mentioned, and that she also has no recollection of OSWALD.

On November 27, 1963, MARY A. KANE, 265 East 182nd Street, Bronx, New York, advised SA JOSEPH T. CORRIGAN that she vaguely recalls OSWALD's name but could not recall anything about him.

NY 105-38431

Re: Education of LEE HARVEY OSWALD
at JHS 44, Bronx, New York, from
March 23, 1953 to January 12, 1954

Jr. High School On November 27, 1963, NICHOLAS CUCHETTI, Principal, JHS 44, Bronx, New York, made available for review a school record of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. An examination of same revealed that OSWALD, born October 18, 1939, entered the seventh grade at the above school on March 23, 1953, and remained there until January 12, 1954, at which time it was indicated that he went to New Orleans.

A notation appeared under a column of personality traits to the effect that OSWALD refused to go to school and hearings regarding this conduct was scheduled for January 13, 1953, but mother and son refused to appear. The record indicated that OSWALD had previously attended JHS 117, Bronx, New York and Ridge West Elementary School, Fort Worth, Texas, from January 27, 1947 to May 29, 1952, where the principal was Mrs. LUELLA MERRETT, OSWALD's address during attendance at the Fort Worth, Texas school was indicated as 7408 Ewing, phone number PE 7995. OSWALD's IQ as of January 16, 1950 was listed as 103. CUCHETTI remarked that this is an average IQ.

The record disclosed that OSWALD was afforded a Metropolitan Achievement Form Test and Stanford Achievement Test. The former test was taken by OSWALD on Feburary 8, 1950, while in the fourth grade and with the norm being 4.5, he scored 4.0 in reading comprehension, 4.7 in vocabulary and 3.3 in spelling. OSWALD took the Stanford test on February 13, 1951, while in the fifth grade and with the norm being 5.5, he scored 4.0 in reading comprehension, 4.9 in vocabulary and 3.0 in elementary science. The record indicated that on February 11, 1952, while in the sixth grade, he again took the Stanford Test and with the norm being 6.5, he scored 7.4 in reading comprehension, 8.6 in vocabulary and 4.4 in spelling.

OSWALD's marks for the seventh grade at JHS 44 were as follows:

English:	65
Mathematics:	75
Social Studies:	65
Science:	75
Health:	65
Physical Education:	65
Foods and Household Care:	30

OSWALD's marks for the eighth grade at the above school were as follows:

English:	65
Mathematics:	65
Social Studies:	65
Health:	80
Physical Education:	80
Music:	65
Art:	40
Clothing Shop:	50

The passing grade of these subjects was 65.

Notations also appeared in OSWALD's record that he had a quick temper, was "constantly losing control and getting in battles with others." His last report card from JHS 44 indicated that he received a satisfactory rating in Courtesy, Social Participation and Effort, but received an unsatisfactory rating in Congeniality, Self-Control and Dependability. A notation appeared that OSWALD was a member of the Woodwork and Airplane Model Clubs. OSWALD's health card indicated that he was 64 inches tall, 115 pounds, normal vision (20-20), but check marks appeared next to the words pallor; fails to hear questions and emotionally disturbed. CUCHETTI stated that it appeared from the health card that OSWALD had a mastoid operation on his left ear in 1947 but that further notations on his health card

indicated OSWALD's hearing "OK" as of November 3, 1953, and as of January 4, 1954, "seems well".

OSWALD's attendance record at JHS 44 from March 23, 1953 to January 12, 1954, was 171 and 11 half days present and 18 and 11 half days absent. A card in OSWALD's file which appeared to have been furnished from another school, name and date not indicated, reported an address for OSWALD as 325 East 92nd Street, New York City, phone number AT 9-8644.

CUCHETTI stated that the principal of JHS 44 during the time OSWALD attended was IRENE TAUB, who is presently deceased. He stated also that a Mrs. LEHMAN, also deceased, had been OSWALD's guidance teacher. He commented that in addition to these individuals the only person who personally knows OSWALD is MILTON ROSENBERG, presently a gym teacher at the school.

On November 27, 1963, MILTON ROSENBERG advised that he had OSWALD as a student in both a gym or health education class and the official class. He advised that he does not recall OSWALD from the official class but remembers him in Gym as a quiet, lonely individual who appeared to be preoccupied and in a "dream world." He stated that on one occasion he gave OSWALD an outstanding grade in Social Participation because OSWALD made a contribution to a particular project, exact nature unrecalled, and that he thought he would "help him out", by giving him this grade.

The following investigation was conducted by SAS ROGER H. LEE and JAMES O. INGRAM:

RE: Residence of LEE HARVEY OSWALD
1952 - 1953 at 1455 Sheridan Avenue,
Bronx, New York

On November 27, 1963, ELON EBANDS, Superintendent, 1455 Sheridan Avenue, Bronx, New York, advised that he has

no records of tenants prior to 1958. He stated that the owner of the building prior to 1958 was ABRAHAM ZALAZNICK, 2300 Grand Concourse, Bronx, New York. EBANDS did not know OSWALD or his family and could furnish no information concerning them except that a "New York Times" reporter contacted him on November 26, 1963, regarding the family.

The following tenants at 1455 Sheridan Avenue, Bronx, N.Y. were contacted with negative results:

EDWARD MEYERS, Apartment 1K, resident for 18 years
MAX SHARKEY, Apartment 3A, resident 15 years
Mrs. HARRY RABARNICK, Apartment 1L, resident 22 years
Mrs. DORA PATTERSON, Apartment 5K, resident 25 years
Mrs. LILLIAN DEUTSCH, Apartment 4E, resident 34 years
Mrs. ISADORE KLEIN, Apartment 1F, resident 10 years
Mrs. H. GLACION, Apartment 1D, resident 23 years
Mrs. J. FEHER, Apartment 5E, resident 12 years
Mr. WOODY GREENHAUSE, Apartment 5B, resident 21 years
Mrs. JAMES BEECHER, Apartment 4E, resident 10 years

On November 27, 1963, ABRAHAM ZALAZNICK, 2300 Grand Concourse, Bronx, New York, advised that he is a former owner of the building located at 1455 Sheridan Avenue. He stated he has no record of tenants during early 1950s and that he does not know OSWALD or his family.

RE: Residence of LEE HARVEY OSWALD
1953, 825 East 179th Street,
Bronx, New York

On November 27, 1963, Mrs. LOUISE ROBERTSON, 2039 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, New York, advised that she has resided at the above address since 1950. She stated that during the summer of 1953, a Mrs. MARGARET OSWALD of 825 East 179th Street, contacted her and asked her if she

would do the cleaning in the OSWALD's apartment. Mrs. ROBERTSON accepted and she was employed in this capacity for six weeks during the summer of 1953. She worked approximately two or three days a week for the OSWALDs during this period. She recalled that Mrs. OSWALD told her that she was from Texas and had come to New York City so that her son could have mental tests at Jacobi Hospital in the Bronx. Mrs. ROBERTSON did not know if OSWALD actually had these tests. She commented that Mrs. OSWALD also stated that she was employed as a saleslady but did not mention the place of employment. Mrs. ROBERTSON believed that Mrs. OSWALD and LEE HARVEY OSWALD were the only people living in the apartment. She stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD never associated with other boys and spent all of his time, when not in school, watching television.

Mrs. ROBERTSON stated that Mrs. OSWALD told her that her son was never satisfied with the places where they resided and they subsequently moved frequently. Mrs. ROBERTSON recalled that shortly before the OSWALDs moved, Mrs. OSWALD told her that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had run away from home and was located and returned by New York City Police Department. She related that shortly after this the OSWALDs moved and that she has not seen or heard from them since that time. She stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD very seldom spoke to her but on one occasion he referred to her as "Hey nigger." Mrs. ROBERTSON said she knows of no other people in the neighborhood that knew the family.

The following individuals residing at or in the vicinity of 825 East 179th Street, Bronx, New York, were contacted with negative results:

Mr. HAROLD GOODRIDGE, Apartment 2A,
825 179th Street
Mrs. LUCY STEVENSON, Superintendent,
821 East 179th Street

Mrs. MARY BROWN, Apartment 1B,
821 East 179th Street
Mrs. CANDIDA HERNANDEZ,
2031 Southern Boulevard
MANUEL RIVERA
2033 Southern Boulevard
Mrs. FRED BOOKS, Apartment 4C,
825 East 179th Street
DAVID DIXSON, Apartment 1C,
825 East 179th Street

Bronx, N.Y.

On November 27, 1963, a review of the files at the Old Record Room of the New York City Police Department by SA AUGUST J. MICEK, disclosed that on April 16, 1953, LEE OSWALD, 13 years of age, residing at 825 East 179th Street, Bronx, New York and student at PS 44, was arrested as a juvenile delinquent on a warrant charging him as a Habitual Truant. File indicated that warrant was obtained by the Board of Education. It was further indicated that the subject was discharged on March 11, 1954, in Children's Court, Bronx, New York.

The following investigation was conducted by SA GEORGE B. HIGGINS:

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD's Aid in Repatriation by Traveler's Aid Society (TAS), New York City Upon Arrival in the United States from Russia on June 13, 1962

On November 27, 1963, JAMES M. JOSOFF, Public Relations Director, TAS, provided subject's case record. A review of same indicated that subject's wife and child were processed June 13, 1962, by S. RAIKAN, Tax, Social Worker, upon request of Miss (FNU) SOOTIN, United States Department of Health, Education and Welfare on June 5, 1962 that family may need assistance and general planning. SOOTIN described accommodation as not an official State Department referral since little known about the method in which OSWALD transported family from Russia to Rotterdam although subject known to have paid most of passage to New York.

The file indicated that subject was interviewed by RAIKAN on June 13, 1962 aboard the Holland American Liner, "Maasdam", after being assisted through United States Customs by RAIKAN. OSWALD alleged membership in United States Marine Corps and assigned at United States Embassy, Moscow. It was indicates that OSWALD was involved with a Russian girl whom he married, then renounced his United States citizenship and worked as a specialist electro technician, Minsk, Russia. It was reflected that he soon determined that life in the Soviet Union was not as rosy as propaganda image and decided to return to the United States. OSWALD, however, encountered a two and a half year delay until exit visa obtained for his wife and child. Their destination was indicated as to brother ROBERT, ~~OSWALD~~ Oswald 7313 Davenport Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

The records of the Department of Public Welfare, New York City, were reviewed and the only pertinent information disclosed was that subject processed by Department of Public Welfare on June 16, 1962, and arrangments made for him to join brother ROBERT. It was noted that OSWALD was scheduled to depart Idlewild Airport via Delta Airlines Flight 821, 4:15 p.m. enroute to Fort Worth, Texas.

1. APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the afore-mentioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Braodway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the Fall of 1962 and was filled by VINCENT "TED" LEE, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed LEE has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, LEE has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. LEE feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
December 12, 1963

Title Lee Harvey Oswald

Character Internal Security - Russia

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent John James O'Flaherty, dated and captioned as above at New York

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: November 24, 1963

FROM : Mr. D. J. Brennan

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

SECRET

[redacted]

This request was referred to the Dallas Office and the following information was obtained and transmitted to O'Neal on November 24, 1963.

TA 582 is registered in the name of F. Morgan Danels, 6714 Morningside Drive, Houston, Texas. KR 5773 is registered in the name of Herminio Duarte Martins, Savatario Dalindo Tuxpan 23, Federal District of Mexico.

A review of the Bureau files failed to disclose any information identifiable with the afore-mentioned individuals.

ACTION:

For information.

105-77113

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Braniga
1 - Mr. Brennan
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Rogge
1 - Mr. Turner
1 - Mr. Papich

Classified by
Exempt from GDS, Category 2 3
Date of declassification indefinite

Both O'Neal advised that TA 582 apparently was reported as 63 Filipe Plata however there could have been error in observation.

SP:scp (10)

SECRET

79 DEC 1 1963